

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Table of Contents

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Official Roster	4 5-6
Financial Section	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position	8 9
Fund Financial Statements Government Funds - Balance Sheet	10-11
of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	13-14
Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	15
General Fund-Operational-11000 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual	16-18 19
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21-42
Required Supplemental Information Schedules of Required Supplementary Information for Pension Plan	44-45 46
Schedules of Required Supplementary Information and Notes for Other Post Employment Benefits	47
Supplemental Information Related to Nonmajor Funds Non-Major Funds Combining Balance Sheet	50-52 53-55

State of New Mexico Rio Gallinas Charter School Table of Contents For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State of New Mexico Rio Gallinas Charter School Official Roster

June 30, 2019

Governing Council

Jude Romero Chairman
James Esquibel Vice-Chairman
Rosalie Lopez Secretary
Roberta Espino Member
Vacant Member

Charter School Officials

Kirk Ludi Director

Rebekah Runyan Business Manager

Kirk Ludi Chief Procurement Officer

De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant

225 Innsdale Terrace Clovis, NM 88101

(855) 253-4313

Independent Auditor's Report

Mr. Brian S. Colón State Auditor of New Mexico Governing Council of the Rio Gallinas Charter School

Mr. Colón and Members of the Council

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of Rio Gallinas Charter (Charter), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Charter's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedules of Required Supplementary Information for Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Benefits Plan and related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information although not a part of the basic financial statements , is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who consider it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis which is required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Charter's financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter's basic financial statements. The supplemental information such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the other schedules required by 2.2.2.NMAC, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and other schedules required by 2.2.2.NMAC presented as supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2019 on our consideration of the Charter's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Charter's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

De'Aun Willoughby, CPA, PC

Clovis, New Mexico October 22, 2019 **Financial Section**

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	G	Governmental
Assets	_	Activities
Current Assets	¢.	000.070
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	230,678
Due from Grantor Other Receivables		38,406
Total Current Assets	_	65,713 334,797
Noncurrent Assets	_	334,797
		174.004
Capital Assets Less Accumulated Depreciation		174,094
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	(166,816) 7,278
Total Assets Total Assets		342,075
Deferred Outflows of Resources		•
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		
Actuarial Experience		1,350
Changes of Assumptions		381,336
Investment Experience		4,096
Changes in Proportion		1,131
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		60,245
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits		
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date		8,668
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		456,826
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		4,672
Payroll Liabilities		16,401
Total Current Liabilities		21,073
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Pension Liability		1,850,291
Other Post Employment Benefits Liability		443,532
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,293,823
Total Liabilities	_	2,314,896
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		0=044
Actuarial Experience		35,214
Changes in Proportion		147,039
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits		
Actuarial Experience		26,260
Investment Experience		5,535
Changes of Assumptions		82,805
Changes in Proportion Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	4,590 301,443
Net Position		,
Invested in Net Capital Assets		7,278
Unrestricted		(1,824,716)
Total Net Position	<u>.</u>	(1,817,438)
Total Hot Foodon	~=	(1,017,100)

·				Pr	ogram Revenu	ies	S	N	et (Expenses)
					Operating		Capital		Revenue and
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	_	Contributions		Contributions		Net Position
On the state of th									
Governmental Activities	•		_						(0.10. = 0.=)
Instruction	\$	770,867	0	\$	127,302	\$	0	\$	(643,565)
Support Services									
Students		114,215	10,966		6,870		0		(96,379)
Instruction		3,502	0		0		0		(3,502)
General Administration		194,081	0		0		0		(194,081)
School Administration		39,671	0		0		0		(39,671)
Central Services		81,260	0		0		0		(81,260)
Operation of Plant		112,833	0		37,778		0		(75,055)
Student Transportation		5,083	0		0		0		(5,083)
Other		33	0		0		0		(33)
Food Services Operations		7,153	0		0		0		(7,153)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,328,698	\$ 10,966	\$	171,950	\$	0	_	(1,145,782)
			-	_		_			_
		neral Revenu							
	F		State Aid Not F	Res	stricted to a				
		Specific Purp	oose						
		General							756,437
		Capital							0
	ſ	Miscellaneous	6					_	8,567
		Total Genera	al Revenues					_	765,004
	(Change in Ne	t Position					-	(380,778)
Net Position - Beginning						(1,416,955)			
		Restatement							(19,705)
			ning Net Posit	ion	ı			-	(1,436,660)
	Ne	t Position - E	nding					\$_	(1,817,438)

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Governmental Funds
Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

	_	General					
	_	Operational 11000		Instructional Materials 14000		Public School Capital Outlay 31200	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	211,384	\$	0	\$	0	
Due From Grantor		0		2,095		9,445	
Other Receivables		63,703		0		0	
Interfund Balances	. -	35,542	–	0		0	
Total Assets	\$_	310,629	\$	2,095	\$	9,445	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	\$	4,669	\$	0	\$	0	
Payroll Liabilities		11,094		0		0	
Interfund Balances	_	0	_	148	_	9,445	
Total Liabilities	-	15,763	-	148	-	9,445	
Fund Balances Restricted for							
Special Revenue Funds		0		0		0	
Unassigned		294,866		1,947		0	
Total Fund Balances	-	294,866	-	1,947	- '	0	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	310,629	\$_	2,095	\$	9,445	

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Governmental Funds
Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019						
	_	Capital Projects	_			
	_	Senate Bill Nine-State 31700		Other Governmental Funds	=	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	0	\$	19,294	\$	230,678
Due From Grantor		8,186		18,680		38,406
Other Receivables		0		2,010		65,713
Interfund Balances	_	0	_	0	_	35,542
Total Assets	\$ ₌	8,186	\$	39,984	\$	370,339
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	3	\$	4,672
Payroll Liabilities		0		5,307		16,401
Interfund Balances	_	8,186	_	17,763	_	35,542
Total Liabilities	-	8,186		23,073	_	56,615
Fund Balances Restricted for						
Special Revenue Funds		0		16,911		16,911
Unassigned	_	0	_		_	296,813
Total Fund Balances	_	0		16,911	_	313,724
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	8,186	\$	39,984	\$	370,339

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	313,724
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Po are different because:	sition	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation	3 174,094 (166,816)	7,278
Deferred Outflows and Inflows Related to Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) are the results of differences in expected and actual actuary experience and the difference in actuary projected and actual earnings. Also changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of	(100,010)	7,270
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Related to OPEB	448,158 8,668 (182,253) (119,190)	155,383
Long-term and certain other liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of: Pension Liability	(1,850,291)	
Other Post Employment Benefits Liability Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	(443,532)	(2,293,823)
Total Net T osition - Governmental Activities	Ψ=	(1,017,430)

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		0	Capital	
	-	Gene	Projects	
	_	Operational 11000	Instructional Materials 14000	Public School Capital Outlay 31200
Revenues				
Fees	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0
State and Local Grants		756,437	2,442	37,778
Federal Grants		0	0	0
Miscellaneous	_	8,567	0	0
Total Revenues	_	765,004	2,442	37,778
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction		330,784	4,489	0
Support Services		•	,	
Students		64,359	0	0
Instruction		3,502	0	0
General Administration		113,178	0	0
School Administration		25,030	0	0
Central Services		81,260	0	0
Operation of Plant		65,097	0	37,778
Student Transportation		3,869	0	0
Other Support Services		33	0	0
Food Service Operations		3,835	0	0
Total Expenditures	_	690,947	4,489	37,778
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	_	74,057	(2,047)	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		240,514	3,994	0
Restatement		(19,705)	0	0
Restated Beginning Fund Balance	-	220,809	3,994	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$_	294,866 \$	1,947_\$	0

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

,		Capital		
	_	Projects		
		Senate Bill Nine-State 31700	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	_			
Fees	\$	0 \$	10,966 \$	10,966
State and Local Grants		8,186	35,969	840,812
Federal Grants		0	87,575	87,575
Miscellaneous	_	0	0	8,567
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>	8,186	134,510	947,920
Expenditures				
Current		0.400	440 =04	100 100
Instruction		8,186	116,731	460,190
Support Services				
Students		0	17,568	81,927
Instruction		0	0	3,502
General Administration		0	55	113,233
School Administration		0	0	25,030
Central Services		0	0	81,260
Operation of Plant		0	0	102,875
Student Transportation		0	0	3,869
Other Support Services		0	0	33
Food Service Operations	_	0	77	3,912
Total Expenditures	-	8,186	134,431	875,831
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	-	0	79	72,089
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		0	16,832	261,340
Restatement	_	0	0	(19,705)
Restated Beginning Fund Balance	_	0	16,832	241,635
Fund Balance End of Year	\$_	0 \$	16,911 \$	313,724

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
To the Statement of Activities

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	72,089
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense Capital Outlays	(2,131)	(2,131)
Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) contributions are reported as expenses in the government funds but are deferred outflows in the Statement of Net Position. Pension and OPEB expense is reported in the Statement of Activities but not in the governmental funds.		
Pension Contributions	60,245	
Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions	8,668	
Pension Expense	(521,215)	(450,736)

\$ (380,778)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Rio Gallinas Charter School

General Fund-Operational-11000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	(E	Actual Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget- Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						
State Grant	\$	750,734 \$		\$	777,126 \$	
Miscellaneous	_	750 704	750 427		8,567	8,567
Total Revenues	_	750,734	756,437		785,693	29,256
Expenditures						
Instruction						
Personnel Services		268,506	274,089		218,262	55,827
Employee Benefits		105,779	105,779		110,756	(4,977)
Professional & Tech Services		1,250	1,250		448	802 151
Purchased Property Services Other Purchased Services		4,235 11,225	4,235 11,225		4,084 13,089	(1,864)
Supplies		8,500	8,500		8,962	(462)
Fixed Assets		170,353	193,015		0,302	193,015
Total Instruction		569,848	598,093		355,601	242,492
	_					
Support Services						
Students Personnel Services		30,550	30,550		26,439	4,111
Employee Benefits		12,571	12,571		9,441	3,130
Professional & Tech Services		32,060	32,060		27,160	4,900
Other Purchased Services		250	250		1,319	(1,069)
Supplies		250	250		0	250
Total Students		75,681	75,681		64,359	11,322
Instruction		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Supplies		2,000	5,503		3,502	2,001
Total Instruction	_	2,000	5,503		3,502	2,001
	_		3,000		0,002	
General Administration		04.075	04.075		70.000	0.075
Personnel Services		81,975	81,975		79,000	2,975
Employee Benefits Professional & Tech Services		25,645 10,420	25,645 10,420		24,134 8,539	1,511 1,881
Other Purchased Services		2,700	2,700		1,506	1,194
Total General Administration	_	120.740	120.740		113.179	7.561
	_	120,110			,	.,,,,
School Administration		44.000	4.4.000		44.000	(000)
Personnel Services Employee Benefits		14,000	14,000 6,255		14,306	(306) 552
Professional & Tech Services		6,255 5,500	5,500		5,703 2,519	2,981
Other Purchased Services		1,000	1,000		2,519 1,730	(730)
Supplies		1,500	1,500		383	1,117
Supply Assets		0	0		389	(389)
Total School Administration	\$	28,255 \$	28,255	\$	25,030 \$	

State of New Mexico Rio Gallinas Charter School General Fund-Operational-11000 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	ed An	nounts		Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Favorable
		Original		Final	•	Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Central Services			_		_	,	
Professional & Tech Services	\$	62,094	\$	67,229	\$	61,013 \$	6,216
Supplies		16,400		19,051		18,577	474
Total Central Services		78,494		86,280		79,590	6,690
Operation of Plant							
Personnel Services		9,135		9,135		9,731	(596)
Employee Benefits		2,377		2,377		2,466	(89)
Professional & Tech Services		44,542		44,542		38,676	5,866
Other Purchased Services		7,976		7,976		9,519	(1,543)
Supplies		2,000		2,000		1,839	` 161 [°]
Total Operation of Plant	_	66,030	_	66,030	-	62,231	3,799
Student Transportation							
Personnel Services		2,470		4,420		1,187	3,233
Employee Benefits		673		793		131	662
Professional & Tech Services		0		0		0	0
Purchased Property Services		5,000		5,000		820	4,180
Other Purchased Services		1,559		1,631		1,631	0
Supplies		0		0		100	(100)
Total Student Transportation		9,702	_	11,844	-	3,869	7,975
Other Support Service							
Other Support Services		200		200		33	167
Total Other Support Service	_	200	_	200		33	167
Total Support Services		381,102		394,533		351,793	42,740
Food Service							
Personnel Services		3,500		3,500		3,104	396
Employee Benefits		825		825		731	94
Total Food Service	_	4,325	_	4,325		3,835	490
Total Expenditures	\$_	955,275	\$	996,951	\$	711,229 \$	285,722

State of New Mexico Rio Gallinas Charter School General Fund-Operational-11000 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted Ar		Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget- Favorable
		Original	Final	Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(204,541) \$	(240,514) \$	74,464 \$	314,978
Cash Balance Beginning of Year	_	172,462	172,462	172,462	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$_	(32,079) \$	(68,052) \$	246,926 \$	314,978
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAI Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Ove Net Change in Other Receivables Net Change in Accounts Payable Net Change in Payroll Liabilities Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Ove	74,464 (20,687) (4,669) 24,949 74,057				

Rio Gallinas Charter School

General Fund-Instructional Materials-14000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

,				Actual	Variance with Final Budget-
		Budgeted Am		(Budgetary	Favorable
_		Original	Final	Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	•	0.004 #	0.004.0	2 442 4	(=00)
State Grant	\$	3,224 \$	3,224 \$		
Total Revenues		3,224	3,224	2,442	(782)
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Supplies		4,489	5,122	4,489	633
Total Instruction		4,489	5,122	4,489	633
Total Expenditures		4,489	5,122	4,489	633
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,265)	(1,898)	(2,047)	(149)
Cash Balance Beginning of Year		1,899	1,899	1,899	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	634 \$	1_\$	(148)	(149)
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to G Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues G Net Change in Due from Granto Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues G	Over Expe or	enditures	\$ Basis \$	(2,047) 0 (2,047)	

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds June 30, 2019

Assets	_	Agency Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,113
Total Assets	\$	4,113
Liabilities		
Deposits Held for Others	\$	4,113
Total Liabilities	\$	4,113

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Rio Gallinas Charter School (Charter), a component unit of West Las Vegas Schools, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Charter's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Charter has been in existence since 2000, and is currently operating under the provisions of the Public School Charter Code, Chapter 22, of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation. The Charter operates with a local board of education - superintendent form of government and provides a supervised program of instruction designed to educate students at the elementary and secondary level.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Charter is considered a component unit, since it's budget is approved by West Las Vegas School elected officials. GASB Statement No. 14 defines a component unit as one who is not fiscally independent meaning the Charter may not, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges and issue bonded debt.

The Charter has no component units, defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected Charter members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Charter has a significant relationship.

The accounts of the Charter are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The funds of the Charter are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classification and a description of each existing fund type follows below:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for the Charter's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets and the servicing of general long-term debt.

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Charter and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Charter not encompassed within other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources for the acquisition of capital facilities by the Charter.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Charter.

The Student Activity Fund, an agency fund, accounts for assets held by the Charter as an agent for the Charter organizations. These organizations exist with the explicit approval of and are subject to revocation by the Charter's Board of Education. This accounting reflects the Charter's agency relationship with the student activity organizations.

Major Funds

The Charter reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund (11000)(14000) The General Fund consist of two sub funds. The first is the Operational Fund of the Charter and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Charter not encompassed within other funds. The Instructional Materials Fund accounts for a state grant to provide text books for students in the Charter.

Major Capital Projects Funds

Public School Capital Outlay (31200). To account for a grant received

Senate Bill Nine (31700). The revenues are derived from a state grant. Expenditures are restricted to capital improvements, repairs and maintenance, supplies and supply assets used in the upkeep of the facilities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary Funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Charter's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Charter's general revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to students or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the given function 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions, Transportation, Food Service, Special Revenue Funds such as special education as well as others., and 3) program specific capital grants and contributions.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

Governmental Funds

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Any effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Charter-wide financial statements.

Revenues

<u>Grants</u>. Government mandated nonexchange transaction and voluntary nonexchange transactions. Recipients should recognize revenues in the period when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available.

Revenue Recognition for Grants.

Eligibility requirements for government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange transaction comprise one or more of the following:

- 1. Required characteristics of recipients. The recipient has the characteristics specified by the provider (are required to be school charters).
- 2. Time requirements. Time requirements specified be enabling legislation or the provider have been met (period when the resources are required to be used).
- 3. Reimbursements. The provider offers resources on a reimbursement ("expenditure-driven") basis and the recipient has incurred allowable costs under the applicable program.
- 4. Contingencies. The providers offer of resources is contingent upon a specified action of the recipient and that action has occurred (the recipient has raised the matching funds).

Entitlement and shared revenues (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the Charter and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as paid. Salaries for nine-month employees are paid prior to the end of the fiscal year and therefore are not accrued. Salaries for the twelve month employees payroll are accrued.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, etc.) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Basis of Budgeting

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis inconsistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These budgets are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons for the various funds in this report are on the non-GAAP budgetary basis.

The Charter follows the following procedures in establishing data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 15, (unless a later date is fixed by the Secretary of Education) the local school board submits to the School Budget and Finance Analysis Unit (SBFAU) of the New Mexico Public Education Department an estimated budget for the Charter for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets submitted to the New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) by the Charter shall contain headings and details as prescribed by law.
- 2. Prior to June 20, of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the SBFAU and certified and approved by the local school board at the public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixed the estimated budget for the Charter for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The "operating" budget will be used by the Charter until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the SBFAU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally in to the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element for control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 4. The Charter shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the SBFAU.
- 5. No school board or officer or employee of the Charter shall make any expenditures or incur any obligation for the expenditures of public funds unless such expenditure or contractual obligation is made in accordance with an operating budget approved by the division. But this does not prohibit the transfer of funds between line items within a series of a budget.
- 6. Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement I (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the Charter and approved by the SBFAU.
- 7. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.

8. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget of the Charter has been amended during the current fiscal year in accordance with these procedures. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflect the approved budget and amendments thereto.

Budget comparison schedules are no longer required for non-major funds and are not included.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Charter's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Charter is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

Investments

All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the Charter may be invested in :

- (a) bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or school Charter which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding; or
- (b) securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government.
- (c) in contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with investment.

Receivables and Payables

Receivables include property taxes, interfund loans that are expected to be paid back and amount due from state government agencies related to various grant agreements. Payables represent routine monthly bills for services rendered and products purchased and accrued salaries and benefits.

Elimination and Reclassifications of Certain Receivables and Payables

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Purchased inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists of purchased food and non-food items and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities. Commodities are shown at the USDA procurement cost. Costs are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are used (consumption method). Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both Charter-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical costs and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (with no salvage value). Capital assets are defined by the Charter as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

If there are any construction projects funded by the NM Public School Facilities Authority they are included in the appropriate capital projects fund and in the capital assets.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings & Improvements 20-50 Years Equipment, Vehicles, Information Technology Equipment,
Software & Library Books 3-15 Years

Capital Leases

Capital leases are recorded at the inception of the leases as expenditures and other financing sources in governmental fund financial statement at the present value of the future minimum lease payments, using the stated or implicit interest rate in the leases. Lease payments are recorded as expenditures on the due date. Capital leases are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statement at the time of inception and the corresponding asset is recorded in the capital asset section on the balance sheet.

Short -Term Debt

Short-term debt results from borrowings characterized by anticipation notes, use of lines of credit, and similar loans. The Charter does not have any activity in short-term debt.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method or the straight-line method if the difference from the effective interest method is minimal. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net of debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Restricted Net Position

For the government-wide statement of net position, net positions are reported as restricted when constraints placed use are either:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available it will first be applied to restricted resources.

Fund Balances of Fund Financial Statements

Nonspendable fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity is not spendable such as inventory.

The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resources providers, or through enabling legislation.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual amount that is not restricted or committed.

Interfund Transfers

In governmental funds, transfers should be reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

Deferred Outflows

The Charter reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Net Position and Fund Balance Sheet. Deferred outflows arise when resources are received by the Charter before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Charter has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized. Deferred outflows also occur in the fund financial statements when revenue is earned but is not available. The revenue becomes available if received within 30 days of the fiscal year end.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

A. Deposits and Investments

The Charter is required by New Mexico State Statute (Section 6-10-17) to be 50% collateralized. Following is a schedule calculating the requirement and disclosing the pledged securities.

Southwest Capital Bank		Balance		
		Per Bank	Reconciled	
Name of Account		6/30/19	 Balance	Туре
Rio Gallinas School for Ecology and the Arts	\$	277,751	\$ 234,791	Checking
Total Deposited	_	277,751	\$ 234,791	
Less FDIC Coverage	_	(250,000)		
Uninsured Amount	_	27,751		
50% collateral requirement		13,876		
Pledged securities	_	0		
Over (Under) requirement	\$	(13,876)		

The difference between the bank balance and the reconciled balance is outstanding deposits, outstanding checks and pending bank adjustments.

The following securities are pledged at Southwest Capital Bank:

<u>Description</u>		<u>Market Value</u>
LOC	\$	13,875
	\$	13,875
Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits		
Depository Account	_	Balance
Insured	\$	250,000
Collateralized:		
Collateral held by the pledging bank in		
District's name		13,875
Uninsured and uncollateralized		13,876
Total Deposits	\$	277,751

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019 \$13,876 of the Charter's balance of \$277,751 was exposed to custodial risk. Southwest Capital Bank is a Federal Home Loan Bank, and therefore, the Charter is in compliance with 2.2.2.10 (P)(4)(e) NMAC.

B. Receivables

Following is a schedule of receivables as of June 30, 2019:

	Operational 11000	_	Instructional Materials 14000	_	Public School Capital Outlay 31200
Due From Grantors:					
State	\$ 0	\$	2,095	\$	9,445
Federal Agencies	0		0		0
Other Receivables	63,703		0		0
	\$ 63,703	\$	2,095	\$	9,445
	Senate Bill Nine-State		Other Governmenta	ıl	Tatal
Due Franco Constant	31700	-	Funds	-	Total
Due From Grantors: State Federal Agencies	\$ 8,186 0	\$	18,680 0	\$	38,406 0
Other Receivables	0		2,010		65,713
	\$ 8,186	\$	20,690	\$	104,119

The other receivable in the Operational Fund of \$63,703 is SEG funding that West Las Vegas Schools owes to the School at the end of the year.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund balances during the year ending June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Due to Operational from:	
Instructional Materials-14000	\$ 148
Public School Capital Outlay-31200	9,445
Senate Bill Nine-State-31700	8,186
Other Governmental Funds	 17,763
Total	\$ 35,542

Short term loans from the General Fund to the above fund were to cover costs during the year until the grant revenue is received, the loans will be repaid within one year.

D. **Capital Assets**

Capital Assets Balances and Activity for the Year Ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

		Balance 6/30/18		Increases		Adjustment		Balance 6/30/19
Governmental Activities	_				-		_	
Capital Assets, being Depreciated								
Buildings Improvements	\$	29,249	\$	0	\$	0 \$	5	29,249
Equipment, Vehicles, Information								
Technology Equipment, Software &								
Library Books		144,845		0		0		144,845
Total Capital Assets, being	_				-		_	
Depreciated	_	174,094		0	_	0		174,094
Total Capital Assets	\$	174,094	\$	0	\$	0 \$:	174,094
Total Capital Assets	Ψ_	174,054	Ψ.		Ψ	Ψ	' –	174,004
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings & Improvements	\$	21,141	\$	830	\$	\$	5	21,971
Equipment, Vehicles, Information								
Technology Equipment, Software &								
Library Books		143,544		1,301				144,845
Total Accumulated Depreciation		164,685		2,131		0	_	166,816
Capital Assets, net	\$	9,409	\$	(2,131)	\$	0.5	\$	7,278
Capital 7 (000to, 110t	Ψ=	3,100	Ψ.	(2,101)	• [*]		=	7,270
Depreciation expense was charged to g	gove	rnmental act	ivitie	es as follows:				
Instruction					\$	2,131		
Total Depreciation Expenses					\$	2 131		

Instruction	\$ 2,131
Total Depreciation Expenses	\$ 2,131

E. Commitments

The Charter has no construction commitments on June 30, 2019.

Retirement Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Plan (ERP) and additions to/deductions from ERP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The New Mexico Educational Retirement Act (ERA) was enacted in 1957. The act created the Educational Employees Retirement Plan (Plan) and, to administer it, the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (NMERB). The Plan is included in NMERB's comprehensive annual report. The report can be found on NMERB's Web site https://www.nmerb.org/Annual_reports.html .

The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and state agencies providing educational programs. Additional tenets of the ERA can be found in Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended.

The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The ERA assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board); the state legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates and other terms of the Plan. NMERB is self-funded through investment income and educational employer contributions. The Plan does not receive General Fund Appropriations from the State of New Mexico.

All accumulated assets are held by the Plan in trust to pay benefits, including refunds of contributions as defined in the terms of the Plan. Eligibility for membership in the Plan is a condition of employment, as defined Section 22-11-2, NMSA 1978. Employees of public schools, universities, colleges, junior colleges, technical-vocational institutions, state special schools, charter schools, and state agencies providing an educational program, who are employed more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan, unless specifically excluded.

Pension Benefit. A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: 1) the member's final average salary (FAS), 2) the number of years of service credit, and 3) a 0.0235 multiplier. The FAS is the average of the member's salaries for the last five years of service or any other consecutive five-year period, whichever is greater.

Summary of Plan Provisions for Retirement Eligibility. For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs:

- *The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 75 or more,
- *The member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit, or
- *The member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on, or after, July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013, or at any time prior to July 1, 2010 refunded all member contributions and then becomes re-employed after July 1, 2010 is as follows:

- *The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more,
- *The member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit, or
- *The member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

Section 2-11-23.2, NMSA 1978 added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2013, or who were employed before July 1, 2013 but terminated employment and subsequently withdrew all contributions, and returned to work for an ERB employer on or after July 1, 2013. These members must meet one of the following requirements.

*The member's minimum age is 55, and has earned 30 or more years of service credit. Those who retire earlier than age 55, but with 30 years of earned service credit will have a reduction in benefits to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 55.

*The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit will receive reduced retirement benefits.

*The member's age is 67, and has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Forms of Payment. The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary.

Benefit Options. The Plan has three benefit options available.

Option A. Straight Life Benefit. The single life annuity option has no reductions to the monthly benefit, and there is no continuing benefit due to a beneficiary or estate, except the balance, if any, of member contributions plus interest less benefits paid prior to the member's death.

Option B. Joint 100% Survivor Benefit. The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

Option C. Joint 50% Survivor Benefit. The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the reduced 50% benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

Disability Benefit. An NMERB member is eligible for disability benefits if they have acquired at least ten years of earned service credit and is found totally disabled. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) multiplied by the number of years of total service credits. However, the disability benefit shall not be less than the smaller of (a) one-third of the member's FAS or (b) 2% of the member's FAS multiplied by total years of service credit projected to age 60.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA). All retired members and beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic adjustment in their benefit on July 1 following the later of 1) the year a member retires, or 2) the year a member reaches age 65 (Tier 1 and Tier 2) or age 67 (Tier 3).

^{*}Tier 1 membership is comprised of employees who became members prior to July 1, 2010.

^{*}Tier 2 membership is comprised of employees who became members after July 1, 2010, but prior to July 1, 2013.

^{*}Tier 3 membership is comprised of employees who became members on or after July 1, 2013.

As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA is immediately reduced until the Plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction is based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.5%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.7%.

Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

Refund of Contributions. Members may withdraw their contributions only when they terminate covered employment in the State and their former employer(s) certification determination has been received by NMERB. Interest is paid to members when they withdraw their contributions following termination of employment at a rate set by the Board. Interest is not earned on contributions credited to accounts prior to July 1, 1971, or for contributions held for less than one year.

Contributions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 educational employers contributed to the Plan based on the following rate schedule.

		Wage		Employer's	Combined
Fiscal Year	Date Range	Category	Member's Rate	Rate	Rate
2019	7-1-18 to 6-30-19	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%
2019	7-1-18 to 6-30-19	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%
2018	7-1-17 to 6-30-18	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%
2018	7-1-17 to 6-30-18	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%

The contribution requirements are established in statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the New Mexico Legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District paid employee and employer contributions of \$104,774 and \$105,627 which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,850,291 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The roll-forward incorporates the impact of the new assumptions adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017. There were no other significant events of changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the District's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating educational institutions at June 30, 2018, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.01556%, which was an increase of 0.00002% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$521,215. At the June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience.	\$	1,350 \$	35,214
Changes of assumptions.		381,336	0
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.	1	4,096	0
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions.	3	1,131	147,039
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Total	\$	60,245 448,158 \$	0 182,253

\$60,245 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended J	lune	
2019	\$	99,992
2020		107,909
2021		(2,295)
2022		54
Total	\$	205,660

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal				
Inflation	2.50%				
Salary Increases	3.25% composed of 2.50% inflation, plus 0.75% productivity increase rate, plus a step-rate promotional increase for members with less than 10 years of service.				
Investment Rate of Return	7.25% compounded annually, net of expenses. This is made up of a 2.50% inflation rate and a 4.75 real rate of return.				
Average of Expected	Fiscal year Service life in	2017	2016	2015	2014
Remaining Service Lives	years	3.35	3.77	3.92	3.88

Mortality

Healthy males: Based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with White Collar adjustments, generational mortality improvements with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2000.

Healthy females: Based on GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.

Disabled males: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males, set back three years, projected to 2016 with Scale BB.

Disabled females: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females, no set back, projected to 2016 with Scale BB.

Active members: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Tables, with males set back two years and scaled at 80%, and females set back five years and scaled at 70%. Static mortality improvement from the table's base year of 2000 to the year 2016 in accordance with Scale BB. No future improvement was assumed for preretirement mortality.

Retirement Age

Experience based table of rates based on age and service. Adopted by NMERB on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year experience study for the period ended June 30, 2016.

Cost-of-living Increases

1.90% per year, compounded annually; increases deferred until July 1 following the year a member retires, or the year in which a member attains the age of 65 (67 for Tier 3), whichever is later or, for disabled retirees, until July 1 of the third year following retirement.

Payroll Growth

3.00% per year (with no allowance for membership growth).

Contribution Accumulation

The accumulated member account balance with interest is estimated at the valuation date by assuming that member contributions increased 5.50% per year for all years prior to the valuation date. Contributions are credited with 4.00% interest, compounded annually, applicable to the account balances in the past as well as the future.

Disability Incidence

Approved rates are applied to eligible members with at least 10 years of service.

Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Plan's Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, the Board adopted several economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- *Rate of return projections that are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuations, defaults, etc.)
- *Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.)
- *Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.) developed for each major asset class.

		Long-Term Expected Rate		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return		
Equities	33%			
Fixed Income	26%			
Alternatives	40%			
Cash	1%			
	100%	7.25%		

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 5.69% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018. This rate is 0.21% less than the 5.90% discount rate used for June 30, 2017.

The June 30, 2018 single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2050. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the 2050 fiscal year, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

The projections of cash flows used to determine the June 30, 2018 single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.69 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.69 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.69 percent) than the current

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(4.69%)	(5.69%)	(6.69%)
The Districts' proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 2,404,670 \$	1,850,291 \$	1,397,953

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued NMERB'S financial reports. The reports can be found on NMERB's Web site at https://www.nmerb.org/Annual reports.html.

State of New Mexico **Rio Gallinas Charter School** Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Retiree Health Care Plan

The New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (the Authority) was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description. The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees. Employees of the Authority also participate in the Fund.

Benefits Provided. The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2018, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	51,205
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,471
Current active members	93,349
	156,025

Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	17,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
	93,349

Contributions. Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the District were \$8,668 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis.			
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets.			
Actuarial assumptions: Inflation	2.50% for ERB members; 2.25% for PERA members.			
Projected payroll increases	3.25% to 12.50%, based on years of service, including			
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation including inflation.			
Health care cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs.			
Mortality	ERB members: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment (males) and GRS Southwest			

Region Teacher Mortality Table (females) PERA members:

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality.

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions. The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Long-Term Rate of
U.S. core fixed income	2.1%
U.S. equity - large cap	7.1%
Non U.S emerging markets	10.2%
Non U.S developed	7.8%
Private equity	11.8%
Credit and structured	5.3%
Real estate	4.9%
Absolute return	4.1%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	7.1%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 4.08% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 4.08% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.08%, as well as what the Fund's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower or 1-percent higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1%	Discount	
	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(3.08%)	(4.08%)	(5.08%)
-			
\$	536,778 \$	443,532 \$	370,033
	\$	Decrease (3.08%)	1% Discount Decrease Rate (3.08%) (4.08%)

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the Fund's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a health cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the health cost trend rates used:

		1%	Current	
		Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
The Districts' proportionate share of the net OPEB	•			
liability	\$	374,940 \$	443,532 \$	497,310

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$443,532 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the School's proportion was 0.01020%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,566). At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
experience	\$	0 \$	26,260
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB investments		0	5,535
Changes in assumptions		0	82,805
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		0	4,590
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,668	0
Total	\$ _	8,668 \$	119,190

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$8,668 represent District's contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	June	
2019	\$	(30,090)
2020		(30,090)
2021		(30,090)
2022		(23,458)
2023		(5,462)
Total	\$	(119,190)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

H. Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Statements

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - all Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- B. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

State of New Mexico **Rio Gallinas Charter School** Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year from GAAP basis to the budget basis for the governmental funds are presented on each individual Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis).

The reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis statements are located at the bottom of each budget actual.

I. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Charter expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

J. Risk Management

The Charter is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; and injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Charter, as a New Mexico Public School, is insured through the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). Annual premiums are paid by the Charter to NMPSIA for coverage provided in the following areas:

Property and Automobile Liability and Physical Damage

Liability and Civil Rights and Personal Injury

Contract School Bus Coverage; and

Crime

The officials and certain employees of the Charter are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 12-6-7, NMSA, 1978 Compilation.

K. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 22, 2019 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

L. <u>Tax Abatement Disclosures</u>

The District has not been affected by a tax abatement.

M. Restatement

Fund Balance and Net Position were restated \$(19,705) for a receivable from West Las Vegas Schools for a reimbursement for IDEA B funding that will not be received.

Required Supplemental Information

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information for Pension Plan

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Shar Last 10 Fiscal Years*	e of	the Net Pensior	Liability		
	_	2015 2014	2016 2015	2017 2016	2018 2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability.		0.03084%	0.02340%	0.01814%	0.01554%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability.	\$	1,074,252 \$	1,444,215 \$	1,305,433 \$	1,727,033
District's covered-employee payroll.	\$	664,777 \$	518,209 \$	442,108 \$	435,339
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employed payroll.		161.60%	278.69%	295.27%	396.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.		66.54%	63.97%	61.58%	52.95%
	_	2019 2018			
District's proportion of the net pension liability.		0.01556%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability.	\$	1,850,291			
District's covered-employee payroll.	\$	433,420			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employed payroll.		426.90%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.		52.17%			

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information for Pension Plan

Schedule of District's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years*			June 30	า	
240. 10 1 1004. 10410		2015	2016	2017	2018
Contractually required contribution.	\$	92,404 \$	72,031 \$	61,453 \$	60,512
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution.	\$	92,404 \$	72,031	61,453	60,512
Contribution deficiency (excess).	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Districts covered-employee payroll.	\$	664,777 \$	518,209 \$	442,108 \$	435,339
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll.		13.90%	13.90%	13.90%	13.90%
Last 10 Fiscal Years*	_	June 30, 2019			
Contractually required contribution.	\$	60,245			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution.	_	60,245			
Contribution deficiency (excess).	\$	0			
Districts covered-employee payroll.	\$	433,420			
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll.		13.90%			

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for District is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

State of New Mexico Rio Gallinas Charter School Notes for Pension Plan

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Changes of benefit terms and assumptions.

Changes in benefit provisions. There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Changes in assumptions and methods. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, The Board adopted a number of economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

Schedule of the Charter's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB) Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Fiscal		
	Year	2018	2019
Measuremen	nt Date	2017	2018
Charter's proportion of the net OPEB liability.		0.01030%	0.01020%
Charter's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability.	\$	466,762 \$	443,532
Charter's covered-employee payroll.	\$	435,339 \$	433,420
Charter's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a perce of its covered-employee payroll.	entage	107.22%	102.33%
Plan fiduciary net OPEB as a percentage of the total OPEB liabil	ity.	11.34%	13.14%

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the Charter is not available prior to fiscal year 2018, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

Schedule of Charter's Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*		June 30	О,
		2018	2019
Contractually required contribution.	\$	8,707 \$	8,668
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution.	_	8,707	8,668
Contribution deficiency (excess).	\$	0 \$	0
Charter's covered-employee payroll.		435,339	433,420
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.		2.00%	2.00%

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for Charter is not available prior to fiscal year 2018, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes of benefit terms and assumptions. There were no changes in benefit terms from the previous valuation. A description of these benefits may be found at www.nmrhca.org by clicking on Retirees. Assumptions are included in the notes to the financial statements Note H.

Supplemental Information Related to Nonmajor Funds

Food Service (21000). To account for revenue and expenditures associated with the school breakfast and lunch program. Funding is provided from fees from patrons and USDA food reimbursements. Authority for creation of this fund is NMSA 22-13-13.

Title I (24101).To account for a program funded by a Federal grant to supplement the regular instructional program for educationally deprived students. Funding authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965, Chapter I of Title I, as amended, Public Laws 100-297, 20 U.S.C. 2701. The fund was created by the authority of federal grant provisions.

IDEA B Entitlement (24106) P.L. 94-142, Individuals with Disabilities Education Act - to account for a federal grant restricted to operation and maintenance of meeting the special education need of children with disabilities. Authority for the creation of this fund is Individuals with Disabilities Act, Part B, Sec. 611, as amended; Public laws 91-230,93-142,98-199,99-457,100-630 and 101-476; 20 U.SC. 1401-1419, Public Law 105-17.

Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting (24154). To provide grants to State Education Agencies (SEAs) on a formula basis to increase student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality and increasing the number of highly qualified teachers in the classroom and highly qualified principals and assistant principals in schools and hold local educational agencies and schools accountable for improvements in student academic achievement. Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title II, Part A (PL 107-110).

Medicaid (25153). To account for a program providing school-based screening, diagnostic services and other related health services and administrative activities in conformance with the approved Medicaid State Plan in order to improve health and developmental outcomes for children. The fund was created by the authority of federal grant provisions. (Title XIX Social Security Act).

Student Library (27107) This award allows schools to acquire library books, equipment and library resources for public school libraries statewide. The funding was made available through Senate and House Bill.

NM Reads to Lead (27114). To account for revenue and expenditures received from a state grant for the purpose of improving skills of young students in the area of reading. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions.

Grow Dome (29102). To account for grants and donations to support the green house for student instruction. Authority is provided by the council.

State of New Mexico **Rio Gallinas Charter School** Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	_		Special Revenu	e
	_	Food Service 21000	Title I 24101	IDEA B Entitlement 24106
Assets	•	4.005	Φ 4407	Φ 000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,805	\$ 4,107	\$ 283
Receivables Due From Grantor		0	0	0
Other Receivables		0	0	0
Total Assets	φ-	1,805		
Total Assets	Ψ=	1,003	4,107	Ψ 203
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Payroll Liabilities		0	4,107	283
Interfund Balance		0	0	0
Total Liabilities	-	0	4,107	283
Fund Balances				
Restricted for				
Special Revenue	_	1,805	0	0
Total Fund Balances	=	1,805	0	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	1,805	\$ 4,107	\$ 283

State of New Mexico **Rio Gallinas Charter School** Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

			Sp	pecial Revenu	ıe	
	_	Teacher Principal Training 24154	•	Medicaid 25153		Student Library 27107
Assets		_				_
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	0	\$	12,142	\$	0
Due From Grantor		0		0		3,114
Other Receivables		0		2,010		0
Total Assets	\$	0	\$	14,152	\$	3,114
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	3	\$	0
Payroll Liabilities	•	0		0	•	0
Interfund Balance		0		0		3,114
Total Liabilities	_	0	_	3		3,114
Fund Balances Restricted for						
Special Revenue		0		14,149		0
Total Fund Balances	_	0	_	14,149	- <u>-</u>	0
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	0	\$_	14,152	\$	3,114

State of New Mexico **Rio Gallinas Charter School** Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	_	Special	Revenue	_	
		NM Reads to Lead 27114	Grow Dome 29102		Total
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	0 :	\$ 957	\$	19,294
Due From Grantor		15,566	0		18,680
Other Receivables		0	0		2,010
Total Assets	\$	15,566	\$ 957	\$_	39,984
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$	0 :	\$ 0	\$	3
Payroll Liabilities	·	917	0	·	5,307
Interfund Balance		14,649	0		17,763
Total Liabilities	_	15,566	0		23,073
Fund Balances Restricted for					
Special Revenue		0	957		16,911
Total Fund Balances	_	0	957		16,911
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	15,566	\$ 957	\$_	39,984

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Nonmajor Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_		Spe	cial Revenu	е	
	<u>-</u>	Food Service 21000		Title I 24101		IDEA B Entitlement 24106
Revenues			_	_		
Fees	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
State and Local Grants		0		0		0
Federal Grants	-	0		38,000	_	45,482
Total Revenues	-	0	- —	38,000		45,482
Expenditures Current						
Instruction		0		38,000		38,612
Support Services		· ·		00,000		00,012
Students		0		0		6,870
Central Services		0		0		0,0.0
Food Service		77		0		0
Total Expenditures		77		38,000		45,482
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(77)		0		0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	1,882		0	<u> </u>	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	1,805	\$	0	\$_	0

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Nonmajor Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	S	pecial Revenue	
	_	Teacher Principal Training 24154	Medicaid 25153	Student Library 27107
Revenues	•		40.000	•
Fees	\$	0 \$	10,966	
State and Local Grants		0	0	0
Federal Grants	_	4,093	0	0
Total Revenues	-	4,093	10,966	0
Expenditures Current				
Instruction		4,093	57	0
Support Services		•		
Students		0	10,698	0
Central Services		0	55	0
Food Service		0	0	0
Total Expenditures		4,093	10,810	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures		0	156	0
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	0	13,993	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$_	0 \$	14,149	\$0

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Nonmajor Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Special F	Revenue	
	_	NM Reads to Lead 27114	Grow Dome 29102	Total
Revenues	Φ.	0.0		Φ 40.000
Fees	\$	0 \$	_	\$ 10,966
State and Local Grants		35,969	0	35,969
Federal Grants	_	<u>0</u>	0	87,575
Total Revenues	_	35,969	0	134,510
Expenditures Current				
Instruction		35,969	0	116,731
Support Services		,		-, -
Students		0	0	17,568
Central Services		0	0	55
Food Service		0	0	77
Total Expenditures	_	35,969	0	134,431
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures		0	0	79
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	0	957	16,832
Fund Balance End of Year	\$_	0_\$	957	\$16,911

Other Supplemental Information

State of New Mexico **Rio Gallinas Charter School** June 30, 2019

Fiduciary Fund

Activity Trust FundTo account for funds of various student groups that are custodial in nature.

State of New Mexico

Rio Gallinas Charter School

Agency Funds - Activities

Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Balance 6/30/18	 Receipts	_ <u>E</u>	xpenditures	Balance 6/30/19
Activity Accounts						
Student Activity	\$	3,346	\$ 198	\$	120 \$	3,424
Middle School		407			0	407
Art Fund		100	0		0	100
4th & 5th Grades		132	0		0	132
Staff Appreciation		50	0		0	50
Total Activities	\$	4,035	\$ 198	\$	120 \$	4,113

		Beginning Cash 6/30/18	Revenue	Expenditures	Payroll Liabilities	С	ding ash 30/19
Operational	11000 \$	172,462 \$	785,693	\$ 711,229	\$ 0	\$ 24	16,926
Instructional Materials	14000	1,899	2,442	4,489	0		(148)
Food Service	21000	1,882	0	77	0		1,805
Federal Flow through	24000	2,275	87,575	88,504	3,044		4,390
Federal Direct	25000	12,725	10,224	10,807	0	1	2,142
State Flowthrough	27000	(3,114)	20,402	35,969	918	(1	7,763)
Local/State	29000	957	0	0	0		957
Public School Capital Outlay	31200	0	28,333	37,778	0	((9,445)
Senate Bill Nine-State	31700	(0)	0	8,186	0	((8,186)
Activities	23000	4,035	198	120			4,113
Total	\$	193,120 \$	934,867	\$ 897,159	\$ 3,962	\$ 23	34,790

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Mr. Brian S. Colón State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Governing Council of the Rio Gallinas Charter School

Mr. Colón and Members of the Council

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund, of the Rio Gallinas Charter School (Charter) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Charter's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the Charter's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Charter's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that are less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, that we consider to be significant deficiencies. 2019-001, 2019-002 and 2019-003.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Charter's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of it's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2019-001, 2019-002 and 2019-003.

Charter's Responses to Findings

The Charter's responses to the findings identified in our audit as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. Responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Charter's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Charter's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

De'Aun Willoughby, CPA, PC

Clovis, New Mexico October 22, 2019

State of New Mexico Rio Gallinas Charter School Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prior Year Audit FindingsStatus2016-001 Payroll IssuesResolved2018-001 New Hire ReportingRepeated & Modified2018-002 Non-Exempt PayRepeated & Modified

Current Year Audit Findings

Summary of Audit Results

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 3

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted? N/A

2019-001 (2018-001) New Hire Reporting-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency Condition

Three new hires were tested. It was noted that:

Two were not reported timely.

One could not be confirmed if it was submitted or not.

Management has made progress in resolving this findings.

Criteria

As per New Mexico law (§50-13-1 to 50-13-4) and Federal law (42 USC §653.a.(b)(1)(A)), all public, private, non-profit, and government employers are required to report all newly hired employees within 20 days of hire or rehire to the New Mexico New Hires Directory.

Cause

The business office was under the impression that it was a 30 day period instead of a 20 day period until the FY18 audit last year. New hires had already taken place for FY19 at the time of the FY18 audit. When the new hires were entered, proof of the entry was not printed for one new hire. It is not possible to go back and reprint the entries if they are not printed at the time of entry.

Effect

Pursuant to federal law, states have the option of imposing civil monetary penalties on employers who fail to report new hires. The fine can be up to \$20 per newly hired employee, and if there is a conspiracy between the employer and employee not to report, the penalty can be up to \$500 per newly hired employee.

Recommendation

Training and supervision should occur to assure the new hire reporting requirements are met.

Response

The business office will submit all new employees within 20 days of new hire going forward.

Responsible Party: Administrative Assistant

Timeline: The business office corrected this as of December 2018.

State of New Mexico
Rio Gallinas Charter School
Schedule of Findings and Responses
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-002 (2018-002) Non-Exempt Pay-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency Condition

Non-exempt employees' wages for the pay period from 3/16/19-3/31/19 were not paid until 4/15/19.

Management has made progress in resolving this findings.

Criteria

New Mexico Stat. 50-4-2 An employer must designate regular pay days no more than sixteen (16) days apart. An employer must pay employees for wages earned during the 1st to 15th day of the month by the 25th of the month, and for wages earned during the 16th to last day of the month by the 10th day of the following month. An employer may pay professional, administrative or executive employees, or outside salesman one time per month.

Cause

Management was not aware of this statute at the time of the FY18 audit. When management was made aware of this requirement the new year had already started and payroll cycles could not be corrected at that time.

Effect

The Charter is not in compliance with New Mexico Stat. 50-4-2 and could be subject to penalties.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Charter pay non-exempt employees within 10 days from the end of the pay period to become in compliance.

Response

The business office corrected this as of July 1, 2019.

Responsible Party: Business Manager

Timeline: This has already been implemented at the time of this response and was corrected as of July 1, 2019.

2019-003 Cash Appropriations in Excess of Available Cash Balances-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency

Condition

The Charter maintained a deficit budget in excess of available cash balance in the following fund:

Major FundFundAmountGeneral Fund-Operational11000\$ (68,052)

Criteria

Section 2.2.2.10. (P) (1), NMAC, requires all school district funds, with the exception of agency funds, to be budgeted by the local governing body and submitted to the PED for approval. Cash balances rebudgeted to make up the deficit budgeted revenues that do not cover the budgeted expenditures, cannot exceed the actual cash balance available at the end of the prior year.

Cause

West Las Vegas Schools did not pay Rio Gallinas final SEG for fiscal year 2018 until July 5, 2018, in fiscal year 2019. The school's PED analyst asked the school to budget this payment in cash so that the SEG revenue budget for fiscal year 2019 would reflect only the fiscal year 2019 revenue amount on that line item in the budget.

Effect

The Charter will have to supplement the budget deficit with other funds, which may lead to financial difficulties and deplete the budget in other funds.

Recommendation

The Director should require West Las Vegas Schools to transfer the funds to the Charter by June 30 each year.

Response

The school's management respectfully disagrees with this finding as they are not overbudget per their records or per PED. Due to the district not paying the charter timely for their fiscal year 2018 final SEG payment, the auditor was not able to agree with management on how to record the amount on budget to actuals as it crossed fiscal years. If the school would have not include the fiscal year 2018 SEG payment in their budget, they would not have had access to the money until fiscal year 2020.

Responsible Party: N/A

Timeline: Waiting on auditors for clarification as West Las Vegas also paid fiscal year 2019 payment late and in the wrong fiscal year.

Financial Statement Preparation

The financial statements were prepared by De'Aun Willoughby CPA. However, they are the responsibility of management.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on September 11, 2019. Those in attendance were Kurt Ludi-Director, Jude Romero-Chairman, Ray Sanchez-Board Member, Katherine Espinoza-Administrative Assistant, Savannah Borquez-Financial Specialist, Rebekah Runyan-Business Manager and DeAun Willoughby, CPA.