# STATE OF NEW MEXICO

# SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT ROOSEVELT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

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### OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2006

Board of Supervisors Position

Karl Cox, Jr. Chairperson

Mike Cone Vice-Chairperson

George Hay Secretary/Treasurer

Don Sanders Supervisor

Gene Massey Supervisor

Mitzi Miller Supervisor

District Personnel

Title

Dona Hamar District Clerk



## OFFICE OF THE SYMAYY

Hector H. Balderas

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Karl Cox, Jr., Chairman and Members of the Board of Supervisors Roosevelt Soil and Water Conservation District 705 E. Canadian Portales, NM 88130

contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. Water Conservation District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which each major fund and the respective budgetary comparisons of the Roosevelt Soil and We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities,

overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements. assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. basis for our opinions. audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the An audit also includes assessing the accounting amounts and

then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the major governmental funds for the year fund of the District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position, respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major States of America. In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material

GASB Statement No. The District has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis required by 34 that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has

determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated May 28, 2008 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial assessing the results of our audit. in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed

Office of the State audit OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR May 28, 2008

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

Total net assets	Invested in capital assets Restricted for loan program Restricted for weatherization program Unrestricted	Net Assets	Total liabilities	Accounts payable Current liabilities -Due within one year Noncurrent liabilities - Due in more than one year	Liabilities	Total assets	Assets  Cash Interest receivable Accounts receivable - loans from ranchers Accounts receivable - Water Conditioner Accounts receivable - Windbreak Capital assets, net	
\$ 165,034	38,756 9,595 15,521 101,162		294,014	195 14,024 279,795		459,048	Activities  \$ 218,556 2,391 158,799 11,695 28,851 38,756	Governmental

#### Exhibit 2

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Activities
Program Expenses:	
Conservation: Administration	\$ 52,402
Conservation programs  Depreciation	55,000 631
Interest	7,514
Total program expenses	115,547
Program Revenues:	
Charges for services	59,948
Total program revenues	59,948
Net program (expense) revenue	(55,599)
General Revenues:	
NMDA allotment Miscellaneous Interest	8,949 384 2,772
Total general revenues	12,105
Change in net assets	(43,494)
Net assets at beginning of year	208,528
Net assets at end of year	\$ 165,034

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2006

Total liabilities and fund balance	Total fund balance	Fund balance: Reserved for ISC loan repayment Reserved for weather modification Unreserved, designated for subsequent year's expenditures Unreserved, undesignated	Total liabilities	Liabilities: Accounts payable Interest payable to ISC	Liabilities and fund balance	Total assets	Cash Accounts receivable - ranchers Accounts receivable - water conditioner Accounts receivable - windbreak Interest receivable	Assets
€5				₩		S	€9	
101,357	101,162	- 37,306 63,856	195	195		101,357	60,811 - 11,695 28,851	General Fund
↔	1			<b>↔</b>		<del>∞</del>	€	Mo
15,521	15,521	15,521		1 1		15,521	15,521	Weather Modification
8		1		<b>⇔</b>		€5	↔	
303,414	303,414	303,414	,	1 1		303,414	142,224 158,799 - - 2,391	Loan Program
s				€9		S	↔	
420,292	420,097	303,414 15,521 37,306 63,856	195	195		420,292	218,556 158,799 11,695 28,851 2,391	Total

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

from the way they are reported in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as follows: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different

Fund Balance - Balance Sheet (Exhibit 3)

\$ 420,097

over the estimated useful life of the asset and reported as follows: in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

38,756

are not reported in the governmental funds: Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore

Notes payable Accrued interest payable (293,819)

Net Assets - Statement of Net Assets (Exhibit 1)

\$ 165,034

#### Exhibit 4

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Fund balance end of year	Fund balance beginning of year	Net change in fund balances	Total expenditures	Principal Interest	Miscellaneous Capital outlay	Soil stewardship Repair and maintenance	Awards	Bonding Macting expanse	Weather Modification	CRS tax	Advertising Windhreak expense (tree program)	Office expense	Dues	Per diem and mileage	Payroll taxes	Current:	Conservation:	Expenditures	Total revenues	Interest Miscellaneous	Project revenue/tree program	State allocation	Revenues	
\$ 101,162	129,221	(28,059)	90,250	1 1	37,848	150 -	540	6 142	1	872	29,506	1,088	2,247	271	1,766	9.219			62,191	2,565	, ,	\$ 8,949		General Fund
\$ 15,521	70,532	(55,011)	55,011		1 1	j r	<b>■</b> H		55,011	1	1 1	æ	Ĕ	ĭ	ì	Ē			1	1 1	ı	<del>⇔</del> '		Weather Modification
\$ 303,414	323,701	(20,287)	30,149	22,646 7,503	1 1	1 1	ľ			î	0 0	i K	ī	,	(F	ť			9,862	9,862	1	<del>⇔</del>		Loan Program
\$ 420,097	523,454	(103,357)	175,410	22,646 7,503	37,848	-	540 150	6,142	55,011	872	29,506	77 880'I	2,247	271	1,766	9,219			72,053	12,427	50,293	\$ 8,949		Total

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Net change in fund balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)

Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:

↔ (103,357)

in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful life of the asset and reported as depreciation Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,

expense as follows: Depreciation expense Capital outlay

37,848

(631)

expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term current year: liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount repaid in the Repayment of principal on long-term debt (note payable) is reported as an

Principal payments on ISC loans

22,646

Change in net assets - Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2)

€ (43,494)

Exhibit 5

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Total expenditures	Current: Payroll Payroll taxes Per diem and mileage Dues Office expense Advertising Awards and special events Windbreak expense (tree program) CRS tax Demonstration projects Weather Modification program Bonding Meeting expense Information & Education Soil stewardship Equipment Land Miscellaneous Loans to ranchers Loans repaid to ISC Debt Service: Principal Interest	Revenues State allocation Project revenue Windbreak program Interstate Stream Commission Loan Repayments from Ranchers Interest Refunds and reimbursements Miscellaneous Total Revenues Cash balance budgeted Total revenues and cash balance budgeted
€9	↔	\$ Q. Q.
97,200	15,000 2,000 1,500 2,000 1,500 2,000 45,000 8,000 5,000 10,000 - - - - 2,000	Original Budget  10,296 50,000 - 500 - 60,796 36,404
€9	↔	<i>ω</i>
97,200	15,000 2,000 1,500 2,000 1,500 1,500 2,000 45,000 2,000 5,000 10,000 - - - - 2,000	Gene Final Budget 10,296 50,000 - 500 - 60,796 36,404 97,200
₩	↔	General Fund 96 \$ 900 2 00 2 00 4 8 3
89,250	9,219 1,766 271 1,247 1,088 44 540 29,506 872 - - 6,142 - 150 37,848	Actual 8,949 21,442 2,565 2,565 384 33,340
€	↔	₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩ ₩
7,950	5,781 234 1,229 753 412 456 1,460 15,494 7,128 2,000 5,000 113 3,858 - (150) - (37,848) 2,000	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) (1,347) (28,558) - 2,065 - 384 (27,456)

\$ 150,000	1 1	150,000	<del>€9</del>	\$ 150,000	61,200 88,800	\$ - 60,000 1,200	Original Budget	
\$ 150,000	t. 10	150,000	<b>€</b> 5	\$ 150,000	61,200 88,800	\$ - 60,000 1,200	Final Budget	Loa
\$ 60,149	1 1	30,000 30,149	<del>\$</del>		\$76,983	\$ - 64,521 12,462	Actual	Loan Fund
€9			S			€	(Un	
89,851	1 1	120,000 (30,149)	15		\$15,783	4,521 11,262	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

# I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Reporting Entity

consists of five elected supervisors, four of whom must be landowners in the and beneficial use of water and soil resources. The governing body of the District sediment, and soil erosion damage, and to further the conservation, development public body corporate and politic, organized for control and prevention of flood, the provisions of the Soil and Water Conservation District Act (73-20-25 through elected or appointed. Supervisors serve a term of three years and continue in office until a successor is 73-20-49 NMSA 1978). The District is a governmental subdivision of the state, The Roosevelt Soil and Water Conservation District (District) is organized under Two additional supervisors may be appointed to the District board

accountable and other organizations whose exclusion from the financial reporting government, organizations for which the primary government is entity would cause the financial statements to be misleading. The financial reporting entity as defined by GASB 14 consists of the primary financially

corporate and legal identity. The District has no component units, financially powers of the District establish it as a primary government with a separate the New Mexico State University, Department of Agriculture, the statutory District is organized as a subdivision of the State and administratively attached to government and the organizations comprising its legal entity. dependent affiliates, nor is it legally liable for actions of other agencies. primary government is any state government or general-purpose Although the

of the financial statements, the significant policies of the District are summarized Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the The financial reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles To enhance the usefulness

# 8. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. District does not have any fiduciary or business-type activities. which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. However, the Governmental The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets) report activities, which normally are supported by

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular reimbursements of program expenditures and 2) grants and contributions that are use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are reported instead as general revenues. function or segment. function or segment; such as the sale of trees and windbreak products, and Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses Other items not properly included among program revenues

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

provider have been met. recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the regardless of the timing of related cash flows. recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic Grants and similar items are

and judgments, if any, are recorded only when payment is due. expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial

available only when cash is received by the government. be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current Grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to All other revenue items are considered ಕ be measurable and

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all

area in order to aid in crop production. weather modification program activities designed to bring moisture to the local The Weather Modification Fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for

District's Low Interest Loan Program. The District receives low interest loans their properties. landowners in the District at low interest rates to perform conservation projects on from the New Mexico Interstate Stream Commission (NMISC) The Loan Fund is a special revenue fund which was set up to account for the to lend to

guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict December 1, Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial prior to

eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. As general rule, the effect of interfund activity, if applicable, has been

government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets and Fund Balance

## 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

months or less from the date of acquisition. term investments (certificates of deposit) with original maturities of three The District's cash consists of demand deposits, savings deposits and short

## 2. Receivables and Payables

to/from other funds. All amounts are expected to be repaid within one year. arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as due Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

represents a balance due for a water conditioner that was purchased from the 5.5%. Accounts receivable - windbreak, represents windbreak supplies that repayable in annual installments over 10 years at an interest rate of 4.0% to Accounts receivable since all loans are considered collectible. on this receivable. District by a land owner in Fiscal Year 2004. See note IV B for more detail for in the subsequent fiscal year. Accounts receivable - water conditioner, were purchased from the District by land owners in the current year and paid from landowners within the District. An allowance for doubtful accounts has not been recorded loans from ranchers, represent outstanding loan Generally, the loans are

such as subcontractors who have worked on conservation projects Accounts payable consist of amounts due to vendors and service providers

### Capital Assets

construction, if any, are capitalized and reported in the government-wide with an initial cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by state law as assets of the asset are not capitalized. The District has no infrastructure normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or extend the life at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of acquisition. financial statements. For donations, the government values these capital assets land are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-Capital assets, which include property, equipment (including software), and Capitalized land is not depreciated. The total amounts spent for

the following estimated useful lives recommended by the Internal Revenue Equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight line method over Service:

Equipment

5 years

## Net Assets and Fund Balance

creditors (such as restricted net assets- wherein the constrains are placed on net asset use either by capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, unrestricted nets assets, and assets consist of three components - invested in capital assets, which is the cost of and liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Net assets as reported in Exhibit 1 are associated with general government assets through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, The District's net laws or

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

\$9,595 restricted for loan repayments. invested in capital assets, and \$15,521 is restricted for conservation projects and provisions or enabling legislation. regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional The District's net assets consist of \$38,756

repayment and the weatherization program. portion has been designated for reservations of the general fund balance, although \$37,306 of the unreserved indicate tentative plans for resource utilization in a future period. There are no or are legally segregated for a specific use. Designations may be established to reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation governmental Fund balance, as reported in Exhibit 3 represents assets less liabilities Fund balance for the special revenue fund types. The subsequent year general and special revenue funds expenditures to balance the funds is reserved for loan report

# II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## A. Budgetary Information

in the budgetary comparisons: in the budgetary comparisons are generally recorded on the cash basis. expenditures include accrued amounts. accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP basis revenues and District uses the following procedures to establish the budgeted amounts reflected The budget is prepared on a basis that differs from accounting principles generally The revenues and expenditures reported

- beginning July 1. Prior to April 1, the Budget Committee submits to the District Board of Supervisors a proposed revenue and expenditure budget for the fiscal year
- 5 The Board reviews the budget proposal and makes any necessary adjustments.
- ယ Prior to June 1, the Board approves the budget by passing a resolution
- 4. Board receives notice of the approved budget. Division (DFA-LGD) for approval by the first Monday of September. The Mexico, Prior to June 20, the approved budget is submitted to the State of New Department of Finance and Administration, Local Government

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

approval of DFA-LGD. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the District. expenditures is at the total fund level. The Board can revise its budget with the legal level at which actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted

## Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Financial **Statements**

	Gen	General Fund	Moc	Weather Modification	Loar	Loan Program
Non-GAAP Revenues (Exhibit 5)	<del>69</del>	33,340	↔	1	<del>⇔</del>	76,983
Prior year interest receivable		1				(4,990)
Current year interest receivable		ı		ı		2,391
Prior year receivables		(11,695)				(193,320)
Current year receivables		11,695				158,798
Current year receivable - new loan		28,851				(30,000)
GAAP revenues (Exhibit 4)	S	62,191	↔	1	8	9,862
Non-GAAP Expenditures (Exhibit 5)	↔	89,250	↔	75,011	S	60,149
Prior year accounts payable		(195)		(20,000)		ı
Less: new loans to ranchers		ı		1		(30,000)
Prior year prepaid expense		1,000		1		ı
Current year payable		195		 		ı
GAAP expenditures (Exhibit 4)	8	90,250	<b>∞</b>	55,011	S	30,149

instead of an addition to the receivable balance as required by GAAP. Payables they record the transaction as an expenditure in the year the cash is disbursed receivable as required by GAAP. When the District issues a loan to a rancher, transaction on a cash basis by recording revenue instead of a reduction to the the cash is received instead of recording the interest revenue when the interest is transaction occurs. Interest receivable is recorded as revenue by the District when are recognized as an expenditure in the year the good or service is received on the When the District receives cash relating to a loan receivable they record the earned as required by GAAP basis. The District does not recognize expenditures until the

## III. Detailed Notes on all Funds

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

## A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

\$244,972 consisted of the following: \$218,556. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance of deposits is due to outstanding checks of \$26,416. The total bank balance of As of June 30, 2006, the District had a carrying amount of deposits of

### Portales National Bank

New Mexico Bank & Trust	Demand deposits Less: FDIC coverage Amount uninsured
	\$ 24,767 (24,767) \$ -0-

Pledged securities at fair market value Over (Under) Collateralized	50% collateral requirement (Section 6-10-17 NMSA 1978)	Demand deposits Less: FDIC coverage Amount uninsured
\$ 78,091	\$ 33,889	\$ 167,778 (100,000) \$ 67,778

Pledged collateral is held under joint safekeeping in the name of the District at Commerce Bank in Kansas City, Missouri. The securities, FNMA REMIC Series 1727 Bonds (CUSIP #3133T5LK7), have a maturity date of August 15, 2023.

### First Financial

Amount uninsured	Less: FDIC coverage	Time Deposits	Saving Deposits
\$ -0-	(52,427)	52,322	\$ 105

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

## Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk. District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2006, there were no Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the

### B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 1,540 \$ 37,216	Total accumulated depreciation	Equipment	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	Total capital assets being depreciated	Equipment	Assets being depreciated	Total not depreciated	Land	Assets not being depreciated	<u>Description</u> – Governmental Activities
\$ 1,540	11,909	11,909		13,449	13,449		ı	<b>₩</b>		Balance <u>6/30/2005</u>
	631	631			1		37,847	\$ 37,847		Additions
69		1						<del>\$</del>		Deletions
\$ 38,756	12,540	12,540		13,449	13,449		37,847	\$ 37,847		Balance 6/30/2006

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

### C. Long-Term Debt

### Note Payable

the District for water conservation projects. The terms of the agreements are as Interstate Stream Commission for the purpose of lending funds to landowners in follows: The District has entered into three loan agreements with the New Mexico

Loan#	465	474	495
Date of Loan	7/1/00	7/1/01	6/30/03
Amount of Loan	150,000	250,000	70,000
Interest Rate	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Total Years	20	20	20
Yearly Payment	\$9,622	\$16,037	\$4,490

### Note Payable

The debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total
2007	\$ 14,023	\$ 7,830	\$ 21,853
2008	23,154	7,272	30,426
2009	23,733	6,700	30,433
2010	24,327		30,440
2011	22,166	5,513	27,679
2012-2016	83,401		104,242
2017-2021	94,360		104,141
2022-2023	8,655	717	9,372
Total	\$ 293,819	\$ 64,767	\$ 358,586

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

## Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

NMISC Loan Payable <u>\$316,067</u>	
\$ 316,067	Balance 6/30/05
ı	Increases
22,248	Decreases
293,819	Balance 6/30/06
\$ 14,024	Amount due within 1 year

## IV. Other Information

### A. Risk Management

commercial property coverage. District assets. The District currently maintains a \$150,000 surety bond as well as required to obtain a corporate surety bond on behalf of persons responsible for each wrongful act and \$1,050,000 for the policy aggregated. District is administratively attached. employees are covered by an errors and omissions liability policy purchased by assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District's supervisors and the last several years and is not a defendant in any lawsuit. The District is exposed to various risks of loss due to torts, theft or damage of New Mexico State University, Department of Agriculture, The District has not sustained any losses during The limits for this policy are \$1,050,000 for The District is to which the

## **B.** Related Party Transactions

Interstate Stream Commission Loan Program. A member of the Board of Supervisors has outstanding loans with the District's

outstanding at year end was \$1,231. The same member has an additional loan on note at a rate of 5.0% per annum for a period of seven years. The loan receivable equipment for \$11,695 that originated in Fiscal Year 2004. In Fiscal Year 2000, the member borrowed a total of \$30,000 with a promissory



## OFFICE OF THE STATE

Hector H. Balderas

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Mr. Karl Cox, Jr., Chairman and Members of the Board of Supervisors Roosevelt Soil and Water Conservation District 705 E. Canadian Portales, NM 88130

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the respective budgetary comparisons of the Roosevelt Soil and Comptroller General of the United States. applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards have issued our report dated May 28, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with Water Conservation District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006 and

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

management in the financial statements. initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 03-01 and 05-04. reportable conditions. expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention Reportable conditions are described in the

period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or

disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions conditions described above are a material weaknesses. considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the reportable accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily and,

## Compliance and Other Matters

required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with and 06-1. accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 05-01, 05-02, 05-03, 05-06, The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial

Mexico Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico State University - Department of specified parties. and grantors and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these Agriculture, New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, the state legislature This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the New

Office of the State Auditor OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR May 28, 2008

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO ROOSEVELT SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2006 SCHEDULE OF

# STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

06 01 Improper Delated Darty Transaction	05-06 Over Exp	05-04 Inadequat	05-03 Inadequat	05-02 Excess IS	05-01 ISC Loan	03-01 Cash Receipts	CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	05-06 Over Exp	05-05 Under Co	05-04 Inadequat	05-03 Inadequat	05-02 Excess IS	05-01 ISC Loan	03-03 Insufficien	03-01 Cash Rece
	Over Expended Budget	Inadequate Payroll Documentation	Inadequate Supporting Documentation for Expenditure	Excess ISC Loan Funds Not Returned	ISC Loan Program Files	eipts	AUDIT FINDINGS	Over Expended Budget (Modified and Repeated)	Under Collateralized Deposits (Resolved)	Inadequate Payroll Documentation (Modified and Repeated)	Inadequate Supporting Documentation for Expenditure (Modified and Repeated)	Excess ISC Loan Funds Not Returned (Modified and Repeated)	ISC Loan Program Files (Modified and Repeated)	Insufficient Insurance (Resolved)	Cash Receipts (Modified and Repeated)

# 03-01 Cash Receipts (Modified and Repeated)

### Condition

received (cash, check, or money order) for the 2 receipts that were not issued. Through were not issued and therefore limited the ability to determine if those specific receipts receipts, receipts were not issued in every instance. In 2 out of 11 receipts tested, receipts discussion, it was also noted that there are no formal policies for petty cash handling were deposited on time. Although the current year audit has revealed improvement in the issuance of cash In addition, we were unable to determine the method of payment

#### Criteria

close of businesses of intake. Proper accounting practices further require documentation Section 6-10-3 NMSA 1978 requires deposit of all receipts within the subsequent day and formalized procedures for handling petty cash.

#### Effect

The audit trail is impaired. The source of a number of deposits cannot be identified

#### Cause

Deposits of cash are not made on a determined basis. established a formal petty cash policy. However, receipts are not always consistently issued. building accept cash and issue receipts on days when the clerk is not in the office. In addition, the District has not Other agency employees in the

### Recommendation

additional expense). Deposit cash received within 24 hours (or as is reasonably possible without incurring Deposit all cash in the same amount as received

receipted items. Periodically replenish petty cash funds as needed by check. disbursements to be documented with a receipt. Include a written description of all non-The Board should establish a formal petty cash fund of \$50 to \$100 and require all

### District's Response

\$100 is kept in petty cash all other money is deposited.

# 05-01 ISC Loan Program Files (Modified and Repeated)

### Condition

agreement with the Interstate Stream Commission. items required by the ReLoan Program Consensus Criteria that is part of the District's and all 16 lacked a map of the property. In a sample of 16 files, 4 files lacked loan applications, 8 files lacked promissory notes, The District's loan files do not include all the

#### Criteria

documentation approved by ISC, including a location map showing the project area the Commission. laws of the State of New Mexico, and ReLoan Program Consensus Criteria adopted by undertakings shall be carried out in strict compliance with good engineering practices, the Per section 8 (purpose) of the loan agreement dated November 13, 2003, all conservation identifying property, and number of acres associated with the improvement. One criterion is that the District must maintain each file with project

#### Effect

The Commission which could jeopardize future funding, District is not in compliance with its agreement with the Interstate Stream

#### Cause

documentation used when generating loans. The District has not made it a practice to consistently retain all of the required

### Recommendation

Maintain file documentation as required by the ISC.

### District's Response

Maps are now in every file; furnished by NRCS.

## 05-02 Excess ISC Loan Funds Not Returned (Modified and Repeated)

### Condition

During our audit, we did not observe any evidence of remittance of excess funds to the NMISC in FY 2006 in accordance with the ISC agreement. funds as of July 2, 2005 was \$115,286. This amount should have been remitted to the New Mexico Interstate Stream Commission (ISC). The calculated amount of excess

#### Criteria

whichever is greater." to the Commission any monies in said account ...in excess of Ten Thousand (\$10,000) or year, so long as the District remains indebted to the Commission...it [District] will remit 25 % of the average of the funds loaned by the District in the preceding three years, The NMISC Loan Agreement, Item 4 - Remittance of Funds states "On July 2 of each

#### Effect

Agreement. The District S not in compliance with the Interstate Stream Commission Loan

#### Cause

required to be remitted. The District Clerk has not adequately been monitoring the amount of funds that are

### Recommendation

compliance with the ISC agreement. calculate excess funds as of July 2, 2006 and for each year thereafter to ensure future Excess funds should be remitted to the ISC as soon as possible. The District should then

### District's Response

Money has been sent back in the 2007 year.

### 05-03 Inadequate Repeated) Supporting Documentation for Expenditure (Modified and

### Condition

lacked proper account coding, and 3 instances of non-compliance with the recorded in the general ledger did not agree to the supporting documentation for the calculated, \$177.60 - incorrect calculation of mileage and no signed travel voucher, and Diem and Mileage amounts of \$177.60 and \$124.70, 2 instances in the amounts of \$38.87 and \$52.17 that Out of 15 expenditures tested, the following was noted: 2 instances where the amount \$124.70 - incorrect calculation of mileage and lack of travel voucher. Regulations in the amounts of \$93.45 - per diem incorrectly State's Per

#### Criteria

pursuant to 10-8-1 through 10-8-7 sections of New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978 proper authorization with the date it was authorized. Department of Finance Proper accounting practice requires that all expenditures have supporting documents and travel or for hours worked greater than two beyond the normal work day hours This act also states that meals will only be reimbursed when they are related to overnight (NMSA) which requires details of travel for which mileage reimbursements are made. Administration (DFA) Rule 2.42.2 NMAC establishes travel and per diem regulations

#### Effect

mileage payment would be responsible for two times the overpaid amount per Section mileage and meal payments; employees who receive any excess amount of per diem and related purpose. appropriateness due to the lack of documentation to demonstrate that it was for a business In the case of missing supporting documentation, expenditures could not be evaluated for 10-8-7 NMSA 1978 Expenditures may not comply with state law and DFA regulations for

budgeting. Inaccurate and omitted account coding can skew budget reports and subsequent year

#### Cause

supporting documentation and the accuracy of such. The Board signed the checks without ensuring that there was existence of proper

### Recommendation

purpose of travel. by documenting the time, date, vehicle information, odometer readings, distance and documents are attached to vouchers. The mileage reimbursements should be supported account coding is proper and reflective of the expenditure before entering into the general with the State's Per Diem and Mileage Regulations. The District should ensure that every expenditure is authorized, dated and that supporting Meal reimbursements should be carefully reviewed for compliance The District should also ensure that

### District's Response

expense. The District now has an Operations handbook stating how to handle the per diem

# 05-04 Inadequate Payroll Documentation (Modified and Repeated)

### Condition

During our audit of payroll expenditures, auditors noted the following

- None of the timesheets were signed by a board member. The only source of approval was documented on the purchase voucher signed by a board member.
- 5 The District Clerk was paid for 24 hours of sick leave and 16 hours of vacation during therefore, the District Clerk technically doesn't earn sick nor annual leave per say. FY 2006. The District doesn't have a sick leave or annual leave policy in effect and, the sick and vacation time paid out. The District Clerk is paid once a month and there was a lack of adequate support for

#### Criteria

supported by a written approval/acknowledgement and a formal written District Policy timesheet approved by a supervisor or board member. Sick and vacation hours should be Proper accounting practice requires payroll expenditures to be documented on a

#### **Effect**

The District lacks the support it needs to substantiate certain payroll expenditures

#### Cause

The Board failed to provide adequate oversight of the District Clerk.

### Recommendation

the alternatively, document Board approval and include in the related minutes Check timesheets for accuracy and have a board member sign the timesheets to document verification and approval. Establish a written annual and sick leave policy;

### District's Response

The Clerk is now on a salary making the salary expense easier to track.

# 05-06 Over Expended Budget (Modified and Repeated)

### Condition

Modification fund by \$29,012. The District's actual expenditures were in excess of the budgeted amount for the Weather

#### Criteria

budget being made. should be submitted to DFA for approval prior to expenditures in excess of the approved prohibit the over expenditure of an entity's budget. Department of Finance and Administration regulations and state law 6-6-6 NMSA 1978 Requests for budget adjustments

#### Effect

expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts. over-expending continues, the District might not have funds ಠ cover future

#### Cause

additional expenditures were anticipated. The District did not submit a budget adjustment request to DFA-LGD for approval before

### Recommendation

requests to the Department of Finance and Administration's Local Government Division (DFA-LGD) for approval as required. The District should monitor its budget status more closely and submit budget adjustment

### District's Response

was not aware of an over expended budget. The Weather Modification account is no longer active until further funding. The clerk

# 06-01 Improper Related Party Transaction

### Condition

6/30/2006, no payments have been made. interest free loan, over a five year period, beginning December 1, 2004. through the District. The agreement required the board member to repay the \$11,695 \$11,695 and immediately selling the equipment to a board member, financed as a loan member. In the prior 2004 fiscal year, the District entered into a loan agreement with a Board of the agreement for an indefinite period. The agreement involved the District purchasing a piece of equipment for The District Board decided to extend the term As of FYE

#### Criteria

arm's-length transaction. length basis. Good accounting practices require that related party transactions are done on an arm's-Lending on an interest-free basis to a board member does not constitute an

#### Effect

income and given preferential treatment to a board member. In addition, the District has Due to the contractual provision of an interest free loan, the District has forgone interest

charged at 2.5%. paid 2.5% interest on the amount loaned as the money that was used to finance the loan is

#### Cause

the related party agreement. The District did not apply proper accounting practices when entering into and approving

### Recommendation

according to the loan agreement. repayment plan to ensure the loan payments are caught up and future payments are made standards in the normal course of business. The District should ensure that all related party agreements adhere to the same lending The District should develop an adequate

### District's Response

The Board has informed him to pay off in full if possible. Mike Cone has made two payments on the water conditioner. His balance is \$7,017.00.

### EXIT CONFERENCE JUNE 30, 2006

## Financial Statement Preparation

The accompanying financial statements were prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. However, the contents remain the responsibility of the District.

### Exit Conference

District Office including Ms. Dona Hamar, District Clerk, and Mr. Mike Cone, Board Vice Chairperson of the Roosevelt Soil and Water Conservation District. Representing the Office of the State Auditor was Natalie Cordova, Audit Supervisor. On May 28, 2008, an exit conference was conducted with representatives from the