FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

Prepared by

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

(With Independent Auditor's Reports Thereon)

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OFFICIAL ROSTER
June 30, 2008

Village Trustees

Elected Officials

Steve M. Lucero - Mayor
John J. Urban - Mayor Pro-tem
Roman J. Montoya - Trustee
Christine A. Trujillo - Trustee
Cynthia A. Gonzales - Trustee
Bernice Trujillo - Municipal Judge

Administration

Christina R. Lucero - Clerk/Treasurer



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hector Balderas, State Auditor Steve M. Lucero, Mayor and The Board of Trustees Village of San Ysidro San Ysidro, New Mexico

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of San Ysidro (Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. I have also audited the financial statements of each of the Village's presented as supplementary governmental funds nonmajor information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. responsibility is to express opinions on these statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of June 30, 2008, and the

respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental fund and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons of the nonmajor governmental funds, the capital project fund, and enterprise funds for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated October 31, 2011, on my consideration of the Village of San Ysidro's internal control over financial reporting and my test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the result of my audit.

The Village has not presented the management's discussion and analysis, which is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's financial statements and budgetary comparisons. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, and in my opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Surface CPF, P.C. October 31, 2011

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENT WIDE June 30, 2008

	Primary Government Business					
		Sovernment	7. ~ -	Type		Total
ASSETS	<u> </u>	Activities	AC	tivities		IOLAI
Current Assets:	\$	108,619	\$	97,630	Ś	206,249
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted assets:	Ų	100,013	Y	3,7000	т.	200,210
Cash and cash equivalents				3,693		3,693
Total cash (Note 3)		108,619		$\frac{3,693}{101,323}$		209,942
Investments (Note 4)		280,666		· -		280,666
Receivables (net) (Note 5)		93,503		12,856		106,359
Taxes receivable (Note 5)		9,229		-		9,229
Total current assets		492,017		114,179		606,196
Noncurrent Assets:						
Land		195,000		5,000		200,000
Capital assets, net of						
depreciation (Note 12)		883,227		837,318		1,720,545
Total noncurrent assets		1,078,227		842,318		1,920,545
Total Assets	\$	<u>1,570,244</u>	\$	<u>956,497</u>	Ş	<u>2,526,741</u>
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:		66 566	^	E 4E4	÷	72,020
Accounts payable	\$	66,566	Ş	5,454 178	Þ	72,020
Accrued liabilities		545				3,687
Due within one year (Note 6)		1,909		1,778		3,007
Current liabilities payable				3,693		3 693
from restricted assets		69,020		11,103		$\frac{3,693}{80,123}$
Total current liabilities		69,020		11,105		00,123
Noncurrent liabilities:	61			53,400		53,400
Due in more than one year(Note	0)			33,400		
Total Liabilities	\$	69,020	\$	64,503	\$	<u>133,523</u>
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	\$	1,078,227	\$	787,918	\$	1,866,145
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		33,266				33,266
Special		143,468				143,468
Unrestricted		246,263		104,076		350,339
				001 004	^	0 202 210
Total Net Assets	Ş	1,501,224	Ş	891,994	Ş	<u>2,393,218</u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENT-WIDE June 30, 2008

		Program 1	Revenues	
		Operating	Capital	Net
	Charges	Grants and	Grants and	(Expense)
Functions/Programs Expense	for Service	<u>Contribution</u>	<u>Contribution</u>	Revenue
Primary government:				
Governmental activities		505	0 00 104	0/40 CE11
	\$ 7,839	\$ 41,595	\$ 36,124	\$(40,651)
Public safety 82,107	12,653	20,600		(48,854)
Culture and	•		50,100	35,816
recreation 14,284			31,760	31,760
Highways and streets - Depreciation 41,559	2		31,700	(41,559)
Depreciation 41,559 Interest on debt 592				(592)
interest on debt	<u> </u>			
Total governmental				
activities 264,751	20,492	62,195	117,984	(64,080)
<u></u>				
Business-type activities:				
Water Department 87,819	57,320			(<u>30,499</u>)
-				
Total business-type				
activities 87,819	57,320		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(<u>30,499</u>)
Total primary				
government \$ <u>352,570</u>	<u> </u>	\$ <u>62,195</u>	\$ <u>117,984</u>	\$(<u>94,579</u>)
			Dunimana	
		Government	Business-	
		Activities	Type Activities	Total
Changes in net assets		\$ (64,080)	\$ (30,499) \$	(94,579)
Net (expense) revenue		\$ (04,000)	\$ (30,499) \$	(34,373)
General Revenues:				
Taxes levied for general		147,900		147,900
Unrestricted investment		,		•
earning		13,720	3,150	16,870
Miscellaneous		1,703		1,703
Transfer - internal activities		7,538	<u>(7,538</u>)	0
Total general revenues/				
transfers		<u>170,861</u>	<u>(4,388</u>)	<u>166,473</u>
Change in net assets		106,781	(34,887)	71,894
			006 001	0 201 204
Net assets, beginning of year		1,394,443	<u>926,881</u>	2,321,324
Not cooks and of cooks		¢ 1 501 224	\$ <u>891,994</u> \$	2 393 218
Net assets, end of year		\$ <u>1,501,224</u>	4 <u>071,774</u> 4	4,333,410

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2008

ASSETS	General Fund	Corrections
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net) Taxes receivable	\$ 71,661 151,214 18,356 9,229	\$ 4,978 129,452
Other current assets Total Assets	\$ 250,460	\$ <u>134,430</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ 1,743 545	\$
Other current liabilities Total Liabilities	2,288	
FUND BALANCES		
Unreserved, reported in: General Fund Special Revenue Fund Capital Project Fund	248,172	134,430
Debt Service Fund Total Fund Balances	248,172	134,430
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u>250,460</u>	\$ <u>134,430</u>

Capital Projects	Nonmajor Government Funds	<u>Totals</u>
\$ 22,847	\$ 9,133	\$ 108,619 280,666
25,031	50,116	93,503
\$ <u>47,878</u>	\$ 59,249	\$ <u>492,017</u>
\$ 14,612	\$ 50,211	\$ 66,566 545
14,612	50,211	67,111
		240 172
	9,038	248,172 143,468
33,266		33,266
33,266	9,038	424,906
\$ <u>47,878</u>	\$ <u>59,249</u>	\$ <u>492,017</u>

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund \$ 424,906

Amounts reported for government activities in the Statement of Net Assets differs from the amounts reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet

Cost of assets capitalized (total) 1,495,436
Accumulated depreciation (417,209)

Long-term liabilities, including loans payable and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the government fund balance sheet

Due within one year (1,909)

Net assets of governmental activities \$ $\frac{1,501,224}{}$

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended JUNE 30, 2008

REVENUES Taxes Grants	General <u>Fund</u> \$ 147,649 41,595	Corrections \$
Fines Charges for services Miscellaneous Total Revenues	5,424 1,225 14,831 210,724	1,190
EXPENDITURES		
Current: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Highways and streets Capital outlay Debt service: Loan payment	118,834 71,369	1,025
Total Expenditures	190,203	1,025
Excess of Revenue Over (Expenditures)	20,521	165
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	(10,243)	
Total Other Financing (Uses) Sources	(10,243)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,278	165
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year	237,894	134,265
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$ <u>248,172</u>	\$ <u>134,430</u>

	Nonmajor	
Capital	Government	_
<u>Projects</u>	Funds	Totals
\$	\$ 251	\$ 147,900
67 , 884	70,700	180,179
	10 (5)	5,424
	12,653	15,068
67.004	<u>592</u> 84,196	$\frac{15,423}{363,994}$
67,884	84,196	303, 334
		118,834
	9,713	82 , 107
	14,284	14,284
		-
77,830	50,211	128,041
	8,336	8,336
77,830	82,544	351,602
(9,946)	1,652	12,392
3,718	6,525	10,243
3,710	0,020	(10, 243)
3,718	6,525	_
3,710	0,020	
(6,228)	8,177	12,392
39,494	861	412,514
\$ <u>33,266</u>	\$ <u>9,038</u>	\$ <u>424,906</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net Changes in Fund Balance Total Governmental Funds	\$ 12,392
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalized threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows: Cost of asset capitalized Depreciation expense	128,041 (41,559)
Repayment of debt principle is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount of debt repayment.	7,744
Net change in compensated absences Change in net assets of governmental activities	$\$ \frac{163}{106,781}$

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES	riginal Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Municipal taxes: Property tax \$ Gasoline tax Gross receipts taxes	12,213 18,950 46,826 77,989	\$ 12,213 18,950 46,826 77,989	\$ 12,660 21,376 50,654 84,690	\$ 447 2,426 3,828 6,701
Licenses and fees: Business registrations Liquor licenses Administrative fees Impact fees	845 200 24,147 2,388 27,580	845 200 24,147 2,388 27,580	50 400 23,832 686 24,968	(795) 200 (315) (1,702) (2,612)
State shared taxes: Auto license Cigarette tax - 2 cents Gross receipts taxes	415 376 44,481 45,272	415 376 44,481 45,272	537 469 46,454 47,460	122 93 1,973 2,188
Fines and forfeits: Court fines/fees	16,127 16,127	16,127 16,127	5,029 5,029	$(\frac{11,098}{11,098})$
Other: Earnings on investments			14,710 14,710	$\frac{14,710}{14,710}$
State and federal grants: State small cities assistance	35,000	35,000	41,595	6,595
Total revenues \$	201,968	\$ 201,968	\$ 218,452	\$ <u>16,484</u>

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

EXPENDITURES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Executive and legislative \$ Financial/administrative Judicial Public safety Parks and recreation Streets Total expenditures	15,957 \$ 62,011 24,884 83,859 18,611 7,600 212,922	15,957 \$ 62,011 24,884 83,859 18,611 7,600 212,922	14,302 59,385 25,482 73,353 19,055 8,999 200,576	\$ 1,655 2,626 (598) 10,506 (444) (1,399) 12,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	; <u>(10,954</u>)\$	<u>(10,954</u>)\$	17,876	\$ <u>28,830</u>

Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated from prior year for current year

expenditures \$ <u>75,300</u>

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis - Note 13

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND CORRECTION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Difference
Charges for services: Local correction fee	\$ <u>3,180</u>	\$ <u>3,180</u>	\$ <u>1,190</u>	\$(<u>1,990</u>)
EXPENDITURES Care of prisoners	<u>880</u>	880	$\frac{1,024}{1,024}$	(144) (144)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ <u>2,300</u>	\$ <u>2,300</u>	\$ <u>166</u>	\$(<u>2,134</u>)

Reconciliation to GAAP - No adjustment necessary

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2008

Business-Type Activities
Enterprise Funds
Water

		System	
ASSETS	<u>Water</u> <u>I</u>	mprovement	<u>Total</u>
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,786	\$ 31,844	\$ 97,630
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Total cash (Note 3) Receivables (net) Total current assets	3,693 69,479 12,856 82,335	31,844	$ \begin{array}{r} 3,693 \\ 101,323 \\ \underline{12,856} \\ 114,179 \end{array} $
Noncurrent Assets: Land	5,000		5,000
Capital assets, net of depreciation (Note 12) Total noncurrent assets	661,424 666,424	175,894 175,894	$\frac{837,318}{842,318}$
Total Assets	\$ <u>748,759</u>	\$ <u>207,738</u>	\$ <u>956,497</u>
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due within one year Current liabilities payable from Restricted Assets Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Due in more than one year Total Liabilities NET ASSETS	\$ 5,454 178 1,778 3,693 11,103 53,400 \$ 64,503	\$	\$ 5,454 178 1,778 3,693 11,103 53,400 \$ 64,503
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	612,024 72,232	175,894 31,844	787,918 104,076
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>684,256</u>	\$ <u>207,738</u>	\$ <u>891,994</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Business-Type Activities

Enterprise Funds
Water

		System	
	Water	Improvement	Total
Operating revenue: Charges for services	\$ 57,127	\$	\$ 57,127
Operating expense: Operating expenses Depreciation Total operating expense	44,775 34,137 78,912	6,211	44,775 40,348 85,123
Operating income	(21,785) (6,211)	(27,996)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense): Interest income Interest expense Total Nonoperating Revenues	2,041 (2,696)	3,343 (2,696) 647
(Expense)	(055		
<pre>Income before operating transfers</pre>	(22,440) (4,909)	(27,349)
Transfers in (out)	(7,538)	(7,538)
Change in Net Assets	(29,978	(4,909)	(34,887)
Total Net Assets, Beginning of Year Total Net Assets,	714,234		926,881
End of Year	\$ <u>684,256</u>	\$ <u>207,738</u>	\$ <u>891,994</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Business-Type Activities

Enterprise Funds

Water

	- -	Water System	_
	Water	Improvement	<u>Total</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 50,245	\$	\$ 50,245
Payments to supplies and employees	(<u>41,782</u>)	•	(41,782)
Net cash provided (used)			
operating activities	8,463		8,463
Cash flows from noncapital financing ac	tivities		
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(900)		(900)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(2,696)		(2,696)
Transfers in (out)	(7,538)		(7,538)
			
Net cash provided (used) noncapital			
financing activities	(11, 134)		(11, 134)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest on investments	2,041	<u>1,303</u>	3,344
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	<u>(630</u>)	1,303	<u>673</u>
Cash and cash equivalents,			
beginning of year	70,109	30,541	100,650
Cash and cash equivalents,			
end of year	\$ <u>69,479</u>	\$ <u>31,844</u>	\$ <u>101,323</u>
-			-

Rusiness-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Water

	Water	System Improvement	Total
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$(21,785)	\$(6,211)	\$(27,996)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:			
Depreciation	34,137	6,211	40,348
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(6,881)		(6,881)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	3,576		3,576
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	(584)		(584)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u>8,463</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>8,463</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of San Ysidro is incorporated as a municipality in the State of New Mexico and operates under the direction of a Mayor-Council form of government. The Village provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, water services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village of San Ysidro conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governments Units and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). As allowed in Section P80 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, the Village has elected to apply to its proprietary activities Financial Accounting Standard Interpretations, Accounting Board Statements and Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee of Accounting Procedures issued after November 30, 1989. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Standards Adopted (continued)

For the first time, the financial statements include:

A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Village's activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The Village has implemented the general provisions of the Statement in previous years.

Reporting Entity - Component Units

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement.

The basic, but not the only criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity, is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Reporting Entity - Component Units (continued)

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no component units identified or excluded from the reporting entity.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The Village's police and fire protection, parks, correction and recreation, public safety, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village water services are classified as business-type activities. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the government wide financial statements.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide
(continued)

and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net assets are reported in three parts - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (police, fire, public works, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales, and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, Statement of permits, and charges, etc.). The (including gross expenses Activities reduces depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (police, public works, community, and youth services, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capitalspecific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales or gas taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The Village does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds that is eliminated like a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide (continued)

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Village of San Ysidro are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in the individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into generic fund types and broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Major funds specific to the Village are:

Correction Special Revenue Fund: To account for the provision of a local correction fee collected with local fines. (NMSA 35-14-11)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued) Note 1:

Fund Accounting (continued)

Capital Projects Fund: To account for resources used to (a) provide for improvement to the community park; (b) municipal building improvements. Funding sources are state of New Mexico appropriations, CDBG funds and local sources.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are exempt from federal income tax.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

The funds are further classified as major and nonmajor as follows:

Major Funds:

See above description. General Fund account for the To Capital Project Fund financing, construction, maintenance

capital outlay.

Special Revenue Funds: Correction

See above description.

Nonmajor Funds:

The following are nonmajor funds - see page 38 for description:

Law Enforcement Protection Fund Rodeo Fund Recreation Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement date, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental fund types for financial statement the modified accrual basis of Under and other governmental revenues accounting, financial resource increments are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. For state shared and locally assessed taxes, available is defined as those amounts collected within sixty days of the balance sheet date.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Cash basis accounting is utilized in the governmental funds to assure effective budgetary control and accountability. This legally prescribed budgetary basis differs from generally accepted accounting principles in the respect that the former does not

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

allow for year-end adjustments to be included in presentation in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. This accounting principle has resulted in the following differences between revenues and expenditures detailed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Billed sewer utility receivables are recorded at year-end.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within a year of the date acquired by the Village. Investments are stated at cost and consist of certificate of deposits and Local Government Investment Pool readily convertible to cash. The Village's practice is to limit deposits and investments to insured and collateralized demand account certificate of deposit. Protection of the Village's cash and investments is provided by the various federal deposit insurance corporations (FDIC) as well as qualified pledged securities by the institution holding the assets. The bank surety is further explained in Note 2.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-50	years
Water and sewer system	30-50	years
Machinery and equipment	5-10	years
Improvements	10-40	years
Other infrastructure	10-50	years

GASB No. 34 requires the Village to report and depreciate infrastructure assets. Prior to June 30, 2007, the Village did not have any infrastructure. include roads, bridges, assets Infrastructure underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Village. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation in the financial historically been reported statements. In accordance with Statement No. 34, the Village has included the value of all infrastructure (using the depreciation method) its basic into financial statements.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

 The Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the Village offices to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The Village is authorized to transfer budget amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Local-Government Division of the State Department of Finance and Administration.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all of the governmental fund types.
- 5. Encumbrances are considered in budget preparation.
- 6. The level of classifications detail in which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 7. All budgets are adopted on a cash basis.
- 8. A budget has been legally adopted for all proprietary fund types and governmental fund types.

During current budget year, two special funds, to follow, exceeded their budgets. The shortages were covered by the general fund.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is not utilized by the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash, Cash Investments and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash investments include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments. Short-term investments, consisting of certificates of deposits, are stated at cost. Interest-bearing deposits with maturities of 90 days or less are considered to be cash (equivalents) in the statement of cash flows.

Accumulated Compensated Absences

Vacation and sick leave for the full-time employees in the amount of \$2,686 has been included in these financial statements. Vacation is earned after one year of employment with the Village in the amount of two weeks per year. Sick leave is earned at the rate of five days per year after the completion of the probation period (90 days) and may cumulate up to ten days. Sick leave will not be paid at time of termination of employment for any days not taken during the time of employment with the Village.

Accrued Expense

Payroll for the last two days in June was paid in July, 2008. Payroll in the amount of \$544, included in governmental activities, and \$49, in the water department, were accrued at June 30, 2008.

Revenues in Proprietary Funds

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements include revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principle operating revenues for the proprietary funds are charges to customers for service. Principle operating expense are the cost of providing services and include depreciation of capital assets. Other revenue and expense are classified as nonoperating in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted as needed.

Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction or expenditure in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring and nonroutine permanent transfers or equity are reported as residual equity transfers. Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2008 have been eliminated from the government -wide financial statements.

Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriate for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 2: Bank Surety

As permitted by statute, the Village's cash and cash investments during the year consisted of demand deposits and petty cash. These deposits were covered by the standard federal depository insurance and the balance collateralized at 50% in the form of securities, held by the financial institution's agent in the Village's name. Collateral is held under provisions of Section 6-10-17, NMSA, 1978. A breakdown of deposits and collateral is as follows:

	First Community Bank	Jemez Valley Credit <u>Union</u>
Total amount on deposit FDIC/NCUA covered FDIC/NCUA uncovered 50% collateral required Over/(Under) requirement	\$\frac{147,348}{250,000} (102,652) 73,674 \$\frac{176,326}{2}	\$ 78,515 78,515
Total deposits: Category 1 - Insured with s Category 2 - Uncollateraliz Total deposits in bank Add deposits in transit Less outstanding checks Total cash and cash		\$ 225,863 - 225,863 380 (16,301)
rotal cash and cash equivalents		\$ <u>209,942</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 2: Bank Surety (continued)

Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with Exhibit 1:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 206,249 Restricted assets:

Cash and cash equivalents 3,693Total cash and cash equivalents \$ 209,942

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

The Village has the following depository accounts. All deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest. The Village does not have a deposit policy.

Depository Account	
Insured	\$ 225,863
Uninsured and uncollateralized	
Total deposits	\$ 225,863

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2008, \$0 of the Village's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized \$ $\underline{ 0}$

The Village maintains two money market investment accounts with the State of New Mexico Treasurer Department. The cash balance at June 30, 2008, was \$280,666. (See Note 4)

The investments held by the State Treasurer are not insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 3: Cash and Temporary Investments

Account Name/Type	Account Number	Balance
First Community Bank General-checking Water System-income checking Water Bond Reserve-1995-checking Total First Community Bank	1205552 1205560 1579517	\$ 108,763 34,813 3,772 147,348
Jemez Valley Credit Union Savings Certificate of Deposit Certificate of Deposit Certificate of Deposit Total Jemez Valley Credit Union	25600 25600-84 25600-85 25600-83	
Amounts on deposit Deposits in transit Outstanding items		225,863 380 (16,301)
Cash and temporary investments		\$ <u>209,942</u>
Summary - Note 2: General Special Proprietary Total cash	\$ 71,661 36,958 101,323 \$ 209,942	

Note 4: Investment in the New Mexico Investment Pool

The Village holds the following investments in the New Mexico Investment Pool:

State of New Mexico - LGIP		
Money Market	4112	\$ 76,290
Money Market	2647	204,376
Total State of New Mexico		\$ 280,666

Credit Risk - The LGIP is rated AAAm by Standards and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk - Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) for the LGIP as of June 30, 2008, was 46 day average for the month.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 4: <u>Investment in the New Mexico Investment Pool</u> (continued)

The investments in the New Mexico Investment Pool are valued at fair value based on guoted market prices as The State Treasurer Local of the valuation date. Government Investment Pool is not SEC registered. Section 6-10-10.1A and E, NMSA 1978, empowers the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in the shortterm investment fund in securities that are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies and are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or are agencies sponsored by the United States government. The Local Government Investment Pool Investments are monitored by the same investment committees and the same policies all other procedures that apply to investments.

The Local Government Investment Pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts in the fund were invested. Participation in the local government investment pool is voluntary.

Note 5: Accounts Receivables

The account receivables of the governmental fund types consist primarily of taxes collected by the collecting agency in the current year, but not remitted to the Village until after year end and judicial court fines and fees assessed in the current year but not collected.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 5: Accounts Receivables (continued)

<u>Type</u>	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue
Grant receivable	\$	\$ 75,131
Property taxes	1,123	
Gasoline taxes	1,715	
Miscellaneous taxes	72	16
Gross receipt taxes	6,319	
Court fines and fees	18,356	
Total	\$ <u>27,585</u>	\$ <u>75,147</u>

The accounts receivables of the proprietary funds represent earned income from water and reverse osmosis services. Those accounts greater than 60 days old and appearing uncollectible have been provided for in an allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of \$8,272. Those amounts unbilled for water and reverse osmosis services have not been estimated or recorded as the amount is insignificant.

Note 6: Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

General Long-Term Debt

In 2006, the Village obtained a loan for acquisition of a police vehicle for the law enforcement department from the state of New Mexico. The Village has pledged revenues from its distribution from the State Law Enforcement Protection Fund and amounts sufficient to service this obligation are being intercepted by the Authority. The purchase price of the vehicle was \$23,500, and the interest rate is 3.0%. The loan was paid in full during 2008.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

General Long-Term Debt (continued)

Changes in long-term debt for the year are as follows:

Loan-NMFA	Balance 7-1-07 \$ 8,093	Additions \$	Payments \$ 8,093 1.723	Balance 6-30-08 \$ - 1,909	Current Portion \$ 1,909
Comp. Absence	$\frac{1,723}{9,816}$	\$\frac{1,909}{1,909}	$\frac{1,723}{9,816}$	$\frac{1,909}{1,909}$	\$ <u>1,909</u>

Maturities over five years:

June 30	Principle
2008	\$ <u>1,909</u>

Governmental accrued compensation absences and the notes payable will be paid by the general fund. The business-type notes payable and accrued compensation will be paid by the water department.

Business-Type Activities 1996 Water Revenue Bonds Payable

The Village issued \$63,000 of a 4.875% revenue bond in 1997 to finance the Village's new water infiltration system. Annual payments including interest are payable June 17th of each year. This debt is included in proprietary fund balance sheet.

Changes in long-term debt for the year as follows:

Bonds Comp.	Absence	Balance 7-1-07 \$ 55,300 802		Payments \$ 900 802	Balance 6-30-08 \$ 54,400 778 6 55 178	Current Portion \$ 1,000 \\ \frac{778}{1.778}
oomp.		\$ <u>56,102</u>	\$ <u>778</u>	\$ <u>1,702</u>	\$ <u>55,178</u>	\$ <u>1,778</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)
1996 Water Revenue Bonds Payable (continued)

Maturities are as follows:

June 30	Principle	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$ 1,778	\$ 2,652	\$ 4,430
2010	1,000	2,603	3,603
2011	1,100	2,554	3,654
2012	1,100	2,501	3,601
2013	1,200	2,447	3,647
2014-2019	6,700	11,325	18,025
2020-2024	8,500	9,531	18,031
2025-2029	11,000	7,215	18,215
2030-2034	13,700	4,285	17,985
2035-2036	9,100	858	9,958
	$\$ \ \overline{55,178}$	\$ 45,971	\$ 101,149

Note 7: Property Taxes

The Village of San Ysidro receives property taxes from the Sandoval County Treasurer for operational purposes. Property taxes are assessed on January 1 of each year, except on livestock, and are payable in two equal installments on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year. In addition, tax levies are authorized by statute to service payments due on general obligation bonds which have been authorized pursuant to state law.

The Mill Levy tax rates for the Village of San Ysidro for the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows:

	Residential	Nonresidential
General Operating	5%	6%

These are the tax rates applied to each \$1,000 property value taxable by the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 8: Retirement Plan

Plan Description

All of the Village of San Ysidro full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Association (PERA) is the Employees Retirement administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues separate, publicly available financial report that and required statements financial includes supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 7% for law enforcement and 7% for all other members (range from 4% to 16.3% depending upon the division, i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire) of their gross salary. The Village of San Ysidro is required to contribute 10% for law enforcement and 7% for all other plan members (range from 7% to 25.72% depending upon the division) of the gross covered salary. contribution requirements of plan members and Village of San Ysidro are established in Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Village of San Ysidro's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$8,494, \$7,400, and \$7,409, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 9: Retiree Health Care Act

The Village has elected not to participate in the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act.

Note 10: Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks for loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the Village carries insurance with the New Mexico Self Insurer's Fund for a shared premium cost. The Village established a limited risk management program for general and auto liability, workman's compensation, employer's liability, and property. Premiums are paid by the General, Fire, and Water Funds.

Note 11: Contingent Liabilities

There is no provision for contingent liabilities in the Village's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 12: Changes in Capital Assets

Governmental Activities

Capital Assets not	Balance 7/1/07	Addition	Deletions	Balance 6/30/08
being depreciated: Land \$ Capital Assets being depreciated:	195,000	\$	\$	195,000
Infrastructure	315,330	31,760		347,090
Land improvements	39,519	•		39,519
Building/improvements	450,133	46,070		496,203
Furniture and				
equipment	292,758	50,211		342,969
Vehicles	74,655			74,655
Total capital				
assets	1,367,395	128,041		1,495,436
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	(3, 153)		6,307	(9,460)
Land improvement	(2,750)		1,937	(4,687)
Building/improvements	(70,652)		14,290	(84, 942)
Furniture and	(.0,002)			(,,
equipment	(266,341)		7,743	(274,084)
Vehicles	(32,754)		11,282	(44,036)
Total accumulated	(02) 101)			
depreciation	(375,650)		41,559	417,209
•				
Net capital				
assets \$	<u>991,745</u>	\$ <u>128,041</u>	\$ <u>41,559</u> \$	<u>1,078,227</u>
Depreciation expense				
expense categories b	ased on t	he assets	s assigned	d:
-				
General government				\$ 13,398
Public safety				13,806
-				•
Highways and streets				6,307
Culture and recreati			_	8,048
Total depreciation	expense	allocated	l	\$ <u>41,559</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2008

Note 12: Changes in Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type Activities

	Balance 7/1/07	Addition	Deletions	Balance 6/30/08
Land \$	5,000 \$		\$	\$ 5,000
Water utility plant	498,154			498,154
Water system improvements	769,955			769 , 955
Utility meters and				
equipment	40,160			40,160
Total capital assets	<u>1,313,269</u>			1,313,269
Less accumulated				
depreciation	(057 757)		15 006	(272,853)
Water utility plant	(257,757)		15,096	(212,033)
Water system improvements	(157,813)		22,568	(180,381)
Utility meters and equipment	(15,033)		2,684	(17,717)
Total accumulated depreciation	(430,603)		40,348	(470,951)
Net capital assets\$	882,666	\$ <u></u>	\$ <u>40,348</u>	\$ 842,318

Note 13: Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis

The following is an explanation of differences between budgetary basis and GAAP basis for the general fund for the year ended June 30, 2008:

Governmental Funds:

Revenues Total revenues per budgetary basis Increase (decrease) in taxes receivable	\$\frac{\text{General}}{218,452} \\ 1,079
Account activity not reflected in client reports	722
Increase (decrease) in court fines receivable	(1,991)
Adjustment to revenue-charges for services include grant and other reimbursements Total revenues per GAAP	$$\frac{(7,538)}{210,724}$
Expenditures	<u>General</u>
Total expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 200,576
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	126
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and taxes	(3,303)
Transfer	(6,788)
Reclassification of expenditures	(408)
Total expenditures per GAAP basis	\$ <u>190,203</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for those activities which resources are to be used for specific purposes.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund (LEPF)

To account for the proceeds of a state grant provided for the purchase and repair of equipment as well as specialized training of police personnel. $(NMSA\ 29-13-7)$

Recreation Fund

To account for the operations of certain recreational activities in the Village. Financing is provided by gross receipts tax. (NMSA 7-12-1 and 15)

Youth Rodeo Fund

To account for the operation of equestrian and livestock educational activities in the Village. (Village Resolution)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2008

	<u>LEPF</u>	<u>Rodeo</u>
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,633	\$ -
Accounts receivable Total assets	\$ <u>6,633</u>	\$
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	\$
Fund balance:		
Unreserved - undesignated Total fund balance	6,633 6,633	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ <u>6,633</u>	\$

Debt <u>Service</u>	Recreation	Total 2008
\$ \$	\$ 2,500 50,116 \$ 52,616	\$ 9,133 50,116 \$ 59,249
\$	\$\frac{50,211}{50,211}	\$\frac{50,211}{50,211}
	2,405 2,405	9,038
\$	\$ <u>52,616</u>	\$ <u>59,249</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	<u>LEPF</u>	Rodeo
Revenues: Municipal taxes State shared taxes	\$	\$
Charges for services Other	3,490	1,992
Federal and state grants Total revenues	20,600 24,090	1,992
Expenditures: Current:		
Public safety	9,713	
Highways and streets Culture recreation Interest expense		3,952
Debt service		
Capital outlay Total expenditures	9,713	3,952
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	14,377	(1,960)
Other financing sources and uses: Transfer(to)from general fund	(7,744)	3,455
Net change in fund balance	6,633	1,495
Fund Balances: Beginning of year End of year	\$ <u>6,633</u>	(<u>1,495</u>) \$

Debt <u>Service</u>	Recreation	Total 2008
\$ 592 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 251 7,171 50,100 57,522	\$ 251 12,653 592 70,700 84,196
		9,713
592	10,332	14,284 592
7,744 $8,336$	50,211 60,543	7,744 50,211 82,544
(7,744)	(3,021)	1,652
7,744	3,070	6,525
-	49	8,177
<u> </u>	2,356 \$ 2,405	861 \$ 9,038

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND LAW ENFORCEMENT PROTECTION For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Difference	
State grants: State grant Other	\$ 20,600 20,600	\$ 20,600	\$ 20,600 3,490 24,090	\$ - 3,490 3,490	
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety: Operating expenses	20,600 20,600	20,600 20,600	9,713 9,713	10,887 10,887	
Transfer Out			(7,744)	(7,744)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> - </u>	\$ <u>6,633</u>	\$ <u>6,633</u>	

Reconciliation to GAAP - No adjustment required

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND RECREATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
State shared taxes: Cigarette tax - 1 cent Grant EXPENDITURES		•	235 7,171 7,406	\$ 46 (<u>51,852</u>) (<u>51,806</u>)
Recreation: Operating expense	61,147 61,147	64,217 64,217	10,577 10,577	53,640 53,640
Transfer	-	3,070	3,070	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ <u>(1,935</u>)\$	<u>(1,935</u>)	(101)	\$ <u>1,834</u>
Budgetary notation - cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditures	\$ <u>2,601</u>			
Reconciliation to GAAP - Increase in accounts re (Increase) in accounts			50,116 (<u>49,966</u>)	
Net change in fund bala	ance	\$	49	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE RODEO FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Difference
State grant: State grant Other	\$	\$	\$ 1,922 1,992	\$
EXPENDITURES				
Culture/recreation			3,952 3,952	(<u>3,952</u>) (<u>3,952</u>)
Transfer in			3,455	3,455
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	\$	\$ <u>1,495</u>	\$ <u>1,495</u>

Reconciliation to GAAP - No adjustment required

DEBT SERVICE FUND

To account for the obligations of the Village and payment of those obligations.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Difference
Receipts Miscellaneous	\$32	\$32	\$ 592	\$ <u>560</u>
Expenditures Debt service	8,702	<u>8,702</u>	<u>8,336</u>	<u>366</u>
Excess/deficiency	(8,670)	(8,670)	(7,744)	926
Other financing sources Transfers - in	<u>8,702</u>	<u>8,702</u>	7,744	(<u>958</u>)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	\$ <u>32</u>	\$ <u>32</u>	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>(32</u>)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

To account for funds which are used to fund capital outlay in the government funds within the Village.

Capital Projects - To account for resources to a) provide equipment for the community park; b) make improvements to Village office; and c) make Scenic By-way improvements. Funding sources are State of NM appropriations, DOT grants and local sources.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Revenues Grants - state Grant - federal CDBG Other	\$ 50,000 21,814 27,500 329,890 429,204		21,039 21,814 - 42,853	\$ (28,961) - (27,500) (329,890) (386,351)
Expenditures Utilities Infrastructure Building/equipment Other	329,890 43,717 50,000 27,500 451,107	329,890 43,717 50,000 27,500 451,107	31,760 31,458 63,218	329,890 11,957 18,542 27,500 387,889
Transfer in			3,718	3,718
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$ <u>(21,903</u>)	\$ <u>(21,903</u>)	(16,647)	\$ <u>5,256</u>
Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditures	\$ <u>39,494</u>			
Reconciliation to GAAP Increase in accounts (Increase) in accounts	receivable		25,031 (<u>14,612</u>)	
Net change in fund ba	lance		\$ <u>(6,228</u>)	

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2008

PROPRIETARY (ENTERPRISE) FUNDS

To account for those services provided to the residents of the Village on a user-charge basis.

Water Fund

To account for the provision of water services to residents of the Village.

Water System Improvement Project

To account for the provision of water tank, new meter equipment, water mains and fire hydrants for residents of the Village.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPRIETARY FUND WATER UTILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Revised Budget	Actual	Difference
Sales of services and fees Interest income Total revenues	\$ 59,648	\$ 59,648	\$ 50,245 2,041 52,286	\$ (9,403) 2,041 (7,362)
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER	USES			
Operating expenses Interest on bonds Principal on bonds Operating transfers-out Total expenses	64,448	64,448	41,782 2,696 900 7,538 52,916	22,666 (2,696) (900) (7,538) 11,532
Transfer out	(16,202)	(16,202)	0	16,202
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$(<u>21,002</u>)	\$(<u>21,002</u>)	(630)	\$ <u>20,372</u>
Budgetary notation - Cash appropriated from prior year for curre year expenditures	ent			
-				
Reconciliation to GAAP: Nonbudgeted items: Depreciation Other differences: Accounts receivable			(34,137) 6,881	
Accounts payable			(3,576)	
Accrued liabilities Principal on debt			584 900	
Net income (loss)			\$ (<u>29,978</u>)	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPRIETARY FUND WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT PROJECT For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

REVENUES		riginal Budget	Revised Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Difference
Interest income CDBG Grant	\$:	\$		\$ 1,302	\$ 1,302
Total revenues	-	0	(0	1,302	1,302
EXPENDITURES						
Operating expense Total expense	-	0		<u>o</u>	0	0
Transfer In						
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expense		0	\$	<u>0</u>	1,302	\$ <u>1,302</u>
Reconciliation to GAAF Depreciation	:				6,211	
Net income (loss)					\$(<u>4,909</u>)	



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hector Balderas, State Auditor, Steve M. Lucero, Mayor, and Members of the Village Trustees for the Village of San Ysidro, New Mexico

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparison for the general fund and the major special revenue funds, and the combining and individual funds presented as supplemental information of the state of New Mexico of the Village of San Ysidro (Village), as of June 30, 2008, and have issued my report thereon dated October 31, 2011. I have conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Village's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control

over financial reporting that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operations of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or A significant detect misstatements on a timely basis. deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control that adversely affect Village's ability to deficiencies, initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Village's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by I considered the deficiencies Village's internal control. described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting: 98-1, 00-2, 06-1, 06-2 and 06-3.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Village's internal control.

My consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, I consider the following item to be a material weakness: 98-1.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of San Ysidro's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

I noted certain matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* January 2008 Revision paragraphs 5.14 and 5.16 and Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as findings 05-1, 05-2, 06-3 and 08-1.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. I did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Trustees of the Village of San Ysidro, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, and the State of New Mexico's Department of Finance and Administration and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

October 31, 2011

Sackface CRF, P.C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Village of San Ysidro.
- 2. Eight reportable conditions disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. One of the conditions is reported as a material weakness.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statement of the Village of San Ysidro were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. These financial statements have been prepared by the auditor, Kathleen R. Lane, CPA. However, the contents of these financial statements remain the responsibility of the Village.

Federal Awards

5. There were no federal grants awarded to the Village in the current year.

Prior Year Findings, Not Resolved and Repeated

- 98-1 Monthly Financial Reports-Summary and Detail
- 00-2 Segregation of duties
- 05-1 Personnel Payroll Records
- 05-2 Over expenditure of Budget
- 06-1 Water Department Billing Report for July 2008 Not Available
- 06-2 Court Action on Delinquent Accounts Receivable
- 06-3 Late Audit Report

Current Year Finding

08-1 Unauthorized use of Village equipment

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(98-1) Monthly Financial Reports - Summary and Fund Detail

Prior Year Finding (1998-1999), not resolved and repeated in current year (2007-2008)

Condition:

The supporting Excel spreadsheets prepared to support the totals reported on the monthly financial report did not agree with the quarterly DFA report.

Criteria:

Good internal accounting control practice dictates a clear audit trail should exist from cash receipts and disbursements reported to the total spreadsheet. Each fund's beginning cash balance should be corrected to the prior year audited balance, plus receipts, less disbursement should equal ending cash balances.

Effect:

The audit trail was not clear and incomplete.

Cause:

The detail spreadsheets did agree with total cash receipts and disbursements but did not agree with the quarterly reports sent to DFA.

Recommendation:

Due to the small staff, it would help to have another person review the numbers on the report to correct any mathematical errors. The Village Clerk should take additional time and attend additional training to complete the financial reports. Use of computer accounting programs and spreadsheets will aid in the preparation and accuracy of reports.

Response:

The Village Clerk has been working with her DFA analyst to correct the above problems. The Clerk now has a better understanding of the reports. The Clerk attends workshops to aid in the Village financial reporting and will be utilizing the Village accounting program much further.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(00-2) Segregation of Duties

Prior Year Findings (1999-2000), not resolved and repeated in the current year:

Condition:

Due to the small office size, segregation of duties is not available. The Village Clerk records receipts and disbursement, reconciles the accounts and prepares financial reports.

Criteria:

The person who has custody of assets should not also be responsible for recording and reconciling the reports.

Effect:

Since there is not anyone else involved in the accounting process errors can occur and be undetected.

Cause:

The Village is a small community.

Recommendation:

Due to lack of segregation of duties and the small community, I recommend a board trustee review and sign off on monthly cash disbursements and bank reconciliation. If feasible, I would recommend that the Clerk-Treasurer not prepare bank reconciliations.

Response:

The Mayor and Council review reports at every regular monthly meeting and ask questions. The Mayor feels they have good oversight of the financial accounting.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(05-1) Personnel Payroll Records

Prior Year Findings (2004-2005), not resolved and repeated in the current year:

Condition:

Of ten employee personnel/payroll files tested, the following were noted:

a. Forms I-9 were not completed properly for all but two employees.

Criteria:

For those persons hired after 1986, a properly completed Form I-9 is required by law.

Effect:

Personnel files are not as complete as they should be.

Cause:

Village staff did not follow the instructions for the proper completion of the form.

Recommendation:

Copies of completed Forms I-9 (for those hired after 1986) are required by law.

Response:

Concur. These forms will be reviewed for correction.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(05-2) Over expenditure of Budget

Prior Year Findings (2004-2005), not resolved and repeated in the current year:

Condition:

The following Funds had expenditures in excess of the budgeted amount:

Youth Rodeo \$3,952 Correction \$ 144

Criteria:

Per state statute (NMSA 6-6-6), the approved budget for a local public body is binding upon all officials and governing authorities, and no governing authority or official shall allow or approve claims in excess thereof.

Effect:

The budget was not followed and the Village is in violation of statute.

Cause:

The Youth Rodeo Fund was a new special fund in 2007. The expenses were unexpected. The correction fund was overspent by \$144.

Recommendation:

A Budget Adjustment Request near year end can adjust the budget. All fund expenditures should be monitored for budgetary limits.

Response:

Concur.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(06-1) Water Department Billing Report for July 2008 Not Available

Prior Year Findings (2005-2006), not resolved and repeated in the current year:

Condition:

The Water Utility Billing Report for July 2008 was not available to the auditor.

Criteria:

Good internal accounting control practice dictates that monthly billing and accounts receivable reports be generated and retained. The July report is used to establish Water Utility accounts receivable at June 30, 2008.

Effect:

The accounts receivable total for the Water Utility had to be calculated based on other reports.

Cause:

A computer system error occurred during the July 2008 processing.

Recommendation:

Policies should be instituted to insure that the billing report data integrity will be maintained.

Response:

Concur.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(06-2) Court Action on Delinquent Accounts Receivable

Prior Year Findings (2005-2006), not resolved and repeated in the current year:

Condition:

At June 30, 2008, the Municipal Court had a balance of \$18,356 in outstanding fines, dating to the year 1999. Little progress has been made in collection of these amounts.

Criteria:

Good internal accounting control practice dictates that collection actions should be taken when payment is overdue.

Effect:

If no action is taken, older accounts will never be paid.

Cause:

The court has limited resources.

Recommendations:

One course of action is to enact bench warrants for failure to pay. These will then show up on a driver's license history at renewal time. Processing of a certain number of these accounts per month should be considered.

Response:

The Marshall is continuing to review the outstanding fines and will be making a recommendation to write off uncollectible amounts.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(06-3) Late Audit Report

Prior Year Findings (2005-2006), not resolved and repeated in the current year:

Condition:

The audit report for the year ended June 30, 2008, was not submitted by the deadline set by the Office of the State Auditor. It was sent to the State Auditor Office on November 28, 2011.

Criteria:

Per Section 2.2.2.9 NMAC (State Auditor Rule), the deadline for submission of this report was December 1, 2008. Also per this rule, a finding is required to be written in the event of a late report.

Effect:

The Village was not in compliance with this rule.

Cause:

The original contract was lost between the independent auditor and the Village and was never received by the Office of the State Auditor. Other delays occurred with the independent auditor. The Office of the State Auditor approved a new auditor contract on March 15, 2011, before audit could begin.

Recommendation:

The State Auditor Rule for report deadline should be followed in the future.

Response:

Concur.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(08-1) Unauthorized Use of Village Equipment

Condition:

The Village purchased a skid steer loader on June 30, 2008 for the use of the Village Park. When the auditor went out physically to observe the equipment, it was not on Village property. It was being used by nonemployee individuals.

Criteria:

The Village equipment is to be used by Village employees or authorized individual.

Effect:

There is a potential liability to the Village for unauthorized use of Village equipment.

Cause:

Members of the Rodeo committee, who are not employees of the Village, have been using the skid steer for rodeo arena maintenance as well as park maintenance.

Recommendation:

I recommend an equipment use policy to be established for operating use by qualified individuals.

Response:

The Village has already limited the number of users and notified users of the equipment about an equipment use policy. A letter will be sent out and signed by authorized users and maiainted on file.

June 30, 2008

Kathleen R. Lane, CPA, prepared the financial statements of the Village of San Ysidro, New Mexico, for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Exit Conference:

An exit conference was held November 22, 2011 at the Village office.

Representing the Village: Steve M. Lucero, Mayor Christina R. Lucero, Clerk/Treasurer

Representing Kathleen R. Lane, P.C.: Kathleen R. Lane, CPA