STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2014

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2014

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL OFFICIAL ROSTER June 30, 2014

COUNCIL

Darrel Brown	Chairman
Bernarr Treat	Vice-Chairman
Alicia Sanchez	Secretary
Milford Denetclaw	Member
Bruce Davis	Member
Tamara Hurt	Member
Jonathon Vander Dussen	Member
David McSherry	Member
Mark McCollum	Member
Jane Frost	Ex-Officio Member
Tammy Ogilvie	Ex-Officio Member
Wesley Grau	Ex-Officio Member

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL

Dina C. Reitzel

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget and To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the budgetary comparison statement of the State of New Mexico, New Mexico Beef Council (Council), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to financial statements which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund of the Council, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective change in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 13 thru 19 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements. The schedule of cash accounts and pledged collateral required by 2.2.2 NMAC listed as "Other supplemental information and reports" in the table of contents are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Cash Accounts and pledged collateral are fairly stated in all materials respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2014, on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, in considering New Mexico Beef Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Precision Accounting LLC

Precision Accounting, LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico August 29, 2014

This discussion and analysis of the New Mexico Beef Council (NMBC) provides an overview of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with financial statements on page 21 to 43.

This document will:

- Highlight significant financial issues;
- Provide an overview of the Beef Council's financial activity; Identify changes in the Council's financial position;
- Identify any material deviation from the approved budget; and Identify issues or concerns.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the New Mexico Beef Council (NMBC) as a whole using accounting methods and disclosures similar to those used by privatesector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the NMBC's assets and liabilities. All of the current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. This statement also reports the NMBC's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between NMBC's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure NMBC's financial health and position.

Prior period unrestricted net position may be used to continue beef marketing efforts in response to declining cattle numbers in New Mexico as a result of the prolonged drought. None of the unrestricted assets, however, were used in fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Fund Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities. The Council uses one fund to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related laws and regulations. The focus of fund statements is on short term fiscal accountability reflecting use of spendable resources during the year and the balance of spendable resources available at end of year. The government wide statements include long term assets while the fund statements do not. Both the fund statement balance sheet and the fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to the government wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between the two perspectives. A budgetary statement is included to demonstrate compliance with the Council adopted and final revised budgets.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The NMBC is a designated Qualified State Beef Council. NMBC collects and administers the federally mandated Beef Check-off in New Mexico. The Beef Check-off is a self-help beef marketing program instituted by United States beef producers and is funded entirely by the producers. One dollar per head is assessed the producer on each bovine animal sold in the U.S. As per the federal law, fifty cents of each dollar collected in New Mexico remains in the state. The NMBC oversees the collection and investment of the producer's check-off dollars in marketing programs meant to increase the demand for beef products and enhance the image of the beef industry. The sole purpose of the Beef Check-off program is to increase profit opportunities for beef producers.

The federal law that established the beef check-off also mandates the beef marketing programs to include Promotion, Consumer Information, Research, Producer Communications and Industry Information Programs.

The Beef Check-off is the sole source of funding for this marketing program. The amount of check-off dollars collected is entirely dependent on the number of cattle sold annually in the state. There are many factors that affect the number of cattle marketed and total cattle inventory in New Mexico.

The following charts reflect the Councils continued summary of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013:

		June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014
Assets				
Current and Other	\$	711,613	\$	711,672
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	_	24,964		15,381
Total Assets		736,577		727,053
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current Liabilities		148,552		96,688
Long Term Liabilities	_	21,422		18,982
Total liabilities		169,974		115,670
Net Position				
Invested in Capital Projects		24,964		15,371
Restricted for prepaid expenses		8,657		57,221
Unrestricted		532,982		538,791
Total Liabilities and Net Position		736,577		611,383

The following table presents a condensed summary of data from the Council's Statement of Activities.

	 June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014
Gross assessments received	\$ 1,224,287	\$	1,077,820
Less amounts remitted to other entities	(614,935)		(552,916)
	 609,352	_	524,904
Program Expenses	(541,057)		(480,540)
Investment Revenues	415		417
Change in Net Position	\$ 68,710	\$	44,780

Operating Assets

Operating assets of the NMBC include cash and receivables which may vary significantly during the year because of timing, operations and weather conditions. Cash and receivables amounted to \$703,836 at year end compared to \$702,956 for the prior year.

Capital Assets

Current year acquisitions less depreciation, decreased capital assets by \$9,583. With the implementation of GASB 34, NMBC adopted a policy of not capitalizing assets which cost less than \$5,000. Current year depreciation was \$9,583.

Liabilities

The majority of accounts payables were paid with the July FY 2013-2014 check run. Balances at year end amounted to \$93,822 compared to \$143,527 in the prior year. Accrued expense representing the liability for employee sick and vacation leave increased by \$61 to \$20,904 on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Balances/ Net Position

Fund balances are presented in categories. The category labeled restricted for capital assets represents the net amount invested in the capital asset which amounted to \$15,381 at June 30, 2014. There are no liabilities connected to capital assets. A portion of fund balance amounting to \$57,221 is reserved for pre-\$1 check-off expenses. The remaining fund balance is available for investment in Promotion, Consumer Information, Producer Communications and Industry Information Programs. Total net position per the statement of net position is \$611,383, up 1.8% from total net position of \$566,603 in the prior year.

Revenue

The NMBC's sole source of revenue is beef check-off dollars. NMBC is fortunate, in that these producer funds are required by federal statute to be collected by the New Mexico Livestock Board (NMLB). All revenue reported in this fiscal year is a reflection of actual funds received by NMLB. The reason for the 19% decrease in actual revenue from the prior year because less cattle are being sold due to producers reducing their herds due to the extended drought in the state. However, there are many factors that affect the number of cattle marketed and total cattle inventory in New Mexico.

The amount collected that stays in the state of \$524,904 is down 19% from the prior year actual of \$609,352. Interest earned is equal to the original budget, but is down 63% from actual interest earned in the prior years due to less funds earning interest and interest rates being lower.

Expenditures

No significant or material deviation from the amounts budgeted occurred in FYE June 30, 2014, other than noted below. There were no unusual or infrequent items that had a material effect on the results of operations. Budgeted expenditures equaled actual amounts.

PROGRAM EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

National Program

The NMBC participates in the National Cattlemen's Beef Association (NCBA) and the United States Meat Export Federation (USMEF) by purchasing board seats. Each board seat purchased entitles the NMBC to representation on the respective boards. This participation is important to the New Mexico producers as both organizations are major beef check-off program contractors. Representation in the organizations allows producers to give input on marketing programs paid for with beef check-off dollars. The New Mexico representatives on the two boards are responsible for providing feedback to the state's producers on the business conducted at the NCBA and USMEF meetings. Expenditures amounted to \$44,491 in the current year versus \$40,427 in the prior year.

Promotion Programs

Promotion Programs include advertising, retail, foodservice and school foodservice promotions. Current year's expenditures were down from the prior year expenditure for Promotion Programs by 22%, primarily due to planning and the timing of funds available. Expenditures amounted to \$105,248 in the current year versus \$134,283 in the prior year. Expenditures in the amount of \$162,025 had originally been budgeted.

Consumer Information Programs

Consumer Information Programs include Public Relations, Health Education, Education and Cowbelle Education Partnerships. Expenses for Consumer Information Programs were down 16% from the prior year and down 28% from original budget. Expenditures amounted to \$110,863 in the current year versus \$131,216 in the prior year. Expenditures in the amount of \$153,698 had originally been budgeted.

Research

Beef check-off dollars are often used to fund research in the areas of Market, Product, Beef Safety, Nutrition, and Product Technology. Extensive research in this area is being conducted at the national level.

Producer Communications

Producer Communications projects are aimed at keeping beef producers informed about the beef check-off program and the results of the program. Expenses for Producer Communications programs were down 8% from prior year and down 6% from budgeted amounts. Expenditures amounted to \$76,070 in the current year versus \$82,612 in the prior year. Expenditures in the amount of \$80,744 had originally been budgeted.

Industry Information Programs

Industry Information Programs are education programs for beef producers. The education programs focus on teaching producers about management practices that affect the quality of the end product and informing producers about their product's acceptance.

<u>Collections</u>

New Mexico State Statute designates the New Mexico Livestock Board (NMLB) as the collecting point for beef check-off dollars in the state. The NMLB is compensated 4% for each dollar it collects. Collections expense includes this fee as well as an education program for the livestock inspectors on check-off compliance and programs. Collection expenses go up or down with amount of revenue collected. Expenditures amounted to \$75,774 in the current year versus \$83,935 in the prior year. NMBC had budgeted \$74,797 in the current fiscal year.

Administrative Expenses

This year's actual budget basis administrative expenses before allocation (which include capital outlay) were slightly up 2% from the prior year costs. The actual amount expended was 91.4% of the original budget. Administrative expenditures after allocation amounted to \$58,511 in the current year versus \$57,815 in the prior year. NMBC had budgeted \$73,119 for the current fiscal year.

Total Expenditures

Actual total expenditures on the budgetary basis of \$480,540 were down 18% from budget, and were also down 11% from the prior year actual of \$541,058. Total expenditures were down due to the reasons enumerated above.

Conclusion

Due to continuing concerns about the livestock industry in New Mexico, due largely to a prolonged drought, the Council has carried over \$44,780 of current year excess revenues to next year and has been conservative in compiling the budget for the 2014/2015 year. For the year ending June 30, 2014, the Council has approved a budget with projected revenues of \$549,673 and expenditures of \$549,673.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the New Mexico Beef Council's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to New Mexico Beef Council, 1209 Mountain Road Place N.E. Ste C, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110; 505-841-9707.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	631,254
Cash on hand		278
Receivable from New Mexico Livestock		
Board and others		72,304
Prepaid expenses		7,836
Total Current Assets		711,672
Noncurrent Assets		
Furniture and Equipment		161,371
Less accumulated depreciation		(145,990
-		15,381
Total Assets	\$	727,053
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	93,822
Payroll taxes and withholdings payable		944
Current portion-accrued compensated absences		1,922
Long-term portion-accrued compensated absences	_	18,982
Total Liabilities		115,670
NET POSITION		
Net investments in capital assets		15,371
Restricted for prepaid expenses		7,846
Restricted for pre-\$1 checkoff		49,375
Unrestricted		538,791
Total Net Position		611,383
Total Liabilties and Net Position	\$	727,053

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL STATEMENT of ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Expenses:	
National program	\$ 44,491
Promotion	105,248
Consumer information	110,863
Producer communications	76,070
Collections	75,774
Administrative	58,512
Depreciation, unallocated	9,583
Total expenses	480,541
Program Revenues:	
Gross assessment revenues collected	1,077,820
Less assessment revenues remitted	
to other states	(28,013)
Less assessment revenue remitted to	
Cattlemen's Beef Board	(524,903)
Total program revenues	524,904
Net program revenues	44,363
Other revenue:	
Investment earnings	417
Change in Net Position	44,780
Net position, beginning	566,603
Net position, ending	\$ 611,383

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

New Mexico Beef Council Balance Sheet Governmental Funds-General Fund June 30, 2014

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from Livestock Board and others Prepaid expenses	\$	631,532 72,304 7,836
Total assets	\$	711,672
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	93,822
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	944
Accrued compensated absences		1,922
Total liabilities		96,688
Fund balances		
Committed for:		
Prepaid expenses		7,836
Pre-\$1 checkoff		57,221
Unassigned		549,927
Total fund balances		614,984
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	711,672

STATE OF NEW M	EXICO
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New Mexico Beef Council Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of

 net position are different because:

 Fund balances - total governmental funds
 \$ 614,984

 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources
 15,381

 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in
 15,381

 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in
 (18,982)

 Net position of governmental activities
 \$ 611,383

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

New Mexico Beef Council Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues:	
Gross assessment revenues collected	\$ 1,077,820
Less assessment revenues remitted	
to other states	(28,013)
Less assessment revenue remitted to	
Cattlemen's Beef Board	(524,903)
Investment Income	 417
Total revenues	 525,321
EXPENDITURES	
Current expenditures:	
National program	44,491
Promotion	105,248
Consumer information	110,863
Producer communications	76,070
Collections	75,774
Administrative	58,055
Capital outlay	 814
Total expenses	 471,315
Net change in fund balance	54,006
Fund balance - beginning of year	 560,978
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 614,984

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO New Mexico Beef Council Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014	Exhibit B-2 Page 2 of 2
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 54,006
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Expenditure for capital assets	
Depreciation expense	(9,583)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Increase in long-term accrued compensated absences	 357
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 44,780

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

New Mexico Beef Council General Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Modified Accrual Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Actual	Variances Favorable	
	Original	d Amounts Final	(Modified Accrual Basis)	(Unfavorable) Final to Actual	
_					
Revenues:	¢ 000.000	¢ 1.077.020	• 1.077.020	ф.	
Gross assessment revenues collected	\$ 999,000	\$ 1,077,820	\$ 1,077,820	\$ -	
Less assessment revenues remitted to	(7.000)	(20.012)	(29,012)		
another state	(7,000)	(28,013)	(28,013)	-	
Less assessment revenues remitted to	(100000)	(524.002)	(524.002)		
Cattlemen's Beef Board	(496,000)	(524,903)	(524,903)	-	
Miscellaneous Total revenues	1,000	<u>417</u>	417		
Total revenues	497,000	525,321	525,321		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
National program	45,600	44,491	44,491	-	
Promotion	162,025	105,248	105,248	-	
Consumer information	153,698	110,863	110,863	-	
Producer communications	80,744	76,070	76,070	-	
Collections	74,797	75,774	75,774	-	
Administrative	79.214	70.106	70.126		
Director salary	78,314	79,126	79,126	-	
Administrative assistant	31,200	31,559	31,497	62	
Rent and utilities	34,260	34,260	34,260	-	
Payroll burden	28,500	23,843	23,843	-	
Insurance	23,200	18,514	18,514	-	
Contract services	11,250	11,700	11,700	-	
Office and postage	12,000	8,876	8,876	-	
Staff travel	10,000	9,570	9,570	-	
Auto and travel, council	12,000	11,401	11,401	-	
Telephone	7,000	5,288	5,288	-	
Capital and noncapital expenditures	10,000	814	814	-	
Audit and legal	10,000	9,711	9,711 5,804	-	
Staff salary Auto director and staff	5,000	5,894	5,894 5,001	-	
Auto, director and staff	4,000	5,091	5,091	-	
Council meetings	6,000	3,841	3,841	-	
Stationary and supplies Depreciation expense	1,800	1,645 9,583	1,645	0.593	
Amount allocated to function	(222,800)		(202,560)	9,583	
Total expenditures	578,588	(202,560) 480,602	470,957	9,645	
*	576,566	480,002	470,937	9,045	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(81,588)	44,719	54,364	9,645	
Other financing sources:					
(Increase) Decrease in cash	44,826	(73,728)		73,728	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expendituresand other financing sources	\$ (36,762)	\$ (29,009)	\$ 54,364	\$ 83,373	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The New Mexico Beef Council (Council) was created in 1979, pursuant to the New Mexico Beef Council Act, Article 2A, Section 77, NMSA, 1978 Compilation, as amended. The Council comes under the auspices of the Director of the New Mexico Department of Agriculture. The Director appoints nine council members with the approval of the Governor for terms of three years or less so that the terms of three members expire each June 30. All members of the Council shall be engaged in the business of raising, breeding, feeding, or growing cattle or calves for beef production or for dairy production. Appointments of Council members are to be made from lists of individuals recommended by farm organizations, producer associations and individual producers. The Director appoints one member to represent fluid milk producers, five to represent beef producers, one to represent breeders of registered purebreds and two to represent commercial cattle feeders. The Director serves as a non-voting ex-officio member of the Council. The Council was created to promote the beef industry in New Mexico through public relations, research, education, and market development programs.

The Council is a quasi agency of the State of New Mexico. The New Mexico Beef Council Act creates the Council as a separate entity with a special source of funds separate and apart from the State of New Mexico general fund. The Council fund balance is non-reverting. The financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of only those funds over which the New Mexico Beef Council has oversight responsibility.

The Council's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Council presents their financial statements following Governmental Accounting Standard Statement No. 34, Basis Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant elements of that Standard include:

• A management discussion and analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Council's overall financial position and results of operations.

• Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all Council activities including presentation of capital assets and related depreciation.

Other significant accounting policies established and used by the Council are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Council's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Council operations which are financially accountable to the Council members. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. There are no component units included in the reporting entity.

B. Basic Financial Statements- Government- Wide and Individual Fund Financial Statements

The Council's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Council as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Council's only and major fund). Both the government-wide and individual fund financial statements are all governmental type activities which include the classification of activities as national program, promotion, consumer information, producer information, market research, collection and or administrative expenditures/expense.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, in the Statement of Net Position, all long term assets and receivables are recognized as well as all long term debt and obligations. The Council's net position is reported in three parts – net investments in capital assets; restricted net position (none held at June 30, 2014); and unrestricted net position. The government-wide Statement of Activities reports the gross/net cost of the Council's beef promotion program. The Council is also supported by general investment earnings. The Council allocates a certain portion of administrative costs to the classifications described above using a percentage cost allocation approach. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Council as an entity and the changes in the Council's net position resulting from current year's activities.

The financial transactions of the Council are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The Council maintains one governmental fund that being the general fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources of the Council. This fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The focus of the government general fund measurement is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the timing at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual - All governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized as incurred.

2. Modified Accrual - The governmental general fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

GASB 63 amended previous guidance on deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements to include deferred outflow of resources, which is the consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflow of resources, which is acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

The one-dollar assessment is considered measurable and available when held by the collecting entity, the New Mexico Livestock Board.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the individual fund financial statements:

- 1. The Executive Director presents the budget to the Council for approval no later than April 25 for the fiscal year beginning July 1.
- 2. The proposed budget is submitted to the Director of the New Mexico Department of Agriculture by May 1 for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The Director also submits the budget to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration.
- 3. Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 4. Budget control is exercised at the fund level.
- 5. Budget information has been revised and the revision was made pursuant to Council approval.

E. Prepaid Expenses

These amounts represent expenses which have benefit to the Council beyond the year June 30, 2014. Prepaid expenses are expensed when consumed and allocated to the fiscal year in which they are used.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more (per Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978) are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The Council has no capitalized computer software costs. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. All capital assets of the Council are in the furniture and equipment class, for which depreciation is provided on the straight line basis over useful lives ranging from five to sixteen years. Depreciation expense is not allocated to program functions of the Council.

G. Compensated Absences

The Council accrues accumulated vacation and sick leave and associated employee related costs when earned by full time employees. Vacation leave accrues per month of service ranging from seven days to twenty seven days per year based on years of service. Unused vacation time at year end is lost, with the exception of the Executive Director who may carry over 15 days of unused vacation. Sick leave accrues per month of service aggregating not more than seventeen days per year based on years of service. Employees may carryover unused sick leave at the end of a fiscal year subject to a 720 hour limitation. Upon termination with notice, the Council will compensate an employee for fifty percent of accrued and unused sick leave at current employee pay rates.

Compensated absences have been liquidated in the general fund. Changes were as follows:

Compensated absences	6/30/13	Increases	Decreases	6/30/14	Portion
Balances	\$ 20,965	\$ 8,218	\$ 8,279	\$ 20,904	\$ 1,922

Current

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss for which the Council carries insurance (Auto, Employee Fidelity Bond, General Liability and Workers Compensation) with the State of New Mexico Risk Management Division. There have been no settled claims which have exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

J. Fund Equity

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained: either by 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Fund balance has been committed for prepaid expenses and Pre-\$1 check-off collections.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Fund Equity (continued)

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body or a subordinate high-level body or official whom the governing body has delegated.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

The Council's policy is to apply restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Council is authorized to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States Government. All invested funds of the Council properly followed the guideline federal and state investment requirements as of June 30, 2014.

Excess funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States.

The collateral pledged is listed on Schedule II of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to certain direct obligations of the United States government.

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the Council's cash amounted to \$631,532 including \$278 of petty cash. The total bank balance of \$670,017 was comprised of a checking account with a balance of \$392,124 and a bank money market account with a balance of \$277,893.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution. New Mexico Beef Council funds are in both an interest bearing money market account and a non-interest bearing checking account'

New Mexico State statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the council for at least one-half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The National Qualified Beef Council's investment policy requires 100% collateral for any deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance amount. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico, Office of State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the government's deposits may not be returned to it in the event of a bank failure. As of June 30, 2014, \$420,017 of the Council's bank balance was exposed to custodial risk is summarized as follows:

Insured	\$ 250,000
Collateral held by pledging financial institution's agent but	
not in Council name	420,017
Total deposits 39	\$ 670,017
39	

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

In accordance with Section 6-10-16 NMSA 1978, deposits of public monies are required to be collateralized in amounts equal to one half of the amount on deposit in excess of insured public money in each financial institution. The Council's position with regard to the State of New Mexico collateral requirement is summarized as follows:

50% Pledged collateral requirement per statute	\$ 210,009
Total pledged Collateral	(729,654)
Pledged collateral over the requirement	\$ (519,645)

Pursuant to federal statute and defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, investments must be short term, high quality, interest bearing instruments that are U.S. Government securities, related money market funds or repurchase agreements collateralized by securities fully insured or guaranteed by U.S. Government agencies/corporations. The Council had only money market funds as investments during 2014.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	June 30, 2013	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2014
Furniture and equipment	\$ 161,371	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 161,371
Less accumulated depreciation	(136.407)	(9,583)	-	(145,990)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,964	\$ (9,583)	\$ 	\$ 15,381

Current year depreciation expense was \$9,583.

NOTE 4 ASSESSMENT REVENUES/RECEIVABLE FROM NEW MEXICO LIVESTOCK BOARD

The Council is mandated by Federal statute to levy and impose an assessment (check-off dollars) to be fixed at a rate of one dollar per head on all cattle involved in a transfer of ownership within the state. Fifty percent of collections for cattle originating in New Mexico is forwarded to the Cattlemen's Beef Promotion and Research Board. 100% of collections for cattle not originating in New Mexico are forwarded to the state in which they originated. The assessments retained by the Council are used to accomplish the purpose of the Council, which is the promotion of the beef industry.

The New Mexico Livestock Board (NMLB), a New Mexico State Agency, collects on behalf of the Council the assessment described above with respect to cattle transactions that are subject to the oversight and jurisdictional powers of the NMLB. Monthly, the NMLB is required to remit to the Council the assessment collections from the previous month.

NOTE 5 RETIREMENT PLAN

All of the Council's employees participate in a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) Plan. The Council contributions are made for each employee who has reached age 21, and is a full-time employee. The contributions made by the Council to the SEP on behalf of employees for the year ended June 30, 2014 was approximately 20% of each employee's compensation and amounted to \$19,771.

NOTE 6 COMMITMENTS

The Council has an operating lease agreement, which expires August 24, 2014 at a base rate of \$55.90. The commitments by fiscal year are as follows:

 Δ mount

	Amount
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014	\$ 112

NOTE 7 ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

The Council receives substantially all of its revenue from the sale of cattle. It is dependent upon the sale of cattle in New Mexico.

NOTE 8 RELATED PARTIES

The Council had sponsored a contest in which the daughter of a board director was a contestant. The amount paid in participation was immaterial and the sponsorship was available to all interested parties.

NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT ACCOUNTING STANDARD PRONOUNCEMENTS

Statement No. 66, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2013. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to amend Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, by removing the provision that limits fund-based reporting of a state and local government's risk financing activities to the general fund and the internal service fund type. As a result, government would base their decisions about governmental fund type usage for risk financing activities on the definitions in Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement also amends Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, by modifying the specific guidance on accounting for (1) operating lease payments that vary from a straight-line basis, (2) the difference between the initial investment (purchase price) and that principal amount of a purchased loan or group of loans, and (3) servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold when the stated service fee rate differs significantly from a current (normal) servicing fee.

NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT ACCOUNTING STANDARD PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

These changes would eliminate any uncertainty regarding the application of Statement No. 13, Accounting for Operating Leases with Schedule Rent Increases, and result in guidance that is consistent with the requirements in Statement No. 48, Sales of Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, respectively. The Council has implemented this statement.

Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. This statement also amends Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trust or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statements 25 and 50 remain applicable to pension plans that are not administered through trusts covered plans that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions. This Statement is effective for financial statements for the fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013 with earlier application encouraged. The Council has reviewed the statement and has determined that this does not apply to the Council.

Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The statement replaces the requirements of GASBS 27. Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and the requirements of GASBS 50 Pension Disclosures, as they related to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts. The requirements of Statements 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions that are covered by GASBS 68. This statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The Council has reviewed the statement and has determined that this does not apply to the Council.

Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for government combinations and disposals of government operations occurring in financial reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and should be applied on a prospective basis. The Council has reviewed the statement and has determined that this does not apply to the Council.

Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions extended or received by a state or local government. A nonexchange financial guarantee is a guarantee of an obligation of a legally separate entity or individual, including a blended or discretely presented component unit, which requires the guarantor to indemnify a third-party obligation holder under specified conditions. This statement is effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The Council has reviewed the statement and has determined that this does not apply to the Council.

NOTE 10 OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance

There are no instances of deficit fund balances.

B. Excess expenditures over budget

There were no excess expenditures over budget.

NOTE 11 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS REVIEW

A review of subsequent events up to August 29, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available for issue, revealed no significant subsequent events.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS AND PLEDGED COLLATERAL June 30, 2014

New Mexico Bank & Trust

	Checking	Money Market		Total
Balance per bank	\$ 392,124	\$ 277,893	\$	670,017
Less: FDIC coverage	 (250,000)	 -	_	(250,000)
Total uninsured public funds	142,124	277,893		420,017
New Mexico State Statute collateral requirement (at 50%)	71,062	138,947		210,009
Pledged collateral	 142,124	 587,530	-	729,654
Balance per bank	392,124	277,893		670,017
Reconciling items	(38,763)	-		(38,763)
Petty cash	 278	 -	_	278
Balance per financial statements	\$ 353,639	\$ 277,893	\$	631,532

Collateral held by agent of New Mexico Bank & Trust, Dubuque, Iowa

New Mexico Bank and Trust				
Description	Rate	Maturity Date	Cusip	Value
GNMA II Pool HECM 767605	4.48%	9/20/1962	36176JR28	729,654

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEEF PROMOTION AND RESEARCH ACT OF 1985 AND THE INVESTMENT POLICY FOR QUALIFIED STATE BEEF COUNCILS

To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the State of New Mexico, New Mexico Beef Council (Council), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Council was not in compliance with the provisions of the Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985 and Section 1260.149(f) of the Beef Promotion and Research Order or with the terms of the Qualified State Beef councils Investment Policy which describes the type of instruments in which the Council may invest.

Further in connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Council was not in compliance with the provisions of the Beef Promotion and Research Act of 1985 and Section 1260.149 (f) of the Beef Promotion and Research Order relative to the use of funds collected by the Council. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members of the Council, the Beef Promotion and Research Board and the United States Department of Agriculture and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

Precision Accounting ISC

Precision Accounting, LLC. Albuquerque, NM August 29, 2014

Precision Accounting, LLC.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and To the Council Members of the New Mexico Beef Council

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund and the budgetary comparison statement of the State of New Mexico, New Mexico Beef Council (Council), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to financial statements which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests had no disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Precision Accounting LC

Precision Accounting LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico August 29, 2014

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2014

Prior Year Findings

FS 2013-01 Non Compliance in Travel & Per Diem-Resolved and not repeated

Current Year Finding

None

Note: For traceability purposes, the audit finding reference numbers reported in prior year audit reports are presented in brackets, and where applicable, have been renumbered to comply with reporting standards.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NEW MEXICO BEEF COUNCIL OTHER DISCLOSURES June 30, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The New Mexico Beef Council has the capability of preparing, understanding and accepting the responsibility for its own GAAP-basis financial statements. The Beef Council contracts with a contract public accountant who is an integral part of their internal control system to prepare the financial statements.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held on August 27, 2014, and the contents of this report were discussed. Present at the conference were:

Alicia Sanchez Dina Reitzel Don Umbrage, CPA Melissa R. Santistevan, CPA Mei Y. To, CPA Board Director Executive Director Contract Accountant Independent Auditor Independent Auditor