STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2018



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS OFFICIAL ROSTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Name	Sebeel Deerd	Title
Stephanie Vicenti	School Board	President
Willard Zunie		Vice President
Masika Sweetwyne		Secretary
Jerome Haskie		Member
Anthony Lucio		Member
Daniel Benavidez	District Officials	Superintendent
Martin Romine		Director of Finance
Caroline Ukestine		Director of Federal Programs
Robin Dishman		Director of Special Education
Tammie Gerrard		Director of Human Resources
Randy Stickney		Curriculum Director

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget And the Board of Education of Zuni Public Schools Zuni, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Zuni Public Schools, (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, and accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 13 and Schedules I through IV and notes to the required supplementary information on pages 61 through 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the District's financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and other supplemental information required by 2.2.2 NMAC, Schedules V through VIII are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Schedules V through VIII on pages 91 through 97 required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Schedules V through VIII required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section on pages 1 through 3 and the Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings on pages 117 through 119 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Janning accounting and consulting Services, LC

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC Kirtland, New Mexico October 10, 2018 Daniel Benavidez, Superintendent

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018

This Management Discussion and Analysis of the fiscal performance of the ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS (District) for the period ending June 30, 2018 represents the District's eleventh year implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34). This is the fourteenth year implementation of the GASB 34 rules, the reader will be able to make comparisons.

This discussion and analysis provides a review of the District's overall financial activities, using the accrual basis of accounting, for the year ending June 30, 2018. Fund Financial Statements are reported on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Rather than looking at specific areas of performance, this discussion and analysis focuses on the financial performance of the District as a whole. Whenever possible, this discussion and analysis will provide the reader multi-year pictures of financial performance and other pertinent information through the use of tables and other graphical information.

In addition to the new reporting, this annual report consists of a series of detailed, audited financial statements and the notes to those statements. Also included is the <u>Independent Auditor's Report</u>, <u>The Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance on Internal Control (Governmental Accounting Standards)</u>, and a schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. These statements and information were included in past audit reports.

About ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS

To completely understand the financial discussion of ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS, it is important to understand the nature of the District.

For parents choosing a public education for their children, Zuni Public Schools offer pre-school, full day Kindergarten, elementary, and secondary education for approximately 1,300 students at the present time. After a number of years of declining enrollment, the district enrollment has stabilized and is showing signs of future growth.

The Zuni Public School District is located approximately 160 miles west of Albuquerque, New Mexico. Zuni Public Schools is one of the largest employers in our community. During the past few years, our enrollment has hovered just under 1,300 students approximately equal in gender distribution. Our students are virtually 100% Native American as the school district encompasses the Zuni Indian Reservation.

This goal of our school district is to provide safe, quality educational opportunities to all students to empower them to become all that they can be. The mission of the Zuni Public School District is:

"The district and community shall work together to create a thoughtful and nurturing environment that meets the needs of all students in traditional and contemporary cultures." Given this mission statement from the Board, and with the guidance of the New Mexico Public Education Department (PED), with their expectations outlined in the Standards for Excellence, and through varied input from district administration, teachers, and parents; ZPSD established the goal of increasing student proficiency by varying degrees based on grade level and encouraging and improving parental involvement at all grade levels. Our focus areas are defined in the district's Educational Plan for Students Success.

Significant Financial Highlights for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

- The district has implemented the new financial reporting and processes as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. The implementation includes both the current year reporting of depreciation on Capital Assets and accumulated depreciation to date.
- As part of the implementation of GASB 34 requirements, accumulated depreciation of \$31,749,153 as of June 30, 2017 increased to \$32,068,856 ending accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, for a difference totaling \$319,703. Capital Asset values decreased by \$917,877 which included \$1,244,345 in additions and adjustments and \$2,162,222 in dispositions.
- The overall adjusted Fund Balance increased from \$2,518,216 for the year ending June 30, 2017 to \$3,757,921 for the year ending June 30, 2018. This represents an increase in the fund balance of \$1,239,705.
- Total revenues decreased from \$20,907,564 for the year ending June 30, 2017 to \$20,861,285 in the year ending June 30, 2018. This change is a decrease of \$46,279 reflecting an overall revenue decrease of less than 1%. The revenue decreased mainly due to decreases in award amounts from various federally funded grants.
- Total expenditures decreased from \$21,166,987 for the year ending June 30, 2017 to \$19,582,287 for the year ending June 30, 2018. The decrease in expenditures equates to \$1,584,700 or 7.5%. The district expenditures decreased due to decreased federal grant awards and a district wide effort to increase cash balances to a higher level of financial security as a means to provide the district with greater financial stability.
- The district has fully implemented GASB 75 and has recorded in the Statement of Net Position the Net Position including Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities. The 2017 net pension liability of \$27,533,555 increased to a net pension and OPEB liabilities total of \$51,277,539 for an increase of 86.24%.

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

This is the eleventh year of implementation for the GASB 34 Statement of Net Assets. The ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS has utilized the accrual method of accounting. This statement shows that the District has total noncurrent assets of \$43,605,407. The District has \$2,560,173 cash and cash equivalents on hand as of June 30, 2018 compared to \$1,324,000 in accounts payable and other current liabilities.

Assets	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Cash Assets	\$ 1,991,392	\$ 2,560,173
Other Current Assets	716,720	1,163,400
Restricted Cash and Capital Assets	76,324,978	75,674,263
Construction in Progress	336,809	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(31,749,153)	(32,068,856)
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Subsequent employer contributions and related		
deferred outflows - pensions and OPEB	5,512,105	14,519,132
·	,	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		
of Resources	53,132,851	61,848,112
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	433,667	233,643
Other Current Liabilities	1,097,601	1,090,357
Long Term Liabilities	6,120,000	5,645,000
Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities	27,533,555	51,277,539
Total Liabilities	35,184,823	58,246,539
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Change in Actuarial and Investment Experience		
and change in proportion and assumptions -		
Pensions and OPEB	649,091	4,235,223
		, , -
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets	37,563,941	36,791,361
Restricted	1,876,769	1,766,053
Unrestricted	(22,141,773)	(39,191,064)
Total Net Position	17,298,937	(633,650)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	¢ 53.433.554	¢
Resources and Net Position	\$ 53,132,851	\$ 61,848,112

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS financial statements, prior years' information is included. The Management Discussion and Analysis has included two years of information in the presentation of this table.

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GASB 34 rules now require public entities to depreciate capital assets. The District utilized a "straight line" depreciation method in all cases and standardized lifetime tables in calculating this depreciation.

GASB 68, 71, and 75 rules now require public entities to report their net pension and OPEB liabilities. Compliance with these new rules resulted in an increase in the Deferred Outflows of Resources in the amount \$9,007,027 or an increase of 263%. Also required by this change was

a restatement of Net Position. The beginning Net Position for June 2018 decreased from \$17,298,937 to \$4,334,210 due to a restatement to the beginning Net Position of \$12,964,727 with the implementation of GASB 75. The result of operations and the implementation of GASB 75 resulted in a further reduction in Net Position to (\$633,650) as of June 30, 2018.

Statement of Activities

The <u>Statement of Governmental Activities</u> is a statement required by GASB 34 and is prepared using the accrual method of accounting. This report compliments the <u>Statement of Net Position</u> by showing the overall change in the District's net position for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. As of June 30, 2017 the District had a Restated Net Position of \$4,334,210. The Net Position as of June 30, 2018 is \$(633,650) or a decrease of \$4,967,860.

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Expenses for Governmental Activities	\$ (22,021,748)	\$ (25,651,043)
Charges for Services	543,739	557,294
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,651,632	4,236,779
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,000,424	581,714
Net (Expenses)Revenues and Changes in Assets	(14,825,953)	(20,275,256)
Tayor, Conoral Debte Service, Capital Projects	E 720	4 0 4 4
Taxes- General, Debtr Service, Capital Projects	5,738	4,944
Federal and State Aid not restricted to specific purposes	13,461,498	14,938,169
Interest Earned	2,440	6,392
Gain on Disposla of Fixed Assets	224.266	207 404
Miscellaneous	224,366	397,184
Reversions to State and Other Grantees	(157,347)	(39,293)
Subtotal, General Revenues	13,536,695	15,307,396
Changes in Net Position	(1,289,258)	(4,967,860)
Restated Net Position - Beginning of Year	18,607,810	17,298,937
Restatement - Change in Accounting Principle	(19,615)	(12,964,727)
Net Position Beginning - Restated	18,588,195	4,334,210
Net Position - Ending	\$ 17,298,937	\$ (633,650)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Fund financial statements are based on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The <u>Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances</u>, is *not* new to the District's annual financial reports. This report guides the reader to a meaningful overall view for the District revenue, expenditures and changes to the fund balance. Total revenues from state, local and federal sources were \$20,861,285. Total expenditures for the District were 19,582,287. The total ending fund balance was \$3,757,921 an increase of \$1,239,705 from the prior year. The decrease in revenues is due to decreased federal revenue and the decreases in expenditures are

due to the decreased revenues as well as a concerted effort by the district to eliminate unnecessary expenditures and better utilize the funds available.

Multi-Year District Revenues and Expenditures

A multi-year view of overall District revenues and expenditures indicates growth and declines in both areas. The growth and decline of revenues and expenditures are commensurate with student enrollment decline, legislative initiatives to improve funding for teacher salaries, student needs, and other educational programs as well as state and local increase in revenues for capital outlay purposes.

Year	Total Revenues	% Change	Total Expenses	% Increase
2008-2009	21,228,059	3.3%	22,341,587	-10.70%
2009-2010	20,252,802	-4.6%	21,012,450	-5.9%
2010-2011	20,123,035	-0.6%	20,974,523	-0.2%
2011-2012	18,568,130	-7.7%	22,063,415	5.2%
2012-2013	18,008,374	-3.0%	23,037,887	4.4%
2013-2014	19,079,198	5.9%	19,751,362	-14.3%
2014-2015	25,610,037	34.2%	25,496,990	29.1%
2015-2016	39,741,478	55.2%	39,631,307	55.4%
2016-2017	20,907,564	-47.4%	21,166,987	-46.6%
2017-2018	20,861,285	-0.2%	19,582,287	-7.5%

*Note: Revenues do not include proceeds from general obligation bonds, and exclude cash carryovers; expenditures include capital outlays.

<u>The Budget</u>

District budgets reflect the same change as seen in the revenue and expenditures of the District. The State of New Mexico school budget process is defined under state law and regulation. To enhance the process of developing a budget at the school district level, the District utilizes goals and objectives defined by the District's Board, community input meetings, long term plans, and input from various staff groups to develop the District's budget. District priorities are well defined through this process.

GASB 34 does not require a statement presenting the overall result of the budget for the year, however, all budgetary funds for the general fund and the major special revenue funds are required to be reported as a separate statement.

Major budgetary funds presented in the General Fund are the Operational Fund, Teacherage Fund, Transportation Fund and Instructional Materials Fund.

The reader will note that the General Fund budget represents 61% of the total budget. This fund provides the salary and benefits for the significant majority of the Direct Instruction, Instructional Support, Administration, Business Support, and Maintenance staff as well as classroom materials, special education teaching and ancillary staff, and fixed utility and insurance costs.

Revenue from this fund is substantially derived from the State Equalization Guarantee and Federal Impact Aid Funds, which is the funding formula appropriated for education by the State Legislature less a 75% credit for Federal Impact Aid funds received by ZPSD. The Operational Fund is explored later in the <u>Management Discussion and Analysis</u>.

The following table examines the summary budget performance of the major funds for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Detailed budget performance is examined through the <u>Budgetary</u> <u>Comparison Statement</u> for each major fund.

Fund Type	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Operational	13,950,820	12,197,160	1,753,660
Teacherage	461,982	277,498	184,484
Transportation	619,574	565,932	53,642
Instructional Materials	134,059	2,081	131,978

MAJOR AND OTHER IMPORTANT FUNDS EXPENDITURE BUDGET PERFORMANCE

All funds fell within the regulatory criteria set by the Public Education Department and New Mexico Statute. Both the <u>Manual of Procedures for Public School Account</u> and NMSA 8-22-5, Annotated require that budget expenditures be within the authorization of the approved budget.

The Operational Fund

The Operational Fund revenues, which include Impact Aid revenues, represent \$13,648,305 of the total \$20,861,285 in overall District revenues. The Operational Fund began the year with an initial budget of \$12,853,205 and had a final budget of \$13,449,341. This change represents an increase of \$596,136. This increase was due a larger than anticipated final Impact Aid payment from previous school years as well as two increases in the student unit value.

The Operational Fund is predominately funded by revenues from the State of New Mexico Equalization Guarantee Formula and from Federal Impact Aid payments. The fund pays for teaching staff, teaching support staff, special education support staff, maintenance staff and administration staff. The General Fund provides the predominant funding for athletics and transportation. Because of the student enrollment variances experienced by the School District, an emphasis on schools by the New Mexico Legislature, and because the State Equalization Guarantee Formula is based upon student populations, the General Fund (combined Operational, Transportation and Instructional Materials Funds) has experienced growth in revenues as student enrollment has increased.

The Operational Fund is the main fund whose expenditures are significantly related to the educational process; \$12,044,549 was expended in the year ending June 30, 2018. The most significant fund expenditure was for the function noted as "Instruction", which includes direct instruction as well as student and instructional support, and school site administration. This expenditure was \$7,864,147 and represents 65% of all Operational Fund expenditures.

Expenditures included in this function are regular and special education teachers and assistants, benefits, payroll taxes, school supplies, training and miscellaneous instructional related contract services, including special education ancillary staff. Approximately 78% of all Operational Fund expenditures are made for employee salaries, payroll taxes and benefits.

The Office of the Superintendent and the Business Office (general administration, human resources, and technology) represent the overhead support of the entire operations of the District; these programs combined represent 12% of the total Operational Fund. Maintenance accounts for 22% of the Operational Fund expenditures. Included in the operation of the plant expenditures are salaries and benefits for maintenance staff, school custodians, fixed utility costs, maintenance and repairs, maintenance supplies, school custodial supplies, and various equipment maintenance agreements. Additional support for maintenance and projects comes from the voter approved SB9 Fund. The Operational Fund also supports expenditures for non-revenue producing athletics, and non to/from transportation.

Capital Assets

Asset Type	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Land Improvements	74,483	721,600
Furniture, Fixtures, & Equipment	5,877,254	4,726,864
Building & Building Improvements	69,609,548	69,531,753
Cosntruction in Progress	336,809	-
Total Capital Assets	75,898,094	74,980,217
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(31,749,153)	(32,068,856)
Capital Assets - Net	44,148,941	42,911,361

Because of aging facilities, the District is committed to maintaining existing facilities.

During fiscal year 2018, the District expended \$1,244,345 for all capital outlay. Depreciation expense totaled \$1,791,773 for the year.

General Long Term Debt

Article IX, Section 11 of the New Mexico Constitution limits the power of a school district to incur general obligation debt beyond a school year unless such debt is for "the purpose of erecting, remodeling, making additions, and furnishing buildings or purchasing or improving school grounds for purchasing computer software or hardware for student use in public classrooms or any combination of these purposes." The approval of debt is subject to a vote of the local elector and may not exceed 6% of the assessed valuation of the taxable property within the District.

The School District has never defaulted on any of its debts or other obligations. Listed below are the District's annual amounts to amortize the General Obligation and Special Revenue Bonds, including interest payments, as of June 30, 2018. In June 2012 the district refinanced a portion of the teacherage bond debt at a lower interest rate in order to reduce the interest due on the debt. The old debt to New Mexico Finance Authority was paid off and new debt was issued with Bank of Albuquerque being the holder of the bonds.

Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	475,000	216,194	691,194
2020	490,000	201,269	691,269
2021	505,000	185,868	690,868
2022	520,000	169,269	689,269
2023	540,000	151,318	691,318
2024-2028	2,960,000	747,675	3,707,675
2029	630,000	15,750	645,750
Total	6,120,000	1,687,343	7,807,343

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District made principal payments of \$455,000.

Agency Funds

The District, as a custodian, maintains and monitors special funds on the behalf of school activity groups. Agency funds maintained by the District are to benefit a specific activity or interest and are generally raised by students for student use. The custody and use of these funds are in accordance with State Department of Education Regulations and School District Policy. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets has a cash balance of \$259,739 as of June 30, 2018 held on behalf of the students as well as a special account held for student scholarships. This amount represents total fundraiser student support by the community.

Contacting Zuni Public Schools

This financial report is designed to provide our community, taxpayers, investors and creditors with an overview of the Zuni Public Schools District's financial condition and to provide accountability for the funds the School District receives. If you have questions about our report or about the operations of the Zuni Public School District, please visit our web site at http://www.zpsd.org, or contact us at:

Zuni Public Schools Central Office P O Drawer A Zuni, NM 87327 PHONE: 505-782-5511 FAX:505-782-5870 (This page intentionally left blank.)

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	¢ 2.5(0.172
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance	\$ 2,560,173
for uncollectibles)	1,024,077
Inventory	139,323
Total current assets	3,723,573
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash	694,046
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Land and land improvements	721,600
Buildings and building improvements	69,531,753
Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles	2,550,771
Less: accumulated depreciation	2,176,093 (32,068,856)
Total noncurrent assets	43,605,407
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows - pensions	14,320,849
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - other post-employment benefits	14,520,645
Total deferred outflows	14,519,132
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 61,848,112
	φ 01,010,112
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 233,643
Accrued payroll liabilities	312,142
Accrued interest payable	93,140
Unearned revenue	86,203
Current maturities of:	
Bonds payable	475,000
Compensated absences	123,872
Total current liabilities	1,324,000
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable	5,645,000
Net pension liability Net other post-employment benefits liability	40,363,005 10,914,534
Total noncurrent liabilities	56,922,539
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - pensions	1,751,101
Deferred inflows - other post-employment benefits	2,484,122
Total deferred inflows	4,235,223
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	36,791,361
Restricted for:	
Debt service	647,238
Capital projects	41,918
Other purposes - special revenue	1,076,897
Unrestricted	(39,191,064)
Total net position	(633,650)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	
resources, and net position	\$ 61,848,112

(39,293)

15,307,396

(4,967,860)

17,298,937

(12,964,727)

4,334,210

(633,650)

\$

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

General administration 1,468,689 - 155,615 - (1,313,074) School administration 945,888 - - - (945,888) Other 906 - - - (906) Central services 1,483,455 95,212 900 - (1,387,343) Operation & maintenance of plant 3,674,088 351,891 96,018 572,200 (2,653,979) Student transportation 526,870 - 609,175 - 82,305 Food services operations 1,238,037 23,825 967,290 - (246,922) Community services - - - - - Interest on long-term debt 230,712 - - - (230,712) Facilities materials, supplies, - - 9,514 (1,105,412)			Program Revenues					Net		
Governmental activities: Instruction \$ 12,819,434 \$ 86,366 \$ 2,152,843 \$ - \$ (10,580,225) Support services: Students 1,821,703 - 236,448 - (1,585,255) Instruction 326,335 - 18,490 - (307,845) General administration 1,468,689 - 155,615 - (1,313,074) School administration 945,888 - - - (906) Central services 1,483,455 95,212 900 - (1,387,343) Operation & maintenance of plant 3,674,088 351,891 96,018 572,200 (246,922) Community services - - 609,175 - 82,305 Food services operations 1,238,037 23,825 967,290 - (246,922) Community services -	Functions/Programs		Expenses		U U	(Grants and	G	rants and	Revenues and Changes in
Governmental activities: Instruction \$ 12,819,434 \$ 86,366 \$ 2,152,843 \$ - \$ (10,580,225) Support services: Students 1,821,703 - 236,448 - (1,585,255) Instruction 326,335 - 18,490 - (307,845) General administration 1,468,689 - 155,615 - (1,313,074) School administration 945,888 - - - (906) Central services 1,483,455 95,212 900 - (1,387,343) Operation & maintenance of plant 3,674,088 351,891 96,018 572,200 (246,922) Community services - - 609,175 - 82,305 Food services operations 1,238,037 23,825 967,290 - (246,922) Community services -	Primary Government									
Support services: $1,821,703$ - $236,448$ - $(1,585,255)$ Instruction $326,335$ - $18,490$ - $(307,845)$ General administration $1,468,689$ - 155,615 - $(1,313,074)$ School administration $945,888$ - - - (906) Other 906 - - - (906) Central services $1,483,455$ $95,212$ 900 - $(1,387,343)$ Operation & maintenance of plant $3,674,088$ $351,891$ $96,018$ $572,200$ $(2,653,979)$ Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community services - - - - (20,712) - - (20,712) Facilities materials, supplies, - 1,114,926 - - 9,514 $(1,105,412)$ Total Primary Government \$ 2,5651,043 \$ 557,294 \$ 4,236,779										
Students $1,821,703$ - $236,448$ - $(1,585,255)$ Instruction $326,335$ - $18,490$ - $(307,845)$ General administration $1,468,689$ - $155,615$ - $(1,313,074)$ School administration $945,888$ (906)Central services $1,483,455$ $95,212$ 900 - $(1,387,343)$ Operation & maintenance of plant $3,674,088$ $351,891$ $96,018$ $572,200$ $(2,653,979)$ Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community servicesInterest on long-term debt $230,712$ Facilities materials, supplies, 8 $557,294$ $$4,236,779$ $$581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ Canter services $1,114,926$ 9,514 $(1,105,412)$ Total Primary Government $$25,651,043$ $$557,294$ $$4,236,779$ $$581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ General Revenues:Property taxes:Levied for debt service (974) Levied for capital projects $4,734$ State Equalization Guarantee $5,802,123$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,1$	Instruction	\$	12,819,434	\$	86,366	\$	2,152,843	\$	-	\$ (10,580,225)
Instruction $326,335$ - $18,490$ - $(307,845)$ General administration $1,468,689$ - $155,615$ - $(1,313,074)$ School administration $945,888$ (945,888)Other 906 (945,888)Other 906 (945,888)Other 906 (906)Central services $1,483,455$ $95,212$ 900 - $(1,387,343)$ Operation & maintenance of plant $3,674,088$ $351,891$ $96,018$ $572,200$ $(2,653,979)$ Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community servicesInterest on long-term debt $230,712$ (230,712)Facilities materials, supplies, & other services $1,114,926$ 9,514 $(1,105,412)$ Total Primary Government§ $25,651,043$ § $557,294$ § $4,236,779$ § $581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for debt service(974) 	Support services:									
General administration $1,468,689$ - $155,615$ - $(1,313,074)$ School administration $945,888$ (945,888)Other 906 (906)Central services $1,483,455$ $95,212$ 900 - $(1,387,343)$ Operation & maintenance of plant $3,674,088$ $351,891$ $96,018$ $572,200$ $(2,653,979)$ Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community servicesInterest on long-term debt $230,712$ (230,712)Facilities materials, supplies, & other services $1,114,926$ $9,514$ $(1,105,412)$ Total Primary Government $$25,651,043$ $$557,294$ $$4,236,779$ $$581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes $1,184$ Levied for debt service (974) Levied for capital projects $4,734$ State Equalization Guarantee $5,802,123$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,032$ $2,02,02,02,02,02,02,02,02,02,02,02,02,02$	Students		1,821,703		-		236,448		-	(1,585,255)
School administration 945,888 - - - - (945,888) Other 906 - - - (906) Central services 1,483,455 95,212 900 - (1,387,343) Operation & maintenance of plant 3,674,088 351,891 96,018 572,200 (2,653,979) Student transportation 526,870 - 609,175 - 82,305 Food services operations 1,238,037 23,825 967,290 - (246,922) Community services - - - - - - Interest on long-term debt 230,712 - - - (230,712) Facilities materials, supplies, 1,114,926 - - 9,514 (1,105,412) Total Primary Government \$ 25,651,043 \$ 557,294 \$ 4,236,779 \$ 581,714 (20,275,256) General Revenues: - - - 9,514 (20,275,256) Levied for general purposes 1,184	Instruction		326,335		-		18,490		-	(307,845)
Other 906 - - - (906) Central services 1,483,455 95,212 900 - (1,387,343) Operation & maintenance of plant 3,674,088 351,891 96,018 572,200 (2,653,979) Student transportation 526,870 - 609,175 - 82,305 Food services operations 1,238,037 23,825 967,290 - (246,922) Community services - - - - - - Interest on long-term debt 230,712 - - - (230,712) Facilities materials, supplies, & 1,114,926 - - 9,514 (1,105,412) Total Primary Government § 25,651,043 § 557,294 § 4,236,779 § 581,714 (20,275,256) General Revenues: Property taxes:	General administration		1,468,689		-		155,615		-	(1,313,074)
Central services $1,483,455$ $95,212$ 900 - $(1,387,343)$ Operation & maintenance of plant $3,674,088$ $351,891$ $96,018$ $572,200$ $(2,653,979)$ Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community services - - - - - - Interest on long-term debt $230,712$ - - - (230,712) Facilities materials, supplies, $4,114,926$ - - 9,514 $(1,105,412)$ Total Primary Government $$ 25,651,043$ $$ 557,294$ $$ 4,236,779$ $$ 581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ Broperty taxes: Levied for general Revenues: Property taxes: 1,184 Levied for capital projects $4,734$ $4,734$ State Equalization Guarantee $5,802,123$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted investment earnings $6,392$	School administration		945,888		-		-		-	(945,888)
Operation & maintenance of plant $3,674,088$ $351,891$ $96,018$ $572,200$ $(2,653,979)$ Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community servicesInterest on long-term debt $230,712$ Facilities materials, supplies, & other services $1,114,926$ 9,514 $(1,105,412)$ Total Primary Government $\$$ $25,651,043$ $\$$ $557,294$ $\$$ $4,236,779$ $\$$ $581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for debt service (974) Levied for debt service (974) Levied for capital projects $4,734$ State Equalization Guarantee $5,802,123$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted investment earnings $6,392$ Loss on disposal of fixed assets $(38,731)$	Other		906		-		-		-	(906)
Student transportation $526,870$ - $609,175$ - $82,305$ Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ - $(246,922)$ Community servicesInterest on long-term debt $230,712$ (230,712)Facilities materials, supplies, & other services $1,114,926$ (230,712)Total Primary Government§ $25,651,043$ § $557,294$ § $4,236,779$ § $581,714$ $(20,275,256)$ General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes $1,184$ Levied for capital projects $4,734$ State Equalization Guarantee $5,802,123$ Unrestricted Federal grants $9,136,046$ Unrestricted investment earnings $6,392$ Loss on disposal of fixed assets $(38,731)$	Central services		1,483,455		95,212		900		-	(1,387,343)
Food services operations $1,238,037$ $23,825$ $967,290$ $ (246,922)$ Community services $ -$	Operation & maintenance of plant		3,674,088		351,891		96,018		572,200	(2,653,979)
Community servicesInterest on long-term debt230,712(230,712)Facilities materials, supplies, & other services1,114,9269,514(1,105,412)Total Primary Government\$ 25,651,043\$ 557,294\$ 4,236,779\$ 581,714(20,275,256)General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for debt service(974) Levied for capital projects4,734 State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123 Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046 G,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets9,136,046 (38,731)	Student transportation		526,870		-		609,175		-	82,305
Interest on long-term debt Facilities materials, supplies, & other services230,712(230,712)Total Primary Government\$ 25,651,043\$ 557,294\$ 4,236,779\$ 581,714(20,275,256)General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for debt service(974) Levied for capital projects1,184 4,734 State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123 9,136,046 Unrestricted investment earnings9,136,046 6,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets9,136,046 (38,731)	Food services operations		1,238,037		23,825		967,290		-	(246,922)
Facilities materials, supplies, & other services1,114,9269,514(1,105,412)Total Primary Government\$ 25,651,043\$ 557,294\$ 4,236,779\$ 581,714(20,275,256)General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for capital projects9,74) 4,734 State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123 9,136,046 6,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets9,136,046 (38,731)	Community services		-		-		-		-	-
& other services1,114,9269,514(1,105,412)Total Primary Government\$ 25,651,043\$ 557,294\$ 4,236,779\$ 581,714(20,275,256)General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for capital projectsLevied for capital projects4,734 State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123 Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046 6,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)	Interest on long-term debt		230,712		-		-		-	(230,712)
Total Primary Government\$ 25,651,043\$ 557,294\$ 4,236,779\$ 581,714(20,275,256)General Revenues: Property taxes: Levied for general purposes1,184 Levied for general purposes1,184 (974) Levied for capital projects4,734 4,734 State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123 9,136,046 (974) Lorestricted Federal grants9,136,046 6,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)	Facilities materials, supplies,									
General Revenues:Property taxes:Levied for general purposes1,184Levied for debt service(974)Levied for capital projects4,734State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)	& other services		1,114,926		-		-		9,514	(1,105,412)
Property taxes: Levied for general purposes 1,184 Levied for debt service (974) Levied for capital projects 4,734 State Equalization Guarantee 5,802,123 Unrestricted Federal grants 9,136,046 Unrestricted investment earnings 6,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets (38,731)	Total Primary Government	\$	25,651,043	\$	557,294	\$	4,236,779	\$	581,714	(20,275,256)
Property taxes: Levied for general purposes 1,184 Levied for debt service (974) Levied for capital projects 4,734 State Equalization Guarantee 5,802,123 Unrestricted Federal grants 9,136,046 Unrestricted investment earnings 6,392 Loss on disposal of fixed assets (38,731)				Gene	ral Revenue	s:				
Levied for general purposes1,184Levied for debt service(974)Levied for capital projects4,734State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)				Pro	operty taxes:	~ •				
Levied for debt service(974)Levied for capital projects4,734State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)						neral r	ourposes			1.184
Levied for capital projects4,734State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)										,
State Equalization Guarantee5,802,123Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)				Ι	evied for car	oital p	rojects			
Unrestricted Federal grants9,136,046Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)										,
Unrestricted investment earnings6,392Loss on disposal of fixed assets(38,731)										
Loss on disposal of fixed assets (38,731)										

Reversions to State and other grantees

Restatement - change in accounting principle

Net position - beginning of year, restated

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund						
	Operational 11000	Т	Teacherage 12000		Transportation 13000		structional Aaterials 14000
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 802,250	\$	75,352	\$	56,641	\$	136,448
Accounts receivable							
Taxes	243		-		-		-
Due from other governments	84,864		-		-		-
Interfund receivables	857,865		-		-		-
Other	-		-		-		-
Inventory	123,262		-		-		-
Total assets	1,868,484		75,352		56,641		136,448
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	63,505		21,905		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities	227,301		1,048		6,645		-
Interfund payables	-		-		-		_
Unearned revenue	-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	290,806		22,953		6,645		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	243		-		-		_
Unavailable revenues - other	-		-		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	243		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	123,262		-		-		_
Restricted for:	123,202						
Transportation	-		-		49,996		-
Instructional materials	-		-		-		3,667
Grant mandates	-		-		-		-
Capital projects	-		-		-		-
Debt service	-		-		-		_
Assigned	1,165,511		52,399		-		132,781
Unassigned	288,662		-		-		
Total fund balances	1,577,435		52,399		49,996		136,448
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,868,484	\$	75,352	\$	56,641	\$	136,448

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Special	Reven	ue					
	Title I IASA 24101	In	npact Aid Indian Education 25147	 Debt Service 41000		Other Governmental Funds		Total Primary overnment
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash and temporary investments	\$ -	\$	677,944	\$ 691,164	\$	814,420	\$	3,254,219
Accounts receivable								
Taxes	-		-	1,455		3,874		5,572
Due from other governments	409,972		-	-		523,669		1,018,505
Interfund receivables	-		-	-		-		857,865
Other	-		-	-		-		-
Inventory	 -		-	 -		16,061		139,323
Total assets	 409,972		677,944	 692,619		1,358,024		5,275,484
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	16,044		13,813	-		118,376		233,643
Accrued payroll liabilities	15,355		34,445	-		27,348		312,142
Interfund payables	394,617		-	-		463,248		857,865
Unearned revenue	-		-	-		86,203		86,203
Total liabilities	 426,016		48,258	 -		695,175		1,489,853
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	-		_	1,455		3,874		5,572
Unavailable revenues - other	-		-	-		22,138		22,138
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		-	 1,455		26,012		27,710
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	-		-	-		16,061		139,323
Restricted for:								
Transportation	-		-	-		-		49,996
Instructional materials	-		-	-		-		3,667
Grant mandates	-		629,686	-		490.976		1,120,662
Capital projects	-		-	-		11,609		11,609
Debt service	-		-	-		2,882		2,882
Assigned	-		-	691,164		197,660		2,239,515
Unassigned	(16,044)		-	-		(82,351)		190,267
Total fund balances	 (16,044)		629,686	 691,164		636,837		3,757,921
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$ 409,972	\$	677,944	\$ 692,619	\$	1,358,024	\$	5,275,484

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	G	overnmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of		
Net Position are different because:		
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	3,757,921
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
The cost of capital assets is		74,980,217
Accumulated depreciation is		(32,068,856)
Revenues not collected within sixty days after year-end are considered		
"available" revenues and are shown as deferred revenues on the balance		
sheet.		
Delinquent property taxes		5,572
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other		
post-employment benefits are applicable to future periods and therefore,		
are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		14,320,849
Deferred outflows of resources - other post-employment benefits		198,283
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(1,751,101)
Deferred inflows of resources - other post-employment benefits		(2,484,122)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental		
funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Accrued interest payable		(93,140)
Bonds payable		(6,120,000)
Accrued compensated absences		(123,872)
Net pension liability		(40,363,005)
Net other post-employment benefits liability		(10,914,534)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$	(633,650)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund									
	Operat 110		Τe	eacherage 12000		nsportation 13000	Ν	tructional Iaterials 14000		
Revenues:	ф.	1 201	٨				.			
Property taxes	\$	1,201	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
State grants		02,123		-		609,175		42,259		
Federal grants		68,631		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		77,425		-		3,000		-		
Charges for services		98,917		351,891		-		-		
Investment income	12.6	8		-		-		-		
Total revenues	13,64	48,305		351,891		612,175		42,259		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction	6,1	58,455		-		-		2,081		
Support services										
Students	9	77,432		-		-		-		
Instruction		48,380		-		-		-		
General administration	64	46,194		-		-		-		
School administration	6	79,880		-		-		-		
Central services	7	68,485		-		-		-		
Operation & maintenance of plant	2,72	21,412		279,657		-		-		
Student transportation		43,405		-		572,577		-		
Other support services		906		-		-		-		
Food services operations		-		-		-		-		
Community services		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		
Interest		-		-		-		-		
Total expenditures	12.04	44.549		279,657		572,577		2,081		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,			-	,		,		
over (under) expenditures	1,6	03,756		72,234		39,598		40,178		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers	(5)	22,301)		(125,000)		(10,399)		_		
Total other financing sources (uses)		22,301)		(125,000)		(10,399)		-		
						<u> </u>		40.179		
Net changes in fund balances	1,05	81,455		(52,766)		29,199		40,178		
Fund balances - beginning of year	4	95,980		105,165		20,797		96,270		
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,5	77,435	\$	52,399	\$	49,996	\$	136,448		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Special I	Reven	ue						
	 Title I IASA 24101		Impact Aid Indian Education 25147		Debt Service 41000		Other Governmental Funds		Total Primary overnment
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,824	\$	6,025
State grants	-		-		-		854,125		7,307,682
Federal grants	858,531		1,827,601		-		2,548,704		12,803,467
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		180,425
Charges for services	-		-		-		106,486		557,294
Investment income	 -		-		6,384		-		6,392
Total revenues	 858,531		1,827,601		6,384		3,514,139		20,861,285
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction	572,536		596,036		-		1,329,612		8,658,720
Support services									
Students	93,624		60,391		-		233,903		1,365,350
Instruction	63,323		98,466		-		29,490		239,659
General administration	25,600		302,047		-		158,692		1,132,533
School administration	2,448		14,433		-		6,000		702,761
Central services	-		337,586		-		900		1,106,971
Operation & maintenance of plant	513		8,691		-		234,183		3,244,456
Student transportation	-		-		-		160		616,142
Other support services	-		-		-		-		906
Food services operations	-		-		-		1,034,980		1,034,980
Community services	-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-		158,479		-		625,618		784,097
Debt service									
Principal	-		-		465,000		-		465,000
Interest	-		-		230,712		-		230,712
Total expenditures	 758,044		1,576,129		695,712		3,653,538		19,582,287
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 								
over (under) expenditures	 100,487		251,472		(689,328)		(139,399)		1,278,998
Other financing sources (uses):									
Operating transfers	-		-		619,681		(1,274)		(39,293)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		619,681		(1,274)		(39,293)
Net changes in fund balances	100,487		251,472		(69,647)		(140,673)		1,239,705
Fund balances - beginning of year	 (116,531)		378,214		760,811		777,510		2,518,216
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (16,044)	\$	629,686	\$	691,164	\$	636,837	\$	3,757,921

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Go	overnmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,239,705
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays for the period.		
Depreciation expense Capital outlays Loss on disposal of capital assets		(1,791,773) 597,228 (43,035)
Revenues not collected within 60 days after the fiscal year-end are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds. They are considered revenues in the Statement of Activities. The increase (decrease) in revenues receivable for the year end were:		
Unavailable revenue related to the property taxes receivable Other unavailable revenues		(1,081) (94,693)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences and interest expense - are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the fund financial statements, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). The (increases) decreases in the liabilities for the year were:		
Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences		5,980 13,171
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		
Bond principle payments		465,000
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Pension contributions - current year Pension expense Other post-employment benefits contributions - current year Other post-employment benefits expense		1,377,580 (6,500,296) 198,283 (433,929)
Change in net position - total governmental activities	\$	(4,967,860)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL OPERATIONAL FUND (11000) FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	l Amounts		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,210	\$ 1,210	\$ 1,206	\$ (4)
State grants	7,242,267	5,767,894	5,802,123	34,229
Federal grants	5,488,328	7,558,837	7,483,768	(75,069)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	177,425	176,425
Charges for services	120,400	120,400	98,917	(21,483)
Interest	-	-	8	8
Total revenues	12,853,205	13,449,341	13,563,447	114,106
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	6,915,360	6,915,360	6,319,248	596,112
Support services	- , ,			,
Students	1,047,264	1,047,264	978,802	68,462
Instruction	106,682	106,682	48,380	58,302
General administration	622,244	672,615	663,106	9,509
School administration	779,669	779,669	679,880	99,789
Central services	746,210	841,210	782,444	58,766
Operation & maintenance of plant	2,497,489	2,933,254	2,680,989	252,265
Student transportation	28,405	43,405	43,405	252,205
Other support services	286,470	286,470	43,405 906	285,564
Food services operations	200,470	280,470	900	205,504
Community services	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	468,033	324,891	-	324,891
Debt service	408,055	524,691	-	524,691
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	13,497,826	13,950,820	12,197,160	1,753,660
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	((11(0)1)	(501 470)	1 266 297	1.007.700
over (under) expenditures	(644,621)	(501,479)	1,366,287	1,867,766
Other financing sources (uses):				
Designated cash	644,621	501,479	-	(501,479)
Operating transfers	-	-	(522,301)	(522,301)
Proceeds from bond issues	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	644,621	501,479	(522,301)	(1,023,780)
Net change in fund balance			843,986	843,986
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year	-	-	816,129	816,129
Prior period adjustments		-		
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-	816,129	816,129
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,660,115	\$ 1,660,115
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:				
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)			\$ 843,986	
Adjustments to revenues			\$ 045,980 84,858	
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures			152,611	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)			\$ 1,081,455	
The enange in fund bulunee (Official busis)			φ 1,001,π55	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL TEACHERAGE FUND (12000) FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Origi	inal Budget	Fir	nal Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		380,000		349,314		365,182		15,868
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		380,000		349,314		365,182		15,868
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		-		-		-		-
Support services								
Students		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		338,543		338,543		277,498		61,045
Student transportation		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		159,360		123,439		-		123,439
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		497,903		461,982		277,498		184,484
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(117,903)		(112,668)		87,684		200,352
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		117,903		112,668		-		(112,668)
Operating transfers		-		-		(125,000)		(125,000)
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		117,903		112,668		(125,000)		(237,668)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(37,316)		(37,316)
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		112,668		112,668
Prior period adjustments		-		-		-		-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		112,668		112,668
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,352	\$	75,352
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)					\$	(37,316)		
Adjustments to revenues					φ	(13,291)		
Adjustments to expenditures								
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	(2,159) (52,766)		
The change in fund balance (OAAI basis)					φ	(32,700)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION FUND (13000) FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				
	Origi	inal Budget	Fir	al Budget	Actual		V	ariance
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		609,175		609,175		609,175		-
Federal grants		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		3,000		3,000
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		609,175		609,175		612,175		3,000
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		-		-		-		-
Support services								
Students		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		609,175		619,574		565,932		53,642
Other support services		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		609,175		619,574		565,932		53,642
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	-			(10,399)		46,243		56,642
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		10,399		-		(10,399)
Operating transfers		-		-		(10,399)		(10,399)
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			10,399		(10,399)		(20,798)
Net change in fund balance		-				35,844		35,844
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		20,797		20,797
Prior period adjustments		-		-		-		-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		20,797		20,797
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$		\$	_	\$	56,641	\$	56,641
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)					\$	35,844		
Adjustments to revenues					Ψ			
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures						(6,645)		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	29,199		
<i>o i i i i i i i i i i</i>						. ,		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND (14000) FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amou	ints				
	Origi	nal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual		V	ariance
Revenues:		Ť		<u> </u>				
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		37,789		37,789		42,259		4,470
Federal grants		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		37,789		37,789		42,259		4,470
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		37,789		134,059		2,081		131,978
Support services								
Students		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		37,789		134,059		2,081		131,978
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		-		(96,270)		40,178		136,448
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		96,270		-		(96,270)
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		96,270		-		(96,270)
Net change in fund balance						40,178		40,178
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		96,270		96,270
Prior period adjustments		-		-		-		-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		96,270		96,270
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136,448	\$	136,448
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Net change in fund balance (cash basis) Adjustments to revenues					\$	40,178		
Adjustments to expenditures						-		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	40,178		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL TITLE I IASA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (24101) FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	l Amoı	ints				
	Orig	inal Budget	Fir	al Budget		Actual	,	Variance
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		862,936		862,936		565,065		(297,871)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		862,936		862,936		565,065		(297,871)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		574,513		574,513		541,137		33,376
Support services		,				- ,		
Students		96,392		96,392		93,624		2,768
Instruction		111,269		111,269		63,323		47,946
General administration		80,762		76,762		25,600		51,162
School administration		-		3,400		2,448		952
Central services		_		-		2,110		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		_		600		513		87
Student transportation		_		-		-		-
Other support services		_		_		-		-
Food services operations		_		_		_		_
Community services		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Principal								
Interest		-		-		-		-
		862,936		862,936		726,645		-
Total expenditures		802,930		802,930		/20,045		136,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						(1(1 - 500))		(1(1 - 500))
over (under) expenditures						(161,580)		(161,580)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance						(161,580)		(161,580)
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		(233,037)		(233,037)
Prior period adjustments		-		-		-		-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		(233,037)		(233,037)
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	(394,617)	\$	(394,617)
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
					¢	(161 590)		
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)					\$	(161,580)		
Adjustments to revenues						293,466		
Adjustments to expenditures Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					¢	(31,399) 100,487		
The change in fund balance (OAAF basis)					φ	100,407		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL IMPACT AID INDIAN EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (25147) FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Origi	nal Budget	Fii	nal Budget		Actual	,	Variance
Revenues:				0				
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		1,309,582		1,827,600		1,827,601		1
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		1,309,582		1,827,600		1,827,601		1
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		633,055		633,055		556,469		76,586
Support services								
Students		92,396		92,396		60,391		32,005
Instruction		46,897		133,273		98,466		34,807
General administration		328,876		328,876		302,047		26,829
School administration		39,639		39,639		14,433		25,206
Central services		383,410		383,410		338,528		44,882
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		160,000		-		160,000
Student transportation		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		153,171		424,813		158,479		266,334
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		1,677,444		2,195,462		1,528,813		666,649
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(367,862)		(367,862)		298,788		666,650
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		367,862		367,862		-		(367,862)
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		367,862		367,862		-		(367,862)
Net change in fund balance		-				298,788		298,788
Cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		379,156		379,156
Prior period adjustments		-		-		-		-
Adjusted cash or fund balance - beginning of year		-		-		379,156		379,156
Cash or fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	677,944	\$	677,944
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Net change in fund balance (cash basis)					\$	298,788		
Adjustments to revenues					Ψ	-		
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures						(47,316)		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	251,472		
					<u> </u>	7		

Exhibit D-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds				
ASSETS					
Current Assets Cash Total assets	\$	259,739 259,739			
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities Deposits held in trust for others		259,739			
Total liabilities	\$	259,739			

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NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Zuni Public Schools (the "District") is a public school District governed by an elected five-member Board of Education created under the provision of Chapter 22 Article 5, Paragraph 4, New Mexico Statutes 1978 to provide public education for the children within the District boundaries. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the District's management that is responsible for the financial statements. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting financial reporting principles. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District adopted the following GASB Statements.

- GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for post-employment benefits other than pensions (other post-employment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.
- GASB Statement No. 85 Omnibus 2017. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and post-employment benefits (pensions and other post-employment benefits [OPEB]). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 86 Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

These pronouncements are not expected to have a material effect on the District except for GASB Statement No. 75. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39. GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basis, but not the only criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criteria used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District does not have a component unit and is not a component unit of another government agency.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities and changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the statement of activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which the taxes are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

GASB No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, amend GASB No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, to incorporate deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the financial reporting model.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets; therefore, it is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities; therefore, it is not recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Net Position – the residual of the net effects of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The *agency funds* are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity.

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District, and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the Operational, Transportation, and Instructional Materials Funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The *Capital Projects Funds* account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the District is required to present some of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following:

The *Operational Fund* (11000) accounts for the primary revenues and expenditures of the District, including, but not limited to, student instruction, student support, instructional support, general administration, school administration, central services, and operations and maintenance of plant. Revenues come from district tax levy, state equalization, and other local, state, and federal sources. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Teacherage Fund* (1200) accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with district owned multibedroom housing units rented to District employed teachers or other employees. Funding authorized by NMAC 6.20.2 of the New Mexico Department of Education. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Transportation Fund* (13000) accounts for state equalization funds authorized by Section 22-8-26, NMSA, 1978 designated for the costs of transporting school-age children who are students within the District. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Instructional Materials Fund* (14000) accounts for funding designated for instructional materials purchases as authorized by Sections 22-15-1 through 22-15-14, NMSA, 1978 for the purposes of purchasing instructional materials (books, manuals, periodicals, etc.) used in the education of students. This is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The *Title I IASA Special Revenue Fund* (24101) is used for major objectives are to provide supplemental educational opportunity for academically disadvantaged children in the area residing. Campuses are identified for program participation by the percentage of students on free or reduced price lunches. Any school with a free and reduced price lunch percentage that is equal to or greater than the total district percentage becomes eligible for program participation. Any student whose test scores fall below District established criteria and who is attending a Title I campus is eligible to receive Title I services. Poverty is the criteria that identify a campus; educational need determines the students to be served. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Public Education Department. Authority for creation of this fund is Part A of Chapter I of Title I of Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965, as amended, Public Law 103-383.

The *Impact Aid Indian Education* (25147) – To account for funding of a Federal program to provide financial assistance to local educational agencies (LEA's) where enrollments or availability of revenue are adversely affected by Federal activities, i.e. where the tax base of a district is reduced through the Federal acquisition of real property (Section 2), or where there are a significant number of children who reside on Federal (including Indian) lands and /or children whose parents are employed on Federal property or in the Uniformed Services (Section 3(a) and 3(b)): where there is a significant decrease (Section 3(c)) or a reduced or increased operating costs (Section 4) in school enrollment as the result of Federal activities; to provide disaster assistance for reduced or increased operating costs (Section 7(a)), for replacing or repairing damaged or destroyed supplies, equipment, and books, and for repairing minor damage to facilities. Funding authorized by Public Law 81-874. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

The *Debt Service Fund* (41000) is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The fiduciary funds are for student activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Temporary Investments: The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the District to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit. Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

Restricted Assets: The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside as restricted to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account.

Receivables and Payables: Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The District receives monthly income from a tax levy in McKinley County. The funds are collected by the County Treasurer and are remitted to the District the following month. Under the modified accrual method of accounting, the amount remitted by the McKinley County Treasurer in July and August 2018 is considered 'measurable and available' and, accordingly, is recorded as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Certain Special Revenue Funds are administered on a reimbursement method of funding; other funds are operated on a cash advance method of funding. The funds incurred the cost and submitted the necessary request for reimbursement or advance, respectively.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventory: The District accounts for its inventories under the consumption method, reporting inventories purchased as an asset. The recognition of the expenditures is deferred until the period in which the inventories are actually consumed. Inventory in the Food Services Fund consists of U.S.D.A. commodities and other purchased food and non-food supplies. The cost of purchased food is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5). Capital expenditures made by the New Mexico Public Schools Facilities Authority are appropriately included in the District's capital assets.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The District expenses the cost of library books when purchased because their estimated useful life is less than one year. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	10-30 years
Buildings/building improvements	20-50 years
Furniture and equipment	5-25 years
Vehicles	7-12 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources – **Pensions:** The government-wide financial statements report pension related expenses and liabilities for the cost-sharing plan one year in arrears, i.e. expenses and liabilities as of June 30, 2017. Contributions of \$1,377,580 made by the District in the current fiscal year are thus applicable to a future reporting period where they will then be expensed. As such, they are presented in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources in the current period. The District may also have four other deferred outflows which arise due to the implementation of GASB 68; change in proportion \$1,088,059; change in assumptions \$11,782,754; and actuarial experience \$72,456.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – **OPEB:** The government-wide financial statements report other postemployment benefits related expenses and liabilities for the cost-sharing plan one year in arrears, i.e. expenses and liabilities as of June 30, 2017. Contributions of \$198,283 made by the District in the current fiscal year are thus applicable to a future reporting period where they will then be expensed. As such, they are presented in the Statement of Net Position as a deferred outflow of resources in the current period. The District may also have four other deferred outflows which arise due to the implementation of GASB 75; change in proportion; change in assumptions; investment experience; and actuarial experiences.

Unearned Revenues: The District recognizes grant revenue at the time the related expense is made if the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for reimbursement; therefore, amounts received and not expended in the Special Revenue Funds are shown as unearned revenues. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$86,203 of unearned revenues.

Compensated Absences: Applicable for employees not represented by ZFUSE. Vacation leave (annual leave) is an accrued and authorized absence for rest, recreation, or other purposes. Vacation leave will be approved and granted after its accrual and not in advance of accrual. If workloads disallow vacation, the Superintendent may approve vacation days to carry forward into the next contract year. Upon the end of the employment contract, no payment shall be made for more than twenty (20) days of unused vacation (annual leave) for twelve (12) month employees. Total compensated absences were \$123,872 at June 30, 2018.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the district-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. For bonds issued after the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, bond premiums and discounts, will be deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable of \$6,120,000 as of June 30, 2018 are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond insurance issuance costs will be reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Pension Liability: The District records its proportionate share of the difference between the value of total pension liabilities and plan assets for the State of New Mexico's Employee Retirement Board pension plan. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the net pension liability totaled \$40,363,005.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – **Unavailable Revenues:** Governmental funds report unavailable revenues in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenues not received within sixty (60) days of year-end are not considered available; therefore, a receivable is recorded for the amount due and a corresponding deferred revenue, is recorded as well. Total unavailable revenues of \$22,138 and \$5,572 for grants and property taxes were recorded at June 30, 2018.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions: Change in actuarial experience \$621,830, investment experience \$5,537, and change in proportion \$1,123,734 for the District are applicable to a future reporting period and will be expensed over an established period beginning in the next fiscal year. As such, these amounts are presented in the Statement of Net Position as deferred inflows of resources in the current period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – **OPEB: Change** in actuarial experience \$418,842, change in assumptions \$1,908,267, and investment experience \$157,013 for the District are applicable to a future reporting period and will be expensed over an established period beginning in the next fiscal year. As such, these amounts are presented in the Statement of Net Position as deferred inflows of resources in the current period.

Net Position or Fund Equity: Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Restricted Net Position: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The restricted component consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted Net Position: All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets."

Fund Balance: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Some governments may not have policies or procedures that are comparable to those policies that underlie the classifications and therefore would not report amounts in all possible fund balance classifications. In the governmental financial statements, fund balance is classified and is displayed in five components:

Nonspendable: Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

Restricted: Consists of amounts that are restricted to specific purposes as a result of a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Consist of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned: Consist of amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned: Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Plan (ERP) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB): For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Revenues

Reclassifications: Certain amounts included in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the District's financials include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

State Equalization Guarantee: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a 'state equalization guarantee distribution' which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978 is at least equal to the District's program cost. A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using 'program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education; 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$5,802,123 in state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Tax Revenues: The District receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues primarily for debt service and capital outlay purposes. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year and are payable in two equal installments, on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year with the levies becoming delinquent 30 days (one month) thereafter. In the government-wide financial statements, the District recognizes property tax revenues in the period for which they are levied, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts. The District records only the portion of the taxes considered to be 'measurable' and 'available' in the government fund financial statements, which is within 60 days of year-end. Descriptions of the individual debt service and capital outlay funds contained in these financial statements include information regarding the authority for the collection and use of these taxes.

In the financial statements, the mill levy and ad-valorem taxes are broken out into two types: property taxes – residential and commercial and property taxes – oil and gas. Amounts collected from residential and commercial property taxes at June 30, 2018 were \$6,025. No mounts were collected from oil and gas taxes.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Revenues (Continued)

Transportation Distribution: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive student transportation distributions. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$609,175 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) receives federal material leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, fifty percent is restricted to the requisition of materials listed in the State Board of Education "State Adopted Instructional Material" list, while fifty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors. Allocations received from the State for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$42,259.

SB-9 State Match: The Director shall distribute to any school district that has imposed a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978) an amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimated to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary. The District received \$572,200 in state SB-9 matching during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Public School Capital Outlay: Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, NMSA 1978. The money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program per Section 22-24-4(B); core administrative functions of the public school facilities authority and for project management expenses upon approval of the council per Section 22-24-4(G); and for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities, upon application by a school district to the council, per Section 22-24-4(L).

Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the Department of Finance and Administration on vouchers signed by the Secretary of Finance and Administration following certification by the council that the application has been approved. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District received no special capital outlay funds.

Federal Grants: The District receives revenues from various federal departments (both direct and indirect), which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operated under its own budget, which has been approved by the federal department or the flowthrough agency (usually the New Mexico Public Education Department). The various budgets are approved by the local school board and the New Mexico Public Education Department. The District also receives reimbursement under the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs for its food services operations, and the distributions of commodities through the New Mexico Human Services Department.

NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the School Budget and Planning Unit of the Public Education Department. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted. Public School Capital Outlay Council expenditures in the Public School Capital Outlay fund are not budgeted at the District level, so there is no budgetary comparison presented.

These budgets are prepared on the non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the ending cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget at the function level, the level of budgetary control for districts. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series,' this may be accomplished with only local board of education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division. The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the local school board submits to the District Budget Planning Unit (DBPU) of the New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) (100%) a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets are submitted to the State of New Mexico PED.
- 2. In May or June of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the DBPU and certified and approved by the local school board at a public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixes the estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The school board meeting, while not intended for the general public, is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called.
- 4. The "operating" budget will be used by the District until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the DBPU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally into the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element of control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 5. The District shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the DBPU.
- 6. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the school board and the State of New Mexico Public Education Department.
- 7. Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement 1 (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the school district and approved by the DBPU.
- 8. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.

NOTE 2 Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 9. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflect the approved budget and amendments thereto.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds.

The board of education may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. New Mexico state law prohibits a governmental a gency from exceeding an individual line item. The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non- GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2018, is presented on each funds' Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual.

NOTE 3 Cash and Temporary Investments

State statutes authorize the investment of District funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the District properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2018.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateralized as required by the statute.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit. Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States Government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Deposits

New Mexico state statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution in excess of federal deposit insurance. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico Office of the State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

NOTE 3 Cash and Temporary Investments (Continued)

	V	Vells Fargo	Bank of		
	Bank		k Albuqu		 Total
Total amounts of deposits	\$	3,293,089	\$	664,886	\$ 3,957,975
FDIC coverage		250,000		-	\$ 250,000
Total uninsured public funds		3,043,089		664,886	3,707,975
Collateral requirement (50% of uninsured public funds)		1,521,545			1,521,545
Collateral requirement (102% of uninsured public funds)				678,184	678,184
Pledged security		1,746,571		678,184	\$ 2,424,755
Total over (under) collateralized	\$	225,026	\$	-	\$ 225,026

The funds are maintained in interest bearing and non-interest bearing checking accounts in Wells Fargo Bank and in interest bearing trust funds in Bank of Albuquerque. The funds held by the Bank of Albuquerque are collateralized by Mortgage Backed Securitas (MBS) and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMO) which are held by FNMA, FHLMC, and GNMA and have an implicit guarantee of the U.S. Government. Trust deposits are collateralized at 102% and reviewed daily by the collateral holder as attested by Bank of Albuquerque.

The types of collateral allowed are limited by the section 6-10-16, NMSA 1978.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978).

Deposits – The risk exists when a portion of the District's deposits are not covered by depository insurance and are:

- 1. Uncollateralized;
- 2. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution; or
- 3. Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor's (District's) name.

At June 30, 2018, \$3,707,975 of the District's bank balance of \$3,957,975 was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was uninsured and the collateral was not held in the District's name.

NOTE 3 Cash and Temporary Investments (Continued)

Reconciliation of Cash and Temporary Investments to the Financial Statements

The carrying amount of deposits and investments shown above are included in the District's Statement of Net Position as follows:

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position	
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	
Cash and cash equivalents per Exhibit A-1	\$ 3,254,219
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - cash per Exhibit D-1	259,739
Total per financial statements	 3,513,958
Add outstanding checks and other reconciling items	 444,017
Bank balance of deposits	\$ 3,957,975

The District utilized pooled accounts for their programs and funds. Negative cash balances in individual funds that were part of the pooled accounts should be reclassified as due to/due from accounts in the combining balance sheets at June 30, 2018. Funds 24000 through 25000 are federal funds, 26000 through 29000 are non-federal funds. The funds listed in interund payables in Note 5 are the funds which had negative cash balances as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 4 Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

			Μ	ajor Funds									
				Title I		Debt		Other		Total			
	Operational		IASA		Service		Governmental		l Government				
		11000	24101		24101 41000		24101 41000		24101 41000 Funds		Funds		Funds
Property taxes	\$	243	\$	-	\$	1,455	\$	3,874	\$	5,572			
Due from other governments		84,864		409,972		-		523,669		1,018,505			
Total receivables	\$	85,107	\$	409,972	\$	1,455	\$	527,543	\$	1,024,077			

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible. In accordance with GASB No. 33, property tax revenues in the amount of \$5,572 and \$22,138 in intergovernmental revenues were not collected within the period of availability.

NOTE 5 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

"Interfund balances" have primarily been recorded when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash when the District is waiting for grant reimbursements. The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	nental Activities Interfund Receivables		Interfund Payables		
Major Funds:					
Operational (11000)	\$	857,865	\$	-	
Title I IASA (24101)		-		394,617	
Non-major Funds:					
IDEA-B Entitlement (24106)		-		28,706	
IDEA-B Preschool (24109)		-		33	
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (24118)		-		19,237	
IDEA-B Results Plan (24132)		-		22,491	
English Language Acquisition (24153)		-		8,744	
Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting (24154)		-		92,164	
Rural & Low-Income Schools (24160)		-		28,000	
Title I School Improvement (24162)		-		70,600	
Carl D Perkins Special Projects - Current (24171)		-		9,713	
Indian Ed Formula Grant (25184)		-		37,818	
2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund SB66 (27107)		-		18,490	
Recruitment Support Fund (27128)		-		900	
Truancy Initiative PED (27141)		-		1,117	
PreK Initiative (27149)		-		72,213	
Indian Education Act (27150)		-		8,440	
Capital Improvements SB-9 (31700)		-		44,582	
Totals	\$	857,865	\$	857,865	

All interfund balances are expected to be repaid or closed out within one year.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District reverted \$10,399 from the Transportation Fund (13000) and \$28,894 from the Indian Education Act Fund (27150) to the State of New Mexico and had the following interfund transfers:

ernmental Activities Transfers In		ansfers In	Transfers Out		
Major Funds:					
Operational (11000)	\$	-	\$	522,301	
Teacherage (12000)		-		125,000	
Debt Service (41000)		619,681		-	
Non-major Funds:					
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (24118)		3,383		-	
Kellogg Fund/Kellogg Foundation (26121)		24,237		-	
Totals	\$	647,301	\$	647,301	

NOTE 6 Capital Assets (Continued)

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2018 follows. Land and construction in progress is not subject to depreciation.

	Balance	A 11'.'		Balance
Capital assets used in governmental activities:	June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 336,809	\$ 310,308	\$ (647,117)	\$ -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	336,809	310,308	(647,117)	
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	74,483	647,117	-	721,600
Buildings and building improvements	69,609,548	-	(77,795)	69,531,753
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3,584,988	44,482	(1,078,699)	2,550,771
Vehicles	2,292,266	242,438	(358,611)	2,176,093
Total capital assets being depreciated	75,561,285	934,037	(1,515,105)	74,980,217
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	30,974	25,366	-	56,340
Buildings and building improvements	26,346,696	1,660,684	(55,987)	27,951,393
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	3,232,849	61,073	(1,058,056)	2,235,866
Vehicles	2,138,634	44,650	(358,027)	1,825,257
Total accumulated depreciation	31,749,153	1,791,773	(1,472,070)	32,068,856
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 44,148,941	\$ (547,428)	\$ (690,152)	\$ 42,911,361

Depreciation was allocated for the year as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 1,791,773
Total depreciation	\$ 1,791,773

At June 30, 2018, the District had no construction agreements in place.

The Schedule of Capital Assets Used by Source, and the Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function and Activity have not been prepared because the detailed information is unavailable.

NOTE 7 Long-Term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2018 the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government- wide statement of net position:

]	Balance at]	Balance at	Dı	ue Within
	(06/30/17	A	dditions	L	Deletions	(06/30/18	C	One Year
Special Revenue Bonds Compensated Absences	\$	6,585,000 137,043	\$	- 140,123	\$	465,000 153,294	\$	6,120,000 123,872	\$	475,000 123,872
Total	\$	6,722,043	\$	140,123	\$	618,294	\$	6,243,872	\$	598,872

General Obligation Bonds: GO bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The District has no outstanding general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2018.

Special Obligation Bonds: Special obligation bonds are obligations of the District which are secured by revenues generated by the Teacherage Fund and by revenues generated from Impact Aid Funds

Issue Date	2012 Series Revenue Bond 6/13/2012	2012A Series Revenue Bond 10/16/2012
Original Issue	\$3,375,000	\$5,130,000
Maturity Date	8/1/2028	8/1/2026
Principal	1-Aug	1-Aug
Interest Rate	1.00%-5.00%	2.75%
Principal/Interest	1-Aug	1-Aug
Interest	1-Feb	1-Feb

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2018, including interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest	Total Debt Service		
2019	\$	475,000	\$ 216,194	\$	691,194	
2020		490,000	201,269		691,269	
2021		505,000	185,868		690,868	
2022		520,000	169,269		689,269	
2023		540,000	151,318		691,318	
2024-2028		2,960,000	747,675		3,707,675	
2029-2033		630,000	 15,750		645,750	
Totals	\$	6,120,000	\$ 1,687,343	\$	7,807,343	

In prior years, the general fund was typically used to liquidate long-term liabilities other than debt.

NOTE 7 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Compensated Absences: Administrative employees of the District are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During fiscal year June 30, 2018, compensated absences decreased \$13,171 over the prior year accrual. See Note 1 for more details.

Operating Leases: The District leases office equipment, including copy machines and postage meter machines, under short-term cancelable operating leases.

NOTE 8 Unearned Revenues

In accordance with the terms of the various grant agreements within the Special Revenue Funds, revenues received in excess of expenditures carry over to the subsequent years, unless such excess revenues are requested to be returned to the grantor. The District had the following unearned revenues at June 30, 2018.

Fund #	Special Revenue Funds:	Amount		
24106	IDEA-B Entitlement	\$	3,022	
24118	Fresh Fruits and Vegetables		909	
24171	Carl D Perkins Special Projects	1,684		
25131	Johnson O'Malley		51,889	
25149	GRADS Child Care CYFD		10,000	
25184	Indian Ed Formula Grant		18,699	
	Total	\$	86,203	

NOTE 9 Risk Management

The District is a member of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the NMPSIA based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes workers compensation, general and automobile liability, automobile physical damage, and property and crime coverage. Also included under the risk management program are boiler, machinery and student accident insurance.

The NMPSIA provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000,000 for each property damage claim with a \$750 deductible for each building. General liability coverage is afforded to all employees, volunteers and school board members and the limit is subject to the NMSA Tort Claims Act on a per occurrence basis. The automobile and property liability limit is subject to the provisions of the Tort Claims Act. The crime limit is \$250,000 per occurrence for Faithful Performance. A limit of \$250,000 applies to depositor's forgery, credit card forgery and money orders. A limit of \$100,000 applies to Money and Security, which includes a \$750 deductible.

In case the NMPSIA's assets are not sufficient to meet its liability claims, the agreement provides that subscribers, including the District, cannot be assessed additional premiums to cover the shortfall. As of June 30, 2018, there have been no claims that have exceeded insurance coverages.

NOTE 10 Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the combined statements of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance of individual funds. The following funds reported a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2018:

Fund #	Fund Description	A	mount
24101	Title I IASA	\$	16,044
24154	Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting		22,138
27141	Truancy Initative PED		1,117
27149	PreK Initiative		5,099
28201	CYFD Child and Adult Care Food Program		23,016
31700	Capital Improvements SB-9		30,981
	Total	\$	98,395

- *B.* Excess of expenditures over appropriations. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District had no funds with expenditures in excess of appropriations.
- *C.* Cash appropriations in excess of available cash balance. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District had no funds with cash appropriations in excess of cash balance.

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act

Plan Description. The New Mexico Educational Retirement Act (ERA) was enacted in 1957. The act created the Educational Employees Retirement Plan (Plan) and, to administer it, the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (NMERB). The Plan is included in NMERB's comprehensive annual financial report. The report can be found on NMERB's web site at <u>https://www.nmerb.org/Annual report.html</u>.

The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and agencies providing educational programs. Additional tenets of the ERA can be found in Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended.

The Plan is considered a component unit of the State's financial reporting entity. The ERA assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board); the state legislature has authority to set or amend contribution rates and other terms of the Plan which is a pension benefit trust fund of the State of New Mexico. NMERB is self-funded through investment income and educational employer contributions. The Plan does not receive General Fund Appropriations from the State of New Mexico.

All accumulated assets are held by the Plan in trust to pay benefits, including refunds of contributions as defined in the terms of the Plan. Eligibility for membership in the Plan is a condition of employments, as defined Section 22-11-2, NMSA 1978. Employees of public schools, universities, colleges, junior colleges, technical-vocational institutions, state special schools, charter schools, and state agencies providing an educational program, who are employed more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan, unless specifically excluded.

Benefits provided. A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: 1) the member's final average salary (FAS), 2) the number of years of service credit, and 3) a 0.0235 multiplier. The FAS is the average of the member's salaries for the last five years of service or any other consecutive five-year period, whichever is greater.

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Summary of Plan Provisions for Retirement Eligibility. For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs:

- > The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 75 or more,
- > The member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or
- > The member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on, or after, July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013, or at any time prior to July 1, 2010 refunded all member contributions and then becomes re-employed after that July 1, 2010 is as follows:

- > The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more,
- > The member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or
- > The member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

Section 2-11-23.2, NMSA 1978 added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2013, or who were employed before July 1, 2013 but terminated employment and subsequently withdrew all contributions, and returned to work for ERB employer on or after July 1, 2013. These members must meet one of the following requirements.

- ➤ The member's minimum age is 55, and has earned 30 or more years of service credit. Those who retire earlier than age 55, but with 30 years of earned service credit will have a reduction in benefits to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 55.
- > The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit will receive reduced retirement benefits.
- > The member's age is 67 and has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Forms of Payment. The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary.

Benefit Options. The Plan has three benefit options available.

- Option A Straight Life Benefit The single life annuity option has no reductions to the monthly benefit, and there is not continuing benefit due to a beneficiary or estate, except the balance, if any, of member contributions plus interest less benefits paid prior to the member's death.
- Option B Joint 100% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life Benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.
- Option C Joint 50% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the reduced 50% benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life Benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Disability Benefit An NMERB member is eligible for disability benefits if they have acquired at least ten years of earned service credit and is found totally disabled. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) multiplied by the number of years of total service credits. However, the disability benefit shall not be less than the smaller of (a) one-third of the member's FAS or (b) 2% of the member's FAS multiplied by total years of service credit projected to age 60.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) All retired members and beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic adjustment in their benefit on July 1 following the later of 1) the year a member retires, or 2) the year the member reaches age 65 (Tier 1 and Tier 2) or age 67 (Tier 3).

- > Tier 1 membership is comprised of employees who became members prior to July 1, 2010.
- Tier 2 membership is comprised of employees who became members after July 1, 2010, but prior to July 1, 2013.
- > Tier 3 membership is comprised of employees who became members on or after July 1, 2013.

As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA was immediately reduced until the plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction is based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.8%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.9%.

Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

Refund of Contributions. Members may withdraw their contributions only when they terminate covered employment in the State and their former employer(s) certification determination has been received by NMERB. Interest is paid to members when they withdraw their contributions following termination of employment at a rate set by the Board. Interest is not earned on contributions credited to accounts prior to July 1, 1971, or for contributions held for less than one year.

Contributions. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 educational employers contributed to the Plan based on the following rate schedule:

Fiscal		Wage	Member	Employer	Combined	Increase Over
Year	Date Range	Category	Rate	Rate	Rate	Prior Year
2018	7-1-17 to 6-30-18	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%	0.00%
2018	7-1-17 to 6-30-18	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%	0.00%
2017	7-1-16 to 6-30-17	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%	0.00%
2017	7-1-16 to 6-30-17	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%	0.00%

The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the District are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the New Mexico legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the District paid employee and employer contributions of \$2,418,383 and \$2,516,716 which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$40,363,005 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The roll-forward incorporates the impact of the new assumptions adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017. There were no other significant events of changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating educational institutions, actuarially determined. June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.36319%, which was a decrease of 0.01941% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense \$5,122,716. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	Net
	Outflows of	Inflows of	(Inflows)
	Resources	Resources	Outflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 72,456	\$ (621,830)	\$ (549,374)
Changes of assumptions	11,782,754	-	11,782,754
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	-	(5,537)	(5,537)
Changes in proportion and differences between			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,088,059	(1,123,734)	(35,675)
District's contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,377,580		1,377,580
Total	\$ 14,320,849	\$ (1,751,101)	\$ 12,569,748

Deferred outflows of resources of \$1,377,580 related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2019	\$ 4,344,350	
2020	4,669,016	
2021	2,511,160	
2022	(332,358))
2023	-	
Thereafter	-	
Total	\$ 11,192,168	_

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%				
Salary Increases	3.25% composed of 2.50% inflation, plus a 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus a step-rate promotional increase for members with less than 10 years of service.				
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% compounded annually, net of expenses. This is made up of a 2.50% inflation rate and a 4.75 real rate of return.				
Average of Expected Remaining Service Lives	Fiscal Year2017201620152014Service life in years3.353.773.923.88				
Mortality	 Healthy males: Based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with White Collar adjustments, generational mortality improvements with Scale BB. Healthy females: Based on GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012. Disabled males: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males, set back three years, projected to 2016 with Scale BB. Disabled females: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females, no set back, projected to 2016 with Scale BB. Active members: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Tables, with males set back two years and scaled at 80%, and females set back five years and scaled at 70%. Static mortality improvement from the table's base year of 2000 to the year 2016 in accordance with Scale BB. No future improvement was assumed for 				
Retirement Age	Experience-based table rates based on age and service, adopted by the Board on June 12, 2015 in conjunction with the six-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2014.				
Cost-of-Living Increases	1.90% per year, compounded annually.				
Payroll Growth	3.00% per year (with no allowance for membership growth).				
Contribution Accumulation	The accumulated member account balance with interest is estimated at the valuation date by assuming that member contributions increased 5.50% per year for all years prior to the valuation date. Contributions are credited with 4.00% interest, compounded annually, applicable to the account balance in the past as well as future.				
Disability Incidence	Approved rates applied to eligible members with at least 10 years of service.				

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Plan's Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, the Board adopted several economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- Rate of return projections that are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuations, defaults, etc.)
- > Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.)
- Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.) developed for each major asset class.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Equities	33%	
Fixed Income	26%	
Alternatives	40%	
Cash	1%	
Total	100%	7.25%

Discount rate: A single discount rate of 5.9% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017. This single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.56%, net of expense. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2053. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the 2053 fiscal year, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90%) than the current rate:

Current					
1% Decreas	e Discount Rate	1% Increase			
(4.90%)	(5.90%)	(6.90%)			
\$ 52,542,5	95 \$ 40,363,005	\$ 30,407,181			

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NMERB's financial reports. The reports can be found on NMERB's web site at https://www.nmerb.org/Annual reports.html.

NOTE 11 General Information on the Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Act (Continued)

Payables to the pension plan. The District remits the legally required employer and employee contributions on a monthly basis to ERB. The ERB requires that the contributions be remitted by the 15th day of the month following the month for which contributions are withheld. At June 30, 2018 the contributions due and payable by the District were \$173,870 which were paid on July 6, 2018.

NOTE 12 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA)

Plan Description: Employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque NM 87107.

Benefits provided: The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2017, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surving spouses	51,208
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,478
Current active members	97,349
Total	160,035
Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	21,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
Total	97,349

NOTE 12 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) (Continued)

Contributions - Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the District were \$297,313 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$10,914,534 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.24085%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$235,646. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net (Inflows) Outflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (418,842)	\$ (418,842)
Changes of assumptions	-	(1,908,267)	(1,908,267)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	-	(157,013)	(157,013)
contributions and proportionate share of contributions District's contributions subsequent to the	-	-	-
measurement date Total	198,283 \$ 198,283	\$ (2,484,122)	198,283 \$ (2,285,839)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$198,283 represents Zuni Public Schools contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30, \$ (528,142) 2019 \$ (528,142) 2020 (528,142) 2021 (528,142) 2022 (528,142) 2023 (371,554) Thereafter Total \$ (2,484,122)

NOTE 12 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) (Continued) Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay, Calculated on individual employee basis
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation	2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA
Projected payroll increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and
	Margin for adverse deviation including inflation
Health care cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare
	Medical plans costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over
	12 for Medicare medical plan costs

Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Long-Term Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	4.1%
U.S. equity - large cap	9.1%
Non U.S emerging markets	12.2%
Non U.S developed equities	9.8%
Private equity	13.8%
Credit and structured finance	7.3%
Real estate	6.9%
Absolute return	6.1%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	9.1%

NOTE 12 Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – State Retiree Health Care Plan (RHCA) (Continued)

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 3.81% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 3.81% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School, as well as what the School's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.81 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.81 percent) than the current discount rate:

Current						
19	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
(2.81%)		(3.81%)		(4.81%)		
\$	9,283,563	\$	10,914,534	\$	12,186,289	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Current									
1	% Decrease	Т	rend Rates	1% Increase					
\$	13,239,160	\$	10,914,534	\$	9,090,657				

OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability: At June 30, 2018, the District reported a payable of \$21,358 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2018 which were paid July 6, 2018.

NOTE 13 Unavailable Revenues

The District received \$22,138 from Title II Teacher and Principal training and recruiting, Fund 24154, subsequent to year-end. However, these funds were received more than 60 days after year-end. As such, the amount is recorded as a receivable and a deferred inflows of resources in the funds statement; however, for the government-wide statement the amounts are recorded as a receivable and a revenue. The District also had \$5,572 in taxes which were unavailable.

NOTE 14 Concentrations

The District depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the District is subject to changes in the specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to the Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

NOTE 15 Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the District's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 16 Tax Abatement Disclosures

GASB Statement No. 77 requires government agencies to identify any tax abatement agreements that affect the government agency and disclose the amount of tax which was abated. There are no reported tax abatements affecting the District.

NOTE 17 Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements

In November 2016, GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, was issued. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In January 2017, GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*, was issued. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and post-employment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In June 2017, GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*, was issued. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

NOTE 17 Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements (Continued)

In April 2018, GASB Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* was issued. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In June 2018, GASB Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, was issued. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period in which the cost is incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

In August 2018, GASB Statement No. 90 Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61, was issued. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit. The requirement of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this standard will affect the District.

NOTE 18 Restatement – Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2018, there was a restatement in the District's financial statements due to the implementation of GASB 75 resulting in a reduction in net position in the amount of \$12,964,727. This includes the District's proportionate share of the beginning net OPEB liability of \$13,171,250 less the 2017 contributions to the pension plan in the amount of \$206,793.

NOTE 19 Subsequent Events

A review of subsequent events through October 10, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, indicated nothing of audit significance.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2018

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Measurement Date - Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)		District's Proportionate Share of the NPL		District's Covered- Employee Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2018	2017	0.36319%	\$	40,363,005	\$	10,338,146	390.43%	52.95%
2017	2016	0.38260%	\$	27,533,555	\$	10,927,045	251.98%	61.58%
2016	2015	0.34641%	\$	22,437,898	\$	9,845,896	227.89%	63.97%
2015	2014	0.35894%	\$	20,480,141	\$	9,893,605	207.00%	66.54%

* Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2018

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered- Employee Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll
2018	\$	1,377,580	\$	1,377,580	\$	-	\$	9,910,422	13.90%
2017	\$	1,436,621	\$	1,436,621	\$	-	\$	10,338,146	13.90%
2016	\$	1,518,865	\$	1,518,865	\$	-	\$	10,927,045	13.90%
2015	\$	1,368,177	\$	1,368,177	\$	-	\$	9,845,896	13.90%

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN JUNE 30, 2018

Changes in benefit provisions. There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Changes in assumptions and methods. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, The Board adopted a number of economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) RETIREE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY (RHCA) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2018

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Measurement Date - Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	District's Covered- Employee Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered- Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2018	2017	0.24085%	\$ 10,914,534	\$ 10,339,603	105.56%	11.34%

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2018, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY (RHCA) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS* JUNE 30, 2018

Year Ended June 30,	Contractually required contribution	re co	ntributions in lation to the ontractually required ontribution	 ntribution ency (excess)	ict's covered- loyee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
2018	198,283	\$	198,283	\$ -	\$ 9,910,422	2.00%

^{*} Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2018, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		 Debt Service	 Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	739,610	\$	71,928	\$ 2,882	\$ 814,420
Accounts receivable						
Taxes		-		971	2,903	3,874
Due from other governments		477,565		46,104	-	523,669
Interfund receivables		-		-	-	-
Other		-		-	-	-
Inventory		16,061		-	 -	 16,061
Total assets		1,233,236		119,003	 5,785	 1,358,024
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		34,707		83,669	-	118,376
Accrued payroll liabilities		27,348		-	-	27,348
Interfund payables		418,666		44,582	-	463,248
Unearned revenue		86,203		-	-	86,203
Total liabilities		566,924		128,251	 -	 695,175
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		971	2,903	3,874
Unavailable revenues - other		22,138		-	-	22,138
Total deferred inflows of resources		22,138		971	 2,903	 26,012
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		16,061		-	-	16,061
Restricted for:		- ,				- ,
Grant mandates		490,976		-	-	490,976
Capital projects		-		11,609	-	11,609
Debt service		-		-	2,882	2,882
Assigned		188,507		9,153	-	197,660
Unassigned		(51,370)		(30,981)	-	(82,351)
Total fund balances		644,174		(10,219)	 2,882	 636,837
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,233,236	\$	119,003	\$ 5,785	\$ 1,358,024

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total		
Revenues:		 				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 4,824	\$ -	\$	4,824	
State grants	281,925	572,200	-		854,125	
Federal grants	2,539,190	9,514	-		2,548,704	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-		-	
Charges for services	106,486	-	-		106,486	
Investment income	-	-	-		-	
Total revenues	 2,927,601	586,538	 -		3,514,139	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction	1,329,612	-	-		1,329,612	
Support services						
Students	233,903	-	-		233,903	
Instruction	29,490	-	-		29,490	
General administration	158,644	48	-		158,692	
School administration	6,000	-	-		6,000	
Central services	900	-	-		900	
Operation & maintenance of plant	234,183	-	-		234,183	
Student transportation	160	-	-		160	
Other support services	-	-	-		-	
Food services operations	1,034,980	-	-		1,034,980	
Community services	-	-	-		-	
Capital outlay	-	625,618	-		625,618	
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-		-	
Interest	-	-	-		-	
Total expenditures	3,027,872	 625,666	-		3,653,538	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (100,271)	 (39,128)	 -		(139,399)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers	(1,274)	-	-		(1,274)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,274)	 -	 -		(1,274)	
Net changes in fund balances	(101,545)	(39,128)	-		(140,673)	
Fund balances - beginning of year	 745,719	 28,909	 2,882		777,510	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 644,174	\$ (10,219)	\$ 2,882	\$	636,837	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for Federal, State and Local funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of accomplishing specific educational tasks. Special Revenue Funds include:

Food Services (21000) - This fund is utilized to account for Federal and Local sources of income relating to the food service programs. The Food Service Fund is segregated into two categories, one being the Federal funds and the other being Non-Federal funds. Federal funds consist of National School Lunch Program, which is administered by the State of New Mexico for the purpose of making breakfast and lunch available to all school children and to encourage the domestic consumption of agricultural commodities and other food components. Authority for the creation of this fund is NMSA 22-13-13. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Athletics (22000) – This fund is used to account for fees generated at athletic activities throughout the School District. The gate receipts are obtained from the general public and are expended in this fund. The authority for creation of this fund is 6.20.2 NMAC. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Skolnick Foundation (23000) – Accounts for a private donation to be used for scholarships and other projects. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

IDEA-B Entitlement (24106) accounts for a program funded by a Federal grant to assist the District in providing free appropriate public education to all handicapped children. Funding authorized by Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-620, as amended, Public Laws 91-230, 93-380, 94-142, 98-199, 99-457, 100,639, and 101-476, 20 U.S.C. 1411-1420.

IDEA-B Preschool (24109) – The objective of the Assistance to States for the Education of Handicapped Children Program is to assist in providing free, appropriate public education to all handicapped children from ages three to five. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Department of Children, Youth and Families. Authority for creation of this fund is Public Law 105-17. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (24118) – To assist States, through cash grants, in providing free fresh fruits and vegetables to school children in designated participating schools beginning in school year 2004/2005. Authorized by National School Lunch Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1769. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

IDEA-B Results Plan (24132) – This account is to support the individual school site's Education Plan for Student Success, or areas in need of improvement as identified through an instructional audit. This is a pilot program for the New Mexico Real Results program required by US Dept. of Education of Special Education Programs. Authority for creation of this fund is the NMPED. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

English Language Acquisition (24153) – To provide funds to improve the educational performance of limited English proficient students by assisting the children to learn English and meet State academic content standards. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting (24154) – To improve the skills of teachers and the quality of instruction in mathematics and science, and also to increase the accessibility of such instruction to all students. No minimum balance required according to legislation. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Rural & Low-Income Schools (24160) – To provide financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning in their schools. Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Title VI, Part B. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Title I School Improvement (24162) – To account for funds used to provide financial assistance to districts to purchase and install educational materials and systems to help improve the quality of teaching and learning in their schools. (Authority: PL 100-297) No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Carl D Perkins Special Projects – Current (24171) - The objective of this grant is to provide secondary and post-secondary educational institutions the opportunity to develop, implement, and operate programs using different models of curricula that integrate vocational and academic learning. Funds are acquired from federal sources through the New Mexico Department of Education. Authority for creation of

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

this fund is Carl D Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act of 1990, as amended, Public Law 105-332. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Johnson O'Malley (25131) – To provide funding for supplemental programs in special education and the other needs of eligible Native American Indian children. Funding is provided by the Johnson- O'Malley Act of 1934 as amended, Public Law 930638. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Impact Aid Special Education (**25145**) – To account for a program funded by a Federal grant to provide financial assistance to local educational agencies (LEAs) where enrollments or availability of revenue are adversely affected by Federal activities, i.e. where the tax base of a district is reduced through the Federal acquisition of real property (Section 8002, ESEA), where there are a significant number of children who reside on Federal (including Native American) lands and/or children whose parents are employed on Federal property or in the Uniformed Services (Sections 8003 and 8007, ESEA), where there is a sudden increase in school enrollment as the result of Federal activities (Section 8006, ESEA). To provide disaster assistance for reduced or increased operating costs for replacing or repairing damaged or destroyed support equipment and books and for repairing minor damage to facilities. Funding is authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Title VIII, as amended. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

GRADS Child Care CYFD (25149) – To account for a Public Education Department grant through Children, Youth, and Families Department to provide for the maintenance and expansion of the teen parent programs. Authorized by the School Board and the New Mexico Public Education Department. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years (25153) – To provide school-based screening, diagnostic services and other related health services and administrative activities in conformance with the approved Medicaid State Plan in order to improve health and developmental outcomes for children. (P.L. 105-33) No minimum balance required according to legislation.

US Department of Interior Bureau of Reclamation (25176) – These funds are a grant from the BIA Forestry Department and are being used to refurbish, equip, and operate a greenhouse.

Indian Education Formula Grant (25184) – To account for a program funded by a Federal grant to develop and carry out supplementary elementary and secondary school programs designed to meet the special educational and culturally related academic needs of Indian children, for example to: 1) Improve academic performance, 2) Reduce school dropout rates and improve attendance, and 3) Integrate the value of cultural education into the school curriculum for Indian children. Funding authorized by Indian Education Act of 1988, Title V, Part C, Subpart 1, as amended, Public Law 100-297 and 93-638, 25 U.S.C. 2601-2606. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Dual Credit Instructional Materials (27103) – To purchase college textbooks for students who dual enroll in college credited courses while still attending high school. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

2012 GO Bond Student Library (**27107**) – Must be used to fund each library facility for improvement or acquisition and to acquire library books and library resources to support the library program. Authority for the creation of this fund is the New Mexico Public Education Department.

Recruitment Support Fund (27128) – To account for monies received to help districts offset the costs of teacher recruiting costs. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Truancy Initiative PED (27141) – To account for monies received to help students who are truant from school to be required to perform community service rather than being suspended from school. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

PreK Initiative (27149) – The Pre-K Initiative program provides high-quality early childhood services (in accordance with the NM Pre-K standards) to four year old children in need. Authorized through 32A-23-1 NMSA 1978. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Indian Education Act (27150) – To account for funding provided by New Mexico Legislature through the New Mexico Public Education Department supporting various Exemplary Culture Based Education programs. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

2013 Pre-K Classrooms (27177) – To account for funds provided through the Public Education Department to renovate and construct pre-kindergarten classrooms. The funding was made available through Laws of 2013, SB-60, Chapter 226, and Section 53. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

CYFD Child and Adult Care Food Program (28201) – To account for funds to provide summer lunches to community members in New Mexico communities. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Private Direct Grants (29102) – To account for local grants awarded to provide additional funding for specific projects. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

	Food Services 21000		 hletics 2000	Skolnick Foundation 23000		IDEA-B Entitlement 24106		IDEA-B Preschool 24109	
ASSETS									
Current assets:									
Cash and temporary investments	\$	200,334	\$ 392	\$	6,008	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable									
Taxes		-	-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-	-		-		39,073		33
Interfund receivables		-	-		-		-		-
Other		-	-		-		-		-
Inventory		16,061	 		-				-
Total assets		216,395	 392		6,008		39,073		33
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		-	-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		4,956	-		-		7,345		-
Interfund payables		-	-		-		28,706		33
Unearned revenue		-	-		-		3,022		-
Total liabilities		4,956	 -		-		39,073		33
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-	-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-	-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	 -		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		16,061	-		-		-		-
Restricted for:									
Grant mandates		33,603	363		-		-		-
Capital projects		-	-		-		-		-
Debt service		-	-		-		-		-
Assigned		161,775	29		6,008		-		-
Unassigned		-	 -		-		-		-
Total fund balances		211,439	 392		6,008		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	216,395	\$ 392	\$	6,008	\$	39,073	\$	33

ASSETS		Fresh ruits and egetables 24118]	DEA-B Results Plan 24132	La Aco	nglish nguage quisition 24153	Tr Re	ner/Principal aining & ecruiting 24154	Rural & Low-Income Schools 24160	
Current assets:	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes										
		-		-		- 8,744		92,819		28,000
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		20,146		22,491		8,744		92,819		28,000
Other		-		-		-		-		-
		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-				-
Total assets		20,146		22,491		8,744		92,819		28,000
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		-		655		-
Interfund payables		19,237		22,491		8,744		92,164		28,000
Unearned revenue		909		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		20,146		22,491		8,744		92,819		28,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		22,138		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		22,138		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-				-		(22,138)		-
Total fund balances		-		-		-	1	(22,138)		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	*				.					• • • • • •
resources, and fund balances	\$	20,146	\$	22,491	\$	8,744	\$	92,819	\$	28,000

	s Imp	Title I School Improvement 24162		D Perkins al Projects - Current 24171	C	ohnson 'Malley 25131	E	ppact Aid Special ducation 25145	GRADS Child Care CYFD 25149	
ASSETS										
Current assets:	٠		¢		.	50 500	٩	100 000	٨	10.000
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,639	\$	138,293	\$	10,000
Accounts receivable										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		70,600		14,280		-		-		-
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets		70,600		14,280		52,639		138,293		10,000
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		2,883		750		1,231		-
Interfund payables		70,600		9,713		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		1,684		51,889		-		10,000
Total liabilities		70,600		14,280		52,639		1,231		10,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		-		-		-		137,062		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		-		-		-		137,062		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	70,600	\$	14,280	\$	52,639	\$	138,293	\$	10,000

	Ν	Fitle XIX Aedicaid /21 Years 25153	В	Dept. of Int Jureau of clamation 25176	ł	ndian Ed Formula Grant 25184	Dual Credit Instructional Materials 27103		2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66) 27107	
ASSETS										
Current assets:			*		•					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	176,259	\$	127,046	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		19,592		-		58,092		-		18,490
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory				-		-		-		-
Total assets		195,851		127,046		58,092		-		18,490
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		2,655		294		1,575		-		-
Interfund payables		_		_		37,818		-		18,490
Unearned revenue		-		-		18,699		-		-
Total liabilities		2,655		294		58,092		-		18,490
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		_		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		_		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		193,196		126,752		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		193,196		126,752		-		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	195,851	\$	127,046	\$	58,092	\$	-	\$	18,490

	Recruitement Support Fund 27128		Initia	Truancy Initiative PED 27141		PreK Initiative 27149		Indian Education Act 27150		3 Pre-K srooms 7177
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		900		-		74,322		9,983		-
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets		900		-		74,322		9,983		-
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		-		5,099		-		-
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		-		2,109		1,543		-
Interfund payables		900		1,117		72,213		8,440		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		900		1,117		79,421		9,983		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Grant mandates		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(1,117)		(5,099)		-		-
Total fund balances		-		(1,117)		(5,099)		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	900	\$		\$	74,322	\$	9,983	\$	-

	CYFD Child and Adult Care Food Program 28201			Direct Grants 29102	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	7,944	\$	20,695	\$ 739,610
Accounts receivable					-
Taxes		-		-	-
Due from other governments		-		-	477,565
Interfund receivables		-		-	-
Other		-		-	-
Inventory		-		-	 16,061
Total assets		7,944		20,695	 1,233,236
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		29,608		-	34,707
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,352		-	27,348
Interfund payables		-		-	418,666
Unearned revenue		-		-	86,203
Total liabilities		30,960		-	 566,924
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes					
Unavailable revenues - other		_			22,138
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 22,138
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					16,061
Restricted for:		-		-	10,001
Grant mandates					490,976
Capital projects		-		-	490,970
Debt service		_			_
Assigned		-		20,695	188,507
Unassigned		(23,016)		-	(51,370)
Total fund balances		(23,010)		20,695	 644,174
		(23,010)		20,075	 077,177
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$	7,944	\$	20,695	\$ 1,233,236

	 Food Services 21000	Athletics 22000		Skolnick Foundation 23000		IDEA-B Entitlement 24106		Pre	EA-B school 4109
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants	-		-		-		-		-
Federal grants	910,303		-		-		377,155		7,618
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	23,705		82,661		-		-		-
Investment income	 -		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	 934,008		82,661		-		377,155		7,618
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction	-		82,345		-		337,109		809
Support services									
Students	-		-		-		20,545		6,166
Instruction	-		-		-		-		-
General administration	-		-		-		19,501		343
School administration	-		-		-		-		-
Central services	-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant	-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation	-		-		-		-		-
Other support services	-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations	937,244		-		-		-		-
Community services	-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-		-		-		-		-
Debt service									
Principal	-		-		-		-		-
Interest	 -		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	937,244		82,345		-		377,155		7,318
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	 (3,236)		316		-				300
Other financing sources (uses):									
Operating transfers	-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances	(3,236)		316		-		-		300
Fund balances - beginning of year	 214,675		76		6,008		-		(300)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 211,439	\$	392	\$	6,008	\$	-	\$	-

	Fresh Fruits and Vegetables 24118		Res	IDEA-B Results Plan 24132		English Language Acquisition 24153		Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting 24154		ural & v-Income chools 24160
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		36,440		32,227		32,213		143,820		33,775
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		36,440		32,227		32,213		143,820		33,775
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		-		32,227		31,484		149,033		32,074
Support services										
Students		-		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		729		10,925		1,701
School administration		-		-		-		6,000		-
Central services		-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		37,350		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		37,350		32,227		32,213		165,958		33,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		(910)		-		-		(22,138)		-
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers		3,383		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,383		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances		2,473		-		-		(22,138)		-
Fund balances - beginning of year		(2,473)		-		-				
Fund balances - end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(22,138)	\$	_

	S Imp	Title I School provement 24162	Specia C	D Perkins al Projects - Current 24171	C	Johnson O'Malley 25131		Impact Aid Special Education 25145		RADS ld Care YFD 5149
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		70,600		37,972		120,788		155,615		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		70,600		37,972		120,788		155,615		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		70,600		37,972		77,203		22,894		-
Support services										
Students		-		-		-		7,724		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		43,585		53,597		-
School administration		-		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		70,600		37,972		120,788		84,215		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									-	
over (under) expenditures		-		-		-		71,400		-
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		-		71,400		-
Fund balances - beginning of year		-						65,662		
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,062	\$	_

	M 3/2	itle XIX ledicaid 21 Years 25153	Ē	pt. of Inter. Bureau of eclamation 25176	Indian Ed Formula Grant 25184		Dual Credit Instructional Materials 27103		2012 GO Bond Student Library Fund (SB66) 27107	
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		2,645		18,490
Federal grants		236,448		96,018		248,198		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		236,448		96,018		248,198		2,645		18,490
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		-		-		210,987		2,645		-
Support services										
Students		199,468		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		11,000		-		18,490
General administration		-		-		26,211		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-		-
Central services		-		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		1,763		232,420		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		-		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		_		-
Debt service										
Principal		-		_		_		-		_
Interest		-		_		_		-		_
Total expenditures		201,231		232,420		248,198		2,645		18,490
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						,				
over (under) expenditures		35,217		(136,402)		-		-		-
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers		-		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)										
Total oner financing sources (uses)						,				
Net changes in fund balances		35,217		(136,402)		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning of year		157,979		263,154						-
Fund balances - end of year	\$	193,196	\$	126,752	\$	-	\$		\$	-

	Supp	uitment ort Fund 7128	I	ruancy nititive 27141	PreK Initiative 27149		Indian Education Act 27150		2013 Pre-K Classrooms 27177	
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		900		-		229,360		9,983		-
Federal grants		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		900		-		229,360		9,983		-
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		-		-		232,247		9,983		-
Support services										
Students		-		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-		-
General administration		-		-		2,052		-		-
School administration		-		-		-		-		-
Central services		900		-		-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-		-		-		-
Student transportation		-		-		160		-		-
Other support services		-		-		-		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service										
Principal		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		900		_		234,459		9,983		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		-		-		(5,099)		-		-
Other financing sources (uses):										
Operating transfers		-		-		-		(28,894)		24,237
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		(28,894)		24,237
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		(5,099)		(28,894)		24,237
Fund balances - beginning of year		-		(1,117)		-		28,894		(24,237)
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	(1,117)	\$	(5,099)	\$	-	\$	-

	CYFD Child and Adult Care Food Program 28201	Private Direct Grants 29102	Total
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State grants	20,547	-	281,925
Federal grants	-	-	2,539,190
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Charges for services	120	-	106,486
Investment income	-	-	-
Total revenues	20,667		2,927,601
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction	-	-	1,329,612
Support services			
Students	-	-	233,903
Instruction	-	-	29,490
General administration	-	-	158,644
School administration	-	-	6,000
Central services	-	-	900
Operation & maintenance of plant	-	-	234,183
Student transportation	-	-	160
Other support services	-	-	-
Food services operations	60,386	-	1,034,980
Community services	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Debt service			
Principal	_	-	_
Interest	_	-	_
Total expenditures	60,386	·	3,027,872
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		·	3,027,072
over (under) expenditures	(39,719)		(100,271)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Operating transfers	-	-	(1,274)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		(1,274)
Net changes in fund balances	(39,719)	-	(101,545)
Fund balances - beginning of year	16,703	20,695	745,719
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (23,016)	\$ 20,695	\$ 644,174

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CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Bond Building (31100) – The fund is used to account for bond proceeds and any income earned thereon. The proceeds are restricted for the purpose of making additions to and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as approved by the voters of the District. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Special Capital Outlay – Federal (31500) – This fund is used to account for the technical assistance, training and education, equipment, marketing, and all costs associated with assisting rural areas in analyzing and assessing forest resource opportunities, maximizing local economic potential through market development and expansion, and diversifying the communities' economic base. This was authorized by the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, Public Law 106-291. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match) – (31700) – To account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to, and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico's State Equalization Matching. (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978).

Capital Improvements SB-9 (Local) – (31701) – To account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to, and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by a special tax levy as authorized by the Public School District Capital Improvements Act. (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978).

Public School Capital Outlay – 20% (32100) – A capital projects fund to capture the 20% of eligible federal (Forest Reserve and Impact Aid) and local revenue (local taxes) that must be budgeted I Capital Outlay. Provides financing for the construction and improvement of buildings and land, and the purchase of equipment. No minimum balance required according to legislation.

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	d Building 31100	Special Capital Outlay Federal 31500		Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match) 31700	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 51,166	\$	10,287	\$	-
Accounts receivable					
Taxes	-		-		-
Due from other governments	-		-		46,104
Interfund receivables	-		-		-
Other	-		-		-
Inventory	 -		-		-
Total assets	 51,166		10,287		46,104
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	51,166		-		32,503
Accrued payroll liabilities	-		-		-
Interfund payables	-		-		44,582
Unearned revenue	-		-		-
Total liabilities	51,166		-		77,085
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	-		-		-
Unavailable revenues - other	-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		-		-
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	-		-		-
Restricted for:					
Grant mandates	-		-		-
Capital projects	-		9,514		-
Debt service	-		-		-
Assigned	-		773		-
Unassigned	 -		-		(30,981)
Total fund balances	 -		10,287		(30,981)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 51,166	\$	10,287	\$	46,104

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Capital nprovements B-9 (Local) 31701	Public S Capital Outl 3210	ay - 20%	Total		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 9,297	\$	1,178	\$	71,928	
Accounts receivable					-	
Taxes	971		-		971	
Due from other governments	-		-		46,104	
Interfund receivables	-		-		-	
Other	-		-		-	
Inventory	 -		-			
Total assets	 10,268		1,178		119,003	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	-		-		83,669	
Accrued payroll liabilities	-		-		-	
Interfund payables	-		-		44,582	
Unearned revenue	 -		-		-	
Total liabilities	 -		-		128,251	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	971		-		971	
Unavailable revenues - other	-		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 971		-		971	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	-		-		-	
Restricted for:					-	
Grant mandates	-		-		-	
Capital projects	2,095		-		11,609	
Debt service	-		-		-	
Assigned	7,202		1,178		9,153	
Unassigned	 -		-		(30,981)	
Total fund balances	 9,297		1,178		(10,219)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$ 10,268	\$	1,178	\$	119,003	

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	d Building 31100	Special Capital Outlay Federal 31500		Capital Improvements SB-9 (State Match) 31700	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
State grants	-		-		572,200
Federal grants	-		9,514		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-
Investment income	 -		-		-
Total revenues	 -		9,514		572,200
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-		-		-
Support services					
Students	-		-		-
Instruction	-		-		-
General administration	-		-		-
School administration	-		-		-
Central services	-		-		-
Operation & maintenance of plant	-		-		-
Student transportation	-		-		-
Other support services	-		-		-
Food services operations	-		-		-
Community services	-		-		-
Capital outlay	51,166		144,357		419,461
Debt service					
Principal	-		-		-
Interest	-		-		-
Total expenditures	 51,166		144,357		419,461
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (51,166)		(134,843)		152,739
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers	 -		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		-
Net changes in fund balances	(51,166)		(134,843)		152,739
Fund balances - beginning of year	 51,166		145,130		(183,720)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ _	\$	10,287	\$	(30,981)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	Impi SB-	Capital rovements 9 (Local) 31701	Public Scho Capital Outla 20% 32100		Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	4,824	\$	-	\$ 4,824
State grants		-		-	572,200
Federal grants		-		-	9,514
Miscellaneous		-		-	-
Charges for services		-		-	-
Investment income		-		-	-
Total revenues		4,824		-	 586,538
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction		-		-	-
Support services					-
Students		-		-	-
Instruction		-		-	-
General administration		48		-	48
School administration		-		-	-
Central services		-		-	-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-		-	-
Student transportation		-		-	-
Other support services		-		-	-
Food services operations		-		-	-
Community services		-		-	-
Capital outlay		10,634		-	625,618
Debt service					-
Principal		-		-	-
Interest		-		-	-
Total expenditures		10,682		-	 625,666
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(5,858)		-	 (39,128)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers		-		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	 -
Net changes in fund balances		(5,858)		-	(39,128)
Fund balances - beginning of year		15,155		1,178	 28,909
Fund balances - end of year	\$	9,297	\$	1,178	\$ (10,219)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Debt Service Funds account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Education Technology Debt Service Fund (43000) – The fund is to account for the debt repayments of the debt incurred through the Education Technology Equipment Act (Capital Projects Fund) (Section 6-15A-1 to 6-15A-16 NMSA 1978). No minimum balance required according to legislation.

Statement D-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Tec Deb	Education Technology Debt Service 43000				
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,882				
Accounts receivable						
Taxes		2,903				
Due from other governments		-				
Interfund receivables		-				
Other		-				
Inventory		-				
Total assets		5,785				
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-				
Accrued payroll liabilities		-				
Interfund payables		-				
Unearned revenue		-				
Total liabilities		-				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		2,903				
Unavailable revenues - other		-				
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,903				
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-				
Restricted for:						
Grant mandates		-				
Capital projects		-				
Debt service		2,882				
Assigned		-				
Unassigned		-				
Total fund balances		2,882				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	5,785				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Tech Debt	cation nology Service 000
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$	-
State grants		-
Federal grants		-
Miscellaneous		-
Charges for services		-
Investment income		-
Total revenues		-
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction		-
Support services		
Students		-
Instruction		-
General administration		-
School administration		-
Central services		-
Operation & maintenance of plant		-
Student transportation		-
Other support services		-
Food services operations		-
Community services		-
Capital outlay		-
Debt service		
Principal		-
Interest		-
Total expenditures		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures		-
Other financing sources (uses):		
Operating transfers		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-
Net changes in fund balances		-
Fund balances - beginning of year		2,882
Fund balances - end of year	\$	2,882

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS AGENCY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	alance e 30, 2017	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance June 30, 2018		
Dowa Yalanne Elementary	\$ 6,058	\$	-	\$	6,058	\$	-	
A:Shiwi Elementary	9,612		21,724		18,098		13,238	
Zuni Middle School	8,526		20,907		16,862		12,571	
Zuni High School	64,954		61,121		68,739		57,336	
Twin Buttes High School	3,019		1,773		2,251		2,541	
Stephanie Anton Memorial Scholarship	138,505		23,092		-		161,597	
Stephanie Anton Memorial Fund	 12,455		1				12,456	
Total Agency Funds	\$ 243,129	\$	128,618	\$	112,008	\$	259,739	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Name of Depository	Description of Pledged Collateral	Maturity Date	CUSIP Number	Fair Market Va June 30, 201	
Wells Fargo Bank Total Wells Fargo Ban	FNMA	7/1/2031	3138WHJM5	\$ \$	1,746,571 1,746,571
The securities are held, no Bank of New York Mel One Wall Street Fourth Floor New York, NY 10286	ot in the District's name, at	:		Ψ	1,740,071
Bank of Albuquerque: Total Bank of Albuque The securities are held, no Federal Home Loan B 1 Security Benefit PL.	ot in the District's name, at ank	6/25/2028	3136AEHF7	\$ \$	678,184 678,184

\$ 3,254,219

259,739 3,513,958

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2018

Bank Name/Account Type	Account Type	1	Bank Balance	Deposits in Transit		Outstanding Checks		Other Adjustments		Book Balance	
Wells Fargo Bank											
Operational	Checking	\$	1,666,426	\$	43,839	\$	(106,495)	\$	-	\$	1,603,770
Payroll	Checking		395,067		-		(107,258)		12,444		300,253
Food Service	Checking		193,937		-		(1,023)		-		192,914
Athletics	Checking		2,815		-		(2,423)		-		392
Federal Programs	Checking		669,279		-		(277,772)		-		391,507
Teacherage	Checking		79,025		-		(4,721)		-		74,304
Savings	Savings		26,193		-		-		-		26,193
A:shiwi Elementary School	Checking		13,551		-		(313)		-		13,238
Dowa Yalanne Elementary School	Checking		-		-		-		-		-
Twin Buttes High School	Checking		2,542		-		-		-		2,542
Zuni High School	Checking		57,630		-		(295)		-		57,335
Zuni Middle School	Checking		12,570		-		-		-		12,570
Stephanie Anton Memorial Fund	Checking		12,457		-		-		-		12,457
Stephanie Anton Memorial Scholarship Fund	Checking		161,597		-		-		-		161,597
Total Wells Fargo Bank		\$ 3	3,293,089	\$	43,839	\$	(500,300)	\$	12,444	\$	2,849,072
Deck Manual America Trans	Account		Bank	Deposits		Outstanding		Other			Book
Bank Name/Account Type	Туре		Balance	111	Transit		Checks	Adj	ustments		Balance
Bank of Albuquerque											
NM Zuni Sch Teach Hsg 2012 Debt Serv	Trust	\$	15,156	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,156
NM Zuni Sch Teach Hsg Bd 2012 Ds Res	Trust		263,500		-		-		-		263,500
NM Zuni School Teacher Hsg 2012a Ds	Trust		37,730		-		-		-		37,730
NM Zuni Sch Teach Hsg 2012a Dsr	Trust		348,500		-		-		-		348,500
Total Bank of Albuquerque		\$	664,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	664,886
Total		\$ 3	3,957,975	\$	43,839	\$	(500,300)	\$	12,444		3,513,958

Cash per financial statements

Cash and cash equivalents - Government Activities Exhibit A-1 Fiduciary funds - Exhibit D-1

Schedule VIII

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Primary Government

Trimary Government							Ine	structional		
	0	perational 11000	T€	eacherage 12000	Tra	nsportation 13000		Materials 14000		od Services 21000
Cash, June 30, 2017	\$	816,129	\$	112,668	\$	20,797	\$	96,270	\$	200,231
Add:										
Current year revenues	1	3,563,447		365,182		612,175		42,259		870,447
Permanent cash transfers		-		-		-		-		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		-		-
Loans from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Total cash available	1	4,379,576		477,850		632,972		138,529		1,070,678
Less:										
Current year expenditures	(1	2,197,160)		(277,498)		(565,932)		(2,081)		(870,344)
Permanent cash transfers		(522,301)		(125,000)		(10,399)		-		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-		-		-
Loans to other funds		(857,865)		-		-		-		-
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$	802,250	\$	75,352	\$	56,641	\$	136,448	\$	200,334

Schedule VIII

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS

SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Primary Government

		thletics 22000	Fo	kolnick undation 23000	Fl	Federal ow through 24000	 Federal Direct 25000		State w through 27000
Cash, June 30, 2017	\$	76	\$	6,008	\$	(382,286)	\$ 885,883	\$	(30,948)
Add:									
Current year revenues		82,661		-		1,214,928	2,670,716		192,171
Permanent cash transfers		-		-		3,383	-		-
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-	-		-
Loans from other funds		-		-		674,305	 37,818		101,160
Total cash available		82,737		6,008		1,510,330	3,594,417		262,383
Less:									
Current year expenditures	;	(82,345)		-		(1,510,330)	(2,412,236)		(257,726)
Permanent cash transfers		-		-		-	-		(4,657)
Prior period adjustment		-		-		-	-		-
Loans to other funds		-		-		-	 -		-
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$	392	\$	6,008	\$	_	\$ 1,182,181	\$	-

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Schedule VIII

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Primary Government	 State Direct 28000	 Local / State 29000	 Bond Building 31100	Special Capital Outlay - Federal 31500		Capital provements (State Match) 31700
Cash, June 30, 2017	\$ 10,474	\$ 20,695	\$ 51,166	\$ 300,641	\$	(132,745)
Add: Current year revenues Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans from other funds	58,152 - - -	 - - - -	- - -	 9,514 - - -		660,362 - - 44,582
Total cash available	68,626	20,695	51,166	310,155		572,199
Less: Current year expenditures Permanent cash transfers Prior period adjustment Loans to other funds	(60,682) - - -	 - - -	 - - -	 (299,868) - - -		(572,199) - - -
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$ 7,944	\$ 20,695	\$ 51,166	\$ 10,287	\$	-

Schedule VIII

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CASH RECONCILIATIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Primary Government	Impi SB [,]	Capital rovements -9 (Local) 31701	blic School Capital utlay - 20% 32100	De	bt Service 41000	Education Technology Debt Service 43000		Total
Cash, June 30, 2017	\$	15,155	\$ 1,178	\$	760,811	\$	2,882	\$ 2,755,085
Add:								
Current year revenues		4,824	-		6,384		-	20,353,222
Permanent cash transfers	5	-	-		619,681		-	623,064
Prior period adjustment		-	-		-		-	-
Loans from other funds		-	 -		-		-	857,865
Total cash available		19,979	1,178		1,386,876		2,882	24,589,236
Less:								
Current year expenditures	5	(10,682)	-		(695,712)		-	(19,814,795)
Permanent cash transfers	6	-	-		-		-	(662,357)
Prior period adjustment		-	-		-		-	-
Loans to other funds		-	 -		-		-	(857,865)
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$	9,297	\$ 1,178	\$	691,164	\$	2,882	\$ 3,254,219

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget And the Board of Education of Zuni Public Schools Zuni, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General Fund and major special revenue funds of the Zuni Public Schools (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify and deficient in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items NM 2017-001, NM 2017-002, NM 2017-003, and NM 2017-004.

Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manning accounting and consulting Services, LLC

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC Kirtland, New Mexico October 10, 2018 (This page intentionally left blank.)

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget And the Board of Education of Zuni Public Schools Zuni, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Zuni Public Schools (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item FA 2018-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item FA 2018-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

The District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manning accounting and consulting Services, LC

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC Kirtland, New Mexico October 10, 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor or Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	ass-through Number	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Pass-through State of New Mexico Public Education Department Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
IDEA-B - Entitlement (1) IDEA-B Preschool (1) IDEA-B Results Plan (1)	24106 24109 24132	84.027 84.173 84.027	\$ 377,155 7,318 32,227
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			416,700
Title I IASA (1) English Language Acquisition Teacher / Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low Income Schools Title I School Improvement Carl D Perkins Special Projects - Current Total Other Programs Direct Grants Other Programs (Treated individually for major program determination) Impact Aid Impact Aid (1) Impact Aid Special Education (1) Impact Aid Indian Education (1)	24101 24153 24154 24160 24162 24171 11000 25145 25147	84.010 84.365A 84.367 84.358 84.377A 84.048A 84.041 84.041 84.041	758,044 32,213 165,958 33,775 70,600 <u>37,972</u> 1,098,562 7,308,837 84,215 1,576,129
Impact Aid Construction (1) Total Impact Aid	31500	84.041	<u>144,357</u> 9,113,538
Indian Education Formula Grant Total Other Programs	25184	84.060	248,198 9,361,736
Subtotal - Direct U.S. Department of Education			9,361,736
Total U.S. Department of Education			10,876,998
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			-
U.S. Department of Interior Direct U.S. Department of Interior Johnson O'Malley Forestry on Indian Lands	25131 25176	15.130 15.035	120,788 232,420
Total U.S. Department of Interior			353,208
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct U.S. Department of Agriculture Other Programs (Treated individually for major program determination Forest Reserve	11000	10.672	15,257
Subtotal - Direct U.S. Department of Agriculture			15,257
Pass-through State of New Mexico Public Education Department Other Programs (Treated individually for major program determination Fresh Fruit and Vegetables	24118	10.582	37,350

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor or Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Pass-through Number	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Child Nutrition Cluster			
USDA School Breakfast Program	21000	10.553	246,816
National School Lunch Program	21000	10.555	626,867
Pass-through State of New Mexico Department of Health and Human Ser	vices		
Food Distribution (Commodities)	21000	10.553/10.555	63,561
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			937,244
Subtotal - Pass-through State of New Mexico Public Education Department			911,033
Subtotal - Pass-through State of New Mexico Department			
of Health and Human Services			63,561
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			989,851
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 12,220,057

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

2. Subrecipients

The District did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients during the year.

3. Non Cash Federal Assistance

The District receives USDA commodities for use in sponsoring the National School Lunch and Breakfast programs. The value of commodities received for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$63,561 and is reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards under the Department of Agriculture Commodities program, CFDA numbers 10.553 and 10.555. Commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures in the food service fund.

4. Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. Certain of the District's federal award programs have been charged with indirect costs, based upon a rate established by the State of New Mexico, and the District has elected not to use the 10% deminimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance applied to overall expenditures. The District's indirect cost rate for the year was 4.92%

5. Matching Costs

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures. The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

6. Insurance

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

7. Loan or Loan Guarantees

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Financial Statements:

Total federal awards expended per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Total expenditures funded by other sources	\$ 12,220,057 7,362,230
Total expenditures	\$ 19,582,287

(1) Denotes Major Federal Program

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements:

1.	Ту	pe of auditors' report issued	Unmodified		
2.	Int	ternal control over financial reporting:			
	a.	Material weakness in internal control identified?	None noted		
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	None noted		
	c.	Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	None noted		
Federal Awards:					
1.	Int	ternal control over major programs:			
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	None noted		
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes		
2.	Ту	pe of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified		
3.		y audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in cordance with 2 CFR-200.516(a)?	None noted		
4.	Ide	entification of major programs:			
		CFDA Number Federal Program			

84.041	Impact Aid
84.010	Title I IASA
84.027 and 84.173	Special Education Cluster

5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
6.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None Noted

Section III – Federal Award Findings

FA 2018-001 – Improper Method of Procurement (Significant Deficiency)

Federal Program Information:Funding Agency: U.S. Department of EducationTitle:Title ICFDA Number:84.010Passthrough:New Mexico Department of Education (24101)Award Year:2018

Criteria: 2 CFR Subtitle A, Chapter II, Parts 200, Subpart D, Post Federal Award Requirements § 200.320 Methods of procurement to be followed:

The non-Federal entity must use one of the following methods of procurement.

(b) Procurement by small purchase procedures. Small purchase procedures are those relatively simple and informal procurement methods for securing services, supplies, or other property that do not cost more than the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. If small purchase procedures are used, price or rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources.

Condition: The District secured the services of an entity to teach Title I students at the private schools in its boundaries. The District did not secure any quotes or bids for this purchase.

Questioned Costs: Unknown

Cause: The District did not ensure that it was securing the best available rate for the services provided as the private school had identified all components that it wanted for its tutoring and no others were identified that provided the requested services as needed. The District didn't assure that no other vendors could provide the requested services.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with Federal regulations related to the grant and could put funding in jeopardy or require the District to reimburse the program.

Auditor's Recommendation: The District should ensure that it is securing quotes from at least two or three vendors when receiving services costing more than \$10,000. These quotes should be maintained in the purchasing file to document compliance.

Responsible official's view:

- Specific corrective action plan for finding: The district met with the heads of both private schools to help them understand procurement regulations as they relate to use of federal funds.
- Timeline for completion of corrective action plan: The meeting was held in late August 2018
- Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline: **Director of Finance**

Section IV – Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings

<u>NM 2017-001 [FS 2013-002] – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization (Compliance and Other Matters)</u> <u>Repeated and Revised</u>

Criteria: Per the New Mexico Manual of Procedures for Public School Accounting and Budgeting, Supplement 13 – Purchasing, "the preparation and execution of a duly authorized purchase order must precede the placement of any order for goods, services, or construction.....For each individual purchase contract, a receiving document or other recording instrument (i.e., electronic) shall be present at the delivery site to record the delivery of items or service. Upon verifying and recording the receipt of all the items or services ordered, the receiving document or recording instrument shall be manually or electronically signed by authorized receiving personnel and processed for payment according to procedures established by school district or charter school boards' of education local procedures."

13-1-157 NMSA 1978 Receipt; inspection; acceptance or rejection of deliveries.

The using agency is responsible for inspecting and accepting or rejecting deliveries. The using agency shall determine whether the quantity is as specified in the purchase order or contract and whether the quality conforms to the specifications referred to or included in the purchase order or contract. If inspection reveals that the delivery does not conform to the quantity or quality specified in the purchase order or contract, the using agency shall immediately notify the central purchasing office. The central purchasing office shall notify the vendor that the delivery has been rejected and shall order the vendor to promptly make a satisfactory replacement or supplementary delivery. In case the vendor fails to comply, the central purchasing office shall have no obligation to pay for the nonconforming items of tangible personal property. If the delivery does conform to the quantity and quality specified in the purchase order or contract, the using agency shall certify to the central purchasing office that delivery has been completed and is satisfactory.

Additionally, <u>13-1-158 NMSA 1978</u> states:

"No warrant, check or other negotiable instrument shall be issued in payment for any purchase of services, construction or items of tangible personal property unless the central purchasing office or the using agency certifies that the services, construction or items of tangible personal property have been received and meet specifications or unless prepayment is permitted under <u>Section 13-1-98</u> NMSA 1978 by exclusion of the purchase from the Procurement Code [<u>13-1-28</u> NMSA 1978]."

Condition: During our review of cash disbursements items we noted the following instances in which proper procedures were not followed:

• In 2 of 25 items tested the goods and or services were received prior to the approval of a purchase order. The value of the goods and or services purchased were \$709.60 and \$3,758.37.

In the prior year's audit there were 6 instances in which goods and or services were purchased prior to the creation of an approved purchase order.

Cause: District personnel have not followed state guidelines or internal procedures in the payment of services. Policy states that the District must have a signed purchase order in place prior to receiving goods and or services and that there is a receiving document to verify goods and services are received.

Section IV - Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

<u>NM 2017-001 [FS 2013-002] – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization (Compliance and Other Matters)</u> <u>Repeated and Revised (Continued)</u>

Effect: Internal control over expenditures and the ability of responsible parties to appropriately monitor budgets for which they bear responsibility may be compromised. Not being in compliance with these requirements places the District and the Board at risk for fraud or misuse of public funds

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that all personnel be reminded of, or trained in, District and State policy in regards to payment of goods, services, or construction. All District personnel need to be aware that a purchase order must be approved prior to the purchase of goods and services and that all goods and services should be signed for indicating when items were received and by whom.

Responsible official's view:

- Specific corrective action plan for finding: During the back to school staff orientation meeting, all ZPSD staff were required to attend procurement training in order to be instructed in state regulations regarding purchase order timing. In addition, penalties for not following these regulations were reviewed and explained to all staff
- Timeline for completion of corrective action plan: This action was completed on August 6, 2018
- Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline: **Director of Finance**

Section IV – Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

<u>NM 2017-002 [FS 2014-006] – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Activity Funds (Compliance and Other Matters) Repeated and Revised</u>

Criteria: Per the New Mexico Manual of Procedures for Public School Accounting and Budgeting, Supplement 13 – Purchasing, "the preparation and execution of a duly authorized purchase order must precede the placement of any order for goods, services, or construction.....For each individual purchase contract, a receiving document or other recording instrument (i.e., electronic) shall be present at the delivery site to record the delivery of items or service. Upon verifying and recording the receipt of all the items or services ordered, the receiving document or recording instrument shall be manually or electronically signed by authorized receiving personnel and processed for payment according to procedures established by school district or charter school boards' of education local procedures."

13-1-157 NMSA 1978 Receipt; inspection; acceptance or rejection of deliveries.

The using agency is responsible for inspecting and accepting or rejecting deliveries. **The using agency shall determine whether the quantity is as specified in the purchase order or contract and whether the quality conforms to the specifications referred to or included in the purchase order or contract.** If inspection reveals that the delivery does not conform to the quantity or quality specified in the purchase order or contract, the using agency shall immediately notify the central purchasing office. The central purchasing office shall notify the vendor that the delivery has been rejected and shall order the vendor to promptly make a satisfactory replacement or supplementary delivery. In case the vendor fails to comply, the central purchasing office shall have no obligation to pay for the nonconforming items of tangible personal property. If the delivery does conform to the quantity and quality specified in the purchase order or contract, the using agency shall certify to the central purchasing office that delivery has been completed and is satisfactory.

Additionally, <u>13-1-158 NMSA 1978</u> states:

"No warrant, check or other negotiable instrument shall be issued in payment for any purchase of services, construction or items of tangible personal property unless the central purchasing office or the using agency certifies that the services, construction or items of tangible personal property have been received and meet specifications or unless prepayment is permitted under <u>Section 13-1-98</u> NMSA 1978 by exclusion of the purchase from the Procurement Code [<u>13-1-28</u> NMSA 1978]."

Condition: During our review of activity disbursements we noted the following instances in which proper procedures were not followed:

- In 4 of 25 items tested the goods and or services were received prior to the approval of a purchase order. The invoices pre-dated the purchase order from 2 to 18 days and the purchases ranged from \$15.96 to \$615.00
- In 4 of 25 items tested there was no invoice in the purchase documents to verify the invoices to the check. In three of the instances the money was given to an individual with no evidence the money was used for approved purchases or if the money was returned. The amount of these disbursements were \$200, \$350, and \$500. In the final instance the payment was to a motel in the amount of \$170.

In the prior year's audit there were 6 instances in which goods and or services were purchased prior to the creation of an approved purchase order and 1 instance in which there was no receiving documentation.

Cause: District personnel have not followed state guidelines or internal procedures in the payment of services. Policy states that the District must have a signed purchase order in place prior to receiving goods and or services and that there is an itemized invoice and receipt.

Effect: Internal control over expenditures and the ability of responsible parties to appropriately monitor budgets for which they bear responsibility may be compromised. Not being in compliance with these requirements places the District and the Board at risk for fraud or misuse of public funds.

Section IV - Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

<u>NM 2017-002 [FS 2014-006] – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Activity Funds (Compliance and Other Matters) Repeated and Revised (Continued)</u>

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that all personnel be reminded of, or trained in, District and State policy in regards to payment of goods, services, or construction. All District personnel need to be aware that a purchase order must be approved prior to the purchase of goods and services and that all goods and services should be signed for indicating when items were received and by whom.

Responsible official's view:

- Specific corrective action plan for finding: During the back to school staff orientation meeting, all ZPSD staff were required to attend procurement training in order to be instructed in state regulations regarding purchase order timing. In addition, penalties for not following these regulations were reviewed and explained to all staff
- Timeline for completion of corrective action plan: Training was completed on August 6, 2018
- Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline: Director of Finance

Section IV – Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

<u>NM 2017-003 [FS 2014-002] – Timeliness of Deposits – Activity Funds (Compliance and Other Matters)</u> Repeated and Revised

Criteria: <u>6.20.2.14 NMAC 1978</u> CASH CONTROL STANDARDS:

A. School districts shall establish and maintain a cash management program to safeguard cash and provide prompt and accurate reporting that adheres to cash management requirements of the office of management and budget (OMB) Circular A-102, and applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

B. The school district shall issue a factory pre-numbered receipt for all money received. Pre-numbered receipts are to be controlled and secured. If a receipt is voided, all copies shall be marked "VOID" and retained in the receipt book.

C. **Money received and receipted shall be deposited in the bank within twenty-four (24) hours or one banking day.** If the distance to the bank is considerable, or the cash collection is limited to small amounts and/or low volume and it is impractical to meet the twenty-four hour/one banking day requirement, the local board may request approval from the department for an alternative plan. The bank deposit slip shall have the numbers from applicable receipts entered on it or attached as a reference.

K. All bank accounts shall be reconciled on a monthly basis. Reconciled bank statements are to be reviewed by the business manager and/or assistant superintendent for business administration. The bank statement, deposit slips, and canceled checks shall be made available to the district's auditor during the annual audit.

Condition: During our review of activity receipts we identified the following instances in which proper procedures were not followed:

- In 4 of 25 items tested money received was not deposited within 24 hours.
 - \$130.00 was received on 11/15/17 and was deposited on 11/22/17
 - \$72 was received on 10/6/17 and was deposited on 10/10/17
 - \circ \$171.76 was received on 10/6/17 and was deposited on 10/10/17
 - \$330.00 was received on 3/1/18 and was deposited on 3/5/18

In the previous year's audit 4 of 25 deposits tested were not deposited within 24 hours.

Cause: The District did not deposit the funds received within 24 hours after receipt. Proper procedures relating to cash receipts were not followed.

Effect: Non-adherence to state statutes places the District in noncompliance and lack of timeliness of deposits could subject the District to a possible occurrence of fraud.

Auditors' Recommendations: We recommend that the District emphasize the importance of timely deposits of receipts. The District should cross-train employees so that more than one individual is able to make deposits to ensure timely deposits are possible.

Responsible Official's Plan:

- Specific corrective action plan for finding:
 - During the back to school staff orientation meeting, all ZPSD staff were required to attend procurement training in order to be instructed in state regulations regarding timely deposit of district funds. In addition, penalties for not following these regulations were reviewed and explained to all staff. The district has also requested and received a waiver of state deposit rules from NMPED to cover small deposits.

Section IV - Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

<u>NM 2017-003 [FS 2014-002] – Timeliness of Deposits – Activity Funds (Compliance and Other Matters)</u> Repeated and Revised (Continued)

- Timeline for completion of corrective action plan: The training was held on August 6, 2018.
- Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline: **Director of Finance**

Section IV - Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

<u>NM 2017-004 – Improper Reimbursement of Travel Expense (Compliance and Other Matters) Repeated and Revised</u>

Criteria: 2.42.2.9 NMAC 1978: REIMBURSEMENT OF ACTUAL EXPENSES IN LIEU OF PER DIEM RATES:

A. **Applicability:** Upon written request of a public officer or an employee, agency heads may grant written approval for a public officer or employee of that agency or local public body to be reimbursed actual expenses in lieu of the per diem rate where overnight travel is required.

B. **Overnight travel:** For overnight travel for state officers and employees where overnight lodging is required, the public officer or employee will be reimbursed as follows:

(1) Actual reimbursement for lodging: A public officer or an employee may elect to be reimbursed actual expenses for lodging not exceeding the single occupancy room charge (including tax) in lieu of the per diem rate set forth in this Section. Whenever possible, public officers and employees should stay in hotels which offer government rates. Agencies, public officers or employees who incur lodging expenses in excess of \$215.00 per night must obtain the signature of the agency head or chairperson of the governing board on the travel voucher prior to requesting reimbursement and on the encumbering document at the time of encumbering the expenditure.

(2) Actual reimbursement for meals: Actual expenses for meals are limited by Section 10-8-4(K)(2) NMSA 1978 (1995 Repl. Pamp.) to a maximum of \$30.00 for in-state travel and \$45.00 for out-of-state travel for a 24-hour period.

(3) **Receipts required:** The public officer or employee must submit receipts for the actual meal and lodging expenses incurred. Under circumstances where the loss of receipts would create a hardship, an affidavit from the officer or employee attesting to the expenses may be substituted for actual receipts. The affidavit must accompany the travel voucher and include the signature of the agency head or governing board. See Appendix B for a sample affidavit.

C. **Return from overnight travel:** On the last day of travel when overnight lodging is no longer required, partial day reimbursement shall be made. To calculate the number of hours in the partial day, begin with the time the traveler initially departed on the travel. Divide the total number of hours traveled by 24. The hours remaining constitute the partial day which shall be reimbursed as follows:

- (1) for less than 2 hours, none;
- (2) for 2 hours but less than 6 hours, \$12.00;
- (3) for 6 hours or more, but less than 12 hours, \$20.00;
- (4) for 12 hours or more, \$30.00;
- (5) no reimbursement for actual expenses will be granted in lieu of partial day per diem rates.

Condition: During our review of travel and per diem we noted the following instances in which proper procedures were not followed:

• In 2 of 25 items tested the District did not reimburse the employee the proper amount. In the first instance an employee had \$108.80 in valid receipts but was paid \$103.80. In the second instance the employee was traveling for three 24 hour periods and an additional 8 hours. The employee should have been reimbursed \$110.00 but was paid \$119.12.

Improvements have been made in the current year. In the prior year's audit there were several different areas in which proper reimbursement rates were not followed to include per diem rates, travel advances, and meal reimbursement amounts.

Cause: The District did not properly calculate the reimbursement rate for meal expenses.

Effect: The District did not fully reimburse one employee for qualified travel expenses while other employee was paid too much on their travel expenses. Employees were not reimbursed at the District and State mandated rates.

Section IV - Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings (Continued)

NM 2017-004 – Improper Reimbursement of Travel Expense (Compliance and Other Matters) Continued)

Auditor's Recommendation: We recommend that management ensure that they are reimbursing employees properly for qualified expenses and ensure that policies are consistent for all employees.

Responsible Official's View:

• Specific corrective action plan for finding:

The district has created a form to recap on a daily travel basis, all meals purchased. Said form also records date and time that the employee left the district in order to properly categorize the travel by date and time.

- Timeline for completion of corrective action plan: Completed June 1, 2018
- Employee position(s) responsible for meeting the timeline: Director of Finance

Section V – Prior Year Audit Findings

Financial Statement Findings

FS 2016-003 - Improper Recording and Maintenance of Fixed Assets Inventory - Resolved

Federal Awards Findings

None Noted

Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 Findings

NM 2017-001 [FS 2013-002] – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Repeated and Revised NM 2017-002 [FS 2014-006] – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Activity Accounts – Repeated and Revised NM 2017-003 [FS 2014-002] – Timeliness of Deposits – Activity Funds – Repeated and Revised NM 2017-004 – Improper Reimbursement of Travel Expense – Repeated and Revised NM 2017-005 – Timeliness of Deposits – Resolved NM 2017-006 – Background Checks – Resolved

NM 2017-007 – Cash Appropriations in Excess of Available Cash Balances - Resolved

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UNAUDITED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT #89

P. O. DRAWER A, 12 TWIN BUTTES DR.

SUPERINTENDENT Daniel Benavidez



ZUNI, NM 87327 PH: 505-782-5511 FAX: 505-782-5870

BOARD OF EDUCATION Ms. Stephanie Vicenti , President Willard Zunie, Vice-President Ms. Masika Sweetwyne, Secretary Mr. Jerome Haskie, Member Mr. Anthony Lucio, Member

Findings Resolution Recap

Findings Resolution For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FS 2013-002 – Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Repeated and Revised (Reclassified to NM 2017-001)

The District provided training to all employees at the back to school orientation, instructing them in NM state statutes requiring that a purchase order be in place before any purchase is made. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. The training was provided by the district's Director of Finance.

FS 2014-006 - Purchase Orders and Payment – Activity Accounts Repeated and Revised (Reclassified to NM 2017-002)

The District provided training to all employees at the back to school orientation, instructing them in NM state statutes requiring that a purchase order be in place before any purchase is made. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. The training was provided by the district's Director of Finance.

FS 2014-002 – Timeliness of Deposits – Activity Funds – Repeated and Revised (Reclassified to NM 2017-003)

Trainng was provided to all employees at the back to school orientation outlining state 24 hour deposit rules. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. A waiver of that deposit rule has been obtained from the New Mexico Public Education Department and it will be renewed on an annual basis. All training was provided by the Director of Finance

FS 2016-001 – Improper Retention of Bid/RFP Documentation and Approval of Award – Resolved FS 2016-002 – Failure to Follow Proper Internal Controls Related to Cash – Resolved FS 2016-003 – Improper Recording and Maintenance of Fixed Assets Inventory – Resolved

Findings Resolution For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

FS 2016-003 - Improper Maintenance of Fixes Assets Inventory Resolved

NM 2017-001 [FS 2013-002] Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization - Repeated and Revised

The District provided training to all employees at the back to school orientation, instructing them in NM state statutes requiring that a purchase order be in place before any purchase is made. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. The training was provided by the district's Director of Finance.

NM 2017-002 [FS 2014-006] Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Activity Accounts – Repeated and Revised.

The District provided training to all employees at the back to school orientation, instructing them in NM state statutes requiring that a purchase order be in place before any purchase is made. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. The training was provided by the district's Director of Finance.

NM 2017-003 [FS 2014-002] Timeliness of Deposits - Activity Funds - Repeated and Revised

Trainng was provided to all employees at the back to school orientation outlining state 24 hour deposit rules. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. A waiver of that deposit rule has been obtained from the New Mexico Public Education Department and it will be renewed on an annual basis. All training was provided by the Director of Finance

NM 2017-004 Improper Reimbursement of Travel Expense

A spreadsheet has been created to track all travel expenditures by 24 hour time period. The spreadsheet is created for all travel and attached to the payment documents prior to processing. This was completed by the Director of Finance.

NM 2017-005 Timeliness of Deposits

Trainng was provided to all employees at the back to school orientation outlining state 24 hour deposit rules. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. A waiver of that deposit rule has been obtained from the New Mexico Public Education Department and it will be renewed on an annual basis. All training was provided by the Director of Finance

NM 2017-006 Background Checks - Resolved NM 2017-007 Cash Appropriations in Excess of Available Cash Balances – Resolved

Findings Resolution For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

FA 2018-001 – Improper Method of Procurement

The District me with the heads of both private schools that accessed the Title I Funds for this expenditure and explained the procurement guidelines regarding this purchase. In addition, an RFP has been published for future use of these funds. The Director of Finance was responsible for the training.

NM 2017-001 [FS 2013-002] Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization - Repeated and Revised

The District provided training to all employees at the back to school orientation, instructing them in NM state statutes requiring that a purchase order be in place before any purchase is made. Ongoing training will be provided during the school year. The training was provided by the district's Director of Finance.

NM 2017-002 [FS 2014-006] Purchase Orders and Payment Authorization – Activity Accounts – Repeated and Revised.

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NM 2017-003 [FS 2014-002] Timeliness of Deposits - Activity Funds - Repeated and Revised

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NM 2017-004 Improper Reimbursement of Travel Expense

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NM 2017-005 Timeliness of Deposits

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO ZUNI PUBLIC SCHOOLS OTHER DISCLOSURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Auditor Prepared Financial Statements

Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC prepared the GAAP-basis financial statements and footnotes of Zuni Public Schools from the original books and records provided to them by the management of the District. The District's management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes and they believe that their records adequately support the financial statements. The responsibility for the financial statements remains with the District.

Exit Conference

The contents of this report were discussed on October 10, 2018. The following individuals were in attendance.

Zuni Public Schools Daniel Benavidez, Superintendent Martin Romine, Director of Finance Jerome Haskie, Board Member <u>Manning Accounting and Consulting Services, LLC</u> Byron R. Manning, CPA, Managing Partner Chris Manning, Staff Accountant