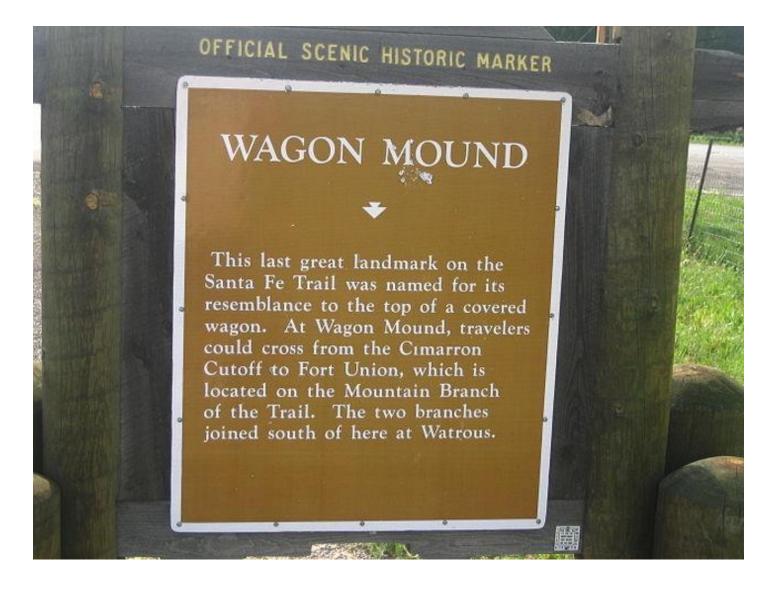
# STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF WAGON MOUND

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Official Roster June 30, 2019

# VILLAGE COUNCIL

Laudente T. Quintana	Mayor
Andres Martinez	Mayor Pro Tem
Paul A. Miera	Councilor
Adrian A. Clouthier	Councilor
Timothy Cruz	Councilor

## VILLAGE OFFICIALS

Kathleen Eggert	Municipal Clerk
Monica Martinez	Finance Clerk

# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Brian Colón, ESQ. New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico and To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Wagon Mound Wagon Mound, New Mexico

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Wagon Mound (the Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Village of Wagon Mound Public Housing Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the Village which represents 100 percent of the balances and activity reported for the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, Issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, and accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report provided to us from the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Schedules I, Schedule II and the Notes to the Schedule of Required Supplementary Information on pages 52-54, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The Supporting Schedules III and IV required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC and Schedule V, required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supporting Schedules III and IV required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supporting Schedules III and IV required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supporting Schedule V, required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, is the responsibility of management and was furnished to us by other auditors and our opinion, insofar as it relates to Schedule V, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. Based on the report supplied to us from other auditors Schedule V was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used by the other auditors to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by the other auditors in their audit of the Authority's basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of the other auditors, Schedule V, required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2019 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Southwest accounting Solutions, LLC

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico December 3, 2019

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities		51			Total	Component Unit Activities	
Assets									
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	605,637	\$	187,913	\$ 793,550	\$	54,866		
Restricted cash		-		9,632	9,632		-		
Fuel tax receivable		4,301		-	4,301		-		
Gross receipt taxes receivable		9,332			9,332		-		
Other receivables		47,692		-	47,692		-		
Customer receivables		-		20,516	20,516		84		
Prepaid Expense		-		-	-		2,353		
Inventory		-		-	-		7,812		
Total current assets		666,962		218,061	885,023		65,115		
Noncurrent assets									
Restricted cash		-		-	-		5,787		
Capital assets		5,830,330		3,497,392	9,327,722		976,671		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(2,560,937)		(2,066,206)	(4,627,143)		(855,963)		
Total noncurrent assets		3,269,393		1,431,186	4,700,579		126,495		
Deferred outflows of resources									
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension		45,589		29,511	75,100		-		
Total deferred outflows of resources		45,589		29,511	75,100	·	-		
Total aposto and deferred outflows of				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	u ,	·			
Total assets and deferred outflows of	¢	2 004 044	¢	4 670 750	¢ E CCO 700	¢	101 010		
resources	\$	3,981,944	\$	1,678,758	\$ 5,660,702	\$	191,610		
Liabilities									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	29,226	\$	1,607	\$ 30,833	\$	2,984		
Accrued salaries and benefits		4,104		3,991	8,095		1,742		
Compensated absences		1,996		2,083	4,079		2,064		
Notes payable		22,863		5,125	27,988		-		
Customer deposits		-		-	-		4,237		
Unearned revenue		-		-	-		60		
Total current liabilities		58,189		12,806	70,995		11,087		
Noncurrent liabilities									
Customer deposits		-		8,665	8,665		-		
Notes payable		96,442		56,379	152,821		-		
Compensated absences		2,317		2,582	4,899		-		
Net pension liability		119,578		79,718	199,296		-		
Total noncurrent liabilities		218,337		147,344	365,681		-		
Total Liabilities		276,526		160,150	436,676		11,087		
Deferred inflows of resources									
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension		5,057		1,879	6,936		-		
Unearned Revenues									
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,057		1,879	6,936		-		
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		3,269,393		1,431,186	4,700,579		120,708		
Restricted for:		0,200,000		1,401,100	4,100,019		120,100		
Special revenue		213,640		-	213,640		-		
Unrestricted		213,040		- 85,543	302,871		- 59,815		
Total Net Position		3,700,361		1,516,729	5,217,090		180,523		
		5,700,501		1,510,729	5,217,090		100,020		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,									
and net position	\$	3,981,944	\$	1,678,758	\$ 5,660,702	\$	191,610		

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions and Programs	_			Program Revenues						
	Expenses		Charges for ses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		G	Capital rants and ntributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							1			
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	244,218	\$	22,546	\$	137,516	\$	-		
Public safety		117,023		-		132,783		-		
Public Works		-		-		-		202,024		
Interest on long-term debt		2,987		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		364,228		22,546		270,299		202,024		
Business-Type Activities										
Joint Utility		337,138		230,860		-		-		
Total Business-Type Activities		337,138		230,860		-		-		
Total primary government	\$	701,366	\$	253,406	\$	270,299	\$	202,024		
Component Unit	\$	121,510	\$	44,358	\$	74,070	\$	5,286		
	General Revenues:									
	Taxes:									
	Property taxes levied for general purposes									
			Gross receipt taxes							
				Gas tax						

Interest income

Miscellaneous income

Transfers

Subtotal, General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
	Prir	nar	y Governme				Component Unit
		E	Business-				
	vernment		Туре				
Α	ctivities	Activities			Total		lousing Authority
\$	(84,156)	\$	-	\$	(84,156)	\$	-
	15,760		-		15,760		-
	202,024				202,024		-
	(2,987)		-		(2,987)		-
	130,641		-		130,641		-
	-		(106,278)		(106,278)		-
	-		(106,278)		(106,278)		-
	130,641		(106,278)		24,363		-
	-		-		-		2,204
	32,033		-		32,033		-
	26,091		-		26,091		-
	32,421		-		32,421		-
	15		-		15		45
	1,816		-		1,816		65
	(40,083)		40,083		-		-
	52,293		40,083		92,376		110
	182,934		(66,195)		116,739		2,314
	3,517,427		1,582,924		5,100,351		178,209
\$	3,700,361	\$	1,516,729	\$	5,217,090	\$	180,523

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

Exhibit B-1 Page 1 of 2

	General Fund	Fire	Protection Fund	Enf	Law orcement	Capital Projects	 Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 425,204	\$	42,295	\$	21,252	\$ 116,886	\$ 605,637
Gross receipt taxes receivable	9,332		-		-	-	9,332
Fuel tax receivables	4,301		-		-	-	4,301
Other receivables	4,276		18,141		-	25,275	47,692
Due form other funds			-		-	_	 -
Total assets	\$ 443,113	\$	60,436	\$	21,252	\$ 142,161	\$ 666,962
Liabilities and fund balance							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 3,951	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 25,275	\$ 29,226
Accrued salaries and benefits	4,104		-		-	-	4,104
Due to other funds			-				 -
Total liabilities	8,055		-		-	25,275	\$ 33,330
Fund balance							
Restricted for:							
Special revenue	-		60,436		21,252	116,886	198,574
Minimum Fund Balance	15,066		-		-	-	15,066
Unassigned	419,992		-		-	-	419,992
Total fund balance	435,058		60,436		21,252	116,886	 633,632
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 443,113	\$	60,436	\$	21,252	\$ 142,161	\$ 666,962

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019	Exhibit B-1 Page 2 of 2
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 633,632
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation	5,830,330 (2,560,937)
Deferred outflows and inflows relating to pension liabilities are not payable / collectable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows	45,589 (5,057)
Long-term and certain other liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year end consist of:	
Accrued compensated absences Notes payable Net pension liability	(4,313) (119,305) (119,578)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,700,361

# STATE OF NEW MEXICOExhibit B-2Village of Wagon MoundPage 1 of 2Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund BalancesGovernmental FundsFor the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Fire protection Fund	Law Enforcement	Capital projects	Total	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 32,033	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 32,033	
Gross receipt taxes	26,091	-	-	-	26,091	
Gas tax	32,421	-	-	-	32,421	
Charges for services	22,546	-	-	-	22,546	
State operating grants	137,516	116,430	16,353		270,299	
State capital grants	2,023	-	-	200,001	202,024	
Miscellaneous income	1,816	-	-	-	1,816	
Interest income	15	-			15	
Total Revenues	254,461	116,430	16,353	200,001	587,245	
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	180,787	-	-	-	180,787	
Public safety	-	67,881	18,748	-	86,629	
Capital outlay	-	200,012	-	33,077	233,089	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	22,496	-	-	22,496	
Interest	-	2,987			2,987	
Total expenditures	180,787	293,376	18,748	33,077	525,988	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	73,674	(176,946)	(2,395)	166,924	61,257	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out				(40,083)	(40,083)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	(40,083)	(40,083)	
Net change in fund balance	73,674	(176,946)	(2,395)	126,841	21,174	
Fund balance-Beginning of Year	361,384	237,382	23,647	(9,955)	612,458	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 435,058	\$ 60,436	\$ 21,252	\$ 116,886	\$ 633,632	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Reconciliation of the Statement or Revenues, Expenses and Chang Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activiti For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 21,174
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over there estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital expenditures recorded in capital outlay Depreciation expense	233,089 (75,238)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in pension liability	(19,140)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
Increase in accrued compensated absences Principal payments on bonds and loans payable	553 22,496
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 182,934

# Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Exhi Village of Wagon Mound General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Fave	iance orable /orable)
		Original		Final	Actual	Final t	o actual
Revenues		<u> </u>			 		
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	31,973	\$	31,973	\$ 31,973	\$	-
Gross receipts		32,506		32,506	32,506		-
Other		1,816		1,816	1,816		-
Franchise tax		28,120		28,120	28,120		-
Intergovernmental income:							
State operating grants		125,516		137,516	137,516		-
State capital grants		2,023		2,023	2,023		-
Charges for services		20,955		20,955	20,955		-
Licenses and fees Interest income (loss)		- 15		- 15	- 15		-
Miscellaneous		- 15		- 15	15		-
Total revenue		242,924		254,924	 254,924		
Expenditures							
Current		445.004		145 004	445.004		
General government		145,964		145,964	145,964		-
Public safety Public works		40,000		40,000	40,000		-
Culture and recreation		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay							_
Debt Service:		-		-	-		
Principal		-		-	-		-
Interest		-		-	-		-
Total expenditures		185,964		185,964	185,964		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		56,960		68,960	68,960		-
Other financing resources (uses) Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash) Transfers in		(56,960)		(68,960)	_		_
Transfers out		-		-	_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	-		-
Net Change in fund balance		56,960		68,960	 68,960		-
Fund balance - beginning of year					 224,133		
Fund balance - end of year					\$ 293,093		
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basi	is)				68,960		
Adjustments to revenue for taxes receivable					(463)		
Adjustment to expenditures for accounts payable					 5,177		
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$ 73,674		

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Financial Statements

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Exhi Village of Wagon Mound Fire Protection Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amc	ounts			Fav	riance /orable avorable)
	c	Driginal		Final		Actual	Final	to actual
Revenues		<u> </u>						
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Gross receipts		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Franchise tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental income:								
State operating grants		114,000		116,431		116,430		(1)
State capital grants		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Licenses and fees		-		-		-		-
Interest income (loss)		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total revenue		114,000		116,431		116,430		(1)
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		263,450		269,161		269,161		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:		05 400		05 400		05 400		-
Principal		25,483		25,483		25,483		-
Interest Total expenditures		288,933		294,644		294,644		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(174,933)		(178,213)		(178,214)		(1)
Other financing resources (uses)		( ) /						<u> </u>
Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)		174,933		178,213				
Transfers in		-		-		_		_
Transfers out		-		-		_		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		
Net Change in fund balance		(174,933)		(178,213)		(178,214)		(1)
Fund balance - beginning of year						238,693		
Fund balance - end of year					\$	60,479		
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary bas	is)					(178,214)		
Adjustments to revenue						-		
Adjustment to expenditures						1,268		
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	(176,946)		
net onange in fund balance (OAAF basis)					ψ	(170,340)		

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Financial Statements

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#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Exhi Village of Wagon Mound Law Enforcement Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
	c	Driginal		Final	A	Actual	Final	to actual
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Gross receipts		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Franchise tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental income:		~~ ~~~		~~~~~		10.050		
State operating grants		20,000		20,000		16,353		(3,647)
State capital grants		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Licenses and fees Interest income (loss)		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total revenue		20,000		20,000		16,353		(3,647)
		20,000		20,000		10,000		(0,017)
Expenditures Current								
General government								
Public safety		- 18,749		- 18,749		- 18,748		- 1
Public works		-		-		-		_ '
Culture and recreation		_		-		_		-
Capital outlay		_		-		_		-
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		18,749		18,749		18,748		1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,251		1,251		(2,395)		(3,646)
Other financing resources (uses)								
Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)		(1,251)		(1,251)				
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(2,395)		(2,395)
Fund balance - beginning of year						23,647		
Fund balance - end of year					\$	21,252		
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basi	is)					(2,395)		
Adjustments to revenue	-					-		
Adjustment to expenditures						_		
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	(2,395)		
not onalige in fund balance (OMAF basis)					Ψ	(2,000)		

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Financial Statements

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Joint Utility
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Accounts receivable Total current assets	\$ 187,913 9,632 20,516 218,061
Noncurrent assets Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	3,497,392 (2,066,206) 1,431,186
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Total deferred outflows	<u> </u>
Total assets, and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,678,758
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Compensated absences Notes payable Total current liabilities	\$ 1,607 3,991 2,083 5,125 12,806
Noncurrent liabilities Customer deposits Notes payable Compensated absences Pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	8,665 56,379 2,582 79,718 147,344
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,879</u> 1,879
Net position Net investment in capital asset Unrestricted	1,431,186 85,543
Total net position	1,516,729
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 1,678,758

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Joint Utility		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 230,860		
Total operating revenues	230,860		
Operating expenses:			
Depreciation and amortization	77,738		
Personnel services	147,973		
Utilities	8,015		
Miscellaneous	103,412		
Total operating expense	337,138		
Operating income (loss)	(106,278)		
Income (loss) before contributions			
and transfers	(106,278)		
Transfers in	40,083		
Total contributions and transfers	40,083		
Change in Net Position	(66,195)		
Net Position - beginning of the year	1,582,924		
Net Position - end of the year	\$ 1,516,729		

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Jo	int Utility
Cash flow from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	231,406
Cash payments to employees for services		(134,554)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(114,157)
Net cash provided buy operating activities		(17,305)
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities		
Transfers		40,083
Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities		40,083
Cash Flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets		(72,408)
Principal payments		(5,125)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing		
activities		(77,533)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(54,755)
Cash & cash equivalents - beginning of year		252,300
Cash & cash equivalents - end of year	\$	197,545
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(106,278)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided (used) by operating activities		
Pension expense		12,759
Depreciation		77,738
Changes in assets & liabilities:		(100)
Receivables		(183)
Accounts payable		(2,730)
Accrued salaries and benefits		24
Compensated absences		636
Customer deposits	¢	729
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(17,305)

#### **NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The Village of Wagon Mound (Village) was incorporated in 1918. The Village operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire); highways and streets; water and sewer services; refuse collection; health and social services; culture-recreation; public improvements; planning and zoning; and general administrative services.

The Village is a body politic and corporate under the name and form of government selected by its qualified electors. The Village may:

- 1. Sue or be sued;
- 2. Enter into contracts and leases;
- 3. Acquire and hold property, both real and personal;
- 4. Have a common seal, which may be altered at pleasure;

5. Exercise such other privileges that are incident to corporations of like character or degree that are not inconsistent with the laws of New Mexico;

- 6. Protect generally the property of its municipality and its inhabitants;
- 7. Preserve peace and order within the municipality; and

8. Establish rates for services provided by municipal utilities and revenue-producing projects, including amounts which the governing body determines to be reasonable in the operation of similar facilities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village is presented to assist in the understanding of the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the Village's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61. Blended component units, though legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village has one discretely presented component unit.

Village of Wagon Mound Housing Authority (Authority) has been determined to be a component unit of the Village that should be discretely presented in the Village's financial statements pursuant to the criteria described above. The Authority has issued their own separately stated financial statements. Additional information regarding the Authority may be obtained from their administrative office as follows: Wagon Mound Housing Authority, 710 Catron Ave, Wagon Mound, NM 87752.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements of time, reimbursement and contingencies imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for fees and use of Village facilities, etc., (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources to be used for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the Village is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following, which includes funds that were not required to be presented as major but were at the discretion of management:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided through property and other taxes, federal sources, state sources, charges for services, licenses and fees, and other miscellaneous recoveries and revenue. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the Village except for items included in other funds.

The Fire Protection Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the Fire Department. Financing provided by a specific allotment from the State Fire Marshall's Office. Authority is NMSA 59A-53-1.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund accounts for funds allotted by the Law Enforcement Protection Fund. Authority Section 29-13-5, NMSA 1978.

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Joint Utility accounts for the provision of sewer, water, and solid waste services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including administration, operations, billing, and maintenance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Village does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

**Cash and Cash Equivalents:** The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Village to invest in certificates of deposit, interest-bearing savings accounts, bonds or other obligations of the US. Government, which is guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

**Receivables and Payables:** Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds or internal balances" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds or internal balances" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources in the event they are not received within 60 days of year end.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded when levied. Property taxes are considered 100% collectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts for customer receivables is calculated based on the aging of the customer accounts receivable and the Village's historical experience with these receivables.

Inventories in the Housing Authority are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a FIFO basis, and consist of operating supplies held for use in operations and expenditures are incurred when inventories are consumed rather than when purchased.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

Property taxes are levied on November 1st based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1st and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. Property taxes uncollected after November 10th and April 10th are considered delinquent and the Village may assess penalties and interest. The taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property thirty (30) days thereafter, at which time they become delinquent.

**Prepaid Items**: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

**Capital Assets:** Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. State law sets a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for acquisitions of property and equipment (12-10-10 NMSA 1978). Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1980) are included as part of the governmental capital assets are recorded at the date of donation. Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5).

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and Infrastructure	40
Equipment	5-20

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

**Accrued Expenses:** Accrued expenses are comprised of the payroll expenditures based on amounts earned by the employees through June 30, 2019, along with the applicable PERA.

**Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension:** In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The Village recognized deferred outflows of resources presented on the Statement of Net Position which arise due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and the related net pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amounts become due.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension:** In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measureable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows of resources. The Village recognized deferred inflows of resources presented on the Statement of Net Position which arise due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and the related net pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow and outflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

**Pensions:** The Government wide financial statements and proprietary type funds report deferred outflows and deferred inflows for purposes of measuring the net pension liability. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Compensated Absences**: Qualified employees are entitled to accumulate annual leave based on their employment classification and length of employment. The Village allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave up to a maximum of 240 hours. The Village does not allow for any sick leave to be converted to cash payouts. No employee receives a cash payout of their unused sick leave upon termination.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the general fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

**Long-term Obligations:** In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

**Net Position:** The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – Consist of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets, net of related debt."

**Fund Balance:** During 2009, GASB adopted Statement No. 54 to clarify the fund balance reporting guidelines of GASB 54. The fund balance reporting established by GASB 54 must be followed by all five of the governmental-type funds used by state and local governments. Based on the requirements of GASB 54, the total fund balance can be conceptually separated into two primary components: 1) Non-spendable fund balance and 2) Spendable fund balance. Fund balance is reported in these five classifications:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – the non-spendable balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally, contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash; it also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This fund balance amount has spending limitations that are constrained by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

At June 30, 2019, the Village has presented restricted fund balances on the governmental funds balance sheet in the amount of \$213,640 for various Village operations as restricted by minimum fund balance in the general fund and enabling legislation in special revenue funds, debt service and for capital projects. The details of these fund balance items are located on the governmental funds balance sheet as detailed on page 16.

Assigned – The assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used for specific purposes such as special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, and permanent funds.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amount not contained in other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The Village applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**Interfund Transactions:** Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

**Estimates:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates in the Village's financial statements consist of depreciation estimated useful lives of capital assets and the allowance for doubtful accounts of the Joint Utility.

#### NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets of the Village are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the Village Councilors, and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for State approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the Village Councilors and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total as the legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds. The Village is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are in excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures. The Village Council may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance.

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2019 is presented as part of the budgetary statements.

#### NOTE 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

State statutes authorize the investment of Village funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, the state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. The Village is not aware of any invested funds that did not meet the State investment requirements as of June 30, 2019.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the Village. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

#### NOTE 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States Treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

All of the Village's accounts at an insured depository institution, including time deposits, savings deposits, and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978) that require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued to the Village for at least one half the amount in excess of FDIC coverage on deposit with the institution.

At June 30, 2019, \$528,071of the Village's bank balance of \$827,560 was exposed to custodial credit risk. \$302,200 of the Villages cash deposits were uninsured and collateralized by collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Village's name, and \$225,871of the funds were uninsured and uncollateralized at June 30, 2019.

	0	IIs Fargo- Demand Deposits	ls Fargo- Deposits	Total
Deposits	\$	778,071	\$ 49,489	\$ 827,560
Less: FDIC Coverage		(250,000)	 (49,489)	 (299,489)
Total uninsured public funds		528,071	 -	 528,071
Collateralized by securities held by pledging institutions or by its trust department or agent other				
than the Village's name		302,200	 -	 302,200
Uninsured and uncollateralized		225,871	 -	 225,871
Collateral requirements (50% of uninsured funds)		264,036		264,036
		,	-	,
Pledged Collateral		302,200	 _	 302,200
Over (under) collateralized	\$	38,165	\$ -	\$ 38,165

#### NOTE 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

The Carrying Amount of deposits and investments shown above are included in the Village's Statement of Net position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents - Governmental Activities Exhibit A-1	\$ 605,637
Cash and cash equivalents - Business-type Activities Exhibit D-1	187,913
Restricted cash - Business-type Activities Exhibit A-1	9,632
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 803,182
Add: outstanding checks	24,479
Less: outstanding deposits	 (101)
Bank balance of deposits	\$ 827,560

#### **NOTE 4. Receivables**

Receivables as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	 ernmental Funds	F	Proprietary Funds	 Total
Other receivables	\$ 47,692	\$	-	\$ 47,692
Gross receipts taxes	9,332		-	9,332
Fuel tax Receivables	4,301		-	4,301
Customer recieveablels	 -		20,516	 20,516
Total Receivables, Net	\$ 61,325	\$	20,516	\$ 81,841

The above governmental receivables are deemed 100% collectible. In accordance with GASB 33, property tax revenues receivables not collected within the period of availability was determined to be immaterial to the financial statements and was not reclassified as deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements. The Village accrued an allowance for doubtful account in the Joint Utility in the amount of \$636.

## **NOTE 5. Transfers**

Net operating transfers were made during the year for supplementing other funding in the normal course of operations. These transfers were as follows:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount
Capital Projects	Joint Utility	\$ 40,083

#### **NOTE 6. Capital Assets**

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2019 follows: (Land is not subject to depreciation.)

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:			
Art	\$ 16,000	\$-	\$ 16,000
Construction in progress	1,293,706	33,077	1,326,783
Land	575,084		575,084
Total capital assets, not depreciated	1,884,790	33,077	1,917,867
Capital assets depreciated:			
Buildings and Infrastructure	2,855,856	-	2,855,856
Equipment	856,595	200,012	1,056,607
Total capital assets, depreciated	3,712,451	200,012	3,912,463
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings	1,986,477	50,778	2,037,255
Equipment	499,222	24,460	523,682
Total accumulated depreciation	2,485,699	75,238	2,560,937
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,111,542		\$ 3,269,393

There were no deletions of capital assets in the fiscal year 2019. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 50,865
Public Safety	24,373
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 75,238

#### **NOTE 6. Capital Assets (continued)**

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2019 in the business Funds is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018		Additions		Balance June 30, 2019		
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	72,408	\$	72,408	
Total capital assets, not depreciated				72,408		72,408	
Capital assets depreciated:							
Buildings and infrastructure	3,	056,869		-		3,056,869	
Equipment	:	368,115		-		368,115	
Total capital assets, depreciated	3,4	424,984		-		3,424,984	
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	1,0	637,801		68,422		1,706,223	
Equipment	:	350,667		9,316		359,983	
Total accumulated depreciation	1,9	988,468		77,738		2,066,206	
Capital Assets, Net	\$    1,4	436,516			\$	1,431,186	

## NOTE 7. Long-term Debt

#### **Governmental Activities**

During the year ended June 30, 2019 the following changes occurred in the long term debt reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

	ance June 60, 2018	Ad	ditions	Ret	irements	 ance June 60, 2019	Due Within One Year		
NMFA Loans Compensated Absences	\$ 141,801 4,866	\$	- 2,799	\$	22,496 3,352	\$ 119,305 4,313	\$	22,863 1,996	
Total Long Term Debt	\$ 146,667	\$	2,799	\$	25,848	\$ 123,618	\$	24,859	

On November 1, 2014 the Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a fire pumper truck. The original amount of the loan was \$226,701, with a term of ten years. Interest on the loan varies from .37% - 2.79%. The Village pledged revenues from the Fire Protection Fund distributions made annually to the Village by the State Fire Marshall to pay the annual principal payments and the semi-annual interest payments on this loan, until paid off at maturity in May 2024. The amount of the pledged revenues for the remaining amount of the loans principal and interest as of June 30, 2019 is \$134,340. This revenue is subject to an intercept agreement. In fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, \$25,438 of For Fire Protection Fund revenues were used for the current year debt service.

#### NOTE 7. Long-term Debt (continued)

#### **Governmental Activities (continued)**

The annual requirement to amortize the outstanding loan as of June 30, 2019 including interest payments for Governmental Activities is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	otal Debt Service
2020		22,863		3,353	26,216
2021		23,300		3,204	26,504
2022		23,803		3,021	26,824
2023		24,360		2,838	27,198
2024		24,979		2,619	 27,598
	\$	119,305	\$	15,035	\$ 134,340

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Notes payables for the Business-Type Activities as of June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2018		Ad	Additions Ret		rements	Balance June 30, 2019		e Within e Year
NMED Clean Water Loan Compensated Absences	\$	66,629 4,029	\$	- 1,907	\$	5,125 1,271	\$ 61,504 4,665	\$	5,125 2,083
Total Long Term Debt	\$	70,658	\$	1,907	\$	6,396	\$ 66,169	\$	7,208

On April 25, 2012 the Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department for the purchase of making improvements to the Villages Joint Utility. The original amount of the loan was \$102,506, with a term of twenty years. The loan is a 0% interest loan and the Village did not impute interest due to the amount being immaterial to the financial statements. The Village pledged revenues from the Joint Utility to pay the annual principal payments on this loan, until paid off at maturity in April 2031. The amount of the pledged revenues was for the total amount of the loans principal in the amount of \$61,503.

The annual requirement to amortize the outstanding loan as of June 30, 2019 including interest payments for Business-Type Activities is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Pr	incipal	In	terest	tal Debt ervice
2020		5,125		-	 5,125
2021		5,125		-	5,125
2022		5,125		-	5,125
2023		5,125		-	5,125
2024		5,125		-	5,125
2025-2029		25,625		-	25,626
2030-2031		10,254		-	25,626
Total	\$	61,504	\$	-	\$ 76,878

#### NOTE 8. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of property, errors and omissions and natural disasters. The Village participates in the New Mexico Self-Insurers' Fund risk pool.

The Village has not filed any claims for which the settlement amount exceeded the insurance coverage during the past three years. However, should a claim be filed against the Village which exceeds the insurance coverage, the Village would not be responsible for a loss in excess of the coverage amounts. As claims are filed, the New Mexico Self-Insurers' Fund assesses and estimates the potential for loss and handles all aspects of the claim. Insurance coverage's have not changed significantly from prior years and coverage's are expected to be continued.

As of June 30, 2019, no unpaid claims have been filed which exceed the policy limits and to the best of management's knowledge and belief all known and unknown claims will be covered by insurance. New Mexico Self-Insurers' Fund has not provided information on an entity by entity basis that would allow for a reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year.

#### NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

#### Plan description:

The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund. PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/.

#### Benefits provided

For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 available at <u>http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366 Public Employees Retirement</u> <u>Association 2018.pdf.</u>

## Contributions

The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the Village are established by state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2018 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures of the PERA fiscal year 2018 annual audit report at: http://osanm.org/media/audits/366\_Public\_Employees\_Retirement\_Association\_2018.pdf.

The PERA coverage options that apply to the Village are: Municipal General. The Municipal Police and The Municipal Fire Division do not apply to the Village. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the Village were \$10,391 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Village did not pick up any portion of the employees contributions.

## NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

**Contributions.** In addition See PERA's comprehensive annual financial report for contributions provided descriptions.

		Contribution	Employer		Factors as of July 1, Pension Factor per			
			Contribution	- choion ra	Por Por			
	Salary less	Salary	Percentage			as a		
Coverage	than	greater than	g-	TIER 1	TIER 2	Percentag		
Plan	\$20,000	\$20.000				of the		
	φ <b>20,000</b>		TE PLAN	_		or the		
State Plan 3	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	2.5%	90%		
State I fail 5	7.4270	0.9270	10.99%	5.0%	2.370	9070		
		MUNICIP	AL PLANS 1 -	4				
Municipal Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	7.4%	2.0%	2.0%	90%		
(plan open to new	11070	0.070	,,	2.070	2.070	2070		
employers)								
employersy								
Municipal Plan 2	9.15%	10.65%	9.55%	2.5%	2.0%	90%		
(plan open to new								
employers)								
Municipal Plan 3	13.15%	14.65%	9.55%	3.0%	2.5%	90%		
(plan closed to new								
employers 6/95)								
Municipal Plan 4	15.65%	17.15%	12.05%	3.0%	2.5%	90%		
(plan closed to new				1				
employers 6/00)				1				
		MUNICIPAI	L POLICE PLA	ANS 1 - 5				
Municipal Police Plan	7.0%	8.5%	10.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%		
	7.0%	0.3%	10.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%		
Municipal Police Plan	7.0%	8.5%	15.40%	2.5%	2.0%	90%		
numerpar ronce r ian	7.070	0.370	13.40%	2.370	2.070	9070		
Municipal Police Plan	7.0%	8.5%	18.90%	2.5%	2.0%	90%		
3	1.070	0.570	10.90%	2.570	2.070	2070		
Municipal Police Plan	12.35%	13.85%	18.90%	3.0%	2.5%	90%		
4								
Municipal Police Plan	16.3%	17.8%	18.90%	3.5%	3.0%	90%		
5								
		MUNICIP	AL FIRE PLAN	NS 1 - 5				
Municipal Fire Plan 1	8.0%	9.5%	11.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%		
Municipal Fire Plan 2	8.0%	9.5%	17.9%	2.5%	2.0%	90%		
Municipal Fire Plan 3	8.0%	9.5%	21.65%	2.5%	2.0%	90%		
Municipal Fire Plan 4	12.8%	14.3%	21.65%	3.0%	2.5%	90%		
	1.5.000	17.5%	01.050		0.000	0.000/		
Municipal Fire Plan 5	16.2%	17.7%	21.65%	3.5%	3.0%	90%		
	MIT	I NICIDAL DE	TENTION OF	FICED DI A	N 1	I		
Muniainal D-tt-		18.15%	17.05%			90%		
Municipal Detention Officer Plan 1	16.65%	18.15%	17.05%	3.0%	3.0%	90%		
Officer Plan I								
STATE P	OLICE AN		ORRECTION	AL OFFICE	R PLANS	ETC		
State Police and Adult	7.6%	9.1%	25.50%	3.0%	3.0%	90%		
Correctional Officer	7.070	7.170	25.50%	5.0%	5.0%	90%		
Plan 1				1				
riail I								
State Plan 3 - Peace	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	3.0%	90%		
Officer	1.7270	0.7270	10.7770	5.070	5.070	2070		
Juvenile Correctional	4 78%	6.28%	26.12%	3.0%	3.0%	90%		
Officer Plan 2	4.70/0	0.2070	20.1270	5.070	5.070	,0,0		
011001 1 mil 2	1	1	1	1	1	1		

#### NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2019.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred Inflows and Outflows were performed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to fiscal year 2018 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For PERA Fund Division Municipal General, at June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$199,296 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2019, the Village's proportion was .0125 percent, which was changed slightly from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal General Pension expense of \$31,899. At June 30, 2019, the Village reported PERA Fund Division Municipal General deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,760	\$	5,232
Changes of assumptions		18,069		1,146
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		14,781		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village's contributions and proportionate share of contributions Village's contributions subsequent to the		26,099		558
measurement date		10,391		-
Total	\$	75,100	\$	6,936

\$10,391 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	A	Amount		
2020	\$	31,772		
2021		16,816		
2022		8,378		
2023		807		
Thereafter		-		
Total	\$	57,773		

#### NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions:** The total pension liability at June 30, 2019 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, Open
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed Market Value
Retirement	Changes to current assumed rates of
Disability	Lower rates for State police, Muni Male and
Remaining Amortization Perio	30 Years
Administrative Expenses	.5% of Payroll
Actuarial assumptions:	Fair value
Investment rate of return	7.25% Static
Payroll growth	3.00% Static
Projected salary increases	3.25%-13.5%
Real investment Return	4.75% above inflation.
Mortality assumption	RPH-2014 Blue Collar Mortality
Experience study dates	July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.5%	7.48%
Risk Reduction	21.5%	2.37%
Credit Oriented	15.0%	5.47%
Real Assets	20.0%	6.48%
Total	100%	

#### NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

#### **Discount rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.25% assumed long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the Village's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the Village participates in, under the current single rate assumption; as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the single discount rate.

PERA Fund Division Municipal Government	 Decrease (6.25%)	D	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	 6 Increase (8.25%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 307,102	\$	199,296	\$ 110,177

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY18 PERA financial report. The report is available at <a href="http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html">http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html</a>.

#### NOTE 10. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan

The Village has elected not to participate in the Retiree Health Care act of New Mexico.

#### **NOTE 11. Contingent Liabilities**

The Village of Wagon Mound participates in a number of federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Village of Wagon Mound may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the grantor agencies. Management believes that any disallowed expenditures discovered in subsequent audits, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of the Village of Wagon Mound.

## **NOTE 12. Concentrations**

The Village depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, property taxes, gross receipts taxes, state and federal grants. Because of this dependency, the Village is subject to changes in gross receipts tax rates, collections, tourism, property values and changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to State laws and Federal Appropriations.

#### **NOTE 13. Restricted Net Position**

The Government Wide Statement of Net Position reports \$213,640 of restricted amounts, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **NOTE 14. Subsequent Events**

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2019, the date of the most recent statement of net position, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is December 3, 2019, which is the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 15. GASB 77 Disclosures (Tax Abatements)

Management and Governance of the Village are not aware of any tax abatement agreements that existed as of June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 16. Leases

The Village had no lease obligations at June 30, 2019, the Villages lease for office supplies was running month to month and was set for renegotiation.

#### **NOTE 17. Related Party**

The Village had no noted related party transactions at June 30, 2019.

## **NOTE 18. Joint Powers Agreements**

## Law Enforcement Services

Participants:	Mora County Sheriffs Office (MCSO) and the Village of Wagon Mound (the Village)
Responsible Party	MCSO and the Village
Description	MCSO agrees to provide police protection and law enforcement within the Municipality limits of the Village, including the enforcement of all state Laws. The Allocation of manpower and resources will be at the discretion of the MCSO. The money received by the Village from the Law Enforcement Protection Fund shall be made available to MCSO for Purchase and repair of equipment and for officer training.
Period:	February 28, 2018 through June 30, 2020
Project Costs:	The Village will allocate Law Enforcement Protection fund grants to MCSA as presented in the Law Enforcement Fund in these financial statement.
Audit Responsibility:	MCSO and the Village

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAY INFORMATION** 

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Village of Wagon Mound Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA Fund Division – Municipal General Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

MUNICIPAL GENERAL FUND					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0125%	0.0104%	0.0096%	0.0099%	0.0198%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 199,296	\$ 142,904	\$ 153,376	\$ 99,919	\$46,026
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 108,555	\$ 110,453	\$ 114,068	\$ 105,640	\$46,850
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	183.59% 71.13%	129.38% 73.74%	134.46% 69.18%	94.58% 76.99%	98.24% 81.29%

\*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Schedules of Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Fund Division - Municipal General Last 10 Years\*

MUNICIPAL GENERAL FUND					
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,391	\$ 10,493	\$ 8,441	\$ 7,817	\$ 4,474
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	10,391	10,493	10,493	7,817	4,450
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	(2,052)	-	24
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 108,555	\$ 110,453	\$ 114,068	\$ 105,640	\$ 46,850
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.57%	9.50%	9.20%	7.40%	9.50%

\*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Notes to the Schedule of Required Supplementary Information (PERA) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Changes of benefit terms.

The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY18 audit available at:

http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366\_Public\_Employees\_Retirement\_ Associati on 2018.pdf.

#### Changes of assumptions

Change in assumptions: The PERA salary scale, inflation and payroll assumptions were updated to reflect assumptions used in the PERA June 30, 2018 pension valuation. Assumptions including the following were updated: Per capita costs, future trend for health costs and medical election assumptions.

The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2018 report is available at <a href="http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/Investments/RetirementFundValuationReports/6-30-2018%2">http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/Investments/RetirementFundValuationReports /6-30- 2018%2</a> OPERA%20 Valuation%20 Report FINAL.pdf.

# SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Schedule of Deposits June 30, 2019

	W	ells Fargo
General Fund - Operating	\$	506,001
Fire protection		42,518
Law Enforcement		29,780
Joint Utility - Operating		190,135
Meter Deposit		9,637
Emergency Reserve		49,489
Total Deposits	\$	827,560
Outstanding Deposits		101
Outstanding checks		(24,479)
Total cash & cash equivalents		803,182
Cash and cash equivalents - Exhibit A-1		793,550
Restricted cash Exhibit A-1		9,632
Total cash & cash equivalents	\$	803,182

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository June 30, 2019

Name of	<b>Description of</b>			Par/F	MV Value at
Depository	Pledged Collateral	Maturity	CUSIP Number	Jur	ne 30, 2017
Wells Fargo	FNMA	9/1/2042	3138M0CP3		302,200
				\$	302,200

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO S Village of Wagon Mound Housing Authority F Financial Data Schedule June 30, 2019

Schedule V Page 1 of 3

Line Item	Description	Public Housing Low Rent	Public Housing Capital Fund	Total
111	Cash - unrestricted	\$ 54,866	\$ -	\$ 54,866
114	Cash - tenant security deposits	5,787	-	5,787
100	Total Cash	60,653	-	60,653
122	Accounts receivable -HUD other projects	-	-	-
126	Accounts receivable - tenants	177	-	177
126.1	Allowance for doubtful accounts - dwelling rents	(95)	-	(95)
129	Accrued interest	2	-	2
120	Total Receivables	84	-	84
142	Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,353	-	2,353
143	Inventories	8,680	-	8,680
143.1	Allowance for obsolete inventories	(868)	-	(868)
150	Total Current Assets	70,902	-	70,902
161	Land	7,227	-	7,227
162	Buildings	949,380	-	949,380
164	Furniture equipment and machinery - administration	15,774	-	15,774
166	Accumulated depreciation	(855,963)	-	(855,963)
167	Construction in progress	4,290	-	4,290
160	Total capital assets, net of a/d	120,708	-	120,708
290	Total Assets	\$ 191,610	\$-	\$ 191,610
312	Accounts payable <=90 Days	\$ 2,984	\$ -	\$ 2,984
321	Accrued liabilities	3,806	-	3,806
341	Tenant security deposits	4,237	-	4,237
342	Unearned Revenue	60	-	60
300	Total Liabilities	11,087	-	11,087
508.1	Net investment in capital assets	120,708	-	120,708
512.1	Unrestricted net position	47,960	-	47,960
513	Total Equity/Net Position	168,668		168,668
600	Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 179,755	\$ -	\$ 179,755

See Independent Auditors' Report

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Housing Authority Financial Data Schedule June 30, 2019

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		Public Housing	H	Public ousing	
Line Item	Description	 ow Rent		ital Fund	 Total
70300	Net tenant rental revenue	\$ 43,099	\$	-	\$ 43,099
70400	Tenant revenue - other	 1,259		-	 1,259
70500	Total Tenant Revenue	 44,358		-	 44,358
70600	HUD PHA operating grants	71,500		2,570	74,070
70610	Capital grants	-		-	-
71100	Investment income - unrestricted	45		-	45
71500	Other revenue	 65		-	 65
	Total Revenue	\$ 115,968	\$	2,570	\$ 118,538
91100	Administrative salaries	\$ 28,781	\$	-	\$ 28,781
91200	Auditing fees	5,741		-	5,741
91310	Bookeeping Fees	4,138		-	4,138
91500	Employee benefits	2,309		-	2,309
	Advertising	, _		-	-
91600	Office exepense	3,485		-	3,485
	Travel	-		-	-
91900	Other operating - administrative	839		-	839
91000	Total Operating - Administrative	 45,293		-	45,293
93100	Water	 3,477		_	 3,477
93200	Electric	2,219		_	2,219
93300	Gas	718			718
93600	Sewer	3,636			3,636
93000	Total Utilities	 10,050			 10,050
94100	Ordinary maintenance and operation - labor	16,119		-	16,119
94200	Ordinary maintenance and operation - materials and other	8,627		2,570	11,197
94300-010	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts- grabage and trash removal	3,715		-	3,715
94300-050	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts-				
	landscape and grounds	244		-	244
94300-070	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts-				
	electrical	2,177		-	2,177
94300-080	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts-				
	plumbing	3,580		-	3,580
94300-110	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts-				
	routine maintenance	52		-	52
94300-111	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts-				
	eqiupment maintenance	1,136		-	1,136
94300-120	Ordinary maintenance and operation contracts-				
	miscellaneous	 2,685		-	 2,685
94300	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts	 38,335		2,570	 40,905
94500	Empoloyee benefit contributions - ordinary maintenance	 1,295			 1,295
94000	Total maintenance	39,630		2,570	42,200

See Independent Auditors' Report

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Housing Authority Financial Data Schedule June 30, 2019

Schedule V Page 3 of 3

Line Item	Description	H	Public Housing Low Rent		Public Housing		Total
	Description			Capital Fund			
96110	Property insurance		4,906		-		4,906
96120	Liability insurance		1,005		-		1,005
96130	Workman's compensation		2,560		-		2,560
96140	All other insurance		731		-		731
96100	Total Insurance Premiums		9,202		-		9,202
96400	Bad debt tenant rents		(62)		-		(62)
96900	Total Operating Expenses		104,113		2,570		106,683
	Excess of Operating Revenues over Operating Expenses		11,855		_		11,855
97400	Depreciation expense		13,089		1,738		14,827
90000	Total Expenses	\$	117,202	\$	4,308	\$	121,510
	Excess of Revenue over Expenses	\$	(1,234)	\$	(1,738)	\$	(2,972)
11030	Beginning equity		97,588		80,621		178,209
11040-070	Equity transfers		59,783		(59,783)		-
11190	Unit Months Available		227		-		227
11210	Number of Unit Months Leased		227		-		227

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## **COMPLIANCE SECTION**



#### Auditors~Consultants~CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Brian Colón, ESQ. New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico and To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Village of Wagon Mound Wagon Mound, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue fund of the Village of Wagon Mound, New Mexico (the Village, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2019.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Firm's signature

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico December 3, 2019

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Exit Conference June 30, 2019

## **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

## Financials Statements:

- 1. Type of auditors' report issued-Governmental Unmodified
- 2. Type of auditors' report issued-Component Unit Unmodified
- 3. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness identified? No b. Significant deficiencies identified? No
  - c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements? No

## **SECTION II – PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS**

## Financial Statement – Primary Government:

None

**Financial Statement - Component Unit:** 

FSHA –2018-001- FY 2016 – 2017 Audit Report Presentation - Resolved

FSHA –2018-002– Other Non-Compliance - Tenant Files – Resolved

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Wagon Mound Exit Conference June 30, 2019

## SECTION III – AUDIT FINDINGS – Primary Government

None

## SECTION IV – AUDIT FINDINGS – Component Unit

#### **Exit Conference**

An exit conference was held on December 3, 2019. In attendance were the following:

Kathleen Eggert Laudente T. Quintana Municipal Clerk Mayor

Representing Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC

Geoff Mamerow, CFE Audit Manager

#### **Auditor Prepared Financial Statements**

SAS assisted the Village in the preparation of the GAAP-based financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The financial statements were prepared using the original books and records provided by the management of the Village. The responsibility for the financial statements remains with the Village.