STATE OF NEW MEXICO **DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS**

FINANCIAL ANNUAL REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017
WITH
REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Title Page

- iii Table of Contents
- Official Roster

FINANCIAL SECTION

5 Independent Auditors' Report

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

- 8 Statement of Net Position
- 9 Statement of Activities

Fund Financial Statements:

- 10 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
- 13 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet All Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
- 14 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds
- 17 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance All Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Major Funds:

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

18 General Fund

	Special Revenue Funds:	Fund #
19	Title I	24101
20	Entitlement IDEA-B	24106
21	Rural Education Achievement	25233
22	Reads to Leads	27114

23 Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds

Notes to the Financial Statements

- 25 Contents
- Note I Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 Note II Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability
- 40 Note III Detailed Notes On All Funds
- 44 Note IV Other Information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

- 52 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
- 52 Schedule of District's Contributions
- 52 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:

General Fund:

- 54 Combining Balance Sheet
- 55 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

		Fund#
56	Operating Fund	11000
57	Teacherage Fund	12000
58	Transportation Fund	13000
59	Instructional Materials Fund	14000

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2017

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION (cont'd):

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

Fund#

63 Capital Improvements SB-9 31701

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

69 Combining Balance Sheet

72

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

	_	Fund #
78	Food Service	21000
79	Athletics	22000
80	Preschool IDEA-B	24109
81	IDEA-B "Risk Pool"	24120
82	Title II Teacher Quality	24154
83	Title XIX Medicaid	25153
84	Farm to School	25208
85	Dental NM Community Foundation	26176
86	Dual Credit Instructional Materials	27103
87	Libraries GO Bond 2012	27107
88	Youth Conservation Corp	28133
89	FFA Foundation	29102
90	School Based Health Center	29130

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

		Fund #
91	Bond Building	31100
92	State SB-9 Match	31700
93	Ed Technology Equipment Act	31900

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds:

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

	_	Fund #
94	Debt Service	41000
95	Ed Tech Debt Service	43000

State Required Disclosures:

Fiduciary Funds:

- 98 Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds
- 99 Schedule of Pledged Collateral
- 100 Cash Reconciliation

COMPLIANCE SECTION

- 103 Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
- 105 Schedule of Findings and Responses
- 108 Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings
- 109 Required Disclosure

STATE OF NEW MEXICO **DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS**

OFFICIAL ROSTER June 30, 2017

BOARD OF EDUCATION

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

Damon Brown President Mark Chandler Superintendent

Barry Hittson Vice-President Terri Trujillo Business Manager

Zach Osborn Treasurer Debbie Martinez Admin Asst./Bus Man

Scott Warner Member Rhonda Wingo Admin Asst.

Lloyd Miller Member

AUDIT COMMITTEE

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Cindy Kennedy Member Damon Brown Member

Scott Warner Member Zach Osborn Member

Barry Hittson Member Ginger Doherty Member

Ginger Doherty Member Mark Chandler Superintendent

Mark Chandler Superintendent Terri Trujillo Business Manager

Terri Trujillo Business Manager

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FINANCIAL SECTION

FISCAL YEAR 2017 JULY 1, 2016 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2017 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Tim Keller, State Auditor, The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Des Moines Municipal Schools

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Des Moines Municipal Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Des Moines Municipal Schools basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Des Moines Municipal Schools' preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Des Moines Municipal Schools, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Tim Keller, State Auditor, The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Des Moines Municipal Schools

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America also require that the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions on page 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Des Moines Municipal Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplemental information such as the combining and individual general fund financial statements, budgetary comparisons for the major capital project funds, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and the other information, such as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the other schedules required by 2.2.2.NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures and other supplemental information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2017 on our consideration of the Des Moines Municipal Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Des Moines Municipal Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Constant Selections, LLC
October 2, 2017

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	overnmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 317,024
Receivables:	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	10,226
Grant	84,486
Due from other governments	1,070
Food inventory	1,327
Non-current:	
Non-depreciable assets	1,000
Depreciable capital assets, net	 3,954,789
Total Assets	 4,369,922
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Contributions to pension subsequent to the measurement date	151,635
Difference between expected and actual experience	11,861
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on plan investments	163,193
Net change in pension assumptions	55,652
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability	 92,604
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 474,945
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	6,175
Compensated absences	2,281
Aggregate net pension liability	 2,733,925
Total Liabilities	 2,742,381
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	26,003
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability	 7,998
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 34,001
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,955,789
Restricted for:	-,,
Inventories	1,327
Special revenue funds	81,452
Capital projects	158,039
Debt service	17,448
Unrestricted	 (2,145,570)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,068,485

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Program Revenues					` 1	pense) Revenue and es in Net Position
Functions/Programs Primary government:		<u>Expenses</u>		arges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contibutions		Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
Governmental activities:										
Instruction	\$	1,307,940	\$	6,000	\$	154,043	\$	306	\$	(1,147,591)
Support Services - Students		111,307		35,049		13,109		-		(63,149)
Support Services - Instruction		5,199		-		612		-		(4,587)
Support Services - General Administration		188,931		-		22,251		18		(166,662)
Support Services - School Administration		119,182		-		14,037		-		(105,145)
Central Services		87,614		-		10,319		-		(77,295)
Operations & Maintenance of Plant		350,765		-		41,311		1,616		(307,838)
Student Transportation		173,411		-		160,836		-		(12,575)
Other Support Services		1,043		-		123		-		(920)
Food Services		98,207		22,655		37,398		-		(38,154)
Bond interest paid		1,480		_				<u>-</u>		(1,480)
Total governmental activities	\$	2,445,079	\$	63,704	\$	454,039	\$	1,940		(1,925,396)
					General :	es:				
					P	roperty Taxes:				
						General purpo				17,126
						Capital project	S			74,950
						Debt service				86,049
						State equalization				1,504,204
						nts and contrib		restricted		30,829
						cellaneous inco	me			32,241
					Total ger	neral revenues				1,745,399
			Change in net position						(179,997)	
					Net pos	ition - beginni	ng			2,248,482
					Net position - ending				\$	2,068,485

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

A		General <u>Fund</u>		Title I <u>Fund #24101</u>		Entitlement IDEA-B Fund #24106		Rural Education Achievement Fund #25233	
Assets	_		_		_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Receivables:									
Property taxes		919		-		-		-	
Grant		-		16,772		11,318		15,479	
Due from other governments		92		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		84,486		-		-		-	
Food inventory	_	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	158,897	\$	16,772	\$	11,318	\$	15,479	
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	3,619	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to other funds		<u>-</u>		16,772		11,318		15,479	
Total liabilities		3,619		16,772		11,318		15,479	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Delinquent property taxes		891		<u> </u>		<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>	
Fund balance:									
Non-spendable:									
Inventories		-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:									
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-	
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-	
Debt service		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		154,387				_			
Total fund balance		154,387							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources, and fund balance	\$	158,897	\$	16,772	\$	11,318	\$	15,479	

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DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	Reads to Lea <u>Fund #2711</u>		Capital Improvements SB-9 Fund #31701			Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
Assets	eth.		æ	121 000	et e	101 707	Φ.	217.004	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	121,898	\$	121,726	\$	317,024	
Receivables:				4.100		F 100		10.227	
Property taxes Grant		20.466		4,108		5,199		10,226	
Due from other governments		28,466		433		12,451 545		84,486 1,070	
Due from other funds		-		433		545		84,486	
Food inventory		-		-		1,327		1,327	
rood inventory	-		-			1,34/		1,34/	
Total assets	\$	28,466	\$	126,439	\$	141,248	\$	498,619	
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,556	\$	6,175	
Due to other funds		28,466				12,451		84,486	
Total liabilities		28,466			_	15,007		90,661	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Delinquent property taxes				3,965	_	5,021		9,877	
Fund balance:									
Non-spendable:									
Inventories		-		-		1,327		1,327	
Restricted for:									
Special revenue funds		-		-		81,452		81,452	
Capital projects funds		-		122,474		31,600		154,074	
Debt service		-		-		12,427		12,427	
Unassigned				_		(5,586)		148,801	
Total fund balance				122,474	_	121,220		398,081	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources, and fund balance	\$	28,466	\$	126,439	\$	141,248	\$	498,619	

(2 of 2)

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DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 398,081
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets	7,706,989
Accumulated depreciation	(3,751,200)
Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures	
and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Property taxes receivable	9,877
Deferred inflow of resources are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported	
in the funds and include:	
Contributions to pension subsequent to the measurement date	151,635
Difference between expected and actual experience	11,861
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on plan investments	163,193
Net change in pension assumptions	55,652
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability	92,604
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Accrued vacation payable	(2,281)
Net pension liability	(2,733,925)
Deferred outflow of resources are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported	
in the funds and include:	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(26,003)
Net change in proportionate share of pension liability	 (7,998)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,068,485

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

D.		General <u>Fund</u>	Title I d #24101	Entitlement IDEA-B Fund #24106		Rural Education Achievement Fund #25233	
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$	16,235	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental - federal grants		-	56,437		31,264		15,479
Intergovernmental - state grants		1,737,715	-		-		-
Contributions - private grants		225	-		-		-
Charges for services		6,000	-		-		-
Investment and interest income		1,068	-		-		-
Miscellaneous		32,241	 <u> </u>				
Total revenues	_	1,793,484	 56,437		31,264	-	15,479
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		905,070	49,466		19,519		6,264
Support services:							
Students		74,320	-		-		9,215
Instruction		-	-		-		_
General Administration		167,927	4,181		-		-
School Administration		95,481	2,790		11,745		_
Central Services		80,876	_		· -		_
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		260,020	_		_		_
Student transportation		160,074	_		_		_
Other Support services		963	_		_		_
Food services operations		32,600	_		_		_
Capital outlay		-	_		_		_
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		_	_		_		_
Bond interest paid		_	_		_		_
Total expenditures	_	1,777,331	56,437		31,264		15,479
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		16,153	 <u>-</u>				<u> </u>
Other financing uses:							
Transfers In		-	_		_		_
Transfers out		_	_		_		_
Total other financing uses	_	_	 				
Net change in fund balance		16,153	-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of the year	_	138,234	 <u>-</u>				<u>=</u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	154,387	\$ 	\$		\$	

(cont'd; 1 of 2)

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Reads to Leads Fund #27114			Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ -	\$ 69,929	\$ 82,084	\$ 168,248
Intergovernmental - federal grants	-	-	61,753	164,933
Intergovernmental - state grants	44,516	-	11,079	1,793,310
Contributions - private grants	-	-	30,604	30,829
Charges for services	-	-	57,704	63,704
Investment and interest income	-	355	517	1,940
Miscellaneous	<u>=</u>			32,241
Total revenues	44,516	70,284	243,741	<u>2,255,205</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	44,516	-	41,741	1,066,576
Support services:				
Students	-	-	19,212	102,747
Instruction	-	-	5,482	5,482
General Administration	-	696	1,597	174,401
School Administration	-	-	-	110,016
Central Services	-	-	-	80,876
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	-	31,684	32,084	323,788
Student transportation	-	-	-	160,074
Other Support services	-	-	-	963
Food services operations	-	-	58,054	90,654
Capital outlay	-	-	11,662	11,662
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	80,000	80,000
Bond interest paid			1,480	1,480
Total expenditures	44,516	32,380	251,312	2,208,719
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		37,904	(7,571)	46,486
Other financing uses:				
Transfers In	-	26	200	226
Transfers out			(226)	(226)
Total other financing uses		26	(26)	
Net change in fund balance	-	37,930	(7,597)	46,486
Fund balance at beginning of the year		84,544	128,817	351,595
Fund balance at end of the year	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 122,474</u>	\$ 121,220	\$ 398,081

(2 of 2)

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DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 46,486
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital oulays exceeded depreciation in the current year	
Capital outlay	11,662
Depreciation	(187,933)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Deferred property taxes at:	
June 30, 2017	9,877
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. These differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items consist of: Current year principal payments	80,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences at:	
June 30, 2016	2,964
June 30, 2017	(2,281)
Deferred contributions to pension plan	151,635
Pension expense	 (292,407)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (179,997)

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GENERAL FUND

				Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ 14,382	\$ 14,382	\$ 16,154	\$ 1,772	
Intergovernmental - state grants	1,790,400	1,731,547	1,737,715	6,168	
Contributions - private grants	-	-	225	225	
Charges for services	6,000	6,000	6,000	-	
Investment and interest income	300	300	1,068	768	
Miscellaneous	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>	32,241	25,241	
Total revenues	<u>1,818,082</u>	1,759,229	1,793,403	34,174	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	942,357	962,305	905,806	56,499	
Support services:					
Students	110,897	76,102	74,320	1,782	
General Administration	166,032	172,996	167,294	5,702	
School Administration	96,036	96,236	95,481	755	
Central Services	103,314	104,014	80,876	23,138	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	271,160	294,486	257,899	36,587	
Student transportation	185,705	175,267	160,074	15,193	
Other Support services	3,059	3,059	963	2,096	
Food services operations	35,752	35,752	32,600	3,152	
Total expenditures	1,914,312	1,920,217	1,775,313	144,904	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(96,230)	(160,988)	18,090	179,078	
Beginning cash balance budgeted	96,230	160,988	-	(160,988)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year	<u>-</u>		138,234	138,234	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ -	\$ -	156,324	\$ 156,324	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:					
Change in property tax receivable			879		
Change in due from other governments			92		
Change in payables			(2,017)		
Change in deferred property taxes			(891)		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)			\$ 154,387		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

TITLE I FUND - NO. 24101

							Fin	iance with al Budget
		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual Amounts		Positive	
	<u>C</u>	<u>)riginal</u>		<u>Final</u>	(Budge	etary Basis)	<u>(1)</u>	<u>Vegative)</u>
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	56,727	\$	66,558	\$	67 <u>,</u> 914	\$	1,356
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		49,132		58,788		49,466		9,322
Support services:								
General Administration		4,540		4,713		4,181		532
School Administration		3,055		3,057		2,790		267
Total expenditures		56,727		66,558		56,437		10,121
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		11,477		11,477
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>		<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$			11,477	\$	11,477
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:								
Change in grant receivable						(11,477)		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	_		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

ENTITLEMENT IDEA-B FUND - NO. 24106

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					~ 0	,		- O
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	29,252	\$	64,232	\$	37,422	\$	(26,810)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		18,843		52,354		19,520		32,834
Support services:								
School Administration		10,409		11,878		11,745		133
Total expenditures		29,252		64,232		31,265		32,967
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		6,157		6,157
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$	_		6,157	\$	6,157
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	(6,157 <u>)</u>		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

RURAL EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENT FUND - NO. 25233

		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actua	l Amounts	Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
		<u>Original</u>		Final	(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues:	_				(= 33-8		_	
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	13,234	\$	27,632	\$		\$	(27,632)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		5,734		18,311		6,264		12,047
Support services:								
Students		7,500		9,321		9,215		106
Total expenditures		13,234		27,632		15 , 479		12,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		-		(15,479)		(15,479)
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>=</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>=</u>		<u>=</u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$	_		(15,479)	\$	(15,479)
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable						15,479		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					<u> </u>			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

READS TO LEADS FUND - NO. 27114

							ariance with Final Budget
		Budgete	d Amo	ounts	Actı	ual Amounts	Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	(Bud	lgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	-	\$	44,634	\$	34,488	\$ (10,146)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction	_		_	44,634		44,516	 118
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		-		-		(10,028)	(10,028)
Fund balance at beginning of the year			_	<u>-</u>			
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			(10,028)	\$ (10,028)
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:							
Change in grant receivable						10,028	
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	<u>-</u>	

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

AGENCY FUNDS

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2017

<u>ASSE1S</u>	
Pooled cash	\$ 53,734
Investments	 16,026
Total assets	\$ 69,760
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Deposits held for others	\$ 69,760

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JUNE 30, 2017

NOT	TE	PAGE
I.	SUMMARY OF ALL SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	
	A. Reporting Entity	26
	1. Blended Component Units	
	2. Discretely Presented Component Units	
	B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles	26
	C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	32
	D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation	32
	1. Major Funds	32
	E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity	33
II.	STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY	
	A. Budgetary Information	39
	B. Budgetary Violations	40
	C. Deficit Fund Equity	40
III.	DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS	
	A. Cash and Temporary Investments	40
	B. Receivables	41
	C. Inter-Fund Receivables and Payables	42
	D. Inter-Fund Transfers	42
	E. Capital Assets	43
	F. Long-Term Debt	44
IV.	OTHER INFORMATION	44

JUNE 30, 2017

SUMMARY OF ALL SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES I.

A. Reporting Entity

Des Moines Municipal Schools (District) is a special purpose government corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Education. The District was created under the provision of Chapter 22 Article 5, Paragraph 4, New Mexico Statutes 1978 to provide public education for the children within the District. The Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to the public school education in the Town of Des Moines, New Mexico and the surrounding areas. The District is responsible for all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within its jurisdiction. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

The District's financial statements include all entities over which the Board of Education exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility includes such aspects as appointment of governing body members, designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. Based upon the application of these criteria, no component units or fiduciary units were included in the financial statements.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that financial statements present the District (primary government) and its component units. The District has no component units that are required to be presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity and GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.

1. Blended Component Units

The District does not have any component units reported as blended component units.

2. Discretely Presented Component Units

The District does not have any component units reported as discretely presented component units.

The summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in the understanding of the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of Des Moines Municipal Schools' management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the District conform to GAAP as applied to governmental units. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

During fiscal year 2017, the District adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

- Sass Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement will be effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, financial statements prepared by state and local governments in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles provide citizens and taxpayers, legislative and oversight bodies, municipal bond analysts, and others with information they need to evaluate the financial health of governments, make decisions, and assess accountability. This information is intended, among other things, to assist these users of financial statements in assessing (1) whether a government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services (known as inter-period equity), (2) whether a government complied with finance-related legal and contractual obligations, (3) where a government's financial resources come from and how it uses them, and (4) a government's financial position and economic condition and how they have changed over time.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

- Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period
- Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as part of a tax abatement agreement.

Governments should organize those disclosures by major tax abatement program and may disclose information for individual tax abatement agreements within those programs.

Tax abatement agreements of other governments should be organized by the government that entered into the tax abatement agreement and the specific tax being abated. Governments may disclose information for individual tax abatement agreements of other governments within the specific tax being abated. For those tax abatement agreements, a reporting government should disclose:

- The names of the governments that entered into the agreements
- The specific taxes being abated
- The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period.
- Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, the objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

➤ GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, the objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.

This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

Other accounting standards that the District is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

- Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, this Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. This Statement will be effective for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- > GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. Split-interest agreements can be created through trusts—or other legally enforceable agreements with characteristics that are equivalent to split-interest agreements—in which a donor transfers resources to an intermediary to hold and administer for the benefit of a government and at least one other beneficiary. Examples of these types of agreements include charitable lead trusts, charitable remainder trusts, and life-interests in real estate.

This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016 (FYE June 30, 2018), and should be applied retroactively. Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, the objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016 (FYE June 30, 2017), except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017 (FYE June 30, 2018). Earlier application is encouraged.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

➤ GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations - This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO.

This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The best estimate should include probability weighting of all potential outcomes, when such information is available or can be obtained at reasonable cost. If probability weighting is not feasible at reasonable cost, the most likely amount should be used. This Statement requires that a deferred outflow of resources associated with an ARO be measured at the amount of the corresponding liability upon initial measurement.

This Statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. In addition, it requires a government to evaluate all relevant factors at least annually to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays. A government should remeasure an ARO only when the result of the evaluation indicates there is a significant change in the estimated outlays. The deferred outflows of resources should be reduced and recognized as outflows of resources (for example, as an expense) in a systematic and rational manner over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset.

A government may have a minority share (less than 50 percent) of ownership interest in a jointly owned tangible capital asset in which a nongovernmental entity is the majority owner and reports its ARO in accordance with the guidance of another recognized accounting standards setter. Additionally, a government may have a minority share of ownership interest in a jointly owned tangible capital asset in which no joint owner has a majority ownership, and a nongovernmental joint owner that has operational responsibility for the jointly owned tangible capital asset reports the associated ARO in accordance with the guidance of another recognized accounting standards setter. In both situations, the government's minority share of an ARO should be reported using the measurement produced by the nongovernmental majority owner or the nongovernmental minority owner that has operational responsibility, without adjustment to conform to the liability measurement and recognition requirements of this Statement.

In some cases, governments are legally required to provide funding or other financial assurance for their performance of asset retirement activities. This Statement requires disclosure of how those funding and assurance requirements are being met by a government, as well as the amount of any assets restricted for payment of the government's AROs, if not separately displayed in the financial statements. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018 (FYE June 30, 2019). Earlier application is encouraged.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

➤ GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities – This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 (FYE June 30, 2020). Earlier application is encouraged. Changes adopted to conform to the provisions of this Statement should be applied retroactively by restating financial statements, if practicable, for all prior periods presented. If restatement for prior periods is not practicable, the cumulative effect, if any, of applying this Statement should be reported as a restatement of beginning net position (or fund balance or fund net position, as applicable) for the earliest period restated. In the first period that this Statement is applied, the notes to the financial statements should disclose the nature of the restatement and its effect. Also, the reason for not restating prior periods presented should be disclosed.

➤ GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 – The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]).

Specifically, this Statement addresses the following topics:

- Blending a component unit in circumstances in which the primary government is a business-type activity that reports in a single column for financial statement presentation
- Reporting amounts previously reported as goodwill and "negative" goodwill
 Classifying real estate held by insurance entities
- Measuring certain money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts at amortized cost
- Timing of the measurement of pension or OPEB liabilities and expenditures recognized in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus
- Recognizing on-behalf payments for pensions or OPEB in employer financial statements
- Presenting payroll-related measures in required supplementary information for purposes of reporting by OPEB plans and employers that provide OPEB
- Classifying employer-paid member contributions for OPEB
- Simplifying certain aspects of the alternative measurement method for OPEB
- Accounting and financial reporting for OPEB provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017 (FYE June 30, 2018). Earlier application is encouraged.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

B. Implementation of New Accounting Principles (cont'd)

➤ GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

In-Substance Defeasance of Debt Using Only Existing Resources Statement No. 7, Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt, requires that debt be considered defeased in substance when the debtor irrevocably places cash or other monetary assets acquired with refunding debt proceeds in a trust to be used solely for satisfying scheduled payments of both principal and interest of the defeased debt. The trust also is required to meet certain conditions for the transaction to qualify as an in-substance defeasance. This Statement establishes essentially the same requirements for when a government places cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources in an irrevocable trust to extinguish the debt. However, in financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus, governments should recognize any difference between the reacquisition price (the amount required to be placed in the trust) and the net carrying amount of the debt defeased in substance using only existing resources as a separately identified gain or loss in the period of the defeasance. Governments that defease debt using only existing resources should provide a general description of the transaction in the notes to financial statements in the period of the defeasance. In all periods following an in-substance defeasance defeasance of debt using only existing resources, the amount of that debt that remains outstanding at period-end should be disclosed.

Prepaid Insurance Related to Extinguished Debt – For governments that extinguish debt, whether through a legal extinguishment or through an in-substance defeasance, this Statement requires that any remaining prepaid insurance related to the extinguished debt be included in the net carrying amount of that debt for the purpose of calculating the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the debt.

Additional Disclosure for All In-Substance Defeasance Transactions – One of the criteria for determining an in-substance defeasance is that the trust hold only monetary assets that are essentially risk-free. If the substitution of essentially risk-free monetary assets with monetary assets that are not essentially risk-free is not prohibited, governments should disclose that fact in the period in which the debt is defeased in substance. In subsequent periods, governments should disclose the amount of debt defeased in substance that remains outstanding for which that risk of substitution exists.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017 (FYE June 30, 2018). Earlier application is encouraged.

Statement No. 87, Leases - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Definition of a Lease - A lease is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Examples of nonfinancial assets include buildings, land, vehicles, and equipment. Any contract that meets this definition should be accounted for under the leases guidance, unless specifically excluded in this Statement.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the school district. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of net position reports all of the Cooperative's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being presented as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and estimated uncollectable amounts, in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues received during the year but are applicable to subsequent years are reported as deferred inflows of resources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Expenditures incurred during the year that are for the benefit of subsequent years are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Title I (Fund No. 24101)

Minimum Balance: None

To help local education agencies (LEAs) and schools improve the teaching and learning of children failing, or most at-risk of failing, to meet challenging State academic standards. Funding authorization: Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, Title I, Part A, 20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FINANACIAL SECTION DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

Entitlement IDEA-B (Fund No. 24106)

Minimum Balance:

None

Program provides grants to states that flow-through to schools, to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities. The program is funded by the United States government, under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-617, and part D, Section 674 as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1711-1417 and 1420.

Rural Education Achievement (Fund No. 25233)

Minimum Balance:

None

To account for funds received under the Small Rural School Achievement Program to enhance education.

Reads to Lead (Fund No. 27114)

Minimum Balance:

None

Provides an aligned approach for districts and schools to ensure that children can read by the end of third grade—giving them essential skills for future career and college success. It also provides regional and district reading coaches, supports for intervention, and professional development for parents, teachers, reading coaches, and administrators.

> CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Improvements SB – 9 (Fund No. 31701)

Minimum Balance:

None

This fund provides financing for the purchase of equipment and capital improvements to School District property. Funding is received from a 2 mill property tax levy and interest earned on investments, under New Mexico Senate Bill 9.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources – which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Funds – used to account for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Debt Service revenues are from taxes and other operating revenues, some of which are pledged specifically to repay certain outstanding bond issues.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are the agency funds used to account for financial resources used by the student activity groups for which the District has stewardship

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the investment of the District's funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, and money market accounts. The District is also allowed to invest in United States Government obligations. All funds for the District must follow the above investment policies.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the school district. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred present of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FINANACIAL SECTION

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due from/to other funds."

The District's property taxes are levied each year on the assessed valuation of property located in the School District as of the preceding January 1st. Mill levy rates are set by the State of New Mexico each year for the General Fund, Capital Improvements SB – 9 Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Education Technology Debt Service Fund. Taxes are payable in two equal installments on November 10th and April 10th following the levy and become delinquent after 30 days.

Under GASB Statement 33, property taxes are impressed non-exchange revenue. Assets from impressed non-exchange transactions are reported when the District has an enforceable legal claim to the asset. The enforceable legal claim date for property taxes is the assessment date. Taxes are payable in two equal installments on November 10 and April 10th following the levy and become delinquent after 30 days. Therefore, the District has recorded a delinquent tax receivable and revenue for taxes received within the sixty days following year-end. A receivable and deferred revenue have been recorded for uncollected delinquent taxes. On the government-wide financial statements, the district has recorded delinquent property taxes receivable and revenue for taxes assessed as of year-end that have not be collected, as prescribed in GASB 34. An allowance for refunds and uncollectible amounts has not been recorded.

3. Inventories

The District's method of accounting for inventory is the consumption method. Under the consumption approach, governments report inventories they purchase as an asset and defer the recognition of the expenditures until the period in which the inventories are actually consumed. Inventory is valued at cost. Inventory in the Food Service Fund consists of U.S.D.A. commodities and other purchased food and non-food supplies. The cost of purchased inventory is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures; unused commodities are reported as inventories.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment (software), are reported in the applicable governmental-wide financial statements. Beginning July 1, 2005, the threshold for defining Capital assets by the government was raised from \$1,000 to assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Software costs have been included with the cost of computer equipment and are capitalized with that equipment. The District does not develop software for internal use or any other use.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on construction projects has not been capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings	40-50
Building improvements	20
Land Improvements	10-20
Vehides	5-7
Office equipment	5
Computer equipment	3-5

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

5. Compensated absences

It is the District's policy to permit qualified employees to earn and accumulate annual leave of up to 240 days per year, depending on length of service, the employee's hire date, and employment status. Employees may accumulate and carry forward, from one fiscal year to the next, up to 240 days of annual leave. Upon termination, employees will be paid for up to 20 days may be paid to employees, 30days for the superintendent, of accrued annual leave depending on employment status.

Vested or accumulated leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the general fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Accumulated sick leave is not payable upon termination and is recorded as expenditures when it is paid.

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as capital projects expenditures.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Education Retirement Board (ERB) and additions to/deductions from ERB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Both deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but are not recognized in the financial statements as revenues, expenses, and reduction of liabilities or increase in assets until the period(s) to which they relate.

In addition to assets, the District reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a use of net position/fund balance that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an expenditure until that time.

The District also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as a revenue until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows of resources.

The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension-related amounts for the District's share of the difference between projected and actual earnings, for the District's share of the difference between contributions to the individual plans and the proportionate share of the contributions, and for changes of assumptions or other inputs.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

JUNE 30, 2017

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd) I.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension-related amounts in the government wide financial statements or the District's share of the difference between expected and actual experience and for the District's share of the difference between contributions to the individual plans and the proportionate share of the contributions.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue and other fund financial resources are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available. Assets recorded in the fund financial statements for which the revenues are not available are reported as a deferred inflow of resources. Deferred inflows of resources are also comprised of property tax and long-term receivables that are unavailable in the fund statements.

9. Fund balance

a. Non-Spendable

The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

b. Restricted

Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the formal action of the District's Board of Education should be reported as committed fund balance. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District's Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District did not have committed fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2017.

d. Assigned

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed and amounts in the general fund that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent, and removal of, is expressed by the Board of Education or the Finance Committee. The District did not have assigned fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2017.

e. Unassigned

The remaining fund balance, after all other classifications, within the general fund is reported as unassigned fund balance. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, a negative fund balance will be reported as unassigned fund balance.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use committed first followed by assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

JUNE 30, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

10. Net Position

Net Position is presented on the Statement of Net Position and may be presented in any of three components.

a. Net investment in capital assets

This component of Net Position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. That portion of the debt is included in restricted for capital projects.

b. Restricted Net Position

Net Position is reported as being restricted when the restriction is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

c. Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted Net Position consists of Net Position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the governmental environment, Net Position often is designated to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations. In contrast to restricted Net Position, these types of constraints on resources are internal and management can remove or modify them. However, enabling legislation established by the reporting government should not be construed as an internal constraint.

11. Indirect Costs

The District's General Fund receives indirect cost reimbursements from the various federal programs it administers. These reimbursements are for expenses incurred in performing administrative functions on behalf of the Special Revenue Funds. They are shown as expenditures in the Special Revenue Funds, and as other special federal revenue in the General Fund.

12. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

13. Inter-fund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

JUNE 30, 2017

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd) I.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

14. Revenues

State Equalization Guarantee: School districts in the State of New Mexico receive a 'state equalization guarantee distribution' which is defined as "that amount of money distributed to each school district to insure that the school district's operating revenue, including its local and federal revenues as defined (in Chapter 22, Section 825, NMSA 1978) is at least equal to the school district's "program cost".

A school district's program costs are determined through the use of various formulas using 'program units' which take into consideration 1) early childhood education; 2) basic education; 3) special education; 4) bilingual-multicultural education, 5) size, etc. Payment is made from the public school fund under the authority of the Director of Public School Finance. The District received \$1,504,204 in state equalization guarantee distributions during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Transportation Distribution: School districts in the State of New Mexico received student transportation distributions. The transportation distribution is allocated to each school district in accordance with formulas developed by the State Transportation Director and the Director of Public School Finance. The funds shall be used only for the purpose of making payments to each school district for the to-and-from school transportation costs of students in grades K through twelve attending public school within the school district. The District received \$160,836 in transportation distributions during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Instructional Materials: The New Mexico Public Education Department (PED) receives federal mineral leasing funds from which it makes annual allocations to the various school districts for the purchase of educational materials. Of each allocation, fifty percent is restricted to the purchase of material listed on the PED 'Multiple List', while fifty percent of each allocation is available for purchases directly from vendors or transfer to the fifty percent account for purchase of material from the "Multiple List". Districts are allowed to carry forward unused textbook funds from year to year. The District received \$6,612 in instructional materials distributions during the year ended June 30, 2017.

15. Tax Abatements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 requires the District to disclose information on certain tax abatement agreements effecting the District. Accordingly, the District did not have any tax abatements effecting the District during the year ended June 30, 2017.

JUNE 30, 2017

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are prepared by management and are approved by the local Board of Education and the Public School Budget and Planning Unit of the Department of Education. Auxiliary student activity accounts are not budgeted.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the State of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Such appropriated balance is legally restricted and is therefore presented as a reserved portion of fund balance.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a line item basis, i.e., each budgeted expenditure must be within budgeted amounts. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a 'series', this may be accomplished with only local Board of Education approval. If a transfer between 'series' or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from Public School Finance Division.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

The school district follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget of the fiscal year commencing the following July. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, and has approval by the Department of Education.
- 2. In May or June, the budget is approved by the Board of Education.
- The school board meeting, while not intended for the general public, is open for the general public unless a closed meeting has been called for.
- 4. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the school board and the State of New Mexico Department of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Debt Service Funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Encumbrances are treated the same way for GAAP purposes and for Budget purposes.

The Board of Education may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance. The appropriated budget for the year ended June 30, 2017 was properly amended by the Board through the year. New Mexico state law prohibits a Governmental Agency to exceed an individual line item. These amendments resulted in the following changes:

	О	RIGINAL	FINAL		
Major Funds:					
General Funds	\$	1,914,312	\$	1,920,217	
Special Revenue Funds:					
Title I		56,727		66,558	
Entitlement IDEA-B		29,252		64,232	
Rural Education Achievement		13,234		27,632	
Reads to Lead		-		44,634	
Capital Projects Funds:					
Capital Improvements SB-9		135,272		135,272	
Nonmajor Funds:					
Special Revenue Funds		185,316		192,315	
Capital Projects Funds		76,457		82,616	
Debt Service Fund		87,632		88,328	
Total Budget	\$	2,498,202	\$	2,621,804	

JUNE 30, 2017

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont'd)

B. Budgetary Violations

The District exceeded its legal budget in individual funds as follows:

Capital Improvements SB-9 General Administration \$ 55

The District is aware of legal binding of budgets and has implemented a system of checks that will help prevent any further violations of budgetary control.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The District did not have any deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2017.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Temporary Investments

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$370,758 and the bank balance was \$488,649 with the difference consisting of outstanding checks. Of this balance \$279,017 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$209,632 was covered by collateral held in joint safekeeping by a third party.

	BALANCE			
Financial institution:				
Farmers & Stockmans Bank	\$	488,649		
Less agency cash		(53,734)		
Less net recondling items		(117,891)		
Total cash and equivalents	\$	317,024		

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. New Mexico State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the District for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than the following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). The statement listed below will meet the State of New Mexico Office of the State Auditor's requirement in reporting the uninsured portion of the deposits. As of June 30, 2017, none of the District's bank deposits were exposed to custodial risk as follows:

	INSURED	UNDER	RINSURED	,	ГОТАL
Bank deposits:					
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging					
bank's trust dept not in the District's name	 209,632				209,632
Total uninsured	209,632		-		209,632
Insured (FDIC)	 279,017		_		279,017
Total deposits	\$ 488,649	\$		\$	488,649
State of New Mexico collateral requirement:					
50% of uninsured public fund bank deposits	\$ 104,817	\$	-	\$	104,817
Pledged security	 280,000				280,000
Over collateralization	\$ 175,183	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	175,183

FINANACIAL SECTION STATE OF NEW MEXICO

JUNE 30, 2017

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont'd)

A. Cash and Temporary Investments (cont'd)

The collateral pledged is listed on Page 99 of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the schools. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing "Now" accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Investments

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a written policy for limiting interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. U.S. obligations, investments explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, and non-debt investments are excluded from this requirement. The District's investments are in time deposits or investments guaranteed by the U.S government and therefore are excluded from this requirement.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the District's investments are in 6-month certificates of deposit of \$250,000 or less. Therefore, the District is not subject to custodial credit risk.

The District investments held in certificated of deposits as follows:

Current assets:	
Investments	\$ 16,206
Non-current assets:	
Investments	
	\$16,206

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the following:

		RECEIV	BLES	DUE FROM OTHER				
	Property Taxes		Grants		Governments		Funds	
Major Funds:								
General Funds	\$	919	\$	-	\$	92	\$	84,486
Title I		-		16,772		-		-
Entitlement IDEA-B		-		11,318		-		-
Rural Education Achievement		-		15,479		-		-
Reads to Lead		-		28,466		-		-
Capital Improvements SB-9		4,108		-		433		-
Other Governmental Funds		5,199		12,451		545		-
Total	\$	10,226	\$	84,486	\$	1,070	\$	84,486

An allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established. All receivables are expected to be collectible.

JUNE 30, 2017

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont'd)

B. Receivables (cont'd)

Governmental funds reported deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	UNAV	AILABLE	UNEARNED	
Delinquent property taxes				
General Fund	\$	891	\$	-
Capital Improvements SB-9		3,965		-
Other Governmental Funds		5,021		-
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	9,877	\$	_

C. Inter-Fund Receivables and Payables

The inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2017 were:

	<u>RECI</u>	RECEIVABLES		YABLES
Major Funds:				
General Funds	\$	84,486	\$	-
Title I		-		16,772
Entitlement IDEA-B		-		11,318
Rural Education Achievement		-		15,479
Reads to Lead		-		28,466
Other Governmental Funds		-		12,451
Total	\$	84,486	\$	84,486

The inter-fund loans were made for the purposes of cash shortfalls within the individual funds. The loans are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year.

D. Inter-Fund Transfers

The inter-fund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2017 were:

	TRAN	ISFER IN	TRANS	SFER OUT
Major Funds:				
General Funds	\$	-	\$	-
Capital Improvements SB-9		26		-
Other Governmental Funds		200		226
Total	\$	226	\$	226

The transfers were to clear funds that are no longer being used and were approved by the New Mexico Department of Education.

JUNE 30, 2017

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont'd)

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	BEGINNING	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depredated:				
Land	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000
Capital assets being depredated:	400 5 40			
Land improvements	432,543	-	-	432,543
Buildings and improvements	6,185,995	11,662	-	6,197,657
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	1,075,789			1,075,789
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,694,327	11,662		7,705,989
Less accumulated depredation for:				
Land improvements	(245,629)	(11,487)	-	(257,116)
Buildings and improvements	(2,425,594)	(147,497)	-	(2,573,091)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(892,044)	(28,949)		(920,993)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,563,267)	(187,933)		(3,751,200)
Total capital assets being depredated, net	4,131,060	(176,271)		3,954,789
Total apital assets, net	\$ 4,132,060	\$ (176,271)	\$ -	\$ 3,955,789

Depreciation has been allocated to the functions by the following amounts:

DEPRECIATION ALLOCATION TO FU	JNC	ΓΙΟΝS
Instruction	\$	94,880
Support Services - Students		9,140
Support Services - Instruction		224
Support Services - General Administration		15,514
Support Services - School Administration		9,787
Central Services		7,195
Operations & Maintenance of Plant		28,803
Student Transportation		14,240
Other Support Services		86
Food Services		8,064
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	187,933

The Schedule of Capital Assets Used by Source, and the Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets by Function and Activity have not been prepared because the detailed information is unavailable.

Construction commitments

The District is involved in long-term construction projects as part of their master plan for upgrading the district buildings. The amount in the capital projects funds designated for subsequent years expenditures are committed for funding these projects. Interest on construction projects is not capitalized.

JUNE 30, 2017

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont'd)

F. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation Bonds – The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The bonds will be paid from taxes levied against property owners living within the School District boundaries. The details of the bonds and notes as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

		OR	IGINAL	INTEREST			CURR	ENT
BOND	ISSUES	AN	MOUNT	RATES	BALANC	E	PORT	ION
Series	05/01/12	\$	350,000	1.2% to 2.01%	\$		\$	

Balances shown for bonds and notes do not include unamortized premiums or deferred amounts on refinancing.

Changes in long term debt – During the year ended June 30, 2017 the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the general obligation bonds account group:

	ВА	LANCE	ADI	DITIONS	RETI	REMENTS	BA	LANCE	CU.	RRENT
Compensated absences:										
Compensated vacation	\$	2,964	\$	7,645	\$	8,328	\$	2,281	\$	2,281
Bonds payable		80,000				80,000				
	\$	82,964	\$	7,645	\$	88,328	\$	2,281	\$	2,281

The liability of compensated absences is liquidated with resources from the general fund and several special revenue funds.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injury to employees; and natural disasters. The New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority (NMSIA) was formed on April 5, 1985 under the New Mexico Public Schools Insurance Authority Act, Chapter 22, Section 2 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated (NMSA 1978), as amended, as an insurance fund to provide health, disability and life insurance coverage (benefits coverage), and property, casualty and workers' compensation insurance coverage (risk coverage) to participating public schools, school board members, public school employees, and retirees within the State of New Mexico. The District is one of 91 members that participate in NMPSIA. Participation in NMPSIA is mandatory for all K-12 public schools except those with enrollment exceeding 60,000 students. Participation is voluntary for other public education institutions. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of NMPSIA provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. NMPSIA establishes self-insured retentions by line of coverage and procures insurance or reinsurance, where indicated, in excess of the self-insured retention on a per occurrence basis. NMPSIA will publish its own financial report for the year ended June 30, 2017.

JUNE 30, 2017

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

B. Employee Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - Substantially all of the District's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, Sections 1 through 52, NMSA 1978). The Educational Retirement Board (ERB) is the administrator of the New Mexico Educational Employees' Retirement Plan (Plan), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. ERB issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained www.nmerb.org, www.nmerb.org, or by writing to:

ERB P.O. Box 26129 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502-6129 www.nmerb.org

Membership in the Plan is a condition of employment. Employees of public schools, universities, regional cooperatives, special schools and state agencies providing educational programs, who are employed at more than 25% of a full-time equivalency, are required to be members of the Plan. There were 150,082 active, retired, and inactive members in fiscal year 2016; there were 146,089 active, retired, and inactive members in fiscal year 2015.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members (certified teachers, and other employees of State public school districts, colleges and universities) and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on three components: Final Average Salary (FAS), years of both earned and allowed service credits, and a 2.35% factor. The gross annual benefit is determined by multiplying the three components together. FAS is the higher of annual earnings for the previous 20 calendar quarters prior to retirement or the highest average annual earnings for any 20 consecutive calendar quarters.

For members employed before July 1, 2010, a member is eligible to retire when one of the following events occurs: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum or 75 or more; the member is at least sixty-five years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 25 years or more.

Chapter 288, Laws of 2009 changed the eligibility requirements for new members first employed on or after July 1, 2010. The eligibility for a member who either becomes a new member on or after July 1, 2010, or at any time prior to that date refunded all member contributions and then became, or becomes, reemployed after that date is as follows: the member's age and earned service credit add up to the sum of 80 or more; the member is at least sixty-seven years of age and has five or more years of earned service credit; or the member has service credit totaling 30 years or more.

The benefit is paid as a monthly life annuity with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. There are three benefit options available: single life annuity; single life annuity monthly benefit reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit; or single life annuity monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit.

Retired members and surviving beneficiaries receiving benefits receive an automatic cost of living adjustment (COLA) to their benefit each July 1, beginning in the year the member attains or would have attained age 65 or on July 1 of the year following the member's retirement date, whichever is later. Prior to June 30, 2013 the COLA adjustment was equal to one-half the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), except that the COLA shall not exceed 4% nor be less than 2%, unless the change in CPI is less than 2%, in which case, the Cola would equal the change in the CPI, but never less than zero. As of July 1, 2013, for current and future retirees the COLA was immediately reduced until the plan is 100% funded. The COLA reduction was based on the median retirement benefit of all retirees excluding disability retirements. Retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.8%. All other retirees will have a 20% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.6%. Once the funding is greater than 90%, the COLA reductions will decrease. The retirees with benefits at or below the median and with 25 or more years of service credit will have a 5% COLA reduction; their average COLA will be 1.9%. All other retirees will have a 10% COLA reduction; their average will be 1.8%. Members on disability retirement are entitled to a COLA commencing on July 1 of the third full year following disability retirement. A member on regular retirement who can prove retirement because of a disability may qualify for a COLA beginning July 1 in the third full year of retirement.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

JUNE 30, 2017

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

A member is eligible for a disability benefit provided (a) he or she has credit for at least 10 years of service, and (b) the disability is approved by ERB. The monthly benefit is equal to 2% of FAS times years of service, but not less than the smaller of (a) one-third of FAS or (b) 2% of FAS times year of service projected to age 60. The disability benefit commences immediately upon the member's retirement. Disability benefits are payable as a monthly life annuity, with a guarantee that, if the payments made do not exceed the member's accumulated contributions, determined as of the date of retirement, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to the member's surviving beneficiary. If the disabled member survives to age 60, the regular optional forms of payment are then applied. A member with five or more years of earned service credit on deferred status may retire on disability retirement when eligible under the Rule of 75 or when the member attains age 65.

The member, upon retirement, has three options as to how to receive the benefit.

Option A – If the member elects the Option A, there is no reduction to the monthly benefit other than any "Rule of 75" deductions or any community property or child support reductions. There will be no continuing benefit to a beneficiary or estate upon the retiree's death, except the balance, if any, of member contributions. Those contributions are usually exhausted in the first three to four years of retirement.

Option B – If the member elects Option B, the monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 100% survivor's benefit. The reduced benefit is payable during the life of the member and upon the retiree's death, the same benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. The named beneficiary may not be changed after the effective date of retirement since the amount of the option is calculated by using both the age of the member and the beneficiary. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's benefit will be adjusted by returning it to the Option A Benefit amount. The IRS prohibits selection of Option B for a non-spouse beneficiary more than ten years younger than the member.

Option C – If the member elects Option C, the monthly benefit is reduced to provide for a 50% survivor's benefit. The benefit is payable during the life of the member and upon the retiree's death, one half of the member's benefit is paid to the beneficiary for his or her lifetime. Here again, the named beneficiary may not be changed after the effective date of retirement. If the beneficiary predeceases the member, the member's benefit is adjusted by returning it to the Option A Benefit amount.

Under the provisions of Options B and C coverage, the beneficiary must be a person, and only one beneficiary may be named. The term beneficiary means a person having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

<u>Member Contributions</u> – Plan members whose annual salary is \$20,000 or less are required by statute to contribute 7.9% of their gross salary. Plan members whose annual salary is over \$20,000 are required to make the following contributions to the Plan: 10.7% of their gross salary in fiscal year 2017.

Employer Contributions – In fiscal year 2017, the District was required to contribute 13.9% of the gross covered salary for employees whose annual salary is \$20,000 or less, and 13.9% of the gross covered salary for employees whose annual salary is more than \$20,000. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established in State statute under Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The District's contributions to ERB for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 were \$151,635.

Employers

The Educational Retirement Act designates employers as Local Administrative Units, directly responsible for payment of compensation for the employment of members or participants of this Plan. There were 218 contributing employers in fiscal year 2016; there were 216 contributing employers in fiscal year 2015.

JUNE 30, 2017

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

Liabilities, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Expense Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$2,733,925 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion was 0.03799 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00017 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$292,407.

PENSION EXPENSE CALCULATION	
Net pension liability - end of the year	\$ 2,733,925
Net pension liability - beginning of the year	(2,471,725)
Deferred outflows of resources during the year	(94,214)
Deferred inflows of resources during the year	(22,947)
Reductions to ending net pension liability due contributions paid	 147,368
Total Pension Expense	\$ 292,407

At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OU	TFLOWS	IN	FLOWS
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	11,861	\$	26,003
Change of assumptions		55,652		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		163,193		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		92,604		7,998
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		151,635		_
Total	\$	474,945	\$	34,001

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$151,635 resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

JUNE 30,	AMO	RTIZATION
2018	\$	88,257
2019		86,208
2020		75,047
2021		39,797
2022		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	289,309

JUNE 30, 2017

OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd) IV.

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions

A single discount rate of 7.75% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75%. Based on the assumptions described below and the projection of cash flows, pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan's year ending June 30, 2016 using generally accepted actuarial principals. The liabilities reflect the impact of Senate Bill 115, signed into law on March 29, 2013, and new assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 12, 2015. Specifically, the liabilities measured as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 incorporate the following assumptions:

- All members with an annual salary of more than \$20,000 will contribute 10.7% during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 and thereafter.
- Members hired after June 30, 2013 will have an actuarially reduced retirement benefit if they retire before age 55 and their Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) will be deferred until age 67.
- COLAs for most retirees are reduced until ERB attains a 100% funded status.
- The new assumptions were adopted by ERB on June 12, 2015 in conjunction with the six year experience study period ending June 30, 2014.

For the purposes of projecting future benefits, it is assumed that the full COLA is paid in all future years. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates included in the measurement are as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age: Normal

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining Period: Amortized - closed 30 years from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2042

Asset Valuation Method: 5 year smoothed market for funding valuation (fair value for financial valuation)

Inflation:

Composition: 3% inflation, plus 1.25% productivity increase rate, plus step rate Salary Increases:

promotional increases for members with less than 10 years of service

Investment Rate of Return: 7.75%

Retirement Age: Experience based table of rates based on age and service. Adopted by NMERB on

June 12, 2015 in conjunction with the six-year experience study for the period ending

June 30, 2014

Mortality: Healthy males: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with white collar adjustments,

> generational mortality improvements with scale BB. Healthy females: GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year, generational mortality improvements in accordance with scale BB from the table's base year of 2012.

JUNE 30, 2017

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following: 1) rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.), 2) application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and 3) structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.). These items are developed for each major asset class. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's target asset allocation for 2016 and 2015 for 30-year return assumptions are summarized in the following table:

2046

2045

	2016	2015
	Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Cash	-0.25%	0.00%
U.S. Treasuries	0.00%	0.25%
IG Corp Credit	1.75%	1.50%
Mortgage Backed Securities	0.25%	0.50%
Core Bonds*	0.64%	0.73%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	0.75%	0.75%
High-Yield Bonds	2.50%	2.50%
Bank Loans	2.75%	2.75%
Global Bonds (Unhedged)	-0.50%	-1.00%
Global Bonds (Hedged)	-0.38%	-0.84%
Emerging Market Debt External	2.75%	2.75%
Emerging Market Debt Local Currency	3.25%	3.50%
Large Cap Equities	4.25%	4.25%
Small/ Mid Cap Equities	4.50%	4.50%
International Equities (Unhedged)	4.75%	4.75%
International Equities (Hedged)	5.14%	5.22%
Emerging International Equities	6.25%	6.00%
Private Equity	6.25%	6.25%
Private Debt	4.75%	4.75%
Private Real Assets	4.50%	4.50%
Real Estate	3.25%	3.25%
Commodities	2.25%	2.50%
Hedge Funds	3.25%	3.50%

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is determined annually using a building-block approach that includes the following:

- 1) Rate of return projections are the sum of current yield plus projected changes in price (valuation, defaults, etc.),
- 2) Application of key economic projections (inflation, real growth, dividends, etc.), and
- 3) Structural themes (supply and demand imbalances, capital flows, etc.).

These items are developed for each major asset class.

JUNE 30, 2017

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

B. Employee Retirement Plan (cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Assumption

The following table shows the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate as of fiscal year end 2016. In particular, the table presents the Plan's net pension liability under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the single discount rate.

CURRENT SINGLE RATE								
	1% Decrease			Assumption		1%Increase		
		6.75%		7.75%		8.75%		
ERB (All Employers)								
2016	\$	9,531,509,131	\$	7,196,433,561	\$	5,258,980,529		
2015	\$	8,715,594,530	\$	6,477,266,299	\$	4,596,837,569		
Des Moines Schools								
2016	\$	3,621,020	\$	2,733,925	\$	1,997,887		
2015	\$	3,325,871	\$	2,471,725	\$	1,754,153		

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

Plan Description

Des Moines Municipal Schools contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are:

- 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which the event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement;
- 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990;
- 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and
- 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to:

Retiree Health Care Authority 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104 Albuquerque, NM 87107

JUNE 30, 2017

IV. OTHER INFORMATION (cont'd)

C. Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits (cont'd)

Funding Policy

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

The District's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2017 were \$21,818, which equal the required contributions for each year.

D. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

E. Cash Flows

The District's federal and state grants operate on a reimbursement basis. The District must support the expenditures of these grants with monies from the unrestricted operating monies. Operating on a reimbursement basis for these grants in its self does not adversely affect the District's ability to operate effectively. However, the time it takes to receive reimbursement, if extensive, does significantly affect the District's cash flows and the ability to deliver educational services to the community in an effective manner. This could affect the District's financial operations in subsequent years.

F. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 2, 2017 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2017

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.037990%	0.038160%	0.035380%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,733,925	\$ 2,471,725	\$ 2,018,679
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,085,005	\$ 1,084,711	\$ 975,278
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage			
of its covered-employee payroll	251.97%	227.87%	206.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.58%	63.97%	66.54%

^{*} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Educational Retirement Board (ERB) Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	150,815	\$ 150,744	\$	128,249
Contributions in relation to the contractually required		(150,815)	 (150,744)		(128,249)
Contribution deficeiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$ 	\$	
District's Covered-employee Payroll	\$	1,085,005	\$ 1,084,711	\$	975,278
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.90%	13.90%		13.15%

^{*} These schedules are intended to present 10 years of trending history. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms: The COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in the Benefits Provided subsection of the financial statement note disclosure General Information on the Pension Plan.

Changes of assumptions: ERB conducts an actuarial experience study for the Plan on a biennial basis. Based on the six-year actuarial experience study presented to the Board of Trustees on June 12, 2015, ERB implemented the following changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015.

- 1) Fiscal year 2016 valuation assumptions that changed based on this study:
 - a. Lower wage inflation from 4.75% to 3.75%
 - b. Lower payroll growth from 3.75% to 3.50%
 - c. Minor changes to demographic assumptions
 - d. Population growth per year from 0.50% to 0.00%
- 2) Assumptions that were not changed:
 - a. Investment return will remain at 7.75%
 - b. Net real return remains at 4.75%
 - c. Inflation will remain at 3.00%
 - d. COLA assumption of 2.00% per year
 - e. Payroll growth remains at 3.50%

See also the Note VI (B) Actuarial Assumptions of the financial statement note disclosure on the Pension Plan.

GENERAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OPERATING FUND (Fund No. 11000)

The government's primary fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

TEACHERAGE FUND (Fund No. 12000)

Accounts for all financial resources used in the housing of teachers.

TRANSPORTATION FUND (Fund No. 13000)

Accounts for all the Transportation funds received through the state that are used in the maintaining and operating vehicles used to transport students.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND (Fund No. 14000)

Accounts for all the Instructional Materials funds received through the state for the purpose of acquiring study materials for the students.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FINANACIAL SECTION

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GENERAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	Operational Fund #11000		icherage d #12000	Transportation Fund #13000		Instructional Materials Fund #14000		Total General <u>Funds</u>	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	48,843	\$ 9,671	\$	762	\$	14,124	\$	73,400
Property taxes		919	-		-		-		919
Due from other governments		92	_		-		-		92
Due from other funds		84,486	 						84,486
Total assets	\$	134,340	\$ 9,671	\$	762	\$	14,124	\$	158,897
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	3,619	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,619
Deferred inflows of resources: Delinquent property taxes		891	-		-		-		891
Fund balance:									
Unassigned		129,830	 9,671		762		14,124		154,387
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	134,340	\$ 9,671	\$	762	\$	14,124	\$	158,897

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

GENERAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Operational Fund #11000	Teacherage Fund #12000	Transportation Fund #13000	Instructional Materials Fund #14000	Total General <u>Fund</u>	
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 16,235	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,235	
Intergovernmental - state grants	1,570,267	-	160,836	6,612	1,737,715	
Contributions - private grants	225	-	-	-	225	
Charges for services	-	6,000	-	-	6,000	
Investment and interest income	965	44	-	59	1,068	
Miscellaneous	11,048	21,193			32,241	
Total revenue	<u>1,598,740</u>	27,237	160,836	<u>6,671</u>	1,793,484	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction	901,166	-	-	3,904	905,070	
Support services:						
Students	74,320	-	-	-	74,320	
General Administration	167,927	-	-	-	167,927	
School Administration	95,481	-	_	-	95,481	
Central Services	80,876	-	-	-	80,876	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	234,898	25,122	-	-	260,020	
Student transportation	-	-	160,074	-	160,074	
Other Support services	963	-	-	-	963	
Food services operations	32,600	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	32,600	
Total expenditures	1,588,231	25,122	160,074	3,904	1,777,331	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	10,509	2,115	762	2,767	16,153	
Fund balance at beginning of the year	119,321	7,556	_	11,357	138,234	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 129,830	\$ 9,671	\$ 762	\$ 14,124	\$ 154,387	

FINANCIAL SECTION

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

OPERATIONAL FUND - NO. 11000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2017

							Variance with Final Budget		
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual Amounts			Positive	
	<u>C</u>	<u>Priginal</u>		<u>Final</u>	(Buc	<u>lgetary Basis)</u>	<u>(1</u>	<u>Vegative)</u>	
Revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	14,382	\$	14,382	\$	16,154	\$	1,772	
Intergovernmental - state grants		1,599,556		1,564,761		1,570,267		5,506	
Contributions - private grants		-		-		225		225	
Investment and interest income		300		300		965		665	
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000		11,048		4,048	
Total revenues		1,621,238	_	1,586,443		1,598,659		12,216	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction		937,218		944,395		901,299		43,096	
Support services:									
Students		110,897		76,102		74,320		1,782	
General Administration		166,032		172,996		167,294		5,702	
School Administration		96,036		96,236		95,481		755	
Central Services		103,314		104,014		80,876		23,138	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		258,737		259,737		232,777		26,960	
Student transportation		-		14,431		-		14,431	
Other Support services		3,059		3,059		963		2,096	
Food services operations		35,752		35,752		32,600		3,152	
Total expenditures		<u>1,711,045</u>	_	1,706,722		1,585,610		121,112	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(89,807)		(120,279)		13,049		133,328	
Beginning cash balance budgeted		89,807		120,279		-		(120,279)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u> </u>				119,321		119,321	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		132,370	\$	132,370	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:									
Change in property tax receivable						879			
Change in due from other governments						92			
Change in payables						(2,620)			
Change in deferred property taxes						(891)			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	129,830			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

TEACHERAGE FUND - NO. 12000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2017

	 Budgeted	Amou	unts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	 			, , ,		\ \	
Charges for services	\$ 6,000	\$	6,000	\$ 6,000	\$	-	
Investment and interest income	-		-	44		44	
Miscellaneous	 			21,193		21,193	
Total revenues	6,000		6,000	27,237		21,237	
Expenditures: Current:							
Support services: Operation & Maintenance of Plant	 12,423		34,749	25,122		9,627	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(6,423)		(28,749)	2,115		30,864	
Beginning cash balance budgeted	6,423		28,749	-		(28,749)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year	 		<u>-</u>	7,556		7,556	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ _	\$	_	9,671	\$	9,671	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in payables Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)				\$ 9,671			

GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL SECTION

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

TRANSPORTATION FUND - NO. 13000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		Final		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)		
Revenues:					·			<u>reguare,</u>	
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	185,705	\$	160,836	\$	160,836	\$	-	
Expenditures: Current: Support services:									
Student transportation		185,705		160,836	-	160,074		762	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		762		762	
Fund balance at beginning of the year		_		_		_		_	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			762	\$	762	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in payables Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	- 762			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND - NO. 14000

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Original		<u>Final</u>		(Budgetary Basis)			
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - state grants Investment and interest income	\$	5,139 <u>-</u>	\$	5,950 -	\$	6,612 59	\$	662 59
Total revenues		5,139		5,950		6,671		721
Expenditures: Current: Instruction		5,139		17,910		4,507		13,403
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(11,960)		2,164		14,124
Beginning cash balance budgeted		-		11,960		-		(11,960)
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>		<u>=</u>		11,357	_	11,357
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			13,521	\$	13,521
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in payables Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	603 14,124		

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MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

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DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS SB-9 FUND - NO. 31701

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2017

								iance with
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts		Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	62,498	\$	62,498	\$	69,528	\$	7,030
Investment and interest income		<u> </u>		_		355		355
Total revenues		62,498		62,498		69,883		7,385
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services:								
General Administration		640		640		695		(55)
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		43,500		43,500		32,162		11,338
Capital outlay		91,132		91,132		<u> </u>		91,132
Total expenditures		135,272		135,272		32,857		102,415
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(72,774)		(72,774)		37,026		109,800
Beginning cash balance budgeted		72,774		72,774		-		(72,774)
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	ī	84,544		84,544
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			121,5 70	\$	121,570
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:								
Change in receivables						26		
Change in property tax receivable						3,933		
Change in due from other governments						433		
Change in payables						477		
Change in deferred property taxes						(3,965)		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	122,474		

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are operating funds used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are intended for specific purposes other than special assessments or major capital projects.

Food Service (Fund No. 21000)

Minimum Balance:

This program provides financing for the school breakfast and lunch program. Funding is provided from fees from patrons and USDA food reimbursements, under the National School Lunch Act of 1946, as amended, Public Law 79-396, Sections 2-4, 60 Stat. 230, 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seg.; 80 stat. 889, as amended; 84 stat. 270; and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended, Sections 4 and 10. Public Law 89-642, 80 sat. 886, 889, 42 U.S.C. 1773, 1779; Public Law 99-591, 100 stat. 3341; Public Law 100-71, 101 stat. 430.

Athletics (Fund No. 22000)

Minimum Balance:

None

This fund provides financing for school athletic activities. Funding is provided by fees from patrons.

Preschool IDEA-B (Fund No. 24109)

Minimum Balance: None

The Preschool program is for the purpose of enhancing Special Education for handicapped children from ages 3 to 5. The program is funded by the United States government, under the Individuals With Disabilities Act, Part B, Section 619, as amended, Public Laws 94-142, 99-457, 100-630, 101-497, and 101-476.

IDEA-B "Risk Pool" (Fund No. 24120)

Minimum Balance: None

The IDEA-B "Risk Pool" program is to provide grants to states, that flow-through to schools, to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities. The program is funded by the United States government, under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B, Section 611-617, and part D, Section 674 as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1711-1417 and 1420.

Title II Teacher Quality (Fund No. 24154)

Minimum Balance: None

To provide grants to State Education Agencies (SEAs) on a formula basis to increase student academic achievement through strategies such as improving teacher and principal quality and increasing the number of highly qualified teachers in the classroom and highly qualified principals and assistant principals in schools and hold local educational agencies and schools accountable for improvements in the academic achievement. Authorization is granted through the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended, Title II, Part A, Public Law 107-110.

Title XIX Medicaid (Fund No. 25153)

Minimum Balance: None

To provide financial assistance from the Federal government which flows-through the State of New Mexico to school districts, for payments of medical assistance on behalf of cash assistance recipients, children, pregnant women and the aged who meet income and resource requirements, and other categorically-eligible groups. The program is funded by the U.S. government under the Social Security Act, Title XIX, as amended; Public Laws 92-223, 92-602, 93-66, 93-233, 96-499, 97-35, 97-2248, 98-369, 99-272, 99-509, 100-93, 100-202, 100-203, 100-360, 100-436, 100-485, 100-647, 101-166, 101-234, 101-239, 101-508, 101-517, 102-234, 102-170, 102-394, 103-66, 103-14, 103-333, 104-91, 104-191, 104-193, 104-208, and 104-134; Balanced Budget Act of 1997, Public Law 105-33.

Farm-to-School (Fund No. 25208)

None Minimum Balance:

The purpose of the USDA Farm to School Grant Program is to assist eligible entities in implementing farm to school programs that improve access to local foods in eligible schools.

Dental NM Community Foundation (Fund No. 26176)

Minimum Balance: None

Funding received from the NM Community Foundation and recommendations from the School Based Health Clinic Advisory Committee.

Dual Credit Instructional Materials (Fund No. 27103)

Minimum Balance: None

To provide instructional materials to be used for a dual credit course approved by Higher Education Department (HED) and through a college/university for which the district has an approved agreement.

Library GO Bonds 2012 (Fund No. 27107)

Minimum Balance: None

Funds to be used for library books and library resources for public school libraries statewide. Library resources include computers, software, projectors, televisions, other related hardware and software, shelving, desks, chairs, and book trucks/carts. Senate Bill 66, Laws of 2012, 2nd Session, Chapter 54, Section 10.B.(3).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO FINANACIAL SECTION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (cont'd)

Youth Conservation Corp (Fund No. 28133)

To account for funds received for the purpose of employing local youth.

FFA Foundation (Fund No. 29102)

Minimum Balance: None

Curriculum for Agricultural Science Education (CASE) curricular materials provide a high level of STEM educational experiences to students to enhance the rigor and relevance of agriculture, food, and natural resources (AFNR) subject matter.

School Based Health Center (Fund No. 29130)

Minimum Balance: None

Minimum Balance:

To enhance school based health centers infrastructure, develop and implement billing protocols, improve communication with school personnel, families, and outside agencies, and improve behavioral health programs.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Bond Building (Fund No. 31100)

None

This fund provides financing for the construction of buildings, the purchase of equipment, and the acquisition and improvement of land. Funding is provided by the sale of general obligation bonds, which have been approved by the voters of the district.

State SB-9 Match (Fund No. 31701)

To account for funds distributed under the Public School Capital Outlay Improvements Act (22-25-1 to 22-25-10 NMSA 1978) to any school district that has imposed a tax for capital outlays and maintenance. An amount from the public school capital improvements fund that is equal to the amount by which the revenue estimated to be received from the imposed tax as specified in Subsection B of section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978, assuming a one hundred percent collection rate, is less than an amount calculated by multiplying the product obtained by the rate imposed in the District under the Public School Capital Improvements Act. The distribution shall be made by December 1, of each year that the tax is imposed in accordance with Section 22-25-3 NMSA 1978. Provided, however, in the event that sufficient funds are not available in the public school capital improvement funds to make the state distribution provided for in this section, the dollar per program unit figure shall be reduced as necessary.

Ed Technology Equipment Act (Fund No. 31900)

Minimum Balance:

This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with Education Technology Bonds in the purchasing of equipment used in the educational process.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. Debt Service revenues are from taxes and other operating revenues, some of which are pledged specifically to repay certain outstanding bond issues.

Debt Service (Fund No. 41000)

Minimum Balance:

None

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Education Technology Debt Service (Fund No. 43000)

Minimum Balance:

None

Used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs associated with the Education Technology bond issues.

FINANACIAL SECTION STATE OF NEW MEXICO DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS **68** | Page

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

Special	Revenue	Funds
---------	---------	--------------

				J	occiai icc	venue i t						
	od Service nd #21000	thletics d #22000	II	eschool DEA-B d #24109	IDEA- Po <u>Fund</u> ‡		T (Title II Teacher Quality d #24154	N	itle XIX Iedicaid ad #25153	Farm to Fund #	
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,916	\$ 9,334	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables:												
Property taxes	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Grant	-	-		927		-		5,143		6,289		-
Due from other governments	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Food inventory	 1,327	 					_					
Total assets	\$ 42,243	\$ 9,334	\$	927	\$		\$	5,143	\$	6,289	\$	
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 0.07	\$	-	\$	- 5 4 4 2	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds Total liabilities	 	 		927 927				5,143 5,143		6,289		
1 Otal habilities	 	 		927				5,143		6,289		
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Delinquent property taxes	 	 <u> </u>										
Fund balance:												
Non-spendable:												
Inventories	1,327	-		_		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:												
Special revenue funds	40,916	9,334		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects funds	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	 	 _		_								
Total fund balance	 42,243	 9,334		<u>=</u>				<u> </u>				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balance	\$ 42,243	\$ 9,334	\$	927	\$	-	\$	5,143	\$	6,289	\$	_

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

Special Revenue Funds														
	Cor For	ntal NM mmunity andation d #26176	Instru Ma	Credit actional terials #27103	Bon	ries GO d 2012 #27107	Cons	Youth servation Corp 1 #28133	Foi	FFA undation d #29102	Heal	ool Based th Center d #29130	No Speci	Total on-Major ial Revenue <u>Funds</u>
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	27,835	\$	-	\$	-	\$	617	\$	1,289	\$	1,461	\$	81,452
Property taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Grant		-		92		-		-		-		-		12,451
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,327
Food inventory							-						-	1,327
Total assets	\$	27,835	\$	92	\$	_	\$	617	\$	1,289	\$	1,461	\$	95,230
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Due to other funds				92				<u>-</u>						12,451
Total liabilities	-	<u> </u>	-	92				<u> </u>						12,451
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Delinquent property taxes		<u> </u>		<u> </u>										<u>-</u>
Fund balance:														
Non-spendable:														
Inventories		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,327
Restricted for: Special revenue funds		27,835						617		1,289		1,461		01 450
Capital projects funds		27,633		_		_		017		1,209		1,401		81,452
Debt service		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		_										_		
Total fund balance		27,835		<u> </u>				617		1,289		1,461		82,779
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	27,835	\$	92	\$	_	\$	617	\$	1,289	\$	1,461	\$	95,230

(cont'd; 2 of 3)

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2017

			Capital Project Funds			Debt Service Funds					unds	_				
		d Building d #31100	N	te SB-9 Iatch I #31700	Equi	Technology ipment Act ad #31900	Cap	Total on-Major ital Projects <u>Funds</u>		t Service 1 #41000	:	Tech Debt Service ad #43000	No Del	Total on-Major ot Service <u>Fund</u>	Gov	l Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	er.	22.762	\$		\$	10.204	\$	24.157	er.	92	\$	(02(•	<i>(</i> 110	\$	101.707
Receivables:	\$	23,762	Þ	_	Þ	10,394	Þ	34,156	\$	92	Þ	6,026	\$	6,118	Þ	121,726
Property taxes		_		_		-		_		120		5,079		5,199		5,199
Grant		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		12,451
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		545		545		545
Food inventory																1,327
Total assets	\$	23,762	\$		\$	10,394	\$	34,156	\$	212	\$	11,650	\$	11,862	\$	141,248
Liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,556	\$	2,556	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,556
Due to other funds						<u> </u>		<u> </u>								12,451
Total liabilities						2,556		2,556				<u>-</u>				15,007
Deferred inflows of resources:										120		4.004		5.024		F 024
Delinquent property taxes										120		4,901		5,021		5,021
Fund balance:																
Non-spendable: Inventories																1 227
Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,327
Special revenue funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		81,452
Capital projects funds		23,762		_		7,838		31,600		_		_		_		31,600
Debt service		-		_		-		-		92		12,335		12,427		12,427
Unassigned				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		(5,586)		(5,586)		(5,586)
Total fund balance		23,762		<u>-</u>		7,838		31,600		92		6,749		6,841		121,220
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	23,762	\$	_	\$	10,394	\$	34,156	\$	212	\$	11,650	\$	11,862	\$	141,248

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

Special Revenue Funds

		эp	eciai Kevenue Fu	iius	
	Food Service Fund #21000	Athletics Fund #22000	Preschool IDEA-B Fund #24109	IDEA-B "Risk Pool" Fund #24120	Title II Teacher Quality Fund #24154
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental - federal grants	37,398	_	926	_	5,143
Intergovernmental - state grants	-	_	_	_	-
Contributions - private grants	_	1,130	-	_	_
Charges for services	22,655	35,049	-	_	_
Investment and interest income	160	50	_	_	_
Total revenues	60,213	36,229	926		5,143
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-	35,635	-	-	5,143
Support services:					
Students	-	_	926	-	-
Instruction	-	_	-	-	-
General Administration	-	-	-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-	-
Food services operations	58,054	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	_	-	-	-
Bond interest paid			<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures	58,054	35,635	926		5,143
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	2,159	594			
Other financing uses:					
Transfers In	_	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	_	<u></u>	_	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing uses					
Net change in fund balance	2,159	594	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of the year	40,084	8,740	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 42,243	\$ 9,334	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

 $(\,cont'd;1\ of\ 5\,)$

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

Special Revenue Funds Dental NM

		- P	ceiui Revenue I u		
	T'A XIX		Dental NM	Dual Credit	1.1 . 60
	Title XIX Medicaid	Farm to School	Community Foundation	Instructional Materials	Libraries GO Bond 2012
	Fund #25153	Fund #25208	Fund #26176	Fund #27103	Fund #27107
Revenues:	1 did 1/23133	1 did 1123200	1 did 1/20170	1 did 2 105	1 und 1/2/10/
Taxes:					
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental - federal grants	18,286	_	-		
Intergovernmental - state grants	-	-	-	613	5,482
Contributions - private grants	-	-	27,835	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Investment and interest income					
Total revenues	18,286	=	27,835	613	5,482
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-	-	-	613	-
Support services:					
Students	18,286	-	-	-	-
Instruction	-	-	-	-	5,482
General Administration	-	-	-	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-	-
Food services operations	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Bond interest paid					
Total expenditures	18,286			613	5,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures			<u>27,835</u>	-	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out					
Total other financing uses			-		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	27,835	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of the year					
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,835	\$ -	\$ -

(cont'd; 2 of 5)

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

Special Revenue Funds Youth Conservation **FFA** School Based Total Nonmajor Corp Foundation Health Center Special Revenue Fund #29130 Fund #28133 Fund #29102 Funds **Revenues:** Taxes: \$ \$ \$ \$ Property Intergovernmental - federal grants 61,753 Intergovernmental - state grants 617 4,367 11,079 Contributions - private grants 1,639 30,604 Charges for services 57,704 210 Investment and interest income Total revenues 617 1.639 4,367 161,350 **Expenditures:** Current: Instruction 350 41,741 Support services: Students 19,212 Instruction 5,482 781 781 General Administration 2,125 2,125 Operation & Maintenance of Plant Food services operations 58,054 Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Bond interest paid Total expenditures 350 2,906 127,395 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 617 1.289 1,461 33,955 Other financing uses: Transfers In Transfers out Total other financing uses Net change in fund balance 617 1,289 1,461 33,955 Fund balance at beginning of the year 48,824 1,289 Fund balance at end of the year 617 \$ \$ 1,461 82,779

(cont'd; 3 of 5)

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

Part Part			Capital P	roject Funds	
Property			Match	Equipment Act	Capital Projects
Property S	Revenues:				
Intergovernmental - federal grants	Taxes:				
Intergovernmental - state grants	Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions - private grants Charges for services	Intergovernmental - federal grants	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	Intergovernmental - state grants	-	-	-	-
Investment and interest income 122 26 159 307 Total revenues 122 26 159 307 Expenditures:	Contributions - private grants	-	-	-	-
Total revenues 122 26 159 307	Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Expenditures: Current:	Investment and interest income	122	26	159	307
Current: Instruction -	Total revenues	122	26	159	307
Instruction	Expenditures:				
Support services: Students	Current:				
Students	Instruction	-	-	-	-
Students	Support services:				
General Administration -	* *	-	_	-	-
Operation & Maintenance of Plant - 29,959 29,959 Food services operations - - - - Capital outlay 11,662 - - - 11,662 Debt service: Principal retirement -	Instruction	-	-	-	-
Food services operations Capital outlay 11,662 Debt service: Principal retirement Bond interest paid Total expenditures 11,662 Excess (desciency) of revenues over expenditures Transfers In Transfers out Total other financing uses Net change in fund balance (11,540) Total balance at beginning of the year 11,540 Total other financing of the year 11,540 Total other financing uses	General Administration	-	-	-	-
Food services operations Capital outlay 11,662 Debt service: Principal retirement Bond interest paid Total expenditures 11,662 Excess (desciency) of revenues over expenditures Transfers In Transfers out Total other financing uses Net change in fund balance (11,540) Total balance at beginning of the year 11,540 Total other financing of the year 11,540 Total other financing uses	Operation & Maintenance of Plant	-	-	29,959	29,959
Capital outlay 11,662 - - 11,662 Debt service: Principal retirement - - - - - Bond interest paid - - - - - - Total expenditures 11,662 - 29,959 41,621 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (11,540) 26 (29,800) (41,314) Other financing uses: - - - - - Transfers In - - - - - - Transfers out - (26) - (26) - (26) Total other financing uses - (26) - (26) - (26) Net change in fund balance (11,540) - (29,800) (41,340) Fund balance at beginning of the year 35,302 - 37,638 72,940		-	-	-	· -
Debt service: Principal retirement - <t< td=""><td></td><td>11,662</td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>11,662</td></t<>		11,662	_	_	11,662
Principal retirement -		,			,
Bond interest paid		_	_	_	-
Total expenditures 11,662 - 29,959 41,621 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (11,540) 26 (29,800) (41,314) Other financing uses:		_	_	_	-
over expenditures (11,540) 26 (29,800) (41,314) Other financing uses: Transfers In - <td></td> <td>11,662</td> <td></td> <td>29,959</td> <td>41,621</td>		11,662		29,959	41,621
over expenditures (11,540) 26 (29,800) (41,314) Other financing uses: Transfers In - <td>Excess (deficiency) of revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Transfers In - - - - - - - - - (26) - (26) - (26) - (26) - - (26) - - (26) - - (26) - - (27) -		(11,540)	26	(29,800)	(41,314)
Transfers In - - - - - - - - - (26) - (26) - (26) - (26) - - (26) - - (26) - - (26) - - (27) -	Other financing uses:				
Transfers out - (26) - (26) Total other financing uses - (26) - (26) Net change in fund balance (11,540) - (29,800) (41,340) Fund balance at beginning of the year 35,302 - 37,638 72,940		_	_	_	_
Total other financing uses - (26) - (26) Net change in fund balance (11,540) - (29,800) (41,340) Fund balance at beginning of the year 35,302 - 37,638 72,940		_	(26)	_	(26)
Net change in fund balance (11,540) - (29,800) (41,340) Fund balance at beginning of the year 35,302 - 37,638 72,940			` '		
Fund balance at beginning of the year <u>35,302</u> - <u>37,638</u> <u>72,940</u>	Total outer maneing does		(20)		(20)
	Net change in fund balance	(11,540)	-	(29,800)	(41,340)
	Fund balance at beginning of the year	35,302		<u>37,63</u> 8	72,940
			\$	\$ 7,838	

 $(\,cont'd; 4\,of\,5\,)$

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Debt Servi	ce Funds		
	Debt Service Fund #41000	Ed Tech Debt Service Fund #43000	Total Nonmajor Debt Service <u>Funds</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:				
Taxes:	*	# 02.002	Ф 0 2 00 4	# 00.004
Property	\$ 1	\$ 82,083	\$ 82,084	\$ 82,084
Intergovernmental - federal grants	-	-	-	61,753
Intergovernmental - state grants	-	-	-	11,079
Contributions - private grants	-	-	-	30,604
Charges for services	-	-	-	57,704
Investment and interest income				517
Total revenues	1	82,083	82,084	243,741
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	-	-	-	41,741
Support services:				
Students	-	-	-	19,212
Instruction	-	-	-	5,482
General Administration	-	816	816	1,597
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	32,084
Food services operations	-	-	-	58,054
Capital outlay	-	-	-	11,662
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	80,000	80,000	80,000
Bond interest paid		1,480	1,480	1,480
Total expenditures		82,296	82,296	251,312
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	1	(213)	(212)	(7,571)
Other financing uses:				
Transfers In	_	200	200	200
Transfers out	(200)	200	(200)	(226)
Total other financing uses	(200)	200		(26)
Net change in fund balance	(199)	(13)	(212)	(7,597)
Fund balance at beginning of the year	291	6,762	7,053	128,817
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 92	\$ 6,749	\$ 6,841	\$ 121,220

(5 of 5)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETARY PRESENTATION

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

FOOD SERVICE FUND - NO. 21000

		Budgeted	Amoi			l Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	<u>C</u>	<u> Driginal</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>(Budg</u>	<u>etary Basis)</u>			
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	25,810	\$	25,810	\$	33,144	\$	7,334	
Charges for services		13,500		13,500		22,655		9,155	
Investment and interest income	-					<u>160</u>	-	160	
Total revenues		39,310		39,310		55,959		16,649	
Expenditures: Food services operations		79 , 68 <u>5</u>		79,394		55,127		24,267	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(40,375)		(40,084)		832		40,916	
Beginning cash balance budgeted		40,375		40,084		-		(40,084)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>		_		40,084		40,084	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	-	\$	_		40,916	\$	40,916	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in inventory Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					<u> </u>	1,327 42,243			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

ATHLETICS FUND - NO. 22000

	Budgeted Amounts					ıl Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	<u>Original</u>			<u>Final</u>	(Budg	etary Basis)	(Negative)		
Revenues:		_							
Contributions - private grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,130	\$	1,130	
Charges for services		31,576		31,576		35,049		3,473	
Investment and interest income		<u> </u>				50	-	50	
Total revenues		31,576		31,576		36,229		4,653	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction		40,630		40,501		35,821		4,680	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(9,054)		(8,925)		408		9,333	
Beginning cash balance budgeted		9,054		8,925		-		(8,925)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		8,740		8,740	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			9,148	\$	9,148	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in payables Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	186 9,334			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

PRESCHOOL IDEA-B FUND - NO. 24109

		Budgeted				Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
D.	<u>O</u> 1	<u>riginal</u>	<u>Final</u>		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	933	\$	980	\$	933	\$	(47)
Expenditures: Current: Support services:								
Students		933		980		926		54
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		7		7
Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>		- 7	\$	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	<u>(7)</u> -		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

IDEA-B "RISK POOL" FUND - NO. 24120

	Budgeted Amour			unts Final	Actual A		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•				* 0	, , ,	_	. 9 ,	
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17	\$	17	
Expenditures: Instruction		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_			
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		17		17	
Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>			\$	17	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	(17) -			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

TITLE II TEACHER QUALITY FUND - NO. 24154

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Amounts tary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	<u>Oi</u>	<u>igitiai</u>		<u>1'111'a1</u>	(Duage	tary Dasisj	<u>(T.</u>	<u>vegauvej</u>
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	4,461	\$	9,581	\$	1,721	\$	(7,860)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		4,461		9,581		5,143	-	4,438
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		-		(3,422)		(3,422)
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$	-		(3,422)	\$	(3,422)
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable					dt.	3,422		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	_		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

TITLE XIX MEDICAID FUND - NO. 25153

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				al Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	21,000	\$	21,000	\$ 18,032	\$	(2,968)
Expenditures: Current: Support services:		24.000		24 000	40.207		0.744
Students		21,000		21,000	 18,286		2,714
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		-	(254)		(254)
Fund balance at beginning of the year		_		_	_		_
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$	_	(254)	\$	(254)
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$ <u>254</u> -		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

FARM TO SCHOOL FUND - NO. 25208

	Budgeted Amounts					A1	Λ	Fir	riance with	
			eu Am					Positive		
_		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		(Budget	ary Basis)	1)	<u>Vegative)</u>	
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental - federal grants	\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction		_	_				_			
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-			-		-		-	
O.I. C.										
Other financing uses:							(2.070)		(2.970)	
Refunds		<u> </u>	_				(2,870)		(2,870)	
Net change in fund balance		_			_		(2,870)		(2,870)	
1 to though in juine valuation							(=,0.0)		(_, , , , ,	
Fund balance at beginning of the year		_	_				_		_	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	-	\$		-		(2,870)	\$	(2,870)	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:										
Change in deferred revenue							2,87 0			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)						\$	-			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

DENTAL NM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION FUND - NO. 26176

Original \$ -	<u>Final</u>	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
\$ -			(= tegacite)
\$ -			
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
7,500	7,500	-	7,500
20,335			20,335
27,835	27,835	-	27,835
(27,835)	(27,835)	-	27,835
27,835	27,835	-	(27,835)
<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>	
\$ -	<u> </u>	-	\$ -
		27,835	
	20,335 27,835 (27,835)	20,335 20,335 27,835 27,835 (27,835) (27,835) 27,835 27,835	20,335 20,335 27,835 27,835 (27,835) (27,835) 27,835 27,835 - - \$ - \$ - -

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

DUAL CREDIT INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS FUND - NO. 27103

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	-	\$	613	\$ 596	\$	(17)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction				613	 613		<u>-</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		-		-	(17)		(17)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year			_		 		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$		(17)	\$	(17)	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:								
Change in grant receivable					 17			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$ _			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

LIBRARIES GO BOND 2012 FUND - NO. 27107

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	l Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		riginal	Final		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues:		115111111		<u>1 11141</u>	Daage	<u> </u>	7	reguerre)
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	6,224	\$	6,224	\$	6,825	\$	601
Expenditures: Current: Support services:								
Instruction		6,224		6,224		5,482		742
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		1,343		1,343
Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>		1,343	\$	1,343
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in grant receivable Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	(1,343)		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

YOUTH CONSERVATION CORP FUND - NO. 28133

	0					Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
D.	<u>O</u>	<u>riginal</u>	<u>Final</u>		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)		
Revenues:	<i>(</i> *)		Φ.		ф.		*		
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Expenditures: Current:									
Community services		617		617				617	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(617)		(617)		-		617	
Beginning cash balance budgeted		617		617		_		(617)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year Fund balance at end of the year	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	\$		
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:						(17			
Change in deferred revenue					Φ.	617			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					>	617			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

FFA FOUNDATION FUND - NO. 29102

			Amour			l Amounts	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive
D.	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>			(Budge	etary Basis)	(Negative)		
Revenues:				4 (20	•	4 (20	•	
Contributions - private grants	\$	-	\$	1,639	\$	1,639	\$	-
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction				1,639		350		1,289
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		1,289		1,289
Fund balance at beginning of the year								
Fund balance at end of the year	\$		\$			1,289	\$	1,289
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in payables						<u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	1,289		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

SCHOOL BASED HEALTH CENTER FUND - NO. 29130

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Contributions - private grants	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Support services:				
General Administration	-	782	781	1
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	3,931	3,149	2,125	1,024
Total expenditures	3,931	3,931	2,906	1,025
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(3,931)	(3,931)	(2,906)	1,025
Beginning cash balance budgeted	3,931	3,931	-	(3,931)
Fund balance at beginning of the year	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	_	
Fund balance at end of the year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	(2,906)	\$ (2,906)
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:				
Change in deferred revenue			4,367	
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)			\$ 1,461	

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

BOND BUILDING FUND - NO. 31100

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Investment and interest income	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 122</u>	\$ 122	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Support services:					
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	
Capital outlay	31,116	31,302	11,662	<u>19,640</u>	
Total expenditures	35,116	35,302	11,662	23,640	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(35,116)	(35,302)	(11,540)	23,762	
Beginning cash balance budgeted	35,116	35,302	-	(35,302)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year			35,302	35,302	
Fund balance at end of the year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	23,762	\$ 23,762	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:					
Change in payables					
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)			\$ 23,762		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

STATE SB-9 MATCH FUND - NO. 31700

	Budgeted Amounts					l Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	0	riginal	Final		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues:			•		+		-	- 9 - ,
Intergovernmental - state grants	\$	4,797	\$	9,676	\$	10,576	\$	900
Investment and interest income		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		26		26
Total revenues		4,797		9,676		10,602		926
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services:								
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		4,797		9 , 676			-	9,676
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		10,602		10,602
Fund balance at beginning of the year		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$	_		10,602	\$	10,602
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS: Change in receivables						(26)		
Change in grant receivable					Φ	(10,576)		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					ð			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

ED TECHNOLOGY EQUIPMENT ACT FUND - NO. 31900

								riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted Amounts					l Amounts	Positive	
	<u> </u>	<u> Driginal</u>	<u>Final</u>		(Budgetary Basis)		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Investment and interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	159	\$	159
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services:								
Operation & Maintenance of Plant		36,544		37,638		27,403		10,235
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(36,544)		(37,638)		(27,244)		10,394
Beginning cash balance budgeted		36,544		37,638		-		(37,638)
Fund balance at beginning of the year		_		_		37,638		37,638
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$	_		10,394	\$	10,394
I and summer at the of the year				-		- ,0 - 1		
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:								
Change in payables						(2,556)		
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	7,838		

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

DEBT SERVICE FUND - NO. 41000

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual Aı	mounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
	 <u>Original</u>		Final	(Budgetar	y Basis)	(Negative)		
Revenues:	 			~ 0	, , ,			
Taxes:								
Property	\$ <u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	14	\$	14	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services:								
General Administration	 		79				79	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	-		(79)		14		93	
Beginning cash balance budgeted	-		79		-		(79)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		291		291	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$ 	\$			305	\$	305	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:								
Change in property tax receivable					(93)			
Change in deferred property taxes					(120)			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)				\$	92			

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

ED TECH DEBT SERVICE FUND - NO. 43000

								ance with al Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts				Actua	ıl Amounts	Positive		
		Original		Final	(Budg	etary Basis)	(Negative)		
Revenues:	Oliginai				(= 0.082002) = 0.00 2				
Taxes:									
Property	\$	81,500	\$	81,500	\$	81,572	\$	72	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Support services:									
General Administration		850		850		816		34	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		80,000		80,000		80,000		-	
Bond interest paid		1,480		1,480		1,480		_	
Debt service reserves	-	5,302		<u>5,919</u>				<u>5,919</u>	
Total expenditures	-	87,632	-	88,249		82,296	-	5,953	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(6,132)		(6,749)		(724)		6,025	
Beginning cash balance budgeted		6,132		6,749		-		(6,749)	
Fund balance at beginning of the year						6,762		6,762	
Fund balance at end of the year	\$	_	\$			6,038	\$	6,038	
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS:						F 0.47			
Change in property tax receivable						5,067			
Change in due from other governments						545			
Change in deferred property taxes						(4,901)			
Fund balance at end of the year (GAAP basis)					\$	6,749			

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STATE REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

Supplemental schedules required by the State of New Mexico to provide additional analysis.

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

Activity		F	Balance					В	alance	
<u>Fund</u>	<u>ASSETS</u>	June	e 30, 2016	<u>R</u>	<u>eceipts</u>	Disb	<u>ursements</u>	<u>June</u>	30, 2017	
23002	In/Out	\$	243	\$	6,629	\$	5,993	\$	879	
23003	All School Account		3,066		4,909		4,4 50		3,525	
23012	Yearbook		3,374		1,942		1,780		3,536	
23013	FFA		3,786		23,415		22,983		4,218	
23015	Cheerleaders		442		-		-		442	
23021	Library		1,243		-		-	1,243		
23025	Scholarship		53,102		-				53,102	
23031	Demonettes		571		-		-		571	
23033	Rodeo Club		522		-		-		522	
23035	Jeff Bannon Memorial Scholarship		40		1		-		41	
23036	Jerry Langston Memorial Scholarship		397		263		-		660	
23037	Patrick & Loren Doherty Memorial Scholarship		81		14		-		95	
23038	Masonic Lodge Scholarship		27		5		-		32	
23039	Billy Hittson Memorial Scholarship		200		43		-		243	
23040	Weatherly Scholarship		223		-		-		223	
23041	Elementary Fund		194		234				428	
	Pooled cash and investments	\$	67,511	\$	37,455	\$	35,206	\$	69,760	
	<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
	Deposits held for others	\$	67,511	\$	37,455	\$	35,206	\$	69,760	

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL June 30, 2017

	Farmers & Stockmans Bank	rmers & ockmans <u>Bank</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Cash on deposit at June 30, 2017:					
Checking and savings	\$ 459,632	\$ -	\$	459,632	
Certificate of Deposits	 29,017	 16,026		45,043	
	488,649	16,026		504,675	
Less: FDIC coverage	 (279,017)	(16,026)		(295,043)	
Uninsured funds	\$ 209,632	\$ 	\$	209,632	
Amount requiring pledged collateral:					
50% collateral requirement	\$ 104,816	\$ -	\$	104,816	
Pledged collateral	280,000	 -		280,000	
Excess (deficiency) of pledged collateral	\$ 175,184	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	175,184	

Pledged collateral of financial institutions consists of the following at June 30, 2017

Farmers & Stockmans Bank:	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Expiration</u>	<u>Cr</u>	<u>edit Limit</u>
FHLB Letter of Credit	8/31/2016	8/59/2017	\$	280,000

The above letter of credit is held at Federal Home Loan Bank in Dallas, TX.

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

CASH RECONCILIATION Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Begin	nning Cash		Receipts	D	istributions	 Other		Cash End of Period	,	ustments to ne report	al Cash on Report
Operations		\$	120,279	\$	1,598,659	\$	1,584,611	\$ (998)	\$	133,329	\$	(84,486) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 48,843
Teacherage			7,556		27,237		25,122	-		9,671		-	9,671
Transportation			-		160,836		160,074	-		762		-	762
Instructional Materials			11,960		6,672		3,905	(603)		14,124		-	14,124
Food Services			40,084		55,959		55,127	=		40,916		-	40,916
Athletics			8,925		36,229		35,634	(186)		9,334		-	9,334
Federal Flowthrough Fund	ds		(48,395)		108,006		93,771	=		(34,160)		34,160 ⁽²⁾	=
Federal Direct Funds			(3,165)		18,032		33,765	(2,870)		(21,768)		21,768 ⁽²⁾	-
Local Grants			27,835		=		=	=		27,835		-	27,835
State Flowthrough Funds			(19,856)		41,909		50,611	-		(28,558)		28,558 ⁽²⁾	-
State Direct Funds			617		=		=	=		617		-	617
Local/State			4,367		1,639		3,256	=		2,750		-	2,750
Bond Building			35,302		122		11,662	-		23,762		-	23,762
State SB-9 Match			-		26		-	(26)		-		-	-
Capital Improvements SB-	-9		74,270		80,459		32,380	(451)		121,898		-	121,898
Ed Technology Equipmer	ıt Act		37,638		159		27,403	-		10,394		-	10,394
Debt Service			79		13		-	-		92		-	92
Ed Tech Debt Service			6,749		81,572		82,295	-		6,026		-	6,026
Agency Funds				-	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	 				69,760	 69,760
Total		\$	304,245	\$	2,217,529	\$	2,199,616	\$ (5,134)	\$	317,024	\$	69,760	\$ 386,784
Account Name	Bank Name	<u>e</u>		Accoun	t Type	Ba	nk Amount	I	Adjustm	ents to report:	:		
Operational	Farmers &	Stockman	ns Bank	Checki	ng - Interest	\$	459,632		Interf	und loans - po	oled ca	sh (1)	\$ (84,486)
Activities	Farmers &	Stockman	ns Bank	Certific	cate of Deposit		29,017		Interf	und loans - po	oled ca	sh (2)	84,486
Activities	Farmers &	Stockman	ns Bank	Certific	cate of Deposit		16,026		Ageno	ey funds			 69,760
					-	\$	504,675	r	Гotal ad	justment to th	e repor	t	\$ 69,760
									Bank Cash o	nents to cash: Balance on hand anding deposit anding checks			\$ 504,675 - (117,891)
								,	Гotal ad	justed cash			\$ 386,784

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

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Schedule of Findings and Responses: Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statement Findings

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Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

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Required Disclosure

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH <u>GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Tim Keller, State Auditor The Board of Education and Audit Committee of Des Moines Municipal Schools

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds, of Des Moines Municipal Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Des Moines Municipal Schools' basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons of Des Moines Municipal Schools, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered Des Moines Municipal Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Des Moines Municipal Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Des Moines Municipal Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Des Moines Municipal Schools' financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and other matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Des Moines Municipal Schools' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. We also noted certain other matters that are required to be reported pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards* and pursuant to Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as findings 2017-001 and 2017-002.



Tim Keller, State Auditor
The Board of Education and Audit Committee of
Des Moines Municipal Schools

Des Moines Municipal Schools' Response to Findings

Farmington, New Mexico Financial Solutions &

Des Moines Municipal Schools responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Des Moines Municipal Schools' responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

October 2, 2017

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Des Moines Municipal Schools' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

104 | Page

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

I.	SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS			
	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: Type of auditor's report issued: <u>Unmodified</u>	Yes	<u>No</u>	Occurrences
	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	Material weakness(es) identified?		<u> </u>	
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		✓	
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		<u> </u>	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2017 – 001 LACK OF TIMELY MONITORING OF BUDGET (Original No. 2016 – 002)

Other Noncompliance

(Repeat of prior year finding, updated and revised)

Condition: There were unfavorable variances between actual and budgeted line item expenditures. The District had one over expenditure of line items at the end of June 30, 2017, which is the same as the prior year due to the 1% administration fee charged to the collection of delinquent property taxes. The following fund had the unfavorable variance between budgeted amounts at fiscal yearend:

Capital Improvements SB-9 General Administration \$

Criteria: According to NMSA 1978 Section 22-8-11 B all fiscal agents of public monies have a responsibility to monitor spending to comply with established budget guidelines.

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Cause: Improper monitoring of line item expenditures by comparing budgeted amounts and actual amounts spent allowed unfavorable (negative) variances, overspending of line item budgets, to occur.

Effect of condition: Violation of NMSA 1978 Section 22-8-11 B, over spending of public monies. The condition could lead to expenditures being paid in excess of total budgeted amounts.

Recommendation: Management should implement immediate steps to provide adequate financial reports to allow for proper and timely monitoring of line item expenditures. Budget adjustment requests should be approved by the Board of Education and State Public Education Department (when required) to receive approval to make necessary changes to the records prior to being presented for audit.

Management's response: The District has reviewed 22-8-11 (B) NMSA 1978. The overspent amount in fund 31700 represents the 1% assessment fee imposed by the county for collection of property taxes. Property taxes had an unexpected increase in June. The District did not receive the final tax revenue from the county treasurer until past the deadline of June 1, 2017 to submit a Budget Adjustment Request (BAR). In the future, the Business Manager will communicate with the county tax collector to monitor tax collections earlier in the year to avoid exceeding budgeted amounts.

Person/positions responsible for overseeing corrective actions: Business Manager and finance staff

Timeline for corrective actions: Immediately.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT'S (cont'd)

2017 – 002 INCOMPLETE FORM I-9 Other Non-Compliance

Condition: Thirteen of twenty employee files selected for testing had incomplete I-9 forms.

Criteria: In accordance with the federal Immigration and Nationality Act Section 274A, employees are required to prove their citizenship or legal immigrant status prior to employment.

Cause: The District did not complete the I-9's form correctly.

Effect of condition: The District is out of compliance with requirements for the Immigration and Nationality Act.

Recommendation: The District should not employ any individual without prior completion and verification of the Form I-9. Application packages should be reviewed/approved by second person prior to applicant beginning employment.

Management's response: The District has reviewed the Federal Immigration and Nationality Act Section 274A. I-9 forms will be filled out correctly to be in compliance with the Federal Immigration and Nationality Act, Section 274A.

Person/positions responsible for overseeing corrective actions: Business Manager and finance staff.

Timeline for corrective actions: These forms will be completed/corrected by September 22, 2017

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

I. NOT RESOLVED

2016-002 ACTUAL EXPENDITURES EXCEEDED BUDGETED EXPENDITURES Current Status: Not resolved. Repeated in the current year.

II. RESOLVED

2016-001 CERTIFICATION OF YEAR-END PHYSICAL INVENTORY *Current Status*: Resolved. Not repeated in the current year.

REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The independent public accountants assisted in the preparation of the financial statements.

An exit conference was held October 16, 2017 and was attended by the following individuals:

DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS

Barry Hittson Member, Board of Education / Audit Committee Scott Warner Member, Board of Education / Audit Committee

Ginger Doherty Member, Audit Committee

Kodi Sumpter Superintendent; Member, Audit Committee Debbie Martinez Business Manager; Member, Audit Committee

Kamau Turner Principal

ACCOUNTING & FINANCIAL SOLUTIONS, LLC

Terry Ogle, CPA Partner

STATE OF NEW MEXICO DES MOINES MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS