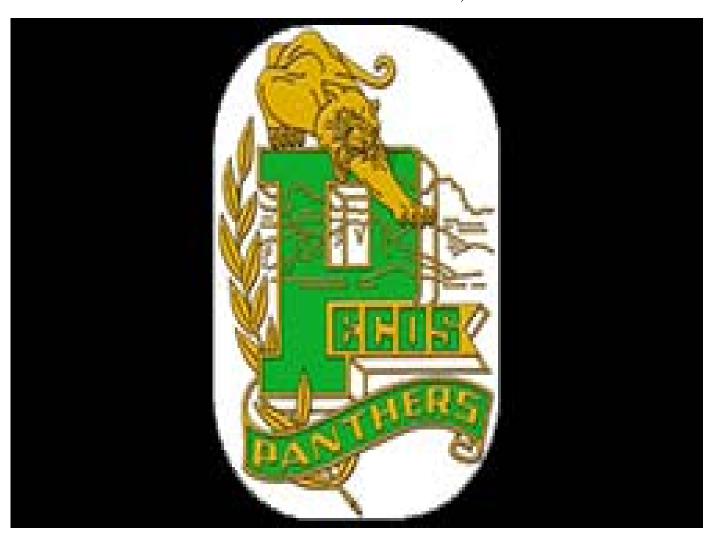
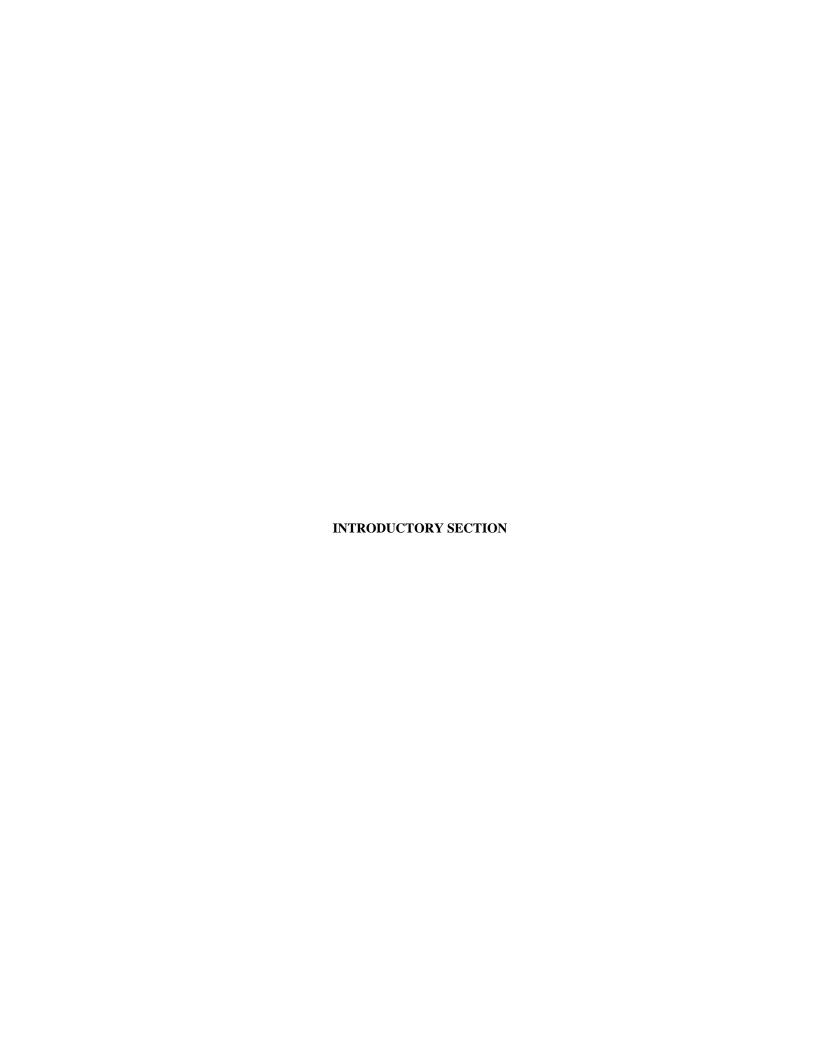
PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018





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PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2018

<u>Name</u>	Doord of Education	<u>Title</u>
Harold Garcia	Board of Education	President
Victor Ortiz		Vice-President
Michael Flores Sr.		Secretary
Paul C de Baca		Member
David Ortiz		Member
	Administrative Officials	
Fred Trujillo		Superintendent
Brenda Gallegos		Business Manager





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget To the Board of Education Pecos Independent School District Pecos, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general funds and major special revenue funds of Pecos Independent School District, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is the express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general funds and major special revenue funds of Pecos Independent School District, New Mexico, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America also require that the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions on page 44 and the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions on page 45 be represented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standard Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Management has omitted *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the Pecos Independent School District's basic financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code Federal regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The additional schedules listed as "Other Supplemental Information" in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2018 on our consideration of Pecos Independent School District, New Mexico's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Digo Prefessoral Services, LIC

November 7, 2018

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Exhibit A-1 (Page 1 of 2)

		ernmental etivities
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,572,838
Receivables (net of allowance		
for uncollectibles)		1,233,155
Inventory		6,296
Capital assets (net of accumulated		
depreciation):		
Land and land improvements		228,257
Buildings and building improvements		21,334,532
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		3,053,696
Less: accumulated depreciation	((12,553,908)
Total assets		14,874,866
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pension		4,876,373
Related to OPEB		83,940

Exhibit A-1 (Page 2 of 2)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	14,454
Accrued expenses		132,770
Accrued interest		60,353
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year - compensated absences		47,861
Net pension liability		16,602,410
OPEB liability		4,490,435
Due within one year - bonds payable		225,000
Due in more than one year - bonds payable		4,375,000
Total liabilities		25,948,283
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Related to property taxes		419,431
Related to pension		540,017
Related to OPEB		1,022,012
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		7,462,577
Restricted for:		
Debt service		598,221
Capital projects		378,132
Special revenue funds		331,615
Unrestricted		(16,865,109)
Total net position		(8,094,564)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Program Revenues

Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	harges for Service
Primary Government	-			
Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$	5,425,156	\$	59,983
Support services:				
Students		944,267		-
Instruction		196,170		-
General Administration		404,699		-
School Administration		423,299		-
Other Support Services		655		-
Central Services		217,887		_
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		2,038,773		38,471
Student Transportation		397,581		_
Food Services Operation		431,879		19,407
Community Services		56,756		-
Interest on long-term debt		400,474		-
Total Primary Government	\$	10,937,596	\$	117,861

	Program Re		Net		
G	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital ants and tributions	Re ((Expenses) evenues and Changes in let Position
\$	1,358,918	\$	-	\$	(4,006,255)
	70,919		-		(873,348)
	-		-		(196,170)
	-		-		(404,699)
	108,224		-		(315,075)
	-		-		(655)
	-		_		(217,887)
	50,000		(14,834)		(1,965,136)
	382,271		-		(15,310)
	423,452		_		10,980
	-		-		(56,756)
					(400,474)
\$	2,393,784	\$	(14,834)		(8,440,785)
Propert Levi Levi Levi State E	Revenues: ty taxes: ed for general purped for debt service ed for capital project qualization Guaran asset disposal aeous	cts		\$	24,888 661,421 422,420 5,645,566 (10,092) 221,447
То	tal general revenue	S			6,965,650
•	Change in net asset	s			(1,475,135)
Restater	ition - beginning ment ition - beginning - r	restated			(1,285,507) (5,333,922) (6,619,429)
	ition - ending			\$	(8,094,564)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Operational 11000	Teacherage 12000	Transportation 13000	Instructional Materials 14000	Title I IASA 24101
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	646,639	\$ 17,925	\$ 1,838	\$ 6,207	\$ -
Accounts receivable					
Taxes	18,929	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	79,814
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Interfund receivables	403,082	-	-	-	-
Inventory					
Total assets	1,068,650	17,925	1,838	6,207	79,814
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	14,454	-	-	-	_
Accrued liabilities	132,770	-	-	-	_
Interfund payables	-	_	_	_	79,814
Deferred revenue - property taxes	9,730	_	_	_	´-
Deferred revenue - other	-	_	_	_	_
Total liabilities	156,954	-	-	_	79,814
Fund balances					
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable	_	_	_	-	_
Restricted	_	17,925	1,838	6,207	_
Committed	_	, -	_	_	_
Assigned	_	_	_	_	_
Unassigned	911,696				
Total fund balance	911,696	17,925	1,838	6,207	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,068,650	\$ 17,925	\$ 1,838	\$ 6,207	\$ 79,814

I	titlement DEA-B 24106	Iı	Pre-K Initiative 27149		Capital Improvements SB-9 31700		Debt Service 41000		Other vernmental Funds	G	Total Primary overnment
\$	-	\$	-	\$	218,488	\$	353,045	\$	328,696	\$	1,572,838
	- 71,048		- 71,645		316,538		494,603		- 180,578		830,070 403,085
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - 6,296		403,082 6,296
	71,048		71,645		535,026		847,648		515,570		3,215,371
	-		-		-		-		-		14,454
	71,048 -		- 71,645 -		- - 160,274		- - 249,427		- 180,575 -		132,770 403,082 419,431
	71,048		71,645		160,274		249,427		180,575		969,737
	_		_		_		_		6,296		6,296
	-		-		374,752		598,221		249,295		1,248,238
									79,404		991,100
	-				374,752		598,221		334,995		2,245,634
\$	71,048	\$	71,645	\$	535,026	\$	847,648	\$	515,570	\$	3,215,371

Exhibit B-1

2)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	Go	overnmental Funds
net assets are different because:		
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	2,245,634
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		12,062,577
Deferred Outflow of Resources - pension		4,876,373
Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB		83,940
Deferred Inflow of Resources - pension		(540,017)
Deferred Inflow of Resources - OPEB		(1,022,012)
Pension Liability		(16,602,410)
OPEB Liability		(4,490,435)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest		(60,353)
Accrued compensated absences		(47,861)
General obligation bonds		(4,600,000)
Net Position-total Governmental Activities	\$	(8,094,564)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Operational 11000	Teacherage 12000	Transportation 13000	Instructional Materials 14000	Title I IASA 24101	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 24,888	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
State grants	5,677,859	-	382,271	18,894	-	
Federal grants	48,834	-	-	-	197,136	
Charges for services	385	38,471	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	11,447	-		_		
Total revenues	5,763,413	38,471	382,271	18,894	197,136	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction	2,606,611	-	-	18,457	182,589	
Support Services						
Students	543,942	-	-	_	-	
Instruction	63,325	-	-	-	6,302	
General Administration	377,651	-	-	-	8,245	
School Administration	401,840	-	-	-	, -	
Central Services	215,641	-	-	-	_	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	995,930	15,272	-	-	_	
Student Transportation	2,826	-	380,433	_	_	
Other Support Services	655	-	-	_	_	
Food Services Operations	_	-	_	_	_	
Community Service	_	_	_	_	_	
Capital outlay	_	48,184	_	_	_	
Debt service		-, -				
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	
Interest	_	-	_	_	_	
Total expenditures	5,208,421	63,456	380,433	18,457	197,136	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	554,992	(24,985)	1,838	437		
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers	_	_	_	_	_	
Bond proceeds	_	_	_	_	_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>					
	_	<u> </u>				
Net changes in fund balances	554,992	(24,985)	1,838	437	-	
Fund balances - beginning of year	356,704	42,910	-	5,770	-	
Restatement		<u> </u>				
Fund balances - beginning of year - restated	356,704	42,910	-	5,770	-	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 911,696	\$ 17,925	\$ 1,838	\$ 6,207	\$ -	

I	ntitlement DEA-B 24106	I	Pre-K nitiative 27149		Capital provements SB-9 31700		Debt Service 41000	ce Governmental		Total Primary Government		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	422,420	\$	661,421	\$	_	\$ 1,108,729		
	-		187,986	·	35,166		-	·	363,171		6,665,347	
	216,286		-		-		-		876,688		1,338,944	
	-		-		-		-		99,230		138,086	
							-		-	11,44		
	216,286		187,986		457,586		661,421		1,339,089		9,262,553	
	69,818		179,364		-		-		390,474		3,447,313	
	146,468		_		_		_		253,857		944,267	
	-		-		_		_		126,543		196,170	
	-		2,625		2,777		4,353		9,048	404,699		
	-		_		-		-		21,459	423,299		
	-		-		-		-		2,246	217,887		
	-		-		-		-		-		1,011,202	
	-		5,997		-		-		8,325		397,581	
	-		-		-		-		-		655	
	-		-		-		-		431,879		431,879	
	-		-		-		-		56,756		56,756	
	-		-		216,768		-	10,862		275,814		
			_		_		210,000		_		210,000	
	_		_		_		190,474		_		190,474	
	216,286		187,986		219,545		404,827		1,311,449		8,207,996	
	-		-		238,041		256,594		27,640		1,054,557	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
					-							
	-		-		238,041		256,594		27,640		1,054,557	
	-		-		136,711		341,627		307,355		1,191,077	
	-		-		-				-		- 1 101 055	
•		Φ.		•	136,711	•	341,627	•	307,355		1,191,077	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	374,752	\$	598,221	\$	334,995		2,245,634	

Exhibit B-2 (Page 2 of 2)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental Funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,054,557

Capital Outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays for the period.

Depreciation expense (835,081)
Capital Outlays 80,004
Capital Dispositions (10,092)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:

Decrease in accrued interest payable	3,320
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	(846)
Principal payments on bonds	210,000

Change in OPEB liability and expense (94,585)

Change in pension liability and expense (1,882,412)

Change in Net Position-total Governmental Activities \$\((1,475,135)\)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATIONAL FUND (11000)

	Budgeted Amounts				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 15,387	\$ 15,387	\$ 16,333	\$ 946	
State grants	5,542,677	5,649,815	5,677,859	28,044	
Federal grants	20,000	23,418	48,834	25,416	
Miscellaneous	17,204	17,204	11,832	(5,372)	
Interest					
Total revenues	5,595,268	5,705,824	5,754,858	49,034	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	2,777,888	2,805,306	2,611,156	194,150	
Support Services					
Students	644,881	631,148	543,942	87,206	
Instruction	60,759	74,492	63,325	11,167	
General Administration	409,797	414,797	377,651	37,146	
School Administration	422,190	422,190	401,840	20,350	
Central Services	219,482	219,482	215,641	3,841	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	1,123,030	1,225,738	1,001,098	224,640	
Student Transportation	36,896	16,326	2,826	13,500	
Other Support Services	91,768	91,768	655	91,113	
Food Services Operations	-	-	-	-	
Community Services	-	-	-	=	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	=	
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	-	
Interest					
Total expenditures	5,786,691	5,901,247	5,218,134	683,113	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(101.100)	(107.100)			
over (under) expenditures	(191,423)	(195,423)	536,724	732,147	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Designated cash	191,423	195,423	-	(195,423)	
Operating transfers	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from bond issues	101 422	107.422		(105, 422)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	191,423	195,423		(195,423)	
Net changes in fund balances			536,724	536,724	
Fund balances - beginning of year	-	-	380,227	380,227	
Fund balance restatement					
Fund balances - beginning of year - restated			380,227		
Fund balances - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 916,951	\$ 916,951	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:					
Adjustments to revenues			8,555		
Adjustments to expenditures			9,713		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources	s (uses)				
over expenditures (GAAP Basis)	•		\$ 554,992		

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TEACHERAGE FUND (12000)

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts					
	Original	Budget	Final	Budget	A	Actual	V	ariance	
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State grants		-		-		-		-	
Federal grants		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		33,033		33,033		38,471		5,438	
Interest		-		-		-		-	
Total revenues		33,033		33,033		38,471		5,438	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction		-		-		-		-	
Support Services									
Students		-		-		-		-	
Instruction		-		-		-		-	
General Administration		-		-		-		-	
School Administration		-		-		-		-	
Central Services		-		-		-		-	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		25,000		24,162		15,272		8,890	
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-	
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-	
Food Services Operations		-		-		-		-	
Community Services		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		47,346		48,184		48,184		_	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		_		_	
Interest		-		-		-		=	
Total expenditures	-	72,346		72,346		63,456		8,890	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								<u> </u>	
over (under) expenditures		(39,313)		(39,313)		(24,985)		14,328	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Designated cash		39,313		39,313		-		(39,313)	
Operating transfers		-		-		-		=	
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		=	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	39,313		39,313				(39,313)	
Net changes in fund balances						(24,985)		(24,985)	
Fund balances - beginning of year		-				42,910		42,910	
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,925	\$	17,925	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:									
Adjustments to revenues									
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures						-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources	(11505)								
over expenditures (GAAP Basis)	(uscs)				\$	(24,985)			
over experiences (or in Busis)					Ψ	(21,703)			

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TRANSPORTATION FUND (13000)

		Budgeted	Amou				
	Origi	inal Budget		al Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-
State grants		382,271		382,271	382,271		-
Federal grants		-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous		_		-	-		-
Interest		-		_	-		_
Total revenues		382,271		382,271	382,271		-
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		-		-	-		-
Support Services							
Students		-		-	-		-
Instruction		-		-	-		-
General Administration		-		-	-		-
School Administration		-		_	-		_
Central Services		-		_	-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		_	-		-
Student Transportation		382,271		382,271	380,433		1,838
Other Support Services		-		_	´-		_
Food Services Operations		_		_	_		_
Community Services		_		_	_		_
Capital outlay		_		_	_		_
Debt service							
Principal		_		_	_		_
Interest		_		_	_		_
Total expenditures		382,271		382,271	 380,433		1,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-	302,271		302,271	 300,433		1,030
over (under) expenditures		_		_	1,838		1,838
over (under) expenditures					 1,030		1,030
Other financing sources (uses):							
Designated cash		-		-	-		-
Operating transfers		-		_	-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-		_	-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	-		-
Net changes in fund balances					 1,838		1,838
Fund balances - beginning of year	-				0		_
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 1,838	\$	1,838
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:							
Adjustments to revenues					_		
Adjustments to expenditures					_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources	(uses)						
over expenditures (GAAP Basis)	(=====)				\$ 1,838		
1					 ,		

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND (14000)

		Budgeted	Amou	nts				
	Origi	nal Budget		al Budget	1	Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		16,482		16,482		18,894		2,412
Federal grants		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Interest				-				
Total revenues		16,482		16,482		18,894		2,412
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		16,482		25,428		21,634		3,794
Support Services								
Students		-		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General Administration		-		-		-		-
School Administration		-		-		-		-
Central Services		-		-		-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-
Food Services Operations		-		-		-		-
Community Services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		16,482		25,428		21,634		3,794
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures				(8,946)		(2,740)		6,206
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		8,946		-		(8,946)
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues				-				
Total other financing sources (uses)				8,946		-		(8,946)
Net changes in fund balances						(2,740)		(2,740)
Fund balances - beginning of year						8,947		8,947
Fund balances - end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	6,207	\$	6,207
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:		<u></u>		<u></u>				
Adjustments to revenues						_		
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures						3,177		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other source	es (11666)					2,111		
over expenditures (GAAP Basis)	23 (4505)				\$	437		

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

TITLE I - IASA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (24101)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Origin	nal Budget		al Budget		Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		282,967		282,967		216,485		(66,482)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		282,967		282,967		216,485		(66,482)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		264,837		264,837		182,589		82,248
Support Services								
Students		-		_		-		-
Instruction		6,308		6,308		6,302		6
General Administration		11,822		11,822		8,245		3,577
School Administration		-		-		-		-
Central Services		-		-		-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-
Food Services Operations		-		-		-		-
Community Services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-				-		
Total expenditures		282,967		282,967		197,136		85,831
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						10.210		10.210
over (under) expenditures						19,349		19,349
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-						
Total other financing sources (uses)					1			
Net changes in fund balances		-				19,349		19,349
Fund balances - beginning of year						(99,163)		(99,163)
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(79,814)	\$	(79,814)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Adjustments to revenues						(19,349)		
Adjustments to expenditures						-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources (over expenditures (GAAP Basis)	(uses)				\$	<u> </u>		

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ENTITLEMENT IDEA-B SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (24106)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:								,
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State grants		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		247,528		247,528		253,300		5,772
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Interest				_		-		_
Total revenues		247,528		247,528		253,300		5,772
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		70,010		70,010		69,818		192
Support Services								
Students		177,518		177,518		146,468		31,050
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General Administration		-		-		-		-
School Administration		-		-		-		-
Central Services		-		-		-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-
Food Services Operations		-		-		-		-
Community Services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		_		-		-		_
Total expenditures		247,528		247,528		216,286		31,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				
over (under) expenditures				-		37,014		37,014
Other financing sources (uses):								
Designated cash		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers		_		-		-		_
Proceeds from bond issues		_		-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net changes in fund balances				-		37,014		37,014
Fund balances - beginning of year				-		(108,062)		(108,062)
Fund balances - end of year	\$		\$	-	\$	(71,048)	\$	(71,048)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:								
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures						(37,014)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other source	s (uses)				Φ.			
over expenditures (GAAP Basis)					<u> </u>			

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

PRE-K INITIATIVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (27149)

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			
	Orig	inal Budget		al Budget	Actual	V	⁷ ariance
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
State grants		262,496		262,496	178,034		(84,462)
Federal grants		-		=	-		-
Miscellaneous		-		=	-		-
Interest		-			-		_
Total revenues		262,496		262,496	 178,034		(84,462)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		253,871		253,871	179,364		74,507
Support Services							
Students		-		-	-		-
Instruction		-		-	-		-
General Administration		2,625		2,625	2,625		-
School Administration		-		-	-		-
Central Services		-		-	-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		-	-		-
Student Transportation		6,000		6,000	5,997		3
Other Support Services		-		-	-		-
Food Services Operations		-		-	-		-
Community Services		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Debt service							
Principal		-		-	-		-
Interest					 		
Total expenditures		262,496		262,496	 187,986		74,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures				-	 (9,952)		(9,952)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Designated cash		-		_	-		-
Operating transfers		-		-	-		-
Proceeds from bond issues		-			 _		_
Total other financing sources (uses)					 		
Net changes in fund balances				-	 (9,952)		(9,952)
Fund balances - beginning of year					 (61,693)		(61,693)
Fund balances - end of year	\$		\$	_	\$ (71,645)	\$	(71,645)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:							
Adjustments to revenues					9,952		
Adjustments to expenditures					, -		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other source	s (uses)						
over expenditures (GAAP Basis)	. ,				\$ -		

Exhibit D-1

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Current Assets Cash	\$ 108,851
Total assets	108,851
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities Deposits held in trust for others	108,851
Total liabilities	\$ 108,851

STATE OF NEW MEXICO PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pecos Independent Schools (the "District") is a special purpose government corporation governed by an elected fivemember Board of Education. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of Pecos Independent Public School's management that is responsible for the financial statements. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting financial reporting principles.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District adopted GASB Statements No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and a portion of No 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. GASB Statements Nos. 72, 76, and 79, as well as the implemented portion of Statement No. 73, are required to be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This Statement also will enhance fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position.

GASB Statement No. 73 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions that are not provided to employees of state and local government employers and are not within the scope of Statement 68. A portion of this pronouncement is effective for June 30, 2018 year end and a portion is effective for June 30, 2018 year end. Effective for June 30, 2018 are the amendments for Statement No.s 67 and 68 and assets accumulated for pensions not administered as trusts. The amendments of this pronouncement clarifies application of certain provisions of GASB 67 and 68 with regards to the following issues: (1) Information that is required to be presented as notes to the 10-year schedules of RSI about investment-related factors that significantly affect trends in reported amounts; (2) Accounting and financial reporting for separately financed specific liabilities of individual employers and nonemployer contributing entities for defined benefit pensions; and (3) Timing of employer recognition of revenue for the support of nonemployer contributing entities not in a special funding situation.

In addition, effective for June 30, 2018 year ends, the requirements of this Statement extend the approach to accounting and financial reporting established in Statement 68 to all pensions, with modifications as necessary to reflect that, for accounting and financial reporting purposes, any assets accumulated for pensions that are provided through pension plans that are not administered through trusts that meet the criteria specified in Statement 68 should not be considered pension plan assets. It also requires that information similar to that required by Statement 68 be included in notes to financial statements and required supplementary information by all similarly situated employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

The objective of GASB Statement No. 77 is to provide financial statement users with essential information about the nature and magnitude of the reduction in tax revenues through tax abatement programs in order to better assess (a) whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services, (b) compliance with financial-related legal or contractual requirements, (c) where a government's financial resources come from and how it uses them and (d) financial position and economic condition and how they have changed over time. The pronouncement is effective as of June 30, 2018. The District is a recipient of property tax revenues assessed, calculated and collected by San Miguel County. The County is responsible and makes the determination of all individual tax abatements, if any; therefore, the District's current and future revenues that may be affected by any such abatement agreements entered by the County. The District has made sufficient attempts to obtain abatement information required by GASB 77 entered by the County. As of June 30, 2018, the District is not aware of tax abatement entered by the County which would have a financial effect on the property tax revenue received and due the District.

GASB Statement No. 79 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool for measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgement is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant. This Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing specific criteria used to determine whether a qualifying external investment pool may elect to use an amortized cost exception to fair value measurement. Those criteria will provide for qualifying external investment pools and participants in those pools with consistent application of an amortized cost-based measurement for financial reporting purposes. That measurement approximates fair value and mirrors the operations of external investment pools that transact with participants at a stable net asset value per share.

GASB Statement No. 82 objective is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information; (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and; (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39. Blended component unites, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

The basis, but not the only criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criteria used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Given the criteria, there are no component units to the primary government recognized.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities and changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which the taxes are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

GASB No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, amend GASB No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, to incorporate deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in the financial reporting model.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources – a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets.

Deferred inflows of resources – an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. It has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities.

Net position – the residual of the net effects of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The *agency funds* are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)
Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets, and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District, and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The *Capital Projects Funds* account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Under the requirements of GASB #34, the District is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following (in addition to the General Fund), which may include funds that were not required to be presented as major but were at the discretion of management:

The *Teacherage Fund* accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with district owned multi-bedroom housing units rented to District employed teachers or other employees. Funding authorized by NMAC 6.20.2 of the New Mexico Department of Education. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Transportation Fund* accounts for State Equalization – Transportation funds authorized by Section 22-8-26, NMSA, 1978 designated for the costs of transporting school-age children who are students within the District. This fund is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Instructional Materials Fund* accounts for Funding designated for instructional materials purchases as authorized by Sections 22-15-1 through 22-15-14, NMSA, 1978 for the purposes of purchasing instructional materials (books, manuals, periodicals, etc.) used in the education of students. This is considered by PED to be a sub-fund of the General Fund.

The *Title I Federal Stimulus Fund* is used to provide supplemental education opportunity for academically disadvantaged children. Authority for creation of this fund is Part A of Chapter I of Title I of Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965. As emended, Public Law 103-383.

The *Entitlement IDEA-B Fund* is used to account for a program funded by a Federal grant to assist the District in providing free appropriate public education to all handicapped children. Funding authorized by Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-620, as amended, Public Laws 91-230, 93-380, 94-142, 98-199, 99-457, 100,639, and 101-476, 20 U.S.C. 1411-1420.

The *Pre-K Initiative Fund* is used to provide high quality Pre-K services that align to NM Pre-K standards to underserved 4-year-olds in the District. To expand early childhood educational capacity so that all families of 4-year-olds in the district who want to enroll their child in a high quality Pre-K program can do regardless of income or ethnicity.

The Capital Improvements Capital Projects is used to account for funds received from the New Mexico Public School Facilities Authority (PFSA) for: capital expenditures for an adequate education program, core administrative function of the public school facilities authority and for project management expense upon approval of the council; and for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities. Funding authority is Chapter 22, Article 24, NMSA 1978.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of General Long-Term Debt principal and interest.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The fiduciary funds are for student activities.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Temporary Investments: The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Restricted Assets: The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside as restricted to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account.

Receivables and Payables: Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

The District receives monthly income from a tax levy in San Miguel County. The funds are collected by the County Treasurer and are remitted to the School District the following month. Under the modified accrual method of accounting, the amount remitted by the San Miguel County Treasurer in July and August 2015 is considered 'measurable and available' and, accordingly, is recorded as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Certain Special Revenue funds are administered on a reimbursement method of funding, other funds are operated on a cash advance method of funding. The funds incurred the cost and submitted the necessary request for reimbursement or advance, respectively.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventory: The District accounts for its inventories under the consumption method, reporting inventories purchased as an asset. The recognition of the expenditures is deferred until the period in which the inventories are actually consumed. Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists of U.S.D.A. commodities and other purchased food and non-food supplies. The cost of purchased food is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (continued)

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Information Technology Equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5). Capital expenditures made by the NM Public Schools Facilities Authority are appropriately included in the District's capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The District expenses the cost of library books when purchased because their estimated useful life is less than one year.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings/building improvements 20-50 years Furniture and equipment 3-15 years

Deferred Revenues: There are two types of deferred revenue. Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred revenue (commonly referred to as unearned revenue). The other type of deferred revenue is "unavailable revenue." Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized as revenue of the current period. It must also be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period). If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be off-set by a corresponding liability for deferred revenue.

Compensated Absences: After a non-certified employee has been with the District for a period of at least six months, the employee is entitled to a one-week paid vacation; when employed twelve months, the employee is entitled to a two week paid vacation accumulative to no more than 20 contract days. Vacation is to be scheduled at an appropriate time and approved by the supervisor. If an employee is discharged because of lack of work, and through no fault of the employee, the employee shall receive commensurate vacation pay.

The District's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follow:

GASB Statement No.16 which provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees both the following conditions are met:

- 1. The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- 2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity - (continued)

For the governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. For fund financial reporting, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (ERB) and additions to/deductions from ERB's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position or Fund Equity: Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The detail of the District's fund balances is presented in Note 15.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted Net Position: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Descriptions for the related restrictions for net position is restricted for "debt service or capital projects."

Unrestricted Net Position: All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position reports \$996,164 of restricted net position of which \$303,975 is restricted by enabling legislation.

E. Revenues

Reclassifications: Certain amounts included in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

E. Revenues - (continued)

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the District's financials include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

State Equalization Guarantee: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a 'state equalization guarantee distribution' which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined (in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978) is at least equal to the school district's program cost.

A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using 'program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education; 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$5,645,566 in state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Tax Revenues: The District receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues primarily for debt service and capital outlay purposes. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year and are payable in two equal installments, on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year with the levies becoming delinquent 30 days (one month) thereafter. In the government-wide financial statements, the District recognizes property tax revenues in the period for which they are levied, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts. The District records only the portion of the taxes considered to be 'measurable' and 'available' in the government fund financial statements. Descriptions of the individual debt service and capital outlay funds contained in these financial statements include information regarding the authority for the collection and use of these taxes.

In the financial statements, the mill levy and ad-valorem taxes are broken out into two types: property taxes – residential and commercial and property taxes – oil and gas. Amounts collected from residential and commercial property taxes at June 30, 2018 were \$698,090.

Transportation Distribution: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive student transportation distributions. The transportations distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$382,271 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) receives federal material leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, fifty percent is restricted to the requisition of materials listed in the State Board of Education "State Adopted Instructional Material" list, while fifty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors. Allocations received from the State for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$18,894.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

E. Revenues - (continued)

SB-9 State Match: The Director shall distribute to any school district that has imposed a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978) an amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimated to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary. The District received \$35,166 in state SB-9 matching during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Public School Capital Outlay: Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, NMSA 1978. The money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program per Section 22-24-4.

The council shall approve an application for grant assistance from the fund when the council determines that:

- 1. A critical need exists requiring action;
- 2. The residents of the school districts have provided all available resources to the district to meet its capital outlay requirements;
- 3. The school district has used its resources in a prudent manner;
- 4. The District is in a county or counties which have participated in the reappraisal program and the reappraised values are on the tax rolls, or will be used for the tax year 1979 as certified by the property tax division; and
- 5. The school district has provided insurance for buildings of the school district in accordance with the provisions of Section 13-5-3 NMSA 1978.

The council shall consider all applications for assistance from the fund and after public hearing shall either approve or deny the application. Applications for grant assistance shall only be accepted by the council after a district has complied with the provisions of this section. The council shall list all applications in order of priority and all allocations shall be made on a priority basis.(B); core administrative functions of the public school facilities authority and for project management expenses upon approval of the council per Section 22-24-4(G); and for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities, upon application by a school district to the council, per Section 22-24-4(L).

Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the Department of Finance and Administration on vouchers signed by the Secretary of Finance and Administration following certification by the council that the application has been approved.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District received no special capital outlay funds.

Federal Grants: The District receives revenues from various Federal departments (both direct and indirect), which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operated under its own budget, which has been approved by the Federal Department or the flowthrough agency (usually the New Mexico Public Education Department). The various budgets are approved by the Local School Board and the New Mexico Public Education Department.

NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The District also receives reimbursement under the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs for its food services operations, and the distributions of commodities through the New Mexico Human Services Department.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the School Budget and Planning Unit of the Public Education Department. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted. Public School Capital Outlay Council expenditures in the Public School Capital Outlay fund are not budgeted at the District level, so there is no budgetary comparison presented.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the ending cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget at the function level. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series,' this may be accomplished with only local Board of Education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division.

The School District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the local school board submits to the District Budget Planning Unit (DBPU) of the New Mexico Public Education Department (100%) a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets submitted to the State of New Mexico Public Education Department.
- 2. In May or June of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the DBPU and certified and approved by the local school board at a public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixes the estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The school board meeting, while not intended for the general public, is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called.
- 4. The "operating" budget will be used by the District until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the DBPU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally into the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element of control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 5. The District shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the DBPU.
- 6. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the school board and the State of New Mexico Public Education Department.
- 7. Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement 1 (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the school district and approved by the DBPU.
- 8. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.
- 9. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflect the approved budget and amendments thereto.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds.

NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability - (Continued)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

The Board of Education may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. New Mexico state law prohibits a Governmental Agency from exceeding an individual line item.

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2018, is presented on each funds' Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual.

NOTE 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

State statutes authorize the investment of District funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the District properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2018.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateralized as required by the statute.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution. Additionally, until December 31, 2018, all deposits in non-interest bearing transaction accounts (such as non-interest bearing checking accounts) at participating institutions are fully guaranteed, regardless of dollar amount.

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the District for a least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution in excess of federal deposit insurance. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico, Office of the State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

NOTE 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents - (Continued)

	 Southwest Capital Bank
Total amounts of deposits FDIC coverage	\$ 2,072,079 250,000
Total uninsured public funds	 1,822,079
Collateral requirement (50% of	
uninsured public funds	\$ 911,040
Pledged security	 850,000
Total under (over) collateralized	\$ 61,040

The types of collateral allowed are limited by the section 6-10-16, NMSA 1978.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). At June 30, 2018, \$1,822,079 of the District's bank balance of \$2,072,079 was exposed to custodial credit risk. \$911,040 was uninsured and collateralized by collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the District's name.

NOTE 4. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	-)ti1		T:41. I	E	Entitlement		Pre-k
		Operational	_	Title I		IDEA-B	_	Initiative
Property taxes	\$	18,929		\$ —	\$	_	\$	_
Intergovernmental grants		_		79,814		71,048		71,645
Other								
Totals by fund	\$	18,929	\$	79,814	\$	71,048	\$	71,645
		Capital				Other		
	Im	provements		Debt	Go	overnmental		
		SB-9		Service		Funds		Total
Property taxes	\$	316,538		\$ 494,603	\$	_	\$	830,070
Intergovernmental grants				_		180,578		403,085
Other	-		_				_	
Totals by fund		316,538	_	494,603		180,578		1,233,155

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible. In accordance with GASB No. 33, property tax receivables are presented net of deferred revenues in the governmental balance sheet. The District recorded deferred revenue for property taxes in the amount of \$419,431.

NOTE 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

"Interfund balances" have primarily been recorded when funds overdraw their share of pooled cash when the District is waiting for grant reimbursements. Interfund balances due to overdrawn cash balances by fund are equal to the amounts of funds with negative cash. The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	I	nterfund	In	Interfund			
Governmental Activities:	Re	eceivables	P	Payables			
Major Funds:							
Operational	\$	403,082	\$	_			
Title I - IASA		_		79,814			
Entitlement IDEA-B		_		71,048			
Pre-K Initiative		_		71,645			
Capital Outlay - State		_		_			
Debt Service		_		_			
Nonmajor Funds:							
Nonmajor Funds	_			180,575			
Total Governmental Activities	\$	403,082	\$	403,082			

All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 6. Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2018 follows. Land is not subject to depreciation.

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2017	 Additions	_	Deletions	Adjustments	Jı	Balance une 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	228,257	\$ 	\$		<u>\$</u>	\$	228,257
Buildings and building improvement Furniture, fixtures & equipment	ents	21,337,348 3,036,376	 62,684 17,320	_	65,500			21,334,532 3,053,696
Total assets being depreciated		24,373,724	 80,004	_	65,500			24,388,228
Total assets Less Accumulated Depreciation:	\$	24,601,981	\$ 80,004	\$	65,500	<u>\$</u>	\$	24,616,485
Buildings / building improvement Furniture, fixtures & equipment	s	(9,469,455) (2,304,780)	(692,045) (143,036)		(55,408)			(10,106,092) (2,447,816)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(11,774,235)	\$ (835,081)	\$	(55,408)		\$	(12,553,908)
Net Capital Assets	\$	12,827,746	\$ (755,077)	\$	(55,408)	<u>\$</u>	\$	12,062,577

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

1	1				
Instruction					\$ 678,920
Support Serv	ices: Instruc	tion			21,712
Support Serv	ices: Admin	istration			12,526
Central Servi	ces				1,670
Operations &	Maintenand	e of Plant			45,929
Transportatio	n				69,312
Food Service					 5,012
Total					\$ 835,081

NOTE 7. Long-term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2018 the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net position:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Ado	ditions	 <u>Deletions</u>	Adjustments	Balance ne 30, 2018	oue within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 4,810,000 47,015	\$	<u>42,950</u>	\$ 210,000 42,104		\$ 4,600,000 47,861	\$ 225,000 47,861
Total	\$ 4,857,015	\$	42,950	\$ 252,104	\$	\$ 4,647,861	\$ 272,861

General Obligations Bonds

The general obligation bond is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the District. The bond was issued with varying terms (.3-.5%) for \$5,400,000 with principal maturing each year. The general obligation bond as of June 30, 2018 is for governmental activities.

The annual requirements to amortize the General Obligation Bonds as of June 30, 2018, including interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year					T	otal Debt
Ending June 30,	P	rincipal]	Interest		Service
2019	\$	225,000	\$	176,289	\$	401,289
2020		230,000		165,769		395,769
2021		245,000		155,119		400,119
2022		255,000		143,844		398,844
2023		265,000		130,844		395,844
2024-28		1,545,000		448,069		1,993,069
2029-33		1,835,000		156,472		1,991,472
Totals	<u>\$</u>	4,600,000	\$	1,376,405	\$	5,976,405

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – Administrative employees of the District are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During fiscal year June 30, 2018, compensated absences increased \$846 over the prior year accrual. See Note 1 for more details.

<u>Operating Leases</u> – The District leases office equipment, including copy machines and postage meter machines, under short-term cancelable operating leases.

NOTE 8. Deferred Revenue

In accordance with the terms of the various grant agreements within the Special Revenue Funds, revenues received in excess of expenditures carry over to the subsequent years, unless such excess revenues are requested to be returned to the grantor.

NOTE 9. Risk Management

The District is a member of the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the NMPSIA based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes Workers Compensation, General and Automobile Liability, Automobile Physical Damage, and Property and Crime coverage. Also included under the risk management program are Boiler, Machinery and Student Accident Insurance.

NOTE 9. Risk Management – (Continued)

The NMPSIA provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000,000 for each property damage claim with a \$750 deductible to each building. General liability coverage is afforded to all employees, volunteers and school board members and the limit is subject to the NMSA Tort Claims Act on a per occurrence basis. The automobile and property liability limit is subject to the provisions of the Tort Claims Act. The crime limit is \$250,000 per occurrence for Faithful Performance. A limit of \$250,000 applies to Depositor's Forgery, Credit Card Forgery and Money Orders. A limit of \$100,000 applies to Money and Security, which includes a \$750 deductible.

In case the NMPSIA's assets are not sufficient to meet its liability claims, the agreement provides that subscribers, including the District, cannot be assessed additional premiums to cover the shortfall. As of June 30, 2018, there have been no claims that have exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 10. Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the Combined Statements of certain information concerning individual funds including:

- **A.** Deficit fund balance of individual funds. There were no funds with a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2018:
- **B.** Excess of expenditures over appropriations. There were no funds which exceeded approved budgetary authority for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 11. Pension Plan – Educational Retirement Board

Plan description. ERB was created by the state's Educational Retirement Act, Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended, to administer the New Mexico Educational Employees' Retirement Plan (Plan). The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and agencies providing educational programs. The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The New Mexico legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

ERB issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.nmerb.org.

Benefits provided. A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: the member's final average salary (FAS), the number of years of service credit, and a 0.0235 multiplier. The FAS is the average of the member's salaries for the last five years of service or any other consecutive five-year period, whichever is greater. A brief summary of Plan coverage provisions follows:

For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum or 75 or more; the member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 25 years or more. Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on or after July 1, 2010. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010, or at any time prior to that date refunded all member contributions and then became, or becomes, reemployed after that date is as follows: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more; the member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

NOTE 11. ERB Pension Plan (Continued)

The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. There are three benefit options available: single life annuity; single life annuity monthly benefit reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit; or single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. Retired members and surviving beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) to their benefit each July 1, beginning in the year the member attains or would have attained age 65 or on July 1 of the year following the member's retirement date, whichever is later. Prior to June 30, 2013 the COLA adjustment was equal to one-half the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), except that the COLA shall not exceed 4% nor be less than 2%, unless the change in CPI is less than 2%, in which case, the Cola would equal the change in the CPI, but never less than zero. As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA was immediately reduced until the plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction was based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.8%. All other retirees will have a 20% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.6%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.9%. All other retirees will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average will be 1.8%. Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

A member is eligible for a disability benefit provided (a) he or she has credit for at least 10 years of service, and (b) the disability is approved by ERB. The monthly benefit is equal to 2% of FAS times years of service, but not less than the smaller of (a) one-third of FAS or (b) 2% of FAS times year of service projected to age 60. The disability benefit commences immediately upon the member's retirement. Disability benefits are payable as a monthly life annuity, with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. If the disabled member survives to age 60, the regular optional forms of payment are then applied. A member with five or more years of earned service credit on deferred status may retire on disability retirement when eligible under the Rule of 75 or when the member attains age 65.

The member, upon retirement, has three options as to how receive the benefit.

Option A – If the member elects option A there is no reduction to the monthly benefit other than any "Rule of 75" deduction or any community property or child support reductions. There will be no continuing benefit to a beneficiary or estate upon the retiree's death, except the balance, if any, of member contributions. Those contributions are usually exhausted in the first three to four years of retirement.

Option B – If the member elects Option B, the monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member and upon the retiree's death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. The named beneficiary may not be changed after the effective date of retirement since the amount of the option s calculated using bit the age of the member and the beneficiary. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's benefit will be adjusted by returning to Option A benefit amount. The IRS prohibits the selection of Option B for a non-spouse beneficiary more than 10 years younger than the member.

Option C – If the member elects Option C, the monthly benefit is reduced to provide a 50% survivor's benefit. The benefit is payable during the life of the member and upon the retiree's death, one half of the member's benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. Here again, the named beneficiary may not be changed after the effective date of retirement. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's benefit will be adjusted by returning to Option A benefit amount.

Under the provisions of Option B and Option C coverage, the beneficiary must be a person, and only one beneficiary may be named. The term beneficiary means a person having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

NOTE 11. ERB Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the District are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 employers contributed 13.90% of employees' gross annual salary to the Plan. Employees earning \$20,000 or less contributed 7.90% and employees earning more than \$20,000 contributed 10.70% of their gross annual salary. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 employers contributed 13.90%, and employees earning \$20,000 or less continued to contribute 7.90% and employees earning more than \$20,000 contributed an increased amount of 10.70% of their gross annual salary. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$591,342 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The total ERB pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total ERB pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$16,602,410 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The District's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The contribution amounts were defined by Section 22-11-21, NMSA 1978. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .14939 percent, which was an increase of .00047% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,477,130. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of	
Differences between expected and actual experience	<u>Resources</u> \$ 29,80	Resources 3 \$ 255,776
Changes of assumptions	4,846,57	0 —
Net difference between projected and actual Earnings on pension plan investments	_	_ 2,278
Changes in proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate Share of contributions	-	- 281,963
County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	<u> </u>	<u></u> <u>\$ 540,017</u>

\$4,876,373 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2016 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30,		
2018	\$ 1,58	1,869
2019	1,76	9,201
2020	1,12	1,994
2021	(13	6,708)
2022		_

NOTE 11. ERB Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. As described above, the total ERB pension liability and net pension liability are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2016. The total ERB pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2016 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The liabilities reflect the impact of Senate Bill 115, signed into law March 29, 2013, and new assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 12, 2015 in conjunction with the six-year experience study period ended June 30, 2014. Specifically, the liabilities measured as of June 30, 2016 incorporate the following assumptions:

- 1. All members with an annual salary of more than \$20,000 will contribute 10.10% during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and 10.7% thereafter.
- 2. Members hired after June 30, 2015 will have an actuarially reduced retirement benefit if they retire before age 55 and their COLA will be deferred until age 67.
- 3. COLAs for most retirees are reduced until ERB attains a 100% funded status.
- 4. These assumptions were adopted by ERB on June 14, 2016 in conjunction with the six-year experience study period ending June 30, 2016.

For the purposes of projecting future benefits, it is assumed that the full COLA is paid in all future years. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates included in the measurement are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll
Remaining Period	Amortized – closed 30 years from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2043
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed market for funding valuation (fair value for financial valuation)
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	Composition: 3% inflation, plus .75% productivity increase rate, plus step rate
	promotional increases for members with less than 10 years of service
Investment Rate of Return	7.75%
Retirement Age	Experience based table of age and service rates
Mortality	70% of RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment

projected to 2015 using Scale AA (one year setback for females)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following: 1) rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.), 2) application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and 3) structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.). These items are developed for each major asset class. The following schedule shows the asset allocation policy adopted on August 26, 2016 as well as the prior allocation targets:

2016

	2017	2016
	Long-term Expected	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	1.00%
Opportunistic Credit	18.0%	20.0%
Core Bonds	6.00%	2.00%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	0.75%
Large Cap Equities	16.0%	18.0%
Small/Mid Cap	3.00%	2.00%
International Equities (Developed)	5.00%	5.00%
International Equities (Emerging Markets)	9.00%	10.00%
Real Estate/REITS	7.00%	7.00%
Private Equity	13.0%	11.0%
Real Assets	8.00%	8.00%
Global Asset Allocation	4.00%	5.00%
Risk Parity	3.00%	5.00%
Other	5.00%	0.00%

NOTE 11. ERB Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount rate: A single discount rate of 5.90% was used to measure the total ERB pension liability as of June 30, 2017. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25% and municipal bond rate of 3.56%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the Plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2053. As a result, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the 2053 fiscal year, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90 percent) than the current rate.

Fiscal Year		1% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount		19	% Increase
Ending June 30,		(4.90%)	R	ate (5.90%)	-		(6.90%)
District's proportional	te si	hare of the					
net pension liability	\$	21,612,209	\$	16,602,410		\$	12,507,307

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the ERB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued audited financial statements as of and for June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 which are publicly available at www.nmerb.org.

Payables to the pension plan. At June 30, 2018 the District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and therefore, had no payables to report as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 12. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan description. Employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMHRCA). NMHRCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978, to administer the Fund under Section 10-7CV-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMHRCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMHRCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMHRCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits provided. The fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

NOTE 12. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2018, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plans membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	51,208
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,478
Current active members	97,379
	<u>160,035</u>
Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	21,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
	97,349

Contributions – Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the District were \$83,940 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$4,490,435 for its production share of net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 20, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.09909 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$178,525. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources			Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_		\$	172,319	
Changes of assumptions		_			785,095	
Net difference between projected and actual Earnings on pension plan investments		_			64,598	
Changes in proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate Share of contributions		_			_	
County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total		33,940 83,940		<u>\$ 1</u>		

NOTE 12. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$83,940 represent District contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ (217,287)
2020	(217,287)
2021	(217,287)
2022	(217,287)
2023	 (152,864)
Total	\$ (1,022,012)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions.

Valuation Date June 30, 2018

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal, lever percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% for ERB, 2.25% for PERA

Projected payroll increases 3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.25% net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation

including inflation

Health care cost trend rate 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for non-Medicare medical plan costs and

7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs

I ong torm

Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected inflation and subtraction expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rated of return for each major asset class, after deduction inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	Long-term
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	4.10%
U.S. equity – large cap	9.10%
Non U.S. emerging markets	12.2%
Non U.S. developed equities	9.80%
Private equity	13.8%
Credit and structured finance	7.30%
Real estate	6.90%
Absolute return	6.10%
U.S. equity – small/mid cap	9.10%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 3.81% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plans members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all

NOTE 12. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 3.81% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.81 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.81 percent) than the current discount rate:

Fiscal Year	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
Ending June 30,	(2.81%)	 Rate (3.81%)	 (4.81%)
District's proportionate	share of the		
net pension liability	\$ 5,446,827	\$ 4,490,435	\$ 3,740,059

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a payable of \$2,083 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 13. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Schools expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the District's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 14. Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements

In November 2016, GASB Statement No. 83 *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In June 2017, GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In April 2018, GASB Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In June 2018, GASB Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

NOTE 14. Subsequent Accounting Standard Pronouncements (Continued)

In August 2018, GASB Statement No. 90 Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

NOTE 15. Restatement of Net Position

Beginning balances of the related to the Retiree Health Care Plan were recorded as a result of GASB 75. As a result, adjustments, totaling \$5,333,922, were required to restate prior year beginning fund balances for the Governmentn-wide financial statements.

NOTE 16. Governmental Fund Balance

Fund Balance: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Some governments may not have policies or procedures that are comparable to those policies that underlie the classifications and therefore would not report amounts in all possible fund balance classifications.

In the governmental financial statements, fund balance is classified and is displayed in five components:

Nonspendable: Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Consists of amounts that are restricted to specific purposes as a result of a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Consist of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Assigned: Consist of amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned: Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

		General Fund				
				Instructional	Title I	
	Operational	Teacherage	Transportation	Materials	IASA	
Fund balance:	11000	12000	13000	14000	24101	
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted:						
Instruction	-	17,925	1,838	6,207	-	
Special Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service	-	-	-	-		
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	
Unassigned	911,696	-	-	-		
Total fund balance	911,696	17,925	1,838	6,207	_	
			Capital			
	Entitlement	Bond	Improvements	Debt	Other	Total
	IDEA-B	Building	SB-9	Service	Governmental	Primary
Fund balance:	24106	27149	31700	41000	Funds	Government
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	6,296	6,296
Restricted						
Instruction	-	-	-	-	-	25,970
Special Revenue	-	-	-	-	249,295	249,295
Capital Projects	-	-	374,752	-	-	374,752
Debt Service			-	598,221	-	598,221
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	79,404	991,100
Total fund balance	_	_	374,752	598,221	334,995	\$ 2,245,634



PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF ERB

Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years* JUNE 30, 2018

<u>-</u>	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.14939%	0.14935%	0.16000%	0.16000%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	16,602,410	10,784,575	10,171,000	9,129,000
Covered-employee payroll	4,403,158	4,428,915	4,287,000	4,410,000
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)				
as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	377%	244%	237%	207%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	52.95%	63.97%	63.97%	66.54%

^{*}These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years**

Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,477,130	591,342	620,000	474,000
	583,385	591,342	620,000	474,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	1,893,745	<u>-</u> .	<u>-</u>	
County's covered-employee payroll	4,403,158	4,428,915	4,287,000	4,410,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	56.26%	13.35%	14.46%	10.75%

^{**} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Changes of benefit terms. The COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in the Benefits Provided subsection of the financial statement note disclosure General Information on the Pension Plan.

Changes of Assumptions. ERB conducts an actuarial experience study for the Plan on a bienniel basis. Based on the six-year actuarial experience study presented to the Board of Trustees on June 12, 2015, ERB impemented the following changes in assumption for fiscal years 2016. 1) valuation assumptions that changed based on this study: a) Lower wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.00%, b) Investment return will change from 7.75% to 7.25%, c) Minor changes to demographic assumptions, d) Discount rate changed to 5.90% with lower and hier sensitivity rates established at 4.90% and 6.90%, e) members hired after 6/30/2013 will have reduced retirement benefit if they retire befor age 55 and their COLA deferred until age 67, f) COLAs for most retirees reduced until NMERB attains 100% funded status, g) assumed full COLA paid in future years, h) rate of return on pension plan investments to be determined annually

2) Assumptions that were not changed: a) Inflation will remain at 3.00%

See also the Note IV (B) Actuarial Assumptions of the financial statement disclosure on the Pension Plan

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT 3CHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OF RHCA

Retiree Health Care (RHCA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years* JUNE 30, 2018

	2018
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.009909%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	5,418,999
Covered-employee payroll	4,403,158
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	
as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	123%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	11.34%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for available years.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Retiree Health Care (RHCA) Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years**

Contractually required contribution	85,077
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	83,940
Contribution deficiency (excess)	1,137
County's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4,403,158 1.93%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for available years.

Changes of benefit terms. In the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms as 2017 was the initial valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. In the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the expectation of life after disability was adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. Additional changes of assuumptions may occur after the initial 2017 valuation.



NONMAJOR FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for Federal, State and Local funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of accomplishing specific educational tasks. Special Revenue Funds include:

Food Services (21000) - This fund is utilized to account for Federal and Local sources of income relating to the food service programs. The Food Service Fund is segregated into two categories, one being the Federal funds and the other being Non-Federal funds. Federal funds consist of National School Lunch Program, which is administered by the State of New Mexico for the purpose of making breakfast and lunch available to all school children and to encourage the domestic consumption of agricultural commodities and other food components. Authority for the creation of this fund is NMSA 22-13-13.

Athletics (22000) – This fund is used to account for fees generated at athletic activities throughout the School District. The gate receipts are obtained from the general public and are expended in this fund. The authority for creation of this fund is 6.20.2 NMAC.

IDEA-B Preschool (**24109**) – The objective of the Assistance to States for the Education of Handicapped Children Program is to assist in providing free, appropriate public education to all handicapped children from ages three to five. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Department of Children, Youth and Families. Authority for creation of this fund is Public Law 105-17.

IDEA-B Risk Pool (24120) – Funding for students with disabilities who are parentally placed in private elementary and secondary schools ("equitable participation services") located in the school district.

Title I 1003g Grant (Includes Funds 24124) – The objective of this grant is to provide in conjunction with Title I funds for school improvement reserved under section 1003(a) of the ESEA. School Improvement Grants under section 1003(g0 of the ESEA are used to improve student achievement in Title I schools identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring so as to enable these schools to make adequate yearly progress (AYP) and exit improvement status. Funding is by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title I, Part B, Subpart 1.

Teacher/Principal Training and Recruiting (24154) – To improve the skills of teachers and the quality of instruction in mathematics and science and also to increase the accessibility of such instruction to all students. Authority for creation of the fund is the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, Title III, Section 303 (b)-(d0. 20 U.S.C. 777a and 797a.

Impact Aid Special Education (**25145**) – To provide funding for instructions of Indian children of all grades who require special instruction in addition to basic programs. Authorization is Public Law 81-874.

Title XIX Medicaid (25153) – To provide school-based screening, diagnostic services and other related health services and administrative activities in conformance with the approved Medicaid State Plan in order to improve health and developmental outcomes for children. (P.L. 105-33)

Gear Up NM State Initiatives (25205) – Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP) New Mexico is a seven-year initiative funded by the U.S. Department of Education and is a division of the New Mexico Higher Education Department.

Rural Education Achievement (25233) – To account for monies granted to help rural districts that may lack the personnel and resources to compete effectively for Federal competitive grants.

LANL Foundation (26113) – To account for monies received from Los Alamos National Labs Foundation responding to the urgent needs in Northern New Mexico by assisting with small requests for community, cultural or educational projects. Authorization is the creation of the fund by PED and Authorization by the Foundation.

Dual Credit Instructional Materials (27103) – To provide instructional materials to be used for the dual credit course approved by Higher Education Department and through a college/university for which the District has an approved agreement.

NM Reads to Lead (27114) – Provides an aligned approach for districts and schools to ensure that children read by the end of the third grade – giving them essential skills for future career and college success. It also provides regional and district reading coaches, support for intervention and professional development for parents, teachers, reading coaches and administrators.

NONMAJOR FUNDS

Recruitment Support (27128) – Provides support for the District to recruit and maintain teachers in the District.

Truancy Initiative PED (27141) – To provide early intervention for students K-12 to reduce chronic school truancy. To provide access to an academic tutor and other learning/academic resources to students to improve the basic reading, writing, math and study skills.

Breakfast for Elementary Students (27155) - The 2005 Legislative General Appropriations Act allocated \$475,000 to implement Breakfast in the Classroom for elementary schools in need of improvement based on 2004-2005 AYP designation.

NM Arts Division (27166)- To account for the grant activity from the New Mexico Arts, a division of the Office of cultural Affairs. Special Revenue Fund established by the local school board.

After School Enrichment Program (27168) – This fund is to be used to implement the District's After School and Summer Enrichment Programs. Authority for the creation of this fund is the New Mexico Public Education Department. The After School and Summer Enrichment Programs are used to create learning centers that will provide students a broad range of exceptional, school-linked learning and development opportunities, designed to complement the students' regular academic program. Authority for the creation of this fund is the New Mexico Public Education Department.

2013 School Buses (27178) – To provide for the purchase of school buses.

STEM Teacher Initiative (27181) - The purpose of this fund is to provide a \$5,000 stipend per year to 15 highly effective STEM teachers to teach science, technology engineering or mathematics (grades 7-12) for two year to shelve in hard to staff schools.

Teacher and School Leader Incentive Pay (27188) – This fund was created to provide funding for projects that develop and implement performance-based teacher and principal compensations systems in high-need schools. The teacher Incentive Fun is authorized I P.L. 109-149 –the Department of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Act 2006 Title V, Part D.

Social Workers for Middle Schools (27194) – The fund accounts for a state grant used to fund a social worker in middle school.

K3 Plus 4 & 5 Pilot (27198) – The fund accounts for a state grant used to extended hours of fourth and fifth grades.

NM Roads DOT (28120) – The purpose of the fund is to improved roads and parking lots within the district.

Youth Conservation Corp NMEMNR (28133) - The Youth Conservation Corps (YCC) is administratively attached to the Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department. YCC was created in 1992 to provide a process to employ the youth in public projects. Participants learn employment skills, work ethics, as well as self-discipline and self-esteem.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Capital Improvements SB-9 (31100) is used to account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico's State Equalization Matching and a special tax levy as authorized by the Public School District Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978).

Capital Outlay State Fund (31400) – To account for special appropriations monies received from the State of New Mexico under Chapter 4, Laws of 1996.

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	:	Food Services 21000	Athletics 22000				IDEA-B "Risk Pool" 24120	
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	129,690	\$	79,404	\$ -	\$	-	
Taxes		-		-	-		-	
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		-		-	1,589 -		-	
Inventory		6,296			 -			
Total assets		135,986		79,404	1,589			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES							
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-	-		-	
Accrued expenses		-		-	-		-	
Interfund payables		-		-	 1,589		-	
Total liabilities					 1,589			
Fund Balance:								
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable		6,296		-	-		-	
Restricted		129,690		-	-		-	
Committed		-		-	-		-	
Assigned		-		-	-		-	
Unassigned				79,404	 			
Total fund balance		135,986		79,404				
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	135,986	\$	79,404	\$ 1,589	\$		

Title I Sec. 1003G 24124		Improving Teacher Quality 24154		Impact Aid Special Education 25145		N 3/	Title XIX Medicaid 21 Years 25153	Gear Up 25205		Rural Ed Achievement 25233	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,204	\$	110,018	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,888		348		-		-		56,538		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,888		348		6,204		110,018		56,538		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,888		348		-		-		56,535		-
	8,888		348						56,535		-
	-		-		-		-		- 2		-
	-		-		6,204		110,018		3		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>				-
					6,204		110,018		3		_
\$	8,888	\$	348	\$	6,204	\$	110,018	\$	56,538	\$	_

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	LANL Foundation 26113		Dual Credit Instructional Materials 27103		Recruitment Support 27128		Truancy Initiative 27141	
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes		_		_		_		_
Due from other governments		_		_		2,246		22,402
Interfund receivables		_		_		-,		,
Inventory		-	· .	-				
Total assets		-		-		2,246		22,402
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES							
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued expenses		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		-		-		2,246	-	22,402
Total liabilities		-		-		2,246		22,402
Fund Balance:								
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Ollassigned	-			-				
Total fund balance		-		-				
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	-	\$		\$	2,246	\$	22,402

Breakfast for Elementary Students 27155		Kindergarten Three Plus 27166		After School Enrichment 27168		2013 School Buses 27178		STEM Teacher Initiative 27181		Teacher and School Leader Incentive Pay 27188	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		31,685		4,386		-		30,139		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
			31,685		4,386				30,139		
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		31,685		4,386		-		30,139		-
	-		31,685		4,386				30,139		
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
\$		\$	31,685	\$	4,386	\$	-	\$	30,139	\$	-

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	K3 Plus 4 & 5 Pilot 27198		NM Roads 28120		Youth Conservative Corp 28133		Bond Building 31100	
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,380
Taxes		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		10,375		-		11,982		-
Interfund receivables		-		-		-		-
Inventory				-	·			
Total assets	10,375				11,982			3,380
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	es.							
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued expenses		-		-		-		-
Interfund payables		10,375		-		11,982		
Total liabilities		10,375				11,982		
Fund Balance:								
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		3,380
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				-				
Total fund balance				-				3,380
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	10,375	\$	-	\$	11,982	\$	3,380

Capita	l Outlay		Total
S	tate	N	on-major
31	400		Funds
\$	-	\$	328,696
	-		-
	-		180,578
	-		-
	-		6,296
	_		515,570
	-		-
	-		-
	-		180,575
	-		180,575
	_		6,296
	_		249,295
	-		-
	-		_
			79,404
			334,995
\$	-	\$	515,570

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Revenues:	Food Services 21000		Athletics 22000		Preschool IDEA-B 24109		IDEA-B "Risk Pool" 24120		
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State grants	_	_	-	_	7	_	Ť	_	
Federal grants		403,227		_		1,589		_	
Charges for services		39,632		59,598		-		_	
Miscellaneous		-		-		_		_	
Interest		_		_		_		_	
Total revenues		442,859		59,598		1,589		-	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction				54 624		1.590			
		-		54,634		1,589		-	
Support Services									
Students		-		-		-		-	
Instruction		-		-		-		-	
General Administration		-		-		-		-	
School Administration		-		-		-		-	
Central Services		-		-		-		-	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-	
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-	
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-	
Food Services Operations		416,413		-		-		-	
Community Service		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		-		-	
Interest		-				-			
Total expenditures		416,413		54,634		1,589		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		26,446		4,964					
Other financing sources (uses):									
Operating transfers		_		_		_		_	
Proceeds from bond issues		_		_		_		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)						_			
Total onter financing sources (uses)									
Net changes in fund balances		26,446		4,964					
Fund balances - beginning of year		109,540		74,440		-	-	-	
Restatement		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances - beginning of year - restate		109,540		74,440		-		-	
Fund balances - end of year	\$	135,986	\$	79,404	\$	-	\$	-	

Sect	Title I Section 1003g 24124		proving her Quality 14154	S Ec	pact Aid Special ducation 25145	N 3/	itle XIX fedicaid 21 Years 25153	Gear Up 25205		Ach	ural Ed iievement 25233
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	21,366		4,437		(264)		122,225		307,482		16,626
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	21,366		4,437		(264)		122,225		307,482		16,626
	21,300		4,437		(204)		122,223		307,462		10,020
	19,224		4,437		19,669		-		114,321		16,626
	1,073		_		_		104,699		11,795		_
	-		_		_		-		126,543		_
	_		_		-		_		9,048		_
	1,069		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		44,774		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 21.266		- 4 407		-		-		-		-
1	21,366		4,437		19,669	-	104,699		306,481		16,626
			-		(19,933)		17,526		1,001		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>			-	
										-	
	-		-		(19,933)		17,526		1,001		-
	-		-		26,137		92,492		(998)		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		26,137		92,492		(998)		-
\$	-	\$		\$	6,204	\$	110,018	\$	3	\$	-

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Revenues:	LANL Foundation 26113		Dual Credit Instructional Materials 27103		Sı	ruitment upport 7128	Truancy Initiative 27141		
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
State grants		-		4,040		2,246		55,266	
Federal grants		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-	
Interest		-		-		-		-	
Total revenues		-		4,040		2,246		55,266	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction		2,364		4,040		-		_	
Support Services									
Students		-		-		-		55,266	
Instruction		-		-		-		-	
General Administration		-		-		-		-	
School Administration		-		-		-		-	
Central Services		-		-		2,246		-	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		-		-		-	
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-	
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-	
Food Services Operations		-		-		-		-	
Community Service		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Debt service									
Principal		-		-		-		-	
Interest				-		-		-	
Total expenditures		2,364		4,040		2,246		55,266	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(2,364)		-					
Other financing sources (uses):									
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-	
Proceeds from bond issues		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net changes in fund balances	(2,364)		-		-		-	
Fund balances - beginning of year		2,364		-		-		-	
Restatement		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances - beginning of year - restated		2,364		-		-		-	
Fund balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

15,466 77,523 24,118	- \$ - \$ - - 80,374 70,919 - 80,374 70,919
15,466 77,523 24,118	
15,466 77,523 24,118	
15,466 77,523 24,118	80,374 70,919
15,466 77,523 24,118	- 80,374 70,919
15,466 77,523 24,118	- 80,374 70,919
- 68,094 20,959	54,792
	- 80,374 -
	-
- 4,263 -	16,127
- 5,100 5,139	- -
15,466	
<u> </u>	
. <u></u>	<u>- </u>
15,466 77,523 24,118	- 80,374 70,919
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
	-
	<u> </u>
	
	- - \$ - \$ -

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2018

Revenues:	4 &	3 Plus 2 5 Pilot 27198	N	M Roads 28120		Conservative Corp 28133	В	Bond Building 31100
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	20120	\$		\$	-
State grants	Ψ	10,375	Ψ	10,862	Ψ	11,982	Ψ	_
Federal grants		10,575		10,002		11,702		_
Charges for services		_		_		_		_
Miscellaneous		_		_		_		_
Interest		_		_		_		_
Total revenues		10,375		10,862		11,982		
Total revenues		10,373		10,602		11,762		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		9,725		-		-		-
Support Services								
Students		650		-		-		-
Instruction		-		-		-		-
General Administration		-		-		-		-
School Administration		-		-		_		-
Central Services		-		-		-		-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-		_		_		-
Student Transportation		-		_		_		-
Other Support Services		-		-		-		-
Food Services Operations		-		-		-		-
Community Service		-		_		11,982		-
Capital outlay		-		10,862		· <u>-</u>		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		10,375		10,862		11,982		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		-		-		-		-
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from bond issues				-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)				-				
Net changes in fund balances		_		_		_		_
Fund balances - beginning of year		_		_		_		3,380
Restatement		_		_		_		-
Fund balances - beginning of year - restated	,——							3,380
Fund balances - end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,380
2 and odvances that of your			Ψ		-		Ψ	3,300

Capital Outlay State 31400	Total Non-major Funds
\$ -	\$ -
-	363,171
-	876,688
_	99,230
_	, -
_	-
	1,339,089
-	390,474
-	253,857
_	126,543
_	9,048
_	21,459
_	2,246
_	-
_	8,325
_	-
_	431,879
_	56,756
_	10,862
	10,002
-	-
	1,311,449
	1,311,449
	27,640
-	-
-	-
_	-
-	27,640
-	307,355
-	-
-	307,355
\$ -	\$ 334,995



PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT AGENCY FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Activity	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Adjustments	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018
BAND	1,386	440	_	_	1,826
MR LEAL 1ST GRADE CLASS	51	-	-	-	51
PARTNERS IN EDUCATION-FANC		-	-	-	17
SECONDARY STAFF ACTIVITY	857	272	-	377	752
CLASS OF 2017	442	164	-	-	606
HS ALLIANCE ACCOUNT	500	-	-	-	500
CLASS OF 2021	-	112			112
LOWES SCIENCE FUND	-	5,000		1,395	3,605
UNUSED BALANCE	6,803	73	-	1,568	5,308
SURVEY FUND	-	500		- 1 450	500
BOARD OF EDUCATION	36	2,580	-	1,458	1,158
CLASS OF 2013	80	- 2.610	-	105	80 2.415
CLASS OF 2020 RED CROSS FUNDRAISER	-	3,610 884		195 884	3,415
HS STUDENT COUNCIL	2,020	216		1,381	855
PRE K	428	296		53	671
MS STUDENT ACTIVITY	92	-	_	-	92
HS LIBRARY	315	_	_	_	315
KIMBERLY MARTIN	85	-	_	_	85
HS DRAMA CLUB	-	248		-	248
NATL HONOR SOC	87	789	-	868	8
BPA	787	-	-	-	787
BACKGROUND CHECKS	14	-	-	-	14
CLASS OF 2014	239	-	-	-	239
SPANISH CLUB	421	643	-	620	444
MS SPANISH CLUB	33	-	-	-	33
ELEMENTARY MATH	394	-	-	-	394
CHRISTINE LEAL 1ST GRADE	6	1,095	-	517	584
SANCHEZ SCHOLARSHIP	1,519	720	-	1,050	1,189
CLASS OF 2015	390	15.006	-	15 704	390
ELEM ACTIVITY	371	15,986	-	15,794	563
GEN ACTIVITY (ADM) HIGH SCHOOL FUNDRAISER	1,612 1,259	51	-	1,259	1,663
SECONDARY STUDENT ACTIVITY		1,380	-	275	3,098
HS MESA	565	1,500	_	-	565
CLASS OF 2016	540	_	_	_	540
ELEM GIRLS BASKETBALL	32	_	_	_	32
ELEM SKI CLUB	207	_	_	_	207
MARIACHI	552	3,054	-	2,768	838
MS STUDENT COUNCIL	2,299	5,386	-	3,612	4,073
CLASS OF 2018	61	943	-	315	689
CLASS OF 2019	159	1,415	-	1,274	300
MS NATIONAL HONOR SOCIETY	1,135	740	-	51	1,824
ELEM LIBRARY	6,098	2,488	-	2,399	6,187

KINDER/ ROGERS	160	630	-	-	790
MS FUNDRAISING	16	-	-	-	16
ELEM YEARBOOK	11,041	904	-	1,073	10,872
LITERACY NIGHT/ACCEL READE	788	-	-	-	788
HIGH SCHOOL YEARBOOK	-	2,684	-	2,684	-
ATHLETICS-GENERAL FUND	28,572	81,327	-	80,514	29,385
NMPSIA	859	801	-	479	1,181
CATHOLIC DAUGHTERS SCHOLA	200	-	-	-	200
DISTRICT AAA	-	3,762		3,578	184
PRINCIPAL'S INCENTIVE AWARD	23,981	21,587	-	25,183	20,385
MID SCHOOL YEARBOOK	-	192			192
Total All Schools	\$ 99,503	\$ 160,972	\$ -	\$ 151,624	\$ 108,851

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTICT SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITS JUNE 30, 2018

Bank Account Type/Name		Bank Balance	posits Fransit	utstanding Checks	 Book Balance
Southwest Capital Bank Checking - Accounts Payable	\$	2,072,078	\$ -	\$ 523,159	\$ 1,548,919
Total Southwest Capital Bank		2,072,078	-	 523,159	 1,548,919
Total cash in bank	\$	2,072,078	\$ -	\$ 523,159	\$ 1,548,919
Cash per financial statements Cash and cash equivalents-Governmental Activities E Fiduciary funds - Exhibit D-1 Total cash and cash equivalents	xhibit A-1				\$ 1,572,838 108,851 1,681,689

SCHEDULE OF COLLATERAL PLEDGED BY DEPOSITORY

	Description			Fair	Name and
Name of	of Pledged			Market Value	Location of
Depository	Collateral	Cusip Number	Maturity	June 30, 2018	Safekeeper
FHL Bank of Dallas	FHLB - Letter of Credit, 0%	31219000685	1/25/2019	850,000	TIB
				850,000	

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CASH RECONCILIATION JUNE 30, 2018

	Operational Account 11000	Teacherage Account 12000	Transportation Account 13000	Instructional Materials 14000	Food Services Account 21000
Cash, June 30, 2017 Restatement	512,996	42,910	-	8,947	103,244
Add: 2017-18 revenues Permanent Cash Transfers Loans from other funds	5,754,858 - -	38,471 - -	382,271	18,894 - 	442,859 -
Total cash available	6,267,854	81,381	382,271	27,841	546,103
Less: 2017-18 expenditures Permanent Cash Transfers Loans to other funds	(5,218,134)	(63,456)	(380,433)	(21,634)	(416,413)
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$ 1,049,720	\$ 17,925	\$ 1,838	\$ 6,207	\$ 129,690

Athletics Account 22000	Athletics Account 23000	Federal Flowthrough 24000	Federal Direct 25000	Local Grants 26000	State Flowthrough 27000
74,440	99,504 -	(246,858)	16,312	2,364	(177,492) -
59,598 - -	160,970 - -	525,985 - -	490,850 - -	- - -	532,927 - -
134,038	260,474	279,127	507,162	2,364	355,435
(54,634)	(151,623)	(440,814) - -	(447,475) - -	(2,364)	(528,313)
\$ 79,404	\$ 108,851	\$ (161,687)	\$ 59,687	\$ -	\$ (172,878)

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CASH RECONCILIATION JUNE 30, 2018

	State Direct 28000	Local / State 29000	Bond Building Account 31100	Spec. Capital Outlay-State 31400	Federal Capital Outlay 31500
Cash, June 30, 2017	-	-	3,380	(50,000)	-
Restatement	-	-	-	-	-
Add:					
2017-18 revenues	10,862	-	-	50,000	-
Permanent Cash Transfers	-	-	-	-	-
Loans from other funds			<u> </u>		
Total cash available	10,862	-	3,380	-	-
Less:					
2017-18 expenditures	(22,844)	-	-	-	-
Permanent Cash Transfers	-	-	-	-	-
Loans to other funds			<u> </u>		
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$ (11,982)	\$ -	\$ 3,380	\$ -	\$ -

Cap. Improv. SB 9 31700	Energy Efficiency 31800	Public School Capital Outlay - 20% 32100	Debt Service Fund 41000	Education Tech Debt Service Fund 43000	Total
125,226	- -	-	322,521	-	\$ 837,494
312,807	- - -	- - -	435,351	- - -	9,216,703
438,033	-	-	757,872	-	10,054,197
(219,545)	- - -	- - -	(404,827)	- - -	(8,372,509)
\$ 218,488	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 353,045	\$ -	\$ 1,681,688





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget To the Board of Education Pecos Independent School District Pecos, New Mexico

We have audited,in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general funds and major special revenue funds of the Pecos Independent School District, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pecos Independent School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies my exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item FS 2018-001.

Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Drigo Professional Services, LLC

November 7, 2018





REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget To the Board of Education Pecos Independent School District Pecos, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pecos Independent School District (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and and the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of federal regulations 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Pecos Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Drigo Prefersonal Services, LLC

November 7, 2018

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor or Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Grantor or Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title Passthrough Number		Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Pass-through State of New Mexico Department of Education				
Forest Reserve	11000	10.672	\$	28,916
School Lunch Program	21000	10.555		403,227
Subtotal - Pass-through State of New Mexico Department of Education				432,143
Pass-through State of New Mexico Department of Health and Human Servio	ces			
Food Distribution (Commodities)	21000	10.550		20,225
Subtotal - Pass-through State of New Mexico Department of Health and Human Services				20,225
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				452,368
U.S. Department of Education				
Impact Aid Special Education	25145	84.041		19,669
Rural Education Achievement	25233	84.358		16,626
Subtotal - U.S. Department of Education Direct				36,295
Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education				
Title I - IASA	24101	84.010		197,136
Entitlement IDEA B (1)	24106	84.027		216,286
Preschool IDEA-B (1)	24109	84.173		1,589
Title I Section 1003g	24124	84.377		21,366
Teacher / Principal Training / Recruiting	24154	84.367A		4,437
Passthrough State of New Mexico Higher Education Department				
GEAR UP (1)	25205	84.334		306,481
Total U.S. Department of Education				783,590
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$	1,235,958

(1) Denotes Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2018

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Pecos Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as was used to prepare the fund financial statements. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

2. Subrecipients

The District did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients during the year

3. Non-Cash Federal Assistance

The District received \$20,225in non-cash federal assistance in the form of commodities assistance.

4. <u>Indirect Cost Rate</u>

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Financial Statements:

Total federal awards expended per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 1,235,958
Total expenditures funded by other sources	 6,972,038
Total expenditures	\$ 8,207,996

Yes

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

6. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

T	. 1	G
Finan	сіаі	Statements:

1.	Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiency identified not considered to be a material weaknesses?	No
	c. Control deficiency identified not considered to be a significant deficiency?	Yes
	d. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federa	l Awards:	
1.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiency identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
	c. Control deficiency identified not considered to be a significant deficiency?	No
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
3.	3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	
4.	Identification of major programs:	
	CFDA Number Federal Program	
	84.334 GEAR UP 84.027 IDEA-B	
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000

PECOS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

FS 2018-001 — Pledged Collateral – Cash Equivalents and Deposits (Compliance)

Criteria: Cash equivalents and deposits must be covered by 50% of pledged collateral in accordance with NMSA 1978 Section 6-10-16. The collateral held by the financial institution must be secured by securities indicated in NMSA2.60.4.10 "Required Types of Collateral.

Condition: During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District's financial institution did not maintained securities under their collateralization of deposits in accordance with State of New Mexico Statutes (NMSA 2.60.4.10 "Required Types of Collateral"). This results in under collateralization of deposits as of June 30, 2018. Non-compliance resulted in the District being \$61,040 under collateralized as of June 30, 2018.

Cause: The District's financial institution was changed through a merger and the new financial institution did not maintain collateralization in accordance with New Mexico Statutes.

Effect: The District's collateralization of its deposits at June 30, 2018 was not in compliance with State Statutes (NMSA 2.60.4.10). As a result, the District maintained a balance of \$61,040 which was under-collateralized at June 30, 2018. Lack of proper collateralization may result in non-compliance with state statutes and increase potential liability and exposure to the loss of the District's public funds in the event of bank closure.

Auditors' Recommendations: The District must ensure all cash balances are collateralized as required by State Statutes. The District must ensure all agreements with their financial institution mandates compliance with State Statutes and that the financial institution understands the Statutes for which compliance is necessary.

Management's Response: The District will insure compliance of the collateral requirements in the future through discussion with the District's financial institution and thorough review of monthly collateral statements.

Corrective Action: The review of the District's collateralization statements will be performed by the Business Manager and will be implemented immediately. In addition, the Business Manager will discuss the issue with the financial institution to insure they are aware of the finding and make appropriate adjustments to insure future compliance.

Section III – Findings – Federal Awards None

Section IV - Prior Year Audit Findings

FS 2017-001— Inactive Funds - Resolved

Section V – Other Disclosures

Auditor Prepared Financials

Griego Professional Services, LLC assisted in the preparation of the financial statements presented in this report. The District's management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes and they believe that their records adequately support the financial statements.

Exit Conference

The contents of this report were discussed on November 7, 2018. The following individuals were in attendance.

Pecos Independent School District Fred Trujillo, Superintendent Brenda Gallegos, Business Manager Victor Ortiz, Board Member Michael Flores, Board Member Griego Professional Services, LLC

JJ Griego, CPA