STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019





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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2019

City Council

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

Martin Hicks Mayor

Manuel Vasquez Mayor Pro-Tem

Rick Lucero Councilor

Cydni Reynolds Councilor

Fred Padilla Councilor

Administration

Laura Jaramillo City Manager

Kimberly Simpson Finance Director





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To Brian S. Colón,
New Mexico State Auditor
and
The Mayor and City Council Members
City of Grants
Grants, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the City of Grants (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility also includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.



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An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our modified audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

There was no system of internal control for capital assets on which we could rely for the purposes of our audit. We were unable to obtain sufficient audit evidence to conclude that capital asset balances were materially correct.

Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the capital assets ending balances, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion & Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the City's Contribution on pages 53 to 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other

knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the City's financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC as noted in the table of contents are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC as noted in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC as noted in the table of contents, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in related to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Grants' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LSP

December 16, 2019



STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Primary Government			
	_	Governmental	Business-Type	_
	_	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	16,892,604	1,062,788	17,955,392
Cash, restricted		1,259,418	1,239,915	2,499,333
Receivables:				
Property taxes receivable		127,438	-	127,438
Other taxes receivable		1,123,653	-	1,123,653
Grants Receivable		462,878	-	462,878
Accounts receivable		-	542,451	542,451
Due from other funds		-	-	-
Prepaids		-	-	-
Inventory		-	60,765	60,765
Total current assets	-	19,865,991	2,905,919	22,771,910
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets		85,929,971	56,762,418	142,692,389
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(24,996,955)	(24,601,656)	(49,598,611)
Total noncurrent assets	<u>-</u>	60,933,016	32,160,762	93,093,778
Total Assets	_	80,799,007	35,066,681	115,865,688
Deferred Outflows				
Pension Related		2,213,117	319,750	2,532,867

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental	Business-Type	_
	Activities	Activities	Total
Liabilities		_	_
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,327,492	328,460	1,655,952
Bank overdraft	6,014,219	85,780	6,099,999
Accrued payroll expenses	213,958	24,789	238,747
Accrued compensated absences	257,979	68,034	326,013
Meter and other deposits	-	257,085	257,085
Current portion of bonds and notes payable	47,295	147,064	194,359
Total current liabilities	7,860,943	911,212	8,772,155
Noncurrent liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	65,604	17,300	82,904
Bonds and notes payable	523,340	18,515,161	19,038,501
Net pension liability	7,806,801	1,052,422	8,859,223
Net OPEB Liability	170,941		170,941
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,566,686	19,584,883	28,151,569
Total liabilities	16,427,629	20,496,095	36,923,724
Deferred Inflows			
Pension Related	876,885	33,683	910,568
Total Deferred Inflows	876,885	33,683	910,568
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	60,362,381	32,160,762	92,523,143
Debt service	438,649	-	438,649
Capital projects	-	-	-
Other purposes - special revenue	1,183,586	-	1,183,586
Subsequent years expenditures	861,680	-	861,680
Unrestricted	2,861,314	(17,304,109)	(14,442,795)
Total Net Position	\$ 65,707,610	14,856,653	80,564,263

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs				Program Revenues	
				Operating	Capital
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
	_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Primary Government					
Governmental Activities					
General government	\$	3,745,537	1,135,333	684,387	-
Public safety		4,351,348			-
Public works		1,678,318		450,741	1,116,475
Culture and recreation		2,177,189			-
Health and welfare		787,332	-		-
Interest on long-term debt	_	4,156			
Total government Activities		12,743,880	1,135,333	1,135,128	1,116,475
Business-type Activities					
Golf Course		853,420	298,910	-	-
Utilities		4,796,258	6,506,824	-	-
Airport	_	253,111	150,703		
Total business-type activities	_	5,902,789	6,956,437		
Total primary government	\$	18,646,669	8,091,770	1,135,128	1,116,475

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied
Gross receipts taxes
Gasoline and motor vehicle taxes
Other taxes
Investment Income
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
Miscellaneous income
Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Primary Government	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
(1,925,817)	-	(1,925,817)
(4,351,348)	-	(4,351,348)
(111,102)	-	(111,102)
(2,177,189)	-	(2,177,189)
(787,332)	-	(787,332)
(4,156)	(44,162)	(48,318)
(9,356,944)	(44,162)	(9,401,106)
-	(554,510)	(554,510)
-	1,710,566	1,710,566
	(102,408)	(102,408)
	1,053,648	1,053,648
(9,356,944)	1,009,486	(8,347,458)
472,506	-	472,506
7,247,340	-	7,247,340
57,447	-	57,447
860,341	-	860,341
259,376	49,836	309,212
178,307	-	178,307
333,569	121,356	454,925
5,550,400	(5,550,400)	<u>-</u> _
14,959,286	(5,379,208)	9,580,078
5,602,342	(4,369,722)	1,232,620
60,105,268	19,226,375	79,331,643
65,707,610	14,856,653	80,564,263

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

			General		
		General	Government	Other	Total
		Fund	Improvements	Governmental	Governmental
		11000	39900	Funds	Funds
Assets					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	15,347,838	500,000	1,044,766	16,892,604
Cash, restricted		-	820,769	438,649	1,259,418
Receivables:					
Property taxes		127,438	-	-	127,438
Other taxes receivable		1,123,653	-	-	1,123,653
Grants Receivable- State		229,976	-	232,902	462,878
Due from other funds	_	-	-		
Total assets	\$_	16,828,905	1,320,769	1,716,317	19,865,991
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	164,666	1,101,641	61,185	1,327,492
Bank overdraft	Y	-	5,626,918	387,301	6,014,219
Accrued payroll expenses		203,708	-	10,250	213,958
Due to other funds		-	<u>-</u>		-
Total liabilities	_	368,374	6,728,559	458,736	7,555,669
		,	, ,	,	, ,
Deferred Inflows					
Unearned revenue - property taxes	_	103,875	-		103,875
Total Deferred Inflows		103,875	-	-	103,875
	_		6 700 550	450 706	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	_	472,249	6,728,559	458,736	7,659,544
Fund balances					
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-
Spendable					
Restricted		861,680	-	1,622,235	2,483,915
Committed		-	-	=	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-
Unassigned	_	15,494,976	(5,407,790)	(364,654)	9,722,532
Total fund balances	_	16,356,656	(5,407,790)	1,257,581	12,206,447
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	16,828,905	1,320,769	1,716,317	19,865,991
•	_				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 12,206,447
Defined benefit pension plan deferred outflows are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	2,213,117
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	60,933,016
Delinquent property taxes not collected within sixty days after year end are not considered "available" revenues and are considered unearned revenue in the fund financial statements, but are considered revenue in	
the Statement of Activities	103,875
Defined benefit pension plan deferred inflows are not payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(876,885)
Certain liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Net pension liability	(7,806,801)
Net OPEB Liability	(170,941)
Accrued compensated absences	(323,583)
Bonds and notes payable	 (570,635)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 65,707,610

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General				
		General	Government	Other	Total	
		Fund	Improvements	Governmental	Governmental	
	_	11000	39900	Funds	Funds	
Revenues						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	613,336	-	_	613,336	
Gross receipts	•	7,145,587	-	101,753	7,247,340	
Gasoline and motor vehicle		57,447	-	,	57,447	
Other taxes		360,347	-	499,994	860,341	
Intergovernmental		•		•	,	
Federal operating grants		12,460	136,574	314,167	463,201	
State operating grants		92,686	•	579,241	671,927	
State capital grants		52,641	1,031,434	32,400	1,116,475	
Charges for services		1,135,333	-	· -	1,135,333	
Licenses and fees		82,831	-	-	82,831	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		86,349	-	9,127	95,476	
Investment income		234,980	-	24,396	259,376	
Miscellaneous		270,409	-	63,160	333,569	
Total revenues	_	10,144,406	1,168,008	1,624,238	12,936,652	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		2,822,281	-	93,895	2,916,176	
Public safety		2,973,742	-	497,956	3,471,698	
Public works		1,426,524	-	-	1,426,524	
Culture and recreation		1,497,328	-	353,223	1,850,551	
Health and welfare		17,148	-	652,062	669,210	
Capital outlay			9,103,839	-	9,103,839	
Debt service			-,,		2, 22,22	
Principal		-	-	119,502	119,502	
Interest and other charges		-	-	4,156	4,156	
Total expenditures	_	8,737,023	9,103,839	1,720,794	19,561,656	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		1,407,383	(7,935,831)	(96,556)	(6,625,004)	
over (under) expenditures	_	1,407,303	(1,555,651)	(30,330)	(0,023,004)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from loans		-	570,635	-	570,635	
Transfers, in		5,006,687	12,043,357	768,211	17,818,255	
Transfers, out	_	(6,166,028)	(4,846,495)	(1,255,332)	(12,267,855)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	(1,159,341)	7,767,497	(487,121)	6,121,035	
Net change in fund balances		248,042	(168,334)	(583,677)	(503,969)	
Fund balances - beginning of year	_	16,108,614	(5,239,456)	1,841,258	12,710,416	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	16,356,656	(5,407,790)	1,257,581	12,206,447	
	-	_ _				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (503,969)
Defined benefit pension plan deferred outflows are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Change in Pension expense Change in OPEB expense	(642,409) 29,093
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital expenditures recorded in capital outlay Depreciation expense	9,103,839 (1,796,686)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds:	
Change in deferred revenue	(140,830)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in accrued compensated absences	4,437
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
Principal payments on bonds and notes payable	 (451,133)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,602,342

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL General Fund - 11000 For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgeted Amounts Variance Positive Original Budget Final Budget Actual Amount (Negative) Revenues: Taxes: Property \$ 570,522 570,522 613,336 42,814 **Gross Receipts** 4,414,100 4,414,100 7,062,702 2,648,602 Other Taxes 2,848,300 2,848,300 417,794 (2,430,506)Intergovernmental 12.460 **Federal Operating Grants** 12.460 **State Operating Grants** 150,200 150,200 145,327 (4,873)**Charges for Services** 1,389,085 1,389,085 1,135,333 (253,752)Licenses and Fees 58,831 24,000 24,000 82,831 Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties 104,200 104,200 86,349 (17,851)Investment Income 234,980 234,980 Miscellaneous 120,250 120,250 270,409 150,159 **Total Revenues** 9,620,657 9,620,657 10,061,521 440,864 Expenditures: Current: General Government 3,750,621 3,750,621 2,914,582 836,039 **Public Safety** 2,829,335 2,829,335 2,973,742 (144,407)**Public Works** 1,753,196 1,753,196 1,426,524 326,672 **Culture and Recreation** 623,681 623,681 1,514,476 (890,795)Capital Outlay **Debt Service** Principal Interest **Total Expenditures** 8,956,833 8,956,833 8,829,324 127,509 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 663,824 663,824 1,232,197 568,373 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers, In 5,006,687 5,006,687 (6,166,028) Transfers, Out (592,500)(592,500)(5,573,528)Proceeds from sale of Capital Assets **Total Other Financing sources (Uses):** (592,500) (592,500) (1,159,341) (566,841) Net Change in Fund Balances 71,324 71,324 72,856 1,532 **Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:** Adjustments to Revenues 82,885

Adjustments to Expenditures

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE

92,301

248,042

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Golf Course 51800	e Utilities 50100	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total
Assets			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Current Assets				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	- 1,047,753	15,035	1,062,788
Cash, restricted		- 1,239,915	-	1,239,915
Other receivables		- 526,255	16,196	542,451
Prepaids		-	-	-
Inventory		- 60,765	-	60,765
Due from other funds		-	-	-
Total current assets		- 2,874,688	31,231	2,905,919
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets	2,229	,470 50,197,196	4,335,752	56,762,418
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,499		• •	(24,601,656)
Total noncurrent assets		,560 27,120,220	4,310,982	32,160,762
Total Holiculterit assets		27,120,220	4,310,362	32,100,702
Total assets	729	,560 29,994,908	4,342,213	35,066,681
Deferred Outflows				
Pension Related	191	,735 106,692	31,323	319,750
Total Deferred Outflows		,735 106,692	31,323	319,750
Total Deferred Outflows	101	.,733 100,092	31,323	319,730
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	3	,305 292,218	32,937	328,460
Bank overdraft	85	,780 -	-	85,780
Accrued payroll expenses	14	,375 8,164	2,250	24,789
Accrued compensated absences	39	,012 29,022	-	68,034
Meter and other deposits		- 257,085	-	257,085
Current portion of bonds and notes payable		147,064		147,064
Total current liabilities	142	,472 733,553	35,187	911,212
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Accrued Compensated Absences	9	,708 7,592	-	17,300
Bonds and notes payable		- 18,515,161	-	18,515,161
Net Pension Liability	598	,160 351,165	103,097	1,052,422
Total noncurrent liabilities	607	,868 18,873,918	103,097	19,584,883
Total Liabilities	750	,340 19,607,471	138,284	20,496,095
Deferred Inflows				
Pension Related	19	,144 11,239	3,300	33,683
Total Deferred Inflows		,144 11,239	3,300	33,683
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	720	,560 27,120,220	4,310,982	32,160,762
Unrestricted net position				
omestricted het position	(587	(16,637,330)	(79,030)	(17,304,109)
Total Net Position	\$ 141	,811 10,482,890	4,231,952	14,856,653

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Golf Course 51800	Utilities 50100	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total
Operating Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	298,910	6,506,824	150,703	6,956,437
Operating Grants		-		-	-
Total operating revenues	_	298,910	6,506,824	150,703	6,956,437
Operating Expenses					
General and administrative		102,577	1,605,311	239,074	1,946,962
Personnel services		563,672	264,294	, -	827,966
Contractual services		36,316	1,916,525	-	1,952,841
Supplies and purchased power		44,661	103,269	-	147,930
Maintenance and materials		34,430	118,158	-	152,588
Utilities		69,538	455,849	1,311	526,698
Depreciation		2,226	332,852	12,726	347,804
Total operating expenses	_	853,420	4,796,258	253,111	5,902,789
Operation income (loss)		(554,510)	1,710,566	(102,408)	1,053,648
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income		_	49,836	_	49,836
Interest meome		_	(44,162)	_	(44,162)
Miscellaneous		_	121,356	_	121,356
Gain (loss) from sale of capital assets		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses) _	<u> </u>	127,030		127,030
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and					
Transfers		(554,510)	1,837,596	(102,408)	1,180,678
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		540,000	6,447,957	27,000	7,014,957
Transfers out			(12,565,357)		(12,565,357)
Net transfers	_	540,000	(6,117,400)	27,000	(5,550,400)
Change in net position		(14,510)	(4,279,804)	(75,408)	(4,369,722)
Beginning net position	_	156,321	14,762,694	4,307,360	19,226,375
Net position, end of year	\$_	141,811	10,482,890	4,231,952	14,856,653

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Golf Course 010	Utilities 003	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers and others	\$	298,910	8,752,894	172,915	9,224,719
Cash paid for goods and services	Ψ	(777,633)	(4,660,521)	(215,819)	(5,653,973)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	(478,723)	4,092,373	(42,904)	3,570,746
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Interest income	-	<u> </u>	49,836	<u> </u>	49,836
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	-	49,836	-	49,836
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing					
Miscellaneous income		-	121,329	0	
Transfers	_	540,000	(6,117,400)	27,000	(5,550,400)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	-	540,000	(5,996,071)	27,000	(5,550,400)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Proceeds from debt		-	7,077,522	-	7,077,522
Purchases of capital assets		(55,906)	(5,196)	-	(61,102)
Debt payment		-	(24,337)	-	(24,337)
Interest paid	_	=	(44,162)	-	(44,162)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	_	(55,906)	7,003,827	-	6,947,921
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		5,371	5,149,965	(15,904)	5,018,103
Cash and restricted cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	(91,151)	(2,862,297)	30,939	(2,922,509)
Cash and restricted cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	(85,780)	2,287,668	15,035	2,095,594
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating income	\$	(554,510)	1,710,566	(102,408)	1,053,648
Adjustments to operating (loss) income to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation		2,226	332,852	12,726	347,804
Change in assets and liabilities:			(242.222)	242	(242,422)
Receivables		-	(219,828)	340	(219,488)
Prepaids		-	100	-	100
Inventory Due from other funds		-	11,681 2,463,764	-	11,681 2,463,764
Deferred outflows		(49,182)	13,981	(8,526)	(43,727)
Accounts payable		(18,323)	(171,561)	32,937	(156,947)
Accrued payroll		(521)	(933)	155	(1,299)
Deposits		-	(11,847)	-	(11,847)
Due to other funds		-	-	-	-
Compensated absences		12,197	13,459	-	25,656
Net pension liability		138,536	(37,196)	23,473	124,813
Deferred inflows	_	(9,146)	(12,665)	(1,601)	(23,412)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	(478,723)	4,092,373	(42,904)	3,570,746

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2019

Assets	
Cash	\$ -
Liabilities	
Deposits held in trust for others	\$

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grants (the "City") is a political subdivision of the State of New Mexico established and regulated by the constitution of the State of New Mexico. The City was incorporated during 1941 under the laws of the State of New Mexico. On October 20, 1966, an ordinance was adopted pursuant to Section 14-1-3, New Mexico Statutes, 1952 Annotated, as amended proclaiming the Town as City of Grants effective December 1, 1966. The City operates under a Council-Manager and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: Public Safety – (Police, Fire and Emergency Ambulance), Highways and Streets, Sanitation, Health and Social Services, Culture-Recreation, Water and Sewer Facilities, Housing, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and General Administrative Services. The City operates the following enterprises: water, sewer, airport and a golf course.

The City of Grants is a body politic and corporate under the name and form of government selected by its qualified electors. The City may:

- 1. Sue or be sued;
- 2. Enter into contracts and leases;
- 3. Acquire and hold property, both real and personal;
- 4. Have common seal, which may be altered at pleasure;
- 5. Exercise such other privileges that are incident to corporations of like character or degree that are not inconsistent with the laws of New Mexico;
- 6. Protect generally the property of its municipality and its inhabitants;
- 7. Preserve peace and order within the municipality; and
- 8. Establish rates for services provided by municipal utilities and revenue-producing projects, including amounts which the governing body determines to be reasonable in the operation of similar facilities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the City is presented to assist in the understanding of the City's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of City's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Financial Reporting Entity. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61. Blended component units, although legally separate

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

entities are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the City of Grants and/or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the City does not have any component units.

Government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognized all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, subject to the availability criterion. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, subject to the availability criterion. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the City's general revenues. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for fees and use of City facilities, etc., (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources such as small cities assistance to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources to be used

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The City reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The City does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of capital assets and the servicing of general long-term debt.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges for services for the City's water, sewer, airport and a golf course. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the City is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major based upon specific criteria.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund — is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided through property and other taxes, federal sources, state sources, charges for services, licenses and fees, and other miscellaneous recoveries and revenue. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the City except for items included in other funds.

The General Government Improvements Fund – accounts for construction and improvement funds received from various sources for the improvement of City properties.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Enterprise – Utilities Fund – accounts for the provision of water sewer and refuse services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operation, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Enterprise – Airport Fund – accounts for the operation of the municipal airport. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operation, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for monies held by the City in a custodial capacity. They do not report operations or have a measurement focus.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The *Proprietary Funds* are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

The *Fiduciary Funds* are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for the collection and payment of appearance bonds and funds raised by members of the City of Grants Senior Citizen Organization.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes, because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Also, in addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows for the defined pension plan. Deferred inflows are reported in the governmental funds regarding property taxes and the defined pension plan. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition. The City pools idle cash from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. A "Pooled Cash" concept is used in maintaining the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes and each fund has equity in the pooled amount.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The City participates in the State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). This pool is regulated by state law and regulations. Investment in the pool is reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value. Investments for the City are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

Receivables and Payables. Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded when levied, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts.

Property taxes are levied on November 1 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1 and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. Property taxes uncollected after November 10th and April 10th are considered delinquent. The taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property thirty (30) days thereafter, at which time they become delinquent. Property taxes are collected by Cibola County and remitted monthly to the City.

Inventory. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventory in the Utilities Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventory at June 30, 2019 in the proprietary funds was \$60,765.

Prepaid Items. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets. Restricted assets consist of those funds expendable for operating purposes but restricted by donors or other outside agencies as to the specific purpose for which they may be expended.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. The City was a phase III government for purposes of implementing GASB 34 and therefore was not required to include the historical cost of infrastructure assets retroactive to 1980. Since the implementation of GASB 34, the City includes infrastructure in its capital assets. Information Technology Equipment including software is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.2.20.1.9 C (5). Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Construction related interest is capitalized only in the proprietary funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land Improvements	10 - 50
Infrastructure	25 - 50
Buildings and improvements	30 - 50
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 15

Accrued Expenses. Accrued expenses are comprised of payroll expenditures based on amounts earned by the employees through June 30, 2019, along with applicable PERA and Retiree Health Care benefits.

Unearned Revenue. There are two types of unearned revenue. Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, then those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue. The other type of unearned revenue is "unavailable revenue." Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized as revenue of the current period. It must also be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period). If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

Compensated Absences. The City allows employees to accrue annual leave based on years of service. Upon termination, accrued annual leave is paid in full. Employees are eligible to be paid half of their accrued sick leave up to 240 hours upon termination.

Long-term Obligations. In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs related to insurance, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs other than related insurance are expended in the year incurred. For fund financial reporting, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as another financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pension. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Grants Retiree Medical Insurance Plan (the "Plan") and additions to and deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures. For committed fund balance the City has self-imposed limitations for specific purposes set in place by formal action of the City Council. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same form of action it used to impose the limitation. At June 30, 2019, there were no committed fund balances.

For assigned fund balance the City includes amounts that are intended to be spent for a specific purpose but are not restricted or committed. The City has latitude in spending the funds for general fund requirements if the City Council approves such in the budget. At June 30, 2019, the assigned fund balance was \$-0-.

For the classification of fund balances the City will expend resources as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

Restricted Fund Balance. At June 30, 2019, the restricted fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet is made up of \$861,680 for purposes mandated by externally enforceable limitations.

Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets

Net position invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

b. Restricted net position

Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Descriptions for the related restrictions for net position restricted for "special revenue, debt service, and capital projects" are described on page 45.

c. Unrestricted net position

All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transactions. Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates in the City's financial statements include management's estimate of depreciation on assets over their estimated useful lives, accrued compensated absences, the allowance for uncollectible accounts, and landfill liabilities.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTIBILITY

Budgetary Information. Annual budgets of the City are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the City Council and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for State approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the City Councilors and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total at the fund level.

The governmental funds budgetary comparisons are presented on the cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The proprietary funds budgetary comparisons are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles except for amortization and depreciation that is not budgeted. The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects, and Proprietary Funds.

The City is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures.

The governmental funds budgetary comparisons are presented on the cash basis of accounting which is

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTIBILITY (CONTINUED)

a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2019 is presented. The proprietary funds budgetary comparisons are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Reconciliations between the non-GAAP budgetary basis amounts and the financial statements on the GAAP basis, by fund, can be found on each individual budgetary statement.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the investment of City funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the City properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2019.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the City. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or are collateralized as required by statute. The financial institution must provide pledged collateral for 50% of the deposit amount in excess of the deposit insurance.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

The collateral pledged is listed on Schedule II in this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as set forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). At June 30, 2019, \$2,519,955 of the City's bank balances of \$8,738,666 were exposed to custodial credit risk. \$2,969,378 was collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the City's name.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with the New Mexico Finance Authority. The City has deposits with the New Mexico Finance Authority which is a State Agency that has its funds deposited with the New Mexico State Treasurer. The New Mexico State Treasurer is authorized to invest the short-term investment funds, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, in accordance with Sections 6-10-10 I through 6-10-10 P and Sections 6-10-10.1 A and E, NMSA 1978. These funds are not subject to the collateralization requirements.

				New Mexico Finance	
		TBK Bank	Wells Fargo	Authority	Total
Amount of Deposits	\$	2,847,724	2,639,675	2,499,333	7,986,732
Certificates of Deposit		-	751,934	-	751,934
Less: FDIC Coverage	_	(250,000)	(500,000)		(750,000)
Total uninsured public funds	\$_	2,597,724	2,891,609	2,499,333	7,988,666
Collateralized by securities held by					
pledging institutions or by its trust					
department or agent in other than					
the City's name	\$_	1,514,905	1,454,473		2,969,378
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$_	1,082,819	1,437,136		2,519,955
Collateral requirement (50% of	_				
uninsured public funds)	\$	1,298,862	1,445,805	-	2,744,667
Pledged collateral		1,514,905	1,454,473	-	2,969,378
Over (under) collateralized	\$	216,043	8,668		224,711

Investments. The City invests in the New MexiGROW Local Government Investment Pool's (LGIP) in an effort to distribute their interest-bearing accounts among various entities. The (LGIP) investments are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date. The LGIP is not SEC registered. The New Mexico State Treasurer is authorized to invest the short-term investment funds, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, in accordance with Sections 6-10-10 I through 6-10-10 P and Sections 6-10-10.1 A and E, NMSA 1978. The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the fund amounts were invested. Participation in the LGIP is voluntary.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The City's investments at June 30, 2019 include the following:

		Weighted Average Maturity	Weighted Average Maturity		
Investments	Rated		•		Fair Market Value
investinents	Rateu	(R)	(F)	_	raii iviaiket value
LGIP	*AAAm	35 Days	112 Days	\$	6,159,041
Certificates of Deposit					751,934
				\$	6,910,975

^{*}Based off Standard & Poor's rating

Interest Rate Risk – Investments. The City's policy related to interest rate risk with investments is to comply with the state as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978).

Concentration of Credit Risk – **Investments.** For an investment, concentration credit risk is when any one issuer is 5% or more of the investment portfolio of the City. The investments in the New MexiGROW LGIP represent 89% of the investment portfolio. Since the City only purchases investments with the highest credit rating, the additional concentration is not viewed to be an additional risk by the City. The City's policy related to concentration credit risk is to comply with the state statute as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978).

Unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 17,955,392
Bank overdraft	(6,099,999)
Restricted cash	2,499,333
Plus, outstanding checks	555,993
Less: deposits in transit	(12,512)
Less: petty cash	(500)
Less: investment in LGIP	 (6,159,041)
Bank balance of deposits	\$ 8,738,666
	7.006.700
Demand Deposits – Bank Balance	\$ 7,986,732
Certificates of Deposit – Bank Balance	 751,934
Total Bank Balance	\$ 8,738,666

GASB Statement No. 72 requires investment to be presented at fair value. This statement provides the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described as follows:

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Basis of Fair Value Measurement -

Level 1	Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the plan has the ability to access.
Level 2	Quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active or financial instruments without quoted market prices, but for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
Level 3	Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the City's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2019:

		Investment Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2019					
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Investment in							
LGIP	\$	6,159,041	-	-	6,159,041		
Certificates of Deposit	_	751,934			751,934		
Total Assets at fair value	\$	6.910.975	_	_	6.910.975		

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Governmental funds receivables as of June 30, 2019 are shown as follows:

			Conital	Nonmajor	
			Capital	Governmental	-
	_	General	Improvements	Funds	Total
Property Taxes	\$	127,438	-	-	127,438
Other Taxes Intergovernmental grants:		1,123,653	-	-	1,123,653
State	_	229,976		232,902	462,878
Totals by category	\$	1,481,067		232,902	1,713,969

In accordance with GASB 33 property tax revenues in the amount of \$103,875 that were not collected within the period of availability have been reclassified as deferred inflows in the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Proprietary fund receivables as of June 30, 2019 are shown as follows:

	_	Airport	Utilities	Total
Customer receivables	\$	16,196	606,396	622,592
Other		-	-	-
Less: Allowance for doubtful				
accounts	_	-	(80,141)	(80,141)
Total by category	\$	16,196	526,255	542,451

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers that occurred during the year were made to close out funds and to supplement other funding sources as follows:

	_	Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
Governmental Activities				
Major Funds				
General	\$	5,006,687	\$	6,166,028
General Government Improvements		-		-
Non-major Funds				
Cibola Senior Citizens		100,000		-
Emergency Medical Service		-		-
Fire Protection		-		54,264
Foster Grand		-		-
Capital Projects		12,043,357		4,846,495
Litter Control & Beautification		-		-
Local Government Corrections		120,000		-
Lodgers' Tax		-		194,381
Lodgers' Tax Promotional		194,381		<u>-</u>
Juvenile Recreation		-		92,951
GRT Streets and Parks Improvement		-		913,736
NMFA Loan – Debt Service		418,412		-
NMFA Reserve		-	-	64,582
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	17,882,837	=	12,332,437
Business-type Activities				
Utility		6,447,957		12,565,357
Airport		27,000		12,303,337
Golf Course		540,000		- -
Total Business-Type Activities	=	7,014,957	=	12,565,357
i otal basiliess Type Activities	=	7,017,337	_	12,303,337
Total	\$_	24,897,794	\$	24,897,794

All interfund balances are intended to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2019, including those changes pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, follow. Land, art, and construction in progress are not subject to depreciation.

	Balance June 30,			Transfer to Enterprise	Balance June 30,
	2018	Additions	Deletions	Funds	2019
Governmental Activities Capital Assets not being depreciated:					
Art	\$ 122,897	-	-	-	122,897
Land	3,453,636	-	-	-	3,453,636
Construction in Progress	8,142,662	7,926,713	-	-	16,069,375
Total	11,719,195	7,926,713	-	-	19,645,908
Capital Assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	6,375,309	-	-	-	6,375,309
Buildings and improvements	15,519,463	402,665	-	-	15,922,128
Machinery and equipment	9,187,995	303,149	-	-	9,491,144
Software	63,649	-	-	-	63,649
Infrastructure	33,960,521	471,312	-	-	34,431,833
Total	65,106,937	1,177,126			66,284,063
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements	2,283,991	174,301	-	-	2,458,292
Buildings and improvements	5,435,746	424,302	-	-	5,860,048
Machinery and equipment	7,248,773	258,121	-	-	7,506,894
Software	5,116	1,740	-	-	6,856
Infrastructure	8,226,643	938,222			9,164,865
Total	23,200,269	1,796,686	<u> </u>		24,996,955
Total capital assets, net	\$ 53,625,863	7,307,153			60,933,016

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 637,034
Public safety	209,876
Health and welfare	111,579
Public works	794,275
Culture and recreation	 43,922
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,796,686

		Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Transfers from Governmental Funds	Balance June 30, 2019
Business-Type Activities						
Capital assets not being						
depreciated:						
Land	\$	2,262,650	-	-	-	2,262,650
Construction in						
progress		12,228,224	-	-	-	12,228,224
Idle assets		392,602				392,602
Water rights-						
intangible assets		125,612	-	-	-	125,612
Total	_	15,009,088			-	15,009,088
Capital assets being	_					
depreciated:						
Land improvements		4,786,373	-	-	-	4,786,373
Buildings and						
improvements		938,790	-	-	-	938,790
Machinery and						
equipment		3,375,059	61,102	-	-	3,436,161
Infrastructure		32,592,006	-	-	-	32,592,006
Total	_	41,692,228	61,102	-	-	41,753,330
Less accumulated	_					
depreciation:						
Land improvements		1,281,929	39,870	-	-	1,321,799
Buildings and						
improvements		490,636	7,820	-	-	498,456
Machinery and						
equipment		3,065,294	28,623	-	-	3,093,917
Infrastructure	_	19,415,993	271,491			19,687,484
Total		24.252.052	247.904			24 601 656
	_	24,253,852	347,804			24,601,656
Total capital assets, net	<u>,</u>	22 447 464	(206 702)			22.460.762
of depreciation	\$_	32,447,464	(286,702)			32,160,762

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Airport	\$	12,726
Utilities		332,852
Golf	_	2,226
Total depreciation expense	\$	347.804

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net position:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within One Year
NMFA Museum	\$ 65,511		65,511		
NMFA – Fire Truck	53,991	-	53,991	-	-
NMFA – Fire Truck 4802	-	365,000	-	365,000	47,295
NMED CWSRF 078	-	205,635	-	205,635	-
Compensated Absences	328,020	123,894	128,331	323,583	257,979
Totals	\$ 447,522	694,529	247,833	894,218	305,274

Compensated Absences. Employees of the City are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During the fiscal year 2019, compensated absences in the governmental activities decreased \$4,437 from the prior year accrual. In prior years, the general fund was typically used to liquidate such long-term liabilities

NMFA Note Payable - Museum. In December of 1998, the City entered into a loan and intercept agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA). The loan of \$844,445 was approved by NMFA for the construction of a building to be leased for use as a museum with a variable interest rate of 3.150% to 5.150%. The annual debt service payment is \$66,560. Principal is payable each May 1 and interest is payable each November 1 and May 1, through the year 2019. The City has pledged the gross receipts tax intercept for the repayment of this agreement and note.

NMFA Note Payable – Fire Truck. In March of 2014, the City entered into a loan and intercept agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA). The loan of \$265,831 was approved by NMFA for the purchase of a fire truck with an interest rate of 9.366%. The annual debt service payment is \$54,742. Principal is payable each May 1 and interest is payable each November 1 and May 1, through the year 2019. The City has pledged the State Fire Protection Fund Revenues for the repayment of this agreement and note.

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

NMFA Note Payable – Fire Truck 4802. In December 7, 2018, the City entered into a loan and intercept agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA). The loan of \$365,000 was approved by NMFA for the purchase of a fire truck with an interest rate of 9.850%. The annual debt service payment is \$54,477. Principal is payable each May 1 and interest is payable each November 1 and May 1, through the year 2026. The City has pledged the State Fire Protection Fund Revenues for the repayment of this agreement and note.

NMED – CWSRF 078. The City entered into a construction loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED). The loan of \$2,000,000 was approved by NMED to pay for approved costs to acquire, modify, construct, and improve the wastewater treatment facilities with an interest rate of 1.2%. As of June 30, 2019, \$205,635 in loan funds have been disbursed, \$1,794,365 in loan funds remain; \$1,437 in in interest has been accrued on the loan funds disbursed. The City has pledged the net revenues of the utilities proprietary fund for the repayment of this agreement and note. The project was not complete as of June 30, 2019.

Notes Payable outstanding at year end for governmental activities are as follows:

	Original			Balance
Description	Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	 June 30, 2019
NMFA – Fire Truck 4802	365,000	5/1/2026	9.850%	365,000
NMED – CWSRF 078	2,000,000	1/9/2021	1.200%	205,635
Total				\$ 570,635

Debt Service Requirements. Debt service requirements on long-term debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Notes Payable

Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30,		Principal Payment	Interest Payment	Total Debt Service
2019		\$ 47,295	6,913	54,208
Т	otal	\$ 47,295	6,913	54,208

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the proprietary funds statement of net position:

		Balance				Balance	<u> </u>	Due
		June 30,				June 30,	,	Within
	_	2018	Addit	ions	Retirements	2019		One Year
Revenue bonds	\$	377,102		-	24,365	352,7	37	24,397
NMED - CWSRF 029		11,231,965	1,32	7,944	-	12,559,9	09	-
NMED - CWSRF 077		-	22	6,252		226,2	52	-
NMFA – Water Meters								
4816		-	5,52	3,326		5,523,3	26	122,667
Compensated absences	_	59,678	4	9,219	23,562	85,3	35	68,034
Totals	\$_	11,668,745	7,12	6,741	47,927	18,747,5	59	215,098

Compensated Absences. Employees of the City are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During the fiscal year 2019, compensated absences in the business-type activities increased \$25,657 from the prior year. Long-term compensated absences are paid out of the fund that incurs the related payroll expense.

Revenue Bond – 194 WTB. Water Revenue Bonds dated June 3, 2011, were issued in the amount of \$168,438 to provide funds for the construction of water system improvements along Nimitz Drive at the interest rate of 0.00% plus a .25% administrative fee. Principal is payable each June 1 and interest is payable December 1 and June 1. The bonds are secured by net revenues of the water and wastewater utility system.

Revenue Bond – 152 WTB. Water Revenue Bonds dated June 4, 2010, were issued in the amount of \$40,000 to provide funds for the construction of water system improvements on First, Second, and Roosevelt Streets with an interest rate of 0.00% plus a .25% administrative fee. Principal is payable each June 1 and interest is payable December 1 and June 1. The bonds are secured by net revenues of the water and wastewater utility system.

Revenue Bond – 315 WTB. Water Revenue Bonds dated September 18, 2015, were issued in the amount of \$280,000 to provide funds for a flood prevention project with an interest rate of 0.00% plus a .25% administrative fee. Principal is payable each June 1 and interest is payable December 1 and June 1. The bonds are secured by net revenues of the water and wastewater utility system.

NMFA Note Payable - Water Meters 4816. In January 25, 2019, the City entered into a loan and intercept agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA). The loan of \$5,523,326 was approved by NMFA for the energy upgrades and improvements and water conservation and repair at various government offices and on all city water meters and repair of infrastructure related to all city water meters with a blended interest rate of 2.869%. The annual debt service payment is \$375,810. Principal is payable each May 1 and interest is payable each November 1 and May 1, through the year 2034. The City has pledged the gross receipts tax intercept for the repayment of this agreement and note.

NOTE 8 - LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

NMED – CWSRF 029. In June 2016, the City entered into a construction loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED). The loan of \$15,500,000 was approved by NMED to pay for approved costs to acquire, modify, construct, and improve the wastewater treatment facilities with an interest rate of 0.0%. The annual debt service payment will be \$775,000 to start no later than one year after project completion. The City has pledged the net revenues of the utilities proprietary fund for the repayment of this agreement and note. At June 30, 2019 the City has drawn down \$12,559,910. The project was not complete as of June 30, 2019.

NMED – CWSRF 077. The City entered into a construction loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED). The loan of \$1,059,000 was approved by NMED to pay for approved costs to acquire, modify, construct, and improve the wastewater treatment facilities with an interest rate of 2.000%. As of June 30, 2019, \$226,252 in loan funds have been disbursed, \$832,748 in loan funds remain; \$3,114 in interest has been accrued on the loan funds disbursed. The City has pledged the net revenues of the utilities proprietary fund for the repayment of this agreement and note. The project was not complete as of June 30, 2019.

Long term debt outstanding at year end for business-type activities are as follows:

				Balance
Description	Original Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	 June 30, 2019
Revenue Bond 194 WTB	168,438	6/1/2031	0.25%	\$ 102,070
Revenue Bond 152 WTB	40,000	6/1/2030	0.25%	22,247
Revenue Bond 315 WTB	280,000	6/1/2035	0.25%	228,420
NMED – CWSRF 029	15,000,000	12/19/2019	0.000%	12,559,909
NMED – CWSRF 077	1,059,000	1/10/2020	2.000%	226,252
NMFA – Water Meters 4816	5,523,326	5/1/2034	2.87%	5,523,326
Total				\$ 18,662,224

Debt Service Requirements. Debt service requirements on long-term debt for business-type activities at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Long term debt			
Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total Debt
June 30,	 Payment	Fee	Service
2020	147,064	190,011	337,075
2021	211,052	147,815	358,867
2022	234,900	144,078	378,978
2023	260,131	139,682	399,813
2024	286,872	134,581	421,453
2025-2029	1,894,781	378,556	2,273,337
2030-2034	2,826,746	566,605	3,393,351
thereafter	12,800,678	2,565,820	15,366,498
Total	\$ 18,662,224	4,267,148	22,929,372

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of property; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Therefore, the City joined the New Mexico Self-Insurer's Fund Risk Pool (Pool), together with other cities and towns in the State for its property and liability insurance. The pool is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member cities and towns. The City pays an annual premium to the Pool for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of the annual aggregate per policy for general liability and property claims.

Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past five fiscal years.

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan description. The Public Employees Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Audit Correction Officers, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund, unless specifically excluded.

Benefits provided. Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or more years of service or after 25 years of service regardless of age for TIER I members. Provisions also exist for retirement between ages 60 and 65, with varying amounts of service required. Certain police and fire members may retire at any age with 20 or more years of service for Tier I members. Generally, the amount of retirement pension is based on final average salary, which is defined under Tier I as the average of salary for the 36 consecutive months of credited service producing the larges average; credited service; and the pension factor of the applicable coverage plan. Monthly benefits vary depending upon the plan under which the member qualifies, ranging from 2% to 3.5% of the member's final average salary per year of service. The maximum benefit that can be paid to a retiree may not exceed a range of 60% to 90% of the final average salary, depending on the division. Benefits for duty and non-duty death and disability and for post-retirement survivors' annuities are also available.

TIER II. The retirement age and service credit requirements for normal retirement for PERA state and municipal general members hired increased effective July 1, 2013 with the passage of Senate Bill 27 in the 2013 Legislative Session. Under the new requirements (Tier II), general members are eligible to retire at any age if the member has at least eight years of service credit and the sum of the member's age and service credit equals at least 85 or at age 67 with 8 or more years of service credit. General members hired on or before June 30, 2013 (Tier I) remain eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit. State police and

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

adult correctional officers, peace officers and municipal juvenile detention officers will remain in 25-year retirement plans, however, service credit will no longer be enhanced by 20%. All public safety members in Tier II may retire at age 60 with 6 or more years of service credit. Generally, under Tier II pension factors were reduced by .5%, employee contributions increased 1.5 percent and effective July 1, 2014 employer

contributions were raised .05 percent. The computation of final average salary increased as the average of salary for 60 consecutive months.

Contributions. See PERA's comprehensive annual financial report for contribution provided description.

	Employee Contribution		Employer Contribution	Pension I	actor per year	Pension Maximum	
	Percentage		Percentage	of Service		as a	
Coverage Plan	Annual Salary less than \$20,000	Annual Salary greater than \$20,000		TIER 1	TIER 2	Percentage of the Fina Average Salary	
STATE PLAN							
State Plan 3	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
MUNICIPAL PLANS 1 - 4	1	•	1		'	•	
Municipal Plan 1 (plan open to new employers)	7.0%	8.5%	7.4%	2.0%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Plan 2 (plan open to new employers)	9.15%	10.65%	9.55%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Plan 3 (plan closed to new employers 6/95)	13.15%	14.65%	9.55%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
Municipal Plan 4 (plan closed to new employers 6/00)	15.65%	17.15%	12.05%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
MUNICIPAL POLICE PLANS	1 - 5						
Municipal Police Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	10.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 2	7.0%	8.5%	15.40%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 3	7.0%	8.5%	18.90%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 4	12.35%	13.85%	18.90%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 5	16.3%	17.8%	18.90%	3.5%	3.0%	90%	
MUNICIPAL FIRE PLANS 1 -	5						
Municipal Fire Plan 1	8.0%	9.5%	11.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 2	8.0%	9.5%	17.9%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 3	8.0%	9.5%	21.65%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 4	12.8%	14.3%	21.65%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 5	16.2%	17.7%	21.65%	3.5%	3.0%	90%	
MUNICIPAL DETENTION OF	FFICER PI	LAN 1					
Municipal Detention Officer Plan 1	16.65%	18.15%	17.05%	3.0%	3.0%	90%	

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$8,859,223 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provision that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

PERA Fund Municipal General Division. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.30280%, which was an increase of 0.0166%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$501,495. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 139,531	126,751
Changes in assumptions	437,704	27,758
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	358,051	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	314,626	-
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	239,750	
Total	\$ 1,489,662	154,509

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

\$239,750 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 679,512
2021	299,457
2022	97,960
2023	18,474
2024	-
Thereafter	_

PERA Fund Municipal Police Division. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.3448%, which was an increase of 0.034%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$127,853. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 115,172	233,202
Changes in assumptions	268,433	14,382
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	161,891	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	53,402	232,981
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	148,727	
Total	\$ 747,625	480,565

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

\$148,727 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 146,663
2021	(43,645)
2022	7,329
2023	7,986
2024	-
Thereafter	_

PERA Fund Municipal Fire Division. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.2623%, which was a decrease of 0.0232%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$70,734. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 26,980	122,440
Changes in assumptions	96,961	6,131
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	58,874	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	40,042	146,923
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	72,723	
Total	\$ 295,580	275,494

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

\$72,723 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Year	ended	l June	30:
--------------------	------	-------	--------	-----

2020	\$ 26,771
2021	(60,946
2022	(21,084)
2023	2,622
2024	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level of percentage of pay

Amortization period Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method 4 Year smoothed market value

Actuarial assumptions

Investment rate of return 7.25% annual rate, net of investment expense

Projected benefit payment 100 years Payroll growth 3.00%

Projected salary increases 3.25% to 13.50% annual rate

Includes inflation at 2.50%

2.75% all other years

Mortality assumption The mortality assumptions are based on the

RPD-2014 Blue Collar mortality table with female ages set forward one year. Future improvement in mortality rates is assumed using 60% of the MP-2017 projection scale generationally. For non-public safety groups, 25% of in-service deaths are assumed to be duty-related and 35% are assumed to be duty-

related for public safety groups.

Experience study dates July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2017 (demographic)

and July 1, 2010 through June 20, 2018

(economic)

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ended June 30, 2018. These assumptions were adopted by the Board use in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	•	
Global Equity	43.5%	7.48%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.5%	2.37%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.0%	5.47%
Real Assets	20.0%	6.48%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, compounded annually, net of expense. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

NOTE 10. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

PERA Fund Municipal Division

City's proportionate share of the net	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
pension liability	\$ 7,439,244	4,827,753	2,668,938
PERA Fund Municipal Police Division			
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,617,310	2,352,585	1,321,534
PERA Fund Municipal Fire Division			
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,241,183	1,678,885	1,218,245

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERA's financial reports.

Payables to the pension plan: The City accrued \$18,772 in PERA benefits at June 30, 2019 for the pay period beginning June 16, 2019 and ending June 28, 2019.

NOTE 11. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit OPEB plan, the City of Grants' Retiree Medical Insurance Plan (Plan), provides retiree medical program coverage to 3 current retirees of the City who qualify for retirement based on the City of Grants' guidelines. The City elected to terminate the plan effective July 1, 2014. No other employees are eligible. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 74.

NOTE 11. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided. The Plan is a fully insured medical and prescription drug benefit program for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms provide for payment of 100% of health insurance premiums for non-Medicare-eligible retirees. The program is intended to offer comprehensive coverage for most preventive, major medical and prescription drug benefits from retirement until age 65. Retirees age 65 or older are not eligible for continued coverage under the City's group medical insurance plan. At age 65 retirees are transferred to a Senior Plan that is not paid for by the City.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2019, the Plan's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Active	0
Retired Members	3
Spouse of Eligible Retirees	0
Beneficiaries/Spouses of Ineligible Retirees	0
Total Plan Membership	3

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability of \$170,941 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	June 30, 2019
Inflation	5.00%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.00%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	-

The discount rate was based on bond yield of 3.50%.

Mortality Rates. RP-2000 Healthy Mortality Tables for males and females projected 18 years. This assumption does not include a margin for future improvements in longevity.

The size of the Plan's population is not large enough to have a statistically credible independent study of retiree mortality. As such, the valuation relies on a standard published table that is appropriate to the Plan's population.

NOTE 11. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 170,941
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	-
Interest on total OPEB liability	7,771
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(10,570)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	3,137
Benefit payments	(29,431)
Net changes	\$ (29,093)

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.19 percent in 2018 to 3.50 percent in 2019.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and health-care cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, calculated using the disclosure discount rate as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease 2.50%	Discount Rate 3.50%	1% Increase 4.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 206,417	170,941	193,986
Fiduciary net position	-	-	-
Net OPEB liability	\$ 206,417	170,941	193,986

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Plan, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current						
	_	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
Total OPEB Liability	\$	175,680	170,941	166,429				
Fiduciary net position		-	-	-				
Net OPEB liability	\$	175,680	170,941	166,429				

OPEB Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$29,431.

Payables changes in the net OPEB liability. At June 30, 2019, the City did not accrue any payables for OPEB.

NOTE 12. - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits as of June 30, 2019. It is the opinion of management and City council that the amount of losses resulting from these litigations at year end would not be material to the financial position of the City.

NOTE 13 - FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not expected to be material.

NOTE 14 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$2,483,916 of restricted net position, of which \$438,649 is restricted for debt service, \$1,183,586 is restricted by enabling legislation and \$861,680 is restricted for subsequent years expenditures.

NOTE 15 - CONCENTRATIONS

The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of New Mexico. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2019, the date of the most recent statement of net position, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is December 16, 2019 which is the date on which the financial statements were issued.

NOTE 17. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. Note disclosure about AROs are also addressed. GASB Statement No. 83 was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City has adopted this statement for the year ending June 30, 2019; however, there were no AROs and the implementation of this statement had no effect on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 17. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This statement's primary objective is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowing and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. GASB Statement No. 88 was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The City adopted this statement; however, the City has no debt and the implementation of this statement had no effect on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 18. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued but are not yet effective at June 30, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Assets

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

The City will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The City believes that the above listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the City or in issuing its financial statements.

NOTE 19 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Some governments may not have policies or procedures that are comparable to those policies that underlie the classifications and therefore would not report amounts in all possible fund balance classifications.

NOTE 19 - GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

In the governmental financial statements, fund balance is classified and is displayed in five components:

Nonspendable: Consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: Consists of amounts that are restricted to specific purposes as a result of a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: Consist of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned: Consist of amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned: Represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

NOTE 19 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Restricted Fund Balances. Fund balances were restricted for the following purposes:

Fund Balances		General Fund	General Government Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted:		1 4114	mprovements	1 01103	rotar
Cemetery Perpetual Care	\$	-	-	191,041	191,041
Emergency Medical Services		-	-	4,416	4,416
Fire Protection		-	-	69,184	69,184
Gasoline Road Tax		-	-	842,977	842,977
Lodger's Tax		-	-	53,989	53,989
Special Library Donation		-	-	21,979	21,979
NMFA Loan 40400		-	-	438,649	438,649
NMFA Reserve 016		-	-	-	-
Government Operations		861,680	-	-	861,680
Unassigned:					
General Operations		15,494,976	(5,407,790)	-	10,087,186
Cibola Senior Citizens		-	<u>-</u>	(30,181)	(30,181)
Foster Grandparents		-	_	(105,883)	(105,883)
Litter Control and Beautification		-	_	(800)	(800)
Local Government Corrections		-	_	(72,041)	(72,041)
Senior Companion Program		-	_	(120,504)	(120,504)
Senior Employment Program	_	-	-	(35,245)	(35,245)
Total fund balances:	\$_	16,356,656	(5,407,790)	1,257,581	12,206,447

Subsequent Years Expenditures. The New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) requires that 1/12th of the general fund budgeted expenditures be restricted as subsequent year expenditures to maintain an adequate cash flow until the next significant GRT collection.

NOTE 20 - TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 requires the City to disclose information on certain tax abatement agreements affecting the City. Accordingly, there were not have any tax abatements affecting the City during the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 21 - OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures, as part of the basic financial statements of certain information concerning induvial funds including:

A. Excess of fund actual expenditures/transfers out over budget. The following fund exceeded budgeted expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Lodger's Tax - \$68,384

B. Deficit fund balance of individual funds. The following funds had deficit fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Local Government Corrections – \$72,041
Cibola Senior Citizens – \$30,181
Senior Companion Program – \$120,504
Foster Grandparents – \$105,883
Senior Employment Program – \$35,245
Litter Control and Beautification – \$800
General Government Improvements – \$5,407,790

Deficit balances will be recovered through future funding and/or transfers from the General Fund.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO
CITY OF GRANTS
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
June 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) For Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_			30-Jun		
Fiscal Year		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement Date		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)						
Municipal General		0.3028%	0.2862%	0.2704%	0.2479%	0.2287%
Municipal Police		0.3788%	0.3788%	0.4138%	0.3859%	0.3138%
Municipal Fire		0.2623%	0.2855%	0.3026%	0.2727%	0.2673%
City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)						
Municipal General	\$	4,827,753	3,932,630	4,320,082	2,527,555	1,784,105
Municipal Police		2,352,585	2,104,483	3,053,139	1,855,624	1,022,954
Municipal Fire		1,678,885	1,633,472	2,018,650	1,407,454	1,115,708
	\$	8,859,223	7,670,585	9,391,871	5,790,633	3,922,767
City's Covered Payroll						
Municipal General	\$	2,510,469	2,459,580	2,168,827	1,892,660	1,525,927
Municipal Police		786,914	701,850	885,799	804,508	632,106
Municipal Fire		406,274	388,012	360,697	319,880	300,092
·	\$	3,703,657	3,549,442	3,415,323	3,017,048	2,458,125
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a						
Percentage of Its Covered Payroll						
Municipal General		192.30%	159.89%	199.19%	133.55%	116.92%
Municipal Police		298.96%	299.85%	344.68%	230.65%	161.83%
Municipal Fire		413.24%	420.98%	559.65%	439.99%	371.79%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liabili	ity					
Municipal General		71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%
Municipal Police		71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%
Municipal Fire		71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the City is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution					
Municipal General	239,750	234,890	239,990	207,123	180,749
Municipal Police	148,727	132,649	147,970	167,416	152,052
Municipal Fire	72,723	69,455	74,914	78,091	69,254
	461,200	436,994	462,874	452,630	402,055
Contractually required contributions					
Municipal General	239,827	238,718	239,990	207,123	180,749
Municipal Police	148,751	171,094	147,970	167,416	152,052
Municipal Fire	72,360	81,759	74,914	78,091	69,254
	262	(54,577)	_	-	
City's covered payroll					
Municipal General	2,510,469	2,459,580	2,512,984	2,168,827	1,892,660
Municipal Police	786,914	701,850	782,910	885,799	804,508
Municipal Fire	406,274	388,012	346,023	360,697	319,880
	3,703,657	3,549,442	3,641,917	3,415,323	3,017,048
Contributions "in relation" as a percentage of covered-employee payroll					
Municipal General	9.55%	9.55%	9.55%	9.55%	8.33%
Municipal Police	18.90%	18.90%	18.90%	18.90%	18.90%
Municipal Fire	17.90%	17.90%	21.65%	21.65%	21.65%

^{*}Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for Employer's name is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective

^{**} Amounts for covered payroll are imputed using the contribution rates for the various plans

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Changes of Benefit Terms. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA's CFAR. https://www.saonm.org

Assumptions: The Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuations as of June 2018 report is available at: http://www.nmpera.org/



STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Cemetery Perpetual Care - To account for the portion of the sale of cemetery lots to be used for the perpetual care and maintenance of the City cemetery. Authorized by City resolution and NMSA 3-40-1.

Cibola Senior Citizens – To account for state and federal funding for senior programs authorized by federal regulations.

Emergency Medical Services — To account for emergency medical training, supplies, and equipment purchased for contract ambulance services. Financing is provided through state grants. Authority for creation of this fund is Section 24-10A-1 through 10, NMSA 1978.

Fire Protection – To account for the state treasurer funds distributed through the New Mexico Finance Authority to the City pursuant to the passing of a resolution. The funds may be used for the operation, maintenance and betterment of the local fire department, to the end that the hazard of loss by fire and fire insurance rates may be reduced and the public safety thereby promoted. Authority for creation of this fund is Section 59A-53-1 through 19, NMSA 1978.

Foster Grandparents Program – To account for state funding for senior citizens. Authorized by City resolution.

Gasoline Road Tax – To account for state funds for maintenance of roads. Authorized as a special revenue fund by City resolution and NMSA 7-1-6.9.

GRT Street & Parks Improvement – To account for gross receipts tax increment specifically earmarked for street and park improvements authorized by City resolution.

Juvenile Recreation – To account for the revenues generated by cigarette taxes, which are restricted to expenditures for recreational purposes. Authority NMSA 7-12-15.

Law Enforcement Protection – To account for the state treasurer funds distributed through the New Mexico Finance Authority to the City. The funds may be used for the maintenance and improvement of the police department in order to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of law enforcement services. Authority for creation of this fund is Section 29-13-1 through 9, NMSA 1978.

Litter Control and Beautification – To account for funding for cleanup and beautification from the State Highway Department. Authorized by City resolution and NMSA 67-16-14.

Local Government Corrections – To account for state grant monies received by the municipality for prisoner care. Authority NMSA 33-3-25.

Lodgers' Tax – To account for the collection and administration of the lodgers' tax which is imposed on overnight motel and motel accommodations. Authority NMSA 3-38-14.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS JUNE 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Lodgers' Tax Promotional – To account for the expenditure of lodgers' tax funds, which are used to promote commerce and tourism. Authority NMSA 3-38-14.

Senior Companion Program – To account for provision of nutrition services, transportation, information, and referrals. Authorized by City resolution.

Senior Employment Program – To account for state funding for the employment of seniors. Authorized by City resolution.

Special Library Donation – To account for memorial donations and the purchase of books for the library. Authorized by City resolution.

Fire Protection Grant – To account for the State of New Mexico grant funds to provide personnel and equipment to fight fires.

	_	Special Revenue			
		Cemetery Perpetual Care 50600	Cibola Senior Citizens 21900	Emergency Medical Services 20600	Fire Protection 20900
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	191,041	-	4,416	70,607
Receivables:					
Property taxes		-	-	-	-
Other receivables		-	54,562	-	-
Due from other funds					
Total assets	\$	191,041	54,562	4,416	70,607
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	-	3,349	-	1,423
Bank overdraft	*	-	73,094	-	-,
Accrued payroll expenses		-	8,300	_	-
Accrued sales tax payable		-	-	-	-
Due to other funds		-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		-	84,743	-	1,423
Deferred Inflows - Property Taxes					
Unearned revenue - property taxes		-	_	_	-
Total Deferred Inflows	_	-	- -	-	-
Tatal Linkilities and Deferred Inflance			04.742		1,423
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	_	-	84,743		1,423
Fund balances					
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-
Spendable					
Restricted		191,041	-	4,416	69,184
Committed		-	-		-
Assigned		-	(20.404)	-	-
Unassigned	_	101.044	(30,181)	4.416	CO 101
Total fund balances	_	191,041	(30,181)	4,416	69,184
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	191,041	54,562	4,416	70,607

Special Revenue

		Special Nevertue		
Foster Grandparents 21902	Gasoline Road Tax 21600	GRT Street & Parks Imrovement 082	Juvenile Recreation 019	Law Enforcement Protection 21100
-	719,223	-	-	201
<u> </u>	-	-	-	-
3,779	123,754	-	-	-
3,779	842,977	<u>-</u>		201
114	_	_	_	201
109,058	-	-	-	
490	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
- 100.663		-		20.
109,662	- _	-		20:
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
-	-	-	-	
109,662		<u> </u>		20
-	-	-	-	
	842,977	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
(105,883)	-			
(105,883)	842,977			
3,779	842,977	-	-	20

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue					
	Litter Control and Beautification 29900	Local Government Corrections 20100	Lodgers' Tax 21400	Lodgers' Tax Promotional 012		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	37,299	-		
Restricted cash						
Receivables:						
Property taxes	- -	-	<u>-</u>	-		
Other receivables	8,259	-	34,009	-		
Due from other funds						
Total assets	8,259		71,308			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	57	38,518	17,319	-		
Bank overdraft	9,002	33,523	-	-		
Accrued payroll expenses	, -	, -	-	-		
Accrued sales tax payable	-	-	-	-		
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-		
Total liabilities	9,059	72,041	17,319	-		
Deferred Inflows - Branarty Tayos						
Deferred Inflows - Property Taxes Unearned revenue - property taxes						
Total Deferred Inflows						
rotur bejerreu Injiows	-	-	-	-		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	9,059	72,041	17,319	-		
Fund balances						
Nonspendable	_	_	_	-		
Spendable						
Restricted	_	-	53,989	-		
Committed	-	-	, -	-		
Assigned	-	-	-	-		
Unassigned	(800)	(72,041)	-	-		
Total fund balances	(800)	(72,041)	53,989	_		
Total liabilities and fund balances	8,259	-	71,308	-		
•						

Special Revenue

Senior Companion Program 21901	Senior Employment Program 21903	Special Library Donation 29901	Fire Protection Grant 29902	Total Special Revenue Funds
-	-	21,979	-	1,044,766
6,494	2,045	- -	-	232,902
6,494	2,045	21,979	<u> </u>	1,277,668
0,434	2,043	21,373		1,277,000
204	-	-	_	61,185
126,242	36,382	-	-	387,301
552	908	-	-	10,250
-	-	-	_	-
-	-	-	-	-
126,998	37,290	-	_	458,736
		_		
-	-	-	-	-
126,000	27.200			450.726
126,998	37,290	-		458,736
_	_	_	_	_
-	-	21,979	-	1,183,586
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
(120,504)	(35,245)	<u>-</u>		(364,654)
(120,504)	(35,245)	21,979		818,932
6 404	2.045	21.070		1 277 660
6,494	2,045	21,979		1,277,668

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
CITY OF GRANTS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2019

	Debt Services			
	NMFA Loan 40400	NMFA Reserve 016	Total Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	1,044,766
Restricted cash	438,649	-	438,649	438,649
Receivables:				
Property taxes	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	232,902
Due from other funds		<u> </u>	-	
Total assets	438,649	<u> </u>	438,649	1,716,317
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	-	-	-	61,185
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	387,301
Accrued payroll expenses	-	-	-	10,250
Accrued sales tax payable	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities				458,736
Deferred Inflows - Property Taxes				
Unearned revenue - property taxes	-	-	_	-
Total Deferred Inflows		-	-	-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		<u> </u>		458,736
Fund balances				
Nonspendable	_	_	_	_
Spendable				
Restricted	438,649	_	438,649	1,622,235
Committed	, -	-	, -	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	(364,654)
Total fund balances	438,649	-	438,649	1,257,581
Total liabilities and fund balances	438,649	<u>-</u>	438,649	1,716,317

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue				
		Cemetery Perpetual Care 50600	Cibola Senior Citizens 21900	Emergency Medical Services 20600	Fire Protection 20900
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	-	-	-	-
Gross Receipts		-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental			244467		
Federal operating grants		-	314,167	-	-
Federal capital grants		-	-	-	200 202
State operating grants		-	-	11,611	268,293
State capital grants		-	32,400	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-
Licenses and fees Investment income		-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		58,550	658		_
Total revenues	_	58,550	347,225	11,611	268,293
Total revenues	_	30,330	347,223	11,011	200,233
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	215,445
Public works		-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-
Health and welfare		3,955	470,585	7,744	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Debt service					
Principal		-	-	-	-
Interest		<u> </u>			
Total expenditures		3,955	470,585	7,744	215,445
5 (4.6.1					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		54,595	(122.200)	2.067	52,848
over (under) expenditures	_	54,595	(123,360)	3,867	52,848
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from loans		-	-	-	-
Transfers, in		-	100,000	-	-
Transfers, out		-	-	-	(54,264)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		100,000	-	(54,264)
Net change in fund balances		54,595	(23,360)	3,867	(1,416)
Fund balances - beginning of year		136,446	(6,821)	549	70,600
Fund balances, end of year	\$	191,041	(30,181)	4,416	69,184

Special Revenue

Foster Grandparents 21902	Gasoline Road Tax 21600	GRT Street & Parks Improvement 082	Juvenile Recreation 019	Law Enforcement Protection 21100
-	-	-	-	-
-	101,753 129,911	-	-	-
	123,311			
-	-	-	-	-
- 52,582	-	-	-	29,600
52,562	- -	-	- -	29,600
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
52,582	231,664	-	-	29,600
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	31,746
-	-	- -	-	-
48,618	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
48,618	-		-	31,746
3,964	231,664	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(2,146)
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	- (010 705)	- (00.054)	-
	- -	(913,736) (913,736)	(92,951) (92,951)	<u>-</u>
		(323). 33)	(32,332)	
3,964	231,664	(913,736)	(92,951)	(2,146)
(109,847)	611,313	913,736	92,951	2,146
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
(105,883)	842,977	-	-	-

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue			
	Litter Control and Beautification 29900	Local Government Corrections 20100	Lodgers' Tax 21400	Lodgers' Tax Promotional 012
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property	-	-	-	-
Gross Receipts	-	-	-	-
Other	=	-	370,083	-
Intergovernmental				
Federal operating grants	-	-	-	-
Federal capital grants	-	-	-	-
State operating grants	11,174	-	-	-
State capital grants	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Licenses and fees	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	24.206	-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	-	24,396	-	-
Miscellaneous Total revenues	11 174	24.206	270.002	
Total revenues	11,174	24,396	370,083	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	_	-	93,895	-
Public safety	_	151,765	-	_
Public works	_	-	_	_
Culture and recreation	7,624	-	341,271	-
Health and welfare		-		_
Capital outlay	_	-	_	-
Debt service				
Principal	=	-	-	-
Interest	=	-	-	-
Total expenditures	7,624	151,765	435,166	
•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,550	(127,369)	(65,083)	
Other Financian Common (Unco)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from loans	-	120,000	-	104 201
Transfers, in	-	120,000	(104 201)	194,381
Transfers, out		120,000	(194,381)	104 201
Total other financing sources (uses)		120,000	(194,381)	194,381
Net change in fund balances	3,550	(7,369)	(259,464)	194,381
Fund balances - beginning	(4,350)	(64,672)	313,453	(194,381)
Fund balances, end of year	(800)	(72,041)	53,989	

Special Revenue

Senior Companion Program 21901	Senior Employment Program 21903	Special Library Donation 29901	Fire Protection Grant 29902	Total Special Revenue Funds
-	-	-	-	-
-	- -	-	- -	101,753 499,994
-	-	-	-	314,167
73,879	25,592	7,510	99,000	579,241
-	-	- -	-	32,400
-	-	-	-	- 24 206
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,952	- 	24,396 63,160
73,879	25,592	11,462	99,000	1,615,111
-	- -	-	- 99,000	93,895 497,956
-	-	- 4,328	· -	353,223
71,409	49,751	-	-	652,062
-	-	-	-	-
-	- -	-	- -	-
71,409	49,751	4,328	99,000	1,597,136
2,470	(24,159)	7,134	<u>-</u>	17,975
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	414,381 (1,255,332)
	-		-	(840,951)
2,470	(24,159)	7,134	-	(822,976)
(122,974)	(11,086)	14,845	<u> </u>	1,641,908
(120,504)	(35,245)	21,979	<u> </u>	818,932

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Debt Service			
	NMFA Loan 40400	NMFA Reserve 016	Total Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes:				
Property				
• •	-	-	-	101,753
Gross Receipts Other	-	-	-	499,994
Intergovernmental	_	-	-	455,554
Federal operating grants	_	_	_	314,167
Federal capital grants		_		314,107
State operating grants		_	_	579,241
State capital grants		_	_	32,400
Charges for services	_	_	_	52,400
Licenses and fees	_	_	_	_
Investment income	9,127	_	9,127	9,127
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	5,127	_	5,127	24,396
Miscellaneous	_	_	_	63,160
Total revenues	9,127		9,127	1,624,238
, otal, evenues			3,127	1,02 1,200
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	93,895
Public safety	-	-	-	497,956
Public works	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	353,223
Health and welfare	-	-	-	652,062
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service				-
Principal	119,502	-	119,502	119,502
Interest	4,156	<u> </u>	4,156	4,156
Total expenditures	123,658	<u> </u>	123,658	1,720,794
5 (16:) 6				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(114 521)		(444 524)	/0C FFC)
over (under) expenditures	(114,531)		(114,531)	(96,556)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from loans	-	-	-	-
Transfers, in	353,830	-	353,830	768,211
Transfers, out	64,582	(64,582)	-	(1,255,332)
Total other financing sources (uses)	418,412	(64,582)	353,830	(487,121)
Net change in fund balances	303,881	(64,582)	239,299	(583,677)
Fund balances - beginning of year	134,768	64,582	199,350	1,841,258
Fund balances, end of year	438,649		438,649	1,257,581

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

June 30, 2017		Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	-	Airport	Total Nonmajor	
		50400	Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS	_			
Current assets				
Cash, investments and cash equivalents	\$	15,035	15,035	
Accounts receivable - other		16,196	16,196	
Total current assets	_	31,231	31,231	
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets		4,335,752	4,335,752	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(24,770)	(24,770)	
Total noncurrent assets	_	4,310,982	4,310,982	
Total assets		4,342,213	4,342,213	
Deferred Outflows				
Pension related		31,323	31,323	
Total deferred outflows				
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current liabilities				
Accounts payable		32,937	32,937	
Accrued liabilities		2,250	2,250	
Total current liabilities		35,187	35,187	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Net pension liability	_	103,097	103,097	
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	103,097	103,097	
Total liabilities		138,284	138,284	
Deferred Inflows				
Pension related	_	3,300	3,300	
		3,300	3,300	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		4,310,982	4,310,982	
Unrestricted		(79,030)	(79,030)	
Total net position	\$ =	4,231,952	4,231,952	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

,	1	Business Type Activities - Enterprise		
		Airport	Total Nonmajor	
		50400	Enterprise Funds	
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	150,703	150,703	
Total revenues		150,703	150,703	
Operating Expenses				
General and administrative		239,074	239,074	
Depreciation		12,726	12,726	
Utilities		1,311	1,311	
Total operating expenses		253,111	253,111	
Operating income (loss)		(102,408)	(102,408)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income		-	-	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(102,408)	(102,408)	
Transfers in Transfers out	_	27,000	27,000	
Change in net position		(75,408)	(75,408)	
Net position - beginning of year		4,307,360	4,307,360	
Net position - end of year	\$	4,231,952	4,231,952	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Tor the rear Black june 50, 2010	В	usiness Type Activit	Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
		Airport	Total Nonmajor		
		50400	Enterprise Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash received from user charges	\$	172,915	172,915		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(215,819)	(215,819)		
Net cash (used) by operating activities		(42,904)	(42,904)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Miscellaneous income		-	-		
Transfers		27,000	27,000		
Net cash provided by noncapital					
financing activities		27,000	27,000		
Cash flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition of capital assets		<u>-</u> .			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related		-	-		
financing activities					
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(15,904)	(15,904)		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		30,939	30,939		
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	15,035	15,035		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(102,408)	(102,408)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided (used) by operating activities					
Depreciation		12,726	12,726		
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Receivables		340	340		
Deferred outflows		(8,526)	(8,526)		
Accounts payable		32,937	32,937		
Accrued liabilities		155	155		
Net pension liability		23,473	23,473		
Deferred inflows		(1,601)	(1,601)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(42,904)	(42,904)		



STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		TBK Bank	Wells Fargo	New Mexico Finance Authority	New Mexico State Treasurer	Totals
Deposits						
General (Operating)	\$	2,847,724	-	-	-	2,847,724
Utility Billing		-	1,143,037	-	-	1,143,037
WF #2738		-	675,869	-	-	675,869
WF Payroll		-	-	-	-	-
General Government Improvement Fund		-	820,769	-	-	820,769
Restricted debt reserves		-	-	2,499,333	-	2,499,333
Certificates of Deposit		_	751,934	-	_	751,934
Total on deposit	_	2,847,724	3,391,609	2,499,333		8,738,666
Outstanding items		(555,993)	-	-	-	(555,993)
Other adjustments		(5,094)	17,606	-	-	12,512
Book balance	\$	2,286,637	3,409,215	2,499,333		8,195,185
Investments						
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	-	-		6,159,041	6,159,041
	D	attu Cash				500
	P	etty Cash				\$ 14,354,726
					,	عر 14,334,720
		Total cash and sa	ach aguivalants go	wornmontal funds		\$ 16,892,604
	Total cash and cash equivalents governmental funds Total restricted cash and cash equivalents				,	1,259,418
				ts enterprise funds		2,302,703
		i Otai Casii ali	•	ess bank overdraft		(6,099,999)
			L	C33 Dalik Overdrall		(0,033,333)
		Total cash	n, cash equivalent	ts and investments	:	\$ 14,354,726

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Name of Depository	Description	Maturity	CUSIP or Security ID Number	Fair Market Value	Name and Location of Safe Keeper
Wells Fargo Bank Wells Fargo Bank	FMAC FGPC 4.000% FNMA FNMS 3.000%	11/1/2043 2/1/2043	3128MJTQ3 3138W0H69	\$ 8,470 1,446,003 1,454,473	Bank of New York Mellon Bank of New York Mellon
TBK Bank TBK Bank TBK Bank	CARNIVAL CORP HASBRO INC JPMORGAN CHASE	10/15/2020 5/15/2021 3/21/2023	143658BA9 418056AT4 48126DNH8	510,075 504,385 500,445 1,514,905	The Independent Bankers Bank The Independent Bankers Bank The Independent Bankers Bank
Total Collateral Pledged	I			\$ 2,969,378	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Balance June 30, 2018 Additions Fund June 30, 2019					Transfers to	
Appearanc Bond Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total assets \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total liabilities \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Senior Citizens Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -			Balance			Balance
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total assets \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total liabilities \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total liabilities \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Senior Citizens Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - Liabilities - Liabilities - Liabi		_	June 30, 2018	Additions	Fund	June 30, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total assets \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Total liabilities \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Senior Citizens - 25,894 - 25,894 - Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	• •					
Total assets \$ 25,894 - 25,						
Liabilities 25,894 - 25,894 - Total liabilities \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Senior Citizens Assets - 934 - 934 - Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>_</u>	25,894		25,894	
Deposits held and due to others \$ 25,894 - 25,894	Total assets	\$_	25,894		25,894	
Total liabilities \$ 25,894 - 25,894 - Senior Citizens Assets - 934 - 934	Liabilities					
Senior Citizens Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Deposits held and due to others	\$_	25,894		25,894	- _
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Total liabilities	\$_	25,894		25,894	_
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 934 - 934 - Total assets \$ 934 - 934 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Senior Citizens					
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Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds - 26,828 - 26,828 - Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Total assets	\$_	934		934	
Deposits held and due to others \$ 934 - 934 - Total liabilities \$ 934 - 934 - Total Agency Funds - 26,828 - 26,828 - Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Liabilities					
Total Agency Funds Assets 26,828 - 26,828 - Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Deposits held and due to others	\$_	934		934	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Total liabilities	\$_	934	_	934	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Total Agency Funds					
Total assets \$ 26,828 - 26,828 - Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Assets					
Liabilities Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	26,828		26,828	
Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Total assets	\$_	26,828		26,828	
Deposits held and due to others \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -	Liabilities					
Total liabilities \$ 26,828 - 26,828 -		\$_	26,828		26,828	
·	Total liabilities	\$_	26,828		26,828	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS AND MEMORANDUMS OF UNDERSTANDING June 30, 2019

	Responsible	
Participants	Party	Description
City of Grants and Cibola County	Both	To establish the Cibola Regional Park District Authority to assist in the operation of the Enchanted Skies Park
City of Grants, Cibola County and Village of Milan	All	To establish the responsibilities of all parties and the procedures for the reimbursement of administrative and capital outlay costs for the Library.
City of Grants and Cibola County	Both	To establish a single Animal Control Department
City of Grants, Cibola County and Village of Milan	All	To establish the responsibilities of all parties and the procedures for the reimbursement of senior citizen services
City of Grants, Cibola County and Village of Milan	All	To establish the responsibilities of all parties and the procedures for the operation of a Vector Control Program
City of Grants and Cibola County	Both	To establish the responsibilities of all parties and the procedures for the housing of inmates
City of Grants, Cibola County and Village of Milan	All	To establish and operate a municipal transit system (Cibola Transit Authority - CTA)

_	Begin Date	End Date	Estimated Amount of Project	ount Contributed in Fiscal Year	Audit Responsibility	Fiscal Agent	Name of Govt Agency Report Rev & Exp
	7/1/1997	Indefinitely	Unknown	Unknown	None	None	City of Grants
	7/1/1998	Indefinitely	Unknown	Unknown	City of Grants	None	City of Grants
	12/4/1997	Indefinitely	Unknown	Unknown	City of Grants	None	City of Grants
	6/1/1982	Indefinitely	Unknown	Unknown	City of Grants	None	City of Grants
	7/17/1997	Indefinitely	Unknown	\$ 103,200	None	None	Cibola County
	4/30/2018	Indefinitely	\$71 per inmate	\$ 145,020	Cibola County	None	Cibola County
	4/30/2009	Indefinitely	\$ 51,947	\$ 69,966	Village of Milan	Village of Milan	Village of Milan





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Brian S. Colón, New Mexico State Auditor and The Mayor and City Council Members City of Grants Grants, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the City of Grants (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2017-02 to a be material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. No significant deficiencies came to our attention.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2013-04, 2017-06 and 2019-01.

The City's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, ISP

December 16, 2019







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Mr. Brian S. Colón New Mexico State Auditor And The Mayor and City Council Members City of Grants Grants, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Grant's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP Albuquerque, New Mexico

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, ISP

December 16, 2019

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITUES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Follow I Country (Down Through Country (Down Thro	Pass Through	Federal CFDA Number	Endowl Europe d'Avenue
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Entity #	Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed through NM Environment Department:			
Clean Water State Revolving Funds (M)	CWSRF -29	66.458	\$ 2,255,216
Clean Water State Revolving Funds (M)	CWSRF -77	66.458	226,252
Clean Water State Revolving Funds (M)	CWSRF -78	66.458	205,635
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			2,687,103
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Programs:			
Airport Improvement Program	3-35-0020-016-2017	20.106	149,033
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			149,033
U.S. Department of Health			
Passed through State of New Mexico Agency on Aging:			
Federal Title III B	2018-2019	93.044	51,974
Federal Title III C (1)	2018-2019	93.045	30,072
Federal Title III C (2)	2018-2019	93.045	15,095
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	2018-2019	93.053	35,658
Total U.S. Department of Health			132,799
	Total Expenditures of Fe	deral Award	s \$2,968,935

⁽M) Denotes Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Guidance, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, and cash flows of the City. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The City did not provide any federal awards to sub-recipients during the year.

NOTE 2 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City has elected not to use the 10% de Minimis Indirect Cost Rate.

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditor's report issued:	Qualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material Weakness reported?	Yes
Significant deficiencies reported not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
a. Material weaknesses reported?	No
b. Significant deficiencies reported not considered to be material weaknesses?	None
c. Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for	None
a compliance requirement for a major program?	No
d. Known questioned costs greater than \$25,000 for	
a program which is not audited as a major program?	No
e. Known or likely fraud affecting a federal award?	No
f. Significant instances of abuse relating to major programs?	No
g. Circumstances causing the auditor's report on compliance	
for each major program to be modified, unless otherwise	
reported as an audit finding?	No
h. Instances where results of audit follow-up procedures	
disclosed that the summary schedule of prior year audit	
findings prepared by the auditee materially misrepresent	No
the status of any prior audit finding?	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported	
in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	No
Identification of major programs:	
Clean Water State Revolving Funds	CFDA 66.458
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	
Between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2017-002 CAPITAL ASSETS (Material Weakness)

CONDITION: Capital asset records were not adequately maintained; detailed records did not agree to the trial balance and had not been properly updated and adjusted during the year. In addition, there was not enough information provided to ascertain what adjustments would be required to correctly adjust the accounts.

Progress has been made with this finding as a physical count was performed. The City is still in the process of reconciling the detail listing to the physical count performed.

CRITERIA: Pursuant to 2.20.1.8 (A) NMAC, Agencies should implement systematic and well- documented methods for accounting for their fixed assets.

CAUSE: The City has not reconciled the detail count to the capital assets records.

EFFECT: The auditor was not able to obtain sufficient evidence of the capital asset accounts; the auditor's opinion will be modified over capital assets.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: Physical count of capital assets has been performed and about 80% of the assets have been entered into the new accounting software. The City is working with an outside accounting firm to ensure that correct balances are entered into the new accounting software.

TIMELINE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: April 30, 2020

RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: Finance Director

SECTION III - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

CITY OF GRANTS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

SECTION IV – OTHER FINDINGS, AS REQUIRED BY NEW MEXICO STATE STATUTE, SECTION 12-6-5, NMSA 1978

2017-006 DEFICIT FUND BALANCE (OTHER NONCOMPLIANCE)

CONDITION

The following funds have designated cash but did not have available assets within the fund to meet the liability requirements resulting in a deficit fund balance:

- Local Government Corrections (20100) \$72,041
- Cibola Senior Citizens (21900) \$30,181
- Senior Companion Program (21901) \$120,504
- Foster Grandparents (21902) \$105,883
- Senior Employment Program (21903) \$35,245
- Litter Control and Beautification (29900) \$800
- General Government Improvements (39900) \$5,407,790

The City has not made significant progress in correcting this audit finding.

CRITERIA

Section 2.2.2.10 (O)(1)(b), NMAC, states that the City's cash balances re-budgeted to absorb budget deficits cannot exceed the actual cash and receivable balance available at the end of the prior year.

EFFECT

The effect of a budget with inadequate designated cash available to cover the excess of budgeted expenditures over budgeted revenue could result in the City incurring debt to pay for current year budgeted expenditures.

CAUSE

Inadequate monitoring of budget transfers in order to update the budget in accordance with available cash.

RECOMMENDATION

Greater attention should be given throughout the year to the cash balances actually available and budget adjustments in order to cover budgeted expenditures in excess of budgeted revenues, which include proper monitoring of year end cash balances and any necessary budget transfers throughout the year.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: The City implemented a new accounting software in January 2019 and hired an outside accounting firm to assist with transferring the appropriate beginning balances into the new software. The deficit fund balances are from years past and transfers will be made to ensure that all negative fund balance issues are corrected. Current budget monitoring is ongoing.

TIMELINE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: February 29, 2020

RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: Finance Director

CITY OF GRANTS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2013-004 BUDGETARY NON-COMPLIANCE (Other Non-Compliance) - Repeated

CONDITION: Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures during the year for the following funds:

• Lodger's Tax (21400) - \$68,384

The City has made significant progress in resolving this issue from previous periods.

CRITERIA: Pursuant to 6-6-2 (J) NMSA, management shall "supervise the disbursement of funds to the end that expenditures will not be made in excess of budgeted items...."

CAUSE: The necessary Budget Adjustment Request to correct this was not completed at year end.

EFFECT: The City was in violation of the aforementioned statute.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: With the implementation of the new accounting software, reports can be generated that will show budget versus actual thus allowing for the appropriate budget adjustment requests to be submitted as necessary in a timely fashion.

TIMELINE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: Ongoing

RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: Finance Director

CITY OF GRANTS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-001 Federal Form I-9

CONDITION: In a review of twenty-five personnel files we noted the following items related to the completion of the Federal Form I-9:

- One employee did not sign the Form I-9.
- One employee did not date the Form I-9.
- One Form I-9 had no dates listed as to when the employee and the employer signed the form.

CRITERIA: The Form I-9 is used for verifying the identity and employment authorization of individuals hired for employment in the United States. All U.S. employers must ensure proper completion of Form I-9 for each individual they hire for employment in the United States. This includes citizens and noncitizens.

CAUSE: Personnel files were not being reviewed for completeness.

EFFECT: The City was not in compliance with federal requirements to maintain a properly completed Form I-9 for all employees.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE: All current personnel files will be reviewed to verify that every I-9 as well as any other documentation requiring signatures and dates is appropriately completed. New employee files will be reviewed as well.

TIMELINE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN: March 31, 2020

RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: Human Resources Director

CITY OF GRANTS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2019

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

nce with Budget (Other Noncompliance) – <i>Modified and Repeate</i>

- 2017-001 Cash Not Reconciled in a Timely Manner (Material Weakness) Resolved
- 2017-002 Capital Assets (Material Weakness) *Modified and Repeated*
- 2017-003 Internal Controls over Financial Reporting (Material Weakness) Resolved
- 2017-004 Late Audit Report (Other Noncompliance) Resolved
- 2017-006 Deficit Fund Balance (Other Noncompliance) Modified and Repeated
- 2018-001 Controls Over Cash Disbursements (Finding that does not rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency) Resolved
- 2018-002 Prior Period Adjustment (Material Weakness) Resolved

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF GRANTS EXIT CONFERENCE JUNE 30, 2019

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held on December 16, 2019 with the City of Grants. The overall results of the audit and related findings were discussed. The following individuals were present during the meeting:

Representing the City of Roswell

Martin Hicks Mayor

Laura Jaramillo City Manager Kimberly Simpson Finance Director

Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP

Chris Garner, CPA Partner

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented in this report have been prepared by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP; however the financial statements are the responsibility of the management.