FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2012 and 2011

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

Prepared by

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C.
Certified Public Accountant
7520 Montgomery NE, Building E-17
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109

FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2012 and 2011

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OFFICIAL ROSTER

Executive Committee

| Member | Representative | Position | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Lordsburg | Jim Barentine | President | |
| Logan | Rick Hazen | Past President | |
| Dexter | Patricia Parsons | President Elect, Region VI | |
| Magdalena | Mike Chambers | Secretary, Region IV | |
| Mora | Thomas Garcia | Treasurer | |
| Gallup-McKinley | Ray Arsenault | Region I | |
| Pojoaque | Adan Delgado | Region II | |
| Mora | Thomas Garcia | Region III | |
| Magdalena | Mike Chambers | Region IV | |
| Dora | Steve Barron | Region V | |
| Dexter | Patricia Parsons | Region VI | |
| Tularosa | Brenda Vigil | Region VII | |
| Animas | Betsy Ward | Region VIII | |
| NM Coalition for | | | |
| Charter Schools | Mike Vigil | Ex-officio | |
| NM Association of | Dr. John Madden | Ex-officio | |
| Community Colleges | | | |
| NM Coalition of | Dr. Gloria Rendon | Ex-officio | |
| School Administrato | rs | | |
| NM School Board | Joe Guillen | Ex-officio | |
| Association | | | |
| NM Dept. of | Dr. Michael Morehe | ad | |
| Higher Education | | | |
| NM Public | | | |
| Education Dept. | Paul Aguilar | Ex-officio | |
| CES | David Chavez | Executive Director | |

KATHLEEN R. LANE, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Kathleen R. Lane, CPA
7520 Montgomery NE, Building E-17
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109
Phone: (505) 888-3792 • Fax: (505) 878-9030
E-mail: abglane@aol.com • Member AICPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors - Cooperative Educational Services And Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and budgetary comparisons of Cooperative Educational Services as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, which collectively comprise the Cooperative Educational Services' basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Cooperative Educational Services' management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Cooperative Educational Services as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the years then ended in

conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated September 10, 2012, on my consideration of Cooperative Educational Services' internal control over financial reporting and my test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, on pages four through nine, be presented to supplement the basic Such information, although part of the financial statements. statements, is required by the financial Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basis financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge I obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The additional schedule listed as "Supplemental Information" in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information

directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

fact Land CRT, P.C. Kathleen R. Lane, P.C.

September 10, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

This discussion and analysis of Cooperative Educational Services' (CES') financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. CES is the administering agency of the Restated and Amended Joint Powers Agreement to Establish an Educational Cooperative, which functions under the jurisdiction of the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. CES provides a wide variety of goods and services to its members through contracted vendors and CES' own staff.

Please read this document in conjunction with CES' basic financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This Annual Financial Report consists of multiple financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets, and the Statement of Cash Flows present information about the operation of CES as a whole while providing specific details about the financial condition of CES.

One of the most important and frequently asked questions about CES' financial condition is: "Is CES better off or worse off as a result of this year's operations?" The Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows report information in a way that answers, "Yes, CES is better off June 30, 2012 compared to June 30, 2011."

The Statement of Net Assets includes all assets and liabilities of CES using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector businesses.

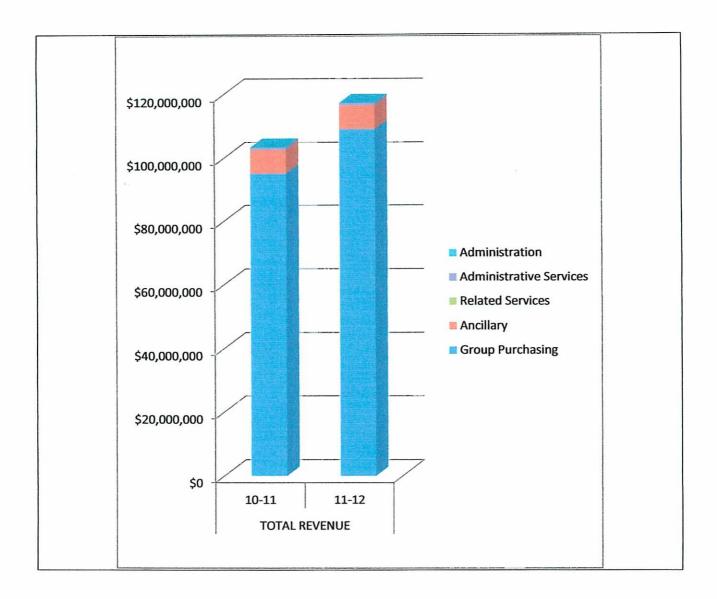
Likewise, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets reports all revenue and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting which accounts for all revenue and expenses regardless of when cash was actually received or expended. Any increase or decrease in net assets is an indicator of whether CES' financial position has improved or deteriorated. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets shows how well CES conducted its operations for the current fiscal year. Profit increases and loss decreases CES' net assets. These financial statements report CES' net assets and the change in them as a result of the current fiscal year's operations.

The **Statement of Cash Flows** is also an important document in determining the financial viability of CES. Cash flow is the life-blood of CES, or any entity, and this statement provides insight with regard to the inflows and outflows. This statement could signal an entity's effective cash management or forthcoming problems. A healthy entity should be "providing" cash from its operating activities.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

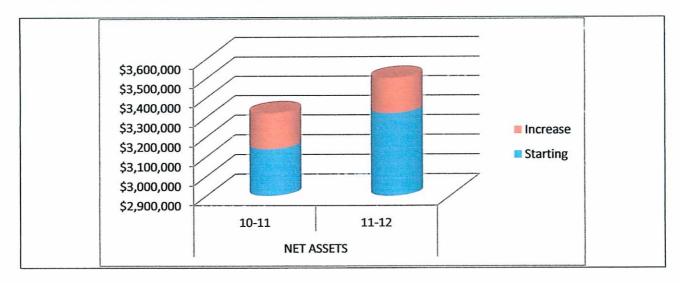
> CES' Total Revenues increased this fiscal year by \$13,807,615, when compared to last fiscal year, and totaled \$117,269,811 including non-operating revenue and net of Member Credit contra revenue. It represents a 13.3% increase over prior year's revenue and a 13.3% increase over original budgeted revenue of \$103,973,000.

TOTAL REVENUES COMPARISON 2010-2011 and 2011-2012



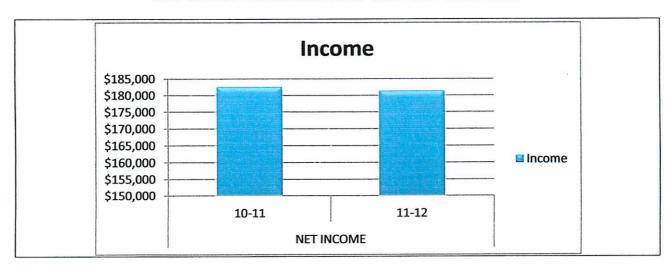
> CES' Fund Net Assets increased by \$181,358 as a result of this year's operations. This represents a 5.5% increase in Fund Net Assets. Total Fund Net Assets on June 30, 2012, are \$3,502,264.

FUND NET ASSETS COMPARISON 2010-2011 and 2011-2012



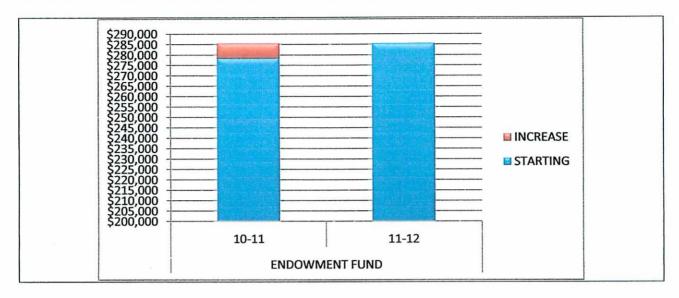
> CES' Change in Net Assets or Increase of Revenues over Expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, is \$181,358. This is \$1,153 less than last fiscal year's and represents a .6% decrease over last year's Change in Net Assets or Increase of Revenues over Expenses. The reason for CES' decreased profitability from last year is that CES issued \$100,000 in Member Credits. CES has not issued any Member Credits since 2008. Had CES not issued these credits, its Increase of Revenues over Expenses would be \$100,000 more.

NET INCOME COMPARISON 2010-2011 and 2011-2012



➤ In fiscal year 2000 - 2001 CES designated an internal Endowment Fund within its unrestricted Net Assets to insure the long-term financial stability of CES. Cash for this Fund is generated by certain designated activities of CES. The Endowment Fund did not increase and has a total of \$285,543 as of June 30, 2012. This amount is included in the Cash amount shown on the Statement of Net Assets. The reason the Endowment Fund did not increase is because the designated activities generating revenue have gone away.





> According to CES' Board Policy, any item costing \$5,000 or more and having a useful life of more than one year is added to Fixed Assets and depreciated over its useful life. Items costing less than \$5,000 are expensed. CES purchased new office furniture that added to its Fixed Assets. The furniture purchased totaled \$7,223. CES did not remove any Furniture and Equipment from its Fixed Assets. Although CES purchased \$26,111 of Ancillary testing materials and supplies, there were no Ancillary Fixed Assets purchased. There were no Ancillary Fixed Asset deletions. Taking these Ancillary Fixed Asset numbers at face value may give one the impression that CES is spending less on Ancillary items; however, that is not the case. In fact, CES has maintained its spending on Ancillary items, but the cost of these individual items is less than \$5,000 and is not added to Fixed Assets. The purchase of Ancillary items is shown as an expense in accordance with CES' Fixed Asset Policy.

CES did no major building improvement projects this fiscal year that had to be capitalized.

- ➤ Working Capital is the amount by which Current Assets exceed Current Liabilities. Stated differently, Working Capital is the amount of cash that would remain after all current assets were liquidated and all current liabilities were immediately paid. This provides an assessment of CES' ability to pay its obligations. As of June 30, 2012, CES' Working Capital is \$2,944,889; a \$217,597 increase over the June 30, 2011, Working Capital of \$2,727,292. This is an 8.0% increase in Working Capital and indicates a strong increase in the financial position for CES.
- > CES has no debt other than its current liabilities and long-term portion of compensated absences, which are more than offset by Cash and Accounts Receivable. CES has no long term portion of Compensated Absences. Current assets exceed current liabilities by \$2,944,889.

- ➤ The Current Ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is also an indicator of CES' ability to pay its obligations. A Current Ratio greater than 1 to 1 means that the entity can pay all current obligations from its current assets and have a residual of assets. CES' Current Ratio, as of June 30, 2012, is 1.19:1.00, assets over liabilities. This is a 7.8% decrease over last year's Current Ratio of 1.29:1.00. The Current Ratio indicates a healthy financial position.
- > CES' Total Revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, are \$117,269,811. \$100,000 in Member Credits was issued this fiscal year per the Executive Committee directive. CES' Operating Revenues were \$117,255,415 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. CES experienced an increase in revenue as a result of providing a greater amount of construction services in the Group Purchasing Procurement area. The cooperative procurement area that showed the most significant revenue increase was CES' Group Purchasing Procurement program, with an increase of \$14,007,899. This accounted for 100% of CES' increase in revenue. Unfortunately, some of CES' other programs experienced decreases in revenue resulting in a \$13,807,615 increase in overall revenue. CES' interest income decreased \$985 to a total for the year of \$14,396, which is 6.4% less than that for fiscal year 2010-2011. The decrease is due to the falling interest rates caused by the economic conditions existing throughout the fiscal year.
- ➤ Factors affecting CES' profit in fiscal year 2011-2012 are discussed in this paragraph. CES' Group Purchasing area experienced a \$14,007,899 increase in revenue, which means that CES' profit was increased by the 1% administrative fee CES receives from Procurement amounting to a \$140,079 increase. The Procurement area of Group Purchasing had a 16.4% increase in revenue and CES' Food Program, which is part of Group Purchasing, had a 6.7% increase in revenue. CES experienced an increase in Administrative Services revenue adding \$7,769 to gross revenue. Another factor affecting CES' profitability was the issuance of Member Credits in the amount of \$100,000. These are the first Member Credits issued since 2008 and are \$20,000 greater than issued previously. Other expense and cash management factors also contributed to CES' net profit. Despite the unfavorable economic conditions, CES did have a net profit for fiscal year 2011-2012 of \$181,358.
- > Other areas in which CES offers services to its members include filing of Medicaid in the schools' reimbursements, participation in the supplemental benefits program and on-line purchasing by its members where they can purchase directly from selected CES vendors. These programs allow CES' members to deal directly with selected vendors apart from the customary procurement process. In these instances, CES does not process the transactions through its financial system. Rather, members pay the vendors directly and CES is rebated its administrative fee from the selected vendors involved in these programs. The resultant Enabled Revenue, as CES refers to it, for these programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was approximately \$22.9 million. This is an increase of \$3 million (15.1%) over last year's Enabled Revenue of \$19.9 million. The Enabled Revenue amount is not reflected anywhere in CES' financial reports; however, the administrative fees CES received are included in CES' financial statements presented here.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

- ightharpoonup CES is the administering agency for the Restated and Amended Joint Powers Agreement to Establish an Educational Cooperative and receives no state or federal governmental funding. CES' only sources of revenue result from one time new member fees, interest on its deposits, an administrative fee amount included in the hourly ancillary rate charged, an administrative amount included in Cadre billing, profit from In-service events and the assessment of a 1% administrative fee to its Members and Participating Entities that is imbedded in the amount quoted by CES' vendors for procured services, construction and items of tangible personal property. CES is a purely entrepreneurial agency with the special purpose of providing cooperative procurement, ancillary staff, administrative support and related services to its members. Its budget is for planning purposes and does not carry the force of law. From a financial perspective, CES acts like a buyer and reseller of goods and services for its members. CES utilizes full accrual, enterprise accounting for its operations.
- > CES' management has no knowledge of any factors, actual or contingent, that will have any effect on the financial position or results of operations of CES for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

INFRASTRUCTURE

> CES has no infrastructure.

This Annual Financial Report is designed to give readers a general overview of CES' finances and show CES' accountability for its activities. If there are any questions about this report or additional information is needed, contact CES' office at 4216 Balloon Park Road NE, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS At June 30, 2012 and 2011

| Assets: | 2012 | 2011 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current Assets: Cash (Note 5) \$ Accounts receivable, trade Receivable - other Total current assets | 2,859,417 15,316,090 1,100 18,176,607 | \$ 396,203 11,781,609 - 12,177,812 |
| Net Property and Equipment (Note 2) | 557,375 | 596,654 |
| Total assets \$ | 18,733,982 | \$ <u>12,774,466</u> |
| Liabilities and Net Assets: | | |
| Accrued payroll and other benefits Deferred revenue Member credit liability (Note 6) Compensated absences (Note 8) Total current liabilities | 14,699,339 344,810 51,254 100,000 36,315 15,231,718 | \$ 9,203,716 156,718 53,357 - 36,729 9,450,520 |
| Long-term Liabilities: Compensated absences (Note 8) Total long-term liabilities | | 3,040 |
| Total liabilities | 15,231,718 | 9,453,560 |
| <pre>Net Assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Total net assets Total liabilities and net assets\$</pre> | 557,375 2,944,889 3,502,264 18,733,982 | 596,654 2,724,252 3,320,906 \$ 12,774,466 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

| | | <u>2012</u> | | 2011 |
|---------------------------------------|----|-------------|----|----------------|
| Operating revenues: | ^ | 672 420 | ć | 665 670 |
| Administrative services | \$ | 673,439 | \$ | 665,670 |
| Group purchasing | | 109,208,089 | | 95,200,190 |
| Ancillary services | | 7,414,406 | | 7,531,531 |
| Related services | | 50,680 | | 42,453 |
| Administration | | 8,801 | | 6,971 |
| Adjustment for member credit (Note 6) | | (100,000) | | - |
| Total operating revenues | | 117,255,415 | | 103,446,815 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of goods sold | | 600 045 | | 502 442 |
| Administrative services | | 609,845 | | 593,443 |
| Group purchasing | | 108,486,556 | | 94,707,756 |
| Ancillary services | | 6,947,126 | | 7,056,557 |
| Related services | | 75,815 | | 82,215 |
| Total cost of goods sold | | 116,119,342 | | 102,439,971 |
| Gross profit | | 1,136,073 | | 1,006,844 |
| Administration expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | | 453,529 | | 411,784 |
| Travel and member expense | | 2,833 | | 1,352 |
| Payroll taxes | | 35,800 | | 34,358 |
| Retirement | | 44,481 | | 36,206 |
| Insurance | | 78,841 | | 73,209 |
| Advertising | | 7,303 | | 5 , 372 |
| Board and meeting costs | | 10,147 | | 21,549 |
| Postage and freight | | 1,294 | | 2,058 |
| Telephone | | 12,831 | | 14,154 |
| Copier expense | | 2,083 | | 2,429 |
| Printing | | 637 | | _ |
| Facilities and repairs | | 65,048 | | 27,268 |
| Depreciation | | 46,502 | | 76,073 |
| General materials and supplies | | 54,640 | | 69,079 |
| Contract services | | 68,986 | | 28,824 |
| Small equipment | | 41,452 | | 11,340 |
| Legal/accounting services | | 42,704 | | 24,659 |
| Total expenses | | 969,111 | | 839,714 |
| Operating profit/(loss) | | 166,962 | | 167,130 |
| Non-operating revenues: | | | | |
| Interest income | | 14,396 | | 15,381 |
| Total non-operating revenues | | 14,396 | | 15,381 |
| Change in net assets | | 181,358 | | 182,511 |
| Net assets, beginning of year | | 3,320,906 | | 3,138,395 |
| | | | | |
| Net assets, end of year | Ş | 3,502,264 | Þ | 3,320,306 |

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

| | 2012 | <u>2011</u> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from members | 3 113,818,831 | \$ 102,907,484 |
| Less: Cash payment to or for suppliers Cash payment to or for employees | 103,437,754 7,925,036 111,362,790 | 7,098,915 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | 2,456,041 | (1,697,586) |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing active Interest income Purchase of improvements and equipment | vities: 14,396 (7,223) | |
| Net cash (used) provided by capital and related financing activities | 7,173 | (14,938) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent | ts 2,463,214 | (1,712,524) |
| Cash and cash equivalent, beginning of year | 396,203 | 2,108,727 |
| Cash and cash equivalent, ending of year | \$ <u>2,859,417</u> | \$ 396,203 |

Reconciliation of operating income to cash provided (used) by operating activities:

| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 166,962 | \$ 167,130 |
|------------------------------|----|-------------|-------------|
| Depreciation expense | | 46,502 | 76,073 |
| Decrease (increase) in: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | (3,535,581) | (590,503) |
| Prepaid expenses | | - | 4,878 |
| Increase (decrease) in: | | | |
| Deferred revenue | | (2,103) | 51,172 |
| Accounts payable | | 5,495,623 | (1,366,848) |
| Accrued payroll and expenses | | 188,092 | (6,401) |
| Member credit liabilities | | 100,000 | |
| Compensated absences | | (3, 454) | (33,087) |
| | ^ | 0 450 041 0 | /1 607 E06\ |

Net cash provided (used) by operating activities $\frac{2,456,041}{(1,697,586)}$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies:

Organization/Joint Power Agreement

Cooperative Educational Services (CES) was formed in December 1986, by member school districts by entering Joint Powers Agreement to Establish Educational Cooperative, as approved by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA). August 1999, DFA approved an amendment permitting any public educational institution to become a party to the Agreement. As of June 30, 2012, there were 205 members, which included public schools, universities, community colleges, vocational schools, Bureau Indian Affairs schools, public state schools, charter schools. CES provides a wide range educational services including state-wide supplemental insurance programs, cooperative purchasing, ancillary services (occupational therapists, physical therapists, speech and language pathologists, educational diagnosticians, recreational therapists, rehabilitation counselor, mobility and orientation trainer, psychologists), and general consulting. The Board of Directors consists of the executive officers of the member institutions.

CES now allows cities, counties and other Local Public Bodies to purchase off its contracts. These entities are referred to as Participating Entities by CES. Unlike members, Participating Entities are not a party to the Joint Powers Agreement and have no governing or financial interests in CES. As of June 30, 2012, there were 107 participating Entities registered with CES.

CES' financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible to establish GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies: (continued)

Organization (continued)

follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable), that does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. CES applies all applicable FASB pronouncements including those which were issued after November 30, 1989, in accounting and reporting. The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by CES are discussed below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity as defined by GASB 14 consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the entity's financial statements to be reporting This definition of misleading or incomplete. the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability as the cornerstone of all reporting in governments.

A primary government is any state or general-purpose local government consisting of all the organizations entity. All legal make up its organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and are, legally separate offices that are not reporting purposes, part of the primary financial government. The CES is a local government unit and is the primary government for the financial presentation.

CES does not have any component units during the year ended June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies: (continued)

Basis of Presentation

CES operations are accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business. Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third-party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, recovered with fees and charges, or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to They are accounted for on the recover similar costs. flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Implementation of GASB 34

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.

CES implemented GASB Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) in the year 2001. The purpose of the new financial reporting model is to provide more understandable and useful financial reports to a wider range of users than the previous model. GASB 34 requires governments to present certain basic financial statements as well as a Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), certain other required supplementary information (RSI), the enterprise fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies: (continued)

Implementation of GASB 34 (continued)

The enterprise fund financial statements include the statement of net assets, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets, and the statement of cash flows were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB statement No. 33. CES has no non-exchange transactions in the current year.

Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets - net of related debt, are capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by external restrictions by other governments, creditors, or grantors.

Accounts Receivable - Trade

Management believes that all accounts receivable are collectible. Therefore, there is no reserve for uncollectible accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies: (continued)

Property and Equipment

has established its capitalization policy at CES Items with a cost of less than \$5,000 are \$5,000. expensed in the year of acquisition. Repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to operations when incurred and major improvements and replacements are If construction is financed, interest capitalized. during construction is capitalized. CES records assets (such as, furniture and equipments including software, improvements, land, and ancillary building and equipment) purchased at cost or, if contributed, at fair market value at date of donation.

CES is capitalizing and depreciating computer software developed for internal use in compliance with AICPA Statement of Position 98-1. Straight-line depreciation is provided over the estimated lives of the assets.

For depreciation purposes, the CES has identified the following classes of assets and estimated useful lives.

| | Estimated |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Asset Description | <u>Useful Life</u> |
| Furniture, Equipment, | 3-8 Year |
| and Software | |
| Building and Improvements | 10-40 Year |
| Ancillary Equipment | 3-8 Year |

Deferred Revenue

CES receives money from members for services and products prior to the member being invoiced. Funds are held until the member receives the full performance on the contract.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies: (continued)

Income Taxes

CES is exempt from filing tax returns based on the New Mexico Attorney General's determination that CES is a governmental entity.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

CES considers all short-term securities purchased with maturity of three months or less and not held in trust to be cash equivalents.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Interest income is reported as non-operating revenues.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: Organization and summary of significant accounting policies: (continued)

Budget

CES prepares a budget for internal use, but is not required to provide a legally adopted budget with a government agency in New Mexico.

Encumbrances

CES does not use encumbrance accounting.

Revenues

Revenues directly related to the operation are recorded as operating revenues.

Compensated Absences Payable

Compensated Absences is reported in Government Wide financial statements as an expense; current and long-term liabilities. In accordance with the provisions of Statement No. 6 of the Government Accounting Standards Board, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 2: Property and Equipment

| | | June 30, 2011 | Additions | Deletions | June 30, 2012 |
|--------------------------------|----|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Land | \$ | 152,000 | \$ | \$\$ | 152,000 |
| Depreciable assets | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 681,384 | | | 681,384 |
| Furniture and equipment | | 460,936 | 7,223 | | 468,159 |
| Ancillary equipment | | 9,398 | | | 9,398 |
| Total depreciable assets | | 1,151,718 | 7,223 | | 1,158,941 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | ı | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 307,825 | | 24,726 | 332,551 |
| Furniture and equipment | | 389,841 | | 21,776 | 411,617 |
| Ancillary equipment | | 9,398 | | | <u>9,398</u> |
| Total accumulated | | | | | |
| depreciation | | 707,064 | | 46,502 | 753,566 |
| Net property and equipment | \$ | <u>596,654</u> | \$ <u>7,223</u> | \$ <u>46,502</u> \$ | 557,375 |

Depreciation expense was \$46,502 and \$76,073 for the year ending June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Note 3: Pension Plan

All employees are eligible to participate in an IRS Section 403(b) and/or 457(b) pension plan, sponsored by CES and administered by outside investment companies. CES contributes up to 1.56962 percent of employee's contribution of 7.9 percent, the maximum amount matched by CES, of annual salary for non-ancillary full-time employees.

CES' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 were \$97,129 and \$96,484, respectively.

Note 4: Cafeteria Plan

CES provides an IRS Section 125 cafeteria plan wherein certain employee deductions are before taxes. CES has no cost other than bookkeeping for administering the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with Section 6-10-17, NMSA 1978 Compilation, bank deposits of public monies are required to be collateralized. Pledged collateral is required in amounts in aggregate to equal one half of the amount of uninsured public money in each account during the fiscal year CES does not have uninsured balance.

Securities which are obligations of the state of New Mexico, its agencies, institutions, counties, or municipalities or other subdivisions are accepted at par value; all other securities are accepted at market value. No security is required for the deposit of public money that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or the National Credit Union Administration.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, CES' deposits may not be returned to it. CES' deposit policy is to collateralize one-half of the uninsured public money in each account. As of June 30, 2012, \$0 of CES' bank balance of \$6,247,100 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the government's deposits may not be returned to it in the event of a bank failure.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

CES' bank balance was collateralized in compliance with state of New Mexico requirements as follows:

| Name of depository | Account name | Type of account | Bank balance as of 6/30/12 | Reconciled balance as of 6/30/12 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Bank of America Less: FDIC insura Uninsured public | nce | Checking | \$ 6,247,100 250,000 5,997,100 | \$ <u>2,859,217</u> |
| Pledged collatera bank's trust de Over insured | partment in a | gency's name | \$\frac{5,810,363}{186,737} | |
| 50% collateral re (Section 6-10-1 Total pledged col Pledged collatera | 7 NMSA 1978) lateral | requirement | 2,998,550 5,810,363 (<u>2,811,813</u>) | |

<u>Pledged securities</u> - Held in the name of Cooperative Educational Services

| Held by | CUSIP # | Par Value | Market Value | Maturity Date | <u>Rate</u> |
|------------------------------------------|------------------|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31384WLN8\$ | 1,000 | \$ 12 | 05/01/31 | 6.5% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31385нQD7 | 55,665 | 285 | 05/01/31 | 8.5% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31389VZ75 | 22,076,959 | 522,510 | 05/01/17 | 6.0% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31391J6Z8 | 6,407,248 | 649,256 | 11/01/17 | 5.0% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31391Y3N5 | 6,097,896 | 514,489 | 02/01/18 | 5.0% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31410GZC0 | 1,910,538 | 676,585 | 03/01/37 | 5.5% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31419GB94 | 2,239,613 | 1,764,791 | 10/01/40 | 4.00% |
| Federal National Mort Adjustable Rate | 31391YX28 MBS | 300,496 | 67,896 | 02/01/29 | 3.405% |
| Federal National Mort Backed Security | 31419J5M1 | 422,106 | 356,147 | 11/01/40 | 4.0% |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 5: Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

<u>Pledged securities</u> - Held in the name of Cooperative Educational Services (continued)

| Held by | CUSIP # | Par Value | Market Value | Maturity Date | Rate |
|---------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|--------|
| | | | | | |
| Federal National Adjustable Rate MBS | 31391YXX0 | 9,882 | 2,466 | 03/01/37 | 3.419% |
| Federal National Adjustable Rate MBS | 31391YXY8 | 1,000 | 266 | 10/01/35 | 3.422% |
| Federal National Adjustable Rate MBS | 31391YXZ5 | 4,299,616 | 1,097,350 | 08/01/37 | 3.351% |
| GNMA II Single Family Loan Pool 15-30 yr. | 36202FE85 | 1,000 | 654 | 03/20/40 | 5.50% |
| GNMA I Single Family Loan Pool 15-30 yr. | 36230UCZ0 | 150,229 | 157,656 | 01/15/41 | 4.0% |
| Total collateral | | | 5,810,363 | | |
| Over collateralized | | | \$ <u>2,811,813</u> | | |
| Reconciled cash in ba | ink | | \$ 2 | 2,859,217 | |
| Petty cash Total cash | | | \$ - | 200 2,859,417 | |
| TOTAL CASH | | | ¥ ≦ | ., | |

Note 6: Member Credit Liabilities

At June 30, 2012, \$100,000 in member credits were given out which could be used against the members' purchases in the years 2012-2013.

Note 7: Risk Management

CES is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries; illnesses and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 8: Change in Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists only of compensated absences payable:

| Balance at July 1, 2011 | \$ 39,769 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Leave accrued | 85,559 |
| Leave used | (89,013) |
| Balance at June 30, 2012 | 36,315 |
| Less: Due within one year | (<u>36, 315</u>) |
| Long-term debt | \$0 |

Note 9: Operating Lease

CES has a multi-year equipment lease with Pitney Bowes. During the year \$1,644 was paid on the lease. Operating lease due over next five years:

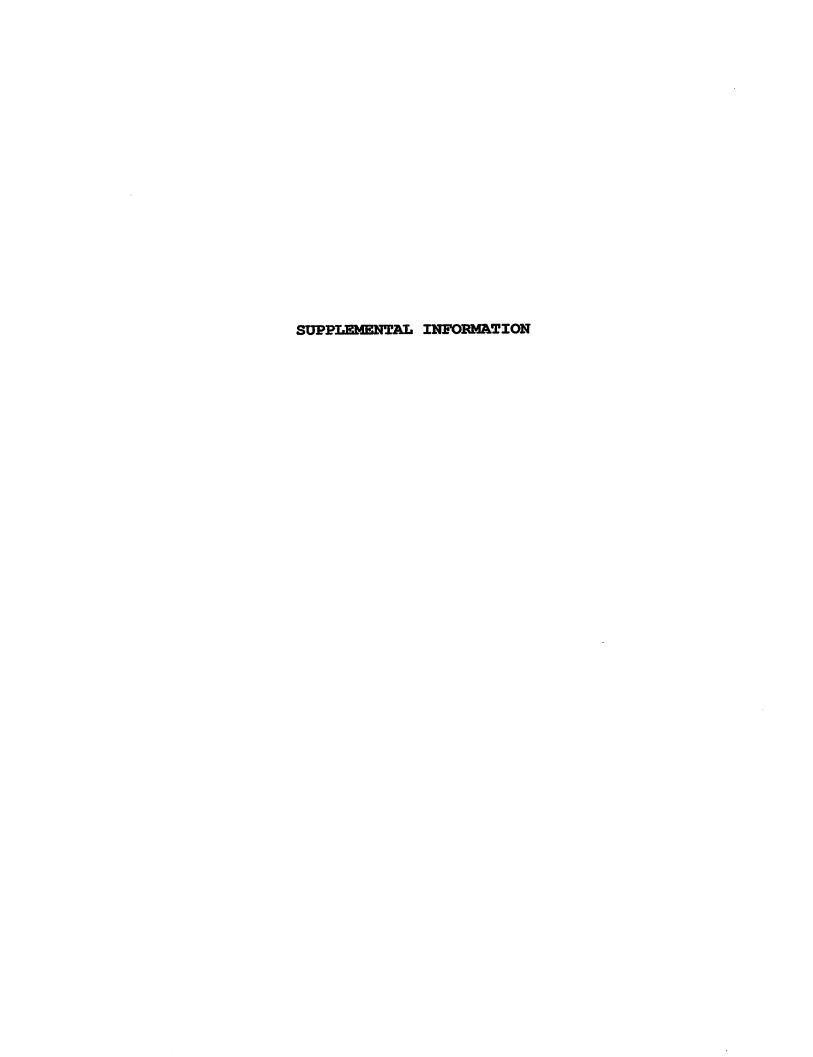
| June | 30, | 2013 | \$ 1,644 |
|------|-----|------|-------------|
| | • | 2014 | 1,096 |
| | • | | \$ 2,740 |

Note 10: Contingencies

A claim has been filed with Equal Employment Opportunities Commission (EEOC) by a former employee of CES. The matter is still under investigation by EEOC. It is not possible to predict the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome or potential scope of monetary loss in the event of an adverse result.

Note 11: Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through September 10, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSE BUDGET VERSUS ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

| | <u>Budget</u> Original | Amount Final | Actual Amount | Variance Favorable (Unfavorable) |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Revenue | | | | |
| Administrative | | | | |
| services | \$ 617,000 \$ | | \$ 673,439 | \$ (18,747) |
| Group purchasing | 94,802,000 | 106,462,976 | 109,208,089 | 2,745,113 |
| Ancillary services | 8,225,000 | 8,225,000 | 7,414,406 | (810,594) |
| Related services | 49,000 | 49,000 | 50,680 | 1,680 |
| Administration | 4,000 | 4,000 | 8,801 | 4,801 |
| Member credit | | | (100,000) | |
| Interest income | 16,000 | 16,000 | 14,396 | (1,604) |
| Total Revenue | 103,713,000 | 115,449,162 | 117,269,811 | 1,820,649 |
| Expenses | | | | |
| Administrative service | s 617,000 | 692,186 | 609,845 | 82,341 |
| Group purchasing | 94,802,000 | 106,462,976 | 108,486,556 | (2,023,580) |
| Ancillary services | 8,225,000 | 8,225,000 | 6,947,126 | 1,277,874 |
| Related services | 49,000 | 49,000 | 75,815 | (26,815) |
| Administrative expense | 20,000 | 20,000 | 969,111 | (949,111) |
| Total Expense | 103,713,000 | 115,449,162 | 117,088,453 | (1,639,291) |
| Excess of Revenue Over | | | | |
| (Under) Expenditures | | | 181,358 | 181,358 |
| Net Change in | | | | |
| Fund Balance | | | 181,358 | <u>181,358</u> |
| Fund Balance - | | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 3,320,906 | 3,320,906 | 3,320,906 | |
| Fund Balance - | | | | |
| | 3,320,906\$ | 3,320,906\$ | 3,502,264 | |
| | | | | |

KATHLEEN R. LANE, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Kathleen R. Lane, CPA
7520 Montgomery NE, Building E-17
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109
Phone: (505) 888-3792 • Fax: (505) 878-9030
E-mail: abglane@aol.com • Member AICAP

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors
Cooperative Educational Services
And
Mr. Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor

I have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and the budgetary comparisons of Cooperative Educational Services (CES) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, and have issued my report thereon dated September 10, 2012. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Cooperative Educational Services is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing my audit, I considered CES' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Cooperative Educational Service's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cooperative Educational Service's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of CES' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether CES' financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the executive committee, management, others within the organization, New Mexico State Auditor's Office, New Mexico Legislation and its committees and the New Mexico Public Education Department and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

fark far CRF P.C. Kathleen R. Lane, P.C.

September 10, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS June 30, 2012

Section 1 - Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's report Issued

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:
Significant deficiencies identified?

Significant deficiencies in internal
control that are not considered
to be material weaknesses?

Unqualified

Yes

X
No

Federal Awards

Cooperative Educational Services does not receive any federal money

Prior Year Findings

None

Current Years Findings

None

EXIT CONFERENCE June 30, 2012

Financial Statement Preparation

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C. prepared the accompanying financial statements based on the information provided by the agency, however, the financial statements are the responsibility of management.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on September 12, 2012, and attended by the following:

Finance Committee

Patricia Parsons, President Mike Chambers, Member

CES Personnel

David Chavez, Executive Director Robin D. Strauser, Deputy Executive Director Joe Valencia, Finance Manager Jonathan Maple, Director Of Technology

Kathleen R. Lane, P.C. Personnel

Kathleen R. Lane, Audit Partner