STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF GRADY



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
JUNE 30, 2016

VILLAGE OF GRADY

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	1-3
Official Roster	5
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	9-13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	15-21
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Activities	26-27
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	28-29
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	31
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	32-33
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	35
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) - General Fund	37
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) – EMS Fund	39
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) – Fire Protection Fund	41
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) – Law Enforcement Protection Fund	43

VILLAGE OF GRADY

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) – Senior Citizens Fund	45
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) – Gas Tax Fund	47
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	51
Statement of Cash Flows	53
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	55
Notes to the Financial Statements	57-72
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Proprietary Funds	
Statements of Revenue and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) - Proprietary Fund – Water Fund	75
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP Basis) – Proprietary Fund - Solid Waste Fund	77
Fiduciary Funds	
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	79
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA Fund Division – General	83
Schedule of Contributions, PERA Fund Division – General	85
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	87

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OTHER SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Schedule of Vendor Information 91

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Maters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Schedule of Findings and Responses 101

Exit Conference 103

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY OFFICEAL ROSTER June 30, 2016

VILLAGE COUNCIL

Wesley Shafer Mayor

Kathy Edwards Mayor Pro-Tem

Mae SzaloyMemberJena RushMemberJimmy SchellMember

VILLAGE ADMINISTRATION

Leona PowellClerk/TreasurerKaty MacKechnieDeputy ClerkMisty CrowleyDeputy Clerk

FINANCIAL SECTION

CALHOON ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES PO BOX 945 ESTANCIA, NEW MEXICO 87016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Timothy Keller, New Mexico State Auditor Wesley Shafer, Mayor Members of the Village Council Village of Grady Grady, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Grady (the Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. I have also audited the financial statements of each of the Village's nonmajor enterprise funds, fiduciary funds and the budgetary comparisons for the enterprise funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, as listed in the table of contents. I did not audit the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts of the State of New Mexico Public Employee Retirement Association (PERA), the administrator of the cost sharing pension plan for the Village. The schedules and statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Village, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Grady as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major enterprise fund and fiduciary fund of the Village as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for all non-major funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion* and Analysis on pages 15-21, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of PERA Fund Division - General on page 83, the Schedule of Contributions, PERA Fund Division - General on page 85, and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on page 87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, that basic financial statements and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Village of Grady's basic financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. The schedules as required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC, as listed in the Supplementary Information section of the table of contents are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the other schedules as required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Vendor Information for Purchases Exceeding \$60,000 as listed in the table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated September 22, 2016 on my consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Calhoon Accounting & Tax Services

Calhoon Accounting & Tax Services Estancia, New Mexico September 22, 2016

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

As management of the Village of Grady (the Village), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements of the Village and additional information provided.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,869,041 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$269,816 (unrestricted) is obligated to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$19,488 during the fiscal year. The decrease is mainly due to capital assets depreciation.
- As of June 30, 2016, the Village's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$470,955. Of this total, \$1,924 is nonspendable inventory, \$8,689 is restricted for general fund state mandated cash balance \$173,905 is restricted for special revenue funds, and \$286,437 is unassigned for the general fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village's that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities the Village includes are general government, public safety, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Village include Water and Solid Waste.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the Village's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains six individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, EMS Fund, Fire Protection Fund, Law Enforcement Fund, Senior Citizens Fund, and Gas Tax Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all other funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each individual fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-47 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the Village charges customers either outside customers or internal units or departments of the Village. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Village maintains two types of proprietary funds. The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 49-53 of this report.

The fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to fund its own programs. The Village acts as an agency for several entities. The fund financial statements for the agency funds can be found on page 55.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 57-72 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Village has presented its financial statements under the new reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB #34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)-for State and Local Governments.

Analysis of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,869,041 at the close of the current fiscal year.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The largest portion of the Village's net position represents the Village's investment of \$1,414,707 in capital assets (e.g., land improvements, building, infrastructure and machinery & equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	For the	Statement of Year Ended June	f Net Position	30 2015			
	Tof the	Tear Ended Julie	30, 2010 and June	50, 2013			
		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015			
	Governmental Business Type Total		Total	Governmental	Business Type	Total	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 472,796	\$ 36,674	\$ 509,470	\$ 401,904	\$ 48,981	\$ 450,885	
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation	1,353,619	171,969	1,525,588	1,455,316	183,020	1,638,336	
Deferred outflows of							
resources	6,304	-	6,304	4,303	-	4,303	
Total assets and deferred							
outflow of resouces	\$ 1,832,719	\$ 208,643	\$ 2,041,362	\$ 1,861,523	\$ 232,001	\$ 2,093,524	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	\$ 22,635	\$ 1,291	\$ 23,926	\$ 20,233	\$ 3,977	\$ 24,210	
Noncurrent liabilities	146,980	-	146,980	152,839	12,660	165,499	
Total liabilities	169,615	1,291	170,906	173,072	16,637	189,709	
Deferred inflows							
of resources	1,415	-	1,415	15,286	-	15,286	
N . D							
Net Position							
Net investment in							
capital assets	1,242,738	171,969	1,414,707	1,324,202	166,383	1,490,585	
Restricted	184,518	-	184,518	156,429	-	156,429	
Unrestricted	234,433	35,383	269,816	192,534	48,981	241,515	
Total net position	1,661,689	207,352	1,869,041	1,673,165	215,364	1,888,529	
Total liabilities,							
deferred inflows of							
resources and net position	\$ 1,832,719	\$ 208,643	\$ 2,041,362	\$ 1,861,523	\$ 232,001	\$ 2,093,524	

A portion of the Village's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions. The restrictions are related to state mandated cash balances, inventory, and special revenue funds.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The Villages net position decreased by \$19,488 during the current fiscal year. This total decrease is less than 1% and is further explained in the government and business-type activities discussion below.

		For the	For the V	Year Ended June 3	0. 2015		
		Tor the	Tear Ended June	30, 2010	Tor the Tear Ended June 30, 2013		
		Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Revenue	s:						
Prog	ram revenue						
	Charges for services	\$ 11,018	\$ 49,302	\$ 60,320	\$ 10,256	\$ 50,090	\$ 60,346
(Operating grants and contributions	211,033	-	211,033	217,706	17,949	235,655
Gene	eral Revenue						
I	Property Tax	3,708	-	3,708	3,197	-	3,197
(Gross Receipts	20,266	-	20,266	23,338	-	23,338
(Other Taxes		-		5,197	-	5,197
I	nterest		-		38	-	38
5	State aid	90,000	-	90,000	90,000	-	90,000
	Total revenue	336,025	49,302	385,327	349,732	68,039	417,771
Expendi	tures:						
	General government	104,568	-	104,568	101,449	-	101,449
I	Public safety	65,719	-	65,719	62,026	-	62,026
(Culture and recreation	72,427	-	72,427	88,623	-	88,623
I	nterest on Long-term debt	3,090	-	3,090	3,381	-	3,381
I	Depreciation - unallocated	101,697	-	101,697	98,693	-	98,693
I	Business-type activities	-	57,314	57,314	-	61,987	61,987
	Total expenditures	347,501	57,314	404,815	354,172	61,987	416,159
Decreas	e) Increase in Assets before transfers	(11,476)	(8,012)	(19,488)	(4,440)	6,052	1,612
Tran	sfers		-		-	-	-
(Decrease) Increase in Net Position	(11,476)	(8,012)	(19,488)	(4,440)	6,052	1,612
Vet Posi	tion, Beginning of year	1,673,165	215,364	1,888,529	1,730,269	209,312	1,939,581
Restaten	nent for Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	(52,664)	-	(52,664
Ending N	Net Position	\$ 1,661,689	\$ 207,352	\$1,869,041	\$ 1,673,165	\$ 215,364	\$1,888,529

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The types of Governmental funds reported by the Village include the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$470,955 an increase of \$69,051 in comparison with the prior year. \$286,437 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues for governmental activities overall totaled \$336,025 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, which represents a decrease of \$13,707 from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Expenditures for governmental activities, totaling \$347,501, decrease by \$6,671 from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded revenue by \$11,476.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$286,126, while total fund balance was \$295,126.

During the current fiscal year the Village's general fund decreased by \$31,025, which is due to expenditures exceeding revenues. Overall, the general fund's performance in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is due to a decrease in tax revenue and miscellaneous earnings.

Proprietary Funds. The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted net position for the Water fund and Solid Waste fund was \$28,521 and \$6,862, respectively. The change in net position for the proprietary funds was \$8,012 decrease from prior year. Factors concerning the finances of this fund have been addressed previously in the discussion of the Village's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Village budgets reflect the same pattern as seen in the revenue and expenditures of the Village. The State of New Mexico budget process is defined under state law and regulation. To enhance the process of developing a budget at the Village level, the Village utilizes goals and objectives defined by the Village Councilors, community input meetings, long-term plans and input from various staff groups to develop the Village Budget. The Village priorities are well defined through this process.

GASB Statement No. 34 does not require a statement presenting the overall result of the budget for each year; however, all major budgetary funds are required to be reported as a separate statement.

General Fund Expenditure Budget Performance

		Favorable
	Actual non-GAAP	(Unfavorable)
Final Budget	Cash Basis	Variance
\$106.400	\$103.832	\$2.568

There were no changes between the original budget and final budget for the general fund during the fiscal year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Village's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 amount to \$1,525,588 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles and heavy equipment, equipment, plant and infrastructure. There was no change in the Village's capital assets (excluding accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year for governmental activities or for business-type activities.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Governmental Activities \$ 11,200	Business Type Activities	Total
Activities	* 1	Total
\$ 11.200		
Ψ 11,200	\$ 3,100	\$ 14,300
23,232	7,388	30,620
1,017,760	-	1,017,760
1,143,978	37,982	1,181,960
4,159	7,438	11,597
361,552	331,501	693,053
2,561,881	387,409	2,949,290
(1,208,262)	(215,440)	(1,423,702)
\$ 1,353,619	\$ 171,969	\$ 1,525,588
-	23,232 1,017,760 1,143,978 4,159 361,552 2,561,881 (1,208,262)	23,232 7,388 1,017,760 - 1,143,978 37,982 4,159 7,438 361,552 331,501 2,561,881 387,409 (1,208,262) (215,440)

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. See Note 6 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for further information regarding capital assets.

Debt Administration: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total debt obligations outstanding of \$110,881, of this \$20,794 is current portion of debt and \$55,058 is net pension liability.

	Outstanding Del As of June 30, 20			
	Governmenal Activities	Business Type Activities	Total	
Loans and notes payables	\$ 110,881	\$ -	\$ 110,881	
Net pension liability	55,058	-	55,058	
Accrued compensated absences	1,835	-	1,835	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 167,774	\$ -	\$ 167,774	

Long-term debt additions and retirements related to loans for governmental activities for the current year were \$-0- and \$20,233, respectively. Net pension liabilities were \$55,058, for governmental activities. Accrued compensated absences additions and retirements were \$2,070 and \$3,188, respectively, for governmental activities. Long-term debt additions and retirements related to notes and loans for business type activities for the current year were \$-0- and \$16,637, respectively.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements for further information regarding the Village's long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates: Inflationary trends in the region compare favorable to national indices. These factors were considered in preparing the Village's budget for the 2017 fiscal year. There are no currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have significant effect or impact on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Village of Grady, 219 W. Main Street, New Mexico 88120.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 462,945	\$ 31,458	\$ 494,403
Receivables, net	7,927	5,216	13,143
Inventory	1,924		1,924
Total Current Assets	472,796	36,674	509,470
Noncurrent Assets	2.54.004	207.400	2040200
Capital assets	2,561,881	387,409	2,949,290
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,208,262)	(215,440)	(1,423,702)
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,353,619	171,969	1,525,588
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Total deferred outlflows of resources	6,304		6,304
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,832,719	\$ 208,643	\$ 2,041,362
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 1,841	\$ 1,291	\$ 3,132
Current portion of loans payables	20,794	-	20,794
Total Current Liabilities	22,635	1,291	23,926
Noncurrent Liabilities			
NMFA loans payable	90,087	-	90,087
Compensated absences	1,835	-	1,835
Net pension liability	55,058		55,058
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	146,980	-	146,980
Total liabilities	169,615	1,291	170,906
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Change in assumptions in net pension liability	21	_	21
Difference between expected and actual earnings	1,220	-	1,220
Net difference between projected and actual investments	174	-	174
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,415		1,415
	-		
Net Position	1.2.12.720	454.050	4 44 4 505
Net investment in capital assets	1,242,738	171,969	1,414,707
Restricted for:	0.500		0.500
State mandated cash balance	8,689	-	8,689
Inventory	1,924	-	1,924
Special revenue funds	173,905	-	173,905
Unrestricted for:	221122	27.202	0.0004 -
General	234,433	35,383	269,816
Total net position	1,661,689	207,352	1,869,041
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 1,832,719	\$ 208,643	\$ 2,041,362

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Charges for		
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Service			
Primary Government:						
Government activities:						
General government	\$	104,568	\$	-		
Highways and streets		-		-		
Public safety		65,719		-		
Health and wellfare		-		-		
Culture and recreation		72,427		11,018		
Interest on long-term obligation		3,090		-		
Depreciation - unallocated		101,697				
Total governemental activities	\$	347,501	\$	11,018		
Business-type Activities:						
Water and Sewer	\$	42,097	\$	30,886		
Solid Waste		15,217		18,416		
Total business-type activities	\$	57,314	\$	49,302		
Total Primary Government	\$	404,815	\$	60,320		

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

				Changes in Net Position					
					Pı	rimary	Governmen	nt	
C	perating	Cap	ital						
G	rants and	Grants	and	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-type		
Co	ntributions	Contrib	utions		Activities	A	ctivities	Tot	al
\$	22,556	\$	_	\$	(82,012)	\$	_	\$	(82,012)
	5,433		-		5,433		_		5,433
	104,793		-		39,074		_		39,074
	-		-		_		_		-
	78,251	•	-		16,842		_		16,842
	-		-		(3,090)		_		(3,090)
	-		-		(101,697)		_		(101,697)
\$	211,033	\$	-	\$	(125,450)	\$	-	\$	(125,450)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(11,211)	\$	(11,211)
	-		-		-		3,199		3,199
\$		\$	-	\$		\$	(8,012)	\$	(8,012)
\$	211,033	\$		\$	(125,450)	\$	(8,012)	\$	(133,462)
Genera	al Revenues:								
Taxes:									
Prop	erty taxes, levied fo	or general purpo	ose		3,708		_		3,708
Gros	s receipts taxes, lev	ied for general	purposes		20,266		_		20,266
General	- state aid, not rest	ricted for speci	al purpose		90,000		_		90,000
	Total general re	evenues			113,974		-		113,974
	Transfer in (out	<u>(</u>)							
	(Change in ne	et position		(11,476)		(8,012)		(19,488)
Net pos	sition - beginning	5			1,673,165		215,364		1,888,529
Net pos	sition - ending			\$	1,661,689	\$	207,352	\$	1,869,041

VILLAGE OF GRADY

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	General Fund		EMS Fund		Fire Protection Fund	
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	293,012	\$	18	\$	58,940
Acocunts receivable		2,850		-		-
Inventory		_				
Total assets	\$	295,862	\$	18	\$	58,940
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	736	\$	_	\$	71
Total liabilities		736				71
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue		-		-		_
Total deferred inflows of resources						
Fund balance						
Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted for:						
General fund - state mandated cash balance		8,689		-		_
Special revenue funds		-		18		58,869
Capital projects fund		-		-		-
Debt service fund		-		-		-
Assigned for:						
General fund		-		-		-
Special revenue fund		-		-		-
Unassigned for:						
General fund		286,437				_
Total fund balance		295,126		18		58,869
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balance	\$	295,862	\$	18	\$	58,940

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

Law Enforcement Fund			Senior Citizens Fund		Gas Tax Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
\$	-	\$	47,516	\$	63,459 417	\$	462,945		
	-		4,660		41/		7,927		
\$		\$	1,924	\$	62 976	\$	1,924		
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	54,100		63,876	<u> </u>	472,796		
\$	_	\$	1,034	\$	_	\$	1,841		
4	_	4	1,034	-	_		1,841		
	-		1,924		-		1,924		
	_		_		_		8,689		
	-		51,142		63,876		173,905		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		
	-		_		-		286,437		
			53,066		63,876		470,955		
\$	_	\$	54,100	\$	63,876	\$	472,796		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total Fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 470,955
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds:	1,353,619
Long-term debt, including current maturities, and certain other liabilities are not recorded until due and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds: Long-term and other liabilities at year-end consisted of:	
Notes payable	(110,881)
Accrued compensated absences - non current	(1,835)
Long-term liabilities, including Net Pension Liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	(55,058)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resourses related to pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:	4,889
Total net position-governmental activities	\$ 1,661,689

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund			EMS Fund		Fire Protection Fund	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	23,974	\$	-	\$	-	
Charges for services		-		-		-	
Local sources		-		-		117	
State sources		90,000		7,018		73,960	
Federal sources		_		-		-	
Miscellaneous earnings		21,619		239		3,423	
Interest earnings					36		
Total revenue		135,593		7,257		77,536	
Expenditures:							
Current							
General government		104,568		_		-	
Public safety		-		7,250		38,469	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	
Noncurrent							
Debt service-principal		-		-		20,233	
Debt service-Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		3,090		
Capital outlay							
Total expenditures		104,568		7,250		61,792	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		31,025		7		15,744	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in (out)		_		_		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-			
Net change in fund blances		31,025		7		15,744	
Fund balances - beginning of year		264,101		11		43,125	
Fund balances - end of year	\$	295,126	\$	18	\$	58,869	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Enfo	Law orcement Fund	Senior Citizens Fund		Gas Tax Fund		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,433	\$	29,407
	-		11,018		-		11,018
	-		-		-		117
	20,000		61,164		-		252,142
	-		16,164		-		16,164
	-		923		-		26,204
	20,000		-		<u>-</u>		36
	20,000		89,269		5,433		335,088
	-		-		-		104,568
	20,000		-		-		65,719
	-		72,427		-		72,427
	-		-		-		20,233
	-		-		-		3,090
	_						_
	20,000		72,427				266,037
			16,842		5,433		69,051
		-		-			
	-		16,842		5,433		69,051
			36,224		58,443		401,904
\$	_	\$	53,066	\$	63,876	\$	470,955

VILLAGE OF GRADY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental actvities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Change in net position of governemtal activities

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds \$ 69,051 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Depreciation expense (101,697)Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned not or employee contributions is reported as pension expense. Pension contribution (181)The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position but are as follows: Change in accrued compensated absences 1,118 Notes principal payments 20,233

\$ (11,476)

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		riginal Judget		Final Judget	_	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable favorable)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	14,115	\$	14,115	\$,	\$	(2,570)
Intergovernmental - State		105,150		105,150		101,316		(3,834)
Miscellaneous	_	24,650		24,650		21,431		(3,219)
Total Revenues		143,915		143,915	_	134,292		(9,623)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Executive-Legislative		2,550		2,550		1,683		867
Finance & Administration		103,850		103,850		102,149		1,701
Non-current								
Capital outlay		_		-		_		-
Total expenditures		106,400		106,400		103,832		2,568
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues								
over (under) expenditures		37,515		37,515		30,460		(12,191)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in (out)		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		37,515		37,515	_	30,460		
Cash balances - beginning of year					_	262,552		
Cash balances - end of year	\$	37,515	\$	37,515	\$	293,012	\$	
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Bud Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prep	r defe	rrals	ccrua	ls		3,302 (2,737) 3 31,025		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – EMS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		riginal udget		Final udget	A	ctual	Fav	riance rorable vorable)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - State	\$	7,018	\$	7,018	\$	7,018	\$	-
Miscellaneous local sources				240		239		(1)
Total revenue		7,018		7,258		7,257	-	(1)
Expenditures:								
Public Safety:								
Current:								
Operating expenses		7,029		7,269		7,250		19
Non-current								
Capital outlay								
Total expenditures		7,029		7,269		7,250		19
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues								
over (under) expenditures		(11)		(11)		7		18
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)								
Net change in fund balances		(11)		(11)		7		
Cash balances - beginning of year						11		
Cash balances - end of year	\$	(11)	\$	(11)	\$	18	\$	
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Buc Adjustment to revenues for accruals and othe Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prep	r defe	errals	nccrua	nls	\$	7 - -		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)					\$	7		

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – FIRE PROTECTION FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental - State	\$ 55,501	\$ 73,960	\$73,960	\$ -
Miscellaneous local sources	750	762	3,576	2,814
Total revenue	56,251	74,722	77,536	2,814
Expenditures:				
Public Works:				
Current:				
Operating expenses	69,905	88,376	38,398	49,978
Non-current				
Debt Service - Principal	23,123	23,123	20,233	2,890
Debt Service - Interest	-	-	3,090	
Total expenditures	93,028	111,499	61,721	52,868
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues				
over (under) expenditures	(36,777)	(36,777)	15,815	55,682
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	_	_	_	_
Operating transfers out	_	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	(36,777)	(36,777)	15,815	
Cash balances - beginning of year			43,125	
Cash balances - end of year	\$(36,777)	\$(36,777)	\$58,940	\$ -
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Budg Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other			\$15,815	
Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepa		accruals	(71)	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)			\$15,744	

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	Favo	iance orable vorable)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental - State	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	-
Miscellaneous local sources					 		
Total revenue		20,000		20,000	 20,000		
Expenditures:							
Public Safety:							
Current:							
Operating expenses		20,000		20,000	20,000		-
Non-current							
Capital outlay		-					
Total expenditures		20,000		20,000	 20,000		
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues							
over (under) expenditures				_	_		_
1							
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in		-		_	-		-
Operating transfers out		_		_	-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		_	-		_
-					 		
Net change in fund balances					 		
Cash balances - beginning of year							
Cash balances - end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Bud Adjustment to revenues for accruals and othe Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prep	er de	ferrals	accrı	ıals	\$ - - -		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)					\$ 		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – SENIOR CITIZENS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - State	\$97,716	\$106,258	\$62,722	\$	(43,536)
Federal Funding	32,781	35,239	16,164		(19,075)
Miscellaneous local sources	10,014	10,014	11,941		1,927
Total revenue	140,511	151,511	90,827		(60,684)
Expenditures:					
Culture and recreation:					
Current:					
Operating expenses	148,156	159,156	71,714		87,442
Non-current					
Capital outlay	_	_	-		_
Total expenditures	148,156	159,156	71,714		87,442
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues					
over (under) expenditures	(7,645)	(7,645)	19,113		26,758
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	_	_	_		_
Operating transfers out	_	_	_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)					
Net change in fund balances	(7,645)	(7,645)	19,113		
Cash balances - beginning of year			28,403		
Cash balances - end of year	\$ (7,645)	\$ (7,645)	\$47,516	\$	
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Budg	getary Basis)		\$19,113		
Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other	deferrals		(1,558)		
Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepa	aids and othe	r accruals	(713)		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)	\$16,842				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – GAS TAX FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		•		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - State	\$	5,004	\$	5,004	\$	5,016	\$	12
Miscellaneous local sources								_
Total revenue		5,004		5,004		5,016		12
Expenditures:								
Public Safety:								
Current:								
Operating expenses								
Total expenditures								
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues								
over (under) expenditures		5,004		5,004		5,016		12
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		_		-		-		-
Operating transfers out		_		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-						-
Net change in fund balances						5,016		
Cash balances - beginning of year						58,443		
Cash balances - end of year	\$		\$		\$	63,459	\$	
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Budgetar Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other defo Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepaids	errals		ıals		\$	5,016 417		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)					\$	5,433		

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

Assets	Water Fund		Solid Waste Fund			Total
Current assets, unrestricted:						
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	24,596	\$	6,862	\$	31,458
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful acounts	Ψ	5,216	Ψ	- 0,002	Ψ	5,216
Total current assets		29,812		6,862	-	36,674
Non-currant assets:		2>,012		0,002		20,07
Land		3,100		_		3,100
Land Improvements		7,388		_		7,388
Vehicles		37,982		-		37,982
Equipment		7,438		-		7,438
Infrastructure		331,501		-		331,501
Accumulated depreciation		(215,440)				(215,440)
Net non-currant assets		171,969				171,969
Total assets	\$	201,781	\$	6,862	\$	208,643
Liabilities and Net Position						
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities						
Accounts Payables	\$	1,291	\$	-	\$	1,291
Notes payable - current				_		
Total current liabilties		1,291	-			1,291
Noncurrent liabilities						
Notes payable - noncurrent						
Total liabilities		1,291				1,291
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		171,969		-		171,969
Unrestricted, undesignated		28,521		6,862		35,383
Total net position		200,490		6,862		207,352
Total liabilitiess and net position	\$	201,781	\$	6,862	\$	208,643

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Water Fund		Solid Waste Fund		Total ernmental Funds
Operating revenues:					
Sales and service	\$	23,615	\$	18,416	\$ 42,031
Local source		7,271			 7,271
Total operating revenue		30,886		18,416	49,302
Operating expenses:					
Personal services		7,263		-	7,263
Maintenance and operations		23,284		-	23,284
Major contractual services		-		14,325	14,325
Other operating expenses		-		892	892
Depreciation		11,051		-	11,051
Total operating expenses		41,598		15,217	56,815
Operating income (loss)		(10,712)		3,199	 (7,513)
Non-operating income (expenses):					
Interest income (expense)		(499)		-	(499)
Total non-operating income (expenses)		(499)			(499)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(11,211)		3,199	 (8,012)
Transfers in (out)					
Total transfers		-		-	-
Change in net position		(11,211)		3,199	(8,012)
Net position, beginning of year		211,701		3,663	215,364
Net position, end of year	\$	200,490	\$	6,862	\$ 207,352

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Water Fund		id Waste Fund		Total ernmental Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	4	22 500	Φ.	10.11.5	Φ.	12.01.5
Cash received from customers	\$	23,600	\$	18,416	\$	42,016
Cash received from local sources		7,271		-		7,271
Cash received from state sources		-		-		-
Cash payments to employees and to		(20.256)		(15.017)		(44.472)
suppliers for goods and services		(29,256)		(15,217)		(44,473)
Net cash flow from operating activities		1,615		3,199		4,814
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Loan repayments		(16,638)		-		(16,638)
Capital outlay		-		-		-
Investment expense		(498)				(498)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(17,136)				(17,136)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Investment income		_		_		_
Net cash flows from investing activities		-				-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(15,521)		3,199		(12,322)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		40,117		3,663		43,780
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	24,596	\$	6,862	\$	31,458
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Net operating income (loss)	\$	(10,712)	\$	3,199	\$	(7,513)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash provided						
(used) by operating activities						
Depreciation and amortization		11,051		-		11,051
Receivables		(15)		-		(15)
Accounts payable		1,291		-		1,291
Accrued expenses						
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,615	\$	3,199	\$	4,814

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2016

ASSETS	Agency Funds	
Cash and investments	\$	
Total assets	\$	
LIABILITIES		
Due to other entities	\$	
Total liabilities	\$	-

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Grady (Village) was incorporated under provisions of Chapter 3, Article 2 NMSA 1978 as amended. The Village operates under mayor – council form of government and provides the following services as provided by law: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB statement No. 61. Although legally separate entities, blended component units are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discreetly presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village has no component units, and is not a component unit of another governmental agency.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to the compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets the Village holds for others in an agency capacity.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Governmental funds are used to account for the Village's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Emergency Medical Services Fund* (Special Revenue Fund) is used to account for grant funds received by the Village from state sources for development of an EMS System. Funding is provided for under NMSA 1978, Section 24-10A-1 to 24-10A-10.

The *Fire Protection Fund* (Special Revenue Fund) is used to account for the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. It is financed by a specific allotment from the State Fire Marshall's Office. The funding is authorized by NMSA 1978, Section 59A-53-1.

The Law Enforcement Protection Fund (Special Revenue Fund) accounts for the receipts of a State of New Mexico Law Enforcement grant and expenditures to provide law enforcement services to residents of the Village.

The *Senior Citizens Fund* (Special Revenue Fund) is used to account for donations and fees collected by the Village on behalf of its senior citizens and expended for them in accordance with their wishes, and to account for grant funds for the benefit of senior citizens. The funding is authorized by NMSA 1978 9-2-5 to 9-2-15.

The Gas Tax Fund (Special Revenue Fund) accounts for receipts of State of New Mexico gasoline taxes and expenditures to maintain the roads of the Village.

The Village reports its proprietary funds as major business-type funds.

The *Water Fund* is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of Grady, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

The *Solid Waste Fund* is used to account for the revenue and expenditures for the maintenance of the solid waste operations. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions and 3) program-specific capital grants and contributions including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Village does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Interest on general and long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing service in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Village's enterprise fund is charges for services for the Village's various utilities. The enterprise fund also recognized as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

GASB 63 requires certain financial reporting of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position and GASB 65 helps to identify items which were previously reported as assets and liabilities that are now reported as deferred resources.

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Investments: The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with maturities of six months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the Village to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Governments, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owners of such monies, in an amount not less than 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

Investments for the Village are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables: All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables include taxes and amounts due from state government agencies related to various grant agreements. Payables represent routine monthly bills for services rendered and products purchased and accrued salaries and benefits.

Inventory of Supplies: Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market value, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported capital assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	10 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	30 years
Infrastructure	30 years
Heavy Equipment	20 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 years

The Village does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless it exceeds the \$5,000 threshold.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the Village's financial statements include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

Deferred Outflow of Resources: In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The Village has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, change in proportion and employer contributions subsequent to measurement date, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as outflows of resources the next period.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Deferred Inflow of Resources: In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding deferred inflow of resources. The Village has GASB 63 amended previous guidance on unearned revenues in the Government-Wide Financial Statements to include deferred outflow of resources, which is the consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflow of resources, which is the acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Compensated Absences: It is the policy of the Village to permit certain employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation which will be paid to employees upon separation from the Village's service. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirements. Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

Long Term Obligations: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position: Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities.

Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt consists of net position including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets.

Restricted Net Position, for the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, net positions are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net positions use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position, this category reflects net position of the Village, not restricted for any project or other purpose. When the Village incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Fund Balances: In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity is not spendable such as inventory.

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resources, providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual amount that is not restricted or committed.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the procedure is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classification – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

The Village's policy is to apply restricted resources firs, committed resources second, assigned resources third, and unassigned resources last when an expense is included for purposes for which all or any fund balance classification is available.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget Requirements, Accounting and Reporting

All budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is inconsistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Budgetary comparison statements present budget and actual amounts on the budgetary basis of accounting (cash basis).

The Village is required to follow the procedures established by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration when developing its budgets, as follows:

- 1. The Fiscal Officer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at the Village offices to obtain public comment.
- 3. The budget is tentatively approved by the Village Council, and final approval is ultimately made by the Department of Finance and Administration, Local Government Division.
- 4. The Fiscal Officer requests authorization from the Village Council to transfer budget amounts within departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Commission and by the Local Government Division of the Department of Finance and Administration, State of New Mexico.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

Amendments to the budget, including operating transfers, which increase or decrease a fund's total budgeted expenditures that must be approved by the Village Council and the Local Government Division of the Department of Finance and Administration, State of New Mexico. Amendments made to the original budget are included in the budgetary comparison schedules of this report, which reflect actual to budget.

Budgets and amendments to the budgets for all funds are adopted in a legally permissible manner. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. Outstanding encumbrances lapse at year end but may be re-budgeted in the next year's budget. The Village did not use encumbrance accounting during the year ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits, and interest bearing accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

The schedule listed below is the cash on deposit at each financial institution.

Wells Fargo Bank	\$505,240
New Mexico Finance Authority	43
Total amount on deposit	\$505,283
Add: Deposit in transit	69
Less: Outstanding checks	(10,949)
Total per financial statements	\$494,403

The following schedule details the public money held by Wells Fargo Bank and the pledged collateral provided for the Village.

	Wells
	<u>Fargo Bank</u>
Cash on deposits as of June 30	\$505,283
Less: FDIC coverage	(250,000)
Uninsured public funds	255,283
50% Collateral requirement	127,642
Pledged securities	177,937
Over collateralized	<u>\$ 50,295</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - The risk that in the event of failure of a depository institution, a Village will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. New Mexico State Statutes require collateral pledged for bank accounts in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the Village for at least 50% of the amount on deposit with the institution.

VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Account Balance	<u>\$505,283</u>
FDIC Insured	250,000
Collateral held by the pledging Bank,	
not in the Village's name	171,937
Uninsured and uncollateralized	83,346
Total Deposits	\$505,283

New Mexico state statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by an agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. The collateral pledged is shown as follows:

Bank of New York Mellon	Maturity Date	Fair Market Value
31413CSNO FNMA	01/01/42	\$171,937

The amount held at the New Mexico Finance authority totaling \$43 is collateralized within the NMFA guidelines. This information is not available by individual agency but the financial statements for the NMFA are available by writing to New Mexico Finance Authority, 207 Shelby Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

The receivables of the Village of Grady, by fund type, at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Special	
	<u>General</u>	Revenue	Enterprise
Gross receipts tax	\$ 2,683	\$ 417	\$ 54
Property taxes	122	-	=
Customer utility accounts	=	-	\$ 5,162
Other	<u>45</u>	4,660	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,850</u>	<u>\$ 5.077</u>	<u>\$ 5,216</u>

NOTE 5 PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer for the county in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one-third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village.

The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues. The Village has no means of determining the amount of delinquent taxes, and no delinquent taxes are recorded on the Villages financial records.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

The following is a summary of changes in the **Governmental Activities** capital assets during the fiscal year:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities	6/30/2015	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2016
Land	\$ 11,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,200
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	23,232	-	-	23,232
Buildings and improvements	1,017,760	-	-	1,017,760
Vehicles and heavy equipment	1,143,978	-	-	1,143,978
Equipment	4,159	-	-	4,159
Plant and infrastructure	361,552			361,552
Total	2,550,681	-	-	2,550,681
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(12,293)	-	(2,323)	(14,616)
Buildings and improvements	(504,578)	-	(29,904)	(534,482)
Vehicles and heavy equipment	(419,306)	-	(56,586)	(475,892)
Equipment	(1,664)	=	(832)	(2,496)
Plant and infrastructure	(168,724)	<u> </u>	(12,052)	(180,776)
Total	(1,106,565)		(101,697)	(1,208,262)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,444,116	<u> </u>	(101,697)	1,342,419
Total Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	<u>\$1,455,316</u>	\$ -	(<u>\$101,697)</u>	<u>\$1,353,619</u>

The following is a summary of changes in the **Business-type Activities** capital assets during the fiscal year:

	Balance			Balance
Business-type activities	6/30/2015	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	6/30/2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,100
Land improvements	7,388	=	<u> </u>	7,388
Total	10,488	-	-	10,433
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Vehicles and heavy equipment	37,982	-	-	37,982
Equipment	7,438	-	-	7,438
Plant and infrastructure	331,501		<u> </u>	331,501
Total	376,921		<u> </u>	376,921
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Vehicles and heavy equipment	(37,982)	-	-	(37,982)
Equipment	(7,438)	-	-	(7,438)
Plant and infrastructure	(158,969)		(11,051)	(170,020)
Total	(204,389)		(11,051)	(215,440)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	172,532		122,713	161,481
Total Business type activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 182,020	\$ -	(\$ 11,051)	\$ 171,969
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 ACCOUNTS PAYABLES

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Governmental Activities Business-type Activities

Payable to suppliers \$1,841 \$1,291

NOTE 8 LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-term debt

The following is a schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016.

	Balance			Balance	Current
Governmental activities	06/30/2015	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions	06/30/2016	Portion
Notes payable	\$131,114	\$ -	\$ 20,233	\$110,881	\$20,794
Net pension liability	39,005	16,053	-	55,058	
Accrued compensated					
absences	2,953	2,070	3,188	1,835	
Total governmental	<u>\$173,072</u>	<u>\$ 18,123</u>	<u>\$ 23,421</u>	<u>\$167,774</u>	\$20,794
	Balance			Balance	Current
Business-type activities	06/30/2015	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	06/30/2016	Portion
Notes payable	\$16,637	\$ -	<u>\$ 16,637</u>	<u>\$ - </u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Governmental activities

The Village entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) evidencing a special limited obligation of the Village to pay a principal amount of \$208,177 and interest for the purpose of defraying the cost of acquiring a fire tanker for the Village's fire department. The Village has pledged future State Fire Fund revenues to pay the loan. The yearly payments are to be redirected from the village's share of the State Fire Fund revenues to NMFA. The interest rate is .580% to 2.930%. The maturity date is May 1, 2021.

Annual debt service requirements for the NMFA notes are as follow:

Year Ended			
06/30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 20,794	\$2,728	\$ 23,522
2018	21,420	2,304	23,724
2019	22,111	1,830	23,941
2020	22,866	1,300	24,166
2021	23,690	694	24,384
Total	\$110,881	\$8,856	\$119,737

The following is a schedule of the changes in **Proprietary Funds** long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	06/30/2015	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	06/30/2016	Portion
Note payable	\$ 16.637		\$ 16.637	\$ -	\$ -

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

B. Accrued Compensated Absences

The Village allows for the accrual and payment of annual leave. Annual leave is awarded at a rate of two weeks per year for all employees who work five eight hour days in a regular workweek. Upon termination or retirement an employee will be paid for unused vacation at his or her final rate of pay.

Accrued compensated absences of the governmental funds have been recorded pursuant to GASB 16 and appear on the Statement of Net Position as follows:

	Current	Non-current	
Governmental Funds:	<u>Portion</u>	<u>Portion</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$ -	\$1,835	\$1,835

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of property, errors and omissions, employee injuries and illnesses, and natural disasters. The Village participates in the New Mexico Self-Insurers' Fund risk pool. The Village is also covered by insurance through the Insurance Services of New Mexico.

The Risk Management Program includes Workers Compensation, General and Automobile Liability, Automobile Physical Damage, and Property and Crime coverage. The Village contributed \$33,514 to New Mexico Self-Insurers' during the June 30, 2016 fiscal year.

The standard premium for the Workers' Compensation policy is subject to an audit that normally increases or decreases the premium according to the actual payroll expense upon which the premium had been estimated.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2016, the date of the most recent balance sheet, have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosures is September 22, 2016, which is the date on which the financial statements were dated.

NOTE 11 JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The Village of Grady has a Joint Powers Agreement with the Curry County Sheriff's Office to provide Law Enforcement Coverage within the Village limits. The Village and the County are both responsible parties to the Joint Powers Agreement. The beginning date of the agreement was March 20, 2015 and remains in effect for one year. The estimated amount of the project is \$-0-. The Village of Grady has contributed \$20,000 from the Law Enforcement Protection fund to help costs of training and simple supplies of the Law Enforcement Officers of the County. The audit responsibility for these costs is the Village of Grady. The fiscal agent for this agreement is the Village of Grady.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

NOTE 12 PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIALTION (PERA) PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/ using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366.

Benefits provided. For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 available at http://www.nmpera.org.

Contributions. The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the Village are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY15 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier 1 and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures on pages 29 through 31 of the PERA FY15 annual audit report at http://saonm.org/media/audits/366 Public Employees Retirement Association 2015.pdf. The PERA coverage options that apply to the Village are: General Division. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the Village were \$6,304 and employer paid member benefits that were "picked up" by the employer were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2015, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2015.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred Inflows and Outflows were preformed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members.

VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

The Village's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2014 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For PERA Fund Division General Division, at June 30, 2016, the Village reported a liability of \$55,058 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2015, the Village's proportion was 0.0054 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014, due to the insignificance of the difference.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Village recognized PERA Fund Division – General Division pension expense of \$4,103. At June 30, 2016, the Village reported PERA Fund Division – General Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,220
Changes of assumptions	-	21
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Pension plan investments		174
Changes in proportion and differences between the Village Contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,382	
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3,922	
Total	\$ 6,304	\$ 1,415

The Village reported \$3,922 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2015 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (1,458)
2018	(1,458)
2019	(1,458)
2020	2,959

VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

Actuarial assumptions. As described above, the PERA Fund member group pension liabilities and net pension liabilities are based on actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2014 for each of the membership groups. Then each PERA Fund member group pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2015 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2014. These actuarial methods and assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, open
Amortization period Solved for based on statutory rates

Asset valuation method Fair value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment of rate of return 7.75% annual rate, net of investment expense

Projected benefit payment 100 years

Payroll growth 3.50% annual rate

Projected salary increases 3.50% to 14.25% annual rate

Includes inflation at 3.00% annual rate

Mortality Assumption RP-2000 Mortality Tables (Combined table for healthy post-retirements,

Employee table for active members, and Disabled table for disabled retirees

Before retirement age) with projection to 2018 using Scale AA.

Experience Study Dates July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS – Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	21.1%	5.00%
International Equity	24.8	5.20
Private Equity	7.0	8.20
Core and Global Fixed Income	26.1	1.85
Fixed Income Plus Sectors	5.0	4.80
Real Estate	5.0	5.30
Real Assets	7.0	5.70
Absolute Return	4.0	4.15
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.75% assumed long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF GRADY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the Village's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the Village participates in, under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the single discount rate:

PERA Fund Division	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
General Division	(6.75%)	Discount Rate	(8.75%)
		(7.75%)	
Village's proportionate			
Share of the net pension			
Liability	\$93,741	\$55,058	\$22,895

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY15 Restated PERA financial report. The report is available at: http://www.nmpera.org/publications.html.

Payables to the pension plan. At June 30, 2016, the Village had \$1,415 payables for contributions to the pension plan.

NOTE 13 RETIREE HEALTH CARE ACT CONTRIBUTIONS

The Village has elected not to participate in the Retiree Health Care Act of New Mexico's retiree health care program.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – WATER FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 33,950	\$ 33,950	\$ 23,051	\$ (10,899)
Taxes	600	600	549	(51)
Miscellaneous			7,271	7,271
Total revenues	34,550	34,550	30,871	(10,950)
Expenses				
Current				
Operating expenses	33,326	54,463	29,256	25,207
Fuel and power utilities	-	-	_	_
Non-current				
Debt service	4,476	21,613	16,638	4,975
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	498	(498)
Total expenses	37,802	76,076	46,392	29,684
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,252)	(41,526)	(15,521)	(40,634)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	_	-
Operating transfers out	(4,476)	(21,613)	_	(21,613)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,476)	(21,613)		(21,613)
Net change in fund balances	(7,728)	(63,139)	(15,521)	(62,247)
Cash balances - beginning of year			40,117	
Cash balances - end of year	\$ (7,728)	\$ (63,139)	\$ 24,596	\$ (62,247)
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Budgetary Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other deferr Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepaids and	3	\$ (15,521) 15 4,295		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)			\$ (11,211)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF GRADY

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – SOLID WASTE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 18,900	\$ 18,900	\$ 18,416	\$ (484)	
Taxes	-	-	-	-	
Interest					
Total revenues	18,900	18,900	18,416	(484)	
Expenses					
Current					
Operating expenses	22,563	22,563	15,217	7,346	
Non-current					
Debt service	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay					
Total expenses	22,563	22,563	15,217	7,346	
Excess (deficiency) of reveneues					
over (under) expenditures	(3,663)	(3,663)	3,199	6,862	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in	13,000	13,000	-	13,000	
Operating transfers out		<u> </u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,000	13,000		13,000	
Net change in fund balances	9,337	9,337	3,199	19,862	
Cash balances - beginning of year			3,663		
Cash balances - end of year	\$ 9,337	\$ 9,337	\$ 6,862	\$ 19,862	
Net change in fund blanace (Non-GAAP Budgetary Adjustment to revenues for accruals and other deferr Adjustment to expenditures for payables, prepaids an	S	\$ 3,199			
Net change in fund balance (GAAP Basis)			\$ 3,199		

State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF GRADY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Balance June 30, 2015		Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	
ASSETS						
Elida - Cash	\$	-	\$ 6,789	\$ 6,789	\$	-
Floyd - Cash		-	5,214	5,214		-
San Jon - Cash		-	19,396	19,396		-
Texico - Cash		-	7,339	7,339		
Total assets	\$		\$ 7,339	\$ 7,339	\$	
LIABILITIES						
Due to other entities	\$		\$ 7,339	\$ 7,339	\$	
Total liabilities	\$		\$ 7,339	\$ 7,339	\$	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PENSION LIABILITY

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY June 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF PROPROTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PERA FUND DIVISION – GENERAL

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0050%	0.0050%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$39,005	\$55,058
Covered-employee payroll	\$58,145	\$53,002
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a Percentage of its covered-employee payroll	67.08%	103.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Pension liability	81.29%	81.29%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the State of New Mexico will present information for those years for which information is available.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

June 30, 2016

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Fund Division – General Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$4,303	\$3,922
Contributions in relation to the contractually required	(\$4,303)	(\$3,922)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$58,145	\$53,002
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.4%	7.4%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Changes of benefit terms. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY15 audit available at:

http://www.nmpera.org/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366 Public Employees Retirement Association 2015.pdf.

Changes of assumptions. The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2015 report is available at:

http://www.nmpera.org/pdf/Investments/RetirementFundValuationReports/6-30-2015%20PER%20Valuation%20Report FINAL.pdf.

The summary of Key Findings for the PERA Fund (on page 2 of the report) states "based on a recent experience study for the five year period ending June 30, 2013, the economic and demographic assumptions were updated for this valuation. The changes in assumptions resulted in a decrease of \$30.8 million to Fund liabilities and an increase of 0.13% to the funded ratio. For details about changes in the actuarial assumptions, see Appendix B on page 60 of the report.

OTHER SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

State of New Mexico

VILLAGE OF GRADY

SCHEDULE OF VENDOR INFORMATION

FOR PURCHASES EXCEEDING \$60,000 (excluding GRT)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Did	\$	Ć 4	Physical address	provide	Did the Vendor provide	Brief	If the procurement is attributable to
RFB#/RFP#			Vendor Win	Amount of	\$ Amount of	of vendor	documentation of eligibility for	documentation of eligibility for		a Component Unit. Name of
(If	Type of	Vendor		Awarded	Amended	(City,	in-state	veterans'	1 1	Component
applicable)	Procurement	Name	?	Contract	Contract	State)	preference?	preference?	Work	Unit
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

COMPLIANCE SECTION

CALHOON ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES PO BOX 945 ESTANCIA, NEW MEXICO 87016

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Timothy Keller, State Auditor Wesley Shafer, Mayor Members of the Village Council VILLAGE OF GRADY Vaughn, New Mexico

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Grady (Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and the combining fiduciary funds and related budgetary comparisons of the enterprise funds, presented as supplemental information, and have issued my report thereon dated September 22, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Calhoon Accounting & Tax Services

Calhoon Accounting & Tax Services Estancia, New Mexico September 22, 2016

FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None

State of New Mexico VILLAGE OF GRADY OTHER DISCLOSURES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

AUDITOR PREPARED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Grady and are based on the information from the Village's financial records. Assistance was provided by Calhoon Accounting & Tax Services to the Village in preparing the financial statements and the footnotes for inclusion in the annual audit.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held in the offices of the Village of Grady in Grady, New Mexico on September 22, 2016. The contents of the report were discussed with the following in attendance:

Village of Grady: Wesley Shafer, Mayor Leona Powell, Clerk

Calhoon Accounting & Tax Services: Renea L. Calhoon, CPA