## STATE OF NEW MEXICO Village of Logan June 30, 2018

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information As Of And For The Year Ended June 30, 2018 With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon

> Sandra Rush CPA PC 1101 E Llano Estacado Clovis, New Mexico 88101



Introductory Section

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN

## Official Roster For the year ended June 30, 2018

**Board of Trustees** 

David Babb Mayor

Barry Bass Trustee

Benny Newton Trustee

Leslie Osborn Trustee

Dave Shivers Trustee

Administrative Officials

Larry Wallin Village Administrator

Rosalie Rachor Clerk-Treasurer

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Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor The Governing Board Village of Logan Logan, New Mexico

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Logan (Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and major Special Revenue funds of the Village as of June 30, 2018, and, the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## **Other Information**

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements. The supplemental information as noted in the table of contents required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplemental schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are fair y stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated September 26, 2018 on my consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sandra Rush CPA PC Clovis, New Mexico September 26, 2018 **Basic Financial Statements** 

Government-wide Financial Statements

Julie 30, 2016	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Cash in New Mexico Finance Authority	\$ 1,937,545	\$ 1,106,845	\$ 3,044,390
State treasury debt service Accounts receivable	-	-	-
Taxes	76,611	1,417	78,028
Grantor	7,279	, <u>-</u>	7,279
Accounts	6,807	89,324	96,131
Total current assets	2,028,242	1,197,586	3,225,828
Noncurrent assets Restricted cash	21.660	10.725	41 204
Capital assets	21,669	19,725	41,394
Accumulated depreciation	9,633,320 <u>(6,491,586)</u>	16,767,990 (3,895,226)	26,401,310 (10,386,812)
Total noncurrent assets	3,163,403	12,892,489	16,055,892
Total assets	5,191,645	14,090,075	19,281,720
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Aggregated deferred outflows	272,885		272,885
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 5,464,530	\$ 14,090,075	\$ 19,554,605
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Current liabilities	t 14.036	t 16.40F	± 20 F24
Accounts payable	\$ 14,026	\$ 16,495	\$ 30,521
Accrued wages payable	4,305	1,770	6,075
accrued interest payable	884 70.740	34,868	35,752
Current portion of long-term debt	79,740_	100,789	180,529
Total current liabilities	98,955	153,922	252,877
Non-current liabilities		10 725	10 725
Customer deposits Compensated absences	20,279	19,725 6,399	19,725 26,678
Long-term portion notes payable	432,839	4,944,571	5,377,410
Net pension liability PERA	882,265	ו /כ,דדכ,ד	882,265
Net pension liability PERS	597,728		597,728
Total non-current liabilities	1,933,111_	4,970,695	6,903,806
Total liabilities	2,032,066	5,124,617	7,156,683
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> Aggregated deferred inflows	290,588	-	290,588
<u>NET POSITION</u> Net investment in capital assets	2,629,155	7,827,404	10,456,559
Restricted	, ,		
Special revenue fund	689,364	-	689,364
Capital projects fund Unrestricted	372,705 (549,348)	1,138,054_	372,705 588,706
Total net position	3,141,876	8,965,458	12,107,334
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 5,464,530	\$ 14,090,075	\$ 19,554,605

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2018

ror the year original barre boy 2020				Progr	am Revenues								
					perating		Capital		Net (Expens	es) Rev	enues		
		Charges for		Gr	Grants and Grants a		Grants and		ernmental	Bu	siness-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Serv	ices	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions	A	ctivities		Activities		Total
Governmental activities													
General government	\$ 389,381	\$ 1	20,017	\$	134,383	\$	-	\$	(134,981)	\$	_	\$	(134,981)
Public safety	631,661	Ψ -	46,642	Ψ	273,297	Ψ	22,400	4	(289,322)	Ψ		٣	(289,322)
Public works	193,924		6,375		35,726		83,321		(68,502)		-		(68,502)
Culture and recreation	222,778		-		126,313		,		(96,465)		-		(96,465)
Health and welfare	73,328		6,000		73,438		_		6,110		-		6,110
Debt service interest	6,402		, -		, -		_		(6,402)		-		(6,402)
Change in/out flow pension	9,951				-		-		(9,951)		-		(9,951)
Total governmental activities	1,527,425	1	.79,034		643,157		105,721		(599,513)				(599,513)
Business-type activities													
Water	1,042,024		781,845						-		(260,179)		(260,179)
Solid waste	210,892	1	195,612		_		<del>-</del>		-		(15,280)		(15,280)
Total business-type activities	1,252,916		77,457				_		-		(275,459)		(275,459)
Total governmental and business-type activities	\$ 2,780,341	\$ 1,1	156,491	\$	643,157	\$	105,721	\$	(599,513)	\$	(275,459)	\$	(874,972)
			(		Revenues								
				Tax					222 275				222 275
					roperty				220,075		-		220,075
					ranchise ross receipts				6,71 <b>1</b> 482,248		- 55,564		6,7 <b>1</b> 1 537,812
					ross receipts onservation fe				402,240		3,131		3,131
					ther	5			22,018		3,131		22,018
			Lodgers						7,865		_		7,865
					nses and fees				3,965		-		3,965
					alties and fines	i			-		7,083		7,083
					erest income				553		. 7000		553
				Misc	cellaneous				94,792		4,200		98,992
				Trai	nsfers in (out)				14,702		(14,702)		<u> </u>
				Te	otal general re	venues			852,929		55,276		- 908,205
					Change in n	t positio							
					Change in ne	et positic	ווכ		253,416		(220,183)		33,233
					position, begin	ning			3,611,907		9,211,269	1	.2,823,176
				re	estatement				(723,447)		(25,628)		(749,075)
					Net position, b	eginning	g restated		2,888,460		9,185,641	1	2,074,101
				Net	position, endir	g		\$ 3	3,141,876	\$	8,965,458	<u>\$ 1</u>	2,107,334

Fund Financial Statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

				Spe	cial Revenue		
	General 101	Fire Protection 209		Mun	icipal Streets 216	Seni	or Citizens 219
<u>ASSETS</u>		-					
Cash in banks	\$ 796,853	\$	480,046	\$	133,790	\$	15,600
New Mexico Finance Authority							
Cash state treasury debt service	-		20,249		-		-
Accounts receivable							
Accounts	_		-		-		-
Taxes	63,562		-		3,349		<del>-</del>
Grantor	 <del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		-		7,279
Total assets	\$ 860,415	\$	500,295	\$	137,139	\$	22,879
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payables	\$ 5,713	\$	1,124	\$	-	\$	1,123
Accrued wages payable	 3,696				-		609
Total liabilities	 9,409		1,124				1,732
FUND BALANCE							
Restricted for							
Special revenue funds	-		499,171		137,139		21,147
Capital projects funds	-		-		-		-
Unassigned							
General government fund	 851,006			*****		-	
Total fund balance	 851,006		499,171		137,139		21,147
Total liabilities and							
fund balance	\$ 860,415	_\$	500,295	\$	137,139	\$	22,879

	Other	Total
Go	vernmental	Governmental
	Funds	Funds
\$	511,256	\$ 1,937,545
	1,420	21,669
	6,807	6,807
	9,700	76,611
	_	7,279
\$	529,183	\$ 2,049,911
\$	6,066	\$ 14,026
	-	4,305
	6,066	18,331
	127,355	784,812
	395,762	395,762
		851,006
******	523,117	2,031,580
\$	529,183	<u>\$ 2,049,911</u>

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Reconciliation of Total Fund Balance from Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Total Net Position on the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 2,031,580
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,633,320 (6,491,586)	3,141,734
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and retiree health care authority are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	262,918 (154,546) 9,967 (136,042)	(17,703)
Certain liabilities, including accrued compensated absences, bonds payable, lease purchase notes and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Accrued compensated absences		(20,279)
Loans and notes payable		(512,579)
Accrued interest payable		(884)
Net pension liability pension		(882,265)
Net OPED liability		 (597,728)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 3,141,876

			Special Revenue	
	General	Fire Protection	Municipal Streets	Senior Citizens
	101	209	216	219
Revenue				
Property tax	\$ 220,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise tax	6,711	-	**	-
Gross receipts tax Gasoline tax	422,691	-	-	-
Lodgers tax	-	-	35,726	-
Other tax	22,018	-	-	-
Charges for services	120,017	-	-	-
Interest	120,017	501	-	-
Licenses and fees	3,965	201	-	<del>"</del>
Miscellaneous	38,623	5,359	-	96 904
Local grants	50,025	5,559	- 	86,804
State grants	134,383	250,299	83,321	- 74,290
Federal grants	-	230,233	05,521	21,138
, cacrai granto	- William			21,130
Total revenues	968,483	256,159	119,047	182,232
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
General government	375,550	-	-	~
Public safety	323,381	78,357	-	=
Public works	48,132	-	36,602	~
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	32,050	-	-	151,640
Capital outlay	12,520	-	118,276	30,885
Debt service				
Principal	-	58,538	-	-
Interest		5,549	-	-
Total expenditures	791,633	142,444	154,878	182,525
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	176,850	113,715	(35,831)	(293)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers (net)	14,702	-	36,500	_
	_		***************************************	
Total other financing sources (uses	) 14,702		36,500	
Net change in fund balances	191,552	113,715	669	(293)
Fund balances, beginning	659,451	385,456	136,470	21,440
Restatement	3	-		
Fund balances, beginning restated	659,454	385,456	136,470	21,440
Fund balances, ending	\$ 851,006	\$ 499,171	\$ 137,139	\$ 21,147

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ - 59,557 - 7,865 - 50,092 - 52 - 18,744 - 103,908	\$ 220,075 6,711 482,248 35,726 7,865 22,018 170,109 553 3,965 149,530
240,218	1,766,139_
-	375,550
81,215	482,953
1,532 73,328	86,266
15,033	73,328 198,723
7,000	168,681
7,000	100,001
20,343	78,881
853	6,402
199,304	1,470,784
40,914	295,355
(36,500)	14,702
(36,500)	14,702
4,414	310,057
518,703 	1,721,520 3
518,703_	1,721,523
\$ 523,117	\$ 2,031,580

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	Amounts reported	for governmenta	I activities in the	e statement of	activities are	different because
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\$ 310,057

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays for the period.

Current year capital expenditures capitalized
Depreciation expense

168,681 (292,555)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal payment

78,881

Expenditures in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Governmental funds report town pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:

Change in compensated absences	(1,036)
Change in interest expense	(661)
Change in deferred inflows / outflows related to pension	(9,951)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 253,416

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN General Fund - 101 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the year ended June 30, 2018

For the year ended June 30, 20:	18
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	Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenue					
Property tax	\$ 212,605	\$ 212,605	\$ 222,616	\$ 10,011	
Franchise tax	4,000	4,000	4,567	567	
Gross receipts tax	419,000	419,000	391,396	(27,604)	
Gasoline tax			-	-	
MVD tax			***	-	
Other tax	23,500	23,500	23,992	492	
Charges for services	115,960	115,960	120,017	<del>4</del> ,057	
Interest			-	-	
Licenses and fees	3,700	3,700	3,965	265	
Fines and penalties			=	-	
Rents			-	-	
Other income			-	-	
Law enforcement protection fund gra			-	-	
Miscellaneous	12,2 <del>4</del> 0	12,2 <del>4</del> 0	38,623	26,383	
Local grants	-	-	-	-	
State grants	112,55 <del>4</del>	112,554	134,383	21,829	
Federal grants					
Total revenue	903,559	903,559	939,559	36,000	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government			•		
Legislative					
Personnel services	48,400	48,400	44,904	3,496	
Operating expenses	10,000	10,000	6,399	3,601	
Finance	10,000	10,000	0,399	5,001	
Personnel services	205,750	205,750	159,710	46,040	
	150,000	150,000	87,648	62,352	
Operating expenses	130,000	130,000	07,0 <del>1</del> 0	02,332	
Police department Personnel services	284,735	284,735	279,034	5,701	
	50,000	50,000	42,257	7,743	
Operating expenses Capital outlay	15,000		12,520	2,480	
•	13,000	15,000	12,320	2,700	
Highway and streets	32,910	22.010	25 202	7,618	
Personnel services	•	32,910	25,292		
Operating expenses	30,000	30,000	22,284	7,716	
Motor vehicle department	25.704	25.704	2F 702	4	
Personnel services	35,794	35,794	35,793	1	
Operating expenses	4,142	4,142	4,142	=	
Civic center		7.077	¬ ^¬→	400	
Operating expenses	7,377	7,377	7,277	100	
Insurance		E0.E	F0F		
Employee bonds	525	525	525	-	
General insurance	12,834	12,834	12,834	-	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF LOGAN
General Fund - 101
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance
Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Expenditures (continued)				
Miscellaneous				
Risk management	11,248	11,248	11,248	=
Workers compensation insura	4,978	4,978	4,978	-
Dilapidated building removal	9,000	7,000	709	6,291
Election expenses	3,000	3,000	2,061	939
EPCOG	10,000	8,000	600	7,400
Legal fees	9,000	7,000	2,987	4,013
NM State library	10,329	8,329	315	8,014
RPCHA capital outlay	10,000	8,000	155	7,845
Senior citizens assistance	20,100	20,100	20,000	100
Senior citizens HVAC Unit	4,725	4,725	4,702	23
Total expenditures	979,847	969,847	788,374	181,473
Excess (deficiency) revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(76,288)	(66,288)	151,185	217,473
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers net	31,000	21,000	14,702	(6,298)
Designated cash	96,288	86,288	_	(86,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)	127,288	107,288	14,702	(92,586)
Net change in cash balances	51,000	41,000	165,887	124,887
Cash balance, beginning		_	630,966	630,966
Cash balance, ending \$	51,000	\$ 41,000	\$ 796,853	\$ 755,853
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP Budg Adjustment to revenues for accruals and oth Adjustment to expenditures for payables, pro	er deferrals	r accruals	\$ 165,887 28,924 (3,259)	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)			\$ 191,552	

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN

Special Revenue Fund - Fire Protection Fund - 209

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances

Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For the year ended June 30, 2018

For the year ended June 30, 2018	Budaete	ed Amounts		
-	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues	. <del></del>	940.1		Tarrance
Property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise tax	-	-	-	-
Gross receipts tax	-	-	-	-
Gasoline tax		-	-	-
MVD tax	-	-	-	-
Other tax	-	-		-
Charges for services	-	-	•	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	5,359	5,359
Local grants	~	-	-	-
State grants	238,950	250,299	250,299	-
Federal grants	<del>-</del>		_	_
Total revenues	238,950	250,299	255,658	5,359
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
General	-	-	-	-
Public safety	541,983	553,152	78,466	474,686
Public works	-	-	_	es.
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	٠
Capital outlay	-	<b>-</b>	-	-
Debt service:	E0 2E0	E0 E20	E0 E20	
Principal	58,359	58,539	58,538	1
Interest	5,549	5,549	5,549	
Total expenditures	605,891	617,240	142,553	474,687
Excess (deficiency) revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(366,941)	(366,941)	113,105	480,046
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers	_	_	_	_
Designated cash	366,941	366,941	_	(366,941)
Designated easin	300,511			(300,311)
Total other financing sources (useg	366,941	366,941_	-	(366,941)
Net change in cash balances	-	-	113,105	113,105
Cash balance, beginning	<u>-</u>		366,941	366,941
Cash balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 480,046	\$ 480,046
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP B Adjustment to revenues for accruals and Adjustment to expenditures for payables,	other deferrals	er accruals	\$ 113,105 501 109	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)			\$ 113,715	

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN

Special Revenue Fund - Municipal Streets Fund - 216

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances

Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Budgete	ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues			_	
Property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise tax	-	-	-	-
Gross receipts tax	-	-	-	-
Gasoline tax	34,000	34,000	35,347	1,347
MVD tax	-	-	-	-
Other tax	-	-	-	-
Charges for services Interest				-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	=
Local grants	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	-	-
State grants	02 221	02 221	02.224	-
Federal grants	83,321	83,321	83,321	-
rederal grants				
Total revenues	117,321	117,321	118,668	1,347
Expenditures				
Current				
General government				
General	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	53,321	53,321	36,601	16,720
Culture and recreation	150 000	-	440.277	- 24 722
Capital outlay Debt service	150,000	150,000	118,277	31,723
Principal Interest	=	-	-	-
merest		-	-	-
Total expenditures	203,321	203,321	154,878	48,443
Excess (deficiency) revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(86,000)	(86,000)	(36,210)	49,790
	(00/000)	(00,000)	(50,210)	134, 30
Other financing sources (uses)	06.000	05.000	26 500	(40.500)
Operating transfers net	86,000	86,000	36,500	(49,500)
Designated cash			-	- -
Total other financing sources (use	es) 86,000	86,000	36,500	(49,500)
Net change in cash balances	-	-	290	290
Cash balance, beginning		<u>-</u> _	133,500_	133,500
Cash balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 133,790	\$ 133,790
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)		\$ 290		
Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other deferrals		379		
Adjustment to expenditures for payables	s, prepaids and oth	er accruals	_	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis	s)		\$ 669	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF LOGAN
Special Revenue Fund - S

Special Revenue Fund - Senior Citizens Fund - 219

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balances

Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For the year ended June 30, 2018

For the year ended June 30, 2018		Rudaete	d <b>A</b> moun	te				
	Or	riginal	a Amoun	Final		Actual	V.	ariance
Revenues		<u> </u>				7.10434	•	ariarioc
Property tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Franchise tax		-		-		-		-
Gross receipts tax		-		-		-		_
Gasoline tax		-		-		_		_
MVD tax		-		-		_		_
Other tax		-		_		_		_
Charges for services								-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		102,388		93,042		86,804		(6,238)
Local grants		-		· -		-		-
State grants		80,000		80,000		79,825		(175)
Federal grants		30,858		21,137		23,004		1,867
Total revenues		213,246		194,179		189,633		(4,546)
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
General		-		-		-		-
Public safety		_		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		178,246		159,179		154,064		5,115
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000		30,885		4,115
Debt service								
Principal		-		_		-		-
Interest		_						
Total expenditures		213,246		194,179		184,949		9,230
Excess (deficiency) revenues								
over (under) expenditures		-		•		4,684		4,684
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers net		_		_		-		_
Designated cash								
Total other financing sources (use	e <u>s)</u>		••				Manager and Service and	_
Net change in cash balances		-		-		4,684		4,684
Cash balance, beginning				_	***************************************	10,916		10,916
Cash balance, ending	\$	_	\$		\$	15,600	\$	15,600
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP Adjustment to revenues for accruals and Adjustment to expenditures for payables	other	deferrals	er accrua	ls	\$	4,684 (7,401) 2,424		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis	s)				\$	(293)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Business-type Activities Water Fund 501	Business-type Activities Solid Waste 502	Business-type Activities Totals
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 755,710	\$ 351,135	\$ 1,106,845
Accounts receivable	, ,	7 333/233	7 1,200,013
Taxes	<u>-</u>	1,417	1,417
Net sales	76,258	13,066	89,324
Total current assets	831,968	365,618	1,197,586
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted cash	19,725	_	19,725
Capital assets	16,484,763	283,227	16,767,990
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,725,319)	(169,907)	(3,895,226)
Less, decamatated depreciation	(3,723,319)	(109,907)	(3,093,220)
Total noncurrent assets	12,779,169	113,320	12,892,489
Total assets	\$ 13,611,137	\$ 478,938	\$ 14,090,075
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Accrued interest payable Current portion long-term debt	\$ 8,373 1,392 34,868 100,789	\$ 8,122 378 - -	\$ 16,495 1,770 34,868 100,789
Total current liabilities	145,422	8,500	153,922
Noncurrent liabilities	1		
Customer meter deposits	19,725	-	19,725
Compensated absences	6,399	-	
Long-term debt	4,944,571	-	4,944,571
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,970,695		4,944,571
Total liabilities	5,116,117	8,500	5,124,617
Net position			
Net invested in capital assets	7,739,713	113,320	7,853,033
Unrestricted	755,307	357,118	1,112,425
5 55t 16t6d	7.55,567		1/11/1/20
Total net position	8,495,020	470,438	8,965,458
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 13,611,137	\$ 478,938	\$ 14,090,075

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities Water Fund 501	Business-type Activities Solid Waste 502	Business-type Activities Totals
Operating revenues Sales and services	ф 700 001	d 105.613	ф 07F 702
Sales and Services	\$ 780,091	\$ 195,612	\$ 975,703
Total operating revenues	780,091	195,612	975,703
Operating expenses			
Public works	281,661	150,793	432,454
Personnel	165,641	48,080	213,721
Depreciation	407,164	12,019	419,183
Total operating expenses	854,466	210,892	1,065,358
Operating income (loss)	(74,375)	(15,280)	(89,655)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Gross receipts tax environmental	36,159	19,405	55,564
Conservation fee tax	3,131	=	3,131
Interest	(187,558)	-	(187,558)
Penalties	7,083	-	7,083
Other income (expense)	1,754	<del>-</del>	1,754
Miscellaneous	-	4,200	4,200
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(139,431)	23,605	(115,826)
Net income (loss)	(213,806)	8,325	(205,481)
Operating transfers (net)		(14,702)	(14,702)
Change in net position - proprietary funds	(213,806)	(6,377)	(220,183)
Net position, beginning	8,734,454	476,815	9,211,269
Restatement	(25,628)		(25,628)
Net position, beginning restated	8,708,826	476,815	9,185,641
Net position, ending	\$ 8,495,020	\$ 470,438	\$ 8,965,458

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2018

Receipts from customers	For the year ended Julie 30, 2016	Business-type Activities Water Fund 501	Business-type Activities Solid Waste 502	Business-type Activities Totals
Receipts from customers   \$760,778   \$196,963   \$957,741   Payments to suppliers and contractors   (273,044)   (149,416)   (422,460)   Payments to and on behalf of employees   (165,640)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (422,460)   Payments to and on behalf of employees   (165,640)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (422,460)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,416)   (48,204)   (213,844)   (149,204)   (213,844)   (149,204)   (143,202)	Cash flows from operating activities			1000
Payments to suppliers and contractors         (273,044)         (149,416)         (422,460)           Payments to and on behalf of employees         (165,640)         (48,204)         (213,844)           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         322,094         (657)         321,437           Cash flows from non capital financing activities         36,159         18,669         54,828           Conservation fee tax         3,131         -         3,131           Net meter deposits         425         -         425           Other income (expense)         8,837         4,200         13,037           State grant         -         (14,702)         (14,702)           Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities         48,552         8,167         56,719           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (16,611)         (31,357)         (47,968)           Long-term debt principal payment         (97,289)         -         (97,289)           Interest payment         (188,510)         -         (188,510)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         (302,410)         (31,357)         (333,767)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         68,236         (23,847)         44	Receipts from customers	\$ 760,778	\$ 196,963	\$ 957,741
Payments to and on behalf of employees         (165,640)         (48,204)         (213,844)           Net cash provided (used) by operating activities         322,094         (657)         321,437           Cash flows from non capital financing activities         36,159         18,669         54,828           Conservation fee tax         3,131         -         3,131           Net meter deposits         425         -         425           Other income (expense)         8,837         4,200         13,037           State grant         -         (14,702)         (14,702)           Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities         48,552         8,167         56,719           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (16,611)         (31,357)         (47,968)           Long-term debt principal payment         (97,289)         -         (97,289)           Interest payment         (188,510)         -         (188,510)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         (302,410)         (31,357)         (333,767)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         68,236         (23,847)         44,389           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning         707,199         374,982         1,082,181<	Payments to suppliers and contractors		•	
Cash flows from non capital financing activities Gross receipts tax environmental 36,159 18,669 54,828 Conservation fee tax 3,131 - 3,131 Net meter deposits 425 - 425 Other income (expense) 8,837 4,200 13,037 State grant - (14,702) (14,702)  Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities Acquisition of capital assets (16,611) (31,357) (47,968) Long-term debt principal payment (97,289) - (97,289) Interest payment (188,510) - (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: (1ncrease) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts receivable Increase (Dec	Payments to and on behalf of employees			
Gross receipts tax environmental         36,159         18,669         54,828           Conservation fee tax         3,131         -         3,131           Net meter deposits         425         -         425           Other income (expense)         8,837         4,200         13,037           State grant         -         (14,702)         (14,702)           Operating transfers (net)         -         (14,702)         (14,702)           Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities         48,552         8,167         56,719           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (16,611)         (31,357)         (47,968)           Acquisition of capital assets         (16,611)         (31,357)         (97,289)           Interest payment         (188,510)         -         (188,510)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         (302,410)         (31,357)         (333,767)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         68,236         (23,847)         44,389           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning         707,199         374,982         1,082,181           Total cash and cash equivalents, ending         \$ 75,435         \$ 351,135         \$ 1,126,570 <t< td=""><td>Net cash provided (used) by operating activities</td><td>322,094</td><td>(657)</td><td>321,437</td></t<>	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	322,094	(657)	321,437
Conservation fee tax	Cash flows from non capital financing activities			
Net meter deposits         425         -         425           Other income (expense)         8,837         4,200         13,037           State grant         -         (14,702)         (14,702)           Operating transfers (net)         -         (14,702)         (14,702)           Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities         48,552         8,167         56,719           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         (16,611)         (31,357)         (47,968)           Long-term debt principal payment         (97,289)         -         (97,289)           Interest payment         (188,510)         -         (188,510)           Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities         (302,410)         (31,357)         (333,767)           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         68,236         (23,847)         44,389           Cash and cash equivalents, beginning         707,199         374,982         1,082,181           Total cash and cash equivalents, ending         \$ 775,435         \$ 351,135         \$ 1,126,570           Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities         \$ (89,655)           Operating income (loss) by operating activities         \$ (89,655)	Gross receipts tax environmental	36,159	18,669	54,828
Other income (expense) 8,837 4,200 13,037 State grant - (14,702) (14,702)  Operating transfers (net) - (14,702) (14,702)  Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities 48,552 8,167 56,719  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities (16,611) (31,357) (47,968)  Long-term debt principal payment (97,289) - (97,289)  Interest payment (188,510) - (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$775,435 \$351,135 \$1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	Conservation fee tax	3,131	-	3,131
State grant Operating transfers (net) Operating transfers (net) Operating transfers (net)  Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities Acquisition of capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets Long-term debt principal payment (97,289) Interest payment (188,510) Oracle (188,510) Oracl	Net meter deposits	425	-	425
State grant Operating transfers (net) Operating transfers (net)  Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities Acquisition of capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets Long-term debt principal payment (97,289) Interest payment (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets (16,611) (31,357) (47,968) (97,289) Interest payment (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Acquisition of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease) in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable  Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	Other income (expense)	8,837	4,200	13,037
Operating transfers (net) - (14,702) (14,702)  Net cash provided (used) by non capital financing activities 48,552 8,167 56,719  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets (16,611) (31,357) (47,968) - (97,289) - (97,289) (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$775,435 \$351,135 \$1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)	State grant	•	·	-
financing activities 48,552 8,167 56,719  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets (16,611) (31,357) (47,968) (97,289) (188,510) (188,510) (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$775,435 \$351,135 \$1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: (17,962) Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (17,962) 1,082,181			(14,702)	(14,702)
financing activities 48,552 8,167 56,719  Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets (16,611) (31,357) (47,968) (97,289) (188,510) (188,510) (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$775,435 \$351,135 \$1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: (17,962) Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (17,962) 1,082,181	Net cash provided (used) by non capital			
Acquisition of capital assets  Long-term debt principal payment  Long-term debt principal payment  (97,289)  Interest payment  (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities  (302,410)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (302,410)  (31,357)  (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (302,410)  (31,357)  (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (68,236)  (23,847)  44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning  707,199  374,982  1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending  \$775,435\$  \$351,135\$  \$1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		48,552	8,167	56,719
Acquisition of capital assets  Long-term debt principal payment  Long-term debt principal payment  (97,289)  Interest payment  (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities  (302,410)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (302,410)  (31,357)  (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (302,410)  (31,357)  (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  (68,236)  (23,847)  44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning  707,199  374,982  1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending  \$775,435\$  \$351,135\$  \$1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Long-term debt principal payment (97,289) - (97,289) Interest payment (188,510) - (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable  1097,289) 1088,510  - (188,510) - (18,510) - (188,510)		(16.611)	(31.357)	(47.968)
Interest payment (188,510) - (188,510)  Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating in accounts payable (17,962) Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 9,871	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
And related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating activities  Depreciation and amortization 419,183  Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (302,410)  (31,357) (333,767)  (41,389)  (42,847) 44,389  (58,657)			_	
And related financing activities (302,410) (31,357) (333,767)  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 68,236 (23,847) 44,389  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating activities  Depreciation and amortization 419,183  Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable (302,410)  (31,357) (333,767)  (41,389)  (42,847) 44,389  (58,657)	Net cash provided (used) by capital			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning 707,199 374,982 1,082,181  Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization 419,183 Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 9,871		(302,410)	(31,357)	(333,767)
Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization 419,183 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable \$ 9,871	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	68,236	(23,847)	44,389
Total cash and cash equivalents, ending \$ 775,435 \$ 351,135 \$ 1,126,570  Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization 419,183 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable \$ 9,871	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	707 199	374 982	1 082 181
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Depreciation and amortization 419,183  Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 9,871	cash and cash equivalents, beginning		37 17302	
cash provided (used) by operating activities  Operating income (loss) \$ (89,655)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities  Depreciation and amortization 419,183  Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 9,871	Total cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 775,435	\$ 351,135	\$ 1,126,570
Depreciation and amortization 419,183 Changes in assets and liabilities:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable 9,871	cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to			\$ (89,655)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable(17,962)Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable9,871	Depreciation and amortization			419,183
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities <u>\$ 321,437</u>	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable			
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities			\$ 321,437

Notes to Financial Statements

## Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the Village of Logan (the Village) is presented to assist in the understanding of the Village's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the Village's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on accounting procedures. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Reporting Entity

The Village is a political subdivision of the state of New Mexico and was incorporated under provisions of Chapter 3, Article 2, NMSA 1978 as amended. The Village operates under the mayor-trustee form of government. The Village provides the following authorized services: public safety, police and fire, highways and streets, water, sanitation, health and welfare, social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, and general administrative services. The Village's basic financial statements include all activities and accounts of the Village's *financial reporting entity*.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, and any another organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no component units of the Village. The Village is not considered a component unit of another governmental agency during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

## **B.** Government-Wide Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function category (general government, public safety, etc.) or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with specific function or activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or activity and 3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The net cost (by function of governmental-type activity) is normally covered by general revenues (property, sales, franchise, public service taxes, interest income, etc.). The Village does not allocate indirect costs. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Separate fund based financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The nonmajor funds are detailed in the combining section of the statements.

The Village's fiduciary funds (which have been refined and narrowed in scope) are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since, by definition, the assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the municipality; these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balance of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Generally, intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are meet and the revenues are available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property, franchise, sales and public service tax revenues associated with the current fiscal period are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash, as the resulting receivable is immaterial.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criterià have been met.

Governmental funds are used to account for the Village's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided through property and other taxes, federal sources, state sources, charges for services, licenses and fees, and other miscellaneous recoveries and revenue. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the Village except for items included in other funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The *Capital Projects Funds* account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by the proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Under the requirements of GASB No. 34, the Village is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include only the General Fund and the Fire Protection Fund. No other funds were required to be presented as major at the discretion of management.

#### General Fund

The Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided primarily through property, gross receipts and other miscellaneous taxes.

#### Fire Protection Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the fire Department. Financing is provided by a motor vehicle registration fee of one dollar. Funding is provided under State Statute 24-10A-1 NMSA 1978 Compilation. Required to be accounted for as a separate fund by New Mexico Department of Health regulations.

#### Senior Citizens Fund

To account for the receipt and expenditures of the Senior Citizens. Financing is provided by the Area on Aging. The fund was created by the authority of state statute. (NMSA 7-12-15)

## Streets Gas Tax

To account for the receipts and expenditures of special gasoline tax which is restricted for use in repairing and maintaining roads and streets within the municipality. The fund was created by the authority of state statute. (NMSA 7-1-16.9 and 7-13-1 to 18)

The government reports its Water Fund and Solid Waste Fund (Proprietary funds) as major business-type funds. Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The fiduciary funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes, because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities

Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Village does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general and long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing service in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Village's enterprise fund is charges for services for the Village's garbage, water & sewer utilities. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific

purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Village; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Village to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the Village are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### **Restricted Assets:**

Restricted assets are those held in trust for others.

#### **Receivables and Payables:**

Inter-fund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as inter-fund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related costs as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded when levied.

#### **Prepaid Items:**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

#### **Inventory:**

The cost of purchased inventory is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

## **Capital Assets:**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000, per section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are to be included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Information Technology Equipment including software is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures, and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5).

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings, Improvements and Infrastructure	20-50
Equipment and Vehicles	3-15

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources:**

In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) uritil that time.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources:**

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate sect on for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows of resources.

## Pensions – Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows or Resources

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when the payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Compensated Absences:**

All full-time regular employees are entitled to paid vacation time. Part time employees are entitled to paid vacation time on a basis prorated to the full-time (40 hour) work week. Unused sick leave is not paid upon termination.

## Long-term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt services expenditures.

**Fund Balance:** Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent: The following classifications may be used:

## Non-Spendable

The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts.

## Restricted

Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (I) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Committed

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the formal action of the Village Board of Trustees should be reported as committed fund balance. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village's Board of Trustees removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

## Assigned

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that arc reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed and

amounts in the general fund that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent, and removal of, is expressed by the Board of Trustees or the Finance Committee. The Village did not have assigned fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2018.

## Unassigned

The remaining fund balance, after all other classifications, within the general fund is reported as unassigned fund balance. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In governmental funds, other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, a negative fund balance will be reported as unassigned fund balance.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use committed first followed by assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

## **Net Position and Fund Equity:**

Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

#### Net investment in capital assets:

Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

#### Restricted Net Position:

Consist of net position with "legally enforceable" constraints placed on the use, either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Legally enforceable means that a government can be compelled by an external party – such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation, only for the purposes specified by the legislation. Generally, the enforceability of an enabling legislation restriction is determined by professional judgment. If it is determined that the restrictions continue to be legally enforceable, then for the purposes of financial reporting, the restricted net position should not reflect any reduction for resources used for purposes not stipulated by the enabling legislation. Descriptions for the related restrictions for net position are restricted for "debt service or capital projects."

# Unrestricted Net Position:

All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

## **Inter-fund Transactions:**

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### **Estimates:**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the Village's financials include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

## Tax Revenues:

The Village receives mill levy and ad-valorem tax revenues. Property taxes are assessed on January 1st of each year and are payable in two equal installments, on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year with the levies becoming delinquent 30 days (one month) thereafter. The Village recognizes tax revenues in the period for which they are levied in the government-wide financial statements. The Village records only the portion of the taxes considered 'measureable' and 'available' in the governmental fund financial statements.

# Note 2 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets of the Village are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by Village Council resolution and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for State approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the Village Council and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of the funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, and Special Revenue Funds. The Village is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are in excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures. The Village Council may approve amendments to the appropriated budget, which are required when a change is made affecting budgeted ending fund balance.

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance – Budget (non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity, and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2018, is presented.

The appropriated budget for the year ended June 30, 2018, was properly amended by the Village Council throughout the year.

#### Note 3 Deposits and Investments

State statutes authorize the investment of the Village funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States government obligations. All invested funds of the Village properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2018.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the Village. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case, shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits, and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

New Mexico State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the Village for at least one half the amount in excess of FDIC coverage on deposit with the institution.

The schedule listed below discloses the State of New Mexico, Office of the State Auditor's requirements on reporting the insured portion of the Village's deposits.

		FNB lew Mexico Logan, NM	 Reconciled Balance	Туре	
Total amount on deposit o General Fund EMS Account MVD Cash Account	n June 30, 2018	\$	3,124,347 1,001 3,632	\$ 3,063,111 1,001 3	Checking Checking Checking
Total deposited Less FDIC coverage Total uninsured public func 50% collateral requiremen as per Section 6-10-1	t		3,125,348 (250,000) 2,875,348 1,437,674	\$ 3,064,115	
Pledged securities Over (under)		<del></del>	1,510,565 72,891		
Pledged Collateral:  Description	CUSIP#		Maturity Date	Market Value	Location
FHLMC Pool #C91761 Roy Municipal School Roy Municipal School GNR 2016-24 AE	3128P7P75W9 780040BE0 780040BF7 38379UFP6	-	5/1/2034 10/1/2018 10/1/2019 12/15/2056	\$  652,399 15,092 10,264 832,810 1,510,565	FHLB, Dallas TX FHLB, Dallas TX FHLB, Dallas TX FHLB, Dallas TX

Restricted cash held by New Mexico Finance Authority:

Name of Account		Balance Per NMFA 6/30/2018
NMFA ZD PP-2058 Fire Station	\$	170
NMFA ZD PP-2205 Ute Lake Sub Station		19,927
NMFA C MAN PP-3467 Class A Fire Truck		152
NMFA DM PP-3090 Ambulance	_	1,420
Total Deposited	\$	21,669

# Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, \$1,364,783 of the Village's bank balance of \$3,125,348 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits	
Account Balance	\$ 3,125,348
FDIC Insurance	250,000
Collateral:	
Collateral held by the pledging bank,	
not in the Entity's name	1,510,565
Uninsured and uncollateralized	 1,364,783
Total Deposits	\$ 3,125,348

#### Note 4 Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Governmental Activities		General Fund	Senior Itizens	Gov	on-Major ernmental <u>Funds</u>		Totals	
Accounts receivable taxes								
Property Tax	\$	1,092	\$ -	\$	-	\$		
Gross Receipts		60,326	-		8,505			
Gasoline		-	-		3,349			
Other Taxes		2,144	-		1,195			
Total Acct Rec Tax							76,611	
Accounts receivable from grantor		-	7,279		-		7,279	
Accounts receivable taxes accounts		-	 -		6,807		6,807	
Totals	\$	63,562	\$ 7,279	\$	19,856	<u>\$</u>	90,697	

The above accounts receivable taxes and accounts receivable from grantor are deemed 100% collectible.

	Water /			Solid		
		Sewer	,	Waste		
Business-type Activities		Fund		Fund		Totals
Receivable from customers	\$	94,145	\$	16,132	\$	110,277
Less allowance for uncollectible		(17,887)		(3,066)		(20,953)
Totals	\$	76,258	_\$_	13,066	\$_	89,324

# Note 5 Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

	T	ransfer In	٦	Transfer { Out				
General	\$	14,702	\$	-				
Streets Gas Tax		36,500		-				
Capital Projects Infrastructure		-		(36,500)				
Solid Waste				(14,700)				
Totals	\$	51,202	<u>\$</u>	(51,200)				

# Note 6 Accounts Payables

Accounts payable are payable to suppliers as of June 30, 2018, are listed below.

Governmental Activities		eneral Fund	-	r Citizens Fund		Non Major	Totals		
Accounts payable									
General Financial Police Department Municipal Streeta MVD	\$	1,134 2,225 1,716 191	\$		\$		\$		
Civic Center		447				4 424		5,713	
Fire EMS						1,124 660		1,124 660	
Cemetery						96		96	
Senior citizens				1,123		-		1,123	
LEPF Health Clinic						423 4,887		423 4,887	
						<del></del>			
Totals	\$	5,713	\$	1,123	<u>_\$_</u>	7,190	\$	14,026	
	١	Vater		Solid Vaste					
Business-Type Accounts payable		Fund 8,373		Fund 8,122	\$	Total 16,495			

# Note 7 Capital Assets

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2018 follows.

	Beginning Balances			Increase	•	ments/ ease	Ending Balances		
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	89,421	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89,421	
Capital assets being depreciated				į					
Infrastructure		4,451,410		103,092		-		4,554,502	
Buildings and improvements	2,055,655		12,520			-		2,068,175	
Equipment		2,868,153		53,069				2,921,222	
Total assets	_	9,464,639		168,681		-		9,633,320	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Infrastructure		(3,794,186)		(101,183)		(1)		(3,895,370)	
Buildings and improvements		(1,071,680)		(55,678)		357		(1,127,001)	
Equipment		(1,333,518)		(135,694)		(3)		(1,469,215)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,199,384)		(292,555)		353		(6,491,586)	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	3,265,255	\$	(123,874)	\$	353	\$	3,141,734	

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, at June 30, 2018 appear in the Statement of Net Position as follows: Governmental activities \$ 3,141,734.

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was charged to the following governmental activities functions.

Culture and recreation	\$ 22,258
Financial	14,592
Public safety	148,047
Public works	 107,658
	\$ 292,555

# **Business-Type Activities**

Water and Sewer Business-type activities:		eginning alances		Increáse	-	ustments/ ecrease	Ending Balances		
Capital assets not being depreciated  Land	\$	193,412	\$	-	\$	-	\$	193,412	
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Equipment	10	6,056,777 217,964		16,610		-	1	6,056,777 234,574	
Total assets	1(	6,468,153		16,610		-	1	6,484,763	
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Equipment	(:	3,148,804) (143,723)	<b>P</b>	(395,212) (11,952)		(11,539) (14,089)	(	(3,555,555) (169,764)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(	3,292,527)		(407,164)		(25,628)	(	(3,725,319)	
Business-type activity capital assets, net		3,175,626	\$	(390,554)	\$	(25,628)	<u> </u>	2,759,444	
<b>Solid Waste</b> Business-type activities:		Beginning Balances		Increase		Adjustments/ Decrease		Ending Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land CNP	\$ \$	25,000	\$	- 9,157	\$	-	\$	25,000 9,157	
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Equipment		- 226,870		6,000 16,200		- -		6,000 243,070	
Total assets		251,870	<u> </u>	31,357		_		283,227	
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Equipment		- (157,888)		(400) (11,619)		<u>-</u>		(400) (169,507)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(157,888)		(12,019)		-		(169,907)	
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	93,982	\$	19,338	\$		<u></u> \$	113,320	

Depreciation expense relating to business-like activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$419,183.

# Note 8 Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village has purchased insurance from a commercial vendor and pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage, as such all risk of loss is transferred.

# Note 9 Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the Combining Statements

Overview of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance of individual funds. None

- B. Expenditures exceeded appropriations by fund.
  None
- Excess expenditures over budget.
   The Village did not reported expenditures in excess of budget at the function level at June 30, 2018,

# Note 10 Long-term Debts

# Governmental Activities

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government wide statement of net position:

Governmental activities	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Reductions		 Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year	
Notes Payable	 591,460				(78,881)	 512,579		79,740
	\$ 591,460	\$		\$	(78,881)	\$ 512,579	\$	79,740
	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions	 Ending Balance		nount Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 19,243	_\$	17,313	\$	(16,277)	\$ 20,279	\$	

In prior years, the General Fund has typically liquidated the compensated absences and the Fire Protection Fund liquidated the three NMFA fire loans. The EMS Fund has typically liquidated the NMFA ambulance loan.

		Maturity	Naturity Interest		Original		
Description	Fund	Date	Rate		Amount		Balance
Fire 6	Fire	8/15/2023	3.4% to 3.84%	\$	260,000	\$	92,082
Fire 7	Fire	8/15/2024	0.00%		101,500		41,010
Fire 10	Fire	6/15/2024	0.01%		350,645		318,719
Ambulance	EMS	4/1/2024	0.00%		75,567		48,005
Police Vehicle	LEPF	8/1/2018	3.17%		25,133		12,763
						<u>\$</u>	512,579

The annual requirement to amortize the loan as of June 30, 2018, including interest and administration fees is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		nterest	Total
2019	\$ 79,740	\$	3,304	\$ 83,044
2020	67,496		2,433	69,929
2021	68,054		1,929	69,983
2022	68,663		1,375	70,038
2023	69,342		752	70,094
2027-2027	159,284		361	 159,645
	\$ 512,579	\$	10,154	\$ 522,733

# **Business-type Activities**

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the business type activities statement of net position:

	Beginning Balance	 Additions	<i>.</i> 	Reductions		Ending Balance		nount Due Within One Year
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>								
Phase I	\$ 3,931,000	\$ -	\$	(61,000)	\$	3,870,000	\$	64,000
Phase I1	958,400	-		(18,200)	•	940,200	•	18,700
Phase I11	 253,249	 		(18,089)		235,160		18,089
	\$ 5,142,649	\$ _	\$	(97,289)	\$	5,045,360	\$	100,789

The annual requirement to amortize the loan as of June 30, 2018, including interest and administration fees is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Principal	Interest Total		Total
2019	\$ 100,789	\$ 185,560	\$	286,349
2020	103,289	182,350		285,639
2021	106,889	179,120		286,009
2022	110,389	175,770		286,159
2023	113,989	172,220		286,209
2024-2028	626,546	803,360		1,429,906
2029-2033	700,868	692,220		1,393,088
2034-2038	783,500	557,180		1,340,680
2039-2043	946,100	393,510		1,339,610
2044-2048	1,144,801	195,000		1,339,801
2049-2050	308,200	12,740		320,940
	\$ 5,045,360	\$ 3,549,030	\$	8,594,390

# Note 11 Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan

**Pensions.** For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Plan Description.** The fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer. Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers. Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-IIA-I to 10-IIA-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-I to I0-12B-19, NMSA 1978). the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-I to I0-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366-B.

**Benefits Provided** For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note D in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 available at: <a href="http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/CAFR-20 I 7-f">http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/CAFR-20 I 7-f</a> inal.pdf

**Contributions.** The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the Village are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FYI 7 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures on pages 46 through 48 of the PERA FY 17 annual audit report. The PERA coverage options that apply to the Village are: General Division and Police Division.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based

on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2017.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred inflows and outflows were preformed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members, and legislative members. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July I, 2016 to June 30, 2017 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2017 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

**PERA Fund Division** – **General.** At June 30. 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$589,482 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.0429%, which was slightly higher than its 0.0395% proportion measured as of June 30. 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village recognized PERA Fund - General pension expense of approximately \$56,071.

At June 30, 2017, the Village reported PERA Fund Division - General deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Municipal General Division	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 23,163	\$ 30,192
Change in assumptions	27,184	6,091
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on plan investments	48,363	-
Change in proportion and difference between Entity		
contribution and proportionate share of contributions	28,897	37,600
Entity's contribution subsequent to the measurement date	31,003	 
Totals	\$ 158,610	\$ 73,883

For the General Division, \$31,003 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2017 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	N	Municipal		
	General			
Year Ended June 30,	_!	Division		
2019	\$	1,460		
2020		50,394		
2021		16,004		
2022		(14, 134)		

**PERA Fund Division** - **Police.** At June 30. 2018, the Village reported a liability of\$292,783 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2017. As of June 30, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.0527%, which was slightly higher than its 0.0465% proportion measured as of June 30. 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village recognized PERA Fund - Police pension expense of approximately \$37,134.

At June 30, 2017, the Village reported PERA Fund Division - Police deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Municipal Police Division	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 17,781	\$ 54,704
Change in assumptions	17,420	6,808
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		•
on plan investments	23,580	-
Change in proportion and difference between Entity		
contribution and proportionate share of contributions	26,637	19,151
Entity's contribution subsequent to the measurement date	 18,890	 <u> </u>
Totals	\$ 104,308	\$ 80,663

For the Police Division, \$18,890 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2017 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2019	\$ 14
2020	13,785
2021	(2,149)
2022	(6,895)

**Actuarial Assumptions.** As described above, the PERA Fund member group pension liabilities and net pension liabilities are based on actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2016 for each of the membership groups. Then each PERA Fund member group pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2017 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2016. These actuarial methods and assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

PERA	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Amortization period	Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed Market Value
Actuarial Assumptions	
Investment rate of return	7.51% annual rate, net of investment expense
Projected benefit payment	100 years
Payroll growth	2.75% for first 9 years, then 3.25% annual rate
Projected salary increases	2.75% to 14.00% annual rate
Includes inflation at	2.25% annual rate first 9 years, then 2.75 all other years
Mortality Assumption	RP-2000 Mortality Tables
Experience Study Dates	July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013 (demographic) July 1, 2010 through June 20, 2016 (economic)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

All Funds		Long-Term Expected
Asset	Target	Rate of
Class	Allocation	Return
Global Equity	43.50%	7.39%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.50%	1.79%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.00%	5.77%
Real Assets to Include Real Estate Equity	20.00%	7.35%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% for the first ten years (select period) then 7.75% for all other years (ultimate). The equivalent blended rate of 7.48% will be used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.48% assumed long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the Association's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following table show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the Association's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division in which the Association participates, under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.51%) or one percentage point higher (8.51%) than the single discount rate.

				Current		
Proportionate share of the	1%	Decrease	l	Discount	1%	6 Increase
net pension liability		6.51%		7.51%		8.51%
Municipal General Division	\$	923,914	\$	589,482	\$	311,356
Municipal Police Division	\$	466,908	<sup>;</sup> \$	292,783	\$	149,888

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY16 PERA financial report. The report is available at: www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html.

**Payables to the Pension Plan.** At June 30, 2018, the Village did not have any outstanding contributions to the pension plan reported within accounts payables in the General Fund

## Note 12 OPEB

**Plan description.** Employees of the Village are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund)-a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

**Benefits provided.** The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

**Employees covered by benefit terms-**At June 30, 2017, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	51,208
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,478
Current active members	97,349
	160,035
Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	21,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
	97,349

**Contributions** - Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund.

Contributions to the Fund from the Village was \$11,327 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$597,728 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Village's proportion was .01319 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$23,764. At June 30, 2018 the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<del>-</del>	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	22,938	
Change in assumptions  Difference between projected and actual and projected		-		104,505	
earnings on OPEB investments		_		8,599	
District's contribution made after the measurement date		9,967			
Totals	\$	9,967	\$	136,042	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$9,967represent Village contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2019	\$	(28,923)
2020		(28,923)
2021		(28,923)
2022		(28,923)
2023	_	(20,350)
Total	<u></u> \$_	(136,042)

**Actuarial assumptions.** The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on

individual employee basis

Asset valuation method

Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions: Inflation

2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA

Projected payroll increases 3.50%

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin

for adverse deviation including inflation

Health care cost trend rate 7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and

margin for adverse deviation including inflation 8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non- Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over

12 for Medicare medical plan costs

**Rate of Return.** The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	Long-Term
Asset Class	Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	4.10%
U.S. equity - large cap	9.10%
Non U.S emerging markets	12.20%
Non U.S developed equities	9.80%
Private equity	13.80%
Credit and structured finance	7.30%
Real estate	6.90%
Absolute return	6.10%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	9.10%

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 3.81% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029.

Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 3.81% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.81 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.81 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 2.81%		Current Discount 3.81%		1% Increase 4.81%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	725,034	\$	597,728	\$	497,844

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Village as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Cur	rent Trend				
1% Decrease			Rates	1% Increase			
\$	508,409	\$	597,728	\$	667,375		

**OPEB plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

**Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability.** At June 30, 2018, the Village did not report a Opayable for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2018.

## Note 13 Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of operations, the Village receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

# Note 14 Surety Bond

The officials and certain employees of the Village are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 126-7 NMSA 1978 Compilation.

# Note 15 Subsequent Review

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through September 26, 2018 which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

## Note 16 GASB 77 Abatement Disclosures

The Village was not part of any tax abatement agreements subject to GASBS 77 Tax Abatement Disclosures during the year ended June 30, 2018. As a result, they make no such disclosures related to GASBS 77.

## Note 17 Prior Period Restatement

The General Funds beginning fund balance was restated to increase cash \$3 and \$353 to correct accumulated depreciation.

The District Governmental Activities had a prior period adjustment of (\$723,801) which was required for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. The adjustment reflects a beginning net pension liability of \$974,167 and a beginning deferred outflow of resources employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of (\$313,976). Also, net position was restated \$3 to reflect a change in beginning cash. and \$25,628 to reflect change in beginning accumulated depreciation

Business type activities had a prior period adjust of (\$25,628) to correct accumulated depreciation.

Required Supplementary Information

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF LOGAN
Schedule of Required Supplementary Information and
Notes for Pension Plan
Public Employee Retirement Association (PERA) Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

# Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Fiscal Year Measurement Year		2015 2014	****	2016 2015	 2017 2016	 2018 2017
The Entity's proportion of the net	pension liability (asset)		0.10230%		0.09690%	0.08600%	0.09560%
The Entity's proportionate share o	of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	557,824	\$	694,372	\$ 974,167	\$ 882,265
The Entity's covered-employee pa	yroll	\$	589,448	\$	506,288	\$ 573,585	\$ 506,271
The Entity's proportionate share of as a percentage of its covered-e	, , , ,		94.63%		137.15%	169.84%	174.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a pe	rcentage of the total pension liabili	ty	81.29%		76.99%	69.18%	73.74%

<sup>\*</sup> Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement or ly requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the entity is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

## **Schedule of Contributions**

June 30,	 2015		2016	 2017	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 58,704	\$	49,779	\$ 56,454	\$ 49,893
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	58,704	_	49,779	 56,454	 49,893
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ _	\$ _
The Entity's covered-employee payroll	\$ 589,448	\$	506,288	\$ 573,585	\$ 506,271
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.96%		9.83%	9.84%	9.85%

<sup>\*</sup> Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the entity is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

Note: Employee contributions are not included in this schedule.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

## **PERA Plan**

**Changes of Benefit Terms.** The Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico (PERA) Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY17 audit available at: http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/ comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/CAFR-2017-Final.pdf

Changes of Assumptions. PERA Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2017 report is available at: <a href="http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/Investments/RetirementFundValuationReports/6-30-2016%20PERA%20Valuation%20">http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/Investments/RetirementFundValuationReports/6-30-2016%20PERA%20Valuation%20</a> <a href="Report FINAL.pdf">Report FINAL.pdf</a>.

The summary of Key Findings for the PERA Fund (on page 2 of the report) states "based on a recent experience study for the five-year period ending June 30, 2013, the economic and demographic assumptions were updated for this valuation. The changes in assumptions resulted in a decrease of \$30.8 million to Fund liabilities and an increase of 0.13% to the funded ratio."

For details about changes in the actuarial assumptions, see Appendix B on page 60 of the report.

#### **RHC Plan**

Changes in benefit provisions.

There were no modifications to the benefit provisions as this is the first year of adoption of the OPEB accounting standard.

Changes in assumptions and methods.

There were no modifications to the assumptions and methods as this is the first year of adoption of the OPEB accounting standard.

# Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPED Liability

	 2018*
The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.01319%
The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 597,728
The District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 498,470
The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	119.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.34%

# **Schedule of Employer's Contributions**

	2018*
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,967
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	 9,967
The District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 498,470
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.00%

<sup>\*</sup>These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for available years.



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# Non-Major Special Revenue Funds

### EMS and Ambulance

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village EMS Department. Financing is primarily from an annual EMS allotment and fees collected for emergency transportation. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions. (NMSA 59A-53-1)

#### Law Enforcement Protection Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the police department authorized by the State Statute Chapter 289, Laws of 1983. Financing is provided by a grant from the State of New Mexico.

## Cemetery Fund

Accounts for funds received from sale of lots and donations for the purpose of maintaining a community cemetery. The fund was authorized by NMSA 1978 3-40-1 through 9.

# Lodgers Tax

To account for a Lodger's Tax which is to be used for cultural and recreation purposes. The fund was created by the authority of state statute. (NMSA 3-38-13 to 24)

#### Health Clinic

To account for the receipts and expenditures related to the Village Health Clinic. Funding is provided by the State Department of Health, Public Health Division, to provide primary health care services. The fund was created by State Grant Provision. (NMSA 24-1A-3.1)

#### Recreation Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village's youth recreation program. Financing is provided by the state shared cigarette tax. The fund was created by the authority of state statute. (NMSA 7-12-15)

## Capital Outlay Funds

#### Infrastructure

To account for a reserve account used for improvements to roads, sewer system, and the water system. The fund was created by authority of state statute.

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

				Special Revenue				<b>.</b>				
	EMS and Ambulance 206		Ambulance Protection						Lod	gers Tax 214	Cemetery 505	
<u>ASSETS</u>												
Cash in banks	\$	84,562	\$	1,096	\$	5,679	\$	12,282				
New Mexico Finance Authority												
Cash state treasury debt service		1,420		-		-		-				
Accounts receivable												
Accounts		6,807										
Taxes		-				1,195						
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	92,789	\$	1,096	\$	6,874	\$	12,282				
<u>LIABILITIES</u>												
Accounts payable	\$	660	\$	423	\$			96				
Total liabilities		660	<del></del>	423				96				
FUND BALANCE												
Restricted for												
Special revenue funds		92,129		673		6,874		12,186				
Capital projects funds	<del></del>	-			<u>.</u>							
Total fund balance		92,129		673		6,874		12,186				
Total liabilities and												
fund balance	_\$	92,789	_\$	1,096	\$	6,874		12,282				

 Capital Projects									
Health	Inf								
Clinic		Reserve	ve						
 506		300		Totals					
\$ 20,380	\$	387,257	\$	511,256					
. 0	·	· _	•	1,420					
Ü									
 		8,505		6,807 9,700					
\$ 20,380	\$	395,762	\$	529,183					
\$ 4,887	\$		\$	6,066					
 4,887				6,066					
15,493		- 395,762		127,355 395,762					
 15,493		395,762		523,117					
\$ 20,380	\$	395,762	\$	529,183					

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2018

				Special Revenue				
	EMS and Ambulance 206		Enforcement Protection 211	Lodgers Tax 214	Cemetery 505			
Revenues								
Property tax	\$ -	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -			
Franchise tax	-	-	-	-	-			
Gross receipts tax	-	•	-	-	-			
Gasoline taxes	-	-	-	-	-			
Lodgers tax			-	7,865	-			
Other tax			-	-	-			
Charges for services	46,642		-	-	3,450			
Interest	52	:		-	-			
Miscellaneous	-	•	9,819	-	2,925			
Local grants	0.070	•	-		-			
State grants	8,070	)	22,400	-	-			
Federal grants	-	<u> </u>		_	-			
Total revenues	54,764	<u> </u>	32,219	7,865	6,375			
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Legislative	-	-	-	-	-			
Finance	-	-	-	_	-			
Public safety	61,598	3	19,617					
Public works	;	-	-	-	1,532			
Health and welfare	-	•	-	-	-			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	15,033	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	7,000			
Debt service								
Principal	7,973		12,370	-	-			
Interest	56	<u> </u>	797	-				
Total expenditures	69,627	<u> </u>	32,784	15,033	8,532			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(14,863	3)	(565)	(7,168)	(2,157)			
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers (net)		<u> </u>	_					
Total other financing sources (	use <u>s)</u>	<u> </u>	_	_				
Net change in fund balances	(14,863	3)	(565)	(7,168)	(2,157)			
Fund balances, beginning	106,992	2	1,238	14,042	14,343			
Fund balances, ending	\$ 92,129	<u> </u>	673	\$ 6,874	\$ 12,186			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Cli	alth nic 06	Infra	tal Projects astructure eserve 300	 Totals
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	-		- 59,557	- 59,557
	-		- - -	7,865 -
	-		-	50,092 52
	6,000 -		-	18,744 -
	73,438 0		- 0	103,908
	79,438		59,557	 240,218
				_
	-		-	_
	-		-	81,215
	- 72 220		-	1,532 73,328
	73,328		_	15,033
	<u></u>		-	7,000
	-		-	 20,343 853
	73,328		<u>-</u>	 199,304
	6,110		59,557	40,914
	-		(36,500)	 (36,500)
			(36,500)	 (36,500)
	6,110		23,057	4,414
	9,383		372,705	 518,703
\$	15,493	\$	395,762	\$ 523,117

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF LOGAN
Enterprise Fund - Water Fund - 501
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Cash Balances
Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the year ended June 30, 2018

Budgeted Amounts					
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 760,803	\$ 760,803	\$ 760,778	\$ (25)	
Total revenues	760,803	760,803	760,778	(25)	
Expenses					
Current					
Public works	347,044	347,044	273,044	74,000	
Personal	165,640	165,640	165,640	_	
Total expenses	512,684	512,684	438,684	74,000	
Excess (deficiency) revenues over					
(under) expenses	248,119	248,119	322,094	73,975	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Gross receipts tax	16,197	16,197	36,159	(19,962)	
Conservation fee tax	-	-	3,131	3,131	
Net meter deposits	=	-	425	425	
Interest income (expense)	(188,510)	(188,510)	(188,510)	-	
Penalties and interest	_	-	8,837	8,837	
Rent	-	-	-	-	
Other income (expense)	-	-	-	-	
State grant	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	(17,026)	(17,026)	(16,611)	415	
Note payment	(97,340)	(97,340)	(97,289)	51	
Operating transfers (net)	<u>.</u>		-	-	
Designated cash	38,560	38,560	_	(38,560)	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(248,119)	(248,119)	(253,858)	(5,739)	
Net change in cash balances	-	-	68,236	68,236	
Cash balance, beginning	_	_	707,199	707,199	
Cash balance, ending	\$ -		\$ 775,435	\$ 775,435	
Not change in fund halance (Non-CAA	D Rudgetany Racic)		\$ 68,236		
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other deferrals			19,313		
Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other deferrals  Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepaids and other accruals			(301,355)		
Adjustment to expenditures for payab	ico, prepaido and othe	a accidatio	(301,333)		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Ba	sis)		\$ (213,806)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF LOGAN
Enterprise Fund - Solid Waste Fund - 502
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Cash Balance
Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the year ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
Revenues				*****
Charges for services	\$ 203,500	\$ 203,500	\$ 196,963	\$ (6,537)
Total revenues	203,500	203,500	196,963	(6,537)
Expenses				
Current Public works	160.000	160,000	140 446	10 504
	160,000	160,000	149,416	10,584
Personal	60,000	60,000	48,204	11,796
Total expenses	220,000	220,000	197,620	22,380
Excess (deficiency) revenues over				
(under) expenses	(16,500)	(16,500)	(657)	15,843
Other financing courses (uses)				
Other financing sources (uses)  Gross receipts tax environmental	8,000	8,000	18,669	10,669
Conservation fee tax	0,000	0,000	10,009	10,009
Net meter deposits		- -	· -	_
Interest income (expense)		_	_	_
Other income (expenses)	4,200	4,200	4,200	_
State grant	8,000	8,000	7,200	(8,000)
Capital outlay	(61,568)	(61,568)	(31,357)	30,211
Note payment	(01,300)	(01,500)	(31,337)	50,211
Operating transfers (net)	(31,000)	(21,000)	(14,702)	6,298
Designated cash	88,868	78,868	(14,702)	(78,868)
Designated Cash	00,000	70,000		(70,000)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	16,500_	16,500	(23,190)	(39,690)
Net change in cash balances	-	-	(23,847)	(23,847)
Cash balance, beginning			374,982	374,982
Cash balance, ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 351,135	\$ 351,135
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other deferrals Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepaids and other accruals			\$ (23,847) (1,351) 18,821	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basi	s)		\$ (6,377)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Compliance Section



1101 E Llano Estacado • Clovis, New Mexico 88101 • 575-763-2245

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Wayne Johnson New Mexico State Auditor The Governing Board Village of Logan Logan, New Mexico

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Logan (Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated September 26, 2018.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and Section 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 as item 2018-001.

## Village's Responses to Finding

The Village's responses to the finding identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Village's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on them.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sandra Rush CPA PC

Clovis, New Mexico

September 26, 2018

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF LOGAN Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2018

**Prior Year Finding** 

2017-001

Anti-Donation Clause

Resolved

Current Year Finding

2018-001

Expenditures

Other Noncompliance

## Condition

The village engaged a contractor to perform electrical work. The contractors Manufactured Housing licenses was revoked on May 17, 2017. Three of the six invoices from this contractor included service work totaling \$225.

## Criteria

Per CILA 60-13-3, the individual offering the electrical services need to be a Licensed Contractor and Per CILA 60-13-38 the individual performing the work would need to be a certified Electrical Journeyman (EE98J).

#### Cause

The Village was unaware of the requirements of a Licensed Contractor and a certified Electrical Journeyman.

#### Effect

The Village was not in compliance with CILA 60-13-3 and CILA 60-13-38.

#### Recommendation

The Village should verify all contractors who perform work for the village have a current license.

#### Response

Management agrees with the recommendation and will implement a policy that requires verification of all contractors' licenses prior to engaging them.

Responsible Position: Clerk Timeframe: June 30, 2019

## **Financial Statement Preparation**

Although it would be preferred and desirable for the Village to prepare its own GAAP-basis financial statements, it is felt that the Village's personnel did not have the time to prepare them. Therefore, the outside auditor prepared the GAAP basis financial statements and footnotes for inclusion in the annual audit report from the original books and records provided to them by the management of the Village. Management of the Village has reviewed and approved these financial statements and related notes and believes they are adequately supported by the books and records of the government.

## Exit Conference

The contents of this report were discussed with, Benny Newton council member, Larry Wallin, village administrator, Rosalie Rachor Clerk/Treasurer, and Sandra Rush, CPA, in an exit conference on September 26, 2018.