FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

Prepared by

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

(With Independent Auditor's Reports Thereon)

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OFFICIAL ROSTER
June 30, 2010

Village Trustees

Elected Officials

Steve M. Lucero - Mayor
John J. Urban - Mayor Pro-tem
Roman J. Montoya - Trustee
Christine A. Trujillo - Trustee
Julie Ann M. Quintana - Trustee
Bernice R. Trujillo - Municipal Judge

Administration

Christina R. Lucero - Village Clerk



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hector Balderas, State Auditor Steve M. Lucero, Mayor and Trustees Village of San Ysidro San Ysidro, New Mexico

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Village of San Ysidro (Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of I have also audited the financial statements of each of the Village's nonmajor governmental funds and the budgetary comparisons for the capital project fund, debt service fund, and all nonmajor funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the of contents. These financial statements responsibility of the Village's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective

financial position of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present all material respects, the respective financial fairly, in position of each nonmajor governmental fund if the Village as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons of the nonmajor governmental funds, the capital project fund, and enterprise funds for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated November 26, 2012, on my consideration of the Village of San Ysidro's internal control over financial reporting and my test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the result of my audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on page 4 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consists of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other prepare the financial statements. used to information been subjected to the auditing procedures has applied in the audit of financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

November 26, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Village of San Ysidro's financial performance provides an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the Village's financial statements, which begins on page 12.

Financial Highlights

The Village of San Ysidro's total net assets decreased 1.3 percent as a result of this year's operations. Net assets of our business-type activities decreased by \$42,068, or 4.9 percent, due to depreciation. Net assets of our governmental activities increased by \$10,139, or .6 percent, due to donated real estate and slight increase in tax revenue.

During the year, the Village of San Ysidro had revenues generated in tax and other revenues, for governmental programs (before special items and transfers) that were \$426 more than the expense in comparison to last year, when revenues exceeded expense by \$111,249.

In the Village of San Ysidro's business-type activities, operating revenues increased to \$56,019 from \$52,807 and expenses decreased to \$46,148 from \$52,805 in 2009.

Total cost of all of the Village of San Ysidro's governmental programs increased by \$11,471 or 3.1 percent.

The general fund reported an increase this year of \$23,565.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13) provide information about the activities of the Village of San Ysidro as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 14. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also

report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Village acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the Village of San Ysidro as a Whole

Our analysis of the Village as a whole begins on page 12. One of the most important questions asked about the Village's finances is, "Is the Village of San Ysidro as a whole better off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Village as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Based on the current year activities, the Village has been able to maintain expenses even though projected revenues were not met.

These two statements report the Village's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the Village's net assets — the difference between assets and liabilities — as one way to measure the Village's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's roads, to assess the overall health of the Village of San Ysidro.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Village into two kinds of activities:

Government activities - Most of the Village's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, public works, and general administration. Gross receipts tax, property taxes, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities - The Village charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Village's Water Department is reported here.

Reporting the Village's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the Village's major funds begins on page 14 provides detailed information about the most significant funds not the Village as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Village Trustees establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants received from the New Mexico Environment Department). The Village's two kinds of funds accounting different proprietary use governmental and approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the Village of San Ysidro's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available These funds are reported using an accounting spending. method called modified accrual account, which measures cash assets that readily all other financial can governmental fund statements to cash. The converted provide a detailed short-term view of the Village's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Village's programs. describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation on page 15.

Proprietary funds - When the Village of San Ysidro charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the Village - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Village's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same business-type activities we report in the government-wide provide more and additional but detail information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

Financial Analysis of the Village as a Whole

This section will discuss and analyze significant differences. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the Village's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1
Village of San Ysidro
Net Assets
(In Thousands)

	Govern Activ 2010			ss-Type rities 2009	To ¹	tal 2009
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 421 1,216 1,636	$ \begin{array}{r} 440 \\ 1,180 \\ \underline{1,620} \end{array} $	\$ 68 808 876	\$ 69 849 918	\$ 489 2,024 2,513	\$ 509 2,029 2,538
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	<u>14</u> <u>14</u>	<u>8</u>	51 8 59	53 <u>6</u> <u>59</u>	51 22 73	53 14 67
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	1,216	1,180	756	795	1,972	1,975
Restricted	113	164			113	164
Unrestricted	<u>293</u>	268	61	64	<u>354</u>	332
Total net assets	\$ <u>1,622</u>	\$ <u>1,612</u>	\$817	\$ <u>859</u>	\$ <u>2,439</u>	\$ <u>2,471</u>

The net assets of our business-type activities decreased by 4.9 percent (\$858,547 compared to \$816,479 in 2010); this decrease was generated from depreciation.

The Village received part of their \$25,000 Community Development Block grant for the implementation of a comprehensive plan.

State of New Mexico Special Appropriations were received in the amount of \$27,018 for Water System improvements.

Table 2
Village of San Ysidro
Changes in Net Assets
(In Thousands)

	Governmental			Business-Type								
	Activities		Activities			Total						
	2	010		2009	20	10	20	09	2	010	20	009
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	18	\$	9	\$	56	\$	53	\$	74	\$	62
State grants		58		60						58		60
Capital grants		29		150						29		150
Contributions		58								58		
General revenues												
Taxes levied for general		165		158						165		158
Interest income		2		4		1		2		3		6
Miscellaneous		5		2	_				_	5		2
Total revenues		335		383		57		55		392		438
Expenses												
General government		166		105						166		105
Public safety		91		103						91		103
Culture and recreation		10		3						10		3
Highway and streets		8		12						8		12
Depreciation		60		54						60		54
Interest on long-term debt						3		3		3		3
Water Department						87		80		87		80
Total expenses	_	335		277	-	90		83	_	425	_	360
Excess (deficiency) before												
special items and												
transfers		0		106		(33)		(28)		(33)		78
Transfers		10		5		(10)		<u>(5</u>)	_		_	
Increase (decrease) in net					_				_			
assets	\$ =	10	\$	<u>111</u>	\$ =	(43)	\$	<u>(33</u>)	\$ _	(33)	\$ _	<u>78</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2010, there were significant events that changed the balance of net assets. An explanation of these events are as follows:

Interest earnings - Earnings on restricted and unrestricted investments were down \$6,602.

State and Federal grants - The Village received only \$27,018 in 2010 compared to \$149,597 in 2009.

Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Business-Type Activities

The Village charges fees to customers to help cover the cost of maintaining the Water Enterprise Fund. The last rate increase was in 2000. The base rate was increased one dollar.

Revenues of the Village of San Ysidro's business-type activities (see Table 2) increased by \$1,967 (\$56,960 in 2010 compared to \$54,993 in 2009) and expenses increased by \$6,218. The factors driving these results include:

The San Ysidro Water Department saw its operating revenues increase by \$3,212, while operating expenses, excluding depreciation, decreased \$1,443. The Water Department paid \$8,363 to the Village of San Ysidro for reimbursed expense.

The Village Fund

The Village of San Ysidro had an increase of \$26,758 in the Village's General Fund. The primary reasons for the General Fund's increase mirror the governmental activities analysis highlighted on page 4. In addition, these other changes in fund balances should be noted.

Governmental Activities revenues for the Village decreased \$48,951, while total expenses decreased \$11,471. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$367,546 compared to \$379,017 last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Village Council revised the Village of San Ysidro's budget six times to prevent budget overruns. Resources available for appropriations were \$7,993 below the final budgeted amount.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration Capital Assets

At the end of 2010, the Village of San Ysidro had \$3,099,798 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and water system (see Table 3 below). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$5,836 over last year.

Table 3
Village of San Ysidro
Change in Capital Assets

	Net		
	Balance	Additions/	Balance
	June 30, 2009	<u>Deletions</u>	June 30, 2010
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land and land improvements	\$ 200,000	\$	\$ 200,000
-			
Other Capital Assets:			
Infrastructure	353,395		353,395
Water utility plant/improve.	1,268,109		1,268,109
Buildings/improvements	403,553	55,665	459,218
Furniture and other equipment	383,129	•	383,129
Land/park improvements	321,923		321,923
Vehicles	74,655	39,369	114,024
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(975,563)	(100,870)	(1,076,433)
	·	\$ (5,836)	\$ 1,823,365

Capital Asset and Debt Administration Capital Assets

The Village purchased a public safety vehicle in the amount of \$31,673 and \$7,696 was spent on vehicle upgrades in the LEPF fund. The Village also received a donation of real estate and building which was appraised at \$55,075.

Debt

At year end, the Village had \$52,400 in outstanding debt versus \$53,400 last year - a decrease of 1.87 percent - as shown in Table 4.

Table 4 Village of San Ysidro Outstanding Debt at June 30, 2010

		Net	
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total Primary Government
USDA Revenue Bond	\$	\$ <u>52,300</u>	\$ <u>52,300</u>
Totals	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>52,300</u>	\$ <u>52,300</u>

Other obligations include accrued compensated absences. More detailed information about the Village's long-term liabilities is presented in Notes 1 and 6 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Village of San Ysidro's elected and appointed officials reviewed many factors in the preparation of the 2010/2011 fiscal year budget. Factors considered included decrease in revenues. Municipal revenues distributed by the State of New Mexico make up a majority of the 2011 budgeted general fund revenues.

To deal with the swing in the economy, The Village has put aside non-budgeted reserve resources. The Village has also attempted to keep expenditures to a minimum.

Community Block grant funds balance \$20,377 is expected to be received for the implementation of a Comprehensive Plan.

Contacting the Village of San Ysidro Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Village Clerk at the Village Municipal Office in the Village of San Ysidro, P.O. 190, San Ysidro, New Mexico.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENT WIDE June 30, 2010

	Primary Government			
		Business		
	Government	Type	m , 1	
ASSETS	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 117,649	\$ 57,172	\$ 174,821	
Restricted assets:		2 65 4	4 004	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,270	3,654	<u>4,924</u>	
Total cash (Note 3)	118,919	60,826	179,745	
Investments (Note 4)	266,307		266,307	
Receivables (net) (Note 5)	12,463	7,077	19,540	
Taxes receivable (Note 5)	23,034		<u>23,034</u>	
Total current assets	420,723	67,903	488,626	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Land	195,000	5,000	200,000	
Capital assets, net of				
depreciation (Note 12)	1,020,535	802,830	1,823,365	
Total noncurrent assets	1,215,535	807,830	<u>2,023,365</u>	
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,636,258</u>	\$ 875,733	\$ 2,511,991	
				
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 7,630	\$ 1,393		
Accrued liabilities	831	484	1,315	
Due within one year (Note 6)	5,185	2,423	7,608	
Current liabilities payable				
from restricted assets		3,654 7,954	3,654	
Total current liabilities	13,646	7,954	21,600	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due in more than one year(Note	6)	51,300	51,300	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>13,646</u>	\$ <u>59,254</u>	\$ 72,900	
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	\$ 1,215,535	\$ 755,430	\$ 1,970,965	
Restricted for:	, _,,	+ .00,100	, 5.0, 500	
Capital projects	1,270		1,270	
Special	112,497		112,497	
Unrestricted	293,310	61,049	354,359	
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>1,622,612</u>	\$ <u>816,479</u>	\$ <u>2,439,091</u>	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENT-WIDE June 30, 2010

			Program 1	Revenues	
			Operating	Capital	Net
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	(Expense)
Functions/Programs	Expense	for Service	Contribution	Contribution	Revenue
Primary government:					
Governmental activities	i				
General government	\$166,113	\$	\$ 35,000	\$ 86,716·	\$ (44,397)
Public safety	91,252		20,600		(52, 427)
Culture and	•	•			
recreation	9,372		2,500		(6,872)
Highways and streets	7,567		•		(7,567)
Depreciation	60,226				(60, 226)
		·			
Total governmental					
activities	334,530	18,225	58,100	86,716	(171,489)
		<u></u>			
Business-type activities:					
Water Department	86,712	56,019			(30,693)
Interest Expense	2,603				(2,603)
Total business-type					_
activities	89,315	56,019			(33, 296)
		•			
Total primary					
	\$ <u>423,845</u>	\$ 74,244	\$ <u>58,100</u>	\$ 86,716	\$(204,785)
-		·			
				Business-	
			Government	Type	
Changes in net assets			Activities	Activities	Total
Net (expense) revenue			\$ (171,489)	\$(33,296)	\$(204,785)
_					
General Revenues:					
Taxes levied for genera	1		165,609		165,609
Unrestricted investment	:				
earning			1,687	941	2,628
Miscellaneous			4,619		4,619
Transfer - internal activ	ities		9,713	(9,713)	_
Total general revenues/	,				
transfers			181,628	(8,772)	172,856
Change in net assets			10,139	(42,068)	(31,929)
-					
Net assets, beginning of	year		1,612,473	858,547	2,471,020
	-				
Net assets, end of year			\$ <u>1,622,612</u>	\$ <u>816,479</u> \$	<u>2,439,091</u>

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2010

ASSETS	General _Fund	Corrections
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net) Taxes receivable Other current assets	\$ 108,901 162,317 7,840 23,004	\$ 3,103 103,990
Total Assets	\$ 302,062	\$ <u>107,093</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,736 831	\$
Accrued payroll Other current liabilities	831	
Total Liabilities	3,567	
FUND BALANCES		
Unreserved, reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Fund	298,495	107,093
Capital Project Fund Debt Service Fund		
Total Fund Balances	298,495	107,093
Total Liabilities and		
Fund Balances	\$ <u>302,062</u>	\$ <u>107,093</u>

apital ojects	Gove	major rnment nds	<u>Totals</u>
\$ 1,270	\$	5,645	\$ 118,919 266,307
4,623		30	12,463 23,034
\$ 5,893	\$ _	5,675	\$ 420,723
\$ 4,623	\$	271	\$ 7,630 831
4,623	<u>-</u>	271	8,461
		5,404	298,495 112,497
1,270			1,270
1,270	_	5,404	412,262
\$ <u>5,893</u>	\$ _	<u>5,675</u>	\$ <u>420,723</u>

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2010

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund \$ 412,262

Amounts reported for government activities in the Statement of Net Assets differs from the amounts reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet

Cost of assets capitalized (total) 1,747,390 Accumulated depreciation (531,855)

Long-term liabilities, including loans payable and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the government fund balance sheet

Due within one year (5,185)

Net assets of governmental activities \$ 1,622,612

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended JUNE 30, 2010

REVENUES Taxes Grants	General <u>Fund</u> \$165,322 35,000	Corrections \$
Fines Charges for services Contributions Miscellaneous Total Revenues	16,225 55,075 6,306 277,928	2,000
EXPENDITURES		
Current: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Highways and streets Capital outlay Debt service: Loan payment	133,770 77,392 7,167 87,338	192
Total Expenditures	305,667	192
Excess of Revenue Over (Expenditures)	(27,739)	1,808
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	65,427 (10,930)	<u>(30,000</u>)
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	54,497	(30,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	26,758	(28,192)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	271,737	135,285
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ <u>298,495</u>	\$ <u>107,093</u>

Capital Projects \$ 31,641	Nonmajor Government Funds \$ 287 20,600 2,500	Totals \$ 165,609 87,241 16,225 2,000 57,575 6,306 334,956
31,721 400	12,498 9,372 7,696	165,491 90,082 9,372 7,567 95,034
32,121	29,566	367,546
(480)	(6,179)	(32,590)
1,350 (<u>26,884)</u>	10,750	77,527 (67,814)
(<u>25,534</u>)	10,750	9,713
(26,014)	4,571	(22,877)
27,284	833	435,139
\$ <u>1,270</u>	\$ <u>5,404</u>	\$ <u>412,262</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Changes in Fund Balance Total Governmental Funds

\$ (22,877)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalized threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows:

Cost of asset capitalized

Cost of asset capitalized Depreciation expense

95,034 (60,226)

Repayment of debt principle is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

Net change in compensated absences

(1,792)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 10,139

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Municipal taxes: Property tax \$ Gasoline tax Gross receipts taxes Franchise fee	13,414 \$ 18,263 61,269 3,893 96,839	13,414 18,263 61,269 3,893 96,839	\$ 16,157 23,270 58,830 4,984 103,241	\$ 2,743 5,007 (2,439) 1,091 6,402
Licenses and fees Administrative fees	1,125 12,698	1,125 12,698	1,575 8,966	450 (3,732)
State shared taxes: Auto license Cigarette tax - 2 cents Gross receipts taxes	321 353 61,174 61,848	321 353 61,174 61,848	390 572 58,823 59,785	(3,282) 69 219 (2,351) (2,063)
Fines and forfeits: Court fines/fees	10,934	10,934 10,934	11,685 11,685	751 751
Other: Reimbursements Earnings on investments	8,289	8,289 8,289	2,102 1,687 3,789	2,102 (6,602) (4,500)
State and federal grants: State small cities assistance		37,426	35,000	(2, 426)
Total revenues \$	<u>229,159</u> \$	229,159	\$ 224,041	\$ (5,118)

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

EXPENDITURES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Executive and				
legislative \$	24,380 \$	24,980 \$	15,071	\$ 9,909
Financial/administrative	81,649	83,139	76,896	6,243
Judicial	11,798	11,798	11,745	53
Public safety	84,008	114,008	107,675	6,333
Maintenance	42,978	44,028	32,710	11,318
Streets	7,600	7,600	6,913	<u> 687</u>
Total expenditures	252,413	285,553	251,010	34,543
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures \$	<u>(23,254</u>)\$	<u>(56,394</u>)\$	<u>(26,969)</u>	\$ (29,425)

Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditures \$ 98,392

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis - Note 13

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND CORRECTION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Difference
Charges for services: Local correction fee	\$ 745	\$ 745	\$ 2,000	\$ <u>1,255</u>
EXPENDITURES Care of prisoners	$\frac{1,000}{1,000}$	1,000 1,000	192 192	<u>808</u>
Transfer (out)			(30,000)	(<u>30,000</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ <u>(255</u>)	\$ <u>(255</u>)	\$(<u>28,192</u>)	\$ (<u>27,937</u>)
Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditures				

Reconciliation to GAAP - No adjustment necessary

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activities

Enterprise Funds

Water

		System	
ASSETS	Water	Improvement	Total
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,454	\$ 33,718	\$ 57,172
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	3,654		3,654
Total cash (Note 3)	27,108	33,718	60,826
Receivables (net)	7,077		7,077
Total current assets	7,077 34,185	33,718	67,903
Noncurrent Assets:			\ <u></u>
Land	5,000		5,000
Capital assets, net of			
depreciation (Note 12)	639,342	163,488	802,830
Total noncurrent assets	644,342	163,488	807,830
Total Assets	\$ <u>678,527</u>	\$ <u>197,206</u>	\$ <u>875,733</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,393	\$	\$ 1,393
Accrued liabilities	484		484
Due within one year	2,423		2,423
Current liabilities payable			
from Restricted Assets	$\frac{3,654}{7,954}$		$\frac{3,654}{7,954}$
Total current liabilities	7,954		7,954
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due in more than one year	51,300		<u>51,300</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 59,254	\$	\$ <u>59,254</u>
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	591,942	163,488	755,430
Unrestricted	27,331	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	61,049
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>619,273</u>	\$ <u>197,206</u>	\$ <u>816,479</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activities
Enterprise Funds
Water

		System	
	<u>Water</u>	Improvement	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue: Charges for services	\$ <u>56,019</u>	\$	\$ 56,019
Operating expense: Operating expenses Depreciation Total operating expense	46,068 34,441 80,509	6,203	46,068 40,644 86,712
Operating income	(24,490	(6,203)	(30,693)
Non-operating Revenue (Expense): Interest income Interest expense	275 (2,603		941 (2,603)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expense)	(2,328) 666	(1,662)
Income before operating transfers	(26,818) (5,537)	(32, 355)
Transfers in (out)	(9,713	<u>)</u>	(9,713)
Change in Net Assets	(36,531) (5,537)	(42,068)
Total Net Assets, Beginning of Year Total Net Assets,	655,804	202,743	858,547
End of Year	\$ <u>619,273</u>	\$ <u>197,206</u>	\$ <u>816,479</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Business-Type Activities

Enterprise Funds

Water

		Water	
	Water	System Improvement	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			<u> </u>
	55,414	\$	\$ 55,414
Payments to suppliers and employees	(44,919)		<u>(44,919</u>)
Net cash provided (used)			10 105
operating activities	10,495		10,495
Cash flows from noncapital financing act	ivities:		
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(1,000)		(1,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(2,603)		(2,603)
Transfers in (out)	(9,713)		(9,713)
Net cash provided (used) noncapital financing activities	(13,316)		(13,316)
rinancing activities	(13, 310)		(15,510)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments	<u>275</u>	666	941
Net cash provided (used) investing			
Activities	<u> 275</u>	666	941
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	(2,546)	666	(1,880)
Cash and cash equivalents,			
beginning of year	29,654	33,052	62,706
Cash and cash equivalents			_
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	27,108	\$ <u>33,718</u>	\$ <u>60,826</u>
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Water

		System	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	<u>Water</u>	Improvement	<u>Total</u>
Operating income (loss)	\$(24,490)	\$(6,203)	\$(30,693)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:			
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts	34,441	6,203	40,644
receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts	(605)		(605)
payable	445		445
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	704		704
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u>10,495</u>	\$	\$ <u>10,495</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of San Ysidro is incorporated as a municipality in the State of New Mexico and operates under the direction of a Mayor-Council form of government. The Village provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, water services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village of San Ysidro conform to accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America as applicable governments. Generally accepted accounting principles local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governments Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in Section P80 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the Village has elected to apply to its proprietary activities Financial Accounting Standard Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Board Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedures issued after November 30, 1989. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Standards Adopted (continued)

For the first time, the financial statements include:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Village's activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Village has implemented the general provisions of the Statement in previous years.

Reporting Entity - Component Units

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement.

The basic, but not the only criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Reporting Entity - Component Units (continued)

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no component units identified or excluded from the reporting entity.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's police and fire protection, parks, correction and recreation, public safety, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village water services are classified as business-type activities. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the government wide financial statements.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide
(continued)

and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (police, fire, public works, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales, and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits, and charges, etc.). The Statement Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (police, public works, community, and youth services, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capitalspecific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The Village does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide
(continued)

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Village of San Ysidro are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into generic fund types and broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Major funds specific to the Village are:

<u>Correction Special Revenue Fund</u>: To account for the provision of a local correction fee collected with local fines. (NMSA 35-14-11)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Accounting (continued)

Capital Projects Fund: To account for resources used to (a) provide for improvement to the community park; (b) municipal building improvements. Funding sources are state of New Mexico appropriations, CDBG funds and local sources.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are exempt from federal income tax.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major and nonmajor as follows:

Major Funds:

General Fund See above description.

Capital Project Fund To account for the financing, construction,

and maintenance of

capital outlay.

Special Revenue Funds:

Correction See above description.

Nonmajor Funds:

The following are nonmajor funds - see page 47 for description:

Law Enforcement Protection Fund Rodeo Fund Recreation Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement date, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental fund types for financial statement Under the modified accrual basis purposes. and governmental fund accounting, revenues other financial resource increments are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. For state shared and locally assessed taxes, available is defined as those amounts collected within sixty days of the balance sheet date.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Cash basis accounting is utilized in the governmental funds to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. This legally prescribed budgetary basis differs from generally accepted accounting principles in the respect that the former does not

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

allow for year-end adjustments to be included in presentation in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. This accounting principle has resulted in the following differences between revenues and expenditures detailed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Billed sewer utility receivables are recorded at year-end.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within a year of the date acquired by the Village. Investments are stated at cost and consist of certificate of deposits and Local Government Investment Pool readily convertible to cash. The Village's practice is to limit deposits and investments to and collateralized demand account certificate of deposit. Protection of the Village's cash and investments is provided by the various federal deposit insurance corporations (FDIC) as well qualified pledged securities by the institution holding the assets. The bank surety is further explained in Note 2.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-50	years
Water and sewer system	30-50	years
Machinery and equipment	5-10	years
Improvements	10-40	years
Other infrastructure	10-50	years

GASB No. 34 requires the Village to report and depreciate infrastructure assets. Prior to June 30, 2007, the Village did not have any infrastructure. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Village. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. In accordance with Statement No. 34, the Village has included the value of all infrastructure (using the depreciation method) into its basic financial statements.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

 The Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the Village offices to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The Village is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Local-Government Division of the State Department of Finance and Administration.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all of the governmental fund types.
- 5. Encumbrances are considered in budget preparation.
- 6. The level of classifications detail in which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 7. All budgets are adopted on a cash basis.
- 8. A budget has been legally adopted for all proprietary fund types and governmental fund types.

During current budget year, one special fund, the rodeo fund, exceeded its budget by \$3,446. The shortage was covered by the general fund.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash, Cash Investments and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash investments include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments. Short-term investments, consisting of certificates of deposits, are stated at cost. Interest-bearing deposits with maturities of 90 days or less are considered to be cash (equivalents) in the statement of cash flows.

Accumulated Compensated Absences

Compensated absences for the employees in the amount of \$6,508 have been included in these financial statements. Vacation is earned after one year of employment with the Village in the amount of two weeks per year. Sick leave is earned at the rate of five days per year after the completion of the probation period (90 days) and may cumulate up to ten days. Sick leave will not be paid at time of termination of employment for any days not taken during the time of employment with the Village.

Accrued Expense

Payroll for the last three days in June was paid in July, 2010. Payroll in the amount of \$831, included in governmental activities, and \$263, in the water department, were accrued at June 30, 2010.

Revenues in Proprietary Funds

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements include revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principle operating revenues for the proprietary funds are charges to customers for service. Principle operating expenses are the cost of providing services and include depreciation of capital assets. Other revenue and expense are classified as nonoperating in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted as needed.

Interfund Transactions

accounted for Ouasi-external transactions are revenues or expenditures transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction or expenditure in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements reported as transfers. Nonrecurring and nonroutine permanent transfers or equity are reported as residual equity transfers. Interfund receivables and payables 2010 have been eliminated from the June 30, government -wide financial statements.

Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriate for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 2: Bank Surety

As permitted by statute, the Village's cash and cash investments during the year consisted of demand deposits and petty cash. These deposits were covered by the standard federal depository insurance and the balance collateralized at 50% in the form of securities, held by the financial institution's agent in the Village's name. Collateral is held under provisions of Section 6-10-17, NMSA, 1978. A breakdown of deposits and collateral is as follows:

	First Community Bank	Jemez Valley Credit <u>Union</u>
Total amount on deposit FDIC/NCUA covered FDIC/NCUA uncovered No collateralization required	\$ <u>129,282</u> 129,282	\$ <u>54,992</u> 54,992
Total deposits: Category 1 - Insured with Category 2 - Uncollaterali Total deposits in bank Add deposits in transit Less outstanding checks		\$ 184,274
Total cash and cash equivalents		\$ <u>179,745</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 2: Bank Surety (continued)

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with Exhibit 1:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174,821
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	4,924
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 179,745

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Uninsured and uncollateralized

The Village has the following depository accounts. All deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest. The Village does not have a deposit policy.

Depository Account	
Insured	\$ 184,274
Uninsured and uncollateralized	
Total deposits	\$ 184,274

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2010, \$0 of the Village's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

The	Villa	age	mai	ntai	ns	two	mo	oney	mar	ket	invest	ment
acco	unts	wit	h t	he	St	ate	of	Nev	v Mex	kico	Treas	urer
Depa	rtment	t.	The	cas	sh	bala	nce	at	June	30,	2010,	was
\$266	,307.	(Se	ee No	ote 4	4)							

The investments held by the State Treasurer are not insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 3: Cash and Temporary Investments

Account Name/Type First Community Bank General-checking Water System-income checking Water Bond Reserve-1995-checking COBG Account	Account Number 1205552 1205560 1579517 3270912	Balance \$ 106,590 17,610 3,812 1,270
Total First Community Bank		129,282
Jemez Valley Credit Union Savings Certificate of Deposit Certificate of Deposit Certificate of Deposit Total Jemez Valley Credit Union	25600 25600-84 25600-85 25600-83	
Amounts on deposit Deposits in transit Outstanding items		184,274 (4,529)
Cash and temporary investments		\$ <u>179,745</u>
Summary - Note 2: General Special Proprietary Total cash	\$ 110,171 8,748 60,826 \$ <u>179,745</u>	

Note 4: <u>Investment in the New Mexico Investment Pool</u>

The Village holds the following investments in the New Mexico Investment Pool:

 State of New Mexico - LGIP

 Money Market
 76764112 \$ 84,691

 Money Market
 75532647 180,872

 Reserve Contingency Fund
 755313714 743

 Reserve Contingency Fund
 767613730 1

 Total State of New Mexico
 \$ 266,307

 $Credit\ Risk$ - The LGIP is rated AAAm by Standards and Poor's.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 4: <u>Investment in the New Mexico Investment Pool</u> (continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) for the LGIP as of June 30, 2010, was 50 day average for the month.

The investments in the New Mexico Investment Pool are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices as The State Treasurer Local of the valuation date. Investment Pool is not SEC registered. Government Section 6-10-10.1A and E, NMSA 1978, empowers the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in the shortterm investment fund in securities that are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies and are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or are agencies sponsored by the United States government. The Local Government Investment Pool Investments are monitored by the same investment committees and the same policies apply to all other procedures that and investments.

The Local Government Investment Pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts in the fund were invested. Participation in the local government investment pool is voluntary.

Note 5: Accounts Receivables

The account receivables of the governmental fund types consist primarily of taxes collected by the collecting agency in the current year, but not remitted to the Village until after year end and judicial court fines and fees assessed in the current year but not collected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 5: Accounts Receivables (continued)

Type	General <u>Fund</u>	Special <u>Revenue</u>	
Property taxes	\$ 237	\$	
Gasoline taxes	2,412		
Miscellaneous taxes	191	30	
Gross receipt taxes	19,899		
Franchise fees	265		
Grant receivable-CDBG	4,623		
Court fines and fees	7,840		
Total	$\$ \ \overline{35,467}$	\$ 30	

The accounts receivables of the proprietary funds represent earned income from water services. Those accounts greater than 60 days old and appearing uncollectible have been provided for in an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$1,838. Those amounts unbilled for water services have not been estimated or recorded as the amount is insignificant.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

General Long-Term Debt

Changes in long-term debt for the year are as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Current
		7-1-09	Additions	Payments	<u>6-30-10</u>	<u>Portion</u>
Comp.	Absence	\$ 3,393	\$ 5,185	\$ 3,393	\$ 5,185	\$ 5,185
		\$ 3,393	\$ 5,185	\$ 3,393	\$ 5,185	$\$ \ \overline{5,185}$

Maturities over five years:

June 30	Principle
2010	\$ 5,185

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

General Long-Term Debt (continued)

Governmental accrued compensation absences and the notes payable will be paid by the general fund. The business-type notes payable and accrued compensation will be paid by the water department.

Business-Type Activities 1996 Water Revenue Bonds Payable

The Village issued \$63,000 of a 4.875% revenue bond in 1997 to finance the Village's new water infiltration system. Annual payments including interest are payable June 17th of each year. This debt is included in proprietary fund balance sheet.

Changes in long-term debt for the year as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	7-1-09	Additions	Payments	6-30-10	Portion
Bonds	\$ 53,400	\$	\$ 1,000	\$ 52,400	\$ 1,100
Comp. Absence	979	1,323	979	1,323	1,323
-	\$54,379	$$ \overline{1,323}$	\$ 1,979	\$ 53,723	$\frac{2,423}{}$

Maturities are as follows:

June 30	<u>Principle</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total	
2011	\$ 1,100	\$ 2,554	\$ 3,654	
2012	1,100	2,501	3,601	
2013	1,200	2,447	3,647	
2014	1,200	2,389	3,589	
2015	1,300	2,330	3,630	
2016-2020	7,300	10,657	17,957	
2021-2025	9,500	8,677	18,177	
2026-2030	12,000	6,118	18,118	
2031-2035	15,100	2,915	18,015	
2036	2,600	127	2,727	
	\$ 52,400	$\$ \overline{40,715}$	\$ 93,115	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 7: Property Taxes

The Village of San Ysidro receives property taxes from the Sandoval County Treasurer for operational purposes. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year, except on livestock, and are payable in two equal installments on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year. In addition, tax levies are authorized by statute to service payments due on general obligation bonds which have been authorized pursuant to state law.

The Mill Levy tax rates for the Village of San Ysidro for the year ended June 30, 2010, were as follows:

General Operating Residential Nonresidential 6%

These are the tax rates applied to each \$1,000 property value taxable by the Village.

Note 8: Retirement Plan

Plan Description

All of the Village of San Ysidro full-time and qualifying part time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA The Public Employees Retirement Association 1978). (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a multiple-employer defined cost-sharing retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-ofliving adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 8: Retirement Plan (continued)

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 7% for law enforcement and 7% for all other members (range from 4% to 16.3% depending upon the division, i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire) of their gross salary. The Village of San Ysidro is required to contribute 10% for law enforcement and 7% for all other plan members (range from 7% to 25.72% depending upon the division) of the gross covered salary. contribution requirements of plan members and the Village of San Ysidro are established in Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Village of San Ysidro's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$8,811, \$7,432, and \$8,494, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

Note 9: Retiree Health Care Act

The Village has elected not to participate in the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act.

Note 10: Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks for loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the Village carries insurance with the New Mexico Self Insurer's Fund for a shared premium cost. The Village established a limited risk management program for general and auto liability, workman's compensation, employer's liability, and property. Premiums are paid by the General, Fire, and Water Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 11: Contingent Liabilities

There is no provision for contingent liabilities in the Village's financial statements.

Note 12: Changes in Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/09	Addition	<u>Deletions</u>	6/30/10
Capital Assets not				
being depreciated:				
Land \$	195,000	\$	\$	\$ 195,000
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	353,395			353 , 395
Land/park improvements	321,923			321,923
Building/improvements	364,414	55 , 665		420,079
Furniture and				
equipment	342,969			342,969
Vehicles	74,655	39,369		114,024
Total capital				
assets	1,652,356	<u>95,034</u>		1,747,390
Less accumulated				
depreciation:				
Infrastructure	16,922		7,541	24,463
Land/park improvement	58,640		15,891	74,531
Building/improvements	52,567		9,875	62,442
Furniture and				
equipment	289,522		13,040	302,562
Vehicles	53,978		13,879	<u>67,857</u>
Total accumulated				
depreciation	471,629		<u>60,226</u>	531,855
Net capital				
assets \$	1,180,727	\$ <u>95,034</u>	\$ <u>60,226</u>	\$ <u>1,215,535</u>

Depreciation expense was allocated to the functional expense categories based on the assets assigned:

General government	\$ 22,915
Public safety	13,879
Highways and streets	7,541
Culture and recreation	15,891
Total depreciation expense allocated	\$60,226

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 12: Changes in Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type Activities

DUSTINCOS TYPE MEETVEE	100			
	Balance			Balance
	7/1/09	Addition	Deletions	6/30/10
Land \$	5,000	\$	\$	\$ 5,000
Water utility plant	498,154			498,154
Water system improvements	769,955			769,955
Utility meters and				
equipment	40,160			40,160
Building improvements	39,139			39,139
Total capital assets	1,352,408			<u>1,352,408</u>
Less accumulated				
depreciation				
Water utility plant	280,401		15,196	(295 , 597)
Water system				
improvements	202,949		22,568	(225 , 517)
Utility meters and				
equipment	20,095		1,902	(21,997)
Building improvements	489		<u>978</u>	(1,467)
Total accumulated				
depreciation	503,934		40,644	(544,578)
Net capital				
assets \$	<u>848,474</u>	\$	\$ <u>40,644</u>	\$ 807,830

Note 13: Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis

The following is an explanation of differences between budgetary basis and GAAP basis for the general fund for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Governmental Funds:

Revenues Total revenues per budgetary basis	General \$ 224,041
Increase (decrease) in taxes receivable	4,033
Account activity not reflected in client reports	22
Increase (decrease) in court fines receivable	3,300
In kind contributions	55 , 075
Adjustment to revenue- reimbursements from water dept.	<u>(8,543</u>)
Total revenues per GAAP	<u>277,928</u>
	_
<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>General</u>
Total expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 251,010
In kind expenditures	55 , 075
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(687)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and taxes	269
Total expenditures per GAAP basis	305,667
Net change in fund balance	\$ (27,739)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2010

Note 13: In-kind Donation

The Village received a donation of real estate and building during the year. The appraised value of the land and building was \$ 55,075 and has been recorded as a capital asset in the statement of assets and revenue in the statement of activities.

Note 14: Operating transfers

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund Correction Fund	\$ 65,427	\$ 10,930 30,000
Capital Project Fund Total	$\frac{1,350}{66,777}$	28,884 69,814
Water department	1,350	9,713
Nonmajor funds	10,750	
Total	\$ <u>77,527</u>	\$ <u>77,527</u>

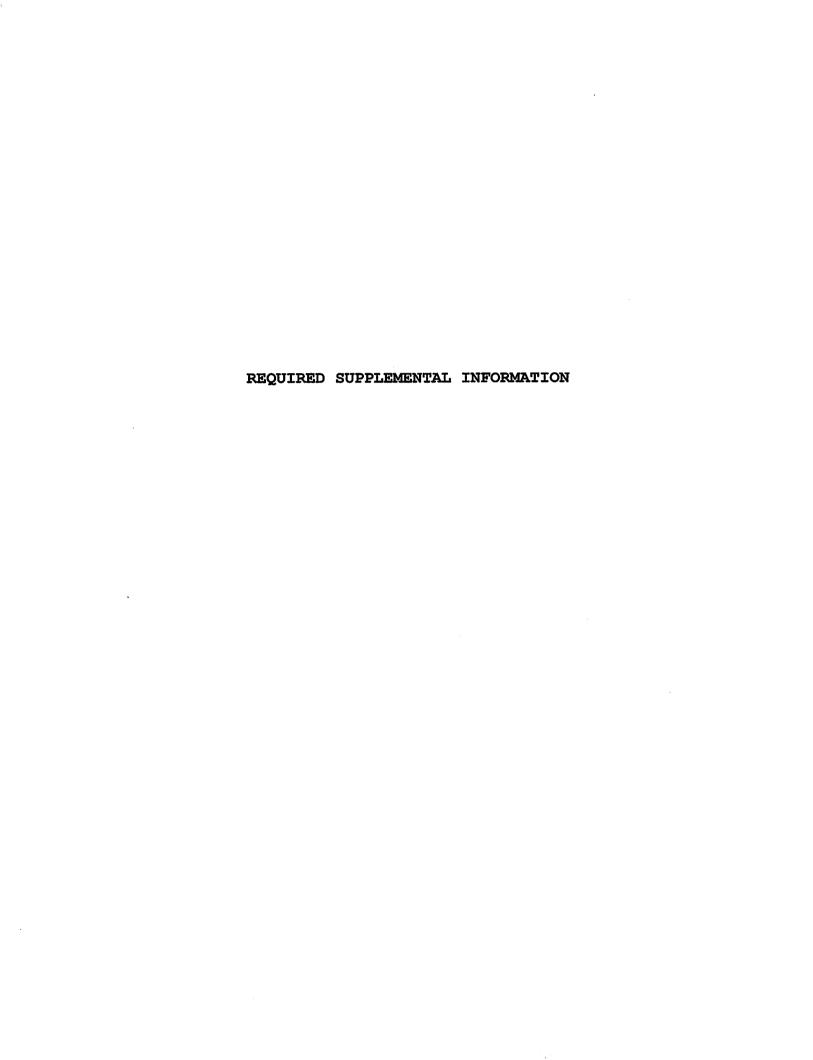
Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statues or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statues or budget requires to expend them and (b) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

Note 15: Deficient Fund Balance of Individual Fund

The recreation Fund was overspent during the year and has a negative fund balance of \$75 which will be covered by the general fund.

Note 16: Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through November 26, 2012, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for those activities which resources are to be used for specific purposes.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund (LEPF)

To account for the proceeds of a state grant provided for the purchase and repair of equipment as well as specialized training of police personnel. (NMSA 29-13-7)

Recreation Fund

To account for the operations of certain recreational activities in the Village. Financing is provided by gross receipts tax. (NMSA 7-12-1 and 15)

Youth Rodeo Fund

To account for the operation of equestrian and livestock educational activities in the Village. (Village Resolution)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2010

	LEPF	Rodeo
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 172	\$ 5,307
Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ <u>172</u>	\$ <u>5,307</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	\$
		
Fund balance:		
Unreserved - undesignated Total fund balance	172 172	5,307 5,307
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ <u>172</u>	\$ <u>5,307</u>

Debt Service	Recreation	Total <u>2010</u>
\$ \$	\$ 166	\$ 5,645 30 \$ 5,675
\$	\$ <u>271</u> 271	\$ <u>271</u> <u>271</u>
	<u>(75)</u> <u>(75</u>)	5,404 5,404
\$	\$ <u>196</u>	\$ <u>5,675</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	LEPF	Rodeo
Revenues: Municipal taxes State shared taxes	\$	\$
Charges for services Contributions		2,500
Federal and state grants Total revenues	20,600 20,600	2,500
<pre>Expenditures: Current:</pre>		
Public safety	12,498	
Highways and streets Culture recreation Interest expense Debt service		5,936
Capital outlay Total expenditures	$\frac{7,696}{20,194}$	5,936
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	406	(3,436)
Other financing sources and uses: Transfer(to)from general fund		8,700
Net change in fund balance	406	5,264
Fund Balances: Beginning of year End of year	\$ <u>(234)</u>	\$ <u>5,307</u>

Debt <u>Service</u>	Recreation	Total <u>2010</u>
\$	\$ 287	\$ 287
· ———	287	2,500 20,600 23,387
		12,498
	3,436	9,372
	3,436	7,696 29,566
	(3,149)	(6,179)
	2,050	10,750
	(1,099)	4,571
\$ <u>-</u>	\$\frac{1,024}{(75)}	833 \$ <u>5,404</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND LAW ENFORCEMENT PROTECTION For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Difference
State grants: State grant Other	\$ 20,600 2,500 23,100	\$ 20,600 2,500 23,100	\$ 20,600 20,600	\$ (2,500) (2,500)
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety: Operating expenses	23,100	23,100	20,444	2,656
Transfer Out				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	\$	156	\$ <u>156</u>
Reconciliation to GAAP Decrease in accounts			<u>250</u>	
Net change in fund	balance		\$ <u>406</u>	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND RECREATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Difference
State shared taxes: Cigarette tax - 1 cent Grant	\$ 228 \$	228	\$ 277	\$ 49
EXPENDITURES	228	228	277	49
Recreation: Operating expense	1,457	3,507	3,389	118
Capital outlay	1,457	3,507	3,389	118
Transfer	5,211	7,261	2,050	(5,211)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ <u>3,982</u> \$	3,982	(1,062)	\$ <u>(5,044)</u>
Budgetary notation - cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditures	\$ <u>1,228</u>			
Reconciliation to GAAP - Increase in accounts re (Increase) in accounts			10 (47)	
Net change in fund bala	ance		\$(<u>1,099)</u>	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RODEO FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	Original Budget	Revised <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Difference
State grant: State grant Other	\$	\$	\$	\$
EXPENDITURES				
Culture/recreation			$\frac{3,436}{3,436}$	(3,436) (3,436)
Transfer in	-	8,700	8,700	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	\$ <u>8,700</u>	\$ <u>5,264</u>	\$ <u>(3,436)</u>

Reconciliation to GAAP - No adjustment required

DEBT SERVICE FUND

To account for the obligations of the Village and payment of those obligations.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Receipts Miscellaneous	\$18	\$18	\$	\$ (18)
Expenditures Debt service	<u>8,665</u>	8,665		<u>8,665</u>
Excess/deficiency				
Other financing sources Transfers - in	<u>8,665</u>	<u>8,665</u>		(<u>8,665</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	\$ <u>18</u>	\$ <u>18</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>(18</u>)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

To account for funds which are used to fund capital outlay in the government funds within the Village.

Capital Projects - To account for resources to make Scenic Byway improvements and professional services for water treatment project. Funding sources are State of NM appropriations, DOT grants and local sources.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenues Grants - state Grant - federal CDBG Other Expenditures Utilities	Original Budget \$ 25,000 25,000 50,000	Revised <u>Budget</u> \$ 25,000 25,000 <u>50,000</u>	<u>Actual</u> \$ 27,018	Difference \$ (25,000) (25,000) (50,000)
Infrastructure Building/equipment Other Transfer - in Transfer - out	60,833 60,833 10,833 (29,759)	•	1,350	60,433 60,433 (8,358) 400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$(<u>29,759</u>)	\$(<u>29,759</u>)	\$(26,014)	\$ <u>2,475</u>
Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditures	\$ <u>27,284</u>			
Reconciliation to GAAP - Increase in accounts r Increase in accounts r Net change in fund b	receivable bayable	ç	4,623 (4,623 (<u>26,014</u>)	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2010

PROPRIETARY (ENTERPRISE) FUNDS

To account for those services provided to the residents of the Village on a user-charge basis.

Water Fund

To account for the provision of water services to residents of the Village.

Water System Improvement Project

To account for the provision of water tank, new meter equipment, water mains and fire hydrants for residents of the Village.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPRIETARY FUND WATER UTILITY

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference				
Sales of services and fees Interest income Appropriation Other Total revenues	\$ 66,492 \$ 2,398 222,640 673 292,203	2,398	\$ 55,414 275 55,689	\$ (11,078) (2,123) (222,640) (673) (236,514)				
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES								
Operating expenses Interest on bonds Principal on bonds	71,881 2,603 1,000	74,881 2,603 1,000	44,919 2,603 1,000	29,962				
Capital Total expenses	1,250 76,734	1,250 79,734	48,522	$\frac{1,250}{31,212}$				
Transfer - out Transfer - in	(6,312)	(6,312)	(9,893) <u>180</u>	(3,581) 180				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ <u>209,157</u> \$	206,157	(2,546)	\$(<u>208,703</u>)				
Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated fro prior year for curry year expenditures	ent							
Reconciliation to GAAP: Non-budgeted items: Depreciation Other differences:			(34,441)					
Accounts receivable Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Principal on debt			605 (445) (704) 1,000					
Net income (loss)		\$	$(\underline{36,531})$					

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPRIETARY FUND WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT PROJECT For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REVENUES	(Original <u>Budget</u>	•	Revised Budget	<u> 7</u>	Actual		Difference		
Interest income	\$		\$		\$;	666		\$	666
CDBG Grant Total revenues						_	666		-	666
EXPENDITURES										
Operating expense Total expense						-			-	
Transfer In										
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$		\$				666		\$:	<u>666</u>
Reconciliation to GAAP: Depreciation						(6	5,203)			
Net income (loss)					\$	<u></u>	5,537)			



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hector Balderas, State Auditor, Steve M. Lucero, Mayor, and Members of the Village Trustees for the Village of San Ysidro, New Mexico

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparison for the general fund and the major special revenue funds, and the combining and individual funds presented as supplemental information of the state of New Mexico of the Village of San Ysidro (Village), as of June 30, 2010, and have issued my report thereon dated November 26, 2010. I have conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing my audit, I considered Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of

deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I considered to be material weakness, as defined above. However, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and response that I consider significant deficiencies in internal control financial reporting: 1998-1. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of San Ysidro's financial statements are material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I The results of my tests do not express such an opinion. disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

I noted certain matters that are required to be reported pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards* paragraphs 5.14 and 5.16 and pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as findings 2005-1, 2005-2, and 2006-3.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. I did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Trustees of the Village of San Ysidro, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, and the State of New Mexico's Department of Finance and Administration and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

November 26, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Village of San Ysidro.
- 2. Five reportable conditions disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. One of the conditions is reported as a significant deficiency.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statement of the Village of San Ysidro were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. These financial statements have been prepared by the auditor, Kathleen R. Lane, CPA. However, the contents of these financial statements remain the responsibility of the Village.

Federal Awards

5. There were no federal grants awarded to the Village in the current year.

Prior Year Findings, Resolved

- 2009-1 Underpayment of PERA contributions
- 2006-2 Court Action on Delinquent Accounts Receivable
- 2009-1 Underpayment of PERA contributions

Prior Year Findings, Not Resolved and Repeated

- 1998-1 Monthly Financial Reports-Summary and Detail
- 2000-2 Segregation of duties
- 2005-1 Personnel Payroll Records
- 2005-2 Over expenditure of Budget
- 2006-3 Late Audit Report

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(1998-1) Monthly Financial Reports - Summary and Fund Detail

Prior Year Finding (1998-1999), not resolved and repeated in current year (2009-2010)

Condition:

The supporting Excel spreadsheets prepared to support the totals reported on the monthly financial report did not agree with the quarterly DFA report.

Criteria:

Good internal accounting control practice dictates a clear audit trail should exist from cash receipts and disbursements reported to the total spreadsheet. Each fund's beginning cash balance should be corrected to the prior year audited balance, plus receipts, less disbursement should equal ending cash balances.

Effect:

The audit trail was not clear and incomplete.

Cause:

The detail spreadsheets did agree with total cash receipts and disbursements but did not agree with the quarterly reports sent to DFA.

Recommendation:

Due to the small staff, it would help to have another person review the numbers on the report to correct any mathematical errors. Use of computer accounting programs and spreadsheets will aid in the preparation and accuracy of reports.

Response:

The Village Clerk has been working with her DFA analyst to correct the above problems. The Clerk now has a better understanding of the reports. The Clerk attends workshops to aid in the Village financial reporting and will be utilizing the Village accounting program much further.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(2000-2) Segregation of Duties

Prior Year Findings (1999-2000), not resolved and repeated in the current year (2009-2010):

Condition:

Due to the small office size, segregation of duties is not available. The Village Clerk records receipts and disbursement, reconciles the accounts and prepares financial reports.

Criteria:

The person who has custody of assets should not also be responsible for recording and reconciling the reports.

Effect:

Since there is not anyone else involved in the accounting process errors can occur and be undetected.

Cause:

The Village is a small community.

Recommendation:

Due to lack of segregation of duties and the small community, I recommend a board trustee review and sign off on monthly cash disbursements and bank reconciliation. If feasible, I would recommend that the Clerk-Treasurer not prepare bank reconciliations.

Response:

The Mayor and Council review reports at every regular monthly meeting and ask questions. The Mayor feels they have good oversight of the financial accounting.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(2005-1) Personnel Payroll Records

Prior Year Findings (2004-2005), not resolved and repeated in the current year (2009-2010):

Condition:

Of thirteen employee personnel/payroll files tested, the following were noted:

a. Forms I-9 were not completed properly for all but five employees.

Criteria:

For those persons hired after 1986, a properly completed Form I-9 is required by law.

Effect:

Personnel files are not as complete as they should be.

Cause:

Village staff did not follow the instructions for the proper completion of the form.

Recommendation:

Copies of completed Forms I-9 (for those hired after 1986) are required by law.

Response:

Concur. These forms will be reviewed for correction.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(2005-2) Over expenditure of Budget

Prior Year Findings (2004-2005), not resolved and repeated in the current year (2009-2010):

Condition:

The following Funds had expenditures in excess of the budgeted amount:

Rodeo fund

\$ 3,436

Criteria:

Per state statute (NMSA 6-6-6), the approved budget for a local public body is binding upon all officials and governing authorities, and no governing authority or official shall allow or approve claims in excess thereof.

Effect:

The budget was not followed and the Village is in violation of statute.

Cause:

Rodeo fund operating expense should be included in original budget to cover operating expense of rodeo fund.

Recommendation:

A Budget Adjustment Request near year end can adjust the budget. All fund expenditures should be monitored for budgetary limits.

Response:

Concur.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

(2006-3) Late Audit Report

Prior Year Findings (2005-2006), not resolved and repeated in the current year (2009-2010):

Condition:

The audit report for the year ended June 30, 2010, was not submitted by the deadline set by the Office of the State Auditor. It was sent to the State Auditor Office on November 30, 2012.

Criteria:

Per Section 2.2.2.9 NMAC (State Auditor Rule), the deadline for submission of this report was November 30, 2010. Also per this rule, a finding is required to be written in the event of a late report.

Effect:

The Village was not in compliance with this rule.

Cause:

Several years ago the previous auditor was unable to complete the audit timely so the Village discontinued his services. A new auditor was chosen. There have been additional delays for audit contract approval by the Office of the State Auditor in order for the Village to catch up.

Recommendation:

The State Auditor Rule for report deadline should be followed in the future.

Response:

Concur. The Village is in the process of having multiple year audit contracts approved to get caught up and be in compliance.

June 30, 2010

Kathleen R. Lane, CPA, prepared the financial statements of the Village of San Ysidro, New Mexico, for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Exit Conference:

An exit conference was held November 26, 2012, at the Village office.

Representing the Village: Steve M. Lucero, Mayor Christina R. Lucero, Clerk/Treasurer

Representing Kathleen R. Lane, P.C.: Kathleen R. Lane, CPA