STATE OF NEW MEXICO CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT June 30, 2009

De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC Certified Public Accountant Melrose, New Mexico

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

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Official Roster June 30, 2009

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Melvin Johnson Chairperson
Jim Grider Vice-Chairperson
Steve Harkey Secretary/Treasurer

Gray Gallacher Supervisor Jack Allen Davidson Supervisor

DISTRICT PERSONNEL

Cathy Perez Program Director

De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 223 Melrose, NM 88124

(575) 253-4313

Independent Auditor's Report

Mr. Hector Balderas
State Auditor of the State of New Mexico
Board Members of the CARRIZOZO SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Mr. Balderas and Members of the Board

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carrizozo Soil & Water Conservation District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in its financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for major governmental funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements and budgetary comparisons presented as supplemental information.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 24, 2009 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

De'Aun Willoughby CPA PC

November 24, 2009

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

ASSETS Current Assets	
Cash in Banks	\$ 134,336
Note Receivable	0
Total Current Assets	134,336
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	11,034
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,944)
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,090
Total Assets	143,426
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	499
Accrued Payroll	516
Total Current Liabilities	1,015
Total Liabilities	1,015
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets	9,090
Unrestricted	 133,321
Total Net Assets	\$ 142,411

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Government-Wide Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Program Expenses:		
Personnel Services	\$	21,617
Education		664
Board Expense		926
Travel & Per Diem		11,594
Professional Fees		3,850
Contract Labor		1,810
Dues & Subscriptions		2,135
Insurance & Bond		194
Advertising & Promotion		147
Annual Meeting		450
Office & Postage		520
Conservation Incentive		10,906
Depreciation		648
Miscellaneous		1,328
Total Program Expenses	_	56,789
Program Revenues		
Charge for Services		0
Donations		945
Total Program Revenues		945
General Revenues		
Property Taxes		40,523
State Allocation		28,351
Interest Income		1,209
Miscellaneous		16,158
		86,241
Change in Net Assets		30,397
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		112,014
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	142,411

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet June 30, 2009

	_	General Fund
ASSETS	Φ.	404.000
Cash and Cash Equivalents Note Receivable	\$	134,336 0
Total Assets	\$	134,336
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	499
Accrued Payroll	·	516
Total Liabilities	_	1,015
Fund Balances		
Unreserved Reported In:		
General Fund		133,321
Total Fund Balances	_	133,321
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	134,336

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Julie 30, 2003				
Amounts reported for governmare different because:	nental activities in the Statement of	Net Assets	3	
Total Fund Balance -	Governmental Funds		\$	133,321
•	in governmental activities are not reported as as as s.			
-	The cost of capital assets	\$	11,034	
	Accumulated depreciation is		(1,944)	9,090
Total net assets - gov	ernmental activities		\$	142,411
				

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	_	General Fund
Revenues	•	40 =00
Property Taxes	\$	40,523
State Allocation		28,351
Interest Income		1,209
Donations		945
Miscellaneous	_	16,158
Total Revenues	_	87,186
Expenditures		
Current		
Personnel Services		21,617
Education		664
Board Expense		926
Travel & Per Diem		11,594
Professional Fees		3,850
Contract Labor		1,810
Dues & Subscriptions		2,135
Insurance & Bond		194
Advertising & Promotion		147
Annual Meeting		450
Office & Postage		520
Conservation Incentive		10,906
Miscellaneous		1,328
Total Expenditures		56,141
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over Expenditures		31,045
Over Experiences		31,043
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	102,274
Fund Balance End of Year	\$_	133,319

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds	\$	31,045
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.		
Depreciation expense \$ Capital Outlays	(648)	(648)
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$_	30,397

CARRIZOZO SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -General Fund Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final		Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variances Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
Revenues				_		
Property Taxes	\$	26,000 \$	26,000	\$	40,523 \$	14,523
State Allocation		11,000	11,000		10,751	(249)
District Loan Program		500	500		500) O
Interest Income		2,957	2,957		1,190	(1,767)
Donations		0	0		945	945
State Grant		0	0		17,600	17,600
Miscellaneous		11,500	11,500		16,160	4,660
Total Revenues	•	51,957	51,957	-	87,669	35,712
	•			-		
Expenditures						
Personnel Services		20,000	20,000		21,101	(1,101)
Education		2,500	2,500		664	1,836
Board Expense		1,000	1,000		926	74
Travel & Per Diem		5,000	5,000		11,094	(6,094)
Professional Fees		5,106	5,106		3,850	1,256
Contract Labor		0	0		1,810	(1,810)
Dues & Subscriptions		2,500	2,500		2,135	365
Insurance & Bond		300	300		194	106
Advertising & Promotion		750	750		147	603
Annual Meeting		1,200	1,200		450	750
Office & Postage		200	200		520	(320)
Conservation Incentive		18,000	18,000		10,906	7,094
Miscellaneous		9,200	9,200		1,329	7,871
Total Expenditures		65,756	65,756	-	55,126	10,630
Total Expolatation	•	00,100		-	00,120	10,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(13,799)	(13,799)		32,543	46,342
Over Experiences		(10,100)	(10,100)		02,010	10,012
Beginning Cash Balance		101,793	101,793		101,793	0
	•	,		_	<u> </u>	
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	87,994	87,994	\$	134,336 \$	46,342
	٠			-		
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAA Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Ov Net Change in Interest Receivable Net Change in Accounts Payables Net Change in Accrued Payroll	er E		sh Basis	\$	32,543 (481) (499)	
•	or ⊏	vnenditures-CA	AP Racic	¢-	(516) 31,047	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Ov	ei E	xperialitures-GA	AP Basis	\$_	31,047	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2009

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Carrizozo Soil and Water Conservation District (District) is organized under the provisions of the Soil and Water Conservation District Act (73-20-25 through 73-20-49 NMSA 1978). The District is a governmental subdivision of the state, a public body corporate and politic, organized for control and prevention of flood, sediment, and soil erosion damage, and to further the conservation, development and beneficial use of water and soil resources. The governing body of the District consists of five elected supervisors, four of whom must be landowners in the district. Tow additional supervisors may be appointed to the district board. The Board of Supervisors has chosen to not appoint the two additional supervisors. supervisors serve a term of three years and continue in office until a successor is elected or appointed.

The financial reporting entity as defined by GASB 14 consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations whose exclusion from the financial reporting entity would cause the financial statements to be misleading.

A primary government is any state government or general-purpose local government and the organizations comprising its legal entity. Although the District is organized as a subdivision of the State and administratively attached to the New Mexico State University, Department of Agriculture, the statutory powers of the District establish it as a primary government with a separate corporate and legal identity. The District has no component units, financially dependent affiliates, nor is it legally liable for actions of other agencies.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). To enhance the usefulness of the financial statements, the significant policies of the District are summarized below.

B. Government-Wide and Fund financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to significant extent on fees and charges for support. However, the District does not have any fiduciary or business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items' not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statement are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2009

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. for this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when at liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, if any are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity, if applicable, has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Net Assets and Fund Balance

Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consists of demand deposits.

Taxes Receivable

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien as of January 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments on November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. The taxes become delinquent thirty days after the due date. The taxes are collected by the Lincoln County Treasurer and are remitted to the District in the month following collection.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment (including software), farm equipment and furniture are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by state law as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. The total amounts spent for construction, if any, are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements. For donations, the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of acquisition. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2009

Property and equipment of the District is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Farm equipment 7 years
Off-road vehicle 5 years
Computer equipment 5 years

Accounts payable

The account payable as of the balance sheet date includes routine monthly bills for services rendered and products purchased which are paid in the following month.

Deferred Revenue

The District's share of Lincoln County's delinquent property taxes appears as property taxes receivable in both the statement of net assets and the governmental funds balance sheet. In the government-wide financial statements, this amount has been recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities. In the fund financial statements, the portion not collected within 60 days of the balance sheet is presented as deferred revenue.

Compensated Absences

The District does not offer and compensated absences.

Net Assets and Fund Balance

The difference between the District's assets and liabilities is its net assets. The District's net assets consist of four components — invested in capital assets, which is the cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, restricted for the benevolence fund, restricted for the loan program and unrestricted net assets. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation and/or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. A portion of the fund balance has been reserved for the loan program. The loan program resources have been classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Assets because their use is restricted by the lender.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The budget is prepared on a basis that differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP basis revenues and expenditures include accrued amounts. The revenues and expenditures reported in the budgetary comparisons are generally recorded on the cash basis. The District uses the following procedures to establish the budgeted amounts reflected in the budgetary comparisons:

- 1. Prior to April 1, the Budget Committee submits to the District Board of Supervisors a proposed revenue and expenditure budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1.
- 2. The Board reviews the budget proposal and makes any necessary adjustments.
- 3. Prior to June 1, the Board approves the budget by passing a resolution.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2009

4. Prior to June 20, the approved budget is submitted to the State of New Mexico, Department of Finance and Administration, Local Government Division (DFA-LGD) for approval by the first Monday of September. The Board receives notice of the approved budget.

The legal level at which actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted expenditures is at the total fund level. The Board can revise its budget with the approval of DFA-LGD. There were no changes made to the budget during the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the District.

B. Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Financial Statements

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - all Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- B. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year from GAAP basis to the budget basis for the governmental funds are presented on each individual Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis).

Reconciliations are located at the bottom of the budget actual.

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds

A. Cash and Investments

Cash and Investments Cash in Bank:

Wells Fargo		Bank	Reconciled
Account	Account	Balance	Balance
Name	Type	6/30/2009	6/30/2009
Carrizozo Soil & Water Conservation District	Checking \$	41,689	\$ 42,466
Carrizozo Soil & Water Conservation District	Checking	80,214	80,214
Carrizozo Soil & Water Conservation District	Savings	11,656	11,656
	Total	133,559	\$ 134,336
	Less: FDIC coverage	(133,559)	
	Amount uninsured \$	0	

The difference between the bank balance and the reconciled balance is outstanding deposits, outstanding checks and pending bank adjustments.

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2009, none of the Districts bank balances of \$133,559 were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2009

B. Capital Assets		Balance 6/30/08		Additions	Deletions		Balance 6/30/09
Capital Assets, being Depreciated							
Equipment	\$	11,036	\$	0	.\$	<u> </u> \$	11,036
Total Capital Assets, being							
Depreciated		11,036	_	0	(<u> </u>	11,036
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Equipment		1,296		648	()	1,944
Total Accumulated Depreciation		1,296		648	()	1,944
	\$	9,740	\$	(648)	\$	\$	9,092
Depreciation expense was charged	to gov	vernmental a	ctiviti	es as follows:	· ·		
Conservation						\$	648
Total depreciation expenses						\$	648

IV. Other Information

A. Employee Benefits

Plan Description. Substantially all of the District's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their gross salary. The District is required to contribute 7% for employees of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District started this benefit in October of 2007, The District's total contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2009 and 200 were \$2,627, and \$1,737 respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

B. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss due to torts, theft or damage of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District's supervisors and employees are covered by an errors and omissions liability policy purchased by the New Mexico State University, Department of Agriculture, to which the District is administratively attached. The limits for this policy are \$1,000,000 for each wrongful act and \$1,000,000 for the policy aggregated. The District is required to obtain a corporate fidelity bond on behalf of persons responsible for District assets. The District currently maintains a \$75,000 fidelity bond on its Program Director and Board of Supervisors. The District has not sustained any losses during the last several years and is not a defendant in any lawsuit.

	De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC	
_	Certified Public Accountant	P.O. Box 223 Melrose, NM 88124
		(505) 253-4313

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Mr. Hector Balderas
State Auditor of the State of New Mexico
Board Members of the CARRIZOZO SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

Mr. Balderas and Members of the Board

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds and the combining and individual funds presented as supplemental information of Carrizozo Soil & Water Conservation District, (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weakness. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of it's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the New Mexico State Legislature and its committees, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration - Local Government and federal awarding agencies and pass through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

November 24, 2009

De'lun Will oughby CPA PC

Findings and Responses June 30, 2009

Prior Year Audit Findings

<u>Status</u>

04-01 Past Due Low Interest Loan

Resolved

Current Year Audit Findings

There were no current year audit findings.

Financial Statement Preparation

The financial statements were prepared by De'Aun Willoughby CPA. However, they are the responsibility of management.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 24, 2009. Those present were Steve Harkey-Secretary/Treasurer, Barbie Roper-Program Director, and De'Aun Willoughby, CPA.