State of New Mexico

Town of Hurley

Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Town of Hurley DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

June 30, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Joseph E. Stevens Mayor

Richard Maynes, Jr. Mayor Pro-Tem

Esther Gil Councilor

Freddie M. Rodriguez Councilor

Mateo Madrid Councilor

ADMINISTRATION

Lori Ortiz Town Clerk-Treasurer

Darlene McBride Deputy Clerk

Stone, McGee & Co.

Centified Public Accountants -



MIKE STONE, C.P.A. LINDA STONE McGEE, C.P.A. KAY STONE, C.P.A. KELLEY WYATT, C.P.A

RYAN MONTOYA, C.P.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Johnson, State Auditor
And
Mayor and Town Council
Town of Hurley
Hurley, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of Town of Hurley, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Town of Hurley's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud

or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Hurley as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on Town of Hurley's financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The other schedules presented as other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018, on our consideration of Town of Hurley's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Hurley's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Silver City, New Mexico December 12, 2018

Store, noge + Co., clas

Stone, McGee & Co. Centified Public Accountants

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Town~of~Hurley} \\ {\bf STATEMENT~OF~NET~POSITION} \end{array}$

June 30, 2018

ASSETS	Governmental		<i>v</i> 1		 Total
Current: Cash and investments Receivables, net Inventory Interfund receivable	\$	980,440 54,925	\$	1,384,967 144,249 17,822	\$ 2,365,407 199,174 17,822
Total current assets	\$	1,035,365	\$	1,547,038	\$ 2,582,403
Noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and investments Capital assets, net	\$	10,777,740	\$	1,898,385 6,416,371	\$ 1,898,385 17,194,111
Total noncurrent assets	\$	10,777,740	\$	8,314,756	\$ 19,092,496
Total assets	\$	11,813,105	\$	9,861,794	\$ 21,674,899
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to pensions	\$	<u>-</u> ,	\$		\$ <u>-</u>
LIABILITIES					
Current: Cash overdraft Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Interfund payable Interest payable Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	10,788 2,836 51 11,617	\$	8,781 3,975 2,912 14,245	\$ 19,569 6,811 - 2,963 25,862
Total current liabilities	\$	25,292	\$	29,913	\$ 55,205
Noncurrent: Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits Notes payable Bonds payable Net pension liability	\$	- 87,969	\$	64,267 217,625 126,930	\$ 64,267 305,594 126,930

Town of Hurley STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (concluded)

June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	Total		
Compensated absences	\$	629	\$ 6,323	\$	6,952	
Total noncurrent liablilities	\$	88,598	\$ 415,145	\$	503,743	
Total liabilities	\$	113,890	\$ 445,058	\$	558,948	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Related to pensions	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	10,678,154	\$ 5,996,294	\$	16,674,448	
Capital projects		22,783	1,793,710		1,816,493	
Debt service		29,218			29,218	
Other purposes		257,440			257,440	
Unrestricted		711,620	 1,626,732		2,338,352	
Total net position	\$	11,699,215	\$ 9,416,736	\$	21,115,951	

Town of Hurley **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenues						
			harges	Operating				
			for	Gı	ants and			
	 Expenses		Services	Contributions				
Functions/Programs			_		_			
Governmental activites:								
General government	\$ 149,543	\$	4,302	\$	131,704			
Public safety	354,772				99,862			
Public works	329,760				66,657			
Health and welfare								
Culture-recreation	37,696		4,709					
Unallocated interest expense	505							
Loan issue costs								
Total governmental activities	\$ 872,276	\$	9,011	\$	298,223			
Business-type activities:								
Cemetary	\$ 1,588	\$	8,423	\$	-			
Joint Utiity	533,475		525,418					
Solid waste	127,199		145,836					
Total business-type activities	\$ 662,262	\$	679,677	\$	<u>-</u>			
Total government	\$ 1,534,538	\$	688,688	\$	298,223			

General revenues:

Property taxes

Gross receipts taxes

Gas taxes

Motor vehicle taxes

Franchise taxes

Fines and forfeitures

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	and		
Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business -Type Activities	Total
\$ - 228,300	\$ (13,537) (254,910) (34,803) - (32,987)	\$ -	\$ (13,537) (254,910) (34,803) - (32,987)
\$ 228,300	\$ (336,742)	\$ -	\$ (336,742)
\$ 61,277 1,614,339	\$ -	\$ 68,112 1,606,282 18,637	\$ 68,112 1,606,282 18,637
\$ 1,675,616	\$ -	\$ 1,693,031	\$ 1,693,031
\$ 1,903,916	\$ (336,742)	\$ 1,693,031	\$ 1,356,289
	\$ 14,493 177,538 5,531 3,867 25,702 41,242 12,985 (16,171)	\$ - 4,089 8,213 16,171	\$ 14,493 181,627 5,531 3,867 25,702 41,242 21,198
	\$ 265,187	\$ 28,473	\$ 293,660
	\$ (71,555)	\$ 1,721,504	\$ 1,649,949
	11,770,770	7,695,232	19,466,002
	\$ 11,699,215	\$ 9,416,736	\$ 21,115,951

Town of Hurley BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2018

	 General Fund	Capital Projects		Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Due from other governments	\$ 716,537 14,315 38,900	\$	698 1,217	\$	263,205	\$	980,440 14,315 40,117
Bonds receivable Interest receivable	 34				451 8		451 42
Total assets	\$ 769,786	\$	1,915	\$	263,664	\$	1,035,365
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$ 2,818	\$	-	\$	7,970	\$	10,788
Salaries payable	 2,836						2,836
Total liabilities	\$ 5,654	\$		\$	7,970	\$	13,624
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue	\$ 13,207	\$		\$	-	\$	13,207
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 13,207	\$		\$	-	\$	13,207
Fund balance: Restricted:							
General government Public safety Culture and recreation Public works Health and welfare	\$ 31,015	\$	-	\$	215,839 10,586	\$	31,015 215,839 10,586
Debt Service Capital projects Unassigned	20,868 699,042		1,915		29,269		29,269 22,783 699,042
Total fund balance	\$ 750,925	\$	1,915	\$	255,694	\$	1,008,534
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 769,786	\$	1,915	\$	263,664	\$	1,035,365

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 1,008,534
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	10,777,740
Income received sixty days after year-end is not considered revenue in the fund statements, but is recognized in the goernmental activities: Property taxes receivable	13,207
Long-term liabilities are not reported in the funds: Notes payable Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	(99,586) (51) (629)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,699,215

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cross receipts taxes		_	General Fund	Capital Projects		Other Funds		Governmental Funds Total	
Cross receipts taxes	Revenues:								
Motor vehicle taxes 3,867 3,867 Franchise taxes 25,702 25,702 State intergovernmental 360,004 66,657 99,862 526,527 Gas taxes 5,531 99,862 526,523 Federal intergovernmental 5,531 38,713 41,244 Charges for services 4,302 4,709 9,01 Interest 1,562 1,563 1,563 Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,422 Total revenues \$605,911 \$66,657 \$144,442 \$817,019 Expenditures: Current: \$117,331 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Property taxes	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,611
Franchise taxes 25,702 25,702 State intergovernmental 360,004 66,657 99,862 526,52 Gas taxes 5,531 5,53 5,53 Federal intergovernmental Fines, licenses and permits 2,529 38,713 41,249 Charges for services 4,302 4,709 9,01 Interest 1,562 1,158 11,42 Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,42 Total revenues \$ 605,911 \$ 66,657 \$ 144,442 \$ 817,019 Expenditures: Current: Ceneral government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 Public safety 223,122 \$ 57,574 280,699 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,399 33,649 33,399 Health and welfare Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: Principal 3,505 35,041 38,549 Interest 667 66 66 66 Capital outlay 248,673 85,181									177,538
State intergovernmental 360,004 66,657 99,862 526,522 Gas taxes 5,531 5,53 5,53 Federal intergovernmental 5,531 38,713 41,245 Charges for services 4,302 4,709 9,01 Interest 1,562 1,158 11,42 Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,42 Total revenues \$605,911 \$66,657 \$144,442 \$817,01 Expenditures: Current: \$66,657 \$144,442 \$817,01 Expenditures: Current: \$117,331 \$1,756 \$117,33 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>3,867</td></t<>									3,867
Gas taxes 5,531 5,53 Federal intergovernmental 5,53 38,713 41,24 Charges for services 4,302 4,709 9,01 Interest 1,562 1,56 Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,42 Total revenues \$ 605,911 \$ 66,657 \$ 144,442 \$ 817,01 Expenditures: Current: Current: Ceneral government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 Public safety 223,122 57,574 280,69 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,39 33,39 44,442 4,444 <td>Franchise taxes</td> <td></td> <td>25,702</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>25,702</td>	Franchise taxes		25,702						25,702
Fines, licenses and permits	9		360,004		66,657		99,862		526,523
Fines, licenses and permits 2,529 38,713 41,242 Charges for services 4,302 4,709 9,01 Interest 1,562 1,563 Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,422 Total revenues \$ 605,911 \$ 66,657 \$ 144,442 \$ 817,010 Expenditures: Current: *** *** \$ 117,331 *** *** \$ 117,331 *** *** \$ 117,333 *** *** \$ 117,333 *** *** \$ 117,333 *** *** \$ 117,333 *** *** \$ 117,333 *** *** \$ 117,333 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** *** \$ 280,699 *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *			5,531						5,531
Charges for services 4,302 4,709 9,01 Interest 1,562 1,562 1,562 Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,422 Total revenues \$ 605,911 \$ 66,657 \$ 144,442 \$ 817,010 Expenditures: Current: General government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 \$ 280,699 Public safety 223,122 57,574 280,699 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,399 Health and welfare Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: Principal 3,505 35,041 38,544 Interest 667 66 66 Loan issue costs 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,426 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,700 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,69) Total expenditures \$ 15,387 \$ 15,388									-
Interest 1,562 1,158 1,1562 1,158 11,425 1,158 11,425 1,158 11,425 1,158 11,425 1,158 11,425 1,158 1,1							•		41,242
Miscellaneous 10,265 1,158 11,42 Total revenues \$ 605,911 \$ 66,657 \$ 144,442 \$ 817,016 Expenditures: Current: General government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 Public safety 223,122 57,574 280,699 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,399 Health and welfare Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: Principal 3,505 35,041 38,549 Interest 667 66 Loan issue costs Capital outlay 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,429 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,700 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,690) Other financing sources (uses): Loan proceeds 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4,709</td> <td></td> <td>9,011</td>							4,709		9,011
Total revenues \$ 605,911 \$ 66,657 \$ 144,442 \$ 817,019 Expenditures: Current: General government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 Public safety 223,122 57,574 280,699 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,399 Health and welfare Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: Principal 3,505 35,041 38,544 Interest 667 666 Loan issue costs Capital outlay 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,429 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,709 Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses): Loan proceeds 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,309 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)									1,562
Expenditures: Current: General government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 Public safety \$ 223,122 \$ 57,574 \$ 280,690 Public works \$ 29,930 \$ 3,460 \$ 33,390 Health and welfare Culture recreation \$ 3,172 \$ 30,477 \$ 33,649 Debt service: Principal \$ 3,505 \$ 35,041 \$ 38,544 Interest \$ 667 \$ 667 Loan issue costs Capital outlay \$ 248,673 \$ 85,181 \$ 43,572 \$ 377,420 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,700 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,690) Other financing sources (uses): Loan proceeds \$ 15,387 \$ 15,388 Transfer in \$ 46,238 \$ 32,982 \$ 32,087 \$ 111,300 Transfer out \$ (60,913) \$ (19,478) \$ (47,087) \$ (127,478)	Miscellaneous		10,265				1,158		11,423
Current: General government \$ 117,331 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total revenues	\$	605,911	\$	66,657	\$	144,442	\$	817,010
General government \$ 117,331 \$ - \$ - \$ 117,33 Public safety 223,122 57,574 280,696 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,396 Health and welfare 33,396 30,477 33,646 Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,647 Debt service: 7 7 35,041 38,544 Interest 667 667 666 Loan issue costs 667 667 666 Capital outlay 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,426 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,706 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,696) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,386 15,386 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Expenditures:								_
Public safety 223,122 57,574 280,699 Public works 29,930 3,460 33,399 Health and welfare 33,399 3,460 33,399 Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: 7 35,041 38,549 Interest 667 666 667 Loan issue costs 625,733 85,181 43,572 377,429 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,709 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,699) Other financing sources (uses): Loan proceeds 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Current:								
Public works 29,930 3,460 33,399 Health and welfare 3,172 30,477 33,649 Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: Principal 3,505 35,041 38,549 Interest 667 667 66 Loan issue costs 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,429 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,709 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,699) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,309 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	General government	\$	117,331	\$	-	\$	-	\$	117,331
Health and welfare 3,172 30,477 33,649 Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: 35,041 38,549 Principal 3,505 35,041 38,549 Interest 667 66 Loan issue costs 625,733 85,181 43,572 377,429 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,709 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,699) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,309 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	· ·		223,122				$57,\!574$		280,696
Culture recreation 3,172 30,477 33,649 Debt service: 35,041 38,549 Principal 3,505 35,041 38,549 Interest 667 667 666 Loan issue costs Capital outlay 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,429 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,709 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,699) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,388 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,309 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,476)			29,930		3,460				33,390
Debt service: Principal 3,505 35,041 38,544 Interest 667 66 Loan issue costs 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,426 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,706 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,696) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,476)	Health and welfare								-
Principal 3,505 35,041 38,544 Interest 667 66 Loan issue costs 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,426 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,706 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,696) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)			3,172				30,477		33,649
Interest 667 666 Loan issue costs 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,420 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,700 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,690) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Debt service:								
Loan issue costs 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,426 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,706 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,696) Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Principal		3,505				35,041		38,546
Capital outlay 248,673 85,181 43,572 377,426 Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,706 Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses): \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,696) Loan proceeds 15,387 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)							667		667
Total expenditures \$ 625,733 \$ 88,641 \$ 167,331 \$ 881,704 Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,694) Other financing sources (uses): Loan proceeds 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,304 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Loan issue costs								-
Revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (19,822) \$ (21,984) \$ (22,889) \$ (64,696) \$ (0ther financing sources (uses): Loan proceeds 15,387 15,387 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Capital outlay		248,673		85,181		43,572		377,426
Other financing sources (uses): 15,387 15,386 Loan proceeds 15,387 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,300 Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Total expenditures	\$	625,733	\$	88,641	\$	167,331	\$	881,705
Transfer in 46,238 32,982 32,087 111,30° Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)		\$	(19,822)	\$	(21,984)	\$	(22,889)	\$	(64,695)
Transfer out (60,913) (19,478) (47,087) (127,478)	Loan proceeds		15,387						15,387
	Transfer in		46,238		32,982		32,087		111,307
	Transfer out		(60,913)		(19,478)		(47,087)		(127,478)
Net change in fund balances \$ (19,110) \$ (8,480) \$ (37,889) \$ (65,479)	Net change in fund balances	\$	(19,110)	\$	(8,480)	\$	(37,889)	\$	(65,479)
Fund balance July 1, 2017 770,035 \$ 10,395 293,583 1,074,013	Fund balance July 1, 2017		770,035	\$	10,395		293,583		1,074,013
Fund balance June 30, 2018	Fund balance June 30, 2018	\$	750,925	\$	1,915	\$	255,694	\$	1,008,534

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (65,479)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense.	377,426 (411,531)
Governmental funds report revenue only if it is collected during the year or received within 60 days of year-end. However, in the Statement of Activities, reveneue is regognized when earned. This is the net change for the year. Property taxes	(118)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the funds. In the Statement of Activities, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities.	(15,387)
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	38,546
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. This is the net change during the year.	162
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. This is the net change during the year.	4,826
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (71,555)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual		F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
Revenues:	Ф	100.050	Ф	100.050	ф	100.000	Ф	FC COC
Taxes State sources	\$	129,950	\$	129,950 $584,616$	\$	186,636	\$	56,686 (451,477)
Federal sources		584,616		384,616		133,139		(451,477)
Fines, licenses and permits		8,180		8,180		2,529		(5,651)
Charges for services		6,180		6,180		4,302		(3,031) $(1,878)$
Miscellaneous		15,400		15,400		$\frac{4,302}{11,847}$		(3,553)
Miscenaneous		10,400		10,400		11,041		(0,000)
Total revenues	\$	744,326	\$	744,326	\$	338,453	\$	(405,873)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government	\$	152,864	\$	152,864	\$	117,052	\$	35,812
Public safety		294,364		294,364		221,546		$72,\!818$
Public works		36,705		36,705		29,930		6,775
Health and welfare								<u>-</u>
Culture recreation		7,500		7,500		3,650		3,850
Principle								-
Interest								-
Capital outlay								<u>-</u> _
Total expenditures	\$	491,433	\$	491,433	\$	372,178	\$	119,255
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	252,893	\$	252,893	\$	(33,725)	\$	(286,618)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer in		41,000		41,000		46,238		5,238
Transfer out		(15,000)		(15,000)		(60,913)		(45,913)
Net change in fund balance	\$	278,893	\$	278,893	\$	(48,400)	\$	(327,293)
Fund balance, July 1, 2017		652,259		652,259		737,504		85,245
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	931,152	\$	931,152	\$	689,104	\$	(242,048)
Budgetary reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, GAAP bare Revenue accruals (net) Expenditure accruals (net) Other financing sources (net)	asis						\$	(19,110) (267,458) 253,555 (15,387)
Net change in fund balance, NON-GA	ΔÞ							
budgetary basis	. 11						\$	(48,400)

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Town of Hurley} \\ \textbf{STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS} \\ \textbf{June } 30, \, 2018 \end{array}$

	Cemetary	Joint Utility	Solid Waste	Total
Assets				
Current:				
Cash and investments	\$ 37,986	\$ 1,264,972	\$ 82,009	\$ 1,384,967
Due from other governments	34,695		765	35,460
Inventory		17,822		17,822
Receivables, net of allowances:				
Accounts	4	82,749	26,036	108,789
Taxes				
Total current assets	\$ 72,685	\$ 1,365,543	\$ 108,810	\$ 1,547,038
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted:				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 1,898,385	\$ -	\$ 1,898,385
Capital assets (net)	77,110	6,339,261	Ψ	6,416,371
cupital assets (100)				0,110,011
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 77,110	\$ 8,237,646	\$ -	\$ 8,314,756
Total assets	\$ 149,795	\$ 9,603,189	\$ 108,810	\$ 9,861,794
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Related to pensions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities				
Current:				
Cash overdraft	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	Ψ	4,121	4,660	8,781
Accrued liabilities		3,975	-,	3,975
Interfund payable		-,		-
Interest payable		2,912		2,912
Current maturities of long-term debt		14,245		14,245
Total current liabilities	<u> </u>	\$ 25,253	\$ 4,660	\$ 29,913
Total carrent maximines	Ψ	Ψ 20,200	ψ 1,000	Ψ 20,010
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Payable from restricted assets				
Customer deposites	\$ -	\$ 64,267	\$ -	\$ 64,267
Net pension liability		-	-	-
Compensated absences		6,323		6,323
Notes payable		217,625		217,625
Bonds payable		126,930		126,930
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ -	\$ 415,145	\$ -	\$ 415,145
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 440,398	\$ 4,660	\$ 445,058

Town of Hurley STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (concluded) June 30, 2018

	Cemetary		Joint Utility	Solid Waste		Total
Deferred Inflows Of Resources						
Related to pensions Unavailable revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service	\$	15,833	\$ 5,980,461	\$ -	\$	5,996,294
Capital projects			1,793,710			1,793,710
Unrestricted		133,962	1,388,620	 104,150		1,626,732
Total net position	\$	149,795	\$ 9,162,791	\$ 104,150	\$	9,416,736

${\bf Town~of~Hurley}$ ${\bf STATEMENT~OF~REVENUES,~EXPENSES,~AND~CHANGES~IN~FUND~NET~POSITION}$ PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>C</u>	Joint Cemetary Utility		Solid Waste		 Total	
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	8,423	\$	525,418	\$	145,836	\$ 679,677
Operating expenses: Personnel Operating Depreciation	\$	1,588	\$	193,344 254,952 79,702	\$	13,116 114,083	\$ 206,460 370,623 79,702
Total operating expenses	\$	1,588	\$	527,998	\$	127,199	\$ 656,785
Net operating income	\$	6,835	\$	(2,580)	\$	18,637	\$ 22,892
Nonoperating revenue (expense): Investment income Gross reciepts taxes State grants Federal grants Miscellaneous revenue Interest expense	\$	61,277	\$	863 1,614,339 7,350 (5,477)	\$	4,089	\$ 863 4,089 1,675,616 - 7,350 (5,477)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	\$	61,277	\$	1,617,075	\$	4,089	\$ 1,682,441
Net income before operating transfers	\$	68,112	\$	1,614,495	\$	22,726	\$ 1,705,333
Transfers: In Out		34,695		13,240 (31,764)			47,935 (31,764)
Change in net position	\$	102,807	\$	1,595,971	\$	22,726	\$ 1,721,504
Net position, beginning of year,		46,988		7,566,820		81,424	 7,695,232
Net position, end of year	\$	149,795	\$	9,162,791	\$	104,150	\$ 9,416,736

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		emetary		Joint Utility	Solid Waste	Total \$ 628,830 (411,651)		
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	8,423 (1,588)	\$	489,277 (291,639) (191,593)	\$ 131,130 (118,424) (14,247)	\$		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,835	\$	6,045	\$ (1,541)	\$ 11,339		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Dedicated tax receipts Intergovernmental grants Collections of notes receivable Interfund activity	\$	31,572	\$ \$	1,614,339	\$ 4,151	\$ 4,151 1,645,911		
Miscellaneous collections Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		34,695		7,350 (15,956)	 	7,350 34,695 (15,956)		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	\$	66,267	\$	1,605,733	\$ 4,151	\$ 1,676,151		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchase of capital assets Borrowings on capital debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	\$	(61,277)	\$	- 179,371	\$ -	\$ (61,277) 179,371 -		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	(61,277)	\$	179,371	\$ 	\$ 118,094		
Cash flows from investing activities: Earnings on investments	\$		\$	863	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 863		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$		\$	863	\$ 	\$ 863		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	\$	11,825	\$	1,792,012	\$ 2,610	\$ 1,806,447		
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		26,161		1,371,345	 79,399	 1,476,905		
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	37,986	\$	3,163,357	\$ 82,009	\$ 3,283,352		

Town of Hurley STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ce	metary	Joint Utility		Solid Waste		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	6,835	\$ (2,580)	\$	18,637	\$	22,892	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense			79,702				79,702	
(Increase) decrease in:								
Receivables, net			(36,141)		(14,706)		(50,847)	
Inventory			(4,834)				(4,834)	
Increase (decrease) in:								
Accounts payable			(32,733)		(4,341)		(37,074)	
Accrued expenses			(1,132)		(1,033)		(2,165)	
Customer deposits			3,167				3,167	
Compensated absences			 596		(98)		498	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	6,835	\$ 6,045	\$	(1,541)	\$	11,339	

Town of Hurley NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2018

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. GENERAL

Town of Hurley, a political subdivision of the State of New Mexico, operates under the Council-mayor form of government. The Town provides the following authorized services: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for State and Local Governments, through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for include organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Town holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Town is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town.

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town has no component units.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Governmental-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Town and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are not allocated, but are presented as separate functions. Program revenues include charges paid by recipients of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which a program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Town.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category of type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principle on the general obligation bonds of the Town other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the Town's general obligation bonds. The Town currently has one general obligation bonds outstanding.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Major Funds

These funds classified as major are as follows:

General – accounts for all activities except those accounted for in other funds.

Non-major Funds

Fund description for all funds are included in the "Other Supplementary Information" section of this report.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position,

and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized when the earnings process is complete. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Derived tax revenues are recognized when the exchange takes place, and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Revenues that are not available are recorded as deferred outflows of resources. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

E. BUDGETS

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Enterprise Funds are prepared by management and approved by the local governing body and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration.

These budgets are prepared on the NON-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be reappropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a by fund basis. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a fund, this may be accomplished with only local Council approval. If a transfer between "funds" or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from the Department of Finance and Administration.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and investments' includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Town. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury or New Mexico political subdivisions, and the State Treasurer's investment pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owner of such public monies, in an amount not less than 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Town. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

G. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term inter-fund loans are reported as "inter-fund receivables or payables". Inter-fund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

H. RECEIVABLES

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include gross receipts and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as gross receipts tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or

proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

•	Buildings	25-50 years
•	Improvements	10-50 years
•	Machinery and Equipment	03-10 years
•	Infrastructure	25-75 years
•	Software and Library	5-10 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements. Assets acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized. Construction period interest is capitalized in proprietary funds.

J. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period, and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resource (expenses/expenditures) until then. The Government has no deferred outflows at June 30, 2018.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statements element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The Government has deferred inflows related to revenue not collected within 60 days of \$13,207 in the fund statements.

K. LONG-TERM DEBT

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets acquired with the debt are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund

operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, accrued compensated absences, and bonds payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

M. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

The Town has implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

• Non-spendable fund balance – amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to remain intact.

- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the
 government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, to be
 reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless
 the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change its
 constraints.
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the government body delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by adoption of a resolution or a vote of the Council. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. Assigned fund balance is established by the Town Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes). Expenditures are normally made from the most highly constrained group first.

N. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

Gross Receipts Tax

The Town levies a gross receipts tax on taxable gross receipts within the Town. The rate includes both Town and State assessments. The tax is collected by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department and remitted to the Town in the month following receipt by the Department. The Department receives the tax one month after collection by vendors. Included in this tax is amounts dedicated to intercept agreements, and those dedicated amounts are recorded directly in those funds.

Gross receipts tax collected by the State in June and July (which represent May and June transactions) and received by the Town in July and August have been accrued and are included under the caption "Taxes Receivable".

Property Tax

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semiannual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year and become delinquent 30 days later. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Town by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Town in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer of the County in which the Town is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Town.

The Town is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on a state formula, per \$1,000 of taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Town is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts

approved by voters of the Town. The Town's total tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$1.185 per \$1,000 for non-residential property and \$1.296 for residential property. The Town's tax rate for debt service was \$.00 per \$1,000 for both residential and nonresidential property.

Property tax receivables are recognized net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts in the period for which the taxes are levied, even if they are not available. Property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenue of governmental funds includes fees to users and license fees. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary grants while capital grants reflect capital-specific appropriations.

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Fund – By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund – By Operating and Non-operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

The Town first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. The Town does not allocate indirect costs.

O. INTER-FUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as inter-fund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all inter-fund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

P. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that

affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Q. INVENTORY

Inventories are stated at cost measured by the first-in first-out method, and consist mainly of consumable supplies.

Note 2 Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a bank failure the Governments deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for credit risk beyond that disclosed in Note 1. As of June 30, 2018, \$-0- of the Town's bank balance of \$2,438,574 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized		<u>\$ -0-</u>
	Bank	Carrying
	<u>Balance</u>	$\underline{\text{Amount}}$
Deposits by custodial risk category:		
Insured	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000
Collateral held by the pledging bank's agent		
in the Town 's name	2,188,574	2,165,367
Uninsured and uncollateralized	-0-	-0-
	<u>\$ 2,438,574</u>	\$ 2,415,367

The Town does not have a risk policy beyond that required by State Statute.

The cash on deposit with NMFA is, in effect, loan proceeds or payments made by the Town but not yet disbursed. Such deposits are subject to the collateral requirements of NMFA. Such deposits total \$1,843,846.

The Town invests in the State Treasurer Local Governmental Investment Pool, a New Mexico sponsored investment alternative.

The State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool is not SEC registered. The State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, is authorized to invest money held in the short-term investment fund in accordance with Sections 6-10-10-10P and Sections 6-10-10.1 A and E, NMSA 1978. The Local Government Investment Pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state investments.

The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts fund were invested.

Investments are valued at amortized cost.

Participation in the pool is voluntary. The Town has \$4,578 on deposit in the pool at June 30, 2018, which is AAAm rated with a weighted average maturity of 50 days WAM(R) and 100 days WAM(F).

Note 3 Receivables

		ernmental activities		Business Type <u>ctivities</u>
Accounts receivable: Services (net)	<u>\$</u>	-0-	<u>\$</u>	108,789
Franchise tax Property taxes Gross receipts tax MVD Gas Tax	\$	5,241 1,108 7,316 650	\$	
Total taxes receivable	<u>\$</u>	14,315	\$	-0-
Intergovernmental grants	\$	40,117	\$	35,460
Bonds receivable Interest receivable	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 451 \\ 42 \end{array}$	\$	
Total miscellaneous receivable	\$	493	\$	
Total	\$	54,925	\$	144,249

The Town believes all receivables are collectible, therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been established.

Note 4 Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	_	Salance y 1, 2017	<u>]</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>De</u>	ecreases	Balance ne 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land and land improvements Construction in pro-	\$	1,247	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ 1,247
gress		-0-	_	333,854	_	180,508	 153,346
Total capital assets							

not being depre- ciated	<u>\$ 1,247</u>	\$ 333,854	\$ 180,508	<u>\$ 154,593</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings/Improvements/ Infrastructure Equipment/vehicles/ machinery	\$14,145,718 	\$ 180,508 43,572	\$	\$ 14,326,226
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 15,291,040</u>	<u>\$ 224,080</u>	\$ -0-	\$ 15,515,120
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings/Improvements/ Infrastructure Equipment/vehicles/ machinery	\$ (3,630,114) (850,328)			\$ (4,002,979) (888,994)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (4,480,442)	\$ (411,531)) <u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ (4,891,97 <u>3</u>)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activity, capital assets, net	\$ 10,810,598 \$ 10,811,845	\$ (187,451) \$ 146,403		\$ 10,623,147 \$ 10,777,740
Other business-type activity programs: Capital assets not being depreciated:	Balance <u>July 1, 2017</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2018</u>
Land and land improvements Construction in progress Total capital assets	\$ 13,317 <u>817,384</u>	\$ -0- 61,277	\$ -0-	\$ 13,317 <u>878,661</u>
not being depre- ciated	<u>\$ 830,701</u>	\$ 61,277	\$ -0-	<u>\$ 891,978</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment Buildings/Improvements Infrastructure	\$ 445,077 371,164 7,089,376	\$	\$	\$ 445,077 371,164 7,089,376

Total capital assets

	being depreciated	\$ 7,905,617	\$ -(<u>\$</u> -0-	\$ 7,905,617
	Less accumulated depreciation: Equipment Buildings/Improvements Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	\$ (373,425) (183,235) (1,744,862) \$ (2,301,522)	\$ (16,19 (14,19 (49,32 \$ (79,70	91)	\$ (389,616) (197,426) (1,794,182) \$ (2,381,224)
	being depreciated, net	\$ 5,604,095	\$ (79,70)2) \$ -0-	\$ 5,524,393
	Other business-type activity programs capital assets, net	<u>\$ 6,434,796</u>	<u>\$ (18,42</u>	<u>25)</u> <u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 6,416,371</u>
	Depreciation was charged to the G	Governmental A	Activities as	follows:	
	General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture-recreation				\$ 37,038 74,076 296,370 4,047 \$ 411,531
Note 5	Accrued Expenses				
	At June 30, 2018, accrued expens	es consisted of	the following	g:	Business
				Governmental Activities	Type Activities
	Accruals payroll and benefits			\$ 2,836	<u>\$ 3,975</u>
				\$ 2,836	<u>\$ 3,975</u>
Note 6	Long-Term Debt				
	Changes in governmental activiti	es long-term de	ebt is as follo	ows:	
	Governmental Activities				Duo
	Balance <u>July 1, 2017</u> <u>A</u>	additions <u>D</u>	eletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
	Notes payable <u>\$ 122 745</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>15,387</u> <u>\$</u>	38,546	<u>\$ 99,586</u>	<u>\$ 11,617</u>

Law Enforcement – This loan is for police vehicles, and the loan balance is \$24,615 at June 30, 2018. The loan is secured by State Law Enforcement Allocations. The revenues pledged totaled \$25,251 at June 30, 2018, which is 41% of allocations at their current rate. Interest rates range from .94% to 1.39%, and maturity dates range from 2019-2021. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized \$20,600 in pledged revenues, and retired \$7,529 in loan principal and interest.

Road Improvements – These loans are for street improvements, and the loans total \$74,971 at June 30, 2018. The loans are secured by gross receipts tax revenue. The revenues pledged totaled \$74,971 at June 30, 2018, which is 25% of gross receipts tax revenues at their current rate. The loans are without interest, and maturity dates range from 2019 through 2039. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the town recognized \$14,535 in pledged revenues, and retired \$3,505 in loan principal.

Business-Type Activities:

	Balance l <u>y 1, 2017</u>	<u>A</u>	dditions	<u>De</u>	<u>letions</u>	salance e 30, 2018	W	Due ithin <u>e Year</u>
Rev Bond 2009 NMFA	\$ $130,790 \\ 3,708$	\$		\$	1,890 333	\$ 128,900 3,375	\$	1,970 334
NMFA	5,956				373	5,583		373
NMFA NMFA	 44,170		179,371		2,599	 41,571 <u>179,371</u>		2,599 8,969
	\$ 184,624	\$	179,371	\$	5,195	\$ <u>358,800</u>	<u>\$</u>	14,245

Series 2008 and 2010 Revenue Bonds – These bonds were issued to make improvements to the Town Water and Sewer systems. The bonds are secured by water and sewer system revenues, and bear interest at 4.25%. These revenues pledged total \$238,125 at June 30, 2018, which is 1.4% of revenues at the current rate. Maturity dates range from 2018 through 2051. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized \$525,418 in pledged revenues, and retired \$7,449 in bond principal and interest.

NMFA Loans – These loans were obtained to make improvements to the water and sewer systems. The loans are secured by water and sewer system revenues, and bear interest at -0-%. The revenues pledged totaled \$229,900 at June 30, 2018, which is 2.7% of revenues at their current rate. Maturity dates range from 2019 to 2034. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized \$525,418 in pledged revenues, and retired \$3,305 in loan principal.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

		nmental <u>vities</u>	Proprietary <u>Activities</u>			
Due in year ending:	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest		
2019 2020	\$ 11,617 12,476	\$ 305 216	\$ 14,245 14,326	' '		

2021	$12,\!577$	115	14,414	5,307
2022	$4,\!275$		14,505	5,216
2023	$4,\!275$		14,596	5,122
2024-2028	21,372		74,563	24,042
2029-2033	21,370		75,921	20,995
2034-2039	10,854		67,430	17,240
2040-2044	770		24,600	12,616
2045-2049			30,300	6,924
2050-2053			13,900	890
	<u>\$ 99,586</u>	<u>\$ 636</u>	\$ 358,800	\$ 109,225

Compensated absences in governmental activities were as follows:

		alance 1, 2017	Inc	<u>crease</u>	De	ecrease	_	lance 30, 2018		e in <u>Year</u>
Compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	5,455	\$	9,108	<u>\$</u>	13,934	<u>\$</u>	629	<u>\$</u>	-0-

Compensated absences in Proprietary Funds were as follows during the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance July 1, 2017	<u>Increase</u>	Decrease	Balance <u>June 30, 2018</u>	Due in One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 5,82 <u>5</u>	\$ 8,50 <u>3</u>	\$ 8,005	\$ 6,32 <u>3</u>	\$ -0-

All compensated absences are considered non-current. Compensated absences are paid out of the fund that salaries for the respective employee are paid out of provided there are funds available. Otherwise, they are paid out of the general fund.

Note 7 Pension Plan – Public Employees Retirement Association

The Town started its participation during the 2017-2018 fiscal year. For the year ending June 30, 2019 the Town will be required to recognize its proportionate share of the PERA net pension liability.

Note 8 Retiree Health Care Act Contributions

The Town does not participate in the Retiree Health Care Act.

Note 9 Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 10 Future Commitments

The Town has contracts and grant awards for construction projects in various stages of completion. Such contracts, funded principally by federal and state agencies, constitute future commitments, and approximate \$1,700,000 at June 30, 2018.

Note 11 Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town has joined together with other agencies in the State and obtained insurance through the New Mexico Self Insurers Fund, a public risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The Town pays an annual premium to New Mexico Self Insurers Fund for its general insurance coverage. No losses in excess of insurance coverage have been experienced.

Note 12 Expenditures in Excess of Budgetary Authority

The Town incurred no expenditures in excess of budgetary authority.

Note 13 Fund Balance Deficits

The Town had no fund balance deficits at June 30, 2018.

Note 14 Inter-fund Activity

The Town had no inter-fund balances at June 30, 2018.

Inter-fund transfers were as follows during the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Transfers From									
<u>Transfers To</u>	<u>General</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Oth	er Funds	Joint <u>Utilities</u>		<u>Total</u>			
General	\$	\$	\$	46,238	\$	\$	46,238			
Capital Projects Other Funds	1,218 $31,238$			849	31,764		32,982 $32,087$			

Cemetery Joint Utility	 28,457	_	$6,238 \\ 13,240$				 34,695 13,240	
	\$ 60.913	\$	19.478	\$	47.087	\$	31.764	\$ 159.242

The transfers were made to fund construction projects and provide operating funds.

Note 15 Restricted Net Position

Net position restricted for other purposes consist of fund balances which are restricted by legislation to specific purposes. The restricting legislation is listed in the fund descriptions appearing at the beginning of Other Supplementary Information. Major restrictions are as follows:

General	\$ 31,015
Fire	88,432
Municipal Streets	10,357
Corrections	123,272
Other	 4,364
	\$ 257 440

The Town reports \$2,103,151 in restricted assets, of which \$2,103,151 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Note 16 Retirement Plan

The Town sponsors an AIM Simple Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA) Plan for eligible employees. There are two employees who are participating. The Town's contributions to the plan are dollar for dollar of the employees' contributions, not to exceed 3% of gross wages. The Town's matching contribution for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$3,857.

Note 17 Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The Town has evaluated subsequent events through December 12, 2018, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 18 Tax Abatement Disclosures

The Town has no need to make any tax abatement disclosures as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 77, since no abatements exist.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Correction Fees – to account for the fees collected by the Municipal Judge, which are legally restricted to expenditures for jail related costs. The fund was established by Town ordinance in order to comply with Section 35-14-11, NMSA 1978.

Fire Protection – to account for the proceeds of the State fire allotment, and the expenditures for public safety therefrom. New Mexico state law requires that these funds be used to help maintain the fire department. The fund was established by Town ordinance and in accordance with Section 59A-53-1, of the New Mexico State Insurance Code. Section 59A-53-8 of the code restricts the use of the funds for only the maintenance of the Town's fire department.

EMS Grant – to account for the State Emergency Medical Services grant, to be used for specific medical services provided through fire department activities. The State grant comes through the New Mexico Department of Health per EMS regulation DOH 94-11. The fund was created by Town ordinance. Section 24-10A-1 to 24-10A-10, NMSA 1978 provides funds to municipalities for use in the establishment and enhancement of local emergency medical services. Section 24-10A-7, NMSA 1978 restricts expenditures from the fund from only emergency medical services.

Law Enforcement Protection – to account for the State grant to be used for the repair and/or replacement of law enforcement equipment, according to state law, Section 29-13.1 through 29-13.9, NMSA 1978. The fund was established by Town ordinance to comply with state statutes. Section 29-13-17A, NMSA 1978 limits distributions from the fund for law enforcement related expenditures, including, but not limited to the purchase of equipment, expenses associated with advanced law enforcement planning and training.

Lodger's Tax – to account for funds received from a special local lodgers' tax that is to be used for promotion of the Town. The fund was established by Town ordinance authorized by Section 3-38-13 through 3-38-24, NMSA 1978, Section 3-38-15(E) NMSA 1978, restricts the used of the tax for advertising, publicizing and promoting tourist-related attractions, facilities and events.

Recreation – to account for receipts that are restricted for use in recreational areas only. Funding source is fees charged for recreational activities, such as swimming pool fees. The Authority for the fund is given by Section 7-12-15 NMSA 1978.

BUSINESS TYPE FUNDS

Joint Utility – to account for the provision of water, sewer, and waste water services to the residents of the Town. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing and collection.

Solid Waste – to account for the provision of solid waste disposal to the Town residents. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing and collections.

NON-MAJOR FUND

Cemetery – to account for funds received from sale of lots and donations for the purpose of maintaining a community cemetery. The fund was established by Town ordinance authorized by Section 3-40-1, NMSA 1978.

Town of Hurley NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2018

		Special Revenue Funds						
	Co	Corrections		EMS		Fire rotection		
Assets								
Cash and investments Interest receivable Interfund receivable	\$	123,064 8	\$	234	\$	123,645		
Bonds receivable		451						
Total assets	\$	123,523	\$	234	\$	123,645		
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$	251	\$	-	\$	5,944		
Total liabilities		251	\$		\$	5,944		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue	\$		\$		\$			
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>		
Fund balances: Restricted: Public safety Culture and recreation Public works Health and Welfare	\$	123,272	\$	234	\$	88,432		
Debt service Capital Projects Unassigned						29,269		
Total fund balance	\$	123,272	\$	234	\$	117,701		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	123,523	\$	234	\$	123,645		
			_		_			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Enfo	Law orcement otection	dgers Γax	Re	creation	Total
\$	3,901	\$ 229	\$	12,132	\$ 263,205 8 - 451
\$	3,901	\$ 229	\$	12,132	\$ 263,664
\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,775	\$ 7,970
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	1,775	\$ 7,970
\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$
\$	-	\$ -	_\$_		\$ -
\$	3,901	\$ 229	\$	10,357	\$ 215,839 10,586 - - 29,269
		 			-
\$	3,901	\$ 229	\$	10,357	\$ 255,694
\$	3,901	\$ 229	\$	12,132	\$ 263,664

Town of Hurley

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Spec	nai nevent	ie run	us		
	Corrections		Corrections EMS		Fire Protection		Law Enforcement Protection		Lodgers Tax	
Revenues:										
GRT Taxes Gas taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services										
State sources						79,262		20,600		
Federal sources						,		,,,,,		
Fines, licenses and permits		38,713								
Miscellaneous		379				613		166		
Total revenues	\$	39,092	\$		\$	79,875	\$	20,766	\$	-
Expenditures:							'	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	
Current:										
General government	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety Public works		7,383				37,700		12,491		
Health and welfare										
Culture recreation										930
Debt service:										
Principal						27,845		7,196		
Interest						334		333		
Loan issue costs										
Capital outlay								43,572		
Total expenditures	\$	7,383	\$		\$	65,879	\$	63,592	\$	930
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	31,709	\$	-	\$	13,996	\$	(42,826)	\$	(930)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfer in		7,087								
Transfer out		(47,087)								
Loan proceeds										
Net change in fund balance	\$	(8,291)	\$	-	\$	13,996	\$	(42,826)	\$	(930)
Fund balance, July 1, 2017		131,563		234		103,705		46,727		1,159
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$	123,272	\$	234	\$	117,701	\$	3,901	\$	229

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Re	creation		Total
\$	_	\$	_
Ψ		Ψ	-
	4,709		4,709
			99,862
			-
			38,713
			1,158
\$	4,709	\$	144,442
\$	_	\$	_
Ψ		ψ	57,574
			-
			-
	29,547		30,477
			35,041
			667
			-
			43,572
\$	29,547	\$	167,331
\$	(24,838)	\$	(22,889)
	25,000		32,087
	,,,,,,		(47,087)
			-
\$	162	\$	(37,889)
φ	102	Φ	(51,009)
	10,195		293,583
\$	10,357	\$	255,694

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Town~of~Hurley} \\ {\bf SCHEDULE~OF~DEPOSITORY~COLLATERAL} \end{array}$

June 30, 2018

	First American		Total	
Checking and CD's	\$	2,438,574	\$	2,438,574
Less: FDIC insurance		(250,000)		(250,000)
Total uninsured public funds	\$	2,188,574	\$	2,188,574
50% collateralization requirement (Section 6-10-17 NMSA)	\$	1,094,287	\$	1,094,287
Pledged Securities: FHLB Questa ISD Cusip #748352CR0 9/1/18 FHLB Hobbs SD Cusip #433866EL0 9/15/27 FHLB Alamogordo NM Cusip 011446FS5 8/1/19 FHLB Albuquerque SD Cusip 013595LM3 8/1/22 FHLB Deming PS Cusip 550340EB5 8/1/24 FHLB Los Lunas SD Cusip 545562QZ6 7/15/25 FHLB Dona Ana Co NM Cusip 257579CZ3 9/1/27	\$	165,459 251,103 205,452 102,703 760,973 825,536 394,929	\$	165,459 251,103 205,452 102,703 760,973 825,536 394,929
Total pledged securities	\$	2,706,155	\$	2,706,155
Pledged securities over (under) requirement	\$	1,611,868	\$	1,611,868

Securities pledged are held by First American Bank, Artesia, NM. Safekeeping receipts are held by the Town.

Town of Hurley SCHEDULE OF INDIVIDUAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENTS June $30,\,2018$

<u>First American</u>	Type of Account	 Bank Balance	Reconciled Balance		
General Water deposits CDBG Construction Wastewater reserve Municipal court Corrections Water fund Cemetary Water deposits Water fund General	Checking Checking Checking Checking Checking Checking CD CD CD CD CD CD CD	\$ 1,950,185 64,267 - 697 40,408 511 22,855 67,739 11,605 29,013 114,196	\$	1,926,982 64,263 697 40,408 511 22,855 67,739 11,605 29,013 114,196	
Total First American	СБ	\$ 137,098 2,438,574	\$	137,098 2,415,367	
<u>LGIP</u>					
Water fund General Total LGIP	LGIP LGIP	\$ 1,738 2,840 4,578	\$	1,738 2,840 4,578	
<u>NMFA</u>					
Cash on deposit with paying agent Cash on hand	NMFA	\$ 1,843,846	\$	1,843,846	
Total cash and investments		\$ 4,286,998	\$	4,263,791	

Town of Hurley

SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Joint Wastewater Plant Agreement

Participants Village of Santa Clara

City of Bayard

Fort Bayard Special District

Town of Hurley

Responsible party City of Bayard

Description Operation and maintenance of joint use sewer system

Dates of agreement Agreement began September 11, 1963 and remains in effect until

cancelled by the participating governments

Amount of project Varies

Audit responsibility City of Bayard

Fiscal agent City of Bayard

Town of Hurley SCHEDULE OF LEGISLATIVE ALLOCATIONS

June 30, 2018

	Co	mmunity	App	ropriation			
		Center	Wat	ter System	Cemetary		
	Imp	rovements	Imp	rovements	Improvements		
	1	6-A2437	SAF	P 16-A2263	1	8-C4061	
Original appropriation	\$	75,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	
Additions/Deletions				<u>-</u>			
Amended appropriation	\$	75,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	
Expended through June 30, 2018	\$	42,206	\$	98,296	\$	76,945	
Encumbrances				<u>-</u>			
Total committed	\$	42,206	\$	98,296	\$	76,945	
Project expiration date		6/30/2020		6/30/2020		6/30/2021	

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Town~of~Hurley} \\ {\bf SUMMARY~SCHEDULE~OF~PRIOR~AUDIT~FINDINGS} \end{array}$

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Findings – Financial Statement Audit	<u>Current Status</u>
2012-001 Financial statements prepared by auditor	Resolved
2012-002 Not all transactions recorded in general ledger	Resolved
2012-006 Cash in bank does not balance to general ledger	Resolved
2016-001 Per Diem and Mileage act violated	Resolved

Stone, McGee & Co.

Centified Public Accountants -



MIKE STONE, C.P.A. LINDA STONE McGEE, C.P.A. KAY STONE, C.P.A. KELLEY WYATT, C.P.A

RYAN MONTOYA, C.P.A.

1311 N. GRANT ST. P.O. BOX 2828 SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO 88062 TELEPHONE [575] 388-1777 [575] 538-3795 FAX [575] 388-5040

E-MAIL: admin@stone-mcgee.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Wayne Johnson, State Auditor And Mayor and Town Council Town of Hurley Hurley, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of Town of Hurley as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Hurley's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Hurley's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Hurley's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Hurley's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2018-001.

Town of Hurley's Responses to Findings

Store, mage & Co., Clas

Town of Hurley's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's responses were not subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Silver City, New Mexico

December 12, 2018

Town of Hurley SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Town of Hurley.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Town of Hurley, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. Town of Hurley expended less than \$750,000 in federal funds.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2018-001 Completion of Payroll Documents (Other Noncompliance)

Condition – In a total of 12 payroll files tested, we noted 8 instances where the I-9 documentation was incomplete.

Criteria – Federal regulations require that documentation be maintained regarding employee citizenship and authorization for withholding on each employee.

Effect – Federal regulations have been violated, and the Town has exposed itself to possible significant penalties if a federal agency audit is conducted.

Cause – The Town has not performed a review of its personnel files to ensure that all required information has been obtained.

Recommendation – The Town should conduct a review of all current employee files to ensure that the proper documentation is on file for each employee, and develop a process to ensure that new hires provide the required information.

Agency Response – The recommendation will be adopted, and the Clerk-Treasurer will be responsible for overseeing the receipt of appropriate documentation. The process has already begun, and it is expected to be complete by December 31, 2018.

OTHER - FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The financial statements were prepared by Stone, McGee & Co., C.P.A.'s. However, the management of Town of Hurley has acknowledged its responsibility for the financial statements and has taken responsibility for them.

EXIT CONFERENCE

The contents of this report were discussed December 10, 2018. Present at this exit conference were:

<u>Name</u>	$\underline{\text{Title}}$	<u>Affiliation</u>
Joseph E. Stevens	Mayor	Town of Hurley
Lori Ortiz	Clerk/Treasurer	Town of Hurley
Darlene McBride	Deputy Clerk	Town of Hurley
Mike Stone, CPA	Shareholder	Stone, McGee & Co., CPAs