STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

	Page
Official Roster	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Auditor	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-7
Financial Statements Government-Wide Financial Statements Statements of Net Position Statements of Activities	8 9
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Fund Balance Sheets Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budgetary Comparison Schedules	10 11 12-13
Budget and Actual Notes to Financial Statements	14-20
Supplementary Information Schedule of Cash Accounts and Pledged Collateral	21
Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance with the Beef Promotion and Research Board Investment Policy for Qualified State Beef Councils	22
Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance with the Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985 and the Beef Promotion and Research Order	23
Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	24-25
Summary of Audit Results and Schedule of Findings and Responses	26-27
Exit Conference	28

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL Official Roster June 30, 2019

COUNCIL

Tamara Hurt Zita Lopez Dan Bell James Hill Susie Jones Kenneth McKenzie Matt Ferguson John Heckendorn Marjorie Lantana Bill King Chairman Secretary Member Member Member Member Member Ex-officio Member Beef Board Representative

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL

Dina C. Reitzel

Executive Director



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council and Mr. Brian S. Colon, State Auditor

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the budgetary comparison schedules of the New Mexico Beef Council, State of New Mexico (Council), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Council, as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison schedules for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

-1-

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information on page 21 listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of cash accounts and pledged collateral is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 30, 2019, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mackie, Reid Hompany

Mackie, Reid & Company, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Albuquerque, New Mexico August 30, 2019

-2-

This discussion and analysis of the New Mexico Beef Council (NMBC) provides an overview of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with financial statements on page 8 to 20.

This document will:

- Highlight significant financial issues;
- Provide an overview of the Beef Council's financial activity. Identify changes in the Council's financial position;
- Identify any material deviation from the approved budget; and identify issues or concerns.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the New Mexico Beef Council (NMBC) as a whole using accounting methods and disclosures similar to those used by private- sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the NMBC's assets and liabilities. All of the current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. This statement also reports the NMBC's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between NMBC's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure NMBC's financial health and position.

Prior period net position was increased in the current year. \$11,954 was added in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Fund Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities. The Council uses one fund to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related laws and regulations. The focus of fund statements is on short term fiscal accountability reflecting use of spendable resources during the year and the balance of spendable resources available at end of year. The government wide statements include long term assets while the fund statements do not. Both the fund statement balance sheet and the fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to the government wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between the two perspectives. A budgetary statement is included to demonstrate compliance with the Council adopted and final revised budgets.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The NMBC is a designated Qualified State Beef Council. NMBC collects and administers the federally mandated Beef Check-off in New Mexico. The Beef Check-off is a self-help beef marketing program instituted by United States beef producers and is funded entirely by the producers. One dollar per head is assessed the producer on each bovine animal sold in the U.S. As per the federal law, fifty cents of each dollar collected in New Mexico remains in the state. The NMBC oversees the collection and investment of the producer's check-off dollars in marketing programs meant to increase the demand for beef products and enhance the image of the beef industry. The sole purpose of the Beef Check-off program is to increase profit opportunities for beef producers.

The federal law that established the beef check-off also mandates the beef marketing programs to include Promotion, Consumer Information, Research, Producer Communications and Industry Information Programs.

The Beef Check-off is the sole source of funding for this marketing program. The amount of checkoff dollars collected is entirely dependent on the number of cattle sold annually in the state. There are many factors that affect the number of cattle marketed and total cattle inventory in New Mexico.

The following table reflects the Councils summary of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and Other	\$ 702,558	\$ 701,756
Capital assets, net of depreciation	5,780	7,500
Total assets	708,338	709,256
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	58,421	72,530
Long Term Liabilities	32,146	30,909
Total liabilities	90,567	103,439
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets	5,780	7,500
Unrestricted	611,991	598,317
Total Net Position	617,771	605,817
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	\$

The following table presents a condensed summary of data from the Council's Statement of Activities.

	2019	2018
Gross assessment Received Less amounts remitted to other entities	\$ 1,247,718 (<u>642,643</u>)	\$ 1,256,860 (<u>645,056</u>)
Total program revenues	605,075	611,804
Program expenses	(593,780)	(602,398)
Investment revenues	659	214
Change in net position	\$11,954	\$9,620

Operating Assets

Operating assets of the NMBC include cash and receivables which may vary significantly during the year because of timing, operations and weather conditions. Cash and receivables amounted to \$694,722 at year end compared to \$687,921 for the prior year.

Capital Assets

With the implementation of GASB 34, NMBC adopted a policy of not capitalizing assets which cost less than \$5,000. There were no acquisitions in current year. Current year depreciation amounted to \$1,720.

Liabilities

The majority of 2019 accounts payables were paid with the July FY 2019-2020 check run. Balances at year end amounted to \$48,119 compared to \$52,262 in the prior year. Accrued expense representing the liability for employee sick and vacation leave was at \$39,478 and \$47,581, respectively, on the Statement of Net Position. Employees are entitled to be paid 100% for vacation and unused sick leave.

Net Position

Net Position is presented in categories. The category labeled net investment in capital assets represents the net amount invested in the capital asset which amounted to \$5,780 at June 30, 2019. There are no liabilities connected to capital assets. The remaining balance is available for investment in National Programs, Promotion, Consumer Information, Producer Communications and Industry Information Programs. Total net position per the statement of net position is \$617,771, up 1.97% from total net position of \$605,817 in the prior year.

Revenue

The NMBC's sole source of revenue is beef check-off dollars. NMBC is fortunate, in that these producer funds are required by state statute to be collected by the New Mexico Livestock Board (NMLB). A large part of revenue reported in this fiscal year is a reflection of actual funds received by NMLB. The reason for the 0.7% decrease in actual revenue from the prior year is because less cattle are being sold. Due to a partial recovery from the drought in the state, producers have been slow to increase their herd size (retain heifers). However, there are many factors that affect the number of cattle marketed and total cattle inventory in New Mexico.

The amount collected that stays in the state of \$605,075 is down 1.1% from the prior year actual of \$611,804. Interest earned is more than the original budget and is up 207% from last year actual.

Expenditures

No significant or material deviation from the amounts budgeted occurred in FYE June 30, 2019, other than noted below. There were no unusual or infrequent items that had a material effect on the results of operations. Budgeted expenditures equaled actual amounts.

PROGRAM EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

National Program

The NMBC participates in the Federation of State Beef Councils, National Cattlemen's Beef Association (NCBA) and the United States Meat Export Federation (USMEF) by purchasing board seats. Each board seat purchased entitles the NMBC to representation on the respective boards. This participation is important to the New Mexico producers as these organizations are involved with major beef check-off program contractors. Representation in the organizations allows producers to give input on marketing programs paid for with beef check-off dollars. The New Mexico representatives on the two latter boards are responsible for providing feedback to the state's producers on the business conducted at the NCBA and USMEF meetings. Expenditures amounted to \$53,283 in the current year versus \$51,699 in the prior year.

Promotion Programs

Promotion Programs include advertising, retail, foodservice and school foodservice promotions. Current year's expenditures were down from the prior year's expenditures for Promotion Programs by 8.78%. Expenditures amounted to \$157,818 in the current year versus \$173,003 in the prior year. Current expenditures in the amount of \$167,645 had originally been budgeted.

Consumer Information Programs

Consumer Information Programs include Public Relations, Health Education, Education and Cowbelle Education Partnerships. Expenses for Consumer Information Programs were down 1.38% from the prior year and down 10.91% from original budget. Expenditures amounted to \$129,175 in the current year versus \$130,979 in the prior year. Current expenditures in the amount of \$144,990 had originally been budgeted.

Research

Beef check-off dollars are often used to fund research in the areas of Market, Product, Beef Safety, Nutrition, and Product Technology. Extensive research in this area is being conducted at the national level.

Producer Communications

Producer Communications projects are aimed at keeping beef producers informed about the beef checkoff program and the results of the program. Expenses for Producer Communications programs were down 8.95% from prior year and down 12.69% from budgeted amounts. Current expenditures amounted to \$84,018 in the current year versus \$92,279 in the prior year. Expenditures in the amount of \$96,235 had originally been budgeted.

Industry Information Programs

Industry Information Programs are education programs for beef producers. The education programs focus on teaching producers about management practices that affect the quality of the end product and informing producers about their product's acceptance.

Collections

New Mexico State Statute designates the New Mexico Livestock Board (NMLB) as the collecting point for beef check-off dollars in the state. The NMLB is compensated 4% for each dollar it collects. Collections expense includes this fee as well as an education program for the livestock inspectors on check-off compliance and programs. Collection expenses go up or down with amount of revenue collected. Current expenditures amounted to \$89,532 in the current year versus \$89,845 in the prior year. NMBC had originally budgeted \$86,759 in the current fiscal year.

Administrative Expenses

This year's actual budget basis administrative expenses before allocation were up 0.2% from the prior year costs. The actual amount expended was 96.25% of the original budget. Administrative expenditures after allocation amounted to \$85,737 in the current year versus \$62,227 in the prior year. NMBC had budgeted \$78,032 for the current fiscal year.

Total Expenditures

Actual total expenditures on the budgetary basis of \$600,163 were down 4.78% from the original budget, and were down from the prior year actual of \$600,632.

Conclusion

Due to continuing efforts to promote beef and inform consumers and producers about the livestock industry in New Mexico, the Council, on a budget basis, expended \$5,571 less than current year revenues. The Council has been aggressive in compiling the budget for the 2019/2020 year. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the Council has approved a federal check off budget with projected revenues of \$634,800 and expenditures of \$780,558.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the New Mexico Beef Council's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to New Mexico Beef Council, 1209 Mountain Road Place N.E. Ste C, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110; 505-841-9707.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	<u>Governm</u> 2019	ental	Activities 2018
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 617,202	\$	604,828
Receivable from New Mexico Livestock Board	75 400		70.071
and other state councils	75,499		79,071 3,445
Other receivables	2,021		5,443
Due from employee	7,836		13,835
Prepaid expenses	5,780		7,500
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		-	7,300
Total assets	708,338		709,256
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	48,119		52,262
Payroll liabilities	2,970		3,596
Accrued compensated absences	,		
Payable within one year	7,332		16,672
Payable after one year	32,146		30,909
Total liabilities	90,567		103,439
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,780		7,500
Unrestricted	611,991		598,317
Total net position	\$ 617,771	\$	605,817

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		ntal Activities
EVDENCEC	<u>2019</u>	2018
EXPENSES National program	\$ 53,283	\$ 51,699
Promotion	157,818	173,003
Consumer information	129,175	130,979
Producer communications	84,018	92,279
Industry information	600	600
Collections	89,532	89,845
Administrative	77,634	62,226
Depreciation	1,720	1,767
Total expenses	593,780	602,398
PROGRAM REVENUES		
Gross assessment revenue collected	1,247,718	1,256,860
Less assessment revenue remitted to other states	(37,568)	(33,252)
Less assessment revenue remitted to		
Cattlemen's Beef Board	(<u>605,075</u>)	(611,804)
Total program revenues	605,075	611,804
NET PROGRAM REVENUE	11,295	9,406
GENERAL REVENUE		
Investment income	659	214
Change in net position	11,954	9,620
NET POSITION		
Beginning of year	605,817	596,197
End of year	\$617,771	\$605,817

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	19 AND 2010	<u>Gove</u> 2019	rnmental Fund 2018
ASSETS Cash Receivable from New Mexico Livestock Board	\$	617,202	\$ 604,828
and other state councils Other receivables		75,499 2,021	79,071 3,445
Due from employee Prepaid expenses		7,836	577
Total assets	\$		\$701,756
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Payroll liabilities and related benefits payable	\$	48,119 	\$ 52,262 <u>3,596</u>
Total liabilities		51,089	55,858
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaid expenses		7,836	13,835
Committed Pre \$1 check off		,	
Assigned		41,406 145,758	49,595 140,661
Unassigned		456,469	441,807
Total fund balances		651,469	645,898
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	702,558	\$
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION	OF GOVERNMENTAL	, FUNDS	
Total fund balances	\$	651,469	\$ 645,898
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		5,780	7,500
Certain accrued compensated absences are not due			,
and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds	((39,478)	(47,581)
Total net position (statements of net position)	\$	617,771	\$605,817
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

		<u>Gove</u> 2019	rnmer	ntal Fund 2018
REVENUES Gross assessment revenue collected Less assessment revenue remitted to	\$ 1,2	247,718	\$ 1	,256,860
other states Less assessment revenue remitted to	(37,568)	(33,252)
Cattlemen's Beef Board Investment income	(6	605,075) 659	(611,804) <u>214</u>
Total revenues	6	505,734	_	612,018
EXPENDITURES Current				
National program		53,283		51,699
Promotion		57,818		173,003
Consumer information		29,175		130,979
Producer communications		84,018 600		92,279 600
Industry information Collections		89,532		89,845
Administrative		85,737	_	62,227
Total current expenditures	6	600,163		600,632
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5,571		11,386
FUND BALANCES – beginning of year	6	645,898	_	634,512
FUND BALANCES – end of year	\$6	51,469	\$ _	645,898
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STAT				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:				
Change in fund balances reported above	\$	5,571	\$	11,386
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while in the statements of activities the cost of these assets is capitalized		-		-
Governmental funds do not report depreciation expense which is recorded in the statements of activities Governmental funds do not report net change in certain	(1,720)	(1,767)
accrued compensated absences		8,103		1
Change in net position (statements of activities)	\$	11,954	\$ _	9,620

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Variances
	Budgeted			Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				•
Gross assessment revenue collected	\$ 999,000	\$ 1,247,718	\$ 1,247,718	\$ -
Less assessment revenue remitted				
to other states	(20,000)	(37,568)	(37,568)	-
Less assessment revenue remitted				
to Cattlemen's Beef Board	(489,500)	(605,075)	(605,075)	-
Other	100	659	659	
Total revenues	489,600	605,734	605,734	
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
National program	53,600	53,283	53,283	-
Promotion	167,645	157,818	157,818	-
Consumer information	144,990	129,175	129,175	-
Producer communications	96,235	84,018	84,018	-
Industry information	3,000	600	600	-
Collections	86,759	89,532	89,532	-
Administrative	00,755	0,002	0,002	
Director salary	90,806	91,619	91,619	-
Administrative assistant	37,648	-	-	-
Contract office staff	57,010	44,085	44,085	-
Rent and utilities	34,260	34,260	34,260	-
Payroll burden	45,200	29,500	29,500	-
Insurance	22,000	8,691	8,691	-
Contract services	11,700	11,700	11,700	-
Office and postage	17,000	19,673	19,673	-
Staff travel	14,000	19,488	19,488	-
Auto and travel, council	14,000	12,409	12,409	-
Telephone	5,500	4,419	4,419	-
Audit and legal	11,000	13,961	13,961	-
Staff salary	4,000	8,724	8,724	-
Auto, director and staff	5,000	4,007	4,007	-
Council meetings	6,000	5,845	5,845	-
Stationery and supplies	2,000	1,901	1,901	-
Non-federal state assessment	_,	-,	-,	
startup	<u> </u>	2,655	2,655	-
Amount allocated to function	(247,082)	(227,200)	(227,200)	-
Capital outlay	5,000	(227,200)	(227,200)	-
Suprair Suriay				
Total expenditures	630,261	600,163	600,163	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (140,661)	\$5,571	\$5,571	\$
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$645,898			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variances Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(<u>Unfavorable</u>)
REVENUES Gross assessment revenue collected Less assessment revenue remitted	\$ 1,023,000	\$ 1,256,860	\$ 1,256,860	\$ -
to other states Less assessment revenue remitted	(22,000)	(33,252)	(33,252)	-
to Cattlemen's Beef Board	(500,500)	(611,804)	(611,804)	-
Other	200	214	214	
Total revenues	500,700	612,018	612,018	
EXPENDITURES				
Current National program	45,600	51,699	51,699	_
Promotion	175,392	173,003	173,003	-
Consumer information	154,240	130,979	130,979	-
Producer communications	90,570	92,279	92,279	-
Industry information	3,000	600	600	-
Collections	86,456	89,845	89,845	-
Administrative				
Director salary	87,314	88,126	88,126	-
Administrative assistant salary	36,200	36,200	36,200	-
Rent and utilities	34,260	34,260	34,260	-
Payroll burden	44,205	39,557	39,557	-
Insurance	26,000	22,122	22,122	-
Contract services	11,700	11,700	11,700	-
Office and postage	12,000	16,106	16,106	-
Staff travel	12,000 14,000	11,009 16,766	11,009 16,766	-
Auto and travel, council Telephone	6,000	5,414	5,414	-
Audit and legal	10,719	10,750	10,750	-
Staff salary	6,500	4,184	4,184	-
Auto, director and staff	5,000	5,774	5,774	-
Council meetings	5,000	4,841	4,841	-
Stationery and supplies	2,000	1,030	1,030	-
Theft loss	-	4,268	4,268	
Amount allocated to function	(246,038)	(249,880)	(249,880)	-
Capital outlay	10,000			
Total expenditures	632,118	600,632	600,632	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ (131,418)	\$11,386	\$	\$
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$634,512			

1. ORGANIZATION

The New Mexico Beef Council (Council) was created to promote the beef industry in New Mexico through public relations, research, education, and market development programs. The mission of the Council is to protect and increase demand for beef and beef products in New Mexico through national and state developed consumer marketing programs, thereby enhancing profit opportunities for beef producers in New Mexico.

The Council was created in 1979, pursuant to the New Mexico Beef Council Act, Article 2A, Section 77, NMSA 1978 Compilation, as amended. The Council comes under the auspices of the Director of the New Mexico Department of Agriculture. The Director appoints nine Council members with the approval of the Governor for terms of three years or less so that the terms of three members expire each June 30. All members of the Council shall be engaged in the business of raising, breeding, feeding, or growing cattle or calves for beef production or for dairy production. Appointments of Council members are to be made from lists of individuals recommended by farm organizations, producer associations and individual producers. The Director appoints one member to represent fluid milk producers, five to represent beef producers, one to represent breeders of registered purebreds and two to represent commercial cattle feeders. The Director serves as a non-voting ex-officio member of the Council.

The Council is a quasi agency of the State of New Mexico. The New Mexico Beef Council Act creates the Council as a separate entity with a special source of funds separate and apart from the State of New Mexico general fund. The Council fund balance is non-reverting. The financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of only those funds over which the New Mexico Beef Council has oversight responsibility.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Council's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The GASB is responsible for establishing standards for accounting principles for state and local governments. Certain of the significant elements of those standards include:

- A management discussion and analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all Council activities including presentation of capital assets and related depreciation.

Other significant accounting policies established and used by the Council are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Council's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Council operations which are financially accountable to the Council members. There are no component units included in the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Individual Fund Financial Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council's only and major fund). Both the government-wide and individual fund financial statements report general government governmental type activities which include the classification of activities as national program, promotion, consumer information, producer communications, industry information, collections and administrative expenditures/expense.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Individual Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, in the statements of net position, all long term assets and receivables and deferred outflows of resources are recognized as well as all long term debt and obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The Council's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted (none held at June 30, 2019 and 2018); and unrestricted. The statements of activities report the gross/net cost of the Council's beef promotion program. The Council is also supported by general investment income. The Council allocates a certain portion of administrative costs to the classifications of activities more on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the changes in the Council's net position resulting from current year's activities.

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The Council maintains one governmental fund being the general fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources of the Council. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The focus of the governmental general fund measurement is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. This presentation demonstrates legal compliance and the source and use of liquid resources. The differences between the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the timing at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- 1. Accrual All governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as incurred.
- 2. Modified Accrual The governmental general fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due and employees' compensated absences are recorded when paid.

The one-dollar assessment revenue is considered measurable and available when held by the collecting entity, the New Mexico Livestock Board.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules:

- 1. The Executive Director presents the budget to the Council for approval no later than April 25 for the fiscal year beginning July 1.
- 2. The proposed budget is submitted to the Director of the New Mexico Department of Agriculture by May 1 for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The Director also submits the budget to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration.
- 3. The budget for the general fund is adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 4. Budget control is exercised at the fund level and may not be exceeded.
- 5. Budget information has been revised and the revision was made pursuant to Council approval.
- E. Prepaid Expenses

These amounts represent expenses which have benefit to the Council beyond the years June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Prepaid expenses are expensed when consumed and allocated to the fiscal year in which they are used.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired for governmental activities with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The Council has no capitalized computer software costs. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. All capital assets of the Council are in the furniture and equipment class, for which depreciation is provided on the straight line basis over useful lives ranging from five to sixteen years. Depreciation expense is not allocated to program functions of the Council.

G. Compensated Absences

The Council accrues accumulated vacation and sick leave and associated employee related costs when earned by full time employees in support of governmental activities. Vacation leave accrues per month of service ranging from seven days to twenty seven days per year based on years of service. Unused vacation time at year end is lost, with the exception of the Executive Director who may carry over 15 days of unused vacation. Sick leave accrues per month of service aggregating not more than seventeen days per year based on years of service. Employees may carry over unused sick leave at the end of a fiscal year subject to a 720 hour limitation. Upon termination with notice, the Council will compensate an employee for one hundred percent of accrued and unused sick leave at current employee pay rates. Compensated absences have been liquidated in the general fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Compensated Absences (Continued)

Changes in compensated absences for the years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	June 30, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019	Current portion
Balances	\$ 47,581	\$16,543	\$24,646	\$	\$7,332
	June 30, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018	Current portion
Balances	\$47,582	\$	\$	\$ 47,581	\$16,672

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss for which the Council carries insurance (Auto, Employee Fidelity Bond, General Liability and Workers Compensation) with the State of New Mexico Risk Management Division. There have been no settled claims which have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

J. Fund Balances/Net Position

The Council reports fund balances in the following categories:

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the government's highest decision making authority.
- Assigned amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted not committed.
- Unassigned remaining general funds balances not restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Council board is its highest level of decision making authority. To establish committed fund balances, the Council is required to take formal action. Prior actions have established the Pre \$1 check off collections as committed funds.

As of June 30, 2019, and 2018, pursuant to Council action, the general fund assigned fund balance includes the amount necessary to balance the budgets, \$145,758 for the year ended June 30, 2020 and \$140,661 for the year ended June 30, 2019, respectively.

The Council's policy is to apply restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balances are available. Net position represents the excess of assets over liabilities of the Council at June 30, 2019 and 2018.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the general fund budgeted expenditures exceeded budgeted revenues by \$140,661 and \$131,418, respectively. Fund balance at the beginning of the year was used to complete the budget process.

L. Accounting Changes - New Standard

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB statement 87 which has the objective of improving information needs of financial statement users regarding accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires lessees to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset. Lease terms under twelve months will require lessees to recognize payments as outflows of resources. The Council will adopt this statement on July 1, 2020. Management is evaluating this statement and expects it to have a material impact on the Council's Statement of Net Position.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents represent a bank operating checking account, a bank money market account and a petty cash fund.

The Council is authorized to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States Government.

Excess funds may be invested in securities which are issued by the United States Government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. Pursuant to federal statute and defined by the United States Department of Agriculture, investments must be short term, high quality and interest bearing instruments. No excess funds were invested in securities during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, the Council's cash amounted to \$617,202 and \$604,828 (including petty cash of \$300). The total bank balance at June 30, 2019 of \$713,701 is comprised of the operating checking account \$434,310 and money market account \$279,391. The total bank balance at June 30, 2018 of \$714,314 was comprised of the operating checking account \$435,582 and money market account \$278,732.

Pursuant to New Mexico state statute, deposits of public monies are required to be collateralized in amounts equal to one half of the amount on deposit in excess of insured public money in each financial institution. The Beef Promotion and Research Board investment policy for Qualified State Beef Councils requires 100% collateral for deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance amount. The Council has met these requirements.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the Council's deposits may not be returned. Deposits are exposed to credit risk if they are not covered by deposit insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institutions, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency but not in the name of the Council. Funds in the amount of \$463,701 and \$464,314 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were exposed to custodial risk due to being uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the bank's agent but not in the Council's name.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	June 30, 2018		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2019	
Furniture and equipment	\$	134,089	\$	-	\$	-	\$	134,089
Less accumulated depreciation		126,589	_	1,720			-	128,309
Capital assets, net	\$	7,500	\$	1,720	\$	-	\$	5,780

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	June 30, 2017		17 Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2018	
Furniture and equipment	\$	134,089	\$	-	\$	-	\$	134,089
Less accumulated depreciation	÷	124,822		1,767			-	126,589
Capital assets, net	\$	9,267	\$	1,767	\$		\$	7,500

5. ASSESSMENT REVENUE/RECEIVABLE FROM NEW MEXICO LIVESTOCK BOARD

The Council is mandated by Federal statute to levy and impose an assessment (check-off dollars) to be fixed at a rate of one dollar per head on all cattle involved in a transfer of ownership within the state. Fifty percent of collections for cattle originating in New Mexico is forwarded to the Cattlemen's Beef Promotion and Research Board. 100% of collections for cattle not originating in New Mexico are forwarded to the state in which they originated. The assessments retained by the Council are used to accomplish the purpose of the Council, which is the promotion of the beef industry.

The New Mexico Livestock Board (NMLB), a New Mexico State Agency, collects on behalf of the Council the assessment described above with respect to cattle transactions that are subject to the oversight and jurisdictional powers of the NMLB. Monthly, the NMLB is required to remit to the Council the assessment collections from the previous month.

The NMLB is authorized to receive a collection fee for their role in collecting assessments upon cattle involved in a transfer of ownership at the same time a state brand inspection required for movement of cattle is performed pursuant to New Mexico state statute. The Statute allows that the NMLB be reimbursed for collection expenses of not more than four cents (\$.04) per head on those cattle involved in a transfer of ownership. During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the NMLB has billed the Council \$47,936 and \$48,322, respectively.

6. RETIREMENT PLAN

All of the Council's employees participate in the New Mexico Beef Council Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) Plan. The SEP is a defined contribution plan established in accordance with Section 408(k) of the Internal Revenue Code.

6. RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The SEP is not administered through a trust. Each eligible employee creates an individual retirement account with Capital Guardian Trust Company (a third party financial institution trustee) titled for the benefit of the employee. Contributions vest 100% with the employee when made by the Council. Investment of account assets and distributions of account assets are under the direction of the respective employee. Council contributions are made for each employee who has reached age 21, and has been employed by the Council for one year. Council contributions are discretionary. Annual discretionary contributions are limited to the lesser of 25% of employee compensation or \$54,000. The pension benefit that the employee will receive depends on contribution made and actual earnings from investments.

Contribution amounts paid by the Council amounted to \$22,453 and \$34,695 during the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Council contribution expense for the years ended June 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$22,453 and \$29,813, respectively, computed at 25% of employee compensation.

7. OPERATING LEASE

The Council leases office space under an agreement renewed April 1, 2018 which expires March 31, 2021 with required monthly payments of \$2,855. The lease is subject to a clause which commits the Council only for each fiscal year. Expenditures under this lease amounted to \$34,260 in each of the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Minimum lease payments under this lease through March 2021 amounts to \$34,260 for the year ending June 30, 2020 and \$25,695 for the year ending June 30, 2021, respectively.

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Pursuant to the 54th Legislative Session of the State of New Mexico, Senate Bill 193, as amended was signed into law in February, 2019 to be effective July 16, 2019. This law levys and imposes upon all cattle involved in a transfer of ownership in New Mexico a not more than \$1 per head council assessment separate from and in addition to the federal \$1 check off dollar as described in note 5. The NMLB shall collect this assessment at the time the state brand inspection is performed upon the movement of those cattle for a four cents per \$1 net collected assessment.

Cattle producers pursuant to an application process may elect not to participate in the council assessment. The Council is required to refund to the producer any assessment made pursuant to valid opt out applications.

The Council has budgeted expenses for this council assessment net of refunds in the amount of \$788,200 for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Management has evaluated subsequent events through August 30, 2019 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS AND PLEDGED COLLATERAL JUNE 30, 2019

New Mexico Bank & Trust			
ivew weater balk & trust	Checking	Money Market	Total
Balance per books	\$	\$ _279,391	\$616,902
Balance per bank	\$	\$	\$ 713,701
Less: FDIC coverage			(_250,000)
Total uninsured public funds			\$463,701
Beef Promotion and Research Board Qualified State Beef Council Investment Policy collateral requirement at 100%			\$463,701
New Mexico state statute collateral requirement at 50%			\$
Pledged collateral:			
FNMA Pool AY1366 3.5% 4/1/2045, par value \$988,621 CUSIP # 3138YEQU4			\$ 1,012,269
FNMA Pool AY3543 3.5% 5/1/2045, par value \$423,527 CUSIP # 3138YGZT2			434,769
FNMA Pool AY3455 3.0% 5/1/2045, par value \$309,608 CUSIP # 3138YGZV7			312,853
Collateral held by agent of New Mexico Bank & Trust, Heartland Financial USA Inc.			\$ <u>1,759,891</u>

-21-

MACKIE, REID & COMPANY, PA



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEEF PROMOTION AND RESEARCH BOARD INVESTMENT POLICY FOR QUALIFIED STATE BEEF COUNCILS

To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the budgetary comparison schedule of the New Mexico Beef Council, State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2019 and for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Council was not in compliance with the provisions of the Beef Promotion and Research Board Investment Policy for Qualified State Beef Councils dated March 14, 2016 which describes the type of instruments in which the Council may invest. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the Council, the Beef Promotion and Research Board and the United States Department of Agriculture and should not be used for any other purpose.

Machie, Puil Honpany

Mackie, Reid & Company, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Albuquerque, New Mexico August 30, 2019



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEEF PROMOTION AND RESEARCH ACT OF 1985 AND THE BEEF PROMOTION AND RESEARCH ORDER

To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the budgetary comparison schedule of the New Mexico Beef Council, State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2019 and for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Council was not in compliance with the provisions of the Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985 and Section 1260.181 (b) (7) of the Beef Promotion and Research Order relative to the use of funds collected by the Council insofar as they relate to accounting matters and that the Council failed to accurately allocate expenses that it shared with any other entity or funding source in manner that complies with the act and order. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the Council, the Beef Promotion and Research Board and the United States Department of Agriculture and should not be used for any other purpose.

Martine, But Hompany

Mackie, Reid & Company, P.A. Certified Public Accountants

Albuquerque, New Mexico August 30, 2019



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council and Mr. Brian Colon, State Auditor

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the budgetary comparison schedules of the New Mexico Beef Council, State of New Mexico (Council) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency as item 2019-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

New Mexico Beef Council's Response to Finding

The Council's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses. The Council's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Machie, Reid + Company

Mackie, Reid & Company, PA Certified Public Accountants

Albuquerque, New Mexico August 30, 2019

MACKIE, REID & COMPANY, P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2019

Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of New Mexico Beef Council were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. One significant deficiency was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed during the audit.

Current Year Finding

2019-001 Journal entry (significant deficiency)

Prior Year Findings Resolved

2018-001 Employee Theft/Fraud 2018-002 Cash disbursement documentation

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2019

Current year finding

2019-001 Journal entry (significant deficiency)

Criteria

All journal entries should be adequately supported.

Condition

During the course of audit procedures it was noted that there were details in the amount of \$4,309 in accounts payable and cash transactions originating from a journal entry that was not adequately supported. These amounts were reversed as part of the audit process.

Effect

A journal entry with inadequate support was recorded.

Cause

The existing Council control of recording only supported journal entries was not met.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Council ensures that all non-recurring journal entries be adequately documented and supported.

Response and Planned Corrective Actions

Any non-recurring journal entry will have sufficient support in the monthly accounting records.

The New Mexico Beef Council Executive Director is responsible for the corrective action prior to December 31, 2019.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL JUNE 30, 2019

An exit conference was held on August 29, 2019 and the contents of this report were discussed. Present at the conference were:

Matt Ferguson Dina C. Reitzel Don Umbrage, CPA Jim Van Der Geest, CPA Chairperson Executive Director Contract Accountant Independent Accountant

Financial Statement Preparation

The New Mexico Beef Council contracts with an outside independent public accountant to prepare the financial statements.