# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO SCHOOLS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS OFFICIAL ROSTER

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Victor R. Vigil President

Boyd Hazen Vice President

Amanda Culbertson Secretary
Floyd Padilla Member
Michael Pergeson Member

**SCHOOL OFFICIALS** 

Johnna Bruhn

Superintendent

But Considered

But in the state of the

Pat Copeland Business Manager



Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner Tony Morán, CPA, Partner Christopher Salcido, CPA, Partner J. David Beasley, J.D., Partner

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Brian Colón State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board Members of Mosquero Municipal Schools

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Mosquero Municipal Schools (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with audit standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.





Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis which is required to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require 10 year schedules on pages 58-61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements the combining and individual fund financial statements and any other schedule required by the Audit Rule that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and any other schedule required by the Audit Rule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2019 on our consideration of Mosquero Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing in internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Mosquero Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Las Cruces, New Mexico November 15, 2019



#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,414,585
Accounts receivable (Note 6)	90,534
Inventory, at cost	2,770_
Total current assets	1,507,889
Non-current assets	
Capital assets	15,031,425
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,994,706)
Total non-current assets	9,036,719
Total assets	10,544,608
Deferred outflows	
Related to pension	667,786
Related to OPEB	14,368
Total deferred outflows	682,154_
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 11.226.762

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS  Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 22,046
Accrued interest Accrued compensated absences	26,239 5,981
Current portion of bonds payable	595,000
Total current liabilities	649,266
Long-term obligations	0.711.000
Net pension liability OPEB liability	2,711,223 648,775
Bonds payable	4,367,000
Total long-term liabilities	7,726,998
Total long-term liabilities	7,720,770
Total liabilities	8,376,264
Deferred inflows	
Related to pension	58,723
Related to OPEB	259,441
Total deferred inflows	318,164
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	8,694,428
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,048,480
Restricted for Cafeteria fund (inventory)	2,770
Special revenue	18,436
Capital projects	1,090,146
Debt service	176,534
Unrestricted	(2,804,032)
Total net position (deficit)	2,532,334
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position	\$ 11.226.762

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Progra	am Revenues				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	Charges for Service		rating Grants Contributions	G	Capital Frants and Intributions	Re	t (Expenses) evenue and ges Net Assets
Expenses - Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Central services Operation and maintenance of plant Student transportation Food services Interest on long-term debt Depreciation	\$	992,162 418,772 156,579 426,810 176,872 46,007 171,777 520,515	\$ 9,700 - - 27,647 - 7,637 -	\$	62,310 17,411 - 204,600 174,887 4,930	\$	- 16,013 46,516 - - -	\$	(920,152) (401,361) (140,566) (148,047) (1,985) (33,440) (171,777) (520,515)
Total governmental activities	\$	2.909.494	\$ 44.984	\$	464.138	\$	62.529		(2,337,843)
General Revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for operating program Property taxes, levied for debt services Property taxes, levied for capital projects Oil and gas tax State equalization guarantee Cooper production Interest and investment earnings Miscellaneous	าร								27,394 635,186 110,766 253,550 1,156,016 42,382 9,834 3,046
Subtotal, general revenue									2,238,174
Change in net position									(99,669)
Net position - beginning of year									2,632,003
Net position - end of year								\$	2.532.334



#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	De	ebt Service	M	itle XIX edicaid 21 Years	_	NM Reads to Lead K-3	<u>i</u>	IDEA B Entitlement
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable  Due from other funds	\$	95,969 14,543 34,140	\$	1,063,351 26,795 -	\$	- 7,535 -	\$	- 12,783 -	\$	- 6,336 -
Total assets	\$	144.652	\$	1.090.146	\$	7,535	\$	12.783	\$	6.336
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS A	ND FU	IND BALANC	CES							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	22,046 -	\$	- -	\$	- 7,535	\$	- 12,783	\$	- 6,336
Total liabilities		22,046		-		7,535		12,783		6,336
Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows - property tax							_	<u>-</u>		
Total deferred inflows			_			_	_			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		22,046		-		7,535		12,783		6,336
Fund balances: Restricted, reported in: Special revenue fund Debt service funds Capital projects funds Unassigned, reported in: General fund		- - - 122,606	_	- 1,090,146 - -		- - - -		- - -		- - -
Total fund balances		122,606		1,090,146		-	_			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	144.652	\$	1.090,146	\$	7.535	\$	12.783	\$	6.336

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

		Capital provements SB-9	Gove	Other ernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Inventory	\$	171,463 5,071 - -	\$	83,802 17,471 - 2,770	\$	1,414,585 90,534 34,140 2,770
Total assets	\$	176.534	\$	104.043	\$	1.542.029
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS A	ND FU	ND BALANC	ES			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	- -	\$	- 7,486	\$	22,046 34,140
Total liabilities		-		7,486		56,186
Deferred inflows: Deferred inflows - property tax		-				_
Total deferred inflows				-	_	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		-		7,486		56,186
Fund balances: Nonspendable - Inventory Restricted, reported in:		-		2,770		2,770
Special revenue fund Debt service funds Capital projects funds Unassigned, reported in:		- - 176,534		18,436 75,351 -		18,436 1,090,146 176,534
General fund		-		-	_	122,606
Total fund balances		176,534		96,557		1,485,843
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	176.534	\$	104.043	\$	1.542.029

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,485,843
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	9,036,719
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension, applicable to future periods and therefore, not reported in funds	667,786
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, applicable to future periods and therefore, not reported in funds	14,368
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension, applicable to future periods and therefore, not reported in funds	(58,723)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, applicable to future periods and therefore, not reported in funds	(259,441)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability OPEB liability Accrued interest Compensated absences General obligation bonds	(2,711,223) (648,775) (26,239) (5,981) (4,962,000)
Total net position - governmental funds	\$ 2.532.334

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Debt Service	Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years	NM Reads to Lead K-3	IDEA B Entitlement
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 27,394	\$ 587,502	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Oil and gas taxes	9,185		-	-	-
Copper production	1,522		-	-	-
Charges for services	27,647		-	-	-
State sources	1,536,523	-	11,238	42,001	-
Federal sources	- 0.024	-	-	-	15,711
Earnings from investments Miscellaneous	9,834 3,046		-	-	-
Miscellaricous	3,040				
Total revenues	1,615,151	811,514	11,238	42,001	15,711
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	571 507			10.001	15711
Direct instruction	571,507		-	42,001	15,711
Instructional support Central services	395,240 152,036		11,238	-	-
Operation and	132,036	-	-	-	-
maintenance	292,359	_	_	_	_
Food services	42,766	-	-	-	_
Transportation	176,872		-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt services:					
Principal payments	-	355,000	-	-	-
Interest		169,985			
Total expenditures	1,630,780	530,750	11,238	42,001	15,711
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(15,629	) 280,764	-	-	-
Other Finance Sources	•	,			
Bond proceeds					
Net change in fund balance	(15,629	) 280,764	-	-	-
Fund balance - beginning of					
year	138,235	809,382			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 122,606	\$ 1,090,146	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital Improveme SB-9	ents G	Other Governmental Funds	Total
36,7	739	47,684 15,774 2,612 17,337 53,078 24,132	\$ 773,346 253,550 42,382 44,984 1,642,840 39,843 9,834 3,046
153,	593	160,617	2,809,825
- 134,4 - - 15,4 - -	451 443 ——————————————————————————————————	16,248 5,442 4,543 - 3,241 - 46,516 54,000 1,792	645,467 418,772 156,579 426,810 46,007 176,872 61,959 409,000 171,777 2,513,243
		28,835	296,582 
173,9	922	67,722 96,557	1,189,261 \$ 1,485,843
	\$ 110,3 36,6 6,0	Improvements G SB-9	Improvements SB-9         Governmental Funds           \$ 110,766 36,739 15,774 6,088 2,612 - 17,337 - 53,078 24,132 17,337 - 153,593 160,617           153,593         160,617           -         16,248 1,087 5,442 1,543 134,451 1 - 1,4543 15,443

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN THE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

296,582

Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation expense	(520,515)
Capital outlay	61,959

Governmental funds report District pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:

Change in deferred inflows and outflows - ERB	(180,591)
Change in deferred inflows and outflows- RHCA	(89,675)
OPEB liability	117,984
Net pension liability	(170,684)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Change in accrued interest	(26,239)
Change in accrued compensated absences	2,510
Principal payment on bond	409,000

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (99.669)

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND COMBINED

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis	Fin F	riance with nal Budget avorable ifavorable)
Revenues: Taxes Oil and gas taxes Copper production Charges for services State sources Earnings from investments	\$ 42,000 2,984 1,333 32,437 1,337,173 925	\$	32,816 8,531 1,333 30,000 1,307,686 950	\$	27,394 9,185 1,522 27,647 1,521,980 9,834	\$	(5,422) 654 189 (2,353) 214,294 8,884
Miscellaneous	8		10	_	3,046		3,036
Total revenues	1,416,860		1,381,326		1,600,608		219,282
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction Instructional support Central services Operation and maintenance Food Services Transportation	571,694 474,804 87,087 261,650 20,224 162,605		574,847 398,946 204,600 328,154 44,148 164,272	_	571,507 395,240 152,036 292,359 42,766 154,826		3,340 3,706 52,564 35,795 1,382 9,446
Total expenditures	1,578,064	_	1,714,967		1,608,734		106,233
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (161,204)		(333,641)		(8,126)		325,515
Net change in fund balance	(161,204)		(333,641)		(8,126)		325,515
Fund balance - beginning of year	109,852		109,852	_	109,852		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ (51,352)	\$	(223,789)	\$	101,726	\$	325,515
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP to Net changes in fund balance budgetary book Net revenue accruals  Net expenditure accruals	s:			\$	(8,126) 14,543 (22,046)		

(15.629)

Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis

#### TITLE XIX MEDICAID 3/21 YEARS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Local sources State sources	- 31,185	1,333 31,185	- 11,238	(1,333) (19,947)
Total revenues	31,185	32,518	11,238	(21,280)
Expenditures: Current: Instructional support	31,185	33,874	11,238	22,636
Total expenditures	31,185	33,874	11,238	22,636
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,356)		1,356
Other financing sources (uses) Designated cash				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balance	-	(1,356)	-	1,356
Fund balance - beginning of year				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ (1,356)	\$ -	\$ 1,356
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAI Net changes in fund balance budgetary be Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis			\$ - - - \$ -	

#### NM READS TO LEAD K-3 - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	riginal udget	Final Budget	ctual on udgetary Basis	Fina Fav	ance with I Budget vorable avorable)
Revenues: State and Local	\$ _	\$ 42,000	\$ 42,000	\$	
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction	-	42,000	42,000		-
Total expenditures	-	42,000	42,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-	 		
Other financing sources (uses) Designated cash	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		 -		
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-		-
Fund balance - beginning of year	 				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAA Net changes in fund balance budgetary Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals	s:		\$ - - -		
Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis			\$ -		

#### ENTITLEMENT IDEA B - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	ctual on udgetary Basis	Fina Fa	ance with Il Budget vorable avorable)
Revenues: Federal sources	\$	-	\$ 15,711	\$ 15,711	\$	
Total revenues		-	15,711	15,711		-
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction		-	15,711 <u></u>	15,711		
Total expenditures		-	15,711	15,711		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-	-			<u>-</u>
Other financing sources (uses) Designated cash		-	 -			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 			_
Net change in fund balances		-	-	-		-
Fund balance - beginning of year		-	 	 -		-
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GA Net changes in fund balance budgetar Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals				\$ - - -		
Net changes in fund balance GAAP ba	sis			\$ -		



# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

ASSEIS
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Current Assets Cash	\$ 26,163
Total assets	<u>\$ 26,163</u>
Current Liabilities Deposits held in trust for others	<u>\$ 26,163</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 26,163

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Mosquero Municipal Schools (the District) is a special purpose government corporation governed by an elected five member Board of Education. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the public school education of the Village of Mosquero. The District is responsible for all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of Mosquero Public Schools' management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements and disclosures of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units, and is not a component unit of another governmental agency.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by State Equalization Guarantee, taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are accrued as receivable when levied, net of estimated refund and uncollectible amounts. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided by district school tax levy, state equalization and transportation funds, state instructional material allocations, and earnings from investments. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for those items included in other funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (Continued)

**Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. The resources of this fund are generated by a tax levy based upon property values.

The Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years Fund is to account for a program providing school-based screening, diagnostic services and other related health services and administrative activities in conformance with the approved Medicaid State Plan in order to improve health and developmental outcomes for children (Title XIX Social Security Act).

**NM Reads to Lead K-3 Fund** is to account for revenue and expenditures received from a state grant for the purpose of improving skills of young students in the area of reading. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions.

**IDEA-B Entitlement Fund** This fund is used to account for a program funded by a Federal grant to assist the District in providing free appropriate public education to all handicapped children. Funding authorized by Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-620, as amended, Public Laws 91-230, 93-380, 94-142, 98-199, 99-457, 100,639, and 101-476, 20 U.S.C. 1411-1420.

**Capital Improvements SB-9 Fund** is used to account for resources received through Senate Bill 9 and local tax levies obtained for the purpose of building, remodeling, and equipping classroom facilities. Also to account for resources received from the State of New Mexico General Fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following agency fund:

**Fiduciary Funds** account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity</u>

**Deposits and Investments** - The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the District to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

**Restricted Assets** - The Debt Service Fund is used to report resources set aside as restricted to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond current debt service account.

**Deferred Outflows** - In the government-wide fund financial statements, deferred outflows are contributions to a pension plan after the measurement date, and the change in assumption.

Receivables and Payables - Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or</u> Equity (Continued)

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

The District receives monthly income from a tax levy in Harding County. The funds are collected by the County Treasurers and are remitted to the District the following month.

Under the modified accrual method of accounting, the amount remitted by the County Treasurers in July and August 2019 is considered measurable and available and, accordingly, is recorded as revenue in the governmental fund statements during the year ended June 30, 2019.

**Prepaid Items** - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Inventory** - The District uses the consumption method of accounting for inventory. Under the consumption approach, governments report inventories they purchase as an asset and defer the recognition of the expenditures until the period in which the inventories actually are consumed.

Inventory is valued at cost utilizing the consumption basis of accounting. Inventory in the Food Service Fund consists of U.S.D.A. commodities and other purchased food and non-food supplies. The cost of purchased food is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

U.S.D.A. commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures; unused commodities are reported as inventories. Non-commodity inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. No deferred revenue was recorded for unused commodity inventory as of June 30, 2019.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or</u> Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Information Technology Equipment including software is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C(5). The District was a phase II government for purposes of implementing GASB 34 however, the District does not have any infrastructure asset to report. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Building and improvements	20-50
Furniture, Equipment Vehicles and Library Books	3-15

**Unearned Revenues and Deferred Inflows of Resources** - Under both accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by corresponding liability for unearned revenue. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that grant revenue be recognized at the time the related expense is made if the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for reimbursement; therefore, amounts received and not expended in the Special Revenue Funds are shown as unearned revenues. In addition, property taxes receivable but uncollected within sixty (60) days of year end are classified as deferred inflow.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

**Compensated Absences** - All twelve month or full time employees earn vacation and sick leave in amounts varying with tenure and classification. Employees cannot accumulate more than 20 days of vacation leave. Upon retirement, unused vacation leave up to 20 days is paid to employees. No reimbursement or accrual is made for unused sick leave.

The District's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follow:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both the following conditions are met:

- (a) The employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- (b) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the governmentwide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)</u>

**Deferred Inflows** - Within the governmental funds, revenues must be available in order to be recognized. Revenues such as real estate taxes that are not available are recorded as deferred inflows and reflected within the balance sheet.

**Long-term Obligations** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

**Fund Balance of Fund Financial Statements** - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** - fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes amounts to be held in perpetuity.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or</u> Equity (Continued)

**Restricted** - Fund balance should be reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation, as the term is used in this Statement, authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that a government can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

**Unassigned** - fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The District's policy is to apply restricted resources first, committed sources second, assigned resources third, and unassigned resources last when an expense is incurred for purposes for which all or any fund balance classification is available.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or</u> Equity (Continued)

#### **Equity Classifications**

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net position invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Net position All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

**Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or</u> Equity (Continued)

### E. Revenues

**State Equalization Guarantee** - School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a state equalization guarantee distribution which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined (in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978) is at least equal to the school district's program costs.

A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education; 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$1,156,016 in state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Tax Revenues - The District receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues primarily for debt service and capital outlay purposes. Property taxes are assessed on January 1st of each year and are payable in two equal installments, on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year with the levies becoming delinquent 30 days (one month) thereafter. The District recognizes tax revenues in the period for which they are levied in the government-wide financial statements. The District records only the portion of the taxes considered 'measurable' and 'available' in the governmental fund financial statements. The District recognized \$773,346 in tax revenues in the governmental fund financial statements during the year ended June 30, 2019. Descriptions of the individual debt service and capital outlay funds contained in these financial statements include information regarding the authority for the collection and use of these taxes. The School collects property tax from Harding County.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### E. Revenues (Continued)

**Transportation Distribution** - School districts in the State of New Mexico receive student transportation distributions. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$174,887 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2019.

**Public School Capital Outlay** - Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, a public school capital outlay fund was created. The money in the fund may be used for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program per Section 22-24-4(B), core administrative function of the public school facilities authority and for project management expenses upon approval of the council per Section 22-24-4 (0); and for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities, upon application by a school district to the council, per Section 22-24-4(L).

**Federal Grants** - The District receives revenues from various Federal departments (both direct and indirect), which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operates under its own budget, which has been approved by the Federal Department or the flow-through agency (usually the New Mexico Public Education Department). The various budgets are approved by the local School Board and the New Mexico Public Education Department.

In June 2017, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued. Effective Date: The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for the objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The Center is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In June 2018, GASB No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, was issued. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

In December 2018, GASB No. 90, Majority Equity Interests, was issued. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District is still evaluating how this pronouncement will affect the financial statements.

### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

**Budgetary Information** - Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the School Budget and Planning Unit of the Public Education Department. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis. Budgeted expenditures exclude encumbrances and the budget secures appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Because the budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year, when the budget is approved those funds are legally restricted and shown as reserved fund balance.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget at the function level. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series' this may be accomplished with only local Board of Education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, and has approval by the Public Education Department.
- 2. In May or June, the budget is approved by the Board of Education.
- 3. The school board meeting is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called.
- 4. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board and the New Mexico Public Education Department.

### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budget basis expenditures exclude encumbrances.

The School Board may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. New Mexico Administrative Code 6.20.2.9 prohibits the District from exceeding budgetary control at the function level.

The District is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures.

The reconciliation between the Non-GAAP budgetary basis amounts and the financial statements on the GAAP basis for each governmental fund is included in each individual budgetary comparison.

### 3. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the investment of District funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the District properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2019.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. The financial institution must provide pledged collateral for 50% of the deposit amount in excess of the deposit insurance.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

### 3. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government or agency, districts or political subdivisions of the States of New Mexico.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing money market accounts at a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the unlimited coverage for non interest bearing accounts.

**Deposits** - NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the School District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico, Office of the State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

	 armers and Stockman
Cash on deposit at June 30, 2019 FDIC coverage	\$ 1,521,166 (250,000)
Total uninsured public funds	\$ 1,271,166
Pledged collateral Collateral requirement (50% of uninsured public funds)	\$ 825,000 635,583
Over collateralization	\$ 189,417

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). As of June 30, 2019, \$1,271,166 of the District's bank balance of \$1,521,166 was exposed to custodial credit risk because or was uninsured and the collateral was held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the District's name. At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of these deposits was \$1,440,748.

### 3. DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

### Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents per Governmental Funds - balance sheet Restricted cash and cash equivalents - balance sheet	\$ 1,414,585 
Total	1,414,585
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - cash	26,163
Total cash and cash equivalents Add outstanding checks and other reconciling items	1,440,748 80,418
Bank balance of deposits and investments	\$ 1,521,166
Cash source: Farmers & Stockmens Bank New Mexico Finance Authority	\$ 1,521,166 
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,521,166

### Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy limits the School District's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

### 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The District records temporary interfund receivables and payables to enable the funds to operate until grant monies are received.

The composition of interfund balances during the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

### 4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities	 from other funds	Due	to other funds
General fund	\$ 34,140	\$	-
Title XIX Medicaide 3/21 years Go Bond Student Library	-		7,535 4,173
Preschool IDEA B	-		3,063
Entitlement IDEA B Teacher/Principal Trainning & Recruiting	-		6,336 250
NM Reads to Lead K-3			12,783
Totals	\$ 34,140	\$	34,140

All interfund balances are to be repaid within one year. There were no operating transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	General	Go	Major overnmental Funds	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total
Government grants Property taxes	\$ 13,285 1,258	\$	26,654 31,866	\$ 15,289 \$ 2,182	55,228 35,306
Total	\$ 14,543	\$	58,520	\$ 17,471 \$	90,534

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible.

### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Transfer	Balance June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:	2018	Additions	ketirements	iranster	2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 57,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,054
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	57,054	-	-	-	57,054
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements Buildings and building	977,750	61,959	-	-	1,039,709
improvements	12,512,474	-	-	-	12,512,474
Vehicles	383,206	-	_	_	383,206
Equipment and vehicles	1,032,197	-	-	-	1,032,197
Furniture	6,785				6,785
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,912,412	61,959	-	_	14,974,371
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements Buildings and building	356,411	51,751	-	-	408,162
improvements	3,892,682	418,898	-	-	4,311,580
Vehicles	330,099	12,253	_	_	342,352
Equipment and vehicles	888,214	37,613	-	-	925,827
Furniture	6,785				6,785
Total accumulated depreciation	5,474,191	520,515			5,994,706
depreciation	5,4/4,171	320,313			3,774,700
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,438,221	(458,556)			8,979,665
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,495,275	\$ (458,556)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,036,719

### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation was charged to the following functions:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ -
Support services	-
Operations and maintenance of plant	 520,322
Total	\$ 520,322

### 7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The original amount of general obligation bonds issued was \$7,075,000. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These bonds are issued with varying terms and varying amounts of principal maturing each year. All general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2019 are for governmental activities.

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019, are comprised of the following:

	Series	Series	Series	Series	Series
	8/15/2010	10/15/2011	10/15/2013	10/28/2014	8/5/2016
Original issue	\$1,800,000	\$1,000,000	\$2,900,000	\$1,100,000	\$275,000
Maturity	8/15/2021	10/15/2026	10/15/2027	10/1/2024	8/1/2021
Principal	August 1	February 1	February 1	February 1	February 1
Interest rate	2.00% -	2.50% -	3.125% -	2.20% -	0.0% -
Interest	3.40%	3.70%	4.125%	2.80%	0.0%
	February 15	April 15 &	April 15 &	April 1 &	February 1
	& August 15	October 15	October 15	October 1	& August
					1

### 7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the long-term debt and the activity for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Ad	ditions	R€	eductions	Balance June 30, 2019		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds payable Compensated	\$ 5,371,000	\$	-	\$	409,000	\$ 4,962,000	\$	595,000
absences	8,491		6,547	_	9,057	5,981	_	5,981
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,379,491	\$	6,547	\$	418,057	\$ 4,967,981	\$	600,981

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 8/15/2010 general obligation bond outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

Years ending June 30,	Principal		cipal Interest			Total		
2020 2021 2022	\$	250,000 250,000 75,000	\$	14,363 6,388 1,275	\$	264,363 256,388 76,275		
	\$	575,000	\$	22,026	\$	597,026		

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 10/15/2011 general obligation bond outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

Years ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	75,000	\$	22,338	\$	97,338
2021		75,000		20,388		95,388
2022		75,000		18,288		93,288
2024		100,000		15,650		115,650
2022		100,000		12,450		112,450
2023-2025		300,000		16,400		316,400
				_		
	\$	725,000	\$	105,514	\$	830,514
2024 2022	\$	100,000 100,000 300,000	\$	15,650 12,450 16,400	\$	115,650 112,450 316,400

### 7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 10/15/2013 general obligation bond outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

Years ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		Interest To		Total
2020	\$ 100,000	\$	100,563	\$	200,563	
2021	100,000		97,250		197,250	
2022	250,000		91,125		341,125	
2024	400,000		79,500		479,500	
2022	400,000		65,250		465,250	
2023-2029	1,500,000		109,375		1,609,375	
	\$ 2,750,000	\$	543,063	\$	3,293,063	

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 10/28/2014 general obligation bond outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

Years ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2020	\$	115,000	\$	17,428	\$	132,428
2021		120,000		14,670		134,670
2022		155,000		11,490		166,490
2024		90,000		8,460		98,460
2022		130,000		5,535		135,535
2023-2029		135,000		1,890		136,890
	\$	745,000	\$	59,473	\$	804,473

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 8/5/2016 general obligation bond outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

Years ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2020 2021 2022 2024	\$	55,000 56,000 56,000	\$ 1,132 701 239 -	\$	56,132 56,701 56,239	
	\$	167,000	\$ 2,072	\$	169,072	

### 7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

**Compensated Absences** - Administrative employees of the District are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During fiscal year June 30, 2019, compensated absences decreased a net of \$2,510 from the prior year accrual. In prior years, the general fund was typically used to liquidate long-term liabilities other than debt.

### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors omissions; and natural disasters, for which the District is a member of the New Mexico Public School Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the NMPSIA based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes Workers Compensation, General and Automobile Liability, Automobile Physical Damage, and Property and Crime coverage. Also included under the risk management program are Boiler, Machinery and Student Accident Insurance.

The NMPSIA provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000 for each property damage claim with a \$750 deductible to each building. General liability coverage is afforded to all employees, volunteers and school board members and the limit is subject to the NMSA Tort Claims Act on a per occurrence basis. The automobile and property liability limit is subject to the provisions of the Tort Claims Act. The crime limit is \$250,000 per occurrence for Faithful Performance. A limit of \$250,000 applies to Depositor's Forgery, Credit Card Forgery, and Money Orders. A limit of \$100,000 applies to Money and Securities, which include a \$750 deductible.

In case the NMPSIA's assets are not sufficient to meet its liability claims, the agreement provides that subscribers, including the District, cannot be assessed additional premiums to cover the shortfall. As of June 30, 2019, there have been no claims that have exceeded insurance coverage.

### 9. PENSION PLAN- EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD

**Plan Description** - Substantially all of the Mosquero Municipal Schools full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Educational Retirement Board (ERB) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members (certified teachers and other employees of State public school districts, colleges and universities and beneficiaries). ERB issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to ERB, PO Box 26129, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502. The report is also available on ERB's website at www.nmerb.org.

### **Funding Policy**

Member Contributions - Plan members whose annual salary is \$20,000 or less are required by statute to contribute 7.9% of their gross salary. Plan members whose annual salary is over \$20,000 are required to make the following contributions to the Plan: 10.7% of their gross salary.

Employer Contributions - Mosquero Municipal Schools contributed 13.62% of gross covered salary.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Mosquero Municipal Schools are established in State statute under Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by facts of the legislature. Mosquero Municipal School's contributions to ERB for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, were \$99,859, \$88,563, and \$90,478, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires contributing employers of cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans to include the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to their share of the pension plan in their government-wide financial statement presentation. ERB engaged their financial statement auditors to prepare a schedule allocating these obligations to the contributing employers as of the year ended June 30, 2018. As part of adopting GASB 68, the District recognized a Net Pension Liability (NPL), which represents the District's share of the underfunded pension obligation at June 30, 2019.

### 9. PENSION PLAN- EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$451,134. At the June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OU	eferred offlows of esources	ed inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,979	\$ 51,599
Changes in assumptions		558,770	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,002	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,176	7,124
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		99,859	
Total	<u>\$</u>	667,786	\$ 58,723

\$99,859 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2018, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

### 9. PENSION PLAN- EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	\$ 313,776
2021	199,841
2022	(4,492)
2023	79
2024	 
Total	\$ 509,204

Actuarial assumptions. As described above, the total ERB pension liability and net pension liability are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. The total ERB pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. Specifically, the liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018 incorporate the following assumptions:

- 1. All members with an annual salary of more than \$20,000 will contribute 10.70% during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and thereafter.
- 2. Members hired after June 30, 2013 will have an actuarially reduced retirement benefit if they retire before age 55 and their COLA will be deferred until age 67.
- 3. COLAs for most retirees are reduced until ERB attains a 100% funded status.
- 4. For the purposes of projecting future benefits, it is assumed that the full COLA is paid in all future years.

### 9. PENSION PLAN- EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates included in the measurement are as follows:

Actuarial cost method

Inflation

Salary Increases

Investment rate of return Single Discount Rate Retirement Age

Mortality

Entry age normal

2.50%

Composed of 2.50% inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus step-rate promotional increases for less

than 10 years of service.

7.25% 5.69%

Experience based table of rates based on age and service. Adopted by NMERB on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year experience study for the period ended June 30, 2016.

MortalityHealthy Males – RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with white collar adjustments, generational mortality improvements with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2000.

Healthy Females – GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following: 1) rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.), 2) application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and 3) structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.). These items are developed for each major asset class.

### 9. PENSION PLAN- EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Discount rate: A single discount rate of 5.69% was used to measure the total ERB pension liability as of June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the Plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current pension plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan contributions will be made at the current statutory levels. Additionally, contributions received through the Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP), ERB's defined contribution plan, are included in the projection of cash flows.

ARP contributions are assumed to remain at a level percentage of ERB payroll, where the percentage of payroll is based on the most recent five year contribution history.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table shows the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate as of the fiscal year end 2018. In particular, the table presents the (employer's) net pension liability under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (4.69%) or one percentage point higher (6.69%) than the single discount rate.

	1	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		(4.69%)	Rate (5.69%)			(6.69%)
District's proportionate						
share of net pension	\$	3,523,552	\$	2,711,223	\$	2,048,414

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued audited financial statements as of and for June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 which are publicly available at www.nmerb.org.

<u>Payables to the pension plan</u> The District remits the legally required employer and employee contributions on a monthly basis to ERB. The ERB requires that the contributions be remitted by the 15th day of the month following the month for which contributions are withheld. At June 30, 2018 the District did not owe ERB any funds.

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

**Plan Description** - Mosquero Municipal Schools contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provided health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employers effective date and the date of retirement; (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; (3) former legislators who served at least two years; and (4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. The report and further information can be obtained by writing to Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle Boulevard, Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

**Funding Policy** - The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorized the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses for the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

Mosquero Municipal Schools contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$14,368, \$12,743 and \$14,531, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	121,123		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Difference between expected and actual		-		8,096		
experience Change in proportion and differences		-		38,412		
between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		91,810		
Contributions made after the measurement date		14,368				
	\$ <u></u>	14,368	\$	259,441		

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$14,368 represent School contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
2020	\$ (62,043)
2021	(62,043)
2022	(62,043)
2023	(52,342)
2024	 (20,970)
	\$ (259,441)

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Actuarial assumptions** – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method	June 30, 2017 Entry age normal , level percent of pay,calculated on individual employee basis
Asset valuation method	Market Value of assets
Actuarial assumptions	
Inflation	2.50% for ERB: 2.25% for PERA
Projected payroll increases	3.50% to 12.50%, based on years of service, including inflation.
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation including inflation.
Healthcare cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non- Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs

Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of Investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions. The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

Assets Class	Long-Term Rate of Return
U.S. core of fixed income	2.1%
U.S equity - large cap	7.1%
Non U.S emerging markets	10.2%
Non U.S developed equities	7.8%
Private equity	11.8%
Credit and structured finance	5.3%
Real estate	4.9%
Absolute return	4.1%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	7.1%

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 4.08% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 4.08% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.08 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.08 percent) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase				
3.08%	Rate 4.08%	5.08%				
\$ 785,170	\$648,775	\$ 541,265				

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Authority, as well as what the Authority's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1% Decrease			Curr	ent Trend Rate	1% Increase				
	\$	548,422	\$	648,775	\$	727,438			

### 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

**Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability** – At June 30, 2019, the Authority reported a payable of \$0 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### 11. LOSS CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the District's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

### 12. ANALYSIS FOR IMPAIRMENT

Management reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In management's opinion, there are no impaired assets at June 30, 2019.

### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### 16. TAX ABATEMENT

The District has evaluated GASB 77 with regard to tax abatements and has determined that the District is not a party to any agreements that abate taxes.



# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\* FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2015	 2016	2017	 2018	2019
The Mosquero Municipal Schools' proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 1,315,734	\$ 1,482,646 \$	1,653,740	\$ 2,540,539	\$ 2,711,223
The Mosquero Municipal Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.02306%	0.02289%	0.02298%	0.02286%	0.02280%
The Mosquero Municipal Schools' covered-employee payroll	\$ 650,783	\$ 656,401 \$	650,921	\$ 637,146	\$ 733,411
The Mosquero Municipal Schools's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	206.96 %	237.23 %	251.94 %	398.74 %	369.67 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.54 %	63.97 %	61.58 %	52.95 %	52.17 %

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Mosquero Municipal Schools will present information for those years for which information is available.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (ERB) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\* FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2015	2016		2017		2018		 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 90,459	\$	91,227	\$	90,478	\$	88,563	\$ 99,859
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	90,459		91,227		90,478		88,563	99,859
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-		-		-		-	-
The Mosquero Municipal Schools' covered- employee payroll	\$ 650,783	<u>\$</u>	656,401	<u>\$</u>	650,921	<u>\$</u>	637,146	\$ 733,411
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	13.90 %		13.90 %		13.90 %		13.90 %	 13.62 <u>%</u>

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Mosquero Municipal Schools will present information for those years for which information is available.

### MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Mosquero Municipal Schools will present information for available years.

		2018	2019
Mosquero Municipal Schools's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.01692%	0.01492%
Mosquero Municipal Schools's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	766,759 \$	648,775
Mosquero Municipal Schools's covered-employee payroll	\$	637,146 \$	640,160
Mosquero Municipal Schools's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	120.34%		101.35%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		11.34%	13.14%

### MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUITONS OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Mosquero Municipal Schools will present information for available years.

		2018		2019
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	19,114	\$	23,315
required contribution	\$	19,114	\$	23,030
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$_	285
Mosquero Municipal Schools's covered-employee payroll	•	<b>.</b>	<b>*</b>	
payron	\$	637,146	<b>\$</b>	640,160
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		3.83%		3.60 %

### MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### **ERB PLAN**

<u>Changes in benefit provisions.</u> There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Changes in assumptions and methods.</u> Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, The Board adopted a number of economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

### RHCA PLAN

<u>Changes in benefit provisions.</u> There were no modifications to the benefit provisions as this is the first year of adoption of the OPEB accounting standard.

<u>Changes in assumptions and methods.</u> There were no modifications to the assumptions and methods as this is the first year of adoption of the OPEB accounting standard.



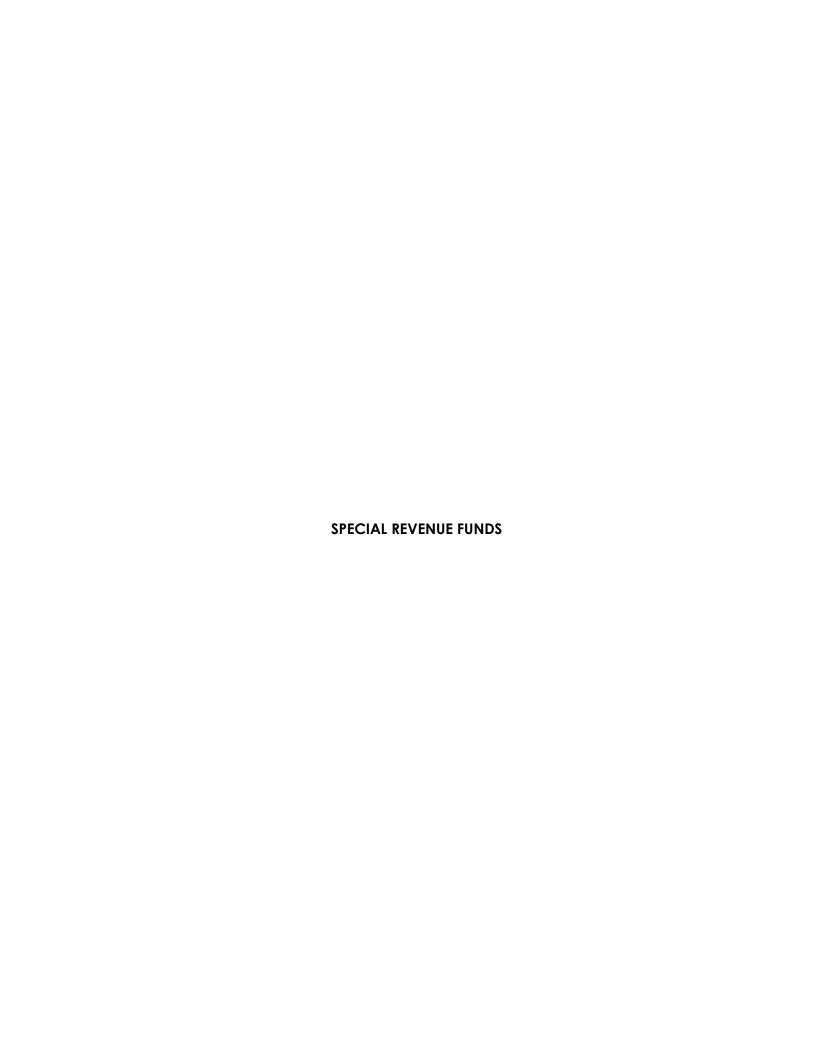


## STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	Special Revenue		ED TECH Debt Service		Total	
Cash on deposit Accounts receivable Inventory, at cost Due from grantors	\$	10,633 15,289 2,770	\$	73,169 2,182 -	\$	83,802 17,471 2,770
Total assets	\$	28,692	\$	75,351	\$	104.043
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BA	LANCE	S				
Liabilities: Due to other funds Accounts payable	<u>\$</u>	7,486 -	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	7,486 -
Total liabilities		7,486		-		7,486
Deferred inflows: Property tax						<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows						
Total deferred inflows and liabilities		7,486		-		7,486
Fund balances:  Nonspendable - inventory  Restricted, reported in:		2,770		-		2,770
Special revenue funds Capital project funds		18,436		-		18,436 -
Retirement of long-term debt		_		75,351		75,351
Total fund balance		21,206		75,351		96,557
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	28.692	\$	75.351	\$	104.043

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue		ED TECH Debt Service		Total	
Revenues: Property taxes Oil and gas taxes Copper tax Charges for services State sources Federal sources	\$	- - - 17,337 53,078 24,132	\$	47,684 15,774 2,612 - -	\$	47,684 15,774 2,612 17,337 53,078 24,132	
Total revenues		94,547		66,070		160,617	
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction Instructional support Food services Central services Capital outlay Debt services: Principal payments Interest		16,248 4,974 3,241 4,543 46,516		- 468 - - - 54,000 1,792		16,248 5,442 3,241 4,543 46,516 54,000 1,792	
Total expenditures		75,522		56,260		131,782	
Net changes in fund balances  Fund balance - beginning of year		19,025 2,181		9,810 65,541		28,835 67,722	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	21.206	\$	75.351	\$	96,557	



### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for Federal, State and Local Funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of accomplishing specific education tasks. Grants accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds include:

**FOOD SERVICE (21000)** - This program provides financing for school hot lunch program. Funding is provided from fees from patrons and USDA food reimbursements, under the National School Lunch Act of 1946, as amended, Public Law 79-396, Sections 2-12, 60 Stat. 230, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.; 80 stat. 889, as amended; 84 Stat. 270; and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, Sections 4 and 10. Public Law 89-642, 80 Stat. 886, 889, 42 U.S.C. 1773, 1779; Public Law 99-591, 100 Stat. 3341; Public Law 100-71, 101 Stat. 430. Also State Law NMSA 22-13-13.

**ATHLETICS (22000)** - This fund is used to account for fees generated at athletic activities throughout the School District. The gate receipts are obtained from the general public and are expended in this fund. The authority for creation of this fund is 6.20.2 NMAC.

**IDEA-B PRESCHOOL (24109)** - The objective of the Assistance to States for the Education of Handicapped Children Program is to assist in providing free, appropriate public education to all handicapped children from ages three to five. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Department of Children, Youth and Families. Authority for creation of this fund is Public Law 105-17.

**TEACHER/PRINCIPAL TRAINING & RECRUITING (24154)** - To account for grant funds to increase student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality. Financing and authority is Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended, Title II, Part A, Public Law 107-110.

**Rural Education Achievement Program Fund (25233)** - is used to provide financial assistance to rural district to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning in their schools. Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), Title VI. Part B, as amended.

**2012 GO BOND LIBRARY (27107)** - To account for monies received from, Laws of 2012 to be used to improve the library, acquire library books or library resources that support the library program.

**NM HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT (28120)** - The purpose of this fund is for Local Government Road Fund Program (LGRF) for the design, construction management and parking lot improvements of the school district parking lots and acess roads as per Cooperative Agreement

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

**SUN SAFETY (28146)** - To account for resources received to provide Sun Safety/Skin cancer prevention education to students in grades Kindergarten through Sixth grade using curricula that are evidencebased. Funding is provided by Comprehensive Cancer Program, Public Health Division, New Mexico Department of Health.

**FUEL UP TO PLAY 60 (29102)** - To account for resources received to improve students awareness of the importance of healthy eating and increased physical activity.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	-------

					3	peci	ai keveille	ı unu	<u> </u>				
	d Service 21000		thletics 22000	Pre	DEA-B eschool 24109	pal	cher/Princi Training & ecruiting 24154	Ac	Rural ducation nievement Program 25233	201	12 GO Bond Student Library 27107		NM Highway Department 28120
ASSETS		_		_						_			
Cash on deposit	\$ 7,487	\$	3,146	\$	-	\$	- 050	\$	-	\$	- 4 172	\$	-
Accounts receivable Inventory, at cost	- 2,770		7,803		3,063		250		-		4,173		-
invertiory, at cost	2,770					_						_	
Total assets	\$ 10.257	\$	10.949	\$	3.063	\$	250	\$		\$	4.173	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Due to other funds	\$ 	\$		\$	3,063	\$	250_	\$		\$	4,173	\$	
Total liabilities	-		-		3,063		250		-		4,173		-
Fund balances: Nonspendable - inventory Restricted, reported in: Special revenue funds	2,770 7,487		- 10,949		- -		- -		-		-		-
Total fund balance	10,257		10,949								_		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10.257	\$	10.949	\$	3.063	\$	250	\$	-	\$	4.173	\$	-

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

	S	un Safety 28146	Fue	l up to Play 60 29102	Spec	Total ial Revenue Funds
ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable Inventory, at cost	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	10,633 15,289 2,770
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28.692
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Due to other funds	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,486
Total liabilities	Ψ	-	_ Ψ	-	_ Ψ	7,486
Fund balances: Nonspendable - inventory Restricted, reported in:		-		-		2,770
Special revenue funds  Total fund balance		<u>-</u>	_		-	18,436 21,206
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	\$	28.692

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

**Special Revenue Funds** 

			اد	Jeciui	i veaeline i	ullus	•		
	d Service 21000	Athletics 22000	IDEA-B reschool 24109	pal Re	cher/Princi Training & ecruiting 24154	Acl	Rural ducation hievement Program 25233	\$ 2 GO Bond Student Library 27107	NM Highway Department 28120
Revenues: Charges for services State sources Federal sources	\$ 7,637 - 4,930	\$ 9,700 - -	\$ - - 3,189	\$	- 250 -	\$	- - 16,013	\$ - 4,173 -	\$ - 46,516 -
Total revenues	12,567	9,700	3,189		250		16,013	4,173	46,516
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction Instructional support Food services	- - 3,241	- 1	3,189		250		11,470 -	4,173	- -
Central services Capital outlay	 -	- -	 <u>-</u>		- -		4,543	<u>-</u>	- - 46,516
Total expenditures	3,241	1_	3,189		250		16,013	4,173	46,516
Net changes in fund balances Fund balance - beginning of	9,326 931	 9,699 1,250	 -		-		-	-	 - -
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 10.257	\$ 10.949	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$ 	\$ -

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

**Special Revenue Funds** 

	Special Revenue Funds												
	S	Sun Safety 28146	Fue	l up to Pla 29102	ıy 60		Total al Revenue Funds						
Revenues: Charges for services State sources Federal sources	\$	- 2,000 -	\$	-	139	\$	17,337 53,078 24,132						
Total revenues		2,000			139		94,547						
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction Instructional support Food services Central services Capital outlay		1,200 800 - -		- - - -	139		16,248 4,974 3,241 4,543 46,516						
Total expenditures		2,000			139		75,522						
Net changes in fund balances		-		-			19,025						
Fund balance - beginning				-			2,181						
Fund balance - end of year	\$	_	\$	-		\$	21.206						

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

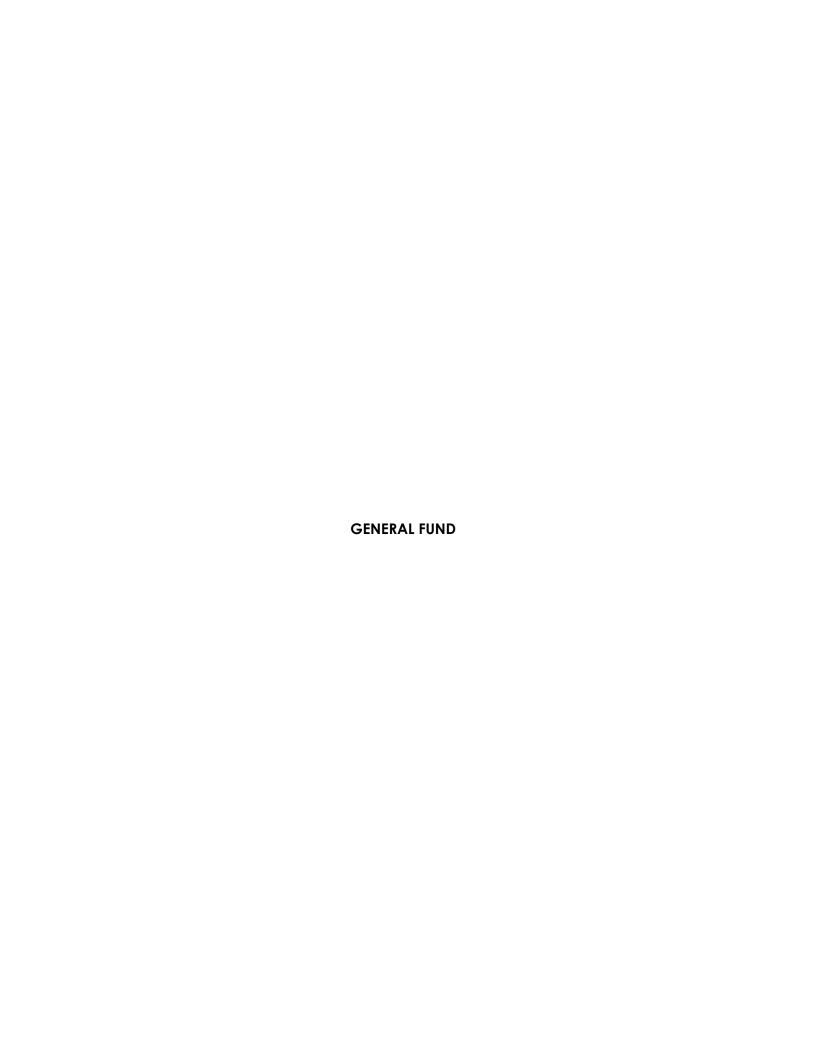
**EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY DEBT SERVICE (43000)** - To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. The resources of this fund are generated by a tax levy based upon property values.

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Tecl Deb	ucation hnology t Service 13000
ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable	\$	73,169 2,182
Total assets	\$	75,351
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES		
Deferred inflows: Property tax	\$	
Total deferred inflows		
Fund balances: Restricted, reported in: Retirement of long-term debt		75,351
Total fund balance		75,351
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	75.351

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Education Technology Debt Service 43000
Revenues: Property taxes Oil and gas taxes Cooper taxes	\$ 47,684 15,774 2,612
Total revenues	66,070
Expenditures: Current: Instructional support Debt service: Bond Interest	468 54,000 1,792
Total expenditures	56,260
Net changes in fund balances	9,810
Fund balance - beginning of year	65,541
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 75.351



# STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Or	perational 11000	Te	acherage 12000	Tro	nsportation 13000		structional Material 14000	Total
ASSETS  Cash  Accounts receivable  Due from other funds	\$	67,414 1,258 34,140	\$	28,555 685 -	\$	- 12,600 -	\$	- - -	\$ 95,969 14,543 34,140
Total assets	\$	102.812	\$	29.240	\$	12,600	\$	_	\$ 144.652
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	9,282	<u>\$</u>	164	\$	12,600	<u>\$</u>		\$ 22,046
Total liabilities		9,282		164		12,600		-	22,046
Fund balances: Unassigned, reported in: General fund		93,530		29,076		<u>-</u>			122,606
Total fund balances		93,530		29,076					 122,606
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$	102.812	\$	29,240	\$	12,600	\$		\$ 144,652

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	O <sub>I</sub>	perational 11000	icherage 12000	Trar	nsportation 13000	٨	tructional Naterial 14000		Total
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	27,394	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,394
Oil and gas taxes		9,185	-		-		-		9,185
Copper production taxes		1,522	-		-		-		1,522
Charges for services		2,530	25,117		-		-		27,647
State sources		1,360,616	-		174,887		1,020	1	,536,523
Earnings from investments		9,834	-		-		-		9,834
Miscellaneous		3,046	 						3,046
Total revenues		1,414,127	25,117		174,887		1,020	1	,615,151
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Direct instruction		570,487	-		-		1,020		571,507
Instructional support		395,240	-		-		-		395,240
Central services		152,036	-		-		-		152,036
Operation and maintenance		269,920	22,439		-		-		292,359
Food services		42,766	-		-		-		42,766
Transportation					176,872				176,872
Bonds									
Interest									
Total expenditures		1,430,449	22,439		176,872		1,020	1	,630,780
Net change in fund balance		(16,322)	2,678		(1,985)		_		(15,629)
Fund balance at beginning of year		109,852	 26,398		1,985				138,235
Fund balance at end of year	\$	93,530	\$ 29.076	\$	-	\$	-	\$	122,606

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS OPERATIONAL FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis	wii Bu Fav	riance th Final udget vorable uvorable)
Revenues: Taxes Oil and gas taxes Copper production Charges for services State sources Earnings from investments Miscellaneous	\$	42,000 2,984 1,333 - 1,173,397 925 8	\$	32,816 8,531 1,333 - 1,143,386 950 10	\$	26,136 9,185 1,522 2,530 1,360,616 9,834 3,046	\$	(6,680) 654 189 2,530 217,230 8,884 3,036
Total revenues		1,220,647		1,187,026		1,412,869		225,843
Expenditures: Current: Direct instruction Instruction support Central services Operation and maintenance Food services		566,691 312,199 87,087 231,266 20,224		573,827 398,946 204,600 277,823 44,148		561,205 395,240 152,036 269,920 42,766		12,622 3,706 52,564 7,903 1,382
Total expenditures	_	1,217,467	_	1,499,344		1,421,167		78,177
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,180		(312,318)	_	(8,298)		304,020
Other financial sources (uses) Designated cash		<u>-</u>			_			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-		-	_			-
Net change in fund balance		3,180		(312,318)		(8,298)		304,020
Fund balance - beginning of year		109,852		109,852		109,852		
Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GA Net changes in fund balance budgetar Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis			\$	(202.466)	\$ \$	(8,298) 1,258 (9,282) (16,322)	\$	304.020

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS TEACHERAGE FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual on Budgetary Basis		ariance ith Final sudget vorable avorable)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	32,437	\$	30,000	\$	24,432	\$	(5,568)
Total revenues	<u>·</u>	32,437	<u>-</u>	30,000		24,432	<u>·</u>	(5,568)
Expenditures: Current:								
Operation and maintenance		30,384		50,331		22,275		28,056
Total expenditures		30,384		50,331		22,275		28,056
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,053		(20,331)		2,157		22,488
Other financial sources (uses) Designated cash		-		-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		2,053		(20,331)		2,157		22,488
Fund balance - beginning of year		-		_		_		-
Fund balance - end of year	\$	2.053	\$	(20.331)	\$	2.157	\$	22.488
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GA Net changes in fund balance budgetar Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals					\$	2,157 685 (164 <u>)</u>		
Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis					\$	2,678		

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS TRANSPORTATION FUND

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis		w E Fa	ariance ith Final Budget vorable avorable)
Revenues: State sources	\$	162,605	\$	163,280	\$	162,287	\$	(993)
Total revenues		162,605		163,280		162,287		(993)
Expenditures: Current:								
Transportation		162,605	_	164,272	_	164,272		
Total expenditures		162,605		164,272		164,272		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				(992)		(1,985)		(993)
Other financial sources (uses) Designated cash		-						-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-		(992)		(1,985)		(993)
Fund balance - beginning of year						-		
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$	(992)	\$	(1.985)	\$	(993)
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GA Net changes in fund balance budgeta Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals					\$	(1,985) 12,600 (12,600)		
Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis					\$	(1,985)		

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

#### INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget	-	Actual on udgetary Basis	wi B Fa	ariance ith Final sudget vorable avorable)
Revenues: State sources	\$	1,171	\$	1,020	\$	1,020	\$	_
Total revenues	<u> </u>	1,171	<u>'</u>	1,020	<u>'</u>	1,020	<u>,                                      </u>	-
Expenditures:								
Current: Direct instruction		5,003		1,020		1,020		
Total expenditures		5,003		1,020		1,020		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,832)						
Other financial sources (uses) Designated cash								
Total other financing sources (uses)								-
Net change in fund balance		(3,832)		-		-		-
Fund balance - beginning of year								-
Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation of budgetary basis to G	\$ . A A D b	(3.832)	\$	_	\$		\$	
Net changes in fund balance budgeto Net revenue accruals Net expenditure accruals					\$	- - -		
Net changes in fund balance GAAP basis					\$	<u>-</u>		



## STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>June</u>	30, 2018	_	Additions		<u>Deletions</u>	_	<u>Transfers</u>	June	e 30, 2019
General Activity - 90000	\$	3,840	\$	9,668	\$	(7,823)	\$	_	\$	5,685
Year Book - 90001	т	859	т	495	т	(432)	т	_	т	922
FFA - 90002		3,759		10,406		(9,408)		-		4,757
Media - 90003		3,397		3,172		(5,571)		-		998
HC Roundup - 90004		539		11,396		(7,123)		-		4,812
Senior Class - 90005		373		1,270		(798)		-		845
Families - 90006		60		3,080		(3,136)		-		4
Paint the Town - 90008		5,525		-		-		-		5,525
5th & 6th Grade - 90009		172		121		(50)		-		243
3rd & 4th Grade - 90010		669		2,352		(1,579)		-		1,442
Arena - 90011		_		1,059		(129)		-		930
	\$	19,193	<u>\$</u>	43,019	<u>\$</u>	(36,049)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	26,163

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL JUNE 30, 2019

#### Farmers and Stockmens

Description of Pledge Collateral	_	rket Ilue	Maturity Date	CUSIP#
Tiered Maturities				
FHLB FHLB	•	25,000 00,000	2/27/2020 6/30/2020	
Total	\$ 8	25.000		

Mosquero Municipal Schools secures their public monies in United States Securities as listed above. The Schools are in compliance as disclosed in Note 3.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2019

	Account Type	Amount Per Bank	Net Reconciling Items	Balance Per Books
Farmers and Stockman General Operational	Checking	\$ 1,521,166	\$ (80,418)	\$ 1,440,748
Total deposits		\$ 1,521,166	\$ (80,418)	\$ 1,440,748

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS CASH RECONCILIATION JUNE 30, 2019

	Or	perational 11000	Te	acherage 12000	Tre	ansportation 13000		Instructional Materials 14000		Food Service 21000		Athletics Account 22000		Non- Instructional 90000's		Federal Flowthrough 24000		Federal Direct 25000				
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$	109,091	\$	23,590	\$	1,985	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,250	\$	19,193	\$	(19,682)		(16,844)				
Cash receipts, 2018- 2019		1,413,629		25,117		174,887		1,020		12,567		9,700		43,019		16,567		27,251				
Cash disbursements, 2018-2019	(	1,421,166)	_	(20,152)		(176,872)	_	1,020	_	5,080	_	7,804		36,049	_	6,534		17,942				
Cash balance, June 30, 2019	\$	101.554	\$	28.555	\$		\$	-	\$	7.487	\$	3.146	\$	26.163	\$	(9.649)	\$	(7.535)				
	Flo	State owthrough 27000		Local / State 28000		Local / State 29000	с _	Cap. Impro. SB 9 31700 & 37101		Debt Service Fund 41000		Service Fund		Service Fund		Ed. Tech. Debt Service 43000		Total				
Cash, June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	170,873	\$	793,614	\$	64,230	\$	1,147,300								
Cash receipts, 2018- 2019		46,174		48,516		139		151,571		800,487		65,199	,	2,835,843								
Cash disbursements, 2018-2019		(63,130)		(48,516)		(139)		(150,981)	_	(530,750)	_	(56,260)	<u>(2</u>	2,393,537)								
Cash balance, June 30, 2019	\$	(16.956)	\$		\$	-	\$	171.463	\$	1.063.351	\$	73,169	\$	1.440.748								





Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner Tony Morán, CPA, Partner Christopher Salcido, CPA, Partner J. David Beasley, J.D., Partner

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Brian S. Colón, Esq. State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board of Directors of Mosquero Municipal Schools

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of Vaughn Municipal Schools (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and the combined and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. (2019-002)





Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies. (2019-001, 2019-003)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. (2018-004) (2018-014)

#### **Management Responses to Findings**

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blooky Mitchell & Co., LLP
Las Cruces, New Mexico
November 15, 2019

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

#### Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditors' report issued
2. Internal control over financial reporting:
a. Materials weaknesses identified?
b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?
c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?
None noted

2013-001 Budget Overruns Resolved 2016-003 Segregation of Duties Resolved 2017-002 Cafeteria Inventory Resolved 2017-003 Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Resolved Recorded on Books of Record or Public Education Department Quarterly Report 2017-004 Payment of Accrued Leave Resolved 2018-001 Variances on Bank Reconciliations Resolved 2018-002 Outstanding Balances Resolved 2018-003 Requests for Reimbursement for Special Resolved Revenue Grant Incorrect 2019-001 No Depreciation Policy Revised and Repeated 2018-005 Missing Rental Agreements Resolved 2018-006 Damage Deposit Not Charged Resolved 2018-007 Rents for Teacherages not Received Resolved 2018-008 Special Revenue Grant Revenues Recorded in Resolved 2018-009 Monies Received not Verified Resolved 2018-010 Accrued Leave Issues Resolved 2018-011 Contract Addendums Missing
2016-003 Segregation of Duties Resolved 2017-002 Cafeteria Inventory Resolved 2017-003 Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Resolved Recorded on Books of Record or Public Education Department Quarterly Report  2017-004 Payment of Accrued Leave Resolved 2018-001 Variances on Bank Reconciliations Resolved 2018-002 Outstanding Balances Resolved 2018-003 Requests for Reimbursement for Special Resolved Revenue Grant Incorrect 2019-001 No Depreciation Policy Revised and Repeated 2018-005 Missing Rental Agreements Resolved 2018-006 Damage Deposit Not Charged Resolved 2018-007 Rents for Teacherages not Received Resolved 2018-008 Special Revenue Grant Revenues Recorded in Resolved 2018-009 Monies Received not Verified Resolved 2018-010 Accrued Leave Issues
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2018-010 Accrued Leave Issues Resolved
2018-011 Contract Addendums Missing Resolved
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2018-012 Salary Schedule Not Used Resolved
2018-013 Receivable from Other Agency Resolved
2019-002 IRS Form 941 Incorrect Revised and
Repeated
2018-015 Payment Before Services are Rendered Resolved
2018-016 Charges to a Fund that Didn't Exist Resolved
2018-017 Stipends to Employers Resolved
2018-018 Money for Meals Resolved
2018-019 Violations of Anti- Donation Clause Resolved
2018-020 Old Outstanding Invoices Resolved
2018-021 1099 Forms Incomplete Resolved
2018-022 Utilities for Teacherages Resolved
2018-023 Late Audit Report Resolved
CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS Current status
2019-003 Per Diem New
2019-004 Capital Assets New
2019-005 Journal Entry Approval and Documentation New

### No Depreciation Policy (Finding That Did Not Rise to the Level of a Significant Deficiency) - 2019-001 (2018-004)

CONDITION	The	School	District	has	not	approved	а	depreciation	policy	/ SO

depreciation can be charged to capital assets according to Board approval. The District is working on implementing a depreciation policy that will be presented to the board at the next board

meeting.

**CRITERIA** The School District needs a depreciation policy so capital assets can

be depreciated according to Board policy. This is due to the

implementation of GASB 34.

CAUSE The School District has not approved a depreciation policy for

management to follow.

**EFFECT** Depreciation may be charged incorrectly because no set policy is in

place.

**RECOMMENDATION** The School District should approve and implement a depreciation

policy as soon as possible.

**RESPONSE** The superintendent will have a policy for the board to review in the

next board meeting. A depreciation policy will be reviewed and

implemented in fiscal year 19/20.

#### IRS Form 941 Incorrect (Other Non- Compliance) - 2019-002 (2018-014)

**CONDITION** Prior management had the Social Security maximum in the payroll

accounting software at an amount lower than was required. Because of this situation only one employee was affected (Superintendent). The amount withheld was incorrect. The difference was \$1,415 of which was returned by the IRS. This amount is still owed. Also, the W-2 filed for this employee is wrong for the calendar year 2017. The District has contracted accountants to help fix this issue.

**CRITERIA** According to the Social Security Administration the total maximum

amount for calendar year 2017 was \$127,000.

CAUSE Prior management did not ensure this table for Social Security

withholding purposes was changed.

**EFFECT** The School District owes the IRS \$1,415. There may also be penalties

and interests owed on this balance. The Superintendent's W-2 has

been filed incorrectly.

**RECOMMENDATION** The third and fourth quarter 941 reports need to be changed and

submitted to the IRS immediately. Also, the Superintendent's W-2

should be corrected and submitted immediately.

**RESPONSE** The Business Manager will resubmit a corrected w-2 and 941 to the IRS

as soon as possible. This has been corrected in the accounting

software by June 2019 and should not reoccur.

#### Per Diem (Significant Deficiency)- 2019-003

#### CONDITION

Six per diem requests were created, signed and authorized by superintendent for the superintendent travel reimbursement. 1 out of 8 samples for prior superintendent did not have proper supporting documentation.

#### **CRITERIA**

Section 2.42.29 NMAC -Upon written request of a public officer or an employee, agency heads may grant written approval for a public officer or employee of that agency or local public body to be reimbursed actual expenses in lieu of the per diem rate where overnight travel is required. The public officer or employee must submit receipts for the actual meal and lodging expenses incurred. Under circumstances where the loss of receipts would create a hardship, an affidavit from the officer or employee attesting to the expenses may be substituted for actual receipts. The affidavit must accompany the travel voucher and include the signature of the agency head or governing board.

**CAUSE** Lack of segregation of duties.

**EFFECT** Management is not compliant with Section 2.42.2.9 of NMAC and

risks disbursing funds for unauthorized travel expenses.

**RECOMMENDATION** School District should implement segregation of duties for request

and approval of per diem. Supporting documentation should be

required for every per diem request.

**RESPONSE** A change has been implemented, Business Manager reviews and

signs superintendent's travel reimbursement for authorization of

payment and visibly signs off on the travel.

#### Capital Assets (Material Weakness)- 2019-004

**CONDITION** An annual count was not completed, and the Trustees did not certify

the capital asset listing for June 30, 2019. The Capital Asset listing is

not updated perpetually and was not updated at year end.

CRITERIA As per section 2.20.1.8 of NMAC, agencies should implement

systematic and well-documented methods for accounting for their

fixed assets.

**CAUSE** Since a capital asset listing is only required to be certified once a

year, updating the list is often forgotten and may cause

discrepancies with beginning and year end totals.

**EFFECT** The actual value of the schools fixed assets was not reflected

correctly in fiscal year 2019 schedule of fixed assets.

**RECOMMENDATION** The school should keep track of fixed assets with appropriate controls

on access and authorization of transactions.

**RESPONSE** The school will ensure to keep an accurate track of fixed assets and

certify the list once a year by presenting it at the board meeting prior

to fiscal year end.

#### Adjusting Journal Entry Documentation (Significant Deficiency)- 2019-005

**CONDITION** 8 out of 10 journal entries tested contained only a memo describing

the adjustment as documentation.

**CRITERIA** Section 6-5-2, NMSA 1978, requires that the authority shall implement

internal accounting controls designed to prevent accounting errors and violations of state and federal laws and rules related to financial

matters.

CAUSE Management was not aware that all journal entries required

supporting documentation.

**EFFECT** Lack of documentation and incorrect accounting increases the risk

of potential errors and misstatements in the financial statements.

**RECOMMENDATION** Management should attach supporting documentation to all

adjusting entries.

**RESPONSE**Management will assure all adjusting journal entries have appropriate

supporting documentation.

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The financial statements of Mosquero Municipal Schools as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2019 were prepared by Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP, with the aid of responsible District personnel. Official responsible personnel agree that the presentations are made with their knowledge and agreement.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO MOSQUERO MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS EXIT CONFERENCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

An entrance conference was conducted October 22, 2019 in a closed meeting of the Mosquero Municipal School pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

#### Mosquero Municipal Schools

Johnna BruhnSuperintendentPat CopelandBusiness ManagerVictor R. VigilBoard President

#### Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Dahlia Garcia, CPA Audit Manager
Jesse Olivar Staff Auditor
Itza Sosa Staff Auditor

An exit conference was conducted November 4, 2019 in a closed meeting of the Mosquero Municipal School pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

#### Mosquero Municipal Schools

Johnna BruhnSuperintendentPat CopelandBusiness ManagerVictor R. VigilBoard President

#### Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Itza Sosa Staff Auditor Ashley Tierney Staff II Auditor