RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019
WITH
REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

OF

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2019

JULY 1, 2018 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Our Mission

Ruidoso Municipal School District in partnership with students, families and the community, ensures a rigorous and relevant student-centered learning environment that cultivates character, fosters academic excellence and embraces diversity.

Our Vision

The Vision of Ruidoso Municipal School District is to grow a collaborative learning community where relationships, rigor, and relevance develop fulfilled and purposeful adults.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Title Page

- iii Table of Contents
- v Official Roster

FINANCIAL SECTION

3 Independent Auditors' Report

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

- 6 Statement of Net Position
- 8 Statement of Activities

Fund Financial Statements:

- 9 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
- 11 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet All Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
- 12 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds
- 14 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance All Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Major Funds:

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

15 General Fund

Special Revenue Funds: Fund #
Title I – 1003g 24124

17 Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds

Notes to the Financial Statements

19 Contents

16

- Note I Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 Note II Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability
- 32 Note III Detailed Notes On All Funds
- 38 Note IV Other Information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

- 49 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
- 49 Schedule of District's Contributions
- 49 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
- 50 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability
- 50 Schedule of District's Contributions
- 50 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

STATE OF NEW MEXICO INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:

0 1	T 1
General	Himd:

- 54 Combining Balance Sheet
- 55 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

		Fund#
56	Operating Fund	11000
57	Transportation Fund	13000
58	Instructional Materials Fund	14000
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	

64 Combining Balance Sheet

72 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

State Required Disclosures:

Fiduciary Funds:

80 Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds

81 Schedule of Pledged Collateral

82 Cash Reconciliation

COMPLIANCE SECTION

- 85 Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
- 87 Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance
- 90 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- 91 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- 93 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
- 95 Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings
- 96 Required Disclosure

iv | Page

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

OFFICIAL ROSTER

Year Ended June 30, 2019

BOARD OF EDUCATION

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Luther Light	President	George Bickert	Superintendent
Marc Beatty	Member	Clint Taylor	Director of Business and Finance
Gillian Baudo	Secretary	Veronica Prieto	Financial Specialist/Procurement Officer
Shane Holder	Member	Ann Spence	AP
Gina Klinekole	Vice-President	Sandra Ashcraft	Payroll
		Lisa Brillante	H.R.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Luther Light	Member	Dr. George Bickert	Member
Marc Beatty	Member	Clint Taylor	Member
Tom Rigsby	Member	Luther Light	Member
Ben Byrd	Member	Marc Beatty	Member
Dr. George Bickert	Member		
Clint Taylor	Member		

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

FINANCIAL SECTION

OF

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2019

JULY 1, 2018 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



4801 N Butler Ave. Ste. 8101 Farmington, NM 87401

Phone (505) 566-1900 Fax (505) 566-1911 cpa@afsolutions-cpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue fund of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3 basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Phone (505) 566-1900 Fax (505) 566-1911 cpa@afsolutions-cpa.com

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America also require that the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions for pensions and OPEB on pages 49-50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3' basic financial statements. The supplemental information such as the budgetary comparisons for the major capital project fund, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the budgetary comparisons for non-major special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and the other information, such as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the other schedules required by 2.2.2.NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures and other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2019 on our consideration of the Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cocourting of Financial Solutions, LLC
October 18, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,237,468
Receivables:		
Delinquent property taxes receivable		463,812
Grant		1,702,035
Food inventory		11,633
Non-current:		
Non-depreciable assets		2,195,700
Depreciable capital assets, net	_	64,444,977
Total Assets		84,055,625
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Contributions to pension subsequent to the measurement date		1,392,111
Difference between expected and actual pension experience		30,209
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		91,630
Net change in pension assumptions		8,530,560
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability		1,017,362
Contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date		200,306
Net change in proportionate share of OPEB liability	_	627,522
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	11,889,700

(cont'd; 1 of 2)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	802,571
Accrued interest		401,975
Compensated absences		111,077
Long-term liabilities other than pensions:		
Due within one year		3,550,000
Due in more than one year		34,510,893
Aggregate net pension liability		41,391,345
Aggregate OPEB liability		9,906,422
Total Liabilities		90,674,283
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		32
Difference between expected and actual pension experience		787,744
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability		336,469
Difference between expected and actual OPEB experience		586,524
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments		123,628
Net change in OPEB assumptions		1,849,485
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,683,882
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		31,995,595
Restricted for:		
Special revenue funds		1,022,751
Capital projects		1,301,331
Debt service		4,303,761
Unrestricted		(37,036,278)
Total Net Position	\$	1,587,160
		(2 of 2)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Pro	gram Revenues			` .	pense) Revenue and es in Net Position		
		C	Charges for		Operating Grants		Capital Grants		overnmental		
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Services</u>	and Contributions		and Contibutions		<u>Activities</u>			
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
Instruction	\$ 17,704,596	\$	16,035	\$	3,335,850	\$	136,169	\$	(14,216,542)		
Support Services - Students	2,347,359		48,459		442,283		-		(1,856,617)		
Support Services - Instruction	912,309		-		171,895		-		(740,414)		
Support Services - General Administration	576,911		-		108,700		389		(467,822)		
Support Services - School Administration	1,085,212		-		204,473		-		(880,739)		
Central Services	640,838		-		120,745		-		(520,093)		
Operations & Maintenance of Plant	3,070,999		-		578,629		4,44 0		(2,487,930)		
Student Transportation	1,072,630		-		872,073		-		(200,557)		
Food Services	1,182,676		77,935		-		-		(1,104,741)		
Bond interest paid	 841,831		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(841,831)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 29,435,361	\$	142,429	\$	5,834,648	\$	140,998		(23,317,286)		
				Comonal	revenues:						
				Tax							
					roperty Taxes:						
				1	General purpos	200			250,986		
					Capital projects				1,416,310		
					Debt service	•			4,255,199		
				Gr	ants and contribu	itions no	t restricted		14,875,323		
					scellaneous incon		t restricted		79,446		
						iic .			20,877,264		
				10tai ge	neral revenues				20,677,204		
				Change in	n net position				(2,440,022)		
				Net po	sition - beginni	ng			4,027,182		
				Net po	sition - ending			\$	1,587,160		

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		General <u>Fund</u>		e I - 1003g nd #24124		and Building		ebt Service and #41000
Assets	Ф	F 200 224	Φ.		ф.	2 44 5 04 4	ф.	4 272 757
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,389,236	\$	-	\$	3,415,811	\$	4,372,757
Receivables:		20.405						221 070
Property taxes		20,495		052.050		-		331,070
Grant		1 454 056		953,850		-		-
Due from other funds		1,451,956		-		-		-
Food inventory	ф.		ф.	052.050	ф.		ф.	4 702 027
Total assets	>	6,861,687	\$	953,850	\$	3,415,811	\$	4,703,827
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	700,440	\$	24,265	\$	1,735	\$	
Due to other funds	φ		Φ	929,585	φ	1,733	φ	-
Total liabilities	_	6,164 706,604		953,850	_	1,735		
Total natinues	_	700,004		933,630	_	1,/33		
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Advances of federal, state, and local grants								
Delinquent property taxes		16.659		-		-		269,123
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	16,659						269,123
Total deferred filliows of resources		10,039		<u>-</u>		<u>=</u>		209,123
Fund balance:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventories		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-
Capital projects funds		-		-		3,414,076		-
Debt service		-		-		-		4,434,704
Committed to:								
Subsequent year's expenditures		4,520,223		-		_		-
Unassigned		1,618,201				<u>-</u>		
Total fund balance		6,138,424				3,414,076		4,434,704
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balance	\$	6,861,687	\$	953,850	\$	3,415,811	\$	4,703,827

(cont'd; 1 of 2)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

Assets	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,059,664	\$	15,237,468
Receivables:	Ψ	2,037,001	Ψ	15,257,100
Property taxes		112,247		463,812
Grant		748,185		1,702,035
Due from other funds		47,084		1,499,040
Food inventory		11,633		11,633
Total assets	\$	2,978,813	\$	18,913,988
Lightlising defermed inflarry and fund halance				
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	76,131	\$	802,571
Due to other funds	Ψ	563,291	Ψ	1,499,040
Total liabilities		639,422	_	2,301,611
Total MacMiles		007,122	_	2,001,011
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		32		32
Delinquent property taxes		91,594	_	377,376
Total deferred inflows of resources		91,626		377,408
Fund balance:				
Non-spendable:				
Inventories		11,633		11,633
Restricted for:				
Special revenue funds		1,022,751		1,022,751
Capital projects funds		1,212,037		4,626,113
Debt service		1,344		4,436,048
Committed to:				4.500.000
(Blank)		-		4,520,223
Unassigned			_	1,618,201
Total fund balance	_	<u>2,247,765</u>	_	16,234,969
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	ď	2.070.012	đ	10.012.000
of resources, and fund balance	>	2,978,813	>	18,913,988

(2 of 2)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	16,234,969
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets		98,312,385
Accumulated depreciation		(31,671,708)
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures		
and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable		377,376
Deferred outflow of resources are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds and include:		
Contributions to pension subsequent to the measurement date		1,392,111
Difference between expected and actual pension experience		30,209
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		91,630
Net change in pension assumptions		8,530,560
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability		1,017,362
Contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date		200,306
Net change in proportionate share of OPEB liability		627,522
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Bonds payable		(36,915,000)
Accrued interest payable		(401,975)
Accrued vacation payable		(111,077)
Bond premiums		(1,145,893)
Net pension liability		(41,391,345)
Net OPEB liability		(9,906,422)
Deferred inflow of resources are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported		
in the funds and include:		
Difference between expected and actual pension experience		(787,744)
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability		(336,469)
Difference between expected and actual OPEB experience		(586,524)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments		(123,628)
Net change in OPEB assumptions	_	(1,849,485)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	1,587,160

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General <u>Fund</u>		le I - 1003g nd #24124		nd Building and #31100		ebt Service nd #41000
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	251,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,254,725
Intergovernmental - federal grants		542,396		1,218,694		-		-
Intergovernmental - state grants		15,811,467		-		-		-
Contributions - private grants		5,000		-		-		-
Charges for services		16,035		-		-		-
Investment and interest income		40,985		-		31,692		14,470
Miscellaneous		79,321		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total revenues		16,746,307		1,218,694		31,692		4,269,195
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		8,770,633		654,689		-		-
Support services:								
Students		1,364,857		115,986		-		-
Instruction		466,898		322,077		-		-
General Administration		384,584		45,222		-		42,567
School Administration		950,563		12,47 0		-		-
Central Services		588,750		-		-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		2,555,695		-		55,304		-
Student transportation		872,073		68,250		-		-
Food services operations		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		3,576,098		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		2,900,000
Bond interest paid		-		-		-		942,061
Bond issuance costs		-		-		102,701		-
Other	_	-		-		-		1,669
Total expenditures		15,954,053		1,218,694		3,734,103		3,886,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		792,254		<u>-</u>		(3,702,411)		382,898
Other financing sources: Sale of bonds						2 700 000		
Bond premium		-		-		2,700,000 142,894		-
Total other financing sources	_	_		_		2,842,894		
Total other imalicing sources	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,042,094	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		792,254		-		(859,517)		382,898
Fund balance at beginning of the year		5,346,170		_		4,273,593		4,051,806
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	6,138,424	\$	_	\$	3,414,076	\$	4,434,704
ž	**		-1		-1		-1	, , .

(cont'd; 1 of 2)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: Taxes:	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
	¢ 1.417.104	Ф годиоза
Property	\$ 1,416,104	\$ 5,921,932
Intergovernmental - federal grants	2,681,143	4,442,233
Intergovernmental - state grants	498,105	16,309,572
Contributions - private grants	250	5,250
Charges for services	126,394	142,429
Investment and interest income	6,767	93,914
Miscellaneous	125	79,446
Total revenues	4,728,888	26,994,776
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Instruction	985,518	10,410,840
Support services:	,,.	,,
Students	676,127	2,156,970
Instruction	40,802	829,777
General Administration	57,746	530,119
School Administration	34,160	997,193
Central Services	111	588,861
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	106,548	2,717,547
Student transportation	45,308	985,631
Food services operations	1,086,752	1,086,752
Capital outlay	1,318,168	4,894,266
Debt service:	1,510,100	1,071,200
Principal retirement	_	2,900,000
Bond interest paid	_	942,061
Bond issuance costs	_	102,701
Other	_	1,669
Total expenditures	4,351,240	29,144,387
Total enperiores	1,331,210	22,111,501
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures	377,648	(2,149,611)
Other financing sources:		
Sale of bonds	-	2,700,000
Bond premium		142,894
Total other financing sources		2,842,894
Net change in fund balance	377,648	693,283
Fund balance at beginning of the year	1,870,117	15,541,686
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 2,247,765	\$ 16,234,969
		(2 of 2)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

N. d. C. H. L. C. H. L. C. L. L. C. L.	dt.	(02.202
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	693,283
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activites the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
capital oulays exceeded depreciation in the current year		
Capital outlay		4,894,266
Depreciation		(2,319,159)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		
are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Deferred property taxes at:		
June 30, 2018		(376,813)
June 30, 2019		377,376
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds		
report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued,		
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These		
differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items consist of:		
Current year principal payments		2,900,000
Bonds sold		(2,700,000)
Current year bond premiums		(142,894)
Bond premium amortization		119,013
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental		
funds.		
Compensated absences at:		
June 30, 2018		102,540
June 30, 2019		(111,077)
Accrued interest at:		
June 30, 2018		383,192
June 30, 2019		(401,975)
Loss on asset disposal		(255,253)
Deferred contributions to pension plan		1,392,111
Deferred contributions to OPEB plan		200,306
Pension expense		(7,075,145)
OPEB expense		(119,793)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(2,440,022)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Revenues: Taxes: Property \$ 238,585 \$ 238,585 \$ 251,256 \$ 12,671 Intergovernmental - federal grants 330,354 330,354 542,396 212,042 Intergovernmental - state grants 15,549,278 15,823,380 15,811,467 (11,913) Contributions - private grants 1,000 1,000 5,000 4,000 Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous — — — — — — 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Taxes: Property \$ 238,585 \$ 238,585 \$ 251,256 \$ 12,671 Intergovernmental - federal grants 330,354 330,354 542,396 212,042 Intergovernmental - state grants 15,549,278 15,823,380 15,811,467 (11,913) Contributions - private grants 1,000 1,000 5,000 4,000 Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Property \$ 238,585 \$ 238,585 \$ 251,256 \$ 12,671 Intergovernmental - federal grants 330,354 330,354 542,396 212,042 Intergovernmental - state grants 15,549,278 15,823,380 15,811,467 (11,913) Contributions - private grants 1,000 1,000 5,000 4,000 Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Intergovernmental - federal grants 330,354 330,354 542,396 212,042 Intergovernmental - state grants 15,549,278 15,823,380 15,811,467 (11,913) Contributions - private grants 1,000 1,000 5,000 4,000 Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141
Intergovernmental - state grants 15,549,278 15,823,380 15,811,467 (11,913) Contributions - private grants 1,000 1,000 5,000 4,000 Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Contributions - private grants 1,000 1,000 5,000 4,000 Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Charges for services 8,000 8,000 16,035 8,035 Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Investment and interest income 25,000 25,000 40,985 15,985 Miscellaneous - - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Miscellaneous - - 79,321 79,321 Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current:
Total revenues 16,152,217 16,426,319 16,746,460 320,141 Expenditures: Current: Current: 4
Expenditures: Current:
Current:
Instruction 10.118.990 10.432.840 8.782.643 1.650.197
Support services:
Students 1,631,250 1,631,250 1,365,025 266,225
Instruction 732,735 732,735 466,898 265,837
General Administration 501,519 501,519 375,008 126,511
School Administration 1,237,518 1,237,518 950,563 286,955
Central Services 912,127 912,127 588,603 323,524
Operation & Maintenance of Plant 3,050,681 3,130,681 2,561,308 569,373
Student transportation 872,073 872,073 -
Other Support services 1,001,686 1,001,686 - 1,001,686
Capital outlay <u>267,195</u> <u>187,195</u> <u>- 187,195</u>
Total expenditures 20,325,774 20,639,624 15,962,121 4,677,503
Excess (deficiency) of revenues
over expenditures (4,173,557) (4,213,305) 784,339 4,997,644
Beginning cash balance budgeted 4,173,557 4,213,305 - (4,213,305)
Fund balance at beginning of the year
Fund balance at end of the year \$ - \$ 6,130,509 \$ 6,130,509
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:
Change in property tax receivable (270)
Change in payables 8,069
Change in deferred property taxes116
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis) \$ 6,138,424

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

TITLE I - 1003G FUND - NO. 24124

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

								riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts		Positive		
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	1,875,000	\$	1,965,327	\$	485,063	\$	(1,480,264)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		1,045,086		1,135,413		654,689		480,724
Support services:								
Students		165,823		165,823		115,986		49,837
Instruction		385,729		385,729		322,077		63,652
General Administration		75,674		75,674		45,222		30,452
School Administration		82,388		82,388		12,4 70		69,918
Student transportation		105,300		105,300		68,250		37,050
Capital outlay		15,000		15,000				15,000
Total expenditures		<u>1,875,000</u>		1,965,327		1,218,694		746,633
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		-		(733,631)		(733,631)
Fund balance at beginning of the year				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			(733,631)	\$	(733,631)
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	733,631		

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

AGENCY FUNDS

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

<u>ASSETS</u>	
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 237,413
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Deposits held for others	\$ 237,413

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NO'	TE	PAGE
I.	SUMMARY OF ALL SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	
	A. Reporting Entity	20
	1. Blended Component Units	
	2. Discretely Presented Component Units	
	B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles	20
	C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	24
	D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation	24
	1. Major Funds	25
	E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity	26
II.	STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY	
	A. Budgetary Information	31
	B. Budgetary Violations	32
	C. Deficit Fund Equity	32
III.	DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS	
	A. Cash and Temporary Investments	32
	B. Receivables	33
	C. Inter-Fund Receivables and Payables	34
	D. Capital Assets	35
	E. Long-Term Debt	36
IV.	OTHER INFORMATION	38

I. SUMMARY OF ALL SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Ruidoso Municipal School District (District) is a special purpose government corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the public school education in the Village of Ruidoso, New Mexico and the surrounding areas. The District is responsible for all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

The District's financial statements include all entities over which the Board of Education exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility includes such aspects as appointment of governing body members, designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. Based upon the application of these criteria, no component units or fiduciary units were included in the financial statements.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that financial statements present the District (primary government) and its component units. The District has no component units that are required to be presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity and GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.

1. Blended Component Units

The District does not have any component units reported as blended component units.

2. Discretely Presented Component Units

The District does not have any component units reported as discretely presented component units.

The summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3' management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the District conform to GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During fiscal year 2019, the District adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

► GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO.

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The best estimate should include probability weighting of all potential outcomes, when such information is available or can be obtained at reasonable cost. If probability weighting is not feasible at reasonable cost, the most likely amount should be used. This Statement requires that a deferred outflow of resources associated with an ARO be measured at the amount of the corresponding liability upon initial measurement.

This Statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. In addition, it requires a government to evaluate all relevant factors at least annually to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays. A government should remeasure an ARO only when the result of the evaluation indicates there is a significant change in the estimated outlays. The deferred outflows of resources should be reduced and recognized as outflows of resources (for example, as an expense) in a systematic and rational manner over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset.

A government may have a minority share (less than 50 percent) of ownership interest in a jointly owned tangible capital asset in which a nongovernmental entity is the majority owner and reports its ARO in accordance with the guidance of another recognized accounting standards setter. Additionally, a government may have a minority share of ownership interest in a jointly owned tangible capital asset in which no joint owner has a majority ownership, and a nongovernmental joint owner that has operational responsibility for the jointly owned tangible capital asset reports the associated ARO in accordance with the guidance of another recognized accounting standards setter. In both situations, the government's minority share of an ARO should be reported using the measurement produced by the nongovernmental majority owner or the nongovernmental minority owner that has operational responsibility, without adjustment to conform to the liability measurement and recognition requirements of this Statement.

In some cases, governments are legally required to provide funding or other financial assurance for their performance of asset retirement activities. This Statement requires disclosure of how those funding and assurance requirements are being met by a government, as well as the amount of any assets restricted for payment of the government's AROs, if not separately displayed in the financial statements. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018 (FYE June 30, 2019). Earlier application is encouraged.

> GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established.

Requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018 (FYE June 30, 2019). Earlier application is encouraged.

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

Other accounting standards that the District is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

➤ GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

This Statement supersedes NCGA Statement 1, Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles, footnote 24; Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, paragraph 4; Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, paragraphs 70-73, 110, and 111; Implementation Guide No. 2015-1, Questions 4.14.1, 4.14.2, 6.43.2, 7.7.2, and 7.52.4; and Implemen-1tation Guide No. 2016-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2016, Question 4.26. It also amends NCGA Statement 1, paragraphs 32, 139, 143, and 147; NCGA Statement 5, Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles for Lease Agreements of State and Local Governments, paragraphs 5 and 6; Statement No. 6, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Special Assessments, paragraph 19; Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, footnote 12; Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, paragraphs 19 and 27; Statement No. 24, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, paragraph 5; Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, paragraphs 18 and 22; Statement 34, paragraphs 6, 12, 13, 63, 65, 67, 69, 106-109, 115, 123, 125, 135, 138, 141, and 147, and footnotes 48, 49, and 51; Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, paragraph 3; Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, paragraphs 6, 14, and 15; Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, paragraph 5; Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section, paragraph 10; Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, paragraphs 30, 33, and 35; Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, paragraph 9; Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, paragraph 34; Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, paragraph 11; Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, paragraph 80; Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, paragraph 116; Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, paragraphs 18 and 59; NCGA Interpretation 6, Notes to the Financial Statements Disclosure, paragraph 5; Technical Bulletin No. 2006-1, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers and OPEB Plans for Payments from the Federal Government Pursuant to the Retiree Drug Subsidy Provisions of Medicare Part D, paragraph 8; Implementation Guide 2015-1, Questions 1.4.2, 1.4.8, 2.7.1, 2.7.2, 3.49.1, 3.55.2, 3.58.1, 4.6.2, 4.27.1, 4.28.1, 4.28.1, 4.30.3, 4.62.2, 5.64.3, 5.64.4, 5.113.1, 6.29.3, 6.34.3, 6.34.4, 6.43.5, 6.45.1, 6.45.3, 7.3.5, 7.4.1, 7.51.6, 7.52.2, 7.52.3, 7.52.5-7.52.8, 7.55.5, 7.72.10, 7.77.4, 7.81.1, 7.81.2, 7.84.1, 7.97.1, 7.97.2, 7.97.4, 8.1.2, 8.1.3, and 8.15.4; Implementation Guide 2016-1, Questions 4.2, 4.13, 4.27, 4.61-4.63, 5.7, 5.8, 5.16, and 5.24; and 2002 AICPA State and Local Government Auditing and Accounting Guide, paragraph 5.28.

This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 (FYE June 30, 2020). Earlier application is encouraged. Changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this Statement should be applied retroactively by restating financial statements, if practicable, for all prior periods presented. If restatement for prior periods is not practicable, the cumulative effect, if any, of applying this Statement should be reported as a restatement of beginning net position (or fund balance or fund net position, as applicable) for the earliest period restated. In the first period that this Statement is applied, the notes to the financial statements should disclose the nature of the restatement and its effect. Also, the reason for not restating prior periods presented should be disclosed.

> GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Definition of a Lease - A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. Any contract that meets this definition should be accounted for under the leases guidance, unless specifically excluded in this Statement.

The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FYE June 30, 2021).

> GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement apply to the financial statements of all state and local governments. In financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. Such interest cost should not be capitalized as part of the historical cost of a capital asset. In financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FYE June 30, 2021). Earlier application is encouraged.

Sass Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.

This Statement modifies previous guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. This Statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The requirements of this Statement apply to the financial statements of all state and local governments.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 (FYE June 30, 2020). Earlier application is encouraged.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

> GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020 (FYE June 30, 2022). Earlier application is encouraged.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectable amounts, in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the statement of activities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues received during the year but are applicable to subsequent years are reported as deferred inflows of resources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Expenditures incurred during the year that are for the benefit of subsequent years are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (cont'd)

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets, and the servicing of long-term debt.

General Fund – The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources – which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Debt service revenues are from taxes and other operating revenues, some of which are pledged specifically to repay certain outstanding bond issues.

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis requires the District to present certain governmental funds as major funds. In addition to the General Fund, the District reports the following major governmental funds:

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Title I 1003g Grant (Fund No. 24124)

Minimum Balance:

None

The objective of this grant is to provide in conjunction with Title I funds for school improvement reserved under section 1003(a) of the ESEA. School Improvement Grants under section 1003(g) of the ESEA are used to improve student achievement in Title I schools identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring so as to enable those schools to make adequate yearly progress (AYP) and exit improvement status. Funding is by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title I, Part B, Subpart 1.

➤ CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Bond Building (Fund No. 31100)

Minimum Balance:

None

This fund provides financing for the construction of buildings, the purchase of equipment, and the acquisition and improvement of land. Funding is provided by the sale of general obligation bonds, which have been approved by the voters of the district.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Fund (Fund No. 41000)

Minimum Balance:

None

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds are agency funds used to account for financial resources used by the student activity groups for which the District has stewardship.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the investment of the District's funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, and money market accounts. The District is also allowed to invest in United States Government obligations. All funds for the District must follow the above investment policies.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the school district. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due from/to other funds."

The District's property taxes are levied each year on the assessed valuation of property located in the School District as of the preceding January 1st. Mill levy rates are set by the State of New Mexico each year for the General Fund, Capital Improvements SB – 9 Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Ed Tech Debt Service Fund. Taxes are payable in two equal installments on November 10th and April 10th following the levy and become delinquent after 30 days.

Under GASB Statement 33, property taxes are impressed non-exchange revenue. Assets from impressed non-exchange transactions are reported when the District has an enforceable legal claim to the asset. The enforceable legal claim date for property taxes is the assessment date. Taxes are payable in two equal installments on November 10 and April 10th following the levy and become delinquent after 30 days. Therefore, the District has recorded a delinquent tax receivable and revenue for taxes received within the sixty days following year-end. A receivable and deferred revenue have been recorded for uncollected delinquent taxes. On the government-wide financial statements, the district has recorded delinquent property taxes receivable and revenue for taxes assessed as of year-end that have not be collected, as prescribed in GASB 34. An allowance for refunds and uncollectible amounts has not been recorded.

3. Inventories

USDA Commodities are recorded at estimated costs and other inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment (software), are reported in the applicable governmental-wide financial statements. Beginning July 1, 2005, the threshold for defining Capital assets by the government was raised from \$1,000 to assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Software costs have been included with the cost of computer equipment and are capitalized with that equipment. The District does not develop software for internal use or any other use.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on construction projects has not been capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	20
Land Improvements	10-20
Vehides	5-7
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	3-5

5. Compensated absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate 20 days of earned but unused vacation, which will be paid to employees upon retirement from the District's service. The amount for liability has been reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Accumulated sick leave is not payable upon termination and is recorded as expenditures when it is paid.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as capital projects expenditures.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Education Retirement Board (ERB) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Other Post Employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) and additions to/deductions from RHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by RHCA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Both deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but are not recognized in the financial statements as revenues, expenses, and reduction of liabilities or increase in assets until the period(s) to which they relate.

In addition to assets, the District reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a use of net position/fund balance that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an expenditure until that time.

The District also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as a revenue until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows of resources.

The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension-related amounts for the District's share of the difference between projected and actual earnings, for the District's share of the difference between contributions to the individual plans and the proportionate share of the contributions, and for changes of assumptions or other inputs.

The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension-related amounts in the government wide financial statements or the District's share of the difference between expected and actual experience and for the District's share of the difference between contributions to the individual plans and the proportionate share of the contributions.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue and other fund financial resources are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available. Assets recorded in the fund financial statements for which the revenues are not available are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Deferred inflows of resources are also comprised of property tax and long-term receivables that are unavailable in the fund statements.

10. Fund balance

a. Non-Spendable

The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

b. Restricted

Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the formal action of the District's Board of Education should be reported as committed fund balance. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District's Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District had committed fund balance in the amount of \$4,520,223 for expenditures in the subsequent year.

d. Assigned

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed and amounts in the general fund that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent, and removal of, is expressed by the Board of Education or the Finance Committee. The District did not have assigned fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2019.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

e. Unassigned

The remaining fund balance, after all other classifications, within the general fund is reported as unassigned fund balance. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, a negative fund balance will be reported as unassigned fund balance.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use committed first followed by assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

11. Net Position

Net Position is presented on the Statement of Net Position and may be presented in any of three components.

Net investment in capital assets

This component of Net Position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. That portion of the debt is included in restricted for capital projects.

Restricted Net Position

Net Position is reported as being restricted when the restriction is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted Net Position consists of Net Position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the governmental environment, Net Position often is designated to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. In contrast to restricted Net Position, these types of constraints on resources are internal and management can remove or modify them. However, enabling legislation established by the reporting government should not be construed as an internal constraint.

12. Indirect Costs

The District's General Fund receives indirect cost reimbursements from the various federal programs it administers. These reimbursements are for expenses incurred in performing administrative functions on behalf of the Special Revenue Funds. They are shown as expenditures in the Special Revenue Funds, and as other special federal revenue in the General Fund.

13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

14. Inter-fund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

15. Revenues

State Equalization Guarantee: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a 'state equalization guarantee distribution' which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to ensure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined (in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978) is at least equal to the school district's "program cost."

A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using 'program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education, 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$14,870,073 in state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Transportation Distribution: School districts in the State of New Mexico received student transportation distributions. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$872,073 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) receives federal mineral leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, fifty percent is restricted to the purchase of material listed on the PED 'Multiple List', while fifty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors or transfer to the fifty percent account for purchase of material from the "Multiple List". Districts are allowed to carry forward unused textbook funds from year to year. The District received \$67,040 in instructional materials distributions during the year ended June 30, 2019.

16. Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 requires the District to disclose information on certain tax abatement agreements effecting the District. Accordingly, the District did not have any tax abatements effecting the District during the year ended June 30, 2019.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the Public School Budget and Planning Unit of the Department of Education. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Such appropriated balance is legally restricted and is therefore presented as a reserved portion of fund balance.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a line item basis, i.e., each budgeted expenditure must be within budgeted amounts. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series', this may be accomplished with only local Board of Education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

The school district follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget of the fiscal year commencing the following July. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them and has approval by the Department of Education.
- 2. In May or June, the budget is approved by the Board of Education.
- 3. The school board meeting, while not intended for the general public, is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called for.
- 4. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the school board and the State of New Mexico Department of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Debt Service Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Encumbrances are treated the same way for GAAP purposes and for Budget purposes.

The Board of Education may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. The appropriated budget for the year ended June 30, 2019 was properly amended by the Board through the year. New Mexico state law prohibits a Governmental Agency to exceed an individual line item. These amendments resulted in the following changes:

	ORIGINAL	FINAL
Major Funds:		
General Funds	\$ 20,325,774	\$ 20,639,624
Special Revenue Funds:		
Title I - 1003g	1,875,000	1,965,327
Capital Projects Funds:		
Bond Building	5,508,840	8,271,383
Debt Service Funds:		
Debt Service	6,281,533	6,281,533
Nonmajor Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds	3,285,200	4,715,137
Capital Projects Funds	2,409,670	2,456,754
Debt Service Fund	1,200	1,200
Total Budget	\$ 39,687,217	\$ 44,330,958

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont'd)

B. Budgetary Violations

The District did not have any budgetary violations during the year ended June 30, 2019.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The District had one deficit fund balance of \$6,164 in the Instructional Materials Fund as of June 30, 2019. These deficits will be funded by future grants or by the Operational Fund.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Temporary Investments

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$15,474,881 and the bank balance was \$16,702,422 with the difference consisting of outstanding checks.

]	BALANCE
Financial institution (FDIC):		
BBVA Compass	\$	16,702,422
Less:		
Agency cash		(237,413)
Net reconciling items	_	(1,227,541)
Total cash and equivalents	\$	15,237,468

Of the total cash and cash equivalents balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$18,500,000 was covered by collateral held in joint safekeeping by a third party.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. New Mexico State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than the following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). The statement listed below will meet the State of New Mexico Office of the State Auditor's requirement in reporting the uninsured portion of the deposits. As of June 30, 2019, none of the District's bank deposits was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	INSURED	UNDER	INSURED		TOTAL
Bank deposits:					
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging					
bank's trust dept not in the District's name	16,452,422		_		16,452,422
Total uninsured	16,452,422		-		16,452,422
Insured (FDIC)	 250,000				250,000
Total deposits	\$ 16,702,422	\$		\$	16,702,422
State of New Mexico collateral requirement:					
50% of uninsured public fund bank deposits	\$ 8,226,211	\$	-	\$	8,226,211
Pledged searity	 18,500,000			_	18,500,000
Over collateralization	\$ 10,273,789	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	10,273,789

A. Cash and Temporary Investments (cont'd)

The collateral pledged is listed on Schedule of Pledged Collateral in the Other Supplemental Information section of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the schools. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing "Now" accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the following:

		<u>RECEI</u>	VAF	BLES	<u>D</u> l	<u>OTHER</u>				
	Pro	Property Taxes		Property Taxes		Grants	Gove	nments		Funds
Major Funds:										
General Fund	\$	20,495	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,451,956		
Title I - 1003g		-		953,850		-		-		
Bond Building		-		-		-		-		
Debt Service		331,070		-		-		-		
Other Governmental Funds		112,247		748,185				47,084		
Total	\$	463,812	\$	1,702,035	\$	_	\$	1,499,040		

An allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established. All receivables are expected to be collectible.

Governmental funds reported deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	UNAVAILABLE UN			ARNED
Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements				
Other Governmental Funds	\$	-	\$	32
Delinquent property taxes				
General Fund		16,659		-
Debt Service		269,123		-
Other Governmental Funds		91,594		
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	377,376	\$	32

C. Inter-Fund Receivables and Payables

The inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019 were:

REG	CEIVABLES	PAYABLES				
\$	1,451,956	\$	6,164			
	-		929,585			
	-		135,526			
	-		127,365			
	-		8,726			
	-		122,227			
	-		10,094			
	-		33,075			
	-		21,605			
	-		1,823			
	-		1,843			
	-		53,923			
	-		47,084			
	47,084					
\$	1,499,040	\$	1,499,040			
		- - - - - - - - 47,084	\$ 1,451,956 \$			

The inter-fund loans were made for the purposes of cash shortfalls within the individual funds. The loans are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	В	EGINNING	IN	NCREASES	D	ECREASES		ENDING
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depredated:								
Land	\$	693,424	\$	210,000	\$	-	\$	903,424
Water rights		300,000		-		-		300,000
Construction in progress		1,344,748		992,276		(1,344,748)		992,276
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,338,172		1,202,276		(1,344,748)		2,195,700
Capital assets being depredated:								
Land improvements		10,495,243		984,379		-		11,479,622
Buildings and improvements		79,509,243		3,894,864		(1,570,295)		81,833,812
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		2,645,792		157,459				2,803,251
Total capital assets being depreciated		92,650,278	_	5,036,702	_	(1,570,295)	_	96,116,685
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(4,552,867)		(450,719)		-		(5,003,586)
Buildings and improvements		(24,320,030)		(1,718,280)		1,315,113		(24,723,197)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(1,794,730)		(150,195)		-		(1,944,925)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(30,667,627)		(2,319,194)		1,315,113		(31,671,708)
Total capital assets being depredated, net	_	61,982,651	_	2,717,508		(255,182)	_	64,444,977
Total capital assets, net	\$	64,320,823	\$	3,919,784	\$	(1,599,930)	\$	66,640,677

Depreciation has been allocated to the functions by the following amounts:

	ORIGINAL
Instruction	\$ 1,427,352
Support Services - Students	192,257
Support Services - Instruction	74,721
Support Services - General Administration	47,251
Support Services - School Administration	88,883
Central Services	52,487
Operations & Maintenance of Plant	251,526
Student Transportation	87,852
Food Services	96,865
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 2,319,194

The Schedule of Capital Assets Used by Source, and the Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function and Activity have not been prepared because the detailed information is unavailable.

Construction commitments

The District is involved in long-term construction projects as part of their master plan for upgrading the district buildings. The amount in the capital projects funds designated for subsequent years expenditures are committed for funding these projects. Interest on construction projects is not capitalized.

E. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds – The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The bonds will be paid from taxes levied against property owners living within the District's boundaries. The details of the bonds and notes as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

BOND	ISSUES	BOND MATURITY	ORIGINAL AMOUNT	INTEREST RATES		BALANCE	CURRENT PORTION
Series	10/18/11	08/01/25	\$ 9,000,000	2.00% to 2.88	% \$	7,500,000	\$ 400,000
Series	02/12/13	08/01/25	5,000,000	2.00% to 3.00	0/0	2,950,000	200,000
Series	05/20/14	08/01/22	9,980,000	1.50% to 3.00	0/0	5,105,000	1,500,000
Series	10/13/15	08/01/22	6,325,000	1.25% to 2.00	0/0	4,270,000	900,000
Series	10/19/16	08/01/31	9,500,000	2.00% to 2.50	0/0	8,940,000	25,000
Series	02/15/17	08/01/32	5,600,000	3.00% to 4.00	0/0	5,450,000	100,000
Series	08/23/18	08/01/31	 2,700,000	3.00% to 5.00	0/0	2,700,000	425,000
Total	[\$ 48,105,000		\$	36,915,000	\$ 3,550,000

Balances shown for bonds and notes do not include unamortized premiums or deferred amounts on refinancing.

	BALANCE
Bonds payable	\$ 36,915,000
Less: current maturities	(3,550,000)
Unamortized:	
Bond premiums	1,145,893
Total non-current liabilities	\$ 34,510,893

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

YEAR ENDING			TOTAL
JUNE 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	REQUIREMENTS
2020	\$ 3,550,000	\$ 933,688	\$ 4,483,688
2021	3,240,000	862,744	4,102,744
2022	3,285,000	791,413	4,076,413
2023	3,250,000	714,875	3,964,875
2024	3,125,000	636,350	3,761,350
2025 - 2029	13,175,000	1,969,738	15,144,738
2029 - 2033	7,290,000	387,513	7,677,513
Total	\$ 36,915,000	\$ 6,296,319	\$ 43,211,319

F. Long-Term Debt (cont'd)

Changes in long term debt – During the year ended June 30, 2019 the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general obligation bonds account group:

WITHIN	DUE WITHIN							EGINNING	BE			
E YEAR	ON	BALANCE	S	TIREMENTS	RET	ADDITIONS	АΓ	BALANCE				
										nces:	ensated abse	Comp
111,077	\$	\$ 111,077		67,119	\$	75,656	\$	102,540	\$	tion	pensated vaca	Com
											payable	Bonds
										<u>Issue</u>	inal Amount	<u>Orig</u>
400,000		7,500,000		300,000		-		7,800,000		10/18/11	9,000,000	\$
200,000		2,950,000		175,000		-		3,125,000		02/12/13	5,000,000	
1,500,000		5,105,000		1,500,000		-		6,605,000		05/20/14	9,980,000	
900,000		4,270,000		750,000		-		5,020,000		10/13/15	6,325,000	
25,000		8,940,000		25,000		-		8,965,000		10/19/16	9,500,000	
100,000		5,450,000		150,000		-		5,600,000		02/15/17	5,600,000	
425,000		2,700,000	-	_		2,700,000	_	_		08/23/18	2,700,000	
3,550,000		36,915,000		2,900,000				37,115,000		le	Bonds payab	Total
3,661,077	\$	\$ 37,026,077		2,967,119	\$	2,775,656	\$	37,217,540	\$			
	\$	36,915,000			\$		\$		\$, ,	Total

The liability of compensated absences is liquidated with resources from the general fund and several special revenue funds.

New Debt

The District issued Series 2018 General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$2,700,000 on August 23, 2018. The District will make the first interest payment on February 1, 2019 and will make the first principal payment on August 1, 2019. The bond series will mature on August 1, 2031 with interest rates of 3.00% to 5.00%. The District was at 90.3% bonding capacity after the issuance of GO Series 2018.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injury to employees; and natural disasters. The New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMSIA) was formed on April 5, 1985 under the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority Act, Chapter 22, Section 2 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated (NMSA 1978), as amended, as an insurance fund to provide health, disability and life insurance coverage (benefits coverage), and property, casualty and workers' compensation insurance coverage (risk coverage) to participating public schools, school board members, public school employees, and retirees within the State of New Mexico. The District is one of 91 members that participate in NMPSIA. Participation in NMPSIA is mandatory for all K-12 public schools except those with enrollment exceeding 60,000 students. Participation is voluntary for other public education institutions. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of NMPSIA provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. NMPSIA establishes self-insured retentions by line of coverage and procures insurance or reinsurance, where indicated, in excess of the self-insured retention on a per occurrence basis. NMPSIA will publish its own financial report for the year ended June 30, 2019.

B. Employee Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - Substantially all of the District's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, Sections 1 through 52, NMSA 1978). The Educational Retirement Board (ERB) is the administrator of the New Mexico Educational Employees' Retirement Plan (Plan), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. ERB issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained www.nmerb.org, www.saonm.org, or by writing to:

ERB P.O. Box 26129 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502-6129 www.nmerb.org

Membership in the Plan is a condition of employment. Employees of public schools, universities, regional cooperatives, special schools and state agencies providing educational programs, who are employed at more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan. There were 156,789 active, retired, and inactive members in fiscal year 2018; there were 153,514 active, retired, and inactive members in fiscal year 2017.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members (certified teachers, and other employees of State public school districts, colleges and universities) and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on three components: Final Average Salary (FAS), years of both earned and allowed service credits, and a 2.35% factor. The gross annual benefit is determined by multiplying the three components together. FAS is the higher of annual earnings for the previous 20 calendar quarters prior to retirement or the highest average annual earnings for any 20 consecutive calendar quarters.

For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum or 75 or more; the member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on or after July 1, 2010. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010, or at any time prior to that date refunded all member contributions and then became, or becomes, reemployed after that date is as follows: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more; the member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. There are three benefit options available: single life annuity; single life annuity monthly benefit reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit; or single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit.

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

Retired members and surviving beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) to their benefit commencing on July 1 following the later of: (i) the year a member retires, or (ii) the year in which a member attains age 65 (Tier 1 and Tier 2) or age 67 (Tier 3).

If the plan's funded ratio for the next preceding fiscal year is 100%, or greater, Section 22-11-31(C)(1) of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated defines the adjustment factor as ½ of the percentage increase of the consumer price index between the next preceding calendar year and the preceding calendar year. The adjustment factor cannot exceed four percent, nor be less than two percent. However, if the percentage increase of the consumer price index is less than two percent, the adjustment factor will be equal to the percentage increase of the consumer price index.

If the plan's funded ratio for the next preceding fiscal year is greater than 90%, but less than 100%, Section 22-11-31(C)(2) indicates that the adjustment factor for all non-disability retirements will be 95% of the adjustment factor defined in Section 22-11-31(C)(1) if the member had 25 or more years of service credit at retirement and whose annuity is less than or equal to the median adjusted annuity for the fiscal year next preceding the adjustment date. For all other retirees eligible for an adjustment, the adjustment factor will be 90% of the adjustment factor defined in Section 22-11-31(C)(1).

If the plan's funded ratio for the next preceding fiscal year is 90%, or less, Section 22-11-31(C)(3) indicates that the adjustment factor for all non-disability retirements will be 90% of the adjustment factor defined in Section 22-11-31(C)(1) if the member had 25 or more years of service credit at retirement and whose annuity is less than or equal to the median adjusted annuity for the fiscal year next preceding the adjustment date. For all other retirees eligible for an adjustment, the adjustment factor will be 80% of the adjustment factor defined in Section 22-11-31(C)(1).

Finally, annuities shall not be decreased in the event that there is a decrease in the consumer price index between the next preceding calendar year and the preceding calendar year.

As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA was immediately reduced until the plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction was based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.5%. All other retirees will have a 20% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.6%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.7%. All other retirees will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average will be 1.8%. Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

A member is eligible for a disability benefit provided (a) he or she has credit for at least 10 years of service, and (b) the disability is approved by ERB. The monthly benefit is equal to 2% of FAS times years of service, but not less than the smaller of (a) one-third of FAS or (b) 2% of FAS times year of service projected to age 60. The disability benefit commences immediately upon the member's retirement. Disability benefits are payable as a monthly life annuity, with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. If the disabled member survives to age 60, the regular optional forms of payment are then applied. A member with five or more years of earned service credit on deferred status may retire on disability retirement when eligible under the Rule of 75 or when the member attains age 65.

The member, upon retirement, has three options as to how to receive the benefit.

Option A – If the member elects the Option A, there is no reduction to the monthly benefit other than any "Rule of 75" deductions or any community property or child support reductions. There will be no continuing benefit to a beneficiary or estate upon the retiree's death, except the balance, if any, of member contributions. Those contributions are usually exhausted in the first three to four years of retirement.

Option B – If the member elects Option B, the monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member and upon the retiree's death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. The named beneficiary may not be changed after the effective date of retirement since the amount of the option is calculated by using both the age of the member and the beneficiary. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's benefit will be adjusted by returning it to the Option A Benefit amount. The IRS prohibits selection of Option B for a non-spouse beneficiary more than ten years younger than the member.

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

Option C – If the member elects Option C, the monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The benefit is payable during the life of the member and upon the retiree's death, one half of the member's benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. Here again, the named beneficiary may not be changed after the effective date of retirement. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's benefit is adjusted by returning it to the Option A Benefit amount.

Under the provisions of Options B and C coverage, the beneficiary must be a person, and only one beneficiary may be named. The term beneficiary means a person having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

<u>Member Contributions</u> – Plan members whose annual salary is \$20,000 or less are required by statute to contribute 7.9% of their gross salary. Plan members whose annual salary is over \$20,000 are required to make the following contributions to the Plan: 10.7% of their gross salary in fiscal year 2019.

Employer Contributions – In fiscal year 2018, the District was required to contribute 13.9% of the gross covered salary for employees whose annual salary is \$20,000 or less, and 13.9% of the gross covered salary for employees whose annual salary is more than \$20,000. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established in State statute under Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District's contributions to ERB for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was \$1,352,272, which equal the amount of the required contributions for year ended June 30, 2018.

Employers

The Educational Retirement Act designates employers as Local Administrative Units, directly responsible for payment of compensation for the employment of members or participants of this Plan. There were 216 contributing employers in fiscal year 2018; there were 218 contributing employers in fiscal year 2017.

Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Expense Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$41,391,345 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and regional education cooperatives, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.34808 percent, which was an increase of 0.01733 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,075,145.

PENSION EXPENSE CALCULATION	
Net pension liability - end of the year	\$ 41,391,345
Net pension liability - beginning of the year	(36,757,796)
Deferred outflows of resources during the year	1,168,636
Deferred inflows of resources during the year	(79,312)
Reductions to ending net pension liability due contributions paid	 1,352,272
Total Pension Expense	\$ 7,075,145

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		UTFLOWS	INFLOWS	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	30,209	\$	787,744
Change of assumptions		8,530,560		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		91,630		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,017,362		336,469
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,392,111		
Total	\$	11,061,872	\$	1,124,213

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,392,111 resulted from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

JUNE 30,	AM(ORTIZATION
2020	\$	(5,031,397)
2021		(3,351,265)
2022		(161,680)
2023		(1,206)
2024		-
Thereafter		
Total	\$	(8,545,548)

Actuarial Assumptions

A single discount rate of 5.69% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.62 percent. Based on the assumptions described below and the projection of cash flows, pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan's year ended June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The roll-forward incorporates the impact of the new assumptions adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017. There were no other significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. The liabilities reflect the impact of the new assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees on April 21, 2017 as well as the change in the single discount rate between June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2018. Specifically, the liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018 incorporate the following assumptions:

- 1) All members with an annual salary of more than \$20,000 will contribute 10.7% during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and thereafter.
- 2) Members hired after June 30, 2013 will have an actuarially reduced retirement benefit if they retire before age 55 and their Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) will be deferred until age 67.
- 3) COLAs for most retirees are reduced until ERB attains a 100% funded status.
- 4) The new assumptions adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the change in the single discount rate, and
- 5) For purposes of projecting future benefits, it is assumed that the full COLA is paid in all future years.

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

For the purposes of projecting future benefits, it is assumed that the full COLA is paid in all future years. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates included in the measurement are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining Period: Amortized - closed 30 years from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2042

Asset Valuation Method: 5 year smoothed market for funding valuation (fair value for financial valuation)

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary Increases: Composition: 2.50% inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step rate

promotional increases for members with less than 10 years of service

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25% Single Discount Rate: 5.69%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of age and service rates

Mortality: Healthy Males – RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with white collar adjustments,

generational mortality improvements with scale BB.

Healthy Females - GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with scale BB from the table's

base year of 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following: 1) rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.), 2) application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and 3) structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.). These items are developed for each major asset class. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation for 2018 and 2017 for 30-year return assumptions are summarized in the following table:

	2018	2017
	Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Cash	-0.49%	-0.25%
U.S. Treasuries	-0.01%	0.25%
IG Corp Credit	1.44%	1.75%
Mortgage Backed Securities	-0.01%	0.25%
Core Bonds*	0.47%	0.75%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	0.48%	0.50%
High-Yield Bonds	2.13%	2.50%
Bank Loans	2.16%	2.75%
Global Bonds (Unhedged)	-0.75%	-0.50%
Global Bonds (Hedged)	-0.47%	-0.38%
Emerging Market Debt External	1.64%	2.50%
Emerging Market Debt Local Currency	3.10%	3.25%
Large Cap Equities	4.03%	4.25%
Small/ Mid Cap Equities	4.24%	4.50%
International Equities (Unhedged)	4.24%	4.50%
International Equities (Hedged)	4.65%	4.89%
Emerging International Equities	5.61%	6.25%
Private Equity	5.92%	6.25%
Private Debt	4.07%	4.75%
Private Real Assets	4.24%	5.90%
Real Estate	3.10%	3.25%
Commodities	2.08%	2.25%
Hedge Funds	2.97%	3.22%

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- Rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.),
- Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and
- Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.).

These items are developed for each major asset class.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Assumption

The following table shows the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate as of fiscal year end 2018, 2017, and 2016. In particular, the table presents the Plan's net pension liability under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the single discount rate.

PENSION CURRENT SINGLE RATE								
Discount Single Rate								
Rate		10	1% Decrease Assumption		Assumption	1% Increase		
ERB (All Emplo	yers)							
	2018	5.69%	\$ 15	5,454,175,919	\$	11,891,330,976	\$	8,984,271,849
	2017	5.90%	14	1,466,972,041		11,113,468,217		8,372,251,980
	2016	7.75%	9	,531,509,131		7,196,433,561		5,258,980,529
Ruidoso Municij	pal Sc	hool Distri	ct No	. 3				
	2018	5.69%	\$	53,792,896	\$	41,391,345	\$	31,272,453
	2017	5.90%		47,849,510		36,757,796		27,691,223
	2016	7.75%		32,591,089		24,606,765		17,982,032

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District, as an employer, contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund (RHCA), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating employers, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies. RHCA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained www.nmrhca.org, www.saonm.org, or by writing to:

Retiree Health Care Authority 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104 Albuquerque, NM 87107

The plan is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for retirees who were an employee of participating employer in either the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) or Educational Retirement Board (ERB), eligible to receive a pension. For employers who "buy-in" to the plan, retirees are eligible for benefits six months after the effective date of employer participation. Retirees not in a PERA enhanced (Fire, Police, Corrections) pension plan who commence benefits on or after January 1, 2020 will not receive any subsidy from RHCA before age 55.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Eligible retirees are:

- 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which the event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement;
- 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990;
- 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and
- 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

There were 156,025 active, retired, surviving spouses, and inactive members in fiscal year 2018; there were 160,035 active, retired, surviving spouses, and inactive members in fiscal year 2017.

Funding Policy

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service-based subsidy rate schedule for the medical, plus basic life plan, plus an additional participation fee of five dollars (\$5) if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.org.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the Board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - Retirees and spouses are eligible for medical and prescription drug benefits. Dental and vision benefits are also available but were not included in any valuation since they are 100% retiree-paid. A description of these benefits may be found in Enrolled Participants at <u>www.nmrhca.org</u>.

<u>Member Contributions</u> – Employees that were not members of an enhanced plan, the statute required each participating employee was required to contribute 1% of their gross salary in fiscal year 2019.

<u>Employer Contributions</u> – In fiscal year 2018, the District was required to contribute 2% of the gross covered salary for employees who are entitled to RHCA benefits. The District's contributions to RHCA for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was \$194,573, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

<u>Employers</u> - The Educational Retirement Act designates employers as Local Administrative Units, directly responsible for payment of compensation for the employment of members or participants of this Plan. There were 302 contributing employers in fiscal year 2018.

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Expense Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$9,906,422 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.22782 percent, which was an increase of 0.01367 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$119,793.

OPEB EXPENSE CALCULATION	
Net OPEB liability - end of the year	\$ 9,906,422
Net OPEB liability - beginning of the year	(9,704,578)
Deferred outflows of resources during the year	(627,522)
Deferred inflows of resources during the year	350,898
Reductions to ending net OPEB liability due contributions paid	 194,573
Total OPEB Expense	\$ 119,793

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OU	JTFLOWS	I	INFLOWS	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	586,524	
Change of assumptions		-		1,849,485	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
OPEB plan investments		-		123,628	
Changes in proportion and differences between District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		627,522		-	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		200,306			
Total	\$	827,828	\$	2,559,637	

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$200,306 resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

JUNE 30,	AMORTIZATION
2020	\$ 517,399
2021	517,399
2022	517,399
2023	369,283
2024	10,635
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 1,932,115

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028.

A blended rate of the assumed investment return on Plan assets (e.g. 7.25% for the June 30, 2019 valuation) and the rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (e.g. 3.58% as of June 30, 2017). The 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through June 30, 2029. Benefit payments after June 30, 2029 are then discounted by the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, currently 4.08%. The blended discount rate of 4.08% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis

Amortization Method: 30-year open-ended amortization, level percent of payroll

Remaining Period: 30 years as of June 30, 2016

Asset Valuation Method: Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions

Inflation: 2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA

Projected Salary Increases: 3.5% to 12.50% based on years of service, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation

including inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate: 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and

7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions. The target allocation and best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	2018	2017
	Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return %	Real Rate of Return %
U.S. core fixed income	2.1	9.1
U.S. equity - large cap	7.1	9.1
Non U.S emerging markets	10.2	12.2
Non U.S developed equities	7.8	9.8
Private equity	11.8	13.8
Credit and structured finance	5.3	7.3
Real estate	4.9	6.9
Absolute return	4.1	6.1
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	7.1	9.1

2017

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Assumption

The following table shows the sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate as of June 30, 2018. In particular, the table presents the Plan's net OPEB liability under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (1% decrease) or one percentage point higher (1% increase) than the single discount rate.

OPEB CURRENT SINGLE RATE								
	Discount					Single Rate		
		Rate		1% Decrease	% Decrease Assumption			1% Increase
RHCA (All Employers)								
	2018	4.08%	\$	5,262,533,266	\$	4,348,354,815	\$	3,627,778,443
	2017	3.81%		5,496,848,763		4,531,673,018		3,774,405,896
Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3								
	2018	4.08%	\$	11,989,103	\$	9,906,422	\$	8,264,805
	2017	3.81%		11,771,502		9,704,578		8,082,890

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of RHCA as of June 30, 2018, as well as what the Fund's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a health cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (1% decrease) or one percentage point higher (1% increase) than the health cost trend rates used:

	HEALTH COS	I TREND RATE							
		Current							
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Trend Rates 1% Increase							
RHCA (All Employers)									
201	8 \$ 3,675,884,346	\$ 4,348,354,815	\$ 4,875,586,778						
Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3									
201	8 \$ 8,374,400	\$ 9,906,422	\$ 11,107,562						

D. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

E. Cash Flows

The District's federal and state grants operate on a reimbursement basis. The District must support the expenditures of these grants with monies from the unrestricted operating monies. Operating on a reimbursement basis for these grants in its self does not adversely affect the District's ability to operate effectively. However, the time it takes to receive reimbursement, if extensive, does significantly affect the District's cash flows and the ability to deliver educational services to the community in an effective manner. This could affect the District's financial operations in subsequent years.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

F. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 18, 2019 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.348080%	0.330750%	0.341930%	0.340530%	0.346720%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 41,391,345	\$ 36,757,796	\$ 24,606,765	\$ 22,057,035	\$ 19,782,901
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,724,553	\$ 9,765,650	\$ 9,679,950	\$ 9,556,814	\$ 9,556,957
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	425.64%	376.40%	254.20%	230.80%	207.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.17%	52.95%	61.58%	63.97%	66.54%

^{*} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,392,111	\$ 1,351,713	\$ 1,357,425	\$ 1,345,514	\$ 1,256,722
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	(1,392,111)	(1,352,272)	(1,355,048)	(1,345,438)	(1,256,722)
Contribution deficeiency (excess)	\$	\$ (559)	\$ 2,377	\$ 76	\$ -
District's Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 10,015,368	\$ 9,724,553	\$ 9,765,650	\$ 9,679,950	\$ 9,556,814
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.90%	13.91%	13.88%	13.90%	13.15%

^{*} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms: The COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in the Benefits Provided subsection of the financial statement note disclosure General Information on the Pension Plan.

Changes of assumptions: ERB conducts an actuarial experience study for the Plan on a biennial basis. Based on the six-year actuarial experience study presented to the Board of Trustees on June 30, 2016. There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Assumptions that were not changed:

- a. Wage inflation 3.25%
- b. Payroll growth 3.00%
- c. COLA assumption 1.90% per year
- d. Salary increases at 2.50% inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for less than ten years of service
- e. Inflation rate 2.50%
- f. Investment return 7.25%

See also the Note VI (B) Actuarial Assumptions of the financial statement note disclosure on the Pension Plan.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.227820%	0.214150%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,906,422	\$ 9,704,578
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,724,553	\$ 9,421,286
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	101.87%	103.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	13.14%	11.34%

^{*} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution \$200,306 \$194,573

Contributions in relation to the contractually required (200,306) (194,573)

Contribution deficeiency (excess) \$_- \$_
District's Covered-employee Payroll \$10,015,368 \$9,727,220

Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll 2.00% 2.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of assumptions: RHCA conducts an actuarial experience study for the Plan on a biennial basis. Based on the six-year actuarial experience study presented to the Board of Trustees on June 30, 2017, RHCA implemented the following changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The mortality, retirement, disability, turnover and salary increase assumptions are based on the PERA annual valuation as of June 30, 2017 and the ERB actuarial experience study as of June 30, 2017.

- 1) Fiscal year 2018 valuation assumptions that changed based on this study:
 - a. Minor changes to demographic assumptions
- 2) Assumptions that were not changed:
 - a. Investment return 7.25%
 - b. Inflation rate 2.50% for ERB and 2.25 for PERA
 - c. Population growth per year at 0.00%
- d. Health care cost trend rate 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% See also the Note IV (C) Actuarial Assumptions of the financial statement note disclosure on the OPEB Plan.

^{*} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION OF RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2019

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

GENERAL FUNDS

(OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION)

Operating Fund (Fund No. 11000)

The government's primary fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Transportation Fund (Fund No. 13000)

Accounts for all the Transportation funds received through the state that are used in the maintaining and operating vehicles used to transport students.

Instructional Materials Fund (Fund No. 14000)

Accounts for all the Instructional Materials funds received through the state for the purpose of acquiring study materials for the students.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GENERAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Operational Fund #11000		Transportation Fund #13000		Instructional Materials Fund #14000		То	tal General <u>Funds</u>	
Assets	_		_		_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	5,389,236	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,389,236	
Property taxes		20,495		_		-		20,495	
Due from other funds		1,451,956						1,451,956	
Total assets	\$	6,861,687	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	6,861,687	
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	700,440	\$	_	\$	_	\$	700,440	
Due to other funds	-	-		_	-	6,164	-	6,164	
Total liabilities	_	700,440				6,164	_	706,604	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Delinquent property taxes	_	16 , 659						16,659	
Fund balance:									
Committed to:									
Subsequent year's expenditures		4,520,223		-		-		4,520,223	
Unassigned		1,624,365				(6,164)		1,618,201	
Total fund balance		6,144,588				(6,164)		6,138,424	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources, and fund balance	\$	6,861,687	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,861,687	

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

GENERAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Operational Fund #11000	Transportation <u>Fund #13000</u>	Instructional Materials Fund #14000	Total General <u>Fund</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 251,103	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 251,103
Intergovernmental - federal grants	542,396	-	-	542,396
Intergovernmental - state grants	14,872,354	872,073	67,040	15,811,467
Contributions - private grants	5,000	-	-	5,000
Charges for services	16,035	-	-	16,035
Investment and interest income	40,985	-	-	40,985
Miscellaneous	79,321			79,321
Total revenue	15,807,194	872,073	67,040	16,746,307
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	8,657,681	-	112,952	8,770,633
Support services:				
Students	1,364,857	-	-	1,364,857
Instruction	466,898	-	-	466,898
General Administration	384,584	-	-	384,584
School Administration	950,563	-	-	950,563
Central Services	588,750	-	-	588,750
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	2,555,695	-	-	2,555,695
Student transportation	<u>=</u>	872,073	<u>-</u>	872,073
Total expenditures	14,969,028	872,073	112,952	15,954,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	838,166	-	(45,912)	792,254
Fund balance at beginning of the year	5,306,422		39,748	5,346,170
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 6,144,588	\$ -	\$ (6,164)	\$ 6,138,424

GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL SECTION

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

OPERATIONAL FUND - NO. 11000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Variance with Final Budget		
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Amounts		Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	(Budget	ary Basis)	(<u>Negative)</u>	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$ 238,5		238,585	\$	251,256	\$	12,671	
Intergovernmental - federal grants	330,3		330,354		542,396		212,042	
Intergovernmental - state grants	14,610,1		14,878,103	1	4,872,354		(5,749)	
Contributions - private grants	1,0		1,000		5,000		4,000	
Charges for services	8,0		8,000		16,035		8,035	
Investment and interest income	25,0	000	25,000		40,985		15,985	
Miscellaneous			<u>-</u>		79,321		79,321	
Total revenues	15,213,1	04	15,481,042	1	<u>5,807,347</u>	-	326,305	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction	10,051,9	50	10,319,888		8,669,691		1,650,197	
Support services:								
Students	1,631,2	250	1,631,250		1,365,025		266,225	
Instruction	732,7	35	732,735		466,898		265,837	
General Administration	501,5	519	501,519		375,008		126,511	
School Administration	1,237,5	518	1,237,518		950,563		286,955	
Central Services	912,1		912,127		588,603		323,524	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	3,050,6		3,130,681		2,561,308		569,373	
Other Support services	1,001,6	586	1,001,686		-		1,001,686	
Capital outlay	267,1		187,195		_		187,195	
Total expenditures	19,386,6	661	19,654,599	1	<u>4,977,096</u>		4,677,503	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(4,173,5	557)	(4,173,557)		830,251		5,003,808	
Beginning cash balance budgeted	4,173,5	557	4,173,557		-		(4,173,557)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year	-	<u> </u>	_		5,306,422		5,306,422	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	<u>-</u> \$	-		6,136,673	\$	6,136,673	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:								
Change in property tax receivable					(270)			
Change in property tax receivable Change in payables					8,069			
Change in deferred property taxes					116			
				\$	6,144,588			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)				p	0,144,300			

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

TRANSPORTATION FUND - NO. 13000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				al Amounts getary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	872,073	\$	872,073	\$ 872,073	\$	-
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Support services:							
Student transportation	-	872,073		872,073	 872,073		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>			 		_
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$	_	-	\$	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:							
Change in payables					 <u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$ 		

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND - NO. 14000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					al Amounts retary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	 _					, ,		7	
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	67,040	\$	73,204	\$	67,040	\$	(6,164)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction	-	67,040		112,952		112,952			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		-		(39,748)		(45,912)		(6,164)	
Beginning cash balance budgeted		-		39,748		-		(39,748)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year				<u>-</u>		39,748		39,748	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			(6,164)	\$	(6,164)	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:									
Change in payables									
Fund balance (deficit) at end of the year (GAAP to	oasis)				\$	(6,164)			

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION)

Funds that did not meet the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis* to be considered Major Funds and have not been identified as Major Funds by management.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are operating funds used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are intended for specific purposes other than special assessments or major capital projects.

Food Service (Fund No. 21000)

Minimum Balance: None

This program provides financing for the school breakfast and lunch program. Funding is provided from fees from patrons and USDA food reimbursements, under the National School Lunch Act of 1946, as amended, Public Law 79-396, Sections 2-4, 60 Stat. 230, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.; 80 stat. 889, as amended; 84 stat. 270; and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, Sections 4 and 10. Public Law 89-642, 80 sat. 886, 889, 42 U.S.C. 1773, 1779; Public Law 99-591, 100 stat. 3341; Public Law 100-71, 101 stat. 430.

Athletics (Fund No. 22000)

Minimum Balance:

None

This fund provides financing for school athletic activities. Funding is provided by fees from patrons.

Title I (Fund No. 24101)

Minimum Balance: None

To help local education agencies (LEAs) and schools improve the teaching and learning of children failing, or most at-risk of failing, to meet challenging State academic standards. Funding authorization: Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title I, Part A, 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.

Entitlement IDEA-B (Fund No. 24106)

Minimum Balance: None

Program provides grants to states that flow-through to schools, to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities. The program is funded by the United States government, under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-617, and part D, Section 674 as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1711-1417 and 1420.

Preschool IDEA-B (Fund No. 24109)

Minimum Balance:

None

The Preschool program is for the purpose of enhancing Special Education for handicapped children from ages 3 to 5. The program is funded by the United States government, under the Individuals With Disabilities Act, Part B, Section 619, as amended, Public Laws 94-142, 99-457, 100-630, 101-497, and 101-476.

IDEA-B Early Intervention (Fund No. 24112)

Minimum Balance: None

To account for a federal grant restricted to the operation and maintenance of meeting the special education needs of children with disabilities. (Authority, Individuals with Disabilities Act, Part B Sec 611, as amended; P.L. 91-230, 93-380, 94-142, 98-199, 99-457, 100-630, and 101-476; U.S.C. 1401-1419, P.L. 105-17)

Striving Readers (Fund No. 24145)

Minimum Balance:

None

The purpose of the Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy (SRCL) discretionary grants is to create a comprehensive literacy program to advance literacy skills — including pre-literacy skills, reading, and writing — for students from birth through grade 12, including limited-English-proficient students and students with disabilities. Authorizations: Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title II, Part B, Subpart 2, Section 2222

Title III English Language (Fund No. 24153)

Minimum Balance: None

To ensure that limited English proficient children (LEP) and youth, including immigrant children and youth, attain English proficiency and meet the same standards as all children and youth are expected to meet; to provide assistance to Native American, Native Hawaiian, Native American Pacific Islander, and Alaskan native children with certain modifications relative to the unique status of native American language under Federal Law; to develop to the extent possible, the native language skills of such children. The fund is authorized through the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as amended, Title III, Part A, Sections 3101,3129.

Title II Teacher Quality (Fund No. 24154)

Minimum Balance:

None

To provide grants to State Education Agencies (SEAs) on a formula basis to increase student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality and increasing the number of highly qualified teachers in the classroom and highly qualified principals and assistant principals in schools and hold local educational agencies and schools accountable for improvements in the academic achievement. Authorization is granted through the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title II, Part A, Public Law 107-110.

Rural & Low Income Schools (Fund No. 24160)

Minimum Balance:

None

None

To account for federal grant assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning in their schools, and specifically to provide funds for teacher recruitment, retention, and teacher professional development, educational technology, and parental involvement activities. Authority for this fund comes from the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title VI, Part B, as amended.

Title I School Improvement (Fund No. 24162)

Minimum Balance:

To develop parental involvement in the school curriculum. The program is funded by the United States government under P.L. 100-297.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (cont'd)

Impact Aid Special/Indian Education (Fund No. 25145 & 25147)

Minimum Balance: None

To provide financial assistance to local educational agencies (LEA'S) where enrollments or availability of revenue are adversely affected by Federal activities, i.e. where the tax base of a district is reduced through the Federal acquisition of real property (Section 2), where there is a significant number of children who reside on Federal (including Indian) lands and/or children whose parents are employed on Federal property or in the Uniformed Services (Section 3(a) and 3 (b); where there is a significant decrease (Section 3(c)) or a sudden and substantial increase (Section 4) in school enrollment as the result of Federal activities; to provide disaster assistance for reduced or increased operating costs (Section 7(a)), for replacing or repairing damaged or destroyed supplies, equipment, and books, and for repairing minor damage to facilities. Funding authorized by Public Law 81-874.

Title XIX Medicaid (Fund No. 25153)

Minimum Balance:

To provide financial assistance from the Federal government which flows-through the State of New Mexico to school districts, for payments of medical assistance on behalf of cash assistance recipients, children, pregnant women and the aged who meet income and resource requirements, and other categorically-eligible groups. The program is funded by the U.S. government under the Social Security Act, Title XIX, as amended; Public Laws 92-223, 92-602, 93-66, 93-233, 96-499, 97-35, 97-2248, 98-369, 99-272, 99-509, 100-93, 100-202, 100-203, 100-360, 100-436, 100-485, 100-647, 101-166, 101-234, 101-239, 101-508, 101-517, 102-234, 102-170, 102-394, 103-66, 103-14, 103-333, 104-91, 104-191, 104-193, 104-208, and 104-134; Balanced Budget Act of 1997, Public Law 105-33.

Child & Adult Food Program (Fund No. 25171)

Minimum Balance:

To account for the activities of a program to provide for healthier schools by providing a health center at the schools. Funding is from the New Mexico Department of Health. The authority for creation of this fund was approved by the original budget by the Cuba Board of Education.

Indian Ed Formula Grant (Fund No. 25184)

Minimum Balance: None

The purpose of this program is to support projects which improve educational opportunities and achievement of Native American children. Funding is provided by the Federal Government, under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title IX, Part A, Subpart 1, as amended, Public Law 103-382, 20 U.S.C. 7811-7818; 25 U.S.C. 2002.

Dual Credit Instructional Materials (Fund No. 27103)

Minimum Balance:

None

To be used for courses approved by Higher Education Department (HED) and through a college/university for which the district has an approved agreement.

Library Go Bonds 2012 (Fund No. 27107)

Minimum Balance:

Funds to be used for library books and library resources for public school libraries statewide. Library resources include computers, software, projectors, televisions, other related hardware and software, shelving, desks, chairs, and book trucks/carts. Senate Bill 66, Laws of 2012, 2nd Session, Chapter 54, Section 10.B.(3).

Excellence in Teaching (Fund No. 27125)

Minimum Balance: None

The funding under this award must be used solely for Excellence in Teaching salary supplements. These salary supplements are \$5,000.00 or \$10,000.00 per teacher and may only be awarded to teachers who have met the award criteria.

Pre-K Initiative (Fund No. 27149)

Minimum Balance: None

The pre-k program shall address the total development needs of preschool children, including physical, cognitive, social and emotional needs, and shall include health care, nutrition, safety and multicultural sensitivity.

Breakfast for Elementary Students (Fund No. 27155)

Minimum Balance: None

The Breakfast for Elementary School program provides foods (at no charge) after the instructional day has begun, provided that instruction occurs simultaneously with breakfast. Authorized through 22-13-13.2 NMSA 1978; NMAC 6.12.9

Kindergarten 3-Plus (Fund No. 27166)

Minimum Balance: None

To account for funds received to provide the opportunity for the district to address early literacy. The fullday kindergarten program is the first step in the implementation of a sequential early literacy approach to teaching reading.

College Counselor Initiative (Fund No. 27189)

Minimum Balance: None

Funding to be used by KCHS and SHS to hire a college advisor solely dedicated to college advisement. College advisors will be hired under STARS assignment code #83 as a Resource Coordinator. The hired Advisor(s) must have an appropriate license in accordance with STARS assignment code #83.

> NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (cont'd)

Suicide Prevention (Fund No. 28158)

Minimum Balance:

None

The purpose of this fund is to account for the agreement used to provide integrated primary and behavioral health care for adolescents through a school based health center. The authority and funding for this agreement is provided by the contract between the REC and the New Mexico Department of Health.

GRADS Child Care (Fund No. 28189)

Minimum Balance:

None

The Graduation, Reality, and Dual-role Skills (GRADS) program provides funding to participating schools in providing services for teen parents who are students at the participating schools.

GRADS Instruction (Fund No. 28190)

Minimum Balance:

None

The Graduation, Reality, and Dual-role Skills (GRADS) program provides funding to participating schools in providing services for teen parents who are students at the participating schools.

GRADS Plus (Fund No. 28203)

Minimum Balance:

None

To develop a curriculum that identifies that reflect serious needs for pregnant or parenting teens.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Special Capital Outlay – Local (Fund No. 31300)

Minimum Balance:

None

This fund provides financing from local revenues for the construction and improvements to District building and facilities.

State SB-9 Match (Fund No. 31700)

Minimum Balance:

None

To account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico's State Equalization Matching as authorized by the Public School District Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978).

Capital Improvements SB – 9 (Fund No. 31701)

Minimum Balance:

None

This fund provides financing for the purchase of equipment and capital improvements to School District property. Funding is received from a 2 mill property tax levy and interest earned on investments, under New Mexico Senate Bill 9.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Debt Service revenues are from taxes and other operating revenues, some of which are pledged specifically to repay certain outstanding bond issues.

Education Technology Debt Service (Fund No. 43000)

Minimum Balance:

None

Used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs associated with the Education Technology bond issues.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds Entitlement Preschool Food Service IDEA-B IDEA-B Athletics Title I Fund #21000 Fund #22000 Fund #24106 Fund #24101 Fund #24109 Assets Cash and cash equivalents 475,764 \$ 40,466 \$ \$ \$ Receivables: Property taxes 156,197 151,885 12,914 Grant 121,587 Due from other funds Food inventory 11,633 Total assets 608,984 40,466 156,197 151,885 12,914 Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ \$ \$ 20,671 24,520 4,188 Due to other funds 135,526 127,365 8,726 12,914 Total liabilities 156,197 151,885 Deferred inflows of resources: Advances of federal, state, and local grants Delinquent property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources Fund balance: Non-spendable: Inventories 11,633 Restricted for: Special revenue funds 597,351 40,466 Capital projects funds Debt service 608,984 40,466 Total fund balance Total liabilities, deferred inflows

40,466

156,197

608,984

(cont'd; 1 of 8)

12,914

151,885

of resources, and fund balance

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

				Special Rev	enue l	Funds		
	Inter	A-B Early evention #24112	ntion Striving Readers		La	III English anguage <u>d #24153</u>	(II Teacher Quality d #24154
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:								
Property taxes		-		-		-		-
Grant		-		122,227		10,094		33,955
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Food inventory								
Total assets	\$	32	\$	122,227	\$	10,094	\$	33,955
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources: Advances of federal, state, and local grants Delinquent property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	32	\$	122,227 122,227 	\$	10,094	\$	880 33,075 33,955
Fund balance: Non-spendable: Inventories		-		-		-		-
Restricted for: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-
Debt service		_		_		_		_
Total fund balance		_		_		-		_
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	32	\$	122,227	\$	10,094	<u>\$</u>	33,955

(cont'd; 2 of 8)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds									
	I: S	Rural & Low- Income Schools Fund #24160		School ovement #24162	t Education		Impact Aid Indian Education Fund #25147		N	itle XIX Medicaid nd #25153
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	9	\$	85,284	\$	88,743	\$	189,314
Receivables:										
Property taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Grant		27,003		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Food inventory						<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		
Total assets	\$	27,003	\$	9	\$	85,284	\$	88,743	\$	189,314
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	5,398	\$	-	\$	2,156	\$	5,606	\$	1,799
Due to other funds		21,605		<u> </u>						
Total liabilities		27,003		<u> </u>		<u>2,156</u>		<u>5,606</u>		1,799
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		-		-		-		-		-
Delinquent property taxes		_				_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Fund balance:										
Non-spendable:										
Inventories		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Special revenue funds		-		9		83,128		83,137		187,515
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		
Total fund balance		<u> </u>		9		83,128		83,137		187 , 515
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund balance	\$	27,003	\$	9	\$	85,284	\$	88,743	\$	189,314

(cont'd; 3 of 8)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

				Special Re	venue	Funds		
	Food	l & Adult Program l #25171	Inc Form	dian Ed ula Grant d #25184	Du Inst M	al Credit cructional faterials d #27103	Libraries GC Bond 2012 Fund #2710	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	8,126	\$	8,847	\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes								
Grant		-		_		1,823		1,843
Due from other funds		_		_		1,023		-
Food inventory		_		_		_		_
,								
Total assets	\$	8,126	\$	8,847	\$	1,823	\$	1,843
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	717	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	-					1,823		<u>1,843</u>
Total liabilities				717		1,823	-	1,843
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		_		_		_		_
Delinquent property taxes		_				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balance:								
Non-spendable:								
Inventories		_		_		_		_
Restricted for:								
Special revenue funds		8,126		8,130		-		-
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Total fund balance		8,126		8,130				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balance	\$	8,126	\$	8,847	\$	1,823	\$	1,843

(cont'd; 4 of 8)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Excellence in Teaching Fund #27125		Teaching Pre-K Init				Kindergarten 3- Plus Fund #27166		College Counselor Initiative Fund #27189
Assets			*		A		#		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Receivables:									
Property taxes Grant		-		- (1 572		-		-	-
Orant Due from other funds		-		61,573		-		-	-
		-		-		-		-	-
Food inventory									
Total assets	\$		\$	61,573	\$		\$		\$ -
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	- 	\$	7,650 53,923 61,573	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ - - -
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		_		_		_		_	_
Delinquent property taxes						<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources									
Fund balance:									
Non-spendable:									
Inventories		-		-		-		-	-
Restricted for:									
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-	-
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-	-
Debt service									
Total fund balance			-			<u>-</u>		-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources, and fund balance	\$		\$	61,573	\$		\$		\$ -

(cont'd; 5 of 8)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

			9	Special Rev	enue I	unds		
	Suicide Prevention Fund #28158		revention Care		Ins	RADS truction 1 #28190	GRADS Plus Fund #28203	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,455	\$	117	\$	2,322	\$	8,030
Receivables:								
Property taxes		-		-		-		-
Grant		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Food inventory		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	4,455	\$	117	\$	2,322	\$	8,030
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	35	\$	- 	\$	- 	\$	- - - -
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		-		-		-		-
Delinquent property taxes		<u>-</u>	-					
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund balance: Non-spendable: Inventories Restricted for:		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		4,420		117		2,322		8,030
Capital projects funds		-,720		11/		2,322		0,030
Debt service		_		_		_		_
Total fund balance		4,420		117		2,322		8,030
75 - 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	4,455	\$	117	\$	2,322	\$	8,030
or resources, and fulld barance	φ	4,433	₽	11/	ф	4,344	<u> </u>	0,030

(cont'd; 6 of 8)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

				Capital P					
		Total				Capital	Total		
		Non-Major	State SB-9		Improvements			lon-Major	
	Spe	cial Revenue		Match	Б	SB-9	Cap	oital Projects	
Accepta		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fun</u>	d #31700	Fu	ınd #31701		<u>Funds</u>	
Assets	\$	911,509	Ф		\$	1 146 922	Φ	1 146 002	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	Þ	911,309	\$	_	Ф	1,146,823	\$	1,146,823	
Property taxes		_		_		111,670		111,670	
Grant		701,101		47,084		-		47,084	
Due from other funds		-		-		47,084		47,084	
Food inventory		11,633		_		-		-	
,				<u> </u>					
Total assets	\$	1,624,243	\$	47,084	\$	1,305,577	\$	1,352,661	
T':1'''' 1 Com 1' Go on 1 C on 11 do on									
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	73,620	\$		\$	2,511	\$	2,511	
Due to other funds	Ψ	516,207	Ψ	47,084	Ψ	2,511	Ψ	47,084	
Total liabilities		589,827		47,084		2,511		49,595	
		007,027	-	17,001		2,011		17,070	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		32		_		_		_	
Delinquent property taxes		<u> </u>				91,029		91,029	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	32		<u>=</u>		91,029		91,029	
Fund balance:									
Non-spendable:									
Inventories		11,633		-		-		-	
Restricted for:		4 000 754							
Special revenue funds		1,022,751		-		-		- 4 040 027	
Capital projects funds Debt service		-		-		1,212,037		1,212,037	
Total fund balance		1,034,384				1,212,037		1,212,037	
Total fulld Dalatice		1,034,364				1,414,037	-	1,414,03/	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources, and fund balance	\$	1,624,243	\$	47,084	\$	1,305,577	\$	1,352,661	

(cont'd; 7 of 8)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Deb	l Tech t Service l #43000		al Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,332	\$	2,059,664
Receivables: Property taxes		577		112,247
Grant		-		748,185
Due from other funds		_		47,084
Food inventory				11,633
Total assets	\$	1,909	\$	2,978,813
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance				
Liabilities:				76404
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	76,131
Due to other funds Total liabilities				563,291
1 Otal habilities			-	639,422
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Advances of federal, state, and local grants		-		32
Delinquent property taxes		565		91,594
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>565</u>		91,626
Fund balance:				
Non-spendable:				
Inventories		-		11,633
Restricted for:				
Special revenue funds		-		1,022,751
Capital projects funds		-		1,212,037
Debt service		1,344		1,344
Total fund balance		1,344		2,247,765
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balance	\$	1,909	\$	2,978,813
				(0 of 0)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

		Spe	ciai Revenue Fu	nas	
	Food Service Fund #21000	Athletics Fund #22000	Title I Fund #24101	Entitlement IDEA-B Fund #24106	Preschool IDEA-B Fund #24109
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental - federal grants	1,216,723	-	405,349	455,385	31,119
Intergovernmental - state grants	-	_	, -	, -	-
Contributions - private grants	_	250	_	-	-
Charges for services	77,935	48,459	_	-	-
Investment and interest income	3,184	354	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	-	-	_	_	_
Total revenues	1,297,842	49,063	405,349	455,385	31,119
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	_	46,231	46,861	229,164	30,691
Support services:		,	,	,,	,
Students	_	_	298,728	209,283	_
Instruction	_	_	38,673		_
General Administration	_	_	21,087	16,938	428
School Administration	_	_	,		-
Central Services	_	_	_	_	_
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	_	_	_	_	_
Student transportation	_	_	_	_	_
Food services operations	1,071,995	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	33,144	_	_	_	_
Total expenditures	1,105,139	46,231	405,349	455,385	31,119
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	192,703	2,832	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of the year	416,281	37,634	-	-	_
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 608,984	\$ 40,466	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

(cont'd; 1 of 7)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds Rural & Low-**IDEA-B** Early Title III English Title II Teacher Income Intervention Striving Readers Language Quality Schools Fund #24154 Fund #24112 Fund #24145 Fund #24153 Fund #24160 **Revenues:** Taxes: \$ \$ \$ Property \$ 162,442 10,094 59,379 27,003 Intergovernmental - federal grants Intergovernmental - state grants Contributions - private grants Charges for services Investment and interest income Miscellaneous 10,094 59,379 Total revenues 162,442 27,003 **Expenditures:** Current: Instruction 161,379 9,759 33,467 27,003 Support services: Students 23,647 Instruction 286 General Administration 242 335 2,265 School Administration 424 Central Services 111 Operation & Maintenance of Plant Student transportation Food services operations Capital outlay Total expenditures 162,442 10,094 59,379 27,003 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year

(cont'd; 2 of 7)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds Impact Aid Impact Aid Title I School Special Indian Title XIX Child & Adult Improvement Education Education Medicaid Food Program Fund #24162 Fund #25145 Fund #25147 Fund #25153 Fund #25171 **Revenues:** Taxes: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Property 103,350 106 Intergovernmental - federal grants 84,757 59,174 Intergovernmental - state grants Contributions - private grants Charges for services Investment and interest income Miscellaneous 84,757 103,350 Total revenues 59,174 106 **Expenditures:** Current: Instruction 23,519 17,640 2,890 Support services: Students 42,510 43,678 Instruction General Administration School Administration Central Services Operation & Maintenance of Plant 2,500 Student transportation Food services operations Capital outlay Total expenditures 23,519 62,650 46,568 Excess (deficiency) of revenues 106 over expenditures 61,238 (3,476)56,782 21,890 130,733 8,020 Fund balance at beginning of the year 86,613 8,126 9 187,515 Fund balance at end of the year 83,128 83,137

(cont'd; 3 of 7)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds Dual Credit Indian Ed Instructional Libraries GO Excellence in Pre-K Formula Grant Materials Bond 2012 Teaching Initiative Fund #25184 Fund #27103 Fund #27107 Fund #27125 Fund #27149 **Revenues:** Taxes: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ **Property** Intergovernmental - federal grants 66,262 Intergovernmental - state grants 8,851 1,843 48,442 272,745 Contributions - private grants Charges for services Investment and interest income Miscellaneous Total revenues 66,262 8,851 1,843 48,442 **Expenditures:** Current: Instruction 3,107 8,851 48,442 219,294 Support services: Students 55,025 Instruction 1,843 General Administration 2,281 School Administration 25,978 Central Services Operation & Maintenance of Plant 25,192 Student transportation Food services operations Capital outlay Total expenditures 58,132 8,851 1,843 48,442 272,745 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 8,130 Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year 8,130

(cont'd; 4 of 7)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds Breakfast for College Elementary Counselor Suicide **GRADS** Child Kindergarten Students 3-Plus Initiative Prevention Care Fund #27155 Fund #27189 Fund #28189 Fund #27166 Fund #28158 **Revenues:** Taxes: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ **Property** Intergovernmental - federal grants Intergovernmental - state grants 14,757 99,382 5,001 Contributions - private grants Charges for services Investment and interest income Miscellaneous 14,757 Total revenues 99,382 5,126 **Expenditures:** Current: Instruction 71,982 5,238 Support services: Students 2,026 1,230 Instruction General Administration School Administration 7,758 Central Services Operation & Maintenance of Plant 17,616 Student transportation Food services operations 14,757 Capital outlay Total expenditures 14,757 99,382 6,468 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (1,342)5,762 117 Fund balance at beginning of the year

(cont'd; 5 of 7)

117

4,420

Fund balance at end of the year

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Projectrs Funds				
	GRADS Instruction GRADS Plus Fund #28190 Fund #28203		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>		State SB-9 Match Fund #31700		Capital Improvements SB-9 Fund #31701			
Revenues:										
Taxes:			_		_		_		_	
Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,416,032
Intergovernmental - federal grants		-		-		2,681,143		-		-
Intergovernmental - state grants		-		-		451,021		47,084		-
Contributions - private grants		-		-		250		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		126,394		-		-
Investment and interest income		-		-		3,538		-		3,229
Miscellaneous						125				
Total revenues						3,262,471		47 <u>,084</u>		1,419,261
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		-		_		985,518		_		-
Support services:						ŕ				
Students		-		_		676,127		_		-
Instruction		-		_		40,802		_		-
General Administration		-		_		43,576		_		14,169
School Administration		_		_		34,160		_		, -
Central Services		_		_		111		_		_
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		_		_		_		1,763		104,785
Student transportation		_		_		45,308		, -		, -
Food services operations		_		_		1,086,752		_		_
Capital outlay		_		_		33,144		45,321		1,239,703
Total expenditures				_		2,945,498		47,084		1,358,657
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		-		-		316,973		-		60,604
Fund balance at beginning of the year		2,322		8,030		717,411				1,151,433
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	2,322	\$	8,030	\$	1,034,384	\$	_	\$	1,212,037

(cont'd; 6 of 7)

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:		al Nonmajor ital Projects <u>Funds</u>	Debt	Tech Service #43000		Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes:						
Property	\$	1,416,032	\$	72	\$	1,416,104
Intergovernmental - federal grants	"	-,,	π-	-	π	2,681,143
Intergovernmental - state grants		47,084		_		498,105
Contributions - private grants		-		_		250
Charges for services		-		_		126,394
Investment and interest income		3,229		_		6,767
Miscellaneous						125
Total revenues		1,466,345		72		4,728,888
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		-		_		985,518
Support services:						
Students		-		-		676,127
Instruction		-		-		40,802
General Administration		14,169		1		57,746
School Administration		-		-		34,160
Central Services		-		-		111
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		106,548		-		106,548
Student transportation		-		-		45,308
Food services operations		-		-		1,086,752
Capital outlay		1,285,024				1,318,168
Total expenditures		1,405,741		1	_	4,351,240
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		60,604		71		377,648
Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year		1,151,433 1,212,037	\$	1,273 1,344	\$	1,870,117 2,247,765

(7 of 7)

STATE REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

(OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION)

Supplemental schedules required by the State of New Mexico to provide additional analysis.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

]	Balance					Tr	ansfers]	Balance
<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2018	<u>I</u>	Receipts	Dist	oursements	<u>In</u>	<u>/ (Out)</u>	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents:										
Nob Hill Elementary	\$	7,675	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(7,675)	\$	-
Sierra Vista Elementary		19,365		11,605		14,723		-		16,247
White Mountain Elementary		27,000		42,301		45,132		7,675		31,844
Middle School		33,035		66,946		51,918		-		48,063
High School		139,431		76 , 510		74,682		<u> </u>		141,259
Due from District funds	<u>\$</u>	226,506	\$	197,362	\$	186,455	\$		\$	237,413
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Deposits held for others	\$	226,506	\$	197,362	\$	186,455	\$	_	\$	237,413

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL June 30, 2019

	BB	VA Compass
Cash on deposit at June 30, 2019:		
Checking and savings	\$	16,702,422
Less: FDIC coverage		(250,000)
Uninsured funds	\$	16,452,422
Amount requiring pledged collateral:		
50% collateral requirement	\$	8,226,211
Pledged collateral		18,500,000
Excess (deficiency) of pledged collateral	\$	10,273,789

Pledged collateral of financial institutions consists of the following at June 30, 2019

BBVA Compass:	<u>Maturity</u>	LOC#	\mathbf{M}	<u> [arket Value</u>
FHLB LOC	12/1/2018	134337	\$	7,000,000
FHLB LOC	1/11/2019	136246		6,000,000
FHLB LOC	1/23/2019	137830		5,500,000
			\$	18,500,000

The above letters of credit are held at Federal Home Loan Bank, Atlanta, GA.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

CASH RECONCILIATION Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Beg	inning Cash		Receipts		Distributions		Other	Ne	et Cash End of Period		justments to he report	То	otal Cash on Report
Operations	\$	5,336,807	\$	15,807,346	\$	14,977,097	\$	-	\$	6,167,056	\$	(777,820)	\$	5,389,236
Transportation		-		872,073		872,073		-		-		-		-
Instructional Materials		39,748		67,040		112,952		-		(6,164)		6,164		-
Food Services		408,732		1,100,217		1,033,185		-		475,764		-		475,764
Athletics		37,634		49,063		46,231		-		40,466		-		40,466
Federal Flowthrough Funds		(512,505)		1,413,886		2,369,465		-		(1,468,084)		1,468,125		41
Federal Direct Funds		248,229		312,675		190,869		-		370,035		10,279		380,314
State Flowthrough Funds		(64,407)		445,190		446,021		-		(65,238)		65,238		-
State Direct Funds		16,231		5,125		6,467		_		14,889		35		14,924
Bond Building		5,618,340		31,692		5,050,764		2,816,543		3,415,811		-		3,415,811
State SB-9 Match		(47,467)		47,467		47,084		-		(47,084)		47,084		-
Capital Improvements SB-9		1,129,904		1,420,149		1,356,146		-		1,193,907		(47,084)		1,146,823
Debt Service		3,987,842		4,271,213		3,886,298		-		4,372,757		-		4,372,757
Ed Tech Debt Service		1,273		60		1		-		1,332		-		1,332
Agency Funds		-		-		-		-		-		237,413		237,413
Total	\$	16,200,361	\$	25,843,196	\$	30,394,653	\$	2,816,543	\$	14,465,447	\$	1,009,434	\$	15,474,881
Account Name	Accou	nt Type	<u>B</u>	ank Name	<u>Ba</u>	ınk Amount			Adjust	tments to report:	į			
Operational		king - Interest	BBVA	Compass	\$	5,135,964			0	ncy funds			\$	237,413
Food Service		king - Interest		Compass		649,806			Interfund loans payable - pooled cash					1,451,956
Athletics		king - Interest		Compass		40,466	Interfund loans receivable - pooled cash			- pooled cash		(1,451,956)		
Sierra Vista Primary White Mountain Elementary		king - Interest king - Interest		Compass Compass		16,330 34,530		Clearing account				13,179		
Ruidoso Middle School		0				•	Written checks held at yearend Total adjustment to the report			Φ	758,842			
		king - Interest		Compass		48,927			1	otai adjustment	to tne	report	<u> </u>	1,009,434
Ruidoso High School Capital Project		king - Interest king - Interest		Compass Compass		145,523 3,982,545			Adinet	tments to cash:				
Capital Improvements		king - Interest		Compass		1,410,696			,	k Balance			\$	16,702,422
Debt Service		king - Interest		Compass		4,374,090				h on hand			Ψ	-
Payroll		king - Interest		Compass		863,545				standing deposit	S			-
					\$	16,702,422			Out	standing checks				(1,227,541)
						<u></u>			Т	otal adjusted cas	h		\$	15,474,881

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

8

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By Uniform Guidance

§

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs: Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statement Findings Federal Award Findings

§

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

§

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

§

Required Disclosure

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparison of the general fund of the Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and other matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. We also noted a certain other matter that is required to be reported pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards* and pursuant to Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2019-001.



Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3

Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's Response to Findings

Lacounting of Financial Solutions, Lo

Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

October 18, 2019

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

86 | Page



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor and The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hocounting & Financial Solutions, Lo

October 18, 2019

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Passed To Subrecipients	Cluster <u>Programs</u>	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Direct Program:					
Forest Reserve	10.665	11000	\$ -		\$ 92,090
Pass-Through Program From: New Mexico Department of Education: <u>Child Nutrition Cluster:</u> USDA National School Lunch Program USDA School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.553	21000 21000	-	\$ 697,245 331,855	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					1,029,100
Pass-Through Program From:					
New Mexico Human Service Department:					
USDA Commodities Program	10.565	21000	-		76,039
Subtotal Pass-Through Programs					1,105,139
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					1,197,229
Total O.S. Department of Agriculture					1,197,229
U.S. Department of Education:					
Direct Programs:					
Impact Aid Indian Education	84.041	11000	-		369,261
Impact Aid Special Education	84.041	25145	-		23,519
Impact Aid Indian Education	84.041	25147	_		62,650
Indian Ed Formula Grant	84.060	25184	-		58,132
Subtotal Direct Programs					513,562
Pass-Through Programs From: New Mexico Department of Education: Special Education (IDEA) Cluster:					
Entitlement IDEA-B	84.027	24106	-	\$ 455,385	
Preschool IDEA-B	84.173	24109	-	31,119	
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster					486,504
Title I	84.010	24101	_		405,349
Title I - 1003g	84.377	24124	_		1,218,694
Striving Readers	84.371C	24145	_		162,442
Title III English Language	84.365	24153	_		10,094
Title II Teacher Quality	84.367	24154	_		59,379
Rural & Low-Income Schools	84.358	24160	_		27,003
	2				
Subtotal Pass-Through Programs					2,369,465
Total U.S. Department of Education					2,883,027
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -		\$ 4,080,256

1. Scope of audit pursuant to OMB Uniform Grant Guidance

All federal grant operations of Ruidoso Municipal School District No. 3 (the "District") are included in the scope of the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Uniform Grant Guidance audit (the "Single Audit"). The Single Audit was performed in accordance with the provisions of the OMB Circular Compliance Supplement (Revised July 2019 the "Compliance Supplement"). Compliance testing of all requirements are described in the Compliance Supplement, was performed for the grants programs noted below. These programs represent all federal award programs and other grants with fiscal year 2019 cash and non-cash expenditures to ensure coverage of at least 20% (LOW risk auditee) of federally granted funds. Actual coverage is approximately 51% of total cash and non-cash federal award program expenditures. Total cash expenditures were in the amount of \$4,004,217 and all non-cash expenditures amounted to \$76,039.

MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM	CFDA	EXPENDITURE			
Cash Assistance:					
Title I	84.010	\$ 405,349			
Title I - 1003g	84.010	1,218,694			
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 & 84.173	486,504			
Total		\$ 2,110,547			

The District did not have any federal programs considered Type A programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The U.S. Department of Education is the District's oversight agency for single audit.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Grant Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position and changes in net position of the District. All federal programs considered active during the year ended June 30, 2019, are reflected on the Schedule. An active federal program is defined as a federal program for which there were receipts or disbursements of funds or accrued (deferred) grant revenue adjustments during the fiscal year or a federal program considered as not completed or closed out at the beginning of the fiscal year. The Schedule is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Grant revenues are recorded for financial reporting purposes when the District has met the qualifications for the respective grant. Grant revenues for the Food Donation Program are based upon commodities received, at amounts per standard price listing, published quarterly by the United States Department of Agriculture (the "USDA"). In addition, there is no federal insurance in effect during the year and loan or loan guarantee outstanding at year end.

Accrued and deferred reimbursements

Various reimbursement procedures are used for Federal awards received by the District. Consequently, timing differences between expenditures and program reimbursements can exist at the beginning and end of the year. Accrued balances at year end represent an excess of reimbursable expenditures over receipts to date. Deferred balance at year-end represent an excess of cash receipts over reimbursable expenditure to date. Generally, accrued or deferred balances covered by differences in the timing of cash receipts and expenditures will be reversed in the remaining grant period.

3. Reconciliation of Federal Awards to Expenditure of Federal Awards

The differences between the federal awards received (Intergovernmental sources – federal) during the year ended June 30, 2019 and the federal awards expended during the year are as follows:

	BALANCE		
Federal Sources	\$	4,442,233	
Indirect costs from federal programs		(81,046)	
Unexpended federal sources from current year		(294,113)	
Prior year federal sources expended	116,532		
Revenues received as vendor		(103,350)	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	4,080,256	

4. Indirect Costs

The District has not elected the 10% de minimis indirect cost during the year ended June 30, 2019.

I. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	Occurrences
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:			
Type of auditor's report issued: <u>Unmodified</u>			
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		<u> </u>	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			
FEDERAL AWARDS:			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		<u> </u>	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		_	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance with major programs: <u>Unmodified</u>			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be			
reported in accordance with Section 200.516 of the Uniform Guidance?		<u> </u>	
The programs treated as major programs include:			
Name of Federal Program or Cluster Title I – 1003g Title I Special Education (IDEA) Cluster CFDA Number 84.377 84.010 84.027 & 84.173			
The threshold for distinguishing types A and B programs: \$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			
NEW MEXICO STATE REQUIREMENTS:			
Internal control over state requirements:			
Other noncompliance?			1
Finding that does not rise to the level of significant deficiency?		<u> </u>	

II. AUDIT FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

There were no findings required to be reported.

III. AUDIT FINDINGS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no findings required to be reported.

IV. AUDIT FINDINGS - SECTION 12-6-5 NMSA 1978

2019 – 001 LATE DEPOSIT OF RECEIPTS (Original No. 2018-002)

(Repeat of prior year finding; updated and revised)

Other Noncompliance

Condition: During the review of cash receipts two of the thirty tested were not deposited into the bank within one banking day from the time of receipt. The two deposits totaled \$1,443.

Status from prior year. The current year, with two occurrences, had improvements over the previous year's seven occurrences.

Criteria: NMAC 6.20.2.14(c) states that money received and receipted shall be deposited in the bank within 24 hours or one banking day.

Effect of condition: The District is in violation of NMAC 6.20.2.14(c). Cash retained by management for extended periods of time are susceptible to misuse or fraud.

Cause: Deposits at times were taking more than 24 hours to be deposited in the bank.

Recommendation: on an annual basis, staff members that have responsibilities of collecting and depositing cash receipts should be informed of the legal requirements of depositing cash within one banking day, as well as the District's policies regarding cash collections.

Management's response: The District will continue to provide memoranda throughout the year outlining receipting and deposit policies, NMAC 6.20.2.14(c), to certain staff in order to continue improvement and address deficiencies. Business office staff will also provide additional training regarding NMAC 6.20.2.14(c), during fiscal year 2020.

Responsible party(ies) for corrective action(s): Site Based Principals, Business Manager and Business Office Staff

Corrective action(s) timeline: June 30, 2020

I. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - NOT RESOLVED

2018 - 001 LATE DEPOSIT OF RECEIPTS

Current Status: Not resolved. Repeated in the current year.

II. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - RESOLVED

2018 - 002 CONTROLS OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Current Status: Resolved. Not repeated in the current year.

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

The independent public accountants assisted in the preparation of the financial statements. The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the District and are based on information from the District's financial records.

An exit conference was held October 22, 2019 and was attended by the following individuals:

RUIDOSO MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 3

Luther Light Member, Board of Education / Audit Committee

Marc Beatty Member, Audit Committee

Dr. George Bickert Superintendent; Member, Audit Committee Clinton Taylor Director of Finance; Member, Audit Committee

ACCOUNTING & FINANCIAL SOLUTIONS, LLC

Terry Ogle, CPA Partner