STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS AUDIT REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2010 (with Auditor's Report Thereon)

RICE & ASSOCIATES
CERTIFIED DUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

AUDIT REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

(with Auditor's Report Thereon)

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2010

<u>Village Council</u>

NameTitleMs. Gloria ChavezMayorMs. Ernestina KingMayor Pro-TemMr. Don JohnsonCouncil PersonMs. Maxine WilsonCouncil PersonMr. Gilbert GutierrezCouncil PersonMr. Felix GarciaCouncil Person

<u>Village Administration</u>

Mr. Daniel Abram Clerk/Treasurer
Ms. Joyce Sherrod Deputy Clerk
Ms. Kathy Solomon Finance Manager

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
11805 Menaul NE
Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Tijeras
Tijeras, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the General and Road Funds of the Village of Tijeras, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's non-major governmental and enterprise funds and the budgetary comparisons for the major enterprise fund and all non-major governmental funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Tijeras's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Tijeras's internal control over financial reporting. According, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

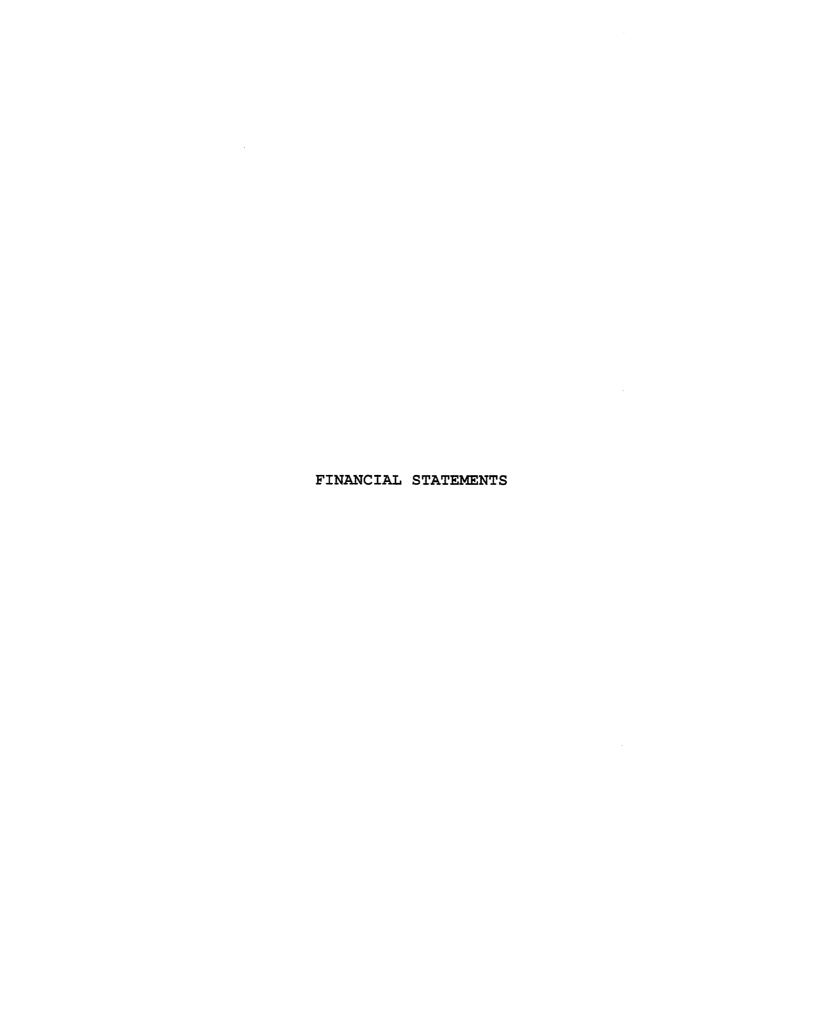
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tijeras, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Road Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major governmental fund of the Village of Tijeras, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the major enterprise fund and all non-major governmental funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 21, 2011 on our consideration of the Village of Tijeras's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Village has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Alio & asserta, CAA.

March 21, 2011



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash	\$	1,770,830	\$	68,989	\$	1,839,819
Investments		95,575		_		95,575
Accounts receivable (net						
of uncollectible accounts)		155,472		5,539		161,011
Total current assets		2,021,877		74,528		2,096,405
Restricted Assets (Cash)						
Customer meter deposits				3,135		3,135
Total restricted assets				3,135		3,135
Capital Assets						
Land		689,261		98,340		787,601
Equipment		297 , 986		<u></u>		297 , 986
Vehicles		908,431		_		908,431
Buildings and improvements		4,294,440		183,836		4,478,276
Plant/Infrastructure		2,060,955		4,448,944		6,509,899
Total capital assets		8,251,073		4,731,120		12,982,193
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,961,392)		(1,095,651)		(3,057,043)
Total capital assets (net of						
accumulated depreciation)	_	6,289,681		3,635,469		9,925,150
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	8,311,558	\$	3,713,132	\$	12,024,690

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Statement 1
Page 2 of 2

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,843	\$ 3,716	\$ 7,559
Customer meter deposits (restricted)		3,135	3,135
Total current liabilities	3,843	6,851	10,694
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets	6,289,681	3,635,469	9,925,150
Unrestricted	2,018,034	70,812	2,088,846
Total net assets	8,307,715	3,706,281	12,013,996
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 8,311,558	\$ 3,713,132	\$ 12,024,690

Net (Expenses) Revenue and

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government Highways and streets	\$ 659,416 6,410	\$ 8,364	\$ 2,330 557,342	\$ 452,785	\$ (195,937) 550,932	\$ -	\$ (195,937) 550,932	
Public safety	128,053	_	90,729	_	(37,324)	-	(37,324)	
Culture and recreation	27,597	_	-	_	(27,597)	_	(27,597)	
Depreciation - unallocated	280,821	_			(280,821)		(280,821)	
Total governmental activities	1,102,297	8,364	650,401	452,785	9,253		9,253	
Business-type activities:								
Water services	282,497	55,541	20,309	548,812	Aur	342,165	342,165	
Total business-type activities	282,497	55,541	20,309	548,812	-	342,165	342,165	
Total all activities	\$ 1,384,794	\$ 63,905	\$ 670,710	\$ 1,001,597	9,253	342,165	351,418	
General Revenues:								
Property taxes					12,217	_	12,217	
Franchise taxes					37,238	_	37,238	
Gross receipts taxes					1,010,891	***	1,010,891	
Gasoline taxes					26,805	_	26,805	
Motor vehicle taxes					82,938	_	82,938	
Cigarette taxes					2,556	_	2,556	
State aid not restricted to speci-	al purpose				,		.,	
General	2 4				35,000	_	35,000	
Investment earnings					18,926	_	18,926	
Transfers								
Total general revenues					1,226,571		1,226,571	
Change in net assets					1,235,824	342,165	1,577,989	
Net assets - beginning of year					7,071,891	3,364,116	10,436,007	
Net assets - end of year					\$ 8,307,715	\$ 3,706,281	\$ 12,013,996	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Statement 3

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

	General Fund	Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash on deposit	\$ 1,367,772	\$ 381,432	\$ 21,626	\$ 1,770,830
Investments	95 , 575	_	_	95,575
Accounts receivable	145,821	9,651		155,472
Total assets	\$ 1,609,168	\$ 391,083	\$ 21,626	\$ 2,021,877
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,843	\$	\$	\$ 3,843
Total liabilities	3,843	-		3,843
FUND BALANCE				
Unreserved:				
Undesignated reported in:				
General fund	1,605,325	_	_	1,605,325
Special revenue funds		391,083	21,626	412,709
Total fund balance	1,605,325	391,083	21,626	2,018,034
Total liabilities and				
fund balance	\$ 1,609,168	\$ 391,083	\$ 21,626	\$ 2,021,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Statement 4

VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 2,018,034

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

The cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation

8,251,073 (1,961,<u>392</u>)

6,289,681

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 8,307,715

Statement 5

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2010 $\,$

	General Fund	Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 12,217	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,217
Franchise taxes	37,238	-	-	37,238
Gross receipts taxes	297,371	111,739	-	409,110
Gas taxes	_	26,805	_	26,805
MVD taxes	82,938	_	_	82,938
Cigarette tax	1,730	_	826	2,556
Charges for services	4,724	_	-	4,724
Licenses and permits	3,640	_	_	3,640
Local sources	2,330	_	•	2,330
State sources	379,229	557,342	90,729	1,027,300
Federal sources	108,556	_		108,556
State shared taxes	601,781	_	_	601,781
Earnings from investments	18,926	_		18,926
Total revenues	1,550,680	695,886	91,555	2,338,121
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	659,414	_	_	659,414
Highways and streets	6,410	-	_	6,410
Public safety	39,240	_	88,813	128,053
Health & welfare	_	-	-	· ·
Culture and recreation	27,597	_	_	27,597
Capital outlay	669,361	627,338	21,083	1,317,782
Total expenditures	1,402,022	627,338	109,896	2,139,256
Excess (deficiency) revenues				
over expenditures	148,658	68,548	(18,341)	198,865
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	19,225	_	_	19,225
Operating transfers out		<u>-</u> _	(19,225)	(19,225)
	10.005			
	19,225	<u>_</u>	(19,225)	
Net change in fund balances	167,883	68,548	(37,566)	198,865
Fund balance beginning of year	1,437,442	322,535	59,192	1,819,169
Fund balance end of year	\$ 1,605,325	\$ 391,083	\$ 21,626	\$2,018,034

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Statement 6

VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 198,865

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the period.

Capital outlays
Depreciation expense

1,317,780

(280,821)

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

1,036,959

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 1,235,824

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	Variance avorable favorable)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	11,350	\$	11,350	\$	12,182	\$	832
Franchise taxes		36,000		36,000		39,463		3,463
Gross receipts taxes		210,000		210,000		357,677		147,677
MVD taxes		71,200		71,200		83,630		12,430
Cigarette tax		1,000		1,000		1,712		712
Charges for services		2,400		2,400		4,724		2,324
Licenses and permits		1,750		1,750		3,640		1,890
Local sources		3,250		3,250		2,330		(920)
State sources		371,500		371,500		335,015		(36,485)
Federal sources		98,000		98,000		69,428		(28,572)
State shared taxes		588,000		588,000		601,781		13,781
Earnings from investments		20,000		20,000		18,926	-	(1,074)
Total revenues	\$	1,414,450	\$	1,414,450	<u>\$</u>	1,530,508	\$	116,058
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	880,393	\$	880,393	\$	655,570	\$	224,823
Highways and streets		10,150		10,150		6,410		3,740
Public safety		45,643		45,643		39,240		6,403
Health and welfare		-		_				-
Culture and recreation		40,000		40,000		27 , 597		12,403
Capital outlay	_	434,500		434,500		669,361		(234,861)
Total expenditures	\$	1,410,686	\$	1,410,686	\$	1,398,178	\$	12,508
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	\$	_	\$	19,225	\$	19,225	\$	_
Operating transfers out	_			<u> </u>				
Total other financing sources	\$		<u>ş</u>	19,225	\$	19,225	\$	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	_	\$					

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Special Revenue - Road Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2010

					7	<i>J</i> ariance
		Original	Final		F	avorable
		Budget	 Budget	 Actual	(Un	favorable)
REVENUES						
Gross receipts taxes	\$	60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 119,226	\$	59,226
Gas taxes		25,000	25,000	25,772		772
State sources	40	799,338	 799,338	 557,342		(241,996)
Total revenues	\$	884,338	\$ 884,338	\$ 702,340	\$	(181,998)
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	\$	1,190,767	\$ 1,190,767	\$ 627,338	\$	563,429
Total expenditures	<u>\$</u>	1,190,767	\$ 1,190,767	\$ 627,338	\$	563,429
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	306,429	\$ 306,429			

Statement 9

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Water Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash on deposit	\$ 68,989
Accounts receivable (net)	5,539
Total Current Assets	74,528
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted Assets (Cash)	
Customer meter deposits	3,135
Total Non-Current Assets	3,135
Capital Assets	
Land	98,340
Buildings	183,836
Plant/infrastructure	4,448,944
Accumulated depreciation	(1,095,651)
Total Capital Assets	3,635,469
Total Assets	\$ 3,713,132
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,716
Customer meter deposits	Ų 3,710
payable from Restricted Assets	3,135
parable from Reserrocca fishers	
Total Current Liabilities	6,851
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets	3,635,469
Unrestricted	70,812
Total Net Assets	3,706,281
makal Tiplilikian ama	
Total Liabilities and	¢ 2712120
Net Assets	\$ 3,713,132

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Water Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Sales and services	\$ 55,541
Total operating revenue	55,541
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Maintenance and operations	65,486
Depreciation	217,011
Total operating expenses	282,497
Operating income (loss)	(226, 956)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	
State grant	548,812
Federal grants	20,309
Total Non-Operating Revenue	
(Expense)	569,121
(ширепое)	309,121
Change in Net Assets	342,165
Total net assets, beginning of year	3,364,116
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 3,706,281

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash FLOMS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash payments to employees and to suppliers for goods and services Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOMS PROM CAPITAL AMD RELAYED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities CASH FLOMS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: State grants Federal grants Operating transfers to other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash, beginning of year RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO HET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in payables Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 15,164		Water Fund
Cash payments to employees and to suppliers for goods and services (61,770) Net cash provided by operating activities 15,164 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FIVANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (548,811) Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (548,811) CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: State grants 544,120 Pederal grants 225,000 Operating transfers to other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 569,120 Net increase (decrease) in cash 35,473 Cash, beginning of year 33,516 Cash, end of year \$68,999 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables 40,930 Increase (decrease) in payables (15,821)	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net cash provided by operating activities 15,164 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (548,811) Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (549,811) CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: State grants 544,120 Federal grants 25,000 Operating transfers to other funds 569,120 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 569,120 Net increase (decrease) in cash 35,473 Cash, beginning of year 568,989 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$ (226,956) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 217,011 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables 40,930 Increase (decrease) in payables (15,821)	Cash received from customers	\$ 76,934
Net cash provided by operating activities 15,164 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITES: Acquisition of capital assets (548,811) Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (548,811) CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITES: State grants 544,120 Federal grants 25,000 Operating transfers to other funds Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 569,120 Net increase (decrease) in cash 35,473 Cash, beginning of year 33,516 Cash, end of year \$68,989 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$ (226,956) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 217,011 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables 40,930 Increase (decrease) in payables (15,821)		
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activities 15,164 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets (548,811) Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (548,811) CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: State grants 544,120 Federal grants 25,000 Operating transfers to other funds 5569,120 Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities 569,120 Net increase (decrease) in cash 35,473 Cash, beginning of year 33,516 Cash, end of year \$68,989 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) \$(226,956) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation 217,011 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables 40,930 Increase (decrease) in payables (155,821)	Net cash provided by operating	
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(Increase) decrease in receivables 40,930 Increase (decrease) in payables (15,821)		217,011
Increase (decrease) in payables (15,821)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 15,164	Increase (decrease) in payables	(15,821)
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 15,164

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2010

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Village of Tijeras is incorporated under Section 3 New Mexico State Statutes Annotated 1978 Compilation operating under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. The Village also serves as a local office for the State Motor Vehicle Division.

The financial statements of the Village of Tijeras have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village had no component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which is normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement focus</u>, <u>basis of accounting</u>, <u>and financial statement presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road Fund</u> (Special Revenue Fund) accounts for revenues received from the levy of a tax per gallon of gasoline purchased within Village boundaries, pursuant to the County and Municipal Gasoline Tax Act, NMSA 7-21-1. Expenditures from this fund may be used for bridge and road projects on transit routes; for purchasing, maintaining or operating transit facilities; for operating a transit authority; for operating a vehicle omissions inspection program; or for road, street or highway construction, repair or maintenance on transit routes. Financing is also provided by grants from the New Mexico State Highway and Transportation Department.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The $\underline{\textit{Water Fund}}$ is used to account for activities of the Village's water operations.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the district holds for other in an agency capacity.

The Village also reports additional Government funds as non-major. They include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - these funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to November 30, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to taxpayers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the given function 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions and 3) program specific capital grants and contributions including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund is charged to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognized as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous year's history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 2. The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments. The original budget that was adopted in July, 1998 was amended during the fiscal year in a legally permissible manner.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- 4. Encumbrances are not reported in the budgets or financial statements.
- 5. The level of classification detail in which expenditures of expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principals. Throughout the year the accounting records are maintained on the Non-GAAP basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Accordingly, certain revenues and the related assets are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. The financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons presented for General and Special Revenue Funds in this report are on the Non-GAAP budgetary basis and actual (cash basis). The budget of the Enterprise Fund is adopted on a Non-GAAP cash basis.

E. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity of six months from the date acquired by the government. State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions and the State Treasurer Pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owners of such monies, in an amount not less that 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

F. <u>Inventories</u>

The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated Capital Assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>		<u>Years</u>
Vehicles	infrastructure	30 40 10-15
Equipment Furniture and	fixtures	10-15 3-10

The Village does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless it exceeds the \$5,000 threshold.

H. Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the Village of Tijeras to permit certain employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, which will not be paid to employees upon separation from the Village's service. All vacation earned must be taken before year end or it is lost. There is no leave balance as of the end of the fiscal year.

Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

I. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The Village designates the portion of the year-end fund balance, not otherwise designated or reserved, for subsequent years' expenditures. These designations are established to earmark resources for specific future use and to indicate that the fund equity does not represent available spendable resources.

J. Restricted Assets

Certain long-term assets in the proprietary funds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purpose such as "deposits held in trust for others".

K. Net Assets

The governmental activities and business-type activities financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

<u>Investment in capital assets, net of related debt</u> - This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associates with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net assets - This category reflects the portion of net assets that have third party limitation on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net assets</u> - This category reflects net assets of the Village not restricted for any project or other purposes.

L. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.

2. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer for the county in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one-third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village.

The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues. The Village has no means of determining the amount of delinquent taxes, and no delinquent taxes are recorded on the Villages financial records.

3. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Funds

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the Governmental Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

4. <u>DEPOSITS HELD FOR OTHERS, ENTERPRISE FUND</u>

Deposits in the Water Utility Enterprise Fund consist of the following:

Hydrant Meter deposits \$ 3,135

Water meter deposits are charged to new customers and consist of the following:

Residential	properties	\$ 30
Commercial	properties	\$ 60/75

5. <u>DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL</u>

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo	Regular Memorial Park Fire Dept. EMS Regular Water Meter	Savings Checking Checking Checking Checking	\$ 251,413 820 17,890 4,336 953,527
Wells Fargo Wells Fargo	Deposit CDBG Village	Checking Checking Certificate of Deposit	3,135 69,529 131,153
			<u>\$1,431,803</u>
Bank of the West	Village	Certificate of Deposit	<u>\$ 136,468</u>
Compass Bank	Village	Certificate of Deposit	\$ 136,314
Wachovia Securities	Village	Money Fund	<u>\$ 147,581</u>
Total Cash on Deposit			<u>\$1,852,166</u>

Total cash per bank	\$1,852,166
Deposits in transit	-
Outstanding checks	(9,212)
Total per financial statements	<u>\$1,842,954</u>
Cash on deposit at June 30, 2008	\$1,852,166
Less F.D.I.C.	920,363
Uninsured funds	931,803
50% Collateral Requirement	465,902
Pledged Collateral	1,143,993
Excess of pledged collateral	<u>\$ 678,091</u>

The following schedule details the public money held by financial institutions and the pledged collateral provided for the Village follows:

i de la companya de l	Wells <u>Fargo</u>	Compass <u>Bank</u>	Bank of the West
Cash on deposit at June 30 Less FDIC Uninsured funds Funds needing collateralization	\$ 1,431,803 (500,000) 931,803	\$ 136,314 _(136,314) _	\$ 136,468 (136,468)
at 50% (required by State Law)	465,902	-	_
Pledged collateral at June 30	1,143,993	<u> </u>	
Excess of Pledged Collateral	\$ 678,091	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2010, \$931,803 of the Village's bank balance \$1,852,166 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

A.	Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ _
В.	Uninsured and collateralized	
	with securities held by the	
	pledging banks trust department,	
	but not in the Village's name	 931,803
	Total	\$ 931,803

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the cooperative for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. The collateral pledged is shown as follows:

		Fair Market
Wells Fargo California	<u>Maturity Date</u>	Value
FNMA CUSIP #31371KWJ6	12-01-32	\$ 72,687
FNMA CUSIP #31410MYF1	07-01-36	727,972
FNMA CUSIP #31410V6PO	02-01-37	164,597
FNMA CUSIP #31414TBF7	05-01-38	151,627
FNMA CUSIP #31415TP20	08-01-38	<u>27,110</u>
		\$ 1,143,993

6. INVESTMENTS

The Village is authorized by Village Council resolution and State statute to invest in securities of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities or in securities of the State of New Mexico, it agencies, instrumentalities, counties, municipalities or other subdivisions or by securities, including student loans, that are guaranteed by the United States or the State of New Mexico.

Investments consist of GNMA 15 and 30 year single family mortgage pool securities with a total cost of \$95,575 and maturity dates ranging from October 15, 2008 to May 15, 2031; and \$95,575 in Wachovia Securities Money Fund.

The Village's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Village at fiscal year end. The categories are described as follows:

- Category 1 Insured or registered, or securities held by the Village or in the Village's name.
- Category 2 Uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the Village's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or its trust department or agent but not in the Village's name.

Type of Investments	1	Categor 2	у 3	Market Value	Cost
GNMA Securities	\$ 95,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 92 , 964	\$ 95,575
Wachovia Securities Money Fund	147,581	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>s -</u>	147,581	147,581
	<u>\$243,156</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$240,545</u>	<u>\$243,156</u>

The net unrealized loss on investments is \$2,611.

7. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

<u>Revenues</u>	General Fund	Road Fund	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Proprietary Fund
Actual Budget	\$1,550,680 1,530,508	\$ 695,886 702,340	\$ 91,555 91,589	\$ 624,662 665,592
Increase (decrease) in receivables	<u>\$ 20,172</u>	<u>\$ (6,454</u>)	<u>\$ (34</u>)	\$ (40,930)
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Actual Budget Depreciation	\$1,402,022 1,398,178	\$ 627,338 627,338 -	\$ 109,896 109,896	\$ 282,497 610,581 (217,011)
Purchase of Capital Assets				<u>529,274</u>
Increase (decrease) in payables	\$ 3,844	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (15,821</u>)

8. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Governmental-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Adjustments	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Land	\$ 585,048	\$ 104,213	\$	\$	\$ 689,261
Total capital assets not being depreciated	585,048	104,213			689,261
Building and improvements Equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	3,750,219 - 1,181,108 	544,221 - 25,309 	297,986 (297,986)	-	4,294,440 297,986 908,431 2,060,955
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,348,245	1,213,567			7,561,812
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Building and improvements Equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	(916,993) - (644,439) (119,139)	(142,082) (31,643) (55,572) (51,524)	(155,488) 155,488	- - -	(1,059,075) (187,131) (544,523) (170,663)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,680,571)	(280,821)	<u>-</u>		<u>(1,961,392</u>)
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,667,674	932,746		_	5,600,420
Net capital assets	\$ 5,252,722	<u>\$ 1,036,959</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6,289,681

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Business-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Land	\$ 98,340	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 98,340
Total capital assets not being depreciated	98,340			98,340
Building and improvements Infrastructure	183,836 3,900,133	<u> </u>		183,836 4,448,945
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,083,969	548,812		4,632,781
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements Infrastructure	(88,415) (790,225)	(6,127) (210,883)		(94,542) (1,001,108)
Total accumulated depreciation	(878,640)	(217,010)		(1,095,650)
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,205,329	331,802		3,537,131
Net capital assets	\$ 3,303,669	\$ 331,802	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,635,471</u>

9. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	
Receivables from customers Less allowance for uncollectible	\$ -	\$	5,539	
accounts	<u> </u>			
Subtotal	_	·	5,539	
Gross receipts taxes receivable	58,566		, <u> </u>	
Franchise taxes receivable	2,942		_	
Cigarette taxes receivable	85		_	
Gasoline taxes receivable	3,176			
MVD receivable	7,107		Mary	
Property taxes receivable	255			
Intergovernmental	83,341			
Total	\$ 155,472	\$	5,539	

10. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all of Village of Tijeras's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Board (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their gross salary. The Village of Tijeras is required to contribute 7% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village of Tijeras are established in Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of legislature. The Village of Tijeras's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$17,430, \$15,694 and \$11,775 respectively equal to the amount of the required contributions for the year.

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. The Village of Tijeras contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provided health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employers effective date and the date of retirement; (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; (3) former legislators who served at least two years; and (4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. The report and further information can be obtained by writing to Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle Boulevard, Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorized the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthlypremium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses fo the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and employees. The statute requires each participating employer to contribute 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee is required to contribute .65 of their salary.

Employers joining the program after 01/01/98 are also required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

The Village of Tijeras contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$3,229, \$2,903 and \$2,201, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

12. MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENT

The Village offers services to residents for motor vehicle licenses, license plates, etc. These revenues are remitted daily to the State of New Mexico. These amounts received and remitted have not been included in the financial statements contained herein.

13. TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers for Governmental Activities during the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

<u>Transfer Out</u> <u>Transfer In</u> <u>Total</u> \$ (19,225) \$ 19,225 \$ -0-

Transfer from Recreation Fund to General Fund to close the Recreation Fund.

14. **BUDGET VIOLATIONS**

The Special Revenue Recreation Fund had a budget overrun of \$300.



NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FIRE FUND - Authorized by State Statute 599-15-1 to 599-15-18, to account for operations of the fire department. Financing is provided by the state fire allotment and miscellaneous revenue.

EMS (EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES) FUND - Authorized by State Statute 24-10A-1 to 24-10A-10, to account for operations of the paramedic unit. Financing is provided by the EMS grant.

RECREATION FUND - Authorized by State Statute 7-12-15, to account for the operations and maintenance of parks and other recreation type activities. Financing is provided by cigarette tax.

Statement A-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2010

		Fire Fund		EMS Fund	eation und	Gove	Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable	\$	17 , 778	\$	3,848	\$ 	\$	21,626
Total assets	\$	17,778	\$	3,848	\$ _	\$	21,626
FUND BALANCE Unreserved: Undesignated for subsequent year's expenditures	<u>\$-</u>	17,778	<u>\$</u>	3,848	\$ 	\$	21,626
Total fund balance	\$	17,778	\$	3,848	\$ -	\$	21,626

Statement A-2

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2010

	Fire Fund		EMS Fund		Recreation Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Local sources	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
State sources		81,526		9,203		_		90,729
Cigarette taxes		_		_		826		826
Earnings from investments								
Total revenues		81,526		9,203		826		91,555
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		_		-		_		-
Highways & streets		_		_		_		was.
Public safety		82,532		6,281		_		88,813
Culture and recreation		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		4,383				16,700		21,083
Total expenditures		86,915		6,281		16,700		109,896
Excess (deficiency) revenues								
over expenditures		(5,389)		2,922		(15,874)		(18,341)
Other financing uses								
Transfer out		<u> </u>				(19,225)		(19,225)
Total other financing (uses)				2,922		(19,225)	_	(19,225)
Net change in fund balances		(5,389)		2,922		(35,099)		(37,566)
Fund balance beginning of year		23,167		926		35,099		59,192
Fund balance end of year	\$	17,778	\$	3,848	\$		\$	21,626

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Fire Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES State sources Total revenues	\$ 81,526 \$ 81,526	\$ 81,526 \$ 81,526	\$ 81,526 \$ 81,526	\$
EXPENDITURES Public safety	\$ 104,692	\$ 104,692	\$ 86,915	\$ 17,777
Total expenditures	\$ 104,692	\$ 104,692	\$ 86,915	\$ 17,777
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 23,166	\$ 23,166		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - EMS Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2010

Variance Original Final Favorable Budget Actual (Unfavorable) Budget REVENUES 8,065 8,065 9,203 1,138 \$ State sources Total revenues 8,065 8,065 9,203 1,138 EXPENDITURES Public safety 9,011 9,011 6,281 2,730 6,281 2,730 Total expenditures 9,011 9,011 BUDGETED CASH BALANCE 946 946

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Recreation Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES State shared taxes	Ś	500	\$	500	\$	860	\$	(360)
State Shared taxes	-	300	<u>ب</u>	300	Y	000	Υ	(300)
Total revenues	\$	500	\$	500	\$	860	\$	(360)
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation	\$	16,400	\$	16,400	\$	16,700	\$	(300)
Total expenditures	\$	16,400	\$	16,400	\$	16,700	\$	(300)
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	15,900	\$	15,900				
REVENUES								
Budgetary basis					\$	860		
(Decrease) in receivables					***	(34)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	826		

PROPRIETARY FUND DETAIL

PROPRIETARY FUNDS BUDGETS

WATER FUND - To account for the provision of water services to the residents of Tijeras, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Proprietary Funds Water Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2010

Variance Final Original Favorable Budget Budget Actual (Unfavorable) REVENUES 30,000 30,000 53,712 Sales and services \$ \$ 23,712 600,000 600,000 586,880 State sources (13, 120)Federal sources 212,000 212,000 25,000 (187,000)Total revenues 842,000 842,000 665,592 (176,408) EXPENDITURES Maintenance and operations 121,200 121,200 61,770 59,430 787,000 Capital outlay 787,000 548,811 238,189 Total expenditures 908,200 908,200 610,581 297,619 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out Total other financing sources (uses)

66,200

66,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BUDGETED CASH BALANCE

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
11805 Menaul NE
Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Tijeras
Tijeras, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General and Road Funds of the Village of Tijeras, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated March 21, 2011. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's non-major governmental funds and all the budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Corona's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Corona's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Status of Comments and Responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. It is listed as Financial Statement Preparation (07-06) and Incomplete General Ledger (08-21). A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Tijeras's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which is described in the accompanying Status of Comments and Responses as Late Audit Report (09-01) Ordinance for Mayor/Board Members Payments (10-01), Budget Adjustments Not Received (10-03), Payments to Mayor and Board Members (10-04), "Guest" Purchases (105) and Budget Overrun (10-06).

We noted certain matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards January 2007 Revision paragraphs 5.14 and 5.16, and Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978, which are described in the accompanying Status of Comments as finding Bank Reconciliations (08-05) and Employee Benefits Not Posted Correctly (10-02).

The Village of Tijeras's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Status of Comments and Responses. We did not audit the Village of Tijeras's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico State Legislature, applicable federal grantors and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration and is not intended to be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Les & Lidelle Tin, Ella.

STATUS OF COMMENTS

Prior Year Audit Findings

- 1. Procurement Code Violation (07-05) Resolved.
- 2. Financial Statement Preparation (07-06) Repeated.
- 3. Bank Reconciliations (08-05) Repeated.
- 4. Receipt Books (08-06) Resolved.
- 5. Department of Finance and Administration Quarterly Report Incorrect (08-07) Resolved.
- 6. Purchase Orders Required (08-14) Resolved.
- 7. Village Credit Card (08-15) Resolved.
- 8. Unbudgeted Transfer (08-19) Resolved.
- 9. Incomplete General Ledger (08-21) Resolved.
- 10. Late Audit Report (09-01) Repeated.

Current Year Audit Findings

- 1. Employee Benefits Not Posted Correctly (10-01)
- 2. Ordinance For Mayor/Council Members Payments (10-02)
- 3. Budget Adjustments Not Reviewed (10-03)
- 4. Payments to Mayor and Council Members (10-04)
- 5. "Guest" Purchases (10-05)
- 6. Budget Overrun (10-06)

Financial Statement Preparation (07-06)

CONDITION The Village of Tijeras does not prepare its

own financial statements.

CRITERIA SAS 115 implies that the Village of Tijeras

should have sufficient expertise in selecting and applying accounting principles in conformity with generally accepted accounting

principles.

CAUSE The Village does not maintain an adequate

general ledger system.

EFFECT The Village cannot prepare their own financial

statements on a GAAP basis.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should maintain an adequate

general ledger system so financial statements

can be prepared.

RESPONSE The Village of Tijeras will continue to work

toward being able to prepare its own financial

statements.

Bank Reconciliations (08-05)

CONDITION Management of the Village is not adequately

reconciling the numerous funds housed in one

bank account.

CRITERIA The bank account should be reconciled each

month upon receiving the bank statement. Any differences need to be investigated and

adjusted immediately.

CAUSE The Village does not have a true working

general ledger system.

EFFECT Cash could be understated/overstated in any

given fund.

RECOMMENDATION Management of the Village should be trained on

the business software package immediately. This will then provide a working general ledger system and computer generated bank

reconciliations.

RESPONSE Village management will continue to work with

a consultant to gain the expertise needed to prepare the general ledger and reconcile the

bank statements.

<u>Incomplete General Ledger</u> (08-21)

CONDITION A complete general ledger of any kind prepared

by the Village or the consultant was not

available.

CRITERIA To comply with 6-6-3 NMSA 1978 all

transactions of the Village should be posted

to the books of record.

CAUSE Management of the Village did not utilize the

accounting software adequately so a general

ledger could be prepared/provided.

EFFECT The Village is unable to maintain adequate

control over its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues or expenditures for any of

its funds.

RECOMMENDATION Village management should obtain an accounting

software that can be used adequately or have the current Village staff trained on how to use the current software. In doing this a

complete general ledger could be prepared.

RESPONSE Village management will continue to work with

a consultant to gain the expertise needed to

prepare the general ledger.

Late Audit Report (09-01)

CONDITION The audit report for the Village was not

submitted by the required deadline of December

1, 2010.

CRITERIA All audit reports should be submitted to the

State Auditors Office by the required due date according to the State auditors Rule 2.2.2.9

 $A(1)\{d\}.$

CAUSE The Village implemented a new accounting

software during the year. Because of that the Village could not provide complete financial statements in time for the audit report to be submitted to the State Auditors Office by the

required deadline.

EFFECT State Auditor Rule 2.2.2.9 A(1){d} was not

followed.

RECOMMENDATION The Village now has adequate Capital Asset and

Depreciation records so there should be no problem with the 2010 audit being submitted

timely.

RESPONSE Every effort will be made to have the

financial statements prepared in time to submit the audit report by December 1, 2011.

Employee Benefits Not Posted Correctly (10-01)

CONDITION The payroll portion of the accounting software

was not set-up (initially) correctly. Employee benefits were being posted twice to the general ledger. Thus, overstating

expenditures.

CRITERIA All transactions posted to the books of record

should be complete, accurate and timely.

CAUSE This situation was discovered during the

audit. It is unclear as to why this situation

occurred.

EFFECT Payroll expenditures could have been

overstated.

RECOMMENDATION Management should have this corrected as soon

as possible.

RESPONSE The issue of employee benefits not posted

correctly has been corrected.

Ordinance for Mayor/Council Members Payments (10-02)

CONDITION The Village does not have an Ordinance (or

resolution) stating how much the Mayor and

Council Members are allowed to be paid.

CRITERIA The Council of the Village should have passed

an Ordinance specifying how much the Mayor and

each Council Member will be paid.

CAUSE Management did not ensure this Ordinance was

prepared, approved and included as part of the

personnel policies.

EFFECT Management can only rely on the final approved

budget for the amount that can be paid to the

Mayor and each Council Member.

RECOMMENDATION Management needs to prepare an Ordinance and

have it approved by the Council as soon as possible. These amounts cannot exceed current amounts budgeted so as not to violate NM Compilation Commission Sec. 27. A new Ordinance can be adopted in the next election

year.

RESPONSE An ordinance will be prepared immediately to

comply with the above recommendations.

Budget Adjustments Not Reviewed (10-03)

CONDITION An employee has not been assigned to reviewing

the budget including the annual salary portion

of the budget.

CRITERIA According to department of Finance and

Administration Regulations the approved budget should be reviewed periodically to ensure that budget adjustments are requested and approved

when necessary.

CAUSE A change in management occurred during the

year. Also, this task was never specifically given to a particular employee. This task has

been given to the new Village Clerk.

EFFECT Budgets for certain salaries were exceeded

without a budget adjustment request/approval.

RECOMMENDATION The new Village Clerk should continue to

review the budget to ensure budgeted salaries

are not exceeded.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk will review the budget on a

monthly basis to ensure that budgeted amounts

are not exceeded.

Payments to Mayor and Council Members (10-04)

COM	ר ח		T	ON	Ŧ
CON	111	1	1	OD	Į.

The Mayor and Mayor Pro-Tem received compensation beyond the amount budgeted for the year. The rest of the Council Members did not receive the total compensation budgeted for during the fiscal year. Compensation is budgeted and paid on an estimated 48 meeting attendance basis.

CRITERIA

According to the New Mexico Compilation Commission Sec. 27 "No law shall be enacted giving any extra compensation to any public officer, servant, agent or contractor after services are rendered or contract made; nor shall the compensation of any officer be increased or diminished during his term of office."

CAUSE

Management did not ensure that payments made to elected officials followed all applicable laws of the State of New Mexico.

EFFECT

Sec. 27 of the New Mexico Compilation Commission was not followed.

RECOMMENDATION

Payments made to the Mayor and Council should be reviewed periodically to ensure they comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

RESPONSE

Payments made to the Mayor and Council will be reviewed monthly to ensure that they comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

"Guest" Purchases (10-05)

CONDITION	Over	\$1,08	7 in	purchases	were	e mac	de for
	"auest	.s".	These	purchases	were	made	before

the "guest" reimbursed the Village.

All necessary procurements of goods and CRITERIA

services should be for the Village and its

employees, not "guests".

Management is instructed to make these CAUSE

payments. No one in management is ensuring that these payments not be made, or that they are at least paid by someone other than the

Village.

EFFECT The anti-donation clause may not be followed.

> The Village may be making payments for individuals that are not employees or elected

officials of the Village.

RECOMMENDATION The new Village Clerk should ensure none of

these types of payments are made in the

future.

RESPONSE The new Village Clerk will ensure that none of

these types of payments will be made in the

future.

Budget Overruns (10-06)

CONDITION	The	Villag	e ha	d	a b	udget	ove	rrun	in	the
	Recr	eation	Fund	in	the	amount	of	\$300.		

CRITERIA	Accor	ding to	Section	6-6-6	thro	ugh 6-6	5-11	\mathtt{NMSA}
	1978	Compilat	tion "pr	ohibit	s lo	cal gov	ernm	nents
	from	making	expendi	tures	in	excess	of	the
	appro	ved bud	get".					

CAUSE	A	budge	etary	/ adjus	stment	did	not	occur	to
	CO	rrect	the	budget	defici	t.			

EFFECT	The	Village	did not	comply wi	th the Section 6	ĵ−
	6-6	through	6-6-11	NMSA 1978	Compilation.	

RECOMMENDATION	Financial	statements	should	be r	reviewed
	periodical	ly for possib.	le overru	ns and	request
	the approp	priate budget	tary inc	reases	before
	expenditure	es exceed bud	aet.		

RESPONSE	A	regular	budget	review	will	be	conducted	to
	рı	revent bu	idget o	verruns.				

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2010 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements chart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 115.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held on March 21, 2011. In attendance were Ms. Gloria J. Chavez, Mayor, Ms. Ernestina King, Mayor Pro-Tem, Ms. Louise Marquez, Clerk-Treasurer, Ms. Kathy Solomon, Bookkeeper, Ms. Lillian Apodaca, Attorney and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditor.