State of New Mexico

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS



FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

"We at Melrose Municipal School Strive to: Maximize Education, Leadership, Responsibility, Opportunity, & Success through Excellence enabling our students to become productive citizens."

RICE & ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS AUDIT REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019 (with Auditor's Report Thereon)

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO Melrose Municipal Schools Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2019

Board of Education

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

Mr. Joe Reed President

Mr. Barry Allen Vice-President

Mr. Tyler Belcher Secretary

Mr. Larry Devaney Member

Mr. Cedar Rush Member

School Officials

Mr. Jamie Widner Superintendent

Ms. Deanna Roach Business Manager

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

11805 Menaul NE

Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Brian Colon New Mexico State Auditor and Board of Education Melrose Municipal Schools Melrose, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the General, Title I and IDEA-B Entitlement Funds of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Melrose Municipal Schools basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Melrose Municipal Schools non-major governmental and fiduciary funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Title I and IDEA-B Entitlement Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major governmental and fiduciary funds of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the MD&A which is required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Schedules I and II and the notes to the Required Supplementary Information and also Schedules III and IV be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Melrose Municipal Schools financial statements, the combining and the individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. The Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification and Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification and the Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification and Schedule of

Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds fairly states, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2019 on our consideration of the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Paralessietie Coll.

August 22, 2019



STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Statement 1 Page 1 of 2

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash	\$	791,825			
Accounts receivable		7,327			
Due from grantor		85,879			
Inventory		2,588			
Total current assets		887,619			
Non-current assets					
Land (non-depreciable)		91,672			
Captial assets (depreciable)		12,172,868			
Less accumulated depreciation		(10,682,192)			
Total non-current assets		1,582,348			
Total assets		2,469,967			
Deferred outflows of resources					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		1,839,088			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		82,368			
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,921,456			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,391,423			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

LIABILITIES

Statement 1 Page 2 of 2

Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ -
Current portion of long-term liabilities	100,000
Total current liabilities	100,000
Long-term obligations:	
Net pension liability	7,039,668
OPEB liability	1,719,774
Compensated absences	-
Non-current portion of long-term liabilities	450,000
Total long-term liabilities	9,209,442
Total liabilities	9,309,442
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to Net Pension Liability	133,976
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB liability	444,358
Total deferred inflows of resources	578,334
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,032,348
Cafeteria fund (inventory)	2,588
Capital outlay	324,124
Debt service	127,725
State mandated reserves	3,233
Special grants	55,665
Unrestricted	(7,042,036)
Total net position	(5,496,353)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	
and net position	\$ 4,391,423

Statement 2

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Net					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	(Expenses) Revenue and Changes Net Position		
EXPENSES: Governmental activities: Direct instruction Instructional support Food services Depreciation - unallocated Interest on long-term obligations	\$ 2,881,960 1,441,702 136,368 270,531 	\$ 28,572 - 20,585 - -	\$ 165,052 273,773 77,939	\$ - 29,355 - - -	\$ (2,688,336) (1,138,574) (37,844) (270,531) (21,867)		
Total governmental activities	4,752,428	49,157	516,764	29,355	(4,157,152)		
General revenues: Taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for capital projects Property taxes, levied for debt service Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purpose					16,294 67,603 128,088		
General					2,876,457		
Interest					4,165		
Sub-total, general revenues					3,092,607		
Change in net position					(1,064,545)		
Net position - beginning of year					(4,431,808)		
Net position - end of year					\$ (5,496,353)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Balance Sheet - All Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		General		Title I		IDEA-B Entitlement	ı	Capital mprovements SB-9	ln	Local Capital nprovements SB-9		Debt Service		Other rernmental		Total
ASSETS Cash on deposit	\$	305,969	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	323,572	\$	126,671	\$	35,613	\$	791,825
Accounts receivable,	Ψ	303,303	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	323,372	Ψ	120,071	Ψ	33,013	Ψ	791,023
collectible		128		_		-		-		552		1,054		5,593		7,327
Due from grantor		-		18,101		30,341		28,155		-		, -		9,282		85,879
Due from other funds		85,879		-		-		-		-		-		-		85,879
Inventory, at cost		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,588		2,588
Total assets	<u> </u>	391,976	<u> </u>	18,101	\$	30,341	\$	28,155	\$	324,124	\$	127,725	\$	53,076	\$	973,498
Total accord	<u>*</u>	001,010	<u>*</u>	10,101	<u>*</u>	33,311	<u>*</u>	20,.00	<u>*</u>	<u> </u>	Ť	.2.,.20	<u> </u>	00,010	<u>*</u>	0.0,.00
LIABILITIES																
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	18,101	\$	30,341	\$	28,155	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,282	\$	85,879
Accounts payable						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>						<u> </u>
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		18,101		30,341		28,155		<u>-</u>				9,282		85,879
FUND BALANCE																
Nonspendable		_		_		-		-		-		_		2,588		2,588
Restricted for:																
Special revenue grants		14,459		-		-		-		-		-		41,206		55,665
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		324,124		-		-		324,124
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		127,725		-		127,725
State mandated cash reserves		3,233		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,233
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		_		_		-
Unassigned		374,284								<u>-</u>	_					374,284
Total fund balance		391,976				<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		324,124		127,725		43,794		887,619
Total liabilites and fund balance	\$	391,976	\$	18,101	\$	30,341	\$	28,155	\$	324,124	\$	127,725	¢	53,076	\$	072 409
iunu balance	<u> </u>	391,976	Ψ	10,101	Φ	30,341	D	∠0,135	Þ	324,124	φ	121,125	Ф	53,076	Ψ	973,498

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds \$887,619

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

The cost of capital assets 12,264,540
Accumulated depreciation (10,682,192)

1,582,348

Statement 4

Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred outflows/inflows 1,705,112

Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to OPEB are applicable to furure periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred outflows/inflows (361,990)

Long-term and certain other liabilities, including bonds payable and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Longterm and other liabilities at year-end consist of:

 Net pension liability
 (7,039,668)

 Net OPEB liability
 (1,719,774)

 Bonds Payable
 (550,000)

Total net position - governmental funds \$ (5,496,353)

127,725

43,794

887,619

324,124

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

Local Capital Capital IDEA-B Improvements Improvements Debt Other General Title I Entitlement SB-9 SB-9 Service Governmental Total REVENUES Property taxes \$ 16.294 - \$ \$ \$ 67.603 \$ 128,088 \$ - \$ 211,985 Charges for services 49,157 49,157 Local sources 38,793 1,398 40,191 State sources 3,117,556 28,155 7,672 3,153,383 42,332 65,933 120,737 Federal sources 229,002 Earnings from investments 3,796 369 4,165 128,457 Total revenues 3,176,439 42,332 65,933 28,155 67,603 178,964 3,687,883 **EXPENDITURES** Current: Direct instruction 1,557,799 42,332 51,049 74,772 1,725,952 Instructional support 1,347,681 14,884 76,509 1,281 1,347 1,441,702 Food services 28,427 107,941 136,368 12,269 Capital outlay 28,155 21,949 19,999 82,372 Debt service: Bonds 95.000 95.000 Interest 21,867 21,867 Total expenditures 2,946,176 42,332 65,933 28,155 98,458 118,148 204,059 3,503,261 230,263 10,309 Net change in fund balance (30,855)(25,095)184,622 Fund balance beginning of year 354,979 68,889 702,997 161,713 117,416

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

391,976

Fund balance end of year

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement 6

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

184,622

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period

Depreciation expense (270,531)
Capital outlays 82,373

Excess of depreciation expense over capital outlay

(188, 158)

Governmental funds report School district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expenses

Pension contributions 247,037
Pension expense (1,431,644)
OPEB contributions 35,545
OPEB expense (6,947)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to government funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds

Proceeds of bond issue Repayment of long-term debt 95,000

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (1,064,545)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	15,509	\$	15,509	\$ 16,291	\$	782	
Charges for services Local sources		9,480		9,480	38,693		29,213	
State sources		2,879,021		3,119,195	3,117,556		(1,639)	
Federal sources		-		-	-		-	
Earnings from investments		2,000		2,000	 3,796		1,796	
Total revenues	\$	2,906,010	\$	3,146,184	\$ 3,176,336	\$	30,152	
EXPENDITURES								
Direct instruction	\$	1,579,668	\$	1,655,572	\$ 1,557,799	\$	97,773	
Instructional support		1,422,609		1,591,231	1,359,951		231,280	
Food services		39,979		60,979	 28,427		32,552	
Total expenditures	\$	3,042,256	<u>\$</u>	3,307,782	\$ 2,946,177	\$	361,605	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	136,246	\$	161,598				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Title I Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES Federal sources	\$	42,679	\$	49,818	\$	34,627	\$	(15,191)	
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	42,679	<u>\$</u>	49,818	<u>\$</u>	34,627	<u>\$</u>	(15,191)	
EXPENDITURES Direct instruction	\$	42,679	\$	49,818	\$	42,332	\$	7,486	
Total expenditures	\$	42,679	\$	49,818	<u>\$</u>	42,332	\$	7,486	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) IDEA-B Entitlement Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	•	ginal dget		Final Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable ıfavorable)
REVENUES Federal sources	\$		\$	75,248	\$	51,085	\$	(24,163)
Total revenues	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	75,248	<u>\$</u>	51,085	<u>\$</u>	(24,163)
EXPENDITURES Direct instruction Instructional support	\$	- <u>-</u>	\$	58,874 16,374	\$	51,049 14,884	\$	7,825 1,490
Total expenditures	\$		\$	75,248	\$	65,933	\$	9,315

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds June 30, 2019

ASSETS		
Cash	<u>\$</u>	90,172
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	90,172
LIABILITIES		
Deposits held for others	\$	90,172
Total Liabilities	\$	90,172

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Melrose Municipal Schools (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Melrose Municipal Schools School Board was created under the provision of Chapter 22, Article 5, Paragraph 4, New Mexico Statutes 1978 to provide public education for the children within the District. The School Board is authorized to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of New Mexico and the regulations of the State Board of Education and the Legislative Finance Committee. The School Board is comprised of five members who are elected for terms of four years.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the District is considered a *primary government*, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the District may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify is own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The District also has no *component units* as defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as there are no other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the District has a significant relationship.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The funds of the District are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types.

Governmental Funds

Under the requirements of GASB 34, the District is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following (in addition to the General Fund):

<u>General Fund</u> - the primary operating fund of the District accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Fund - Title I</u> - the Title I project provides remedial instruction in the language arts for educationally deprived students in low income areas. The project is funded by the Federal government through the New Mexico State Department of Education under the elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title I, Chapter 1, Part A, 20 U.S.C. 2701 et Seq.

<u>Special Revenue Fund - IDEA-B Entitlement</u> - To account for resources for the operation and maintenance of meeting special education needs of children with disabilities. Financing and authority is the Individual With Disabilities Act, Part B, Sec. 611, as amended; Public Law 105-17.

<u>Capital Projects Fund - Capital Improvements - SB-9</u> - to account for monies received under NMSA 1978 22-25-9, a State match distribution that was imposed as a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act for the purpose of building, remodeling and equipping classroom facilities.

<u>Capital Projects Fund - Local Capital Improvements SB-9</u> - To account for resources received through local tax levies obtained for the purpose of building, remodeling, and equipping classroom facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund - Debt Service</u> - To account for resources for the purpose of paying general obligation bonds and interest coupons. Funds are received from property taxes levied against property located within the school district and levied specifically for this purpose.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. These agency funds are as follows:

 $\underline{\text{School Activity Fund}}$ - accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

The District also reports additional Governmental funds as non-major. They include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - these funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the Statement of Activities. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Any effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet.

Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

REVENUES

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes) are susceptible to full accrual on the government wide financial statements. Property tax revenues recognize revenues net of estimated refunds and uncollectible accounts in the period for which the taxes are levied. Total delinquent property taxes are not available from the County Treasurers for the current year.

<u>Entitlements and shared revenues</u> (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

<u>Sales and use taxes</u> (which include oil/gas taxes and equipment taxes) are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the District and are recognized as revenue at that time.

EXPENDITURES

<u>Salaries</u> are recorded as paid. Salaries for nine-month employees are paid prior to the end of the fiscal year and therefore not accrued.

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Transfers between funds are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, etc.) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis inconsistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). These budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons for the various funds in this report are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 15, (unless a later date is fixed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction) the local school board submits to the School Budget Planning Unit (SBPU) of the New Mexico Department of Education an estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets submitted to the State Department of Education (SDE) by the school district shall contain headings and details as prescribed by law.
- Prior to June 20, of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the SBPU and certified and approved by the local school board at a public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixes the estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The "operating" budget will be used by the District until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the SBPU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally into the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element of control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 4. The District shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the SBPU.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

- 5. No school board or officer or employee of a school district shall make any expenditures or incur any obligation for the expenditure of public funds unless such expenditure or contractual obligation is made in accordance with an operating budget approved by the division, but this does not prohibit the transfer of funds between line items within a series of a budget.
- Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement 1 (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the school district and approved by the SBPU.
- 7. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.
- 8. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget of Melrose Municipal Schools has been amended during the current fiscal year in accordance with these procedures. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflects the approved budget and amendments thereto.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at the fiscal year end and are therefore not included as a reservation of fund balance. Authorization for the eventual expenditure will be included in the following years budget appropriations.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1. Cash & Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The District is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, Paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

2. Investments

All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the District may be invested in:

- (a) Bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or school district which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within the last five years preceding; or
- (b) Securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government.
- (c) In contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with investments.

If the District is unable to receive payment on public money at the rate of interest set forth by the State Board of Finance (which is no less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of the deposit) from financial institutions within the geographic boundaries of the governmental unit, the District may invest its money with the New Mexico State Treasurer's short-term investment pool.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded in the various governmental funds. They consist of amounts receivable from local governments relating to various grant agreements and property taxes receivable. The information required to report property taxes at full accrual was not available during the year.

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

	<u>Ge</u>	<u>neral</u>	Other <u>Major</u>	Other ernmental	<u>Total</u>
Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$	128	\$ 1,606 76,597	\$ - 14,875	\$ 1,734 91,472
Other	\$	128	\$ 78,203	\$ 14,875	\$ 93,206

4. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable are recorded in the various funds. There was \$0 payable to suppliers at the end of the year.

5. Inventories

Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists of purchased food and non-food items and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities. Commodities are shown at the USDA procurement cost. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are used (consumption method). Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. The District receives USDA Commodities for use in sponsoring the National School Lunch and Breakfast programs. The value of commodities received and reported in the Cafeteria Fund totaled \$6,644.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (with no salvage value). Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The District does not capitalize interest in regards to its capital assets.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	40 years
Buildings & building improvements	40 years
Furniture & equipment	10 years
Auto/Vehicle	10 years
Computer equipment	3 years

GASB Statement 34 requires the recording and depreciation of infrastructure assets, which include roads, bridges, traffic signals, etc. The District did not own any infrastructure assets.

The District does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless they exceed the \$5,000 threshold. Also, the District does not capitalize library books unless they exceed the \$5,000 threshold.

7. Compensated Absences

Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

The District does not allow employees to earn or accumulate any vacation leave during the year. Thus, there is no compensated absence liability reported on the government-wide financial statements.

8. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (School District ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the School District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party - such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposed specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the School District Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the School District Board, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board or a School District official delegated that authority by the School District Board or ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

9. Restricted Net Position

The governmental activities financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net positions are categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This category reflects the portion of net position that are associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net position - This category reflects the portion of net position that have third party limitations on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - This category reflects net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purposes.

The District's policy is to apply restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

(measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding deferred inflow of resources. The School District has two types of items, which arise due to the implementation of GASB 68 and the related net pension liability. Accordingly, the items, net difference between expected and actual earnings and change in assumptions, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

11. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resourcees, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The School District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, change in proportion and employer contributions subsequent to measurement date, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as outflows of resources the next period.

12. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Board (ERB) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERB, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

American Heritage Bank	Operational Athletics Activity FTD Debt Service Money Market Certificate of Deposit	\$ 182,919 6,169 9,528 3,407 62 867,550 17,196
Total		<u>\$1,086,831</u>
New Mexico Finance Authority		<u>\$ 95</u>
Total amount on deposit Outstanding checks Deposit in transit Rounding		\$1,086,926 (205,449) -
Total per financial statements		<u>\$ 881,996</u>

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the School Districts deposits was \$881,996 and the bank balance was \$1,086,831. Of this balance \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$836,831 was covered by collateral. The remaining \$418,416 is comprised of amounts in excess of those required to be collateralized under State law.

Cash on deposit at June 30 Less F.D.I.C.	\$1,086,831 (250,000)
Uninsured Funds 50% Collateral Requirement	836,831 418,416
Pledged Collateral	1,165,000
Excess of Pledged Collateral	<u>\$ 746,584</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). As of June 30, \$836,831 of the School's bank balance of \$1,086,831 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Α.	Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -
B.	Uninsured and collateralized with	
	Securities held by the pledging	
	banks trust department, not in the	
	Schools name	836,831
	Total	\$ 836.831

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the schools Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate.

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the School District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution.

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district, or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. The collateral pledged is shown as follows:

Texas Independent Bank <u>Dallas, TX</u>	Maturity Date	Fair Market Value
Brago Sport TX #10624NDV3 (Revenue Bonds) Ranger College TX #75282RAR	02-15-36	\$ 515,000
(Revenue Bonds)	02-15-33	650,000
		<u>\$ 1,165,000</u>

As of June 30, the School District had the following cash and investments:

Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Maturities</u>
Checking accounts	<u>\$1,165,000</u>	Less than 6 months

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy limits the School District's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

The amount held at the New Mexico Finance Authority totaling \$95 is collateralized within the NMGA guidelines. This information is not available by the individual Agency but the financial statements for the NMFA are available by writing to New Mexico Finance Authority, 207 Shelby Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets balances and activity for the year ended June 30, are as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2018</u> <u>Additions</u>		<u>Delections</u>	Balance July 1, 2019
Governmental activities:				
Land	\$ 91,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,672
Total not being depreciated	91,672			91,672
Land improvements	9,000	-	_	9,000
Buildings and improvements	11,375,927	-	-	11,375,927
Vehicles	494,357	47,262	(16,838)	524,781
Equipment/software	228,050	35,110		263,160
Total	12,107,334	82,372	(16,838)	12,172,868
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(9,000)	-	-	(9,000)
Buildings and improvements	(9,901,713)	(213,490)	-	(10,115,203)
Vehicles	(347,695)	(34,877)	16,838	(365,734)
Equipment/software	(170,091)	(22,164)		(192,255)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,428,499)	(270,531)	16,838	(10,682,192)
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,678,835	(188,159)	_	1,490,676
Net capital assets	\$ 1,770,507	\$ (188,159)	\$ -	\$ 1,582,348

The School District has no infrastructure as of June 30. Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Unallocated	<u>\$ 270,531</u>
Total depreciation	\$ 270,531

4. <u>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Assets:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 645,000	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 95,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 100,000
Total	<u>\$ 645,000</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ 95,000	<u>\$ 550,000</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Debt Service Funds.

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the district for the year ended June 30:

\$ 645,000
(95,000)
<u> </u>

General obligation bonds payable, June 30, 2019 <u>\$ 550,000</u>

The details of the bond issues and the remaining retirement schedule are summarized below. The bonds were issued for the purpose of erecting, furnishing, remodeling and making additions to school buildings and improving school grounds. For the purpose of providing the necessary funds to meet the interest and principal as they become due, there is annually assessed, levied, and collected a tax upon all of the taxable property within the school district.

Original amount: \$1,100,000

Dated: May 13, 2012

Principal payable: \$1,100,000 Interest rates: 1.388% to 3.859%

Retirement schedule:

Year Ending	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
6/30/20	\$100,000	\$18,653
6/30/21	105,000	15,030
6/30/22	110,000	10,998
6/30/23	115,000	6,756
6/30/24	120,000	2,315
	<u>\$ 550,000</u>	<u>\$53,752</u>

B. Short-Term Liabilities

The District did not have any short-term liabilities during the fiscal year.

5. <u>REVENUES</u>

A. Property Tax Levies

The School District's property taxes are levied each year on the assessed valuation of property located in the School District as of the preceding January 1st. Mill levy rates are set by the State of New Mexico each year for the General Fund and SB-9 Capital Improvement Fund. Taxes are payable in two equal

installments on November 10 and April 10 following the levy and become delinquent after 30 days. Taxes on real property are liens on the property on January 1 of the year for which the taxes are imposed.

B. State Equalization Guarantee

Each school district in the State of New Mexico receives a "state equalization guarantee distribution" which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined" (in Chapter 22, Section 8-25, NMSA 1978) "is at least equal to the school district's program cost."

A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using "program units" which take into consideration (1) early childhood education; (2) basic education; (3) special education; (4) bilingual-multi cultural education; (5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the chief (director of public school finance). The District received \$2,876,457 state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

C. Transportation Distribution

Money in the transportation distribution of the public school fund shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in the grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. Except in unusual circumstances as determined by the local school board and confirmed by the state transportation director, midday bus routes for early childhood education students shall not be approved for funding in excess of twenty miles one way.

Money in the vocational education transportation distribution of the public school fund is used for the purpose of making payments to school districts for transportation of students to and from their regular attendance centers and the place where vocation education programs are being offered, pursuant to Section 22-16-4.1 (NMSA 1978) of the Act. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district according to an objective formula developed by the state transportation director and the director of public school finance.

In the event the sum of the proposed transportation allocations to each school district exceeds the amounts in the transportation distribution, each school district to receive an allocation shares in a reduction in the proportion that each school district's forty-day average daily membership bears to the forty-day average daily membership of all school districts to receive allocations.

Local school boards shall negotiate school bus contracts in accordance with regulations promulgated by the state transportation director with the approval of the State Board of Education.

Local school boards, with the approval of the state transportation director, may provide additional transportation services pursuant to Section 22-16-2 NMSA 1978 to meet established program needs.

The District received \$233,633 in transportation distribution during the year ended June 30, 2018.

D. SB-9 State Match

The Director shall distribute to any school district that has imposed a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978) an amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimated to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary.

The District received \$27,495 in state SB-9 matching during the year ended June 30.

E. Public School Capital Outlay

Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, a public school capital outlay fund was created. The money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program, and the capital outlay expenditures are limited to the purchase, or construction of temporary or permanent classrooms.

The council shall approve an application for grant assistance from the fund when the council determines that:

- 1. A critical need exists requiring action;
- 2. The residents of the school district have provided all available resources to the district to meet its capital outlay requirements;

- 3. The school district has used its resources in a prudent manner.
- 4. The District is in a county or counties which have participated in the reappraisal program and the reappraised values are on the tax rolls, or will be used for the tax year 1979 as certified by the property tax division; and
- 5. The school district has provided insurance for buildings of the school district in accordance with the provisions of Section 13-5-3 NMSA 1978.

The council shall consider all applications for assistance from the fund and after public hearing shall either approve or deny the application. Applications for grant assistance shall only be accepted by the council after a district has complied with the

provisions of this section. The council shall list all applications in order of priority and all allocations shall be made on a priority basis.

Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the Department of Finance and Administration on vouchers signed by the Secretary of Finance and Administration following certification by the council that the application has been approved.

During the year ended June 30, the District received \$0 in special capital outlay funds.

F. Instructional Materials

The New Mexico State Department of Education (Department) received federal mineral leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, seventy percent is restricted to the requisition of materials listed in the State Board of Education "State Adopted Instructional Material" list, while thirty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors. Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, Districts received their total allocation at the beginning of the fiscal year, instead of being reimbursed for purchases as was done in the prior year. During the year ended June 30, the District received \$7,466 in instructional materials allocation.

G. Federal Grants

The District receives revenues from various Federal departments (both direct and indirect) which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operated under its own budget, which has been approved by the Federal Department or the flow-through agency (usually the New Mexico Department of Education). The various budgets are approved by the Local School Board and the New Mexico Department of Education.

The District also receives reimbursement under the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs for its food service operations, and distributions of commodities through the New Mexico Human Services Department.

6. <u>CASH OVERDRAFTS</u>

The cash overdrafts shown in some federal, state and local projects in the special revenue fund represent expenditures made by the District which will be reimbursed by the grantor. Receivables from the grantor are presented to off-set these overdrafts.

7. REGION VI EDUCATION COOPERATIVE

Certain special revenue (federal) funds of the District were administered by the Region VI Education Cooperative in Portales, New Mexico. The purpose of the REC is to allow the submission of a consolidated application to the State Department of Education for certain funds granted to the State of New Mexico by the United States Department of Education.

There are ten schools that participate in the REC, they include Dora, Elida, Fort Sumner, Grady, House, Logan, Melrose, San Jon and Texico. The agreement became effective on July 1, 1995 and is to remain in effect until the end of any fiscal year during which the school gives notice of intent to terminate.

These funds are audited separately by another IPA. That report may be obtained by writing to: Regional Education Cooperative No. 6, 1500 South Avenue K, Station 9, Portales, NM 88130.

8. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

	<u>General</u>	<u>Title I</u>	IDEA-B Entitlement
Revenues per modified accrual basis Receivables Deferred revenues/Due from grantor	\$ 3,176,439 (103)	\$ 42,332 - (7,705)	\$ 65,933 - (14,848)
Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 3,176,336	\$ 34,627	\$ 51,085
Expenditures per modified accrual basis Accounts payable Inventory	2,946,176 - \$ -	42,332 - -	65,933 - <u>\$</u>
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 2,946,176	\$ 42,332	\$ 65,933

9. INSURANCE COVERAGE

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; and injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District, as a New Mexico Public School, is insured through he New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). Annual premiums are paid by the District to NMPSIA for coverage provided in the following areas:

Workers Compensation Property and Automobile Liability and Physical Damage Liability and Civil Rights and Personal Injury Contract School Bus Coverage; and Crime

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The school is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The school carries insurance for all risks listed above.

11. PENSION-PLAN - EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The New Mexico Educational Retirement Act (ERA) was enacted in 1957. The act created the Educational Employees Retirement Plan (Plan) and, to administer it, the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (NMERB). The Plan is included in NMERB's comprehensive annual financial report. The report can be found on NMERB's Website at: https://www.nmerb.org/Annual reports.html.

The Plan is a cost-sharing, multi-employer pension plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and state agencies providing educational programs. Additional tenets of the ERA can be found in Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended.

The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The ERA assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board); the state legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates and other terms of the Plan. NMERB is self-funded through investment income and Educational employer contributions. The Plan does not receive General Fund Appropriations from the State of New Mexico.

All accumulated assets are held by the Plan in trust to pay benefits, including refunds of contributions as defined in the terms of the Plan. Eligibility for membership in the Plan is a condition of employment, as defined Section 22-11-2, NMSA 1978. Employees of public schools, universities, colleges, junior colleges, technical-vocational institutions, state special schools, charter schools, and state agencies providing an educational program, who are employed more than 25% of

a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan, unless specifically excluded.

Benefits provided. A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: (1) the member's final average salary (FAS), (2) the number of years of service credit, and (3) a 0.0235 multiplier. The FAS is the average of the member's salaries for the last five years of service or any other consecutive five-year period, whichever is greater.

Summary of Plan Provisions for Retirement Eligibility - For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs:

- the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum or 75 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or
- The member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on, or after, July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013, or at any time prior to July 1, 2010 refunded all member contributions and then becomes re-employed after July 1, 2010 is as follows:

- The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or
- The member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

Section 2-11-23.2 NMSA 1978 added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2013, or who were employed before July 1, 2013 but terminated employment and subsequently withdrew all contributions, and returned to work for an ERB employer on or after July 1, 2013. These members must meet one of the following requirements.

- The member's minimum age is 55, and has earned 30 or more years of service credit. Those who retire earlier than age 55, but with 30 years of earned service credit will have a reduction in benefits to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 55.
- The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit will receive reduced retirement benefits.

The member's age is 67, and has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Form of Payment - The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary.

Benefit Options - The Plan has three benefit options available.

- Option A Straight Life Benefit The single life annuity option has no reductions to the monthly benefit, and there is no continuing benefit due to a beneficiary of estate, except the balance, if any, of member contributions plus interest less benefits paid prior to the member's death.
- Option B Joint 100% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.
- Option C Joint 50% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the reduced 50% benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

Disability Benefit - An NMERB member is eligible for disability benefits if they have acquired at least ten years of earned service credit and is found totally disabled. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) multiplied by the number of years of total service credits. However, the disability benefit shall not be less than the smaller of (a) one-third of the member's FAS or (b) 2% of the member's FAS multiplied by total years of service credit projected to age 60.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) - All retired members and beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic adjustment to their benefit each July 1 following the later of 1) the year a member retires, or 2) the year the member reaches age 65 (Tier 1 and Tier 2) or age 67 (Tier 3).

 Tier 1 membership is comprised of employees who became members prior to July 1, 2010

- Tier 2 membership is comprised of employees who became members after July 1, 2010, but prior to July 1, 2013
- Tier 3 membership is comprised of employees who became members on or after July 1, 2013

As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA is immediately reduced until the plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction is based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.5%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.7%.

Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

Refund of Contributions - Members may withdraw their contributions only when they terminate covered employment in the State and their former employer(s) certification determination has been received by NMERB. Interest is paid to members when they withdraw their contributions following termination of employment at a rate set by the Board. Interest is not earned on contributions credited to accounts prior to July 1, 1971, or for contributions held for less than one year.

Contributions - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 educational employers contributed to the Plan based on the following rate schedule.

Fiscal Year	Date Range	Wage Category	Member Rate	Employer Rate	Combined Rate	Increase Over Prior Year
2019	7-1-18 to 6-30-19	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%	0.00%
2019	7-1-18 to 6-30-19	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%	0.00%
2018	7-1-17 to 6-30-18	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%	0.00%
2018	7-1-17 to 6-30-18	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%	0.00%

The contribution requirements are established in statute under chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the New Mexico Legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the School District paid employee and employer contributions of \$433,977 and \$401,193 which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$7,039,668 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total pension

liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The roll-forward incorporates the impact of the new assumptions adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017. There were no other significant events or changes in benefit provision that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating education institutions at June 30, 2018 actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.06532% which was an increase of 0.00744% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized pension expense of \$1,256,624. At June 30, 2019, the Melrose Municipal School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources.

	Out	ferred flows of sources	In	eferred Iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,138	\$	133,976
Changes of assumptions	1,450,842			-
Net difference between projected And actual earnings on pension plan Investments		15,584		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		120,487		-
Employer contributions Subsequent to the measurement date		247 <u>,037</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$1,</u>	<u>839,088</u>	\$	<u>133,976</u>

\$247,037 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ 899,725
2020	553,709
2021	4,436
2022	205
2023	0
Thereafter	0

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation

2.50%

Salary Increases

3.25% composed of 2.50% inflation, plus a 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus a step-rate promotional increase for members with less than 10 years of service.

Investment Rate of Return

7.25% compounded annually, net of expenses. This is made up of a 2.50% inflation rate and a 4.75% real rate of return.

Average of Expected Remaining Service Lives

Fiscal year	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Service life in years	3.35	3.77	3.92	3.88

Mortality

Healthy males: Based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with White Collar adjustments, no set back generational mortality improvements with Scale BB from the tables base year of 2000.

Healthy females: Based on GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.

Disabled males: Based on RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males, set back three years, projected to 2016 with Scale BB.

Disabled females: Based on RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females, no set back, projected to 2016 with Scale BB.

Active members: Based on RP-2000 Employee Mortality Tables, with males set back two years and scaled at 80%, and females set back five years and scaled at 70%. Static mortality improvement from the table's base year of 2000 to the year 2016 in accordance with Scale BB. No future improvement was assumed for pre-retirement mortality.

Retirement Age

Experience-based table rates based on age and service, adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year experience study for the period ending June 30, 2016.

Cost-of-living increases

1.90% per year, compounded annually; increases deferred until July 1 following the year a member retires, or the year in which a member attains the age of 65 (67 for Tier 3), whichever is later or, for disabled retirees, until July 1 of the third year following retirement.

Payroll growth

3.00% per year (with no allowance for membership growth).

Contribution accumulation

The accumulated member account balance with interest is estimated at the valuation date by assuming that member contributions increased 5.50% per year for all years prior to the valuation date. Contributions are credited with 4.00% interest, compounded annually, applicable to the account balances in the past as well as the future.

Disability Incidence

Approved rates applied to eligible members with at least 10 years of service.

The actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Plan's Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, the Board adopted several assumption changes, which included a decrease in the annual wage inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block which includes the following:

- Rate of return projections that are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in place (valuations, defaults, etc.)
- Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.)
- Structual themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.) developed for each major asset class.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Equities Fixed income Alternatives Cash	33% 26% 40% <u>_1</u> %	
Total	<u>100</u> %	<u>7.25</u> %

Discount rate - A single discount rate of 5.69% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30. This rate is .21% less than the 5.90% discount rate used for June 30, 2017.

The June 30, 2018 single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2050. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the 2050 fiscal year, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

The projections of cash flows used to determine the June 30, 2018 single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the Melrose Municipal School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.69%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.69%) or one percentage point higher (6.69%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	<u>(4.69%)</u>	(5.69%)	<u>(6.69%)</u>
Melrose Municipal School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,148,872	\$ 7,039,668	\$ 5,318,689

Pension plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued NMERB's financial reports. The reports can be found on NMERB's website at:https://www.nmerb.org/Annual_reports.html.

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

General Information about the OPEB

Plan Description - Employees of the School District are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico. NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits provided. The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At June 30, 2018, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership Current retirees and surviving spouses Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit Current active members	\$ 51,205 11,471 <u>93,349</u>
A ative we are be a rate in	<u>\$156,025</u>
Active membership State general	\$ 19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	17,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	<u>48,756</u>
	\$ 93,349

Contributions - Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the School District were \$35,545 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$1,719,774 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.03955%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$7,634. At June 30, 2019 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		rred ows of urces	<u>In</u>	eferred flows of <u>esources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	101,822
Changes of assumptions		-		321,074
Differences between actual and projected earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		21,462
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	46	5,823		-
Contributions made after the measurement date	35	5 <u>,545</u>		_
Total	<u>\$ 82</u>	<u> 2,368</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>444,358</u>

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$35,545 represent School District's contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	\$ (102,982)
2021	(102,982)
2022	(102,982)
2023	(77,269)
2024	(11,320)

Total \$ (397,535)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date

June 30, 2017

Actuarial cost method

Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis

Asset valuation method

Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation

2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA members

Projected payroll increases

3.25% to 12.50% based on years of service, including inflation

Investment rate of return

7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation including inflation

Health care cost trend rate

8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 years for Medicare medical plan costs

Mortality

ERB members: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment (males) and GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table (females) PERA members: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality

Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Rate of Return
US core fixed income US equity - large cap Non US - emerging markets Non US - developed equities Private equity Credit and structured finance Real estate Absolute return US equity - small/mid cap	2.1% 7.1 10.2 7.8 11.8 5.3 4.9 4.1 7.1

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 4.08% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 4.08% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.08%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease		Curr	Current Discount		1% Increase	
(3.08%)			(4.08%)		(5.08%)	
\$	2,081,332	\$	1,719,774	\$	1,434,786	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1% Decrease	Cur <u>Decrease</u>		<u>1</u>	% Increase
\$ 1,453,812	\$	1,719,774	\$	1,928,295

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a payable of \$0 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2019.

14. CONCENTRATIONS

The District depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the District is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

15. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

A review of subsequent events through the August 22, 2019 date the financial statements were available to be issued, indicated nothing of audit significance.

16. TAX ABATEMENTS

The School District has evaluated GASB 77 with regard to tax abatements and has determined that the School District is not a party to any agreements that abate taxes.

17. FUND BALANCE CLASSIFIED

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The contraints placed on fund balances for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented here.

		Local			
		Capital		Non-Major	
	General	Improvements	Debt	Governmental	
Fund Balances	Fund	SB-9	Service	Fund	Totals
Nonspendable:					
Interfund loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Inventory				2,588	2,588
Total nonspendable				2,588	2,588
Restricted for:					
Transportation services	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional materials	14,459	-	-	-	14,459
Capital improvements	-	324,124	-	-	324,124
Debt service payments	-	-	127,725	-	127,725
Athletic services	-	-	-	6,273	6,273
Special grants	-	-	-	23,548	23,548
Cafeteria services	-	-	-	11,385	11,385
State mandated cash reserve	3,233				3,233
Total restricted	17,692	324,124	127,725	41,206	510,747
Committed to:					
Other purposes					
Total committed					
<u>Unassigned</u> :	374,284				374,284
Total Fund Balances	\$ 391,976	\$ 324,124	\$ 127,725	\$ 43,794	\$ 887,619

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ALL FUNDS - All funds were created by the State Department of Education.

IDEA-B - PRESCHOOL - To account for monies received for the operation and maintenance of meeting the special education needs of children with disabilities. Financing and authority is the Individuals With Disabilities Act, Part B, Sec. 611, as amended; Public Law 105-17.

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY - To account for grant funds to increase student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality. Financing and authority is Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended, Title II, Part A, Public Law 107-110.

STUDENT SUPPORT AND ACEDEMIC ENRICHMENT - To account for monies received to support well-rounded educational opportunities, safe and healthy students and effective use of technology. Financing and Authority is the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended, Title IV, Part A.

REAP (RURAL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM) - To account for monies received to provide financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning. Authority for this program is contained in Title VI, Part B of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), as amended by Public Law 107-110.

ITFS/FCC (INSTRUCTIONAL TELEVISION FIXED SERVICE) - To account for monies received from Plateau Telecommunications, Inc. to provide an instructional television fixed service channel to be used for educational needs. The fund was created by grant provisions.

RURAL VISION/MDC - To account for monies received from the sale of telecommunications time to cable networks.

DUAL CREDIT - To account for resources received from House Bill 2, 2009, to be used for dual credit instructional materials through a course approved by Higher Education Department and through a college/university for which the district has an approved agreement.

EXCELLENCE IN TEACHING - To account for monies received from the State of New Mexico used solely for Excellence in Teaching salary supplements for outstanding teachers. Financing and Authority is through the Public Education Department.

NM GROWN – To account for funds provided by New Mexico Public Education Department to purchase New Mexico locally grown fresh fruits and vegetables for School meal programs. Financing and Authority is through the State of New Mexico Public Education Department.

ATHLETICS FUND - To fund provides financing for school athletic activities. Funding is provided by fees from patrons. Fund is authorized by 6-20-2 NMAC.

SCHOOL LUNCH - CAFETERIA - This program provides financing for school hot lunch program. Funding is provided from fees from patrons and USDA food reimbursements, under the National School Lunch Act of 1946, U.S.C. 1751 et seq.; 80 Stat. 889, as amended; 84 Stat. 270; and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended; Sections 4 and 10. Public Law 89-642, 80 Stat. 886, 889, 42 U.S.C. 1773, 1779; Public Law 99-591, 100 Stat. 3341; Public Law 100-71, 101 Stat. 430. Also State Law NMSA 22-13-13.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		IDEA-B reschool 24109	Ţ	Teacher Quality 24154		Student Support and Academic Enrichment 24189		REAP 25233	ITFS/ FCC 26111			Rural Vision 26127	
ASSETS Cash on deposit Due from grantor Accounts receivable Inventory	\$	- 1,565 - -	\$	1,650 - -	\$	5,801 - -	\$	- - -	\$	14,201 - -	\$	9,347 - - -	
Total assets	\$	1,565	\$	1,650	\$	5,801	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	14,201	\$	9,347	
LIABILITIES Cash overdraft	\$	1,565	\$	1,650	\$	5,801	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities		1,565		1,650		5,801		<u>-</u>					
FUND BALANCES Inventory Restricted		- -		-		- -		- -		- 14,201		- 9,347	
Total fund balance		-								14,201		9,347	
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	1,565	\$	1,650	<u>\$</u>	5,801	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	14,201	\$	9,347	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	(Dual Credit 27103	Excellence in Teaching 27125	NM Grown 27183		thletics 22000	Cafeteria 21000	Total
ASSETS Cash on deposit Due from grantor Accounts receivable Inventory	\$	266 - -	\$ - - - -	\$	- \$ - - -	6,273 - - -	\$ 5,792 - 5,593 2,588	\$ 35,613 9,282 5,593 2,588
Total assets	\$	266	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u> \$	6,273	\$ 13,973	\$ 53,076
LIABILITIES Cash overdraft Total liabilities	\$	266 266	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 9,282 9,282
FUND BALANCES Inventory Restricted		- -	-		- - -	6,273	2,588 11,385	\$ 2,588 41,206
Total fund balance					<u>-</u>	6,273	 13,973	 43,794
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	266	\$ -	\$	- \$	6,273	\$ 13,973	\$ 53,076

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2019

	IDEA-B Preschool	Improving Teacher Quality	Student Support and Academic Enrichment	REAP	ITFS/FCC	Rural Vision
REVENUES Charges for services Local sources State sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 1,200	\$ -
Federal sources	3,445	5,644	5,801	28,908	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	3,445	5,644	5,801	28,908	1,200	
EXPENDITURES Direct instruction Instructional support Food Services Capital outlay	3,445 - - -	5,644 - - -	5,801 - - -	27,561 1,347 - -	- - - 4,999	15,000
Total expenditures	3,445	5,644	5,801	28,908	4,999	15,000
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	(3,799)	(15,000)
Fund balance at beginning of year					18,000	24,347
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 14,201	\$ 9,347

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Dual Credit	Excellence in Teaching	NM Grown	Athletics	Cafeteria	Total
REVENUES Charges for services Local sources State sources	\$ - 1,289	\$ - - 5,383	\$ - 1,000	\$ 28,572 198	\$ 20,585	\$ 49,157 1,398 7,672
Federal sources	-				76,939	120,737
Total revenues	1,289	5,383	1,000	28,770	97,524	178,964
EXPENDITURES Direct instruction Instructional support Food Services	1,289	5,383	- - 1,000	25,649	- - 106,941	74,772 1,347 107,941
Capital outlay				<u> </u>		19,999
Total expenditures	1,289	5,383	1,000	25,649	106,941	204,059
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	3,121	(9,417)	(25,095)
Fund balance at beginning of year				3,152	23,390	68,889
Fund balance at end of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 6,273	\$ 13,973	\$ 43,794

GENERAL FUND

OPERATIONAL FUND - This fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the School District except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

TRANSPORTATION FUND - To account for resources received from the Public Education Department to be used only for eligible to and from school transportation costs.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND - to account for resources received from the Public Education Department to be used to purchase materials used as the basis for instruction.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Combining Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2019

Statement B-1

400570	0	000 oration	Ins	14000 tructional aterials	Total		
ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable, collectible	\$	377,389 128	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	14,459 <u>-</u>	\$	391,848 128
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	377,517	\$ 	\$	14,459	<u>\$</u>	391,976
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$	
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		3,233 374,284	 - - -		- 14,459 <u>-</u>		- 17,692 374,284
Total fund balance		377,517	 		14,459		391,976
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	377,517	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	14,459	<u>\$</u>	391,976

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement B-2

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Operational	Transportation	Instructional Materials	Total
REVENUES			•	
Taxes	\$ 16,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,294
Charges for services		-	-	
Local sources	38,793	-	7.400	38,793
State sources	2,876,457	233,633	7,466	3,117,556
Federal sources	2.706	-	-	2.706
Earnings from investments	3,796			3,796
Total revenues	2,935,340	233,633	7,466	3,176,439
EXPENDITURES				
Direct instruction	1,554,293	-	3,506	1,557,799
Instructional support	1,126,317	221,364	, -	1,347,681
Food service	28,427	-	-	28,427
Capital outlay		12,269	<u>-</u>	12,269
Total expenditures	2,709,037	233,633	3,506	2,946,176
Net change in fund balance	226,303	-	3,960	230,263
Fund balance at beginning of year	151,214		10,499	161,713
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 377,517	\$ -	\$ 14,459	\$ 391,976

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

General Fund - Operational Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	15,509	\$	15,509	\$ 16,291	\$	782
Charges for services Local sources		- 9,480		- 9,480	38,793		- 29,313
State sources		2,637,922		2,876,312	2,876,457		145
Federal sources Earnings from investments		2,000		2,000	- 3,796		- 1,796
Lamingo nom invesamento		2,000	-	2,000	 0,100		1,700
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	2,664,911	\$	2,903,301	\$ 2,935,337	\$	32,036
EXPENDITURES							
Direct instruction	\$	1,560,723	\$	1,635,823	\$ 1,554,293	\$	81,530
Instructional support Food services		1,188,976 39,979		1,357,598 60,979	1,126,318 28,427		231,280 32,552
1 dod scrvices		00,010		00,513	20,421		02,002
Total expenditures	\$	2,789,678	\$	3,054,400	\$ 2,709,038	\$	345,362
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	124,767	\$	151,099			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

General Fund - Transportation Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	
Charges for services	•	-	•	-	·	-	-	
Local sources		-		-		-	-	
State sources		233,633		233,633		233,633	-	
Federal sources		-		-		-	-	
Earnings from investments				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-	-
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	233,633	\$	233,633	\$	233,633	<u>\$</u>	
EXPENDITURES								
Direct instruction	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	
Instructional support	•	233,633	*	233,633	Ψ	233,633	-	
Food services						<u>-</u>		-
Total expenditures	\$	233,633	\$	233,633	\$	233,633	\$ -	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

General Fund - Instructional Materials Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Charges for services Local sources	-		-		-		-	
State sources	7,466		9,250		7,466		(1,784)	
Federal sources	_		-		-		-	
Earnings from investments	 		<u>-</u>					
Total revenues	\$ 7,466	<u>\$</u>	9,250	<u>\$</u>	7,466	\$	(1,784)	
EXPENDITURES								
Direct instruction	\$ 18,945	\$	19,749	\$	3,506	\$	16,243	
Instructional support Food services	 <u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	\$ 18,945	\$	19,749	\$	3,506	\$	16,243	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 11,479	\$	10,499					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Fiscal Year Measurement Date	2019 2018	2018 2017	2017 2016	2016 2015	2015 2014
Melrose Municipal School District's proportion of net pension liability (asset)		0.06532%	0.05808%	0.05788%	0.05406%	0.05543%
Melrose Municipal School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		\$ 7,039,668	\$ 6,454,702	\$ 4,165,296	\$ 3,501,626	\$ 3,162,680
Melrose Municipal School District's covered-employee payroll		\$ 1,777,246	\$ 1,654,482	\$ 1,653,440	\$ 1,652,977	\$ 1,536,628
Melrose Municipal School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		444.00%	407.33%	251.92%	211.84%	205.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.17%	52.95%	61.58%	63.97%	66.54%

See Independent Auditor's Report See notes to required supplementary information

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the School District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirement became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Schedule of Contributions Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019		 2018	 2017	 2016	2015	
Statutory required contributions	\$	247,037	\$ 229,973	\$ 230,091	\$ 229,764	\$	213,591
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		247,037	 229,973	 230,091	229,764		213,591
Annual Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Melrose Municipal School District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,777,246	\$ 1,654,482	\$ 1,653,440	\$ 1,652,977	\$	1,536,628
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		13.90%	13.90%	13.90%	13.90%		13.90%

See Independent Auditor's Report See notes to required supplementary information

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statements only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the School District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes in benefit provisions. There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Changes in assumptions and methods. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, the Board adopted a number of economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2019	2018		
Melrose Municipal School District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	0.03955%	0.03853%		
Melrose Municipal School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,719,774	\$ 1,746,054		
Melrose Municipal School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,777,246	\$ 1,654,482		
Melrose Municipal School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.9677%	105.53%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	13.14%	11.34%		

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for available years.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Schedule of Contributions Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 35,545	\$ 33,090
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 35,545	 33,090
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$
Melrose Consolidated School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,777,246	\$ 1,654,482
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	2.00%	2.00%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School will present information for available years.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Changes of assumptions: RHCA conducts an actuarial experience study for the Plan on a biennial basis. Based on the six-year actuarial experience study presented to the Board of Trustees on June 30, 2017, RHCA implemented the following changes in assumptions for fiscal year 2017 and 2016.

- 1) Fiscal year 2017 valuation assumptions that changed based on this study:
 - a. Lower Investment return from 7.75% to 7.25%
 - b. Lower Inflation rate from 3.00% to 2.50%
 - c. Minor changes to demographic assumptions
- 2) Assumptions that were not changed:
 - a. Population growth per year at 0.00%
 - b. Health care cost trend rate 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs.

See also the Note IV (c) Actuarial Assumptions of the financial statement note disclosure on the OPEB Plan.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Operational		Transportation		Instructional Materials		Food Services		Athletics		Non- Instructional	
Cash Balance, June 30, 2018	\$	151,090	\$	-	\$	10,499	\$	21,169	\$	3,152	\$	81,271
Cash Receipts, 2018-2019		2,935,337		233,633		7,466		91,931		28,770		182,139
Cash Disbursements, 2018-2019		(2,709,038)		(233,633)		(3,506)		(107,308)		(25,649)		(173,238)
Cash Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	377,389	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	14,459	\$	5,792	\$	6,273	\$	90,172
	Local		State		Federal Projects		Capital Improvement SB-9		Local Capital Improvement SB-9		Debt Service	
Cash Balance, June 30, 2018	\$	42,347	\$	(267)	\$	(32,794)	\$	(27,495)	\$	354,436	\$	116,392
Cash Receipts, 2018-2019		1,200		36,883		127,399		27,495		67,594		128,427
Cash Disbursements, 2018-2019		(19,999)		(36,882)		(152,063)		(28,155)		(98,458)		(118,148)
Cash Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	23,548	\$	(266)	\$	(57,458)	\$	(28,155)	\$	323,572	\$	126,671

Schedule VI

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Schedule of Fiduciary Net Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		В	ginning alance 30/2018		Additions		<u>Deletions</u>		Ending Balance 6/30/2019
General		\$	791	\$	9,647	\$	6,491	\$	3,947
FFA		•	2,398	•	12,532	·	14,293	•	637
FCCLA			9,163		14,408		10,868		12,703
Concession			2,505		35,091		31,733		5,863
BPA			12,913		17,177		21,989		8,101
Vo Ag Shop			94		, <u> </u>		-		94
Elementary			7,463		21,803		25,007		4,259
Football			139		150		261		28
Girls Basketball			241		1,207		829		619
Volleyball			1,422		1,143		1,125		1,440
Boys Basketball			157		6,228		4,455		1,930
Student Council			117		145		86		176
Yearbook			2,763		3,635		1,299		5,099
Activity Buses			15,353		17,978		17,079		16,252
Music			925		1,804		1,338		1,391
Interest			231		373		-		604
Cheerleaders			14		4,753		2,222		2,545
Baseball			79		-		-		79
Boys Track			1,533		-		500		1,033
Science Club			1,069		1,591		1,511		1,149
Girls Track			886		150		500		536
Class of 2017			7		-		7		-
Class of 2018			54		-		42		12
Class of 2019			2,132		-		2,027		105
Class of 2020			-		12,931		10,074		2,857
Athletic Student Travel			533		18,087		18,399		221
District 4A 8Man Football			1,200		-		103		1,097
Genity Lay Scholarship Fund			-		1,000		1,000		_
General Activity - CD			17,089		107		-		17,196
Petty Cash					199				199
To	otal	\$	81,271	\$	182,139	\$	173,238	\$	90,172

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

11805 Menaul NE

Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Brian Colon
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Board of Education
Melrose Municipal Schools
Melrose, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General, Title I and IDEA-B Entitlement Funds of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Melrose Municipal Schools basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds and have issued our report thereon dated August 22,2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Melrose Municipal Schools financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Dollerste and

August 22, 2019

STATUS OF COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

Prior Year Audit Findings:

NONE

Current Year Audit Findings:

NONE

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2019 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements chart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 115.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held at the School District on August 22, 2019, to discuss the current audit report. In attendance were Ms. Deanna Roach, Business Manager, Mr. Joe Reed, Board President, Mr. Brian Stacy, Superintendent, Ms. Cindy Roybal, Assistant Business Manager, Mr. Antonio S. Lucero and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditors.