STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS AUDIT REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2009 (with Auditor's Report Thereon)

RICE & ASSOCIATES
CERTIFIED DUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

AUDIT REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

(with Auditor's Report Thereon)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS TABLE OF CONTENTS Year Ended June 30, 2009

Introduct	ion Section	<u>Page</u>
Offi	cial Roster	i
Financial	Section	
Inde	pendent Auditor's Report	1
Financial	Statements	
Statement	<u>s</u>	
1	Statement of Net Assets	3
2	Statement of Activities	5
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	6
4	Governmental Funds: Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	7
5	Governmental Funds: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	8
6	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
7	General Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	10
8	Road Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	11
9	Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Assets	12

Table of	Contents (continued)	D.
10	Proprietary Funds: Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	Page 13
11	Proprietary Funds: Statement of Cash Flows	14
12	Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	15
Notes to	Financial Statements	16
Non-Major	Funds:	
Non-Major	Special Revenue Funds:	
A-1	Combining Balance Sheet	32
A-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	33
A-3	Fire Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	2.4
A-4	EMS Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	34 35
A-5	Recreation Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	36
Proprieta	ry Fund Detail:	
Proprieta	ry Funds Budgets:	
B-1	Water Fund: Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	37
Supplement	tary Information:	
Schedule of All Agend	of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - cy Funds	38

Table of Contents (continued)

	<u>Paqe</u>
Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance With Government	
Auditing Standards	39
Status of Comments	41
Financial Statement Preparation and Exit Conference	52

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2009

Village Council

NameTitleMs. Gloria ChavezMayorMs. Ernestina KingMayor Pro-TemMr. Don JohnsonCouncil PersonMs. Maxine WilsonCouncil PersonMr. Gilbert GutierrezCouncil PersonMr. George Nuanez, Sr.Council Person

Village Administration

Mr. Daniel Abram Clerk/Treasurer
Ms. Joyce Sherrod Deputy Clerk
Ms. Kathy Solomon Business Manager

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
11805 Menaul NE
Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Tijeras
Tijeras, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tijeras, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's non-major governmental funds and enterprise funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Tijeras's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Tijeras's internal control over financial reporting. According, we express no such opinion. audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the

Village of Tijeras, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Road Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major governmental fund and enterprise funds of the Village of Tijeras, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the non-major governmental funds and enterprise funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2010 on our consideration of the Village of Tijeras's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Village has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and the budgetary comparisons of Village of Tijeras. The accompanying financial information listed as Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic, combining and individual fund financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements of each of the respective individual funds taken as a whole.

The & Crasecisto, CAA.

March 15, 2010



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Statement 1 Page 1 of 2

	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total	
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash	\$ 1,	555,171	\$	33,515	\$	1,588,686
Investments		122,210		_		122,210
Accounts receivable (net						
of uncollectible accounts)		141 <u>,</u> 788		46,469		188,257
Total current assets	1,	819,169		79,984		1,899,153
Restricted Assets (Cash)						
Customer meter deposits				3,175		3,175
Total restricted assets				3,175		3,175
Capital Assets						
Land		585,048		98,340		683 , 388
Equipment and vehicles	1,	181,108		-		1,181,108
Buildings and improvements	3,	750,219		183,836		3,934,055
Plant/Infrastructure	1,	416,918	3,	,900,133		5,317,051
Total capital assets	6,	933 , 293	4,	<u>,182,309</u>		11,115,602
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,	680 , 571)		(878,640)		(2,559,211)
Total capital assets (net of						
accumulated depreciation)	5,:	252,722	3	,303,669		8,556,391
Total assets	\$ 7,0	071,891	\$ 3,	,386,828	\$	10,458,719

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Statement 1 Page 2 of 2

	Governmental Activities			ness Type ivities	Total	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable Customer meter deposits (restricted)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	19,537 3,175	\$ 19,537 3,175	
Total current liabilities		<u>-</u>		22,712	 22,712	
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets	5,252	,722		3,303,669	8,556,391	
Unrestricted	1,819	,169		60,447	 1,879,616	
Total net assets	7,071	891		3,364,116	 10,436,007	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 7,071	,891	\$:	3,386,828	\$ 10,458,719	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Program Revenues				(Expenses) Revenu anges in Net Asse	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities: General government Highways and streets Public safety	\$ 632,221 6,838 122,210	\$ 6,227 - -	\$ 31,053 - 80,435	\$ 395,871 66,071	\$ (199,070) 59,233 (41,775)	\$ - -	\$ (199,070) 59,233 (41,775)
Culture and recreation Depreciation - unallocated	8,187 335,155				(8,187) (335,155)		(8, 187) (335, 155)
Total governmental activities	1,104,611	6,227	111,488	461,942	(524,954)	_	(524,954)
Business-type activities:							
Water services	136,508	34,692		421,532		319,716	319,716
Total business-type activities	136,508	34,692		421,532		319,716	319,716
Total all activities	\$ 1,241,119	\$ 40,919	\$ 111,488	\$ 883,474	(524,954)	319,716	(205,238)
General Revenues:							
Property taxes					12,623	_	12,623
Franchise taxes					36,917	-	36,917
Gross receipts taxes		•			676,277		676,277
Gasoline taxes					25,762	_	25,762
Motor vehicle taxes					86,012	_	86,012
Cigarette taxes					3,878	_	3,878
State aid not restricted to speci	al purpose						
General					35,000	_	35,000
Investment earnings					23,168	-	23,168
Transfers					164,565	(164,565)	
Total general revenues					1,064,202	(164,565)	899,637
Change in net assets					539,248	155,151	694,399
Net assets - beginning Restatement					6,182,643 350,000	3,208,965 	9,391,608 350,000
Net assets - restated					6,532,643	3,208,965	9,741,608
Net assets - ending					\$ 7,071,891	\$ 3,364,116	\$ 10,43 <u>6</u> ,007

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009 Statement 3

ASSETS	General Fund	Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	ć 1 100 E0 <i>4</i>	¢ 206 420	ć 50 157	A 1 FFF 171
Cash on deposit	\$ 1,189,584	\$ 306,430	\$ 59,157	\$ 1,555,171
Investments	122,210	_	_	122,210
Accounts receivable	125,650	16,104	34	141,788
Total assets	\$ 1,437,444	\$ 322,534	\$ 59,191	\$ 1,819,169
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Total liabilities				
FUND BALANCE				
Unreserved:				
Undesignated reported in:				
General fund	1,437,444	_	_	1,437,444
Special revenue funds		322,534	59,191	381,725
				-
Total fund balance	1,437,444	322,534	59,191	1,819,169
Total liabilities and				
fund balance	\$ 1,437,444	\$ 322,534	\$ 59,191	\$ 1,819,169

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Statement 4

VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds

1,819,169

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

> The cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation

6,933,293

(1,680,571)

5,252,722

Net assets of governmental activities

7,071,891

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2009 $\,$

	General Fund	Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 12,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,623
Franchise taxes	36,917	-	-	36,917
Gross receipts taxes	176,719	67,578	_	244,297
Gas taxes	_	25,762	-	25,762
MVD taxes	86,012	_	_	86,012
Cigarette tax	2,582	-	1,296	3,878
Charges for services	2,447	-	-	2,447
Licenses and permits	3,780	_	_	3,780
Local sources	31,053	_	4,611	35,664
State sources	430,871	66,071	75,824	572,766
Federal sources	_	_	-	· _
State shared taxes	431,980	_	_	431,980
Earnings from investments	23,168			23,168
Total revenues	1,238,152	159,411	81,731	1,479,294
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	632,221	_	_	632,221
Highways and streets	5,650	1,188	_	6,838
Public safety	58,092	-	64,118	122,210
Health & welfare	_	_	_	· -
Culture and recreation	8,187	-	_	8,187
Capital outlay	721,695	72,814		794,509
Total expenditures	1,425,845	74,002	64,118	1,563,965
Excess (deficiency) revenues				
over expenditures	(187,693)	85,409	17,613	(84,671)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	164,565	_	_	164,565
Operating transfers out				
	164,565			164,565
Net change in fund balances	(23,128)	85,409	17,613	79,894
Fund balance beginning of year	1,460,572	237,125	41,578	1,739,275
Fund balance end of year	\$ 1,437,444	\$ 322,534	\$ 59,191	\$ 1,819,169

Statement 6

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

79,894

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the period.

Capital outlays
Depreciation expense

794,509

(335, 155)

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

459,354

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 539,248

General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	Variance avorable favorable)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	10,289	\$	10,289	\$	12,402	\$	2,113
Franchise taxes		36,000		36,000		36,426		426
Gross receipts taxes		170,000		170,000		176,719		6,719
MVD taxes		71,200		71,200		81,202		10,002
Cigarette tax		100		100		2,646		2,546
Charges for services		700		700		2,447		1,747
Licenses and permits		1,750		1,750		3,780		2,030
Local sources		800		800		31,053		30,253
State sources		604,493		604,493		510,000		(94,493)
Federal sources		_		_		_		_
State shared taxes		400,000		400,000		361,712		(38,288)
Earnings from investments		20,000		20,000		23,168	_	3,168
Total revenues	\$	1,315,332	\$	1,315,332	\$	1,241,555	\$	(73,777)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	1,067,310	\$	1,067,310	\$	661,629	ş	405,681
Highways and streets		18,600		18,600		58,092		(39,492)
Public safety		60,000		60,000		5,650		54,350
Health and welfare		-		-		_		_
Culture and recreation		19,143		19,143		8,187		10,956
Capital outlay		569,493		569,493		721,695		(152,202)
Total expenditures	\$	1,734,546	\$	1,734,546	\$	1,455,253	\$	279,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	164,565	\$	164,565
Operating transfers out	٧	_	Υ	_	7	104,505	٧	104,303
operating transfers out			_		_			
Total other financing sources	\$		<u>\$</u>	-	\$	164,565	\$	164,565
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	419,214	\$	419,214				

Road Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2009

		riginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	Variance 'avorable (favorable)
REVENUES	-					<u> </u>
Gross receipts taxes	\$	65,000	\$ 65,000	\$ 58 , 871	\$	(6,129)
Gas taxes		14,000	14,000	24,037		10,037
State sources		367,507	 367,507	 66,071		(301,436)
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	446,507	\$ 446,507	\$ 148,979	\$	(297,528)
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	\$	446,507	\$ 446,507	\$ 74,002	\$	372,505
Total expenditures	\$	446,507	\$ 446,507	\$ 74,002	\$	372,505

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

		Water Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash on deposit	\$	33,515
Accounts receivable (net)		46,469
Total Current Assets	_	79,984
Non-Current Assets		
Restricted Assets (Cash)		2 175
Customer meter deposits		3,175
Total Non-Current Assets		3,175
Capital Assets		
Land		98,340
Buildings		183,836
Plant/infrastructure		3,900,133
Accumulated depreciation		(878,640)
Total Capital Assets		3,303,669
Total Assets	\$	3,386,828
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	19,537
Customer meter deposits	·	·
payable from Restricted Assets		3,175
		00 710
Total Current Liabilities		22,712
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets		3,303,669
Unrestricted	-	60,447
Total Net Assets		3,364,116
10001 1.00 1.2222		
Total Liabilities and		
Net Assets	\$	3,386,828

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Water Fund
OPERATING REVENUES	
Sales and services	\$ 34,692
Total operating revenue	34,692
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Maintenance and operations	9,621
Depreciation	126,887
Total operating expenses	136,508
Operating income (loss)	(101,816)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	
Transfer out	(164,565)
State grant	421,532
Total Non-Operating Revenue	
(Expense)	256,967
Change in Net Assets	155,151
Total net assets, beginning of year	3,208,965
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 3,364,116

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Water Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 33,568
Cash payments to employees and to	
suppliers for goods and services	(9,621)
Net cash provided by operating	
activities	23,947
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(237,431)
Net cash provided (used) by capital	
and related financing activities	(237,431)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
State grants	378,773
Operating transfers to other funds	(164,565)
Net cash provided by non-capital	
financing activities	214,208
Net increase (decrease) in cash	724
Cash, beginning of year	32,791
Cash, end of year	\$ 33,515
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING	
INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED	
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (101,816)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	
income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	126,887
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(1,124)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 23,947

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds June 30, 2009

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ <u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others	\$ -
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Tijeras is incorporated under Section 3 New Mexico State Statutes Annotated 1978 Compilation operating under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. The Village also serves as a local office for the State Motor Vehicle Division.

The financial statements of the Village of Tijeras have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village had no component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which is normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement focus</u>, <u>basis of accounting</u>, <u>and financial statement presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road Fund</u> accounts for revenues received from the levy of a tax per gallon of gasoline purchased within Village boundaries, pursuant to the County and Municipal Gasoline Tax Act, NMSA 7-21-1. Expenditures from this fund may be used for bridge and road projects on transit routes; for purchasing, maintaining or operating transit facilities; for operating a transit authority; for operating a vehicle omissions inspection program; or for road, street or highway construction, repair or maintenance on transit routes. Financing is also provided by grants from the New Mexico State Highway and Transportation Department.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The <u>Water Fund</u> is used to account for activities of the Village's water operations.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the district holds for other in an agency capacity.

The Village also reports additional Government funds as non-major. They include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - these funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to November 30, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to taxpayers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the given function 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions and 3) program specific capital grants and contributions including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund is charged to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognized as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous year's history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 2. The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments. The original budget that was adopted in July, 1998 was amended during the fiscal year in a legally permissible manner.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- 4. Encumbrances are not reported in the budgets or financial statements.
- 5. The level of classification detail in which expenditures of expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principals. Throughout the year the accounting records are maintained on the Non-GAAP basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Accordingly, certain revenues and the related assets are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. The financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons presented for General and Special Revenue Funds in this report are on the Non-GAAP budgetary basis and actual (cash basis). The budget of the Enterprise Fund is adopted on a Non-GAAP cash basis.

E. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity of six months from the date acquired by the government. State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions and the State Treasurer Pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owners of such monies, in an amount not less that 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

F. <u>Inventories</u>

The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

G. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated Capital Assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings Public domain infrastructure Vehicles	30 40 10-15
Equipment Furniture and fixtures	10-15 3 - 10

The Village does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless it exceeds the \$5,000 threshold.

H. Compensated Absences

It is the policy of the Village of Tijeras to permit certain employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, which will not be paid to employees upon separation from the Village's service. All vacation earned must be taken before year end or it is lost. There is no leave balance as of the end of the fiscal year.

Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

I. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designation of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The Village designates the portion of the year-end fund balance, not otherwise designated or reserved, for subsequent years' expenditures. These designations are established to earmark resources for specific future use and to indicate that the fund equity does not represent available spendable resources.

J. Restricted Assets

Certain long-term assets in the proprietary funds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purpose such as "deposits held in trust for others".

K. Net Assets

The governmental activities and business-type activities financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

<u>Investment in capital assets, net of related debt</u> - This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associates with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net assets - This category reflects the portion of net assets that have third party limitation on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net assets</u> - This category reflects net assets of the Village not restricted for any project or other purposes.

L. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.

2. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer for the county in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one-third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village.

The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues. The Village has no means of determining the amount of delinquent taxes, and no delinquent taxes are recorded on the Villages financial records.

3. <u>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Funds

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the Governmental Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences payable	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ -

4. DEPOSITS HELD FOR OTHERS, ENTERPRISE FUND

Deposits in the Water Utility Enterprise Fund consist of the following:

Hydrant Meter deposits \$ 3,175

Water meter deposits are charged to new customers and consist of the following:

Residential properties \$ 30 Commercial properties \$ 60/75

5. <u>DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL</u>

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo Wells Fargo	Regular Memorial Park Fire Dept. EMS Regular Water Meter	Savings Checking Checking Checking Checking	\$ 250,760 300 23,166 946 807,544
Wells Fargo Wells Fargo	Deposit CDBG Village	Checking Checking Certificate of Deposit	3,175 100 <u>129,176</u>
			\$1,215,167
Bank of the West	Village	Certificate of Deposit	<u>\$ 134,435</u>
Compass Bank	Village	Certificate of Deposit	<u>\$ 130,516</u>
Wachovia Securities	Village	Money Fund	<u>\$ 112,480</u>
Total Cash on Deposit			<u>\$1,592,598</u>

Total cash per bank	\$1,592,598
Deposits in transit	-
Outstanding checks	(737)
Total per financial statements	<u>\$1,591,861</u>
Cash on deposit at June 30, 2009	\$1,592,598
Less F.D.I.C.	<u>877,431</u>
Uninsured funds	715,167
50% Collateral Requirement	357,584
Pledged Collateral	382,246
Excess of pledged collateral	<u>\$ 24,662</u>

The following schedule details the public money held by financial institutions and the pledged collateral provided for the Village follows:

ioliowo.	Wells Fargo	Compass <u>Bank</u>	Bank of the West
Cash on deposit at June 30 Less FDIC Uninsured funds Funds needing collateralization	\$ 1,215,167 (500,000) 715,167	\$ 130,516 (130,516)	\$ 134,435 (134,435)
at 50% (required by State Law) Pledged collateral at June 30	357 , 584 382 , 246	_	-
Excess of Pledged Collateral	\$ 24,662	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> _

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2009, \$357,584 of the Village's bank balance \$1,592,598 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	but not in the viriage 5 name		331,304
	<pre>pledging banks trust department, but not in the Village's name</pre>		357,584
	with securities held by the		
В.	Uninsured and collateralized		
Α.	Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$	_

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the cooperative for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. The collateral pledged is shown as follows:

		Fair Market
Wells Fargo California	<u>Maturity Date</u>	Value
FNCL CUSIP #31410MYF1	07-01-36	\$ 382,246

6. <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

The Village is authorized by Village Council resolution and State statute to invest in securities of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities or in securities of the State of New Mexico, it agencies, instrumentalities, counties, municipalities or other subdivisions or by securities, including student loans, that are guaranteed by the United States or the State of New Mexico.

Investments consist of GNMA 15 and 30 year single family mortgage pool securities with a total cost of \$122,210 and maturity dates ranging from October 15, 2008 to May 15, 2031; and \$122,210 in Wachovia Securities Money Fund.

The Village's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Village at fiscal year end. The categories are described as follows:

- Category 1 Insured or registered, or securities held by the Village or in the Village's name.
- Category 2 Uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the Village's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured or unregistered, with securities held by the counter party, or its trust department or agent but not in the Village's name.

Type of Investments	1	Cat	egory 2	3	Market <u>Value</u>	Cost
GNMA Securities	\$122,210	\$	- \$	_	\$117,133	\$122 , 210
Wachovia Securities Money Fund	112,480	\$	<u>-</u> \$		112,480	112,480
	<u>\$234,690</u>	\$	<u>-</u> \$		<u>\$229,613</u>	<u>\$234,690</u>

The net unrealized loss on investments is \$5,076.

7. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

<u>Revenues</u>	General Fund	Road Fund	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Proprietary Fund
Actual Budget	\$1,238,152 1,241,555	\$ 159,411 148,979	\$ 81,731 81,763	\$ 456,224 412,341
<pre>Increase (decrease) in receivables</pre>	<u>\$ (3,403</u>)	<u>\$ 10,432</u>	<u>\$ (32)</u>	<u>\$ 43,883</u>
Expenditures				
Actual Budget Depreciation	\$1,425,845 1,455,253	\$ 74,002 74,002	\$ 64,118 64,118 -	\$ 136,508 247,052 126,887
Purchase of Capital Assets				(237,431)
<pre>Increase (decrease) in payables</pre>	<u>\$ (29,408</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Governmental-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Adjustments	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009
Land	\$ 408,072	<u> </u>	\$ 176,976	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 585,048
Total capital assets not being depreciated	408,072		<u> 176,976</u>		585,048
Building and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	2,966,869 1,237,829 1,359,959	625,574 96,121 72,814	246,287 (57,408) (15,855)	(88,511) (95,434)	3,750,219 1,181,108 1,416,918
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,564,657	794,509	173,024	(183,945)	6,348,245
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Building and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	(824,642) (653,941) (50,778)	(180,862) (85,932) (68,361)		88,511 95,434 	(916,993) (644,439) (119,139)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,529,361</u>)	<u>(335,155</u>)		183,945	(1,680,571)
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,035,296	459,354	173,024	-	4,667,674
Net capital assets	\$ 4,443,368	\$ 459,354	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ 5,252,722

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Business-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>June 30, 2009</u>
Land	\$ 98,340	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 98,340
Total capital assets not being depreciated	98,340			98,340
Building and improvements Infrastructure	183,836 3,643,165	<u> </u>		183,836 3,900,133
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,827,001	<u>256,968</u>		4,083,969
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements Infrastructure	(82 , 288) (669,465)	(6,127) (120,760)	<u></u>	(88,415) (790,225)
Total accumulated depreciation	(751,753)	(126,887)		(878,640)
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,075,248	130,081		3,205,329
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 3,173,588</u>	<u>\$ 130,081</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$3,303,669</u>

9. <u>ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of June 30, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	
Receivables from customers Less allowance for uncollectible	\$	S	3,710	
accounts			_	
Subtotal	11/2/11/		3,710	
Gross receipts taxes receivable	126,30	60	, 	
Franchise taxes receivable	5,16	56	-	
Cigarette taxes receivable	10	0		
Gasoline taxes receivable	2,14	13	_	
MVD receivable	7,79	9	_	
Property taxes receivable	22	20		
Intergovernmental		<u>-</u> -	42,759	
Total	\$ 141,78	<u> 88</u>	46,469	

10. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all of Village of Tijeras's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Board (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their gross salary. The Village of Tijeras is required to contribute 7% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village of Tijeras are established in Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of legislature. The Village of Tijeras's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$15,694, \$11,775 and \$10,943 respectively equal to the amount of the required contributions for the year.

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. The Village of Tijeras contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provided health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employers effective date and the date of retirement; (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; (3) former legislators who served at least two years; and (4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. The report and further information can be obtained by writing to Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle Boulevard, Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorized the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthlypremium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses for the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and employees. The statute requires each participating employer to contribute 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee is required to contribute .65 of their salary.

Employers joining the program after 01/01/98 are also required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

The Village of Tijeras contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$2,903, \$2,201 and \$1,927, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

12. MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENT

The Village offers services to residents for motor vehicle licenses, license plates, etc. These revenues are remitted daily to the State of New Mexico. These amounts received and remitted have not been included in the financial statements contained herein.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

13. TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers for Governmental Activities during the year ended June 30, 2008 are as follows:

<u>Transfer Out</u> <u>Transfer In</u> <u>Total</u>

\$ (164,565) \$ 164,565 \$ -0-

Transfer from Water Fund to General Fund for Capital expenses.

14. RESTATEMENT - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

In the Statement of Activities there is a restatement from the prior years audit for \$350,000 in Capital Assets that were not included.



NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FIRE FUND - Authorized by State Statute 599-15-1 to 599-15-18, to account for operations of the fire department. Financing is provided by the state fire allotment and miscellaneous revenue.

EMS (EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES) FUND - Authorized by State Statute 24-10A-1 to 24-10A-10, to account for operations of the paramedic unit. Financing is provided by the EMS grant.

RECREATION FUND - Authorized by State Statute 7-12-15, to account for the operations and maintenance of parks and other recreation type activities. Financing is provided by cigarette tax.

Statement A-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2009

	Fire Fund		EMS Fund		Recreation Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable	\$	23,166	\$	926 	\$	35,065 34	\$	59 , 157
Total assets	\$	23,166	\$	926	\$	35,099	\$	59,191
FUND BALANCE Unreserved: Undesignated for subsequent year's expenditures	\$	23,166	\$	926	<u>\$</u>	35,099	\$	59,191
Total fund balance	\$	23,166	\$	926	\$	35,099	\$	59,191

Statement A-2

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2009

	Fire Fund	EMS Fund	Recreation Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Local sources	\$ 4,611	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,611	
State sources	67,310	8,514	-	75,824	
Cigarette taxes	-	=	1,296	1,296	
Earnings from investments					
Total revenues	71,921	8,514	1,296	81,731	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	_	
Highways & streets	_	-	-	_	
Public safety	56,264	7,854	-	64,118	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
Total expenditures	56,264	7,854		64,118	
Net change in fund balances	15,657	660	1,296	17,613	
Fund balance beginning of year	7,509	266	33,803	41,578	
Fund balance end of year	\$ 23,166	\$	\$ 35,099	\$ 59,191	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Fire Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Variance Original Final Favorable Budget (Unfavorable) Budget Actual REVENUES 4,611 4,611 Local sources 67,310 67<u>,3</u>10 State sources 67,310 Total revenues 67,310 67,310 71,921 4,611 EXPENDITURES Public safety 74,819 74,819 56,264 18,555 Total expenditures 74,819 74,819 56,264 18,555 BUDGETED CASH BALANCE 7,509 7,509

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - EMS Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2009

							Var.	iance
	Ori	Original		Final			Favo	rable
	Bu	dget	В	udget	Actual		(Unfav	orable)
REVENUES State sources	\$	7,214	\$	8,514	\$	8,514	\$	
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	7,214	<u>\$</u>	8,514	\$	8,514	\$	_
EXPENDITURES Public safety	\$	7,480	\$	8,780	\$	7,854	\$	926
Total expenditures	<u>\$</u>	7,480	\$	8,780	\$	7,854	\$	926
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	266	\$	266				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Recreation Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
State shared taxes	\$	100	\$	100	\$	1,328	\$	1,228
Total revenues	\$	100	\$	100	\$	1,328	\$	1,228
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation	\$	4,100	\$	4,100	\$		\$	4,100
Total expenditures	\$	4,100	\$	4,100	\$	_	\$	4,100
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	4,000	\$	4,000				
REVENUES								
Budgetary basis					\$	1,328		
(Decrease) in receivables						(32)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	1,296		



PROPRIETARY FUNDS BUDGETS

WATER FUND - To account for the provision of water services to the residents of Tijeras, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF TIJERAS Proprietary Funds Water Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable nfavorable)
REVENUES								
Sales and services	\$	31,500	\$	31,500	\$	33,568	\$	2,068
State sources	_	935,000		935,000		378,773		(556,227)
Total revenues	\$	966,500	\$	966,500	\$	412,341	\$	(554,159)
EXPENDITURES								
Maintenance and operations	\$	91,900	\$	91,900	\$	9,621	\$	82,279
Capital outlay		935,000		935,000		237,431		697,569
Total expenditures	\$	1,026,900	\$	1,026,900	\$	247,052	\$	779,848
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Transfer out		_		_		(164,565)		(164,565)
Total other financing sources								
(uses)	\$		\$		\$	(164,565)	\$	(164,565)
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	60,400	\$	60,400				

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

VILLAGE OF TIJERAS

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - All Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Bal	ances					Balanc	es
		June 3	0, 2008	Addition	s	Dele	tions	June 30,	2009
ASSETS Cash of	deposit	\$	62,390	\$		\$	62,390	\$	
Total	assets	\$	62,390	\$	_	\$	62,390	\$	-
LIABILITIES Friends	of Tijeras Pueblo	\$	62,390	\$		\$	62,390	\$	
Total	liabilities	\$	62,390	\$		\$	62,390	\$	

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Tijeras
Tijeras, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General Fund and Road Fund of the Village of Tijeras, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2010. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village of Tijeras's non-major governmental funds and proprietary funds and budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Village's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Status of Comments to be significant deficiencies in internal control over

financial reporting. Those significant deficiencies are described as Incomplete General Ledger (08-21) and Financial Statement Preparation (07-06).

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the accompanying Status of Comments as Purchase Orders Required (08-14), Unbudgeted Transfers (08-19) and Procurement Code Violation (07-05).

We noted certain matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards January 2007 Revision paragraphs 5.14 and 5.16, and Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978, which are described in the accompanying Status of Comments as findings Bank Reconciliations (08-05), Receipt Books (08-06), Department of Finance and Administration Quarterly Report Incorrect (08-07) and Village Credit Card (08-15).

The Village of Tijeras's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Status of Comments and Responses. We did not audit the Village of Tijeras's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Management, the Mayor, the Village Council, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico State Legislature and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration and is not intended to be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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March 15, 2010

STATUS OF COMMENTS

Prior Year Audit Findings

- 1. Budget Overruns (06-05) Resolved.
- 2. Procurement Code Violation (07-05) Repeated.
- 3. Financial Statement Preparation (07-06) Repeated.
- 4. Capital Asset Listing (08-01) Resolved.
- 5. Depreciation of Capital Assets (08-02) Resolved.
- 6. Depreciation Policy (08-03) Resolved.
- 7. Water Services Rates (08-04) Resolved.
- 8. Bank Reconciliations (08-05) Repeated.
- 9. Receipt Books (08-06) Repeated.
- 10. Department of Finance and Administration Quarterly Report Incorrect (08-07) Repeated.
- 11. Posting of Gross Receipts Taxes to the Road Fund (08-08) Resolved.
- 12. Benefits for New Employees (08-09) Resolved.
- 13. Water Meter Deposits (08-10) Resolved.
- 14. Water Meter Deposit Bank Account (08-11) Resolved.
- 15. 1099 Forms Not Prepared (08-12) Resolved.
- 16. Payments to Board Members (08-13) Resolved.
- 17. Purchase Orders Required (08-14) Repeated.
- 18. Village Credit Card (08-15) Repeated.
- 19. Credit Card Purchases (08-16) Resolved.
- 20. Change Orders (08-17) Resolved.
- 21. Sealed Bids (08-18) Resolved.
- 22. Unbudgeted Transfer (08-19) Repeated.
- 23. Sweep Account Authorization (08-20) Resolved.
- 24. Incomplete General Ledger (08-21) Repeated.

Current Year Audit Findings

1. Late Audit Report (09-01)

Procurement Code Violation (07-05)

CONDITION

The Village purchased \$46,618 worth of goods from two different vendors without obtaining three quotes.

CRITERIA

Three written quotations should be received and kept on file for all small purchases exceeding \$5,000, but not exceeding \$20,000, according to 1.4.1.51 NMAC.

CAUSE

It is unclear why management of the Village did not keep on file the three quotations.

EFFECT

Management did not comply with 1.4.1.51 NMAC.

RECOMMENDATION

Current management should ensure that policies are in place so the procurement procedures are followed.

RESPONSE

07-05 Procurement Code Violation: Governing body has subsequently passed Resolution 262 which requires the following procurement practices. The policy is congruent with 1.4.1.51 NMAC.

- 1. Designate the Village Clerk/Treasurer as the central procurement officer.
- 2. For purchases over \$50 and up to \$500, issue a purchase order.
- For purchases over \$500 and up to \$1,000, 3. attain written authorization from the Mayor and issue a purchase order.
- For purchases over \$1,000 and up to \$10,000: 4.
 - Issue a purchase order a.
 - Determine the best attainable price b. through direct quotes or catalogs.
 - Attain authorization from governing body as evidenced by the meeting minutes.
- For purchases \$20,000: 5. between \$10,000 and
 - а.
 - b.
 - Issue a request for quotation (RFQ) Attain three (3) valid quotes Attain authorization from the governing body as evidenced by the meeting minutes.
- For purchases greater than \$20,000: 6.
 - Issue an invitation to bid that identifies the bidding period and publicize for fifteen (15) days Require sealed bids from vendors Conduct a formal bid opening
 - b.
 - C.
 - Issue a Notice of Award to winning d. vendor
 - Attain authorization from governing body as evidenced by the meeting minutes.

<u>Financial Statement Preparation</u> (07-06)

CONDITION The Village of Tijeras does not prepare its

own financial statements.

CRITERIA SAS 112 implies that the Village of Tijeras

should have sufficient expertise in selecting and applying accounting principles in conformity with generally accepted accounting

principles.

CAUSE The Village does not maintain an adequate

general ledger system.

EFFECT The Village cannot prepare their own financial

statements on a GAAP basis.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should maintain an adequate

general ledger system so financial statements

can be prepared.

RESPONSE Management will endeavor to manage an

accounting system adequate to produce its own financial statements. Management has retained the assistance of a Quickbooks consultant who will work in conjunction with Management and

the Auditor to resolve the issue.

Bank Reconciliations (08-05)

CONDITION Management of the Village is not adequately

reconciling the numerous funds housed in one

bank account.

CRITERIA The bank account should be reconciled each

month upon receiving the bank statement. Any differences need to be investigated and

adjusted immediately.

CAUSE The Village does not have a true working

general ledger system.

EFFECT Cash could be understated/overstated in any

given fund.

RECOMMENDATION Management of the Village should be trained on

the business software package immediately. This will then provide a working general ledger system and computer generated bank

reconciliations.

RESPONSE Management will maintain an accounting system

adequate to produce computer generated bank

reconciliations.

Receipt Books (08-06)

CONDITION The Village does not use receipt books to

record all revenues received. Sometimes they are posted by journal entry and sometimes by

deposit method.

CRITERIA According to the Department of Finance and

Administration, all revenues received must be "receipted" in a receipt book that is pre-

numbered and used in sequence.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this requirement.

EFFECT DFA regulations are not being adhered to.

RECOMMENDATION Management should implement procedures to

ensure receipt books are used for all revenues

received.

RESPONSE Management will maintain numbered paper

receipts in duplicate for all revenues. Receipts will also be generated for recording

of investment income.

<u>Department of Finance and Administration Quarterly Report</u> <u>Incorrect</u> (08-07)

CONDITION The June 30, 2009 DFA quarterly report had a

\$250,000 amount included in the General Fund expenditures when it was merely a CD that had

been cashed.

CRITERIA The DFA quarterly reports are a culmination of

all transactions and balances of all funds and

bank accounts of the Village.

CAUSE Management was not aware that the maturation

of the CD was not an expenditure.

EFFECT The DFA quarterly report is not correct. It

is overstated by the amount of the CD.

RECOMMENDATION Village management should ensure that only

required information is included in the DFA

quarterly reports.

RESPONSE Management will assure that DFA receives all

required information in the quarterly financial reports. Future purchases of CD's will be correctly recorded as a transfer from the Cash Section to the Investment Section of

the Cash Report.

Purchase Orders Required (08-14)

CONDITION Fourteen out of forty-four paid invoices

chosen (totaling \$223,146) had purchase orders

dated after the invoice.

CRITERIA According to the Department of Finance and

Administration regulations purchase orders are to be used as part of the internal control process. They are used to ensure the purchase has been authorized, cash and budget authorized, cash and budget are available and the correct fund and line item have been

charged.

CAUSE Management of the Village is not ensuring that

this internal control procedure is being done.

EFFECT Department of Finance and Administration

regulations have not been followed.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should start dating purchase

orders before the item is purchased/ordered.

RESPONSE Management will produce Purchase Orders dated

before purchases are made.

Village Credit Card (08-15)

CONDITION	The	Village	is	using	а	credit	card	for
	nura	hacac						

purchases.

CRITERIA According to Sections 6-5-9.1 NMSA 1978 entities cannot obtain and use credit cards except for gasoline credit cards used solely for the operation of official vehicles, telephone credit cards and procurement cards.

CAUSE Management was unaware of this regulation.

EFFECT The Village is not complying with regulation

6-5-9.1 NMSA 1978.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should discontinue the use of the

credit card and obtain a procurement card through the Department of Finance and

Administration.

RESPONSE The credit card account has been closed.

Management attained a Purchase Card through

DFA and an issuing bank.

<u>Unbudgeted Transfer</u> (08-19)

CONDITION The Village made a transfer (of \$164,565)

between funds without DFA approval or budget

authority.

CRITERIA All transfers between funds must have budget

approval from DFA.

CAUSE Management did not obtain budget approval from

DFA.

EFFECT Budget authority was not obtained so DFA

regulations were not followed.

RECOMMENDATION Management should obtain budget approval for

all transfers before they are made.

RESPONSE Management will attain approval from the

Governing Body and DFA for transfers between funds and budget adjustments by fund before

the transfer or adjustment is made.

Incomplete General Ledger (08-21)

CONDITION A complete general ledger of any kind prepared

by the Village or the consultant was not

available.

CRITERIA To comply with 6-6-3 NMSA 1978 all

transactions of the Village should be posted

to the books of record.

CAUSE Management of the Village did not utilize the

accounting software adequately so a general

ledger could be prepared/provided.

EFFECT The Village is unable to maintain adequate

control over its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues or expenditures for any of

its funds.

RECOMMENDATION Village management should obtain an accounting

software that can be used adequately or have the current Village staff trained on how to use the current software. In doing this a

complete general ledger could be prepared.

RESPONSE Management will continue to pursue training

opportunities to better allow it to use its current software (Quickbooks) to generate its own financial statements, bank reconciliations

and a complete general ledger.

Late Audit Report (09-01)

CONDITION The audit report for the Village was not

submitted by the required deadline of December

1, 2009.

CRITERIA All audit reports should be submitted to the

State Auditors Office by the required due date according to the State auditors Rule 2.2.2.9

 $A(1)\{d\}.$

CAUSE The Village chose to take the extra time to

try and eliminate more of the prior years audit comments in lieu of obtaining a new

comment, and submitting the report late.

EFFECT State Auditor Rule 2.2.2.9 A(1){d} was not

followed.

RECOMMENDATION The Village now has adequate Capital Asset and

Depreciation records so there should be no problem with the 2010 audit being submitted

timely.

RESPONSE The Village now has adequate Capital Asset and

Depreciation records so the additional time needed in the FY09 audit to prepare that

schedule will not be necessary in FY 2010.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2009 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements 8hart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 112.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held on March 15, 2010. In attendance were Ms. Gloria J. Chavez, Mayor, Mr. Daniel Abram, Clerk-Treasurer, Ms. Joyce Sherrod, Deputy Clerk, Ms. Kathy Solomon, Bookkeeper and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditor.