STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



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STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Official Roster June 30, 2019

CITY COUNCIL

Ted Benavidez	Mayor
Ralph Lopez	Trustee
Herman Gallegos	Trustee
Brian Sandoval	Trustee
Armando Gabaldon	Trustee

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Ramona Quintana	Village Clerk
Jeannette Bowles	Administrative Assistant
Corrine Varela	Utility Clerk/MVD Manager

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Brian S. Colón, ESQ New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico and To the Honorable Mayor and Village Trusties of Village of Pecos Pecos, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds, of the Village of Pecos, New Mexico (the Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and with standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, Issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, and accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Schedules I, II, III IV, and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on pages 64-70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements (Statement A-1 and Statement A-2) and Supporting Schedules V, VI and VII required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC and the Financial Data Schedule, Schedule VIII, which is required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and Supporting Schedules V, VI, VII and VIII, is the responsibility of management and were derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, Supporting Schedules V, VI VII, and VIII are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2019 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Southwest accounting Solutions, LLC

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico November 18, 2019

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government							Component Unit		
		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total	Hous	sing Authority		
Assets										
Current Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	160,184	\$	249,859	\$	410,043	\$	179,407		
Restricted Cash				62,566		62,566		8,152		
Receivables:										
Taxes Receivable		77,823		-		77,823		-		
Customer receivables, net		-		18,106		18,106		5,472		
Prepaid Expenses		2,360		1,430		3,790		-		
Inventory								14,844		
Due from other funds		178,047		-		178,047				
Total current assets		418,414		331,961		750,375		207,875		
Noncurrent assets										
Capital assets		5,583,288		9,944,417		15,527,705		1,627,361		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,854,797)		(2,658,122)		(4,512,919)		(1,199,640)		
Total noncurrent assets		3,728,491		7,286,295		11,014,786		427,721		
Deferred outflows of resources										
Deferred outflows related to pension		103,454		50,955		154,409		-		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		7,056		3,475		10,531		-		
Total deferred outflows		110,510		54,430		164,940		-		
Total assets, and deferred outflows of										
resources	\$	4,257,415	\$	7,672,686	\$	11,930,101	\$	635,596		

	 Pri	Component Unit			
	 vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total	Housing	Authority
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 9,297	\$ 8,788	\$ 18,085	\$	7,042
Accrued salaries and benefits	11,296	5,390	16,686		3,501
Unearned revenue	630		630		
Accrued interest	-	4,507	4,507		-
Loans payable	-	47,272	47,272		-
Compensated absences	11,915	1,965	13,880		880
Due to other funds	 92,778	 85,704	178,482		-
Total current liabilities	 125,916	 153,626	279,542		11,423
Noncurrent liabilities					
Loans payable	-	645,212	645,212		-
Customer deposits	-	10,395	10,395		8,152
Net pension liability	380,819	187,567	568,386		-
Net OPEB liability	191,119	 94,133	285,252		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	 571,938	 937,307	1,509,245		8,152
Total Liabilities	 697,854	 1,090,933	1,788,787		19,575
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred inflows related to pension	17,218	8,481	25,699		-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	 58,301	 28,716	87,017		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 75,519	 37,197	112,716		-
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	3,728,491	6,593,811	10,322,302		427,721
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	-	52,171	52,171		-
Special Revenue	111,671	-	111,671		-
Unrestricted	 (356,120)	 (101,426)	(457,546)	· · — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	188,300
Total net position	 3,484,042	6,544,556	10,028,598		616,021
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and net position	\$ 4,257,415	\$ 7,672,686	\$ 11,930,101	\$	635,596

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions and Programs		Program Revenues								
		Expenses		arges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		-								
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$	818,867	\$	47,771	\$	307,719	\$	-		
Public Safety		255,099		-		109,730		-		
Public Works		56,180		-		-		120,596		
Health and welfare		11,662		-		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		1,141,808		47,771		417,449		120,596		
Business-Type Activities										
Waste Water		312,362		94,558		-		-		
Water		370,169		254,112		-		-		
Total Business-Type Activities		682,531		348,670		-	\$	-		
Total primary government	\$	1,824,339	\$	396,441	\$	417,449	\$	120,596		
Component Unit:										
Housing Authority	\$	229,464	\$	247,687	\$	-		37,885		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes levied for general purposes Gross receipt taxes Gas taxes

Franchise taxes

Interest income

Miscellaneous Income

Subtotal, General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - beginning

Net Position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and									
 F	Prima	Changes in The Governmen		Position	Component Unit				
overnment Activities	Total	Housing Authority							
\$ (463,377) (145,369) 64,416 (11,662)	\$		\$	(463,377) (145,369) 64,416 (11,662)	\$ - - - -				
(555,992)		-		(555,992)	-				
-		(217,804) (116,057)		(217,804) (116,057)	-				
\$ -		(333,861)		(333,861)	\$-				
\$ (555,992)	\$	(333,861)	\$	(889,853)	-				
 -		-			56,108				
14,079 373,054		-		14,079 373,054	-				
16,471		-		16,471	-				
14,568		-		14,568	-				
1,186		207		1,393	88				
 <u>33,113</u> 452,471		30,000		63,113	2,576				
 		30,207		482,678	2,664				
(103,521) 3,587,563		(303,654) 6,848,210		(407,175) 10,435,773	58,772 557,249				
\$ 3,484,042	\$	6,544,556	\$	10,433,773	\$ 616,021				

Not (Ex nso) Povonuo and _ _

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	(General Fund	Pre	Fire otection	Enfe	Law orcement	;	Street
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,256	\$	38,742	\$	20,572	\$	65,455
Taxes receivable		73,349		-		_		3,014
Prepaid expense		2,360		-		-		-
'Due from other funds		156,284		19,307		-		2,456
Total assets	\$	240,249	\$	58,049	\$	20,572	\$	70,925
Liabilities and fund balance								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	4,256	\$	3,574		175	\$	-
Accrued salaries and benefits		11,296		-		-		-
Due to other funds		22,198		-		32,285		8,697
Unearned Revenue		630		-		-		-
Total liabilities		38,380		3,574		32,460		8,697
Fund balance								
Nonspendable								
Interfund loans		156,284		19,307		-		2,456
Spendable								
Restricted for:				05 400		(11.000)		
Public safety		-		35,168		(11,888)		-
Public works Health and welfare		-		-		-		59,772
Minimum fund balance		- 57,393		-		-		-
Unassigned		(11,808)		-		_		-
Total fund balances		201,869		54,475		(11,888)		62,228
		201,009		54,475		(11,000)		02,220
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	240,249	\$	58,049	\$	20,572	\$	70,925

Exhibit B-1 Page 1 of 2

Ρ	Capital rojects WTP III	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Total
\$	-	\$	27,159	\$ 160,184
	-		1,460	77,823
	-		-	2,360
	-		-	178,047
\$	-	\$	28,619	\$ 418,414
¢	1 202	¢		\$ 9,297
\$	1,292	\$	-	\$ 9,297 11,296
	- 25,166		4,432	92,778
	25,100		4,432	630
	26,458		4,432	114,001
			-	178,047
	-		5,665	28,945
	-		-	59,772
	-		22,954	22,954
	-		-	57,393
	(26,458)		(4,432)	(42,698)
	(26,458)		24,187	304,413
\$		\$	28,619	\$ 418,414

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STATE OF NEW MEXICOExhibit B-1Village of PecosPage 2 of 2Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net PositionGovermental FundsJune 30, 2019June 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	\$ 304,413
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	5,583,288 (1,854,797)
Deferred outflows and inflows relating to pension and OPEB liabilities are not payable / collectible in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred outflows and inflows reported on the Statement of Net Position are as follows:	
Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows	110,510 (75,519)
Long-term and certain other liabilities, including loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year end consist of:	
Accrued compensated absences	(11,915)
Pension liability	(380,819)
OPEB Liability	 (191,119)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,484,042

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

FundProtectionEnforcementStrProperty taxes\$ 14,079\$ - \$\$	<u>-</u>
Property taxes \$ 14,070 \$ \$	-
Property taxes \$ 14,079 \$ - \$ - \$	
Gross receipt taxes 364,302	-
	6,471
Franchise taxes 14,568	-
State operating grants 307,719 109,730 -	-
State capital grants	-
Charges for services 7,631	-
Licenses and fees 40,140	-
Interest income 1,138 48 -	-
Miscellaneous income 8,935 - -	-
Total revenue 758,512 109,778 - 16	6,471
Expenditures	
Current:	
General government 684,625	-
Public safety 4,093 189,728 19,458	-
Public works 30	,838
Health and welfare	-
Capital outlay	-
Debt service:	
Principal - 40,351 -	
Total expenditures 688,718 230,079 19,458 30	,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	
expenditures 69,794 (120,301) (19,458) (14	,367)
Other financing sources (uses)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 24,069	-
Total other financing sources (uses) 24,069 -	-
Net change in fund balance 93,863 (120,301) (19,458) (14	,367)
Fund balance - beginning of year 108,006 174,776 7,570 76	,595
Fund balance - end of year \$ 201,869 \$ 54,475 \$ (11,888) \$ 62	2,228

Exhibit B-2 Page 1 of 2

Capital Projects WWTP III	Other Governmental Funds	Total
\$ - -	\$- 8,752	\$ 14,079 373,054
-	-	16,471
-	-	14,568
-	-	417,449
120,596	-	120,596
-	-	7,631
-	-	40,140
-	-	1,186
24,178	-	33,113
144,774	8,752	1,038,287
-	-	684,625
-	-	213,279
16,132	-	46,970
-	9,750	9,750
147,200	-	147,200
		40,351
163,332	9,750	1,142,175
(18,558)	(998)	(103,888)
-	-	24,069
	-	24,069
(18,558)	(998)	(79,819)
(7,900)	25,185	384,232
\$ (26,458)	\$ 24,187	\$ 304,413

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STATE OF NEW MEXICOExhibit B-2Village of PecosPage 2 of 2Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund
Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ (79,819)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over there estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital Expenditures recorded in capital outlay Depreciation expense	147,200 (134,257)
Governmental funds report proceeds received from the sale of capital assets as revenues. However, in the statement of activities, revenues or expenses from these transactions are reported net of the asset cost minus accumulative depreciation.	
Loss on disposal of capital asset	(23,253)
Governmental funds report Village pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:	
Change in net pension and OPEB liability	(50,919)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, changes in accrued compensated absences does not consume current financial resources in governmental funds but does affect net position.	
Decrease in accrued compensated absences	(2,824)
Principal payments on bonds and loans payable	 40,351
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (103,521)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts	-	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
	Original	Final	No	Non-GAAP Basis		to actual
Revenues	Original	Filla		Dasis	Filla	to actual
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$ 10,139	\$ 13,831	\$	14.079	\$	248
Gross receipts	262,340	357,877	•	364,302	Ŧ	6,425
Gasoline and Motor vehicle	-	-		-		-
Franchise tax	10,491	14,311.00		14,568		257
Intergovernmental income:						
Federal capital grants	-	-		-		-
State operating grants	221,594	302,292		307,719		5,427
State capital grants	-	-		-		-
Charges for services	5,495	7,496		7,631		135
Licenses and fees	28,906	39,432		40,140		708
Interest income (loss)	819	1,118		1,138		20
Miscellaneous Total revenue	23,767	32,422		33,004		582
	563,551	768,779		782,581		13,802
Expenditures						
Current	044.054	754 040		000 405		C4 E47
General government	641,654	754,642		690,125		64,517
Public safety Public works	-	-		4,093		(4,093)
Culture and recreation	-	-		-		-
Capital outlay	_	-		_		_
Debt Service:						
Principal	-	-		-		-
Interest	-	-		-		-
Total expenditures	641,654	754,642		694,218		60,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(78,103)	14,137		88,363		74,226
Other financing resources (uses)						
Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)	78,103	(14,137)				
Transfers in	-	-		-		-
Transfers out				-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		-
Net Change in fund balance	(78,103)	14,137		88,363		
Fund balance - beginning of year				21,821		
Fund balance - end of year			\$	110,184		
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary ba	sis)			88,363		
Adjustments to revenue				-		
Adjustment to expenditures for changes in liabilities				5,500		
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)			\$	93,863		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Fire Protection Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
			Non-GAAP	
Revenues	Original	Final	Basis	Final to actual
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Gross receipts	÷ -	-	-	-
Gasoline and Motor vehicle	-	-	-	-
Franchise tax	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental income:	-	-	-	-
Federal capital grants	-	-	-	-
State operating grants	107,259	99,279	109,730	10,451
State capital grants	-	-	-	-
Charges for services Licenses and fees	-	-	-	-
Interest income	-	-	- 48	- 48
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total revenue	107,259	99,279	109,778	10,499
Expenditures	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	·	·
Current				
General government	-	-		-
Public safety	126,452	185,060	189,728	(4,668)
Public works	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt Service: Principal		29,853	40,351	(10,498)
Interest	-	29,000	40,331	(10,490)
Total expenditures	126,452	214,913	230,079	(15,166)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(19,193)	(115,634)	(120,301)	(4,667)
	(10,100)	(110,004)	(120,001)	(4,007)
Other financing resources (uses) Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)	19,193	115,634		
Transfers in	-	-	_	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)				-
Net Change in fund balance	(19,193)	(115,634)	(120,301)	
Fund balance - beginning of year			175,896	
Fund balance - end of year			\$ 55,595	
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary bas	sis)		(120,301)	
Adjustments to revenue			-	
Adjustment to expenditures			-	
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)			\$ (120,301)	
			+ (0,001)	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Law Enforcement Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	В	udgeted	d Am	ounts		Actual	Fave	iance orable vorable)
	0.1				Non-GAAP			
Revenues	Or	iginal		Final		Basis	Final t	o actual
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Gross receipts	•	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-
Gasoline and Motor vehicle		-		-		-		-
Franchise tax		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental income:		-		-		-		-
Federal capital grants		-		-		-		-
State operating grants		-		-		-		-
State capital grants		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Licenses and fees		-		-		-		-
Interest income Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total revenue		-				-		
Expenditures								
Current								
General government Public safety		- 20,000		- 19.458		- 19,458		-
Public works	4	-				-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	2	20,000		19,458		19,458		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2	20,000)		(19,458)		(19,458)		
Other financing resources (uses)								
Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)	:	20,000		19,458				
Transfers in	-	-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in fund balance						(19,458)		
Fund balance - beginning of year						40,030		
Fund balance - end of year					\$	20,572		
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary bas	sis)					(19,458)		
Adjustments to revenue						-		
Adjustment to expenditures						-		
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	(19,458)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Streets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Final Basis Final to actual Revenues Taxes: Final Basis Final to actual Property taxes \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.		E	Budgeted	d Am	ounts		Actual	Fav	iance orable vorable)
Revenues Taxes: Image: Second Se		Original Final		N	-	Final to actual			
Property taxes \$. \$ \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$ \$ \$ \$	Revenues		igina				24010	<u> </u>	<u>uotuur</u>
Gross feelpts - <	Taxes:								
Gasoline and Motor vehicle 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Franchise tax - - - - - Intergovernmental income: -	Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Franchise tax - <	•		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental income: Federal capital grants - - - State capital grants - - - State capital grants - - - Charges for services - - - Licenses and fees - - - Interest income - - - Miscellaneous - - - Total revenue 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures - - - - Current - - - - Public safety - - - - - Debt Service: - - - - - -			11,000		15,558		16,471		913
Federal capital grants - - - - State operating grants - - - - State operating grants - - - - Charges for services - - - - Licenses and fees - - - - Interest income - - - - Current 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures Current - - - Current overnment - - - - Public works 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Culture and recreation - - - - Capital outlay - - - - Debt Service: - - - - - Principal - - - - - - Interest - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-		-		-		-
State operating grants - - - - State capital grants - - - - Charges for services - - - - Licenses and fees - - - - Interest income - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - Total revenue 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures - - - - Current - - - - Public safety - - - - Public safety - - - - Current and recreation - - - - Cubtre and recreation - - - - - Culture and recreation - - - - - - - Capital outlay - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	•								
State capital grants - - - - Charges for services - - - - Licenses and fees - - - - Interest income - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - Total revenue 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures - - - - Current - - - - Public safety - - - - Public works 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Culture and recreation - - - - Capital outlay - - - - Debt Service: - - - - Principal - - - - Interest - - - - Total expenditures 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (75,000) <			-		-		-		-
Charges for services - - - - Licenses and fees - - - - Interest income - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - - Total revenue 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures - - - - - Current - - - - - - Public safety - - - - - - - Public works 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 - <			-		-		-		-
Licenses and fees - - - - Interest income - - - - Miscellaneous - - - - Total revenue 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures - - - - Current - - - - Public safety - - - - Public works 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Cutture and recreation - - - - Capital outlay - - - - Debt Service: - - - - Principal - - - - Interest - - - - Total expenditures 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (75,000) (17,549) (14,367) Transfers in - - - - Transfers out - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>			-		-		-		-
Interest income -	-		-		-		-		-
Total revenue 11,000 15,558 16,471 913 Expenditures Current -			-		-		-		-
Expenditures Join Mathematical Science (Current) General government - <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Current - </td <td>Total revenue</td> <td></td> <td>11,000</td> <td></td> <td>15,558</td> <td></td> <td>16,471</td> <td></td> <td>913</td>	Total revenue		11,000		15,558		16,471		913
General government - - - - Public safety - - - - Public works 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Culture and recreation - - - - Capital outlay - - - - - Debt Service: - - - - - - Principal - </td <td>Expenditures</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures								
Public safety - <	Current								
Public works 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Culture and recreation - - - - Capital outlay - - - - Debt Service: - - - - Principal - - - - Interest - - - - Total expenditures 86,000 33,107 30,838 2,269 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (75,000) (17,549) (14,367) 3,182 Other financing resources (uses) - - - - - Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash) 75,000 17,549 - - - Transfers out -	5		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreationCapital outlayDebt Service:PrincipalInterestTotal expenditures86,00033,10730,8382,269Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)3,182Other financing resources (uses)Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549Transfers inTotal other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)-Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)(14,367)Adjustments to revenueAdjustment to expenditures			-		-		-		-
Capital outlayDebt Service:PrincipalInterestInterestTotal expenditures86,00033,10730,8382,269Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)3,182Other financing resources (uses)Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549Transfers inTotal other financing sources (uses)Total other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)-Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)(14,367)Adjustments to revenue4djustment to expendituresAdjustment to expenditures			86,000		33,107		30,838		2,269
Debt Service:Principal InterestInterestTotal expenditures86,00033,10730,8382,269Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)3,182Other financing resources (uses)Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549Transfers inTotal other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$68,636\$68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)(14,367)Adjustments to revenueAdjustment to expenditures			-		-		-		-
Principal InterestInterestTotal expenditures86,00033,10730,8382,269Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)3,182Other financing resources (uses)Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549Transfers inTransfers outTotal other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)-Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)(14,367)Adjustments to revenueAdjustment to expenditures			-		-		-		-
InterestTotal expenditures86,00033,10730,8382,269Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)3,182Other financing resources (uses)Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549Transfers inTransfers outTotal other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)-Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)(14,367)Adjustments to revenueAdjustment to expenditures			-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)3,182Other financing resources (uses)Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549 <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	1		-		-		-		-
Other financing resources (uses) 75,000 17,549 Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash) 75,000 17,549 Transfers out - - - Transfers out - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) - - - - Net Change in fund balance (75,000) (17,549) (14,367) Fund balance - beginning of year 83,003 \$ 68,636 Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis) (14,367) (14,367) Adjustments to revenue 4djustment to expenditures - -	Total expenditures		86,000		33,107		30,838		2,269
Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)75,00017,549Transfers inTransfers outTotal other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$Fund balance - end of year\$68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)Adjustments to revenue(14,367)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(75,000)		(17,549)		(14,367)		3,182
Transfers in Transfers outTotal other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)Fund balance - beginning of year83,003\$68,636Fund balance - end of year\$68,636(14,367)Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)(14,367)Adjustments to revenue Adjustment to expenditures	Other financing resources (uses)								
Transfers out - <	Designated cash (budgeted increase in cash)		75,000		17,549				
Total other financing sources (uses)Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)Fund balance - beginning of year83,003Fund balance - end of year\$ 68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)Adjustments to revenue(14,367)Adjustment to expenditures-			-		-		-		-
Net Change in fund balance(75,000)(17,549)(14,367)Fund balance - beginning of year83,003Fund balance - end of year\$ 68,636Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis)(14,367)Adjustments to revenue(14,367)Adjustment to expenditures			-		-		-		-
Fund balance - beginning of year 83,003 Fund balance - end of year \$ 68,636 Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis) (14,367) Adjustments to revenue 4djustment to expenditures		,			-		-		-
Fund balance - end of year \$ 68,636 Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis) (14,367) Adjustments to revenue	v	(75,000)		(17,549)		,		
Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary basis) (14,367) Adjustments to revenue Adjustment to expenditures									
Adjustments to revenue Adjustment to expenditures	Fund balance - end of year					\$	68,636		
Adjustment to expenditures	Net change in fund balance (non-GAAP budgetary bas	sis)					(14,367)		
	Adjustments to revenue								
Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)\$ (14,367)	Adjustment to expenditures								
	Net Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)					\$	(14,367)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Waste Water	Water	Total
Assets		Water	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 135,024	\$ 114,835	\$ 249,859
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	33,206	29,360	62,566
Accounts receivable, net	5,419	12,687	18,106
Prepaid expense		1,430	1,430
Total current assets	173,649	158,312	331,961
Noncurrent assets			
Capital Assets	6,987,124	2,957,293	9,944,417
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,405,838)	(1,252,284)	(2,658,122)
Total noncurrent assets	5,581,286	1,705,009	7,286,295
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred outflows related to pension	-	50,955	50,955
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		3,475	3,475
Total deferred outflows		54,430	54,430
Total assets, and deferred outflows of			
resources	\$ 5,754,935	\$ 1,917,751	\$ 7,672,686
Liabilities, deferred inflows and net position			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 4,396	\$ 4,392	\$ 8,788
Accrued salaries and benefits	-	5,390	5,390
Accrued interest	-	4,507	4,507
Loans payable	-	47,272	47,272
Compensated absences	-	1,965	1,965
Due to other funds Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	84,168	<u>85,704</u> 153,626
	0,002	147,004	100,020
Noncurrent liabilities Loans payable		645,212	645,212
Customer deposits	- 570	9,825	10,395
Net pension liability	-	187,567	187,567
Net OPEB liability	-	94,133	94,133
Total noncurrent liabilities	570	936,737	937,307
Total Liabilities	6,502	1,084,431	1,090,933
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred inflows related to pension	-	8,481	8,481
Deferred inflows of related to OPEB		28,716	28,716
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,197	37,197
Net position			
Net investment in capital asset	5,581,286	1,012,525	6,593,811
Restricted for:	, ,	, ,- <u>-</u>	, -,-
Debt service	32,636	19,535	52,171
Unrestricted	134,511	(235,937)	(101,426)
Total net position	5,748,433	796,123	6,544,556
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources and net position	\$ 5,754,935	\$ 1,917,751	\$ 7,672,686

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Waste			
	Water		Water		Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	94,558	\$	254,112	\$ 348,670
Total operating revenues		94,558		254,112	348,670
Operating expenses:					
Depreciation and amortization		161,588		50,818	212,406
Personnel services		49,336		138,102	187,438
Contractual services		38,940		4,196	43,136
Supplies		1,295		24,049	25,344
Maintenance and Materials		25,661		56,178	81,839
Utilities		27,510		36,189	63,699
Miscellaneous		7,759		38,993	 46,752
Total operating expense		312,089		348,525	 660,614
Operating income (loss)		(217,531)		(94,413)	(311,944)
Non-operating revenues (expense):					
Interest income		18		189	207
Other Income		-		30,000	30,000
Interest expense		(273)		(21,644)	 (21,917)
Total non-operating revenues (expense)		(255)		8,545	 8,290
Change in Net Position		(217,786)		(85,868)	(303,654)
Net Position - beginning of the year		5,966,219		881,991	 6,848,210
Net Position - as restated		5,966,219		881,991	 6,848,210
Net Position - end of the year	\$	5,748,433	\$	796,123	\$ 6,544,556

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Waste Water	Water	Total
Cash flow from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 100,598	\$ 274,211	\$ 374,809
Cash payments to employees for services	(49,336)	(134,398)	(183,734)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(98,973)	(158,794)	(257,767)
Net cash provided by operating activities	(47,711)	(18,981)	(66,692)
Cash flow from noncapital financing activities			
Miscellaneous	-	30,000	30,000
Governmental contributions	-	_	_
Transfers	18,163	94,604	112,767
Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities	18,163	124,604	142,767
Cash Flows from capital and related financing activities:			,
Interest paid	(272)	(20,729)	(21,001)
Principal payments	(/	(39,608)	(39,608)
Acquisition of capital assets	-	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing			
activities	(272)	(60,337)	(60,609)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest income	18	189	207
Net cash provided by investing activities	18	189	207
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(29,802)	45,475	15,673
Cash & cash equivalents - beginning of year	198,032	98,720	296,752
Cash & cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 168,230	\$ 144,195	\$ 312,425
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities	* (017 501)	• (• 4 4 • • •	• (044 044)
Operating income (loss)	\$ (217,531)	\$ (94,413)	\$ (311,944)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation	161,588	50,818	212,406
Pension expense	101,500	7,593	7,593
OPEB Expense	_	(2,590)	(2,590)
Changes in assets & liabilities:		(2,000)	(2,000)
Receivables	6,040	21,524	27,564
Prepaid expense	-	119	119
Accounts payable	2,192	692	2,884
Accrued salaries and benefits	_,	(509)	(509)
Compensated absences	-	(790)	(790)
Customer deposits	-	(1,425)	(1,425)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (47,711)	\$ (18,981)	\$ (66,692)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Assets	
Cash	\$ 293
Total assets	\$ 293
Liabilities	
Due to other entities	\$ 293
Total liabilities	\$ 293

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Pecos (Village) was incorporated in 1950 under the laws of the State of New Mexico. The Village operates under a Mayor-Trustee form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, education, public improvements, and general administrative services.

The Village is a body politic and corporate under the name and form of government selected by its qualified electors. The Village may:

1. Sue or be sued;

- 2. Enter into contracts and leases;
- 3. Acquire and hold property, both real and personal;

4. Have a common seal, which may be altered at pleasure;

5. Exercise such other privileges that are incident to corporations of like character or degree that are not inconsistent with the laws of New Mexico;

6. Protect generally the property of its municipality and its inhabitants;

7. Preserve peace and order within the municipality; and

8. Establish rates for services provided by municipal utilities and revenue-producing projects, including amounts which the governing body determines to be reasonable in the operation of similar facilities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village is presented to assist in the understanding of the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the Village's management who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61. Blended component units, though legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village has one discretely presented component unit.

The Pecos Housing Authority (the Authority) has been determined to be a component unit of the Village that should be discretely presented in the Village's financial statements pursuant to the criteria described above. The Authority has issued separately stated financial statements. Additional information regarding the Authority may be obtained from their administrative office as follows: Pecos Housing Authority, PO BOX 904, Pecos, New Mexico, 87552.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements of time, reimbursement and contingencies imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for fees and use of Village facilities, etc., (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources to be used for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the Village is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major funds based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided through property and other taxes, federal sources, state sources, charges for services, licenses and fees, and other miscellaneous recoveries and revenue. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the Village except for items included in other funds.

Fire Protection Fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of the fire department. The operations are financed by an allotment from the annual fire grant from the State of New Mexico. Authority is NMSA 59-A-53-1.

Law Enforcement accounts for funds received from the state for law enforcement purposes. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions NMSA 29-13-4.

Street Fund accounts for funds used to maintain roads for which the Village is responsible. Financing sources include gasoline taxes imposed by Chapter 7, Article 12, NMSA 1978 and distributed to the Village pursuant to 7-1-6.9, NMSA 1978. Funding is also provided by the New Mexico Department of Transportation Cooperative Agreement Grant per 6-21-6, 12 NMSA 1978.

Capital Project WWTP III accounts for the expenditures to construct improvements to the Waste Water Treatment Plant.

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

Waste Water accounts for the provision of waste water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance billing, and collection.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The Water Fund accounts for the provision of water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including administration, operations, billing, and maintenance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Village does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services for water and waste water. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

Deposits and Investments: The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Village to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the Village are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables: Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds or internal balances" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds or internal balances" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources in the event they are not received within 60 days of year end.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded when levied. Property taxes are considered 100% collectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts for customer receivables is calculated based on the aging of the customer accounts receivable and the Village's historical experience with these receivables.

Property taxes are levied on November 1st based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1st and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. Property taxes uncollected after November 10th and April 10th are considered delinquent and the Village may assess penalties and interest. The taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property thirty (30) days thereafter, at which time they become delinquent.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

Restricted Assets: Restricted assets consist of those funds expendable for operating purposes but restricted by donors or other outside agencies as to the specific purpose for which they may be expended.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. State law sets a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for acquisitions of property and equipment (12-10-10 NMSA 1978). Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1980) are included as part of the governmental capital assets are recorded at the date of donation. Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5).

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	10-50
Equipment	3-20
Infrasructure	50

Property, plant, and equipment of the proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings	25-50
Equipment	10-50
Infrasructure	50

Inventory and Prepaids: Inventory is reported when purchased goods are not consumed during the current operating cycle and the consumable asset will benefit a future period. At June 30, 2019, inventory related entirely to the operations of the Housing Authority and consisted of \$14,844 in housing maintenance supplies not yet put in use. Maintenance inventory is valued using the first-in first-out method.

Accrued Expenses: Accrued expenses are comprised of the payroll expenditures based on amounts earned by the employees through June 30, 2019, along with the applicable PERA and Retiree Health Care (RHCA).

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a recognized consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Also, in addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources and context and the separate section for deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions: The Government wide financial statements and proprietary type funds report deferred outflows and deferred inflows for purposes of measuring the net pension liability. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

Compensated Absences: The maximum number of annual leave hours which may be accrued is 212 hours. Compensated absence balances have been liquidated with general fund money in prior years. Village employees accrue vacation leave as follows:

Total Years of	Annual
Service	Accumulation
0-5	96 Hours
6-10	120 Hours
11 or More	144 Hours

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Village. Accumulated unused vacation up to a maximum of 212 hours is payable upon termination from employment. The Village maintains vacation leave as of the employee's hire date anniversary.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the general fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Net Position: The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – Consist of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets, net of related debt."

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

Fund Balance: During 2009, GASB adopted Statement No. 54 to clarify the fund balance reporting guidelines of GASB 54. The fund balance reporting established by GASB 54 must be followed by all five of the governmental-type funds used by state and local governments. Based on the requirements of GASB 54, the total fund balance can be conceptually separated into two primary components: 1) Non-spendable fund balance and 2) Spendable fund balance. Fund balance is reported in these five classifications:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – the non-spendable balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally, contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash; it also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – This fund balance amount has spending limitations that are constrained by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

At June 30, 2019, the Village has presented restricted fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet in the amount of \$186,395 for various Village operations as restricted by enabling legislation in the special revenue funds, debt service, and for capital projects. The details of these fund balance items are located on the governmental funds balance sheet as detailed on pages 16 and 17.

<u>Assigned</u> – The assigned fund balance classification is intended to be used for specific purposes such as special revenue funds, capital project funds, debt service funds, and permanent funds.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amount not contained in other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

<u>Minimum Fund Balance Policy</u>: The Village's policy for maintaining a minimum amount of fund balance for operations is to minimize any sudden and unplanned discontinuity to programs and operations and for unforeseen contingencies. At a minimum, the budget shall ensure that the Village holds cash reserves of 1/12th the General Fund expenditures for the upcoming budget year. The Village has presented restricted fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet in the amount of \$57,393 to meet minimum fund balance requirements for the General Fund.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)

The Village applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates in the Village's financial statements consist of depreciation, estimated useful lives of capital assets, the allowance for doubtful accounts of sewer, water, ambulance, solid waste receivables, and net pension liability.

NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Annual budgets of the Village are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the Village Councilors, and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for State approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the Village Councilors and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be overexpended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Funds. The Village is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are in excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures. The Village Council may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance.

NOTE 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2019 is presented as part of the budgetary statements.

NOTE 3. Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the investment of Village funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the Village properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2019.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the Village. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collaterization as required by statute. The financial institution must provide pledged collateral for 50% of the deposit amount in excess of the deposit insurance.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States Treasury Bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

All of the Village's accounts at an insured depository institution, including time deposits, savings deposits, and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978) that require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the Village for at least one half the amount in excess of FDIC coverage on deposit with the institution.

At June 30, 2019, \$280,267 of the Village's bank balance of \$530,267 was exposed to custodial credit risk. \$280,267 of the Village's cash deposits were uninsured and collateralized by collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Village's name, and \$0 was uninsured and uncollateralized at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: Village

	-	outhwest pital Bank
Deposits	\$	530,267
Less: FDIC Coverage		(250,000)
Total uninsured public funds		280,267
Collateralized by securities held by pledging institutions or by its trust department or agent in other than the City's name Uninsured and uncollateralized		280,276
Collateral requirements (50% of uninsured funds)	\$	140,134
Pledged Collateral		300,000
Over (under) collateralized	\$	159,867

The Carrying Amount of deposits and investments shown above are included in the Village's Statement of Net position as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents - Governmental Activities per Exhibit A-1 Cash and cash equivalents - Business-type Activities per Exhibit A-1 Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Business-type Activities per Exhibit A-1 Cash and cash equivalents - Agency Funds per Exhibit E	160,184 249,859 62,566 293
Total cash and cash equivalents	 472,902
Add: outstanding checks Less: outstanding deposits Less: Petty cash Less: cash held at the NMFA	60,833 (60) (100) (3,308)
Bank balance of deposits	\$ 530,267

NOTE 4. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

		vernmental Funds		oprietary Funds
Gross receipts taxes	\$	73,349	\$	-
Other taxes		1,460		-
Gas taxes		3,014		-
Other receivables:				
Customer Receivables, Net		-		18,106
Total Receivables, Net	\$ 77,823 \$ 1		18,106	

The above governmental receivables are deemed 100% collectible. In accordance with GASB 33, property tax revenues receivables not collected within the period of availability was determined to be immaterial to the financial statements and was not reclassified as deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements. All account receivables older than 90 days were immaterial and accordingly the Village did not accrue an allowance for doubtful accounts.

NOTE 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The Village records interfund receivables and payables to enable the funds to operate until grant monies are available.

The composition of interfund balances during the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Due To	Due Form	Amount
General Fund	Water	84,168
General Fund	Waste Water	1,536
General Fund	Law Enforcement	32,285
General Fund	Senior Center	4,432
General Fund	Street	8,697
General Fund	CP WWTP	25,166
Fire	General	19,307
Street	General	2,456
MVD	General	435

NOTE 6. Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets and changes for the Village occurring during the year ended June 30, 2019 follows.

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress (CIP)	\$	\$- 147,200	\$ - -	\$
Total capital assets, not depreciated	668,188	147,200	-	815,388
Capital assets depreciated: Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total capital assets, depreciated Total capital assets	2,699,304 1,396,622 743,304 4,839,230 5,507,418		71,330 - - 71,330	2,627,974 1,396,622 743,304 4,767,900 5,583,288
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	734,499 899,714 110,335 1,744,548	59,295 57,547 17,415	24,008 _ 	769,786 957,261 127,750 1,854,797
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,762,870	_		\$ 3,728,491

There were no deletions of capital assets in the fiscal year 2019. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 96,285
Public Safety	29,995
Public Works	6,606
Health and welfare	 1,371
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 134,257

NOTE 6. Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type activities:		lance June 30, 2018	Additions		De	letions	Balance June 30, 2019		
Capital assets not depreciated:									
Construction in progress	\$	139,061	\$	-	\$	-	\$	139,061	
Land and Water Rights		249,884		-		-		249,884	
Total capital assets not depreciated		388,945		-		-		388,945	
Capital asset depreciated:									
Buildings		7,064,062		-		-		7,064,062	
Equipment		520,437		-		-		520,437	
Infrastructure		1,970,973		-		-		1,970,973	
Total capital assets, depreciated		9,555,472		-		-		9,555,472	
Total capital assets		9,944,417						9,944,417	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		1,732,394	14	7,260		-		1,879,654	
Equipment		382,155	1	5,872		-		398,027	
Infrastructure		331,167	4	9,274		-		380,441	
Total accumulated depreciation		2,445,716	21	2,406		-		2,658,122	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	7,498,701					\$	7,286,295	

NOTE 7. Long-term Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2019 the following changes occurred in the long term debt reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:

Governmental Funds	Balar	nce June 30, 2018	Ac	lditions	Ret	irements	 nce June), 2019	Due Within One Year	
Notes Payable Compensated Absences	\$	40,351 9,091	\$	- 10,406	\$	40,351 7,582	\$ - 11,915	\$	- 11,915
Total Long Term Debt	\$	49,442	\$	10,406	\$	47,933	\$ 11,915	\$	11,915

Governmental Activities

Notes Payable: The Village financed the purchase of a fire truck with a note payable to the New Mexico Finance Authority. Terms were: blended interest at .1%. payments of \$10,113 annually, maturing May 22, 2022 however the Village pay the balance in full \$40,351 on January 25, 2019.

NOTE 7. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities

Bonds and notes payables for the Business-Type Activities as of June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2018 Additions Retirements									e Within ne Year
Bonds Payable Notes Payable Compensated Absences	\$	724,396 7,696 2,755		- - 4,025	\$	39,608 - 4,815	\$	684,788 7,696 1,965	\$	45,823 1,449 1,965
Total Long Term Debt	\$	734,847	\$	4,025	\$	44,423	\$	694,449	\$	49,237

Notes Payable: The Village financed the construction of the water plant and distribution system with notes payable to the New Mexico Environmental Department. Terms were: 3% interest, payments of \$1,680 annually in June, maturing June 14, 2024. Future payments at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

				Tot	al Debt
Pr	incipal	Int	erest	S	ervice
\$	1,449	\$	231	\$	1,680
	1,493		187		1,680
	1,538		143		1,681
	1,584		96		1,680
	1,632		49		1,681
\$	7,696	\$	706	\$	8,402
		1,493 1,538 1,584 1,632	\$ 1,449 \$ 1,493 1,538 1,584 1,632	\$ 1,449 \$ 231 1,493 187 1,538 143 1,584 96 1,632 49	Principal Interest S \$ 1,449 \$ 231 \$ 1,493 187 \$ 1,538 143 \$ 1,584 96 \$ 1,632 49 \$

Bonds Payable:

The Village issued \$450,000 in Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1984. Interest is at 5% and the bonds mature January 1, 2025. The principal balance at June 30, 2019 was \$115,000. The Bonds are secured by the net revenues of the sewer and water system.

The Village issued \$35,000 in Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 1984A. Interest is at 6.75% and the bonds mature January 1, 2024. The principal balance at June 30, 2019 was \$10,396. These bonds are secured and payable for the net revenues of the sewer and water system.

On May 21, 2013 the Village entered into a loan/grant agreement with Rural Utilities Service (RUS), US Department of Agriculture to finance the renovation and expansion of the Village's water system. Under the terms of the agreement, the Village issued \$330,000 in Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, to RUS at an interest rate of 2.75% with a maturity date of June 1, 2053. The bonds are secured by pledged revenues which consist of those revenues derived from the operation of the Village's water system. Bond funds were advanced by RUS to the Village in response to written pay requests submitted by the Village as costs of water system improvements were incurred. The Principal Balance outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$300,000.

NOTE 7. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-Type Activities (continued)

On June 27, 2014 the Village entered into a loan agreement with New Mexico Finance Authority to finance the renovation of the Village's water meters. Under the terms of the agreement, the maximum principal amount of \$463,000 was issued at an interest rate of 2% with a maturity date of May 1, 2033. The loan is secured by pledged revenues which consist of those revenues derived from the operation of the Village's water system. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$259,392.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds and loans as of June 30, 2019 including interest payments are follows:

Year Ending June					Т	otal Debt
30,	Principal		Interest			Service
2020	\$	45,823	\$	19,564	\$	65,387
2021		47,407		17,852		65,259
2022		49,002		16,072		65,074
2023		50,708		14,223		64,931
2024-2028		147,407		51,921		199,328
2029-2033		131,543		36,391		167,934
2034-2038		42,104		25,855		67,959
2039-2043		48,303		19,656		67,959
2044-2048		55,414		12,545		67,959
2049-2053		67,077		4391		71,468
	\$	684,788	\$	218,470	\$	903,258

NOTE 8. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries and natural disasters. The Village participates in the New Mexico Self-Insurer's Fund risk pool.

The Village has not filed any claims for which the settlement amount exceeded the insurance coverage during the past three years. However, should a claim be filed against the Village which exceeds the insurance coverage, the Village would be responsible for a loss in excess of the coverage amounts. As claims are filed, the New Mexico Self-Insurers' Fund assesses and estimates the potential for loss and handles all aspects of the claim. Insurance coverage's have not changed significantly from prior years and coverage's are expected to be continued.

At June 30, 2019, no unpaid claims have been filed which exceed the policy limits and to the best of management's knowledge and belief all known and unknown claims will be covered by insurance.

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description:

The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund. PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/.

For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 available at: http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366_Public_Employees_Retirement_Association_2018.pdf.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY19 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables at: <u>http://osanm.org/media/audits/366 Public Employees Retirement Association 2018.pdf.</u>

The PERA coverage options that apply to the Village are: Municipal General, Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the Village were \$35,806 and Village paid no employee contributions for Year end June 30, 2019.

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2019.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred Inflows and Outflows were performed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to fiscal year 2018 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Contributions: PERA contribution rates and pension factors as of July 1, 2018 are as follows:

PERA	A Contribu	tion Rates a	and Pension	Factors as	of July 1,	2018
	Employee (Contribution	Employer	Pension Fa	ctor per	Pension
	Annual	Annual	Contribution			Maximum as a
	Salary less	Salary	Percentage	TIER 1	TIER 2	Percentage of
Coverage	than	greater than		THERT	TIER 2	the Final
Plan	\$20,000	\$20,000				Average Salary
· · · ·			TE PLAN			
State Plan 3	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
	-	1	AL PLANS 1			
Municipal Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	7.4%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
(plan open to new						
employers)						
Municipal Plan 2	9.15%	10.65%	9.55%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
(plan open to new						
employers)						
Municipal Plan 3	13.15%	14.65%	9.55%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
(plan closed to new						
employers 6/95)						
Municipal Plan 4	15.65%	17.15%	12.05%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
(plan closed to new						
employers 6/00)						
	1	1	OLICE PLAN			
Municipal Police Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	10.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 2	7.0%	8.5%	15.40%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 3	7.0%	8.5%	18.90%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 4	12.35%	13.85%	18.90%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 5	16.3%	17.8%	18.90%	3.5%	3.0%	90%
	N	IUNICIPAL	FIRE PLANS	<u>51-5</u>		
Municipal Fire Plan 1	8.0%	9.5%	11.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 2	8.0%	9.5%	17.9%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 3	8.0%	9.5%	21.65%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 4	12.8%	14.3%	21.65%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 5	16.2%	17.7%	21.65%	3.5%	3.0%	90%
	MUNIC	IPAL DETE	NTION OFF	ICER PLAI	N 1	
Municipal Detention	16.65%	18.15%	17.05%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Officer Plan 1						
	T.	T	RRECTIONA	1	1	ii
State Police and Adult	7.6%	9.1%	25.50%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Correctional Officer Plan						
1 State Plan 3 - Peace	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
State Plan 3 - Peace Officer	1.42%	0.92%	10.99%	5.0%	5.0%	90%
Juvenile Correctional	4.78%	6.28%	26.12%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Officer Plan 2	T. / 0 /0	0.2070	20.1270	5.070	5.070	2070

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

For PERA Fund Division Municipal General, at June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$526,142 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2019, the Village's proportion was .0330% percent, which was changed slightly from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, which was .0331%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal General pension expense of \$36,131. At June 30, 2019, the Village reported PERA Fund Division Municipal General deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outfl	erred lows of ources	 d Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,207	\$ 13,814
Changes of assumptions		47,702	3,025
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		39,021	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,893	923
Village's contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		32,583	 -
Total		145,406	 17,762

\$32,583 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Amount		
2020	\$	61,184	
2021		24,097	
2022		4,827	
2023		1,953	
Thereafter		-	
Total	\$	92,061	

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire, at June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$42,244for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was .0066 percent, which was slightly changed from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire pension expense of \$3,467. At June 30, 2018, the City reported PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outf	ferred lows of ources	 ed Inflows sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	679	\$ 3,081
Changes of assumptions		2,440	154
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,481	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village's			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,180	4,702
Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	3,223 9,003	\$ 7,937

\$9,003 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	A	mount
2020	\$	(81)
2021		(1,146)
2022		(991)
2023		61
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	(2,157)

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability at June 30, 2019 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

·	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, Open
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed Market Value
Retirement	Changes to current assumed rates of
Disability	Lower rates for State police, Muni Male
Remaining Amortization Pe	30 Years
Administrative Expenses	.5% of Payroll
Actuarial assumptions:	Fair value
Investment rate of return	7.25% Static
Payroll growth	3.00% Static
Projected salary increases	3.25%-13.5%
Real investment Return	4.75% above inflation.
Mortality assumption	RPH-2014 Blue Collar Mortality

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.5%	7.48%
Risk Reduction	21.5%	2.37%
Credit Oriented	15.0%	5.47%
Real Assets	20.0%	6.48%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to demine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.25 percent assumed long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9. Pension Plan- Public Employees Retirement Association (continued)

The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the Village's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the Village participates in, under the current single rate assumption; as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the single discount rate.

PERA Fund Division Municipal Government	1% Decrease (6.25%)				.,		D	Current Piscount te (7.25%)	1	% Increase (8.25%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	810,750	\$	526,142	\$	290,868				
PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire	. / •	Decrease 6.25%)	D	Current Viscount te (7.25%)	1	% Increase (8.25%)				

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued fiscal year 2018 restated PERA financial report. The report is available at http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html.

Payables to the pension plan. There were no amounts owed to PERA at June 30, 2019. Contractually required contributions are remitted to PERA monthly for the previous month's withholdings. Accrued payroll includes the employer's portion of retirement contributions related to employee services rendered as of June 30, 2019 but paid in July 2020.

NOTE 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description: Employees of the Village are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

NOTE 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Contributions

Benefits Provided: The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and

dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy: The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the Village were \$5,925 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$285,252 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the Village's proportion was 0.0656% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$(7,851). At June 30, 2019 the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTE 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Contributions

	 ed Outflows esources	 red Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 16,889
Changes of assumptions	-	53,255
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in Proportion Village's contributions subsequent to the	-	3,560 13,313
measurement date	 10,531	 -
Total	\$ 10,531	\$ 87,017

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$10,531 represent the Village's contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	 Amount
2019	\$ (21,548)
2020	(21,548)
2021	(21,548)
2022	(17,283)
Thereafter	(5,090)
Total	\$ (87,017)

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation	2.5% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA
Projected payroll increase	3.50%
Investment rate of return	margin for adverse deviation including inflation
Health care cost trend	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded fown to 4.5% over 12 years
Mortality assumption	RP-2000 Combined mortality table with white collar adjustment (males) and GRS Southwest Regional Teacher Mortality Tables (femails) PERA members: RP-

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the

NOTE 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized are as follows:

ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.10%
US Equity-Large Cap	20.0%	9.10%
Non US Emerging	15.0%	12.20%
NON US Developed	12.0%	9.80%
Private Equity	10.0%	13.80%
Credit and Structured	21.5%	1.79%
Real Estate	5.0%	6.90%
Absolute Return	5.0%	6.10%
Real Assets	3.0%	9.10%
Total	100%	

The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 4.08% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, thus, 4.08% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.08 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.08 percent) than the current discount rate:

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

NOTE 11. Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the Village receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 12. Rentals Under Operating Leases

The Village leases office space to a third party under an operating lease with a term of five years ending on December 31, 2016 after which the lease became a month to month rental. Rent under the lease is \$200 per month.

NOTE 13. Related Party

The Village Housing Authority is considered a related party of the Village. For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Village took in \$18,399 in revenues from the Authority for water and waste water fees.

NOTE 14. Leases

Future lease obligations for the Village were zero at June 30, 2019, the Village has a copier lease in which it pays per copy, and therefore there is no committed amount.

NOTE 15. Concentrations

The Village depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, property taxes, gross receipts taxes, the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the Village is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State Appropriations; changes in gross receipts tax rates, collections, tourism, and property values.

NOTE 16. Subsequent Events

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2019, the date of the most recent statement of net position, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is November 18, 2019, which is the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 17. GASB 77 Disclosures (Tax Abatements)

Management of the Village is not aware of any tax abatement agreements that existed as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 18. Restricted Net Position

The government-wide statement of Net Position reports \$107,239 of restricted amounts in governmental activities, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation. For a description of the related enabling legislation for special revenue funds and capital project funds, see pages 36 and 73. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$52,171 of restricted amounts in business-type activities, all of which is restricted for debt service.

NOTE 19. Other Required Fund Disclosures

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance/net position of individual funds. The deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Fund	Amount	
Law Enforcement	\$	(11,888)
Capital Projects WWTP III	\$	(26,458)
Senior Citizen Center	\$	(4,432)

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations: Budgetary authority is at the fund level. The following funds exceeded approved budgetary authority for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Fund		mount
Fire Protection	\$	15,166

NOTE 20. Joint Powers

NM State Police

Participants:	New Mexico State Police Village of Pecos
Responsible Party:	Village of Pecos
Description:	Provide Law enforcement and police protection within the Pecos Village limits.
Period:	7/14/2000 No End Date
Village Contribution:	The Village must provide office space for the NMSP. The Village was also required to provide a four-wheel drive Jeep Grand Cherokee. There were no monitory contributions made by the Village in fiscal year 2018.
Audit Responsibility:	Village of Pecos

NOTE 20. Joint Power Agreements (continued)

Wildland Fire Suppression

windianu	i lie Suppression	
	Participants:	New Mexico Energy/EMNRD Village of Pecos
	Responsible Party:	New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resource Department (EMNRD)
	Description:	The Village and EMNRD coordinate to commit to mutual wildland fire management
	Period:	12/27/2007 no end date
	Fiscal Agent:	EMNRD
	Village Contribution:	The Village will be reimbursed at established rates for providing firefighting resources as requested by EMNRD outside the Villages Municipal Limits.
	Audit Responsibility:	EMNRD
Animal Co		
	Participants:	San Miguel County and the Village of Pecos
	Responsible Party:	Village of San Miguel County
	Description:	San Miguel provides animal control services to the Village of Pecos
	Period:	7/12/2012 no end date
	Village Contribution:	The Village will pay the County \$75 for each separate service provided by the County. The Village is also required to pay any expense incurred by the county in providing shelter or other required services for the animals. Total Cost in fiscal year 2018 are undetermined.
	Audit Responsibility:	Village of Pecos
Senior Ce	enter Operations	
	Participants:	City of Las Vegas and Village of Pecos
	Responsible Party:	Village of Pecos
	Description:	The Village provides space to the City of Las Vegas to operate a Senior Center
	Period:	7/1/2016 renewed annually
	Village Contribution:	The Village is responsible for overall maintenance and upkeep of the facility, building, and area, including capital improvements.
	Audit Responsibility:	Village of Pecos

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Schedule I Village of Pecos Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA Fund – Municipal General Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

MUNICIPAL GENERAL FUND

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0330%	0.0331%	0.0324%	0.0302%	0.0330%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 526,142	\$ 454,822	\$ 517,643	\$ 307,915	\$ 223,891
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 341,155	\$ 295,805	\$ 306,513	\$ 291,351	\$ 258,565
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)					
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	154.22%	153.76%	168.88%	105.69%	86.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Schedule I Village of Pecos Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA Fund – Municipal Fire Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

MUNICIPAL FIRE FUND

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0066%	0.0075%	0.0072%	0.0069%	0.0099%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 42,244	\$ 42,244	\$ 48,031	\$ 35,612	\$ 41,323
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,005	\$ 8,785	\$ 8,400	\$ 8,489	\$ 8,668
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	281.53%	480.87%	571.80%	419.51%	476.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedules of Employer Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA - Municipal General Last 10 Years*

MUNICIPAL GENERAL FUND

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 32,583	\$ 28,327	\$ 29,272	\$ 27,824	\$ 24,693
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 32,583	\$ 28,237	\$ 29,272	\$ 27,824	\$ 24,693
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$ 90	\$-	\$-	\$-
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 295,805	\$ 295,805	\$ 306,513	\$ 291,351	\$ 258,565
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.55%	9.55%	9.55%	9.55%	9.55%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedules of Employer Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA - Municipal Fire Last 10 Years*

MUNICIPAL FIRE FUND

	 2019	 2018	 2017	_	2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,189	\$ 1,911	\$ 1,819	\$	1,804	\$ 1,842
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,223	\$ 1,911	\$ 1,819	\$	1,804	\$ 1,842
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (34)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,005	\$ 8,785	\$ 8,400	\$	8,489	\$ 8,668
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.48%	21.75%	21.65%		21.25%	21.25%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Retiree Health Care Last 10 Fiscal Years*

VILLAGE IN SUMMATION

	2019	2018
Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0656%	0.0685%
Villages proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 285,252	\$ 310,420
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 297,555	\$ 277,908
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)		
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	105.06%	105.06%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedules of Contributions Retirement Healthcare Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0656%	0.0685%
Villages proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 285,252	\$ 310,420
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 297,555	\$ 277,908
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	105.06%	105.06%

*The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms

The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY18 audit available at:

http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366_Public_Employees_Retirement_Associati on 2018.pdf.

There were no major changes to the benefit terms which impact the measurements provided in the Retiree Health Care Fund. The 2018 report can be found at:

http://www.nmrhca.org/uploads/FileLinks/4310380076d642ecb015117ae3cdbae8/RHCA Final Employer_Allocation_Schedules_6.30.18.pdf

Changes of assumptions

The PERA salary scale, inflation and payroll assumptions were updated to reflect assumptions used in the PERA June 30, 2018 pension valuation. Assumptions including the following were updated: Per capita costs, future trend for health costs and medical election assumptions. The actuarial assumptions are contained in section 3 of the RHCA GASB 74 Actuarial Report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Nonmajor Fund Description June 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Environmental Tax Fund – To account for the revenue received from the State through gross receipts and subsequently given to the County Regional Landfill in accordance with a joint powers agreement. Authority is by the joint powers agreement.

Emergency Medical Services – To account for state and county proceeds provided for operations of the Village's emergency medical services. Authority – NMSA 24-10A.

Senior Citizen's – to account for funds used for the Senior Citizen Center-Pecos Senior Center, San Miguel County. Authority is through laws established 2002, chapter 54, agreement 2013-1189, New Mexico Aging and Long Term Services Department.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue							
	Envi	ornmental GRT	Emergency Senior Medical Citizen Services Center		Government			
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,494	\$	5,665	\$	-	\$	27,159
Gross receipt taxes receivable		1,460		-		-		1,460
Total assets	\$	22,954	\$	5,665	\$	-		28,619
Liabilities and fund balance								
Liabilities								
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2	1,432	\$	4,432
Total liabilities		-		-	4	1,432		4,432
Fund balance								
Spendable:								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		-		5,665		-		5,665
Health and welfare		22,954		-	(4	1,432)		18,522
Total fund balance		22,954		5,665	(4	1,432)		24,187
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	22,954	\$	5,665	\$	-		28,619

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Village of Pecos Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Spec						
	Enviornmental GRT		Emergency Medical Services		Senior Citizen Center		Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Gross receipt taxes	\$	8,752	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,752
Total revenue		8,752		-		-		8,752
Expenditures								
Current:								
Health and welfare		9,750		-		-		9,750
Total expenditures		9,750		-		-		9,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(998)		-		-		(998)
Net change in fund balance		(998)		-		-		(998)
Fund balance - beginning of year		23,952		5,665	(4	,432)		25,185
Fund balance - end of year	\$	22,954	\$	5,665	\$ (4	,432)	\$	24,187

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SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedule of Deposits and Investments June 30, 2019

				Dep	osits in	Οι	utstanding		
Bank Name/Account Name	Account Type	Bar	nk Balance	Tr	ansit		Checks	Boo	ok Balance
Southwest Capital Bank									
Operating	Checking	\$	278,832	\$	60	\$	(44,654)	\$	234,238
Payroll	Checking		43,045		-		(2,207)		40,838
Fire Department	Checking		48,572		-		(9,830)		38,742
Sewer & Water	Checking		97,361		-		(1,460)		95,901
Water Deposit	Checking		10,060		-		(207)		9,853
Cirtificate of Deposit	CD		49,403		-		-		49,403
Motor Vehicle/Enterprise	Checking		2,994				(2,475)		519
Total Southwest Capital Bank		\$	530,267	\$	60	\$	(60,833)	\$	469,494
Other Cash Accounts									
NMFA Water Meter Cash (Pecos 4)	Debt Service	\$	3,308	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,308
Petty cash			100		-		-		100
		\$	3,408	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,408
		\$	533,675	\$	60	\$	(60,833)		472,902
			Cash and c	ash eq	juivalent	s - E	xhibit A-1		534,897

Restricted cash and cash equivalents - Exhibit A-1

Cash and cash equivalents - Exhibit E

Reconciled deposits and investments

(386) 534,511

STATE OF NEW MEXICO So Village of Pecos Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository for Public Funds June 30, 2019

Name of Depository	Security	Maturity Date	CUSIP	Fair M	Aarket Value
Federal Home Loan Bank	Line of Credit	8/1/2020	NA	\$	300,000
Total pledged collaterial				\$	300,000

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Agency Funds Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

	Beginning Blanace	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance
Motor Vehicle Fund Assets				
Cash	-	-	386	(386)
Total Assets		-	386	(386)
Liabilities				
Due to other entities	-	-	386	(386)
Total Liabilities	-		386	(386)

			Low Rent		al Funds			
Line Item #	Description	Pub	lic Housing	Pro	gram		Total	
111	Cash - unrestricted	\$	179,407	\$	-	\$	179,407	
114	Cash - tenant security deposits	_	8,152		-		8,152	
	Total Cash		187,559	\$	-		187,559	
	Accounts Receivable - HUD Other							
126	Accounts receivable - tenants - dwelling rents		5,472		-		5,472	
	Total Receivables		5,472		-		5,472	
143	Inventories		14,844		-		14,844	
	Total Other Current Assets		14,844		-		14,844	
	Total Current Assets		207,875		-	_	207,875	
142.1	Defrred outflows				-		-	
161	Land		14,400		-		14,400	
162	Buildings		1,257,143		-		1,257,143	
163	Furniture equipment and machinery - dwellings		60,445		-		60,445	
164	Furniture equipment and machinery - administration		50,418		-		50,418	
165	Leasehold Improvements		244,955		-		244,955	
166	Accumulated depreciation		(1,199,640)		-		(1,199,640)	
	Total Fixed Assets		427,721		-		427,721	
	Total Assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	635,596	\$	-	\$	635,596	

Line Item #	Description	_	Low Rent Public Housing		Capital Funds Program		Total
312	Accounts payable <=90 Days	\$	7,042	\$	-	\$	7,042
321	Accrued Liabilities (other)		3,501		-		3,501
322	Compensated absences - current portion		880		-		880
310	Total Current Liabilities		11,423				11,423
341	Tenant security deposits		8,152		-		8,152
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		8,152		-		8,152
	Total Liabilities		19,575		-		19,575
508.1	Net investment in capital assets		427,721		-		427,721
512.1	Unrestricted net position		188,300		-		188,300
513	Total Equity/Net Position		616,021		-	_	616,021
	Total Liabilities and Equity/Net Position	\$	635,596	\$	-	\$	635,596

Line Item #	Description	Public Housing	Program	Total
70300	Net tenant rental revenue	\$ 130,261	\$-	\$ 130,261
70400	Tenant revenue - other	4,078	-	4,078
70500	Total Tenant Revenue	134,339	-	134,339
70600	HUD PHA operating grants	80,555	70,678	151,233
70610	Capital Grants	-	-	-
71100	Investment income - unrestricted	88	-	88
71500	Other Revenue	2,576	-	2,576
70000	Total Other Revenue	83,219	70,678	153,897
91100	Administrative salaries	43,346	-	43,346
91200	Auditing fees	10,723	-	10,723
91500	Advertising	198	-	198
91600	Employee benefits	4,092	-	4,092
91700	Office exepense	4,175	-	4,175
91800	Travel	246	-	246
91900	Other operating - administrative	5,889	-	5,889
	Total Operating - Administrative	68,669	-	68,669
93100	Water	11,880	-	11,880
93200	Electric	3,056	-	3,056
93300	Gas	16,392	-	16,392
93600	Sewer	6,653	-	6,653
93000	Total Utilities	\$ 37,981	\$-	\$ 37,981

Line Item #	Description	Publ	ic Housing	Р	rogram	Total	
94100	Ordinary maintenance and operation - labor	\$	17,821	\$	-	\$	17,821
94200	Ordinary maintenance and operation - materials		11,522		37,885		49,407
94300	Ordinary maintenance and operation - contracts		16,990		-		16,990
94500	Employee benefits - administrative		1,730		-		1,730
94000	Total Maintenance		48,063		37,885		85,948
96110	Property insurance		7,745		-		7,745
96120	Liability insurance		303		-		303
96130	Workman's compensation		2,010		-		2,010
96140	All other insurance		1,809		-		1,809
96100	Total Insurance Premiums		11,867		-		11,867
96210	Compensated absences		-		-		-
96300	Other		-		-		-
96400	Bad debt tenant rents		-		-		-
96000	Total Other General		-		-		-
	Total Operating Expenses		166,580		37,885		204,465
	Excess of Operating Revenues over Operating Expenses	•		•	~~ ~~~	•	
	LAPENSES	\$	50,978	\$	32,793	\$	83,771
97400	Depreciation expense		24,999		-		24,999
	Total Other Expenses		24,999		-		24,999
10010	Operating transfers In		-		-		-
10020	Operating transfers out		-		-		-
10092	Equity transfer		32,793		(32,793)		-
10100	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		32,793		(32,793)		-
	Excess of Revenue over Expenses	\$	58,772	\$	-	\$	58,772

Line Item #	Description	Pub	lic Housing	Prog	Program		Total
11030	Beginning Equity	\$	557,249	\$	-	\$	557,249
	Ending Equity	\$	616,021	\$	-	\$	616,021
11190	Unit months available		372				372
11210	Number of unit months leased		369				369
11620	Building purchases		-		-		
11621	Furniture		-				

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



Auditors~Consultants~CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Brian S. Colón, ESQ New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico and To the Honorable Mayor and Village Councilors of Village of Pecos Pecos, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of Village of Pecos, New Mexico (the Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of X, State Y's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items FS 2019-001 and FSHA 2018-001.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico November 18, 2019

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2019

SECTION II - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditors' report issued:	
Village of Pecos	Unmodified
Pecos Housing Authority	Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a.	Material weakness identified?	No
b.	Significant deficiencies identified?	No

c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements? No

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2019

SECTION II – PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Village of Pecos

No Prior year audit findings

Village of Pecos Housing Authority

FSHA 2017-002: Controls over Revenue — Other Non-Compliance – Resolved

FSHA 2018-001: Deposit of Public Funds — Significant Deficiency – Repeated and Modified

FSHA 2018-002: Internal Controls over Disbursements — Significant Deficiency – Resolved

FSHA 2018-003: Payroll Disbursement and Related Polices — Significant Deficiency – Resolved

FSHA 2018-004: Compliance with I-9 Requirements — Other Non-Compliance – Resolved

SECTION III - FINDINGS AND RESPONSES, VILLAGE OF PECOS

FS 2019-001 Lack of Budgetary Control – Non-compliance

Condition: Village had expenditures in excess of budgetary expenditures in the following funds:

• Fire Protection: \$15,166

Criteria: All Village funds, with the exception of agency funds, are to be budgeted by the local governing body and submitted to the State of New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration – Local Government Division for approval. Once adopted, any claims or warrants in excess of budget are a violation of New Mexico State Statute 6-6-6, NMSA 1978.

Effect: The Village is not in compliance with Mexico State Statute 6-6-6, NMSA 1978.

Cause: The Village made full payment of a loan outstanding in the fund listed above without a budget adjustment for the full amount remitted for FY 2019.

Auditor Recommendation: We recommend the Village monitor actual expenditures to the actual expenditures reported to the DFA on a continuous basis.

Management Response: Management will ensure all expenses are monitored/reconciled to DFA balances timely. The Village is reviewing its Accounting Software to utilize additional modules which will also assist with the accurate monitoring, reconciling, and reporting of revenues and expenditures.

Responsible Party: Treasurer

Timeline: January 2020

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2019

SECTION IV –FINDINGS AND RESPONSES, VILLAGE OF PECOS HOUSING AUTHORITY A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE VILLAGE OF PECOS

FSHA 2019-001 (2018-001) – Deposit of Public Funds– Non-compliance-Repeated/Modified

Condition: During our internal control test-work over cash receipts, we noted that 5 out of 70 cash receipts tested, totaling \$1,603.02, were not deposited by the next business day; rather they were deposited within 72 hours of receipt. The Authority did not make adequate progress to remove this finding.

Criteria: The state statute 6-10-3 NMSA requires all money collected to be deposited by the following business days, and in addition internal policy requires timely deposits as well.

Effect: The Authority is not in compliance section 6-10-3 NMSA.

Cause: Housing Authority Staff maintains they were not aware of the requirements prior to the previous audit, and thereby the cause would be oversight.

Auditors' Recommendations: We recommend the Housing Authority continue to train employees on the State and internal policies surrounding cash handling.

Management's Response: Management is now aware of the issue and has begun depositing funds the next business day.

Responsible Party: Executive Director.

Timeline: By December 2019.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Pecos Exit Conference June 30, 2019

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 18, 2019. In attendance were the following:

Representing the Village of Pecos:

Mayor
Councilor
Village Treasurer
Village Clerk

Representing Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC:

Geoff Mamerow Audit Manager

Auditor Prepared Financial Statements

Southwest Accounting Solutions, LLC assisted the Village in the preparation of the GAAP-based financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The financial statements were prepared using the original books and records provided by the management of the Village. The responsibility for the financial statements remains with the Village.