

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO
HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010**

MOSS ADAMS LLP

Certified Public Accountants | Business Consultants

Acumen. Agility. Answers.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 2011 OFFICIAL ROSTER**

Board of Trustees

Jerry Geist Albuquerque, NM	Chairperson (Term expires 3/31/12, Regent appointed)
Michael Olguin Socorro, NM	Vice Chairperson (Term expires 6/30/12, Regent appointed)
William Lang Albuquerque, NM	Secretary (Term expires 6/30/12, Regent appointed)
Maria Griego-Raby Albuquerque, NM	Member (Term expires 6/30/11, Regent appointed)
Michelle Coons Albuquerque, NM	Member (Term expires 5/31/14, Regent appointed)
Warren Laskey, MD Albuquerque, NM	Member (Term expires 1/31/14, Regent appointed)
Elizabeth Joyce Naseyowna-Chalan Albuquerque, NM	Member (Term expires 2/28/14, All Indian Pueblo Council – Regent appointed)
Maria Goldstein, M.D. Albuquerque, NM	Member (Term expired 4/01/11, County appointed)
<i>Tara Ford Albuquerque, NM</i>	<i>Member (Term expires 3/31/14, County appointed)</i>
Michelle Melendez Albuquerque, NM	Member (Term expired 03/31/11, County appointed)
<i>Roxane Bly Albuquerque, NM</i>	<i>Member (Term expires 4/30/14, County appointed)</i>

Members in italics replaced Board Member whose term expired during the fiscal year.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
FISCAL YEAR 2011 OFFICIAL ROSTER (CONTINUED)**

Administrative Officers

David J. Schmidly, PhD	President - University of New Mexico
Paul Roth, M.D.	Executive Vice President - UNM Health Sciences Center Dean, School of Medicine - UNM Health Sciences Center
Ava Lovell	Vice President - UNM Health Sciences Center – UNM Finance and University Controller
Steve McKernan	Chief Executive Officer - UNM Hospitals - Vice President Hospital Operations - UNM Health Sciences Center
Carolyn Voss, M.D.	Vice President - Clinical Affairs - UNM Health Sciences Center
Ella Watt	Chief Financial Officer - UNM Hospitals

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Report of Independent Auditors	1
Management’s Discussion and Analysis.....	3
Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Assets	19
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.....	20
Statements of Cash Flows.....	21
Notes to Financial Statements	23
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule 1: Comparison of Budgeted and Actual Revenues and Expenses.....	66
Schedule 2: Pledged Collateral by Banks.....	67
Schedule 3: Schedule of Individual Deposit and Investment Accounts.....	68
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule 4: Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions Schedule of Funding Progress.....	69
Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	70
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	72
Schedule of Findings and Responses	73
Exit Conference.....	75

Report of Independent Auditors

The University of New Mexico Health Sciences Center
Board of Trustees and
Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets of UNM Hospital (the Hospital), a division of the University of New Mexico, State of New Mexico, operated by the University of New Mexico Health Sciences Center Clinical Operations, organized as the University of New Mexico Hospital, as of June 30, 2011, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. We have also audited the budgetary comparison presented as supplemental information for the year ended June 30, 2011. These financial statements and supplemental information are the responsibility of the Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and supplemental schedules based on our audit. The financial statements of the Hospital as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 were audited by other auditors. Those auditors expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in their report dated November 4, 2010.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Hospital, a division of the University of New Mexico State of New Mexico, are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the University of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of the Hospital, a division of the University of New Mexico. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the University of New Mexico as of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital as of June 30, 2011, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary

The University of New Mexico Health Sciences Center
Board of Trustees and
Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

comparison for the year then ended June 30, 2011 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2011 on our consideration of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 18 and the postemployment benefits other than pensions schedule of funding progress are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hospital's basic financial statements and budget comparison. The accompanying schedule of pledged collateral by banks and the schedule of individual deposit and investment accounts are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements referred to above. The schedule of pledged collateral by banks and the schedule of individual deposit and investment accounts have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Mess Adams LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico
November 3, 2011

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

This section of the UNM Hospital's (the Hospital) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Hospital during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes. Management has prepared the financial statements and the related note disclosures along with this discussion and analysis. As such, the financial statements, notes, and this discussion are the responsibility of Hospital's management.

Using the Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of financial statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended.

The financial statements prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 (the statements of net assets, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and the statements of cash flows) present financial information in a form similar to that used by corporations. They are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided, and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

The statements of net assets include all assets and liabilities. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) is one indicator of the improvement or erosion of the Hospital's financial health when considered with nonfinancial facts such as patient statistics and the condition of facilities. This statement includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the accounting method used by private sector institutions.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets present the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported as either operating or nonoperating. A public hospital's dependency on state or county aid can result in an operating deficit since the financial reporting model classifies such aid as nonoperating revenues, which is the case with the Bernalillo County Mill Levy received by the Hospital. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

The statements of cash flows present information related to cash inflows and outflows summarized by operating, capital and noncapital financing, and investing activities.

Condensed Summary of Net Assets

Assets	Year Ended June 30		
	2011	2010	2009
Current assets	\$ 251,141,828	247,361,448	228,591,469
Capital assets, net	286,030,852	292,235,742	300,194,235
Noncurrent assets	47,422,338	42,716,191	39,003,176
Total assets	\$ 584,595,018	582,313,381	567,788,880
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 108,155,360	114,098,556	124,647,647
Noncurrent liabilities	196,892,752	198,739,060	182,687,870
Total liabilities	\$ 305,048,112	312,837,616	307,335,517
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 127,194,482	128,867,880	132,467,712
Restricted	30,656,581	21,912,665	19,149,246
Unrestricted	121,695,843	118,695,220	108,836,405
Total net assets	\$ 279,546,906	269,475,765	260,453,363

At June 30, 2011, total Hospital's assets were \$584.6 million compared to \$582.3 million at June 30, 2010. The Hospital's most significant assets at June 30, 2011 was net capital assets of \$286.0 million, followed by cash and cash equivalents of \$108.4 million. The Hospital manages all cash receipts and disbursements for all its affiliates, the UNM Psychiatric Center (UNMPC) and the UNM Children's Psychiatric Center (UNMCPC). The due to affiliates in the liability section of the balance sheet reflects all intercompany cash transactions.

At June 30, 2010, total Hospital's assets were \$582.3 million compared to \$567.8 million at June 30, 2009. The Hospital's most significant asset at June 30, 2010 was net capital assets of \$292.2 million, followed by cash and cash equivalents of \$97.3 million.

At June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, the Hospital's current assets of \$251.1 million, \$247.4 million, and \$228.6 million were sufficient to cover current liabilities of \$108.2 million (current ratio of 2.32), \$114.1 million (current ratio of 2.17), and \$124.7 million (current ratio of 1.83), respectively.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

The Hospital's liabilities totaled \$305.0 million at June 30, 2011 compared to \$312.8 million at June 30, 2010. Bonds payable of \$176.3 million was the largest liability, followed by accounts payable of \$26.7 million.

The Hospital's liabilities totaled \$312.8 million at June 30, 2010 compared to \$307.3 million at June 30, 2009. Bonds payable of \$186.0 million was the largest liability, followed by accounts payable of \$25.6 million.

Total net assets for the year ended June 30, 2011 increased by \$10.1 million to \$279.5 million, primarily due to the excess of revenues over expenses in fiscal year 2011, which included an operating loss of \$30.3 million offset by net nonoperating revenues of \$40.4 million. Unrestricted net assets totaled \$121.7 million at June 30, 2011.

Total net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 increased by \$9.0 million to \$269.5 million, primarily due to the excess of revenues over expenses in fiscal year 2010, which included an operating loss of \$55.8 million offset by net nonoperating revenues of \$64.8 million. Unrestricted net assets totaled \$118.7 million at June 30, 2010.

Condensed Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended June 30		
	2011	2010	2009
Total operating revenues	\$ 637,376,921	600,497,552	564,390,855
Total operating expenses	(667,655,495)	(656,295,386)	(596,551,450)
Operating loss	(30,278,574)	(55,797,834)	(32,160,595)
Nonoperating revenues, other revenues and transfers	40,349,715	64,820,236	64,200,002
Total increase in net assets	10,071,141	9,022,402	32,039,407
Net assets, beginning of year	269,475,765	260,453,363	228,413,956
Net assets, end of year	\$ 279,546,906	269,475,765	260,453,363

Operating Revenues

The sources of operating revenues for the Hospital are net patient services, state and local contracts and grants, and other operating (ancillary services) revenues, with the most significant source being net patient services revenues. Operating revenues were \$637.4 million, \$600.5 million, and \$564.4 million for the years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

Net patient service revenue is comprised of gross patient revenue, net of contractual allowances, charity care, provision for doubtful accounts, and any third-party cost report settlements. Net patient services revenues were \$630.4 million, \$593.3 million, and \$556.5 million for the years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

Net patient services revenues for 2011 of \$630.4 million increased \$37.1 million from \$593.3 million in 2010, which represents a 6.3% increase. On July 12, 2010, the Hospital completed renovation on a ten bed family practice unit. In addition, on August 31, 2010 and on November 30, 2010, the Hospital opened the Adult Infusion Clinics located at 1201 Camino de Salud and 715 Martin Luther King, respectively. The net patient revenue increase in FY 11 is reflective of both the opening of the ten bed family practice unit and a full years' worth of adult infusion clinic activity as well as the final settlement for the 2006, 2007, and 2008 Medicaid cost reports. Net patient services revenues of \$593.3 million in 2010 increased \$36.8 million from \$556.5 million in 2009, which represents a 7.2% increase, and is primarily due to opening of the adult infusion clinics coupled with increases in patient activity. See table below for key financial statistics.

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Inpatient days	155,941	149,832	148,306
Discharges	27,685	27,452	27,843
Outpatient visits	465,044	462,715	437,757
Emergency visits	75,140	77,567	77,975

Inpatient days for 2011 increased 6,109 from 149,832 in 2010, which represents a 4% increase. Inpatient days for 2010 increased 1,526 from 148,306 in 2009, which represents a 1% increase.

In December 2010 the Hospital opened the new Southwest Mesa primary care clinic located at Central and Unser. The clinic has 21 exam rooms and one procedure room. During fiscal 2010, the Hospital opened a new outpatient Digestive Disease Center which includes ten exam and four procedure rooms.

On November 1, 2010, the Medical Assistance Division (MAD) implemented an Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) for Medicaid outpatient payment rates. The payment rate is at 100% of the Medicare standard rate. The Managed Care Organizations (MCOs) also implemented OPPS during fiscal year 2011. As this

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

method of reimbursement is based at less than the recovery of cost, this change had a negative impact to the net patient services revenues for the Hospital and will continue to negatively impact net patient services revenues for fiscal year 2012.

During fiscal year 2010, MAD implemented cost containment measures on December 1, 2009, including a 3% reduction in inpatient Medical Services Diagnosis Related Group (MSDRG) rates, a 3% reduction in inpatient behavioral health reimbursement rates, and converted radiology reimbursement to the Medicaid physician fee schedule.

Beginning on July 1, 2005 and effective for fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009, the Hospital entered into a reimbursement agreement for the State Coverage Insurance (SCI) program. This program is part of the New Mexico SCI Medicaid plan, funded in part by the New Mexico Human Services Department (HSD). Funding is modeled after a capitated payment program. Funds are remitted to the Hospital on a per member per month basis for all state approved members. For the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, the Hospital recognized \$37.2 million, \$42.8 million, and \$37.7 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, there were approximately 9,200, 11,100, and 10,700 active SCI enrollees, respectively. Effective September 12, 2008, the HSD suspended any new enrollment into this program, although re-enrollments continued to be allowed. Effective July 1, 2010, HSD eliminated the 30-day grace period for re-enrollment of members after the end of their enrollment year.

This program is available to low-income, uninsured working adults with family income below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). The benefit package is a comprehensive healthcare benefit with a claims benefit maximum. Effective September 23, 2010, the claims benefit maximum was eliminated. The SCI plan features cost sharing designed to ensure that low-income participants would have access to care. The state contracts with managed care organizations to provide Medicaid services to eligible and enrolled members.

The Hospital offers a financial assistance program called UNM Care to which all patients are encouraged to apply. This program assigns patients primary care providers and enables them to receive care throughout the Hospital and at all clinic locations. This program is available to Bernalillo County residents who also meet certain income thresholds. Prior to January 1, 2010, the income threshold was set at 235% of the FPL. Effective January 1, 2010, the income threshold was changed to 300% of the FPL. Patients may apply for this program at various locations

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

throughout the Health Sciences Center (HSC) and various community locations. As of June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, there were approximately 30,500, 27,400, and 24,700 active enrollees, respectively. The Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, with the exception of copayments. The cost of charity care provided under this program for fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$124.0 million, \$109.3 million, and \$94.7 million, respectively.

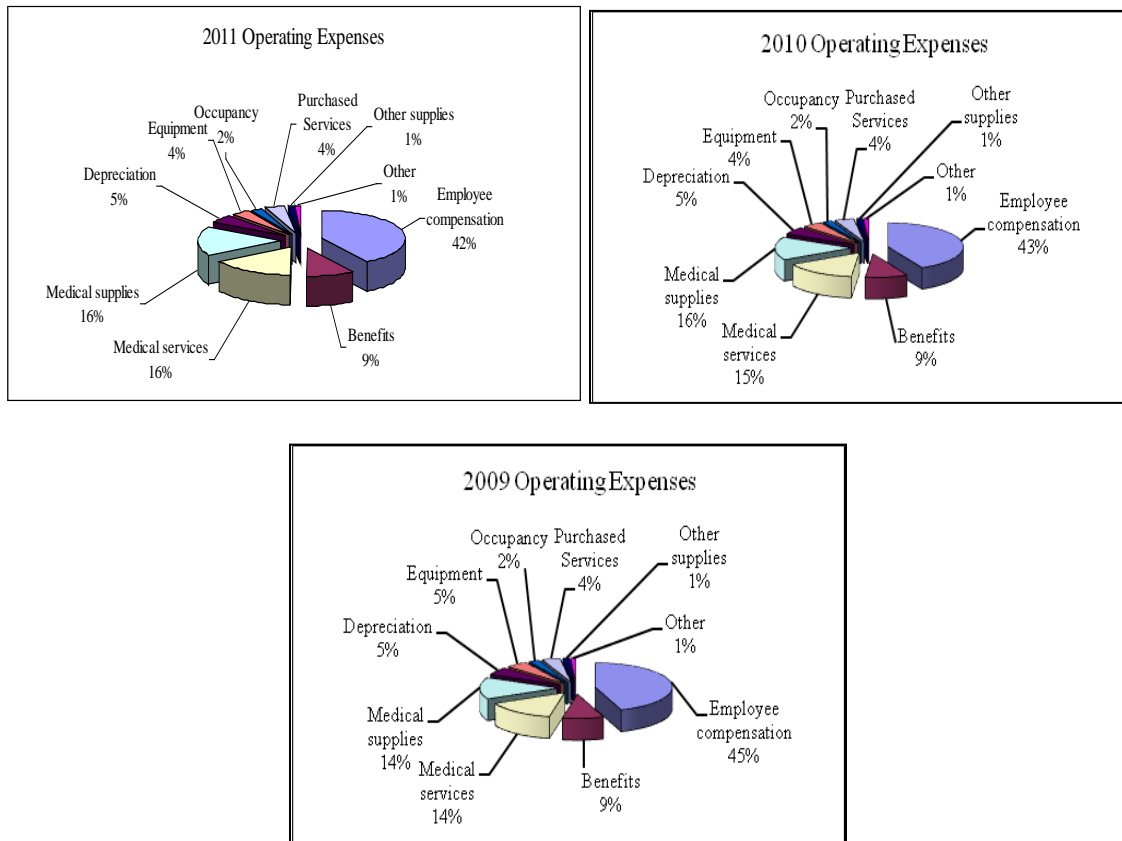
The Hospital provides care to patients who are either uninsured or under-insured and who do not meet the criteria for financial assistance. The Hospital encourages patients to meet with a financial counselor to develop payment arrangements. Although the Hospital pursues collection of these accounts usually through an extended payment plan or a discounted rate, interest is not charged on these accounts, liens are not placed on property or assets, and judgments are not filed against the patients. These accounts are fully reserved and recorded as provision for uncollectible accounts. Provision expense recorded for fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$67.0 million, \$69.5 million, and \$98.0 million, respectively. The cost of care provided to patients who are either uninsured or under-insured and who do not meet the criteria for financial assistance for fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$32.9 million, \$35.4 million, and \$52.9 million, respectively.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the Hospital include items such as employee compensation and benefits, medical services, medical supplies, and equipment. The most significant expenditures were for employee compensation and benefits. Compensation and benefits combined were \$337.1 million, \$338.9 million, and \$317.0 million for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

The following pie charts depict the operating expense mix for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009:



For the year ended June 30, 2011, operating expenses, including depreciation of \$34.7 million, totaled \$667.7 million, an increase from 2010 of \$11.4 million or 1.7%. The overall increase was attributed to an increase in medical supplies of \$7.7 million (7.5%) and medical services of \$9.1 million (9.1%), which correlate with the increase in patient days of 6,109 (4%) coupled with the increase in outpatient visits of 2,329 (1%) from 2010, as well as the full year of activity for the Adult Infusion Clinic. An increase in surgical procedures requiring implants also contributed to the increase in medical supply cost. A decrease from 2010 of \$5.1 million in employee compensation offset these increases, and was the result of reductions in contract labor and overtime utilization.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

For the year ended June 30, 2010, operating expenses, including depreciation of \$33.3 million, totaled \$656.3 million, an increase from 2009 of \$59.7 million or 10.0%. The overall increase was attributed to the increase in employee compensation and benefits of \$21.9 million (6.9%) as a result of wage increases and the addition of 265 FTE's, as well as an increase in medical supplies of \$16.8 million (19.6%) and medical services of \$13.2 million (15.2%). These increases correlate with the increase in patient days of 1,526 (1%) from 2009, and they are also due to the opening of the Adult Infusion Clinics during the fiscal year of 2010.

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

For the year ended June 30, 2011, \$50.4 million has been recorded as net nonoperating revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets.

At June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Bernalillo County Mill Levy tax subsidy was the most significant nonoperating revenue, totaling \$76.8 million in 2011 and \$79.7 million in 2010. This tax subsidy is provided for the general operations of the Hospital. The Hospital received this tax subsidy by voter endorsement for the services the Hospital provides. The voters approved the renewal of the mill levy in the November 2008 election. The mill levy is subject to approval by the Bernalillo County voters every eight years, and will be up for renewal in the November 2016 election. During 2011, the Hospital and the Center saw a combined reduction of approximately \$1.3 million in the mill levy funding. During 2010, the County held back a portion of the mill levy proceeds (\$554,000) for the impact of tax lightning.

The next largest nonoperating revenue in 2011 was \$5.5 million of state appropriation funds compared to \$5.8 million in 2010. Included in this amount for 2011 and 2010 was \$4.9 million and \$5.2 million for Carrie Tingley Hospital (CTH), respectively, and \$583,000 and \$606,000 for Young Children Health Center, respectively. State land revenue and oil and gas royalties for CTH for 2011 and 2010 were \$842,000 and \$797,000, respectively.

The Hospital received \$3.2 million of bequests and contributions in 2011 compared to approximately \$400,000 thousand in 2010. Included in the 2011 amount is the \$2.1 million draw down of donated funds held by UNM.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

The largest nonoperating expense recorded in 2011, 2010, and 2009 was \$33.8 million, \$21.4 million, and \$23.0 million, respectively, for strategic capital projects such as the Neurosciences & Pain Center and the Southwest Mesa primary care clinic at Central and Unser. Refer to Note 19 in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Included in nonoperating expense was \$8.1 million and \$8.3 million in interest expense on capital asset-related debt for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. This debt consists of Federal Housing Administration (FHA) insured Hospital Mortgage Revenue Bonds issued on October 14, 2004, in the aggregate principal amount of \$192.3 million. Interest on the bonds ranges from 2% to 5% and is payable semi-annually on each January 1 and July 1. The Series 2004 bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the construction, equipping, and furnishing of the Barbara and Bill Richardson Pavilion. The 478,000 square foot pavilion was placed into service in June 2007.

Capital grants and gifts for 2011 were \$4.2 million, an increase of \$500,000 from the amount received in 2010. Included in capital grants and gifts are contributions for pediatric and adult equipment and a single donation in the amount of \$3.0 million for renovation of the administrative wing of the hospital. All donated monies are received by the UNM Foundation and are drawn upon as needed by the Hospital.

For the year ended June 30, 2011, UNMH provided two Intergovernmental Transfers ("IGTs") in the total amount of \$14.2 million. Due to the current economic conditions in the State of New Mexico and nationally, the State was unable for Fiscal Year 2011 to fund a portion of the non-federal share to obtain federal matching funds as described in the CMS Special Conditions/Approval, thereby jeopardizing the viability of the State Coverage Initiative ("SCI") program. As a result, during fiscal year FY 11, UNM Hospital entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the State of New Mexico under which UNM Hospital agreed to an intergovernmental transfer in the amount of \$12.0 million to fund the non-federal share of Medicaid payment pursuant to federal Medicaid regulations at 42 CFR 433.51 (Eligible Operating Funds). The loss of the SCI program would have a large detrimental financial impact to the Hospital who provide services to the enrollees in the SCI Program and would also threaten the health, welfare and well-being of the enrollees in the SCI Program.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

On April 29, 2011, UNM Hospital entered into ten separate MOUs with ten counties in the State of New Mexico under which UNM Hospital agreed to transfer a total of \$2.2 million of its funds as IGTs to those ten counties to preserve and protect the viability of the Sole Community Provider Fund. The IGT was a result of the current economic conditions in the State of New Mexico, which left the ten counties unable for Fiscal Year 2011 to fund their entire required portion to the Sole Community Provider Fund, thereby, jeopardizing the financial viability of the Sole Community Provider Adjustment. No IGTs were made during the fiscal year ended 2010.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2011, the Hospital had \$286.0 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$273.3 million. Depreciation charges for the year totaled \$34.7 million compared to \$33.4 million and \$30.2 million in fiscal years 2010 and 2009, respectively.

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Land, building and improvements	\$ 179,105,032	178,030,672	177,752,304
Building service equipment	145,974,304	141,518,703	129,645,949
Fixed equipment	15,288,399	15,099,920	14,283,545
Major moveable equipment	208,908,842	219,165,504	194,352,813
Construction in progress	10,080,171	5,307,157	18,922,530
	559,356,748	559,121,956	534,957,141
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(273,325,896)</u>	<u>(266,886,214)</u>	<u>(234,762,906)</u>
Net property and equipment	<u>\$ 286,030,852</u>	<u>292,235,742</u>	<u>300,194,235</u>

During 2011, the largest capital increases were within building service equipment (\$4.5 million), construction in process (\$4.7 million), and land, building, and improvements (\$1.1 million). Major moveable equipment decreased from 2010 (\$10.3 million) due to \$28 million in retired equipment. The construction of the Urgent Care Clinic located on the first floor of the hospital with 21 exam rooms and two procedure rooms was completed and the clinic opened on January 25, 2011. During 2011, the Hospital purchased and installed 1,500 Infusion devices (IV Pumps) and related software.

The Hospital also purchased 25 beds for the ICU units and 80 beds for the medical/surgical units. The ICU beds have powered transport mechanisms that allow for easier movement of the bed, the patient and all of the equipment the patient is connected to while being moved to another location of the hospital for

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

surgery or a diagnostic test. In addition, the beds have a built in scale in order to monitor the patient's weight, which is one of many indications of health status (for example, retaining fluid in the lungs or body); the mattress offers a treatment pressure relief surface to reduce the incidence of bed sores. The medical surgical beds also have a built in scale in order to monitor the patient's weight. The largest capital expenditure in the major movable equipment category was the purchase of a single plane angiographic system for the Interventional Radiology Department. This system will provide advance imaging and post reconstruction capabilities for diagnostic and therapeutic interventional procedures for Internal Medicine, Oncology and Orthopedic patients. The largest capital expenditures in construction in progress were associated with adding increased functionality for the Electronic Medical Record, specifically improvements in Surgical services and a Scheduling Management System, as well as beginning implementation of an Enterprise Resource Planning System.

During 2010, the largest capital increases were within the major moveable equipment (\$24.8 million), building service equipment (\$11.9 million), and land, building, and improvements (\$278,000). Construction in progress decreased from 2009 (\$13.6 million). The emergency generator and chilled water systems were upgraded, the electronic medical record system was implemented and the operating room suite upgrade was completed. The largest capital expenditures in major moveable equipment include the purchase of the Positron Emission Tomography. (PET CT) and includes the renovations to the imaging suite at the Outpatient Surgery and Imaging Services Building. Another large expenditure was the purchase of the Interventional Radiology Bi-plane angiographic system which provides frontal and lateral views to better place catheters and wires especially for neuro interventions in the distal region of the brain. In addition, there was a purchase of a cardiac x-ray machine for the Cardiac Catheterization Labs. The Cardiac Catheterization Labs are used for balloon valvuloplasty and percutaneous impella (left ventricular assist device) and provide three dimensional imaging for electrophysiology. A 64-slice dual head CT was also purchased during 2010. The largest capital expenditure in construction in progress was the Life Safety improvements. There were also renovations to the Interventional Radiology procedure room. Funding for all capital improvement projects is allocated based on the capital needs of the Hospital as a portion of the consolidated Hospital's capital budget.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

Debt Activity

The Hospital's bonds payable totaled \$176.3 million and \$181.2 million at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The current portion of this debt was \$4.8 million and \$4.6 million at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. This debt is related to the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) insured Hospital Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, issued by the UNM Board of Regents for the purpose of financing the construction, equipping, and furnishing of the 478,000-square foot Bill and Barbara Richardson Pavilion. The project was placed into service June 2007.

Change in Net Assets

The Hospital's total change in net assets showed a net increase for 2011 and 2010. Total net assets (assets minus liabilities) are classified by the Hospital's ability to use these assets to meet operating needs. Unrestricted net assets may be used to meet all operating needs of the Hospital. Net assets may be restricted as to their use by sponsoring agencies, donors, or other nonhospital entities. Restricted net assets are those generated by donations and gifts. The restricted net assets are further classified as to the purpose for which they must be used. Net assets increased approximately \$10.1 million in 2011. Some of the major reasons for the increase include a \$37.1 million increase in net patient revenue and a \$5.1 million decrease in employee compensation. These are offset by the \$14.2 million intergovernmental transfers and the \$12.4 million increase in capital initiatives.

Factors Impacting Future Periods

On April 29, 2011, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued the final rule implementing an inpatient Hospital Value-Based Purchasing program under section 1886 (o) of the Social Security Act. Beginning in fiscal year 2013, the program, which was established by section 3001 of the Affordable Care Act, will reduce hospitals' base diagnosis related group (DRG) payments by 1% and use those funds to make value-based incentive payments to hospitals that meet designated performance standards.

Under the statute, the measures are categorized into three domains: clinical process of care, outcome, and patient experience of care measures. Examples of process of care measures include Acute Myocardial Infarction; Heart Failure; Pneumonia and Surgical Care Improvement. Examples of outcome measures are mortality and readmission rates for Medicare patients. Finally, the patient experience of care measures called Hospital Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

Systems (HCAHPS) are communication with nurses and doctors, and overall cleanliness. The incentive payments for FY 13 are to be funded through a reduction to FY 2013 base operating DRG payments for each discharge of 1 percent, with the percentage increasing gradually to 2 percent in FY 2017 and subsequent fiscal years.

Scoring in the Hospital VBP program will be based on overall achievement relative to national benchmarks. Whether the hospital meets or exceeds the established performance standards will determine any potential quality-based financial reward for the hospital. This program could yield a financial impact to the Hospital dependent upon how the hospital performs under these measures.

On March 23, 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) was enacted. This National Health Reform includes value-based purchasing requirements, expanded Medicaid eligibility provisions, Medicare and Medicaid funding reforms, and private insurance market reforms. Medicaid expansion under PPACA includes new eligibility criteria establishing a minimum floor for Medicaid coverage to 133% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), eliminating other nonincome-based criteria (such as age, disability, or asset testing). This FPL criteria is mandatory for State implementation January 2014 and optional for years 2010 through 2013. The population most impacted by the new eligibility criteria is expected to be childless adults. States are also prohibited from reducing Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) eligibility that was in place on the date of PPACA enactment. PPACA provides additional federal financing through the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) for newly eligible Medicaid patients through June 30, 2011.

PPACA includes legislation on Health Exchanges. Health Exchanges are expected to facilitate the purchase of health insurance for qualified individuals and small employers. A qualified individual is a lawful resident with income between 133% and 400% of the FPL. Federal subsidies for premiums under Health Exchanges become available beginning 2014. Health Exchanges are designed to be "one-stop-shopping" where participants can compare and purchase insurance coverage. Insurance coverage will have essential health benefits that cover benefit costs ranging from 60% to 90% with out-of-pocket limits equal to health savings account current law limits.

Health Plan reforms under PPACA include a set of required essential benefits including, but not limited to, emergency services, hospitalization, maternity and newborn care, mental health and substance use disorder services, preventative and wellness services, and pediatric services, including oral and vision care. Plans must

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

also not require copayment or deductible on preventative services. For plan years beginning after September 23, 2010, existing plans must provide coverage to dependent children until age 26 (unless eligible for other coverage), eliminate lifetime aggregate dollar limits and annual dollar limits on essential benefits, eliminate pre-existing condition exclusions for children up to age 19, and prohibit rescinding of coverage except in cases of fraud, intentional misrepresentation, and nonpayment of premium. Effective in 2014, existing insurance plans must eliminate annual aggregate benefit limits, provide coverage of dependents to age 26 regardless of eligibility for other coverage, eliminate pre-existing condition limitations for adults, and eliminate waiting periods of greater than 90 days.

The PPACA legislation reduces Medicaid and Medicare Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) payments by \$14 billion and \$22 billion, respectively, from 2014 through 2019. PPACA also reduces the annual market basket increase for Medicare inpatient and outpatient hospital services beginning in October 1, 2010.

PPACA implements a budget neutral value-based purchasing program for hospitals, reduces payments to account for preventable readmissions for certain conditions, and adjusts hospital payments for certain hospital-acquired conditions. The value-based purchasing program provides incentive payments to hospitals that meet or exceed certain performance standards. The program will begin in 2013 and will cover five specific conditions or procedures: 1) acute myocardial infarction, 2) heart failure, 3) pneumonia, 4) surgeries, and 5) healthcare associated infections. Beginning in 2014, the measures must include efficiency measures, including Medicare spending per beneficiary. The Secretary of Health and Human Services must make available to the public information regarding performance of individual hospitals under the program.

Medicare has put a program in place to review healthcare claims in order to identify and recover inappropriate payments made to providers for fee-for-service Medicare. This program is called the Recovery Audit Contract (RAC) program and was created through the Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA). The three-year demonstration program identified over \$1 billion in overpayments. In 2006, Congress mandated expansion of the RAC program to all 50 states. The RAC program encompassing New Mexico became effective in March 2009. Connolly Consulting Associates, Inc. is the contractor for this region. The RAC contractor can request up to 200 records every 45 days and can review claims from June 2008 and forward. To date, the Hospital has received six requests from the RAC contractor for medical records relating to Durable Medical Equipment (DME).

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

The Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 established the Medicaid Integrity Program (MIP) to identify, collect, and prevent overpayments made under fee-for-service Medicaid. The two operational functions of MIP are 1) to review the actions of those providing Medicaid services and 2) to provide support and assistance to the states to combat Medicaid fraud, waste, and abuse. The MIP in New Mexico has been initiated and the Hospital received a request for records in January 2010. The Hospital has not received any details on the outcome of the review.

Current economic conditions in the State of New Mexico will continue to impact the Hospitals as the State seeks to identify revenue sources and expenditure reductions. HSD eliminated the 30-day grace period for re-enrollment under the State Coverage

Insurance (SCI) program effective July 1, 2010, and this will continue to depress payments to the Hospitals under the SCI program. Furthermore, the SCI Program is under consideration for possible elimination from the Medical Assistance Division Budget in subsequent years. As discussed above under Net Patient Revenues, the State was unable for Fiscal Year 2011 to fund a portion of the non-federal share to obtain federal matching funds as described in the CMS Special Conditions/Approval, thereby jeopardizing the viability of the State Coverage Initiative ("SCI") program. In addition, for fiscal year 2012, the State was unable to fund a portion of the non-federal share to obtain federal matching funds and as a result, the Hospital entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the State of New Mexico under which UNM Hospital agreed to an intergovernmental transfer in the amount of \$15,457,867 during fiscal year 2012 to fund the non-federal share of Medicaid payment pursuant to federal Medicaid regulations at 42 CFR 433.51 (Eligible Operating Funds). The loss of the SCI program would have a large detrimental financial impact on the Hospital as well as the health, welfare and well-being of the enrollees in the SCI Program.

Also as a direct effect of the current economic conditions in the State of New Mexico, the State is unable to fund all of its required portion for fiscal year 2012 to obtain federal matching funds for the Indirect Medical Education (IME) Medicaid adjustment for teaching hospitals. The loss of the IME adjustment would have a severely deleterious financial effect on the Hospital, as a result, the Hospital entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the State of New Mexico under which UNM Hospital agreed to an intergovernmental transfer in the amount of \$2.0 million during fiscal year 2012 to fund the non-federal share of IME Medicaid payment pursuant to federal Medicaid regulations at 42 CFR 433.51 (Eligible Operating Funds).

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

The mill levy is based on property values. Given the state of the economy, it is possible that the amount of the mill levy may remain flat or potentially decrease as the result of reduced property values and slowdowns in the building construction industry.

Contacting the Hospital's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Hospital's patients, suppliers, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Hospital's finances and to show the Hospital's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Hospital's Finance and Accounting Department, Attn.: Controller, P.O. Box 80600, Albuquerque, NM 87198-0600.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

	2011	2010
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 108,395,432	97,288,466
Marketable securities	33,868,564	33,359,816
Assets whose use is limited held by trustee for debt service	8,363,589	8,226,093
Receivables		
Patient (net of allowance for doubtful accounts and contractual adjustments of approximately \$174,944,000 in 2011 and \$158,146,000 in 2010)	66,088,998	66,025,089
Due from University of New Mexico	521,804	2,313,128
Estimated third-party payor settlements	14,095,424	21,766,472
Bernalillo County Treasurer	1,256,472	1,286,991
Other	2,576,944	4,681,367
Total net receivables	<u>84,539,642</u>	<u>96,073,047</u>
Prepaid expenses	7,761,582	3,787,349
Inventories	8,213,019	8,626,677
Total current assets	<u>251,141,828</u>	<u>247,361,448</u>
Noncurrent Assets		
Bond issuance costs	<u>3,959,404</u>	4,366,141
Assets whose use is limited		
Held by trustee for mortgage reserve fund	9,887,292	7,265,372
Held by trustee for debt service reserve	13,513,150	13,513,150
Held by trustee for collateral	3,828,224	3,828,031
Held by trustee for redemption fund	2,004	2,004
By UNM Hospital Board of Trustees	<u>16,232,264</u>	<u>13,741,493</u>
Total assets whose use is limited	<u>43,462,934</u>	<u>38,350,050</u>
Capital assets		
Nondepreciable assets		
Land	1,747,245	1,747,245
Construction in progress	10,080,171	5,307,157
Depreciable capital assets, net	<u>274,203,436</u>	<u>285,181,340</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>286,030,852</u>	<u>292,235,742</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>333,453,190</u>	<u>334,951,933</u>
Total assets	<u>584,595,018</u>	<u>582,313,381</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 26,765,402	25,554,667
Accrued payroll	24,605,199	21,339,473
Due to University of New Mexico	14,571,800	20,443,015
Bonds payable – current	4,790,000	4,570,000
Interest payable bonds	4,224,150	4,330,490
Accrued compensated absences	16,380,408	15,450,874
Estimated third-party payor settlements	13,869,860	20,587,945
Other accrued liabilities	2,948,541	1,822,092
Total current liabilities	<u>108,155,360</u>	<u>114,098,556</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Bonds payable	171,518,925	176,677,153
Due to affiliates	19,137,097	18,359,177
Net OPEB obligation	<u>6,236,730</u>	<u>3,702,730</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>196,892,752</u>	<u>198,739,060</u>
Total liabilities	<u>305,048,112</u>	<u>312,837,616</u>
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	127,194,482	128,867,880
Restricted, expendable		
For grants, bequests, and contributions	8,575,472	2,591,165
In accordance with the trust indenture and debt agreement	22,081,109	19,321,500
Unrestricted	<u>121,695,843</u>	<u>118,695,220</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 279,546,906</u>	<u>269,475,765</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010**

	2011	2010
Operating revenues		
Net patient service	\$ 630,385,948	593,285,174
State and local contracts and grants	1,378,638	1,522,754
Other operating revenues	5,612,335	5,689,624
Total operating revenues	<u>637,376,921</u>	<u>600,497,552</u>
Operating expenses		
Employee compensation	274,198,092	279,340,155
Benefits	62,949,779	59,571,998
Medical services	108,937,667	99,887,600
Medical supplies	110,088,899	102,394,630
Depreciation	34,724,799	33,352,314
Equipment	24,834,858	26,740,335
Occupancy	12,009,949	12,999,902
Purchased services	25,449,372	27,095,637
Other supplies	7,314,819	7,563,741
Other	7,147,261	7,349,074
Total operating expenses	<u>667,655,495</u>	<u>656,295,386</u>
Operating loss	<u>(30,278,574)</u>	<u>(55,797,834)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Bernalillo County mill levy	76,782,085	79,710,329
State general fund and other state fund appropriations	5,540,700	5,760,500
State of New Mexico Land and Permanent Fund proceeds	842,491	801,333
Capital initiatives	(33,817,612)	(21,369,000)
Investment income (interest, dividends, gains, and losses)	4,187,645	4,392,223
Equity in earnings of TriCore and TriCore Lab Service Corp.	1,382,920	1,027,450
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(8,133,709)	(8,294,894)
Bequests and contributions	3,199,365	356,463
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	423,144	(1,346,323)
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>50,407,029</u>	<u>61,038,081</u>
Income before other revenues and transfers	<u>20,128,455</u>	<u>5,240,247</u>
State general fund and other state fund capital appropriations	-	75,000
Intergovernmental transfer	(14,235,209)	-
Capital grants and gifts	4,177,895	3,707,155
Total other revenues and transfers	<u>(10,057,314)</u>	<u>3,782,155</u>
Increase in net assets	<u>10,071,141</u>	<u>9,022,402</u>
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>269,475,765</u>	<u>260,453,363</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 279,546,906</u>	<u>269,475,765</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010**

	2011	2010
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from Medicaid and Medicare	\$ 354,140,664	352,841,789
Cash received from insurance and patients	277,134,338	220,257,463
Cash received from contracts and grants	1,561,925	1,428,184
Cash payments to suppliers	(213,671,477)	(216,426,291)
Cash payments to employees	(270,002,832)	(277,590,382)
Cash payments to University of New Mexico	(143,595,028)	(117,963,173)
Cash received from affiliates	777,920	918,416
Other receipts	3,490,635	7,208,075
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,836,145	(29,325,919)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Cash received from Bernalillo County mill levy	76,812,604	79,726,748
Cash received from state general fund and other state fund appropriations	5,540,700	5,760,500
Cash received from State of New Mexico Land and Permanent Fund	867,012	778,491
Cash received from nonoperating sources	1,576,088	-
Cash received from contributions for other-than-capital purposes	3,199,365	356,463
Cash payments to State of New Mexico for intergovernmental transfer	(14,235,209)	-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	73,760,560	86,622,202
Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities		
Interest payments on capital assets-related to debt	(8,608,277)	(8,789,281)
Principal payments of bonds	(4,570,000)	(4,390,000)
Purchases of capital assets	(28,499,005)	(25,426,799)
Cash payments to University of New Mexico	(35,186,612)	(24,000,000)
Cash received from state general fund and other state fund capital appropriations	-	75,000
Capital grants and gifts received	4,177,895	3,707,155
Cash receipts (payments) for mortgage-related activities	(767,111)	(876,019)
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(73,453,110)	(59,699,944)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	50,557,077	43,769,927
Purchase of investments	(53,016,464)	(46,282,492)
Interest and dividends on investments	3,422,758	2,704,201
Net cash provided by investing activities	963,371	191,636
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	11,106,966	(2,212,025)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	97,288,466	99,500,491
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 108,395,432	97,288,466

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010**

	2011	2010
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) by operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (30,278,574)	(55,797,834)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	34,724,799	33,352,314
Provision for doubtful accounts	67,041,989	69,469,941
Reduction in laboratory expenses of TriCore Laboratory Service Corporation	(1,107,852)	(648,058)
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Patient receivables	(67,105,898)	(78,347,322)
Due from University of New Mexico	1,791,324	1,257,238
Estimated third-party payor settlements receivables	7,671,048	(10,150,228)
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	(1,938,413)	1,423,879
Inventories	413,658	(2,903,335)
Due to University of New Mexico	(4,502,215)	7,793,830
Estimated third-party payor settlements liabilities	(6,718,085)	(1,158,313)
Due to affiliates	777,920	918,416
Accrued expenses	6,729,260	4,417,773
Accounts payable	2,337,184	1,045,780
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash provided by (used in) by operating activities	\$ 9,836,145	(29,325,919)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

UNM Hospital (the Hospital), operated by the University of New Mexico (UNM) Health Sciences Center (HSC), is certified as a short-term acute care provider with a full range of medical services provided mainly to the New Mexico community. UNM is a state institution of higher education created by the New Mexico Constitution. The accompanying financial statements of the Hospital are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of UNM that is attributable to the transactions of the Hospital. The Hospital is not a legally separate entity and is, therefore, reported as a division of UNM and included in the basic financial statements of UNM. The Hospital has no component units.

The Hospital's facilities are leased from Bernalillo County (the County) by UNM under a lease expiring June 30, 2055. The lease provides for a \$1 annual rental payment, an allocation of the County mill levy, and medical treatment for American Indians as required by a 1952 agreement with the federal government, and is contingent on approval of the mill levy by the electorate every eight years with the last voter approval in November 2008. Effective as of November 18, 2004, the UNM Board of Regents and the Board of County Commissioners entered into a First Amendment to the Original Lease, as amended, (the Lease), under which, among other things, (i) the term of the Original Lease was extended until June 30, 2055, which is after the maturity of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)-insured loan (refer to note 11, Bonds Payable); (ii) the Hospital was authorized to obtain the HUD insured loan; (iii) the Hospital was authorized to encumber the Lease with a leasehold mortgage; and (iv) the actions that are to be taken concerning the operations of the Hospital in the event of a default under the HUD-insured loan were described.

The UNM Board of Regents is the ultimate governing authority of the Hospital, but it has delegated certain oversight responsibilities to the UNM HSC Board of Trustees. The Hospital is governed by the UNM HSC Board of Trustees, which consists of nine members, including seven members appointed by the UNM Board of Regents, one of whom is nominated by the All Indian Pueblo Council, and two members appointed by the County Commission.

In 2007, UNM Carrie Tingley Hospital (CTH) inpatient unit relocated to the Barbara and Bill Richardson Pavilion, a new addition to the Hospital known as Children's Hospital and Critical Care Pavilion (CHCCP). As a result, CTH's healthcare provider number was terminated, and CTH became a pediatric unit of the Hospital.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS (CONTINUED)

CTH was created in 1989 by the legislature of the State of New Mexico to provide care and treatment for the physically challenged children of the State of New Mexico in need of long-term inpatient or outpatient care. A brief summary of CTH's financial results for the years ended June 30 is as follows:

Condensed Summary of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	2011	2010
Total operating revenues	\$ 9,844,990	10,388,683
Total operating expenses	<u>(15,675,687)</u>	<u>(16,708,443)</u>
Operating loss	(5,830,697)	(6,319,760)
Nonoperating revenue	<u>5,902,990</u>	<u>6,240,838</u>
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	72,293	(78,922)
Net assets, beginning of year	<u>4,254,026</u>	<u>4,332,948</u>
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 4,326,319</u>	<u>4,254,026</u>

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for healthcare organizations, and are presented in accordance with the reporting model as prescribed in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus*; and GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*. The Hospital follows the business-type activities’ requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. This approach requires the following components of the Hospital’s financial statements:

- Management’s discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements, including a statements of net assets, statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and statements of cash flows using the direct method for the Hospital as a whole
- Notes to financial statements

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net asset categories:
- *Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt* – Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets
- *Restricted Net Assets – Expendable* – Net assets whose use by the Hospital is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the Hospital pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time
- *Unrestricted* – Net assets that are not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Trustees or the UNM Board of Regents or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the financial statement dates, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimation process, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Grants and Contracts. Revenue from grants and contracts is recognized to the extent of direct costs and allowable indirect expenses incurred under the terms of each agreement. Funds restricted by grantors for operating purposes are recognized as revenue when the terms of the grant have been met.

Operating Revenues and Expenses. The Hospital's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues, such as patient service revenue, result from exchange transactions associated with providing healthcare services, the Hospital's principal activity. Exchange transactions are those in which each party to the transaction receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide healthcare services.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses. Nonoperating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as appropriations, gifts, investment income, and government levies. These revenue streams are recognized under GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*. Appropriations are recognized in the year they are appropriated, regardless of when actually received. Bequests and contributions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met. Investment income is recognized in the period when it is earned. The mill levy is recognized in the period it is collected by the County. Capital initiatives expense is recognized in the period in which the Hospital incurs an obligation to make payments to UNM HSC as evidenced by executed Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between UNM HSC and the Hospital.

Other Revenues and Transfers. Intergovernmental transfers are recognized in the period in which the Hospital incurs an obligation to make payments to other governmental entities as evidenced by executed Memorandums of Understanding (MOU) between the State of New Mexico or various counties within the State of New Mexico and the Hospital. All obligations occurring during fiscal year 2011 were paid in fiscal year 2011. There were no intergovernmental transfers during fiscal year 2010.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. The Hospital considers all highly liquid investments (excluding amounts whose use is limited) purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments and Investment Return. Investments are recorded at fair market value. At June 30, 2011 and 2010, investments consist of obligations of the U.S. government and government agencies. Investment income includes interest and realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments. Investment income is reported as nonoperating revenue when earned.

The Hospital follows GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*. This statement addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk, and also requires certain disclosures of investments at fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates, as well as deposit and investment policies related to the risks identified in the statement.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets Whose Use is Limited by UNM Hospital Board of Trustees. The investment in TriWest Healthcare Alliance Corporation (TriWest) is accounted for using the cost method. The investment in TriCore Reference Laboratories (TRL or TriCore) is accounted for using the equity method. A portion of the Hospital's investment in TriCore Laboratory Service Corporation (TLSC) is reflected as a reduction in laboratory expense based on the ratio of the Hospital's laboratory service volume of total laboratory services provided by TLSC to its members. The remaining ownership percentage is accounted for using the equity method and is recorded as nonoperating revenue.

A portion of assets whose use is limited is classified in the accompanying statements of net assets as current assets as these assets are designated by the FHA and the UNM Hospital Board of Trustees to cover the current portion of long-term debt and are subject to approval by the respective parties.

Inventories. Inventories consisting of medical, surgical and maintenance supplies, and pharmaceuticals are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out valuation method, except that the replacement cost method is used for pharmacy and operating room inventories.

Bond Issuance Costs. Bond issuance costs represent the bond issuance costs for the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) Insured Hospital Mortgage Revenue Bond. The bond issuance costs are amortized over the terms of the related indebtedness using the interest method.

Capital Assets. Capital assets are stated at cost or at estimated fair value on date of acquisition. Donated property and equipment are stated at fair market value when received. The Hospital's capitalization policy for assets includes all items with a unit cost of more than \$5,000. Depreciation on capital assets is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as indicated in the "Estimated Useful Lives of Depreciable Hospital Assets," Revised 2008 Edition published by the American Hospital Association. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense as incurred. On a quarterly basis, the Hospital assesses long-lived assets in order to determine whether or not it is necessary to retire, replace, or impair based on condition of the assets and their intended use.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Patient Service Revenues. Net patient service revenues are recorded at the estimated net realizable amount due from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. Retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Contractual adjustments resulting from agreements with various organizations to provide services for amounts that differ from billed charges, including services under Medicare, Medicaid, and certain managed care programs, are recorded as deductions from patient revenues. The Hospital is eligible for and receives additional Medicaid reimbursement for the gap between the amount that would be equal to the Medicare reimbursement per discharge compared to the Medicaid payment per discharge. This upper payment limit (UPL) is based on the reimbursement that would use Medicare reimbursement principles. This amount is recorded as an offset to contractual adjustments. With respect to SCI program, funding is modeled after a capitated payment program. Funds are remitted to the Hospital on a per member per month basis for all state-approved members. Therefore, contractual adjustments are recorded as a deduction from patient revenue in its entirety. Capitated payments are received on a monthly basis and are recorded as an offset to contractual adjustments. Accounts, when determined to be uncollectible, are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Charity Care. The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. The Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care; therefore, they are deducted from gross revenue, with the exception of copayments.

Bernalillo County Taxes. The amount of the property tax levy is assessed annually on November 1 on the valuation of property as determined by the County Assessor and is due in equal semi-annual installments on November 10 and April 10 of the next year. Taxes become delinquent 30 days after the due date unless the original levy date has been formally extended. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Hospital by the County Treasurer and are remitted to the Hospital in the month following collection. Revenue is recognized in the fiscal year the levy is collected by the County.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Bond Premium. The premium associated with the issuance of the FHA Insured Hospital Revenue Bonds is amortized using the effective-interest method over the life of the series of bonds.

Income Taxes. As part of a state institution of higher education, the income of the Hospital is generally excluded from federal and state income taxes under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. However, income generated from activities unrelated to the Hospital's exempt purpose is subject to income taxes under Internal Revenue Code, Section 511(a)(2)(B).

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents the Hospital's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. There are \$13.5 million in unspent bond proceeds at June 30, 2011 and 2010, reserved for debt service as required by the trustee.

Risk Management. The Hospital sponsors a self-insured health plan in which the Behavioral Operations Center of UNM Psychiatric Center and UNM Children's Psychiatric Center (collectively, the Center) also participate, as all employees are under the centralized umbrella of the Hospital. Blue Cross and Blue Shield of New Mexico and HMO New Mexico (BCBSNM and HMONM) provide administrative claim payment services for the Hospital's plan. Liabilities are based on an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported and invoices received but not yet paid. At June 30, 2011 and 2010, the estimated amount of the Hospital's claims and accrued invoices was \$4.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, which is included in accrued payroll. As the Hospital receives all cash and pays all obligations of the Center, the estimated amount of the Center's claims and accrued invoices recorded in the Hospital's accrued payroll was approximately \$412,000 and \$287,000 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The liability for claims incurred but not reported was based on actuarial analysis calculated using information provided by BCBSNM.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Changes in the reported liability during fiscal years 2011 and 2010 resulted from the following:

	Beginning of fiscal year liability	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claim payments	Balance at fiscal year-end
2010 – 2011	\$ 2,899,425	28,589,177	(27,332,422)	4,156,180
2009 – 2010	\$ 3,693,837	25,634,214	(26,428,626)	2,899,425

Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Hospital and the Behavioral Operations Center provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB) as part of the total compensation offered to attract and retain the services of qualified employees. OPEB includes postemployment medical and dental healthcare provided separately from a benefit or pension plan. GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employees for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

In 2010, the OPEB obligation estimate was actuarially determined individually for each entity (the Hospital and the Center), and the liabilities and expenses were allocated to each reporting entity based on the applicable full-time equivalent (FTE). Estimates for 2011 were based upon the 2010 actuarial calculations, as permitted by GASB 45.

Due to Affiliates. The UNM Hospital (the Hospital) receives all cash on behalf of the Behavioral Health Operations (the Center) and pays all obligations. Amounts due to affiliates consist mainly of cash collected in excess of expenses paid and do not bear interest.

State Appropriation. The funding for the state appropriation is included in the General Appropriation Act, which is approved by the House and Senate of the State Legislature and signed by the governor before going into effect. Total funds appropriated for 2011 include \$6,657,400 in the General Fund. Included in the General Fund is \$1,116,700 of Out-of-County Indigent funds, which are reported in net patient service revenue. The General Fund is designated as a nonreverting fund,

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

per House Bill 2, Section 4. Sub-section J. Higher Education. Other State Funds are defined as nonreverting in House Bill 2, Section 2, Sub-section I Definitions.

Capital Appropriation. The funding for the capital appropriation includes \$75,000 in House Bill 2 from 2009. The funds are designated as reverting, per Section 2, General Fund and Other Fund Appropriations, Limitations and Reversions. There were no Capital Appropriations made by the State Legislature for UNM Hospitals in either 2010 or 2011 for the Hospital's fiscal year ending in 2011 and 2012.

Classification. Certain 2010 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2011 presentation.

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND STATEMENTS EFFECTIVE IN 2011

Effective July 1, 2010, the Hospital adopted GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 and AICPA Pronouncements*, which incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The adoption of GASB 62 had no impact on the Hospital's accounting policies, as the Hospital had previously elected to not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, and applicable FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 have now been incorporated into GASB pronouncements.

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits. The Hospital's deposits are held in demand accounts and repurchase agreements with a financial institution. State statutes require financial institutions to pledge qualifying collateral to the Hospital to cover at least 50% of the uninsured deposits; however, the Hospital requires more collateral as it considers prudent. All collateral is held in third-party safekeeping.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of the Hospital's deposits with financial institutions at June 30, 2011 and 2010 are \$108,395,432 and \$97,288,466, respectively.

The State of New Mexico requires that securities underlying repurchase agreements have a market value of at least 102% of the cost of the repurchase agreement. The market value of the securities underlying the repurchase agreements was at or above the required level during the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

Bank balances are categorized as follows:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)	\$ 250,000	250,000
Repurchase agreements	1,638,567	1,638,574
Amount collateralized with securities held in the Hospital's name	123,585,848	112,305,143
Other cash	16,895	16,914
	<u>\$ 125,491,310</u>	<u>114,210,631</u>

Interest-bearing deposit accounts are subject to FDIC's standard deposit insurance amount of \$250,000. Cash in excess of FDIC insurance is collateralized at June 30, 2011 and 2010 by a U.S. government agency security held by the financial institution in the Hospital's name.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Hospital's deposits may not be returned to it. The Hospital has a custodial risk policy for deposits that requires collateral in an amount greater than or equal to 50% of the deposit not insured by the FDIC. A greater amount of collateral is required when the Hospital determines it is prudent. As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Hospital's bank deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Marketable Securities

Interest Rate Risk – Debt Investments. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Currently, the Hospital does not have a specific policy to limit its exposure to interest rate risk.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the marketable securities and their respective maturities and their exposure to interest rate risk is as follows:

	June 30, 2011		
	Fair value	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years
Items not subject to interest rate risk:			
Money market deposits	\$ —	—	—
Items subject to interest rate risk:			
Money market funds	515,346	515,346	—
U.S. Treasury notes	19,298,096	2,642,616	16,655,480
U.S. government agency obligations:			
FHLMC	5,453,278	2,204,308	3,248,970
FNMA	8,601,844	1,389,740	7,212,104
Total items subject to interest rate risk	<u>33,868,564</u>	<u>6,752,010</u>	<u>27,116,554</u>
Total marketable securities	<u>\$ 33,868,564</u>	<u>6,752,010</u>	<u>27,116,554</u>
	June 30, 2010		
	Fair value	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years
Items not subject to interest rate risk:			
Money market deposits	\$ 7,550	7,550	—
Items subject to interest rate risk:			
Money market funds	653,947	653,947	—
U.S. Treasury securities			
Treasury notes	21,333,995	—	21,333,995
Treasury STRIPS	1,695,359	—	1,695,359
U.S. government agency obligations:			
FHLMC	5,163,342	1,328,740	3,834,602
FNMA	4,505,623	1,517,975	2,987,648
Total items subject to interest rate risk	<u>33,352,266</u>	<u>3,500,662</u>	<u>29,851,604</u>
Total marketable securities	<u>\$ 33,359,816</u>	<u>3,508,212</u>	<u>29,851,604</u>

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Debt Investments – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Hospital will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral that is in the possession of an outside party. Marketable securities of \$33,353,218 and \$32,698,319 at 2011 and 2010, respectively, are insured, registered, and held by the counterparty's agent in the Hospital's name.

The Hospital's custodial risk policy for investments in U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. government agency obligations is in accordance with Chapter 6, Article 10, Section 10 of the NMSA, 1978. An outside consulting firm makes investment decisions, and the investments are held in safekeeping by a financial institution.

Credit Risk – Debt Investments – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill their obligations. The Hospital is required to disclose credit ratings of its debt investments in order to assess credit risk. U.S. obligations, investments explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, and nondebt investments are excluded from this requirement. Currently, the Hospital has a policy that restricts short-term investments to specific investment ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The policy states that cash equivalent reserves shall consist of interest-bearing or discount instruments of the U.S. government or agencies thereof.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the marketable securities at June 30, 2011 and 2010 and their exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	
	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Items not subject to credit risk:				
U.S. Treasury securities:				
Treasury notes	N/A	\$ 19,298,096	N/A	\$ 21,333,995
Treasury STRIPS	N/A	<u>—</u>	N/A	<u>1,695,359</u>
Items subject to credit risk:				
Money market deposits	Not rated	—	Not rated	7,550
Money market funds	Not rated	515,346	Not rated	653,947
U.S. government agency obligations:				
FHLMC	Fitch – AAA	5,453,278	Fitch – AAA	5,163,342
FNMA	Fitch – AAA	<u>8,601,844</u>	Fitch – AAA	<u>4,505,623</u>
Total items subject to credit risk		<u>14,570,468</u>		<u>10,330,462</u>
Total marketable securities		<u>\$ 33,868,564</u>		<u>\$ 33,359,816</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to investments in a single issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of all total investments are considered to be exposed to concentrated credit risk and are required to be disclosed. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

For long-term investments, the Hospital has a policy to limit its exposure to concentrated risk. It states the portfolio will be constructed and maintained to provide prudent diversification with regard to concentration of holdings in individual issues, corporations, or industries.

The Hospital's exposure to concentrated credit risk is as follows: \$5,453,278, which is invested in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities and equates to 16.1% of marketable securities held at June 30, 2011. An additional \$8,601,844 is invested in Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, which equates to 25.4% of marketable securities held as of June 30, 2011.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Short-Term Investments

Interest Rate Risk – Debt Investments – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Currently, the Hospital does not have a specific policy to limit its exposure to interest rate risk.

A summary of the short-term investments and their respective maturities and their exposure to interest rate risk is as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than 1 Year</u>
Items not subject to interest rate risk:		
Money market deposits	\$ 358,420	358,420
Items subject to interest rate risk:		
Money market fund	2,698,257	2,698,257
U.S. government agency obligations:		
FNMA	3,184,413	3,184,413
FHLMC	2,122,499	2,122,499
Total items subject to interest rate risk	<u>8,005,169</u>	<u>8,005,169</u>
Total short-term investments	<u>\$ 8,363,589</u>	<u>8,363,589</u>

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

	<u>June 30, 2010</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than 1 Year</u>
Items not subject to interest rate risk:		
Money market deposits	\$ 1,399,156	1,399,156
Items subject to interest rate risk:		
Money market fund	3,652,993	3,652,993
U.S. government agency obligations:		
U.S. Treasury	1,060,551	1,060,551
FFCB	1,051,952	1,051,952
FHLMC	1,061,441	1,061,441
Total items subject to interest rate risk	<u>6,826,937</u>	<u>6,826,937</u>
Total short-term investments	<u>\$ 8,226,093</u>	<u>8,226,093</u>

The fair values of short-term U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agency obligations are based on acquisition cost, provided there is no significant impairment due to credit standing of the issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk – Debt Investments – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Hospital will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2011 and 2010, the short-term investments of \$5,306,912 and \$3,173,944, respectively, in U.S. government obligations were insured, registered, and held by the counterparty’s agent in the Hospital’s name.

The Hospital’s custodial risk policy for the bond proceeds conforms to the Trust Indenture, and the Trustee holds the investments in safekeeping.

Credit Risk – Debt Investments – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill their obligations. The Hospital is required to disclose credit ratings of its debt investments in order to assess credit risk. U.S. obligations, investments explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, and nondebt investments are excluded from this requirement. Currently, the Hospital has a policy that restricts short-term investments to specific investment ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The policy states

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

that cash equivalent reserves shall consist of interest-bearing or discount instruments of the U.S. government or agencies thereof.

A summary of the short-term investments at June 30, 2011 and 2010 and their exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	
	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Items not subject to credit risk:				
U.S. Treasury notes	N/A	\$ <u>—</u>	—	\$ <u>1,060,551</u>
Items subject to credit risk:				
Money market deposits	Not rated	358,420	Not rated	1,399,156
Money market fund	Not rated	2,698,257	Not rated	3,652,993
U.S. government agency obligations:				
FFCB	Fitch - AAA	—	Fitch - AAA	1,051,952
FNMA	Fitch - AAA	3,184,413	Fitch - AAA	—
FHLMC	Fitch - AAA	<u>2,122,499</u>	Fitch - AAA	<u>1,061,441</u>
Total items subject to credit risk		<u>8,363,589</u>		<u>7,165,542</u>
Total short-term investments		\$ <u><u>8,363,589</u></u>		\$ <u><u>8,226,093</u></u>

The fair values of short-term U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agency obligations are based on acquisition cost, provided there is no significant impairment due to credit standing of the issuer.

Long-Term Investments

Interest Rate Risk – Debt Investments - Currently, the Hospital does not have a specific policy to limit its exposure to interest rate risk.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the long-term investments and their respective maturities and their exposure to interest rate risk is as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than 1 Year</u>
Items not subject to interest rate risk:		
Cost and equity method investments*	\$ 16,232,264	—
Money market deposits	2,575	2,575
Items subject to interest rate risk:		
Money market fund	13,794,426	13,794,426
Repurchase agreements	13,433,669	13,433,669
Items subject to interest rate risk	<u>27,228,095</u>	<u>27,228,095</u>
Total long-term investments	<u>\$ 43,462,934</u>	<u>27,230,670</u>
	<u>June 30, 2010</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Less than 1 Year</u>
Items not subject to interest rate risk:		
Cost and equity method investments*	\$ 13,741,493	—
Money market deposits	2,547	2,547
Items subject to interest rate risk:		
Money market fund	11,167,422	11,167,422
Repurchase agreements	13,438,588	13,438,588
Items subject to interest rate risk	<u>24,606,010</u>	<u>24,606,010</u>
Total long-term investments	<u>\$ 38,350,050</u>	<u>24,608,557</u>

* Cost and equity method investments noted are investments in TriWest (recorded at cost) and TRL and TLSC (recorded by the equity method).

Custodial Credit Risk – Debt Investments –As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the Hospital held no U.S. government obligations for long-term investment purposes.

The Hospital’s custodial risk policy for the bond proceeds conforms to the Trust Indenture, and the Trustee holds the investments in safekeeping.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The State of New Mexico requires that securities underlying repurchase agreements have a market value of at least 102% of the cost of the repurchase agreement. The market value of the securities underlying the repurchase agreements was at or above the required level during the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

The repurchase agreement for the Reserve Account was \$13,433,669 and \$13,438,588 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. This is an American International Group (AIG) Matched Funding Corporation agreement collateralized by four FHLMC securities held by the Trustee in the Hospital's name. As of August 22, 2011, the market value of the repurchase agreement was \$887,000 in excess of the investment principal resulting in a security ratio of 106.6% collateralization.

Credit Risk – Debt Investments – The Hospital is required to disclose credit ratings of its debt investments in order to assess credit risk. U.S. obligations, investments explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, and nondebt investments are excluded from this requirement. Currently, the Hospital has a policy that restricts long-term investments to specific investment ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The policy states that cash equivalent reserves shall consist of interest-bearing or discount instruments of the U.S. government or agencies thereof.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the investments at June 30, 2011 and 2010 and their exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	
	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Items not subject to credit risk:				
Cost and equity method investments*	N/A	\$ <u>16,232,264</u>	N/A	\$ <u>13,741,493</u>
Items subject to credit risk:				
Money market deposits	Not rated	2,575	Not rated	2,547
Money market fund	Not rated	13,794,426	Not rated	11,167,422
Repurchase agreements	Moody's - Baa1	<u>13,433,669</u>	Moody's - Aa3	<u>13,438,588</u>
Total items subject to credit risk		<u>27,230,670</u>		<u>24,608,557</u>
Total long-term investments		\$ <u><u>43,462,934</u></u>		\$ <u><u>38,350,050</u></u>

* Cost and equity method investments noted are investments in TriWest (recorded at cost) and TRL and TLSC (recorded by the equity method).

The fair values of U.S. Treasury and U.S. government mortgage-backed securities investments are based on quoted market prices.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 5. CONCENTRATION OF RISK

The Hospital receives payment for services rendered to patients under payment arrangements with payors, which include: (i) Medicare and Medicaid, (ii) other third-party payors including commercial carriers and health maintenance organizations, and (iii) others. The following summarizes patient accounts receivable and the percentage of gross accounts receivable from all payors as of June 30:

	2011		2010	
Medicare and Medicaid	\$ 115,529,198	48%	\$ 97,928,696	44%
Other third-party payors	87,206,184	36	90,844,078	40
Others	38,297,180	16	35,398,716	16
Total patient accounts receivable	241,032,562	100%	224,171,490	100%
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts and contractual adjustments	(174,943,564)		(158,146,401)	
Patient accounts receivable, net	\$ 66,088,998		\$ 66,025,089	

NOTE 6. ESTIMATED THIRD-PARTY PAYOR SETTLEMENTS

The Hospital is reimbursed by the Medicare and Medicaid programs for certain reimbursable items at an interim rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital (Note 12). The annual cost reports are subject to audit by the Medicare intermediary and the Medicaid audit agent. Cost reports through 2009 have been final settled for the Medicaid programs. Cost reports through 2007 have been final settled for the Medicare program. Retroactively calculated contractual adjustments arising under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 7. ASSETS WHOSE USE IS LIMITED

The following summarizes assets whose use is limited as of June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Current:		
Held by trustee for debt service	\$ 8,363,589	8,226,093
Noncurrent:		
Held by trustee for mortgage reserve fund	9,887,292	7,265,372
Held by trustee for debt service reserve	13,513,150	13,513,150
Held by trustee for collateral	3,828,224	3,828,031
Held by trustee for redemption fund	2,004	2,004
By UNM Hospital Board of Trustees	<u>16,232,264</u>	<u>13,741,493</u>
	<u>\$ 51,826,523</u>	<u>46,576,143</u>

Assets whose use is limited are classified in the accompanying statements of net assets as current and noncurrent assets. Current assets are designated by the FHA for current debt service use. The noncurrent assets are designated by the FHA and the Hospital Board of Trustees for future use subject to approval by the respective parties.

As of June 30, 2011, \$4.2 million of the \$8.4 million balance in the held by trustee for debt service account represents the bond interest payment due July 1, 2011. As of June 30, 2010, \$4.3 million of the \$8.2 million balance in the held by trustee for debt service account represents the bond interest payment due July 1, 2010.

The Hospital has established a "Mortgage Reserve Fund" in accordance with the requirements and conditions of the FHA Regulatory Agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision in the Regulatory Agreement, the Mortgage Reserve Fund may be used by HUD if the Hospital is unable to make a mortgage note payment on the due date. The Hospital is required to make contributions to the fund based on the Mortgage Reserve Fund schedule.

The Hospital has established a "Debt Service Reserve Fund" (consists of noncurrent assets held by trustee for debt service reserve and held by trustee for collateral accounts) and has agreed to maintain this fund for as long as any of the bonds are outstanding. The amount of the Debt Service Reserve Fund is \$17.3 million and is closely related to the total annual obligation under the bond repayment schedule for the fiscal years 2011 through 2028.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 7. ASSETS WHOSE USE IS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Assets Whose Use is Limited by Board of Trustees – In 1997, the Hospital contributed \$2,612,500 to TriWest, an organization formed to administer healthcare benefits to military retirees and dependents of active duty personnel in the CHAMPUS/TriCare Central Region, in exchange for 2,613 shares of common stock, which represents an approximate 10.8% ownership of TriWest as of June 30, 2011. The investment in TriWest is accounted for using the cost method.

The Hospital has an affiliation agreement with Presbyterian Healthcare Services for the operation of a consolidated clinical laboratory (TriCore) to optimize the quality, performance, and delivery of routine and specialized clinical laboratory tests for patients throughout the State of New Mexico in a cost-effective and timely manner. The Hospital contributed \$3,999,965 in cash and equipment during 1998 related to the affiliation agreement, titled TriCore. During 2004, TriCore reorganized its business activities into two entities: TriCore whose business consists of laboratory testing services for nonmembers; and TLSC, which organized solely to perform laboratory services, on a centralized basis, for its members, the Hospital, and Presbyterian Healthcare Services. TLSC is a tax-exempt, cooperative hospital service organization under Section 501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

UNM, through the Hospital, has a 50% interest in TriCore totaling approximately \$6,740,000 and \$5,707,000 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which is being accounted for using the equity method.

The Hospital has a 50% interest in TLSC totaling approximately \$6,879,000 and \$5,422,000 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Approximately 38% and 34% of the net earnings of TLSC in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively, is recorded as a reduction to laboratory expense in each year. This is based on the estimated ratio of the Hospital's volume of total laboratory services provided by TLSC to its members. The remaining 12% and 16% is accounted for under the equity method in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Hospital recorded laboratory expenses of approximately \$27,300,000, net of the 38% reduction in laboratory expense, which totaled \$1,108,000 in 2011. The Hospital recorded laboratory expenses of approximately \$26,600,000, net of the 34% reduction in laboratory expense, which totaled \$648,000 in 2010.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

The major classes of capital assets at June 30 and related activity for the year then ended is as follows:

	Year ended June 30, 2011				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Ending Balance
UNM Hospital Capital Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,747,245	-	-	-	1,747,245
Construction in progress	5,307,157	10,664,086	(5,891,072)	-	10,080,171
	\$ 7,054,402	10,664,086	(5,891,072)	-	11,827,416
UNM Hospital depreciable capital assets:					
Land Improvements	\$ 11,130,591	17,781	49,721	-	11,198,093
Buildings and building improvements	165,152,836	-	1,006,858	-	166,159,694
Building service equipment	141,518,703	253,492	4,202,109	-	145,974,304
Fixed Equipment	15,099,920	40,468	148,011	-	15,288,399
Major Movable equipment	219,165,504	17,523,178	484,373	(28,264,213)	208,908,842
Total depreciable capital assets	552,067,554	17,834,919	5,891,072	(28,264,213)	547,529,332
Less Accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements	(3,466,866)	(913,942)	-	-	(4,380,808)
Buildings and building improvements	(57,505,958)	(5,540,864)	-	-	(63,046,822)
Building service equipment	(38,192,660)	(8,572,196)	-	-	(46,764,856)
Fixed Equipment	(8,777,028)	(645,658)	-	-	(9,422,686)
Major Movable equipment	(158,943,702)	(19,052,139)	-	28,285,117	(149,710,724)
Total Accumulated depreciation	(266,886,214)	(34,724,799)	-	28,285,117	(273,325,896)
UNM Hospital depreciable capital assets, net	\$ 285,181,340	(16,889,880)	5,891,072	20,904	274,203,436
UNM Hospital Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 7,054,402	10,664,086	(5,891,072)	-	11,827,416
UNM Hospital total cost of capital assets	559,121,956	28,499,005	-	(28,264,213)	559,356,748
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(266,886,214)	(34,724,799)	-	28,285,117	(273,325,896)
UNM Hospital capital assets, net	\$ 292,235,742	(6,225,794)	-	20,904	286,030,852

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 8. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Year ended June 30, 2010				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Transfers	Retirements	Ending Balance
UNM Hospital Capital Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,747,245	-	-	-	1,747,245
Construction in progress	18,922,530	8,151,866	(21,767,239)	-	5,307,157
	\$ 20,669,775	8,151,866	(21,767,239)	-	7,054,402
UNM Hospital depreciable capital assets:					
Land Improvements	\$ 10,930,497	-	200,094	-	11,130,591
Buildings and building improvements	165,074,562	17,895	554,038	(493,659)	165,152,836
Building service equipment	129,645,949	120,182	12,150,681	(398,109)	141,518,703
Fixed Equipment	14,283,545	805,643	33,003	(22,271)	15,099,920
Major Movable equipment	194,352,813	16,331,213	8,829,423	(347,945)	219,165,504
Total depreciable capital assets	514,287,366	17,274,933	21,767,239	(1,261,984)	552,067,554
Less Accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements	(2,543,628)	(923,238)	-	-	(3,466,866)
Buildings and building improvements	(52,331,216)	(5,668,401)	-	493,659	(57,505,958)
Building service equipment	(30,407,925)	(8,173,541)	-	388,806	(38,192,660)
Fixed Equipment	(8,181,580)	(617,719)	-	22,271	(8,777,028)
Major Movable equipment	(141,298,557)	(17,969,415)	-	324,270	(158,943,702)
Total Accumulated depreciation	(234,762,906)	(33,352,314)	-	1,229,006	(266,886,214)
UNM Hospital depreciable capital assets, net	\$ 279,524,460	(16,077,381)	21,767,239	(32,978)	285,181,340
UNM Hospital Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 20,669,775	8,151,866	(21,767,239)	-	7,054,402
UNM Hospital total cost of capital assets	534,957,141	25,426,799	-	(1,261,984)	559,121,956
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(234,762,906)	(33,352,314)	-	1,229,006	(266,886,214)
UNM Hospital capital assets, net	\$ 300,194,235	(7,925,515)	-	(32,978)	292,235,742

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Qualified hospital employees are entitled to accrue sick leave and annual leave based on their FTE status.

Sick Leave. Full-time employees accrue four hours of sick leave each two-week pay period (13 days per annum) up to a maximum of 1,040 hours to be used for major and minor sick leave. Seven of these days are accumulated into a minor sick leave bank. Part-time employees who are at least 0.5 FTE earn sick leave on a prorated basis each pay period. At June 30 of each year, employees have the opportunity to exchange for annual leave or major sick leave or cash all hours accumulated in excess of 24 hours on an hour-for-hour basis. At termination, only employees who retire from the Hospital and qualify under the Hospital's policy or estates of employees who die as the result of a compensable occupational illness or injury are eligible for payment of unused accumulated hours. Accrued sick leave as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 of \$2,180,000 and \$1,960,000, respectively, is computed by multiplying each employee's current hourly rate by the number of hours accrued. The increase of \$220,000 was primarily attributed to increased number of employees (1.5%) and number of hours accrued remaining in employee banks.

Major and minor sick leave balances earned by the consolidated employees under the UNM plan were transferred to the Hospital. Under the UNM plan, only employees hired prior to July 1, 1984 were eligible to accrue major sick leave. Eligible employees accrued sick leave each pay period at an hourly rate, which was based on their date of hire and employment status.

The excess minor sick leave hours carried over from UNM were converted to cash in December 2000, at a rate equal to 50% of the employee's hourly wage, multiplied by the number of hours converted. Upon retirement, all minor hours in excess of 600 are paid at a rate equal to 50% of the employee's hourly wage multiplied by the number of hours in excess of 600 unused sick leave hours based on FTE status, not to exceed 440 hours of such sick leave.

Immediately upon retirement or death, a consolidated employee is entitled to receive cash payment for unused major sick leave hours in excess of 1,040 at a rate equal to 28.5% of the employee's hourly wage multiplied by the number of hours in excess of 1,040 major sick leave hours based on FTE status. Partial hours are rounded to the nearest full hour.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 9. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (CONTINUED)

Annual Leave. Full-time employees accrue annual leave based on their length of employment up to a maximum of 480 hours. Part-time employees who are at least 0.5 FTE earn annual leave on a prorated basis each pay period. At June 30 of each year, employees have the opportunity to exchange for cash up to 80 annual leave hours accumulated in excess of 240 hours. At termination, employees are eligible for payment of unused accumulated hours, not to exceed 480 hours. Accrued annual leave as of June 30, 2011 and 2010 of \$13,865,000 and \$13,135,000, respectively, is computed by multiplying each employee's current hourly rate by the number of hours accrued. The increase of \$730,000 was primarily attributed to increased number of employees (1.5%) and number of hours accrued remaining in employee banks.

Upon retirement, death, or involuntary termination, a consolidated employee is entitled to receive cash payment for annual leave earned prior to consolidation up to a maximum of 252 hours at a rate equal to 50% of the employee's hourly wage. Upon voluntary termination, a maximum of 168 hours is paid out at a rate equal to 50% of the employee's hourly wage.

During the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the following changes occurred in accrued compensated absences:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2010</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2011</u>
\$	15,450,874	25,560,479	\$ (24,630,945)	16,380,408
	<u>Balance</u> <u>July 1, 2009</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2010</u>
\$	14,444,942	23,959,174	\$ (22,953,242)	15,450,874

The balances above include annual leave and sick leave, disclosed above, in addition to compensatory time and holiday, totaling \$335,000 and \$356,000 in fiscal years 2011 and 2010, respectively. The portion of accrued compensated absences due after one year is not material and, therefore, is not presented separately.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 10. OTHER ACCRUED LIABILITIES

At June 30, other accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
SCI Program incurred but not reported (IBNR)	\$ 2,731,203	1,466,543
Deferred rent	86,043	147,883
Other	131,295	207,666
	<u>\$ 2,948,541</u>	<u>1,822,092</u>

NOTE 11. BONDS PAYABLE

On October 14, 2004, UNM Board of Regents issued FHA insured Hospital Mortgage Revenue Bonds (University of New Mexico Hospital Project), Series 2004 in the aggregate principal amount of \$192,250,000. Interest on the bonds ranges from 2% to 5% and is payable semi-annually on each January 1 and July 1, commencing January 1, 2005. The Series 2004 bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the construction, equipping, and furnishing of the CHCCP, which provides care to patients requiring trauma, children's and women's services, funding the Debt Service Reserve Fund, and paying costs of issuance associated with the bonds.

In conjunction with this construction project, the U.S. HUD, under Section 242 CFDA No. 14.128, issued a loan guarantee for the mortgage amount of \$183,399,000. The loan guarantee is considered federal assistance subject to the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 and the Single Audit Act. Accordingly, the loan guarantee is considered a federal award for purposes of UNM's June 30, 2011 and 2010 Single Audit.

The bonds are limited obligations of the UNM Board of Regents, and have a claim for payment solely from: (1) the trust revenues pursuant to Trust Indenture, dated as of November 1, 2004 by and between the UNM Board of Regents and Wells Fargo Bank National Association, as trustee, including without limitation, payments or prepayments to be made on the Mortgage Note (the Series 2004 Note); (2) payments made under the Mortgage and Series 2004 Note; (3) in the event of default by the UNM Board of Regents under the Series 2004 Note or the Mortgage and the assignment thereof to FHA, from proceeds of the Mortgage Insurance paid by the HUD, acting by and through the FHA under Section 242 of Title II of the National Housing Act; (4) moneys and investments held by the Trustee under the

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 11. BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Trust Indenture; and (5) under certain circumstances, proceeds from insurance and condemnation awards and sales consummated under threat of condemnation.

Interest expense associated with the bonds payable was approximately \$8,134,000 and \$8,295,000, net of amortization of bond premium totaling approximately \$368,000 and \$406,000 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Interest income earned from the investment of the bond proceeds was approximately \$787,000 and \$800,000 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Bonds payable consist of the following:

		Year Ended June 30, 2011				
		Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Amounts due Within One Year
FHA Insured Hospital Mortgage						
Revenue:						
	Bonds Series 2004	\$ 179,005,000	—	(4,570,000)	174,435,000	4,790,000
	Bond premium	2,242,153	—	(368,228)	1,873,925	—
		<u>\$ 181,247,153</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(4,938,228)</u>	<u>176,308,925</u>	<u>4,790,000</u>
		Year Ended June 30, 2010				
		Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Amounts due Within One Year
FHA Insured Hospital Mortgage						
Revenue:						
	Bonds Series 2004	\$ 183,395,000	—	(4,390,000)	179,005,000	4,570,000
	Bond premium	2,648,140	—	(405,987)	2,242,153	—
		<u>\$ 186,043,140</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(4,795,987)</u>	<u>181,247,153</u>	<u>4,570,000</u>

Per Section 5.02 of the related Trust Indenture, the three bonds in the 2004 Series maturing on July 1, 2030, 2031, and 2032 are subject to sinking fund redemption in part prior to maturity. Excess funds in the debt service account and investment income received can be used for bond sinking fund redemption.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 11. BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Per Section 5.01(B) of the related Trust Indenture, excess funds in the investment income account can be used for a special mandatory redemption.

Future debt service (not including sinking fund redemptions) as of June 30, 2011 for the bonds follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2012	\$ 4,790,000	8,287,309	13,077,309
2013	4,985,000	8,085,213	13,070,213
2014	5,240,000	7,871,938	13,111,938
2015	5,495,000	7,617,650	13,112,650
2016	5,770,000	7,332,650	13,102,650
2017 – 2021	33,555,000	31,855,375	65,410,375
2022 – 2026	42,920,000	22,272,059	65,192,059
2027 – 2031	34,220,000	12,120,663	46,340,663
2032 – 2033	37,460,000	1,343,000	38,803,000
	<u>\$ 174,435,000</u>	<u>106,785,857</u>	<u>281,220,857</u>

On November 15, 2004, the Hospital established a mortgage reserve fund in accordance with the requirements and conditions of the FHA Regulatory Agreement. Future Mortgage Reserve Fund contributions are summarized as follows:

	<u>Annual Contribution</u>
2012	\$ 2,728,351
2013	2,325,566
2014	2,420,313
2015	2,518,921
2016	2,621,545
2017	2,728,351
	<u>\$ 15,343,047</u>

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 12. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUES

The majority of the Hospital's revenue is generated through agreements with third-party payors that provide for reimbursement to the Hospital at amounts different from its established charges. Approximately 42% and 43% of the Hospital's gross patient revenue for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, was derived from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, the continuation of which are dependent upon governmental policies. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded revenue estimates could change as a result of regulatory review. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between the Hospital's billings at established charges for services and amounts reimbursed by third-party payors. A summary of the basis of reimbursement from major third-party payors follows:

Medicare – Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These Medical Severity Diagnosis Related Group (MS-DRG) rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Most Medicare outpatient services are prospectively paid through Medicare's Outpatient Prospective Payment system (OPPS). Services excluded from the OPPS and paid under separate fee schedules include: clinical lab, some rehabilitation services, durable medical equipment, renal dialysis treatments, ambulance services, and professional fees of nonphysician practitioners.

Medicaid – Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicaid Fee-for-Service (FFS) program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge based upon the MS-DRG system. These rates vary according to clinical factors and patient diagnosis. The Hospital is eligible for and receives additional Medicaid reimbursement (UPL) for the gap between the Medicaid reimbursement per discharge and the Medicare reimbursement per discharge. The Hospitals recorded UPL for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 in the amounts of approximately \$40.7 million and \$39.0 million, respectively. For outpatients, beginning November 1, 2011, payments are made based upon an Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS). Prior to that, payments were made at an interim rate that was then settled through the cost report by the State agency.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 12. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUES (CONTINUED)

In addition, the Hospital has reimbursement agreements with certain Managed Care Organizations (MCOs) that have contracted with the State of New Mexico SALUD! program to administer services to enrolled Medicaid beneficiaries. The basis for reimbursement under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates (MS-DRG) or per diem for inpatient services, and as of November 1, 2011, prospectively determined payments for outpatient services. Prior to that time, a percentage of charge was used for outpatient services, except for lab and radiology, for which payments were based upon predetermined fee schedules.

The Hospital entered into a reimbursement agreement for the SCI program during fiscal year 2007. This program is part of the New Mexico SCI Medicaid plan, funded in part by the State of New Mexico HSD. Funding is modeled after a capitated payment program. Funds are remitted to the Hospital on a per-member-per-month basis for all state-approved members. The Hospital's funding under the SCI program for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$38.3 million and \$42.8 million, respectively, and is included in net patient service revenue.

Other – The Hospital has also entered into reimbursement agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for reimbursement under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates-per-discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined per diem rates.

A summary of net patient revenues follows for the years ended June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Charges at established rates	\$ 1,375,937,231	1,297,047,522
Charity care	(251,915,498)	(214,120,664)
Contractual adjustments	(426,593,796)	(420,171,743)
Provision for doubtful accounts	<u>(67,041,989)</u>	<u>(69,469,941)</u>
Net patient revenues	<u>\$ 630,385,948</u>	<u>593,285,174</u>

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 12. NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUES (CONTINUED)

Current year estimates, settlements of prior-year cost reports, and changes in prior - year estimates resulted in net increases (decreases) to net patient service revenue of approximately \$15,306,000 and (\$4,851,000) for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, \$3,230,000 for Medicare and \$952,000 for Medicaid, were accrued as estimates for the fiscal year 2011 cost report. UNM Hospital's cost reports are typically filed by November 30, but for 2011 only, the filing date is extended to January 31, 2012. During fiscal year 2011, the hospital received aggregate settlements of \$2,837,000 from Champus, TriCare, and U.S. Public Health Services which are included in the totals above. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, \$3,362,000 for Medicare and \$4,777,000 for Medicaid, were accrued as estimates for the fiscal year 2010 cost report

Management believes that these estimates are adequate. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term. Estimates are continually monitored and reviewed, and as settlements are made or more information is available to improve estimates, differences are reflected in current operations.

NOTE 13. CHARITY CARE

The Hospital maintains records to identify and monitor the level of charity care it provides. These records include the amount of charges foregone for services and supplies furnished under its charity care policy. The following information measures the level of charity care provided during the years ended June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Charges foregone, based on established rates	\$ 251,915,498	214,120,664
Estimated costs and expenses incurred to provide charity care	126,209,664	109,415,659
Equivalent percentage of charity care charges forgone to total gross revenue	18%	17%

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 14. MALPRACTICE INSURANCE

As a part of the UNM, the Hospital enjoys sovereign immunity from suit for tort liability except as waived by the New Mexico legislature. In this connection, under the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, the New Mexico Legislature waived the State's and the Hospital's sovereign immunity for claims arising out of negligence out of the operation of the Hospital, the treatment of the Hospital's patients, and the healthcare services provided by Hospital employees. In addition, the New Mexico Tort Claims Act limits, as an integral part of this waiver of sovereign immunity, the amount of damages that can be assessed against the Hospital on any tort claim including medical malpractice or professional liability claims.

The New Mexico Tort Claims Act provides that total liability for all claims that arise out of a single occurrence shall not exceed \$750,000 set forth as follows: (a) \$200,000 for real property; (b) up to \$300,000 for past and future medical and medically related expenses; and (c) up to \$400,000 for past and future noneconomic losses (such as pain and suffering) incurred or to be incurred by the claimant. The language of the New Mexico Tort Claims Act does not provide for claims of loss of consortium; however, New Mexico appellate court decisions have allowed claimants to seek consortium. Risk Management Division of the State of New Mexico General Services Department (State RMD) and UNM contend that these damages are contained within the \$750,000 cap. The New Mexico Tort Claims Act prohibits the award of punitive or exemplary damages against the Hospital. The New Mexico Tort Claims Act requires the State RMD to provide coverage to the Hospital for those torts where the Legislature has waived the State's sovereign immunity up to the damages limits of the New Mexico Tort Claims Act plus the cost incurred in defending any claims and/or lawsuits (including attorney's fees and expenses), with no deductible and with no self-insured retention by the Hospital. As a result of the foregoing, the Hospital is fully covered for claims and/or lawsuits relating to medical malpractice or professional liability.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 15. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Hospital provides professional services, referral services, and office space to UNM and other entities associated with UNM. The Hospital billed the following amounts, included as an expense reduction in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, for services rendered during the years ended June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
UNM Health Sciences Center	\$ 4,196,305	6,255,774
UNM Cancer Center	9,873	22,009
	<u>\$ 4,206,178</u>	<u>6,277,783</u>

The Hospital reimburses UNM and the UNM HSC for the cost of utilities and the salaries of various medical and administrative personnel incurred on behalf of the Hospital. The Hospital incurred expenses, included in total expenses in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, related to the following entities during the years ended June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
UNM	\$ 14,865,903	13,776,814
UNM Health Sciences Center	126,018,234	113,237,427
	<u>\$ 140,884,137</u>	<u>127,014,241</u>

NOTE 16. BENEFIT PLANS

The Hospital has a defined contribution plan covering eligible employees, which provides retirement benefits. The name of the plan is UNM Hospital Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan, formerly known as the University of New Mexico Hospital/Bernalillo Medical Center Tax Sheltered Annuity Plan. The Hospital contributes either 5.5% or 7.5% of an employee's salary to the plan, depending on employment level. The plan was established by the UNM Hospital Board of Trustees and can be amended at its discretion. The plan is administered by the Hospital's Human Resources Department.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 16. BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

The Hospital also has a deferred compensation plan, called the UNM Hospital 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan, which provides employees with additional retirement savings plan. The Hospital does not contribute to this plan. Employees can make voluntary contributions to this plan. The plan was established by the UNM Hospital Board of Trustees and can be amended at its discretion. The plan is administered by the Hospital's Human Resources Department.

In addition, the Hospital has a 401(a) defined contribution plan, called the UNM Hospital 401(a) Plan, which was established for the purpose of providing retirement benefits for eligible participants and their beneficiaries. The 401(a) plan allows for tax-deferred employer contributions on a percentage-of-salary basis. The plan was established by the UNM Hospital Board of Trustees and can be amended at its discretion. All assets of the plan are held in a trust fund, are not considered hospital assets, and are under the direction of a Plan Administrator.

The Hospital also has a defined benefit plan that covers all employees who were members of the clerical and service worker collective bargaining unit as of June 30, 1977 and had completed a year of service prior to June 30, 1977. The plan provides monthly pension benefits based on service before July 1, 1977. The name of the plan is University of New Mexico/BCMC Retirement Plan B. There are currently 119 participants included in this plan. Actuarial pension data for this plan may be obtained by writing to UNM Hospital's Human Resources Department, P.O. Box 80600, Albuquerque, NM 87198-0600.

A small portion (approximately 35) of the Hospital's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Educational Retirement Board (ERB) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits, and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members (certified teachers and other employees of state public school districts, colleges and universities) and beneficiaries. ERB issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and RSI for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Educational Retirement Board, P.O. Box 26129, Santa Fe, NM 87502. The report is also available on ERB's Web site at www.nmerb.org.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 16. BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy. The expense for the defined contribution plan was \$9,761,000, \$10,507,000, and \$8,854,000 in fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Total employee contributions under this plan were \$12,630,000, \$11,358,000, and \$10,505,000 in fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

There was no expense for the deferred compensation plan in 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively, as the Hospital does not contribute to this plan. Total employee contributions under this plan were \$2,055,000, \$1,923,000, and \$1,929,000 in 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

The expense for the 401(a) defined contribution plan was \$285,000, \$250,000, and \$228,500 in fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively. Only the Hospital contributes to this plan.

Effective July 1, 2009, plan members of the public employee retirement system are required by statute to contribute 7.9% of their gross salary if they earned \$20,000 or less annually, and plan members earning more than \$20,000 annually were required to contribute 9.4% of their gross salary. The Hospital is required to contribute 12.4% of the gross covered salary for employees earning \$20,000 or less, and 10.9% of gross covered salary of employees earning more than \$20,000 annually. The employer contribution is increasing by .75% each year until effective July 1, 2011, the employer contribution will be 13.9% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Hospital are established in State statute under Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Hospital's contributions to ERB for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$182,000, \$202,000, and \$217,000, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description. The Hospital and Behavioral Operation Center employees and retirees participate under the same benefit plan administered by the Hospital. The Hospital administers a single employer defined benefit postemployment benefit plan that offers postemployment healthcare coverage to eligible retirees and their dependents. Eligible retired employees are offered combined medical/prescription

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

drug benefits through the Hospital's self-insured health plan administered by BCBSNM. Eligible retired employees are also offered dental insurance through the Hospital's self-insured dental plan insurance. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the benefit policy is recommended by the Human Resource Administrator and approved by the Chief Executive Officer.

Beginning July 1, 2009, the actuarial valuations are prepared biennially for the Hospital as allowed for under GASB Statement No. 45.

Employees are eligible to retire from the Hospital and receive these post-employment benefits when:

- The employee reaches the minimum age of fifty (50)
- The employee has at least five years of continuous employment
- The employee has a combined age plus year of service sum of at least seventy (70) (hire date prior to July 1, 2009) and seventy-five (75) (hire date after July 1, 2009).

At the date of valuation, July 1, 2009, there were a total of 18 Hospital and 3 Behavioral Operation retirees receiving benefits, 363 active employees fully eligible to receive benefits, and 4,166 active employees currently not fully eligible to receive benefits.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the Hospital are established, and may be amended by recommendation of the Human Resource Administrator and approval by the Chief Executive Officer. The retired employees that elect to participate in the postemployment benefit plan are required to make contributions in the form of monthly premiums based on current rates established under the health and dental plans. For the medical and dental plans, there are both implicit and explicit subsidies provided by the Hospital. The explicit subsidy is for employees that retire with sick and annual leave (compensated absence) accruals. The Hospital subsidizes for the retiree only, the current "employee only" premium amount for the health and dental plans for the period of the length of leave (compensated absence) accrual. The implicit subsidy arises

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

because the retiree pays a contribution that is based on a combined active and retiree claim experience. If the retirees were to pay based solely on retiree claim experience, they would be paying a higher amount as typically retirees incur higher claims. This “discount” is called the implicit subsidy.

The applicable monthly retiree contribution rates are provided in the tables below:

	Retiree (coverage extension/ compensated absence accrual period)			Retiree (after coverage extension)		
	Standard Network	Extended Network	Delta Dental	Standard Network	Extended Network	Delta Dental
Rate tier:						
Retiree only	\$ —	240.50	—	441.80	682.30	30.68
Retiree + Spouse/DP	463.80	956.70	35.67	905.60	1,398.50	65.68
Retiree + Children	220.80	581.50	—	662.60	1,023.30	—
Retiree + family	508.00	1,024.90	67.00	949.80	1,466.70	97.68

The Hospital does not use a trust fund to administer the financing and payment of benefits. Instead, the Hospital funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The pay-as-you-go expense is the net expected cost of providing retiree benefits. This expense includes all expected claims and related expenses and is offset by the retiree contribution. Expected monthly claim costs were developed from a combination of historical claim experience and manual claim cost developed using a representative database. Nonclaim expenses are based on the current amounts charged to employees. The Hospital’s and Center’s pay-as-you-go expense for the period of July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011 is approximately \$52,000. The pay-as-you-go expense includes the medical and dental claims, administration expenses, and implicit subsidy and is net of any retiree contributions.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities (AALs) and the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial method used is the Unit Credit method, as the Unit Credit method provides a logical correlation between accruing and expensing of retirees’ benefits.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

A 4.5% annual discount rate was used assuming the Hospital will fund the postemployment benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis. For an unfunded plan, the investment return assumption is based on the expected return on employer assets that generally consist of short-term liquid investments.

The July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation considers an annual healthcare cost trend on a select (10.5%) and ultimate (5%) basis. Select rates are reduced 0.5% each year until reaching the ultimate rate. The unfunded AAL is amortized over the maximum acceptable period of 30 years. It is calculated assuming a level percentage of projected payroll, with a 3.5% per annum salary increase.

Annual retirement probabilities and the rate of withdrawal for reasons other than death and retirement have been determined based on the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2008. It is assumed that 15% of future preretirees and postretirees participate in the Hospital's post/retirement health program.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (UAALs) over a 30-year period.

The Hospital's postemployment benefit plan includes employees from the Center. The OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation (NOO) were calculated and allocated to each reporting entity based on the Hospital's and Center's employee data as of June 30, 2009. The allocation is as follows: the Hospital - 91% and the Center - 9%. The OPEB cost and NOO information presented below are the Hospital's calculated portion.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The NOO is the cumulative difference between the ARC and the employer's contribution to the plan. The Hospital's NOO as of July 1, 2010 is equal to \$3,702,730, which was determined based on the applicable FTE of the entity as of June 30, 2010. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; the NOO follows as of June 30:

	2011 Unfunded	2010 Unfunded
NOO - beginning of year	\$ 3,702,730	1,034,730
ARC	2,579,206	2,793,444
Interest on prior year NOO	43,240	43,240
Adjustment to ARC	<u>(36,800)</u>	<u>(36,800)</u>
Annual OPEB cost	2,585,646	2,799,884
Employer contributions	<u>(51,646)</u>	<u>(131,884)</u>
Increase in NOO	<u>2,534,000</u>	<u>2,668,000</u>
NOO - end of year	<u>\$ 6,236,730</u>	<u>3,702,730</u>

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the NOO for fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2011	\$ 2,585,646	2.0%	\$ 6,236,730
June 30, 2010	2,799,884	4.7%	3,702,730

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 17. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Status and Progress. As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The plan's actuarial accrued liability (AAL, the present value of all future expected postretirement medical payments and administrative cost, which are attributable to past service) is \$18,899,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an UAAL of \$18,899,000. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is applicable to all reporting entities based on the percentage noted above.

	Unit Credit Method Unfunded Plan June 30, 2010
AAL	\$ 18,899,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	—
UAAL	18,899,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	—
Covered payroll (active plan members)	213,670,546
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	8.8%

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, current and future retirees and their dependants, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the ARCs of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress (Schedule 4), presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statement, presents information about the actuarial value of plan assets relative to the AALs for benefits.

NOTE 18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Commitments. The Hospital is committed under various leases for building and office space and data processing equipment. Rental expenses on operating leases and other nonlease equipment amounted to \$6,795,000 in 2011 and \$9,302,000 in 2010.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The Hospital has entered into an MOU with UNM to lease the medical facility referred to as the Ambulatory Care Center and usage of the related parking structure through fiscal year 2019. The Hospital pays semiannual installments of approximately \$969,000 under this MOU.

Future minimum lease commitments for operating leases for the years subsequent to June 30, 2011, under noncancelable operating leases and memorandums of understanding, are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
Years ending June 30,	
2012	\$ 5,472,144
2013	4,877,324
2014	4,716,255
2015	3,318,192
2016	2,797,827
2017 - 2021	7,823,277
2022 - 2026	4,619,651
2027 - 2031	4,896,147
2032 - 2036	4,502,726
2037 - 2041	536,504
	<u>\$ 43,560,047</u>

Contingencies. The Hospital is currently a party to various claims and legal proceedings. The Hospital makes provisions for a liability when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Hospital believes it has adequate provisions for potential liability in litigation matters. The Hospital reviews these provisions on a periodic basis and adjusts these provisions to reflect the impact of negotiations, settlements, rulings, advice of legal counsel, and other information and events pertaining to a particular case. Based on the information that is currently available to the Hospital, the Hospital believes that the ultimate outcome of litigation matters, individually and in aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on its results of operations or financial position. However, litigation is inherently unpredictable.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011 and 2010**

NOTE 19. CAPITAL INITIATIVES

The Hospital and the UNM HSC entered into an MOU, for a sixth year, to collaborate on strategic capital projects. Per the agreement, the Hospital recorded a nonoperating expense of approximately \$33.8 million and \$21.4 million in 2011 and 2010, respectively, to provide for the development of clinical facilities pursuant to the agreement. All capital facilities are owned by UNM HSC for use by the Hospital. Capital project disbursements from capital initiatives funds held by UNM HSC in 2011 and 2010 and the ending balances for each year are reflected in the table below.

	<u>July 1 Beginning Balance</u>	<u>UNMH Contributions to Fund</u>	<u>Capital Project Disbursements from Fund</u>	<u>June 30 Ending Balance</u>
Fiscal Year 2010	\$ 45,464,213	21,369,000	(4,974,877)	61,858,336
Fiscal Year 2011	61,858,336	33,817,612	(28,380,179)	67,295,769

NOTE 20. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Hospital's investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of net assets.

UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
COMPARISON OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL REVENUES AND EXPENSES
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Schedule 1

	Budget (Original)	Budget (Final)	Actual	Budget Variance
Operating revenues:				
Net patient service	\$ 560,519,445	599,959,830	630,385,948	30,426,118
Other operating revenue	6,719,905	7,155,177	6,990,973	(164,204)
Total operating revenues	567,239,350	607,115,007	637,376,921	30,261,914
Operating expenses	(644,331,042)	(672,991,347)	(667,655,495)	5,335,852
Operating loss	(77,091,692)	(65,876,340)	(30,278,574)	35,597,766
Nonoperating revenues and other revenues, net	77,751,016	73,220,881	40,349,715	(32,871,166)
Increase in net assets	\$ 659,324	7,344,541	10,071,141	2,726,600

Note A: The Hospital prepares a budget for each fiscal year, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is subject to approval by the Board of Trustees and the UNM Board of Regents. The amount budgeted for the Hospital's operations is included in the UNM budget and submitted to the New Mexico Commission on Higher Education for approval. All revisions to the approved budget must be approved by the parties included in the original budget process. The budget is controlled at the major administrative functional area. There is no carryover of budgeted amounts from one year to the next.

UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
PLEGDED COLLATERAL BY BANKS
Year Ended June 30, 2011

Schedule 2

	Pledged Collateral			Bank Balance		
				Bank of America Albuquerque, New Mexico	First Community Bank Albuquerque, New Mexico	Total
	Safekeeping Location	Type of Security	CUSIP			
Funds on deposit:						
Demand deposits				\$ 125,474,415	16,895	125,491,310
Less repurchase agreements at cost	Bank of America					
102% collateralized by	Charlotte, NC	GNMA	38377GGZ6	(1,638,567)	-	(1,638,567)
FDIC insurance				(250,000)	(16,895)	(266,895)
Total uninsured public funds				\$ 123,585,848	-	123,585,848
50% collateral requirement per						
Section 6-10-17 NMSA				\$ 61,792,924	-	61,792,924
Pledged collateral	Bank of America					
	Charlotte, NC	FNCL Pool	31419AQ83	143,943,325	-	143,943,325
Total pledged collateral				143,943,325	-	143,943,325
(Excess) of pledged collateral over the required amount				\$ (82,150,401)	-	(82,150,401)
Funds on deposit:						
Repurchase agreements				\$ 1,638,567	-	1,638,567
Total uninsured public funds				\$ 1,638,567	-	1,638,567
102% collateral requirement per						
Section 6-10-10 NMSA				\$ 1,671,338	-	1,671,338
Pledged collateral	Bank of America					
	Charlotte, NC	GNMA	38377GGZ6	1,671,338	-	1,671,338
Total pledged collateral				1,671,338	-	1,671,338
(Excess) of pledged collateral over the required amount				\$ -	-	-

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
SCHEDULE OF INDIVIDUAL DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS
Year Ended June 30, 2011**

Schedule 3

<u>Name of Bank/Broker</u>	<u>Account Type</u>	<u>Balance per Bank Statement</u>	<u>Reconciled Balance per Financial Statement</u>
UNM Hospital cash:			
Bank of America:			
Operating	Checking	\$ 123,835,848	106,708,902
Consolidated Automated Overnight Investment	Repurchase agreement	1,638,567	1,638,567
First Community Bank:			
UNM Hospital Change Campaign	Checking	16,895	16,895
Petty Cash	Cash on hand	-	31,068
Total UNM Hospital cash		<u>\$ 125,491,310</u>	<u>108,395,432</u>
UNM Hospital short-term investments:			
Wells Fargo	Money market deposits	332,007	358,420
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney	Money market funds	515,346	515,346
Wells Fargo	Money market funds	2,698,257	2,698,257
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney	U.S. Treasury notes	19,298,096	19,298,096
Wells Fargo	FNMA	3,184,413	3,184,413
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney	FHLMC	5,453,278	5,453,278
Wells Fargo	FHLMC	2,122,499	2,122,499
Morgan Stanley Smith Barney	FNMA	8,601,844	8,601,844
Total UNM Hospital short-term investments		<u>\$ 42,205,740</u>	<u>42,232,153</u>
UNM Hospital long-term investments:			
Wells Fargo	Money market deposits	\$ 2,463	2,575
Wells Fargo	Money market funds	13,794,426	13,794,426
Wells Fargo	Collateralized repurchase agreement	13,433,669	13,433,669
Investment in TriWest	Equity securities	2,612,500	2,612,500
Investment in TRL (TriCore)	Equity securities	6,740,346	6,740,346
Investment in TLSC	Equity securities	6,879,418	6,879,418
Total UNM Hospital long-term investments		<u>\$ 43,462,822</u>	<u>43,462,934</u>

UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS
Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010
(Unaudited)

Schedule 4

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Unit Credit Method (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a)/c
July 1, 2009	\$ -	18,899,000	18,899,000	-	\$ 213,670,546	8.8%
July 1, 2008	-	5,305,000	5,305,000	-	227,182,132	2.3%
July 1, 2007	-	3,830,640	3,830,640	-	194,841,644	2.0%

Note A: The above AAL and covered payroll balances represents UNM Hospital portion of the plan.

Note B: For fiscal years beginning July 1, 2009, the Center's actuarial valuations are prepared biennially.

**Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

The University of New Mexico Health Sciences Center
Board of Trustees and
Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the financial statements of the UNM Hospital (the Hospital) and the budgetary comparison presented as supplemental information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Hospital is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The University of New Mexico Health Sciences Center
Board of Trustees and
Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hospital's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted one matter that is required to be reported per section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 that is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2011-01.

The Hospital's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Hospital's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees, the Finance and Audit Committee, management, the New Mexico State Auditor, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Mess Adams LLP".

Albuquerque, New Mexico
November 3, 2011

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS
Year Ended June 30, 2011**

Prior Year Audit Finding:

2010-01 Cerner and Siemens Systems Edit/Exception/Error Report Review

The finding has been resolved as of June 30, 2011.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
Year Ended June 30, 2011**

Section IV – Other Findings, as Required by State Statute, Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978

2011 – 01 - Excluded Provider – UNM School of Medicine

Condition

An excluded provider was allowed to furnish patient care services while under the supervision of attending physicians in Internal Medicine.

It was discovered on August 19, 2011 that a training physician had submitted dictation but was not located on the IDX directory of residents and physicians. An exclusion sanction check was conducted and revealed that the physician had been excluded on September 2000 from participation in any Federal program under Section 1128b4 (felony conviction related to a controlled substance). Review of the Colorado Medical Board website shows that the physician surrendered his medical license in 1998. This physician was given a training license by the New Mexico Medical Board on June 20, 2011 and is pending full licensure.

This physician had been accepted into the University of New Mexico School of Medicine Mini-sabbatical program coordinated through the Office of Continuing Medical Education (CME) for a six month term from June 22, 2011-December 31, 2011. The CME program allows physicians who are seeking to regain good standing from a licensure standpoint to come to the UNM Health Sciences Center's academic and clinical settings and provides them with educational experiences such as observation or, occasionally, participation in management of patients. Physicians pay the program \$200/day to participate.

Criteria

The Office of Inspector General (OIG) has the authority to exclude individuals and entities from Federally-funded health care programs pursuant to sections 1128 and 1156 of the Social Security Act. OIG is required by law to exclude from participation in all Federal health care programs individuals and entities convicted of the following types of criminal offenses: (1) Medicare or Medicaid fraud, as well as any other offenses related to the delivery of items or services under Medicare, Medicaid, SCHIP, or other State health care programs; (2) patient abuse or neglect; (3) felony convictions for other health care-related fraud, theft, or other financial misconduct; and (4) felony convictions relating to unlawful manufacture, distribution, prescription, or dispensing of controlled substances.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

Cause

The CME program has not conducted Exclusion Sanction Checks on providers accepted into this program. Since these providers are not paid by any entity of the Health Sciences Center, these providers do not bill under their names, and the providers are under supervision of attending physicians, the CME program states that they did not know that these providers should be checked for exclusion from government health care programs.

Effect

The primary effect of an Office of Inspector General (OIG) exclusion from Federal health care programs is that no Federal health care program payment will be provided for any items or services furnished, ordered or prescribed by an excluded individual. This includes Medicare, Medicaid and all other federal plans and programs that provide health benefits funded directly or indirectly by the United States.

Patient encounters in which this provider furnished and documented patient care services have been identified by the Hospital. Dates of service range from July 6, 2011 – August 19, 2011. Sixteen accounts were submitted to government payers by the Hospital. Projected payments total \$122,823. There is no impact to account balances for the year ended and as of June 30, 2011.

Recommendation

We recommend that the CME program establish a process to ensure that exclusion checks are performed on all applicants prior to acceptance to the CME program. In addition, we recommend that the Hospital refund payments to Medicare, Medicaid, and Indian Health Service for billings submitted for patient encounters in which the excluded provider furnished or documented patient care services.

Response

UNM Health Sciences Center terminated the physician from the CME program on August 22, 2011. The CME office was set up and trained to perform Exclusion Sanction Checks on August 26, 2011, and going forward, all applicants will be checked prior to acceptance to the CME mini-sabbatical program. In addition, prior participants from 2000 forward in the CME program will be checked against the sanction list. The HSC compliance department will follow up every three months for the next year to verify that the CME program is following proper procedures. All payments received by the Hospital will be refunded back to the applicable government health care programs.

**UNM HOSPITAL
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
CLINICAL OPERATIONS
EXIT CONFERENCE
Year Ended June 30, 2011**

The Hospital's management prepared the financial statements and is responsible for the contents.

An exit conference was conducted on October 28, 2011 with the Finance and Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees and members of the Hospital's management. During this meeting, the contents of this report were discussed with the following committee members, management personnel, and Moss Adams LLP representatives present:

Steve McKernan	Chief Executive Officer
Ella Watt	Chief Financial Officer
Maria Griego-Raby	Member, Finance and Audit Committee
Michael Olguin	Member, Finance and Audit Committee
Jerry Geist	Chair, Finance and Audit Committee
Robert Fondino	Chief Finance and Budget Officer
JoAnn Woolrich	Executive Director, Compliance and Internal Audit
Shawna Gonzales	Executive Director of Finance/Controller
Sandra Long Mendoza	Finance Director
Roberta Reinhardt	Finance Director
Brandon Fryar	Engagement Partner, Moss Adams LLP
Purvi Mody	Manager, Moss Adams LLP