State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF RESERVE

FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014
(WITH AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON)

RICE & ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2014

Village Council

NameTitleMs. Constance CordellMayorMs. Eddilu BrownMayor Pro-temMr. Clay SnyderCouncil MemberMr. Wilford EstradaCouncil MemberMs. Hilda KellarCouncil Member

Village Administration

Mr. Andre Giron Clerk

Ms. Amanda Cox Deputy Clerk

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Reserve
Reserve, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire Protection and DWI Funds of the Village of Reserve, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village of Reserve's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village of Reserve's non-major governmental and enterprise funds and the budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds and all non-major governmental and enterprise funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate

in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Reserve, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire Protection, DWI, Street Improvements MAP-904 and Street Improvements MAP-903 Funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor enterprise fund of the Village of Reserve, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the MD&A which is required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by GASB who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Village of Reserve's financial statements, the combining and the individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. The budgetary comparison for the Major Capital Project Funds, the non-major governmental funds and the non-major enterprise funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds, and non-major governmental funds and non-major enterprise fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the

auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparisons for the Major Capital Project Funds, the non-major governmental funds and non-major enterprise fund fairly states, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 2, 2015 on our consideration of the Village of Reserve's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village of Reserve's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The of association, CAPA.

Albuquerque, New Mexico July 2, 2015



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
ASSETS	"		
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 75,559	\$ ==	\$ 75,559
Due from grantor	4,133	13,638	17,771
Accounts receivable (net			•
of uncollectible accounts)	16,904	·	16,904
Total current assets	96,59 <u>6</u>	13,638	110,234
Restricted Assets (Cash)			
Customer meter deposits	-	17,325	17,325
NMFA Loan (Capital project)	5.	96,036	96,036
NMFA Reserves	20,131		20,131
State Highway projects	245,852	- 12	245,852
Total restricted assets	265,983	113,361	379,344
Capital Assets			
Land	61,242	165,039	226,281
Land improvements	2		===,===
Buildings and improvements	1,193,027	84,869	1,277,896
Equipment	703,696	95,543	799,239
Vehicles	394,998	62,756	457,754
Furniture and fixtures	24,589	56	24,589
Plant/Infrastructure	5,940,527	3,533,964	9,474,491
Total capital assets	8,318,079	3,942,171	12,260,250
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,379,713)	(2,500,100)	(6,879,813)
Total capital assets (net of			
accumulated depreciation)	<u>3,938,366</u>	1,442,071	5,380,437
Total assets	\$ 4,300,945	\$ 1,569,070	\$ 5,870,015

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	GovernmentalActivities	Business TypeActivities	Total
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current Liabilities			
Cash overdraft	\$	\$ 29,056	\$ 29,056
Accounts payable	-	-	i e
Customer meter deposits (restricted)	~	17,325	17,325
NMFA Loan (current portion)	23,174	567	23,741
Due to grantor			<u>=</u>
Total current liabilities	23,174	46,948	70,122
Non-Current Liabilities			
Compensated absences payable	4,448	6,136	10,584
NMFA Loan payable	236,643	10,206	246,849
Total non-current liabilities	241,091	16,342	257,433
Total liabilities	264,265	63,290	327,555
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,678,549	1,442,071	5,120,620
Restricted for Capital outlay	245,852	96,036	341,888
Restricted for Debt Service	20,131	100	20,131
Restricted for Special Grants	78,803		78,803
Unrestricted	13,345	(32,327)	(18,982)
Total net position	4,036,680	1,505,780	5,542,460
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 4,300,945	\$ 1,569,070	\$ 5,870,015

Net (Expenses) Revenue and

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues		Cha	Changes in Net Position	no
	ę	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	ب د+ د+
Functions/Programs Primary government:	Kxpenses	Services	Concribations	contribuctions	ACCIVICLES	Activities	10101
Governmental activities: General covernment	\$ 171,676	3,504	\$ 793	√	(167,379)	· σ.	\$ (167,379)
Highways and streets				294,106		•	293,526
Public safety	185,959	1,770	162,196	\$6	(21,993)	*5	(21,993)
Health and welfare	×	All	1	471	4//	5	
Chilthre and recreation	25,429	,	7,306		(18,123)	57	(18,123)
Threest	2,126	N.º	500	(1)	(2,126)	101	(2,126)
Depreciation - unallocated	481,309		×		(481,309)	((481,309)
Total governmental activities	867,079	5,274	170,295	294,106	(397,404)	1	(397,404)
Business-type activities: Water services	159,503	136,981	1	15,975	.t.[(6,547)	(6,547)
Total business-type actimities	159,503	136,981	1	15,975	30	(6,547)	(6,547)
Total all activities	\$ 1,026,582	\$ 142,255	\$ 170,295	\$ 310,081	(397,404)	(6,547)	(403,951)
General Revenues:							,
Property taxes					11,883	4	11,883
Franchise tax					4,910	60	4,910
Lodger's tax					3,813	.0	3,613
Gross receipts taxes					131,938)2#	131,938
Gasoline taxes					5,868	(10)	5,868
Motor vehicle taxes					14,497	(*)	14,497
EGRT Taxes					(#)	2,323	2,323
State aid not restricted to special purpose	al purpose						
General					90,000	32	90,000
Investment earnings					265	1	265
Total general revenues					263,174	2,323	265,497
Change in net position					(134,230)	(4,224)	(138,454)
Net position - beginning of year					4,170,910	1,510,004	5,680,914
Net position - ending					\$ 4,036,680	\$ 1,505,780	\$ 5,542,460

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Funds	341,542 16,904	16,566	375,012	12,433	12,433	367,285	362,579	375,012
Gov	₩.		-CV-	sv-				€/}-
Other Governmental Funds	11,337	1	11,941	3673 31	11	11,941	11,941	11,941
Gove	€V-		es.	Ø.				40-
Street Improvement MAP-903	81,584	E3743	81,584	1 1 35	1 (3)	81,584	81,584	81,584
ς dm1	w		₩.	rv.				-t/2-
Street Improvement MAP-904 Fund	164,268	F 1	164,268	E. E. 1	f6["	164,268	164,268	164,268
	vy-		so.	w	Į)	Į.		S.
DWI Fund	76 76	4,133	4,133	12,433	12,433	(8,300)	(8,300)	4,133
	£Q+		₩.	w				€O.
Fire Fund	75,162	1 1	75,162	1 to to		75,162	75,162	75,162
	ফ		€O≯	w				w
General Fund	9,191	12,433	37,924	8 B 1	**	34,330	37,924	37,924
_©	€.		w	Ø.				W
	ASSETS Cash on deposit Accounts receivable	Due from grantor Due from other funds	Total assets	LIABILITIES Due to other funds Due to grantor Accounts payable	Total liabilities	FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	Total fund balance	Total liabilities and fund balance

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 362,579

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

The cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation

8,318,079

(4,379,713)

3,938,366

Long-term and certain other liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year-end consist of:

NMFA Loan

(259,817)

Compensated absences

(4,448)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ <u>4</u>,036,680

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF RESERVE
Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the year ended June 30, 2014

	erene)	Έ. 4	I MC	Street Improvements MAP-904	Street Improvements MAP-903	Other	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 11,883	110 co	#15. co	ς.	***	ν ₁	5 11,883
Franchise tax	4,910			1			4,910
Lodgers tax	¥ ;	100	i c	600		3,013	0,010
Charges for services	2,369	!	1,,10			i	המדידי המדידי
Licenses and permits	1,135	Þ	81	633		i i	1,135
Local sources	793	烧	1	'			567
State sources	97, 306	71,362	90,834	200,000	*	94,106	553,608
Federal sources	1	100	***	623	就		' ;
State shared tames	152,303		*.	*		Ä,	152,303
Barnings from investments	55	176	ì		* 1		E 0 2
Total revenues	270,788	71,538	92,604	200,000		97,919	732,849
EXPENDITURES							
Current:				3	W	33	(33 831
General government	199,891		1 3	. (TOD ODT
Highways and streets	086	- 27 100	100 887	(500			185, 959
Public salety	791 197	067410	200	9		Š	
Health and Wellare	22.278		(I	(;)(t	in i	3,151	25,429
Conital outlan			1	35,732	18,363	94,106	148,201
NAMES orinciple	23,065	1 6	1	((0	100	ě	23,065
NMFA interest	2,126	3 1	t i) i	8	1	2,126
Total expenditures	245,472	57,190	100,007	35,732	18,363	97,257	554,021
Excess (deficiency) revenues	ר ה ה	14,348	(7,403)	164.268	(18,363)	662	178,828
over expenditures	0110) 					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	69	3	ı	9			,
Operating transfers in		0					22
Operating transfers (out)	1 }	1) -
Total other financing sources (uses)	9				1	6	1
						;	
Net change in fund balances	25,316	14,348	(7,403)	164,268	(18,363)	662	178,828
Fund balance beginning of year	12,608	60,814	(897)		99,947	11,279	183,751
Fund balance end of year	\$ 37,924	\$ 75,162	(8,300)	\$ 164,268	\$ 81,584	\$ 11,941	\$ 362,579

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 178,828 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the period. Depreciation expense (481,309) Capital Outlays 148,201 Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense (333,108) In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amount incurred during the year. In the fund financial statements however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). The (increase) decrease in the liabilities for the year were: Compensated absences payable (3,015)Interest payable (3,015)The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Repayment of loans payable is an expenditure in the governmental fudns, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the Statement of Activities Loan proceeds Repayment of long-term debt 23,065 23,065 Change in net position of governmental activities (134, 230)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2014

							v	ariance
		riginal		Final			Fa	vorable
		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Unf	avorable)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	12,159	\$	12,159	\$	11,835	\$	(324)
Franchise taxes		6,500	•	6,500	т	4,910	Ÿ	(1,590)
Gross receipts taxes		88,000		88,000		125,697		37,697
Charges for services		200		200		2,369		2,169
Licenses and permits		1,500		1,500		1,135		(365)
Fines and forfeits		1,3971		_		=,155		(303)
Local sources		6,980		6,980		793		(6,187)
State sources		94,500		94,500		93,000		(1,500)
Federal sources				070		,000		(1,500)
State shared taxes		19,500		19,500		20,365		865
Earnings from investments						89		89
					-			
Total revenues	\$	229,339	\$	229,339	\$	260,193	<u>\$</u>	30,854
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	\$	159,094	\$	159,094	\$	168,661	\$	(9,567)
Highways and streets				-		580		(580)
Public safety		32,000		32,000		28,762		3,238
Health and welfare		*		-		2		4
Culture and recreation		21,000		21,000		22,278		(1,278)
Capital outlay						90		
Debt service:								
Loan principle		540		1986		23,065		(23,065)
Loan interest		E#3		1965		2,126		(2,126)
	-							(= / 120)
Total expenditures	\$	212,094	\$	212,094	\$	245,472	\$	(33,378)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	560	\$	ne:	\$	- 2	\$	100
Transfers out	•	263	*	-	*		Ÿ	
Loan proceeds				-		~		
-								
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	\$, Fig.	\$		\$		\$	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$		\$					

Fire Protection Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				· · · · · ·
State sources	\$ 70,858	\$ 70,858	\$ 71,362	\$ 504
Earnings from investments			176	176
Total revenues	\$ 70,858	\$ 70,858	\$ 71,538	\$ 680
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety	\$ 84,192	\$ 84,192	\$ 57,190	\$ 27,002
Total expenditures	\$ 84,192	\$ 84,192	\$ 57,190	\$ 27,002
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 13,334	\$ 13,334		

DWI Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Omi minol	Final		Variance
	Original		3 1	Favorable
Detreming	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 4,500	\$ 4,500	\$ 1,770	\$ (2,730)
State sources	90,690	90,690	90,749	59
Federal sources			<u>F</u>	
Total revenues	\$ 95,190	\$ 95,190	\$ 92,519	\$ (2,671)
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety	\$ 113,290	\$ 113,290	\$ 100,007	\$ 13,283
Total expenditures	\$ 113,290	\$ 113,290	\$ 100,007	\$ 13,283
Budgeted Cash Balance	\$ 18,100	\$ 18,100		
REVENUES				
Budgetary basis			\$ 92,519	
Increase in accounts rece	ivable		85	
Modified accrual basis			\$ 92,604	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Water/Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash on deposit	\$ -
Accounts receivable (net)	13,638
Due from grantor	
Total Current Assets	13,638
Non-Current Assets	
Restricted Assets (Cash)	96,036
Customer meter deposits	17,325
·	
Total Non-Current Assets	113,361
Capital Assets	
Land	
Land improvements	165,039
Buildings and Improvements	24.050
Equipment	84,869
Vehicles	95,543
Heavy equipment	62,756
Plant/infrastructure	7 777 774
Accumulated depreciation	3,533,964 (2,500,100)
Total Capital Assets	1,442,071
Total Assets	\$ 1,569,070
	-
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Cash overdraft	\$ 29,056
Accounts payable	
Current portion revenue bonds payable	567
Curent portion loan payable	
Customer meter deposits	
payable from Restricted Assets	17,325
Total Current Liabilities	46,948
Long-Term Liabilities	
Compensated absences payable	6,136
Revenue bonds payable	10,206
Total Long-Term Liabilities	16,342
Total Liabiliites	63,290
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,442,071
Restricted for capital outlay	96,036
Restricted for debt service	50,036
Restricted for repair & replacement	
Unrestricted	(32,327)
Total Net Position	1,505,780
Total Liabilities and	
Net Position	\$ 1,569,070
	+ -,-,,,,,

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Water/Sewer Fund
CPERATING REVENUES	
Sales and services	\$ 136,981
Local sources	7 130,381
State sources	
Federal sources	15,975
State shared taxes	2,323
Total operating revenue	155,279
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	153,526
Maintenance and operations	_00,020
Major contractual services	1
Other operating expenses	-
Depreciation	5,977
	
Total operating expenses	159,503
	
Operating income (loss)	(4,224)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	
Investment income	14
Investment expense	14
Transfers in	
Transfers out	3
Total Non-Operating Revenue	
(Expense)	
	-
Change in Net Position	(4,224)
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Net position, beginning of year	1,510,004
- , J J ,	
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,505,780
East-and one of leaf	\$ 1,305,780

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Water/Sewer Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Fund
Cash received from customers	\$ 137,034
Cash received from local sources	•
Cash received from state sources	
Cash received from federal sources	132,074
Cash received from state shared taxes	2,323
Cash payments to employees and to	
suppliers for goods and services	(153,058)
Net cash provided by operating	
activities	118,373
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND	
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Customer meter deposits	2 005
Loan proceeds	2,925
Principal paid	(567)
Acquisition of capital assets	(33,339)
Investment expense	(33,339)
Net cash provided (used) by capital	
and related financing activities	(30,981)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating transfers from other funds	
Operating transfers to other funds	2
Net cash provided (used) by	
noncapital financing activities	? <u></u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Investment income	
Net cash provided by investing	
activities	
Wat	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	87,392
Cash hoginning of year	(*)
Cash, beginning of year	(3,087)
Cash and of year	
Cash, end of year	\$ 84,305
DEGOVERY TAMEON OF OPPOSITION	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED	
BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,224)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	\$ (4,224)
income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	5,977
Changes in assets and liabilities:	=,=
(Increase) decrease in receivables	116,152
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	
Increase (decrease) in compensated	
absences	468
Web made amountains (small) has a small to the small to t	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 118,373

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Reserve is incorporated under Section 3 New Mexico State Statutes Annotated 1978 Compilation operating under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the Village of Reserve have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village had no component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which is normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fire Protection Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is to account for the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. It is financed by a specific allotment from the State Fire Marshall's Office. The authority is NMSA 59A-53-1.

The DWI Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is to account for resources received to pay salaries, travel and minor equipment to provide DWI program activities. Funding is from State grants provided by the State of New Mexico.

The Street Improvement MAP-904 Fund (Capital Projects Fund) is to account for resources received to design, reconstruct, construct and the project development of drainage improvements for several designated streets in the Village. Funding is from NMSHTD Municipal Arterial Program.

The Street Improvement MAP-903 Fund (Capital Projects Fund) is to account for resources received to design, reconstruct, construct and the project development of drainage improvements for several designated streets in the Village Funding is from NMSHTD Municipal Arterial Program.

The Village reports the following Proprietary Fund types:

<u>Enterprise Fund - Water and Sewer Fund</u> - To account for the operations of the Village's Water and Sewer Department, for meter deposits and payment of Joint Utility Revenue Bonds.

The Village also reports the following Governmental funds as non-major.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to taxpayers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the given function 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions and 3) program specific capital grants and contributions including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund is charged to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognized as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous year's history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of

any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments. The original budget that was adopted in July, 1998 was amended during the fiscal year in a legally permissible manner.

- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- 4. Encumbrances are not reported in the budgets or financial statements.
- 5. The level of classification detail in which expenditures of expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principals. Throughout the year the accounting records are maintained on the Non-GAAP basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Accordingly, certain revenues and the related assets are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. The financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons presented for General and Special Revenue Funds in this report are on the Non-GAAP budgetary basis and actual (cash basis). The budget of the Enterprise Fund is adopted on a Non-GAAP cash basis.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity of six months from the date acquired by the government. State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions and the State Treasurer Pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owners of such monies, in an amount not less that 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

F. <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

G Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life

in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated Capital Assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Public domain infrastructure System infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Heavy equipment	10-50 25-50 10-50 25-75 25-75 3-20 3-20

The Village does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless it exceeds the \$5,000 threshold.

H. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the policy of the Village of Reserve to permit certain employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, which will be paid to employees upon separation from the Village's service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

I Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective

interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

J. <u>Taxes</u>

<u>Franchise Taxes</u> - By authority of Chapter 3, Article 42, NMSA 1978 and various ordinances, the Village imposes a franchise tax on certain public utilities operating within the municipality.

Motor Vehicle Registration Fees - Under the provisions of Chapter 66, Article 6, NMSA 1978, the State of New Mexico collects various fees for the registration and regulation of motor vehicles in the state. Of the amount collected, certain specified amounts are distributed to various governmental agencies with the State, including; the Motor Vehicle Division, State Road fund, municipalities, and counties. After certain priority payments, as detailed in 66-6-23 NMSA 2978 have been made, a portion of the remaining fees held in the motor vehicle suspense fund are distributed as required in 66-6-23 B (4) and 66-6-23 B (5). These distributions are commonly referred to as the 10% and 15% motor vehicle tax distributions.

<u>Gasoline Tax</u> - The State of New Mexico, by authority of Chapter 7, Article 13 NMSA 1978, imposed an excise tax on \$0.17 on each gallon of gasoline received in New Mexico. Of the total gasoline taxes received, a portion is distributed to the various municipalities within the State pursuant to Chapter 7, Article 1-6.9 NMSA 1978 and Chapter 7, Article 1-6.27 NMSA 1978.

Municipal Gross Receipts Tax - Under authority of Chapter 7, Articles 19 and 19D, NMSA 1978, the Village adopted gross receipts taxing through ordinance. Said ordinances provide for the imposition of gross receipts taxes on all non-exempt persons engaging in business in the municipality. The tax is collected by the State of New Mexico and remitted to the Village after deducting certain administrative costs.

State Gross Receipts Tax - Under authority of Chapter 7, Article 1, NMSA 1978, the State of New Mexico imposes a gross receipts tax on all businesses within the State. Of the total collected, 1.225% of the taxable gross receipts are distributed to the municipality reporting the taxable receipts.

K. Restricted Assets

Certain long-term assets in the proprietary funds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purpose such as "deposits held in trust for others".

L. <u>Net Position</u>

The governmental activities and business-type activities financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position are categorized as follows:

Net investment in Capital Assets - This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associates with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - This category reflects the portion of net position that have third party limitation on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - This category reflects net position of the Village not restricted for any project or other purposes.

M. <u>Fund Balance</u>

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Village ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the Village to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Village can be compelled by an external party - such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposed specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the Village Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Village Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent

intended uses established by the Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by the Village Council or ordinance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.

P. <u>Surety Coverage</u>

The officials and certain employees of the Village are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 12-6-7 NMSA 1978 Compilation and the New Mexico State Auditor Rule NMAC 2.2.

2. DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the Village's Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

First State Bank New Mexico Finance Authority New Mexico Finance Authority New Mexico Finance Authority	USDA Water Project Street Project Fire USDA Reserves DWI USDA Repair & Replacement General Treatment Plant Street Improvements Street Improvements R	Checking Checking Checking Checking Checking Checking Checking Grant	\$ 100 164,268 100 100 12,391 118,407 96,036 3,601
New Mexico Finance Authority	Multi-purpose Program Facility		1,350
U.S. EE Bonds	Fire Fund	Investment	20,232 \$ 436,716
Total amount on de Deposit in transit Outstanding checks	posit		\$ 436,716 (10,869)
Total per financia	l statements		<u>\$ 425,847</u>

The following schedule details the public money held by First State Bank and the pledged collateral provided for the Village follows:

	<u>First State Bank</u>
Cash on deposit at June 30 Less FDIC Uninsured funds Funds needing collateralization at 50% (required by State Law)	\$ 436,716 (270,232) 166,484 83,242
Pledged collateral at June 30	<u> 295,266</u>
Excess of Pledged Collateral	\$ 212,024

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, \$0 of the Village's bank balance \$436,716 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

A. Uninsured and Uncollateralized \$ B. Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging banks trust department, but not in the Village's name 166,484

Total \$ 166,484

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the cooperative for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution.

The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

The amount held at the New Mexico Finance Authority totaling \$3 is collateralized within the NMFA guidelines. This information is not available by individual Agency but the financial statements for the NMFA are available by writing to New Mexico Finance Authority, 207 Shelby Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

3 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>
Receivables from customers Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$	\$ 13,638
Subtotal	-	13,638
Lodger's tax Gross receipts taxes receivable Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental	604 11,644 349 8,439	
Total	<u>\$ 21,036</u>	\$ 13,638

4 PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer for the county in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one-third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village.

The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues. The Village has no means of determining the amount of delinquent taxes, and no delinquent taxes are recorded on the Villages financial records.

5. <u>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Funds

During the year ended June 30, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the Governmental Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 1,433	\$ 3,015	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,448	\$

The liability will be liquidated by the General Fund.

	Ba June	lance 30, 2013	Additi	ons_	_De.	letions	Ba <u>June</u>	lance 30, 2014	Due Or	Within ne Year
NMFA Loan	\$	282,882	\$		\$	23,065	\$	259,817	\$	23,174

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$101,500 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing a multi-purpose facility. The Village has pledged future gross receipts tax to pay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 4% of gross receipts tax. The yearly payments are to be redirected from the Villages gross receipts tax distributed by the State of New Mexico. The interest rate is 0.0%. The maturity date is May 1, 2028.

Due Year Ending June 30	Principa	<u> Interest</u>	Total
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025-2028	\$ 5,14 5,14 5,14 5,14 5,14 25,71 20,56	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 5,142 5,142 5,142 5,142 5,142 25,710 20,568
Total	<u>\$ 71,98</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 71,984</u>

The liability will be liquidated by the General Fund.

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$274,101 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of infrastructure improvements for the Village. The Village has pledged future revenues to repay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 16% of gross receipts tax. The yearly payments are to be redirected from the Villages gross receipts tax distributed by the State of New Mexico. The interest rate is 0.18% to 1.48%. The maturity date is May 1, 2024.

Due Year <u>Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	_Interest_	Total
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024	\$ 18,032 18,155 18,292 18,445 18,614 96,295	\$ 2,016 1,894 1,758 1,604 1,436 3,951	\$ 20,048 20,049 20,050 20,049 20,050 100,246
Total	<u>\$ 187,833</u>	<u>\$ 12,659</u>	\$ 200,492

The liability will be liquidated by the General Fund.

Enterprise Fund

During the year ended June 30, the following changes occurred in certain long-term liabilities reported in the Enterprise Fund:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2013</u> <u>Additions</u>		Delet	Balance Deletions June 30, 2014			Due Within <u>One Year</u>			
RIP Loan	\$ 11,	,340	\$	<u> </u>	\$	567	\$	10,773	\$	567

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$11,340 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of improvements to the treatment plant. The Village has pledged future water revenues to repay the loan. The total annual principal and interest payments to repay the loan is 1% of gross revenue. The interest rate is 0.0%. The maturity date is June 1, 2035.

Due Year <u>Ending June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u> Interest</u>	Total
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025-2029 2030-2033	\$ 567 567 567 567 567 2,835 2,835 2,268	\$	\$ 567 567 567 567 567 2,835 2,835 2,268
Total	\$ 10,773	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 10,773</u>

During the year ended June 30, the following changes occurred in certain long-term liabilities reported in the Enterprise Fund:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences payable	\$ 5,668	<u>\$ 468</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 6,136	<u>\$</u>

The liability will be paid out of the Water Fund.

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Governmental-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	_Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Land	\$ 61,242	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 61,242
Total capital assets not being depreciated	61,242	=		61,242
Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Furniture & fixtures	1,193,027 5,792,326 394,998 703,696 24,589	148,200	16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	1,193,027 5,940,526 394,998 703,696 24,589
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated	8,108,636	148,200		8,256,836
depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Infrastructure Vehicles Equipment Furniture & Fixtures	(318,654) (2,578,651) (356,012) (621,814) (23,273)	(42,898) (397,240) (15,995) (24,737) (439)	E - 6369 - 1	(361,552) (2,975,891) (372,007) (646,551) (23,712)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,898,404</u>)	<u>(481,309</u>)		(4,379,713)
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,210,232	(333,109)	<u>-</u>	3,877,123
Net capital assets	\$ 4,271,474	<u>\$ (333,109</u>)	<u>-</u>	\$ 3,938,365

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Business-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>June 30, 2014</u>
Land	\$ 165,039	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 165,039
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>165,039</u>			165,039
Land improvements Buildings Plant Vehicles Equipment	84,869 3,500,625 62,756 95,543	33,338	17 17 18	84,869 3,533,963 62,756 95,543
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,743,793	33,338		3,777,131
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,494,122)	(5,977)		(2,500,099)
Net capital assets	\$ 1,414,710	<u>\$ 27,361</u>	\$ -	\$ 1,442,071

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. <u>DEPOSITS HELD FOR OTHERS, ENTERPRISE FUND</u>

Deposits in the Water Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund consist of the following:

Hydrant Meter deposits

\$ 17,325

Water meter deposits are charged to new customers and consist of the following:

Residential properties Commercial properties \$ 150 \$ 150

8. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

<u>Revenues</u>	General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	DWI Funds	State Highway Fund
Accrual basis Budget basis Increase (decrease) in receivables	\$270,788 260,193 \$ 10,595	\$ 71,538 71,538 \$ -	\$ 92,604 92,519 \$ 85	\$ 200,000 200,000 \$ -
Expenditures				
Accrual basis Budget basis Capital outlay	\$245,472 245,472	\$ 57,190 57,190	\$ 100,007 100,007	\$ 35,732 35,732
Increase (decrease) in payables	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>Revenues</u> In	Street mprovements MAP-903	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	Proprietary Fund
Accrual basis Budget basis	\$ - -	\$ 3,813 5,188	\$ 94,106 94,106	\$ 155,279 271,431
Increase (decrease) in receivables	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (1,375</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 116,152</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Accrual basis Budget basis Depreciation Capital assets purchased Difference in Compensated absences	\$ 18,363 18,363	\$ 3,151 3,151	\$ 94,106 110,467	\$ 159,503 186,964 (5,977) 33,339 (468)
Increase (decrease) in payables	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (16,361)	<u>\$ (567)</u>

9. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all of Village of Reserve's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Board (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their gross salary. The Village of Reserve is required to contribute 7% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village of Reserve are established in Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of legislature. The Village of Reserve contributions to PERA for the year ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$ 14,175, \$10,756 and \$24,302 respectively equal to the amount of the required contributions for the year.

10. RETIREE HEALTH CARE ACT CONTRIBUTIONS

Plan Description: The Village of Reserve contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which the event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy: The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participating fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website www.nmrhcs.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. The statute requires each participating employer to contribute 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee is required to contribute .65% of their salary. Employers joining the program after 1/1/98 are also required to make a surplus amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012. The Village of Reserve remitted \$3,712, \$3,045 and \$4,775 in employer contributions, respectively, to the Retiree Health Care Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

11. <u>FUND BALANCES CLASSIFIED</u>

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented here.

Fund Balances	General Pund	Fire Protection <u>Fund</u>	DWI Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Street Improvement <u>Fund</u>	other Governmental Fund	Totals
Nonspendable: Interfund loans Inventory	\$ -	\$.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
Total nonspendable							
Restricted for: Road improvements Fire protection Law enforcement Lodger's tax Los Jovenes		75,162	(8,300)	164,268	81,584	10,895	245,852 75,162 (8,300) 10,895
Debt service	34,330	- 25	- 0	1.50	<u> </u>	1,046	1,046 34,330
Total restricted	34,330	75,162	(8,300)	164,268	<u>81,5</u> 84	11,941	358,985
Committed to: Other purposes							
Total committed						<u> </u>	
Unassigned:	3,594					<u> </u>	3,594
Total Fund Balances	\$ 37,927	\$ 75,162	\$(8,300)	\$ 164,268	\$ 81,584	\$ 11,941	\$ 362,579

12. BUDGET VIOLATIONS

The General Fund had a budget overrun of \$33,378.

13 PENSION LIABILITY

Agencies that contribute to pensions subject to GASB 68 must include a pension liability in the financial statements beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 audit report. At this time the Public Employee Retirement Board is a Statewide pension for Public Employees that will fall under the requirements of GASB 68. This liability and the total amount needed to be reported are unknown at this time.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS BUDGETS

Street Improvements MAP-904 Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures = Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
State sources	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$	
Total revenues	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ -	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 35,732	\$ 164,268	
Total expenditures	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 35,732	\$ 164,268	

Street Improvements MAP-903 Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
State sources	\$		\$	- 2	\$	2	\$	2
Earnings on investments	-	- 8	-				19-3-	
Total revenues	\$	星	\$	-	<u>\$</u>		\$	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	\$	99,947	\$	99,947	\$	18,363	\$	81,584
Total expenditures	\$	99,947	\$	99,947	\$	18,363	\$	81,584
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	99,947	\$	99,947				

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2014

	R	special sevenue Funds	Pro	ital ject nds	Totals		
ASSETS							
Cash on deposit	\$	11,337	\$	-	\$	11,337	
Accounts receivable		604	-	- 3		604	
Total assets	\$	11,941	\$	<u> </u>	\$	11,941	
LIABILITIES							
Due to other funds	\$)#3	\$	S	\$	-	
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable		-		8		-	
Restricted		11,941		2		11,941	
Committed		=1		-		72	
Unassigned		-		- 2	-		
Total fund balance		11,941				11,941	
Total liabilities							
and fund balance	\$	11,941	\$	æ	\$	11,941	

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Re	oecial evenue Funds	P	apital roject Funds	Total	
REVENUES						
Lodger's taxes	\$	3,813	\$	22	\$	3,813
Gas taxes		140		:2	•	
Cigarette taxes		(*)				9
Charges for services		-		100		-
Licenses and permits		81		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		14		=		-
Local sources		-		52		츻
State sources		-		94,106		94,106
Federal sources		-				=
State shared taxes		-				_
Earnings on investments	_				_	
Total revenues		3,813	30	94,106		97,919
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		-		10		
Highways and streets				沒		3
Public safety		-				
Culture and recreation		3,151		98		3,151
Capital outlay			<u> </u>	94,106	-	94,106
Total expenditures		3,151	<u>. </u>	94,106		97,257
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		662		12		662
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		£35		-		-
Transfer out		227		1.7		-
Loan proceeds			-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	-	
Net change in fund balance		662		(*)		662
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,279	_			11,279
Fund balance at end of year	ş	11,941	\$	-	\$	11,941

Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Governmental Fund Types - Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								-	
Taxes	\$	2	\$	-	\$	*	\$	-	
Lodgers tax		4,500		4,500		5,188		688	
Charges for services		-		-		-		_	
Licenses and permits				4		2		-	
Fines and forfeitures		2		<u> </u>		=		-	
Local sources		5		*		-		_	
State sources		35		*		94		-	
Federal sources		194		-		_		27	
State shared taxes		-		Ş:		<u> </u>			
Earnings from investments			-						
Total revenues	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	5,188	\$	688	
EXPENDITURES									
General government	\$		\$	€	\$	-	\$		
Highways and streets		47		-		5-6	·	_	
Public safety		59		=				-	
Culture and recreation		6,200		6,200		3,151		3,049	
Total expenditures	\$	6,200	\$	6,200	\$	3,151	\$	3,049	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	3,200	\$	3,200					

Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Capital Projects Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
State sources	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	94,106	\$	(85,894)
Federal sources				50		24		-
Earnings on investments		<u> </u>	-			54	-	
Total revenues	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	94,106	\$	(85,894)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	\$	180,000	\$	196,361	\$	110,467	\$	85,894
Total expenditures	\$	180,000	\$	196,361	\$	110,467	<u>\$</u>	85,894
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	16,361				

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

LOS JOVENES - To account for resources received from donations and fundraisers to support programs for the Youth of the Village. Authority is the Village Council.

LODGERS TAX FUND - To account for the administration of the Village promotional effort. Funds are derived from a lodger's tax imposed on motel rentals. (Authority is NMSA 3-38-13).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

	Los Jovenes Fund			odgers Tax Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash on deposit	\$	1,046	\$	10,291	\$	11,337
Accounts receivable		<u>-</u>	-	604		<u>604</u>
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,046	\$	10,895	\$	11,941
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	-
Total Liabilities		<u> </u>	_	E		
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted		1,046	=	10,895		11,941
Total fund balance	\$	1,046	\$	10,895	\$	11,941

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Los Jovenes Fund	Lodger's Tax Fund	Total Funds		
REVENUES					
Lodgers Tax	\$	\$ 3,813	\$ 3,813		
Charges for services	33	151	55		
Local sources	皇	174	1993		
State sources		2	171		
Federal sources	-	===			
Earnings on investments					
Total revenues	<u>-</u> :	3,813	3,813		
			3,613		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-		1947		
Highways and streets	===	E .			
Public safety	<u> </u>		5-T-1		
Culture and recreation	3,151	<u> </u>	3,151		
Capital outlay	£		3,131		
•					
Total expenditures	3,151	-	3,151		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(3,151)	3,813	662		
					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	2	22			
Transfers out	2		- 2		
Total other finance	ing				
sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balance	(3,151)	3,813	662		
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,197	7,082	11,279		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,046	\$ 10,895	\$ 11,941		

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Los Jovenes Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	165	\$	-
Earnings from investments			_		-			
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	\$	3,151	\$	49
Total expenditures	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	\$	3,151	\$	49
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	3,200	\$	3,200				

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Lodgers Tax Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Act	ual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Lodger's tax	\$ 4	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	5,188	\$	688
Total revenues	\$	4,500	\$	4,500	\$	5,188	\$	688
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation	\$:	3,000	\$	3,000	\$. 	\$	3,000
Total expenditures	\$:	3,000	\$	3,000	\$		\$	3,000
REVENUES								
Budgetary Basis (Decrease) in accounts red	ceivable				\$	5,188 (1,375)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	3,813		

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

STATE COOP GRANT FUND - To account for resources received to develop, design, construct and reconstruct drainage improvements of Village streets. Funding is from NMSHTD Cooperative Agreement.

TPE (TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENTS) FUND - To account for resources received to construct sidewalks/bikeways within the Village limits. Funding is from NMSHTD Cooperative Agreement.

Statement C-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE Non-Major Capital Projects Fund Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2014

	Sta Coop G Fur	rant	TPE ^r und	C	Total apital Project Funds
ASSETS					
Cash on deposit	\$		\$ =	\$	
Total assets	\$	_	\$ 	\$	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$	
Total liabilities		<u>05</u> (
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		858			曼
Unassigned		(6)	 563	/	ž.
Total fund balance			 -		
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	-

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF RESERVE NON-Major Capital Projects Fund

Non-Major Capital Projects Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2013

Statement C-2

REVENUES	Sta Coop Fu	Grant		TPE Fund	Total Capital Project Fund	
Charges for services	\$		•		_	
Local sources	Þ	-	ş	-	\$	-
State sources		=======================================		-		-
Federal sources		23		94,106		94,106
Earnings on investments					· -	
Total revenues	£			94,106		94,106
EXPENDITURES						
General government		-		9		-
Capital outlay				94,106		94,106
Total expenditures	-	*		94,106		94,106
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures			_	-	-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		8		-		2
Transfers out		*		90		(2)
Loan proceeds		*		-	_	
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	-	-			_	
Net change in fund balance	-		_	=======	=	
Fund balance, beginning of year		¥		9		7.
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$		\$	5

Non-Major Capital Projects Fund - State Coop Grant Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2014

		inal Final get Budget		A	ctual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES								
State sources	\$	88	\$	3	\$	(4)	\$	÷
Federal sources		**		-		100		*
Earnings on investments					_			= =
Total revenues	\$	-	\$		\$	(e	\$	
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	\$		\$	16,361	\$	16,361	\$	-
Total expenditures	\$		\$	16,361	\$	16,361	\$	
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	-	\$	16,361				
EXPENDITURES								
Budgetary basis					\$	16,361		
(Decrease) in accounts payable						(16,361)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	-		

Non-Major Capital Projects Fund - TPE Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES									
State sources Federal sources	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	94,106	\$	(85,894) -	
Earnings on investments	-				_		_	-	
Total revenues	\$	180,000	<u>\$</u>	180,000	\$	94,106	\$	(85,894)	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	94,106	\$	85,894	
Total expenditures	<u>\$</u>	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	94,106	\$	85,894	



Proprietary Funds - Water Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES Charges for services State shared taxes Local sources	\$	77,000	\$	77,000	\$	82,084 2,323	\$	5,084 2,323
State sources Federal sources Interest income		(A) (A)	-	51 22 53				(5) (2) (2)
Total revenues	\$	77,000	\$	77,000	\$	84,407	\$	7,407
EXPENDITURES								
Operating expenses	\$	78,000	\$	78,000	\$	77,428	\$	572
Total expenditures	\$	78,000	\$	78,000	\$	77,428	<u>\$</u>	572
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	1,000	\$	1,000				
REVENUES								
Budgetary basis Accounts receivable					\$	84,407		
Modified accrual basis					\$	84,448		
EXPENDITURES								
Budgetary basis Depreciation Capital assets purchased Accounts payable Compensated absences					\$	77,428 - - - 468		
Modified accrual basis					\$	77,896		

Proprietary Funds - Sewer Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	50,300	\$	50,300	\$	54,950	\$	4,650
State shared taxes		2,150		2,150		2:		(2,150)
Local sources		2,500		2,500		-		(2,500)
State sources		-		-		-		-
Federal sources				-		- 2		
Interest income			-				-	- 14
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	54,950	\$	54,950	\$	54,950	\$	
EXPENDITURES								
Operating expenses	\$	76,000	\$	76,000	\$	75,630	\$	370
Total expenditures	\$	76,000	\$	76,000	\$	75,630	\$	370
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer in	\$	15,800	\$	15,800	\$		\$	15,800
REVENUES								
Budgetary basis					\$	54,950		
Accounts receivable					<u>-</u>	(94)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	54,856		
EXPENDITURES								
Budgetary basis					\$	75,630		
Depreciation						*		
Capital assets purchased						-		
Difference in accounts payable					_			
Modified accrual basis					\$	75,630		

Proprietary Funds - Second Well Project Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	029	\$	57.5	
State shared taxes				I.E.		-		2.0	
Local sources		2		(a)		-		520	
State sources				- 4				140	
Federal sources		1,650,000		1,650,000		132,074		(1,517,926)	
Interest income		<u> </u>			-	:(4		-	
Total revenues	\$	1,650,000	\$	1,650,000	\$	132,074	\$	(1,517,926)	
EXPENDITURES									
Operating expenses	\$	1,650,000	\$	1,650,000	\$	33,339	\$	1,616,661	
Total expenditures	\$	1,650,000	\$	1,650,000	\$	33,339	\$	1,616,661	
REVENUES									
Budgetary basis					\$	132,074			
Accounts receivable						(116,099)			
Modified accrual basis					\$	15,975			
EXPENDITURES									
Budgetary basis					\$	33,339			
Depreciation					-	5,977			
Capital assets purchased						(33,339)			
Difference in accounts payable					_				
Modified accrual basis					\$	5,977			

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
11805 Menaul NE
Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Tim Keller
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Reserve
Reserve, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General, Fire Projection and DWI Funds of the Village of Reserve, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Reserve's basic financial statements, and the related budgetary comparisons of the Major Capital Project Funds and enterprise funds, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated July 2, 2015

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Reserve's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less sever than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that were considered to be a material weakness. We did identify deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Status of Comments as Late Audit Report (2010-004), Meter Deposit Bank Account (2013-001), Capital Asset Listing/Depreciation Schedule (2013-018), Gross Receipts Tax Reports not Filed (2013-022), NM Withholding (CRS-1) Reports not Submitted Timely (2013-027), Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030), Payments to Board Members (2013-031), Consulting Services Contract (2014-002), Reserves Required (2014-003), Incorrect 941 Reports (2014-004), and Payroll/Payables in System not Being Cleared Out (2014-005), and PERA Contribution Calculated Incorrectly (2014-006) that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

<u>Compliance and Other Matters</u>

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Reserve's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our and the other auditors tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the Status of Comments as Budget Overruns (2008-001), Late Audit Report (2010-004), DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect (2011-002), Water Meter Deposits (2013-002), Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record (2013-003), Receipt Books (2013-006), Grant Funds Suspended Due to Late Audit Report (2013-008), Budget for Non-Existant Fund (2013-011), Aged Receivable Report not Reconciling to any other Financial Statements (2013-017), Depreciation Policy (2013-019), Purchase Orders Required (2013-020), Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest (2013-021), New Hire Reporting (2013-026), NM Withholding (CRS-1) Reports not Submitted Timely (2013-027), Incorrect 1099 Forms (2013-028), Fire Chief Contract (2013-029), Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030), Payments to Board Members (2013-031), Contract for Grant Administrator (2013-032), Incorrect W-3 Filed (2014-001), Reserves Required (2014-003) and Incorrect 941 Reports (2014-004).

The Village of Reserve's Response to Findings

The Village of Reserve's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Status of Comments. The Village of Reserve's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standarts* in considering the Village of Reserve's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for the any other purpose.

Do assert, and

Albuquerque, New Mexico July 2, 2015

STATUS OF COMMENTS

Prior Year Audit Findings

- 1 Budget Overruns (2008-001) Repeated.
- 2. Late Audit Report (2010-004) Repeated.
- 3. Grant Reporting (2011-001) Resolved.
- 4. DFA Quarterly Reports Incorrect (2011-002) Repeated.
- 5. Meter Deposit Bank Account (2013-001) Repeated.
- 6. Water Meter Deposits (2013-002) Repeated.
- 7. Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record (2013-003) Repeated.
- 8. Interfund Activity Created Incorrectly (2013-004) Resolved.
- 9. Second Well Project Fund Reported Incorrectly (2013-005) Resolved.
- 10 Receipt Books (2013-006) Repeated.
- 11. Grant Balances not Utilized (2013-007) Resolved.
- 12. Grant Funds Suspended Due to Late Audit Report (2013-008) Repeated.
- 13. Overpayment Made (2013-009) Resolved.
- 14. Outstanding Utility Balance (2013-010) Resolved.
- 15. Budget for Non-Existent Fund (2013-011) Repeated.
- 16. Back Dating Checks (2013-012) Resolved.
- 17. Savings Bonds Included in Wrong Fund (2013-013) Resolved.
- 18. Lending of Fire Revenues Violates the State Fire Marshall Statutes (2013-014) Resolved.
- 19. Outstanding Balances (2013-015) Resolved.
- 20. Outstanding Lodger's Tax Receivables (2013-016) Resolved.
- 21. Aged Receivables Report not Reconciling to any other Financial Statements (2013-017) Repeated.

Prior Year Audit Findings (Continued)

- 22. Capital Asset Listing/Depreciation Schedule (2013-018) = Repeated.
- 23. Depreciation Policy (2013-019) Repeated.
- 24. Purchase Orders Required (2013-020) Repeated.
- 25. Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest (2013-021) Repeated.
- 26. Gross Receipts Tax Reports Not Filed (2013-022) Repeated.
- 27. Landscaping Services Contract (2013-023) Resolved.
- 28. Evaluation of Youth Center (2013-024) Resolved.
- 29. IRS 941 Reports not on File for Review (2013-025) Resolved.
- 30. New Hire Reporting (2013-026) Repeated.
- 31. NM Withholding (CRS-1) Reports not Submitted Timely (2013-027) Repeated.
- 32. Incorrect 1099 Forms (2013-028) Repeated.
- 33. Fire Chief Contract (2013-029) Repeated.
- 34. Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor (2013-030) Repeated.
- 35. Payments to Board Members (2013-031) Repeated.
- 36. Contract for Grant Administrator (2013-032) Resolved.
- 37. Lodger's Tax Fund (2013-033) Resolved.

Current Year Audit Findings

- 1. Incorrect W-3 Filed (2014-001)
- 2. Consulting Services Contract (2014-002)
- 3. Reserves Required (2014-003)
- 4. Incorrect 941 Reports (2014-004)
- 5. Payroll/Payables in System not Being Cleared Out (2014-005)
- 6. PERA Contributions Calculated Incorrectly (2014-006)
- 7. Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals (2014-007)

<u>Budget Overruns - Other Matter</u> (2008-001)

CONDITION The Village overspent the final approved

budgets of the General Fund by \$33,378.

CRITERIA NMSA 1978 Section 22-8-11 B requires all funds

to be spent within the established guidelines

set for budgets.

CAUSE Management did not ensure budget adjustment

requests were obtained from DFA by the

required deadline.

EFFECT The Village had the adequate cash to pay the

overruns but not the required budget authority

from DFA.

RECOMMENDATION Management should review its budget quarterly

and request all budget adjustments at that time to ensure budget overruns do not occur.

RESPONSE Management will review its budget periodically

to ensure budget overruns do not occur

<u>Late Audit Report - Significant Deficiency</u> (2010-004)

CONDITION The audit report was not submitted to the

State Auditors Office by the required deadline

of December 1, 2014.

CRITERIA The State Audit Rule requires all Municipal

audits to be submitted by the December 1

deadline.

CAUSE Previous audits were submitted late. Also,

there was a change in management which created a problem obtaining required documents to

perform the 2013 fiscal year audit.

EFFECT The SAO Rule has not been followed.

Subsequently the Village has been included in "At Risk" lists created by the State Auditors

Office.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should help obtain current audits

so as not to violate SAO Rules or be included

in "At Risk" designation.

RESPONSE The Village fully intends to have its 2015

audit and future audits completed on time.

<u>Other Matter</u> (2011-002)

CONDITION The Quarterly DFA reports submitted could not

be reconciled to the books of record. A DFA Specialist had to come to the Village and help

prepare those reports.

CRITERIA Village Management should be knowledgeable and

capable of preparing all required reports necessary to the Village's day to day

operations.

CAUSE Management at the time did not possess the

knowledge and capabilities to prepare the

quarterly reports.

EFFECT DFA regulations/requirements were not

followed.

RECOMMENDATION Current Management is obtaining the required

knowledge to prepare these reports.

RESPONSE Current staff now has the experience and

knowledge to complete the quarterly reporting. Quarterly reports are now caught up and on

time.

Meter Deposit Bank Account - Significant Deficiency (2013-001)

CONDITION	The Willage	is including	r meter der	posit receipts
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in the General Fund cash balance which is owed to Village residents. This balance is being

budgeted for in the yearly budget by DFA.

CRITERIA All meter deposits are owed to the residents

that paid that deposit. These amounts should be kept separate to ensure the funds are available to be paid and not budgeted for.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this requirement.

EFFECT DFA could possibly include this amount in the

budget process incorrectly.

RECOMMENDATION Management should move these monies into a

separate account to ensure the funds are available for payment and not budgeted for .

RESPONSE The Village will determine deposit funds and

not include them amongst budgeted funds

Water Meter Deposits - Other Matter (2013-002)

CONDITION The Village is not reconciling their monthly

water meter deposit each month.

CRITERIA The monthly meter deposit list should be

reconciled each month. This complies with

good accounting practices.

CAUSE Management is aware of this situation but has

not completed an accurate meter deposit.

EFFECT Errors or omissions could occur since an

accurate list is not being prepared monthly.

RECOMMENDATION Management should designate an employee to

perform this duty each month, identify differences and resolve those differences.

RESPONSE The Village will put this practice into

effect.

Transactions Made by Third Parties Not Recorded on Books of Record - Other Matter (2013-003)

CONDITION	Funds l	held	at	New	Mexico	Finance	Authority	7
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were never recorded on the Village's books of record. These included cash balances, interest earned and debt service payments. (\$163,572)

CRITERIA All transactions whether actually made by

management or outside parties needs to be posted/recorded to the entity's books of

record.

CAUSE Management did not ensure these transactions

were booked.

EFFECT Cash balances, debt service payments and

interest income were understated on the Village's books of record. Adjustments had to be made to adjust certain trial balances so

these amounts were included.

RECOMMENDATION Management should ensure all amounts/

transactions are posted/recorded to the

entity's books of record.

RESPONSE The Village will put this practice into

effect.

Receipt Books - Other Matter (2013-006)

CONDITION The Village is not using receipt books to

collect all revenues received.

CRITERIA The Codification of Statements on Auditing

Standards (SAS AU) paragraph 110.03 states that management is responsible for maintaining internal control that will, among other things, initiate, authorize, record, process and report transactions (as well as events and conditions) consistent with managements assertions embodied in the financial

statements.

CAUSE Management was unaware of this procedure:

EFFECT Management is not ensuring proper internal

control procedures are being used.

RECOMMENDATION Management should start using receipt books as

soon as possible.

RESPONSE The Village will put this practice into

effect.

Grant Funds Suspended Due to Late Audit Report Other Matter (2013-008)

CONDITION The New Mexico State DWI Grant Council

suspended grant awards to the Village as of May 8, 2014 because the Village was included

on the State Auditors "At-Risk" list.

CRITERIA The State Auditor provides an "At-Risk" list

to all entities that are late with their

annual audit.

CAUSE A changeover in Management and of the Board

has occurred during the year.

EFFECT All DWI funds are to be administered through

the County at this time.

RECOMMENDATION Management needs to ensure that all future

audit reports are submitted timely.

RESPONSE The Village fully intends to have its 2015

audit and future audits completed on time.

Budget for Non-Existant Fund - Other Matter (2013-011)

CONDITION DFA and prior Management are preparing a

budget for Municipal Fund that the Village does not maintain. All Gas proceeds are included in the General Fund. The inclusion of these revenues in the General Fund does not

violate any DFA regulations.

CRITERIA DFA and Management should prepare, use and

maintain budgets for only those Funds actually

being used by the Village.

CAUSE Prior Management nor DFA were aware of this

situtation.

EFFECT Management and DFA are budgeting a non-

existent fund.

RECOMMENDATION DFA and Management should stop budgeting a

Municipal Street Fund.

RESPONSE The Village will not budget a Municipal Street

Fund in the future.

Aged Receivables Report not Reconciling to any other Financial Statements - Other Matter

(2013-017)

CONDITION The Aged Accounts Receivable Report does not

agree to the Billings Report each month.

CRITERIA The Village books of records need to agree and

be complete so as to provide accurate

information to the Board and Management.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this situation.

EFFECT Accounts receivable are \$334 less than the

Aged Accounts Receivable Report for June,

2013.

RECOMMENDATION Management should investigate this difference

with the Software provider to ensure the Utility Software is being utilized correctly.

RESPONSE The utility billing software that the Village

uses remains difficult for the staff to fully understand. Staff continues to learn and will

keep this issue in mind.

<u>Capital Asset Listing/Depreciation Schedule - Significant Deficiency</u>

(2013 - 018)

CONDITION The Village could not provide a complete

Capital Asset Listing and Depreciation Schedule for the fiscal year ending June 30,

2013.

CRITERIA A complete clear capital asset listing

segregated by fund by major class needs to be prepared annually. A depreciation schedule should be maintained. The depreciation schedule should be separated by each major class of asset to comply with GASB 34.177a. Also, a depreciation schedule is required to

comply with 2.20.1.12 NMAC.

CAUSE Management of the Village are relying on the

auditors to prepare this schedule.

EFFECT Management is not complying with Generally

Accepted Accounting Principles

RECOMMENDATION Management should update and complete their

capital asset list including depreciation

based on the policy approved by the Board.

RESPONSE The Village will put this practice into

effect.

<u>Depreciation Policy - Other Matter</u> (2013-019)

CONDITION The Village has not approved a depreciation

policy so depreciation can be charged to capital assets according to Board approval.

CRITERIA The Village needs a depreciation policy so

capital assets can be depreciated according to Board policy. This is due to the

implementation of GASB 34.

CAUSE The Village has not approved a policy for

management to follow.

EFFECT Depreciation may be charged incorrectly

because no set policy is in place.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should approve a policy as soon as

possible. Management should then implement

that policy as soon as possible.

RESPONSE The Village will create a Depreciation Policy.

<u>Purchase Orders Required - Other Matter</u> (2013-020)

CONDITION The Village is not using Purchase Orders for

all purchases made.

CRITERIA DFA regulations require a purchase order to

initiate a purchase. This document is used to ensure the Village not only has budget or budget authority but cash to purchase the item. This document is also used to provide guidance as to which fund and account can and

will be used.

CAUSE Management was not aware of this requirement.

EFFECT DFA regulations are not being followed.

RECOMMENDATION Purchase orders should be used as soon as

possible.

RESPONSE The Village will put this practice into

effect_:

<u>Gross Receipts Tax Penalties and Interest - Other Matter</u> (2013-021)

CONDITION The Village is being charged \$483 in penalties

and interest for late filing of July and August 2013 CRS-1's for Gross Receipts Taxes. These CRS-1 reports were not filed until March

2015

CRITERIA All CRS-1 reports are due by the 25th of the

following month.

CAUSE A change in Management occurred.

EFFECT The Village paid \$483 in penalties and

interest that were not budgeted for and would not be required if the reports were submitted

timely.

RECOMMENDATION All future CRS-1 reports should be filed

timely to avoid all penalties and interest

charges.

RESPONSE Current staff was unaware and untrained for

these responsibilities but they are aware and able now. CRS reports and payments were caught up midway through FY 2015. They will

remain on time from now on.

Gross Receipts Tax Reports not Filed Significant Deficiency

(2013 - 022)

CONDITION Management did not file their July and August

2013 CRS-1 reports until May 2015. Thus, creating a situation where \$483 in penalties

and interest was charged.

CRITERIA All CRS-1 reports are due by the 25th of the

following month.

CAUSE A change in Management occurred.

EFFECT Penalties and interest will be charged that

are not budgeted for and would not be required

if the reports were submitted timely.

RECOMMENDATION All future CRS-1 reports should be filed

timely to avoid penalties and interest

charges.

RESPONSE Current staff was unaware and untrained for

these responsibilities but they are aware and able now. CRS reports and payments were caught up midway through FY 2015. They will

remain on time from now on.

New Hire Reporting - Other Matter (2013-026)

CONDITION The Village did not properly report newly

hired employees to a State directory within 20

days of their hire date.

CRITERIA New Mexico law (50-13-1 to 50-13-4 NMSA) and

the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) of 1996, 42. U.S.C. 653A, requires all employers to report newly hired employees to a State

directory within 20 days of their hire.

CAUSE Management did not know of this requirement.

EFFECT The Village did not comply with New Mexico

State Statute 50-13-1 or the PRWORA of 1996.

RECOMMENDATION The Village is now complying with this law,

however, management should have a system in place to ensure all future reports are

submitted on time.

RESPONSE The Village has put this practice into effect.

NM Withholding (CRS-1) Reports not Submitted Timely -Significant Deficiency

(2013 - 027)

CONDITION The Village is being charged \$46 for filing

CRS-1s late.

CRITERIA All CRS-1 reports are due by the 25th of the

following month.

CAUSE A change in Management occurred.

EFFECT Penalties and interest will be charged that

are not budgeted for and would not be required

if the reports were submitted timely.

RECOMMENDATION All future CRS-1 reports should be filed

timely to avoid penalties and interest

charges.

RESPONSE Current staff was unaware and untrained for

these responsibilities but they are aware and able now. CRS reports and payments were caught up midway through FY 2015. They will

remain on time from now on.

<u>Incorrect 1099 Forms - Other Matter</u> (2013-028)

CONDITION Management did not file any IRS 1099 Forms for

the calendar year 2014.

CRITERIA IRS 1099-MISC form regulations require

services (to be included on the 1099 form (if

over \$600).

CAUSE Management was not aware of this requirement.

EFFECT IRS 1099-MISC Form regulations were not

followed.

RECOMMENDATION All 1099 Forms should be prepared according to

IRS regulations.

RESPONSE The Village has put this practice into effect.

Ordinance for Compensation of Mayor -Significant Deficiency (2013-030)

CONDITION	The	Village	Ordinance	(2004-02)	providing
			1 1 1 34		

compensation to the Mayor is old and does not reflect the amount currently being paid. The Ordinance states \$100 will be paid, however on June 19, 2007 the Board voted to provide \$250 to the Mayor without updating the Ordinance.

CRITERIA According to the NM Constitution Article IV

Section 27 "No law shall be enacted to increase the compensation of any officer during his/her term of office." Thus, a sitting Mayor or Council Member cannot pass a vote to increase (or diminish) their current

compensation

CAUSE Prior Management was not aware of this

requirement. The previous auditors did not review this requirement and make a comment bringing it to the attention of the Board in

previous years.

EFFECT The Mayor is not being paid according to the

approved Ordinance.

RECOMMENDATION The Board needs to update and approve a new

Ordinance.

RESPONSE The Village will review and amend its

ordinance regarding Mayor and Council pay.

Payments to Board Members Significant Deficiency (2013-031)

CONDITION	Management	of	the	Village	paid	the	five	Board
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Members and the Fire Chief on a 1099 Form.

CRITERIA IRC 3401 (c) states that an officer, employee,

or elected official of a State or local government is an employee for income tax

withholding purposes.

CAUSE Management was not correctly withholding on

payments made to these employees.

EFFECT The Village is not only subject to pay the

employers portion of the taxes but the

employees portion as well.

RECOMMENDATION Management of the Village should start paying

these individuals as employees as soon

possible.

RESPONSE The Village will review and amend its

ordinance regarding Mayor and Council pay.

<u>Incorrect W-3 Filed - Other Matter</u> (2014-001)

CONDITION The W-3 (and W-2's) filed for the 2013

calendar year did not agree to the taxes reported on the 941 (IRS) reports. (Off by

\$53)

CRITERIA The W-3 (and W-2s) should be reconciled and

agree to the four 941 (IRS) reports before being submitted to the Social Security

Administration.

CAUSE Management did not ensure that this procedure

was completed before the W-3 (and W-2s) were submitted to the Social Security

Administration.

EFFECT The Village will be receiving notices from the

IRS for underpayment of the taxes.

RECOMMENDATION The 941's or W-3 (W-2s) should be amended

immediately and resubmitted to ensure the Village limits the amount of penalties and

interest charged.

RESPONSE The Village is investigating this matter.

Payroll is currently being outsourced to a

payroll service.

<u>Consulting Services Contract - Significant Deficiency</u> (2014-002)

CONDITION

The Village entered into an agreement with a consultant and did not require a contract agreed to by both parties stating the payment terms, cap requirement and length of the contract.

CRITERIA

A contract should be obtained for all contract services so that both parties can agree in writing to all aspects of the terms of the services (arrangement).

CAUSE

The Council did not ensure this contract was obtained. The consultant at the time was acting in the capacity of the Village Clerk. Thus, no clerk to ensure a contract was obtained.

EFFECT

Services were provided with no clear statement as to what those services should be, how they would be paid and when they would be paid.

RECOMMENDATION

A contract should be obtained for all services provided so both parties can agree to all terms of the arrangement.

RESPONSE

This consultant is no longer providing services to the Village. The Village will be cautious to enter into any future such agreement without a proper contract.

Reserves Required - Significant Deficiency (2014-003)

CONDITION Management is not complying with the Reserve

requirements set forth by the New Mexico

Finance Authority.

CRITERIA Management is required to establish and fund a

monthly debt service reserve equal to 10% of the monthly payment each month over the life of the Treatment Plant loan until the Village accumulates one annual installment. This reserve is required to establish an emergency fund for emergency maintenance and repairs and debt repayment. Ten percent of the proposed loan installment is \$467/month for a total of \$45,000. Also, a replacement reserve needs to

be established in the amount of \$103,000.

CAUSE The Village does not currently have the monies

to fund these required reserves.

EFFECT The Village is not complying with loan

regulations.

RECOMMENDATION The Village should fund these reserves as soon

as possible.

RESPONSE As the Village climbs out of financial

hardship, it will begin to establish these reserves as soon as possible. A rate increase

in water/wastewater services is imminent.

<u>Incorrect 941 (IRS) Reports - Significant Deficiency</u> (2014-004)

CONDITION The payroll records reported \$3,220 more than

what was reported and paid to the IRS on the

941 payroll tax reports.

CRITERIA The payroll reports need to agree to the

amounts reported and paid to the IRS for

federal withholding and medicare taxes.

CAUSE Management did not review these reports to

ensure the amounts reported to the IRS were

correct.

EFFECT The 941 reports are short by \$3,220 so the

Village will receive interest and penalty

charges for underpayment.

RECOMMENDATION The Village needs to amend and resubmit these

reports as soon as possible.

RESPONSE The Village is investigating this matter.

Payroll is currently being outsourced to a

payroll service.

Payroll/Payables in System not Being Cleared Out - Significant Deficiency

(2014-005)

CONDITION The books of record for the Village show

payroll liabilities and other payables that are incorrect and need to be adjusted so they

are not carried forward each year.

CRITERIA Each month the payroll liabilities and other

payables need to be adjusted or reversed when

paid.

CAUSE Management of the Village has not been trained

on how to reverse or adjust these amounts.

EFFECT The Village books and records are not being

reported correctly.

RECOMMENDATION The Village needs to have management trained

in this area so the books and records will be

accurate.

RESPONSE The Village staff is pursuing training from

DFA and Quickbooks in order to correct this

matter.

PERA Contributions Calculated Incorrectly -Significant Deficiency (2014-006)

CONDITION The Village's H

The Village's PERA Contributions were calculated incorrectly. The employer portion was overpaid in the amount of \$2,672 and employee portion was underpaid in the amount

of \$715.

CRITERIA The PERA contribution rates for the fiscal

year for employer portion is 7%, employees with earnings under \$20,000 annually is 7% and employees earning over \$20,000 annually is

8.5%.

CAUSE Management of the Village did not use the

correct contribution percentage when

calculating PERA deductions.

EFFECT The Village paid PERA contributions

incorrectly.

RECOMMENDATION The Village is currently outsourcing payroll

to a third party. Management needs to ensure that the payroll service is utilizing the correct PERA contribution rates when

calculating the deduction.

RESPONSE The Village will validate correct percentages

are being used by the payroll service's PERA Contribution Reports to ensure the correct

deduction is paid.

<u>Difference in PERA/RHCA Salary Totals</u> - <u>Significant Deficiency</u> (2014-007)

CONDITION The salaries reported for the RHCA

contributions did not match the PERA salaries. The unexplained difference between the two

salaries is \$6,892.

CRITERIA The amounts reported to PERA/RHCA should be

the same for total salaries paid during the

fiscal year.

CAUSE Management of the Village did not ensure the

PERA nor RHCA salary amounts agreed to the total payroll paid for each reporting period.

EFFECT The Village paid the RHCA deductions

incorrectly based on percentages of incorrect

salary amounts.

RECOMMENDATION The Village is currently outsourcing payroll

to a third party. Management needs to ensure that the payroll service is utilizing the correct salary amounts when calculating RHCA

deductions.

RESPONSE The Village will validate correct salaries are

being used by the payroll service's PERA/RHCA Reports to ensure the correct deduction is

paid.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2014 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements chart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 115.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held at the Village on July 2, 2015 to discuss the current audit report. In attendance were Ms. Constance Cordell, Mayor, Ms. Eddilu Brown, Mayor Pro-tem, Mr. Clay Snyder, Council Member, Mr. Wilford Estrada, Council Member, Ms. Hilda Kellar, Council Member and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditor. A properly closed regular session was held.