STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM TIER 6 AGREED UPON PROCEDURES REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

Village Council

NAME

TITLE

Penny Brown Terry McNabb Tim Krusi Riley McNabb Dusty Russell Mayor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Councilor

Village Officials

Karen Doherty

Village Clerk/Treasurer



Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Mr. Timothy Keller, State Auditor and the Mayor and Village Council of the Village of Folsom, New Mexico

We have performed the procedures enumerated in the attached schedule of procedures and findings, which were agreed to by the Office of the State Auditor and the Village of Folsom, New Mexico, have specified, listed in the attached schedule, as require by Tier 6 of the Audit Act- Section 12-6-3B(6) NMSA 1978 and Section 2.2.2.16 NMAC for the year ended June 30, 2012. Village of Folsom, New Mexico's management is responsible for the Village's accounting records. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in the report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

Our procedures and findings are included in the attached schedule of procedures, and findings.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We were not engaged to, and did not, conduct an audit, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Village of Folsom, the New Mexico State Auditor's Office, Department of Finance Administration, New Mexico Legislature, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

y Mitchell \$ Co ISP

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP Las Cruces, New Mexico April 21, 2017

509 S. Main, Suite A • P.O. Drawer 550 • Las Cruces, NM 88004 Telephone 575.528.6700 • Facsimile 575.528.6775





1. Revenue Calculation and Tier Determination

Procedure

Verify the local public body's revenue calculation and tier determination documented on the form provided at www.osa.org under "Tiered System Reporting Main Page."

Results of Procedure

The Village of Folsom had revenue of \$381,682; therefore, a Tier 6 agreed upon procedure engagement is required.

2. Cash

Procedures

- a) Determine whether bank reconciliations are being performed in a timely manner and whether all bank and investment statements for the fiscal year are complete and on-hand.
- b) Perform a random test of bank reconciliations for accuracy. Also trace ending balances to the general ledger, supporting documentation, and the financial reports submitted to DFA-Local Governments Division.
- c) Determine whether the local public body's financial institutions have provided it with the 50% of pledged collateral on all uninsured deposits as required by Section 6-10-17 NMSA 1978, NM Public Money Act, if applicable.

Results of Procedures

- a) We obtained the bank statements and corresponding reconciliations for all of the Village's accounts as of June 30, 2012. No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. Bank reconciliations were completed in a timely manner, and all bank statements and reconciliations are complete and on hand.
- b) It was noted that 14 out of 40 reconciliations tested did not tie to the general ledger with a total difference in cash of \$1,224. It was also noted that 12 out of 40 reconciliation's did not tie to the financial reports submitted to the DFA (see finding 2012-001).

2. Cash (continued)

Results of Procedures (Continued)

c) It was noted that the Village was properly collateralized.

3. Capital Assets

Procedure

Verify that the local public body performing a yearly inventory as required by Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978.

Results of Procedure

The Village has no record of the last inventory count and observation completed. (see finding 2012-002)

4. Debt

Procedure

If the local public body has any debt, verify that the required payments were made during the year. If the debt agreement requires reserves, verify that the local public body is in compliance with those requirements.

Results of Procedure

We obtained the annual debt statements, and verified that all payments were made during the year. The Village is in compliance with debt service requirements.

5. Revenue

Procedures

Identify the nature and amount of revenue from sources by reviewing the budget, agreements, rate schedules, and underlying documentation.

a) Perform an analytical review, test actual revenue compared to budgeted revenue for the year for each type of revenue.

Select a sample of revenues based on auditor judgment and test using the following attributes:

- b) Amount recorded in the general ledger agrees to the supporting documentation and the bank statement.
- c) Proper recording of classification, amount, and period per review of supporting documentation and the general ledger. Perform this revenue work on the same accounting basis that the local public body keeps its accounting records on, cash basis, modified accrual basis, or accrual basis.

Results of Procedures

- Actual revenue compared to budgeted revenue for the fiscal year is reasonable and within expectations. The variance analysis for the budgets to actual may be noted in the budgetary analysis in page 12 - 16.
- b) A sample of 5 revenues totaling \$122,525 were tested. No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. Amounts were recorded in the general ledger and agreed with supporting documents and their corresponding bank statements.
- c) A sample of 5 revenues totaling \$122,525 were tested. No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. Amounts were properly recorded on a cash basis as to classification, amount and period per review of supporting documentation.

6. Expenditures

Procedures

Select a sample of cash disbursements based on auditor judgment and test using the following attributes:

- a) Determine that amount recorded as disbursed agrees to adequate supporting documentation. Verify that amount, payee, date and description agree to the vendor's invoice, purchase order, contact and canceled check, as appropriate.
- b) Determine that disbursements were properly authorized and approved in compliance with the budget, legal requirements and established policies and procedures.
- c) Determine that the bid process (or request for proposal process if applicable), purchase orders, contracts and agreements were processed in accordance with the New Mexico Procurement Code (Section 13-1-28 through 13-1-199 NMSA 1978) and State Purchasing Regulations (1.4.1 NMAC) and Regulations Governing the Per Diem and Mileage Act (2.42.2 NMAC).

Results of Procedures

- a) 25 expenditures totaling \$6,772 were tested. No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. The amounts recorded as disbursed agreed to supporting documentation: amount paid, payee date and description agreed with the vendor's invoice, purchase order, contract, and cancelled check, as appropriate.
- b) 25 expenditures totaling \$6,772 were tested. No exceptions were noted as result of this procedure. The disbursements were properly authorized and approved in compliance with the budget, legal requirements, and established policies and procedures, except as otherwise noted in finding (2011-001).
- c) 25 expenditures totaling \$6,772 were tested. No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. The bid process (or request for proposal process, if applicable), purchase orders, contracts and agreements were processed in accordance with the New Mexico Section 13-1-28 through 13-1-99 NMSA 1978) and State Purchasing Section 13-1-28 through 13-1-99 NMSA 1978) and State Purchasing Regulations (1.4.1 NMAC) and Regulations Governing the Per Diem and Mileage Act (2.42.2 NMAC).

7. Journal Entries

Procedures

If non-routine journal entries, such as adjustments or reclassifications, are posted to the general ledger, test significant items for the following attributes:

- a) Journal entries appear reasonable and have supporting documentation.
- b) The local public body has procedures that require journal entries to be reviewed and there is evidence the reviews are being performed.

Results of Procedures

- a) Per inquiry with management and scan through the general ledger, the Village did not conduct any adjusting journal entries.
- b) Per inquiry with management, the Village does not have a review process for adjusting journal entries (see finding 2012-003).

8. Budget

Procedures

Obtain the original fiscal year budget and all budget amendments made throughout the fiscal year and perform the following:

- a) Verify through a review of the minutes and correspondence and subsequent budget adjustments were approved by the local public body's governing body and DFA-LGD.
- b) Determine if the total actual expenditures exceeded the final budgets at the legal level of budgetary control; if so, report a compliance finding.
- c) From the original and final approved budgets and general ledger, prepare a schedule of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual on the budgetary basis used by the local public body (cash, accrual or modified accrual basis) for each individual fund.

8. Budget (Continued)

Results of Procedures

- a) The review of board minutes and letter from the State indicated that the budget and budget adjustments were approved by the board and the DFA.
- b) Total actual expenditures from the general ledger exceeded budgeted amounts by \$197,233 as disclosed in the variance analysis for budget to actual on pages 12 - 16 (see finding 2011-001).
- c) A schedule of revenue and expenses budget and actual were prepared from the Village records on cash budgetary basis on pages 12 16.

9. Capital Outlay Appropriations

Procedures

Request and review all state-funded capital outlay awards, joint powers agreements, correspondence and other relevant documentation for any capital outlay award funds expended by the recipient during the fiscal year. Test all capital outlay expenditures during the fiscal year to:

- a) Determine that the amount recorded as disbursed agrees to adequate supporting documentation. Verify that amount, payee date and description agree to the purchase order, contract, vendor's invoice and canceled check, as appropriate.
- b) Determine that the cash disbursements were properly authorized and approved in accordance with the budget, legal requirements and established policies and procedures.
- c) Determine that the bid process (or request for proposal process is applicable), purchase orders, contracts and agreements were processed in accordance with the New Mexico Procurement Code and State Purchasing Regulations (Section 13-1-28 through 13-1-199 NMSA 1978 and 1.4.1 NMAC).

9. Capital Outlay Appropriations (Continued)

Procedures (Continued)

- d) Determine the physical existence (by observation) of the capital asset based on expenditures to date.
- e) Verify that status reports were submitted to the state agency per terms of agreement and amounts in the status report agree with the general ledger and other supporting documentation.
- f) If the project was funded in advance, determine if the award balance (and cash balance) appropriately reflects the percentage of completion based on the project schedule and expenditures to date.
- g) If the project is complete, determine if there is an unexpended balance and whether it was reverted per statute and agreement with the grantor.
- h) Determine whether cash received for the award was accounted for in a separate fund or separate bank account that is noninterest bearing if so required by the capital outlay award agreement.
- i) Determine whether reimbursement requests were properly supported by costs incurred by the recipient. Determine whether the costs were paid by the local public body prior to the request for reimbursement.

Results of Procedures

- a) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- b) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.

9. Capital Outlay Appropriations (Continued)

Results of Procedures (Continued)

- c) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- d) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- e) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- f) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- g) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- h) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.
- i) No exceptions were noted as a result of this procedure. There were no capital asset appropriations noted.

10. Other

Procedure

If Information comes to the IPA's attention (regardless of materiality) indicating any fraud, illegal acts, noncompliance, or any internal control deficiencies, such instances must be disclosed in the report as required by Section 12-6-6 NMSA 1978. The findings must include the required content per Section 2.2.2.10(1)(3)(C) NMAC.

Results of Procedure

Please refer to the schedule of findings and responses on pages 17 - 22.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR TIER 6 AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Driginal Budget	Final Budget		ctual on Jdgetary Basis	W I F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES: Taxes Intergovernmental income Interest income Charges for services	\$	7,645 38,140 - <u>3,000</u>	\$ 7,645 38,140 - <u>3,000</u>	\$	10,035 87,815 563 2,620	\$	2,390 49,675 563 (380)
Total revenues		48,785	48,785		101,033		52,248
EXPENDITURES: General government Public works Miscellaneous		33,500 7,500 1,000	 33,500 7,500 1,000		107,731 7,493 -		(74,231) 7 1,000
Total expenditures		42,000	 42,000		115,224		(73,224)
Net changes in fund balance		6,785	 6,785		(14,191)		(20,976)
Fund balance - beginning of the year		124,813	 124,813		124,813		_
Fund balance - end of the year	\$	131,598	\$ 131,598	\$	110,622	\$	(20,976)
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis: Net change in fund balance budgeto	ary bo	asis		<u>\$</u>	(14,191)		
Net change in fund balance GAAP basis				\$	(14,191)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR TIER 6 AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Original Budget		Final Budget	 actual on udgetary Basis	v	'ariance vith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental income - state Interest income	\$	102,298	\$	102,298	\$ 217,932 28	\$	115,634 28
Total revenues		102,298		102,298	217,960		115,662
EXPENDITURES: Public safety		82,190		82,190	 165,576		(83,386)
Total expenditures		82,190		82,190	 165,576		(83,386)
Net changes in fund balance		20,108		20,108	52,384		32,276
Fund balance - beginning of the year		72,804		72,804	 72,804		-
Fund balance - end of the year	<u>\$</u>	92,912	\$	92,912	\$ 125,188	\$	32,276
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis: Net change in fund balance budgetary basis					\$ 52,384		
Net change in fund balance GAAP basis					\$ 52,384		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR TIER 6 AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - EMS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Variance

		Driginal Budget	Final Budget		ctual on udgetary Basis	W I	vith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES: Local taxes Charges for services Interest income Federal grants Miscellaneous revenue	\$	24,100 - - 7,996 9,500	\$ 24,100 - - 7,996 9,500	\$	17,099 39,849 12 - -	\$	(7,001) 39,849 12 (7,996) (9,500)
Total revenues		41,596	41,596		56,960		15,364
EXPENDITURES: Public safety		25,206	 25,206		71,050		(45,844)
Total expenditures		25,206	 25,206		71,050		(45,844)
Net changes in fund balance		16,390	 16,390		(14,090)		(30,480)
Fund balance - beginning of the year		59,171	 59,171		59,171		-
Fund balance - end of the year	\$	75,561	\$ 75,561	\$	45,081	<u>\$</u>	(30,480)
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis: Net change in fund balance budge	tary	basis		<u>\$</u>	(14,090)		
Net change in fund balance GAAP basis				\$	(14,090)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR TIER 6 AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ROAD FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Driginal Budget	Final Budget		ctual on udgetary Basis	wi E P	ariance ith Final Sudget ositive egative)
REVENUES: Charges for services Interest income	\$ 5,033 -	\$ 5,033 -	\$	5,712 13	\$	679 13
Total revenues	5,033	5,033		5,725		692
EXPENDITURES: Public safety Public works	 3,000	 3,000 -		- 6,183		3,000 (6,183)
Total expenditures	 3,000	 3,000		6,183		(3,183)
Net changes in fund balance	2,033	2,033		(458)		(2,491)
Fund balance - beginning of the year	 74,107	 74,107		74,107		
Fund balance - end of the year	\$ 76,140	\$ 76,140	\$	73,649	<u>\$</u>	(2,491)
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis: Net change in fund balance budgetary basis			<u>\$</u>	(458)		
Net change in fund balance GAAP basis			\$	(458)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR TIER 6 AGREED- UPON PROCEDURES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - RECREATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Driginal Sudget		Final Budget	-	Actual on udgetary Basis	wi B Po	iriance th Final udget ositive gative)
REVENUES: Miscellaneous revenue	\$ 3	<u>\$</u>	3	<u>\$</u>	4	<u>\$</u>	1
Total revenues	3		3		4		1
EXPENDITURES: Public safety	 8,045		8,404				8,404
Total expenditures	 8,045		8,404		-		8,404
Net changes in fund balance	(8,042)		(8,401)		4		8,405
Fund balance - beginning of the year	 887		887		887		_
Fund balance - end of the year	\$ (7,155)	\$	(7,514)	\$	891	\$	8,405
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to GAAP basis: Net change in fund balance budgetary basis				<u>\$</u>	44		
Net change in fund balance GAAP basis				\$	4		

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS:

2007-003 (07-3)	Late Audit Report - Material Weakness	Repeated						
2008-001 (08-1)	Department of Labor - Material Weakness	Resolved						
2008-003 (08-3)	Failure to File Tax Form 941 - Material Weakness	Resolved						
2008-004 (08-4)	SAS 115 Compliance Superseded SAS 112 - Material Weakness	Resolved						
2010-001 (10-1)	Paid Invoices Have Not Been Properly Defaced - Material Weakness	Resolved						
2010-002 (10-2)	Backups of the Computer Data - Material Weakness	Resolved						
2010-003 (10-3)	Misclassification of Accounts - Significant Deficiency	Resolved						
2011-001 (11-1)	Actual Expenditures Exceed the Approved Budgets - Material Weakness	Revised and Repeated						
CURRENT YEAR FI	CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS:							
2012-001	Cash - Significant Deficiency							

- 2012-002 Capital Assets Other Noncompliance
- 2012-003 Journal Entries Significant Deficiency

Late Audit Report - Compliance and Internal Control (2007-003) (07-3) - Significant
Deficiency

CONDITION	The audit report was not submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by the December 1st deadline. The Village has set forth a plan to catch up on audits by June 2016.
CRITERIA	Village audits are to be submitted to the State Auditor by December 1 as required by NMAC 2.2.2.9A.
CAUSE	Due to change in personnel and elected officials the audit process had fallen behind. Village hired IPA to catch up the Village with no success. Contact with the IPA became vary scarce to non-existent.
EFFECT	Those relying on the financial statements including but not limited to the NM Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) and Local Government Division (LGD) did not have audited financial statements to facilitate their oversight function.
RECOMMENDATION	We recommend for the Village to catch up on all audits prior to the due date of the next upcoming audit.
RESPONSE	Management has contracted accounting firm to assist the Village to catch up. Field work has concluded for the following years audit and will submit in the near future.

EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE: June 30, 2017

EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBLE: Village Clerk

Actual Expenditures Exceeded the Approved Budgets (2011-001) (11-1) - Material Weakness

CONDITION The actual expenditures incurred in several funds were greater than the budgeted expenditures. The Village did not submit a corrected budget. No progress has been noted in correcting the issue.

Fund	Budget Expenses	Actual Expenses	Difference
General Fund Fire Fund EMS Fund Road Fund	\$ 42,000 82,190 25,206 3,000	\$ 115,224 165,576 71,050 6,183	\$ 73,224 83,386 45,844 3,183
Totals	<u>\$ 152,396</u>	<u>\$ 358,033</u>	<u>\$ 205,637</u>

- **CRITERIA** The local government is required to make corrections, revisions and amendments to the proposed budgets to meet the requirements of the law. (NMSA 1978 Section 6- 6-2-0).
- **CAUSE** Village personnel have not had training in the use of controls and reconciliations to ensure accuracy in budgetary control processes.
- **EFFECT** The Village is at risk of unknowingly exceeding the approved budget.
- **RECOMMENDATION** We recommend that the Village provide accounting personnel with training in the use of controls and reconciliation's to accurately monitor the approved budget.
- **RESPONSE** Management is in the process of implementing procedures to correct this finding.

EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE: June 30, 2017

EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBLE: Village Clerk

Cash (2012-001) - Significant Deficiency

CONDITION	It was noted that 14 out of 40 reconciliation tested did not tie to the to the general ledger with a total difference in cash of \$1,224. It was also noted that 12 out of 40 reconciliations did not tie to the financial reports submitted to the DFA.
CRITERIA	Per Section 6-10-2 NMSA 1978, it is the duty of every public official or agency of this state that receives or disburses public money to maintain a cash record in which is entered daily, in detail, all items of receipts and disbursements of public money. The cash record shall be balanced daily so as to show the balance of public money on hand at the close of each day's business.
CAUSE	Village failed to maintain accurate reconciliations, resulting from being understaffed.
EFFECT	Incorrect reconciliations may result in increase risk for error, fraud, waste, or abuse.
RECOMMENDATION	It is recommended that the Village review the reconciliation process, and establish internal controls to mitigate the risk of error. Reconciliations should be reviewed and approved by management.
RESPONSE	The Village is reviewing the process to ensure reconciliation are completed.
EXPECTED COMPLETION	DATE: June 30, 2017 EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBLE: Village Clerk

Capital Assets (2012-002) - Other Noncompliance

- **CONDITION** The Village has no records of any fixed asset listing or of the last inventory count.
- **CRITERIA** NMSA 1978, Section 12-6-10 states "the governing authority of each agency shall, at the end of each fiscal year, conduct a physical inventory of movable chattels and equipment costing more than \$5,000 and under the control of the governing authority. This inventory shall include all movable chattels and equipment procured through the capital program fund under Section 15-3B-16 NMSA 1978, which are assigned to the agency designated by the director of the facilities management division of the general services department as the user agency. The inventory shall list the chattels and equipment and the date and cost of acquisition. Upon completion the inventory shall be certified by the governing authority as to correctness".

GASB 34 requires movements to report general infrastructure assets in the Statement of Net Position. State law requires an annual inventory of capital assets be performed. Section 12-6-10, NMSA 1978, requires each agency to conduct an annual physical inventory of movable chattels and equipment on the inventory list at the end of each fiscal year.

- **CAUSE** The Village failed to conduct an inventory count.
- **EFFECT** Lack of inventory counts can cause an incorrect representation of capital assets.
- **RECOMMENDATION** It is recommended that the Village conduct a capital asset inventory count yearly.
- **RESPONSE** The Village plans to do physical observation of inventory on a yearly basis.

EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE: June 30, 2017

EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBLE: Village Clerk

Journal Entries (2012-003) - Significant Deficiency

- **CONDITION** During journal entry testwork performed, it was noted that the Village does not have a review and approval process in place for the recording of manual journal entries. The Village is attempting to hire an employee that can prepare journal entries in order to have the Village Clerk review and approve journal entries.
- **CRITERIA** NMAC 2.20.5.8 states that each local body shall establish and maintain an internal control structure to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of general purpose financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The internal control structure shall include written administrative controls. The entity should establish sufficient internal controls over journal entries and other adjustments.
- CAUSE The Village has limited staffing resources, thus has not implemented an approval process over adjustments to mitigate the risk of management override
- **EFFECT** There may be unauthorized adjustments made, leaving room for error and management override.
- **RECOMMENDATION** We recommend that the Village implement a review and approval process for journal entries and other adjustments to mitigate the risk of management override or financial statement manipulation.
- **RESPONSE** The Village will implement policies and procedures over the accounting process including adjusting journal entries.

EXPECTED COMPLETION DATE: June 30, 2017

EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBLE: Village Clerk

An entrance conference was conducted March 6, 2017 in a closed meeting of the Village of Folsom pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

New Mexico Office of the State Auditor

Sanjay Batka Antonio Medina

Village of Folsom

Penny Brown Terry McNabb Barbara Scoonover Derek Karr Brisenth Doherty Deputy State Auditor Procurement Officer

Mayor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Clerk/Treasurer

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Dahlia Garcia, CPA

Senior, Audit Department

An exit conference was conducted April 12, 2017 in a closed meeting of the Village of Folsom pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

Village of Folsom

Penny Brown Barbara Scoonover Brisenth Doherty

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Juan Garcia

Mayor Village Councilor Village Clerk/Treasurer

Staff II, Audit Department

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' COMPILATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 TABLE OF CONTENTS

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

Village Council

NAME

TITLE

Penny Brown Tim Krusi Riley McNabb Dusty Russell Mayor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Councilor

Village Officials

Karen Doherty

Village Clerk/Treasurer



Donald A. Beasley, CPA, Partner Christine Wright, CPA, Partner Beth Fant, EA, Partner Brad Beasley, CPA, Partner

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' COMPILATION REPORT

Mr. Timothy Keller, State Auditor and the Mayor and Village Council of the Village of Folsom, New Mexico

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Folsom, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor was were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that on page 22 through page 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. This information is the representation of management. This information was subject to our compilation engagement, however, we have not audited or reviewed the required supplementary information and, accordingly, do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on such information.





Management has elected to omit the statement of cash flows, government-wide financial statements, and notes related to the government-wide financial statements required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. If the omitted statement of cash flows, government-wide financial statements, and related note disclosures were included in the financial statements, they might influence the user's conclusions about the Village's financial position, respective changes in financial position, and cash flows. Accordingly, the financial statements are not designed for those who are not informed about such matters.

Beasley Mitchell \$ Co for

Beasley, Mitchell & Co. Las Cruces, New Mexico April 21, 2017 GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund		Fire Fund		EMS Fund		 Road Fund		Recreation Fund		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	121,566 -	\$	124,835 353	\$	45,081 -	\$ 73,649 -	\$	891 -	\$	366,022 353	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	121,566	\$	125,188	\$	45,081	\$ 73,649	\$	891	\$	366,375	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accrued payroll	<u>\$</u>	10,944	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	10,944_	
Total liabilities		10,944		-		-	-		-		10,944	
FUND BALANCES: Restricted, reported in: General fund Special revenue funds Unassigned, reported in: General fund		8,907 - 101,715		- 125,188 -		- 45,081 -	- 73,649 -		- 891 -		8,907 244,809 101,715	
Total fund balances		110,622		125,188		45,081	 73,649		891		355,431	
Total liabilities, and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	121,566	\$	125,188	\$	45,081	\$ 73,649	\$	891	\$	366.375	

See independent accountants' compilation report and accompanying notes to financial statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund		Fire Fund		EMS Fund			Road Fund		ecreation Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental income -	\$	10,035	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,488	\$	-	\$	15,523
state Charges for services		53,545 2,620		217,932		17,099 16,788		-		-		288,576 19,408
Interest income Miscellaneous		563 34,270		- 28		12 23,061		- 237		- 4		844 57,331
Total revenues		101,033		217,960		56,960		5,725		4		381,682
EXPENDITURES General government Public safety Public works Interest		107,731 - 7,493 -		- 160,325 - 5,251		- 71,050 - -		- 6,183 - -		- - - -		107,731 237,558 7,493 5,251
Total expenditures		115,224		165,576		71,050		6,183				358,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(14,191)		52,384		(14,090)		(458)		4		23,649
Net change in fund balance		(14,191)		52,384		(14,090)		(458)		4		23,649
Fund balance at beginning of year		124,813		72,804		59,171		74,107		887		331,782
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$</u>	110,622	\$	125,188	\$	45,081	\$	73,649	\$	891	\$	355,431

See independent accountants' compilation report and accompanying notes to financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM SELECTED INFORMATION-SUBSTANTIALLY ALL NOTE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES GENERAL ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES NOT INCLUDED AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Folsom (the "Village") have been prepared in accordance with General Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements. Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued after November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Village of Folsom was incorporated under the laws of the State of New Mexico during 1915. The Village operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (fire), highways and streets, sanitation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative service matters.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Village is considered a primary government, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, set rates or charges and issue bonded debt.

The Village has no component units, defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected Village members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Village Council Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Village has a significant relationship.

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM SELECTED INFORMATION-SUBSTANTIALLY ALL NOTE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES GENERAL ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES NOT INCLUDED AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The Village has presented the following governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Village not encompassed within other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Fire Fund - To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village Fire Department. Financing is primarily from State grants. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions. (NMSA 59A-53-1)

EMS Fund - To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village EMS Department. Financing is primarily from an annual EMS allotment and fees collected for emergency transportation.

Road Fund - To account for the operation and maintanance of the streets in the Village. Financing is provided by a gasoline tax.

Recreation Fund - To account for recreational services.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e. when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM SELECTED INFORMATION-SUBSTANTIALLY ALL NOTE DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES GENERAL ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES NOT INCLUDED AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (Continued)

"available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Village considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 30 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for service, interest income, and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

The specific revenue recognition policy for property taxes are recognized when levied, derived tax revenue (such as gross receipts tax) are recognized when the underlying transaction takes place, and grants are recognized when all of the eligibility requirements have been met.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, licenses, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Gross Receipts taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents -The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less form the date of acquisition.

The Village is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

Investments - All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the Village may be invested in:

(a) bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or Village which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding; or

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

(b) securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government; or

(c) in contracts with banks, savings and loan associations, or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation as being the property of the investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with investment.

Prepaid Items - Prepaid balances are for payments made by the Village in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for their subsequent expenditures.

Receivables and Payables - Receivables include property taxes, interfund loans that are expected to be paid back and amount due from state government agencies related to various grant agreements. Payables represent routine monthly bills for services rendered and products purchased and accrued salaries and benefits.

Property Taxes - The County collects the Village's share of property taxes assessed. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Tax notices are sent by the County treasurer to property owners by November 1st of each year to be paid in whole or in two installments by November 10th and April 10th of each year. The County collects such taxes and distributes them to the Village on a monthly basis. The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues for the budget presentation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Restricted Funds - Restricted assets for the Village include utility customer deposits reflected in the business-type funds. These assets may only be expended for the specific purposes as noted, due to externally imposed provisions of the agreements with utility customers.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (with no salvage value). Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The construction period interest is not capitalized in the proprietary funds.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings, Improvements and Infrastructure Equipment	20 - 50
Equipment	3-15

Use of Restricted Funds - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenue - The policy for defining the proprietary fund's operating revenues and expenses is how individual transactions would be categorized for purposes of preparing a statement of cash flows. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities normally are not reported as components of operating income.

Compensated Absences - The Village does not provide for vacation or sick leave benefits.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Deferred Inflows - Within the governmental funds, revenues must be available in order to be recognized. Revenues such as real estate taxes that are not available are recorded as deferred inflows and reflected within the balance sheet.

Net Position - The government-wide activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category reflects net position of the Village, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Fund Balance - In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes amounts to be held in perpetuity.

Restricted - Fund balance should be reported when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

a. Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or

b. Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation, as the term is used in this Statement, authorizes the government to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that a government can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary-to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Unassigned - fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The Village's policy is to apply restricted resources first, committed sources second, assigned resources third, and unassigned resources last when an expense is incurred for purposes for which all or any fund balance classification is available.

Inter-Fund Transactions - Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other inter-fund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. All other inter-fund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. That Statement supersedes Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Statement No. 62 is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, with early application encouraged. The objective of this statement is to provide non-conflicting pronouncements between FASB and GASB. The Village is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statement, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statement for the upcoming year.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Implementation of New Accounting Standards (Continued)

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and net Position, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to provide financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Concepts Statement 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in

Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The Village is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statement, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statement for the upcoming year.

In June 2011, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 64 Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2011. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to clarify whether an effective hedging relationship continues after the replacement of a swap counterparty or a swap counterparty's credit support provider. This Statement sets forth criteria that establish when the effective hedging relationship continues and hedge accounting should continue to be applied. The Village is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statement, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statement for the upcoming year.

In March 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

reporting by clarifying the appropriate use of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to ensure consistency in financial reporting. The Village is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statement, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statement for the upcoming year.

In March 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 66 Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, and No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. The Village is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statement, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statement for the upcoming year.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets for the Village are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by the Council Members and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. Once the budget has been formally approved, the Village Council Members and the Department of Finance and Administration must also approve any amendments. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be reappropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Proprietary Funds.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

The Village is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated for expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures.

Since accounting principals applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year-ended June 30, 2012 is presented.

Budgetary Control

1. Prior to June 1, the Village's Clerk-Treasurer submits the budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted in May and June to obtain taxpayers comments.

2. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance and then must be approved by Local Government Division of the State Department of Finance and Administration.

3. The Village Council is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the State Department of Finance and Administration.

4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.

5. The level of budget authority is at the fund level.

3. CASH AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

New Mexico State Statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more bank or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the Village. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given

3. CASH AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

by the financial institution. The rate of interest in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities which are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions

The Village maintains cash in one financial institution within Clayton, New Mexico. The Village's deposits are carried at cost.

As of June 30, 2012, the amount of cash reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the financial institution because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks. A summary of the reconciliation is as follows:

	A i	mount Per Bank		Plus DIT	0	utstanding Checks	Balance Per Books
Farmers & Stockmen's Bank NMFA	\$	370,578 353	\$	46,559 	\$	51,115 -	\$ 366,022 <u>353</u>
Total Cash		370,931	_	46,559	_	51,115	366,375
Balance Sheet: Cash Restricted cash			\$	366,022 <u>353</u>			
Total			\$	366.375			

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories quated to the carrying value by the Village.

3. CASH AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions (Continued)

All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statute, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the Village carrying value of the deposits (demand and certificates of deposit). Such collateral, as permitted by the state statutes is held in each respective depository bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds with the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

	Farmers & Stockmen's Bank		
Amount held in bank June 30, 2012 Less NMFA loan proceeds Less FDIC insurance	\$	370,931 353 250,000	
Uninsured public funds 50% Collateral requirements (Section 6-10-17 NMSA-1978)		120,578 60,289	
Pledged securities		100,572	
Over (under) collateralized	<u>\$</u>	40,283	

A detailed listing of the pledged collateral is contained in the supplemental financial information section of this report. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are owned by the public unit. Demand, time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing money market accounts at a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2012, none of the Village's bank balance of \$370,931 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the Village's primary government for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Covernment activities:	Beginning Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance	
Government activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,980</u>	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,980			3,980	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Infastructure Buildings Equipment	12,000 167,101 <u>1,291,200</u>	- - -	- -	12,000 167,101 <u>1,291,200</u>	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,470,301			1,470,301	
Total capital assets	1,474,281			1,474,281	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment	12,000 69,211 480,787	- 4,815 56,162		12,000 74,026 536,949	
Total accumulated depreciation	561,998	60,977		622,975	
Total other capital assets, net	<u>\$ 912,283</u>	<u>\$ 60.977</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 851,306</u>	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Public safety Public works	\$ (121,800) 59,586 1,237
Total depreciation expense	\$ (60,977)

5. **PROPERTY TAXES**

Union County collects the Village's share of property taxes assessed. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Tax notices are sent by the County treasurer to property owners by November 1st of each year to be paid in whole or in two installments by November 10th and April 10th of each year. The County collects such taxes and distributes them to the Village on a monthly basis. The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues for the budget presentation.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters.

To manage these risks the Village participates as a member of the New Mexico Self Insurer's Fund, a pooled joint powers Insurance Authority. The Authority is administered by the New Mexico Municipal League, a nonprofit, comprised of 103 public entities. The Authority is organized under joint powers agreements as provided by Section 11-1-1 et. Seq, NMSA, 1978. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other coverage. Each member government participates in the election of Board of Directors, who appoints the Insurance Board of Trustees. Insurance premiums paid to the Authority for fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$29,018.

Tort claims are generally limited by the Tort Claims Act, Section 41-4-1 et. Seq, NMSA, 1978. The Village retains some risk for coverage which may be less than the tort claims limitation. Certain claims relating to certain public construction, operation of motor vehicles, building maintenance and certain health care activities are exempt from the Act.

Surety Bond: The officials and certain employees of the Village are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 12- 6-7, NMSA, 1978 Compilation.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through April 21, 2017 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITORIES AS OF JUNE 30, 2012

		Ar	nount Per			С	outstanding	Вс	lance Per
_	Туре		Bank	F	Plus DIT		Checks		Books
Farmers and Stockmen's Bank									
General Fund	СК	\$	80,514	\$	23,061	\$	26,263	\$	77,312
General Fund	CD		44,254		-		-		44,254
EMS Fund	СК		45,764		23,061		23,744		45,081
Fire Protection	СК		125,943		-		1,108		124,835
Road Fund	СК		50,063		437		-		50,500
Road Fund	CD		23,149		-		-		23,149
Recreation Fund	СК		891		-		-		891
NMFA	SV		353		-		-		353
Total		\$	370,931	\$	46,559	\$	51,115	\$	366,375

Type: CK= Checking SV= Savings CD= Certificate of Deposit

	armers & ockmen's Bank
Amount held in bank June 30, 2012 Less NMFA loan proceeds Less FDIC Insurance	\$ 370,931 353 250,000
Uninsured Public Funds	 120,578
50% Collateral Requirements (Section 6-10-17 NMSA-1978) Pledged Securities	 60,289 100,572
Over (Under) Collateralized	\$ 40,283

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The financial statements of the Village of Folsom as of, and for the year ended, June 30, 2012 were prepared by Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP, with the aid of responsible Village personnel. Official responsible personnel agree that the presentations are made with their knowledge and agreement.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF FOLSOM ENTRANCE AND EXIT CONFERENCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

An entrance conference was conducted March 6, 2017 in a closed meeting of the Village of Folsom pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

Village of Folsom

Pennie Brown Terry McNabb Barbara Scoonover Derek Karr Brisenth Doherty Mayor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Councilor Village Clerk/Treasurer

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Dahlia Garcia, CPA

Senior, Audit Department

An exit conference was conducted April 12, 2017 in a closed meeting of the Village of Folsom pursuant to Section 12-6-5 NMSA, 1978 with the following individuals in attendance:

Village of Folsom

Pennie Brown Barbara Scoonover Brisenth Doherty Mayor Village Councilor Village Clerk/Treasurer

Beasley, Mitchell & Co., LLP

Juan Garcia

Staff II, Audit Department