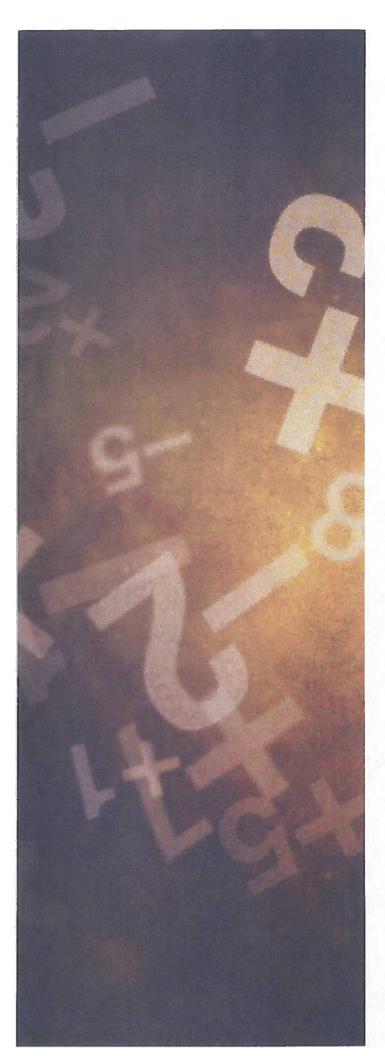


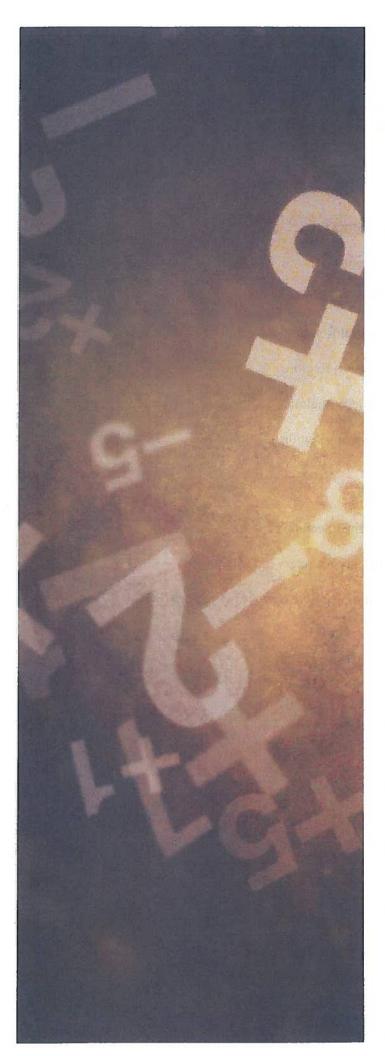
STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES

**FINANCIAL REPORT** 

**JUNE 30, 2012** 



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## STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS SERVICES

#### Official Roster

#### **Advisory Board Members**

<u>Name</u> <u>Region</u>

Armando Amador Southern Region

Charlene Scherrer Central Region

Hiroshi Miyamura Western Region

Leon Morris Eastern Region

Donnie Kee Northern Region

Administration

Timothy Hale Cabinet Secretary

Alan Martinez Deputy Secretary

Dan McCormack Administrative Services Director/CFO



6200 Uptown Blvd NE, Suite 400 Albuquerque, NM 87110 P: 505.338.0800 F: 505.338.0801 www.riccicpa.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Mr. Timothy Hale, Cabinet Secretary, Department of Veterans' Services and Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the State of New Mexico, Department of Veterans' Services (Department) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the Department's fiduciary funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico that are attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2012, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Department, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the fiduciary funds of the Department as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Mr. Timothy Hale, Cabinet Secretary, Department of Veterans' Services and Mr. Hector Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2012, on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary comparison statements and the combining statement of fiduciary net assets. The additional schedules listed as supplemental information in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Ricci & Company LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico December 13, 2012

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

The Department of Veterans' Service (Department) discussion and analysis is provided as an overview of the financial activities of the Department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and related GASB statements. Ricci & Company, LLC prepared the financial statements with the assistance of the Department. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 were developed by GASB to make annual reports more comprehensive and easier to understand and use.

The Governor, on June 20, 2003, exercising his authority granted by the Laws of 2003, Chapter 403, by Executive Order No. 2003-022, elevated the Veterans' Service Commission to a cabinet-level status renaming the Veterans' Service Commission to the New Mexico Department of Veterans' Services. The newly appointed Secretary of the Department of Veterans' Services is appointed by and answers to the Governor of the State of New Mexico.

#### The Basic Financial Statements

In compliance with requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the Department's basic financial statements include the:

- Government-wide financial statements;
- Fund financial statements:
- Budget comparison statement; and
- Notes to the financial statements.

In compliance with 2.2.2 New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) Section 2.2.2.10A.(2)(b), the audit opinion also covers additional information consisting of:

- Combining financial statements, and
- Individual fund budget comparison statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is included as required supplementary information (RSI).

#### REPORTING ON THE DEPARTMENT AS A WHOLE

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Department's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business reporting. These statements report information about the overall government without displaying individual funds or fund types. They distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. However, the Department does not have any business-type activities to report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

The Statement of Net Assets inclusively presents <u>current</u> and <u>long-term</u> assets and liabilities, with the difference between the assets and liabilities reported as net assets. The Statement of Activities presents all changes in net assets as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing related to cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are included in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, like uncollected receivables (even if the "available" criteria is not met) and earned but unused vacation leave.

#### Reporting on the Department's Most Significant Funds

#### The Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are used to report additional and detailed information. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Funds are used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented by governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Department's near-term financing decisions. Both of the governmental funds *Balance Sheet* and the governmental funds *Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Department maintains its fund structure in the Statewide Human Resources, Accounting and Management Reporting (SHARE) system. The Department operates with three governmental-type funds, the 1) General Fund, 2) Armed Forces Veterans' License Special Revenue Fund and 3) the Veterans' Approval Special Revenue Fund. A fourth fund was created in FY2011 to account for federal funds received from the New Mexico Office of Recovery and Reinvestment. This Special Revenue Fund is for a Post Traumatic Stress Disorder Wellness Treatment Program. The governmental fund reporting focus is primarily on the sources, uses and balances of <u>current</u> financial resources and has a budgetary orientation.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 46 of this report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

#### The Budget Comparison Statements

The budget comparison statements required by GASB Statement 34 present the original and final appropriated budget for the reporting period as well as actual inflows and outflows stated on the budgetary basis. A separate column reports the variance between the final budget and actual amounts. In compliance with 2.2.2 New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) Section 2.2.2.10 P (1) through (3) the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual:

- Include prior-year cash required to balance the budget;
- Has been included as part of the basic financial statements; and
- Has been included in the auditor's opinion.

The Department's budgeted funds consist of four individual Statewide Human Resources Accounting and Management Reporting System (SHARE) funds. Therefore, four individual fund budget comparison statements have been included in order to demonstrate budget compliance at the SHARE fund level, and to comply with the audit scope requirements of 2.2.2 (NMAC) Section 2.2.2.10 A(2)(e).

#### The Department as Trustee

The Department is the trustee or fiduciary for the following:

#### 1) Veterans' Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for the estates of veterans and minor children of veterans where the Department is appointed guardian or conservator. The funds come from the Veterans Administration, Social Security, Railroad Retirement, Civil Service Annuity, and other sources such as rent, royalties, insurance payments and inheritance funds. Disbursements are for support and maintenance, clothing, dental, medical and school expenses for the wards and their dependents. Also involved are other types of transactions such as purchasing and selling real estate, buying furniture and automobiles and renting housing. All funds are deposited into the individual ward's accounts at the First National Bank of Santa Fe. Funds are invested and disbursed by the Trustee Bank, the First National Bank of Santa Fe.

#### 2) Cemetery Fund (Fund #12300)

This fund is administered by the New Mexico Department of Veterans' Services and is to be used to increase the size of the Santa Fe National Cemetery. Donations come from citizens and also are designated by individuals on their New Mexico income tax returns. The funds will be remitted to the City of Santa Fe.

## NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

#### 3) National Guard Members/Family Assistance Fund (Fund #55300)

This fund is administered by the New Mexico Department of Veterans' Services and is to be used to assist National Guard members activated for service in the global war on terrorism and to their families. Funds come from the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department designated by taxpayers on personal income tax returns. The Statutory authority establishing the fund was HB484, Laws of 2005. During the year ended, responsibility for the fund was transferred to the Department of Military affairs and is no longer being managed by the Department.

All of the Department's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Assets and Liabilities and Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities on pages 23 and 47 through 48 of this report. We exclude these activities from the Department's other financial statements because the Department cannot use these funds to finance its operations. The Department is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### THE DEPARTMENT AS A WHOLE

#### Financial Analysis of the Department

The Department's combined net assets were decreased from a year ago, by \$19,152 or (22.9%), from \$83,545 to \$64,393.

Our analysis below focuses on the net assets and changes in net assets of the Department's governmental activities. Comparative information from the previous fiscal year is included for the reader's information.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

### Net Assets Governmental Activities

		FY 2012	FY 2011	Change
Investment in the State Treasurer			= =====================================	E shimi i z-U
Fund Investment Pool	\$	585,935	337,653	248,282
Due from other state agencies		6,328	178,698	(172,370)
Prepaid expenses		163	-	163
Capital assets, net of depreciation	Quit Ma	11,544	20,292	(8,748)
Total assets	- IF 1	603,970	536,643	67,327
Accounts payable and other liabilities		275,896	111,608	164,288
Due to local governments		2,776	2,776	-
Due to State General Fund		183,617	256,386	(72,769)
Compensated absences – current		58,893	62,734	(3,841)
Compensated absences – long term	<u></u>	18,395	19,594	(1,199)
Total liabilities		539,577	453,098	86,479
Net assets, invested in capital assets		11,544	20,292	(8,748)
Net assets, restricted		52,849	63,253	(10,404)
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	64,393	83,545	(19,152)

Total assets increased by \$67,327 or 12.5% from a year ago, and total liabilities increased by \$86,479 or 19.1% from a year ago.

Accounts payable increased by \$164,288, from \$111,608 to \$275,896.

Total liabilities of \$539,577 constitute 89.3% of total assets.

The Department's net assets are reported in the following two categories of net assets; (1) invested in capital assets; and (2) restricted. The invested in capital assets balance is positive and the restricted balance is also positive.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

The Department's capital assets balance at year end was \$11,544, net of accumulated depreciation. The Department uses the capital assets to provide its services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The remaining balance of restricted net assets of \$52,849 will be used to expand services to rural areas of the State including Native American communities and senior citizen centers. The Department's net assets decreased by \$19,152 during the current fiscal year.

#### Statement of Activities – Changes in Net Assets

The statement below shows the components that decreased, in the aggregate, the Department's net assets by \$19,152 during the year.

### Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities

		FY 2012	FY 2011	Change
Program revenues:				
Operating grants – federal	-\$	315,362	325,935	(10,573)
Charges for services - fees	_	70,187	58,196	11,991
Total program revenues		385,549	384,131	1,418
General revenues:				
State General Fund appropriations		2,807,900	2,858,404	(50,504)
Reversions to the State General Fund		(122,761)	(243,448)	120,687
Miscellaneous	_	343	773	(430)
Total general revenues		2,685,482	2,615,729	69,753
Expenses				
Welfare and education		3,081,435	2,963,487	117,948
Depreciation	1 1 <u>-</u> 1	8,748	8,748	
Total general expenses	-	3,090,183	2,972,235	117,948
Change in net assets		(19,152)	27,625	(46,777)
Beginning net assets		83,545	55,920	27,625
Ending net assets	\$	64,393	83,545	(19,152)

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

The Department's governmental activities program revenue increased by \$1,418, or .4%. This was the result of charges for services increased greater than the decrease in federal operating grant revenues.

The Department's governmental activities general revenue increased by \$69,753 or 2.7%. This was the result of decreased general fund appropriations from a year ago and a significant decrease in reversions to the State General Fund.

The cost of governmental activities this year was \$3,090,183 compared to \$2,972,235 last year, or an increase of \$117,948 or 4.0%. This was the result of a general increase in contractual and other costs to carry out State appropriations.

#### The Department's Funds

As noted earlier, the Department uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, providing useful information near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources (modified accrual basis). Unreserved fund balance serves as a measure of net resources available for future appropriation. Because unexpended balances in SHARE Fund 06500 (General Fund) must revert to the State General Fund, the unreserved fund balance will always be zero. SHARE Fund 89600 (Veterans' Approval Fund) and SHARE Fund 78400 (Veterans' License Fund) are non-reverting; therefore the unreserved balance is available for future appropriation.

The composition of the fund balance reservations at the end of the current and prior fiscal years appears below:

	<b>FY 2012</b>	FY 2011	<b>Change</b>
Unreserved – designated for subsequent			
year's expenditures	\$ -	-1 en . n	
Restricted	130,137	145,581	(15,444)
Total fund balance	<u>\$ 130,137</u>	145,581	(15,444)

The governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 15) reported a fund balance of \$130,137 which is down from last year's total of \$145,581. The decrease of \$15,444 or (10.6%) is attributable to the excess of expenditures over revenues in the Armed Forces Veterans' License Fund.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the Department received a special appropriation of \$161,000 from the legislature, which allowed sufficient funding for personnel costs through the end of the fiscal year. The Department executed 5 Budget Adjustment Requests (BAR) during the year which increased the budget overall by \$22,500, decreasing the Contractual Services budget by \$119,000 and decreasing the Personal Services budget by \$38,500 and increasing the Other Costs budget by \$180,000.

#### **Capital Assets**

The Department's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation is \$11,544. There is no debt related to these capital assets. There were \$0 in additions to capital assets for the year. Depreciation expense for the year totaled \$8,748. The investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation changed from \$20,292 to \$11,544 for a decrease of \$8,748.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

The Department's long-term debt is made up entirely of the long-term portion of the compensated absence liability, which was \$18,395 at June 30, 2012.

#### Next Year's Budget

The Department will experience an increase of 7.7% in budget of the State General Fund Appropriations between FY 2013 and FY 2012, from \$2,807,900 to \$3,023,800, which is significant. Budget reductions could be ordered as the fiscal year progresses.

The Department will experience a 11.5% decrease in funding in the Armed Forces Veterans' License Fund between FY 2012 and FY 2013, from \$70,187 to \$62,100, which is significant but attributed to reduced fund balance availability as a result of decreased revenues from license plate sales.

The Departments mission to perform Veterans Approval for education benefits was transferred to the New Mexico Department of Higher Education in January 2010, however in October of 2012, this fund was re-assigned and will be handled by the Department for fiscal year 2013.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Required Supplementary Information)

#### FY 2013 Operating Budget

#### General Fund 06500

Personal Services/Employee Benefits Contractual Services	\$ 2,010,000 739,200
Other Operating Costs	<u>274,600</u>
Total General Fund 06500	<u>\$ 3,023,800</u>

#### **Armed Forces Veterans' License Fund 78400**

Other Costs \$ 62,100

The budgets for the FY 2013 are not expected to have a significant effect on financial position (net assets) or results of operations of the Department for FY 2013.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the Department of Veterans' Services finances for all those interested in the Department finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information please contact:

The Department of Veterans' Services P.O. Box 2324 Bataan Memorial Bldg. Santa Fe, NM 87504-2324 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2012

	 vernmental activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Investment in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$ 585,935
Due from other state agencies	6,328
Prepaid expenses	163
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Total current assets	592,426
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$113,014	11,544
	THE P
Total assets	603,970
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	245,348
Accrued salaries payable	16,870
Payroll taxes and benefits payable	13,678
Due to local governments	2,776
Due to State General Fund	183,617
Compensated absences payable	 58,893
Total current liabilities	521,182
Long-term Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable	 18,395
Total liabilities	 539,577
NET ASSETS	
Investment in capital assets	11,544
Restricted	 52,849
Total net assets	\$ 64,393

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Governmental Activities		
Expenditures				
Veterans' welfare	\$	3,090,183		
Program Revenues				
Charges for services - fees		70,187		
Operating grants - federal		315,362		
Total program revenues		385,549		
Net program expense		(2,704,634)		
General Revenues				
State General Fund appropriations		2,807,900		
Miscellaneous		343		
m C				
Transfers Reversions to the State General Fund		(122,761)		
Total general revenues and transfers		2,685,482		
Change in net assets		(19,152)		
Net assets, beginning		83,545		
Net assets, ending	\$	64,393		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2012

A COPETTO		General Fund	Veterans' Approval	Armed Forces Veterans' License	PTSD Wellness Treatment Program	Total
ASSETS Investment in State Treasurer General Fund						
Investment Pool	\$	457,769	2,776	125,390	Desired to	585,935
Due from other state agencies		_	´ <b>-</b>	6,328	-	6,328
Prepaid expenses		III II •	S 1 7	163	-	163
Total assets	\$	457,769	2,776	131,881	-	592,426
			en ki i	ME A TIL		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	243,604	_	1,744	-	245,348
Accrued salaries payable		16,870	ц	- 2-10	10 1 20 1	16,870
Payroll taxes and benefits payable		13,678		es -	1 17 m	13,678
Due to local governments			2,776	1 14	01 1-76	2,776
Due to State General Fund	_	183,617	-	<u>-</u>	-	183,617
Total liabilities		457,769	2,776	1,744	n and Meg. and allow	462,289
Fund Balance Restricted						
Special purposes		-	_	130,137	-	130,137
Total fund balance		-		130,137	-	130,137
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	457,769	2,776	131,881	-	592,426

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES BALANCE SHEET
TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2012

Total fund balance for the governmental fund (Balance Sheet)	\$ 130,137
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	11,544
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(77,288)
Net assets of governmental activities (Statement of Net Assets)	\$ 64,393

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues	•	General Fund	Veterans' Approval	Armed Forces Veterans' License	PTSD Wellness Treatment Program	Total
Charges for services	\$			70,187		70,187
Intergovernment - federal grant revenue	Ф	140,362	_	70,107	175,000	315,362
Miscellaneous		343	<u> </u>	-	-	343
Total revenues	_	140,705		70,187	175,000	385,892
Expenditures						
Welfare and assistance Current:						•
Personal services and employee benefits		1,834,850	_	_	-	1,834,850
Contractual services		630,167	-		175,000	805,167
Other costs		360,827	-	85,631	_	446,458
Total expenditures		2,825,844	-	85,631	175,000	3,086,475
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(2,685,139)		(15,444)	- III	(2,700,583)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
State General Fund appropriations		2,807,900	-	-	-	2,807,900
Reversions to State General Fund		(122,761)		-	-	(122,761)
Total other financing sources		2,685,139	-	<b>4</b>	-	2,685,139
Net change in fund balance		-	-	(15,444)	-	(15,444)
Fund balance, beginning of year		•	-	145,581	-	145,581
Fund balance, end of year	\$		-	130,137	-	130,137

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF
REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net change in fund balance - Governmental Fund (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance)		\$	(15,444)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of			
Activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlay	\$	-	
Depreciation expense		(8,748)	
Excess depreciation expense over capital outlay	yua iii a		(8,748)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in compensated absences		h 9 ft 197	5,040_
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Statement of Net Assets)		\$	(19,152)

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS GENERAL FUND (Fund 06500) Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
State General Fund appropriations	\$ 2,634,400	2,807,900	2,807,900	-
Federal grants - operating	 150,000	160,000		(160,000)
Total revenues	\$ 2,784,400	2,967,900	2,807,900	(160,000)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personal services and employee benefits	\$ 1,718,900	1,841,400	1,834,850	6,550
Contractual services	794,700	755,700	630,167	125,533
Other costs	 270,800	370,800	360,827	9,973
Total expenditures	\$ 2,784,400	2,967,900	2,825,844	142,056

#### Reconciliation of GAAP basis to budget basis revenues:

Revenue - GAAP basis Miscellaneous revenue not included in budget	\$	2,948,605 (140,705)
Revenue - budget basis	_\$	2,807,900

#### Note:

The actual expenditures on the budget basis do not include any accounts payable that required a request to pay prior year bills out of the FY 2012 budget.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
VETERANS' APPROVAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Fund 89600)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

			*	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Varian Favora (Unfavor	ble
Revenues	3							
Feder	ral grants - operating			\$ -	complete -			
	Total revenues			\$ -	•	-	<del></del>	-
Expendit	ures							
Curre	ent:							
Pe	ersonal services and e	mployee ben	efits	\$ -	<b>3</b>	-		-
C	ontractual services					1_41-		
0	ther costs			 -	_	um fra -		
	Total expenditures	3		\$ 	-	-		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ARMED FORCES VETERANS' LICENSE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Fund 78400)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Miscellaneous and other	\$	100,000	100,000	70,187	(29,813)
Total revenues	\$	100,000	100,000	70,187	(29,813)
Expenditures	25				
Current: Other costs	\$	100,000	100,000	85,631	14,369
Total expenditures	\$	100,000	100,000	85,631	14,369

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
PTSD WELLNESS TREATMENT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND (Fund 89000)
Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Federal grants - operating	\$ 175,000	175,000	175,000	<u> </u>
Total revenues	\$ 175,000	175,000	175,000	-
Expenditures Current: Personal services and employee benefits Contractual services Other costs	\$ 175,000	175,000 -	- 175,000 	. Hu .
Total expenditures	\$ 175,000	175,000	175,000	-

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2012

Assets Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Investments and other property	\$ \$ 152,417 10,660,120		
Total assets	\$ 10,812,537		
Liabilities Assets held for others	\$ 10,812,537		
Total liabilities	\$ 10,812,537		

#### **NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION**

#### 1. History and Functions

The Department of Veterans' Services is a cabinet-level department created by the Laws 2003, Ch.403 and is governed by Section 9-22-1 through 9-22-20, NMSA 1978. The mission of the Department of Veterans' Services is to assist veterans, widows, and children of veterans in establishing the privileges to which they are entitled.

#### The Department is responsible for:

- A. assisting veterans, their surviving spouses and their children in the preparation, presentation and prosecution of claims against the United States arising by reason of military or naval service;
- B. assisting veterans, their surviving spouses and their children in establishing the rights and the procurement of benefits that have accrued or may accrue to them pursuant to state law;
- C. disseminating information regarding laws beneficial to veterans, their surviving spouses and their children, and
- D. cooperating with agencies of the United States that are or may be established for the beneficial interest of veterans, to which end the Department may enter into agreements or contracts with the United States for the purpose of protecting rights or benefits of veterans.

#### The Department includes the following divisions:

- 1) Administrative Services Division;
- 2) Field Services Division;
- 3) State Approving Division, and
- 4) State Benefits Division

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Department of Veterans' Service (Department) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. In addition, applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, apply unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. They are applied to the government-wide financial statements. The more significant of the Department's accounting policies are described below:

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### A. Reporting Entity and Component Units

The Department is a department of the primary government, the State of New Mexico. These financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of only those Statewide Human Resources, Accounting and Management Reporting System Accounting System (SHARE) funds for which the Department has oversight responsibility. The District is a user organization of the SHARE system. The service organization is the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

The Department has decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Department is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, but would be included in a state-wide Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

In evaluating how to define the Department for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the government body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Department is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Department does not have any component units.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, statement of net assets and statement of activities, report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities. The Department also has fiduciary activities. When applicable, the effect of inter-fund activity is eliminated from the statement of net assets in order to avoid a grossing-up effect on the assets and liabilities within the statement. The Department does not have any business-type activities; therefore, only government activities are shown. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The fund financial statements, the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances are presented to report additional and detailed information about the Department. Emphasis is on the major funds of the governmental category. The General Fund, Veterans' Approval Fund, Armed Forces Veteran's License Fund and the Post Traumatic Stress Disorder Wellness Treatment Program Fund have been classified as major funds. The General Fund is the Department's operating fund and includes all financial transactions conducted to fulfill its general government function. It accounts for all financial resources of the Department. There were no nonmajor funds.

The Department's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide statements.

The focus is on the Department as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental category, as well as the fiduciary fund by category.

The financial transactions of the Department are recorded in individual funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, expenditures or expenses and other financing sources or uses. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by spending activities are controlled.

The new model sets forth the minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

The following fund types are used by the Department:

#### Governmental Fund Types

All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial measurement focus. Only current assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Due to their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Department and a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is made up of the following Statewide Human Resources, Accounting and Management Reporting System Accounts System (SHARE) fund.

06500 General Operating - The operating account for the Department. This is a reverting fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Department's Special Revenue Funds are as follows:

- 78400 <u>Armed Forces Veterans' License Fund</u> The purpose of providing special registration plates for veterans. A portion of the fee collected shall be credited to the fund. Expenditures are for the purpose of expanding services to rural areas of the State including Native American communities and senior citizen centers. This fund is non-reverting to the State General Fund as per Section 66-3-419.F, NMSA 1978.
- Neterans' Approval Fund There is created within the New Mexico Veterans' Service Department the 'Veterans Approval Agency' to carry out the state obligation under provision of 38 USC Section 1771, Article 13 Section 28-13-13. (Former Sub-chapter VII of Chapter 17 was renumbered Sub-chapter IV of Chapter 20. Section 1771 was renumbered Section 3671.) The purpose of this fund is to collect administrative monies from the U.S. Department of Veterans' Affairs. These monies are used for administrative costs of the Veterans' Approval Agency which is now supervised by the director of the New Mexico Department of Veterans' Services. The fund is non-reverting to the State General Fund pursuant to the above cited sections of the U.S. Code. This fund was transferred to the Department of Higher Education and as of June 30, 2012, the Department was no longer managing this fund. Per further developments, this fund has been transferred back to the Department, and it will be managed beginning in fiscal year 2013.
- 89000 Post Traumatic Stress Disorder Wellness Treatment Program As part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, funds were received by the Department to implement a program aimed at supporting Veterans that were suffering from Post Traumatic Stress Disorder, and the veteran's significant other. The funds were handled by the New Mexico Office of Recovery and Reinvestment, and DVS contacted Veterans within the state to participate in the program. The fund was originally budgeted at \$350,000 and will be fully spent over two fiscal years beginning in fiscal year 2011 and ending during fiscal year 2012.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary fund types include trust and agency funds, which are used to account for assets held by the Department in the capacity of trustee or agent.

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for other governmental units, individual and other funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds of the Department are used to account for the proceeds of settlement and court decisions until the proceeds may be distributed to the proper recipients. The Department's agency funds are as follows:

<u>Veterans' Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the estates of veterans and minor children of veterans where the Department is appointed guardian or conservator. The funds come from the Veterans Administration, Social Security, Railroad Retirement, Civil Service Annuity, and other sources such as rent, royalties, insurance payments and inheritance funds. Disbursements are for support and maintenance, clothing, dental, medical and school expenses for the wards and other dependents. Also involved are other types of transactions such as purchases and selling real estate, buying furniture and automobiles and renting housing. All funds are deposited to the wards' accounts at the First National Bank of Santa Fe. Funds are invested and disbursed by the Trustee Bank, the First National Bank of Santa Fe.

<u>Cemetery Fund (Fund #12300)</u> – This fund is administered by the New Mexico Department of Veterans' Services and is to be used to increase the size of the Santa Fe National Cemetery. Donations come from citizens and via designation on their New Mexico income tax returns. The funds will be remitted to the City of Santa Fe.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting is related to timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, and assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, which was adopted by the Department as of July 1, 2000. The Department's program revenues consist of federal grants. Revenue from federal grants is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been met on a "reimbursement basis." All other revenues are considered general revenues. Capital assets are reported at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense is reported in the statement of activities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered a measure of available spendable resources.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of spendable resources during a period. Revenues are available if collectible within the current period or soon enough afterwards to pay liabilities of the current period. The Department considers revenues to be available if collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. The Department does not have any debt service expenditures. The current portion of the compensated absences liability is not included in the fund financial statements because the State of New Mexico does not budget for any compensated absences in the current year.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Receivables and Payables

When applicable, amounts "due to/from other funds" between the two SHARE funds are netted for financial statement presentation when they are combined into the General Fund. Any amounts "due to/from other agencies" shown in the General Fund reflect outstanding balances of the receivables and payables between the Department and other departments of the State of New Mexico. Amounts shown as "due to the State General Fund" reflect current year reversions for unexpended appropriations for the current fiscal year. Balances to which a fiduciary fund is a party are treated as "external" receivables and payables.

#### E. Capital Assets

Capital assets of the Department include data processing equipment, furniture and fixtures, and equipment. The Department does not have any infrastructure. Capital assets are defined in Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978. Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978 was amended effective June 19, 2005 changing the capitalization threshold of movable chattels and equipment from items costing more than \$1,000 to items costing more than \$5,000. The Department has adopted this change in an accounting estimate, per Accounting Principles Board (APB) 20. Old inventory items that do not meet the new capitalization threshold will remain on the inventory list and continue to be depreciated. Any items received after July 1, 2005 will be added to the inventory only if they meet the new capitalization policy. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Computer software which is purchased with computer equipment is included as part of the capitalized computer equipment in accordance with 2.20.1.9 C (5) NMAC. The Department does not develop computer software. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The Department does not undertake major capital projects involving interest costs during the construction phase. There is no debt related to the capital assets. Capital assets of the Department are depreciated using zero salvage value and the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Machinery and equipment	5 years
Information technology equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years

The Department utilizes facilities and buildings that are owned by the Property Control Division of the State of New Mexico General Services Department. These assets and the related depreciation expense are not included in the accompanying financial statements. GASB 34 requires the recording and depreciation of infrastructure assets, such as roads, bridges, etc. The Department does not own any infrastructure assets.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Department follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. No later than September 1<sup>st</sup>, the Department prepares a budget request by appropriation unit to be presented to the next Legislature.
- 2. The appropriation request is submitted to the Department of Finance and Administrations Budget Division (DFA) and to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC).
- 3. DFA makes recommendations and adjustments to the appropriation request which become the Governor's proposal to the Legislature.
- 4. LFC holds hearings on the appropriation request, also submitting recommendations and adjustments before presentation to the Legislature.
- 5. Both the DFA and LFC recommended appropriation proposals are presented to the Legislature for approval of the final budget plan.
- 6. Budgetary control is exercised by the Department at the appropriation unit level. Budget Adjustment Requests (BARs) are approved by the DFA Budget Division.
- 7. The budget for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds is adopted on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Per the General Appropriations Act, Laws of 2008, Chapter 109, Section 3, Subsections N and O, the budgetary basis is modified accrual. However, there is a statutory exception. The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for accounts payable accrued at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline per Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978. Those accounts payable require approval to pay prior year bills out of the FY 2012 budget. At June 30, 2012, there were accounts payable that would need to be paid as prior year bills.
- 8. The original budget differs from the final budget presented in the budget comparison statements of SHARE Fund #06500 by amendments made during the fiscal year.
- 9. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

Each year the Legislature approves multiple year appropriations, which the State considers as continuing appropriations. The Legislature authorizes these appropriations for two to five years; however, it does not identify the authorized amount by fiscal year. Consequently, the appropriation is budgeted in its entirety the first year the Legislature authorizes it. The unexpended portion of the budget is carried forward as the next year's beginning budget balance until either the project period has expired or the appropriation has been fully expended. The budget presentations in these financial statements are consistent with this budgeting methodology.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 2.2.2. 10.A(2) (b) of 2.2.2 NMAC Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies and the allowance made by GASB 34 footnote 53, the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund has been included as part of the basic financial statements.

#### G. Accrued Compensated Absences

Annual leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as benefits are earned by employees if: the employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered; and it is probable that the employer will compensate employees for benefits through paid time off or some other means such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

Where applicable, the compensated absence liability is presented in two parts in the government-wide financial statements, a current portion and long-term portion. The current portion is the amount expected to be expended during fiscal year 2012. It is an estimate management determined by comparing the amount actually paid out during fiscal year 2011 compared to the liability balance at June 30, 2012.

Employees accumulate annual leave at a rate based on appointment date and length of continuous service. A maximum of 240 hours of annual leave may be carried forward after the pay period beginning in December and ending in January. When employees terminate, they are compensated at their current hourly rate for accumulated unpaid annual leave as of the date of termination, up to a maximum 240 hours.

Employees accumulate sick leave at a rate of 3.69 hours per pay period. There is no limit to the amount of sick leave that an employee may accumulate. State agencies are allowed to pay fifty percent of each employee's hourly rate for accumulated sick leave over 600 hours, up to 120 hours. Payment may be made only once per fiscal year at a specified pay period in either January or July. Additionally, upon retirement those employees with over 600 hours accumulated sick leave have the option to convert 400 hours of such leave to cash at one half of their hourly rate.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Accrued Compensated Absences (Continued)

Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) states that nonexempt employees accumulate compensation time at a rate of 1.5 times the number of hours worked, in excess of forty hours per week, based on their regular hourly rate. Exempt and classified employees who are FLSA exempt accumulate compensation time at the same rate as the number of hours worked.

Exempt employees cannot carry forward unused compensation time into January of the subsequent calendar year. Overtime must be preapproved by management. Payment of this liability can be made by compensated leave time or cash payment. At June 30, 2012, there was \$338 compensation time owed to employees.

In accordance with GASB 16, accrued compensated absences consist of accumulated annual leave, sick leave between 600 and 720 hours, compensatory leave for employees, including the related employers' matching FICA and Medicare payroll taxes.

#### H. Reversions

Any unexpended balance remaining in SHARE Fund #06500 is generally reverted to the State General Fund. The General Appropriations Act of 2004, Section 3, Subsection N, states that "for the purpose of administration of the General Appropriations Act of 2005, the State of New Mexico shall follow the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds in accordance with the manual of model accounting practices issued by the Department of Finance and Administration." In accordance with the Department of Finance and Administration's "Basis of Accounting-Modified Accrual and the Budgetary Basis," the Office has accrued as payables amounts owed for goods and services received by June 30, 2012. Any remaining SHARE Fund 06500 fund balance not specifically reserved for prepaid postage or federal grant funds accounted for separately is being reverted to the State General Fund in accordance with Section 6-5-10, NMSA 1978. Fund 78400, Armed Forces Veterans' License Fund is nonreverting per Section 66-3-419F, NMSA 1978. Fund 89600 Veterans' Approval Fund is nonreverting per 38 USC Section 1771, Article 13, Section 28-13-13 of the U.S. Code.

In addition, unexpended balances of special appropriations are reverted when required by law.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Federal Grants Receivable (Deferred Revenue)

Reimbursement procedures are used for federal awards received by the Department. Consequently, timing differences between expenditures and program reimbursements can exist at any time during the fiscal year. Receivable balances and fiscal balances at fiscal year end represent an excess of modified accrual basis expenditures over cash reimbursements received to date. Conversely, deferred revenue balances represent an over draw of cash (advances) in excess of modified accrual basis expenditures. Generally, receivable or deferred revenue balances caused by differences in the timing of cash reimbursements and expenditures are returned to the grantor in the remaining grant period.

Determining the amount of expenditures reimbursable by the federal government, in some cases, requires management to estimate allowable costs to be charged to the federal government. As a result of this and other issues, management provides an allowance for potential contractual allowances for federal revenue. Any changes in these estimates are recorded in the period that the estimate is changed.

#### J. Net Assets /Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets consist of three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. The Department has no debt related to capital assets; therefore, net assets invested in capital assets equal the capital assets, net of related accumulated depreciation. The Department's financial statement does not show any net assets restricted because it does not have any resources remaining in the net assets that were received or earned with the explicit understanding between the Department and the resource provider (grantor, contributor, other government, enabling legislation) that the funds would be used for a specific purpose. Generally, the Department would first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Therefore, all remaining net assets that are not related to capital assets are shown as unrestricted.

In the fund financial statements, the Department has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement is intended to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications and clarifying the existing fund balance definitions.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

1. Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because (1) they are either not in spendable form or (2) they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Net Assets/Fund Equity (Continued)

- 2. Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government's highest level of decision-making authority removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Department has reviewed each of the classifications and has determined that the Armed Forces Veterans' License fund balance is restricted for the purpose of expanding services to rural areas of the State, including Native American communities and senior citizen centers in compliance with 66-3-419.F, NMSA 1978.

The Department would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 3. CASH – INVESTMENTS AND COLLATERAL

#### General Fund Investment Pool Not Reconciled

In June 2012 an independent expert diagnostic report revealed that the General Fund Investment Pool balances have not been reconciled at the business unit/fund level since the inception of the Statewide Human Resources, Accounting, and Management Reporting System (SHARE) system in July of 2006. The diagnostic report is available in the resources section of the cash control page of the New Mexico Department of Finance & Administration's website at: http://www.nmdfa.state.nm.us/Cash\_Control.aspx. The document title is Current State Diagnostic of Cash Control. Pursuant to state law, the Department of Finance and Administration is the agency responsible for the reconciliation.

The General Fund Investment Pool is the State of New Mexico's main operating account. State revenues such as income taxes, sales taxes, rents and royalties, and other recurring revenues are credited to the General Fund Investment Pool. The fund also comprises numerous State agency accounts whose assets, by statute (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978), must be held at the State Treasury.

As of June 30, 2012, the General Fund Investment Pool has not been reconciled at the business unit/fund level. Essentially, independent, third-party verification/confirmation of the Authority's balances at the business unit/fund level is not possible.

Under the direction of the State Controller/Financial Control Division Director, the Financial Control Division of the New Mexico Department of Finance & Administration (DFA/FCD) is taking aggressive action to resolve this serious problem. DFA/FCD has commenced the Cash Management Remediation Project (Remediation Project) in partnership with the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office, the New Mexico Department of Information Technology, and a contracted third party PeopleSoft Treasury expert.

The purpose of the Remediation Project is to design and implement the changes necessary to reconcile the General Fund Investment Pool in a manner that is complete, accurate, and timely. The Remediation Project will make changes to the State's current SHARE system configuration, cash accounting policies and procedures, business practices, and banking structure. The scheduled implementation date for the changes associated with the Remediation Project is February 1, 2013. An approach and plan to address the population of historical reconciling items will be developed during the Remediation Project, but a separate initiative will be undertaken to resolve the historical reconciling items.

The initial phase of the Remediation Project, completed on October 11, 2012, focused on developing a project plan and documenting current statewide business processes. The work product of the initial phase of the Remediation Project is a document entitled Cash Management Plan and Business Processes. This document is available on the Cash Control page of the New Mexico Department of Finance & Administration's website at: http://www.nmdfa.state.nm.us/Cash Control.aspx.

#### NOTE 3. CASH – INVESTMENTS AND COLLATERAL (CONTINUED)

#### A. Interest in the General Fund Investment Pool

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires the Department's cash be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of the Department consist of an interest in the General Fund Investment Pool managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office Investment (Overdraft) Accounts with State Treasurer. At June 30, 2012, the Department had the following invested in the General Fund Investment Pool:

	Agency Number	SHARE Fund		Balance per SHARE
NM Veterans' Service	67000	06500	\$	457,769
Armed Forces Veterans' License Fund	67000	78400		125,390
Veterans' Approval Fund	67000	89600	21111	2,776
Total government funds			-1   -1 -1 -1 -1 -1	585,935
Cemetery Agency Fund	67000	12300		152,417
Total cash and investments	in SGFIP		<u>\$</u>	738,352

Cash accounts on deposit with the New Mexico State Treasurer do not require collateral to be pledged because they are deposits with another governmental entity. The Administration is not authorized to make investments of funds on deposit with the New Mexico State Treasurer. The Department reconciles actual activity to revenues and expenditures posted in the SHARE system, which mitigates the risk that the Department's cash balances would be misstated due to the General Fund Investment Pool not being reconciled as previously mentioned.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office has an investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less on allowable investments. This policy is means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. This policy is reviewed and approved annually by the New Mexico State Board of Finance.

#### Credit Risk

The New Mexico State Treasurer pools are not rated. For additional GASB 40 disclosure information regarding cash held by the New Mexico State Treasurer, the reader should see the separate audit report for the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

#### NOTE 3. CASH – INVESTMENTS AND COLLATERAL (CONTINUED)

#### B. Cash in Bank (First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department)

- 1. Cash on deposit with the First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department represents fiduciary funds held in trust as conservator or personal representative of estates of certain wards presented in the Veterans' Trust Fund. Since these deposits are held at the bank as individual trusts, they are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the individual accounts are not exposed to custodial credit risk. This amount is included as a part of cash. There was a \$0 cash balance as of June 30, 2012.
- 2. Burial savings accounts of \$14,096 with the First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department at June 30, 2012 represent fiduciary funds held in trust as conservator or personal representative of estates of certain wards presented in the Veterans' Trust Fund. These deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and are not exposed to custodial credit risk. This amount is included as a part of investments.

#### C. Investments (First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department)

#### Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk

The First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department (Trustee) invests veterans' benefits in the Veterans' Trust Fund under a trust agreement with the Department. The Department is the conservator or personal representative of the estates of certain wards pursuant to Section 28-13-9, NMSA 1978. The trustee holds, manages, invests, and receives the trust- estate, collects income and disposes of the net income and principal in accordance with the trust agreement. The trustee is specifically authorized and empowered to "invest and reinvest any funds of the trust estate in deposits, assets, or other, securities, or property insured by an agency of the federal government, such as, but not limited to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or obligation issued by the United States Government or its agencies, or money market funds limited to investment in obligations of the United States Government or its agencies or other legal investments as in its discretion it shall deem advisable."

The trustee shall develop a general plan or plans for investment, not less than once a year. The trustee shall invest property and income in accordance with the plan. The compensation to the trustee is 1% per annum of the total value of the managed trust estate and the trustee shall create and manage an "individual account" on behalf of each of the wards for whom the grantor has been appointed conservator by a court of competent jurisdiction.

#### NOTE 3. CASH – INVESTMENTS AND COLLATERAL (CONTINUED)

#### C. Investments (First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department) (Continued)

#### Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

The Department's investments in the Veterans' Trust Fund at June 30, 2012 included the following:

Investment	Maturities		Carrying Amount	Fair Value
U.S. Savings Bonds Series EE	Various through 9/1/22	\$	200	476
U.S. Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds and debentures	Various through 3/24/16		920,248	938,728
Mutual Funds	N/A		7,392,825	7,345,821
Federal Government – Money market fund	N/A	1024 	684,543	684,543
Total investments			8,997,816	8,969,568
Other Property Automobiles, mobile homes				
and other	N/A		1,682,558	1,676,456
Burial savings accounts	N/A		14,096	14,096
Total other property		- <u> </u>	1,696,654	1,690,552
Total investments and other proper	ty declarated to t	\$ 1	0,694,470	10,660,120

#### Credit Risk

All investments are insured by an agency of the federal government or registered or securities held by the trustee or its agent in the name of the Department. Investments are in accordance with the "general plan." Investments are in legal investments which have safety, assured income, stability of principal and ready convertibility. Investments in Mutual funds are subject to market fluctuations.

#### NOTE 3. CASH – INVESTMENTS AND COLLATERAL (CONTINUED)

#### C. Investments (First National Bank of Santa Fe Trust Department) (Continued)

Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counter-party, the Department will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

All investment securities are insured and registered in the name of the Department or are held by either the counter-party or counter-party's trust department.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Department and trustee manages its exposure to declines in fair values and losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the modified duration of its investments to short periods of up to five years.

#### NOTE 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Department maintains commercial insurance through the Risk Management Division for coverage for workers compensation, auto liability, general liability, civil rights, property and contents, and fidelity bonds. Management believes that any potential loss would be adequately covered by insurance and would not result in any material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Department. During the past three years, the Department has not had any significant reduction in insurance coverage of settlements exceeding insurance coverage.

#### **NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Summaries of changes in capital assets and related depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2011, follows:

Mineral of the second	-	Balance	4.114	D 1 4 4	Balance
The control of the state of the	(	6/30/11	Additions	Deletions	6/30/12
Capital Assets					
Information and technology equipment	\$	59,391	.   - <del>-   -</del>	-	59,391
Furniture and fixtures		23,507	-	_	23,507
Machinery and equipment		50,408	\$1 	-	50,408
					de la reco
Total capital assets	<u>\$</u>	133,306			133,306
Accumulated Depreciation					
Information and technology equipment	\$	43,999	3,848	-	47,847
Furniture and fixtures		23,507	-		23,507
Machinery and equipment	_	45,508	4,900	_	50,048
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$</u>	113,014	8,748		121,762
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Deprecia	tion				
Information and technology equipment	\$	15,392	(3,848)	-	11,544
Furniture and fixtures			u	Hart -	- 1
Machinery and equipment		4,900	(4,900)		-
Net capital assets	<u>\$</u>	20,292	(8,748)	11581 11-2	11,544

The Department does not have any debt related to capital assets. Depreciation expense for the year was \$8,748.

#### NOTE 6. COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

The Department has recognized a liability of \$77,288 in the statement of net assets for annual leave and compensated absences based on current pay rates and hours accumulated at June 30, 2012. Compensated absences are paid with General Fund appropriations out of SHARE Fund 06500.

Current		Balance 5/30/11	Increase	Decrease	Balance 6/30/12
Compensated absences payable Long-term	\$	62,734	58,893	62,734	58,893
Compensated absences payable		19,594	18,395	19,594	18,395
Total compensated absences payable	<u>\$</u>	82,328	77,288	82,328	77,288

#### NOTE 7. REVERSIONS - DUE TO STATE GENERAL FUND

The General Fund receives a State General Fund appropriation annually. Any unexpected funds at the end of the year revert to the State General Fund. In addition, any other revenue received in the fund which is not specifically appropriated by the Legislature also reverts to the State General Fund. Federal grant funds which are commingled in the Department's General Fund, are accounted for separately, and do not revert to the State General Fund. The Department of Veterans' Services was appropriated \$2,807,900 for fiscal year 2012. Special appropriations totaled \$161,000 for fiscal year 2012.

General Fund			
Fund balance, July 1, 2011		\$	•
Revenue			2,948,605
Expenditures			(2,825,844)
Reversions		1 <u>111</u>	<u> </u>
			111-1
Fund balance, June 30, 2012			122,761
Reserved Fund Balance			
Due to State General Fund for	2012 appropriations	<u>\$</u>	122,761
Composition of amount due to	General Fund by fiscal year appropriation:		
2012 Fiscal Year		\$	122,761
2011 Fiscal Year			38,053
Stale dated warrants			22,803
Total due to State General F	und, June 30, 2012	<u>\$</u>	183,617

#### NOTE 8. ASSETS HELD IN CUSTODY FOR OTHERS

Assets held in trust consist of cash, investments, real property and miscellaneous property held in trust for veterans. All real property is reported on the financial statements at acquisition cost of the items or an estimate of what acquisition cost was for items transferred into the Department of Veterans' Services guardianship.

#### NOTE 9. PERA PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all of the Department's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% of their gross salary. The Department is required to contribute 15.09% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Department are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the Legislature. The Department's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$172,650, \$208,257, and \$183,497, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

#### NOTE 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description. Department of Veterans' Services contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the health care plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

#### NOTE 10. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment health care plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for health care benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at <a href="https://www.nmrhca.state.nm.us">www.nmrhca.state.nm.us</a>.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 1.834% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute .917% of their salary. In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013 the contribution rates for employees and employers will rise as follows:

Fiscal Year	Employer Contribution Rate	<b>Employee Contribution Rate</b>
FY13	2.000%	1.000%

Also, employers joining the program after 1/1/98 are required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

The Department's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$23,607, \$22,969, and \$15,784, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

#### NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Operating Lease Obligations**

The Department of Veterans' Services is committed under several leases for Department office space, grounds and various equipment. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases and are not reflected in the Department of Veterans' Services long-term liabilities. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2012, amounted to \$88,056. As of fiscal year 2012, all leases are on a month-to-month basis.

#### **Federal Grants**

The Department of Veterans' Services receives federal grants which may be refundable in the event that all terms of the grants are not complied with. In the opinion of management, no material refunds will occur.

Due From Due To

Purpose

#### NOTE 12. DUE FROM/DUE TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES

Fund 78400 – Armed Force	s Veterans' ]	License I	Plate Fund	
Taxation and Revenue Depart	tment		<u>\$ 6,328</u>	MVD distributions
NOTE 13. TRANSFERS TO	O/FROM O	THER A	GENCIES	
		Tra	ansfers	
Fund 06500 – General Fund	Fund No. L	То	From	Purpose
Department of Finance and Administration	\$	-	2,795,400	General Fund appropriation FY 2012
Department of Finance and Administration	_	<del>-</del>	12,500	Special appropriation — Native American Tax Refund
	<u>\$</u>		2,807,900	
Fund 78400 - Armed Forces	s Veterans' I	License I	<u>fund</u>	
Taxation & Revenue Dept.	33300 <u>\$</u>	-	70,187	MVD distributions, Sec. 66-6-23

#### NOTE 14. STATE GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS

	Original Appropriation	Appropriation Period	Expenditures & Reversions to Date	Balance of Appr Designated for Subsequent Year Expenditure	opriation  Due to  State  General  Fund
General Fund Appropriation Laws					
2008, Chap. 109, Sec 3	\$ 2,795,400	7/1/11 to 6/30/12	\$ 2,672,639	-	122,761
Special Appropriation – Native American Tax Refu	nd				
Laws 2009, Ch.124, Sec. 5	12,500	7/1/11 to 6/30/12	12,500	-	
	\$ 2,807,900		\$ 2,685,139	•	122,761

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2012

s .		Veterans'		Total
		Trust	Cemetery	Agency
		Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS		**		
Investment in State Treasurer General Fund				
Investment Pool	\$	-	152,417	152,417
Investments and other property		10,660,120	-	10,660,120
Total assets	\$	10,660,120	152,417	10,812,537
LIABILITIES				
	9			
Assets held for others	\$	10,660,120	152,417	10,812,537
Total liabilities	\$	10,660,120	152,417	10,812,537

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2012

Veterans' Trust Fund		Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2012
ASSETS					
Cash on deposit in banks Investments and other property	\$	485,648 11,013,612	-	(485,648) (353,492)	10,660,120
Total assets	\$	11,499,260	-	(839,140)	10,660,120
LIABILITIES					
Assets held for others	\$	11,499,260	V	(839,140)	10,660,120
Total liabilities	\$	11,499,260		(839,140)	10,660,120
Cemetery Fund					
ASSETS					
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$	137,865	14,552	in the second	152,417
Total assets	\$	137,865	14,552	=_ HIL =HI	152,417
LIABILITIES Assets held for others	\$	137,865	14,552		152,417
Total liabilities	\$	137,865	14,552	_	152,417
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS					
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund	Φ.	127.965	14 550		152 417
Investment Pool Cash on deposit in banks	\$	137,865 485,648	14,552	(485,648)	152,417
Investments and other property		11,013,612	_	(353,492)	10,660,120
Total assets	\$	11,637,125	14,552	(839,140)	10,812,537
LIABILITIES					
Assets held for others	\$	11,637,125	14,552	(839,140)	10,812,537
Total liabilities	\$	11,637,125	14,552	(839,140)	10,812,537

### STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES SCHEDULE OF CASH AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS June 30, 2012

SHARE Fund No. Balance Account Per		Reconciling	
	e _	Items Outstanding	Reconciled Balance June 30,
Number Deposito	irv	Warrants	2012
Account Name	19	W diraitis	2012
<del></del>			
Cash:			
Investment in the State Treasurer General			
Fund Investment Pool			
General Fund 06500 \$ 457,7	769		457,769
Special Revenue Funds			
	776		2,776
Armed Forces Veterans' License 78400 125,3		-	125,390
Total special revenue funds 128,1			128,166
120,1	100		120,100
Total governmental funds 585,9	935	EH III	585,935
Agency Funds			
Cemetery Fund 12300152,4	117	-in-	152,417
Total State Treasurer cash accounts 738,3	152	_	738,352
175055 TOWN STATE TO THE TOWN STATE OF THE TOWN	1511	TELLIBRIA D	736,532
First National Bank of Santa Fe:			
Agency Funds			
Veterans' Trust Funds N/A	-	•	V 1111 -
Total cash on deposit \$ 738,3	52		738,352
		niver or	
		Book Carrying	Market
		Value	Value
Investments:		value	v alue
First National Bank of Santa Fe			
Agency Funds - Veterans' Trust Fund:			
US savings bonds - Series EE	\$	200	476
Federal Home Loan Bank cons. & deb.	EDC.ESH	920,248	938,728
Mutual Funds		7,392,825	7,345,821
Money market funds		684,543	684,543
Total investments	1 7	8,997,816	8,969,568
Other December			ri-lio &
Other Property: First National Bank of Santa Fe			
Agency Funds - Veterans' Trust Fund:		1 (00 550	1 (86 15
Automobiles mobile house and other		1,682,558	1,676,456
Automobiles, mobile homes and other			
Burial savings accounts		14,096	14,096
		14,096 1,696,654	1,690,552

### Ricci & Company LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 6200 UPTOWN BLVD. NE - SUITE 400 ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87110

Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Mr. Timothy Hale, Cabinet Secretary
Department of Veterans' Services and
Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund, and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparison presented as supplemental information of the Department of Veterans' Services (the Department) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Mr. Timothy Hale, Cabinet Secretary Department of Veterans' Services and Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted a certain other matter that is required to be reported pursuant to Government Auditing Standards paragraphs 5.14 and 5.16, and pursuant to Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as Finding 12-01.

The Department's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Department's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the Department, the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, and applicable federal grantors, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

#### Ricci & Company LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico December 13, 2012 STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2012

None

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### C. FINDINGS – OTHER MATTERS (CONTINUED)

#### 12-01 REVERSION TO THE STATE GENERAL FUND - OTHER

#### CONDITION

Prior year reversion related to fiscal year 2011 totaling \$38,053 was not reverted to the State General Fund within 45 days of the release of the audit report. The liability was still outstanding.

#### CRITERIA

Section 6-5-10, NMSA 1978, requires "all unreserved, undesignated fund balances in reverting funds and accounts as reflected in the central accounting system as of June 30, be reverted by September 30 to the General Fund. The division may adjust the reversion within forty-five days of release of the audit report for that fiscal year." The 2012 New Mexico State Auditor Rule 2.2.2.12(A)(6)(b) requires a finding should an agency not be in compliance with this requirement.

#### **EFFECT**

The Department is not in compliance with 6-5-10, NMSA 1978. To avoid the potential of future sanctioning, the Department should submit reversions in a timely manner. In addition, the Department is not practicing ideal cash management since liabilities are not paid in a timely manner.

#### **CAUSE**

Although funds related to the current audit year were reverted prior to September 30, 2012, the prior year adjustment to the reversion had not been reverted because management failed to revert the funds once the final numbers had been calculated.

#### RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the Department implement controls to ensure that all required reversions are reverted in a timely manner, but no later than 45 days from the release of the audit report.

#### MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Management concurs with the finding. Management has implemented policies and procedures to ensure this does not happen again, and has already corrected the finding by submitting the FY-11 reversion. Management recognizes the nature of the finding and will ensure that any changes necessitated by the completion of the audit will be reflected in a revised reversion within forty-five (45) days of the release of the audit report.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS' SERVICES EXIT CONFERENCE Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### **Exit Conference**

An exit conference was held on December 13, 2012 to discuss the annual financial report. Attending were the following:

Representing the Department of Veterans' Services: Timothy Hale, Cabinet Secretary Dan McCormack, Chief Financial Officer

Representing the Independent Auditor:

Shawn Mortensen, CPA, Manager

Note: Management is responsible for the context of the report, even though the financial statements were prepared substantially by the independent auditor.

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