Financial Statements
With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon
June 30, 2008

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF JAL Official Roster June 30, 2008

CITY COUNCIL

Alton Dunn Mayor
Wanliss Armstrong Councilor
Dennis Allen Councilor
Jack Fletcher Councilor
Amelia Trevino Councilor
Claydean Clayborne Councilor
Dewayne Jennings Councilor

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Eva Sanchez

Bobbie Sue Bennett

Michael N. May

Michael Duplichain

PJ Parker

Larry Burns

City Manager

City Clerk-Treasurer

Municipal Judge

Public Works Director

Special Projects Coordinator

Police Chief



MILLER & ASSOCIATES CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

400 NORTH PENNSYLVANIA - SUITE 800 POST OFFICE BOX 2504 ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO 88202-2504

RONALD L. MILLER, CPA/ABV, CVA
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, The City of Jal and Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the respective budgetary comparisons, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico, City of Jal (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the City's nonmajor governmental funds and all budgetary comparisons presented as other supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico, City of Jal as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental fund of the City of Jal as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial statements, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the nonmajor special revenue and proprietary funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements and the combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons presented as supplemental information. The accompanying financial information listed as other supplemental data in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Miller & Associates, C.P.A, P.C.

Miller + associates, CPA, Pc

November 25, 2008

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

As management of the City of Jal, we offer readers of the City of Jal financial statements the narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Jal for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements of the City of Jal and additional information provided.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) for the City of Jal (the "City") will provide an overview of the City's activities and programs by (1) evaluating the operating results for the year, (2) assessing its financial position and condition, (3) helping to understand its sources and uses of financial resources, (4) helping to determine if budgets were met, and (5) identifying budget issues or concerns. Finally, the MD&A will provide comparative data from fiscal 2007 and 2008.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statement is designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Jal's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Jal's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Jal is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements, distinguish functions of the City of Jal that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Jal include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and health and welfare. The business-type activities of the City of Jal include a wastewater disposal service facility, water utility, and solid wasted disposal facility.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Jal, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Jal can be divided into three categories: government funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statement, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary funds

The City of Jal maintains one type of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Jal uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater disposal service facility, solid waste disposal facility, and water utility.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Jal's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Jal, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,330,723 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City of Jal's net assets (49.8 percent) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Jal uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Jal's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

CITY OF JAL NET ASSETS

	Governmen	t Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	
Assets: Current and							
other assets Capital assets,	\$1,383,600	\$1,367,366	\$320,228	\$256,119	\$1,703,828	\$1,623,485	
net	670,110	700,450	1,135,255	1,121,793	1,805,365	1,822,243	
Total assets Liabilities:	2,053,710	2,067,816	1,455,483	1,377,912	3,509,193	3,445,728	
Current liabilities Long-term	82,855	26,528	86,419	78,693	169,274	105,221	
liabilities	9,196	12,472			9,196	12,472	
Total liabilities	92,051	39,000	86,419	78,693	178,470	117,693	
Fund Equity	\$1,961,659	\$2,028,816	\$1,369,064	\$1,299,219	\$3,330,723	\$3,328,035	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Jal is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the City of Jal's net assets by \$67,157.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

Comparison of Key Elements

	Governmer	nt Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007	
Revenues:		***************************************	and the second s	And the second s			
Program revenues							
Operating grants Charges for	\$ 589,290	\$ 628,987	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 589,290	\$ 628,987	
services	175,218	182,804	874,373	849,084	1,049,591	849,084	
Capital grants General revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Property taxes	72,677	67,385	-	-	72,677	67,385	
Sales taxes	651,650	717,913	42,314	34,443	693,964	752,356	
Franchise taxes	50,009	40,691	-	-	50,009	40,691	
Gas taxes	31,157	30,423	-	_	31,157	30,423	
Cigarette taxes	5,690	5,407	-	-	5,690	5,407	
Miscellaneous	134,523	67,030	4,248	7,012	138,771	74,042	
Total revenues	1,710,214	1,426,174	920,935	125,145	2,631,149	1,551,319	
Expenses:							
General							
government	405,738	282,284	-	-	405,738	282,284	
Public safety Culture and	732,697	333,875	-	-	732,697	333,875	
recreation	78,057	75,501	-	-	78,057	75,501	
Public works Health and	457,134	532,943	-	-	457,134	532,943	
welfare Water	103,745	84,513	-	-	103,745	95,334	
management Wastewater	-	-	475,742	370,167	475,742	370,167	
management Solid waste	-	-	60,632	101,316	60,632	101,316	
management	-	_	314,716	278,487	314,716	278,487	
Total expenses	1,777,371	1,309,116	851,090	749,970	2,628,461	2,059,086	
Increase							
(decrease) in net assets	\$ (67,157)	\$ 431,524	\$ 69,845	\$ (42,235)	\$ 2,688	\$ 389,289	

Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Jal's net assets by \$69,845. Revenues for the business type funds exceeded budget expectations last year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City of Jal uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

- General Fund This is the City's chief operating fund. The Fund has a cash balance of \$1,100,998 that is set aside for unanticipated expenditures and future capital assets. This balance includes \$375,000 in Cash Deposits. Overall there was a decrease of \$32,536 in revenues and an increase of \$172,639 in general government expenses, an increase of \$132,715 in public safety expenses and a decrease of \$75,936 in public works expenses for a total increase of \$229,418 in expenses due to the purchase of a new utilities billing program and increases in salary.
- Special Revenue Funds The special revenue funds consist of the EMS, State Fire, Street, Recreation, Cemetery, Corrections, Law Enforcement, Youth and Aged, and Environmental funds. Each of the respective funds has restrictions on the use of the revenues generated in each fund.
- Enterprise These funds account for the Water and Sewer and Solid Waste funds, which account for all utilities. These funds are treated as business activities. The increase of \$177,308 in sales and service for the Water and Sewer Fund is the result of a water rate increase.
- Fiduciary The only fiduciary fund that the City of Jal has is a trust and agency fund that is used to account for the in and out activity of the Motor Vehicle fund.
- The City of Jal adopts an annual appropriated budget for all the funds described above.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

GASB 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedules should present both the original and the appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as the actual inflows, outflows, and balances stated on the government's budgetary basis. As required by the Office of the State Auditor in 2 NMAC 2.2, the budgetary comparison statement is presented as a basic statement. This information is provided at the approved budget level to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements.

Budget fluctuations for the general fund are due to the City's chief industry, which is oil and gas production and transportation. Gross receipts from the industry generate approximately 48% of the City's revenues. The industry is volatile and fluctuates from day to month to year. There are no significant variations between final budget amounts and actual budget amounts due to management amending final budget amounts to be the same as actual budget amounts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008, amounts to \$1,749,798 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, and equipment. Major capital assets for 07/08 are as follows:

- #1 Water & Sewer Fund: West Field Booster Station Motor at a cost of \$11,118.00
- #2 Water & Sewer Fund: West Field Booster Station Motor at a cost of \$8,595.00
- #3 Water & Sewer Fund: West Field Booster Station Motor at a cost of \$5,300.00
- #4 Water & Sewer Fund: West Field Booster Station Pump at a cost of \$9,392.40
- #5 General Fund: 2008 Ford F-150 Pickup at a cost of \$25,454.00
- #6 General Fund: 2008 Ford F-150 Pickup at a cost of \$21,827.00

City of Jal's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Land	\$53,712	\$53,712	\$15,768	\$15,768	\$69,480	\$69,480	
Building and							
improvement	291,540	307,347	82,649	87,102	374,189	394,449	
Equipment	174,410	182,661	55,411	27,392	229,821	210,053	
Infrastructure	150,448	156,730	925,860	991,531	1,076,308	1,148,261	
Total	\$670,110	\$700,450	\$1,079,688	\$1,121,793	\$1,749,798	\$1,822,243	

Long-Term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Jal had a total long-term debt outstanding of \$12,345. This amount is due to employees and consists of accumulated balances for annual leave and sick leave eligible for payment to employees upon termination of their employment and a note payable due to the New Mexico Environmental Department. There was no significant long-term debt activity for the year.

City of Jal Long-Term Debt

		nmental vities	Business-typ	e Activities	Tot	al
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007
Compensated absences	\$9,196	\$12,472 	\$3,149	\$3,144	\$12,345 	\$15,616
Total	\$9,196	\$12,472	\$3,149	\$3,144	\$1,2345	\$15,616

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City of Jal continues to strive for economic development opportunities. Due to some hardships in the prior years, the governing body estimates revenues conservatively low. We rely on grants to upgrade the City's infrastructure and purchase new equipment. The budget for fiscal year 2009 will be similar to past budgets unless the economy shows significant growth.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General fund cash balances The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was minor. The police department's expenditures were 31%, 29% was for public works, and the remaining 40% was for legislative, judicial, financial administration, and ambulance services.
- Enterprise cash balances The water and sewer fund showed an increase in the cash balance of \$134,456. The solid waste fund cash balance had a decrease of \$40,781. All utility rates were increased to the consumer, based on the 4.3% Consumer Price Index.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The purpose of this financial report is to provide the general public and other interested parties with a general overview of the City's finances and accountability of funds. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Jal, P.O. Box 340, Jal, New Mexico 88252 or by calling Bobbie Sue Bennett at 575-395-3340, ext #227.

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Statement of Net Assets Government -Wide June 30, 2008

	Primary Government									
	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type						
ASSETS		Activities		Activities	-	Total				
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents (Note II)	\$	1,266,598	\$	231,161	\$	1,497,759				
Accounts receivable		117,002		89,067		206,069				
Total current assets		1,383,600		320,228		1,703,828				
Noncurrent assets:										
Restricted assets:										
Cash		-		55,567		55,567				
Capital assets, net of depreciation (Note III)										
Land		53,712		15,768		69,480				
Buildings and improvements		291,540		82,649		374,189				
Equipment	,	174,410		55,411		229,821				
Infrastructure		150,448		925,860		1,076,308				
Total noncurrent assets		670,110		1,135,255		1,805,365				
Total assets		2,053,710	\$	1,455,483	\$	3,509,193				
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	82,855	\$	27,703	\$	110,558				
Accrued interest		-		-		-				
Water meter deposits		-		55,567		55,567				
Accrued compensated absences - current				3,149		3,149				
Total current liabilities	<u></u>	82,855		86,419		169,274				
Noncurrent liabilities:	ubinimum		•							
Notes payable (Note IV)		-		-		-				
Accrued compensated absences (Note IV)		9,196		-		9,196				
Total noncurrent liabilities		9,196				9,196				
Total liabilities		92,051		86,419		178,470				
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		670,110		1,079,688		1,749,798				
Unrestricted		1,291,549		289,376		1,580,925				
Total net assets		1,961,659		1,369,064		3,330,723				
Total liabilities and net assets	_\$_	2,053,710	\$	1,455,483	\$	3,509,193				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities Government -Wide

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Program Revenues							
Functions/Programs	J	Expenses	C	harges for Services	Operating or Grants and Contributions			ital Grants and tributions		
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	405,738	\$	23,524	\$	348,613	\$	-		
Public safety		732,697		110,290		177,838		-		
Culture and recreation		78,057		9,428		8,643		-		
Public works		457,134		-		-		-		
Health and welfare		103,745		31,976		54,196		-		
Total governmental activities		1,777,371		175,218		589,290		-		
Business-type activities:										
Water management		475,742		474,846		-		-		
Wastewater management		60,632		128,665		-		-		
Solid waste management		314,716		270,862				- -		
Total business-type activities		851,090		874,373		-		-		
Total primary government	\$	2,628,461	\$	1,049,591	\$	589,290	\$	-		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Gross receipt taxes

Franchise taxes

Gas taxes

Cigarette taxes

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Primary Government

	overnmental Activities		isiness-type Activities	Total		
ф	(22,601)	ø		o	(22.601)	
\$	(33,601)	\$	-	\$	(33,601) (444,569)	
	(444,569)		-		(59,986)	
	(59,986)		-			
	(457,134)		-		(457,134)	
	(17,573)				(17,573)	
	(1,012,863)				(1,012,863)	
	-		(896)		(896)	
	_		68,033		68,033	
	-		(43,854)		(43,854)	
	-		23,283		23,283	
	(1,012,863)		23,283		(989,580)	
	72,677		-		72,677	
	651,650		42,314		693,964	
	50,009		-		50,009	
	31,157		-		31,157	
	5,690		-		5,690	
	134,523		4,248		138,771	
	945,706		46,562		992,268	
	(67,157)		69,845		2,688	
	2,028,816		1,299,219		3,328,035	
\$	1,961,659	\$	1,369,064	\$	3,330,723	

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Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

		General Fund		her Non- jor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS		2	·				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,100,998	\$	165,600	\$	1,266,598	
Taxes receivable	•	100,063	·	16,939		117,002	
Total assets	\$	1,201,061	\$	182,539	\$	1,383,600	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	78,163	\$	4,691	\$	82,854	
Deferred revenue		1,672				1,672	
Total liabilities		79,835		4,691		84,526	
Fund balances:							
Unreserved, designated for:							
General fund		1,121,226		-		1,121,226	
Youth and aged fund		-		31,979		31,979	
Law enforcement fund		-		1		1	
Correction fund		-		23,336		23,336	
Cemetery fund		-		21,757		21,757	
Street fund		-		39,323		39,323	
Recreation fund		-		1,590		1,590	
EMS fund		_		272		272	
State fire fund		-		6,633		6,633	
Environmental fund		-		52,957		52,957	
Total fund balances		1,121,226		177,848		1,299,074	
Total liabilities and fund balances		1,201,061	\$	182,539	\$	1,383,600	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 1,299,074

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:

Land	\$ 53,712
Building and improvements	1,433,848
Equipment	1,548,348
Infrastructure	169,205
Accumulated depreciation	(2,535,003)

Total capital assets 670,110

Deferred revenue 1,671

Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

(9,196)

Net assets of governmental activities \$ 1,961,659

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Gei	neral Fund	Other Non-Maj Funds	jor	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
General taxes	\$	399,771	\$	-	\$	399,771
State shared taxes		315,220	103,3	73		418,593
Licenses and permits		2,049		-		2,049
Intergovernmental		438,613	141,9	72		580,585
Charges for sales and services		68,580	41,4	04		109,984
Fines and forfeits		50,837	10,9	28		61,765
Miscellaneous		88,213	9,8	10		98,023
Interest income		32,876	10,6	28_		43,504
Total revenues		1,396,159	318,1	15		1,714,274
EXPENDITURES						
Current:		105 910				405 940
General government		405,840	105.5	-		405,840
Public safety		609,322	125,7			735,026
Culture and recreation		442.040	63,8	78		63,878
Public works		443,940	102.5	-		443,940
Health and welfare		1 450 100	103,7			103,745
Total expenditures		1,459,102	293,3	21		1,752,429
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(62,943)	24,7	88		(38,155)
Fund balances - beginning of the year	·	1,184,169	153,0	060		1,337,229
Fund balances - end of the year	\$	1,121,226	\$ 177,8	348	\$	1,299,074

Reconciliation of Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (38,155)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement			
of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while			
governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:			
Capital asset purchases capitalized	\$	47,281	
Depreciation expense	•	(77,620)	
Excess of depreciation over capital outlay			(30,339)
Deferred revenue			(1,939)
Compensated absences reported in the Statement of Activities require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not			
reportable as expenditures in governmental funds.			 3,276
Change in net assets of governmental activities			\$ (67,157)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Basis)		
REVENUES		<u> - Andrea in in il in terre constituent emperaturi in terre constituent en const</u>	* 		
Local effort taxes	\$ 375,937	\$ 414,970	\$ 414,970	\$ -	
State shared taxes	310,693	334,367	334,367	-	
Licenses and permits	1,758	2,049	2,049	-	
Charges for services	51,040	70,161	70,161	-	
Fines and forfeits	45,000	50,837	50,837	-	
Miscellaneous	12,259	121,089	121,089	-	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,056,300	438,613	438,613	-	
	1,852,987	1,432,086	1,432,086		
EXPENDITURES					
Legislative	81,263	144,971	144,971	-	
Judicial	19,282	33,287	33,287	-	
Financial administration	166,033	162,164	161,939	225	
Police	373,757	440,165	439,717	448	
Fire	225,480	208,122	208,122	-	
Ambulance	-	1,174	1,174	-	
Public works	1,301,842	405,368	405,368		
	2,167,657	1,395,251	1,394,578	673	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(314,670)	36,835	\$ 37,508	\$ 673	
Prior year cash balance	1,063,490	1,063,490			
End of the year cash balance	\$ 748,820	\$ 1,100,325	:		

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Vater and ewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund		Total Proprietary Funds		
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	225,926	\$	5,235	\$	231,161	
Accounts receivable		62,864		26,203	,	89,067	
Total current assets		288,790		31,438		320,228	
Noncurrent assets:							
Restricted assets:							
Cash		55,567		. -		55,567	
Capital assets, net of depreciation (Note III)		1,079,688		-		1,079,688	
Total noncurrent assets		1,135,255		-		1,135,255	
Total assets	\$	1,424,045	\$	31,438	\$	1,455,483	
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	24,353	\$	1,953	\$	26,306	
Accrued payroll		1,397		_		1,397	
Water meter deposits		55,567		-		55,567	
Accrued compensated absences - current		3,149		-		3,149	
Total current liabilities		84,466		1,953		86,419	
Total liabilities	<u></u>	84,466		1,953		86,419	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,079,688		-		1,079,688	
Unrestricted		259,891		29,485		289,376	
Total net assets		1,339,579		29,485		1,369,064	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,424,045	\$	31,438	\$	1,455,483	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

]	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Vater and ewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund		Total Proprietary Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES								
Sales and service	\$	599,431	\$	270,862	\$	870,293		
Connections		4,080		-		4,080		
Gross receipts tax		27,790		14,524		42,314		
Miscellaneous		3,464		781		4,245		
Total operating revenues		634,765		286,167		920,932		
OPERATING EXPENDITURES								
Salaries, wages and benefits		152,169		57,616		209,785		
Utilities		97,424		-		97,424		
Repairs and maintenance		150,229		12,619		162,848		
Supplies		13,449		3,128		16,577		
Capital outlay - inventory exempt		<u>-</u>		-		-		
Depreciation		76,510		-		76,510		
Gross receipts tax		26,293		12,745		39,038		
Miscellaneous		20,299		228,606		248,905		
Total operating expenditures		536,373		314,714		851,087		
Operating income (loss)		98,392		(28,547)		69,845		
Change in net assets		98,392		(28,547)		69,845		
Net assets - beginning of the year		1,241,187	•	58,032	•	1,299,219		
Net assets - end of the year	\$	1,339,579	\$	29,485	\$	1,369,064		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

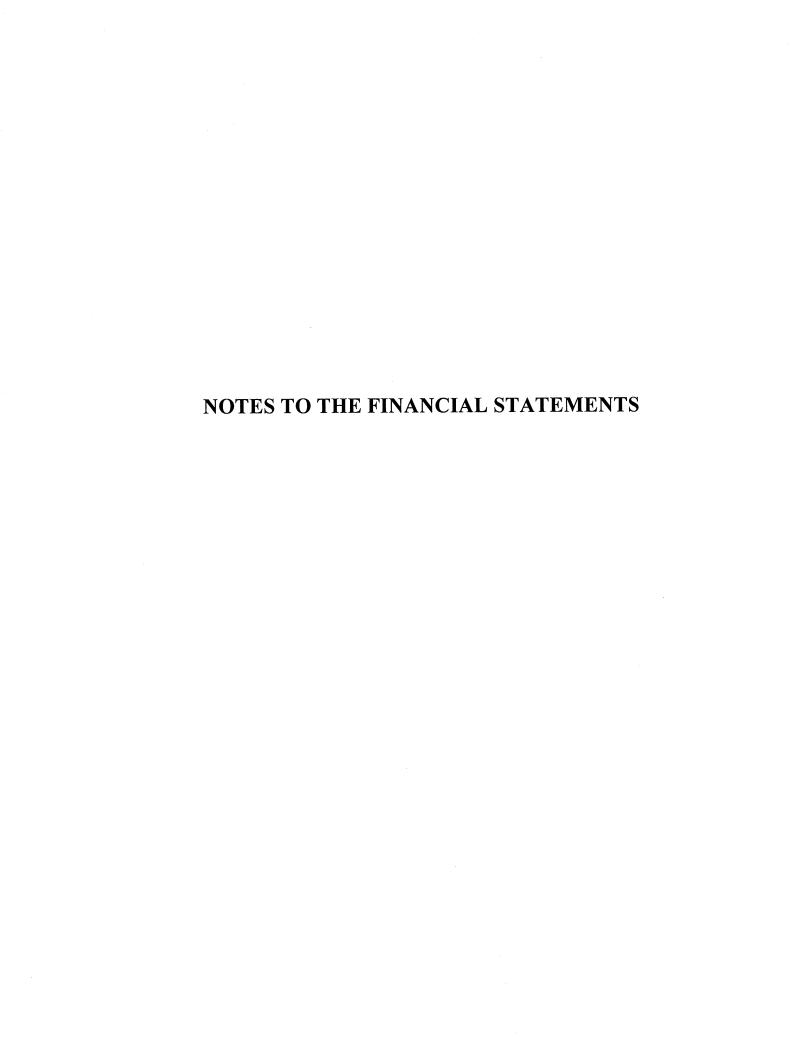
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water and Sewer Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Pı	Total coprietary Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from customers	\$	622,288	\$	281,820	\$	904,108	
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(296,676)		(264,985)		(561,661)	
Cash payments to employees for services	***************************************	(152,164)	v	(57,616)		(209,780)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		173,448		(40,781)		132,667	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(34,405)		-		(34,405)	
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(34,405)		-		(34,405)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		139,043		(40,781)		98,262	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		142,450		46,016		188,466	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$	281,493	\$	5,235	\$	286,728	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						·w	
Operating income (loss)	\$	98,392	\$	(28,549)	\$	69,843	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		,		(, ,			
cash provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation		76,510		-		76,510	
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable		(17,066)		(4,347)		(21,413)	
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable		9,622		(8,322)		1,300	
Increase/(decrease) in accrued payroll		1,398		437		1,835	
Increase/(decrease) in compensated absences		6		-		6	
Increase/(decrease) in water meter deposits	-	4,586				4,586	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	173,448	\$	(40,781)	\$	132,667	

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Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2008

	Agen	cy Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,198
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	3,198

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Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The City of Jal, NM (the "City"), was incorporated on March 24, 1950. The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and an six-member council. The City's major operations include public safety (police, ambulance and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, and general administrative services. The City has no blended component units that are legally separate entities but still, in substance, part of the government's operations.

The City's basic financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Jal has no component units.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments*. The City elected to implement the general provisions of the Statement as of June 30, 2004 and does not plan to retroactively report infrastructure (infrastructure assets acquired prior to 7/1/03).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basic financial statements – government-wide statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The City's public safety (police, ambulance and fire), streets, health and social services, culture-recreation, education, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's water, sewer and solid waste services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The City's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property and sales taxes), and certain inter-governmental revenues (fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic financial statements – fund financial statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the City:

1. Governmental funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic financial statements – fund financial statements (Continued)

- a) General fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b) **Special revenue funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

a) The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. Proprietary funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the City:

a) Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- a) Water and sewer fund is utilized to account for the provisions of the water and sewer services to the residents of the City.
- b) Solid waste fund accounts for the disposal of solid waste for the residents of the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer, and solid waste funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic financial statements – fund financial statements (Continued)

3. Fiduciary funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The reporting focus is on net assets and changes in net assets and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The City's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements. This fund accounts for the collection and payment to the State of New Mexico motor vehicle fees collected by the City on the state's behalf and the collection and payment to the Game and Fish Department for fees collected on their behalf. The Fund cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government. Therefore, the funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b) below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a) All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b) The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.
- c) Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting (Continued)

Basis of accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Property taxes, cigarette taxes, gas taxes, franchise fees, and sales tax associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The government-wide full accrual basis property taxes receivable recognizes net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the period for which the taxes are levied, even if they are not available.

Property taxes are levied and collected by the Lea County treasurer on behalf of the City. The taxes are levied in November and payable in two installments, November 10th and April 10th. The county remits to the city a percentage of the collections made during the month. Taxes are considered delinquent and subject to lien, penalty and interest, 30 days after the date on which they are due.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary control

Budgetary control is at the line item level. The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the City Clerk-Treasurer submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted at the City Hall to obtain the taxpayer's input. Prior to July 1 of each year, the budget is legally enacted through an ordinance.
- 2. The City-Clerk Treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the funds must be approved by the City Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments.
- 3. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations, which were adopted.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 5. Encumbrances are not reported in the budgets or financial statements.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Throughout the year, the accounting records are kept on a non-GAAP cash basis. Accordingly, revenues and the related assets are recorded when received and expenditures are recorded when paid. The budgetary comparisons are presented on non-GAAP budgetary basis and actual (cash basis).

F. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Assets, "cash, including time deposits" includes all demand accounts and certificates of deposits of the City. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include demand accounts only.

G. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable balances in the enterprise funds represent amounts due for water, sewer, and solid waste services and receivables in the governmental funds represent amounts due for sales tax, property taxes, franchise fees, etc. collected and due to the City. Bad debt is reserved for in the financial statements when deemed necessary by management.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The City has not retroactively capitalized its governmental funds' infrastructure and has no plans to capitalize infrastructure in subsequent years.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	25-50 years
Equipment (including software)	5-10 years
Infrastructure	20 years

Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

I. Compensated absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Equity classifications

Government-wide statements

Equity is classified as net assets in three components:

- a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b) Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City first uses restricted resources then unrestricted resources.

Fund statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Designated funds are for subsequent year expenditures. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the governmental-wide statements.

K. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. Long-term debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Long-term debt (Continued)

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

M. Interfund receivables and payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and due from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. There were no amounts due to or due from funds during the year ended June 30, 2008.

II. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The collateral pledged is listed on Page 70 of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the City. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing Now accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$100,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$100,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City of Jal does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2008, \$529,408 of the City's bank balance of \$890,407 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The entire balance is collateralized by securities held in the City of Jal's name.

	ells Fargo Demand	W	ells Fargo CD's	Total		
Total amount in bank	\$ 515,407	\$	375,000	\$	890,407	
Less: FDIC insurance	(100,000)		(100,000)		(200,000)	
Total uninsured public funds	414,407		275,000		790,407	
50% collateral requirement	207,704		137,500		345,204	
Pledged collateral held by the pledging						
financial institution	 391,908		137,500		529,408	
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -	\$	-	\$_	-	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

III.CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows:

•		Salance at ly 1, 2007	Addit	ions	Disp	osals		Balance ne 30, 2	
Governmental activities:			•		***************************************				·····
Capital Assets, not being									
depreciated:	Φ.	50 511	•		•		•		
Land	\$	53,711	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53	3,711
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		1,433,848						1 422	0 / 0
Equipment		1,501,067	47	,281		-		1,433 1,548	
Infrastructure		169,206	7/	,201		_			,206
Total at historical cost		3,157,832	47	,281				3,205	
	*****								,
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings and improvements	-	(1,126,500)	(15,	807)		-		(1,142)	,308)
Equipment	4	(1,318,406)	• •	531)		-		(1,373)	
Infrastructure		(12,476)		<u>282)</u>		-			,758)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,457,382)	(77,	620)		-		(2,535	,003)
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	700,450	\$ (30,	339)	\$	-	\$	670	,110
	ם	alance at					т	Balance	at
		ly 1, 2007	Addit	ions	Disp	osals	June 30, 2008		
Business-type activities:		1, 1, 2007						10 30, 2	2000
Capital Assets, not being									
depreciated:									
Land	\$	15,768	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	5,768
Capital Assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		399,478		-		-		399	,478
Equipment		82,480	34	,405		_		116	5,885
Infrastructure		13,171,401		-		_		13,171	
Total at historical cost	***************************************	13,669,127		-			describiones.	13,703	3,532
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings and improvements		(312,376)	(4.	453)		_		(316	,829)
Equipment		(55,088)	• •	386)		_		•	,474)
Infrastructure	(1	2,179,870)	(65,	671)		. -	(12,245	,541)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1	2,547,334)	(76,	510)	·	-	(12,623	,844)
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	1,121,793	\$ (42,	105)	\$	-	\$	1,079	,688
Depreciation expense was cha	ırged	to governm	nental and	busin	ess type	activiti	es as 1	follows	 S:
General government	.	\$	36,866		• •	r Manag			38,255
Public safety and judiciary		φ	12,757	XX.		_			22,953
Public Works	13,817				Wastewater Management 22,953 Solid Waste Management 15,302				
Cultural and recreation			14,180		al deprec	_			76,510
Total depreciation expense		\$	77,620	100	ar asproo	1411011 07	-Ponso	Ψ	70,510
		 	,020						

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

IV. LONG TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt is segregated between the amount to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities. The general fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate compensated absences.

Governmental activities: Accrued compensated absences: Current portion Non-current portion	\$ - 9,196
Total governmental activity debt	\$ 9,196
Business-type activities: Accrued compensated absences: Current portion	\$ 3,149
Non-current portion Total business-type activity debt	\$ 3,149

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		nding alance	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental										
Activities: Compensated										
Absences	\$	12,472	\$	2,472	\$	5,748	\$ 9,196	\$	-	
	\$	12,472	\$	2,472	\$	5,748	\$ 9,196	\$	-	
Business-type Activities: Compensated										
Absences	\$	3,144	\$	984	\$	979	\$ 3,149	\$	3,149	
	\$	3 144	\$	984	\$	979	\$ 3,149	\$	3,149	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

V. PERA RETIREMENT PLAN

Substantially all of the City of Jal's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 13.15% of their gross salary, and law enforcement members are required to contribute 7% of their gross salary. The City is required to contribute 10% for law enforcement employees and 9.15% for all other employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The City's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$61,516, \$118,509, and \$115,460, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

VI. RETIREE HEALTH CARE ACT CONTRIBUTION

The Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978) provides comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. The Retiree Health Care Authority is the administrator of the plan. The purpose is to provide eligible retirees, their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses with health insurance consisting of a plan, or optional plans, of benefits that can be purchased by funds flowing into the Retiree Health Care Fund and by co-payments or the out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees. Monies flow to the Retiree Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis from eligible employers and eligible retirees. Eligible employers are institutions of higher education, school districts, or other entities participating in the Public School Insurance Authority, state agencies, state courts, magistrate courts, municipalities or counties, which are affiliated under or covered by the Educational Retirement Act, Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act, Judicial Retirement Act or the Magistrate Retirement Act. Eligible retirees are: (1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the Retiree Health Care Act on the person's behalf, unless that person retires on or before July 1, 1995, in which event the time period for contribution becomes the time between July 1, 1990 and the date of retirement; or (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; and former legislators who served at least two years. Each participating employer makes contributions to the fund in the amount of 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary. Each participating employee contributes to the fund a contribution equal to .65% of the employee's salary. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium for the medical plus basic life plan and an additional participation fee of five dollars (\$5.00) if the eligible participant retired prior to July 1, 1990 or is a former legislator. Participants may also enroll in optional plans of coverage.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

VI. RETIREE HEALTH CARE ACT CONTRIBUTION (Continued)

Contributions from participating employers and participating employees become the property of the Retiree Health Care Fund and are not refundable under any circumstances, including termination of employment or termination of the participating employer's operation or participation in the Retiree Health Care Act. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the Retiree Health Care Authority on a monthly basis.

The Retiree Health Care Authority issues a separate, publicly available audited financial report that includes post employment benefit expenditures of premiums and claims paid, participant contributions (employer, employee and retiree) and net expenditures for the fiscal year. The report also includes the approximate number of retirees participating in the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle Blvd, NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

For the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the City remitted \$7,383, \$7,044, and \$6,988, in employer contributions and \$3,691, \$3,522, and \$3,494, respectively, in employee contributions to the Retiree Health Care Authority.

VII. RISKS OF LOSS

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City has obtained insurance through the Self Insurers Fund operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to the New Mexico Self Insurers Fund and Titan Indemnity Company for its general insurance coverage. The City contributed \$80,157 to the fund during the year ended June 30, 2008.

VIII. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The State of New Mexico offers state, local government and school district employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan is available to all State employees and those local government and school district employees whose employers have elected participation in the plan permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

There are no employees that are making contributions to a Deferred Compensation Plan. Neither the City of Jal nor the State of New Mexico make any contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

IX. RECONCILIATION BETWEEN BUDGETARY BASIS AND GAAP

Budget basis revenues and expenditures differ from revenues and expenses for generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Revenues and expenditures on the budget basis are cash basis. Revenues and expenses on a GAAP basis include accounts receivable and accounts payable.

A reconciliation of revenues and expenditures on the budgetary basis of revenues and expenses on a GAAP basis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 follows:

	General Fund
Revenues:	
Budgetary basis	\$1,432,086
Prior year accounts receivable accrual	(134,327)
Accounts receivable	98,400
GAAP basis	1,396,159
Expenditures:	
Budgetary basis	1,394,578
Prior year accounts payable	(13,648)
Accounts payable	71,269
Accrued payroll	6,903
GAAP basis	1,459,102
Net change in fund balance	\$ (62,943)

X. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In August 2005, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 30, 2007. The statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for OPEB plans and supersedes the interim guidance included in Statement No. 26, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Healthcare Plans Administered by Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The approach followed in this Statement generally is consistent with the approach adopted in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, with modifications to reflect differences between pension plans and OPEB plans. The Institute believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements for the upcoming year.

In August 2005, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 45 is effective for financial statements for the periods beginning after June 30, 2007. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB, expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and if application, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The Institute believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements for the upcoming year.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF JAL otes to the Financial Statemen

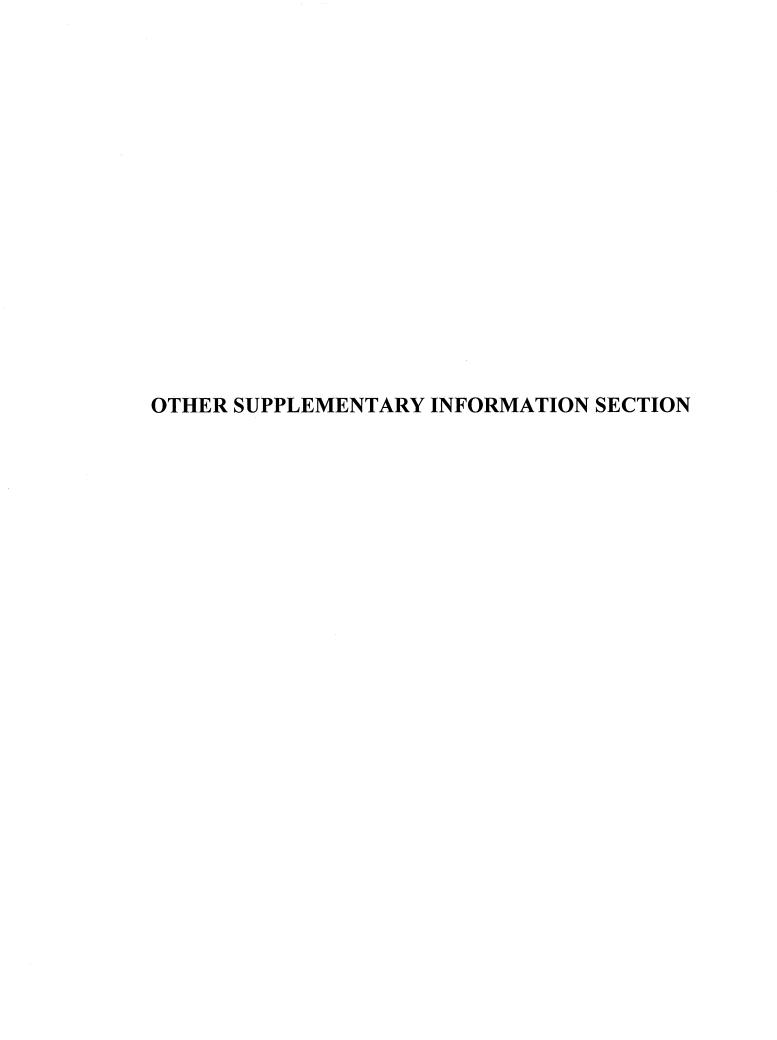
Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2008

X. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In September 2006, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues. This statement is effective for financial statements for the periods beginning after December 15, 2006. This statement establishes the criteria that governments will use to determine whether the proceeds received from the sale or pledge of receivables and future revenue should be reported as revenue or as a liability. The transaction will be treated as collateralized borrowing unless the criteria indicating a sale has taken place are met. The statements stipulate that governments should not revalue assets that are transferred between financial reporting entity components. The Institute is analyzing the effect that this standard will have on its financial statements, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements for the upcoming year.

In December 2006, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 49, *Pollution Remedial Obligations*. This statement is effective for financial statements for the periods beginning after December 15, 2007. This statement establishes accounting standards for the recognition and reporting of liabilities related to environmental clean-up efforts. The Institute believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements for the upcoming year.

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF JAL Fund Descriptions June 30, 2008

Special revenue funds:

Youth & aged fund

Accounts for the receipts and expenditures of the Senior Citizens. Financing is provided by the State Agency on Aging, Taxation and Revenue, and federal and state grants.

Law enforcement fund

Accounts for the receipts and expenditures of a special state grant for the police department. The grant may be used only for the operations of the police department. (NMSA 29-13-4)

Corrections fund

Accounts for the operational and maintenance of the public holding cells and corrections facilities. Finances are provided by an assessment on all traffic violations within the city limits. (NMSA 35-14-11)

Cemetery fund

Accounts for the operations and maintenance of the cemetery. Financing is provided by the sale of burial permits and contributions. (NMSA 3-40-1)

Street fund

Accounts for the collection of one half of one percent gross receipts tax for the purpose of improving the City's streets. (NMSA 7-1-69)

Recreation fund

Accounts for the operation and maintenance of recreational facilities in the City. Financing is provided by a specific annual cigarette tax levy. (NMSA 7-12-15)

Emergency medical services (EMS) fund

Accounts for the acquisition of emergency medical equipment and the operation of the equipment financed through a grant from the State of New Mexico. (NMSA 24-10A-1)

State fire fund

Accounts for the operations and maintenance of the fire department. The operations are financed by an allotment from the annual fire grant from the State of New Mexico. (NMSA 59A-53-1)

Environmental fund

Accounts for receipts and expenditures for the acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of solid waste facilities, water facilities, wastewater facilities, sewer systems, and related facilities. Financing is provided by an increase in gross receipts tax. (City Ordinance)

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

		th & Aged Fund	Law Enforcement Fund		Corrections Fund		Cemetery Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	24,321	\$	1	\$	23,915	\$	21,850
Taxes receivable		9,321				_		-
Total assets	\$	33,642	\$	1	\$	23,915	\$	21,850
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES							
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,663	\$	-	\$	579	\$	93
Total liabilities		1,663		-		579		93
Fund balances:								
Unreserved, designated for:								
Youth & aged fund		31,979		-		-		-
Law enforcement fund				1		-		-
Corrections fund		-		_		23,336		-
Cemetery fund		-		-		-		21,757
Street fund		-		-		-		-
Recreation fund		-		-		-		-
EMS fund		-		-		-		-
State fire fund		-		-		_		-
Environmental fund		-		-		_		
Total fund balances		31,979		1		23,336		21,757
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	33,642	_\$	1	\$	23,915	\$	21,850

Str	eet Fund	creation Fund	EM:	S Fund_			State Fire Environmental Fund Fund			otal Non- Major vernmental Funds
\$	33,993 5,330	\$ 1,197 393	\$	272	\$	8,989	\$	51,062 1,895	\$	165,600 16,939
\$	39,323	\$ 1,590	\$	272	\$	8,989	\$	52,957	\$	182,539
\$	-	\$ _	\$		\$	2,356	_\$	_	_\$	4,691
	-	 				2,356				4,691
	-	- -		-		-		-		31,979
	-	-		-		-		-		23,336
	-	-		_		-		-		21,757
	39,323	_		<u>-</u>		-		_		39,323
	-	1,590		_		_		-		1,590
	_	, -		272		-		-		272
	-	-		_		6,633		-		6,633
	-	<u> </u>		-		_		52,957		52,957
	39,323	 1,590		272		6,633		52,957		177,848
\$	39,323	\$ 1,590	\$	272	\$	8,989	\$	52,957	\$	182,539

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Special Revenue Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	You	th & Aged Fund	En	Law forcement Fund	rections Fund	Cemetery Fund	
REVENUES							
General taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
State shared taxes		57,116		-	-		-
Licenses and permits		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		48,134		22,400	-		-
Charges for sales and services		31,976		-	-		9,428
Fines and forfeits		-		-	10,928		-
Miscellaneous		7,544		2,116	150		-
Interest income		7,133		340	 356		333
Total revenues		151,903		24,856	11,434		9,761
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government				_	_		_
Public safety		_		27,572	4,790		_
Culture and recreation		53,710			-,,,,,		5,148
Public works		-		-			-
Health and welfare		96,986		-	-		
Total expenditures		150,696		27,572	4,790		5,148
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		1,207		(2,716)	6,644		4,613
Fund balances - beginning of the year		30,772		2,717	 16,692		17,144
Fund balances - end of the year	\$	31,979	\$	1	\$ 23,336	\$	21,757

Str	Recreation treet Fund Fund						ate Fire Fund	onmental Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	
	31,157		1,947		-		-	13,153		103,373	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		6,000		65,438	-		141,972	
	-		-		-			-		41,404	
	-		•		-		-	-		10,928	
	-		-		-		-	-		9,810	
	553		48		62		976	827		10,628	
	31,710		1,995		6,062		66,414	 13,980		318,115	
	- 19,411		-		-		- 69,992	3,939		- 125,704	
	-		5,020		-		-	-		63,878	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	_				6,759		_	 		103,745	
	19,411		5,020		6,759	<u>.</u>	69,992	 3,939		293,327	
	12,299		(3,025)		(697)		(3,578)	10,041		24,788	
-	27,024		4,615		969		10,211	 42,916		153,060	
\$	39,323	\$	1,590	\$	272	\$	6,633	\$ 52,957	\$	177,848	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Youth and Aged Fund

roi the	interestation	Budgeted		ounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
DEVICATION		<u>Original</u>		Final	 	Basis)	(Neg	ative)
REVENUES Grass resoints toy	\$	65,000	\$	60,658	\$	60,658	\$	
Gross receipts tax Miscellaneous	Ф	03,000	Ф	7,544	Φ	7,544	Φ	_
Meal fees		28,000		31,976		31,976		_
Interest		400		7,133		7,133		_
State grant		36,000		29,816		29,816		_
Federal CILC		3,000		10,237		10,237		_
NSIP		5,000		7,599		7,599		_
Federal IIIC2		_		482		482		_
rederal mez		132,400		155,445		155,445		
		132,100		133,113		155,115		
EXPENDITURES								
Senior citizens - transportation		15,000		630		630		-
Maintenance and repairs		3,500		6,917		6,917		-
Summer program		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Maintenance and repairs - little league		1,000		6,600		6,600		-
Maintenance and repairs - girls softball		1,000		2,253		2,253		-
Senior citizens - contract services		77,000		78,855		78,855		-
Teen Center-supplies		-		1,647		1,647		-
Senior citizens - food cost		-		26,204		26,204		-
Operating expenses		6,900		163		163		-
Teen center - insurance		-		500		500		-
Communications		300		847		847		-
Utilities		25,000		18,495		18,495		-
Senior citizens - vehicle insurance		1,200		1,024		1,024		-
Park improvements		-		943		943		-
Capital outlays		-		_		-		_
		145,900		160,078		160,078		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(13,500)		(4,633)	\$	(4,633)	\$	-
Prior year cash balance		28,955		28,955				
End of the year cash balance	\$	15,455		24,322				

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Youth and Aged Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

RECONCILIATION TO GAAP

Prior year accounts receivable	(12,863)		
Prior year accounts payable	11,045		
Accounts receivable	9,321		
Accounts payable	 (1,663)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	\$ 1,207		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Law Enforcement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Aı (Bu	Actual mounts udgetary Basis)	Variance Final Br Positi (Negat	udget ve
REVENUES		riginal		1 IIIdi		<u>Jusis)</u>	(Trogat	110)
State grants	\$	22,400	\$	22,400	\$	22,400	\$	_
Miscellaneous	Ψ	22,100	Ψ	2,116	Ψ	2,116	Ψ	-
Interest		_		341		341		_
meros:		22,400		24,857		24,857		
EXPENDITURES								
Training		4,000		2,743		2,743		_
Training/Reg.		-		320		320		
Maintenance and repairs		5,400		12,513		12,505		8
Supplies		6,000		8,913		8,913		_
Capital outlay		7,000		3,349		3,349		-
		22,400		27,838		27,830		8
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(2,981)		(2,973)	\$	8
Prior year cash balance		2,975		2,975				
End of the year cash balance	\$	2,975	\$	(6)				
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP Prior year accounts payable Excess (deficiency) of revenues						257		
over expenditures					<u>\$</u>	(2,716)	:	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Corrections Fund

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	A: (Bu	Actual mounts udgetary Basis)	Variand Final I Posi (Nega	tive
REVENUES	 711gillar		1 11101		34515)	(1,108)	
Corrections fees	\$ 14,000	\$	10,928	\$	10,928	\$	_
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	150	\$	150	Ψ	
Interest		•	357	- - -	357		_
	 14,000		11,435		11,435		-
EXPENDITURES							•
Operating	3,000		322		322		-
Prisoner food and accommodations	10,000		4,433		4,433		_
	13,000		4,755		4,755		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,000		6,680		6,680	\$	
Prior year cash balance	 17,235		17,235				
End of the year cash balance	\$ 18,235	\$	23,915				
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP Prior year accounts payable Accounts payable Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				\$	543 (579) 6,644		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Cemetery Fund

						Actual mounts		ance with
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	(Budgetary		Final Budget Positive	
		Driginal	7 1111	Final		Basis)	(Negative)	
REVENUES				Varganitanina sa na na sa kababa a				
Lot sales	\$	10,000	\$	9,428	\$	9,428	\$	-
Interest		3,000		333		333		-
		13,000		9,761		9,761		,
EXPENDITURES								
Maintenance and repairs		. -		4,155		4,155		-
Supplies		10,300		979		979		-
Operating		-		40		40		-
•		10,300		5,174		5,174		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,700		4,587		4,587	\$	_
Prior year cash balance	<u> </u>	17,264		17,264				
End of the year cash balance	\$	19,964	\$	21,851				
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP Prior year accounts payable Accounts payable Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					\$	120 (94) 4,613		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Street Fund

				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
		Budgeted	Am	ounts		idgetary	Positive	
	0	riginal	2 1111	Final	•	Basis)	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Gas tax	\$	23,000	\$	31,048	\$	31,048	\$	-
State grant		35,000		-		-		-
Interest	-	400		552		552		
		58,400		31,600		31,600		
TYPENDY TO THE								
EXPENDITURES								
General street repair		9,000		18,742		18,742		-
Supplies		,		18,742		32		-
Operating Government of the second of the s		14,400 35,000		637		637		-
Capital outlay	-	58,400		19,411		19,411		
		30,400		17,711		17,711		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures				12,189		12,189	\$	_
Prior year cash balance		21,804		21,804				
•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			•			
End of the year cash balance	\$	21,804	\$	33,993	:			
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP								
Prior year accounts receivable						(5,220)		
Accounts receivable						5,330	_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							•	
over expenditures					\$	12,299	_	
							•	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Recreation Fund

						ctual		ce with
		÷ 1 . 1				nounts		Budget
		Budgeted	Am		(Budgetary		Positive	
		riginal		Final		Basis)	(Negative)	
REVENUES	Φ	1 000	Φ	1.016	ው	1.016	ø	
Cigarette tax	\$	1,000	\$	1,816	\$	1,816	\$	-
Interest		120		1.964		1 964		<u> </u>
		1,120		1,864	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	1,864		
EXPENDITURES								
Operating		4,000		523		523		_
Utilities		-		4,609		4,609		_
		4,000		5,132		5,132		_
	-	<u></u>						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,880)		(3,268)		(3,268)	\$	-
Prior year cash balance		4,465		4,465				
Filor year cash barance	-	7,703		7,705				
End of the year cash balance	\$	1,585	\$	1,197				
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP								
Prior year accounts receivable						(263)		
Prior year accounts payable						113		
Accounts receivable						393		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					ф	(2.025)		
over expenditures					\$	(3,025)	I	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual EMS Fund

		D 1 . 1			Ar	actual mounts	Final	Budget
		Budgeted	Am	ounts Final	- (Budgetary Basis)		Positive (Negative)	
TO TON ZERNIT LEE C		riginal		Tillal		sasis)	(Neg	gative)
REVENUES	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	
EMS grant	Ф	85	Ф	62	Ф	62	Ф	-
Interest		6,085		6,062		6,062		
	`	0,083		0,002		0,002		_
EXPENDITURES								
Training		3,000		1,725		1,725		_
Maintenance and repairs		-		590		481		109
Supplies		3,085		3,904		3,904		-
Training/Reg.		·		750		750		-
		6,085		6,969		6,860		109
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(907)		(798)	\$	109
Prior year cash balance		1,071		1,071				
End of the year cash balance	\$	1,071	\$	164				
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP Prior year accounts payable Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					\$	101 (697)		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual State Fire Fund

State Fire Fund

		Budgeted	Δm	ounte	A	Actual mounts udgetary	Final l	ce with Budget tive
	0	riginal	Aiii	Final		Basis)		ative)
REVENUES		11811111						
State grant	\$	61,156	\$	65,438	\$	65,438	\$	-
Interest		1,000		976		976		
		62,156		66,414		66,414		-
EXPENDITURES				1 150		1 150		
Training/Mileage		-		1,158		1,158		-
Training		6,000		2,075		2,075		-
Transportation		8,000		5,434 775		5,434 775		-
Training/Reg.		7,500		21,712		21,712		_
Maintenance and repairs		5,000		19,050		19,050		_
Supplies		15,000		490		490		_
Operating Insurance		10,156		10,191		10,191		_
Postage		500		200		200		_
Dues and Subscriptions		-		350		350		_
Communications		3,000		3,680		3,680		_
Utilities		7,000		3,220		3,220		_
Omnes		62,156		68,335		68,335		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		_		(1,921)		(1,921)	\$	_
over expenditures				(1,721)		(1,,,,,)		
Prior year cash balance		10,909		10,909				
End of the year cash balance	\$	10,909	\$	8,988	:			
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP								
Prior year accounts payable						699		
Accounts payable						(2,356)	_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures					\$	(3,578)	=	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Environmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Budgeted	Am		A (B	Actual mounts udgetary	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
		riginal		Final		Basis)	(Negative)	
REVENUES	ø	10.500	ø	12.020	ď	12.020	ø	
Environmental gross receipts Interest	\$	12,500 300	\$	13,938 827	\$	13,938 827	\$	-
Interest		12,800		14,765		14,765		<u> </u>
	<u></u>	12,000		11,705		11,705	•	
EXPENDITURES								
Water user's association		8,000		1,010		1,010		-
Contractual services		6,000		2,929		2,929		.
		14,000		3,939		3,939		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,200)		10,826		10,826	\$	<u>-</u>
Prior year cash balance		40,237		40,237				
End of the year cash balance	\$	39,037	\$	51,063				
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP Prior year accounts receivable Accounts receivable Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					\$	(2,680) 1,895 10,041		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Water and Sewer Fund

Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 457,228 483,279 483,242		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Final	nce with Budget sitive
Sales and services \$ 409,000 \$ 575,784 \$ 575,784 \$ Connections Connections 500 4,080 4,080 Governmental gross receipts 18,000 27,790 27,790 Penalties 3,500 6,580 6,580 Miscellaneous 13,700 544 544 Interest 5,000 2,843 2,843 Lexpendities 449,700 617,621 617,621 Expendities Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294		Original		Final	 Basis)	(Neg	gative)
Connections 500 4,080 4,080 Governmental gross receipts 18,000 27,790 27,790 Penalties 3,500 6,580 6,580 Miscellaneous 13,700 544 544 Interest 5,000 2,843 2,843 Lexpenditures 449,700 617,621 617,621 Expenditures Salaries and wages 132,807 105,476 105,476 Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 11 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gr	REVENUES						
Rovernmental gross receipts 18,000 27,790 27,790 Penalties 3,500 6,580 6,580 Miscellaneous 13,700 544 544 Miscellaneous 13,700 544 544 Miscellaneous 5,000 2,843 2,843 449,700 617,621 617,621 May 10,000 617,621 May 10,000 May	Sales and services	\$ 409,000	\$	575,784	\$ 575,784	\$	-
Penalties	Connections	500		4,080	4,080		-
Miscellaneous 13,700 544 544 Interest 5,000 2,843 2,843 449,700 617,621 617,621 EXPENDITURES Salaries and wages 132,807 105,476 105,476 Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - <td< td=""><td>Governmental gross receipts</td><td>18,000</td><td></td><td>27,790</td><td>27,790</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>	Governmental gross receipts	18,000		27,790	27,790		-
Therest	Penalties	3,500		6,580	6,580		-
EXPENDITURES Salaries and wages 132,807 105,476 105,476 Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 3 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472	Miscellaneous	13,700		544	544		-
EXPENDITURES Salaries and wages 132,807 105,476 105,476 Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Interest	 5,000		2,843	 2,843		
Salaries and wages 132,807 105,476 105,476 Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 3 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - - - Debt service - - -		449,700		617,621	617,621		-
Salaries and wages 132,807 105,476 105,476 Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 3 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - - - Debt service - - -	EXPENDITURES						
Benefits 29,421 15,951 15,951 Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 3 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371		132,807		105,476	105,476		_
Training 7,000 918 918 Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - - - Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371	-	•		•	15,951		_
Water billing - drafts 24,000 (2,037) (2,037) Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - 457,228 483,279 483,242 -		•		-	918		_
Transportation 10,000 11,387 11,350 Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues	•	•		(2,037)	(2,037)		_
Maintenance and repairs 92,000 181,729 181,729 Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 457,228 483,279 483,242	•	•		11,387	11,350		37
Performance agreement - 66 66 Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - -	-	92,000		181,729	181,729		-
Contractual services - 4,920 4,920 Supplies 10,000 12,496 12,496 Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - -	•	-		66	66		-
Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - -	_	-		4,920	4,920		-
Operating 18,000 7,294 7,294 Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - -	Supplies	10,000		12,496	12,496		-
Gross receipts tax 18,000 26,293 26,293 Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues 457,228 483,279 483,242		18,000		7,294	7,294		-
Insurance 23,000 23,420 23,420 Machine rental and postage 3,000 793 793 Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues 457,228 483,279 483,242		18,000		26,293	26,293		
Land Lease - 2,240 2,240 Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 483,242 -	*	23,000		23,420	23,420		-
Water Testing & Treatment - 810 810 Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues 457,228 483,279 483,242	Machine rental and postage	3,000		793	793		-
Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues 457,228 483,279 483,242		-		2,240	2,240		-
Communications 90,000 78,472 78,472 Utilities - 11,680 11,680 Debt service - - - Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues 457,228 483,279 483,242	Water Testing & Treatment	-		810	810		-
Debt service	Communications	90,000		78,472	78,472		-
Water conservation - 1,371 1,371 Capital outlay - - - 457,228 483,279 483,242 3 Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Utilities	-		11,680	11,680		-
Capital outlay	Debt service	-		-	-		
457,228 483,279 483,242 Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Water conservation	-		1,371	1,371		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Capital outlay			-	-		-
	•	457,228		483,279	 483,242		37
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
0ver experienteres (7,326) 134,342 134,377	over expenditures	(7,528)		134,342	134,379	\$	37

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Water and Sewer Fund

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Basis)	(Negative)
		8				
Prior year cash balance		142,450		142,450		
End of the year cash balance	\$	134,922	\$	276,792		
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP						
Change in accounts receivable					17,066	
Change in accrued payroll					(1,398)	
Change in accounts payable					(9,622)	
Change in compensated absences					(6)	
Capital outlay					34,405	
Depreciation					(76,510)	
Current year adjustment to fund bal	ance	;			78	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures					\$ 98,392	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Solid Waste Fund

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Convenience center coupon	\$	-	\$	513	\$ 513	\$ -
Sales of service		290,000		266,003	266,003	-
Misc.		-		184	184	
Interest		500		597	597	-
Governmental gross receipts	V	11,500		14,524	14,524	-
		302,000		281,821	281,821	-
EXPENDITURES						
Salaries and wages		28,024		44,439	44,439	-
Benefits		10,084		7,740	7,740	-
Transportation		2,000		5,391	5,391	-
Maintenance and repairs		3,500		12,976	12,976	-
Contractual services		250,000		230,820	230,820	-
Supplies		2,000		2,926	2,926	-
Operating		6,000		293	293	_
Gross receipts tax		11,500		12,745	12,745	_
Insurance		5,000		5,000	5,000	-
Machine Rental and Postage		· -		271	271	<u>-</u>
-		318,108		322,601	322,601	_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(16,108)		(40,780)	(40,780)	\$ -
Prior year cash balance	-	46,016		46,016		
End of the year cash balance		29,908	\$	5,236		
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP Change in accounts receivable Change in accrued payroll Change in accounts payable Excess (deficiency) of revenues					4,346 (437) 8,322	-
over expenditures		-60	6-		\$ (28,549)	<u>)</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL DATA	

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Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		alance 30, 2007	A	dditions	De	eductions		alance 30, 2008
ASSETS Cash	\$	1,919	\$	122,415	\$	121,136	\$	3,198
	\$	1,919	\$	122,415	\$	121,136	\$	3,198
LIABILITIES Due to other taxing units	\$	1,919	\$	122,415	\$	121,136	\$	3,198
Due to other taxing units	Ψ	1,917		122,413	Ψ	121,130	Ψ	3,170
	\$	1,919	\$	122,415	\$	121,136	\$	3,198

Schedule of Depository Collateral For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Wells Fargo		Wells Fargo CD's			
	Demand				Total	
Total amount in bank	\$	515,407	\$	375,000	\$	890,407
Less: FDIC insurance		(100,000)		(100,000)		(200,000)
Total uninsured public funds		415,407		275,000		690,407
50% collateral requirement		207,704		137,500		345,204
Pledged security		391,908		137,500		529,408
Over (under) collateralized	\$	184,205	\$		\$	184,205

Туре	Security Number	CUSIP Number	Maturity Date	FMV
Bond	002428	31368HVG5	01/01/09	\$ 605
Bond	002146	31407HXH4	04/01/36	77,371
Bond	021165	31407HZN9	05/01/36	 451,432
				\$ 529,408

The pledged collateral above is held in trust for the City of Jal in the San Francisco, CA branch of Wells Fargo.

Schedule of Individual Deposit Accounts and Investments For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Type of Account	 Bank Balance	Reconciled Balance		
Wells Fargo					
Interfund	Checking	\$ 478,240	\$	1,176,999	
Payroll	Checking	37,167		1,327	
CD	CD	300,000		300,000	
CD	CD	75,000		75,000	
Total Wells Fargo		\$ 890,407	\$	1,553,326	

Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

LEA COUNTY WATER USERS ASSOCIATION - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

Participants:

City of Jal

City of Hobbs

City of Lovington

Lea County

City of Eunice

Town of Tatum

Responsible party:

City of Jal

City of Hobbs

City of Lovington

Lea County

City of Eunice

Town of Tatum

Description:

To create the Lea County Water Users Association.

Dates of agreement:

Beginning

11/18/1997

Ending

Automatic renewal of two years.

Estimated amount of project:

\$240,000

Agency contribution:

4.20%

Fiscal agent:

Lea County

Audit responsibility:

Water User Board

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

Participants:

City of Jal

City of Hobbs

City of Lovington

Lea County

City of Eunice

Town of Tatum

Responsible party:

City of Jal

City of Hobbs

City of Lovington

Lea County

City of Eunice

Town of Tatum

Description:

To create the Lea County Solid Waste Authority

Dates of agreement:

Beginning

12/12/1994

Ending

Automatic renewal of two years.

Estimated amount of project:

Unknown

Agency contribution:

The City of Jal's cost of trash removal.

Fiscal agent:

Lea County

Audit responsibility:

Solid Waste Authority

Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

LEA COUNTY WATER USERS ASSOCIATION - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

Participants:

City of Jal

Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Responsible party:

City of Jal

Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Description:

Wildland Fire Protection and Suppression

Dates of agreement:

Beginning

4/1/2008

Ending

Upon written termination

Estimated amount of project:

Unknown

Agency contribution:

N/A

Fiscal agent:

Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Audit responsibility:

City of Jal

Schedule of Memorandums of Understanding For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

VIKKI BELL - MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

Participants:

Lea County Municipalities

Vikki Bell

Responsible party:

Lea County

Description:

Professional services contract

Dates of agreement:

Beginning

7/1/2004

Ending

06/30/08 unless extended by parties

Estimated amount of project:

Unknown

Agency contribution:

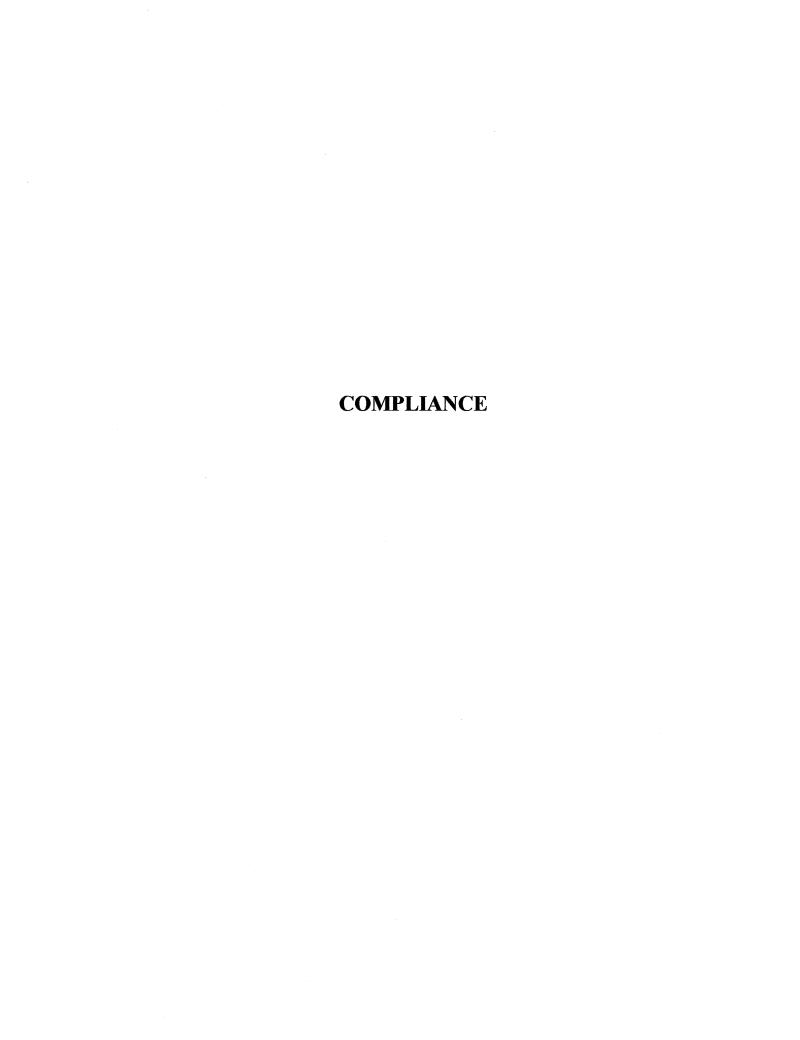
N/A

Fiscal agent:

Lea County

Audit responsibility:

Lea County



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MILLER & ASSOCIATES CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

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RYAN L. MILLER, CPA
LARI E. GALLAGHER, CPA

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, The City of Jal and ' Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the respective budgetary comparisons and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico, City of Jal (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2008. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the City's nonmajor governmental funds and all the budgetary comparisons presented as other supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or

report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2008-1, 2008-2, 2008-3 and 2008-4.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the City's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the State Auditor, the New Mexico State Legislature, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, others within the entity, and the City Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Miller & Associates, C.P.A, P.C.

Miller + associates, CA. Pc

November 25, 2008

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2008

A. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2008-1

PERSONAL USE OF AGENCY VEHICLES

Condition

Employees of the City had vehicles issued to them for work purposes and they were not taxed on the personal use of the vehicle nor was the personal use included in the employees W-2's.

Criteria

IRS Employee Income Tax Rule (Rev. 1.274-5T(k)(3)) states that personal use of a government agency vehicle is always taxable income to the employees unless the vehicles is a qualified non-personal use vehicle provided to the employee as a "working condition fringe benefit."

Cause

City employees used the government's vehicles for personal use without the personal use being included in their W-2 and included in taxable income.

Effect

The City is not in compliance with the IRS Employees Income Tax Rules.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City of Jal implement procedures to ensure that all employees that use government vehicles for personal use have the personal use included in their taxable income.

Agency response

The City of Jal will develop and implement a policy which identifies procedures for including the personal use of government vehicles as taxable income for all City employees who use such vehicles. The policy is to be developed and approved by the governing body of the City of Jal within thirty (30) days of notice of this finding.

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2008

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (continued)

2008-2

FAILURE TO DISCLOSE TO NEW EMPOYEES THEIR JOB IS NOT COVERED BY SOCIAL SECURITY

Condition

During our examination we noted that the City did not have any employees hired for a position not covered by social security sign the required Social Security Form 1945, which indicates that the City disclosed to the employee that their job is not covered by social security.

Cause

Procedures are not in place to have employees hired for jobs not covered by social security sign Form 1945.

Criteria

New Mexico Audit Rule 2008 2.2.10-H-2-d NMAC states that the Social Security Administration now requires all state and local government employers to disclose to all new employees the fact that their job is not covered by social security if they were hired for a position not covered by social security. These employees must sign a statement that they are aware of a possible reduction in their future Social Security benefit entitlement.

Effect

The City is in violation of New Mexico Audit Rule 2008 2.2.10-H-2-d NMAC Federal Compliance requirement.

Recommendation

The City should initiate a system to ensure that new employees in positions not covered by social security sign Social Security Form 1945 stating that they are aware their job is not covered by social security.

Agency Response

The City of Jal will incorporate the disclosure of and completion of Social Security Form 1945 in its hiring procedures for all future employees who fill positions that are not covered by social security. The City of Jal will ensure that all current employees, who fill positions that are not covered by social security, complete and sign Social Security Form 1945. This is to be accomplished within thirty (30) days of the notice of this finding. All completed Forms 1945 for current and future employees will be kept on file by the City of Jal.

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2008

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (continued)

2008-3

DISASTER RECOVERY PLAN

Condition

The City does not have a disaster recovery plan in place for the computer system. In the event of a disaster, such a plan would contain provisions for alternate supplies and hardware necessary to reduce the risk of interruption of critical business functions.

Cause

The City has never considered the need to implement a disaster recovery plan.

Criteria

Statement of Auditing Standard (SAS) 94, The Effect of Information Technology on the Auditor's Consideration of Internal Control in a Financial Statement Audit require the evaluation internal controls related to IT Systems, including the evaluation of disaster recovery plans.

Effect

In the event of a disaster, the City would not be able to minimize the interruption of critical business functions.

Recommendation

The City should implement a disaster recovery plan to ensure that an approved plan is in place for critical applications. Disaster recovery procedures should be tested periodically to ensure recoverability of computer systems.

Agency Response

The City of Jal shall develop and implement a disaster recover plan for its computer system that contains provisions for alternate supplies and hardware necessary to reduce the risk of interruption of critical business functions. The disaster recovery plan will be developed and approved within sixty (60) days of the notice of this finding.

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2008

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (continued)

2008-4

PERSONNEL ACT

Condition

The City does not have a classification plan or a pay plan for all positions in the City's service.

Cause

The City never considered the need to implement a classification of pay plan.

Criteria

New Mexico State Statute 10-9-13 requires that there be a classification plan for all positions in the service and a pay plan for all positions in the service.

Effect

The City haphazardly decides how much and when raises should be handed out.

Recommendation

The City should establish a classification and pay plan for all positions in the City's service.

Agency Response

The City of Jal shall develop and implement a classification and pay plan for all positions in the City's service. The plan shall be completed and approved by the City's governing body within sixty (60) days of the notice of this finding.

B. FINDINGS - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT

	Condition		
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Current year status

05-2 Record Keeping Resolved and not repeated in current year

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF JAL Exit Conference June 30, 2008

C. EXIT CONFERENCE

The contents of this report were discussed at an exit conference held on November 25, 2008. The following individuals were in attendance:

City of Jal Officials
Alton Dunn, Mayor
Bobbie Sue Bennett, City Clerk-Treasurer
Eva Sanchez, City Manager

<u>Auditor</u> Ron Miller, Shareholder

D. FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The financial statements of the City of Jal were prepared by Miller & Associates, CPA, P.C. from the original books and records provided by management.