State of New Mexico

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS



FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(WITH AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON)

"We at Melrose Municipal School Strive to:
 Maximize Education, Leadership,
 Responsibility, Opportunity, & Success
through Excellence enabling our students to
 become productive citizens."

RICE & ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

AUDIT REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 (with Auditor's Report Thereon)

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO Melrose Municipal Schools Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2015

Board of Education

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

Mr. Neal Delk President

Mr. Joe Reed Vice-President

Mr. Tyler Belcher Secretary

Mr. Barry Allen Member

Mr. Larry Devaney Member

School Officials

Mr. Jamie Widner Superintendent

Ms. Pamela Beevers Business Manager

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING [505] 292-8275

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Board of Education
Melrose Municipal Schools
Melrose, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the General, Title I, Rural Vision and School Buses Funds of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Melrose Municipal Schools basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Melrose Municipal Schools non-major governmental and fiduciary funds and the budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project and Debt Services Funds and all non-major funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit precedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Title I, Rural Vision and School Buses Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major governmental and fiduciary funds of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project and Debt Service Funds and the non-major governmental funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in Note 11 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2014, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the MD&A which is required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Schedules I and II and the notes to the Required Supplementary Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Melrose Municipal Schools financial statements, the combining and the individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. The budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project and Debt Service Funds, the non-major governmental funds, the Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification and Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds and Schedule of Vendor Information required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project and Debt Service Funds and non-major governmental funds, the Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification and Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Untied States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project and Debt Service Funds and the non-major governmental funds, the Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification and Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds fairly states, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Schedule V, the Schedule of Vendor Information, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2015 on our consideration of the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Road assent, CAM.

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 13, 2015 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		vernmental Ctivities
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$	609,933
Accounts receivable		3,514
Oue from grantor		108,396
Inventory	-	1,609
Total current assets	· ·	723 , 452
Non-current assets		
Land (non-depreciable)		27,672
Captial assets (depreciable)		11,716,441
Leas accumulated depreciation	_	19,679,386]
Total non-current assets	i i	2,064.727
Total assets	-	2,788,179
Deferred outflows of resources		
Change in proportion		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		213,591
Total deferred outflows of resources		213,501
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,001.770

LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ -
Current portion of long-term liabilities	80,000
Total current liabilities	80,000
Long-term obliquations:	
Net pension liability	3,162,680
Compensated speences	
Non-current pertion of long-term limbilities	820,000
Total Long-term liabilities	3,982.690
Total liabilities	4,062,680
Deferred inflows of resources	
Actuarial experience	47,117
Investment experience	287,525
Change in proportion	70,826
fotal deferred inflows of resources	405,468
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,164,727
Cafeteria fund (inventory)	1,609
Capital outlay	334,401
Debt service	104,403
State mandated reserves	15.129
Special grants	64,044
Unrestricted	(3,150,691)
Total net position	(1,466,378)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	
and net position	\$ 3.001,770

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE NUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Net			
Punctions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Coutributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	(Expenses) Revenue and Changes Net Position
EXPENSES:					
Governmental activities:					
Direct instruction	\$ 1,420,081	\$ 20,160	\$ 232,161	\$ 18,946	\$ (2,148,814)
Instructional support	1,534,004		305,190	83,751	(1.145,063)
Pood services	121,211	20,596	64,907	-	(35,702)
Depreciation - unallocated	228,576			-	(228,576)
Interest on long-term obligations	17,794		-		(17,754)
Total governmental activities	2,321,666	40,756	602,258	102,697	(2,575,955)
General revenues:					
Taxes					
Preperty taxes,					
levied for general purposes					22 002
Property taxes,					13,903
levied for capital projects					
					57,068
Property taxes,					
lavied for debt service					113,211
Federal and State aid not					
restricted to specific purpose					
General					2,500,010
Interest					2,319
Sub-total, general revenues					2,626,511
Change in net position					110,556
Net position - beginning of year					3,939,516
Restatement					(5,516,450)
Net position - beginning of year - r	estated				(1,576,934)
Not position - and of year					\$ (1,466,378)

3TATE OF NEW MEXICO METHOSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Balance Sheet - All Governmental Punks June 30, 2025

	Gemeral	T	itle 1	Vi	Aural sion/MDC		School Gumes		Bond Wilding		CapiLal Provements 9B-9		Jebt Scrvice	Geri	Other		Total
ASSETS					A 7.9			4			4 1 10 7		700 / 5	K			- 10 V - 1
Cash on demosit	\$ 110,343	\$		\$	24,347	\$		\$	83,834	\$	249,495	5	102,217	5	39,697	\$	609,933
Accounts receivable, collectible	25G				-				-		1,072		2,186				3,514
Due from grantor			18,144		-		83,751						-		6,501		1.08,396
Jue from other tunde	100,396		~				-		=				*				108,396
Inventory, 31 cost		-	-	-	%	-	-	-		-	- 04	-		-	3,609	_	1,605
Total assets	\$ 216,995	\$	18,144	3	24,347	\$	63.751	\$	83,834	4	250.567	<u>\$</u>	104,403	\$	47.807	\$	831,848
LIRSILITIES																	
Due to other funds	8 -	\$	18,144	ş	-	\$	83,751	9	-	\$	-	Ş	-	\$	G,501	S	10B,39G
Accounts payable				_	-	-				_		-		-		_	-
Total liabilities			18,144	-		_	83,751	-	-	-		-		-	6,501	_	108,396
FUND HALANCE																	
Nonependable	-		-		~		-		-		-		-		1,603		1,609
Restricted for:																	
Special revenue grants			-		24,347		÷								39,697		64,044
Capital outlay	4				-		-		83,834		250,567				-		334.401
Debt service	-		-		3		-		100		-		104.403		-		104,403
State mandated cash reserves	15,129		-		-		-		-		-						15,129
Committed			-				-		-		-				-		
Assigned	14		9		-		-		-		. *		-		-		1000
Unassigned	203,866			_	<u> </u>	_		***		-	-			-		-	203,466
Total fund balance	218,995			_	24,347	_	_, =	_	83,934	_	250,567	4	104,403	3	41,306		723,452
Yotal liabilizes and																	
fund malance	\$ 218,995	\$	19,144	\$	24,147	\$	83,751	6	83,634	\$	250,567	Ş	104,403	\$	47,807	\$	031,048

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Statement 4

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net appets are different because:

Tetal fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 723,452

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

The cost of capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

11,744,113

(9,679,386)

2,064,727

Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to furure periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date

213,591

Deferred inflows of resources related to actuarial expeience

(47,117)

Deferred inflows or resources related to investment experience

(287,525)

Deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion

(70,826)

Long-term and certain other liabilities, including homes payable and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year-end consist of:

Net pension liability Bonds Payable Compensated absences payable

(3,162,680)

(900,000)

Total net position - gevernmental funds

(1,466,378)

Statement &

STATE OF NEW MEXICO METROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Halances - Ail Governmental Funds

Year ander June 30, 2015

	Gen∈ral	Title I	Rural Vision/MDC	School Buses	Bend Buildi a g	Capital Improvements SB-9	Debt Service	Other Governmental	Total
REVENUES									
Property Caxes	\$ 13,303	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	€ 57.06 6	\$ 113,211	\$	\$ 164,182
Charges for services			U.S.	100	2	-		40,756	40,756
Local sources	17,374			100	-		-		17,374
State sources	2.754.567		- 10	63,751	3	18,946		67,526	2,988,790
Federal sources		67.752	- 2		4			161 , D49	228,801
Earnicge from investments	1.095	-			279	81.5	15€		2,319
Yotal revenues	2.826.913	67,752	-	63,751	219	76,829	113, 337	,263.332	3,432,222
Examplianse									
Current:									
Direct instruction	1,205,150	67,752		100	(0.00)			166,390	1,439,292
Instructional support	1,471,690	(6)	-		-	50,553	1,118	10,633	1,534,004
Food services	53,518		-	17.05	-		-	67,693	121,211
Copital mutlay	56,930		-	83.751	-	23,157	-	-	161,838
Debt service:									
Bonda Bonda		-	-				75.000	-	25,000
Interest	1		-				30,756		30,756
Total expenditures	2,787,288	€1,752	-	83.751		73,720	106,874	244,716	3,364,101
Net change in fund belance	39,653				279	3,109	6,463	18,615	68,121
Fund balance beginning of year	179,340		24,347	-	69,555	247,458	97,940	22,691	655,331
Fund balance end of year	3 218.995	F -	9 26,347	s	\$ 83,836	\$ 250,567	\$ 104,403	\$ 41,306	\$ 723,452

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement 6

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Activities For the Year Brided June 30, 2015

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

68,121

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period

Depreciation expense Capital outlays (228,576)

163,838

Excess of depreciation expense over capital outlay

(64,738)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the fund financial statements, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (sesentially the amounts actually paid). The (increases) decreases in the liabilities for the year were:

Accrued interest payable

12,962

Governmental funds report School district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits carned not of employed contributions is reported as possion expense

Pension contributions Pension expense 213,591

(194,380)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to government funds while the repsyment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds

Proceeds of bond issue
Repayment of leng-term debt

75,000

Change in not position of governmental activities

110,556

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	•riginal <u>Budget</u>	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	13,082	Ş	13,082	\$	13,772	\$	690		
Charges for services		-		(m)				_		
Local sources		15,225		15,225		17,374		2,149		
State sources		2,709,577		2,794,233		2,794,567		334		
Federal sources										
Earnings from										
investments	-	1,000	-	1,000	_	1,099	-	99		
Total revenues	\$	2,738,884	\$	2,823,540	\$	2,826,812	\$	3,272		
EXPENDITURES										
Direct instruction	\$	1,384,868	\$	1,400,983	\$	1,262,080	\$	138,903		
Instructional support		1,453,897		1,536,207		1,471,690		64,517		
Food services	_	57,254	-	65,563	-	53,518	·	12,045		
Total expenditures	\$	2,896,019	ş	3,002,753	\$	2.787,288	\$	215,465		
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	157,135	\$	179,213						

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Title I

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable
REVENUES				1
Federal sources	\$ 67,810	\$ 77,250	\$ 68,946	\$ (8,304)
Total revenues	\$ 67,810	\$ 77,250	\$ 68,946	\$ (8,304)
EXPENDITURES				
Direct instruction	\$ 67,810	\$ 77,250	\$ 67,752	\$ 9,498
Total expenditures	\$ 67,810	\$ 77,250	\$ 67,752	\$ 9,498

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Rural Vision/MDC Year Ended June 30, 2015

	iginal udget		nal dget	Act	ual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES									
State sources	\$ (=)	\$	_	\$	_=	\$			
Total revenues	\$ - 6	\$		\$		\$			
EXPENDITURES									
Direct instruction	\$ 24,347	\$ 2	4,347	\$		\$	24,347		
Total expenditures	\$ 24,347	\$ 2	4,347	\$		\$	24,347		
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 24,347	\$ 2	4,347						

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) School Buses

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES State sources	\$ -	\$ 83,751	<u>\$</u>	\$ (83,751)	
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	\$ 83,751	\$ -	\$ (83,751)	
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional support	\$ -	\$ 83,751	\$ 83,751	\$ -	
Total expenditures	\$ -	\$ 83,751	\$ 83,751	\$ -	

Statement 11

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds June 30, 2015

Cash	\$ 56,679
Total Assets	\$ 56,679
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others	\$56,679
Total Liabilities	\$ 56,679

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Melrose Municipal Schools(District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

In June 1999, the GASB unanimously approved Statement #34, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. In June 2001, the GASB approved Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments; Omnibus and Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. Statement 37 clarifies and modifies Statement No. 34 and should be implemented simultaneously with Statement No. 34. Statement No. 38 modifies, establishes and rescinds certain financial statement disclosure requirements.

The District implemented the provisions of GASB #'s 34, 37 and 38 effective July 1, 2000. As part of Statement No. 34, there is a new reporting requirement regarding the local government's infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.). The District does not own any infrastructure assets and therefore is unaffected by this requirement.

A. Reporting Entity

The Melrose Municipal Schools School Board was created under the provision of Chapter 22, Article 5, Paragraph 4, New Mexico Statutes 1978 to provide public education for the children within the District. The School Board is authorized to establish policies and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the State of New Mexico and the regulations of the State Board of Education and the Legislative Finance Committee. The School Board is comprised of five members who are elected for terms of four years.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the District is considered a primary government, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the District may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify is own budget, levy its

own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The District also has no component units as defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as there are no other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the District has a significant relationship.

B. Basig of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The funds of the District are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types.

Governmental Funds

Under the requirements of GASB 34, the District is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following (in addition to the General Fund):

General Fund - the primary operating fund of the District accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Fund - Title I - Title I ESEA Fund - The Title I project provides remedial instruction in the language arts for educationally deprived students in low income areas. The project is funded by the Federal Government through the New Mexico State Department of Education, under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title I, Chapter 1, Part A, 20 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.

<u>Special Revenue Fund - Rural Vision/MDC - To account for resources received from the sale of telecommunications time to cable networks.</u>

<u>Special Revenue Fund - School Buses</u> - To account for monies received from the Department of Education, Transportation division for the purchase of new school buses.

Capital Projects Funds - Bond Building - To account for resources received from the sale of general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing and renovating school buildings.

<u>Capital Projects Fund - Capital Improvements SB-9</u> - To account for resources received through Senate Bill 9 and local tax levies obtained for the purpose of building, remodeling, and equipping classroom facilities. Also, for resources received from State of New Mexico Severance Tax Bonds.

<u>Debt Service Fund - Debt Service - To account for resources</u> for the purpose of paying general obligation bonds and interest coupons. Funds are received from property taxes levied against property located within the school district and levied specifically for this purpose.

Agency Funds - account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. These agency funds are as follows:

<u>School Activity Fund</u> - accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for the individual schools and school organizations.

The District also reports additional Governmental funds as non-major. They include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - these funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the Statement of Activities. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Any effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

REVENUES

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes) are susceptible to full accrual on the government wide financial statements. Property tax revenues recognize revenues net of estimated refunds and uncollectible accounts in the period for which the taxes are levied. Total delinquent property taxes are not available from the County Treasurers for the current year.

Entitlements and shared revenues (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

Sales and use taxes (which include oil/gas taxes and equipment taxes) are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the District and are recognized as revenue at that time.

EXPENDITURES

<u>Salaries</u> are recorded as paid. Salaries for nine-month employees are paid prior to the end of the fiscal year and therefore not accrued.

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Transfers between funds are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, etc.) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis inconsistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). These budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons for the various funds in this report are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to April 15, (unless a later date is fixed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction) the local school board submits to the School Budget Planning Unit (SBPU) of the New Mexico Department of Education an estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets submitted to the State Department of Education (SDE) by the school district shall contain headings and details as prescribed by law.

- 2. Prior to June 20, of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the SBPU and certified and approved by the local school board at a public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixes the estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The "operating" budget will be used by the District until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the SBPU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally into the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element of control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 4. The District shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the SBPU.
- 5. No school board or officer or employee of a school district shall make any expenditures or incur any obligation for the expenditure of public funds unless such expenditure or contractual obligation is made in accordance with an operating budget approved by the division, but this does not prohibit the transfer of funds between line items within a series of a budget.
- 6. Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement 1 (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the school district and approved by the SBPU.
- 7. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.
- 8. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget of Mosquero Municipal Schools has been amended during the current fiscal year in accordance with these procedures. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflects the approved budget and amendments thereto.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances lapse at the fiscal year end and are therefore not included as a reservation of fund balance. Authorization for the eventual expenditure will be included in the following years budget appropriations.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1. Cash & Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The District is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, Paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

2. Investments

All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the District may be invested in:

- (a) Bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or school district which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within the last five years preceding; or
- (b) Securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government.
- (c) In contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with investments.

If the District is unable to receive payment on public money at the rate of interest set forth by the State Board of Finance (which is no less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of the deposit) from financial institutions within the geographic boundaries of the governmental unit, the District may invest its money with the New Mexico State Treasurer's short-term investment pool.

3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded in the various governmental funds. They consist of amounts receivable from local governments relating to various grant agreements and property taxes receivable. The information required to report property taxes at full accrual was not available during the year.

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

	Ge1	neral	Other Major	Other ernmental		Total
Property taxes Intergovernmental Other	\$	256	\$ 3,258 101,895	\$ 6,501	\$	3,514 108,396
	\$	256	\$ 105,153	\$ 6,501	<u>\$</u>	111,910

4. Inventories

Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists of purchased food and non-food items and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities. Commodities are shown at the USDA procurement cost. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are used (consumption method). Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (with no salvage value). Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The District does not capitalize interest in regards to its capital assets.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	40	years
Buildings & building improvements	40	years
Furniture & equipment	10	years
Auto/Vehicle		years
Computer equipment		years

GASB Statement 34 requires the recording and depreciation of infrastructure assets, which include roads, bridges, traffic signals, etc. The District did not own any infrastructure assets.

The District does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless they exceed the \$5,000 threshold. Also, the District does not capitalize library books unless they exceed the \$5,000 threshold.

6. Compensated Absences

Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

The District does not allow employees to earn or accumulate any vacation leave during the year. Thus, there is no compensated absence liability reported on the government-wide financial statements.

7. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (School District ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the School District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party - such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposed specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the School District Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the School District Board, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenué; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board or a School District Official delegated that authority by the School District Board or ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

8. Restricted Net Assets

The governmental activities financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - This category reflects the portion of net position that have third party limitations on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - This category reflects net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purposes.

The District's policy is to apply restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding deferred inflow of resources. The School District has two types of items, which arise due to the implementation of GASB 68 and the related net pension liability. Accordingly, the items, difference between expected and actual earnings and change in assumptions, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

10. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a use of net position that applies to a future

period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The School District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, change in proportion and employer contributions subsequent to measurement date, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as outflows of resources the next period.

11. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

12. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

13. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Board (ERB) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERB, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

American Heritage B	Bank	Operational	S	481,288
American Heritage B	Bank	Athletics		3,389
American Heritage B	Bank	Activity		10,139
American Heritage B	Bank	Capital Projects		+
American Heritage B	Bank	SB-9		357
American Heritage B	Bank	Debt Service		491
American Heritage B	Bank	Money Market		448,B73
American Heritage B	Bank	Certificate of Deposit		16,852
Total			<u>\$</u>	961,389
Total amount on deposit Outstanding checks Deposit in transit		\$	961,389 (294,779)	
				-
Rounding			-	2
Total per financial statements			<u>\$</u>	_666,612

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the School Districts deposits was \$666,610 and the bank balance was \$961,389. Of this balance \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$711,389 was covered by collateral. The remaining \$355,694 is comprised of amounts in excess of those required to be collateralized under State law.

Cash on deposit at June 30 Less F.D.I.C.	\$ 961,389 <u>(250,000)</u>
Uninsured Funds 50% Collateral Requirement Pledged Collateral	711,389 355,695
Excess of Pledged Collateral	<u>\$394,305</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned to it. The School does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act {Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978}. As of June 30, \$711,389 of the School's bank balance of \$961,389 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

A. Uninsured and uncollateralized

B. Uninsured and collateralized with Securities held by the pledging banks trust department, not in the Schools name

711,389

\$

Total

\$ 711,389

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the schools Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate.

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the School District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution.

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district, or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. The collateral pledged is shown as follows:

Texas Independent Bank Dallas, TX

Maturity Date F

Fair Market Value

FHLB

#3133ECFZ2

2-22-22

\$ 750,000

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had the following cash and investments:

Investment Type Fair Value

Maturities

Checking accounts

\$ 961,389

Less than 6 months

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy limits the School District's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

3. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital assets balances and activity for the year ended June 30, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Adjustments	Deletions	Palance June 30, 2015
Governmental activities:	5 27,672		4	c	¢ 22 (22
Total not being depreciated	27,672				27,672
Land imprevements	9,000				5,200
Buildings and improvements	10,771,814	48,778	254.915		11,075,507
Vehicles	335.687	106,908	-	-	442,595
Equipment/Software	189,987	3,152	<u> </u>	(8,800)	189,339
Total	11,306,488	163,838	254,915	{8.000}	11,716,441
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land imprevements	(7, 200)	(900)			(8,100)
Buildings and improvements	(6,674,773)	(190,928)	(2,397,597)		(9, 263, 298)
Vehicles	(251,000)	(23,154)		- S	(274, 154)
Equipment/Software	(129,040)	(13,594)	-	8,800	[133,834]
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>{7,062,013}</u>	<u>(228,576</u>)	(2,397,597)	8,880	(9,679,386)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	4,244,475	(64.738)	(2,142,682)		2,037,055
Net capital assets	\$ 4,272,147	\$ (64,738)	\$ (3,142,682)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,064,727

The District received \$18,946 from the Public School Finance Authority to help fund a Facility Master Plan. This amount was not included in the capital assets shown above.

4. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Assets:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015	Oue Within
General Obligation Bends	\$ 975,000	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 75,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 50,000
Total	9 975,000	9 -	9 75,000	900,000	\$ 80,000

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Debt Service Funds. The compensated absences liability will ultimately be liquidated by several of the District's governmental funds, with most being paid by the General Fund, Transportation Fund, Cafeteria Fund and Title I Fund.

The current portion of the compensated absences is estimated at zero since there are no anticipated retirements of terminations.

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the district for the year ended June 30:

General obligation bonds payable, June 30, 2014 Bonds paid	\$ 975,000 (75,000)
Bonds issued	
General obligation bonds	
payable, June 30, 2015	\$ 900,000

The details of the bond issues and the remaining retirement schedule are summarized below. The bonds were issued for the purpose of erecting, furnishing, remodeling and making additions to school buildings and improving school grounds. For the purpose of providing the necessary funds to meet the interest and principal as they become due, there is annually assessed, levied, and collected a tax upon all of the taxable property within the school district.

Original amount: \$1,100,000

Dated: May 13, 2012

Principal payable: \$1,100,000 Interest rates: 1.388% to 3.859%

Retirement schedule:

Year Ending	<u>Principal</u> <u>Inter</u>			
6/30/16	\$ 80,000	\$ 29,093		
6/30/17	85,000	27,064		
6/30/18	90,000	24,668		
6/30/19	95,000	21,867		
6/30/20	100,000	18,653		
6/30/21	105,000	15,030		
6/30/22	110,000	10,998		
6/30/23	115,000	6,756		
6/30/24	<u>120,000</u>	2,315		
	<u>\$ 900,000</u>	\$156,444		

B. Operating Lease

The District did not have any capital or operating leases during the fiscal year.

C. Short-Term Liabilities

The District did not have any short-term liabilities during the fiscal year.

5. REVENUES

A. Property Tax Levies

The School District's property taxes are levied each year on the assessed valuation of property located in the School District as of the preceding January 1st. Mill levy rates are set by the State of New Mexico each year for the General Fund and SB-9 Capital Improvement Fund. Taxes are payable in two equal installments on November 10 and April 10 following the levy and become delinquent after 30 days. Taxes on real property are liens on the property on January 1 of the year for which the taxes are imposed.

B. State Equalization Guarantee

Each school district in the State of New Mexico receives a "state equalization guarantee distribution" which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined" (in Chapter 22, Section 8-25, NMSA 1978) "is at least equal to the school district's program cost." A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using "program units" which take into consideration (1) early childhood education; (2) basic education; (3) special education; (4) bilingual-multi cultural education; (5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the chief (director of public school finance). The District received \$2,500,010 state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2015.

C. Transportation Distribution

Money in the transportation distribution of the public school fund shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in the grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. Except in unusual circumstances as determined by the local school board and confirmed by the state transportation director, midday bus routes for early childhood education students shall not be approved for funding in excess of twenty miles one way.

Money in the vocational education transportation distribution of the public school fund is used for the purpose of making payments to school districts for transportation of students to and from their regular attendance centers and the place where vocation education programs are being offered, pursuant to Section 22-16-4.1 (NMSA 1978) of the Act. The transportation distribution is allocated to

each school district according to an objective formula developed by the state transportation director and the director of public school finance.

In the event the sum of the proposed transportation allocations to each school district exceeds the amounts in the transportation distribution, each school district to receive an allocation shares in a reduction in the proportion that each school district's forty-day average daily membership bears to the forty-day average daily membership of all school districts to receive allocations.

Local school boards shall negotiate school bus contracts in accordance with regulations promulgated by the state transportation director with the approval of the State Board of Education.

Local school boards, with the approval of the state transportation director, may provide additional transportation services pursuant to Section 22-16-2 NMSA 1978 to meet established program needs.

The District received \$280,755 in transportation distribution during the year ended June 30, 2015.

D. SB-9 State Match

The Director shall distribute to any school district that has imposed a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 MMSA 1978) an amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimated to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary.

The District received \$18,946 in state SB-9 matching during the year ended June 30, 2015.

E. Public School Capital Outlay

Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, a public school capital outlay fund was created. The money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program, and the capital outlay expenditures are limited to the purchase, or construction of temporary or permanent classrooms.

The council shall approve an application for grant assistance from the fund when the council determines that:

- A critical need exists requiring action;
- 2. The residents of the school district have provided all available resources to the district to meet its capital outlay requirements;
- 3. The school district has used its resources in a prudent manner.
- 4. The District is in a county or counties which have participated in the reappraisal program and the reappraised values are on the tax rolls, or will be used for the tax year 1979 as certified by the property tax division; and
- 5. The school district has provided insurance for buildings of the school district in accordance with the provisions of Section 13-5-3 NMSA 1978.

The council shall consider all applications for assistance from the fund and after public hearing shall either approve or deny the application. Applications for grant assistance shall only be accepted by the council after a district has complied with the provisions of this section. The council shall list all applications in order of priority and all allocations shall be made on a priority basis

Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the Department of Finance and Administration on vouchers signed by the Secretary of Finance and Administration fellowing certification by the council that the application has been approved.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District received \$- in special capital outlay funds.

F. Instructional Materials

The New Mexico State Department of Education (Department) received federal mineral leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, seventy percent is restricted to the requisition of materials listed in the State Board of Education "State Adopted Instructional Material" list, while thirty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors. Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, Districts received their total allocation at the beginning of the fiscal year, instead of being reimbursed for purchases as was done in the prior year. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the District received \$13,802 in instructional materials allocation.

G. Federal Grants

The District receives revenues from various Federal departments (both direct and indirect) which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operated under its own budget, which has been approved by the Federal Department or the flow-through agency (usually the New Mexico Department of Education). The various budgets are approved by the Local School Board and the New Mexico Department of Education.

The District also receives reimbursement under the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs for its food service operations, and distributions of commodities through the New Mexico Human Services Department.

6. CASH OVERDRAFTS

The cash overdrafts shown in some federal, state and local projects in the special revenue fund represent expenditures made by the District which will be reimbursed by the grantor. Receivables from the grantor are presented to off-set these overdrafts.

7. REGION VI EDUCATION COOPERATIVE

Certain special revenue (federal) funds of the District were administered by the Region VI Education Cooperative in Portales, New Mexico. The purpose of the REC is to allow the submission of a consolidated application to the State Department of Education for certain funds granted to the State of New Mexico by the United States Department of Education. There are ten schools that participate in the REC, they include Dora, Elida, Fort Summer, Grady, House, Logan, Melrose, San Jon and Texico. The

agreement became effective on July 1, 1995 and is to remain in effect until the end of any fiscal year during which the school gives notice of intent to terminate.

These funds are audited separately by another IPA. That report may be obtained by writing to: Regional Education Cooperative No. 6, 1500 South Avenue K, Station 9, Portales, NM 88130.

8. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

	Gene	ral	Ti	tle I	Ru	ral/Vision	_	School Buses
Revenues per modified accrual basis	\$ 2,82	6,943 5	ŝ	67,752	ŝ		\$	83,751
Receivables	1	(131)				-	_	-
Deferred revenues/								
Due from grantor			_	1,194	_		_	(83,751)
Revenues per budgetary								
basis	\$ 2,82	6,812	3	68,946	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures per modified								
accrual basis	\$ 2,78	7,288	Ş	67,752	\$	-	\$	83,751
Accounts payable		-				-		
Inventory	-			1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	-		-	
Expenditures per								
budgetary basis	\$ 2,78	7,288	\$	67,752	\$_		\$_	83,751
	Воп			apital ovements		Debt		on-Major Special
	Buil	ding_		₽B-9	_	Service	_	Revenue
Revenues per modified								
accrual basis	\$	279	\$	76,829	\$	113,337	\$	263,331
Receivables		-		(710)		(1,427)		-
Deferred revenues Due from granter								51,185
				20.			_	21,103
Revenues per budgetary								
basis	\$	279	<u>\$</u>	76,119	\$	111,910	\$	314,53.6
Expenditures per modified			_			450 000	-2	
accrual basis Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	73,720	\$	106,874	\$	244,716
Inventory								532
Expenditures per								
budgetary basis	\$	- 1	Ś	73,720	8	105,874	s	245,248
	-				—		4	

9. INSURANCE COVERAGE

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; and injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District, as a New Mexico Public School, is insured through he New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). Annual premiums are paid by the District to NMPSIA for coverage provided in the following areas:

Workers Compensation
Property and Automobile Liability and Physical Damage
Liability and Civil Rights and Personal Injury
Contract School Bus Coverage; and
Crime

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The school is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The school carries insurance for all risks listed above.

11. PENSION-PLAN - EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD

Plan description. ERB was created by the state's Educational Retirement Act, Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended, to administer the New Mexico Educational Employees' Retirement Plan (Plan). The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple employer plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and agencies providing educational programs.

The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The New Mexico legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates. ERB issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.nmerb.org.

Benefits provided. A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: the member's final average salary (FAS), the number of years of service credit, and a 0.0235 multiplier. The FAS is the average of the member's salaries for the last five years of service or any other consecutive five-year period, whichever is greater. A brief summary of Plan coverage provisions follows:

For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum or 75 or more; the member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on or after July 1, 2010. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010, or at any time prior to that date refunded all member contributions and then became, or becomes, reemployed after that date is as follows: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more; the member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. There

are three benefit options available: single life annuity; single life annuity monthly benefit reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit; or single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit.

members and surviving beneficiaries Retired of benefits receive an automatic cost living adjustment (COLA) to their benefit each July 1, beginning in the year the member attains or would have attained age 65 or on July 1 of the year following the member's retirement date, whichever is later. Prior to June 30, 2013 the COLA adjustment was equal to one-half the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), except that the COLA shall not exceed 4% nor be less than 2%, unless the change in CPI is less than 2%, in which case, the Cola would equal the change in the CPI, but never less than zero. As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA was immediately reduced until the plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction was based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.8%. All other retirees will have a 20% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.6%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.9%. All other retirees will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average will be 1.8%. Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

A member is eligible for a disability benefit provided (a) he or she has credit for at least 10 years of service, and (b) the disability is approved by ERB. The monthly benefit is equal to 2% of FAS times years of service, but not less than the smaller of (a) one-third of FAS or (b) 2% of FAS times year of service The disability benefit commences projected to age 60. the member's retirement. immediately upon Disability benefits are payable as a monthly life annuity, with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. If the disabled member survives to age 60, the regular optional forms of payment are then applied. A member with five or more years of earned service credit on deferred status may retire on disability retirement when eligible under the Rule of 75 or when the member attains age 65.

Contributions. The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the school district are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 employers contributed 13.15% of employees' gross annual salary to the Plan. Employees earning \$20,000 or less contributed 7.90% and employees earning more than \$20,000 contributed 10.10% of their gross annual salary. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 employers contributed 13.90%, and employees earning \$20,000 or less continued to contribute 7.90% and employees earning more than \$20,000 contributed an

increased amount of 10.70% of their gross annual salary. Contributions to the pension plan from the school district were \$213,591 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The total ERB pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013. The total ERB pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2014, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2015, the school district reported a liability of \$3,162,680 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The proportionate share of the net pension liability. The school district's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. contribution amounts were defined by Section 22-11-21, NMSA 1978. At June 30, 2014, the school district's proportion was 0.05695 percent, which was an increase of 0.00152 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school district recognized pension expense of \$194,380. At June 30, 2015, the school district reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defer Outflo <u>Resou</u>	ws of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	47,117	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				287,525	
Changes in proportion and differences between the school district contributions and proportionate share of contributions				70,826	
School district's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	21	3,591		-	
Total	\$ 21	3,591	\$	405,468	

The \$213,591 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2014 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2016	\$ (112,827)
2017	(112,827)
2018	(107,913)
2019	(71,876)
2020	
Thereafter	4

Actuarial assumptions. As described above, the total ERB pension liability and net pension liability are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013. The total ERB pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2014 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2014. Specifically, the liabilities measured as of June 30, 2014 incorporate the following assumptions:

- 1. All members with an annual salary of more than \$20,000 will contribute 10.10% during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 and 10.7% thereafter.
- 2. Members hired after June 30, 2013 will have an actuarially reduced retirement benefit if they retire before age 55 and their COLA will be deferred until age 67.
- 3. COLAs for most retirees are reduced until ERB attains a 100% funded status.
- 4. These assumptions were adopted by ERB on April 26, 2013 in conjunction with the six-year experience study period ending June 30, 2012.

For the purposes of projecting future benefits, it is assumed that the full COLA is paid in all future years. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates included in the measurement are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll
Remaining Period to June 30, 2042	Amortized - closed 30 years from 2012
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed market for funding valuation (fair value for financial valuation)

Inflation 3.00%

Salary Increases

Composition: 3% inflation, plus
1.25% productivity increase
rate, plus step rate promotional
increases for members with less
than 10 years of service

Investment Rate of Return 7.75%

summarized in the following table:

Retirement Age Experience based table of age and service rates

Mortality 90% of RP-2000 Combined
Mortality Table with White
Collar Adjustment projected to

2014 using Scale AA (one year setback for females)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following: 1) rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.), 2) application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and 3) structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.). These items are developed for each major asset class. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation for 2014 and 2013 for 30-year return assumptions are

		2014	2013			
	Long-Te:	rm Expected	Long-Term Expected			
Asset Class	Real Ra	te of Return				
Cash		1.50%	0.75%			
Treasuries		2.00%	1.00%			
IG Corp Credit		3.50%	3.00%			
MBS		2.25%	2.50%			
Core Bonds		2.53%	2.04%			
TIP\$		2.50%	1.50%			
High Yield Bonds		4.50%	5,00%			
Bank Loans		5.00%	5.00%			
Global Bonds (Unhedged)		1.25%	0.75%			
Global Bonds (Hedged)		1.38%	0.93%			
EMD External		5.00%	4.00%			
EMD Local Currency		5.75%	5.00%			
Large Cap Equities		6.25%	6.75%			
Small/Mid Cap		6,25%	7.00%			
International Equities	(Unhedged)	7.25%	7.75%			
International Equities	(Hedged)	7.50%	8.00%			
Emerging International	Equities	9.50%	9.75%			
Private Equity		8.75%	9.●●%			
Private Debt		8.00%	₽.50%			
Private Real Assets		7.75%	8.00%			
Real Estate		6.25%	6.00%			
Commodities		5.00%	5.00%			
Hedge Funds Low Vol		5.50%	4.75%			
Hedge Funds Mod Vol		5.50%	6.50%			

Discount rate: A single discount rate of 7.75% was used to measure the total ERB pension liability as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the Plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current pension plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that Plan contributions will be made at the current statutory levels. Additionally, contributions received through the Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP), ERB's defined contribution plan, are included in the projection of cash ARP contributions are assumed to remain at a level percentage of ERB payroll, where the percentage of payroll is based on the most recent five year contribution history.

Sensitivity of the school district's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table shows the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate as of the fiscal year end 2014. In particular, the table presents the (employer's) net pension liability under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using discount rate one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the single discount rate.

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate 	1% Increase (8.75%)
School district's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,303,190	\$ 3,162,680	\$ 2,210,222

Detailed information Pension plan fiduciary net position. about the ERB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued audited financial statements as of and for June 30, 2014 and 2013 which are publicly available at www.nmerb.org.

Payables to the pension plan. The School District remits the legally required employer and employee contributions on a monthly basis to ERB. The ERB requires that the contributions be remitted by the 15th day of the month following the month for which contributions are withheld. At June 30, 2015 the School District owed the ERB \$74,255 for the contributions withheld in the month of June 2015.

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. Melrose Municipal School District contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority

(RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employers effective date and the date of retirement; (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; (3) former legislators who served at least two years; and (4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. The report and further information can be obtained by writing to Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle Boulevard, Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutery authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention efficer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each

participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

The Melrose Municipal Schools contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$30,733, \$45,839, and \$46,112, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

13. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The School District had a prior period adjustment of \$3,373,768 of which was required for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. The adjustment reflects a beginning net pension liability of \$3,574,697 and a beginning deferred outflow of resources - employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$200,929.

Also, the June 30, 2014 audit report included incorrect balances of capital assets and accumulated depreciation. The capital assets had to be restated in the amount of \$254,915. The accumulated depreciation was restated by \$2,397,597.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS BUDGETS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Bond Building
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	riginal Budget	Final Budget	Ac	tual:	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
REVENUES						
Earnings from Investments	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$	279	\$	79
Total revenues	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$	279	<u>\$</u>	79
EXPENDITURES						
Instructional support	\$ 87,311	\$ 87,311	\$		\$	87,311
Total expenditures	\$ 87,311	\$ 87,311	\$		\$	87,311
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 87,311	\$ 87,311				

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Capital Improvements - SB-9 Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES								77.
Taxes	\$	53,533	\$	53,533	\$	56,358	\$	2,825
Local sources		_						
State sources		-		26,125		18,946		(7,179)
Earnings from								
Investments	-	900	_	900	_	815		(85)
Total revenues	\$	54,433	\$	80,558	\$	76,119	\$	(4,439)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	\$	284,395	\$	327,655	\$	73,720	\$	253,935
Total expenditures	\$	284,395	\$	327,655	\$	73,720	\$	253,935
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	229,962	\$	247,097				

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Debt Service Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance vorable avorable)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	105,756	\$	105,756	\$	111,784	\$	6,028
Earnings from investments	-	150	-	150	_	126		(24)
Total revenues	\$	105,906	\$	105,906	\$	111,910	\$	6,004
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional support	\$	1,320	\$	1,320	\$	1,118	\$	202
Bonds paid		75,000		75,000		75,000		
Coupons paid	-	30,756	-	30,756	_	30,756	_	
Total expenditures	\$	107,076	\$	107,076	\$	106,874	\$	202
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	1,170	\$	1,170				

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ALL FUNDS - All funds were created by the State Department of Education.

IDEA-B ENTITLEMENT- To account for resources for the operation and maintenance of meeting special education needs of children with disabilities. Financing and authority is the Individual With Disabilities Act, Part B, Sec. 611, as amended; Public Law 105-17.

IDEA-B - PRESCHOOL - To account for monies received for the operation and maintenance of meeting the special education needs of children with disabilities. Financing and authority is the Individuals With Disabilities Act, Part B, Sec. 611, as amended; Public Law 105-17.

IDEA-B - "RISK POOL" - To account for resources received to provide for special educational needs for handicapped children 6-21 years old. Financing and authority is the Individuals With Disabilities Act, Part B, Sec. 611, as amended; Public Law 105-17.

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY - To account for grant funds to increase student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality. Financing and authority is Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended, Title II, Part A, Public Law 107-110.

REAP (RURAL EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM) - To account for monies received to provide financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning. Authority for this program is contained in Title VI, Part B of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), as amended by Public Law 107-110.

(INSTRUCTIONAL TELEVISION FIXED SERVICE) ITFS/FCC - To account for resources received from Plateau Telecommunications, Inc. To provide an instructional television fixed service channel to be used for educational needs. The fund was created by grant provisions.

DUAL CREDIT INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS - To account for resources received from House Bill 2, 2009, to be used for dual credit instructional materials through a course approved by Higher Education Department and through a college/university for which the district has an approved agreement.

GO BOND STUDENT LIBRARY - To account for monies received from the SB66, Laws 2012, 2nd Session, Chapter 54, Section 10.B.(3), Appropriation to be used to improve the library, acquire library books or library resources that support the library program.

READ2LEAD - To account for resources received to provide funds to support a reading K-3 Formative Assessment System providing regional and district reading coaches, supports for intervention, and professional administrators. Financing and authority is a special legislative appropriation, Laws of 2014, Chapter 63, Section 4, Item 1 (other Education), Early Reading Initiative.

ATHLETICS FUND - This fund provides financing for school athletic activities. Funding is provided by fees from patrons. Fund is authorized by 6-20-2 NMAC.

SCHOOL LUNCH FUND - This program provides financing for school hot lunch program. Funding is provided from fees from patrons and USDA food reimbursements, under the National School Lunch Act of 1946, U.S.C. 1751 et seq.; 80 Stat. 889, as amended; 84 Stat. 270; and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended; Sections 4 and 10. Public Law 89-642, 80 Stat. 886, 889, 42 U.S.C. 1773, 1779; Public Law 99-591, 100 Stat. 3341; Public Law 100-71, 101 Stat. 430. Also State Law NMSA 22-13-13.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

Statement A-1 Page 1 of 2

	IDEA Entitl			BA-B school		EA-B Pool	Tea	oving cher lity	RE	AP		rfs/PCC
ASSETS												
Cash on deposit	\$	*	\$	1 × 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	14,400
Due from grantor		-		236		44		-		-0		
Inventory	-				-		+		-	_	_	
Total assets	\$		\$	236	\$	44	\$		\$		\$	14,400
LIABILITIES						P. 3					. 2	
Cash overdraft	\$		\$	236	\$	44	\$		\$		Ş.	
Total liabilities	-		-	236	_	44	-		-		-	- 6
FUND BALANCES												
Non-spendable				-		-		-		-		1.00
Restricted		-	-	=	-		-	-	_		-	14,400
Total fund balance					_		-		_		-	14,400
Total liabilities and												
fund balance	\$	-	\$	236	\$	44	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,400

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

Statement A-1 Page 2 of 2

	Dual C Instruc Mater	tional	S	O Bond tudent ibrary		NM d2Lead	At	hletics	Caf	eteria		Fotals
ASSETS												
Cash on deposit	\$	100	\$	-	\$	5 ←	\$	3,329	\$	21,968	\$	39,697
Due from grantor		-		6,221		-		-				6,501
Inventory	-	(4)	_			-	_	-	-	1,609		1,609
Total assets	\$		\$	6,221	\$		\$	3,329	\$	23,577	\$	47,807
LIABILITIES											1	
Cash overdraft	\$		\$	6,221	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	6,501
Total liabilities	-		-	6,221	-		-	-	-		-	6,501
FUND BALANCES												
Non-spendable		-		-		~		-		1,609		1,609
Restricted	-		_	-			-	3,329	-	21,968	-	39,697
Total fund balance	4		_				_	3,329	-	23,577		41,306
Total liabilities and												
fund balance	\$		\$	6,221	\$		\$	3,329	\$	23,577	\$	47,807

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Statement A-2 Page 1 of 2

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2015

		20-1-2		Improving		
	IDEA-B Entitlement	IDEA-B Preschool	IDBA-B "Risk Pool"	Teacher Quality	REAP	ITFS/FCC
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ ~	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$
Local sources	2	-	=	2	8	
State sources		-				1,200
Federal sources	62,410	3,945	44	10,818	18,925	
Total revenues	62,410	3,945	44	10,818	18,925	1,200
EXPENDITURES						
Direct instruction	62,410	3,945	44	10,818	17,554	-
Instructional support	-	12	-	-	1,371	-
Food Services			-	-	-	
Total expenditures	62,410	3,945	44	10,818	18,925	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	ja ja		-	1,200
Fund balance at beginning						4.14
of year		-		-		13,200
Fund balance at end of year	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 14,400

Statement A-2 Page 2 of 2

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Dual Credit Instructional Materials	GO Bond Student Library	NM Read2Lead	Athletics	Cafeteria	Total#
REVENUES	Tell the					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 20,160	\$ 20,596	\$ 40,756
Local sources				-		
State sources	1,064	9,262	50,000	~.	4.1.1	61,526
Federal sources				-	64,907	161 <u>,049</u>
Total revenues	1,064	9,262	50,000	20,160	85,503	263,331
EXPENDITURES						
Direct instruction	1,064	7	50,000	20,555	-	166,390
Instructional support		9,262		-	-	10,633
Food Service		-			67,693	67,693
Total expenditures	1,064	9,262	50,000	20,555	67,693	244,716
Net change in fund balance		-3.		(395)	17,810	18,615
Fund balance at beginning of year				3,724	5,767	22,691
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,329	\$ 23,577	\$ 41,306

Non-Major Special Revenue - IDEA-B Entitlement Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$ 57,262	\$ 69,063	\$ 89,545	\$ 20,482
Total revenues	\$ 57,262	\$ 69,063	\$ 89,545	\$ 20,482
EXPENDITURES				
Direct instruction	\$ 57,262	\$ 69,063	\$ 62,410	\$ 6,653
Total expenditures	\$ 57,262	\$ 69,063	\$ 62,410	\$ 6,653
REVENUES				
Budgetary basis			\$ 89,545	
(Decrease) in due from g	rantor		(27,135)	
Modified accrual basis			\$ 62,410	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Non-Major Special Revenue - IDEA-B Preschool Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

		riginal Budget	Final oudget	A	ctual	Favo	iance brable vorable)
REVENUES							
Federal sources	\$	3,776	\$ 4,647	\$	4,648	\$	1,
Total revenues	\$	3,776	\$ 4,647	\$	4,648	\$	1
EXPENDITURES							
Direct instruction	\$	3,776	\$ 4,647	\$	3.945	\$	702
Total expenditures	\$	3,776	\$ 4,647	\$	3,945	\$	702
REVENÜES							
Budgetary basis				\$	4,648		
(Decrease) in due from g	ranto	r		_	(703)		
Modified accrual basis				\$	3,945		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Non-Major Special Revenue - IDEA-B "Risk Pool" Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	1.0	ginal lget		nal iget	Ac	tual	Favo	iance orable vorable)
REVENUES								
Federal sources	\$		\$	44	\$	415	\$	371
Tetal revenues	\$		\$	44	\$	415	<u>\$</u>	371
EXPENDITURES								
Direct instruction	\$		\$	44	\$	44	\$	-
Total expenditures	\$		<u>\$</u>	44	\$	44	\$	
REVENUES								
Budgetary basis					\$	415		
(Decrease) in due from 9	grantor					(371)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	44		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Non-Major Special Revenue - Improving Teacher Quality
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_		Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
\$	9,587	\$	14,908	\$	13,471	\$	(1,437)
\$	9,587	\$	14,908	\$	13,471	\$	(1,437)
\$	9,587	\$	14,908	\$	10,818	\$	4,090
\$_	9,587	\$_	14,908	. \$	10,818	\$	4,090
				\$	13,471		
ranto	r			=	(2,653)		
				\$	10,818		
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 9,587 \$ 9,587	\$ 9,587 \$ \$ 9,587 \$ \$ 9,587 \$	Budget Budget \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908	Budget Budget \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908	Budget Budget Actual \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 13,471 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 10,818 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 10,818 \$ 9,587 \$ 14,908 \$ 10,818 \$ 13,471 (2,653)	Original Budget Final Budget Factual (Unff (U

Non-Major Special Revenue - REAP

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

Budget Budget Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	
Federal sources \$ 16,573 \$ 18,926 \$ 18,925	\$ (1)
Total revenues \$ 16,573 \$ 18,926 \$ 18,925	\$ (1)
EXPENDITURES	
Direct instruction \$ - \$ 17,555 \$ 17,554	\$ 1
Instructional support 16,573 1,371 1,371	
Total expenditures \$ 16.573 \$ 18,926 \$ 18,925	\$ 1

Non-Major Special Revenue - ITFS/FCC

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

		A	ctual	Fa	riance vorable avorable)
\$ 	\$ 	\$	1,200	\$	1,200
\$ -	\$ 	\$	1,200	\$	1,200
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	_
\$	Budget Bud	Budget Budget	Budget Budget A \$ - \$ \$ - \$	Budget Budget Actual \$ - \$ - \$ 1,200 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,200	Original Budget Final Budget Factual Budget \$ - \$ - \$ 1,200 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ 1,200 \$

Non-Major Special Revenue - Dual Credit Instructional Materials Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget		Final udget		ictual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable		
REVENUES				77					
State sources	\$	<u>;−</u> ,	\$	1,064	\$	1,238	\$	174	
Total revenues	\$	- 0-	\$	1,064	\$	1,238	\$	174	
EXPENDITURES									
Direct instruction	\$	-	\$	1,064	\$	1,064	\$		
Total expenditures	\$		\$	1,064	\$	1,064	\$		
REVENUES									
Budgetary Basis					\$	1,238			
(Decrease) in due from o	grantor				_	(174)			
Modified accrual basis					\$	1,064			

Non-Major Special Revenue - GO Bond Student Library Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES			-						
State sources	\$	9,262	\$	9,262	\$	3,041	\$	(6,221)	
Total revenues	\$	9,262	\$	9,262	\$	3,041	\$	(6,221)	
EXPENDITURES									
Instructional Support	\$	9,262	\$	9,262	\$	9,262	\$		
Total expenditures	\$	9,262	\$	9,262	\$	9,262	\$		
REVENUES									
Budgetary Basis					\$	3,041			
Increase in due from grantor				-	6,221				
Modified accrual basis					\$	9,262			

Non-Major Special Revenue - NM Reads2Lead Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
State sources	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 76,370	\$ 26,370	
Total revenues	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 76.370	\$ 26,370	
EXPENDITURES					
Direct instruction	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	
Total expenditures	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ -	
REVENUES					
Budgetary Basis			\$ 76,370		
(Decrease) in due from g	rantor		(26,370)		
Modified Accrual Basis			\$ 50,000		

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Non-Major Special Revenue - Athletics Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUBS					
Charges for services	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 20,160	\$ 2,160	
Total revenues	\$ 18,000	\$ 18,000	\$ 20,160	\$ 2,160	
EXPENDITURES					
Direct instruction	\$ 19,330	\$ 21,724	\$ 20,555	\$ 1,169	
Total expenditures	\$ 19,330	\$ 21,724	\$ 20,555	\$ 1,169	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 1,330	\$ 3,724			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSB MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Non-Major Special Revenue - Cafeteria

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		ariance vorable avorable)
REVENUES	70							
Charges for services	Ş	21,000	\$	21,000	\$	20,596	\$	(404)
Federal Sources	-	69,646	_	69,646	-	64,907		(4,739)
Total revenues	\$	90.646	\$	90,646	\$	85,503	\$	(5,143)
EXPENDITURES								
Food Service	\$	91,493	\$	91,493	\$	68,225	\$	23,268
Total expenditures	\$	91,493	\$	91,493	\$	68,225	\$	23,268
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	847	\$	847				
EXPENDITURES								
Budgetary Basis					\$	68,225		
(Increase) in inventory					_	(532)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	67,693		

GENERAL FUND

OPERATIONAL FUND - This fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the School District except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

TRANSPORTATION FUND - To account for resources received from the Public Education Department to be used only for eligible to and from school transportation costs.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND - to account for resources received from the Public Education Department to be used to purchase materials used as the basis for instruction.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Combining Balance Sheet General Fund June 30, 2015

	Op	erational	Transp	oration	Instructional Materials		Total	
ASSETS								
Cash on deposit	\$	205,751	\$	-	\$	12.908	\$ 21	8,739
Accounts receivable, collectible	-	256	-					256
Total assets	\$	206,007	\$		\$	12,988	\$ 21	8,995
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total liabilities		- 12	-	5	_		_	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		2.0		-				-
Restricted		2,141		-		12,988	1	5,129
Unassigned		203,866			-		20	3,866
Total fund balance	_	206,007		- 2	_	12,988	21	8,995
Total liabilities and								
fund balance	\$	206,007	\$		\$	12,988	\$ 21	8,995

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Operational	Transportation	Instructional Materials	Total	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 13,903	\$ -	5 -	\$ 13,903	
Charges for services					
Local sources	17,374	1 2		17,374	
State sources	2,500,010	290,755	13,802	2,794,567	
Federal sources		4 4 4	-		
Earnings from investments	1,099			1,099	
Total revenues	2,532,386	280,755	13,802	2,826,943	
BXPENDITURES					
Direct instruction	1,191,476	3	13,676	1,205,152	
Instructional support	1,190,935	260,755	-	1,471,690	
Food service	53,518	05	*	53,516	
Capital outlay	56,930			56,930	
Total expenditures	2,492,859	280,755	13,676	2,787,290	
Net change in fund balance	39,527	-	126	39,653	
Fund balance at heginning of year	166,490		12,862	179,342	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 206,007	\$	\$ 12,988	\$ 218,995	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

General Fund - Operational Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable [Unfavorable]	
REVENIES								
Taxes	\$	13,082	\$	13,082	\$	13,772	\$	690
Charges for services		100						
Local sources		15,225		15,225		17,374		2,149
State sources		2,437,114		2,499,676		2,500,010		334
Federal sources				-		-		-
Earnings from investments	-	1,000	-	1,000	÷	1,099	-	99
Total revenues	\$	2,466,421	\$	2,528,983	\$	2,532,255	\$	3,272
EXPENDITURES								
Direct instruction	\$	1,367,088	\$	1,374,320	\$	1,248,404	\$	125,916
Instructional support		1,191,289		1,255,452		1,190,935		64,517
Food services	-	57,254		65,563	-	53,518		12,045
Total expenditures	\$	2,615,631	\$	2,695,335	\$	2.492,857	\$	202,478
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	149,210	\$	166,352				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

General Fund - Transportation Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavoxable)	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services				-		a live		1.4
Local sources		-		-		-		-
State sources		262,608		280,755		280,755		-
Federal sources								
Barnings from investments	-		-		-			
Total revenues	\$	262,608	\$	280,755	\$	280.755	\$	14
EXPENDITURES								
Direct instruction	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Instructional support		262,608		280,755		280.755		- 2
Food services	-		_	н		-	-	-
Total expenditures	\$	262,608	\$	280,755	\$	280,755	\$	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	-	\$					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

General Pund - Instructional Materials Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance vorable averable)
\$	-	\$	(4)	\$		\$	4
	-		-		-		-
	-		1.6		100		1.2
	9,855		13,802		13,802		
	€.				-		140
-			-		- 5		
\$	9,855	\$	13,802	\$	13,802	\$	
\$	17,780	\$	26,663	\$	13.676	s	12,987
	-		2:				
-	- 3	_	4	_			-
\$	17,780	\$	26,663	\$	13.676	\$	12,987
\$	7,925	\$	12,861				
	\$ \$	\$ 9,855 \$ 17,780	\$ 9,855 \$ \$ 17,780 \$	Budget Budget \$ - \$ - \$ 9,855 13,802 \$ 17,780 \$ 26,663 \$ 17,780 \$ 26,663	Budget Budget \$ - \$ \$,855 13,802 \$ 17,780 \$ 26,663 \$ 17,780 \$ 26,663	Budget Budget Actual \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 9,855 \$ 13,802 \$ 13,802 \$ 17,780 \$ 26,663 \$ 13,676 \$ 17,780 \$ 26,663 \$ 13,676	Original Budget Final Budget Page Natural Page Natural \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

The accempanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2014
Melrose Municipal School District's	
proportion of net pension liability (asset)	0.05543%
Melrose Municipal School District's	
proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$3,162,680
Melrose Municipal School District's	
covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,527,973
Melrose Municipal School District's	
proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	207%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentate of the total	
pension liability	66.54%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, Reserve Independent School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

See Independent Auditor's Report
See notes to required supplementary information

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Schedule of Contributions Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Fension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 213,591
Contributions in relation to the contractually required Contribution	213,591
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
Melrese Municipal School District's covered-employee payroll	\$1,536. 6 28
Contribution as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	13.90%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, Reserve Independent School District will present information for those years for which imformation is available.

See Independent Auditor's Report See notes to required supplementary information

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes in benefit terms.

The COLA and retirement eligibility benefit changes in recent years are described in the Benefits Provided subsection of the financial statement note disclosure Pension Plan - Educational Retirement Board, General Information on the Pension Plan.

Changes of assumptions.

Per the ERB FY14 annual audit Management Discussion and Analysis, ERB conducts an actuarial experience study every two years. The actuarial experience study, presented to the Board of Trustees on April 26, 2013, compiled data for the six year period ending June 30, 2013.

- 1. Fiscal year 2014 and 2013 valuation assumptions that changed based on this study:
 - a. Lower wage inflation from 4.75% to 4.25%
 - b. Lower payroll growth from 3.75% to 3.5%
 - c. Minor changes to demographic assumptions
 - d. Population growth per year from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Assumptions that were not changed:
 - a. Investment return will remain at 7.75%
 - b. Inflation will remain at 3.00%

See also the Actuarial Assumptions subsection of the financial statement note disclosure Pension Plan - Educational Retirement Board, General Information on the Pension Plan

See Independent Auditor's Report
See notes to required supplementary information

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - All Funds by School District Classification Year Ended June 30, 2015

	•perational	Transportation	Instructional Materials	Food Services	Athletics	Non- Instructional
Cash Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 166,353	\$ -	\$ 12,862	\$ 4,690	\$ 3,724	\$ 62,642
Cash Receipts, 2014-2015	2,532,255	280,755	13,802	85,503	20,160	153,136
Cash Disbursements, 2014-2015	(2,492,857)	(284,755)	(13,676)	(62,225)	(20,555)	(159,099)
Cash Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 205,751	<u>\$</u>	\$ 12,988	\$ 21,968	\$ 3,329	\$ 56,679
	Lecal	S tate	Federal Projects	Bend Building	Capital Improvement SB-9	Debt Service
Cash Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 37,547	\$ (26,544)	\$ (50,480)	\$ 83,555	\$ 247,096	\$ 97,181
Cash Receipts, 2014-2015	1,200	20,649	195,950	279	76,119	111,910
Cash Disbursements, 2014-2015		(60,326)	(163,894)		(73,720)	(106,874)
Cash Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 38,747	\$ (6,221)	\$ (18,424)	\$ 83,834	\$ 249,495	\$ 102,217

STATE OF NEW NEXICO

MELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Schedule of Fiduciary Net Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Beginning Balance			Ending Palance		
	6/30/2014	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2015		
General	\$ 2,427	\$ 4,249	\$ 6,358	\$ 318		
FFA	1,325	25,178	25,865	638		
FCCLA	4,212	9,995	9,265	4,942		
Сопсезвіоп	2,486	36,213	35,292	3,407		
BPA	4,022	13,683	17,645	60		
Vo Ag Shop	14			14		
Elementary	7,057	9,601	9,283	7,375		
Football	2,733	2,557	3,459	1,831		
Girls Basketall	30	4,014	4,014	30		
Class of 2016		5,258	3,788	3., 470		
Class of 2015	2,753		2,323	430		
Volleyball	1,969	2,626	4,587	8		
Boys Basketball	1,059	1,065	1,850	274		
Student Council	44	225	254	15		
Yearbook	1,979	2,845	3,777	1.047		
Activity Buses	5,757	17,340	13,139	9,958		
Music	90	3 - 0		90		
Interest	357	150	484	23		
Cheerleaders	335	358	96	597		
Class of 2014	203	54	257			
Baseball	679	-	-	679		
Boys Track	3,126		154	2,972		
Science Club	619	558	267	910		
Girls Track	2,074	1,000	2,188	886		
Class of 2017		101	-	101		
Class of 2018	-	14	1.0			
Class of 2019	3	2		3		
Athletic Student Travel	530	14,518	14,317	731		
District 4A 8Man Footbaall	4.4	800	437	363		
District 3A	-	35		35		
Region A2 BPA	1 <u>~</u>	620	(-)	620		
General Activity - CD	16.759	93		16,852		
Total	\$ 62,642	\$ 153,136	\$ 159,099	\$ 56,679		

KELROSE MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF VENDOR INFORMATION (for Furchases Exceeding \$60,000 excluding GRI) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Prepared by (Agency Staff Name): Pam Resvers

Title: Business Manager

Date: August 19, 2015

RPR#/RFP#	Type of Procurement	Awarded Vendox		Amount of Awarded Comtract	. 2	mount of Amended Contract	Name and Physical Address of All Respondents	In-State/Out- of-State Vendor	Preference M/A for Federal Funds	Scope of Work
N/A	Purchase (ES		s	83.751	\$	2.2	CES, FO Box 92223, Albuquerque,	In-State	×	School Bus
N/A	Concract Serviceu	mp School Buses, Inc	. \$	254.974	\$	169,962	2811 SR 311, Melrose, ND) 88124	In-Stalle	n	School Bus Contractor
N/A	Contract Servi Bee	vera School Rus Serv	: \$	95,310	3	98,469	PO Box 264, Mclroac, NW 88124	Is State	N	school Hua Concractor

AUDITING
BOOKKEEPING
(505) 292-8275

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Board of Education
Melrose Municipal Schools
Melrose, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General, Title I, and Rural Vision Funds of the Melrose Municipal Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Melrose Municipal Schools basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds and the related budgetary comparison of the non-major funds, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Melrose Municipal Schools financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Melrose Municipal Schools internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reside assert, com.

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 13, 2015

STATUS OF COMMENTS AND RESPONSES

Prior Year Audit Findings:

NONE

Current Year Audit Findings:

NONE

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2015 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements chart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 115.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held at the School District on August 13, 2015, to discuss the current audit report. In attendance were Ms. Pamela Beevers, Business Manager, Mr. Jamie Widner, Superintendent and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditor.