State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF RESERVE

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(WITH AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON)

MICE & ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE AUDIT REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2015 (with Auditor's Report Thereon)

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2015

<u>Village Council</u>

NameTitleMs. Constance CordellMayorMs. Eddilu BrownMayor Pro-temMr. Clay SnyderCouncil MemberMr. Wilford EstradaCouncil MemberMs. Hilda KellarCouncil Member

Village Administration

Mr. Andre Giron Clerk

Ms. Amanda Cox Deputy Clerk

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor Hilda Kellar
and Village Council
Village of Reserve
Reserve, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire Protection and DWI Funds of the Village of Reserve, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village of Reserve's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village of Reserve's non-major governmental and enterprise funds and the budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds and all non-major funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Reserve, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire Protection and DWI Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major governmental and enterprise funds of the Village of Reserve, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds and the non-major governmental funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2014, the Village adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the MD&A which is required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Schedules I, II and the notes to the Required Supplementary Information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Village of Reserve financial statements, the combining and the individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. The budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds and the non-major governmental funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds and non-major governmental funds and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Untied States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds and the non-major governmental funds and Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards fairly states, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

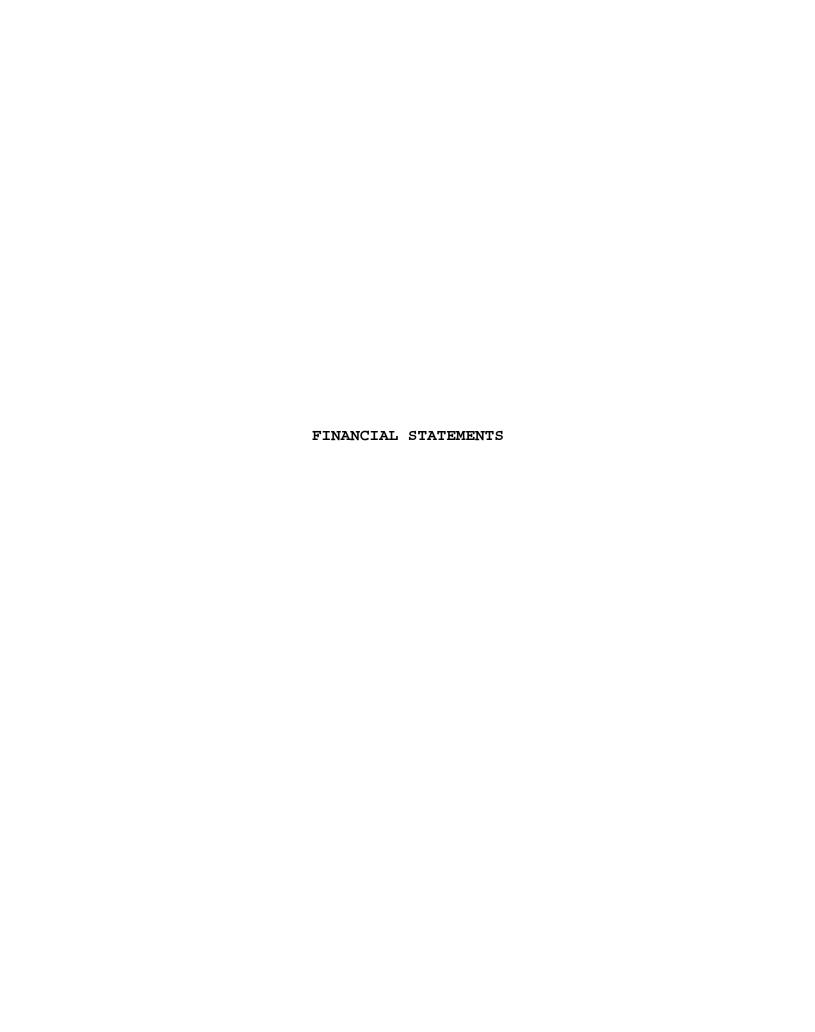
Schedule IV, the Schedule of Vendor Information, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 8, 2016 on our consideration of the Village of Reserve internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village of Reserve internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Read dissecration, Cong.

Albuquerque, New Mexico June 8, 2016



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities			siness Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash	\$	147,826	\$	67	\$	147,893	
Accounts receivable (net							
of uncollectible accounts)		12,288		20,906		33,194	
Due from grantor		33,260				33,260	
Total current assets		193,374		20,973		214,347	
Restricted Assets (Cash)							
Customer meter deposits		_		34,650		34,650	
Repair and replacement		_		100		100	
Debt service reserve		25,255		100		25,355	
Capital outlay		130,381		56,414		186,795	
Total restricted assets		155,636		91,264		246,900	
Capital Assets							
Land		61,242		165,039		226,281	
Land improvements		_		_		_	
Buildings and improvements		1,193,027		84,869		1,277,896	
Furniture & fixtures		24,589		_		24,589	
Infrastructure		6,094,169		4,644,715		10,738,884	
Vehicles		394,998		62,756		457,754	
Equipment		703,696		95,543		799,239	
Heavy Equipment		305,848		<u> </u>		305,848	
Total capital assets		8,777,569		5,052,922		13,830,491	
Less accumulated depreciation		(4,894,325)		(2,659,876)		(7,554,201)	
Total capital assets (net of							
accumulated depreciation)		3,883,244		2,393,046		6,276,290	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Employer contributions subsequent							
to measurement date		11,480		<u> </u>		11,480	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	4,243,734	\$	2,505,283	\$	6,749,017	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current Liabilities			
Cash overdraft	\$ -	\$ 82,464	\$ 82,464
Accounts payable	9,525	_	9,525
Customer meter deposits (unrestricted)	-	34,650	34,650
Due to grantor	10,198	_	10,198
Loans payable - current portion	34,311	567	34,878
Total current liabilities	54,034	117,681	171,715
Non-Current Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	1,085	3,472	4,557
Net Pension liability	136,519	-	136,519
Loans payable (less current portion)	471,350	9,639	480,989
Total non-current liabilities	608,954	13,111	622,065
Total liabilities	662,988	130,792	793,780
Deferred Inflows			
Change in assumption	93	_	93
Net difference between expected and			
actual earnings	53,410		53,410
Total deferred inflows	53,503		53,503
Net Position			
Net investment			
in capital assets	3,377,583	2,382,840	5,760,423
Restricted for repair and replacement	_	100	100
Restricted for capital outlay	130,381	56,414	186,795
Restricted for debt service	25,255	100	25,355
Restricted for special grants	68,285	-	68,285
Unrestricted	(74,261)	(64,963)	(139,224)
Total net position	3,527,243	2,374,491	5,901,734
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 4,243,734	\$ 2,505,283	\$ 6,749,017

Net (Expenses) Revenue and

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Activities Functions/Programs Services Contributions Contributions Activities Expenses Total Primary government: Governmental activities: General government 126,014 3,594 421 (121,999) (121,999) Highways and streets 38,171 38,171 38,171 Public safety 143,262 156,212 12,950 12,950 Culture and recreation 14,849 (14,849)(14,849)Depreciation - unallocated 514,612 (514,612)(514,612)2,017 (2,017)(2,017)Interest Total governmental activities 800,754 3,594 156,633 38,171 (602,356)(602,356)Business-type activities: Water/sewer services 286,627 134,682 (151,945)(151,945)Second Well Project 1,071,096 1,020,655 1,020,655 50,441 Total business-type activities 337,068 134,682 1,071,096 868,710 868,710 Total all activities 1,137,822 138,276 156,633 \$ 1,109,267 (602,356)868,710 266,354 General Revenues: Property taxes 12,052 12,052 Franchise taxes 4,690 4,690 Gross receipts taxes 148,382 148,382 Motor vehicle taxes 13,082 13,082 5,007 Gas taxes 5,007 Lodgers taxes 3,540 3,540 State aid not restricted to special purpose: General 90,000 90,000 Investment earnings 493 493 Transfers Total general revenues and transfers 277,246 277,246 Change in net position (325,110) 868,710 543,600 Net position - beginning 4,036,679 1,505,781 5,542,460 Restatement (184,326) (184,326) Net position - beginning - restated 3,852,353 1,505,781 5,358,134 Net position - ending 3,527,243 2,374,491 5,901,734

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	(General Fund		Fire Fund	DWI Fund	Street provement MAP-904 Fund		Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash on deposit	\$	95,157	\$	55,230	\$ 11,904	\$ 130,381	\$	10,790	\$	303,462
Accounts receivable		10,023		_	_	-		2,265		12,288
Due from grantor		-		_	_	-		27,775		27,775
Due from other funds	-	43,775	-		 5,485	 	-			49,260
Total assets	\$	148,955	\$	55,230	\$ 17,389	\$ 130,381	\$	40,830	\$	392,785
LIABILITIES										
Due to other funds	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 16,000	\$ _	\$	27,775	\$	43,775
Due to grantor		_		_	10,198	_		_		10,198
Accounts payable		9,525			 	 	-			9,525
Total liabilities		9,525			 26,198	 		27,775		63,498
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable		_		_	_	_		_		_
Restricted		25,255		55,230	_	130,381		13,055		223,921
Committed		_		_	_	_		_		_
Unassigned		114,175			 (8,809)	 				105,366
Total fund balance		139,430		55,230	 (8,809)	 130,381		13,055		329,287
Total liabilities and										
fund balance	\$	148,955	\$	55,230	\$ 17,389	\$ 130,381	\$	40,830	\$	392,785

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Statement 4

VILLAGE OF RESERVE

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 329,287

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

The cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation

8,777,569

(4,894,325)

3,883,244

Long-term and certain other liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year-end consist of:

Compensated absences payable

(1,085)

Loans payable

(505,661)

(506,746)

Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds

Net pension liability

(136,519)

Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred outflows of resources related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date

11,480

Deferred inflows or resources related to investment experience

(53,410)

Deferred inflows of resources related to changes in proportion $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

(93)

Net position of governmental activities

3,527,243

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Fire Fund	DWI Fund	Street Improvements MAP-904 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 12,052	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,052
Franchise tax	4,690	-	-	-	-	4,690
Lodgers tax	_	_	_	_	3,540	3,540
Charges for services	2,392	-	_	-	-	2,392
Licenses and permits	2,508	-	_	-	-	2,508
Local sources	421	_	_	_	_	421
State sources	88,694	77,876	78,336	_	38,171	283,077
Federal sources	_	_	_	_	· _	· -
State shared taxes	166,471	_	_	_	_	166,471
Earnings from investments	165	328	_	_	_	493
				-		
Total revenues	277,393	78,204	78,336		41,711	475,644
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	125 161					125 161
General government	135,161	_	_	_	_	135,161
Highways and streets	10.065	45 551	-	-	_	142.000
Public safety	18,867	45,551	78,844	-	-	143,262
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	12,423	-	-	-	2,426	14,849
Capital outlay	-	305,848	-	33,888	119,755	459,491
NMFA principle	23,174	-	-	-	-	23,174
NMFA interest	2,017					2,017
Total expenditures	191,642	351,399	78,844	33,888	122,181	777,954
Excess (deficiency) revenues over expenditures	85,751	(273,195)	(508)	(33,888)	(80,470)	(302,310)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_
Operating transfers (out)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loan proceeds		269,018				269,018
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	269,018	_		_	269,018
(uses)		200,010		-		
Net change in fund balances	85,751	(4,177)	(508)	(33,888)	(80,470)	(33,292)
Fund balance beginning of year	37,923	75,163	(8,301)	164,269	93,525	362,579
Restatement	15,756	(15,756)				
Fund balance beginning of year - restated	53,679	59,407	(8,301)	164,269	93,525	362,579
Fund balance end of year	<u>\$ 139,430</u>	\$ 55,230	\$ (8,809)	<u>\$ 130,381</u>	\$ 13,055	\$ 329,287

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE

Statement 6

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (33,292)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation expense
Capital outlays

(514,612)

459,491

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

(55, 121)

Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.

Pension contributions Pension expense 11,480

(5,696)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amount incurred during the year. In the fund financial statements however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). The (increase) decrease in the liabilities for the year were:

Compensated absences payable

3,363

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. loans) provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.

Loan proceeds

(269,018)

Repayment of long-term debt

23,174

(245,844)

Change in net position of governmental activities

(325,110)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE

General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

		riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	11,800	\$	11,800	\$	11,986	\$	186
Franchise taxes		7,600		7,600		4,690		(2,910)
Charges for services		1,800		1,800		2,063		263
Licenses and permits		1,200		1,200		2,508		1,308
Fines and forfeits		-		-		-		-
Local sources		1,800		1,800		421		(1,379)
State sources		90,000		90,000		93,000		3,000
Federal sources		-		-		-		-
State shared taxes		124,100		124,100		168,837		44,737
Earnings from investments	-	<u>_</u> _				165		165
Total revenues	\$	238,300	\$	238,300	\$	283,670	\$	45,370
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	147,900	\$	147,900	\$	125,636	\$	22,264
Highways and streets		1,500		1,500		_		1,500
Public safety		33,300		33,300		18,867		14,433
Health and welfare		-		_		-		_
Culture and recreation		21,400		21,400		12,423		8,977
Capital outlay Debt service:		_		_		_		_
						22 174		(22 174)
Loan principle Loan interest		_		_		23,174		(23,174)
Loan interest						2,017		(2,017)
Total expenditures	\$	204,100	\$	204,100	\$	182,117	\$	21,983
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Transfers out		_		_		_		_
Loan proceeds								
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -		\$	_
Bouldes (uses)	4		<u>¥</u>		<u> </u>		<u>*</u>	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$		\$					

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE

Fire Protection Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES						
State sources Earnings from investments	\$ 71,800 	\$ 71,800 	\$ 77,876 328	\$ 6,076 328		
Total revenues	\$ 71,800	\$ 71,800	\$ 78,204	\$ 6,404		
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety	\$ 77,500	\$ 77,500	\$ 351,399	\$ (273,899)		
Total expenditures	\$ 77,500	\$ 77,500	\$ 351,399	\$ (273,899)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Loan proceeds	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 269,018	\$ 269,018		
Total other financing sources	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 269,018	\$ 269,018		
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 5,700	\$ 5,700				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE

DWI Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
State sources	92,000	92,000	83,050	(8,950)			
Federal sources				-			
Total revenues	\$ 92,000	\$ 92,000	\$ 83,050	\$ (8,950)			
EXPENDITURES Public safety	\$ 90,700	\$ 90,700	\$ 78,844	\$ 11,856			
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Total expenditures	\$ 90,700	\$ 90,700	\$ 78,844	\$ 11,856			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Water/Sewer Fund	Second Well Project Fund	Total		
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash on deposit	\$ -	\$ 67	\$ 67		
Accounts receivable (net)	20,906		20,906		
Total Current Assets	20,906	67	20,973		
Non-Current Assets					
Restricted Assets (Cash)	56,614	-	56,614		
Customer meter deposits	34,650		34,650		
Total Non-Current Assets	91,264		91,264		
Capital Assets					
Land	165,039	-	165,039		
Land improvements	-	-	-		
Buildings and Improvements	84,869	-	84,869		
Equipment Vehicles	95,543 62,756	-	95,543		
Venicles Plant/infrastructure	3,384,526	1,260,189	62,756 4,644,715		
Accumulated depreciation	(2,594,203)	(65,673)	(2,659,876)		
Total Capital Assets	1,198,530	1,194,516	2,393,046		
Total Assets	\$ 1,310,700	\$ 1,194,583	\$ 2,505,283		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Cash overdraft	\$ 82,464	\$ -	\$ 82,464		
Accounts payable	-	-	-		
Current portion payable	567	-	567		
Customer meter deposits					
payable from Restricted Assets	34,650		34,650		
Total Current Liabilities	117,681		117,681		
Non-Current Liabilities					
Compensated absences payable	3,472	-	3,472		
NMFA loan payable	9,639		9,639		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	13,111		13,111		
Total Liabiliites	130,792		130,792		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	1,188,324	1,194,516	2,382,840		
Restricted for capital outlay	56,414	-	56,414		
Restricted for repair and replacement	200	-	200		
Unrestricted	(65,030)	67	(64,963)		
Total Net Position	1,179,908	1,194,583	2,374,491		
Total Liabilities and					
Net Position	\$ 1,310,700	\$ 1,194,583	\$ 2,505,283		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water/Sewer Fund		Second Well Project Fund		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Sales and services	\$	134,682	\$	-	\$	134,682
Local source		_		-		_
State shared taxes		<u> </u>	-			<u> </u>
Total operating revenue		134,682				134,682
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Maintenance and operations		177,258		33		177,291
Depreciation		109,369		50,408		159,777
					-	
Total operating expenses		286,627		50,441		337,068
Operating income (loss)		(151 045)		(50 441)		(202 206)
operating income (loss)	-	(151,945)	-	(50,441)	-	(202,386)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)						
Investment income		_		_		_
Investment expense		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		39,656		39,656
Transfers out		-		-		-
State grant		(39,656)		-		(39,656)
Federal grant				1,071,096		1,071,096
Total Non-Operating Revenue						
(Expense)		(39,656)		1,110,752		1,071,096
		,		, -, -		
Change in Net Position		(191,601)		1,060,311		868,710
Total net position, beginning of year		1,371,509		134,272		1,505,781
Total net position, end of year	\$	1,179,908	\$	1,194,583	\$	2,374,491

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Water/Sewer Fund	Second Well Project Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 127,414	\$ -	\$ 127,414
Cash payments to employees and to suppliers for goods and services	(179,921)	(33)	(179,954)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(52,507)	(33)	(52,540)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND			
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Customer Meter Deposits	17,325	-	17,325
Principal paid Acquisition of capital assets	(567)	(1,110,752)	(567) (1,110,752)
Investment expense	-	(1,110,752)	(1,110,752)
			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	16,758	(1,110,752)	(1,093,994)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from state sources	_	_	_
Cash received from federal sources	_	1,071,096	1,071,096
Operating transfers from other funds	-	39,656	39,656
Operating transfers to other funds	(39,656)		(39,656)
Net cash provided (used) by			
noncapital financing activities	(39,656)	1,110,752	1,071,096
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Investment income			
Net cash provided by investing			
activities			
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(75,405)	(33)	(75,438)
Cash, beginning of year	84,205	100	84,305
Cash, end of year	\$ 8,800	\$ 67	\$ 8,867
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	\$ (151,945)	\$ (50,441)	\$ (202,386)
operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	109,369	50,408	159,777
(Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(7,268)	- -	(7,268)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(2,663)		(2,663)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (52,507)	\$ (33)	\$ (52,540)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2015

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The Village of Reserve is incorporated under Section 3 New Mexico State Statutes Annotated 1978 Compilation operating under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the Village of Reserve have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village had no component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which is normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement focus</u>, <u>basis of accounting</u>, <u>and financial statement</u> presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under However, debt service expenditures, as accrual accounting. well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fire Protection Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is to account for the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. It is financed by a specific allotment from the State Fire Marshall's Office. The authority is NMSA 59A-53-1.

The DWI Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is to account for resources received to pay salaries, travel and minor equipment to provide DWI program activities. Funding is from State grants provided by the State of New Mexico.

The Street Improvement MAP-904 Fund (Capital Projects Fund) is to account for resources received to design, reconstruct, construct and the project development of drainage improvements for several designated streets in the Village. Funding is from NMSHTD Municipal Arterial Program.

The Village reports the following Proprietary Fund types:

<u>Enterprise Fund - Water and Sewer Fund</u> - To account for the operations of the Village's Water and Sewer Department, for meter deposits and payment of Joint Utility Revenue Bonds.

Enterprise Fund - Second Well Project Fund - To account for the Second Well Project, of which will assist the Village in obtaining safe drinking water and adequate waste facilities. The capital project is funded by the Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities.

The Village also reports the following Governmental funds as non-major.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to taxpayers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the given function 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions and 3) program specific capital grants and contributions including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund is charged to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognized as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous year's history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 2. The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of

any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments. The original budget that was adopted in July, 1998 was amended during the fiscal year in a legally permissible manner.

- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- 4. Encumbrances are not reported in the budgets or financial statements.
- 5. The level of classification detail in which expenditures of expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principals. Throughout the year the accounting records are maintained on the Non-GAAP basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Accordingly, certain revenues and the related assets are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. The financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons presented for General and Special Revenue Funds in this report are on the Non-GAAP budgetary basis and actual (cash basis). The budget of the Enterprise Fund is adopted on a Non-GAAP cash basis.

E. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity of six months from the date acquired by the government. State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions and the State Treasurer Pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owners of such monies, in an amount not less that 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

F. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

G. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as

an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding deferred inflow of resources. The Village has two types of items, which arise due to the implementation of GASB 68 and the related net pension liability. Accordingly, the items, net difference between expected and actual earnings and change in assumptions, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

H. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resourcees, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The Village has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, change in proportion and employer contributions subsequent to measurement date, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as outflows of resources the next period.

I. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated Capital Assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Public domain infrastructure System infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Heavy equipment	10-50 25-50 10-50 25-75 25-75 3-20 3-20 3-20

The Village does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless it exceeds the \$5,000 threshold.

J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the policy of the Village of Reserve to permit certain employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the Village's service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

L. <u>Taxes</u>

<u>Franchise Taxes</u> - By authority of Chapter 3, Article 42, NMSA 1978 and various ordinances, the Village imposes a franchise tax on certain public utilities operating within the municipality.

Motor Vehicle Registration Fees - Under the provisions of Chapter 66, Article 6, NMSA 1978, the State of New Mexico collects various fees for the registration and regulation of motor vehicles in the state. Of the amount collected, certain specified amounts are distributed to various governmental agencies with the State, including; the Motor Vehicle Division, State Road fund, municipalities, and counties. After certain priority payments, as detailed in 66-6-23 NMSA 2978 have been made, a portion of the remaining fees held in the motor vehicle suspense fund are distributed as required in 66-6-23 B (4) and 66-6-23 B (5). These distributions are commonly referred to as the 10% and 15% motor vehicle tax distributions.

Gasoline Tax - The State of New Mexico, by authority of Chapter 7, Article 13 NMSA 1978, imposed an excise tax on \$0.17 on each gallon of gasoline received in New Mexico. Of the total gasoline taxes received, a portion is distributed to the various municipalities within the State pursuant to Chapter 7, Article 1-6.9 NMSA 1978 and Chapter 7, Article 1-6.27 NMSA 1978.

Municipal Gross Receipts Tax - Under authority of Chapter 7, Articles 19 and 19D, NMSA 1978, the Village adopted gross receipts taxing through ordinance. Said ordinances provide for the imposition of gross receipts taxes on all non-exempt persons engaging in business in the municipality. The tax is collected by the State of New Mexico and remitted to the Village after deducting certain administrative costs.

<u>State Gross Receipts Tax</u> - Under authority of Chapter 7, Article 1, NMSA 1978, the State of New Mexico imposes a gross receipts tax on all businesses within the State. Of the total collected, 1.225% of the taxable gross receipts are distributed to the municipality reporting the taxable receipts.

M. Restricted Assets

Certain long-term assets in the proprietary funds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purpose such as "deposits held in trust for others".

N. Net Position

The governmental activities and business-type activities financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position are categorized as follows:

<u>Net investment in Capital Assets</u> - This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associates with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net position - This category reflects the portion of net position that have third party limitation on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - This category reflects net position of the Village not restricted for any project or other purposes.

O. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Village ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the Village to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Village can be compelled by an external party - such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposed specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the Village Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Village Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by the Village Council or ordinance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

P. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.

R. <u>Surety Coverage</u>

The officials and certain employees of the Village are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 12-6-7 NMSA 1978 Compilation and the New Mexico State Auditor Rule NMAC 2.2.

2. DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the Village's Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

First State Bank	USDA Water Project	Checking	\$	8,239
First State Bank	Street Project	Checking	٧	130,381
First State Bank	Fire	Checking		8,013
First State Bank First State Bank	USDA Reserves DWI	Checking Checking		100 39,419
First State Bank	USDA Repair	CHECKING		32,112
	& Replacement	Checking		100
First State Bank	General	Checking		84,436
New Mexico Finance Authority	Treatment Plant	Grant		56,414
New Mexico Finance	ireacment Franc	Granc		30,414
Authority	Street			
	Improvements			3,695
New Mexico Finance Authority	Street			
Addiority		leserves		20,204
New Mexico Finance	impi o vemerros			20,201
Authority	Multi-purpose			
	Program			1 256
	Facility			1,356
U.S. EE Bonds	Fire Fund	Investment		20,512
			Ġ	372,869

Total amount on deposit	\$ 372,869
Deposit in transit Outstanding checks	 (60,54 <u>0</u>)
Total per financial statements	\$ 312,329

The following schedule details the public money held by First State Bank and the pledged collateral provided for the Village follows:

	<u>First State Bank</u>
Cash on deposit at June 30 Less <u>FDIC</u> Uninsured funds Funds needing collateralization	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
at 50% (required by State Law)	20,909
Pledged collateral at June 30	254,268
Excess of Pledged Collateral	<u>\$ 233,359</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, \$0 of the Village's bank balance \$312,329 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	Total	Ś	41,817
	with securities held by the pledging banks trust department, but not in the Village's name		41,817
В.	Uninsured and collateralized		
Α.	Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$	_

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the cooperative for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution.

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

The amount held at the New Mexico Finance Authority totaling \$81,669 is collateralized within the NMFA guidelines. This information is not available by individual Agency but the financial statements for the NMFA are available by writing to New Mexico Finance Authority, 207 Shelby Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

3. <u>ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of June 30, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	
Receivables from customers Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	- -	\$	20,906
Subtotal		_		20,906
Lodger's tax Gross receipts taxes receivable Property taxes receivable Rent Intergovernmental		2,266 9,277 415 330 33,260		- - - -
Total	\$	45,548	<u>\$</u>	20,906

4. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer for the county in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one-third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village.

The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues. The Village has no means of determining the amount of delinquent taxes, and no delinquent taxes are recorded on the Villages financial records.

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Funds

During the year ended June 30, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the Governmental Funds:

	alance 30, 2014	_Add:	itions	Del	etions	alance 30, 2015	Due W One	lithin Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 4,448	\$	132	\$	3,495	\$ 1,085	\$	_

The liability will be liquidated by the General Fund.

	Ba June	alance 30, 2014	Ac	dditions	De:	<u>letions</u>	alance <u>30, 2015</u>	e Within Le Year
NMFA Loan	\$	259,817	\$	269,018	\$	23,174	\$ 505,661	\$ 34,311

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$101,500 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing a multi-purpose facility. The Village has pledged future gross receipts tax to pay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 4% of gross receipts tax. The yearly payments are to be redirected from the Villages gross receipts tax distributed by the State of New Mexico. The interest rate is 0.0%. The maturity date is May 1, 2028.

Due Year Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u> Interest</u>	Total
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2028	\$ 5,142 5,142 5,142 5,142 5,142 25,710 15,422	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 5,142 5,142 5,142 5,142 5,142 25,710 15,422
Total	<u>\$ 66,842</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 66,842</u>

The liability will be liquidated by the General Fund.

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$274,101 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of infrastructure improvements for the Village. The Village has pledged future revenues to repay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 16% of gross receipts tax. The yearly payments are to be redirected from the Villages gross receipts tax distributed by the State of New Mexico. The interest rate is 0.18% to 1.48%. The maturity date is May 1, 2024.

Due Year Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u> Interest</u>	Total
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2024	\$ 18,155 18,292 18,445 18,614 18,801 77,494	\$ 1,894 1,758 1,604 1,436 1,248 2,703	\$ 20,049 20,050 20,049 20,050 20,049 80,197
Total	<u>\$ 169,801</u>	<u>\$ 10,643</u>	\$ 180,444

The liability will be liquidated by the General Fund.

Enterprise Fund

During the year ended June 30, the following changes occurred in certain long-term liabilities reported in the Enterprise Fund:

	Ba June	lance 30, 2014	Add:	itions	Dele	etions_	alance 30, 2015	Within Year
RIP Loan	\$	11,773	\$	<u> </u>	\$	567	\$ 10,206	\$ 567

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$11,340 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of improvements to the treatment plant. The Village has pledged future water revenues to repay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 1% of gross revenue. The interest rate is 0.0%. The maturity date is June 1, 2035.

Due Year Ending June 30	<u>Prin</u>	<u>Principal</u>		erest_	Total			
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2031-2033	\$ \	567 567 567 567 2,835 2,835 1,701	\$	- - - - - -	\$	567 567 567 567 2,835 2,835 1,701		
Total	<u>\$</u>	10,206	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	10,206		

During the year ended June 30, the following changes occurred in certain long-term liabilities reported in the Enterprise Fund:

	lance 30, 2014	Ad	lditions	De	letions	alance 30, 2015	Within Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 6,136	\$	1,440	\$	4,104	\$ 3,472	\$

The liability will be paid out of the Water Fund.

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$269,018 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of a new Fire Engine. The Village has pledged future State Fire Marshall allocations to repay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 26% of the State Fire Marshall Allocation. The yearly payments are to be redirected from the Village's State Fire Marshall Allocation distributed by the State of New Mexico. The interest rate is 0.100% to 3.170%. The maturity date is May 1, 2030.

Due Year Ending June 30	<u>Princi</u>	<u>Principal</u>		terest_	Total		
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030	16 16 16 16 89	,014 5,189 5,312 5,497 5,743 0,224 8,039	\$	7,280 4,074 3,951 3,767 3,521 12,095 1,473	\$	18,294 20,263 20,263 20,264 20,264 101,319 104,512	
Total	<u>\$ 269</u>	,018	\$	36,161	<u>\$</u>	305,179	

The liability will be liquidated by the Fire Fund.

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Governmental-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2014 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Land	\$ 61,242	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,242
Total capital assets not being depreciated	61,242			61,242
Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Heavy equipment Furniture & fixtures	1,193,027 5,940,526 394,998 703,696 - 24,589	153,643 - 305,848	- - - - - -	1,193,027 6,094,169 394,998 703,696 305,848 24,589
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,256,836	459,491		8,716,327
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Heavy equipment Furniture & Fixtures	(361,552) (2,975,891) (372,007) (646,551)	(401,859) (15,996)	- - - - - -	(404,450) (3,377,750) (388,003) (669,386) (30,585) (24,151)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,379,713)	(514,612)		(4,894,325)
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,877,123	(55,121)		3,822,002
Net capital assets	\$ 3,938,365	<u>\$ (55,121</u>)	<u> </u>	\$ 3,883,244

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Business-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2014</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Land	\$ 165,039	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 165,039
Total capital assets not being depreciated	165,039		=	165,039
Land improvements Buildings Plant Vehicles Equipment	84,869 3,533,963 62,756 95,543	1,110,752 - -	- - - -	84,869 4,644,715 62,756 95,543
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,777,131	1,110,752	=	4,887,883
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,500,099)	(159,777)		(2,659,876)
Net capital assets	\$ 1,442,071	\$ 950,975	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,393,046

7. <u>DEPOSITS HELD FOR OTHERS, ENTERPRISE FUND</u>

Deposits in the Water Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund consist of the following:

Hydrant Meter deposits

\$ 34,650

Water meter deposits are charged to new customers and consist of the following:

Residential properties Commercial properties \$ 150 \$ 150

8. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

<u>Revenues</u>	General Fund			Street Improvements MAP-904 Fund		
Accrual basis Budget basis	\$283,670 277,393	\$ 78,204 78,204	\$ 83,050 78,336	\$ - -		
Increase (decrease) in receivables/due to grantor	<u>\$ 6,277</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4,714</u>)	<u>\$</u> _		
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Accrual basis Budget basis	\$191,642 182,117	\$ 351,399 351,399	\$ 78,844 78,844	\$ 33,888 33,888		
Increase (decrease) in payables	<u>\$ 9,525</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>		

<u>Revenues</u>	Sp Rev	n-Major pecial venue Funds		on-Major Capital rojects Funds	Proprie Fun	
Accrual basis Budget basis	\$	3,540 1,879	\$	38,171 10,396	\$ 1,205 1,198	
Increase (decrease) in receivables	<u>\$</u>	1,661	<u>\$</u>	27,775	<u>\$ 7</u>	,268
Expenditures						
Accrual basis Budget basis Depreciation Capital assets purchased Difference in	\$	2,426 2,426 - -	\$	119,755 119,755 - -	\$ 337 1,291 (159 1,110	,273 ,777)
Compensated absences					2	,663
<pre>Increase (decrease) in payables</pre>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u>(567</u>)

9. RETIREMENT PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/ using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366.

Benefits provided. For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 available at: http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366_Public_Employees_Retirement_Association_2014.pdf.

Contributions. The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the Village of Reserve are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY14 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures on pages 29 through 31 of the PERA FY14 annual audit report at:

http://osanm.org/media/audits/366_Public_Employees_Retirement_Association_2014.pdf.

The PERA coverage options that apply to the Village of Reserve are: Municipal General Division. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the Village of Reserve were \$11,480 and there were NO employer paid member benefits that were "picked up" by the employer for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2014, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2014.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred Inflows and Outflows were preformed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The Village of Reserve's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2014 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the un-remitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For PERA Fund Municipal General Division, at June 30, 2015, the Village of Reserve reported a liability of \$136,519 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2014, the Village of Reserve's proportion was 0.0175%, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013, due to the insignificance of the difference.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Village of Reserve recognized PERA Fund Municipal General Division pension expense of \$38,567. At June 30, 2015, the Village of Reserve reported PERA Fund Municipal General Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outfl	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>		eferred lows of sources
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	93
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		53,410
Village of Reserve's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,480		
Total	<u>\$</u>	11,480	<u>\$</u>	53,503

\$11,480 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village of Reserve's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2014 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2016	\$(13,375)
2017	(13,375)
2018	(13,375)
2019	(13,375)
2020	_
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions. As described above, the PERA Fund member group pension liabilities and net pension liabilities are based on actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2013 for each of the membership groups. Then each PERA Fund member group pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2014 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2014. These actuarial methods and assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2013 Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Amortization method Level percentage of pay Amortization period Solved for based on statutory rates Asset valuation method Fair value Actuarial assumptions: - Investment rate of return 7.75% annual rate, net of investment expense - Payroll growth 3.50% annual rate 3.50% to 14.25% annual rate - Projected salary increases - Includes inflation at 3.00% annual rate

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset

allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expeted Real Rate of Return
US Equity	21.10%	5.00%
International Equity	24.80%	5.20
Private Equity	7.00%	8.20
Core and Global Fixed Income	26.10%	1.85
Fixed Income Plus Sectors	5.00%	4.80
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30
Real Assets	7.00%	5.70
Absolute Return	4.00%	4.15
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.75% assumed longterm expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village of Reserve's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the Village of Reserve's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that Village of Reserve participates in, under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the single discount rate.

PERA Fund Municipal General Division	-	Decrease (6.75%)				Increase 8.75%)
Village of Reserve's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	257,369	<u>\$</u>	136,519	Ş	43,157

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY14 Restated PERA financial report. The report is available at http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html.

Payables to the pension plan. Employers should disclose the amount of payables to the Plan with a description of what gave rise to the payable per GASBS 68, paragraphs 122 and 124.

10. RETIREE HEALTH CARE ACT CONTRIBUTIONS

Plan Description: The Village of Reserve contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which the event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy: The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participating fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website www.nmrhcs.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. The statute requires each participating employer to contribute 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee is required to contribute .65% of their salary. Employers joining the program after 1/1/98 are also required to make a surplus amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013. The Village of Reserve remitted \$3,169, \$3,712 and \$3,045 in employer contributions, respectively, to the Retiree Health Care Authority.

11. FUND BALANCES CLASSIFIED

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented here.

Fund Balances	General <u>Fund</u>	Fire Protection Fund	DWI Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Fund	Totals
Nonspendable: Interfund loans Inventory	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ -
Total nonspendable						
Restricted for: Road improvements Fire protection Law enforcement Lodger's tax Los Jovenes Debt service	- - - - 25,255	55,230 - - - - -	- - - - -	130,381	12,911 145	130,381 55,230 - 12,911 145 25,255
Total restricted	25,255	55,230		130,381	13,056	223,922
Committed to: Other purposes						
Total committed						
Unassigned:	114,175		(8,809)			105,366
Total Fund Balances	\$ 139,430	\$ 55,230	\$ (8,809)	\$ 130,381	\$ 13,056	\$ 329,288

12. **BUDGET VIOLATIONS**

The Fire Fund had a budget overrun of \$273,899. The Water fund was overspent by \$6,880, the Sewer Fund by \$9,108 and the Second Well Project by \$39,689.

13. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The Village had a prior period adjustment of \$197,303 which was required for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. The adjustment reflects a beginning net pension liability of \$184,326 and a beginning deferred outflow of resources - employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$12,977.

The Village also had a prior period adjustment of \$15,756 from the Fire Fund to the General Fund for monies the Village determined belonged to the General Fund incorrectly attributed to the Fire Fund in previous years.



Street Improvements MAP-904 Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
State sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	\$ 164,268	\$ 164,268	\$ 33,888	\$ 130,380
Total expenditures	\$ 164,268	\$ 164,268	\$ 33,888	\$ 130,380
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 164,268	\$ 164,268		



Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds		P	Capital Project Funds		Totals	
ASSETS		<u>r arrab</u>		1 dilab		IOCUID	
Cash on deposit Due from grantor Accounts receivable	\$	10,790 - 2,265	\$	27,775 <u>-</u>	\$	10,790 27,775 2,265	
Total assets	\$	13,055	\$	27,775	\$	40,830	
LIABILITIES							
Cash overdraft	\$		\$	27,775	\$	27,775	
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable		-		_		-	
Restricted		13,055		_		13,055	
Committed		-		_		_	
Unassigned							
Total fund balance		13,055				13,055	
Total liabilities							
and fund balance	<u>\$</u>	13,055	\$	27,775	\$	40,830	

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type Year Ended June 30, 2015

		pecial evenue Funds	P	apital roject Funds	Total	
REVENUES						_
Lodger's taxes	\$	3,540	\$	_	\$	3,540
Gas taxes		_		_		_
Charges for services		-		-		_
Licenses and permits		-		-		_
Fines and forfeitures		-		_		_
Local sources		-		_		_
State sources		_		38,171		38,171
Federal sources		_		_		_
State shared taxes		_		_		_
Earnings on investments						
Total revenues		3,540		38,171		41,711
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		_		_		_
Highways and streets		_		_		_
Public safety		_		_		_
Culture and recreation		2,426		_		2,426
Capital outlay				119,755		119,755
Total expenditures		2,426		119,755		122,181
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		1,114		(81,584)		(80,470)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		-		_
Transfer out		-		-		_
Loan proceeds						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balance		1,114		(81,584)		(80,470)
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,941		81,584		93,525
Fund balance at end of year	\$	13,055	\$	_	\$	13,055

Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Governmental Fund Types - Non-Major

Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget						Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Lodgers tax		4,100		4,100		1,879		(2,221)		
Charges for services		_		_		_		_		
Licenses and permits		_		_		_		_		
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		
Local sources		-		-		-		_		
State sources		-		-		-		-		
Federal sources		-		-		-		-		
State shared taxes		_		_		_		_		
Earnings from investments	-				-					
Total revenues	\$	4,100	\$	4,100	\$	1,879	\$	(2,221)		
EXPENDITURES										
General government	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Highways and streets		_		_		_		_		
Public safety		_		_		_		_		
Culture and recreation		5,046		5,046		2,426		2,620		
Total expenditures	\$	5,046	\$	5,046	\$	2,426	\$	2,620		
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	1,046	\$	1,046						

Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Capital Projects Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES						
State sources	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 10,396	\$	(89,604)
Federal sources		_	_	_		_
Earnings on investments			 	 		
Total revenues	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 10,396	\$	(89,604)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	\$	181,584	\$ 181,584	\$ 119,755	\$	61,829
Total expenditures	\$	181,584	\$ 181,584	\$ 119,755	\$	61,829
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	81,584	\$ 81,584			

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

LOS JOVENES - To account for resources received from donations and fundraisers to support programs for the Youth of the Village. Authority is the Village Council.

LODGERS TAX FUND - To account for the administration of the Village promotional effort. Funds are derived from a lodger's tax imposed on motel rentals. (Authority is NMSA 3-38-13).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

			Lodgers		Total	
	Los Jo	venes		Tax	Gover	nmental
	Fun	ıd		Fund	Fı	ınds
ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable	\$	145	\$	10,645 2,265	\$	10,790 2,265
Total assets	\$	145	\$	12,910	\$	13,055
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities						<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCE Restricted		145		12,910		13,055
Total fund balance	\$	145	\$	12,910	\$	13,055

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Los Jovenes Fund	Lodger's Tax Fund	Total Funds	
REVENUES				
Lodgers Tax	\$ -	\$ 3,540	\$ 3,540	
Charges for services	-	-	-	
Local sources	-	-	-	
State sources	_	-	-	
Federal sources	-	-	_	
Earnings on investments	-	-	-	
Total revenues		3,540	3,540	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	_	_	_	
Highways and streets	_	_	_	
Public safety	_	_	_	
Culture and recreation	901	1,525	2,426	
Capital outlay	_	-	-	
-				
Total expenditures	901	1,525	2,426	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(901)	2,015	1,114	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	_	-	_	
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balance	(901)	2,015	1,114	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,046	10,895	11,941	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 145	\$ 12,910	\$ 13,055	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Los Jovenes Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

							Var	iance
	Or	riginal	I	Final			Favo	orable
	E	Budget	В	udget	Ac	tual	(Unfa	vorable)
REVENUES Local sources Earnings from investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Earnings from investments		<u></u>		_				<u>_</u>
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation	\$	1,046	\$	1,046	\$	901	\$	145
Total expenditures	\$	1,046	\$	1,046	\$	901	\$	145
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	1,046	\$	1,046				

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Lodgers Tax Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Final udget	A	ctual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Lodger's tax	\$	4,100	\$ 4,100	\$	1,879	\$	(2,221)
Total revenues	\$	4,100	\$ 4,100	\$	1,879	\$	(2,221)
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation	\$	4,000	\$ 4,000	\$	1,525	\$	2,475
Total expenditures	\$	4,000	\$ 4,000	\$	1,525	\$	2,475
REVENUES							
Budgetary Basis				\$	1,879		
Increase in accounts rec	eivabl	.e			1,661		
Modified accrual basis				\$	3,540		

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

STREET IMPROVEMENT MAP-903 FUND - To account for resources received to design, reconstruct, construct and for the project development of drainage improvements for several designated streets in the Village. Funding is from NMSHTD Municipal Arterial Program.

TPE (TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENTS) FUND - To account for resources received to construct sidewalks/bikeways within the Village limits. Funding is from NMSHTD Cooperative Agreement.

Statement C-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Non-Major Capital Projects Fund Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

Street Improvement

	MAP-	vement -903 .nd	TPE Fund	Total	
ASSETS					
Cash on deposit	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_
Due from grantor			 27,775		27,775
Total assets	\$		\$ 27,775	\$	27,775
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_
Cash overdraft			 27,775		27,775
Total liabilities			 27,775		27,775
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		-	-		_
Unassigned			 		
Total fund balance			 <u> </u>		
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$	-	\$ 27,775	\$	27 , 775

Non-Major Capital Projects Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Street Improvement

	M	AP-903 Fund	TPE Fund		
REVENUES		_			
Charges for services	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Local sources		-	-		-
State sources		-	38,171		38,171
Federal sources		-	-		-
Earnings on investments			 		
Total revenues			 38,171		38,171
EXPENDITURES					
General government		-	-		-
Capital outlay		81,584	 38,171		119,755
Total expenditures		81,584	 38,171		119,755
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures		(81,584)	 		(81,584)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		_	-		_
Transfers out		_	-		_
Loan proceeds			 		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 		
Net change in fund balance		(81,584)	-		(81,584)
Fund balance, beginning of year		81,584	 		81,584
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$ 	\$	

Non-Major Capital Projects Fund - Street Improvement MAP-903 Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Variance
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
State sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	\$ 81,584	\$ 81,584	\$ 81,584	\$ -
Total expenditures	\$ 81,584	\$ 81,584	\$ 81,584	<u>\$</u>
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 81,584	\$ 81,584		

Non-Major Capital Projects Fund - TPE Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

		_				Actual		Actual		Fá	ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES											
State sources Earnings on investments	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	10,396	\$	(89,604) 			
Total revenues	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	10,396	\$	(89,604)			
EXPENDITURES											
Capital outlay	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	38,171	\$	61,829			
Total expenditures	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	38,171	\$	61,829			
REVENUES											
Budgetary basis Increase in due from grantor					\$	10,396 27,775					
Modified accrual basis					\$	38,171					



Proprietary Funds - Water Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	riginal Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Fá	ariance avorable Eavorable)
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 94,400	\$ 94,400	\$ 71,063	\$	(23,337)
State shared taxes	-	-			-
Local sources	_	-	_		-
State sources Federal sources	_	_	_		_
Interest income	 	 	 		
Total revenues	\$ 94,400	\$ 94,400	\$ 71,063	\$	(23,337)
EXPENDITURES					
Operating expenses	\$ 83,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 89,880	\$	(6,880)
Total expenditures	\$ 83,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 89,880	\$	(6,880)
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 	\$ 			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer out	\$ 	\$ 	\$ (39,656)	\$	(39,656)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ (39,656)	\$	(39,656)
REVENUES					
Budgetary basis			\$ 71,063		
Accounts receivable			 7,154		
Modified accrual basis			\$ 78,217		
EXPENDITURES					
Budgetary basis			\$ 89,880		
Depreciation			109,369		
Principal paid Accounts payable			(567)		
Compensated absences			 (4,103)		
Modified accrual basis			\$ 194,579		

Proprietary Funds - Sewer Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	riginal Budget	Final Budget	;	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
	 <u> </u>	 Budgee		ICCUAL	(0111	avolubic,
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 47,900	\$ 47,900	\$	56,351	\$	8,451
State shared taxes	-	-		-		-
Local sources	-	-		-		-
State sources	-	-		-		-
Federal sources	_	_		_		_
Interest income	 	 				
Total revenues	\$ 47,900	\$ 47,900	\$	56,351	\$	8,451
EXPENDITURES						
Operating expenses	\$ 81,500	\$ 81,500	\$	90,608	\$	(9,108)
Total expenditures	\$ 81,500	\$ 81,500	\$	90,608	\$	(9,108)
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 33,600	\$ 33,600				
REVENUES						
Budgetary basis			\$	56,351		
Accounts receivable				114		
Modified accrual basis			\$	56,465		
EXPENDITURES						
Budgetary basis			\$	90,608		
Depreciation				_		
Principal paid				-		
Accounts payable				_		
Compensated absences				1,440		
Modified accrual basis			\$	92,048		

Proprietary Funds - Second Well Project Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State shared taxes Local sources	-	_	_	_
State sources			_	
Federal sources	1,071,096	1,071,096	1,071,096	_
Interest income				
Total revenues	\$ 1,071,096	\$ 1,071,096	\$ 1,071,096	\$ -
EXPENDITURES				
Operating expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33	\$ (33)
Capital outlay	1,071,096	1,071,096	1,110,752	(39,656)
Total expenditures	\$ 1,071,096	\$ 1,071,096	\$ 1,110,785	\$ (39,689)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,656	\$ 39,656
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 39,656	\$ 39,656
EXPENDITURES				
Budgetary basis			\$ 1,110,785	
Depreciation			50,408	
Principal paid			(1,110,752)	
Accounts payable Compensated absences				
Modified accrual basis			\$ 50,441	



SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PERA FUND MUNICIPAL GENERAL DIVISION Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2015
Village of Reserve proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0175%
Village of Reserve proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 136,519
Village of Reserve covered-employee payroll	\$ 155,923
Village of Reserve proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	87.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.29%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village of Reserve will present information for those years for which information is available.

See Independent Auditor's Report See notes to required supplementary information

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Municipal General Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	11,480
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(11,480)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>
Village of Reserve covered-employee payroll	\$	155,923
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.36%

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village of Reserve will present information for those years for which information is available.

See Independent Auditor's Report See notes to required supplementary information

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY14 audit available at:

http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366_Public_Employees_Retirement_Association_2014.pdf

Changes of assumptions.

The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2014 report is available at:

http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/Investments/RetirementFundValuationReports/6-30-2014%20PERA%20Valuation%20Report_FINAL.pdf

The summary of Key Findings for the PERA Fund (on page 2 of the report) states "Based on a recent experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2013, the economic and demographic assumptions were updated for this valuation. The changes in assumptions resulted in a decrease of \$30.8 million to Fund liabilities and an increase of 0.13% to the funded ratio. For details about changes in the actuarial assumptions, see Appendix B on page 60 of the report.

See Independent Auditor's Report See notes to required supplementary information



Was the

Village of Reserve

SCHEDULE OF VENDOR INFORMATION

(for Purchases Exceeding \$60,000 excluding GRT)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Prepared by (Agency Staff Name): Andre Giron

Title: Clerk

RFB#/RFP#/State Wide Price Agreement #	Type of Procurement	. Awarded Vendor	Amount of Awarded Contract	Amount of Amended Contract	Name and Physical Address of <u>ALL</u> Vendor(s) that responded	In-State/Out-of- State Vendor (Y or N) (Based on Statutory Definition)	Veteran's	Brief Description of the Scope of Work
N/A	Contract Service	Dennis Engineering	N/A	N/A	Dennis Engineering 21 Main Street Edgewood, NM 87015	In-State	N	Engineering Services
N/A	Construction	D & R Tank Co	\$ 448,168	\$ 469,762	D & R Tank Co 1210 Prosperity Ave SE Albuquerque, NM 87105	In-State	N	Water Tank
					MMI Tank 3240 S 37th Ave Phoenix, AZ 85009			
N/A	Construction	C.J. Mead Construction	\$ 586,671	\$ 126,719	C.J. Mead Construction 1667 Rte 66 Edgewood, NM 87015	In-State	N	Transmission Lines
					Total Contracting Service 1724 Atrisco Dr SW Albuquerque, NM 87105			
					Morrow Enterprise 6525 W Picacho Ave Las Cruces, NM 88007			
					File Construction 116 Industrial Ave Ne Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107			
N/A	Contract Service	Engineers Inc	N/A	N/A	Engineers Inc 301 W College Ave #1 Silver City, NM 88061	In-State	N	Engineering Services
N/A	Construction	Hydrogeologic Services Inc	\$ 139,434	\$ 155,612	Hydrogeologic Services Inc 3700 Edit Blvd NE Albuquerque, NM 87107	To Obaha	N	Well
N/A	Construction	nydrogeologic Services inc	\$ 139,434	\$ 155,612	KD Huey Capitan, NM 88316	In-State	IN	well
N/A	Construction	Sierra Valley Contractors	\$ 130,740	\$ 173,620	Sierra Valley Contractors 701 Juniper Street T or C, NM 87901	In-State	N	Street Pavement
					Southwest Concrete & Paving 1955 Hilltop Rd Silver City, NM 88061			
					Deming Excavating Inc 3635 Columbus Rd Deming, NM 88030			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

Originating Funding Source and Program	Pass Through Number	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
*Rural Development/Rural Utilities Service	N/A	10.760	\$ 1,071,096
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,071,096
Total Expenditures of B	Federal Awards		\$ 1,071,096

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards was prepared using the modified accrual method accounting. This is the same basis as was used to prepare the financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Village of Reserve and is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is not the same basis as was used to prepare the financial statements. The financial statements were prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

2. <u>Non-Cash Assistance</u>

The Village did not receive any federal awards in the form of non-cash assistance during the year.

3. Subrecipients

The Village did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients during the year.

^{*}Treated as a Major Program

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor Hilda Kellar
and Village Council
Village of Reserve
Reserve, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General, Fire Protection and DWI Funds of the Village of Reserve, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Reserve's basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds and the related budgetary comparisons of the Major Capital Project Funds and all non-major funds, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2016.

<u>Internal Control Over Financial Reporting</u>

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Reserve's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Reserve internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Reserve internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and the Status of Findings and Responses we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that were considered to be a material weakness. We did identify deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Status of Comments as Late Audit Report (2010-004), Meter Deposit Bank Account (2013-001), Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record (2013-003), Capital Asset Listings/Depreciation Schedule (2013-018), Gross Receipts Tax Reports Not Filed (2013-022), Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030), Payments to Board Members (2013-031), Reserves Required (2014-003), Payroll/Payables in System Not Being Cleared Out (2014-005), Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals (2014-007), DWI Oversite Authority (2015-008), DWI Cash in Consolidated Bank Account (2015-010) and Enterprise Fund Indebted to General Fund (2015-014).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Reserve financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed under Government Auditing Standards, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and the Status of Findings and Responses as Budget Overruns (2008-001), DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect (2011-002), Water Meter Deposits (2013-002), Receipt Books (2013-006), Aged Receivables Not Reconciling to Any Other Financial Statements (2013-017), Depreciation Policy (2013-019), Purchase Orders Required (2013-020), Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest (2013-021), Fire Chief Contract (2013-029), Incorrect W-3 Filed (2014-001), Expenditures Charged to Two Different Grants (2015-001), Fiscal Oversite Contract (2015-002), Travel Voucher Changed After Approval (2015-003), Incorrect Payroll Deductions (2015-004), Insurance Not Withheld Correctly (2015-005), DWI Expenditures (2015-006), DWI Expenditures, Reimbursement Requests and Bank Statements Not Being Reconciled (2015-007), Los Jovenes Fund Expenditures Paid Out of DWI Bank Account/Fund (2015-011), DWI Receivable Deposited in the Wrong Fund and Bank Account (2015-012), Shown on DFA Report Incorrect (2015-013), Transfers Sided Journal Entries Made (2015-015), Lodgers Tax Payments

Received Late (2015-016), Outstanding Utility Receivables (2015-017), Health Insurance Deductions (2015-018), Law Enforcement Services Cancelled-Not Renegotiated (2015-019) and Travel Vouchers Incomplete (2015-009).

Responses to the Findings

Village of Reserve responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs and Status of Findings and Responses. The Village of Reserve's responses were not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express not opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Reserve internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Albuquerque, New Mexico June 8, 2016 AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
Honorable Mayor Hilda Kellar
and Village Council
Village of Reserve
Reserve, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Village of Reserve compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Village of Reserve major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Village of Reserve major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Village of Reserve major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments*, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those Standards and OMB Circular A-133 requires that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Village of Reserve compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Village of Reserve compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Village of Reserve, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Village of Reserve, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Village of Reserve internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Reserve internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

June 8, 2016

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

<u>Part 1 - Summary of Auditor Results</u>

- 1. Type of Report Unmodified
- 2. Significant Deficiency Late Audit Report (2010-004), Meter Deposit Bank Account (2013-001), Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record (2013-003), Capital Asset Listing/Depreciation Schedule (2013-018), Gross Receipts Tax Reports Not Filed (2013-022), Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030), Payments to Board Members (2013-031), Reserves Required (2014-003), Payroll/Payables in System Not Being Cleared Out (2014-005), Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals (2014-007), DWI Oversite Authority (2015-008), DWI Cash in Consolidated Bank Account (2015-010) and Enterprise Fund Indebted to General Fund (2015-014).
- 3. Non-Compliance Budget Overruns (2008-001), DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect (2011-002), Receipt Books (2013-006), Purchase Orders Required (2013-020), Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest (2013-021), Incorrect W-3 Filed (2014-001), Expenditures Charged to Two Different Grants (2015-001), Incorrect Payroll Deductions (2015-004), DWI Expenditures (2015-006), Health Insurance Deductions (2015-018), Law Enforcement Services Cancelled Not Renegotiated (2015-019) and Travel Vouchers Incomplete (2015-009).
- 4. Reportable Conditions Over Major Programs NONE
- 5. Type of Report Issued on Compliance with the Major Program Unmodified
- 6. A-133 Audit Findings NONE
- 7. Major Programs Rural Development/Rural Utilities Service CFDA #10.760
- 8. Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish Type A and Type B Programs \$300,000
- 9. Village of Reserve did not qualify as a low-risk auditee

Part 2 - Findings

Budget Overruns (2008-001), Late Audit Report (2010-004), DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect (2011-002), Meter Deposit Bank Account (2013-001), Water Meter Deposits (2013-002), Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record (2013-003), Receipt Books (2013-006), Aged Receivables Not Reconciling to Any Other Financial Statements (2013-017), Capital Asset Listings/Depreciation Schedule (2013-018), Depreciation Policy (2013-019), Purchase Orders Required (2013-020), Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest (2013-021), Gross Receipts Tax Reports Not

Filed (2013-022), Fire Chief Contract (2013-029), Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030), Payments to Board Members (2013-031), Incorrect W-3 Filed (2014-001), Reserves Required (2014-003), Payroll/Payables in System Not Being Cleared Out (2014-005), Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals (2014-007), Expenditures Charged to Two Different Grants (2015-001), Fiscal Oversite Contract (2015-002), Travel Voucher Changed After Approval (2015-003), Incorrect Payroll Deductions (2015-004), Insurance Not Withheld Correctly (2015-005), DWI Expenditures (2015-006), DWI Expenditures, Reimbursement Request and Bank Statements Not Being Reconciled (2015-007), DWI Oversite Authority (2015-008), Travel Vouchers Incomplete (2015-009), DWI Cash in Consolidated Bank Account (2015-010), Los Jovenes Fund Expenditures Paid Out of DWI Bank Account/Fund (2015-011), DWI Receivable Deposited in the Wrong Fund and Bank Account (2015-012), Transfers $\bar{S}hown$ on DFA Report Incorrect (2015-013), Enterprise Fund Indebted to General Fund (2015-014), One Sided Journal Entries Made (2015-015), Lodgers Tax Payments Received Late (2015-016), Outstanding Utility Receivables (2015-017), Health Insurance Deductions (2015-018) and Law Enforcement Services Cancelled-Not Renegotiated (2015-019).

Part 3 - Questioned Costs

NONE

STATUS OF COMMENTS

Prior Year Audit Findings

- 1. Budget Overruns (2008-001) Repeated.
- 2. Late Audit Report (2010-004) Repeated.
- 3. DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect (2011-002) Repeated.
- 4. Meter Deposit Bank Account (2013-001) Repeated.
- 5. Water Meter Deposits (2013-002) Repeated.
- 6. Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record (2013-003) Repeated.
- 7. Receipt Books (2013-006) Repeated.
- 8. Grant Funds Suspended Due to Late Audit Report (2013-008) Resolved.
- 9. Budget for Non-Existent Fund (2013-011) Resolved.
- 10. Aged Receivables Report not Reconciling to any other Financial Statements (2013-017) Repeated.
- 11. Capital Asset Listing/Depreciation Schedule (2013-018) Repeated.
- 12. Depreciation Policy (2013-019) Repeated.
- 13. Purchase Orders Required (2013-020) Repeated.
- 14. Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest (2013-021) Repeated.
- 15. Gross Receipts Tax Reports Not Filed (2013-022) Repeated.
- 16. New Hire Reporting (2013-026) Resolved.
- 17. NM Withholding (CRS-1) Reports Not Submitted Timely (2013-027) Resolved.
- 18. Incorrect 1099 Forms (2013-028) Resolved.
- 19. Fire Chief Contract (2013-029) Repeated.
- 20. Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030) Repeated.
- 21. Payments to Board Members (2013-031) Repeated.

Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued)

- 22. Incorrect W-3 Filed (2014-001) Repeated.
- 23. Consulting Services Contract (2014-002) Resolved.
- 24. Reserves Required (2014-003) Repeated.
- 25. Incorrect 941 Reports (2014-004) Resolved.
- 26. Payroll/Payables in System not Being Cleared Out (2014-005) Repeated.
- 27. PERA Contributions Calculated Incorrectly (2014-006) Resolved.
- 28. Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals (2014-007) Repeated.

Current Year Audit Findings

- 1. Expenditures Charged to Two Different Grants (2015-001)
- 2. Fiscal Oversite Contract (2015-002)
- 3. Travel Voucher Changed After Approval (2015-003)
- 4. Incorrect Payroll Deductions (2015-004)
- 5. Insurance Not Withheld Correctly (2015-005)
- 6. DWI Expenditures (2015-006)
- 7. DWI Expenditures, Reimbursement Request and Bank Statements Not Being Reconciled (2015-007)
- 8. DWI Oversite Authority (2015-008)
- 9. Travel Vouchers Incomplete (2015-009)
- 10. DWI Cash in Consolidated Bank Account (2015-010)
- 11. Los Jovenes Fund Expenditures Paid Out of DWI Bank Account/Fund (2015-011)
- 12. DWI Receivable Deposited in the Wrong Fund and Bank Account (2015-012)
- 13. Transfers Shown on DFA Report Incorrect (2015-013)
- 14, Enterprise Fund Indebted to General Fund (2015-014)
- 15. One Sided Journal Entries Made (2015-015)
- 16. Lodgers Tax Payments Received Late (2015-016)

Current Year Audit Findings (continued)

- 17. Outstanding Utility Receivables (2015-017)
- 18. Health Insurance Deductions (2015-018)
- 19. Law Enforcement Services Cancelled-Not Renegotiated (2015-019)

Budget Overruns - Non-Compliance Matter (2008-001)

CONDITION	The	Village	overspent	the	final	approved

budgets of the Fire Fund by \$273,899, the Water Fund by \$6,880, the Sewer Fund by \$9,108 and the Second Well Project by

\$39,689.

CRITERIA NMSA 1978 Section 22-8-11 B requires all

funds to be spent within the established

guidelines set for budgets.

CAUSE Management did not ensure budget adjustment

requests were obtained from DFA by the

required deadline.

EFFECT The Village had the adequate cash to pay the

overruns but not the required budget

authority from DFA.

RECOMMENDATION Management should review its budget

quarterly and request all budget adjustments at that time to ensure budget overruns do

not occur.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk will receive budget

adjustment training from DFA in July 2016. Budget adjustments for FY 16 will be done at that time. Future adjustments will be made

more timely.

Late Audit Report - Significant Deficiency (2010-004)

CONDITION The audit report was not submitted to the

State Auditors Office by the required

deadline of December 15, 2015.

CRITERIA The State Audit Rule requires all Municipal

audits to be submitted by the December 1

deadline.

CAUSE Previous audits were submitted late. Also,

there was a change in management which created a problem obtaining required documents to perform the 2015 fiscal year

audit:

EFFECT The SAO Rule has not been followed.

Subsequently the Village has been included in "At Risk" lists created by the State

Auditors Office.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should help obtain current

audits so as not to violate SAO Rules or be

included in "At Risk" designation.

RESPONSE The Village of Reserve Board of Trustees

fully intends to have all future audits to

be submitted on time.

DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect Non-Compliance Matter (2011-002)

CONDITION The Quarterly DFA reports submitted could not be reconciled to the books of record. A DFA Specialist had to come to the Village

and help prepare those reports.

CRITERIA Village Management should be knowledgeable

and capable of preparing all required reports necessary to the Village's day to

day operations.

CAUSE Management at the time did not possess the

knowledge and capabilities to prepare the

quarterly reports.

EFFECT DFA regulations/requirements were not

followed.

RECOMMENDATION Current Management is obtaining the required

knowledge to prepare these reports.

RESPONSE Clerk has submitted Quarterly reports

accurate to the books of record since late

2014.

Meter Deposit Bank Account - Significant Deficiency (2013-001)

CONDITION	The Village is including meter dep	osit
	receipts in the General Fund cash bal	ance
	which is owed to Village residents.	This
	balance is being budgeted for in the ye	arly
	budget by DFA.	_

CRITERIA All meter deposits are owed to the residents that paid that deposit. These amounts should be kept separate to ensure the funds are available to be paid and not budgeted for.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this requirement:

EFFECT DFA could possibly include this amount in the budget process incorrectly.

RECOMMENDATION Management should move these monies into a separate account to ensure the funds are available for payment and not budgeted for .

RESPONSE Clerk has developed a plan to reconcile water service deposits. This plan involves investigating each utility account individually and will be a lengthy procedure. Implementation is expected early in FY 17.

Water Meter Deposits - Other Matter (2013-002)

CONDITION The Village is not reconciling their monthly

water meter deposit each month.

CRITERIA The monthly meter deposit list should be

reconciled each month. This complies with

good accounting practices.

CAUSE Management is aware of this situation but

has not completed an accurate meter deposit.

EFFECT Errors or omissions could occur since an

accurate list is not being prepared monthly.

RECOMMENDATION Management should designate an employee to

perform this duty each month, identify

differences and resolve those differences.

RESPONSE Clerk has developed a plan to reconcile water service deposits. This plan involves

investigating each utility account individually and will be a lengthy procedure. Implementation is expected early in FY 17. A spreadsheet list will be created. The Village Assistant Clerk has

been designated to reconcile this list

monthly.

Not Recorded on Books of Record - Significant Deficiency (2013-003)

CONDITION	Funds	held	at	New	Mexico	Finance	Authority
-----------	-------	------	----	-----	--------	---------	-----------

were never recorded on the Village's books of record. These included cash balances, interest earned and debt service payments.

(\$628,829)

CRITERIA All transactions whether actually made by

management or outside parties needs to be posted/recorded to the entity's books of

record.

CAUSE Management did not ensure these transactions

were booked.

EFFECT Cash balances, debt service payments and

interest income were understated on the Village's books of record. Adjustments had to be made to adjust certain trial balances

so these amounts were included.

RECOMMENDATION Management should ensure all amounts/

transactions are posted/recorded to the

entity's books of record.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk has already begun

implementing this practice. Clerk will work with DFA to ensure it is happening this

current FY.

Receipt Books - Non-Compliance Matter (2013-006)

CONDITION The Village is not using receipt books to

collect all revenues received.

CRITERIA The Codification of Statements on Auditing

Standards (SAS AU) paragraph 110.03 states that management is responsible for maintaining internal control that will, among other things, initiate, authorize, record, process and report transactions (as well as events and conditions) consistent with managements assertions embodied in the

financial statements.

CAUSE Management was unaware of this procedure.

EFFECT Management is not ensuring proper internal

control procedures are being used.

RECOMMENDATION Management should start using receipt books

as soon as possible.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk has begun this practice

immediately.

Aged Receivables Report not Reconciling to any other Financial Statements - Other Matter (2013-017)

CONDITION Accounts receivable are \$6,581 more than the

Aged Accounts Receivable Report for June,

2015.

CRITERIA The Village books of records need to agree

and be complete so as to provide accurate

information to the Board and Management.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this situation.

EFFECT The Aged Accounts Receivable Report does not

agree to the Billings Report each month.

RECOMMENDATION Management should investigate this

difference with the Software provider to ensure the Utility Software is being

utilized correctly.

RESPONSE The utility software system has been

generating utility service bills for Village owned properties. Other past dues on the aged accounts receivable are unpaid abandoned utility accounts that the Village has been unable to contact. The Assistant Clerk will contact the software provider to investigate how to stop this and zero out these balances and will attempt to track down the delinquent accounts and send them

bills for payment. Implementation should be

by the end of FY 16 or early FY 17.

Capital Asset Listing/Depreciation Schedule Significant Deficiency (2013-018)

CONDITION	The	Villa	ge co	ould	not	provide	a	complete

Capital Asset Listing and Depreciation Schedule for the fiscal year ending June 30,

2015.

CRITERIA A complete clear capital asset listing

segregated by fund by major class needs to be prepared annually. A depreciation schedule should be maintained. The depreciation schedule should be separated by each major class of asset to comply with GASB 34.177a. Also, a depreciation schedule

is required to comply with 2.20.1.12 NMAC.

CAUSE Management of the Village are relying on the

auditors to prepare this schedule.

EFFECT Management is not complying with Generally

Accepted Accounting Principles.

RECOMMENDATION Management should update and complete their

capital asset list including depreciation

based on the policy approved by the Board.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk will update the

depreciation schedule prior to the next

audit.

CONDITION The Village did not approve a depreciation policy before the end of the 2015 fiscal

year so depreciation can be charged to capital assets according to Board approval.

CRITERIA The Village needs a depreciation policy so

capital assets can be depreciated according to Board policy. This is due to the

implementation of GASB 34.

CAUSE The Village has not approved a policy for

management to follow.

EFFECT Depreciation may be charged incorrectly

because no set policy is in place.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should approve a policy as soon

as possible. Management should then

implement that policy as soon as possible.

RESPONSE The Village of Reserve Board of Trustees

approved a depreciation policy in April

2016.

Purchase Orders Required - Non-Compliance Matter

(2013 - 020)

CONDITION The Village is not using Purchase Orders for

all purchases made.

CRITERIA DFA regulations require a purchase order to

initiate a purchase. This document is used to ensure the Village not only has budget or budget authority but cash to purchase the item. This document is also used to provide guidance as to which fund and account can

and will be used.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this

requirement

EFFECT DFA regulations are not being followed.

RECOMMENDATION Purchase orders should be used as soon as

possible.

RESPONSE The Village Office has been using purchase

orders regularly since January 2016

Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest -Non-Compliance Matter (2013 - 021)

CONDITION	The	Vill	age	is	being	ch	arged	\$483	3 in
	penal	ties	and	inte	erest	for	late	filir	ng of
	July	and	Augi	ust	2013	CRS-	-1's	for	Gross
	Recei	pts	Taxes		These	CRS-	-1 re	ports	were
	not f	iled	until	Mar	ch 201	.5			

CRITERIA All CRS-1 reports are due by the 25th of the following month.

CAUSE A change in Management occurred.

EFFECT The Village paid \$483 in penalties interest that were not budgeted for would not be required if the reports were

submitted timely.

RECOMMENDATION All future CRS-1 reports should be filed timely to avoid all penalties and interest

charges.

RESPONSE All CRS-1 reports have been caught up by the Clerk and sent in on time since mid 2015.

Gross Receipts Tax Reports not Filed Significant Deficiency (2013-022)

CONDITION Management did not file their July and

August 2013 CRS-1 reports until May 2015. Thus, creating a situation where \$483 in

penalties and interest was charged.

CRITERIA All CRS-1 reports are due by the 25th of the

following month.

CAUSE A change in Management occurred.

EFFECT Penalties and interest will be charged that

are not budgeted for and would not be required if the reports were submitted

timely.

RECOMMENDATION All future CRS-1 reports should be filed

timely to avoid penalties and interest

charges.

RESPONSE All CRS-1 reports have been caught up by the

Clerk and on time since mid 2015.

Fire Chief Contract - Other Matter (2013-029)

CONDITION The Fire Chief Service Contract does not state the amount intended to be paid for those services.

CRITERIA All contracts must contain all relevant terms of the agreement, especially the amount to be paid for those services.

CAUSE Prior Management did not ensure this document had all the relevant terms.

EFFECT There is not Board approval on how much this contractor should be paid.

RECOMMENDATION All future contracts should be reviewed to ensure all relevant terms of the agreement are included.

RESPONSE A new contract for the Fire Chief with the above criteria is being drafted by the Clerk. Proper care will be put into all future contracts.

Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor = Significant Deficiency (2013-030)

CONDITION

The Village Ordinance (2004-02) providing compensation to the Mayor is old and does not reflect the amount currently being paid. The Ordinance states \$100 will be paid, however on June 19, 2007 the Board voted to provide \$250 to the Mayor without updating the Ordinance.

CRITERIA

According to the NM Constitution Article IV Section 27 "No law shall be enacted to increase the compensation of any officer during his/her term of office." Thus, a sitting Mayor or Council Member cannot pass a vote to increase (or diminish) their current compensation

CAUSE

Prior Management was not aware of this requirement. The previous auditors did not review this requirement and make a comment bringing it to the attention of the Board in previous years.

EFFECT

The Mayor is not being paid according to the approved Ordinance.

RECOMMENDATION

The Board needs to update and approve a new Ordinance.

RESPONSE

The new ordinance correcting this was adopted by the Village of Reserve Board of Trustees in October 2015.

Payments to Board Members Significant Deficiency (2013-031)

CONDITION	Management		of	the	e Vi	llage	paid	th	e	five
	Board	Membe	rs	and	the	Fire	Chief	on	а	1099

Form.

CRITERIA IRC 3401 (c) states that an officer,

employee, or elected official of a State or local government is an employee for income

tax withholding purposes.

CAUSE Management was not correctly withholding on

payments made to these employees.

EFFECT The Village is not only subject to pay the

employers portion of the taxes but the

employees portion as well.

RECOMMENDATION Management of the Village should start

paying these individuals as employees as

soon possible.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk plans to add the board

members to payroll at the start of FY 17.

CONDITION	The	W-3	(and	W-2's)	filed	for	the	2014

calendar year did not agree to the taxes reported on the 941 (IRS) reports. (Off by

\$4,891)

CRITERIA The W-3 (and W-2s) should be reconciled and

agree to the four 941 (IRS) reports before being submitted to the Social Security

Administration.

CAUSE Management did not ensure that this

procedure was completed before the W-3 (and W-2s) were submitted to the Social Security

Administration.

EFFECT The Village will be receiving notices from

the IRS for underpayment of the taxes.

RECOMMENDATION The 941's or W-3 (W-2s) should be amended

immediately and resubmitted to ensure the Village limits the amount of penalties and

interest charged.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk will amend the appropriate

forms prior to the end of 2016.

Reserves Required - Significant Deficiency (2014-003)

CONDITION

Management is not complying with the Reserve requirements set forth by the New Mexico Finance Authority.

CRITERIA

Management is required to establish and fund a monthly debt service reserve equal to 10% of the monthly payment each month over the life of the Treatment Plant loan until the Village accumulates one annual installment. This reserve is required to establish an emergency fund for emergency maintenance and repairs and debt repayment. Ten percent of the proposed loan installment is \$467/month for a total of \$45,000. Also, a replacement reserve needs to be established in the amount of \$103,000.

CAUSE

The Village does not currently have the monies to fund these required reserves.

EFFECT

The Village is not complying with loan regulations.

RECOMMENDATION

The Village should fund these reserves as soon as possible.

RESPONSE

After the FY 17 budget is completed, the Village of Reserve Board of Trustees will determine how much can be afforded to deposit towards these commitments in early FY 17. Then a regular monthly schedule will be established and funds deposited accordingly until this commitment is met entirely.

Payroll/Payables in System not Being Cleared Out Significant Deficiency (2014-005)

CONDITION	The books of record for the Village show payroll liabilities and other payables that are incorrect and need to be adjusted so they are not carried forward each year.
CRITERIA	Each month the payroll liabilities and other payables need to be adjusted or reversed when paid.
CAUSE	Management of the Village has not been trained on how to reverse or adjust these amounts.
EFFECT	The Village books and records are not being reported correctly.
RECOMMENDATION	The Village needs to have management trained in this area so the books and records will be accurate.
RESPONSE	The Village Clerk has begun using the payroll system module inside of the accounting system in January 2016. This should remedy this problem.

<u>Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals -</u> <u>Significant Deficiency</u> (2014-007)

CONDITION	The	salaries	rep	orted	for	the	RHCA
	contri	ontributions		not	match	the	PERA
	salari	es.	The	unexpl	ained	diffe	cence
	betwee	n the two	sala:	ries is	\$2,513.	•	

CRITERIA The amounts reported to PERA/RHCA should be the same for total salaries paid during the fiscal year.

CAUSE Management of the Village did not ensure the PERA nor RHCA salary amounts agreed to the total payroll paid for each reporting period.

EFFECT The Village paid the RHCA deductions incorrectly based on percentages of incorrect salary amounts.

RECOMMENDATION The Village is currently outsourcing payroll to a third party. Management needs to ensure that the payroll service is utilizing the correct salary amounts when calculating RHCA deductions.

RESPONSE The Village Clerk is now aware these funds must match and does not expect a reoccurrence.

Expenditures Charged to Two Different Grants - Non-Compliance Matter (2015-001)

	two different DWI grants. Thus, the Village received \$2,308 but only paid \$1,154.
CRITERIA	Public entities can only use one revenue resource for one expenditure according to grant regulations set forth by the Department of Finance and Administration.
CAUSE	The fiscal oversite coordinator was not reviewing these reimbursement requests to ensure only one grant was being charged for these expenditures.
EFFECT	The Village received \$814 too much from a grant.

are requested.

RESPONSE

RECOMMENDATION

CONDITION

The Village of Reserve Board of Trustees will ensure that all future fiscal oversite coordinators review all documentation before any reimbursements are requested.

The Village Board should ensure that all future fiscal oversite coordinators review all documentation before any reimbursements

Expenditures totaling \$1,154 were charged to

Fiscal Oversite Contract - Other Matter (2015-002)

CON	T	пπ	\sim
t tir		.1. 1	(IIIV

The Board approved a fiscal oversite contract that was written by the person chosen to be the fiscal oversite. Also, this contract allowed the oversite to obtain the full amount even if the Village did not obtain the full amount awarded by the granting agency.

CRITERIA

For acceptable internal controls, those hired as consultants or oversites, should not prepare their own contracts. The Village should obtain guidance on how to prepare these types of legal documents (using legal and/or accounting counsel).

CAUSE

The Village again relied on the advice of their individual requesting to become a consultant instead of sound legal and/or accounting council.

EFFECT

The Village paid \$9,196 for services that were neither required or appeared necessary in this particular instance.

RECOMMENDATION

The Village Board should evaluate all future contracts with consultants to ensure they are required or necessary to facilitate existing grants.

RESPONSE

The Village of Reserve Board of Trustees does not intend to enter into a fiscal oversite contract in the future. This fiscal oversite was a requirement from the state to continue the Catron County DWI Program.

Travel Voucher Changed After Approval - Other Matter (2015-003)

CONDITION	A travel voucher originally approved for \$389 was changed and paid to the employee in the amount of \$508. A difference of \$119.
CRITERIA	Documents approved by management should not be changed without documented approval.
CAUSE	The employee changing the travel voucher amount did not obtain approval to change that amount:
EFFECT	The employee was paid \$119 without management approval.
RECOMMENDATION	All future changes made to supporting documentation should be approved by management.
RESPONSE	The Village Clerk will ensure, as of July 2016, all future changes made to supporting documentation is approved by management.

Non-Compliance Matter (2015-004)

CONDITION The Village has an outside company prepare

payroll each pay period. During one of these payroll periods an employee was paid for their vacation. The payroll company showed PERA matching for the employer. This

is not correct.

CRITERIA The PERA manual clearly states that PERA

shall not be computed "on lump-sum annual

leave payments".

CAUSE Management is not reviewing these payments

to ensure all deductions or matching

requirements are correct.

EFFECT The amount matched of \$239 was reported.

RECOMMENDATION Management should ensure all payroll

deductions and matching requirements are

correct each payroll.

RESPONSE Payroll is now handled, as of January 2016,

completely in house by the Clerk. This error

should not happen again.

<u>Insurance not Withheld Correctly - Other Matter</u> (2015-005)

CON	D	Τ	т	Т	ON	Ī

Insurance for Village employees started in January, 2015. Insurance for one employee was not withheld from their January, 2015 pay periods. This individual then had an extra insurance amount withheld in one of their June pay periods. This effect shows the employee owes the Village \$126 for the difference.

CRITERIA

All payroll deductions need to be calculated and deducted correctly each pay period by the payroll company used by the Village.

CAUSE

Management attempted to calculate these correctly and to obtain documentation from the County to ensure each employees insurance was deducted and then paid to the County correctly, however, the Village was unable to verify these amounts or the deductions were made correctly.

EFFECT

An employee of the Village that now works for the County did not have \$126 withheld from their paycheck and appears to still owe this amount to the Village. The Village paid this \$126 on the employees behalf to the County for January.

RECOMMENDATION

Management should continue to review payroll records and pay the County only those amounts that appear to be correct.

RESPONSE

Insurance is no longer provided through the County as of July 2015.

<u>DWI Expenditures - Non-Compliance Matter</u> (2015-006)

CONDITION	The DWI Coordinator spent \$3,191 in DWI expenditures without requesting proper reimbursement. The DWI Coordinator requested \$2,814 in expenditures that were already requested. The difference being \$377 not being reimbursed correctly.
CRITERIA	All reimbursement reports submitted to the DWI granting agencies should be complete, accurate and approved before submission.
CAUSE	The DWI Coordinator was not trained by the DWI oversite. Also, the DWI oversite did not properly review and approve the quarterly reimbursement requests.
EFFECT	The DWI Coordinator and DWI Oversite incorrectly submitted reimbursement requests resulting in \$377 not being reimbursed by the DWI grant.
RECOMMENDATION	The Village no longer has the DWI Fund so this situation should not continue.
RESPONSE	The Village no longer has the DWI Fund, as of July 2015, so this situation should not

continue.

<u>DWI Expenditures, Reimbursement Requests and</u> <u>Bank Statements Not Being Reconciled - Other Matter</u> (2015-007)

CONDITION

The previous DWI Coordinator was not trained on how to ensure all expenditures paid through the bank statement were actually reported as expenditures in the DWI grant and also requested from the grant for reimbursement. Examples are:

- 1. Workers Compensation Fees in the amount of
- \$56 deducted by ACH in the DWI bank account but not recorded as expenditures in this fund. Also, the \$56 was never requested as a reimbursement from the grant. Thus, the General Fund had to pay this amount.
- 2. A travel voucher was paid to an employee in the amount of \$385 but only \$325 was requested for reimbursement. Thus, the General Fund had to pay this amount.
- 3. \$631 was paid for utilities but only \$288 was requested for reimbursement. The General Fund had to cover the difference of \$343.

CRITERIA

All employees should be adequately trained and supervised to ensure all payments are made correctly and all revenues earned are received.

CAUSE

The Board did not ensure that oversite trained the DWTCoordinator The Board also did not review correctly. the oversites procedures to ensure oversites duties included reviewing Coordinators duties and finding/correcting these errors

EFFECT

The DWI fund was shorted approximately \$1,007 due to these expenditures that were not included as expenditures and reimbursement for these amounts requested.

RECOMMENDATION

The Village no longer has the DWI fund or any DWI grants. However, all future grants should be adequately controlled, reviewed and approved to ensure they are spent/received correctly.

RESPONSE

The Village no longer has the DWI Fund, as of July 2015, so this situation should not continue.

<u>DWI Oversite Authority - Significant Deficiency</u> (2015-008)

CONDITION	The DWI oversite instructed the Village to 1. close their DWI bank account and open a new one, 2. kept all documents relating to the DWI fund at the County and 3. did not allow the Village to administer (make decisions) for the DWI fund.
CRITERIA	All funds are to be administered, handled and safeguarded by the Village.
CAUSE	The Village Board was misled by the oversite into believing that the oversite had the Authority to make these changes.
EFFECT	The Village gave up all responsibility of this fund. Thus, did not safeguard the assets or the transactions made with DWI monies/grants/expenditures.
RECOMMENDATION	The Village should not allow ANY books of record to be taken out of the Villages offices or its control. Oversite responsibilities do not include complete control over funds.
RESPONSE	The Village Clerk will ensure all original documents remain in the Village or in

management's control.

<u>Non-Compliance Matter</u> (2015-009)

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Management is not paying travel vouchers correctly. Some of the issues found are:

- 1) Vouchers approved after travel date.
- 2) Signature of Approval missing.
- 3) 100% of travel paid (20% not withheld until after travel has been taken)

CRITERIA

Travel vouchers are to be approved before the travel is taken. Also, only 80% of the total travel amount can be provided before the travel is taken. These are according to DFA regulations.

CAUSE

Management was not ensuring the DFA regulations were being followed.

EFFECT

DFA regulations are not being followed.

RECOMMENDATION

Management should review the DFA regulations concerning travel vouchers before anymore are issued.

RESPONSE

The Village Clerk will review the DFA regulations concerning travel vouchers before anymore are issued, as of July 2016.

DWI Cash in Consolidated Bank Account Significant Deficiency (2015-010)

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The client has been carrying forward a deficit amount for the DWI fund in the consolidated Bank account for several years. The amount was \$18,381 at June 30, 2014. Since the Village no longer has a DWI fund or future DWI grants the General Fund will need to cover this amount. Thus, further depleting the General Fund Cash balance.

CRITERIA

Management of the Village should ensure that all deficits in cash are covered by future receivables, grants or transfers before the deficit is created.

CAUSE

Management has not ensured there are revenue resources to cover all DWI expenditures.

EFFECT

The General Fund will now have to cover any deficit balances in the consolidated bank account in reference to the DWI fund.

RECOMMENDATION

Management should ensure all funds that have a deficit cash balance have a revenue resource that will cover that deficit before the deficit is created.

RESPONSE

The Village no longer has the DWI Fund, as of July 2015, so this situation should not continue.

Los Jovenes Fund Expenditures Paid Out of DWI Bank Account/Fund - Other Matter (2015-011)

CONDITION	Los Jovenes expenditures were initially being paid out of the DWI bank account and then posted to the DWI fund.
CRITERIA	All funds need to have their transactions posted correctly to them specifically and restricted to being paid and deposited from the correct bank account.
CAUSE	The DWI Coordinator and DWI oversite did not ensure these expenditures were not paid out of the DWI Fund/Bank account.
EFFECT	The oversite was corrected several months later, however, this again shows why the Village did not need an oversite.
RECOMMENDATION	Since the Village no longer has the DWI program this comment should not be repeated.
RESPONSE	The Village no longer has the DWI Fund or the Los Jovenes Fund, as of July 2015, so this situation should not continue.

DWI Receivable Deposited and Posted in the Wrong Fund and Bank Account - Other Matter (2015-012)

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A receivable of \$4,133 (for June 30, 2014) and \$5,484 (for June 30, 2015) from a DWI grant were deposited into the consolidated Bank Account, however, never moved to the DWI bank account. Also, these amounts were never posted as a reduction of the receivables in the DWI Fund.

CRITERIA

All amounts due need to be posted when received by the grantor not only in the correct bank account but the correct fund.

CAUSE

Management was not aware of this amount since there were so many employees (supposedly) taking care of the DWI grants, fund and monies.

EFFECT

The funds were adjusted by this amount, however, the DWI fund would have been understated if the amount had not been transferred and posted correctly.

RECOMMENDATION

This comment will not continue as the Village no longer receives or administers DWI monies/grants.

RESPONSE

The Village no longer has the DWI Fund, as of July 2015, so this situation should not continue.

### Transfers Shown on DFA Report Incorrect - Other Matter (2015-013)

CONDITION

There is an amount shown on the clients Department of Finance and Administration quarterly report (June 30, 2015) that shows a transfer from the General Fund to the Fire Protection Fund in the amount of \$11,855. This is incorrect as it is not a transfer from one fund to another but a transfer between bank accounts.

CRITERIA

Transfers shown on the DFA quarterly report are for those amounts that are transferred between funds. This includes permanent or temporary transfers. These amounts are budgeted for and reflected as transfers on the budget portion of the DFA report.

CAUSE

Management was trying to reconcile the quarterly report to the current audit report. They were not aware that the beginning cash balance column is the correct place to change beginning balances or to show them in the adjustment column.

EFFECT

The DFA report reflects a transfer between funds that did not actually happen.

RECOMMENDATION

All future DFA reports should be reviewed to ensure only transfers between FUNDS are included. All transfers between bank accounts are not relevant.

RESPONSE

The Village Clerk has received training that should prevent this type of mistake from happening again.

## Enterprise Fund Indebted to General Fund Significant Deficiency (2015-014)

CONDITION

The Sewer Fund has a cash deficit of \$93,325. There are not enough monies from the user charges to cover this deficit. This means that the General Fund will need to make a transfer to the Sewer Fund to adjust for the deficit and bring the cash balance to zero or a positive balance.

CRITERIA

Enterprise Funds need to charge a user rate adequate to cover all expenses and any future repairs and maintenance of the capital assets. Also, expenditures should not exceed the amount of revenues (including cash carryover.)

CAUSE

Management is not reviewing the financial statements each month to ensure spending in any fund that does not have the financial resources is curtailed.

EFFECT

The Fund is now in a deficit of almost \$100,000 of which will take all of the General Fund cash to bring the Sewer Fund to a zero cash balance.

RECOMMENDATION

Management needs to discontinue spending from the Sewer Fund until the cash deficit has been resolved.

RESPONSE

The Utility Department is expensive to operate and the Village has a very small customer base to draw revenue from. This is a continual challenge for the Village. The Village Clerk is working on adjusting utility rates incrementally to increase revenue for the Enterprise fund. These rate adjustments are expected to take effect beginning in the fall of 2016.

### One Sided Journal Entries Made - Other Matter (2015-015)

Management made a transfer in the amount of \$16,000 from the General Fund to the DWI Fund. The entry made in the business software system was a one-sided entry. A Due to and Due from account corresponding to each fund was never created. Thus, creating an extreme amount of time for the auditor and consultant adjusting these funds to ensure the cash balances for these funds were corrected and reconciled.

CRITERIA

Management should be trained on how to prepare journal entries or posting transactions to ensure all are correct.

CAUSE

Management at the time was unaware of the effects of a one-sided entry or that they could occur.

EFFECT

The cash balances for these two funds were incorrect.

RECOMMENDATION

Management should be trained further as to accounting practices and procedures for these types of transactions/journal entries.

RESPONSE

The Village Clerk desires and will receive training on proper journal entering in July 2016.

### Lodgers Tax Payments Received Late - Other Matter (2015-016)

CONDITION

Lodgers Taxes in the amount of \$2,266 for the first three quarters of the 2014-2015 fiscal year were not received until July, 2015. This is extremely late without any action from Management of the Village to collect these amounts.

CRITERIA

All amounts due the Village should be received in a timely manner. If not the Village Management should take steps to obtain these monies owed.

CAUSE

Management was aware however, no follow-up action was taken.

EFFECT

These monies could not be used/spent in the proper fiscal year.

RECOMMENDATION

All monies owed to the Village should be tracked, monitored and received in a timely basis. If not management should take proper steps to collect these amounts.

RESPONSE

The Village Clerk has had extreme difficulty receiving the Lodger's tax report and payment from the lodger in the past in a timely manner. This has improved dramatically in recent quarters and management will continue a strong effort to collect these on time.

### Outstanding Utility Receivables - Other Matter (2015-017)

CONDITION The aged account receivable report has

\$4,393 in overdue balances being reported as

over 90 days old for Village accounts.

CRITERIA Aged receivable reports should be updated

and completed on a daily basis.

CAUSE The Village does not have a proper system to

provide an aged receivable report for management to use and enforce outstanding

balances due.

EFFECT Management cannot enforce collections of

overdue balances if their reporting/accounting for these balances is

inadequate.

RECOMMENDATION Village management needs to correctly report

receivables for the utilities charged by the

Village.

RESPONSE The utility software system has been

generating utility service bills for Village owned properties. The Assistant Clerk will contact software provider and investigate how to stop this and zero out the balances. Implementation should be by the end of FY 16

or early FY 17.

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CONDITION

The Village joined with the County to provide health insurance to their employees. The County however, was not providing proper, accurate, detailed invoices reflecting the deduction for each employee each pay period. Because of this situation the Village owed the County \$9,525 at the end of the fiscal year.

CRITERIA

All amounts owed by the Village need to be properly supported by a purchase order, invoice, etc, according to DFA policies and regulations.

CAUSE

Management of the Village attempted to obtain the proper documents from the County, however, documentation was never provided from the County manager.

EFFECT

This expenditure is not properly supported by a purchase order invoice or any other document provided by the Village. The total was obtained by various documents the Clerk had at the Village.

RECOMMENDATION

The Village no longer has insurance ties with the County, therefore, this comment should be resolved next fiscal year.

RESPONSE

The Village no longer has insurance ties with the County, as of July 2015, therefore, this comment should be resolved next fiscal year.

# <u>Law Enforcement Services Cancelled - Not Renegotiated - Non-Compliance Matter</u> (2015-019)

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The agreement with the County Sheriff was cancelled on February 26, 2015. This agreement was not renegotiated before the end of the fiscal service. Because of this cancellation law enforcement services were not provided by the Village for part of the fiscal year.

CRITERIA

Pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-12-4 (A) a Village must provide a police officer for the safety, protection and welfare of the Villages citizens and property.

CAUSE

The Village was unable to obtain a new agreement before the end of the year.

EFFECT

The Village is not providing services according to NMSA 1978, Section 3-12-4 (A).

RECOMMENDATION

The Village needs to provide services so as to comply with NMSA 1978, Section 3-12-4 (A).

RESPONSE

The financial situation of the Village has improved. A new ISA with the Catron County Sheriff's Dept was entered into in October of 2015.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2015 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements chart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 115.

#### EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held at the Village on June 8, 2016 to discuss the current audit report. In attendance were Ms. Hilda D. Kellar, Mayor, Ms. Eddilu Brown, Mayor Pro-tem, Mr. Clay Snyder, Council Member, Mr. Wilford Estrada, Council Member, Ms. Debbie Lee, Council Member, Mr. Andre' Giron, Village Clerk, Ms. Amanda Cox, Deputy Clerk, Mr. Antonio Lucero, Contract Auditor and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditor. A properly closed regular session was held.