STATE OF NEW MEXICO

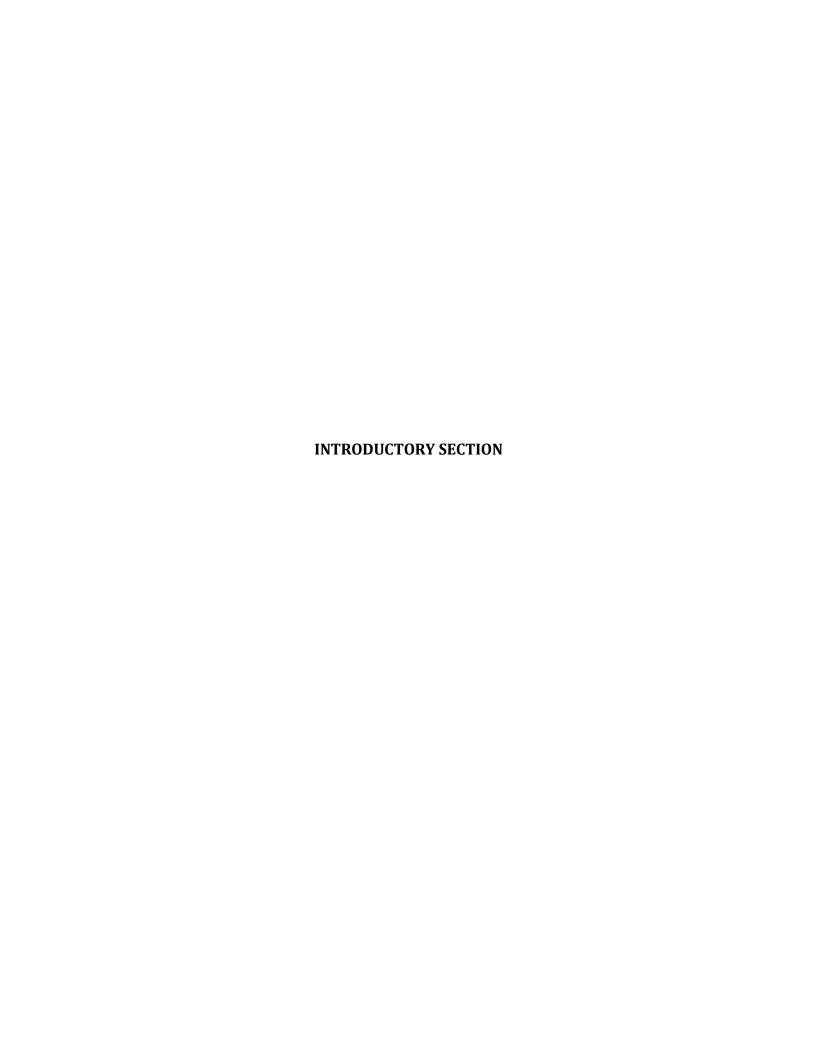
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS

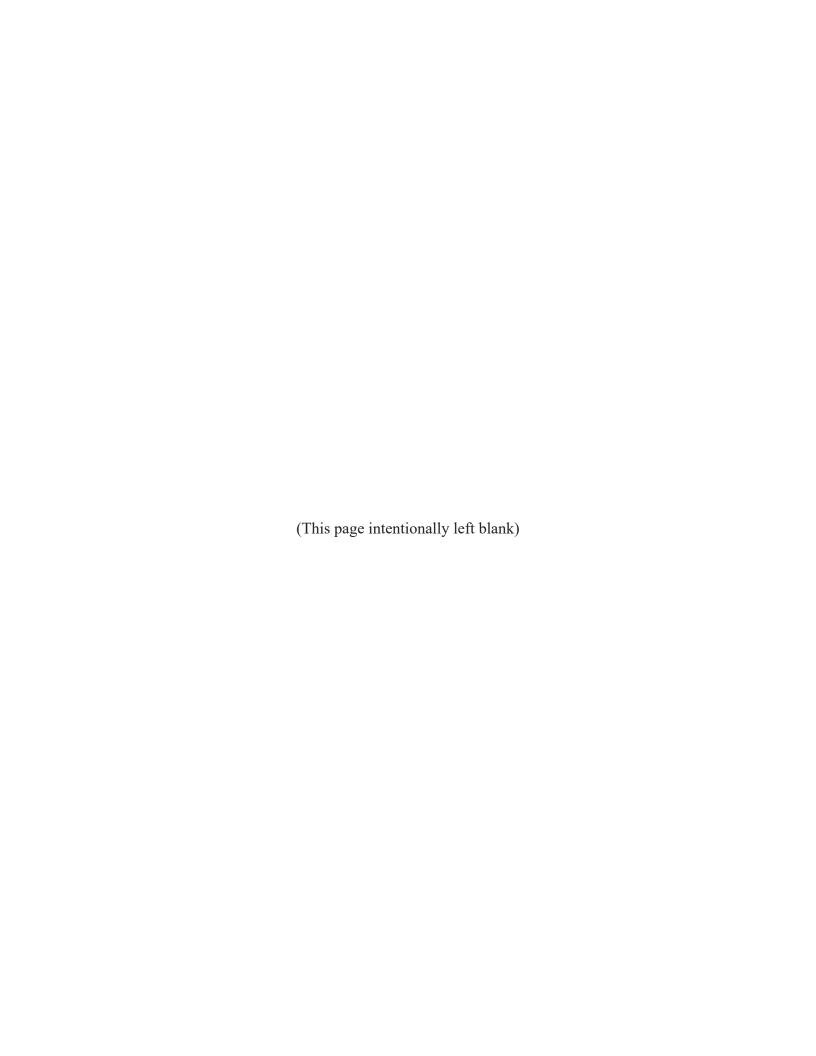
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2018









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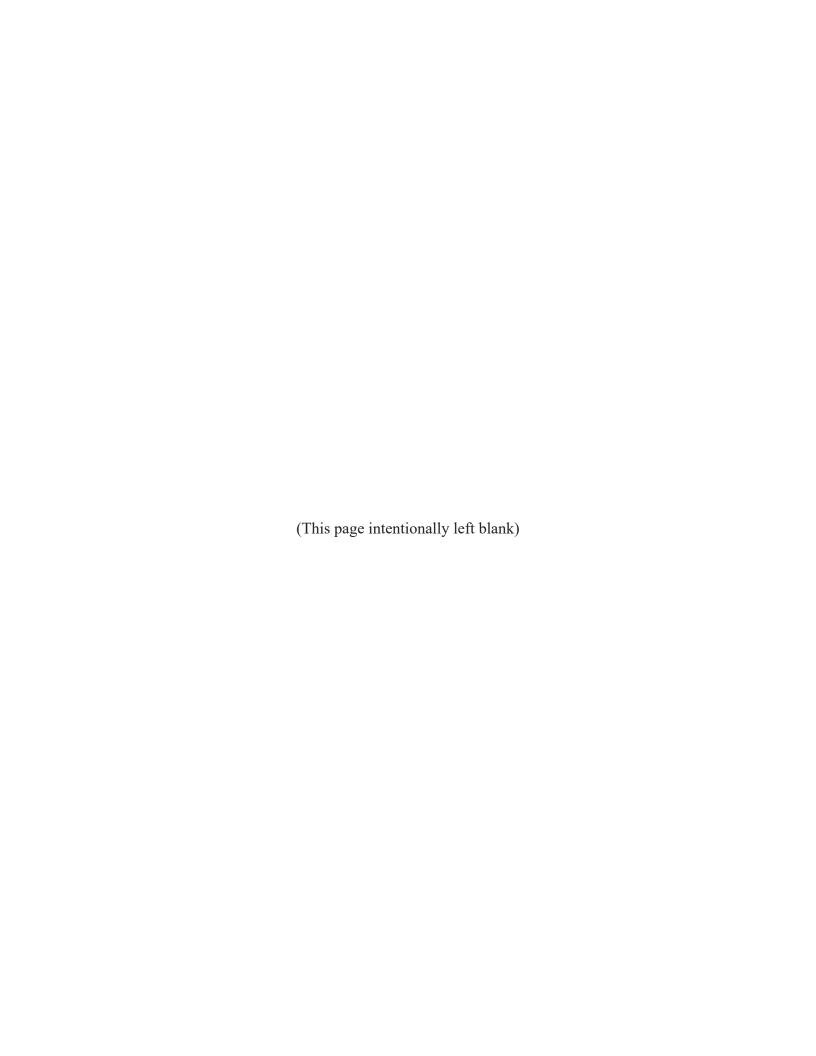
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STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2018

> <u>Name</u> <u>Title</u> **Board of Education** Dennis E. Romero President Robert Duran III Vice President Gabriel Lucero Secretary Leroy E. Lujan Member Gloria Lovato Pacheco Member **School Officials** Kelt Cooper Superintendent **Director of Finance** Mari Hillis



FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

To Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor

The Office of Management and Budget The Board of Education Las Vegas City Schools Las Vegas, NM

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Las Vegas City Schools (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating



the appropriateness of accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability, and Schedules of District Contributions on pages 60-64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparison. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P. Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP

October 31, 2018

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	(Governmental
ASSETS		Activities
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,129,928
Accounts receivable		
Taxes		364,750
Due from other governments		916,733
Inventory		7,680
Total current assets		11,419,091
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land improvements		1,754,973
Buildings and building improvements		28,980,414
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		7,057,698
Less: accumulated depreciation		(21,275,550)
Total noncurrent assets	_	16,517,535
Total assets		27,936,626
Deferred Outflows		
Pension related		11,562,250
OPEB related		174,719
Total deferred outflows		11,736,969

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		Governmental Activities
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	•	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		105,334
Accrued interest		99,231
Accrued expenses		121,761
Current portion of compensated absences		84,329
Current portion of long-term debt		1,925,000
Total current liabilities		2,335,655
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds due in more than one year		10,225,000
Compensated absences		229,363
Net pension liability		34,130,572
Net OPEB liability		8,384,501
Total noncurrent liabilities		52,969,436
Total liabilities	-	55,305,091
Deferred inflows		
Pension related		1,396,932
OPEB related		1,908,293
Total deferred inflows		3,305,225
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		4,367,535
Student Transportation		10,652
Special Revenue fund		304,158
Debt service funds		3,695,961
Capital projects funds		5,360,406
Unrestricted		(32,675,433)
	٠.	
Total net position	\$	(18,936,721)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Program Revenues

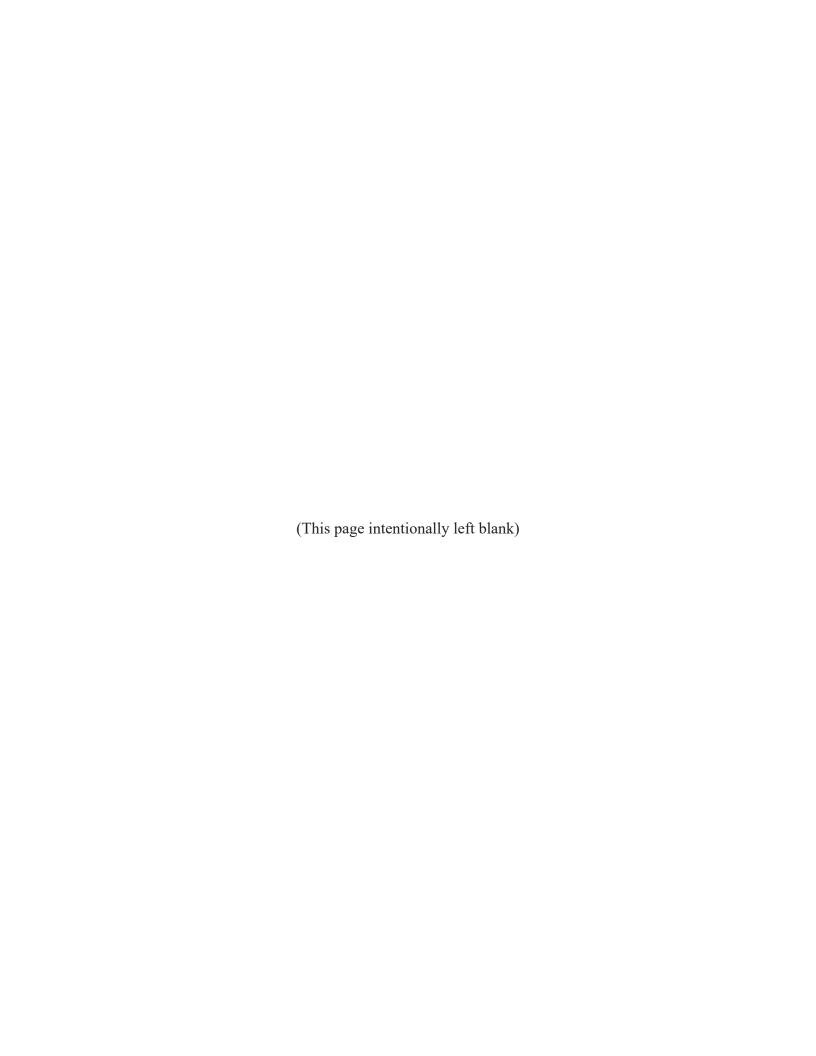
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Service
Primary government			
Governmental activities			
Instruction	\$	11,170,858	-
Support Services			
Students		2,294,766	-
Instruction		235,303	-
General Administration		741,417	-
School Administration		1,464,617	-
Central Services		968,016	128,175
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		3,804,498	-
Student Transportation		876,565	-
Other Support Services		1,210	-
Food Operations		959,693	-
Capital Outlay		1,422,371	
Interest on long-term debt	_	265,366	- _
Total Primary Government	\$	24,204,680	128,175

Program F	Net (Expenses)	
Operating Grants and Contributions	Grants and Grants and	
-	-	(11,170,858)
317,762	_	(1,977,004)
1,661,845	45,000	1,471,542
-,,	-	(741,417)
-	-	(1,464,617)
-	-	(839,841)
-	-	(3,804,498)
706,101	-	(170,464)
-	-	(1,210)
1,001,983	-	42,290
		(1,422,371)
<u> </u>	-	(265,366)
3,687,691	45,000	(20,343,814)
General Revenues:		
Property taxes:		
Levied for general pur	poses	83,348
Levied for debt service		2,762,911
Levied for capital proj	ects	549,145
State Equalization Guara	antee	13,813,074
Unrestricted investment ea	ırnings	65,908
Miscellaneous		504,944
Total general reve	nues	17,779,330
Change in net po	osition	(2,564,484)
Net Position - beginning	as previously stated	(6,412,779)
Prior period restateme	ent (Note 19)	(9,959,458)
Net Position - beginning	as restated	(16,372,237)
Net Position - ending	\$	(18,936,721)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	General Fund			
		Operational 11000 -14000	Title I IASA 24101	Entitlement IDEA-B 24106	Bond Building 31100
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	880,914	6,000	-	4,524,100
Taxes		9,170	-	-	-
Due from other governments		-	315,171	388,436	-
Interfund receivables Inventory	_	854,253 -	- -	- 	-
Total assets	\$_	1,744,337	321,171	388,436	4,524,100
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	100,469	-	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities Interfund payables	_	99,132 	4,566 316,605	4,745 383,691	-
Total liabilities	_	199,601	321,171	388,436	
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Property taxes	_	7,435	-	<u> </u>	-
Total deferred inflows	_	7,435			
Fund balances					
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-
Restricted		10,652	-	-	4,524,100
Committed		-	-	-	-
Assigned Unassigned		- 1,526,649	-	-	-
Total fund balance	_	1,537,301	-	-	4,524,100
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$	1,744,337	321,171	388,436	4,524,100

Debt Service 41000	Other Governmental Funds	Total Primary Government
3,472,262	1,246,652	10,129,928
295,453 - - -	60,127 213,126 - 7,680	364,750 916,733 854,253 7,680
3,767,715	1,527,585	12,273,344
-	4,865	105,334
-	13,318	121,761
	153,957	854,253
	172,140	1,081,348
231,876	47,179	286,490
231,876	47,179	286,490
-	7,680	7,680
3,535,839	1,300,586	9,371,177
-	-	-
-	-	- 1,526,649
2 525 020	4 200 255	
3,535,839	1,308,266	10,905,506
3,767,715	1,527,585	12,273,344



STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

		Governmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	10,905,506
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		16,517,535
Defined benefit pension and OPEB plan deferred outflows are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		11,736,969
Defined benefit pension and OPEB plan deferred inflows are not financial obligations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(3,305,225)
Delinquent ad valorem assessments receivable are not available to pay current year expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements		286,490
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued Interest Accrued compensated absences - current portion Accrued compensated absences - noncurrent portion Net pension liability Net OPEB liability General obligation bonds - current portion General obligation bonds - noncurrent portion	_	(99,231) (84,329) (229,363) (34,130,572) (8,384,501) (1,925,000) (10,225,000)
Net Position-total Governmental Activities	\$_	(18,936,721)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund		
	Operating 11000 - 14000	Title I IASA 24101	Entitlement IDEA-B 24106
Revenues			
Charges for service	\$ -	-	-
Property taxes	82,797	-	-
State grants	14,567,853	-	-
Federal grants	81,023	686,521	486,603
Miscellaneous	173,469	-	-
Interest	9,388	-	-
Total revenues	14,914,530	686,521	486,603
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction	6,848,528	494,530	274,049
Support Services			
Students	1,329,437	-	149,808
Instruction	175,543	-	-
General Administration	520,068	48,607	34,423
School Administration	888,548	139,713	24,815
Central Services	778,937	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	2,932,314	-	-
Student Transportation	722,429	-	-
Other Support Services	1,210	-	-
Food Services Operations	-	-	-
Community Service	-	-	-
Capital outlay	7,686	-	-
Debt service			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest	<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	14,204,700	682,850	483,095
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	709,830	3,671	3,508
over (under) expenditures			
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers	-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issue	<u> </u>	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	709,830	3,671	3,508
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	827,471	(3,671)	(3,508)
Fund balances, (deficits) end of year	\$ 1,537,301	-	

Bond	Debt	Other	Total
Building 31100	Service 41000	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
31100	41000	ruius	rulius
-	-	128,175	128,175
-	2,736,798	559,004	3,378,599
-	-	516,075	15,083,928
-	-	1,207,690	2,461,837
105,785	-	225,690	504,944
56,520	-	-	65,908
162,305	2,736,798	2,636,634	21,623,391
-	-	667,523	8,284,630
-	-	364,095	1,843,340
-	-	27,103	202,646
-	27,255	14,810	645,163
-	-	33,620	1,086,696
-	-	307	779,244
-	-	2,757	2,935,071
-	-	4,962	727,391
-	-	-	1,210
-	-	856,575	856,575
-	-	-	-
1,930,672	-	1,021,182	2,959,540
-	3,240,000	-	3,240,000
-	272,960	-	272,960
1,930,672	3,540,215	2,992,934	23,834,466
		_	_
(1,768,367)	(803,417)	(356,300)	(2,211,075)
-	-	-	- 2 250 000
2,250,000			2,250,000
2,250,000	-		2,250,000
481,633	(803,417)	(356,300)	38,925
4,042,467	4,339,256	1,664,566	10,866,581
4,524,100	3,535,839	1,308,266	10,905,506
7,324,100	3,333,033	1,300,200	10,303,300

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	G	overnmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net Change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	38,925
Capital Outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays for the period.		
Depreciation expense		(1,563,107)
Capital Outlays		1,537,169
(Increase) decrease in Pension liability		(3,352,778)
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability		(158,617)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund statements but are reported in the Statement of Activities. These are the amounts by which the deferred inflows and outflows of resources changed from the prior year:		
Decrease in deferred inflows from property taxes		16,805
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable		7,594
(Increase) decrease in accrued compensated absences Bond proceeds		(80,475) (2,250,000)
Principal payments on bonds		3,240,000
Change in Net Position-total Governmental Activities	\$_	(2,564,484)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS GENERAL FUND - 11000, 13000, 14000 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ -	-	-	-
Property taxes	81,527	81,527	84,409	2,882
State grants	14,413,521	14,624,438	14,567,853	(56,585)
Federal grants	5,000	13,763	81,023	67,260
Miscellaneous	55,000	55,000	173,469	118,469
Interest	9,800	9,800	9,388	(412)
Total revenues	14,564,848	14,784,528	14,916,142	131,614
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	7,099,281	7,041,804	6,855,108	186,696
Support Services				
Students	1,340,775	1,484,366	1,330,336	154,030
Instruction	130,717	182,898	175,543	7,355
General Administration	560,871	553,449	516,030	37,419
School Administration	818,962	890,997	886,752	4,245
Central Services	797,619	797,619	765,346	32,273
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	2,905,609	2,999,459	2,891,634	107,825
Student Transportation	775,337	767,337	721,490	45,847
Other Support Services	241,034	194,000	1,210	192,790
Capital outlay		8,000	7,686	314
Total expenditures	14,670,205	14,919,929	14,151,135	768,794
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(105,357)	(135,401)	765,007	(637,180)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Designated cash	792,249	792,249	-	(792,249)
Total other financing sources (uses)	792,249	792,249	-	(792,249)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 686,892	656,848	765,007	(1,429,429)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:				
Revenue accruals			(1,612)	
Expenditure accruals			(53,565)	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)		\$	709,830	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS TITLE I IASA FUND - 24101 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Revenues Federal grants \$ 695,241 803,884 699,417 (104,467) Miscellaneous -		Budgeted Amounts				
Federal grants \$ 695,241 803,884 699,417 (104,467) Miscellaneous -			Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Miscellaneous Interest -	110101010					
Interest	_	\$	695,241	803,884	699,417	(104,467)
Total revenues 695,241 803,884 699,417 (104,467) Expenditures Current Support Services 807,992 494,620 113,372 Support Services 969,241 803,884 48,607 8,728 General Administration 49,586 57,335 48,607 8,728 School Administration 116,147 138,557 138,281 276 Central Services - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>			-	-	-	-
Current Instruction 529,508 607,992 494,620 113,372 Support Services General Administration 49,586 57,335 48,607 8,728 School Administration 116,147 138,557 138,281 276 Central Services - - - - - - - - -		•	695,241	803,884	699,417	(104,467)
Current Instruction 529,508 607,992 494,620 113,372 Support Services General Administration 49,586 57,335 48,607 8,728 School Administration 116,147 138,557 138,281 276 Central Services - - - - - - - - -	Expenditures					_
Support Services General Administration 49,586 57,335 48,607 8,728 School Administration 116,147 138,557 138,281 276 Central Services - - - - - Total expenditures 695,241 803,884 681,508 122,376 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 17,909 (226,843) Other financing sources (uses) - 3,671 - (3,671) Operating transfers - - - - - Proceeds from bond issues - </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•					
General Administration 49,586 57,335 48,607 8,728 School Administration 116,147 138,557 138,281 276 Central Services -	Instruction		529,508	607,992	494,620	113,372
School Administration 116,147 138,557 138,281 276 Central Services -	• •					
Central Services -					· ·	•
Total expenditures 695,241 803,884 681,508 122,376 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 17,909 (226,843) Other financing sources (uses) - - 17,909 (226,843) Oberating sources (uses) - 3,671 - (3,671) Operating transfers - - - - - Proceeds from bond issues -			116,147	138,557	138,281	276
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures - - 17,909 (226,843) Other financing sources (uses) - - 17,909 (226,843) Obesignated cash operating transfers						422.276
over (under) expenditures - - 17,909 (226,843) Other financing sources (uses) - 3,671 - (3,671) Designated cash - 3,671 - (3,671) Operating transfers - - - - Proceeds from bond issues - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) - 3,671 - (3,671) Net change in fund balances \$ - 3,671 17,909 (230,514) Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: - 3,671 17,909 (230,514)	•		095,241	803,884	081,508	122,376
Designated cash - 3,671 - (3,671) Operating transfers - - - - - Proceeds from bond issues -					17,909	(226,843)
Designated cash - 3,671 - (3,671) Operating transfers - - - - - Proceeds from bond issues -	Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers -			-	3,671	-	(3,671)
Total other financing sources (uses) - 3,671 Net change in fund balances Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Revenue accruals (12,896)	_		-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances \$ - 3,671 17,909 (230,514) Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Revenue accruals (12,896)	Proceeds from bond issues					
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Revenue accruals (12,896)	Total other financing sources (uses)			3,671		(3,671)
Revenue accruals (12,896)		\$	-	3,671	17,909	(230,514)
					(12 896)	
Expenditure accruais 1,342	Expenditure accruals				1,342	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis) \$ 3,671	•			Ş		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS IDEA B - ENTITLEMENT FUND 24106 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Budgeted .	Amounts		
	-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues					
Federal grants	\$	418,701	488,266	296,783	(191,483)
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	-
Interest	-	<u>-</u>			
Total revenues	-	418,701	488,266	296,783	(191,483)
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction		239,000	275,242	274,049	1,193
Support Services					
Students		149,838	149,033	145,617	3,416
Instruction		-	-	-	-
General Administration		29,863	35,791	34,423	1,368
School Administration	_		28,200	27,768	432
Total expenditures	_	418,701	488,266	481,857	6,409
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	-		(185,074)	(185,074)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Designated cash		_	-	-	_
Operating transfers		_	-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issues		-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-			
Net change in fund balances	\$		_	(185,074)	(185,074)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:					
Revenue accruals				189,820	
Expenditure accruals				(1,238)	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)				\$ 3,508	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	 Agency Funds		
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 371,905		
Total assets	\$ 371,905		
LIABILITIES			
Curent Liabilities			
Deposits held in trust for others	\$ 371,905		
Total liabilities	\$ 371,905		

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

The Las Vegas City School District (the "District") has been in existence since the early nineteen hundreds, and is currently operating under the provisions of the Public School District Code, Chapter 22, of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation. The District operates with a local Board of Education – Superintendent Form of government and provides a supervised program of instruction designed to educate students at the elementary and secondary level.

The District is a special purpose government corporation governed by an elected five member Board of Education. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District received funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. The School Board operates ten schools within the District. In conjunction with the regular educational programs, some of these schools offer special education. In addition, the Board of Education provides transportation and school food services for the students.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the District's management that is responsible for the financial statements. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting financial reporting principles. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on accounting procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their government-wide financial statements, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

In November 2010, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. This statement, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012, provides, among other things, additional guidance to primary governments that are business-type activities reporting financial information in a single column. New guidance, which includes reporting a blended component unit, allows users to better distinguish between the primary government and its component unit by requiring condensed combining information in the notes to the financial statements. The District adopted GASB Statement No. 61 during fiscal year 2013, with no effect to the District's financial statements.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. This statement, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, supersedes GASB Statement No. 20. The District adopted GASB Statement No. 62 during fiscal year 2013, and its provisions were applied retroactively for all periods presented. Adoption of GASB Statement No. 62 did not materially affect the District's financial statements.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which establishes standards for reporting deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources and net position. The statement requires reporting of deferred outflows of resources (consumption of net position applicable to future periods) and deferred inflows of resources (acquisition of net position applicable to future periods) in separate sections of the balance sheet following assets and liabilities. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources equals net position and net position should be displayed in three components as: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. GASB Statement No. 63 is effective for financial statement periods beginning after December 13, 2011. The District adopted the provisions of the statement in fiscal year 2013. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 63 did not materially affect the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2014, the District has recorded uncollected property taxes as "deferred inflows".

A. Financial Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the government reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, The District is considered a *primary government*, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the District may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issued bonded debt.

The District also has no *component units*, as defined by GASB Statement No. 14 and/or GASB Statement No. 39 and/or GASB Statement No. 61, as there are no other legally separate organizations for which the elected School Board members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the School Board Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the District has a significant relationship. The basic but not the only criterion for including a potential component unity within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is the financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criteria used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significant of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units, and is not a component unit of another governmental agency.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities and changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of Interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which relay to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any *business-type activities*.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segments and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segments. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred,

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes), franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, subject to the availability criterion.

Expenditures-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the District holds for others in an agency capacity.

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental Funds include:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Capital Projects Funds* are used to account for all resources for the acquisition of capital facilities by the District.

The *Debt Service Funds* are used to account for the resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest and related costs.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Under the requirements of GASB No.34, the District is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following, which include funds that were not required to be presented as major but were at the discretion of management:

The *General Fund* (11000 - 14000) is the primary operating fund of the District, and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Title 1 IASA (24101) is used to account for the major objectives of the Title 1 program, to provide supplemental educational opportunities for academically disadvantage children. Authority for creation of this fund is Part A of Chapter 1 of Title 1 of Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965, as amended, Public Law 103-383.

IDEA-B Entitlement (24106) is used to account for a program funded by a Federal grant to assist the District in providing free, appropriate public education to all handicapped children. Funding authorized by Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-620, as amended, Public Laws, 91-230, 93-380, 94-142, 98-199, 99-457, 100-639, and 101-476, 20 U.S.C. 1411-1420.

Bond Building Capital Projects Fund (31100) to account for bond proceeds and any income earned thereon. The proceeds are restricted for the purpose of making additions to and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof, as approved by the voters of the District.

Debt Service Fund (41000) is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of General Long-Term Debt principal and interest.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *fiduciary funds* are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's fiduciary funds are used to account for the collection and payment of student activity funds.

As a general rule, the effect of Interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for cafeteria fees and lost books, etc., (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources such as Title I, IDEA-B, and School Lunch funding to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources such as SB-9 and Bond Building Capital Project funding to be used for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The District does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the Statement of Activities. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Temporary Investments: The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the District to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Restricted Assets: The Debt Service Funds are used to report resources set aside for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

Receivables and Payables: Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

The District receives monthly income from a tax levy in San Miguel District. The funds are collected by the District Treasurer and are remitted to the District the following month. Under the modified accrual method of accounting, the amount remitted by the San Miguel District Treasurer in July and August 2018 is considered 'measurable and available' and, accordingly, is recorded as revenue during the year ended June 30, 2018. Period of availability is deemed to be sixty days subsequent to year-end.

Certain Special Revenue funds are administered on a reimbursement method of funding; other funds are operated on a cash advance method of funding. The funds incurred the cost and submitted the necessary request for reimbursement or advance, respectively.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico State Department of Education receives federal material leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, seventy percent is restricted to the requisition of material listed in the State Board of Education 'State Adopted Instructional Material' list, while thirty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors, for which the District receives cash draw-downs, or transfer to the seventy percent account for requisition of material from the adopted list.

Inventory: Inventory is valued at lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventory in the Special Revenue Funds consist of U.S.D.A. commodities and other purchased food and non-food supplies. The cost of purchased food is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. The U.S.D.A. commodities are recorded at year-end. Commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures; unused commodities are reported as inventories and deferred revenue. Non-commodity inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. No deferred revenue was recorded for unused commodity inventory as of June 30, 2018.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual costs of more than \$5,000 per Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are to be included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. However, infrastructure assets have not been included in the June 30, 2016 financial statements of Las Vegas City Schools District, since the District did not own any infrastructure assets as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture and equipment as the District did not maintain internally developed software in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5). The District expenses the cost of library books when purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Library books are not capitalized because they are considered to have a useful life of less than one year.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Construction projects paid for by the Public School Capital Outlay Council are included in the District's capital assets. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements 20-50 Years Equipment, vehicles, and information technology equipment 2-15 Years

Deferred Inflows – Property taxes: This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as in inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District recognizes property taxes as a deferred inflow.

Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue — Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized as revenue of the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (it must be both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period). If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows.

Compensated Absences: Qualified employees are entitled to accumulate annual leave up to 40 days per fiscal year. All earned vacation must be taken within one year after it is earned. Upon termination, employees will be paid for up to 40 days of accrued annual leave.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the district-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

The District's recognition and measurement criteria for compensated absences follow:

GASB Statement No. 16 provides that vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics should be accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both the following conditions are met:

- (a) The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- (b) It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts, if any, are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid.

Accrued Payroll: In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the accrual of unpaid wages and benefits that employees have earned at the close of each fiscal year. The amount recognized in the fund financial statements represents amounts not paid by year-end and checks that were held at year-end in relation to employee's summer payroll.

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method or the straight-line method if the difference from the effective interest method is minimal. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financings sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position or Fund Equity: Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Net Investment in Capital Assets: Consists of assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position: Consists of assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Legally enforceable is means that a government can be completed by an external party – such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation, only for the purposes specified by the legislation. Generally, the enforceability of an enabling legislation restriction is determined by professional judgment. If it is determined that the restrictions continue to be legally enforceable, then for the purposes of financial reporting, the restricted net assets should not reflect any reduction for resources used for purposes not stipulated by the enabling legislation. Descriptions for the related restrictions for net position are restricted for "debt service or capital projects."

Unrestricted Net Position: All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" of "net investment in capital assets."

The Government-wide Statement of Net Position reports \$9,371,732 of restricted net position, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

The District's policy is to apply restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other Interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other Interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the District's financial statements include management's estimate of depreciation on assets over their estimated useful lives and the current portion of accrued compensated absences.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Revenues

State Equalization Guarantee: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a 'state equalization guarantee distribution' which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined (in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978) is at least equal to the school district's program cost."

A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using 'program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education; 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$13,813,074 in state equalization guarantee and emergency supplemental distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Tax Revenues: The District receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues primarily for debt service and capital outlay purposes. Tax revenues are recognized when they are in the hands of the collecting agency.

The District records only the portion of the taxes considered to be 'measurable' and 'available'. The District recognized \$3,378,599 in tax revenues during the year ended June 30, 2018. Descriptions of the individual debt service and capital outlay funds contained in these financial statements include information regarding the authority for the collection and use of these taxes.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Tax notices are sent to property owners by November 1st of each year to be paid in whole or in two installments by November 10th and April 10th of each year. San Miguel District collects District, City, and School taxes and distributes them to each fund once per month except in June when the taxes are distributed twice to close out the fiscal year.

Transportation Distribution: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive student transportation distributions. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$706,101 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) receives federal mineral leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, fifty percent is restricted to the requisition of materials listed in the State Board of Education "State Adopted Instructional Material" list, while fifty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors. Allocations received from the State for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$48,678.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Revenues (Continued)

SB-9 State Match: The Director shall distribute to any school district that has imposed a tax under the Public School Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978) an amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimate to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary.

The District did not receive a match for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Public School Capital Outlay: Under the provisions of Chapter 22, Article 24, NMSA 1978, a public school capital outlay fund was created. The money in the fund may be used only for capital expenditures deemed by the public school capital outlay council necessary for an adequate educational program per Section 22-24-4(B); core administrative functions of the public school facilities authority and for project management expenses upon approval of the council per Section 22-24-4(G); and for the purpose of demolishing abandoned school district facilities, upon application by a school district to the council, per Section 22-24-4(L).

The council shall approve an application for grant assistance from the fund when the council determines that:

- 1. A critical need exists requiring action;
- 2. The residents of the school districts have provided all available resources to the District to meet its capital outlay requirements;
- 3. The school district has used its resources in a prudent manner;
- 4. The District is in a District or counties which have participated in the reappraisal program and the reappraised values are on the tax rolls, or will be used for the tax year 1979 as certified by the property tax division; and
- 5. The school district has provided insurance for buildings of the school district in accordance with the provisions of Section 13-5-3 NMSA 1978.

The council shall consider all applications for assistance from the fund and after public hearing shall either approve or deny the application. Applications for grant assistance shall only be accepted by the council after a district has complied with the provisions of this section. The council shall list all applications in order of priority and all allocations shall be made on a priority basis.

Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the Department of Finance and Administration on vouchers signed by the Secretary of Finance and Administration following certification by the council that the application has been approved.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Revenues (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District did not receive school capital outlay funds.

Federal Grants: The District received revenues from various Federal departments (both direct and indirect), which are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. These programs are reported as Special Revenue Funds. Each program operated under its own budget, which has been approved by the Federal Department or the flow through agency (usually the New Mexico Department of Education). The various budgets are approved by the Local School Board and the New Mexico Public Education Department.

The District also received reimbursement under the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs for its food services operations, and the distributions of commodities through the New Mexico Human Services Department.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Educational Retirement Plan (ERP) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB): For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the School Budget and Planning Unit of the Public Education Department. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Because the budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year, such appropriated balance is legally restricted and is therefore presented as restricted fund balance.

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on function basis, i.e., each budgeted expenditure function must be within budgeted amounts. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series,' this may be accomplished with only local Board of Education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In April or May, the local school board submits to the District Budget Planning Unit (DBPU) of the New Mexico Public Education Department a proposed operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All budgets submitted to the State of New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) by the District shall contain headings and details as described by law and have been approved by the PED.
- 2. In May or June of each year, the proposed "operating" budget will be reviewed and approved by the DBPU and certified and approved by the local school board at a public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board which fixes the estimated budget for the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 3. The school board meeting, which not intended for the general public, is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called.
- 4. The "operating" budget will be used by the District until they have been notified that the budget has been approved by the DBPU and the local school board. The budget shall be integrated formally into the accounting system. Encumbrances shall be used as an element of control and shall be integrated into the budget system.
- 5. The District shall make corrections, revisions and amendments to the estimated budgets fixed by the local school board to recognize actual cash balances and carryover funds, if any. These adjustments shall be reviewed and approved by the DBPU.
- 6. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the school board and the State of New Mexico Public Education Department.
- 7. Budget change requests are processed in accordance with Supplement 1 (Budget Preparation and Maintenance) of the Manual of Procedures Public School Accounting and Budgeting. Such changes are initiated by the school district and approved by the SBPU.

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

- 8. Legal budget control for expenditures is by function.
- 9. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Funds unused during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those in the subsequent fiscal year's budget. The budget of Las Vegas City Schools has been amended during the current fiscal year in accordance with these procedures. The budget schedules included in the accompanying financial statements reflect the approved budget and amendments thereto.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP). Encumbrances are treated the same way for U.S. GAAP purposes and for budget purposes.

The Board of Education may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. New Mexico state law prohibits a Governmental Agency from exceeding an individual function.

The District is required to balance is budget each year. Accordingly, amounts that are excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures.

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2018 is presented under each budgetary statement.

NOTE 4. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the investment of District funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the District properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 4. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the District. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no cash shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

The collateral pledged is listed on page 113 of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico as limited by Section 6-10-16, NMSA 1978.

By operation of federal law, beginning January 1, 2013, funds deposited in a noninterest-bearing transaction account no longer will receive unlimited deposit insurance coverage by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Beginning January 1, 2013, all of the District's accounts at an insured depository institution, including all noninterest-bearing transaction accounts, will be insured by the FDIC up to the standard maximum deposit insurance amount of \$250,000, however, time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the SAME STATE will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Deposits

New Mexico State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt to be issued, to the District for at least one-half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The schedule listed below will meet the State of New Mexico, Office of the State Auditor's requirements in reporting the insured portion of the deposits.

Туре	Southwest	
	 Capital Bank	Wells Fargo Bank
Total Deposits	\$ 7,084,553	60,995
Less: FDIC Coverage	 (250,000)	(60,995)
Total uninsured public funds	\$ 6,834,553	-
		_
Collateral requirement (50%)	\$ 3,417,277	-
Pledged securities	 4,360,000	-
(Over) under collateralized	\$ (942,723)	-
	 ·	

NOTE 4. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). At June 30, 2018, \$6,834,553 of the District's bank balances of \$7,145,548 were exposed to custodial credit risk. \$2,474,553 was uninsured and uncollateralized by collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department not in the District's name. At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of these deposits was \$5,949,477.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits	
Account balance	\$ 7,145,548
FDIC insurance	\$ 310,995
Collateral held by pledging bank's	
trust department not in the Center's name	4,360,000
(Over) under collateralized	 2,474,553
Total	\$ 7,145,548

Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,145,548
New Mexico Finance Authority – Debt Service Cash	_	4,491,361
Total per bank		11,636,909
Add outstanding checks and other reconciling items		(1,135,076)
Total Governmental Funds Cash	\$	10,501,833
Total per financial statements	\$	10,129,928
Agency Fund Cash		371,905
Total Governmental Funds Cash	\$ <u></u>	10,501,833

NOTE 4. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District utilizes internal pooled accounts for some of their programs and funds. Negative cash balances in individual funds that were part of the pooled account were reclassified as due to/from accounts in the combining balance sheet as of June 30, 2018. The following individual funds had negative cash balances as of June 30, 2018:

General Fund:		
Operational - 11000	\$	-
Title I Fund -24101		(316,605)
IDEA B Entitlement Fund - 24106		(383,691)
NM Autism Program Fund - 24108		(7,695)
IDEA B Preschool Fund - 24109		(1,327)
Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Fund - 24118		(16,082)
IDEA-B Results Plan-24132		(33,909)
English Language Acquisition-24153		(17,064)
Teacher/Principal Training Fund - 24154		(4,255)
Rural and Low Income Schools Fund - 24160		(27,140)
Title I School Improvement-24162		(8,055)
Dual Credit Instructional Materials - 27103		(1,247)
2012 Library Go Bond - 27107		(26,552)
Teacher Recruitment Initiative – 27128		(408)
Truancy Initiative-27141	_	(10,223)
	\$	(854,253)

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the District did not have any investment balances.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are deemed to be 100% collectible as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

_	Property Taxes	Intergovernmental	Totals
\$	9,170	-	9,170
	-	315,171	315,171
	-	388,436	388,436
	295,453	-	295,453
_	60,127	213,126	273,253
\$	364,750	916,733	1,281,483
	\$	\$ 9,170 - - 295,453 60,127	\$ 9,170 - - 315,171 - 388,436 295,453 - 60,127 213,126

NOTE 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS, RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The District records temporary Interfund receivables and payables to enable the funds to operate until grant monies are received. The composition of Interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Major Funds:			
General Fund			
Operational - 11000	\$	854,253	-
Title I IASA - 24101		-	(316,605)
IDEA B – 24106	_		(383,691)
Total Major Funds		854,253	(700,296)
NM Autism Program Fund - 24108		-	(7,695)
IDEA B Preschool Fund - 24109		-	(1,327)
Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Fund - 24118		-	(16,082)
IDEA B – Results Plan – 24132			(33,909)
Title III ELA Fund - 24153		-	(17,064)
Teacher/Principal Training Fund - 24154		-	(4,255)
Rural and Low Income Schools Fund - 24160		-	(27,140)
Title I School Improvement - 24162			(8,055)
Dual Credit Instructional Material – 27103			(1,247)
2012 Library Go Bonds - 27107			(26,552)
Teacher Recruitment Initiative – 27128			(408)
Truancy Initiative - 27141	_		(10,223)
Total Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:		-	(153,957)
Total All Funds	\$	854,253	(854,253)

All Interfund balances are intended to be repaid within one year. There were no Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2018, including those changes pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, follows. Land and construction in progress are not subject to depreciation.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30, 2018 appear in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

		Balance			Balance	
	_	June 30, 2017	Add	litions	June 30, 2018	
Capital Assets used in						
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable						
Land Improvements	\$	1,754,973		-	1,754,973	;
Depreciable						
Buildings and Improvements		28,012,622	Ç	967,792	28,980,414	ļ
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	_	6,488,321		569,377	7,057,698	<u>; </u>
Total assets		36,255,916	1,5	537,169	37,793,085	;
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Land Improvements		(1,014,390)	(1	31,727)	(1,146,117))
Buildings and Improvements		(14,092,874)	(1,1	62,549)	(15,255,423))
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	_	(4,605,179)	(2	68,831)	(4,874,010)	<u>) </u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(19,712,443)	(1,5	63,107)	(21,275,550))
Net Capital Assets	\$	16,543,473	(25,938)	16,517,535	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 623,289
Support Services – Students	42,696
Support Services – General Administration	24,352
Support Services – School Administration	6,741
Central services	20,436
Operation & maintenance of plant	623,499
Student transportation	79,205
Food services operations	14,138
Technology	128,751
Total	\$ 1,563,107

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net position:

	-	Balance June 30, 2017	_	Additions	-	Deletions	Jur	lance ne 30, 018	W	Oue ithin e Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$	13,140,000		2,250,000		3,240,000	12,1	50,000	1,92	25,000
Compensated Absences	-	233,217	_	143,170	-	62,695	3	13,692	8	34,329
Total	\$_	13,373,217		2,393,170	_	3,302,695	12,4	63,692	2,00	09,329

Interest expense paid on long-term debt totaled \$272,960 on the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The District's general obligation bonds were issued for the purposes of erecting, remodeling, making additions to and furnishing school buildings, purchasing or improving school grounds, purchasing computer software and hardware for student use in public school grounds, providing matching funds for capital outlay projects funded pursuant to the Public School Capital Outlay Act, or any combination of these purposes and are payable solely from general property taxes that are levied against all taxable property in District. In prior years, the debt service fund was typically used to liquidate general obligation bonds. The District's education technology bonds were issued for the purposes of purchasing technology within the district and are payable solely from specified property taxes that are levied against all taxable property in District. In prior years, the education technology debt service fund was typically used to liquidate education technology bonds.

Interest payments are due semi-annually on January 1, January 15, February 15, May 1, July 15, August 15 and August 17. Interest rates on the bonds range from 1.6% to 4.5%. Principal payments in varying amounts are due annually on January 15, May 1, July 1, August 15, and November 1 through 2030.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the General Obligation Bonds and Education Technology Bonds as of June 30, 2018, including interest payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			Total Debt
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Service
2019	\$ 1,925,000	242,784	2,167,784
2020	1,720,000	202,065	1,922,065
2021	1,820,000	159,368	1,979,368
2022	765,000	127,577	892,577
2023	775,000	110,773	885,773
2024-2030	5,145,000	259,692	5,404,692
Totals	\$ 12,150,000	1,102,259	13,252,259

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – Administrative employees of the District are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, compensated absences increased by \$80,475 from the prior year accrual for the District.

<u>Operating Leases</u> – The District leases software, office equipment and storage units under short-term cancelable operating leases. Rental cost for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$75,785.

NOTE 9. UNEARNED REVENUE

In accordance with the terms of the various grant agreements within the Special Revenue Funds, revenues received in excess of expenditures carry over to the subsequent year, unless such excess revenues are requested to be returned to the grantor.

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error omissions; and natural disasters, for which the District is a member of the New Mexico Public School Insurance Authority (NMPSIA). The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the NMPSIA based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes Workers Compensation, General and Automobile Liability, Automobile Physical Damage, and Property and Crime coverage. Also included under the Risk Management Program are Boiler, Machinery and Student Accident Insurance.

The NMPSIA provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$500,000,000 for each property damage claim with a \$15,000 deductible per occurrence with a maximum annual deductible of \$60,000. General liability coverage is afforded to all employees, volunteers and school board members and the limit is subject to the NMSA Tort Claims Act on a per occurrence basis. The automobile and property liability limit is subject to the provisions of the Tort Claims Act. The crime limit is \$250,000 per occurrence for

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Faithful Performance. A limit of \$250,000 applies to Depositor's Forgery, Credit Card Forgery, and Money Orders. A limit of \$100,000 applies to Money and Securities, which include a \$750 deductible.

In case the NMPSIA's assets are not sufficient to meet its liability claims, the agreement provides that subscribers, including the District, cannot be assessed additional premiums to cover the shortfall. As of June 30, 2018, there have been no claims that have exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 11. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the Combined Statements of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance of individual funds. The following funds reported a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2018:

General Fund	
Transportation - 13000	\$ (1,440)
Total	\$ (1,440)

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD

Plan Description. The New Mexico Educational Retirement Act (ERA) was enacted in 1957. The act created the Educational Employees Retirement Plan (Plan) and, to administer it, the New Mexico Educational Retirement Board (NMERB). The Plan is included in NMERB's comprehensive annual financial report. The report can be found on NMERB's Web site at https://www.nmerb.org/Annual_reports.html.

The Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer pension plan established to provide retirement and disability benefits for certified teachers and other employees of the state's public schools, institutions of higher learning, and state agencies providing educational programs. Additional tenets of the ERA can be found in Section 22-11-1 through 22-11-52, NMSA 1978, as amended.

The Plan is a pension trust fund of the State of New Mexico. The ERA assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to a seven-member Board of Trustees (Board); the state legislature has the authority to set or amend contribution rates and other terms of the Plan. NMERB is self-funded through investment income and educational employer contributions. The Plan does not receive General Fund Appropriations from the State of New Mexico.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

All accumulated assets are held by the Plan in trust to pay benefits, including refunds of contributions as defined in the terms of the Plan. Eligibility for membership in the Plan is a condition of employment, as defined in Section 22-11-2, NMSA 1978. Employees of public schools, universities, colleges, junior colleges, technical-vocational institutions, state special schools, charter schools, and state agencies providing an educational program, who are employed more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan, unless specifically excluded.

Pension Benefit – A member's retirement benefit is determined by a formula which includes three component parts: 1) the member's final average salary (FAS), 2) the number of years of service credit, and 3) a 0.0235 multiplier. The FAS is the average of the member's salaries for the last five years of service or any other consecutive five-year period, whichever is greater.

Summary of Plan Provisions for Retirement Eligibility – For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs:

- The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 75 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit, or
- The member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on, or after, July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010 and before July 1, 2013, or at any time prior to July 1, 2010 refunded all member contributions and then becomes re-employed after July 1, 2010 is as follows:

- The member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more,
- The member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit, or
- The member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

Section 2-11-23.2, NMSA 1978 added eligibility requirements for new members who were first employed on or after July 1, 2013, or who were employed before July 1, 2013 but terminated employment and subsequently withdrew all contributions, and returned to work for an ERB employer on or after July 1, 2013. These members must meet one of the following requirements:

• The member's minimum age is 55, and has earned 30 or more years of service credit. Those who retire earlier than age 55, but with 30 years of earned service credit will have a reduction in benefits to the actuarial equivalent of retiring at age 55.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

- The member's minimum age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more. Those who retire under the age of 65, and who have fewer than 30 years of earned service credit will receive reduced retirement benefits.
- The member's age is 67, and has earned 5 or more years of service credit.

Forms of Payment – The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary.

Benefit Options – The Plan has three benefit options available.

- Option A Straight Life Benefit The single life annuity option has no reductions to the monthly benefit, and there is no continuing benefit due to a beneficiary or estate, except the balance, if any, of member contributions plus interest less benefits paid prior to the member's death.
- Option B Joint 100% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.
- Option C Joint 50% Survivor Benefit The single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member, with the provision that, upon death, the reduced 50% benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's monthly benefit is increased to the amount the member would have received under Option A Straight Life benefit. The member's increased monthly benefit commences in the month following the beneficiary's death.

Disability Benefit – An NMERB member is eligible for disability benefits if they have acquired at least ten years of earned service credit and is found totally disabled. The disability benefit is equal to 2% of the member's Final Average Salary (FAS) multiplied by the number of years of total service credits. However, the disability benefit shall not be less than the smaller of (a) one-third of the member's FAS or (b) 2% of the member's FAS multiplied by total years of service credit projected to age 60.

Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) – All retired members and beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic adjustment in their benefit on July 1 following the later of 1) the year a member retires, or 2) the year a member reaches age 65 (Tier 1 and Tier 2) or age 67 (Tier 3).

- Tier 1 membership is comprised of employees who became members prior to July 1, 2010
- Tier 2 membership is comprised of employees who became members after July 1, 2010, but prior to July 1, 2013

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Tier 3 membership is comprised of employees who became members on or after July 1, 2013

As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA is immediately reduced until the Plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction is based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.5%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.7%.

Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

Refund of Contributions — Members may withdraw their contributions only when they terminate covered employment in the State and their former employer(s) certification determination has been received by NMERB. Interest is paid to members when they withdraw their contributions following termination of employment at a rate set by the Board. Interest is not earned on contributions credited to accounts prior to July 1, 1971, or for contributions held for less than one year.

Contributions – For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 educational employers contributed to the Plan based on the following rate schedule.

						Increase
						over
Fiscal		Wage	Member	Employer	Combined	Prior
Year	Date Range	Category	Rate	Rate	Rate	Year
2018	7/1/17 to 6/30/18	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%	0.00%
2018	7/1/17 to 6/30/18	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%	0.00%
2017	7/1/16 to 6/30/17	Over \$20K	10.70%	13.90%	24.60%	0.00%
2017	7/1/16 to 6/30/17	\$20K or less	7.90%	13.90%	21.80%	0.00%

The contribution requirements are established in statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the New Mexico Legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, Las Vegas City Schools paid employee and employer contributions of \$2,114,779 and \$2,120,070, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2018, the Las Vegas City Schools reported a liability of \$34,130,572 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability was rolled-

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2017 using generally accepted actuarial principles. The roll-forward incorporates the impact of the new assumptions adopted by the Board on April 21, 2017. There were no other significant events of changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

The Las Vegas City School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Las Vegas City School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating educational institutions, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Las Vegas City School's proportion was 0.30 %, which was the same as its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Las Vegas City School recognized pension expense of \$3,352,778. At June 30, 2018, Las Vegas City School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 61,268	525,814
Changes of assumptions	9,963,385	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	4,682
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	319,494	866,436
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,218,103	
Total	\$ 11,562,250	1,396,932

\$1,218,103 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Las Vegas City School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Year	endo	ed J	une	30	:
------	------	------	-----	----	---

2018	\$ 3,028,920
2019	3,802,967
2020	2,396,367
2021	(281,039)
2022	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.25% composed of 2.50% inflation, plus a 0.75% productivity increase

rate, plus a step-rate promotional increase for members with less than

10 years of service.

Investment rate of return 7.25% compounded annually, net of expenses. This is made up of a

2.50% inflation rate and a 4.75 real rate of return.

Average of Expected

Remaining Service Lives Fiscal year <u>2017 2016 2015</u> <u>2014</u>

Service life in years 3.35 3.77 3.92 3.88

Mortality Healthy males: Based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality

Table with White Collar adjustments, not set back. Generational mortality improvements with Scale BB from the table's base year of

2000.

Healthy females: Based on GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year. Generational mortality improvements in accordance with Scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.

Disabled males: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for males, set back

three years, projected to 2016 with Scale BB.

Disabled females: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table for females, no set

back, projected to 2016 with Scale BB.

Active members: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Tables, with males set back two years and scaled at 80%, and females set back five years and scaled at 70%. Static mortality improvement from the table's base year of 2000 to the year 2016 in accordance with Scale BB. No future improvement was assumed for preretirement mortality.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Retirement Age Experience-based table rates based on age and service, adopted by the

Board on June 12, 2015 in conjunction with the six-year experience

study for the period ending June 30, 2014.

Cost-of-living increases 1.90% per year, compounded annually.

Payroll growth 3.00% per year (with no allowance for membership growth).

Contribution accumulation The accumulated member account balance with interest is estimated at

the valuation date by assuming that member contributions increased 5.50% per year for all years prior to the valuation date. Contributions are credited with 4.00% interest, compounded annually, applicable to

the account balances in the past as well as the future.

Disability Incidence Approved rates applied to eligible members with at least 10 years of

service.

Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Plan's Board of Trustees, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, the Board adopted several economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- Rate of return projections that are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuations, defaults, etc.)
- Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.)
- Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.) developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 12. PENSION PLAN – EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT BOARD (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	33%	
Fixed income	26%	
Alternatives	40%	
Cash	1%	
Total	100%	7.25%

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 5.9% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017. This single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.56%, net of expense. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2053. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the 2053 fiscal year, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Las Vegas City Schools' proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	1%
	_	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Discount Rate (5.90%)	Increase (6.90%)
The District's proportionate share of the	_			
net pension liability	\$_	44,429,517	34,130,572	25,712,023

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued NMERB's financial reports. The reports can be found on NMERB's web site at www.nmerb.org/Annual_reports.html.

Payables to the pension plan. Las Vegas City Schools' did not accrue any payables for the pension plan at June 30, 2018. All 10-month teacher contracts for the school year are paid by fiscal year end.

NOTE 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

General Information about the OPEB

Plan Description - Employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits provided. The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2017, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	51,208
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,478
Current active members	97,349
	160,035
Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	21,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
	97,349

Contributions – Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statue and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under

NOTE 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the District were \$174,719 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$8,384,501 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.18502 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ 333,341. At June 30, 2018 the Center reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	321,753
Changes in assumptions		-	1,465,923
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	120,617
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	-	174,719	
Total	\$	174,719	1,908,293

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$174,719 represent District contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ (405,716)
2020	(405,716)
2021	(405,716)
2022	(405,716)
2023	(285,429)
Total	\$ (1,908,293)

NOTE 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30,2017

employee basis

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA

Projected payroll increases 3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for

adverse deviation including inflation

Health care cost trend rate 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare

medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 years

for Medicare medical plan costs

Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

NOTE 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	Long-Term
Asset Class	Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	4.1%
U.S. equity – large cap	9.1
Non U.S. – emerging markets	12.2
Non U.S. – developed equities	9.8
Private equity	13.8
Credit and structured finance	7.3
Real estate	6.9
Absolute return	6.1
U.S. equity – small/mid cap	9.1

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 3.81% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 3.81% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Center, as well as what the Center's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.81 percent) or 1-percentage-pont higher (4.81 percent) than the current discount rate; percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current	
1% Decrease (2.81%)	Discount Rate (3.81%)	1% Increase (4.81%)
\$ 10,170,270	8,384,501	6,983,406

NOTE 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-pont higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
\$ 7,131,596	8,384,501	_	9,361,458

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Payables changes in the net OPEB liability. At June 30, 2018, the District did not have a payable for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

The District is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the District's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS

The District contracts with outside vendors for construction and renovation of various facilities. At June 30, 2018, the total amount of contracts outstanding for capital projects could not be determined by the District.

NOTE 16. CONCENTRATIONS

The District depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the District is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State Appropriations.

NOTE 17. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Some governments may not have policies or procedures that are comparable to those policies that underlie the classifications and therefore would not report amounts in all possible fund balance classifications.

In the governmental financial statements, fund balance is classified and is displayed in five components:

Nonspendable: Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Consists of amounts that are restricted to specific purposes as a result of (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned: Consists of amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned: Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

NOTE 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2018, the date of the most recent statement of net position, has been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is October 31, 2018 which is the date on which the financial statements were issued.

NOTE 19. PRIOR YEAR RESTATEMENT

Beginning net position at June 30, 2018 was restated in the amount of \$9,959,458. This restatement was due to the implementation of GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

NOTE 20. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multi-Employer Plans, for OPEB. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee services. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. GASB Statement No. 75 was effective for periods after June 15, 2017. The District has adopted this statement for the year ending June 30, 2018.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interest. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. GASB Statement No. 81 was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The District adopted this statement; however, there are no irrevocable split-interest agreements and the implementation of this statement had no effect on the District's financial statements.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, good will, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). GASB Statement No. 85 was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The adoption of GASB Statement No. 85 did not have a significant impact of the District's Financial Statements.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment issues. This statement establishes essentially the same requirements as GASB Statement No.7, for when a government places cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources in an irrevocable trust to extinguish debt. However, in financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus, governments should recognize any difference between the reacquisition price (the amount required to be placed in the trust) and the net carrying amount of the debt defeased in substance using only existing resources as a separately identified gain or loss in the period of defeasance. Governments that defease debt using only existing resources should provide a general description of the transaction in the notes to the financial statements in the period of defeasance. In all periods following an in-substance defeasance of debt using only existing resources, the amount of that debt that remains at period-end should be disclosed. GASB Statement No. 86 was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District adopted this statement; however, there were no debt extinguishments and the implementation of this statement had no effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 21. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not yet effective at June 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Assets

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.

The District will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The District believes that the above listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the District or in issuing its financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORATIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS June 30, 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

New Mexico Educational Retirement Board Pension Plan For Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year		2018	2017	2016	2015
	Measurement Date		2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)			0.30711%	0.30050%	0.31310%	0.34603%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)		φ.	34,131	21,625	20,280	19,744
District's Covered Payroll		❖	8,770	8,315	8,549	9,538
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered- Employee Payroll			389.18%	260.07%	237.22%	207.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability			52.95%	61.58%	63.97%	66.54%

statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for Las Vegas City Schools is not available prior to fiscal *Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
June 30, 2018

New Mexico Educational Retirement Board Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years* (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

		2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutory Required Contributions	\$	1,217	1,254	1,412	1,215
Contribution in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		1,218	1,254	1,237	1,215
Annual Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	⋄	(1)		175	1

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for Las Vegas City Schools is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY June 30, 2018

New Mexico Retiree Healthcare Authority For Last 10 Fiscal Years* (Dollars in Thousands)

		30-Jun
	Fiscal Year	2018
ſ	Measurement Date	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB liability (Asset)		0.18502%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)		\$ 8,384,501
District's Covered-Employee Payroll		\$ 7,707,291
Districts's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered-Employee Payroll		108.79%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		11.34%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for available years.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
June 30, 2018

New Mexico Retiree Healthcare Authority Last Ten Fiscal Years* (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	↔	587,525
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		
		294,872
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔	292,653
Employer's covered-employee payroll	⋄	7,707,281
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		3.80%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for available years.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
NOTES TO PENSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2018

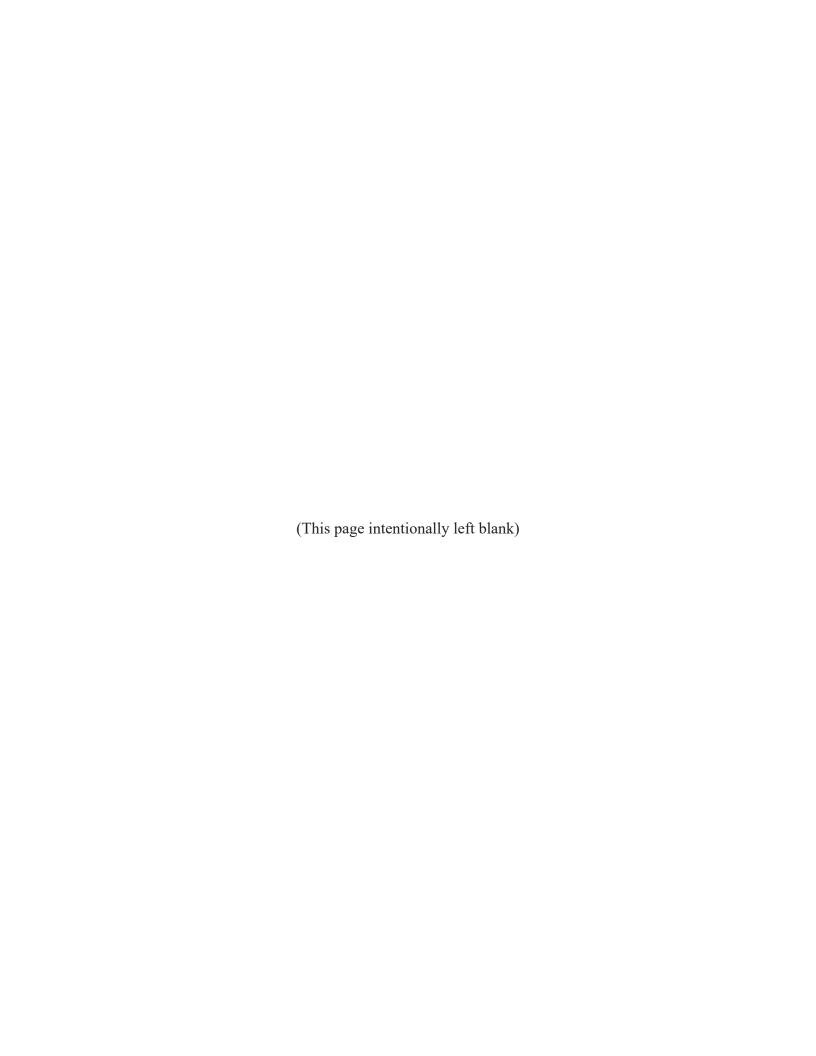
Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Changes in benefit provisions. There were no modifications to the benefit provisions that were reflected in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Changes in assumptions and methods. Actuarial assumptions and methods are set by the Board of Trustee, based upon recommendations made by the Plan's actuary. The Board adopted new assumptions on April 21, 2017 in conjunction with the six-year actuarial experience study period ending June 30, 2016. At that time, The Board adopted a number of economic assumption changes, including a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.50%. The 0.50% decrease in the inflation assumption also led to decreases in the nominal investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.25%, the assumed annual wage inflation rate from 3.75% to 3.25%, the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.00%, and the annual assumed COLA from 2.00% to 1.90%.

Changes of benefit terms and assumptions. There were no benefit or assumption changes adopted since the last actuarial valuation. However, the actual cost of living adjustment (COLA) was less than the expected 2.0%, which resulted in a net \$138 million decrease in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



GENERAL FUND

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-GENERAL FUND June 30, 2018

		OPERATIONAL 11000	TRANSPORTATION 13000
ASSETS	_		
Current assets			
Cash	\$	869,727	535
Accounts receivable			
Taxes		9,170	-
Due from other governments		-	-
Interfund receivables		854,253	-
Inventory	_	<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$ _	1,733,150	535
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	100,469	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	_	97,157	1,975
Total liabilities		197,626	1,975
Deferred Inflows			
Unavailable revenue	_	7,435	
Total deferred inflows	_	7,435	
Fund balances (deficit)			
Nonspendable		-	-
Restricted		-	-
Committed		-	-
Assigned		-	-
Unassigned	_	1,528,089	(1,440)
Total fund balance (deficit)	_	1,528,089	(1,440)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance (deficit)	\$_	1,733,150	535

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

14000	TOTALS
10,652	880,914
-	9,170
- - -	854,253 -
10,652	1,744,337
- -	100,469 99,132
-	199,601
-	7,435
<u>-</u>	7,435
- 10,652	- 10,652
-	- -
-	1,526,649
10,652	1,537,301
10,652	1,744,337

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -- GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		OPERATIONAL 11000	TRANSPORTATION 13000
Revenues		11000	13000
Property taxes	\$	82,797	-
State grants	,	13,813,074	706,101
Federal grants		81,023	, -
Miscellaneous		173,195	34
Interest		9,388	-
Total revenues		14,159,477	706,135
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction		6,772,218	-
Support Services			
Students		1,329,437	-
Instruction		175,543	-
General Administration		520,068	-
School Administration		888,548	-
Central Services		778,937	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		2,932,314	-
Student Transportation		25,362	697,067
Other Support Services		1,210	-
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>	7,686
Total expenditures		13,423,637	704,753
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		735,840	1,382
over (under) expenditures			
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers		-	-
Proceeds from bond issue		-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		735,840	1,382
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		792,249	(2,822)
Fund balances, (deficits) end of year	\$	1,528,089	(1,440)

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

14000	TOTALS
-	82,797
48,678	14,567,853
-	81,023
240	173,469
	9,388
48,918	14,914,530
76,310	6,848,528
-	1,329,437
-	175,543
-	520,068
-	888,548
-	778,937
-	2,932,314
-	722,429
-	1,210
	7,686
76,310	14,204,700
(27,392)	709,830
-	-
	-
	-
(27,392)	709,830
38,044	827,471
10,652	1,537,301

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS OPERATIONAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Budgeted	Amounts		
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	81,527	81,527	84,409	2,882
State grants		13,663,222	13,869,659	13,813,074	(56,585)
Federal grants		5,000	13,763	81,023	67,260
Miscellaneous		55,000	55,000	173,195	118,195
Interest	_	9,800	9,800	9,388	(412)
Total revenues	_	13,814,549	14,029,749	14,161,089	131,340
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction		7,055,083	6,955,083	6,778,798	176,285
Support Services					
Students		1,340,775	1,484,366	1,330,336	154,030
Instruction		130,717	182,898	175,543	7,355
General Administration		560,871	553,449	516,030	37,419
School Administration		818,962	890,997	886,752	4,245
Central Services		797,619	797,619	765,346	32,273
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		2,905,609	2,999,459	2,891,634	107,825
Student Transportation		69,236	69,236	23,075	46,161
Other Support Services	_	241,034	202,000	1,210	200,790
Total expenditures	_	13,919,906	14,135,107	13,368,724	766,383
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	_	(105,357)	(105,358)	792,365	(635,043)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Designated cash		792,249	792,249	-	(792,249)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	792,249	792,249		(792,249)
Net change in fund balances	\$_	686,892	686,891	792,365	(1,427,292)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:					
Revenue accruals				(1,612)	
Expenditure accruals				(54,913)	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)				\$ 735,840	
				, 55,510	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS TRANSPORTATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ -	-	-	-
State grants	706,101	706,101	706,101	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	34	34
Interest				
Total revenues	706,101	706,101	706,135	34
Expenditures				
Current				
Support Services				
Student Transportation	706,101	698,101	698,415	(314)
Capital outlay	-	8,000	7,686	314
Debt service				-
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest				
Total expenditures	706,101	706,101	706,101	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures			34	34
Other financing sources (uses)				
Designated cash	_	-	_	_
Operating transfers	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issues	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	-
Net change in fund balances	_	_	34	34
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:				<u> </u>
Revenue accruals			_	
Expenditure accruals			1,348	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)		\$	1,348	
The change in faila balance (of the basis)		Y	1,302	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ -	-	-	-
State grants	44,198	48,678	48,678	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	240	240
Interest	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	44,198	48,678	48,918	240
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	44,198	86,721	76,310	10,411
Total expenditures	44,198	86,721	76,310	10,411
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_			
over (under) expenditures		(38,043)	(27,392)	(10,171)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Designated cash	-	-	-	_
Operating transfers	-	-	-	_
Proceeds from bond issues	-	-	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	
Net change in fund balances	_	(38,043)	(27,392)	(10,171)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:				
Revenue accruals			-	
Expenditure accruals			-	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)		Ç	(27,392)	

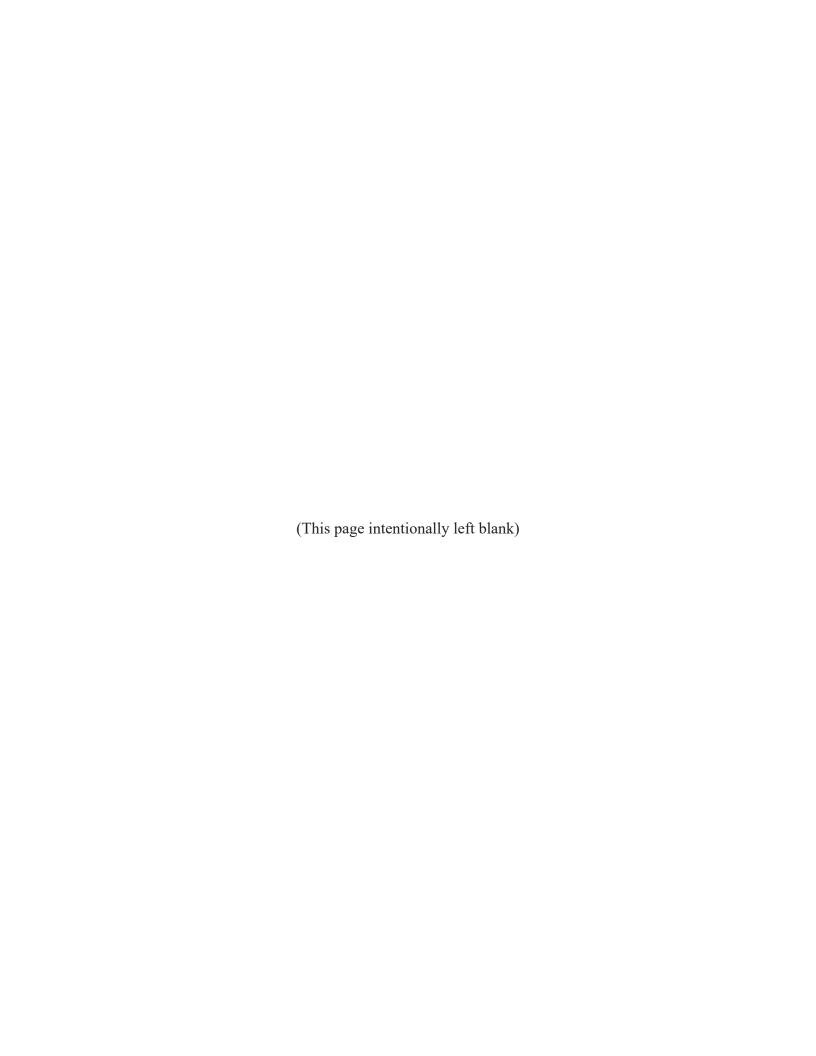
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	260,140	826,508 -	160,004	1,246,652
Taxes		-	60,009	118	60,127
Due from other governments		213,126	-	-	213,126
Inventory	_	7,680		<u>-</u> -	7,680
Total assets	\$	480,946	886,517	160,122	1,527,585
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	1,833	3,032	_	4,865
Accrued payroll liabilities		13,318	-	-	13,318
Interfund payables		153,957	-	-	153,957
Total liabilities	_	169,108	3,032		172,140
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Property taxes			47,179		47,179
Total deferred inflows	_	<u> </u>	47,179	<u> </u>	47,179
Fund balances					
Nonspendable		7,680	-	-	7,680
Restricted		304,158	836,306	160,122	1,300,586
Committed		-	-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-
Unassigned	_	- -			
Total fund balance	_	311,838	836,306	160,122	1,308,266
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	480,946	886,517	160,122	1,527,585

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		SPECIAL REVENUE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
	_	REVENUE	PROJECTS	<u> </u>	TOTAL
Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	128,175	-	-	128,175
Property taxes	•	-	545,185	13,819	559,004
State grants		471,075	45,000	-	516,075
Federal grants		1,207,690	-	-	1,207,690
Miscellaneous		225,690	-	-	225,690
Total revenues	_	2,032,630	590,185	13,819	2,636,634
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction		667,523	-	-	667,523
Support Services			-		
Students		364,095	-	-	364,095
Instruction		27,103	-	-	27,103
General Administration		9,371	5,403	36	14,810
School Administration		33,620	-	-	33,620
Central Services		307	-	-	307
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		2,757	-	-	2,757
Student Transportation		4,962	-	-	4,962
Food Services Operations		856,575	-	-	856,575
Capital outlay			1,021,182		1,021,182
Total expenditures		1,966,313	1,026,585	36	2,992,934
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		66,317	(436,400)	13,783	(356,300)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issues	_		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<u>-</u> .		<u> </u>	-
Net change in fund balances	_	66,317	(436,400)	13,783	(356,300)
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	245,521	1,272,706	146,339	1,664,566
Fund balances, end of year	\$	311,838	836,306	160,122	1,308,266



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
DESCRIPTION OF SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for Federal, State and Local funded grants. These grants are awarded to the District with the purpose of accomplishing specific educational tasks. Grants accounted for in the Special Revenue Funds include:

Food Service Fund (21000) – This fund is used to account for the cost of operating a student breakfast, lunch, snack bar and summer lunch program and is financed with federal grants and fees paid by program users.

Athletics (22000) – This fund is used to account for fees generated at athletic activities throughout the District. The gate receipts are obtained from the general public and are expended in this fund. The authority for creation of this fund is 6.20.2 NMAC.

New Mexico Autism Project (24108) – To support the District's implementation of NMAP and to improve the outcomes for students with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD).

IDEA-B Preschool (24109 and 24209) – The objective of the Assistance to States for the Education for Handicapped Children Program is to assist in providing free, appropriate public education to all handicapped children from ages three to five. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Department of Children, Youth and Families. Authority for creation of this fund is Public Law 105-17.

Fresh Fruit and Vegetable (24118) – To assist States, through cash grants, in providing free fruits and vegetable to school children in designated participating schools beginning in school year 2004/2005. Authorized by National School Lunch Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1769.

IDEA-B Results Plan Non-Title I Schools (24132) – To improve growth rates in the areas of reading and math for students with disabilities.

Title III English Language Acquisition (24153) – To provide funds to improve the educational performance of limited English proficient students by assisting the children to learn English and meet State academic content standards.

Rural and Low Income Schools (24160) – To account for a federal grant to provide financial assistance to rural districts to carry out activities to help improve the quality of teaching and learning in their schools. The grant is authorized by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA, Title VI, Part B, as amended).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
DESCRIPTION OF SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Title I School Improvement (24162 and 24262) – To provide supplemental educational opportunity for academically disadvantaged children in the area of residing. Campuses are identified for program participation by the percentage of students on free or reduced price lunches. Any school with a free and reduced price lunch percentage that is equal to or greater than the total district percentage becomes eligible for program participation. Any student whose test scores fall below District established criteria and who is attending a Title I campus is eligible to receive Title I services. Poverty is the criteria that identifies a campus; educational need determines the students to be served. Federal revenues accounted for in this fund are allocated to the District through the New Mexico Department of Education. Authority for creation of this fund is Part A of Chapter I of Title I of Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965, as amended, Public Law 103-383.

Title XIX Medicaid (25153) – To account for a program providing school-based screening, diagnostic services and other related health services and administrative activities in conformance with the approved Medicaid State Plan in order to improve health and developmental outcomes for children.

Child & Adult Food Program (25171) – To account for the revenues and expenditures for program to provide for healthier schools by providing a health center at the schools. Funding is provided by the New Mexico Department of Health.

LANL Foundation (26113) – Educational enrichment grant in support of The Renaissance Program at Las Vegas City Schools.

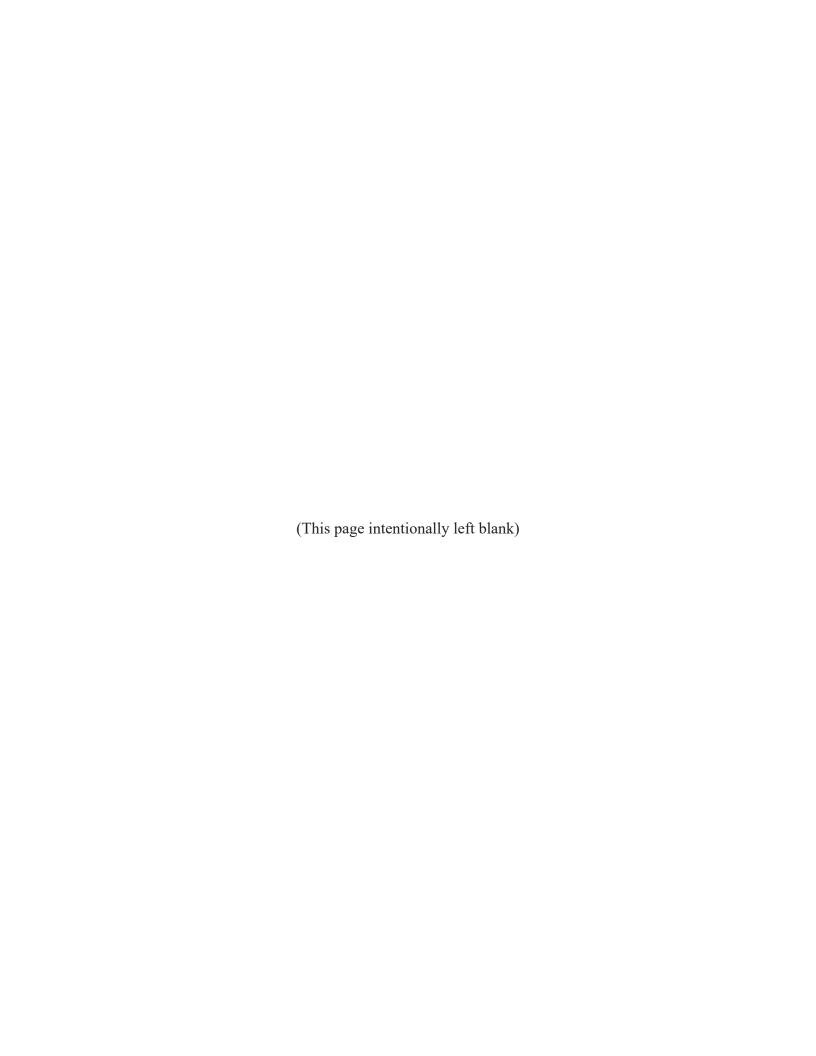
Dual Credit Instructional Materials (27103) – A one-time appropriation for schools for dual credit materials.

2012 GO Bonds Library Fund (27107) – To account for funds provided for the purpose of acquiring library books, equipment, and library resources for public school and state-supported school libraries statewide. Authority for the creation of this fund is the New Mexico Public Education Department.

Teacher Recruitment Initiative (27128) – To account for monies received for teacher recruitment efforts such as signing bonuses for new teachers, covering the costs of travel to a recruiting/hiring event, updates to the District website with regard to recruitment, or the cost of placing advertisements in a newspaper or external website. Funding authorized by the New Mexico Public Education Department, Special Appropriation Fund.

Incentives for School Improvement Act (27138) – To account for monies received from the Award for High Improving Schools provided by the State of New Mexico for the purpose of identifying special needs at awarded locations and to purchase items to improve those schools.

Truancy Initiative (27141) – The purpose of the Truancy Initiative is to establish a cohort of truancy and dropout prevention coaches placed in middle and high schools whose role is to work with students, families, schools and districts to improve attendance for habitually truant students, as well as decrease the number of students dropping out of school.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
DESCRIPTION OF SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Beginning Teacher Mentoring Program (27154) – The objective of this program is to provide beginning teachers and effective transition into the teaching profession, retain capable teachers, improve the achievement of students and improve the overall success of the school. Funding is provided by the New Mexico Board of Education. Authority for creation of this fund is NMSA 22-2-8-10.

Breakfast for Elementary Students (27155) — Student wellness can be enhanced by more students eating a nutritious breakfast; especially school breakfast. The 2008 Dairy MAX School Wellness through Expanding Breakfast Grant Program can help your schools begin new expanded breakfast programs to improve student access to nutritious meals and also the grant can help your district fund the tactics of your district wellness policy.

Kindergarten 3 Plus Program (27166) – To provide services for a summer program for Kindergarten – 3rd grade.

Teacher & School Leader Incentive Pay (27188 and 27190) – To account for funding provided for projects that develop and implement performance-based teacher and principal compensation systems in high-need schools. The Teacher Incentive Fund is authorized by P.L. 109-149 – the Department of Labor, Health and Human Service, and Education and Related Agencies Appropriation Act 2006 Title V, Part D.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

		Food Service 21000	Athletics 22000	NM Autism Program 24108
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	128,798	25,284	-
Due from other governments		-	-	7,773
Inventory		7,680	<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	136,478	25,284	7,773
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	1,510	78
Accrued payroll liabilities		2,376	-	-
Interfund payables				7,695
Total liabilities		2,376	1,510	7,773
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Property taxes		-		
Total deferred inflows			-	
Fund balances				
Nonspendable		7,680	-	-
Restricted		126,422	23,774	-
Committed		-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-
Unassigned		-	<u> </u>	
Total fund balance		134,102	23,774	<u> </u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$ <u></u>	136,478	25,284	7,773

Preschool IDEA-B 24109	Fresh Fruit & Vegetable 24118	IDEA B Results Plan 24132	English Language Acquisition 24153	Teacher/ Principal Training 24154
-	-	-	-	-
1,327	16,082	33,909	17,064	4,255
1,327	16,082	33,909	17,064	4,255
<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
-	-	-	-	-
1,327	16,082	33,909	17,064	4,255
1,327	16,082	33,909	17,064	4,255
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
-	-	<u>-</u>		
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	- -	- -	-
-	-	-	-	-
		<u> </u>		-
<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u>-</u>
1,327	16,082	33,909	17,064	4,255

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Rural & Low-Income Schools 24160	Title I School Improvement 24162	Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years 25153
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	-	26,631
Accounts receivable Due from other governments Inventory		27,140 -	8,055 	29,108
Total assets	\$ _	27,140	8,055	55,739
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Interfund payables	\$	- - 27,140	- - 8,055	245 4,869 -
Total liabilities		27,140	8,055	5,114
DEFERRED INFLOWS Property taxes Total deferred inflows	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balance	_	- - - -	- - - - -	50,625 - - - - 50,625
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$ =	27,140	8,055	55,739

Child & Adult Food Program 25171	LANL Foundation 26113	Dual Credit Instructional Materials 27103	2012 Library Go Bonds 27107	Teacher Recruitment Initiative 27128
70,430	913	-	-	-
28,710 	- -	1,247 	26,552 	408
99,140	913	1,247	26,552	408
- 6,073	-	-	-	-
- -	- -	1,247	26,552	408
6,073	<u>-</u>	1,247	26,552	408
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
- 93,067	- 913	-	- -	-
· -	-	-	-	-
<u> </u>	- -		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
93,067	913			
99,140	913	1,247	26,552	408

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Incentives for School Improvements 27138		Truancy Initiative 27141	Beg Teacher Mentoring Program 27154
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	2,936	-	1,602
Due from other governments Inventory	-	- 	10,223	- -
Total assets	\$	2,936	10,223	1,602
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Interfund payables	\$	- -	- - 10,223	-
Total liabilities	-	<u>-</u>	10,223	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS Property taxes Total deferred inflows	-	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	_	- 2,936 - - -	- - - -	1,602 - - -
Total fund balance	-	2,936	<u>-</u>	1,602
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$	2,936	10,223	1,602

Breakfast For Elementary Students 27155	K-3 Plus State Grant 27166	Teacher & School Leader Incentive Pay 27188	Teacher & School Leader Incentive Pay Group 27190	Total
3,546	-	-	-	260,140
1,273	-	-	-	213,126 7,680
4,819	-			480,946
_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	1,833
_	-	-	-	13,318
-	-	-	-	153,957
			<u> </u>	169,108
			<u>-</u>	_
-	-	-	-	7,680
4,819	-	-	-	304,158
-	-	-	-	-
- -	- -	- -	- -	- -
4.010			-	244 020
4,819				311,838
4,819				480,946

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 Food Service 21000	Athletics 22000	NM Autism Program 24108
Revenues			
Charges for service	\$ 47,918	80,257	-
Property taxes	-	-	-
State grants	-	-	-
Federal grants	721,188	-	7,773
Miscellaneous	 	150	
Total revenues	 769,106	80,407	7,773
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction	-	58,431	6,661
Support Services			
Students	-	-	1,112
Instruction	-	-	-
General Administration	-	-	-
School Administration	-	-	-
Central Services	-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-
Student Transportation	-	-	-
Food Services Operations	736,342	-	-
Capital outlay	 <u> </u>		
Total expenditures	 736,342	58,431	7,773
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	 32,764	21,976	
over (under) expenditures			
Other financing sources (uses)			
Operating transfers	-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issue	 <u>-</u>	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	_	-
Net change in fund balances	32,764	21,976	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	 101,338	1,798	
Fund balances, (deficits) end of year	\$ 134,102	23,774	

Preschool IDEA-B 24109	Fresh Fruit & Vegetable 24118	IDEA B Results Plan 24132	English Language Acquisition 24153	Teacher Principal Training 24154
<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
8,289 -	46,452 -	49,605 -	17,064 -	104,255
8,289	46,452	49,605	17,064	104,255
·		· ·	<u> </u>	,
7,693	-	49,605	16,178	100,000
-	-	-	-	-
596	-	-	830	4,255
-	-	-	56	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
- -	- 46,338	- -	- -	- -
-	-	-	-	-
8,289	46,338	49,605	17,064	104,255
-	114	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
		- .	- -	
	- -	-	- -	
-	114	-	-	-
	(44.4)			
	(114)	-	<u> </u>	
-	-	-	-	-

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

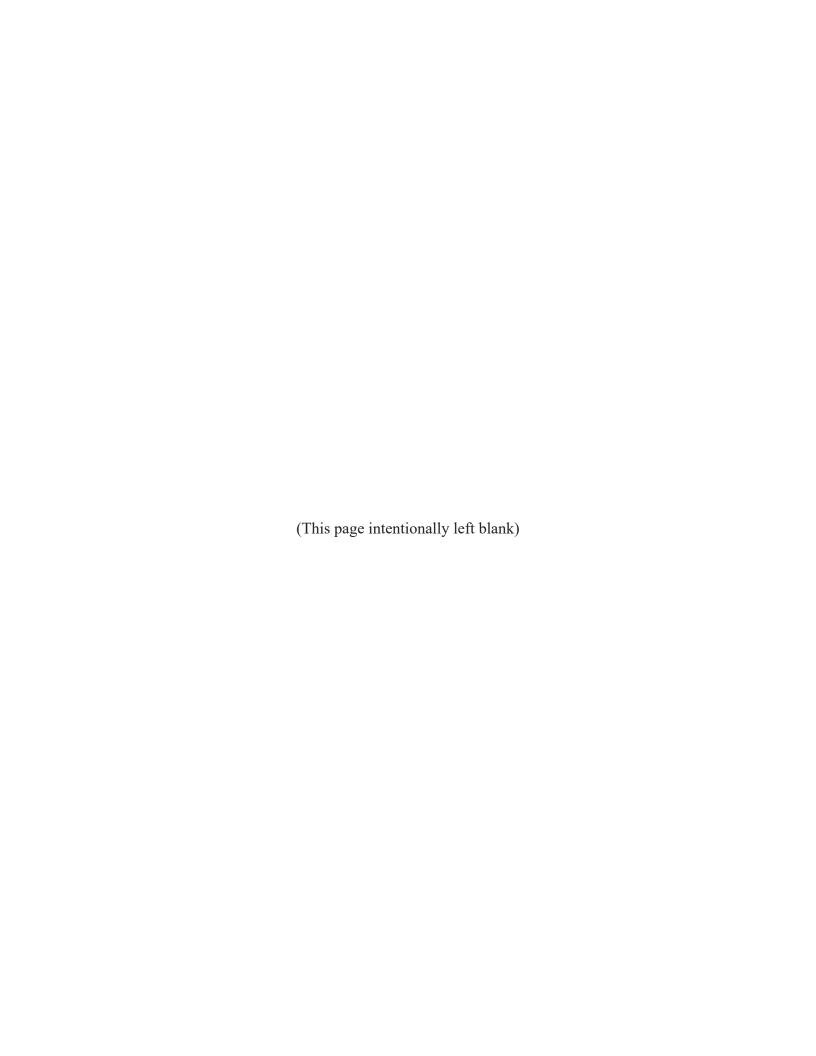
	-	Rural & Low-Income Schools 24160	Title I School Improvement 24162	Title XIX Medicaid 3/21 Years 25153
Revenues				
Charges for service	\$	-	-	-
Property taxes		-	-	-
State grants		-	-	-
Federal grants		27,140	24,586	138,456
Miscellaneous	_	-	-	225,540
Total revenues	_	27,140	24,586	363,996
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction		25,204	30,565	18,473
Support Services				
Students		-	-	309,989
Instruction		-	-	-
General Administration		1,936	1,754	-
School Administration		-	-	20,639
Central Services		-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-	-	-
Student Transportation		-	-	-
Food Services Operations		-	-	-
Capital outlay	_	<u> </u>	-	
Total expenditures	_	27,140	32,319	349,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_	<u>-</u> .	(7,733)	14,895
over (under) expenditures				
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers		-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issue		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	-	
Net change in fund balances		-	(7,733)	14,895
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	<u>-</u> .	7,733	35,730
Fund balances, (deficits) end of year	\$_		<u>-</u>	50,625

Child & Adult Food Program 25171	LANL Foundation 26113	Dual Credit Instructional Materials 27103	2012 GO Bonds Library Fund 27107	Teacher Recruitment Initiative 27128
-	_	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	4,905	26,552	408
62,882	-	-	-	-
				-
62,882	<u>-</u>	4,905	26,552	408
(87)	-	4,905	-	408
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	26,552	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
58,669	-	-	-	-
 58,582		4,905		408
		4,303	20,332	400
4,300	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-
-	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
	<u>-</u>		-	-
4,300	-	-	-	-
88,767	913		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
93,067	913	-	-	-

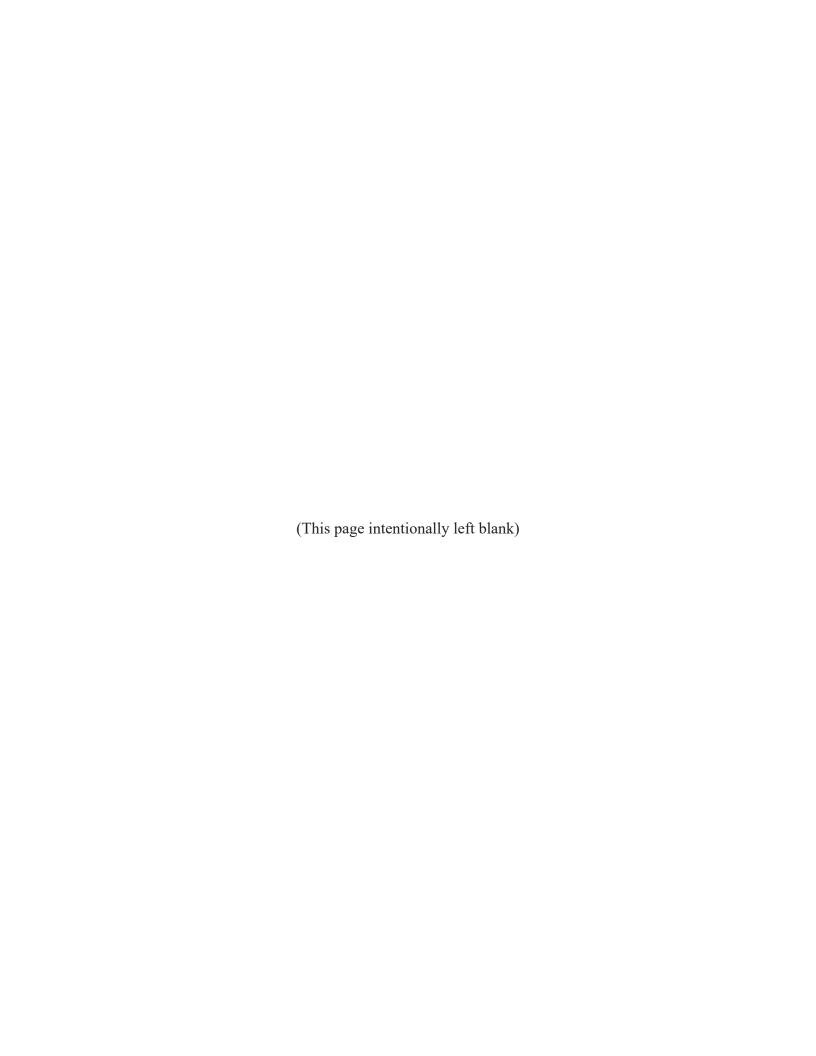
STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Incentives for School Improvements 27138	Truancy Initiative 27141	Beginning Teacher Mentoring 27154
Revenues				
Charges for service	\$	-	-	-
Property taxes		-	-	-
State grants		-	48,035	-
Federal grants		-	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	-
Total revenues			48,035	-
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction		-	-	-
Support Services				
Students		-	48,035	-
Instruction		-	-	-
General Administration		-	-	-
School Administration		-	-	-
Central Services		-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-	-	-
Student Transportation		-	-	-
Food Services Operations		-	-	-
Capital outlay		<u>-</u> .	-	
Total expenditures		- -	48,035	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			-	
over (under) expenditures				
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers		-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issue	_	<u>-</u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	
Net change in fund balances		-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,936	<u>-</u>	1,602
Fund balances, (deficits) end of year	\$	2,936	-	1,602

Breakfast for Elementary Students 27155	K-3 Plus State Grant 27166	Teacher & School Leader Incentive Pay 27188	Teacher & School Leader Incentive Pay Group 27190	Total
-	-	-	-	128,175
-	- 442.452	-	-	-
13,817	143,453	171,461	62,444	471,075 1,207,690
-	_	-	-	225,690
13,817	143,453	171,461	62,444	2,032,630
13,017	143,433_		02,444	2,032,030
-	142,601	163,247	43,639	667,523
-	-	_	4,959	364,095
-	-	-	551	27,103
-	-	-	-	9,371
-	852	8,214	3,859	33,620
-	-	-	307	307
-	-	-	2,757	2,757
-	-	-	4,962	4,962
13,816	-	-	1,410	856,575
				-
13,816	143,453	171,461	62,444	1,966,313
1	<u> </u>			66,317
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-			-
1	-	-	-	66,317
4,818				245,521
4,819				311,838



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS



STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2018

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The District has the following separate funds classified as Capital Projects Funds:

State Capital Projects Fund (31400) – To account for revenues received from the U.S. Department of Energy for a conservation program. Also, to account for revenues received from the Jocona Holding Pond, Secondary Road and Water improvements at the High School, all received by the State of New Mexico Severance Tax Bonds Series 1998 B (Chapters 11 and 7, Laws of 1998). Part of the Secondary Road was financed by the State Highway and Transportation Department.

Senate Bill 9 (31700) – To account for a 2.0 mill levy restricted by board resolution for erecting, remodeling, making additions to, providing equipment for, and furnishing school buildings, improving school grounds and maintenance of school buildings and grounds, exclusive of salary expense of employees. Authority for the creation of this fund is NMSA 22-25-1 to 22-25-10. Reported as a capital projects fund.

Capital Improvement SB-9 Local (31701) – To account for erecting, remodeling, making additions to and furnishing of school buildings, or purchasing or improving school grounds or any combination thereof as identified by the local school board. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico's State Equalization Matching and a special tax levy as authorized by the Public School District Capital Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978).

Educational Technology Equipment Act (31900) – To account for funding which is to be used by the District to promote the comprehensive integration of advanced technologies in education settings, through the conduct of technical assistance, professional development, information and resource dissemination and collaboration activities. Authorization is NMSA 22-15A-1.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Educational Technology Equipment Act 31400	Capital Improvements SB-9 31700	Capital Improvements SB-9 Local 31701
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	-	44,013	782,245
Taxes		-	-	60,009
Due from other governments		-	-	-
Other receivables		-	-	-
Interfund receivables Inventory		-	-	-
Total assets	\$_	-	44,013	842,254
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	-	3,032
Accrued payroll liabilities		-	-	-
Interfund payables	_		- -	
Total liabilities		-	-	3,032
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Property taxes	_	-		47,179
Total deferred inflows	_	-		47,179
Fund balances				
Nonspendable		-	-	-
Restricted		-	44,013	792,043
Committed		-	-	-
Assigned		-	-	-
Unassigned	_		-	
Total fund balance	_	-	44,013	792,043
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,				
and fund balances	\$_	-	44,013	842,254

Educational Tech Equip Act

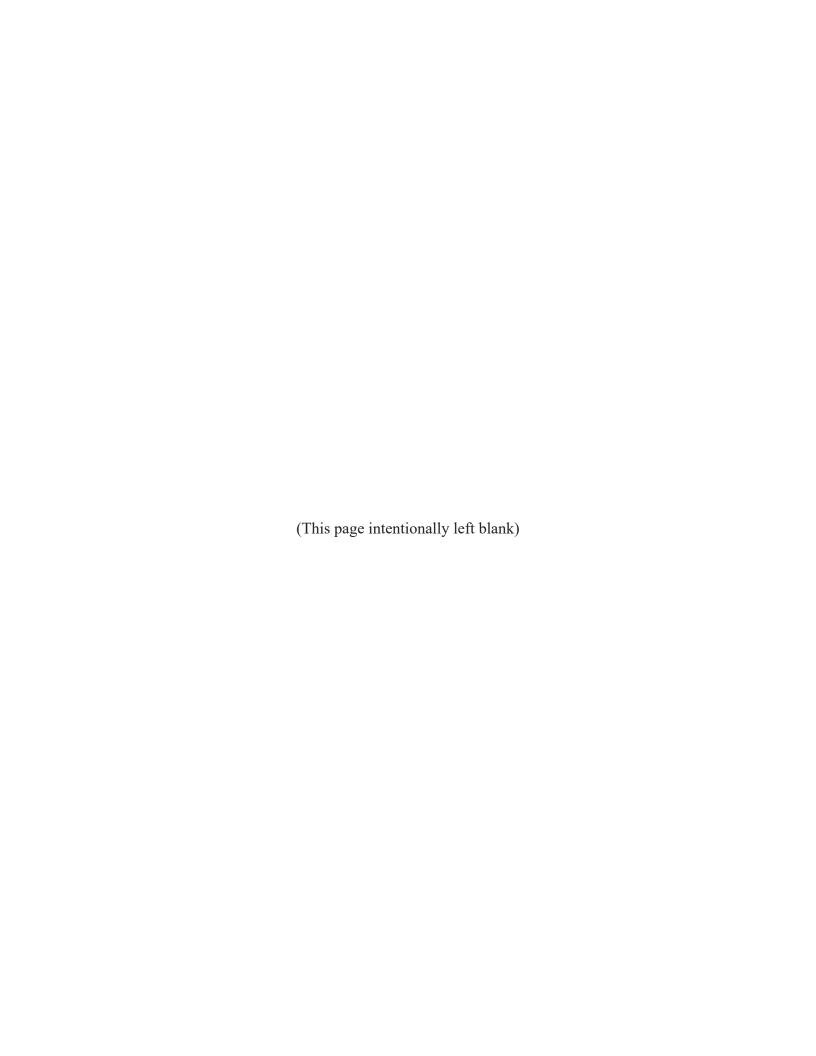
Tech Equip Act	Total
31900	Total
250	826,508
_	60,009
-	-
-	-
-	-
250	886,517
-	3,032
-	-
-	3,032
	47.470
	47,179 47,179
	47,179
-	-
250	836,306
-	-
-	-
	-
250	836,306
250	886,517

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	Educational Technology Equipment Act 31400	Capital Improvements SB-9 31700	Capital Improvements SB-9 Local 31701
Revenues				
Charges for service	\$	-	-	-
Property taxes	·	-	-	545,185
State grants		45,000	-	-
Federal grants		-	_	_
Miscellaneous		_	_	_
Interest		_	-	-
Total revenues	-	45,000	-	545,185
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction		-	-	-
Support Services				
Students		-	-	-
Instruction		-	-	-
General Administration		-	-	5,403
School Administration		-	-	-
Central Services		-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		-	-	-
Student Transportation		-	-	-
Other Support Services		-	-	-
Food Services Operations		-	-	-
Community Service		-	-	-
Capital outlay		29,930	-	991,252
Debt service				
Principal		-	-	-
Interest	_	<u>-</u>	-	
Total expenditures	-	29,930	-	996,655
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	15,070	<u> </u>	(451,470)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers		-	-	-
Proceeds from bond issue		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		_	_
	-			
Net change in fund balances		15,070	-	(451,470)
Fund balances, beginning of year	=	(15,070)	44,013	1,243,513
Fund balances, end of year	\$	<u> </u>	44,013	792,043

Educational	
Tech Equip Act	
31900	Total
31300	Total
-	-
_	545,185
	45,000
-	45,000
-	-
-	-
-	-
	590,185
-	330,203
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	5,403
-	-
_	_
_	_
-	-
-	-
-	=
_	-
_	_
	4 024 402
-	1,021,182
	-
-	-
-	-
	1,026,585
	1,020,303
	(
	(436,400)
-	-
-	(436,400)
250	1,272,706
	,=:=,:30
250	026.200
250	836,306

Educational



DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS DESCRIPTION OF DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest and related costs.

The District has the following separate funds classified as Debt Service Funds:

Educational Technology Debt Service Fund (43000) – To accumulate resources for payment of principal and interest due on educational technology bonds. Financing is provided by a special tax levy approved by the voters of the District and assessed by the District Assessor and collected and remitted to the District by the District Treasurer.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	_	Educational Technology Debt Service 43000	Total
Current Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	160,004	160,004
Accounts receivable	Ų	100,004	100,004
Taxes		118	118
Due from other governments		-	-
Interfund receivables		-	-
Inventory	_		
Total assets	\$ <u></u>	160,122	160,122
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	-	-
Interfund payables		-	-
Deferred revenue - other	_	-	
Total liabilities	_		
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Property taxes		-	-
Total deferred inflows		-	-
Fund balances			
Nonspendable		-	-
Restricted		160,122	160,122
Committed		-	-
Assigned			-
Unassigned	_		
Total fund balance	_	160,122	160,122
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,	\$_	160,122	160,122
and fund balances			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Fechnology Pebt Service 43000	Total
Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 13,819	13,819
Interest	 	
Total revenues	 13,819	13,819
Expenditures		
Current		
Support Services		
Students	-	-
Instruction	-	-
General Administration	 36	36
Total expenditures	 36	36
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures	 13,783	13,783
Other financing sources (uses)		
Operating transfers		
Proceeds from bond issue	 	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 <u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	13,783	13,783
Fund balances, beginning of year	 146,339	146,339
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 160,122	160,122

Educational

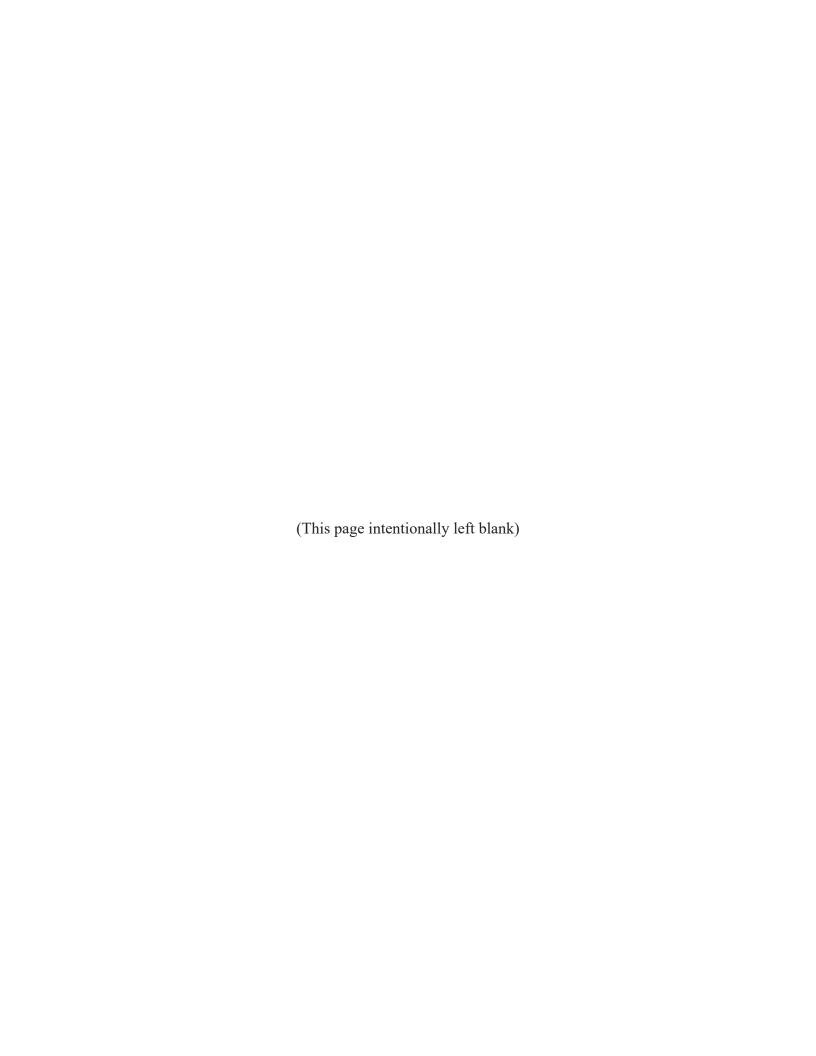
SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
AGENCY FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Balance				Balance
	Jı	une 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2018
Robertson High School	\$	168,126	277,189	(297,449)	(17,457)	130,409
Central Office		120,677	51,967	(7,676)	14,179	179,147
Legion Park School		443	128	(571)		-
Sierra Vista School		10,264	33,059	(32,082)	113	11,354
Los Ninos School		6,648	39,385	(32,390)		13,643
Middle School		41,753	18,748	(39,544)	3,185	24,142
Paul D. Henry School		5,275	-	(5,257)	(18)	-
Mike Mateo School		13,424	1,681	(3,645)		11,460
Early Childhood Care		6,390	2,410	(7,050)		1,750
Total All Schools	\$	373,000	424,567	(425,664)	2	371,905

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Bank Account Type	Bank Balance	Reconciling Items	Reconciled Balance
Southwest Capital Bank			
General Account - Checking	\$ 6,768,285	(1,129,718)	5,638,567
Activity Account - Checking	304,036	(5,358)	298,678
RHS Arturo Tenorio Scholarship - Certificate of Deposit	12,232	-	12,232
Total Southwest Capital Bank	 7,084,553	(1,135,076)	5,949,477
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A Certificate of Deposit	60,995	-	60,995
New Mexico Finance Authority	 4,491,361		4,491,361
Total All Banks	\$ 11,636,909	(1,135,076)	10,501,833
Cash per financial statements Governmental Activities Exhibit A-1 Fiduicary Funds Exhibit D-1			\$ 10,129,928 371,905
Cash per financial statements			\$ 10,501,833



STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF COLLATERAL PLEDGED BY DEPOSITORY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		-	Southwest Capital Bank	Wells Fargo Bank		Total All Banks
Funds on Deposit						
Interest b	earing deposits	\$	6,768,285	-		6,768,285
Non-inter	est bearing deposits		304,036	-		304,036
Certificate	es of deposit	_	12,232	60,995		73,227
	Total on deposit:		7,084,553	60,995		7,145,548
Less: FDIC insurance		_	250,000	60,995		310,995
Total uninsured publi		\$	6,834,553	_		6,834,553
Pledged Collateral Rec 50% on de	•					3,417,277
Pledged C	Collateral at June 30, 2017				-	4,360,000
	Excess (Deficiency):				\$	942,723
	Ple	edged C	ollateral			
	Description of			CUSIP		Fair Market Value
Name of Depository	Pledged Collateral		Maturity	Number		June 30, 2017
Southwest Capital	FHLB LOC 4305000001		1/25/2019	NA	\$	3,500,000
Southwest Capital	FHLB LOC 4305000003		1/25/2019	NA		360,000
Southwest Capital	FHLB LOC 4305000001		1/25/2019	NA		300,000
Southwest Capital	FHLB LOC 4305000002		1/25/2019	NA		200,000
					\$	4,360,000

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS CASH RECONCILIATION JUNE 30, 2018

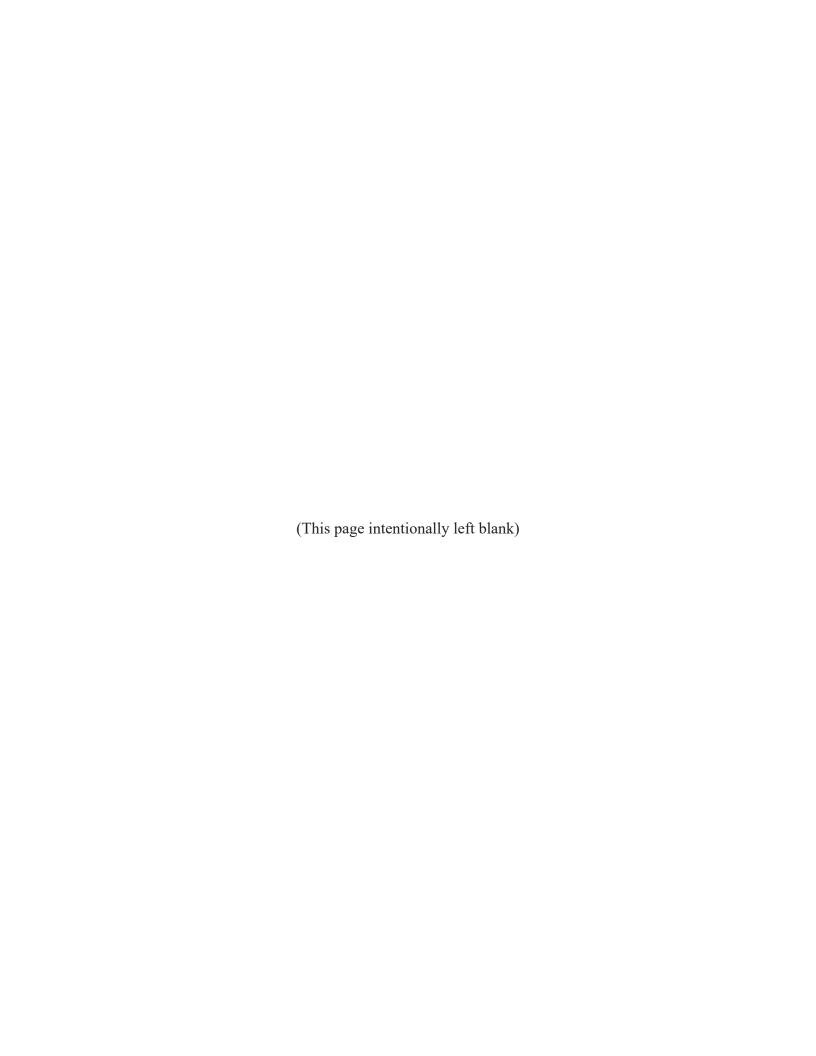
		Instructional					
		Operational	Transportation	Materials	Food Services	Athletics	
		11000	13000	14000	21000	22000	
Cash, June 30, 2017	\$	924,052	501	38,044	91,425	3,798	
Add:							
2017-18 revenues	_	14,161,095	706,135	48,917	709,703	80,407	
Total cash available		15,085,147	706,636	86,961	801,128	84,205	
Less:							
2017-18 expenditures		(13,368,786)	(706,101)	(76,309)	(672,330)	(58,921)	
Transfers to/from other funds		-	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from bond issues		-	-	-	-	_	
Permanent Cash Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	
Modified accrual adjustments		7,619				_	
Cash, June 30, 2018		1,723,980	535	10,652	128,798	25,284	
Loans to/from other funds	-	(854,253)					
Cash per books	\$	869,727	535	10,652	128,798	25,284	

Federal 24000 -27000	Bond Building Account 31100	Special Capital Outlay /State 31400	Capital Improvement SB9/State 31700	Capital Improvement SB9/Local 31701	Ed. Tech Equipment 31900
(548,447)	4,231,076	-	937	1,245,952	250
2,142,313	2,412,305	45,000	43,076	555,290	
1,593,866	6,643,381	45,000	44,013	1,801,242	250
(2,328,442)	(2,119,281)	(45,000) -	-	(1,019,125)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
- (7,619)				- 128	
(742,195)	4,524,100	-	44,013	782,245	250
854,253					
112,058	4,524,100		44,013	782,245	250

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS CASH RECONCILIATION JUNE 30, 2018

	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service Fund	
	41000	43000	Total
Cash, June 30, 2017	\$ 4,224,413	145,650	10,357,651
Add: 2017-18 revenues	2,788,695	14,396	23,707,332
Total cash available	7,013,108	160,046	34,064,983
Less: 2017-18 expenditures Transfers to/from other funds Proceeds from bond issues Permanent Cash Transfers Modified accrual adjustments	(3,540,846) - - - -	(42) - - - - -	(23,935,183) - - - 128
Cash, June 30, 2018	3,472,262	160,004	10,129,928
Loans to/from other funds			
Cash per books	\$ 3,472,262	160,004	10,129,928

COMPLIANCE SECTION





5310 Homestead Road N.E. Suite 100 B Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110 505.266.5904 | pbhcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor

The Office of Management and Budget The Board of Education Las Vegas City Schools Las Vegas, NM

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of Las Vegas City Schools (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over



financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency as item 2009-002, 2011-001, 2012-002, 2013-004 and 2017-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are described in the schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-002 and 2018-003.

The District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

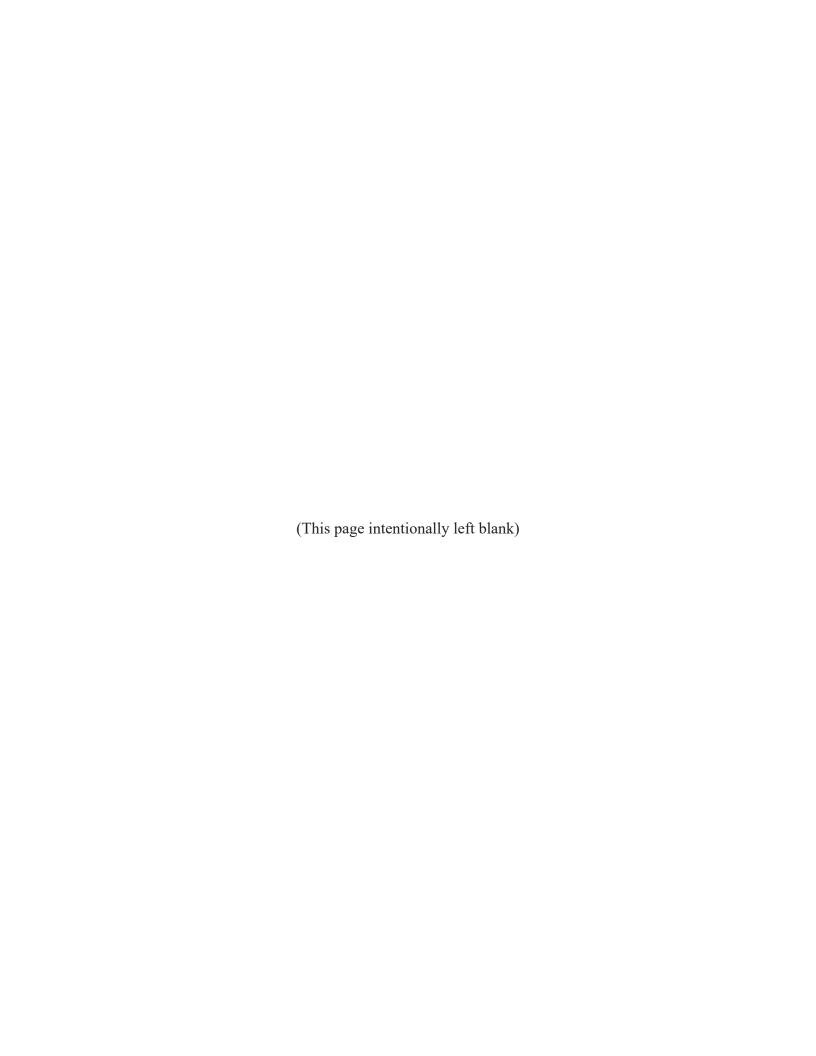
The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, ISP

October 31, 2018

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor

The Office of Management and Budget The Board of Education Las Vegas City Schools Las Vegas, NM

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Las Vegas City Schools (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed one instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and is listed as finding 2018-001 in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown, & Hill, L.L.P. Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, 224

October 31, 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2018

U.S. Department of Education Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education Title I-IASA (1)** Entitlement IDEA B* New Mexico Autism Project (NMAP)* Preschool IDEA-B* IDEA-B Results Plan IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Title I School Improvement Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education	Federal openditures
Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education Title I-IASA (1)** Entitlement IDEA B* New Mexico Autism Project (NMAP)* Preschool IDEA-B* IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low-Income Schools Title I School Improvement Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education \$4.010 \$ 84.010 \$ 84.027 24108 \$4.027 24109 \$4.173 24132 \$4.027 24132 \$4.027 24153 \$4.365A 24154 \$4.367A 84.367A 84.367A 84.358B	tperiuitures
Title I-IASA (1)** Entitlement IDEA B* New Mexico Autism Project (NMAP)* Preschool IDEA-B* IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low-Income Schools Title I School Improvement Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education \$4.027 84.027 84.173 84.365A 84.365A 84.367A 84.367A 84.367A 84.358B 70 84.358B	
Entitlement IDEA B* New Mexico Autism Project (NMAP)* Preschool IDEA-B* IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low-Income Schools Title I School Improvement Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	
New Mexico Autism Project (NMAP)* Preschool IDEA-B* IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low-Income Schools Title I School Improvement Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	685,094
Preschool IDEA-B* IDEA-B Results Plan IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition Eacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low-Income Schools Title I School Improvement Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	487,156
IDEA-B Results Plan English Language Acquisition 24153 Eacher/Principal Training & Recruiting Rural & Low-Income Schools Title I School Improvement 24154 84.367A 84.367A 84.358B 24160 84.358B 24162 84.377 Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	7,695
English Language Acquisition 24153 84.365A Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting 24154 84.367A Rural & Low-Income Schools 24160 84.358B Title I School Improvement 24162 84.377 Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	8,289
Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting 24154 84.367A Rural & Low-Income Schools 24160 84.358B Title I School Improvement 24162 84.377 Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	49,606
Rural & Low-Income Schools 24160 84.358B Title I School Improvement 24162 84.377 Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	17,064
Title School Improvement 24162 84.377 Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	104,255
Total - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	27,140
	24,586
Total U.S. Department of Education	1,410,885
	1,410,885
U.S. Department of Agriculture	
Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	
School Lunch Program 21000 10.555	672,330
Fresh Fruits & Vegetables 24118 10.582	46,452
Subtotal - Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Education	718,782
Passthrough State of New Mexico Department of Health and Human Services	
USDA Grant 24183 10.579	_
Food Distribution (Commodities) 21000 10.550	59,401
Child & Adult Food Program 25171 10.558	69,515
Subtotal - Passthrough State of Ne wMexico Department of Health and Human Services	128,916
Direct U.S. Department of Agriculture	
Forest Reserve 11000 10.672	74,129
Subtotal - Direct U.S. Department of Agriculture	74,129
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	921,827
\$ <u></u>	

^{*}IDEA-B Cluster (IDEA) and Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

^{**} Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
JUNE 30, 2018

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Las Vegas City Schools (District) and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as was used to prepare the fund financial statements. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, Audits of States and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts present in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

2. Subrecipients

The District did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients during the year.

3. Non-Cash Federal Assistance

The District receives USDA Commondities for use in sponsoring the National School Lunch and Breakfast programs. The value of commodites received for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$59,401 and is reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards under the Department of Agriculture Commodities program, CFDS number 10.550. Commodities are recorded as revenues and expenditures in the food service fund.

4. Other

The district opted not to use the 10% de minimus rate for charging indirect costs to federal programs.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Section A - Summary of Audit Results

1.	Type of auditors' report issued			
2.	Internal control over financial reporting			
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No	
	b.	Control deficiency identified not considerered to be a significant deficiency?	Yes	
	c.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No	
Federal Awards:				
1.	. Internal control over major programs:			
	a.	Material weakness identified?	No	
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No	
	c. d.	Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for a compliance requirement for a mafor program? Know questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for which is not audited as a	No	
	u.	major program?	No	
	e.	Known or likely fraud?	No	
	f.	Significant instances of abuse relating to major programs?	No	
	g.	Circumstances causing the auditor's report on compliance for each major program to be modified, unless otherwise reported as audit findings?	No	
	h.	Instances where results of audit follow-up procedures disclosed that the summary schedule of prior audit findings prepared by the auditee materially misrepresents the status of any prior audit finding?	No	
2.	Tvr	be of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified	
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with			
_				
4.	Ide	nfificaiton of major programs:		
	CFDA			
		Number Federal Program 84.010 Title I		
5.	Do	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000		
6.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes			

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2009-002 Cash Receipts (Significant Deficiency) Repeated and Modified

CONDITION: During our test work of internal controls over cash receipts, we noted that for six items totaling \$5,634 out of a sample of fifteen activity fund deposits, the monies were not deposited within twenty-four hours of the date of collection.

For eleven of twelve athletic events selected for testing, in the total amount of \$9,851, we were able to verify that the revenues were properly recorded and deposited in accordance with District policies. For the twelfth event, the District was unable to support the concession revenues collected for the sporting event. The amount of these concessions cannot be determined.

Management at the District has not yet implemented a process to maintain systematic filing procedures that could potentially eliminate this type of administrative finding.

CRITERIA: NMAC 6.20.2.14c states that a School District shall establish and maintain a cash management program to safeguard cash and provide prompt and accurate reporting that adhere to cash management requirements of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular 102, and applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

EFFECT: Non-adherence to state statutes places the District in noncompliance and the lack of timeliness of deposits and support for athletic event concessions could subject the cash to be misappropriated.

CAUSE: Policies over cash deposits were not adhered to by the student activity fund staff. Policies concerning athletic event concessions were not adhered to.

RECOMMENDATION: The District should familiarize responsible employees with the New Mexico Administrative Code relating to Public Schools in order to ensure compliance with regulations and implement pre-numbered receipts into their receipting process. We recommend that the District emphasize the importance of timely deposits of receipts and monitor receipts more closely in order to be compliant with state statutes. We recommend that the District implement additional policies to ensure that revenues at athletic events are properly accounted for.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The District has a policy stating that daily deposits are required by State Statute. We will continue to work with all employees to stress the importance of timely deposits of receipts and recording of deposits in order to be in compliance with state statute.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Finance Director; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in 2018-2019 with the goal to provide additional assistance with our staff and provide regular communication to all staff about the laws and rules.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2011-001 Payroll Documentation (Significant Deficiency) – Repeated and Modified

CONDITION: Out of a sample of forty payroll disbursements/employee files selected for testing:

- Four personnel files did not have evidence that a background check was conducted on the employee.
- Three personnel files did not contain a Form I-9 that was signed by an authorized representative
 of the District.

Management at the District has not yet implemented a process to maintain systematic filing procedures that could potentially eliminate this type of administrative finding.

CRITERIA: NMAC 6.20.2.18 states the local board shall establish written payroll policies and procedures, which comply with state and federal regulations on payroll as well as maintaining strict internal controls, close supervision and financial accounting in accordance with GAAP. School districts shall maintain and have available for inspection the following employee record documentation: employment contracts (including increments), personnel/payroll action forms, certification records, employment eligibility verification (federal form I-9 for citizenship certification), federal and state withholding allowance certificates, pay deduction authorizations, pay or position change notices, Educational Retirement Act plan application, and direct deposit authorizations.

EFFECT: Employees not eligible to work in the United States may be receiving payment. Having an employee on staff without proof of a background check leaves the District vulnerable to potential lawsuits.

CAUSE: The District financial department did not ensure that the personnel files included all the required documentation.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend the District comply with NMAC 6.20.2.18 and obtain the required forms prior to processing the employee's payroll. We also recommend that the District tighten its policies with respect to personnel file maintenance.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The District is continuing to work and ensure payroll and HR files contain the proper documentation and it is fully completed. We are continuing to work with staff to ensure that the I-9's are completed fully by all employees and background check information is maintained.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Finance Director; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2018-2019.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2012-002 Purchase Orders and Purchase Approval (Significant Deficiency) - Repeated and modified

CONDITION: Out of a sample of 40 cash disbursements randomly selected for controls testing, four disbursements were issued with the invoice predating the purchase order for a total of \$2,402. Additionally, in a sample of five activity fund disbursements, two disbursements were issued with the invoice predating the purchase order for a total of \$275.

Management at the District has not yet implemented a process to maintain systematic filing procedures that could potentially eliminate this type of administrative finding.

CRITERIA: Per the New Mexico Manual of Procedures for Public School Accounting and Budgeting, Supplement 13 – Purchasing, "the preparation and execution of a duly authorized purchase order must precede the placement of any order for goods, services or construction.

EFFECT: Not complying with state purchasing requirements places the District at risk for fraud or misuse of public funds.

CAUSE: District personnel have not followed state guidelines or internal procedures in the purchase of items. Policy clearly states that the individual must have an approved purchase order.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that all personnel be reminded of, or trained in, district and state policy in regard to purchasing of goods, services, or construction. All District personnel should be reminded that initiation of a purchase order is not sufficient for ordering, that an executed and properly approved purchase order is required per policy and state guidelines.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The District will continue to work with staff to ensure that required purchase orders are put in place prior to ordering goods and services and that all required approvals are obtained prior to the ordering of the items. Procedures are being put into place to address employees directly to inform them of the lack of compliance with NM State Statute.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Finance Director; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2018-2019.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2013-004 Disaster Recovery Plan (Significant Deficiency) - Repeated and modified

CONDITION: The District has no disaster recovery plan in place for the potential loss of data.

Management at the District has not yet implemented a process to maintain systematic filing procedures that could potentially eliminate this type of administrative finding.

CRITERIA: Disaster recovery planning is a critical component of a stable Information Technology (IT) environment and represents an effective control to limit the negative impact on IT systems resulting from a disaster or major outage.

EFFECT: The District is more exposed to loss of operating functionality and high recovery cost should a disaster or major outage occur.

CAUSE: Limited resources and focus on other financial problem areas.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend the District develop a disaster recovery plan for critical Information Technology systems and data bases.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The District is continuing to work on a plan to purchase a service for multiple software systems to be backed up on a regular basis to assure that data is not lost. Discussions continue and have been ongoing with the Superintendent and the IT Director to put this plan in place.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The IT Director; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2019-2020.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2017-001 Activity Funds (Significant Deficiency) – Repeated and Modified

CONDITION: During our testing of the cash receipts of the student activity funds we noted that the District is not maintaining proper and complete supporting documentation for fundraising activities:

- For three of ten fundraisers selected for testing, the "Las Vegas City Schools Fund Raising Project Application" forms could not be located. The amount deposited in the District's cash account totaled \$5,096.
- For one of ten fundraisers selected for testing, the District could not provide documentation supporting the revenues. The amount deposited in the District's cash account for these fundraisers totaled \$4,200.

Management at the District has not yet implemented a process to maintain systematic filing procedures that could potentially eliminate this type of administrative finding.

CRITERIA: 6-5-2C NMSA 1978 states that an entity shall implement internal controls designed to prevent accounting errors and violations of state and federal law and rules related to financial matters.

EFFECT: The District is non-compliant with State Law and its own internal policies.

CAUSE: School personnel are not adhering to District policies concerning fundraising.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the District implement "standardized" policies with respect to controls over student activity funds at "all" schools. A lack of consistency of protocol existed as a result of our tests.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: The District will continue to work on educating and communicating with staff regarding necessary supporting documentation needed to support all fundraising activities held by the District. Procedures are being put into place to address employees directly to inform them of the lack of compliance with NM State Statute.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Finance Director and Director of Co-Curricular and Athletics; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2018-2019.

C. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

2018-001 Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Parent Notification Requirements (Other Non-Compliance)

CONDITION: The District was unable to provide the independent auditor evidence that the District was in compliance with Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) parent Notification Requirements.

Funding Agency: US Department of Education Title:

Title I – IASA

CFDA #: 84.010

Questioned costs: None

CRITERIA: At the beginning of each school year, a local educational agency (LEA) that receives Title I funds shall notify the parents of each student attending any school receiving Title I funds that the parents may request, and the local educational agency will provide the parents on request (and in a timely manner), information regarding the professional qualifications of the student's classroom teachers, including at a minimum:

- Whether the student's teacher:
 - has met State qualification and licensing criteria for the grade levels and subject areas in which the teacher provides instruction;
 - is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which State qualification or licensing criteria have been waived; and
 - is teaching in the field of discipline of the certification of the teacher; and
- Whether the child is provided services by paraprofessionals and, if so, their qualifications.

Section 22-IOA-16 NMSA 1978 expands this requirement to all public schools and adds a requirement to include in the notice information regarding the qualifications of school principals and the teacher's degree major and any other license or graduate degree held by the teacher.

In addition to the information parents may request above, a school that receives Title I funds shall provide to each individual parent of a child who is a student in such school, with respect to such student:

- information on the level of achievement and academic growth of the student, if applicable and available, on each of the State academic assessments required under ESSA, and
- timely notice that the student has been assigned, or has been taught for 4 or more consecutive weeks by, a teacher who does not meet applicable State certification or licensure requirements at the grade level and subject area in which the teacher has been assigned.

EFFECT: The District is not in compliance with Title I reporting requirements as required by federal and state regulations.

C. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

CAUSE: Program staff were not aware of the reporting requirements noted.

RECOMMENDATION: Program staff should become familiar with all requirements of Title I. Program staff should refer to the New Mexico Public Education Department's "Title I Bureau Guide" for further guidance on Title I.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The District will work with our new staff to ensure that the required parent notifications are sent as required. Las Vegas City Schools has a new employee in place who is working on generating the proper notice to parents.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: Director of Curriculum & Instruction; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2018-2019.

D. OTHER FINDINGS, AS REQUIRED BY NEW MEXICO STATE STATUTE, SECTION 12-6-5, NMSA 1978

2018-002 Nepotism (Other Non-Compliance)

CONDITION: We noted that the Athletic Director's spouse was hired to fill the position of history teacher and also as a tennis coach. There was no approval by the Board, Superintendent or any other District employee documenting that the nepotism policy was waived.

CRITERIA: The School's nepotism policy (Section G Personnel) states that no employee of the Las Vegas City School District shall be assigned a position or job classification in which the immediate supervisor is the spouse, father, father in law, mother, mother in law, brother, brother in law, sister, sister in law of the assigned employee. As used herein, "immediate supervisor" shall include the principal or chief administrator of the school site or administrative unit to which the employee is assigned or any other person responsible for the assigned employee.

EFFECT: The District is non-compliant with its own Nepotism policy.

CAUSE: District personnel failed to obtain proper approval from the School Board and the Superintendent for this hiring.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend that the District remind the appropriate personnel of the District's nepotism policy during the hiring process.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: A letter has been generated which discusses the communication made to the Board during the time that the spouse was hired. The Board President did indicate they were aware of this issue. While the communication was done verbally with the entire Board, the Superintendent has generated a written communication that will be provided to the Board of Education in order to be in compliance with our policy. The letter will be provided to the Board as soon as the audit is approved by the Office of the State Auditor.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: Superintendent; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2018-2019.

D. OTHER FINDINGS, AS REQUIRED BY NEW MEXICO STATE STATUTE, SECTION 12-6-5, NMSA 1978

2018-003 Audit Committee Member (Other Non-Compliance)

CONDITION: During our test-work, we noted that the school did not have all four required audit committee members during the year.

CRITERIA: Per NM State Statute 22-8-12.3: "Each local school board shall appoint an audit committee that consists of two board members, one volunteer member who is a parent of a student attending that school district and one volunteer member who has experience in accounting or financial matters. The superintendent and the school district business manager shall serve as ex-officio members of the committee."

EFFECT: The school is not in compliance with a state statute.

CAUSE: The school has failed to recruit all required audit committee members during the fiscal year.

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend the school recruit all required members as soon as possible for the audit committee to meet state statute requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE: The District has recruited a member with experience in accounting and financial matters effective October 2018.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY / TIMELINE TO CORRECT: The Finance Director; Our estimated timeline to resolve this finding is in FY 2018-2019.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2018

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2009-002	Cash Receipts – Repeated and modified
2011-001	Payroll Documentation – Repeated and modified
2012-002	Purchase Orders and Documentation – Repeated and modified
2013-004	Disaster Recovery Plan – Repeated and modified
2015-001	Exceeded Budget Authority – Resolved
2016-002	Allocation of Hours to Federal Programs – Resolved
2017-001	Activity Funds – Repeated and modified
2017-002	Procurement of Professional Services – Resolved

STATE OF NEW MEXICO LAS VEGAS CITY SCHOOLS EXIT CONFERENCE JUNE 30, 2018

The contents of this report were discussed in the exit conference held on October 31, 2018 with the following in attendance:

Representing Las Vegas City Schools:

Dennis Romero, Board President Felecia Rivera, Audit Committee Member Mari Hillis, Business Manager Karen Armijo, Assistant Business Manager

Representing Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP:

Chris Garner, CPA

Auditor Prepared Financials:

The financial statements were prepared with the assistance of Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP from the books and records of Las Vegas City Schools. The District's management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes and they believe that their records adequately support the financial statements.