

CITY OF FARMINGTON NEW MEXICO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared By: Administrative Services Department – Finance Division Brooke Quintana, Controller Sheree Wilson, Enterprise Accountant Sarah Talley, Staff Accountant II Michelle Bedonie, Staff Accountant II Ross DeVargas, Staff Accountant I Natasha Arthur, Staff Accountant I

With Special Thanks To: Teresa C. Emrich, Administrative Services Director - Acting



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



November 26, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council Members, and Citizens of the City of Farmington, New Mexico:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within five months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Farmington for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Farmington. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Farmington has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Farmington's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Farmington's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, has audited the City of Farmington's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Farmington, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Farmington's financial statements, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Farmington was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. This information is presented in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter

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of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Farmington's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Farmington is located in the northwest corner of the State of New Mexico in what is commonly called the Four Corners area (see map on page xv). The City was originally incorporated in 1901 and has a current land area of 35.0 square miles and serves a population of 44,788. The government is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. However, the majority of City revenue is generated by a local option and state shared Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) collected by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department on most business services and sales of tangible personal property. A portion of the State's share of this tax (1.225%) plus local municipal option components are then distributed back to the municipality by the Department on a monthly basis.

As of June 30, 2019, the total in-city GRT rate was 8.25% and includes the City's local option taxes in the amount of 2.0625%. Together with the 1.225% State share, the City's tax rate amounts to 3.2875%. Another 0.0625% in local option tax authority is available to the City and is described in more detail in the "Financial Picture" section below, but as of June 30, 2019, this option had not been imposed. The City adopted Ordinance 2018-1312 on August 21, 2018 to impose 0.25% general purposes, 0.125% public safety purposes, and 0.125% public works purposes gross receipts tax. Also adopted on August 21, 2018, was Ordinance 2018-1313, imposing the final 0.125% of the hold harmless gross receipts tax available to the City. All new tax increments become effective January 1, 2019.

The City of Farmington has operated under the council/manager form of government since 1965. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the Mayor and four Council members. The City Council's responsibilities include adopting ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing the City Manager, City Clerk, City Treasurer, and the City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and appointing directors of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with two Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The four Council members are elected by district and the Mayor is elected at large.

The City of Farmington provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; the construction, operation, and maintenance of electric, water, and wastewater systems; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, parks, and other infrastructure; and recreational activities, libraries, museums, and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Farmington's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Farmington are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager on or before the last day in February each year. The City Manager evaluates department requests and subsequently develops a proposed budget. The City Manager presents the proposed budget to the Council for review prior to May 10. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a preliminary budget by June 1 and a final budget no later than July 31 of each year. The City of Farmington's fiscal year begins July 1 of each year and ends on June 30. The appropriated budget is prepared according to fund, function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. police). Department directors may make transfers of appropriations within a fund and between their divisions. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 26 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds, internal service fund, and enterprise funds sections of this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Farmington operates.

Local economy

Farmington is a Sun Belt city and marked by a local economy that has historically been based on the natural resources extractive industry, two large coal-fired electric generating stations, and the City's geographical position as a regional retail center catering to a retail trade market population base of more than 350,000. The City's population more than doubles on weekends as shoppers from the Navajo Nation and other regional neighborhoods flock into town. The City's average of 273 sunny days per year means that outdoor activities can be enjoyed year-round.

Historically, the local economy has fluctuated in cycles that correspond to the price of oil and particularly natural gas. Natural gas prices have remained low through FY2019 and the local natural gas industry continues in a depressed state. Crude oil prices have risen moderately, compared to the fourteen-year low experienced in FY2016 and natural gas reached a record low of \$2.40 per BTU in June, 2019, a notable decrease compared to the high for FY2019 of \$4.09 per BTU from November, 2019. Crude oil prices, based on the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) market, dropped from \$70.98 a barrel in July 2018 to \$51.38 a barrel by January 2019, and rose slightly to \$57.35 by July 1, 2019 while natural gas prices, according to the Nymex Henry Hub, decreased moderately from \$2.83 per BTU to \$2.37 per BTU during the same time period.

The Farmington, NM, unemployment rate began FY2019 at 6.5% and ended FY2019 at 6.3%, noticeably higher than both the State of New Mexico rate of 4.9% and the national unemployment rate of 3.7% in June, 2019 according to the New Mexico Department of Workforce Solutions. The Bureau of Labor Statistics reported numbers for unemployment increased from 2,887 at the start of FY2019 to 2,942 at the end of FY2019. By way of comparison, the unemployment number was 3,625 at the beginning of FY2018. The New Mexico Department of Workforce Solutions reported that the Farmington MSA nonagricultural employment was up 100 jobs, or 0.2%. There was a loss of 200 jobs, or 1.8%, in the public sector, which was offset by a gain of 300 jobs, or 0.8%, in the private sector. The goods-producing industry of the private sector reported a gain of 500 jobs, or 5.2%, while the private service-providing industries were down 200 jobs, or 0.7%. All over-the-year employment change in the public sector came from local government, which was down 200 jobs, or 2.2%.

In 2004, the U.S. Office of Management and Budget designated Farmington as the central city of the Farmington-San Juan County Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). MSAs have at least one urbanized area with a population of at least 50,000. The MSA designation qualifies Farmington for various federal entitlement programs and, more importantly, increases the visibility of Farmington in various national economic databases that should highlight the desirability of Farmington as a potential business location.

There are 384 MSAs in the U.S. that are annually ranked according to economic strength by POLICOM Corporation, an independent economic research firm specializing in analyzing local and state economies. POLICOM addresses the condition of an economy from the viewpoint of its impact upon the "standard of living" of the people who live and work in an area. The highest ranked areas have had rapid, consistent growth in both size and quality for an extended period of time. The lowest ranked areas have been in volatile decline for an extended period of time. An MSA's economic strength is measured according to earnings, jobs, and wages for all workers, personal income per capita, per capita earnings by residence, etc. According to recent data, Farmington is ranked 317 for its relative economic strength when compared to all 384 MSAs. In the prior year, Farmington was ranked 310 out of 383 MSAs.

Major employers include the regional medical center, four public school districts, a community college, city and county local governments, a coal mining operation, two electrical power generation plants, two Wal-Mart superstores, Sam's Club, and various oil and gas companies. Additionally, the Farmington community continues to attract new businesses with Fly High Trampoline park opening in summer of

2019. Verizon plans to open a new store on east main; plans are in the permitting stage. La Quinta Inn & Suites plans to build an 88 room 4-story hotel, also on the east side of town, with construction set to begin in FY2020. The project is currently in the permitting phase. Construction is also underway on the east side of Farmington for an additional DaVita Dialysis Center. An existing facility will remain open on the west side of Farmington to serve the public. Also, plans currently under review include a new Planet Fitness to be located on the east side of Farmington. The continued interest and expansion in the region bodes well for the local economy's future.

The City has embraced its regional role as a way to prevent further financial chaos stemming from the boom-and-bust cycle of the oil and gas industry. In 2010, for every tax dollar the City lost when the industry crashed, all other sectors declined by 50 percent as well. In FY2019, the gross receipts tax collections in the mining, oil, and gas sector experienced an 8% increase over the prior year. With the oil and gas sector recovering, the City is seeing other sectors up by 4.9 percent on average. This trend shows a healthy transition away from reliance on a single, volatile source of revenue, into a well-diversified municipality.

Financial picture

The City's largest revenue stream for the general fund is gross receipts tax revenue (GRT) which comprises 70% of the City's FY2019 general fund total revenue sources. Overall, the gross receipts tax revenue (GRT) in FY2019 decreased 0.9% over FY2018. The financial impact of the production of oil and gas in the Farmington area was reflected in the moderate increase in GRT generated by the mining, oil, and gas industry sector, which rose by 8% in FY2019 as compared to FY2018. One industry sector that showed rising GRT trends was the professional, scientific, and technical sector which produced a 14% increase in GRT. The wholesale trade service sector also rose 10% as compared to FY2018, while the accommodations and food services sector experienced an 8% rise in GRT, reflecting the continuing development of popular hotel chains and restaurants expansion to the Farmington area. The retail sector, which gained a modest 3% in FY2019, comprises 40% of Farmington's total GRT. The construction sector experienced a slight decrease in GRT of 4%, as a result of the completion of large construction projects within the City such as Farmington High School. Also experiencing an industry gain in FY2019 was in the manufacturing industry sector which increased a moderate 5% as compared to FY2018, along with the healthcare and assistance sector, which also experienced a 5% gain.

During FY2019, the 932 building permits issued represented a decrease of 9.6% from FY2018 permits. With respect to building permit valuations, the \$25.8 million in FY2019 valuations totaled a \$9.8 million decrease or 27.4% fall from FY2018. Timing differences between permits issued for several major construction projects in FY2019 as compared to the actual construction GRT paid by contractors accounts for the disparity between permits issued and GRT collected.

A major challenge facing the City in the coming years is preparation and planning for the reduction of gross receipts tax (GRT) revenue. This pending revenue reduction is the result of legislation that was passed by the New Mexico Legislature in 2013 and referred to as the repeal of the gross receipts tax "hold harmless" provision. In 2004, the State of New Mexico removed food sales and certain medical services from the gross receipts tax base. Also included in the legislation was the provision that local governments would be "held harmless" by this action and the State would reimburse local governments monthly for the loss of GRT on food sales and medical services. However, the reimbursement to local governments was removed by legislation passed in 2013 and, beginning in July 2015, the "hold harmless" distributions to the City of Farmington began phasing out over a period of 15 years. For fiscal years 2015 - 2019, annual reductions of 6% per year will be incurred in a cumulative manner. Subsequently, 7% annual cumulative reductions will be incurred in fiscal years 2020 – 2029 which will result in a 100% reduction by FY2029. GRT on food sales and medical services currently represents 11.9% of all GRT received by the City or approximately \$6.3 million annually. Consequently, beginning in July 2015, the City began budgeting a reduction in GRT revenue. The first year actual reductions were \$309K, the second year were \$646K, and the third year were \$1.0 million. The fourth year (FY2019) reductions were \$1.3 million and for the fifth year (FY2020) they are forecasted to be \$1.7 million. Reductions will continue to increase until year fifteen (15) when the annual loss will total \$7.4

million or possibly greater, depending on the local economy, and when ignoring inflation. The cumulative loss over the 15 year period will amount to almost \$51 million. Nevertheless, the 2013 legislation also granted local governments three (3) new one-eighth percent (1/8%) "hold harmless" GRT increments that local governments could impose on the remaining tax base to "cover" the loss of the hold harmless reimbursements. For the City of Farmington, a one-eighth percent (1/8%) increment generates \$2.2 million in GRT revenue, but would eventually require the imposition of all three increments to fully cover the \$7.4 million loss. In order to cover the beginning and continuing loss of the "hold harmless" revenue, the City Council took action and imposed two of the 1/8% increments, effective January 1, 2016. The final 1/8% hold harmless increment was imposed in FY2019, effective January 1, 2019.

Long-term financial planning

In FY2011, the City Council formally adopted a cash reserve policy for the City's general fund whereby funds exceeding a threshold equal to 2¹/₂ months of the annual expenditure budget would be transferred to a capital projects fund. In FY2016, the City Council approved amending the general fund cash reserve policy by modifying the "prudent cash reserve" level from 20.8% of the annual expenditures budget to 16.7% (two months of expenditures) of the annual expenditure budget. In FY2012, FY2013, FY2014, FY2015 and FY2016 surplus amounts of \$3.6 million, \$4.1 million, \$2.9 million, \$3.2 million, and \$5.9 million respectively, were transferred from the general fund to the governmental capital projects fund (fund 408) with the City Council approving and appropriating funding for a number of specific projects. The projects have included replacing a fire engine truck, roof replacements for several city buildings, downtown improvements, paving at the municipal operations center, street paving, fire facilities equipment, police facilities improvements, airport taxiway maintenance, upgrading city-wide communication equipment, baseball stadium renovation, vehicle replacements, storm drainage improvements, metropolitan redevelopment area improvements, and constructing fiber optic connectivity to various city facilities. In accordance with the revised cash reserve policy, after the FY2016, FY2017, and FY2018 final cash balances were determined, there were no funds available to transfer to the General Governmental Capital Projects Fund for FY2017, FY2018, or FY2019 use. Thus, the cash balance in the Governmental Capital Projects Fund dropped from \$2.3 million in FY2016 to \$1.2 million in FY2017, down to \$885K in FY2018, and \$175K in FY2019 as cash reserves were utilized for necessary capital outlays throughout the year.

In FY2018, the City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the issuance of \$7,420,000 State Shared GRT Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 for the advance refunding of the \$6,995,000 outstanding Series 2012 Sales Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds were deposited into an escrow fund at the Bank of Albuquerque to purchase State and Local Government Securities ("SLG's") for use in redeeming the City's 2012 maturities as they become due and on the call date of June 1, 2021.

Also in FY2018, the City entered into an additional loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the issuance of \$16,600,000 State Shared GRT Tax Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 for both the current refunding of the \$1,020,000 outstanding Series 2005 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds and for new City projects. Bond proceeds from the Series 2018 GRT Improvement portion of the bonds were intended for the following: purchase of a fire engine (\$550K) and ladder truck (\$1.2M), improvements to the City trail system (\$1.0M), Civic Center improvements (\$500K), Aquatic Facility improvements (\$500K), Complete Streets downtown revitalization project (\$5.6M), and construction of a new outdoor water park (\$7.0M) – Bisti Bay at Brookside Park (featured on the cover of the FY2018 CAFR). Additional information regarding these new projects may be found in the following paragraphs.

In FY2017, the City entered into two loan agreements with the New Mexico Finance Authority for funding the \$10,165,000 Gross Receipts Tax Civic Center Improvement Revenue Bonds and \$4,743,999 Taxable Gross Receipts Tax Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds (QECB). With the goal of creating a financing plan for improvements to the City's civic center, in FY2015 the City Council approved the passage of a convention center fee which imposes a \$2.50 fee per room night on vendees for the use of lodging facilities. The new revenue generated \$871K in FY2016, \$750K in FY2017, \$809K in FY2018,

and \$754K in FY2019. The convention center fee revenue was pledged along with State shared GRT in financing the new Civic Center debt and will be used to cover the annual debt service payments. Initial design and architectural plans for the expansion of the Civic Center began in FY2017, with construction commencing in FY2018 and adding an outdoor event area, making improvements to the theater, and expanding meeting spaces. Improvements also include renovation of the kitchen facility and replacing plumbing and electrical systems. The Civic Center project will be completed and fully operational in FY2020.

The City participated in an energy audit in FY2016, in which every city building was assessed to determine what its energy uses were and what technology could be installed that would pay for itself in the long run. Based on the results of the energy audit, along with the new QECB debt financing in FY2017, the City began improvements on 23 of the 100-plus City-owned facilities in the form of upgrades and replacements to old energy and power units in an effort to save energy and money. Improvements were set to include installing LED lighting, new energy-efficient boilers, and automatic "smart meter" controls for heating and air conditioning. The upgrades are estimated to result in a projected 30 percent energy savings overall. The QECB pledge is based on State shared GRT and will be paid back by long-term energy savings. The company overseeing the project, Engle Services US Inc, guaranteed an energy and maintenance cost savings of \$6.4 million dollars over the span of 15 years. The upgrades, which began in FY2017, will meet Occupational Health and Safety Administration requirements and will mitigate potential liability by creating safer workplaces. The City will also receive a tax-credit subsidy from the IRS to offset the debt service interest costs paid semiannually. In FY2017, the IRS tax-credit subsidy totaled \$51,449, in FY2018 the City received \$107,407, while in FY2019 the City received \$104,603 in tax-credit subsidy from the IRS. As of June 30, 2019 the energy project was roughly 99% complete.

On June 27, 2019, the City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for \$10,890,000 for the issuance of Municipal Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019. The proceeds will be used for paving projects throughout the City of Farmington as part of Public Works – Streets long-term capital improvement plan. Ordinance 2019-1315 was approved for the issuance of the bonds for the purpose of paying costs of designing, engineering, constructing, acquiring, and improving streets and traffic improvements, along with paying the expenses related to the financing of those improvements. The pledge will be a 0.125% municipal gross receipts tax increment.

Relative to the City's downtown street routes, the City has engaged consultants to develop a designready plan to rebuild downtown's Main Street using a concept called "Complete Streets." The plan would revitalize the City's Main Street by including roundabouts, fewer traffic lights, fewer lanes, more parking, wider sidewalks and additional green space. A street that meets the concept's standards is designed for all users, i.e., pedestrians, bicyclists, drivers, motorists and bus riders, so that crossing the street and walking to stores and biking to work are safe and easy. The concept is that if a city is going to be sustainable, it must plan its downtown around the human footprint and therefore attract the public to downtown. In FY2016, the City Council gave the Metropolitan Redevelopment Agency Commission \$250K to hire an engineer and draw up plans for the renovation of the downtown area, part of phase one of the project. Phase one includes replacing traffic lights with two roundabouts and securing land. Project costs are estimated at \$5.6 million with preliminary costs incurred in FY2018 for planning and design. Project construction began during FY2019, with costs related to traffic signals and engineering services totaling roughly \$284K.

Another renovation breaking ground during FY2018, was for the design and construction of a new water park facility in place of the City's 60 year-old Brookside pool. The City Council made the decision not to reopen Brookside pool for the summer of 2016 based on studies indicating failing infrastructure and costly repairs necessary to maintain operations for the safety of the public. The City conducted feasibility studies and held public input sessions to determine the type of facility that could be built to replace the pool. Different options included a basic replication of the original pool, built up to code with new aquatic facility standards, to a high-end water park complete with water slides, lazy river, and additional splash features. After considering input from citizens, the Council decided to replace the Brookside pool with a high-end aquatic facility, complete with lap lanes and the added features

previously listed. Construction begin in FY2018, and the grand opening was held on July 13, 2019. Unfortunately, the project did run into delays and the two large waterslides were not constructed until October of 2019. All other features of the water park were complete for visitors to enjoy. The City will hold an additional kickoff weekend around Memorial Day, 2020, to celebrate the full completion of the waterpark with the waterslides attraction for all to delight in. The City believes in the importance of continuing to provide and improve services to the public, even in economic downturns. This new facility could be a draw for both the community and tourists, providing a "wow" factor to all visitors.

The river trails system is a project that has been in progress over the past 35 years in conjunction with the nonprofit River Reach Foundation. With bond funding of roughly \$2.0 million, the City will be able to extend the river trails ³/₄ of a mile from the Bisti Highway to US HWY 64 at Murray Drive, which will include benches, fencing, and footbridges. The project also encompasses the addition of a north trail connection from the Gateway Museum to Largo Street, a 2.25 mile trail addition complete with benches, a boardwalk, and a footbridge. The river trail system is utilized by many Farmington residents and nearby residents of Colorado and Arizona year-round thanks to the generous days of sunshine and relatively mild winters in the Farmington area. The goal of the expansion of the trail system, along with the other projects mentioned above, is to spur additional economic development, improve quality of life, and touch many people in the community. During FY2019, costs for the project totaled \$12K for design services.

In August 2018, the City adopted Ordinance 2018-1312 to impose a 0.25% tax dedicated to community transformation and economic diversification with an emphasis on outdoor recreation industry initiatives. The City intends to invest in the creation of new jobs and diversify the local economy. With the potential closure of San Juan Generating Station and the San Juan Mine within four years, the City strives to pursue other means to reinvent the community of Farmington. In FY2019, a separate earmarked fund was created to account for the dedicated funds collected, as well as separately track project expenditures. For FY2019 \$2.1 million was collected in gross receipts tax for the community transformation economic diversification (CTED) fund. The vision for future projects and services fall under the following focus: public/private projects that fill the "gaps" that currently exist where the City is failing to attract new or grow existing businesses; City beautification efforts to build pride and improve the appearance of the City in an effort to attract residents, visitors, businesses, and professionals; placemaking projects and improvements for existing amenities and facilities that are drivers of public use and increase guality of life; infrastructure improvements that will drive the economy and incentives for current property owners to improve their buildings to meet desired retail/habitational designs; and carefully vetted economic incentives for job creation. Initial plans up for consideration and proper analyzation of the community transformation and economic diversification fund include removal of dangerous and/or dilapidated buildings within the City, an industrial building development, improved recreational trail heads, a Gateway Park at the Museum, a downtown Maker Space, and several updates to existing recreational City-owned facilities. In FY2019, the new CTED fund expenditures included \$239K for the Bisti highway pedestrian improvements and \$721K for land purchases on East Pinon and Corcorran. Planning and engineering costs related to the Animas river trail connection and Farmington Lake aerial studies were also incurred in FY2019 for roughly \$372K. The City is excited to embark upon creating a new vision for the future of Farmington through these special projects.

The City is excited to share that recently, in October 2019, newly appointed state director of outdoor recreation, Axie Navas, made a trip to Farmington to learn more about the initiative and efforts being made by our region to encourage outdoor recreation business. Farmington strives to become a leader in outdoor recreation in the State of New Mexico through the focus on improving local area trails, lakes, parks, and downtown areas.

Under the Water Fund's infrastructure renewal and replacement program, the major projects in FY2019 included: the 2P Waterline Replacement Project - Phase II (\$3.6M); Camina Entrada to Miller Street along Murray Drive (US64) and McCormick School Rd to E. Broadway - replacement of 6" cast iron waterline with a 18" PVC & 12" PVC waterline; the San Juan Blvd Project - (\$1.8M) Butler Ave to American St. - replacement of an existing 6" cast iron waterline with a 16" PVC & 12" PVC waterline; Broadway Ave (\$839K) Miller St to Lake St replacement of 4" & 6" cast iron waterline with 12" PVC

waterline; W Main St (\$1,989K) Valle Vista Dr to 2300 LF East of Murray Drive replacement of 6" cast iron waterline with 12" PVC waterline; N Sullivan (\$637K) 20th St to 30th St replacement of 4" & 6" cast iron waterline with 12" PVC waterline; 30th St (\$240K) Butler to Dustin Ave - replacement of 6" cast iron waterline with a 8" PVC waterline; Kerney Dr (\$205K) Main St to Hopi St - replacement of 6" cast iron with 12" PVC waterline; and Poly water service line replacements (\$1.3M) in Westland Park, Farmview and Riverview Subdivisions.

In 2004, the City completed its wastewater treatment plant expansion, Phases I and II, which were financed with a 3% interest, \$14.2M, 20-year construction loan from the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED). Phases I and II were constructed to comply with the EPA's discharge permit requirements and to begin the phasing in of new biological wastewater treatment processes. Phases I and II increased the treatment plant's capacity by 15% to meet a projected 6.67 mgd flow rate. In addition, reliability and flexibility were improved through the rehabilitation of the primary clarifiers and sludge drying beds as well as the capacity expansion of the disinfection process. In 2016, the City acquired a loan from NMED for Phase III improvements to treatment processes that include constructing two sludge (MRAS) basins (one complete and one concrete structure only), two additional final clarifiers, a new solids handling facility, and a new state of the art ultraviolet (UV) disinfection system. Phase III will add redundancy to the wastewater treatment plant plus reduce chemical costs and the discharge of chemicals into the San Juan River. The Phase III project is funded through the New Mexico Environmental Department (NMED) with a 3% interest, \$22.0M, 20-year construction loan from the State's Clean Water Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Program. This construction began in August 2016 and was completed in June 2018; the project completed on schedule and on budget. Under the Wastewater Fund's infrastructure renewal and replacement program, the major projects in FY2019 included: W. W. Main St (\$1.4M) Murray Dr to Valle Vista Dr - replacement of 8" clay pipe with 16" fusible PVC; Murray Dr (\$452K) W Main St to LS #13 - replacement of 8" PVC with 16" fusible PVC; East Sanitary Interceptor Sewer Rehab (\$3.0M) - Phase II: Broadway and Butler Intersection to Browning Intersection - Slip line 24" RCP with 22" HOBAS pipe; Sewer mainline rehab (\$400K) using robotic equipment - various locations.

The Farmington Electric Utility System's (FEUS) distributes power to more than 44,000 customers located in a 1,718 square mile service territory that includes the cities of Farmington, Kirtland, and Bloomfield, NM, and a large rural area extending outside the municipal boundaries. Power is delivered to customers through a system of more than 2,500 line miles. The FEUS maintains a number of facilities that include power generation, transmission and distribution operations. Total generation capacity is 162 megawatts plus another 30 megawatts of outside purchased power capacity. The FEUS generation portfolio is diverse, consisting of generation in gas, coal, and hydro generation. The flagship generation asset remains the Bluffview combined cycle generation facility installed in 2005. Bluffview is capable of supplying 63 MW of reliable generation to the customers within our system. FEUS also completed an integrated resource plan evaluation in 2017, and is in the process of analysis and execution related to the short range plan for potential new generation assets. Multiple owners of the San Juan Generating Station have noted their intent not to continue the project beyond year 2022. FEUS continues to endeavor to look at all options to maintain or replace this asset in the mid-range generation portfolio for the utility. On August 15, 2019, the Farmington City Council unanimously approved a deal to transfer 95% ownership interest of the coal-fired San Juan Generating Station (SJGS) to Enchant Energy, a New York-based company with state-of-the-art environmental technology to capture carbon dioxide from the plant. The City remains cautiously optimistic that this endeavor will allow for the continued operation of SJGS, benefitting all local area residents.

FEUS' primary objective is to ensure a safe, secure, reliable, and economical power source for its utility customers. The electric utility is fiscally sound and has no outstanding debt. Through the years the municipal structure of the electric utility has kept customer electric rates very reasonable and Farmington customers enjoy some of the lowest rates in the region. It is the goal of the electric utility to conduct a cost of service study every three to four years to help ensure the utility remains fiscally sound, with an adequate revenue stream to maintain infrastructure for a secure and reliable electric system. The most recent cost of service study was completed in FY2017, which resulted in a three year phase-in of a 7.7% rate increase for residential customers. FY2019 marks the third year of the

rate increases. Benchmarking of other regional utilities revealed that after completion of this implementation, the utility will still remain one of the lowest providers in the region.

Other long-term financial planning is incorporated into the City of Farmington's Comprehensive Plan adopted by City Council in October, 2002. The Comprehensive Plan is the guide to the future of Farmington and was developed by the citizenry through high-level community participation and input. The 2002 Plan's foundation is set on core community values and quality of life goals identified into the future. The document serves as the guide for policy decisions relating to the physical, social, and economic growth of the community as well as future financial capital investments. In addition to providing goals and objectives, the plan assesses the opportunities and challenges facing the City and sets priorities for an implementation program that outlines specific actions and practical results. The 2002 Comprehensive Plan served as a springboard for the designation of the Metropolitan Redevelopment Authority (MRA), which focuses on the City's downtown area. The MRA adopted a plan for redevelopment in 2009. The Downtown MRA Plan sets forth the City's priorities, goals, and implementation plans specific to the MRA. The City adopted an update to this plan in February 2019. In September of 2019, City Council kicked off the update process for the Comprehensive Plan. The 2040 Plan will carry Farmington into the future with a focus on diversifying the economic base of the City. The 2040 Farmington Comprehensive Plan is scheduled to be adopted in November 2020.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Farmington for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 25th consecutive year that the City of Farmington received this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City of Farmington also received its 22nd consecutive Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from GFOA for its annual budget document for FY2019. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

In addition, the City of Farmington's FY2018 Citizen's Financial Report was judged for the 9th consecutive year as a recipient of GFOA's Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting award. This award represents special recognition for a top-quality annual report specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the City's general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance.

In closing, the preparation of this annual financial report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the City's Finance division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the division who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Farmington's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert Mayes City Manager

C. Emrich

Teresa Emrich Administrative Services Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

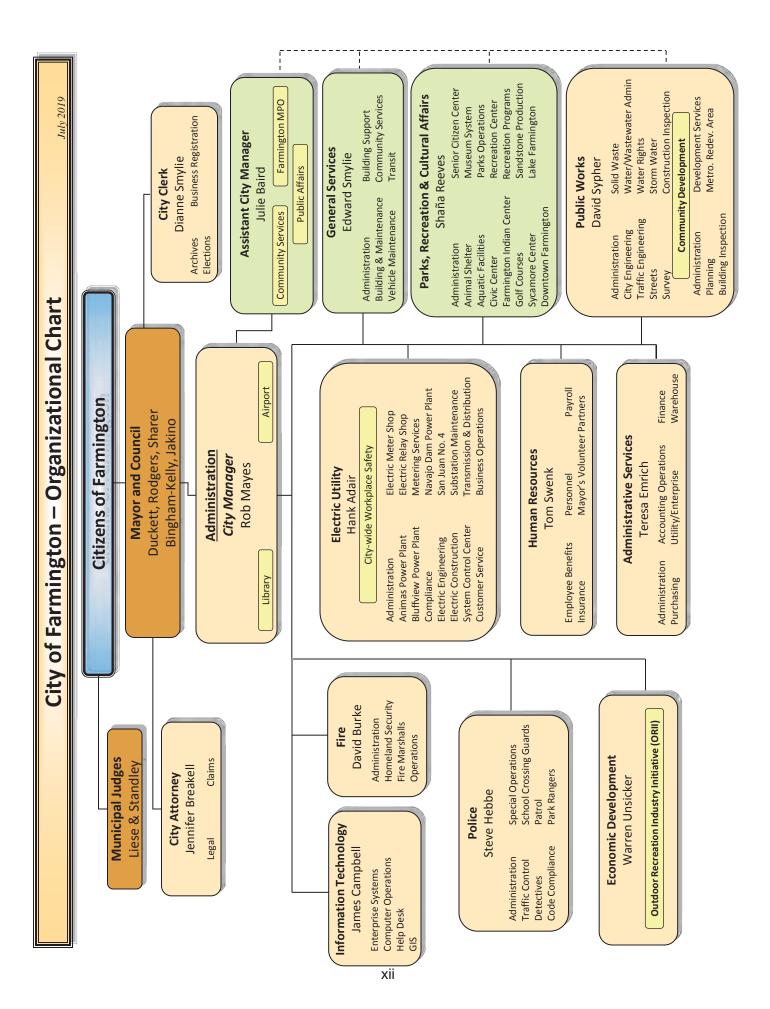
City of Farmington New Mexico

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF FARMINGTON

Principal Officials

June 30, 2019

MAYOR

Nate Duckett

CITY COUNCIL Linda Rodgers Sean Sharer Jeanine Bingham-Kelly Janis Jakino

CITY MANAGER Robert Mayes

ASSISTANT CITY MANAGER Julie Baird

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR - ACTING Teresa Emrich

> ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR Warren Unsicker

> > ELECTRIC UTILITY DIRECTOR Hank Adair

> > > FIRE CHIEF David Burke

GENERAL SERVICES DIRECTOR Edward Smylie

HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR Tom Swenk

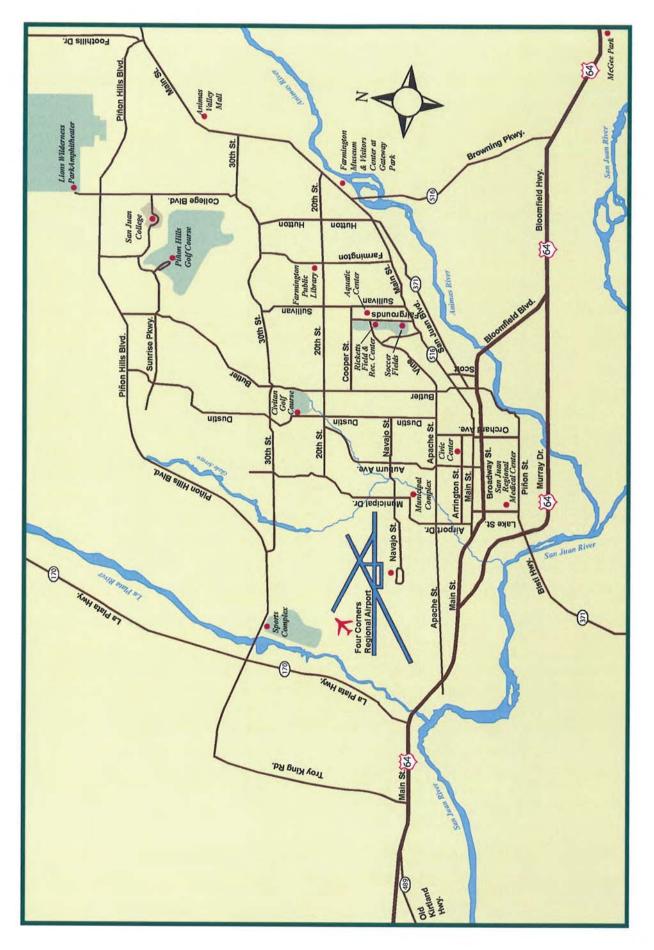
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR James Campbell

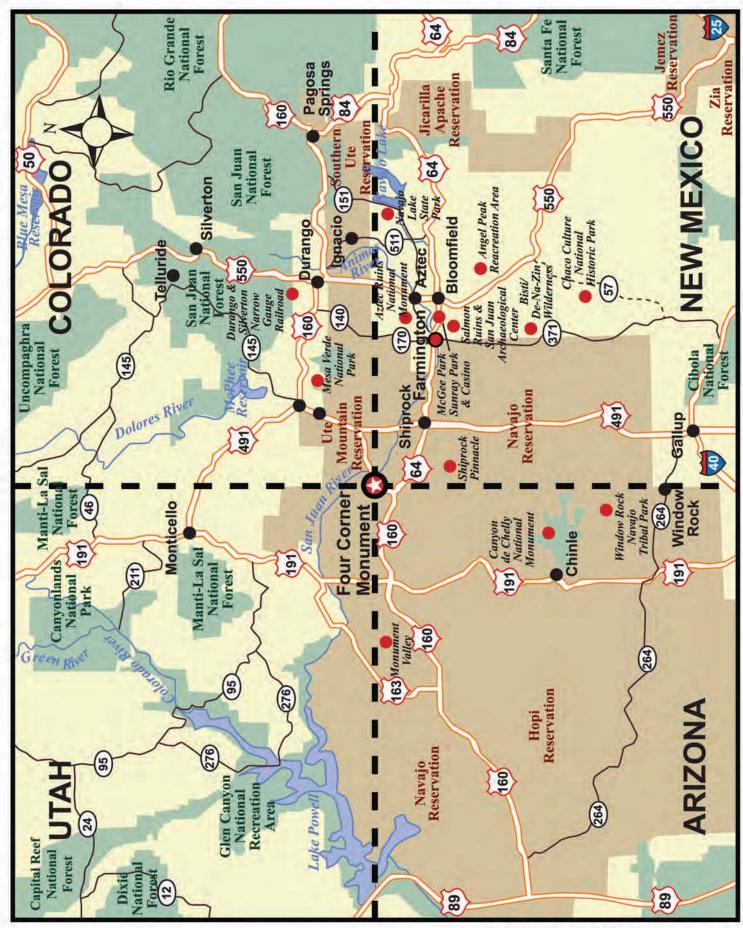
PARKS & RECREATION DIRECTOR Shaña Reeves

> POLICE CHIEF Steven Hebbe

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR David Sypher

> CONTROLLER Brooke Quintana





MAP COURTESY OF FARMINGTON CONVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU



FINANCIAL SECTION

FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

City of Farmington, New Mexico Honorable Mayor and City Council and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund of the City of Farmington, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmington as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-19 and the schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, OPEB liability, and the schedules of the City's contributions on pages 69-76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Farmington's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* the schedule of PFC revenues and expenditures as specified in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies,* issued by the Federal Aviation Administration, schedules of capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds, and other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC included as Other Information as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of PFC revenues and expenditures, schedules of capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds (2019 amounts only), other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC included as Other Information as listed in the table of contents, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

City of Farmington, New Mexico Honorable Mayor and City Council and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

The schedules of capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds (2018 amounts only), introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Farmington's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Farmington's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Farmington's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 26, 2019

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MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Farmington, we offer readers of the City of Farmington's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Farmington for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which starts on page i of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City of Farmington exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of FY2019 by \$490,820,574 (net position). Of this amount, (\$17,236,617) represents unrestricted net position.
- As of June 30, 2019, the City of Farmington's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,900,529, a decrease of \$2,431,329, or 6.18% in comparison with the prior year. A total of \$10,406,607 (unassigned fund balance) is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$11,420,351, or 20.0% of the total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total net debt increased by \$11,205,774, or 15.8% during the current fiscal year.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Farmington's basic financial statements. The City of Farmington's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. *The government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Farmington's financial condition, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Farmington's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Farmington is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City of Farmington's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of*

the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave, etc.).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Farmington that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Farmington include general government, police, fire, parks, recreation, cultural affairs, community development, public works, highways, streets, and airport operations. The business-type activities of the City of Farmington include electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation operations. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Farmington, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Farmington can be divided into two categories: (1) governmental funds and (2) proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Farmington maintains twenty-eight (28) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other twenty-seven (27) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* (pages 81-92).

The City of Farmington adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its funds. Budgetary comparative statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Farmington maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Farmington uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Farmington's various functions. The City of Farmington uses an internal service fund to account for its self-funded health insurance operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The individual proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation operations and are found on pages 123-126 of this report. Fund data for the internal service fund is provided on page 122 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 33-66 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Farmington, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$490,820,574 at the close of FY2019.

The largest portion of the City of Farmington's net position (\$501,703,962 or 102.2%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Farmington uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Farmington's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources required to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	City	of Farmingtoi	n's Net Positio	n		
	Govern			ess-type	-	
	Activ FY2019	FY2018	FY2019	vities FY2018	FY2019	FY2018
	F12019	F 12010	F12019	F12010	F12019	F 12010
Current and other assets	\$ 52,195,876	\$ 53,664,710	\$ 131,979,364	\$ 122,799,100	\$ 184,175,240	\$ 176,463,810
Capital assets	130,856,550	117,704,099	439,747,896	427,987,981	570,604,446	545,692,080
Total assets	183,052,426	171,368,809	571,727,260	550,787,081	754,779,686	722,155,890
Deferred outflow from pension	18,802,085	15,760,722	5,213,433	4,419,370	24,015,518	20,180,092
Deferred outflow from OPEB	686,876	647,080	244,771	246,031	931,647	893,111
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,488,961	16,407,802	5,458,204	4,665,401	24,947,165	21,073,203
Long-term liabilities outstanding	166,229,499	150,369,500	71,001,794	68,801,212	237,231,293	219,170,712
Other liabilities	6,486,845	5,594,026	20,593,003	19,120,389	27,079,848	24,714,415
Total liabilities	172,716,344	155,963,526	91,594,797	87,921,601	264,311,141	243,885,127
Deferred inflow from pension	8,762,154	11,183,927	1,276,763	1,505,437	10,038,917	12,689,364
Deferred inflow from OPEB	10,546,272	8,033,463	4,009,947	3,053,138	14,556,219	11,086,601
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,308,426	19,217,390	5,286,710	4,558,575	24,595,136	23,775,965
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	98,459,383	99,720,673	403,244,579	393,571,428	501,703,962	493,292,101
Restricted	4,691,322	3,298,342	1,661,907	1,661,907	6,353,229	4,960,249
Unrestricted (deficit)	(92,634,088)	(90,423,320)	75,397,471	67,738,971	(17,236,617)	(22,684,349
Total net position	\$ 10,516,617	\$ 12,595,695	\$ 480,303,957	\$ 462,972,306	\$ 490,820,574	\$ 475,568,001

City of Farmington's Net Position

Another portion of the City of Farmington's net position, \$6,353,229 or 1.3%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of (\$17,236,617) or (3.5%) is unrestricted.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Farmington has achieved positive balances in net investment in capital assets and restricted net position for the government as a whole, and positive balances for all three categories of net position for its business-type activities. Governmental activities held positive balances for both net investment in capital assets and restricted net position for both FY2019 and FY2018. The City held positive balances in two of the three categories of net position for the government as a whole in the prior fiscal year also (net investment in capital assets and restricted net position) and positive balances for all three categories of net position for business-type activities.

The City of Farmington's net position increased \$15,252,573 during the current fiscal year. Almost all of this increase represents the cumulative effect of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions along with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions and the resulting changes reported in the current fiscal year. These included significant increases in net pension liability, along with increases in deferred outflows from pensions and OPEB, and an increase in deferred inflows from OPEB in FY2019, while net OPEB liability and deferred inflows from pensions decreased from the prior year. There was also a 192.0% increase in the regulatory asset component for FY2019.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the City of Farmington's net position by \$2,079,078. Key elements of the change in net position are as follows:

	City o	of Farmington's C	hanges in Net Pos	sition				
	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	Total			
	FY2019	FY2018	FY2019	FY2018	FY2019	FY2018		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 7,884,54	7 \$ 8,696,969	\$ 140,387,915	\$ 134,744,342	\$ 148,272,462	\$ 143,441,31		
Operating grants and								
Contributions	5,007,14	8 5,301,872	-	-	5,007,148	5,301,872		
Capital grants and								
Contributions	1,028,91	1 5,115,364	2,136,123	2,620,971	3,165,034	7,736,33		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	2,061,28	6 2,039,855	-	-	2,061,286	2,039,85		
GRT taxes	55,196,87	5 51,388,261	-	-	55,196,875	51,388,26		
Other taxes	4,707,11	4 5,207,151	1,204,224	1,242,160	5,911,338	6,449,31		
Other	2,513,45	1 1,472,403	2,093,678	726,061	4,607,129	2,198,46		
Total revenues	78,399,33	2 79,221,875	145,821,940	139,333,534	224,221,272	218,555,40		
Expenses:								
General Government	29,001,24	8 37,487,301	-	-	29,001,248	37,487,30		
Police	20,062,73	9 18,247,022	-	-	20,062,739	18,247,022		
Fire	11,518,16	4 11,408,649	-	-	11,518,164	11,408,64		
Parks, rec & cultural affairs	16,972,72	1 17,152,218	-	-	16,972,721	17,152,218		
Public Works	8,600,43	4 11,579,158	-	-	8,600,434	11,579,15		
Electric			92,292,826	92,629,799	92,292,826	92,629,79		
Water			15,256,353	13,748,989	15,256,353	13,748,98		
Wastewater			8,249,189	7,078,538	8,249,189	7,078,53		
Sanitation			5,725,091	5,575,831	5,725,091	5,575,83		
Other	1,289,93	4 1,199,749	-	-	1,289,934	1,199,74		
Total expenses	87,445,24	0 97,074,097	121,523,459	119,033,157	208,968,699	216,107,25		
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before transfers	(9,045,90	8) (17,852,222) 24,298,481	20,300,377	15,252,573	2,448,15		
Transfers	6,966,83	0 7,888,973	(6,966,830)	(7,888,973)	-			
Increase (decrease) in net position	(2,079,07	8) (9,963,249) 17,331,651	12,411,404	15,252,573	2,448,15		
Net position - beginning	12,595,69			465,565,519	475,568,001	530,981,242		
Cumulative effect of GASB No. 75		- (42,856,779		(15,004,617)		(57,861,39		
Net position - ending	\$ 10,516,61	7 \$ 12,595,695	\$ 480,303,957	\$ 462,972,306	\$ 490,820,574	\$ 475,568,007		

Total accrued gross receipts tax (GRT) increased by \$3,808,614 or 7.4%. This was due to the imposition of new gross receipts tax increments in FY2019, effectively raising the City's GRT rate from 7.625% to 8.25%. The City adopted Ordinance 2018-1312 on August 21, 2018 to impose 0.25% general purposes, 0.125% public safety purposes, and 0.125% public works purposes gross receipts tax. Also adopted on August 21, 2018, was Ordinance 2018-1313, imposing the final 0.125% of the hold harmless gross receipts tax available to the City. All new tax increments become effective January 1, 2019. There were also notable increases found in receipts from the following industry sectors: mining, agricultural, and services sectors.

Operating grants decreased \$294,724 mainly due to decreases in general government federal funding from wildland fire reimbursements (\$289,813) and police federal grants (\$128,127), state funding from police department and airport grants (\$60,929), intergovernmental police reimbursements (\$69,106), and a reduction in parks, recreation, and cultural affairs state grants (\$360,073); along with increases in general government for CDGB federal grant funding (\$264,308), police protection federal grants (\$41,331) and state grants (\$126,630), and federal wildland fire grants (\$125,922). The remaining variance (\$55,130) was made up of various other grants combined.

Capital grants and contributions decreased \$4,086,453 during the year. This was due mainly to a decrease in federal funding for the airport (\$3,413,380) and a decrease in state funding for the airport (\$50,308), and decreases in state funding for various traffic and road improvements (\$809,532) including the Villa View and Foothills enhancement projects. Capital grants and contributions were increased as a result of an MRA state grant received in FY2019 (\$50,000).

Charges for services decreased \$812,422 or (9.3%) due mainly to decreases in stop loss payments (\$639,029), reduced revenues from Pinon Hills and Civitan golf courses (\$85,986), decreased collections related to court fines (\$126,691) and traffic fines (\$33,028), museum exhibit sponsorships (\$60,256). Charges for services were increased by civic center rentals and brokerage fees (\$97,553).

Total transfers decreased \$922,143 due to a decreased transfer of (\$756,601) from the sanitation fund to the streets fund to pay for street repairs resulting from damages caused by large trucks and heavy equipment in the sanitation fleet. An additional factor relating to the transfer changes in FY2019 was a result of a decrease in dividends from the electric utility (\$293,531) caused in part to a decrease in electric operating revenues and interest earnings in FY2017 (the year that the current dividend is based upon). The reassignment of capital assets from the governmental activities to business-type activities attributed to an increase of \$7,989.

Total expenses decreased \$9,628,857 or (9.9%) during the year due to a decrease in operating expenditures for general government (\$7,488,467) and increased capital outlay expenditures for general government (\$957,907), along with a decrease in fire capital outlay (\$1,539,664) and an increase in parks, recreation, and cultural affairs capital (\$3,326,730). Interest expenditures also increased in FY2019 (\$90,185). The overall change includes an increase in OPEB expense (\$1,038,318) as a result of decreases in net OPEB liability, along with increases in both deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB. A component of the general governmental expenditure decrease was a result of decreased workers' compensation and incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims (\$788,125) for FY2019.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Farmington's net position by \$17,331,651. Overall change in the government's net position was an increase of \$15,252,573 from FY2018. Although the business-type activities had a positive change, the governmental activities had a net position change of \$(2,079,078). Much of the changes for both business-type and governmental activities was due to changes in pension and OPEB reporting, the issuance of debt, and changes in capital assets. During FY2019, the City decided to implement GASB 89 early. As a result, any interest incurred before the end of the construction period will be a current period expense and not

capitalized. Key financial elements for the business-type activities over the past fiscal year are as follows:

- For FY2019, the total net pension liability increased \$10.6 million, which is a 12.1% increase from last fiscal year. Of this change, the business-type increase was \$1.7 million, or 9% of the total increase. The remaining change was all for governmental activities. The PERA fund returned 6.9% and generated investment gains of approximately \$1 billion. Despite the underperformance, the defined benefit funds continue to exceed their policy benchmarks over a longer time.
- The total net pension liability for OPEB was \$43.6 million. This was a decrease of \$5.1 million or 10.4% from FY2018. The change for business-type activities was a decrease of \$1.4 million or 10.4%.
- Operating expenses were 86.3% of operating revenues, resulting in \$19,185,926 in operating income.
- Total electric revenue increased by \$3.7 million or 3.6%. Electric sales to customers were up \$4.2 million. Sales to residential customers were \$2.1 million higher than the prior year. While combined sales to commercial, industrial, and wholesale customers were down \$1.7 million from last year. During FY2019, the third and final phase of a three-phase rate increase was implemented. Overall consumption for electric rate classes decreased 34 megawatts or 3.3% from FY2018. The power cost adjustment (PCA) increased a net total of \$4.1 million. Billed revenues for the PCA increased \$4.7 million, during FY2019 the rate increased twice. The PCA for the regulated accounting under GASB 62, revenues decreased by \$550 thousand. Operating revenues were \$3.8 million higher and operating expenses were lower by \$337 thousand, which resulted in a \$4.1 million increase in operating income.
- Total water revenue increased \$1.4 million or 6.8%. Water sales to customers increased \$615 thousand. Residential customer sales were down \$125 thousand. Commercial customer sales were up \$287 thousand from FY2018. Contract/raw water customer sales decreased \$61 thousand. The renewal replacement fees were also up, by \$601 thousand. FY2019 was the fifth and final year of water utility rate increase. Starting in FY2020 a new rate study will be performed. During FY2019, the water utility completed phase I of the 2P waterline replacement project. There are three phases to this project, phase I was \$2.2 million and phase II had begun in FY2019. Phase III is to start in FY2020.
- Total wastewater revenue increased \$1.2 million or 11.1% during FY2019. Wastewater sales to customers were up \$1 million. Sales to residential customer increased \$481 thousand. Commercial customer sales were also up by \$180 thousand. Renewal replacement fees increased \$353 thousand FY2019. Along with water rates, the wastewater utility is also in their fifth and final year of rate increases. The utility will also perform another rate study in FY2020. In FY2019, the wastewater utility completed an improvement project for the treatment plant for \$21.9 million.

- Total sanitation revenue increased \$201 thousand due to a higher demand for sanitation services.
- Investment earnings for business-type activities increased \$1.4 million over last year, or 188.4%. During FY2018, the City recognized a loss on investments but then in FY2019 recognized a gain. Also in FY2019, interest rates were higher than in past years.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Farmington uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Farmington's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Farmington's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the City of Farmington's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,900,529, a decrease of \$2,431,329 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 28.2% of this total amount or \$10,406,607 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is *nonspendable* (\$892,069), *restricted* (\$21,363,414), *committed* (\$3,297,051), or *assigned* (\$941,388).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Farmington. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$11,420,351, while total fund balance was \$12,302,120. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 20.0% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 21.6% of that same amount. The fund balance of the City of Farmington's general fund decreased \$249,147 or (2.0%) during the current fiscal year.

The total increase in general fund revenue was \$154,064 or 0.3%. This is due partly because of a decrease in franchise fee collections for the electric utility system (\$172,932), decreased federal grant revenue from wildland firefighting (\$289,813), and reduced collections from court fines and probation fees (\$126,691). Other factors affecting general fund revenues are increases in donations from the Boys & Girls Club for their contribution to the City for the teen center addition (\$225,421), along with increases in damage recoveries (\$194,061), and workers compensation reimbursements (\$365,705).

Total general fund expenditures decreased \$1,573,650 or 2.7% over the prior year. Key elements of this change were increases in detention fees payable to San Juan County for prisoner care (\$395,424) and the purchase of new spreadsheet server software (\$47,729), reduction in intergovernmental expenditures based on prior year capital

purchases related to vehicles and land (\$374,970), workers compensation decrease in expenditures due in part to reimbursements recorded as revenues instead of reduction in current year expenses (\$788,125), and overall decreases in insurance costs mainly related to incurred but not reported (IBNR) health care claims (\$1,590,534). Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs also experienced increased utility costs for the operations division (\$116,820) and animal shelter (\$17,795), and increased expenditures in FY2019 for operations supplies (\$32,261) and animal shelter supplies (\$40,513). The animal shelter's operating expenditures related to professional and technical services medical costs increased (\$56.050) while wages and benefits increased (\$63.328). Other factors contributing to the overall decrease in general fund expenditures were reductions in other purchased services for fire operations related to training and outside vehicle repairs (\$114,561), along with lower expenditures for non-capital equipment and supplies (\$66,548) and lower costs associated with the wildland fire program (\$120,838) combined with an increase for a fire consultant contract in FY2019 (\$25,000). Also in FY2019, the implementation of the new GRT for the streets fund, allowed for additional costs related to the public works/streets division to be covered utilizing the newly imposed tax increment. The interdepartmental transfer from the Streets fund to the General fund was increased (\$647,108) reducing the division's overall expenditure balance. The police department experienced an overall increase in expenditures for the fiscal year (\$899,846) mainly due to wages and benefits. There was minimal staff turnover throughout the year compared to prior fiscal year and the City implement a longevity plan in FY2019, which also attributed to increases in benefits for employees.

Total incoming transfers decreased by \$235,053 or 3.5% due to an increase in the transfer from the community transformation economic diversification fund (\$153,068) and decreases in the transfer from the metro redevelopment authority fund (\$87,167) and state fire fund (\$7,423). There was a decrease in dividends transferred from the electric utility (\$293,531) caused in part to a decrease in electric operating revenues and interest earnings in the year that the current dividend is based upon (FY2017).

Other key governmental-type funds include the GRT streets fund and GRT parks fund. Both of these funds are funded primarily with gross receipt tax revenue earmarked specifically for streets, public works, and parks activities. GRT revenue for GRT streets fund increased (\$835,848) or 11.2%, while GRT revenue for GRT parks fund decreased (\$74,312) or 3.0% in FY2019 when compared to the prior year. The GRT streets fund experienced a decrease in gasoline tax revenue over the prior year (\$64,197). Current expenditures related to public works in the GRT streets fund increased (\$322,834) due to increased costs of traffic signal upgrades (\$55,708), irrigation ditch maintenance (\$106,030), utilities (\$57,780) and costs related to street maintenance materials and supplies (\$156,571). Debt service expenditures were added in FY2019 (\$142,943) as a result of the new bond/loan agreement with NMFA for Series 2019 paving bonds. Capital outlay related to public works decreased (\$1,346,126) as a result of completion of various street resurfacing projects (\$1,173,976), and reduction in storm drainage (\$85,616) and storm sewer (\$583,240) expenditures. Transfers from the GRT streets fund to the capital projects fund increased in FY2019 as result of project matches required for several projects including the Foothills extension project phase I and II and 20th Street sidewalks phase III.

Total revenues in the nonmajor governmental funds increased \$7,552,811 or 52.8% due mainly to the reclassification of the GRT Streets fund from a major fund in FY2018 to a

nonmajor fund in FY2019. Total revenue for the GRT Streets fund in FY2019 was \$8,737,629. Other factors related to the overall increase in nonmajor governmental funds resulted from two new funds added in FY2019, the gross receipts tax public safety fund and gross receipts tax community transformation economic diversification. Both of these fund's primary source of revenue is gross receipts tax based. The City adopted Ordinance 2018-1312 in FY2019 to impose 0.125% public safety purpose, 0.125% public works purpose, and 0.25% general purpose. For FY2019, gross receipts tax revenue collections were reported as follows: grt public safety fund (\$1,058,786) and grt community transformation economic diversification fund (\$2,117,572). Additional changes related to revenues for nonmajor special revenue funds include the following: decreases in state grants for the parks and recreation gifts and grants fund (\$360,073) and donations decreased for the parks and recreation gifts and grants fund (\$132,068) mainly as a result of a one-time donation from the Convention and Visitors Bureau received in FY2018; federal grants increased for the CDBG fund (\$264,308) related to the Boys and Girls Club teen center addition; increased funding was received in the region II narcotic grant fund for federal funds related to HIDTA (\$41,331) and state funds for DCSI and JAG grants (\$126,630); decreased federal funds were received for the COP program grant fund (\$128,127); and state fire fund federal funds increased (\$125,922) related to wildland firefighting. Capital project funds in the nonmajor governmental funds also experienced overall changes in revenues as follows: decreased state funding for the community development grant projects fund (\$809.532) due to the Villa View project and increased state funding for the Foothills enhancement phase I (\$125,508); and the airport construction grant project also reflected a decrease in both federal (\$3,413,380) and state (\$50,308) funding due to limited construction activity for FY2019.

Expenditures in the governmental funds (not including the general fund) decreased \$3,401,123 or 7.8% during FY2019. Key elements of this decrease resulted from the following: new expenditures related to police and fire current operations from the gross receipts tax public safety fund (\$688,667) and general government current expenditures related to professional/technical services and wages/benefits (\$840,558) in the gross receipts tax community transformation economic diversification fund, both which were created in FY2019 along with the newly imposed GRT increments. General government capital outlay in the community transformation economic diversification fund increased due to land purchases (\$721,448) and public works streets construction for the Bisti highway pedestrian project (\$298,890). Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs capital expenditures decreased over the prior year due to the completion of the following projects: Animas River Restoration (\$221,302), Entry Monuments (\$177,125), and the Soccer Complex renovations (\$40,189). Public works capital outlay increased during the year in the community development grant projects fund due to expenditures related to the Foothills enhancement project (\$1,603,120) and decreased due to the Villa View project nearing completion (\$747,002). General government current operating expenditures in the gross receipts tax bond projects fund were reduced in FY2019 as the energy upgrades at the Civic Center neared completion (\$2,539,095) along with parks, recreation, and cultural affairs current operating decreases (\$809,152) also related to the same project. Capital outlay related to parks, recreation, and cultural affairs increased in the gross receipts tax 2017/2018 bond capital projects fund (\$7,286,008) from the construction of Bisti Bay at Brookside Park water park. As the runway resurfacing project at the airport neared completion, current expenditures related to the project reported under the airport construction grant projects fund were decreased (\$3,511,023). The Civic Center project also neared completion in FY2019, resulting in decreased capital outlay costs for parks,

recreation, and cultural affairs reported under the convention center capital projects fund (\$3,829,979), along with an increase in current expenditures for professional/technical services for the Civic Center project (\$341,093). Overall changes in the debt service fund reflected a decrease (\$1,173,019), resulting from reduced principal payments (\$1,565,300) and increased interest payments (\$392,281).

Proprietary funds. The City of Farmington's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to \$46,524,753 in the electric utility system, \$15,065,271 in the water utility system, \$13,243,406 in the wastewater utility system, and \$564,041 in the sanitation utility. The total growth in net position was \$8,659,865 in the electric fund, \$5,238,901 in the water fund, and \$3,544,202 in the wastewater fund. Total reduction in net position for the sanitation fund was \$111,317.

Budgetary Highlights

Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) is the largest revenue source for the City of Farmington (City) General Fund. In FY2008, GRT was 88% of the total General Fund revenue. This percentage, however, has dropped significantly over the last 11 years. GRT only contributed 70% (cash basis) of the total General Fund revenue in FY2019. As the Farmington economy declined, the amount of GRT decreased significantly although the budgetary requests of the citizens of Farmington did not decrease. The City Council had to identify other forms of revenue in order to continue the services offered by the City of Farmington. In FY2011, and later revised in FY2018, the City Council implemented a new policy to allow the General Fund to receive a transfer from the Farmington Electric Utility. In FY2019, the electric transfer comprised 8.0%, or \$4.7 million, of the General Fund revenue.

The budget for FY2019 was 4.3% higher than FY2018 actual in GRT revenue. Several factors influenced this optimistic forecast for Farmington's economy in FY2019. The history of Farmington's economy was a large factor in the GRT projection for FY2019. In FY2010, GRT plummeted 17.3%, which had a financial effect of almost \$7.4 million less revenue dollars than the previous year. FY2011 and FY2012 showed slight improvement with a 4.0% increase and 7.7% increase, respectively, giving the impression the recession was lifting and hinting at a more optimistic economic outlook. FY2013 dampened that optimistic spirit with GRT dropping 4.7% (cash basis). GRT slowly climbed 1.8% in FY2014 and 5.7% in FY2015. FY2016 and FY2017 continued the roller coaster ride with a 3.0% and a 4.0% decrease in GRT proving the economy had not yet recovered. FY2018 was the first year to indicate Farmington's GRT was recovering with a 9.6% increase. Reports from the oil and gas industry indicated a recovery and increased drilling and production was budgeted in many companies. Construction and expansion was indicated by many companies leading to an optimistic projection of GRT. Unfortunately, the highly anticipated increase in GRT was not realized as FY2019 ended up with a decrease of 0.9%, even with 4 months of a 5/8ths increment increase. FY2019 remains 3.9% below the City's historically highest GRT in FY2009. As previously mentioned, effective January 1, 2019, Council implemented 5/8ths GRT increments to offset the effect of the Hold Harmless Repeal legislation enacted by the NM State legislature in 2015, promote community transformation and economic diversification, and maintain public safety and infrastructure.

Another factor relates to the importance of the natural gas and oil production industry to the City of Farmington. Natural gas and oil production are among the leading industries supporting Farmington and this industry has been struggling, not only locally but also nationally and internationally as well. There were signs of recovery, however, nowhere near the boom days of 2008. Once trading over \$100 per barrel, oil prices are currently trading around \$57 per barrel but dipped below \$40 per barrel in December 2015. Natural Gas is benefiting from the advancement of technology within the industry. The development of hydraulic fracturing or "fracking" has increased supply of a potentially inexpensive new fuel source for energy consumers. Unfortunately, demand, coupled with warmer temperatures, did not keep pace with the increasing supply. This resulted in a decrease in natural gas prices. Natural Gas is currently trading at \$2.72 per million Btu, far from the winter months of 2008 at \$12.69 per million Btu.

Although Farmington does not directly receive large amounts of GRT from the production of natural gas and oil, the benefit is derived from a large population of residents employed in the oil and gas industry. Benefit is received in the way of retail, lodging and real estate, entertainment and recreation to name a few industry sectors. The average unemployment rate for Farmington was 5.7% for FY2019, much lower than FY2017's rate of 8.7% but still falling behind the national unemployment rate of 3.7%. This rate, however, is not likely a true number. The unknown factor is the number of citizens who left the area to find work elsewhere. Many of the higher-wage Farmington residents involved in the oil and gas industry left Farmington for other employment.

On the expenditure side, the original General Fund budget of \$60,731,361 increased to \$60,867,086 during FY2019. The \$136 thousand difference is comprised of several adjustments. The largest General Fund expenditure budget adjustment is associated to the transfer of expenditures to the Public Safety GRT, Community Transformation and Economic Diversification, and GRT Streets funds to utilize the new gross receipts tax increment revenue received. In addition, the fire wildland operation purchased a brush-truck for \$331 thousand and vehicle maintenance rolled over the remaining budget for a new software being installed. Approximately \$541 thousand was budgeted for legal settlement costs. Remaining General Fund adjustments reflected grants received during the fiscal year.

During the year, Council approved six separate budget revisions to adjust the original FY2019 expenditure budget. For the City as a whole, these adjustments totaled \$22,797,999, a 7.9% increase. The number of revisions is indicative of the ongoing budget process during the year of controlling expenditures to adjust to available revenue.

The largest percentage increase in budgeted expenditures during the year was in the special revenue and capital funds. Additional grant funds received during FY2019 for parks, police, and fire operations resulted in an increase in expenditures relative to the increase in revenue. Budget adjustments also included creating and setting up the various funds related to the new GRT increment passed such as Public Safety GRT and Community Transformation and Economic Diversification. Several other budget adjustments established the capital project budgets in the various capital funds in order to reflect the true capital intentions. Finally, adjustments included creating a capital project construction budget funded by the GRT Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 bond issuance for additional paving in the amount of \$13 million.

In FY2019 for the City as a whole, capital expenditures were more than the previous year by \$2.6 million or 5.8%. Of the majority of capital expenditures made in FY2019, the Civic Center Expansion project spent \$3.8 million and \$7.2 million was spent on the Bisti Bay at Brookside Park Waterpark. The Electric Utility capital expenditures were down from FY2018 by \$4 million, or 22.3%. Many projects are in the planning stage with future capital investment in subsequent years.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Farmington's investment in capital assets for governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2019, was \$570,604,446 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, utility systems, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The business-type capital assets accounted for \$439,747,896 or 77.1% of the total City of Farmington capital assets. The total increase in the business-type investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$11,759,915 or 2.8%. The governmental activities investment in capital assets accounted for \$130,856,550 or 22.9% of all capital assets owned by the City. The total change in governmental activities investment in capital assets was an increase for the current fiscal year \$13,152,451 or 11.2%.

City of Farmington's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)												
		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
		FY2019		FY2018		FY2019		FY2018		FY2019		FY2018
Land	\$	31,020,499	\$	30,259,051	\$	5,016,787	\$	4,061,842	\$	36,037,286	\$	34,320,893
Land rights		-		-		2,238,057		2,197,337		2,238,057		2,197,337
Buildings		31,545,647		33,425,560		52,201,952		47,977,987		83,747,599		81,403,547
Improvements		7,809,557		8,389,968		131,934,048		110,500,748		139,743,605		118,890,716
Equipment		9,345,843		8,660,635		152,288,967		159,774,412		161,634,810		168,435,047
Infrastructure		12,878,692		14,995,238		-		-		12,878,692		14,995,238
Construction in progress		38,256,312		21,973,647		96,068,085		103,475,655		134,324,397		125,449,302
Total	\$	130,856,550	\$	117,704,099	\$	439,747,896	\$	427,987,981	\$	570,604,446	\$	545,692,080

Major capital asset investment activities during the current fiscal year included the following:

Capital expenditures for the electric utility system will average approximately \$46,209,294 per year over the next five fiscal years. Some large projects included in the FY2020 capital budget are AMI metering upgrade (\$1,740,000), Bluffview short-term new generation (\$16,800,000), new Twin Peaks substation (\$2,000,000), transmission line west loop to Hood Mesa (\$2,000,000), transmission line Bluffview to Animas (\$1,000,000), and transmission line Hare to Dwight Arthur substation (\$3,000,000). The City expects to fund these projects from electric customer-generated revenues.

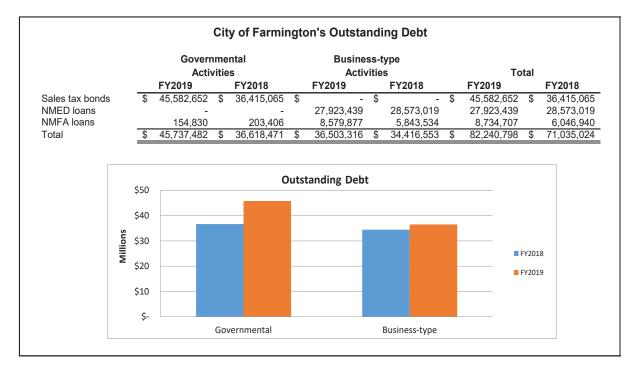
Capital expenditures for the water utility system scheduled in the current five-year capital improvements plan principally include upgrades and replacements of existing facilities to maintain the existing system and meet future demand requirements. Capital expenditures average \$27,767,000 per year, totaling \$138,835,000 for fiscal years 2020 through 2024.

The FY2020 capital budget includes the NMFA-2P waterline replacement – phase 3 (\$2,900,000). It also includes the Animas #1 raw waterline replacement (\$3,100,000).

Capital expenditures scheduled for the wastewater utility system in FY2020 include wastewater treatment plan outfall bank stabilization (\$550,000), lift station #14 rehabilitation of wet well, pumps and electrical (\$510,000), and wastewater treatment plant Digester #1 cleaning, repairs, and coating (\$600,000).

Additional information on the City of Farmington's capital assets can be found in Note IV.C on pages 45-46 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Farmington had total bonded debt outstanding of \$45,582,652, all of which constitutes special, limited obligations of the City government, payable solely from the City's existing 1.225% stateshared gross receipts tax. This tax is collected by the State and distributed monthly to the City. Per the bond ordinance, interest may be earned on cash balances held by the City until debt payments are made. The bonds are not an indebtedness of the City within any constitutional or statutory provision or limitation and are not general obligations of the City. Consequently, the registered owners cannot look to the general fund or other fund for any payment that becomes due on the bonds other than the special funds that are specifically pledged for their payment under the terms of the bond ordinance. The remainder of the City's debt is secured solely by specified revenue sources. The City of Farmington's total net debt increased \$11,205,774 or 15.8% during FY2019. This increase was a result of a new bond issuance the City entered into through New Mexico Finance Authority loan in FY2019. The new issue is for \$10,890,000 in Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019 and will be utilized for paving projects. The City also began construction on Phase II of the 2P Waterline \$2,270,526 during FY2019. For additional bond information, reference pages 48-50 of this report.



Credit ratings. Standard & Poor's Rating Group and Moody's Investors Service have assigned the most recent bond issuance the insured ratings of AAA and Aaa, respectively. The underlying ratings, however, are AA- and A1, respectively. These ratings have not changed significantly in comparison to prior ratings.

Debt limitation. Article IX, Section 13 of the State Constitution limits the powers of the City to incur general obligation debt in an aggregate amount, including existing indebtedness, not to exceed four (4) percent of the value of the taxable property in the City as shown by the last preceding general assessments. The City may, however, contract debt in excess of such limitation for the construction or purchase of a system for supplying water or a sewer system for the City. Based on the 2019 assessed valuation of \$1,165,473,640, the City's general obligation debt limit is \$46,618,946. The City presently has no general obligation bonds outstanding. For more detailed information on the City's debt, see pages 48-54 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Farmington's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Controller, 800 Municipal Drive, Farmington, NM 87401.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Primary Governmer	nt
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	36,718,714	\$ 87,009,756 \$	123,728,470
Receivables (net, where applicable, of			
allowances for uncollectibles):	1,059,709	8,266,415	9,326,124
Accrued unbilled revenues	-	7,304,765	7,304,765
Intergovernmental receivable	13,525,384	-	13,525,384
Regulatory Asset	-	12,200,426	12,200,426
Inventories	195,565	6,968,357	7,163,922
Prepaids Restricted assets	696,504	178,127	874,631
Temporarily restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	10,051,518	10,051,518
Capital assets (not being depreciated):		10,001,010	10,001,010
Land	31,020,499	5,016,787	36,037,286
Construction in progress	38,256,312	96,068,085	134,324,397
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		, ,	
Land rights	-	2,238,057	2,238,057
Buildings	31,545,647	52,201,952	83,747,599
Improvements other than buildings	7,809,557	131,934,048	139,743,605
Equipment	9,345,843	152,288,967	161,634,810
Infrastructure	12,878,692	-	12,878,692
Total assets	183,052,426	571,727,260	754,779,686
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows from pension	18,802,085	5,213,433	24,015,518
Deferred outflows from OPEB	686,876	244,771	931,647
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,488,961	5,458,204	24,947,165
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	4,732,890	10,498,501	15,231,391
Wages and benefits payable	1,004,535	346,373	1,350,908
Other accrued liabilities	475,836	1,358,518	1,834,354
Retainage deposits payable	16,753	-	16,753
Unearned revenue	115,015	-	115,015
Accrued interest payable	141,816	-	141,816
Customer deposits	-	3,074,631	3,074,631
Coal reclamation liability	-	5,234,990	5,234,990
Decommissioning liability	-	79,990	79,990
Non-current liabilities: Due within one year	5,291,131	3,149,409	8,440,540
Due in more than one year	52,076,571	34,999,701	87,076,272
Net pension liability	77,249,982	20,833,107	98,083,089
Net OPEB liability	31,611,815	12,019,577	43,631,392
Total liabilities	172,716,344	91,594,797	264,311,141
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0 700 454	4 070 700	40.000.047
Deferred inflows from pension Deferred inflows from OPEB	8,762,154	1,276,763	10,038,917
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>10,546,272</u> 19,308,426	4,009,947 5,286,710	14,556,219
Total deletted innows of resources	19,300,420	5,200,710	24,595,136
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	98,459,383	403,244,579	501,703,962
Restricted for:	404 054		104.054
Fire	134,654	-	134,654
Lodgers promotion Capital projects	822,610 3,511,356	-	822,610 3,511,356
Debt service	222,702	- 1,661,907	1,884,609
Unrestricted (deficit)	(92,634,088)	75,397,471	(17,236,617)
Total net position \$			490,820,574
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CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		-	Program Revenues	(0	Net (Expense) Revenue ar Changes in Net Position	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Eurotions/Programs	FYDADSAS	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government: Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 29,001,248	\$ 4,884,959	\$ 3,363,177 \$	526,353	\$ (20,226,759) \$	\$ '	(20,226,759)
Police	20,062,739	694,994	711,420	I	(18,656,325)	ı	(18,656,325)
Fire	11,518,164		918,479		(10,599,685)		(10,599,685)
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs	16,972,721	2,275,413	14,072		(14,683,236)		(14,683,236)
Public works	8,600,434	29,181		502,558	(8,068,695)	'	(8,068,695)
Interest on long-term debt	1,289,934	I	'	'	(1,289,934)	'	(1,289,934)
Total governmental activities	87,445,240	7,884,547	5,007,148	1,028,911	(73,524,634)	'	(73,524,634)
Business-type activities:							
Electric	92,292,826	103,184,168		1,146,935		12,038,277	12,038,277
Water	15,256,353	20,214,760	•	989,188	•	5,947,595	5,947,595
Wastewater	8,249,189	10,792,986				2,543,797	2,543,797
Sanitation	5,725,091	6,196,001		'		470,910	470,910
Total business-type activities	121,523,459	140,387,915	I	2,136,123	ı	21,000,579	21,000,579
Total government	\$ 208,968,699	\$ 148,272,462	\$ 5,007,148 \$	3,165,034	(73,524,634)	21,000,579	(52,524,055)
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes				2,061,286		2,061,286
	Sales taxes				55,196,875		55,196,875
	Franchise taxes	S			2,373,842	ı	2,373,842
	Gasoline taxes				385,398	ı	385,398
	Lodgers' taxes				1,947,874		1,947,874
	Environmental taxes	taxes			•	1,204,224	1,204,224
	Miscellaneous				1,842,022		1,842,022
	Unrestricted inv	Unrestricted investment earnings			671,429	2,093,678	2,765,107
	Transfers				6,966,830	(6,966,830)	
	Total general	Total general revenues and transfers	nsfers		71,445,556	(3,668,928)	67,776,628
	Change in I	Change in net position			(2,079,078)	17,331,651	15,252,573
	Net position - beginning	ginning			12,595,695	462,972,306	475,568,001
	Net position - ending	ding			\$ 10,516,617 \$	3 480,303,957 \$	490,820,574

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	_	General	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental funds
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments Receivables (net, where applicable, of	\$	6,501,760	\$	26,355,150	\$	32,856,910
allowances for uncollectibles)		798,780		62,311		861,091
Due from other funds		286,815		159,933		446,748
Advance to other funds		1,500,000		-		1,500,000
Inventories, at cost		195,565		-		195,565
Prepaid items		686,204		10,300		696,504
Intergovernmental Total assets	e –	9,631,232		3,894,152		13,525,384
I Otal assets	\$_	19,600,356	- Ф -	30,481,846	ф	50,082,202
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:	OUF	CES				
Accounts payable	\$	979,481	\$	3,753,409	\$	4,732,890
Wages and benefits payable	Ψ	936,270	Ψ	68,265	Ψ	1,004,535
Other accrued liabilities		46.610		-		46.610
Accrued claims payable		3,151,670		-		3,151,670
Retainage/deposits payable		16,753		-		16,753
Unearned revenue		-		115,015		115,015
Due to other funds		-		446,748		446,748
Advance from other funds	_	-	_	1,500,000		1,500,000
Total liabilities	-	5,130,784	-	5,883,437		11,014,221
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	2,167,452	-	-		2,167,452
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories and prepaids		881,769		10,300		892,069
Restricted to:						
Fire		-		134,654		134,654
Lodgers' promotion		-		822,610		822,610
Capital projects		-		20,183,448		20,183,448
Debt service Committed to:		-		222,702		222,702
Police				371,960		371,960
Fire		-		186,244		186,244
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		1,058,593		1,058,593
Public works		-		1,680,254		1,680,254
Assigned to:				.,,		.,
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		548,350		548,350
Library		-		45,348		45,348
Community development		-		172,888		172,888
Capital projects		-		174,802		174,802
Unassigned	_	11,420,351	-	(1,013,744)		10,406,607
Total fund balances	-	12,302,120	-	24,598,409		36,900,529
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$_	19,600,356	\$	30,481,846		

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	130,856,550
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,167,452
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of healthcare to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	3,014,874
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(53,741,526)
Net pension liability	(77,249,982)
Deferred outflows from pension	18,802,085
Deferred inflows from pension	(8,762,154)
Net OPEB liability	(31,611,815)
Deferred outflows from OPEB	686,876
Deferred inflows from OPEB	(10,546,272)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 10,516,617

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	2,047,350	\$	913	\$	2,048,263
Gross receipts tax	Ψ	41,321,216	Ψ	13,875,659	Ψ	55,196,875
Franchise taxes		2,373,842				2,373,842
Gasoline taxes		2,070,042		385,398		385,398
Lodgers' taxes/fees		-		1,947,874		1,947,874
Licenses and permits		531,327				531,327
Intergovernmental:		001,027				001,021
Federal		162,206		2,503,397		2,665,603
State		71,789		1,954,467		2,005,005
Other		1,251,479		92,721		1,344,200
Charges for services		2,750,332		220,522		2,970,854
Fines		574,286		87,421		661,707
Investment earnings		168,186				
Miscellaneous				429,862		598,048
Total revenues	_	1,488,488	-	353,448		1,841,936
Total revenues		52,740,501	-	21,851,682		74,592,183
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		19,557,700		2,931,641		22,489,341
Police		17,607,926		1,101,973		18,709,899
Fire		8,880,643		1,129,131		10,009,774
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		10,846,843		4,542,581		15,389,424
Public works		110,001		5,773,054		5,883,055
Airport		-		561,869		561,869
Debt service:						
Principal		-		1,770,989		1,770,989
Interest		-		1,256,330		1,256,330
Bond issuance costs		-		142,943		142,943
Capital outlay:				112,010		112,010
General government		-		1,820,595		1,820,595
Police		-		228,548		228,548
Fire		-		223,078		223,078
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		_		11,747,828		11,747,828
Public works				6,867,715		6,867,715
Total expenditures		57,003,113	-	40,098,275		97,101,388
	_	07,000,110	-	10,000,210		01,101,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(4,262,612)	_	(18,246,593)		(22,509,205)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		0 540 045		7 4 40 00 4		40.007.000
Transfers in		6,549,315		7,148,084		13,697,399
Transfers out		(2,535,850)		(4,194,719)		(6,730,569)
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued		-		10,890,000		10,890,000
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium	_	-	-	2,221,046		2,221,046
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,013,465	-	16,064,411		20,077,876
Net change in fund balances		(249,147)		(2,182,182)		(2,431,329)
Fund balances-beginning		12,551,267		26,780,591		39,331,858
Fund balances-ending	\$	12,302,120	\$	24,598,409	\$	36,900,529
-	-		•		1	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 22) are

different because: Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds (page 24) (2, 431, 329)\$ Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. 13,152,451 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not 13.023 reported as revenues in the funds. The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. (11,287,165) The net revenue/expense of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with 708,591 governmental activities. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,234,649)Change in net position of governmental activities (page 22) (2,079,078)\$

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 1,925,872 \$	1,925,872 \$	2,046,771 \$	120,899
Gross receipts tax	43,465,405	43,465,405	41,283,001	(2,182,404)
Franchise taxes	2,456,596	2,456,596	2,392,701	(63,895)
Licenses and permits	600,250	600,250	531,327	(68,923)
Intergovernmental:	00.050	100 715	407 745	(15,000)
Federal	39,052	182,715	167,715	(15,000)
State	12,000	41,886	110,728	68,842
Other	1,305,046	1,305,046	1,249,197	(55,849)
Charges for services	3,130,817	3,130,817	2,761,578	(369,239)
Fines	879,000	879,000	574,286	(304,714)
Investment earnings	105,000	105,000	100,812	(4,188)
Miscellaneous	348,180	585,385	1,262,057	676,672
Total revenues	54,267,218	54,677,972	52,480,173	(2,197,799)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government:	070 050	070 050	000 047	(4.4.000)
Council	279,058	279,058	293,347	(14,289)
Municipal court	2,060,081	2,060,081	2,171,137	(111,056)
Administrative	8,972,754	9,349,436	10,694,898	(1,345,462)
Legal	864,966	1,405,417	1,438,205	(32,788)
Administrative services	710,450	710,450	611,622	98,828
General services	4,646,761	4,800,869	4,653,517	147,352
Community development	958,812	912,653	830,449	82,204
Total general government	18,492,882	19,517,964	20,693,175	(1,175,211)
Public safety:		40 444 400		FF0 000
Police	18,155,178	18,111,108	17,552,175	558,933
Fire	9,089,516	8,872,296	8,890,235	(17,939)
Total public safety	27,244,694	26,983,404	26,442,410	540,994
Public works	1,067,734	404,626	102,637	301,989
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	11,410,816	11,425,242	10,777,596	647,646
Total expenditures	58,216,126	58,331,236	58,015,818	315,418
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(3,948,908)	(3,653,264)	(5,535,645)	(1,882,381)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	6,464,144	6,613,510	6,564,515	(48,995)
Transfers out	(2,515,235)	(2,535,850)	(2,535,850)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,948,909	4,077,660	4,028,665	(48,995)
Net change in fund balances	1	424,396	(1,506,980) \$	(1,931,376)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				
Change in receivables			199,985	
Change in fair market value - investments			67,374	
Change in intergovernmental			(22,231)	
Change in accrued payables			1,012,705	
		_	1,257,833	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:			(249,147)	
Fund balances beginning	12,551,267	12,551,267	10 551 067	
Fund balances-beginning Fund balances-ending	\$ 12,551,268 \$	12,975,663 \$	12,551,267 12,302,120	
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CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

Activities	Funds
Business-type	Enterprise

				cilleipiise ruilus			
		Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utilitv	Sanitation	Totals	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
ASSETS Current assets:	I						
Cash and investments	Ф	57,191,449 \$	15,108,332 \$	13,996,239 \$	713,736 \$	87,009,756 \$	3,861,804
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts)		4,466,053	2,348,370	1,100,899	351.093	8,266,415	198,618
Accrued unbilled revenues		5,398,911	1,147,220	494,597	264,037	7,304,765	1
Regulatory asset		12,200,426			I	12,200,426	
Inventories		6,968,357		·		6,968,357	
Prepaid items		147,302	13,899	16,926		178,127	
Restricted cash, cash equivalents		7 800 531	E 80 077	1 661 007		10.051.510	
	I	1,009,004	1 10,000	1,001,907	- 000 000 1	010,100,01	- 000 1
I otal current assets		94,182,032	19,197,898	17,270,568	1,328,866	131,979,364	4,060,422
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Land and land rights		3,800,240	3,086,978	1,434,333	23,341	8,344,892	ı
Building and system		73,116,357	14,028,074	31,666,497	80,323	118,891,251	
Improvements other than buildings		90,397,275	78,596,471	38,558,656		207,552,402	
Machinery and equipment		332,735,586	17,018,890	4,793,279	90,706	354,647,461	ı
Construction in progress		73,445,361	16,463,355	6,159,369		96,068,085	
Less accumulated depreciation		(266,831,186)	(50,262,487)	(28,558,925)	(103,597)	(345,756,195)	'
Total capital assets							
(net of accumulated depreciation)		306,663,633	78,931,281	54,053,209	99,773	439,747,896	'
Total noncurrent assets		306,663,633	78,931,281	54,053,209	99,773	439,747,896	'
Total assets	I	400,845,665	98,129,179	71,323,777	1,428,639	571,727,260	4,060,422
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred amount on pension	Ф	4,962,855 \$	134,370 \$	104,736 \$	11	5,213,433 \$	·
	I	232,997	CL2,0	4,920	10.044	244,771	'
I otal deterred outflows of resources	I	2,195,85Z	140,085	109,000	110,21	5,458,204	'

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019 **Business-type Activities**

429,226 429,226 616,322 616,322 1,045,548 3.014.874 3,014,874 Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund ഗ Ś 385,796 671,081 79,990 10,498,501 26,276,993 1,276,763 5,234,990 1,646,446 383,712 8,133,792 4,009,947 403,244,579 1,661,907 1,704,891 3,074,631 446,086 23,742,412 205,204 20,833,107 5,286,710 75,397,471 480,303,957 12.019.577 67,852,385 91,594,797 Totals ഗ Э 693,113 45,835 2,809 8,588 99,773 748 25,743 663,814 71,578 Sanitation 693,861 65,435 11,397 564,041 ക ഗ 41,035,083 6,538 40,368 1,251,053 19,114 78,458 261,188 1,646,446 418,556 26,129,770 13,243,406 138,812 26,276,993 25,651 04,109 1,661,907 3,184,339 235.173 27,109,902 30,294,24 Enterprise Funds Wastewater Utility ω ഗ 85,416,674 2,455,831 19,114 40,368 13,857 8,133,792 100,438 70,351,403 166,602 26,143 446,086 536,920 ,025,994 32,905 580,077 3,693,853 301,057 33.343 15,065,271 12.719.847 Utility Water . റ Э Ś 632,853 52,535 188,386 79,990 6,098,504 2,494,554 5,234,990 302,976 19,831,796 1,215,398 3,822,463 306,663,633 46,524,753 1,531,003 98,465 16,170,359 11.457.604 31,644,911 47,815,270 5,037,86′ Electric Utillity 353, Э ю DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred inflows of resources Net investment in capital assets Total noncurrent liabilities Deferred amount on pension Deferred amount on OPEB Customer deposits payable Restricted for debt service Total current liabilities Compensated absences Compensated absences Coal reclamation liability Decommissioing liability Total net position Unpaid claims liability Unpaid claims liability Net Pension Liability Total liabilities Voncurrent liabilities: Net OPEB Liability Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Current liabilities: **NET POSITION** Unrestricted LIABILITIES NMED loan NMED loan NMFA loan NMFA loan

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Business-type Activities

			Enterprise Funds	0		
						Governmental Activities Internal
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Sanitation	Totals	Service Fund
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services:						
Electric	\$ 102,158,180 \$	\$ '	ч ч	\$ '	3 102,158,180 \$	ı
Water		20,205,197	·	'	20,205,197	
Wastewater		ı	10,787,206	ı	10,787,206	
Sanitation			ı	6,087,584	6,087,584	
Health						8,648,294
Other revenues	1,025,988	9,563	5,780	108,417	1,149,748	
Total operating revenues	103,184,168	20,214,760	10,792,986	6,196,001	140,387,915	8,648,294
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and fringe benefits	15,072,725 44 064 666	779,717	515,491	37,323	16,405,256 44 054 566	
	4 1, 004, 000		'	·	41,934,300	
Other operating expenses	18,493,787	10,767,777	6,064,713	5,681,118	41,007,395	8,013,084
	10, / / 1, / 48	3,388,081	1,408,293	0,000	21,834,772	- 00 010 0
I otal operating expenses	92,292,826	15,135,5/5	8,048,497	5,725,091	121,201,989	8,013,084
Operating income (loss)	10,891,342	5,079,185	2,744,489	470,910	19,185,926	635,210
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental-environmental tax			1,204,224	•	1,204,224	
Investment earnings	1,335,736	416,266	323,903	17,773	2,093,678	73,381
Interest expense	•	(120,778)	(200,692)	•	(321,470)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,335,736	295,488	1,327,435	17,773	2,976,432	73,381
Income (loss) before transfers	12,227,078	5,374,673	4,071,924	488,683	22,162,358	708,591
Capital contributions	1,146,935	989,188		•	2,136,123	•
Transfers out	(4,714,148)	(1,124,960)	(527,722)	(000,000)	(6,966,830)	
Change in net position	8,659,865	5,238,901	3,544,202	(111,317)	17,331,651	708,591
Net position - beginning	344,528,521	1	1	- L	462,972,306	2,306,283
Net position - ending	\$ 353,188,386 \$	85,416,674 \$	41,035,083 \$	663,814 \$	480,303,957 \$	3,014,874

(Continued)

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Business-type Activities

		ш	Enterprise Funds			
						Governmental Activities Internal
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Sanitation	Totals	Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			1	1		
Receipts from customers/users	\$ 94,262,319 \$	19,672,748 \$	11,779,866 \$	6,163,383 \$ 27,040,770	`	8,840,263
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(60,454,602) (15,012,284)	(10,153,397) (776,633)	(5,336,536) (514,492)	(5,646,758) (37,270)	(81,591,293) (16,340,679)	(7,840,814) -
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	18,795,433	8,742,718	5,928,838	479,355	33,946,344	999,449
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	10171111100		(607 700)		(UC 0 2 2 0 2)	
Intergovernmental-envrionmental tax	(4,7 14, 140) -	(1,124,300) -	1,204,224	-	(0,900,030) 1,204,224	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(4,714,148)	(1,124,960)	676,502	(600,000)	(5,762,606)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from capital debt Capital contributions	- 1,146,935	2,967,563 989,188	102,725 -		3,070,288 2,136,123	
Addustron and construction of capital assets Driving orden on control Abbt	(15,342,704)	(15,003,027)	(3,248,956)	ı	(33,594,687)	
Frittopar part on capital dect		(120,778)	(7.32,303) (200,692)		(321,470) (321,470)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(14,195,769)	(11,398,273)	(4,099,228)	T	(29,693,270)	'
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends received	1,335,736	416,266	323,903	17,773	2,093,678	73,381
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,221,252	(3,364,249)	2,830,015	(102,872)	584,146	1,072,830
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	63,779,731	19,052,658	12,828,131	816,608	96,477,128	2,788,974

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

3,861,804

713,736 \$ 97,061,274 \$

\$ 65,000,983 \$ 15,688,409 \$ 15,658,146 \$

Cash and cash equivalents - ending

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	635,210	191,969 	- - 172,270 - -	- - 364,239 999,449
	Totals	19,185,926 \$	21,834,772 127,788 (601,141) (8,022,140) (53,445) (47,180) (794,063)	1,260 64,577 64,577 (231,000) (14,106) (16,402) (72,539) 1,538,007	1,712,953 (1,395,058) (228,674) 956,809 14,760,418 33,946,344 \$
\$	Sanitation	470,910 \$	6,650 (9,037) (23,581) - - (2,107)	(15) 53 33,009	5,396 (3,484) (375) 1,936 8,445 8,445 479,355 \$
Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds	Wastewater Utility	2,744,489_\$	1,468,293 882,319 104,561 - (10,469) (18,338)	(110) 999 310,000 - 421,418	44,717 (32,740) (3,783) 17,482 3,184,349 5,928,838 \$
Busin	Water Utility	5,079,185 \$	3,588,081 (556,481) (11,427) - (4,093) (23,666)	(151) 3.084 (10.000) 25,896 - 615,652	57,939 (39,436) (4,808) (4,808) 22,943 <u>3,663,533</u> <u>8,742,718</u>
	Electric Utility	\$ 10,891,342 \$	16,771,748 (189,013) (670,694) (8,022,140) (53,445) (32,615) (749,952)	1,536 60,441 (531,000) (40,002) (16,402) (72,539) 467,928	1,604,901 (1,319,398) (219,708) 914,448 7,904,091 \$
			so. es	Ω.	5 ~



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The City of Farmington (City), New Mexico, which was incorporated in 1901, has a population of 44,788 living within an area of 35.0 square miles. The City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. Four councilors are elected from designated districts with the Mayor serving at-large. This reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The City had no blended or discrete component units during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect costs are not allocated to functions in the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Derived tax revenues (gross receipts taxes and gas taxes) are recognized when the underlying transaction takes place. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *electric fund* accounts for the activities of the City's electric utility.

The water fund accounts for the activities of the City's water utility.

The *wastewater fund* accounts for the activities of the City's wastewater utility.

The sanitation fund accounts for the activities of the City's sanitation utility.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The internal service fund accounts for health insurance services provided to City employees on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's electric, water, wastewater, and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The utilities also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services, administrative expenses, and

depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is city policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

1. Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Securities, repurchase agreements, Certificates of Deposits, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. There are no investments held in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool as of June 30, 2019.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts in excess of 30 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied and collected by San Juan County. The County remits to the City amounts collected for the applicable portion of the property taxes in the month following the date of receipt. The City recognizes property taxes as revenue on the modified accrual basis. Oil and gas taxes received from the County are recognized as revenue when received by the City.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1st on property values assessed on the same date. The tax levy is payable in two installments, November 10th and May 10th. The property taxes are considered delinquent and subject to lien, penalty, and interest, 30 days after the date on which they are due.

3. Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted-average method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Regulatory Activities

The City's electric utility had incurred large maintenance costs for their two generation plants, Bluffview and Animas Power Plants. The electric utility has the ability to charge rates that are intended to produce revenue to recover these maintenance costs. The City intends to include these allowable costs in periods other than just the current period. During FY2019, Bluffview Power Plant had incurred maintenance costs that will be amortized over 4 years. The cost of the maintenance for the plant was \$3,440,896, which added to balance of the regulatory asset account. This regulatory asset was \$5,366,255 as of June 30, 2019.

The City's electric utility enterprise fund has regulatory activities whose rates are determined based on cost of service (power cost adjustment – PCA). Revenues are recognized based on the PCA when the costs are incurred but will be billed and collected in the future to recover such costs, and a regulatory asset or deferred inflows of resources is recorded. The PCA regulatory asset is recorded on the statement of net position (\$6,834,171 as of June 30, 2019) and the related additional revenue is part of electric charges for services recorded on the statement of activities (\$9,366,594 for the year ended June 30,2019).

5. Restricted assets

Certain resources of enterprise funds are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt covenants or other restrictions. The NMED debt service reserve and replacement reserve accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for future debt service payments. The amount paid to the San Juan Coal Company trust for reclamation and decommissioning costs also classified as a restricted asset. Customer deposits, as well as customer overpayments, are also classified as restricted assets. The deposits and overpayments remain the property of the customers, and the restricted account reports these assets separately from current assets available for operations to demonstrate the fiduciary relationship with the customers.

6. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Such assets, including infrastructure, have higher limits that must be met before they are capitalized. Computer software costs, whether externally purchased or developed in-house, shall be capitalized if the total cost of the software equals or exceeds \$5,000 and has a life of at least two years. Library books are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives and capitalization thresholds:

		Estimated
	<u>Threshold</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and structures	\$ 10,000	7 - 45 years
Improvements other than buildings	\$ 10,000	5 - 75 years
Infrastructure	\$ 50,000	3 - 50 years
Personal property	\$ 5,000	5 - 45 years

In FY2019, the City decided to proceed with an early implementation of GASB 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. This statement applies to business-type activities and recognizes interest as an expense in the period incurred. Interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be capitalized as part of a capital asset. For further information, please refer to Note V.J.

7. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Accrued sick leave over 520 hours (728 hours for fire shift personnel) may be converted to vacation time at the conversion ratio of three sick days to one vacation day at any time. A liability for accrued convertible sick leave is reported in the proprietary funds. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). Payments of accrued compensated absences are made upon employee termination and usually are paid from either the general or proprietary funds.

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has recognized deferred outflows of resources for its FY2019 pension contributions and OPEB contributions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has reported the following in this category:

- In the governmental funds balance sheet, it has reported *unavailable revenue*. The unavailable revenue is from one source: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- The City has recognized deferred inflows of resources for its pension liability and OPEB liability based on actuarial valuation that was performed.

For additional pension and OPEB information, refer to Note V.D and V.E.

9. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents restrictions by parties outside of the City

(such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments). The City's restricted net position in the government-wide financial statements are \$6,353,229 as of June 30, 2019.

10. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

11. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

12. Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

As of June 30, 2019, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable — amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of City Council. City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances approved by City Council.

Assigned — amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the City Council or by (2) the City Manager to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned — amounts in the general fund and nonmajor governmental funds that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:			
Inventories/prepaids	\$ 881,769	\$ 10,300	\$ 892,069
Restricted:			
Fire	-	134,654	134,654
Lodgers' promotion	-	822,610	822,610
Capital projects	-	20,183,448	20,183,448
Debt service	-	222,702	222,702
Committed:			
Police	-	371,960	371,960
Fire	-	186,244	186,244
Parks, rec, cultural affairs	-	1,058,593	1,058,593
Public works	-	1,680,254	1,680,254
Assigned:			
Parks, rec, cultural affairs	-	548,350	548,350
Library	-	45,348	45,348
Community development	-	172,888	172,888
Capital projects	-	174,802	174,802
Unassigned	11,420,351	(1,013,744)	10,406,607
Total fund balances	\$ 12,302,120	\$ 24,598,409	\$ 36,900,529

As of June 30, 2019, fund balances are composed of the following:

13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$53,741,526 difference are as follows:

Bond payable	\$	45,582,652
Bond premium (to be amortized over the life of the debt)		4,282,666
Accrued interest payable		141,816
NMFA loan payable		154,830
Compensated absences payable	_	3,579,562
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive		
at net position-governmental activities	\$_	53,741,526

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balance-total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." Details of this \$13,152,451 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay (net of current year loss related to deletions) Depreciation	21,015,030 (7,862,579)
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds</i> to arrive at changes in <i>net position of governmental activities</i>	\$ 13,152,451

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities". Details of this (\$11,287,165) are as follows:

Principal repayments	\$	1,770,989
Debt issued		(10,890,000)
Amortization of bond premium		(2,089,941)
Accrued interest		(33,604)
Compensated absences		(44,609)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances – total governmental	-	
funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$_	(11,287,165)

Another element of that reconciliation states that: "the net revenue/expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental funds." The details of this \$708,591 difference are as follows:

Internal service charges for services and other non-operating revenue Internal service operating expenses	\$ 8,721,675 (8,013,084)
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>changes in net position of governmental activities</i>	\$ 708,591

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. <u>Budgetary information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted for all funds. All budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Carryover funds must be appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a fund basis. Budgets may be amended by City Council ordinance with approval by the State Department of Finance and Administration. City department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a fund. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Increases or decreases of appropriations between funds require the approval of the City Council.

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In April or May, the City Manager submits to the Council a proposed preliminary operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared by fund, department, and function.
- 2. In late June, after there has been an opportunity for public comment, the City Council adopts the budget as finalized.
- 3. By the end of July, the Local Government Division of the State Department of Finance and Administration approves the final budget.
- 4. After the budget is adopted, any supplemental appropriations must be approved by the City Council.

Encumbrance accounting is employed by the City. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are carried forward to the new fiscal year and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

The City had the following encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019:

General Fund Gross Receipts Tax Streets Fund	\$ 180,820 1,420,358
Red Apple Grant Fund	69,712
Lodgers' Tax Fund	23,750
State Police Protection Fund	24,418
State Fire Grant Fund	118,940
GRT 2017/2018 Bond Projects Fund	8,119
Airport Grants Fund	36,950
Electric Utility Fund	873,590
Water Utility Fund	5,050,244

Wastewater Utility Fund	2,401,623
Sanitation Fund	21,842
Total Encumbrances	\$ 10,230,366

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Expenditures for all funds were within budgeted appropriations for FY2019.

C. <u>Deficit Fund Equity</u>

As of June 30, 2019, the gross receipts tax community transformation and economic diversification (CTED) fund had a deficit fund balance of (\$1,013,744). This is a new fund created to account for the initiative of the Farmington City Council to develop the outdoor recreation industry and enhance economic diversification through the City of Farmington. The CTED fund's main source of revenue is through a one-fourth of one percent gross receipts tax effective January 1, 2019 with initial payments received by the City in March 2019. As such, the City Council adopted resolution 2018-1682 approving an inter-fund advance from the general fund to the CTED fund of \$1,500,000 to fund the program initiatives prior to receipt of the gross receipts tax revenue. The loan will be repaid at a later date to be determined by management once the gross receipts tax revenue collected in the fund is able to cover budgeted annual expenditures. It is expected that this fund will have a positive fund balance in the subsequent year.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

Cash and investments	
Governmental activities	\$ 36,718,714
Business activities	87,009,756
Restricted cash and investments	
Business activities	10,051,518
Total cash and investments	\$ 133,779,988

As of June 30, 2019, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	_	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Une	ignificant observable its (Level 3)	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Money markets	\$	7,915,384	\$ 7,915,384	-		-	0.08
Certificates of deposit		28,000,000	28,000,000	-		-	0.92
Federal agency securities		55,886,462	55,886,462	<u>-</u>			1.24
Total Fair Value	\$	91,801,846	\$ 91,801,846				
Portfolio weighted average maturity							1.13

Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities or offer same day liquidity at a price of par.

Interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rate variations may adversely affect the fair value of an investment. An acceptable method for reporting interest rate risk is weighted average maturity (WAM). In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than five years.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City had investments at June 30, 2019, with more than 5% of the total in securities of the federal agency securities. These investments represented 61% of total investments.

Credit risk. As per the City's policy and as directed by State Statute 6-10-36, E. and F., excess funds may be invested in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, such as treasury notes, bills and bonds; in securities of Agencies that are guaranteed by the United States Government; bonds or negotiable securities of the State of New Mexico or of any county, municipality or school district in the State of New Mexico which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding. The City's investment policy does not include any credit rating limitations. The City's investments in money markets, certificates of deposits, and federal agency securities were rated AA+ by Standard and Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investment Service.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy and state statute require that the bank deposits be 50% collateralized and repurchase agreements be 102% collateralized. As of June 30, 2019, the City was in compliance with state statute. The City's carrying amount of deposits as of June 30, 2019, was \$48,039,148 and the bank balance was \$51,347,323. Of the bank balance, \$1,000,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$54,109,415 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name. At June 30, 2019, the City did not have any uncollateralized deposits subject to custodial credit risk.

Custodial credit risk – investments. In the case of investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counter-party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have any investments at June 30, 2019, that are exposed to custodial credit risk.

Collateral. The following guidelines are used to determine the level of collateral required from each financial institution. These ratios are in agreement with those set by the State Board of Finance for the State of New Mexico. The City Council authorizes the City Manager or his/her designee to set a higher level of collateral required based on criteria other than the ratios below. In no case shall the requirements be less than 50%.

Ratios	50%	75%	100%
Primary Capital Assets	Above 6%	5% - 6%	Less than 5%
<u>Net Operating Income</u> Total Average Assets	Above .60%	.051%60%	Less than .51%

Banking Institutions Percentage Level of Collateralization Required

Non-Performing Loans	Under 35%	35% - 49.9%	Above 49.9%
Primary Capital			

	0	•	
Ratios	50%	75%	100%
<u>Net Worth</u> Average Assets	Above 3%	2% - 3%	Less than 2%
4 Qtrs Avg Net Income Before Tax 4 Qtrs Avg Assets	Above .3%	.2%3%	Less than .2%
2 Consecutive Quarters of After Tax Losses		Yes	
3 Consecutive Quarters of After Tax Losses			Yes

Savings and Loan Institutions Percentage Level of Collateralization Required

Only securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government will be accepted as collateral. The City may make an exception and accept as collateral securities from a governmental entity within the State of New Mexico as described by State Statute 6-10-16, B. All securities pledged as collateral shall be held by a third-party financial institution approved by the City Manager or his/her designee. Any change in the institution holding the collateral must have prior approval of the City Manager or his/her designee.

B. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	_	General	 Nonmajor Govern- mental Funds	 Enterprise	 Internal Service Fund	 Total
Receivables:						
Accounts Receivable	\$	798,780	\$ 62,311	\$ 8,871,162	\$ 198,618	\$ 9,930,871
Unbilled Revenue		-	-	7,304,765	-	7,304,765
Intergovernmental	_	9,631,232	 3,894,152	 -	 -	 13,525,384
Gross Receivables		10,430,012	3,956,463	16,175,927	198,618	30,761,020
Less: Allowance for						
Uncollectibles	_	-	 -	 (604,747)	 -	 (604,747)
Net Total Receivables:	\$	10,430,012	\$ 3,956,463	\$ 15,571,180	\$ 198,618	\$ 30,156,273

Intergovernmental receivables are made up of the following amounts in the general and special revenue funds: gross receipts taxes \$10,477,257, property taxes \$2,167,452, federal and state grants \$524,243, franchise taxes \$116,464, lodgers' taxes and fees \$204,765, and other taxes \$35,203.

Revenues of the utilities are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to electric sales	\$ 102,804
Uncollectibles related to water sales	22,713
Uncollectibles related to wastewater charges	14,491
Uncollectibles related to sanitation charges	6,455
Total uncollectibles of the current fiscal year	\$ 146,463

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	J	Balance uly 1, 2018	_	Transfers	_	Additions		Deletions	-	Balance June 30, 2019
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land	\$	30,259,051	\$	-	\$	761,448	\$	-	\$	31,020,499
Construction in progress Total Non-Depreciable Assets		21,973,647 52,232,698	-	-	-	17,517,943 18,279,391	· _	(1,235,278) (1,235,278)	-	38,256,312 69,276,811
Depreciable Assets: Buildings Improvements other than		80,575,454		-		69,165		-		80,644,619
buildings Equipment		33,733,355 37,106,563		-		1,044,032 2,859,083		- (1,164,967)		34,777,387 38,800,679
Infrastructure Total Depreciable Assets		78,291,847 229,707,219	-	-	-	- 3,972,280	· _	- (1,164,967)	-	78,291,847 232,514,532
Total Governmental Asset		281,939,917	_	-	_	22,251,671	· _	(2,400,245)	-	301,791,343
Accumulated Depreciation:										
Buildings Improvements other than		(47,149,894)		-		(1,949,078)		-		(49,098,972)
buildings Equipment Infrastructure	((25,343,387) (28,445,928) (63,296,609)		-		(1,624,443) (2,172,512) (2,116,546)		- 1,163,604		(26,967,830) (29,454,836) (65,413,155)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		64,235,818)	-	-	_	(7,862,579)	· _	1,163,604	-	(170,934,793)
Net Governmental Assets	\$	117,704,099	\$_	-	\$_	14,389,092	\$	(1,236,641)	\$_	130,856,550
Business-type activities:	J	Balance uly 1, 2018	_	Transfers	_	Additions		Deletions	-	Balance June 30, 2019
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land	\$	4,061,842	\$	-	\$	954,945	\$	-	\$	5,016,787
*Construction in progress Total Non-Depreciable Assets		103,475,655 107,537,497	-	-	-	33,328,403 34,283,348		(40,735,973) (40,735,973)	-	96,068,085 101,084,872
Depreciable Assets: Land Rights Buildings		3,286,105 111,641,865		:		42,000 7,266,547		- (17,161)		3,328,105 118,891,251
*Improvements other than buildings Equipment		181,336,439 351,108,493		30,713		26,265,504 4,278,646		(80,254) (708,965)		207,552,402 354,647,461
Total Depreciable Assets		647,372,902	-	(30,713)	_	37,852,697		(806,380)	-	684,419,219
Total Business-type Assets		754,910,399	_	-	_	72,136,045	· _	(41,542,353)	-	785,504,091
Accumulated Depreciation: Land rights Buildings *Improvements other than	((1,088,768) (63,663,878)		-		(1,280) (3,042,582)		- 17,161		(1,090,048) (66,689,299)
buildings Equipment Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1	(70,835,691) 91,334,081) 826,922,418)	_	(8,999) 8,999 -	-	(5,338,172) (11,742,377) (20,124,411)	· _	564,508 708,965 1,290,634	-	(75,618,354) (202,358,494) (345,756,195)
Net Business-type Assets	\$	427,987,981	\$	-	\$	52,011,634	\$	(40,251,719)	\$	439,747,896

*According to FERC (Federal Energy Regulatory Commission), a retired Electric asset is fully depreciated, plant-in-service and accumulated depreciation are the same amount. But retirements also include cost of removal, which will increase the total of deletions for accumulated depreciation. This increase is also a cost during the current year that runs through Construction in progress (CIP). At year end this cost is removed from CIP but is part of accumulated depreciation totals and not part of total additions for depreciable assets.

Business-type Capital assets – by fund

		Electric		Water	Wastewater	Sanitation
Land and Land Rights	\$	3,800,240	\$	3,086,978	\$ 1,434,333	\$ 23,341
Buildings and Structures		73,116,357		14,028,074	31,666,497	80,323
Improvements other than buildings		90,397,275		78,596,471	38,558,656	-
Equipment		332,735,586		17,018,890	4,793,279	99,706
Total	_	500,049,458	• •	112,730,413	 76,452,765	 203,370
Less accumulated depreciation		(266,831,186)		(50,262,487)	(28,558,925)	(103,597)
Construction in progress		73,445,361		16,463,355	6,159,369	-
Net Enterprise Capital Assets	\$	306,663,633	\$	78,931,281	\$ 54,053,209	\$ 99,773

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 890,514
Airport	858,585
Police	525,466
Fire	677,456
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs	2,031,992
Public works/Community development	173,008
Highways and streets	2,705,558
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 7,862,579
Business-type activities:	
Electric	\$ 15,061,387
Water	3,588,081
Wastewater	1,468,293
Sanitation	6,650
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 20,124,411

D. Accrued liabilities, interfund receivables, payables and transfers

The composition of other accrued liabilities as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Other Accrued Liabilities	Governmental Activities
Taxes	\$ 9,565
Intergovernmental	22,880
Court collections	14,165
Miscellaneous insurance	429,226
	\$ 475,836

The composition of other accrued liabilities for the proprietary funds as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

Other Accrued Liabilities	Electric	Water	Wastewater	Sanitation	Total
Wages & benefits	\$ 330,738	\$ 8,372	\$ 6,538	\$ 725	\$ 346,373
Gross receipt taxes	462,662	143,840	-	23	606,525
Water conservation fee	-	14,390	-	-	14,390
Ad valorem taxes	425,000	-	-	-	425,000
Franchise taxes	254,267	-	-	-	254,267
Other PNM liabilities	19,944	-	-	-	19,944
Billed customer deposits	38,392	-	-	-	38,392
Total	\$ 1,531,003	\$ 166,602	\$ 6,538	\$ 748	\$ 1,704,891

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Due from other funds	Due to other funds
Major Fund:		
General fund	\$ 286,815	\$ -
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
GRT community trans/econ div fund	-	147,452
General government grant fund	-	50,743
COPS program grant fund	-	10,866
GRT bond projects fund	159,933	77,754
Convention center capital projects fund	-	159,933
	\$ 446,748	\$ 446,748

Federal and state grants (e.g., General Government grants and COPS program grants) and NMFA bond financed projects (e.g. GRT bond capital projects and Convention Center capital projects) are normally reimbursement oriented; therefore, the payable represents the unreimbursed expenditures at year end. All other interfund transactions represent cash transfers for operating purposes.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fund Financial Statements – Transfers

Governmental Funds	In	Out
General fund – operating transfer to debt service fund	\$ -	\$ 1,883,256
General fund – operating transfer to airport construction grant projects fund	-	90,750
General fund – operating transfer to red apple transit grant fund	-	418,536
General fund – operating transfer to region II fund	-	30,000
General fund – operating transfer to COPS program grant fund	-	53,194
General fund – operating transfer to general government grant fund	-	60,114
General fund – operating transfer from electric/water/wastewater utility funds	6,246,830	-
General fund – operating transfer from comm trans/econ div GRT fund	153,068	-
General fund – operating transfer from state fire fund	142,577	-
General fund – operating transfer from metro redevelopment authority fund	6,840	-
GRT streets fund – operating transfer from sanitation utility fund	600,000	-
GRT parks fund – operating transfer from parks/rec gifts & grants fund	41,910	-
Comm trans/econ div GRT fund – operating transfer from general gov't		
capital projects fund	300,000	-
Red apple transit – operating transfer from general fund	418,536	-
General government grant – operating transfer from general fund	60,114	-
Region II fund – matching funds for grant from general fund	30,000	-
COPS program grant fund – matching funds for grant from general fund	53,194	-
State fire grant fund – operating transfer from water utility fund	120,000	-
GRT streets fund – operating transfer to capital grant projects fund	-	1,182,949
GRT streets fund – operating transfer to debt service fund	-	305,056
GRT parks fund – operating transfer to park development fees fund	-	26,776
Comm trans/econ div GRT fund – operating transfer to general fund	-	153,068
Comm trans/econ div GRT fund – operating transfer to GRT 2017/2018		
bond projects fund	-	1,189,000
Parks/rec gifts & grants fund – operating transfer to GRT parks fund	-	41,910
Convention center fees fund – operating transfer to debt service fund	-	711,088
State fire grant fund – operating transfer to debt service fund	-	135,455
State fire grant fund – operating transfer to general fund	-	142,577
General gov't capital projects fund – operating transfer to comm/econ div GRT fund	-	300,000

Metro redevelopment authority fund – operating transfer to general fund Capital grant projects fund – operating transfer to GRT streets fund GRT 2017/2018 bond projects fund – operating transfer from comm/econ div GRT fund Airport construction grant projects fund – operating transfer from general		- 1,182,949 1,189,000	6,840 - -
fund		90,750	-
Park development fees fund – operating transfer from GRT parks fund		26,776	-
Debt service fund – operating transfer from GRT streets fund		305,056	-
Debt service fund – operating transfer from state fire fund		135,455	-
Debt service fund – operating transfer from general fund		1,883,256	-
Debt service fund – operating transfer from convention center fees fund		711,088	
Total governmental funds transfers	\$	13,697,399	\$ 6,730,569
Net governmental funds transfers	\$	6,966,830	
Business-type funds Electric utility fund – operating transfer to general fund	\$	-	\$ 4,714,148
Water utility fund – operating transfer to state fire fund		-	120,000
Water utility fund – operating transfer to general fund		-	1,004,960
Wastewater utility fund – operating transfer to general fund		-	527,722
Sanitation utility fund – operating transfer to GRT streets fund		-	600,000
Total business-type funds transfers	\$	-	6,966,830
Net business-type transfers			\$ 6,966,830
<u>Government-wide Financial Statements – Transfers</u>			
		In	Out
Net governmental and business-type transfers		6,966,830	6,966,830
	\$	6,966,830	\$ 6,966,830
	-		

E. <u>Leases</u>

Operating Leases

The City leases equipment (golf carts) under a non-cancelable operating lease. The future minimum lease payment for this lease is as follows:

Year Ending	Amount
2020	\$ 80,160
2021	80,160
2022	33,400
	\$ 193,720

F. Long-term debt

General Obligation bonds

The City has the capacity to issue general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital projects, but as of June 30, 2019, no general obligation bonds had been issued.

Revenue Bonds

The City also has the capacity and has issued Sales Tax Revenue Bonds whereby the City has pledged income derived from the Gross Receipts Tax to pay the required debt service on the bonds.

In April 2012, the City issued \$10,655,000 of Series 2012 Sales Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds through the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA). A portion of the proceeds (\$2,231,667) was used to refund the 2001 Sales Tax Revenue Improvement and Refunding Bonds. The refunding resulted in both a reduction of debt service of \$94,520 over three years and also an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$98,612. The balance of the proceeds were used to build a new animal shelter, renovate the Civic Center, expand the Gateway Museum, remodel Fire Station #1, and to complete various drainage improvement projects.

In December 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA Loan 3616-PP) for the issuance of \$10,165,000 for Gross Receipts Tax Civic Center Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2016. A transfer in the amount of \$1,176,858 was disbursed from this account to NMFA Loan 3617-PP to be used for energy upgrades at the Civic Center. The bonds were purchased at a premium of \$1,260,619. The balance of the proceeds after paying costs of issuance and NMFA's processing fees are to be used for the purpose of improving, equipping, furnishing, and rehabilitating the City's convention center.

In December 2016, the City entered into an additional loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA Loan 3617-PP) for the issuance of \$4,743,999 in Taxable Gross Receipts Tax Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds, Series 2016A (QECB). Additional funds in the amount of \$1,176,858 were transferred from NMFA Loan 3616-PP. This transfer, along with the balance of the proceeds after paying costs of issuance and NMFA's processing fees are to be used for acquiring, constructing, and equipping energy conservation and efficiency improvements within the City. The City will receive a tax-credit subsidy semi-annually after filing form 8038-CP with the Internal Revenue Service. The payment received will reduce the City's portion of the interest expense due on the loan.

In December 2017, the City entered into a \$7,420,000 loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA Loan PPRF-4263A) for the issuance of the State Shared Gross Receipts Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2017. Bond proceeds were utilized for the advance refunding of the \$6,995,000 outstanding Series 2012 Sales Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds. The balance of the bond proceeds (\$7,288,736) after paying costs of issuance and NMFA's processing fees were deposited into the Series 2012 Escrow Fund at Bank of Albuquerque to be used for the purchase of State and Local Government Securities ("SLG's") to be delivered to the escrow fund and used to pay interest when due and to redeem the City's 2012 maturities as they become due and on the call date of June 1, 2021. As a result, the Series 2012 Sales Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds are considered defeased, and the City has removed the liability from its accounts, including the unamortized bond premium balance of \$444,950. The advanced refunding resulted in an increase of total debt service payments over the next 11 years of \$502,627 and an economic loss (the difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$110,415.

In March 2018, the City entered into a \$16,600,000 loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA Loan PPRF-4263B1 and 4263B2) for the issuance of State Shared Gross Receipts Tax Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2018. Bond proceeds from NMFA Loan PPRF-4263B1 (\$970,000) were utilized for the current refunding of the \$1,020,000 outstanding Series 2005 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds. The bonds were purchased at a premium of \$73,595. The current refunding resulted in an increase of total debt service payments over the next 5 years of \$24,867 and an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$27,046. Bond proceeds from NMFA Loan PPRF-4263B2 (\$15,630,000) were utilized for several City projects. The bonds were purchased at a premium of \$962,417. The balance of the proceeds after paying costs of issuance and NMFA's processing fees are to be used for the purchase of a fire engine truck and fire ladder truck, improvements to the City trail system, Civic Center and Aquatic Facility improvements, Complete Streets downtown revitalization project, and the construction of a new outdoor water park.

In June 2019, the City entered into a \$10,890,000 loan agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA Loan PPRF-4946) for the issuance of Municipal Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2019. The bonds were purchased at a premium of \$2,221,046. The balance of the proceeds after paying costs of issuance and NMFA's processing fees are to be used for paving projects throughout the City of Farmington as part of the Public Works – Streets long-term capital improvement plan.

Revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Interest Rates	_	General Govt.
Governmental Activities		-	
2016 Qual Energy Cons Bonds	1.65 – 3.19%	\$	4,192,652
2016 Civic Center Impr Bonds	3.50 – 5.00%		9,450,000
2017 Advance Refund Bonds	1.62 – 2.48%		5,910,000
2018 Current Refund Bonds	5.00%		630,000
2018 Improvement Bonds	3.25 - 5.00%		14,510,000
2019 Paving Bonds	4.00% - 5.00%		10,890,000
Total		\$	45,582,652

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

	General Govt.						
Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest				
2020	\$ 2,121,519	\$	1,793,702				
2021	2,051,164		1,763,197				
2022	2,116,401		1,691,850				
2023	2,227,229		1,607,892				
2024	2,328,708		1,504,912				
2025-2029	12,735,501		6,107,385				
2030-2034	14,022,130		3,416,887				
2035-2039	6,660,000		1,029,600				
2040-2041	1,320,000		99,750				
Total	\$ 45,582,652	\$	19,015,175				

The City has the following amounts of outstanding defeased debt in escrow accounts:

Bonds	06/30/18 Principal Outstanding	Additions	Deletions	06/30/19 Principal Outstanding
2012 Sales tax revenue bonds	\$ 6,190,000	\$ -	\$ (835,000)	\$ 5,355,000

For governmental fund types, bond issuance costs are recognized in the current period. Bond proceeds, bond premiums, and bond discounts are reported as other financing sources (uses). Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

New Mexico Finance Authority – Fire Pumper Loan. In June 2011, the City also entered into a loan agreement with NMFA for \$475,426 at a 2.775% blended interest rate for the purchase of two new fire pumpers. The NMFA loan repayment schedule is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 49,980	\$ 5,225
2021	51,550	3,656
2022	53,300	1,903
Total	\$ 154,830	\$ 10,784

New Mexico Environment Department Loan – Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion. In FY2007, the City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) for a \$14.2 million, 3% loan for expansion of the wastewater treatment plant. The NMED loan repayment schedule is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 774,874	\$ 178,123
2021	798,120	154,877
2022	822,064	130,933
2023	846,726	106,271
2024	872,127	80,870
2025-2026	1,823,531	82,463
Total	\$ 5,937,442	\$ 733,537

New Mexico Environment Department Loan – Wastewater Treatment Facility Improvement. In FY2015, the City entered into a loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) for \$14 million to improve the City's existing Wastewater Treatment Facility. In FY2016 the agreement was amended to increase the loan to \$22 million with a 3% annual percentage rate. Construction at the facility was completed at the end of FY2019. At that time, the City was offered the opportunity to refinance the loan. In October 2019 the refinanced loan agreement was finalized. The refinancing lowered the interest rate to 2.375% for a reduced loan amount of \$21,985,997. Along with the refinancing, the City also decided to expense the construction interest of \$1,265,919 along with a refinancing fee of \$439,720 in FY2020. Repayment of the loan will begin June 2020 and will be paid over 20 years with an annual payment of \$1,393,740. The amortization schedule provided below is based upon the finalized agreement.

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest
2020	\$	871,572	\$ 522,167
2021		892,272	501,468
2022		913,463	480,276
2023		935,158	458,581
2024		957,368	436,371
2025-2029		5,138,898	1,829,800
2030-2034		5,778,826	1,189,873
2035-2039		6,498,440	470,258
Total	\$	21,985,997	\$ 5,888,794

New Mexico Finance Authority Loan – Animas Waterline. In January 2010, the City entered into a loan and subsidy agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) for \$2,109,688, for improving approximately 13,900 feet of existing waterline in the City's water utility system. Of this amount, 50% of the loan is forgiven and the amount repayable is \$1,054,844 at a 1% interest rate (includes 0.25% for administrative fees).

The NMFA loan repayment schedule for the Animas Waterline is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Administrative Fee
2020	\$ 51,362	\$ 5,320	\$ 1,773
2021	51,875	4,934	1,645
2022	52,394	4,545	1,515
2023	52,918	4,152	1,384
2024	53,447	3,755	1,252
2025-2029	275,362	12,684	4,228
2030-2032	171,914	2,587	862
Total	\$ 709,272	\$ 37,977	\$ 12,659

New Mexico Finance Authority Loan – Water Meter Replacement. In January 2013, the City entered into a loan and subsidy agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) to replace and upgrade water meters and any ancillary equipment for meter reading in the City's water utility system. Upon project completion in August 2015, the total project cost was \$5,412,414, which was less than the original amount of \$5,959,000 that was approved to be used for the project. Of the final amount, 25% of the total would be forgiven and the amount to be repaid is \$4,059,311 with a 2% interest rate (includes .025% for administrative fees).

The NMFA loan repayment schedule for the Water Meter Replacement project is as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Administrative Fee
2020	\$ 183,973	\$ 58,910	\$ 8,416
2021	187,653	55,691	7,956
2022	191,406	52,407	7,487
2023	195,234	49,057	7,008
2024	199,139	45,641	6,520
2025-2029	1,057,052	174,515	24,931
2030-2034	1,167,071	78,248	11,178
2035	184,779	3,234	462
Total	\$ 3,366,307	\$ 517,703	\$ 73,958

New Mexico Finance Authority Loan – 2P Waterline Replacement Phase I. In August 2016, the City entered into a loan and subsidy agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) for \$3,232,000 for improving the City's water utility system for the 2P waterline. The 2P waterline project has been divided into three phases and each phase will have a separate loan from NMFA. As part of the agreement, 25% of the principal total will be forgiven and an interest rate of 2% (which includes an Administrative Fee). Construction was completed at the end of FY2019 and the City is awaiting the finalized loan agreement. Amortization schedule that is provided is based upon the original loan agreement, along with the original loan amount.

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 99,764	\$ 48,480
2021	101,759	46,485
2022	103,794	44,450
2023	105,870	42,373
2024	107,988	40,256
2025-2029	573,210	168,008
2030-2034	632,872	108,348
2035-2039	698,743	42,478
Total	\$ 2,424,000	\$ 540,878

New Mexico Finance Authority Loan – 2P Waterline Replacement Phase II. In June 2017, the City entered in to a loan and subsidy agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) for \$3,595,600 for improving the City's water utility system for the 2P waterline. Phase II will consist of replacing approximately 2.3 miles of waterlines for the 2P waterline replacement project. The

agreement states a forgiveness of principal of 25% and an interest rate of 2% (which includes an Administrative Fee). The construction on this phase of the project started in FY2019 and will be completed in FY2020. Amortization schedules to be provided upon completion of the project.

New Mexico Finance Authority Loan – 2P Waterline Replacement Phase III. In June 2018, the City entered in to a loan and subsidy agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) for \$2,929,000 for improving the City's water utility system for the 2P waterline. Phase III will consist of replacing approximately 2.1 miles of waterlines for the 2P waterline replacement project. The agreement states a forgiveness of principal of 25% and an interest rate of 2% (which includes an Administrative Fee). At the end of FY2019 construction on this phase of the project had not begun but construction must be completed in 2 years. Amortization schedules to be provided upon completion of the project.

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable: 2016 Qualified Energy Consv. bonds 2016 Civic Center Improvement bonds 2017 Advance Refunding 2012 bonds 2018 Current Refunding 2005 bonds 2018 Improvement bonds 2019 Paving bonds Premium on bonds-2016 Civic Center Premium on bonds-2018 Adv Ref 2012 Premium on bonds-2018 Improvement Premium on bonds-2019 paving Total Bonds payable	\$ 4,470,065 9,690,000 6,565,000 14,855,000 - 1,179,150 67,823 945,752 - 38,607,790	\$ - - - 10,890,000 - - 2,221,046 13,111,046	\$ (277,413) (240,000) (655,000) (205,000) (345,000) - (51,453) (17,317) (49,996) (12,339) (1,853,518)	\$ 4,192,652 9,450,000 5,910,000 14,510,000 10,890,000 1,127,697 50,506 895,756 2,208,707 49,865,318	\$ 281,519 250,000 665,000 210,000 170,000 545,000 51,454 17,316 49,996 148,070 2,388,355
NMFA Fire Pumper Loan Unpaid claims liability Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total long-term liabilities Governmental activities	\$ 203,406 4,386,326 3,534,953 68,340,254 35,296,771 150,369,500	\$ 6,865,375 2,028,207 8,909,728 30,914,356	\$ (48,576) (7,483,709) (1,983,598) (3,684,956) (15,054,357)	\$ 154,830 3,767,992 3,579,562 77,249,982 31,611,815 166,229,499	\$ 49,980 2,673,818 178,978 - - 5,291,131
Business-type activities: NMED Ioan NMED Ioan-2016 WWTP improvements NMFA Ioan-Animas Waterline NMFA Ioan-Arimas Waterline NMFA Ioan-2P Waterline Phase I NMFA Ioan-2P Waterline Phase II Unpaid claims liability Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Iong-term liabilities	\$ 6,689,746 21,883,273 760,125 3,546,673 1,536,736 - 822,000 1,027,870 19,120,154 13,414,635	\$ 102,724 697,036 2,270,526 366,832 698,006 1,712,953	\$ (752,304) (50,853) (180,366) (597,832) (671,082) (1,395,058)	\$ 5,937,442 21,985,997 709,272 3,366,307 2,233,772 2,270,526 591,000 1,054,794 20,833,107 12,019,577	\$ 774,874 871,572 51,362 183,973 99,764 110,987 385,796 671,081
Net Business-type Capital Assets	\$ 68,801,212	\$ 5,848,077	\$ (3,647,495)	\$ 71,001,794	\$ 3,149,409

The liability for unpaid claims, compensated absences, pension liability, and OPEB liability will be liquidated by the general and proprietary funds. The liability for unpaid claims, compensated absences, and pension liability has been historically liquidated by the general and proprietary funds.

Default Provisions

All bonds and loans of the City of Farmington are approved by council through an ordinance. The ordinances of each respective bond/loan include default provisions, bankruptcy, and remedies upon default. These provisions are written to protect and enforce the rights of any holder of bonds for the

enforcement of any legal or equitable remedy as such holder(s) may deem most effectual. Specific bond ordinances can be found on the City of Farmington website at <u>www.fmtn.org</u>.

Other Debt Instruments and Disclosures

The City of Farmington does not utilize lines of credit, and as such, does not have any unused lines of credit balances as of June 30, 2019. No City of Farmington debts are financed through direct borrowing and/or direct placement options in the current year or prior fiscal year(s). There are no assets in FY2019 pledged as collateral for City of Farmington outstanding debt.

G. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

The following is a summary of restricted assets as of June 30, 2019:

Business-Type Activities

	Electric	Water	Wastewater	Total
NMED loan debt service reserves	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,661,907	\$ 1,661,907
San Juan Coal Co. Coal Reclamation	5,234,990	-	-	5,234,990
SJ Generating Decommissioning	79,990	-	-	79,990
Customer deposits/overpayments	2,494,554	580,077	-	3,074,631
	\$ 7,809,534	\$ 580,077	\$ 1,661,907	\$ 10,051,518

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, property damage, errors and omissions, and natural disasters for which the government has designed a self insurance program in conjunction with commercial insurance coverage. The self insured retention for excess liability coverage is \$650,000.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payments, and other economic and social factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		F	Y20	18	FY	′20 [,]	019			
		Health		Risk Mgmt	Health		Risk Mgmt			
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims and	\$	725,544	\$	1,863,933	\$ 733,852	\$	4,474,474			
changes in estimate Claim payments	-	6,200,677 (6,192,369)		6,061,492 (3,450,951)	 4,909,012 (5,026,541)		2,323,195 (3,055,000)			
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	733,852	\$	4,474,474	\$ 616,323	\$	3,742,669			
Due within one year					\$ 616,323	\$	2,443,291			

City management's estimates of current portion are based on historical data.

B. Contingent liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of City Council that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

San Juan Coal Company Reclamation. The City acquired an 8.475% undivided interest in Unit #4 of the San Juan Generating Station (SJGS) in 1981 to provide a long term supply of coal-fired base load electricity for its electric utility customers. Other owners in the project include Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM), Tucson Electric Power Company (TEP), Southern California Public Power Authority, Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association, M-S-R Public Power Agency, the City of Anaheim, the Incorporated County of Los Alamos, and Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems (UAMPS). The San Juan Project Participation Agreement governs rights and obligations of plant owners or "Participants" in respect to ownership and operation of the San Juan Project, including reclamation costs. This agreement was amended and restated on September 1, 2017 to include additional provisions for a new exit date. The amended agreement is now known as "New Exit Date Amendment Amending and Restated San Juan Project Participation Agreement" (PPA).

On July 31, 2015 all parties to the PPA executed the San Juan Project Restructuring Agreement in response to environmental compliance issues at SJGS and California laws and regulations affecting some of the plant participants. As of December 31, 2017, SJGS retired Units #2 and #3 and the participants that exited were Southern California Public Power Authority, Tri-State Generation and Transmission Association, M-S-R Public Power Agency, and the City of Anaheim. Ownership in the plant reduced from nine to five participants as agreed and scheduled. Various other agreements were also executed on July 31, 2015 to provide for this event, which the City was a party to. The final revision of the amended PPA was executed on September 1, 2017.

Coal for the operation of the project is supplied by San Juan Coal Company (SJCC), owned and operated by Westmoreland Coal Company (Westmoreland), and is mined from the San Juan Mine located adjacent to the project. PNM is a party to a Coal Sales Agreement (CSA), a Reclamation Services Agreement (RSA) and a Coal Combustion Residuals Disposal Agreement (CCRDA), all dated July 1, 2015, with Westmoreland. The contract years for the three agreements commenced on January 1, 2016. The CSA and CCRDA will expire on June 30, 2022 unless extended by the parties. The City of Farmington has executed its right under the amended PPA to evaluate and negotiate a new CSA. The RSA will continue in effect until full release of all reclamation and similar bonds. The City's share is 2.559%.

All Participants agreed to establish individual trust agreements in accordance with the Mine Reclamation and Trust Funds Agreement Among the San Juan Project Participants dated May 16, 2012, to assure SJCC they will meet their obligation to fully compensate SJCC for all reclamation costs at the surface and underground mine sites. An Amended and Restated Mine Reclamation Trust Funds Agreement among all participants was executed on July 31, 2015 as a result of the plant restructuring. The trust funds will continue until SJCC achieves Reclamation Bond Release. Funding of the trust accounts will be according to funding curves provided in the agreement based on estimates for coal reclamation expenses which will be adjusted from time-to-time.

The City entered into a trust agreement with the Bank of Albuquerque, as Trustee for the benefit of SJCC, on May 22, 2012. This agreement was amended and restated on April 26, 2016 as a result of the plant restructuring. Funds will be disbursed from the trust only for the City's share of

reclamation costs, and for costs and fees associated with the maintenance of the trust account. The City retains no beneficial interest in the funds held in trust, except the right to a return of any funds that may remain in the trust after satisfaction of the Utilities reclamation obligation with SJCC.

San Juan Generating Station Decommissioning. In October 2017 a decommissioning trust was established to provide funding for the payment of decommissioning costs for the San Juan Project as set out in the July 2015 agreement. The anticipated plant closure date is December 31, 2022. All Participants agreed to establish individual trust agreements in order to have funded their share of the initial Decommissioning Funding Target Amount of \$30 million by December 31, 2022, in accordance with the direction from the SJGS Investment Committee chairperson.

The participants in the decommissioning of SJGS as of January 2018 are: Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM), Tucson Electric Power Company (TEP), the Incorporated County of Los Alamos, and Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems (UAMPS).

The City entered into a trust agreement with the Bank of Albuquerque, as Trustee for the benefit of SJGS on March 1, 2018. Funds will be disbursed from the trust only for the City's share of decommissioning costs, and for costs and fees associated with the maintenance of the trust account.

C. Jointly governed organizations

Joint Powers Agreement for Consolidated Communications Authority. The City is a participant with San Juan County, the City of Aztec, and the City of Bloomfield in a joint powers agreement to build, maintain, and operate a centralized communications system for dispatch and emergency response. The City was obligated to contribute \$55,000 per year until the Capital Equipment Fund reached a balance of \$250,000. Thereafter, the City is obligated to contribute 44% of an amount necessary to maintain that balance. During FY2019, the City did not make any financial contributions to the Authority. Complete financial statements for the Consolidated Communications Authority can be obtained from San Juan County, New Mexico.

Joint Powers Agreement for the San Juan Water Commission. The City is a participant with the cities of Aztec and Bloomfield, the County of San Juan, and the San Juan Rural Waters Users Association in a joint powers agreement to create a countywide entity responsible for water planning and use. Much of the impetus to form the Commission came from the Animas La Plata Water Project and the subsequent need to develop methods to equitably share the related costs and benefits. In addition to this specific project the Commission is also authorized to acquire additional water rights and provide for the equitable distribution of such water. The Commission is financed by a San Juan County mill levy on real and personal property of approximately 3 mills. During FY2019, the City did not make any financial contribution to the Commission. Complete financial statements may be obtained by contacting the San Juan Water Commission.

Natural Gas Purchase Agreement. In November 2009, the City entered into a 30 year natural gas purchase agreement with the New Mexico Municipal Energy Acquisition Authority (NMMEAA) for approximately 85% of its historical requirements. Under this agreement the City has purchased gas at an index price less a discount. The discount is derived from a prepaid gas arrangement between NMMEAA and the Royal Bank of Canada (RBC). In 2009 NMMEAA issued Series 2009 Gas Supply Variable Rate Revenue Bonds to provide a lump sum payment to RBC for the Prepaid Agreement. Due to new guidelines adopted by the Canadian Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions ("OSFI") which RBC determined materially affected the 2009 transaction, the Series 2009 bonds were refunded with Series 2014 Refunding Bonds for an initial 5 year period with a potential to continue beyond 5 years. The refunding took place on August 1, 2014, and has resulted in the City receiving a discount of \$0.02894 per MMBtu of gas under the gas supply agreement. The City's only obligation is to purchase gas from NMMEAA. The City has no obligation to purchase gas that is not needed, no exposure to any bond risk associated with the transaction between NMMEAA and RBC,

and no exposure to paying greater than index for gas. The City anticipates annual savings of approximately \$1,320,387 per year under this agreement.

D. Employee Retirement Systems and Plans

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. For a complete description of significant accounting policies, please refer to the PERA's June 30, 2018 CAFR.

Plan Description. PERA Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officers, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA Fund. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund, unless specifically excluded.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <u>http://saonm.org/</u> using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366.

Benefits provided. For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 available at

http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pdf

Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or more years of service or after 25 years of service regardless of age for Tier I members. Provisions also exist for retirement between ages 60 and 65, with varying amounts of service required. Certain police and fire members may retire at any age with 20 or more years of service for Tier I members. Generally, the amount of retirement pension is based on final average salary, which is defined under Tier I as the average salary for the 36 consecutive months of credited service producing the largest average; credited service; and the pension factor of the applicable coverage plan. Monthly benefits vary depending upon the plan under which the member qualifies, ranging from 2% to 3.5% of the member's final average salary per year of service. The maximum benefit that can be paid to a retiree may not exceed a range of 60% to 90% of the final average salary, depending on the division. Benefits for duty and non-duty death and disability and for post-retirement survivors' annuities are also available. A blended pension benefit is equal to the sum of the pension attributable to the service credit the member has accrued under each coverage plan with different pension factors, for service credit earned after July 1, 2013.

Contributions and Funding Policy. The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the City are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY18 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the table available in the note disclosure on page 43 of the PERA FY18 annual audit report at

https://reports.saonm.org/media/audits/366 Public Employees Retirement Association FY2018 Final.pdf

The PERA coverage options that apply to the City are: Municipal General Division, Municipal Police Division, and Municipal Fire Division. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,545,023 for Municipal General Division, \$1,406,070 for Municipal Police Division, and \$1,018,215 for Municipal Fire Division. Employer paid member benefits that were "picked up" by the employer were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018. These assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Although all the assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members, and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year. Paragraph 49 of GASB 68 provides that "to the extent that different contribution rates are assessed based on separate relationships that constitute the net pension liability, the determination of the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability should be made in a manner that reflects those separate relationships." Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense, and deferred inflows and outflows were performed separately for each of the membership groups; municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members, and legislative members. The City's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Schedule of Employer Allocations reflects fiscal year 2018 employer contributions received during the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Only pay period end dates that fell within the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 are included in the total contributions for that employer. Regular and adjustment contributions that applied to fiscal year 2018 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) has been used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allows for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used in order to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For Municipal General Division. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$50,367,746 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the proportion was 3.16%, which was a slight decrease from the prior year proportionate share of 3.27%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized Municipal General Division pension expense of \$5,375,733. At June 30, 2019, the City reported Municipal General Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,455,730	\$ 1,322,389
Changes of assumptions		4,566,549	289,596
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments		3,735,526	-
Changes in proportion and differences the City's			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		18,656	1,474,819
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,827,940	 -
Total	\$_	12,604,401	\$ 3,086,804

\$2,827,940 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 4,710,898
2020	1,643,087
2021	151,644
2022	184,028
2023	-

For Municipal Police Division. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$24,025,981 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the proportion was 3.52%, which was a slight decrease from the prior year proportionate share of 3.68%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized Municipal Police Division pension expense of \$2,371,859. At June 30, 2019, the City reported Municipal Police Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,176,201	\$	2,381,598
Changes of assumptions	2,741,397		146,880
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
pension plan investments	1,653,329		-
Changes in proportion and differences the City's			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	145,114		1,112,539
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,859,179	_	
Total	\$ 7,575,220	\$	3,641,017

\$1,859,179 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 1,633,123
2020	19,498
2021	338,190
2022	84,213
2023	-

For Municipal Fire Division. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$23,689,362 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the proportion was 3.70%, which was a slight decrease from the prior year proportionate share of 3.86%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized Municipal Fire Division pension expense of \$1,778,739. At June 30, 2019, the City reported Municipal Fire Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 380,694	\$ 1,727,658
Changes of assumptions	1,368,138	86,503
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	830,724	-
Changes in proportion and differences the City's		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	39,980	1,496,935
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,216,361	
Total	\$ 3,835,897	\$ 3,311,096

\$1,216,361 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 14,864
2020	(694,719)
2021	(51,182)
2022	39,477
2023	-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ended June 30, 2018. These assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Pay
Amortization period	Solved for based on statutory rates
Actuarial Assumptions:	

Investment rate of return Projected benefit payment Payroll growth	7.25% annual rate, net of investment expense 100 years 3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.25% to 13.50% annual rate
Includes inflation at	2.50%
	2.75% all other years
Mortality Assumption	The mortality assumptions are based on the RPH-2014
	Blue Collar mortality table with female ages set forward
	one year. Future improvement in mortality rates is
	assumed using 60% of the MP-2017 projection scale generationally. For non-public safety groups, 25% of in-
	service deaths are assumed to be duty related and 35% are assumed to be duty-related for public safety groups.
Experience Study Dates	July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2017 (demographic) and July 1, 2010 through June 20, 2018 (economic)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Ierm
	Target	Expected Real
ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.50%	7.48%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.50	2.37
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.00	5.47
Real Assets to include Real Estate Equity	20.00	6.48
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate. Previously, a select and ultimate rate of return assumption had been adopted for funding purposes but new economic assumptions were adopted for the June 30, 2018 valuations including the change to a 7.25% static rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASB Statement No.67. Therefore, the 7.25% assumed long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the net pension liability of PERA Fund, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%. In particular, the tables present the City's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the City participates in, under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

			Current		
		1%	Discount		1%
		Decrease	Rate		Increase
Municipal General Division		(6.25%)	(7.25%)		(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability	\$_	77,613,323	\$ 50,367,746	\$_	27,844,920
			Current		
		1%	Discount		1%
		Decrease	Rate		Increase
Municipal Police Division		(6.25%)	(7.25%)		(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability	\$_	36,942,099	\$ 24,025,981	\$	13,496,285
			Current		
		1%	Discount		1%
		Decrease	Rate		Increase
Municipal Fire Division		(6.25%)	(7.25%)		(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability	\$_	31,623,498	\$ 23,689,362	\$	17,189,652

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY18 PERA financial report. This report is available at http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pdf

E. Post-Employment Benefits – State Retiree Health Care Plan

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description. Employees of the City are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits provided. The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits,

that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2018 the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Current retirees and surviving spouses51,205Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit11,471
Current active members 93,349
156,025
Active membership
State general 19,593
State police and corrections 1,886
Municipal general 17,004
Municipal police 3,820
Municipal FTRE 2,290
Educational Retirement Board 48,756
93,349

Contributions. Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstances, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the City were \$856,920 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$43,631,392 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 1.0034%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB income of \$753,476. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 2,583,258
Differences between actual and projected earnings on		
OPEB plan investments	-	544,503
Change of assumptions	-	8,145,787
Changes of proportion	-	3,282,671
City's contribution subsequent to the measurement date	931,647	-
	\$ 931,647	\$ 14,556,219

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$931,647 represent the City's contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in

the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2020	\$ (3,559,846)
2021	(3,559,846)
2022	(3,559,846)
2023	(2,907,495)
2024	(969,186)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis
Asset valuation method Actuarial Assumptions:	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.50% for ERB, 2.25% for PERA members
Projected payroll increase	3.25% to 12.50%, based on years of service, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation including inflation
Health care cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non- Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs
Mortality	ERB members: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment (males) and GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table (females) PERA members: RP-2000 Combined Health Mortality

Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	Long-Term
Asset Class	Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	2.1%
U.S. equity – large cap	7.1
Non U.S. – emerging markets	10.2
Non U.S. – developed equities	7.8
Private equity	11.8
Credit and structured finance	5.3
Real estate	4.9
Absolute return	4.1
U.S. equity – small/mid cap	7.1

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 4.08% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 4.08% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.08%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate:

	Current	
1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
(3.08%)	(4.08%)	(5.08%)
\$ 52,804,259	\$ 43,631,392	\$ 36,401,129

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates;

1%	Current	1%
Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase
\$ 36,883,824	\$ 43,631,392	\$ 48,921,638

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

F. Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2017 the City adopted GASB Statement No. 77 *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. To date, the City has not entered into any agreements resulting in an abatement of taxes.

G. Undivided Interest in San Juan Unit No. 4

On November 17, 1981, the City acquired an 8.475% undivided interest in Unit No. 4 of the San Juan Electric Generating Station located in San Juan County, New Mexico. Unit No. 4 is owned 8.475% by the City and 91.525% by the Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM) and others. The unit became operational April 27, 1982.

Unit No. 4 provides electricity to the co-owners and to other unrelated parties. The City's pro rata portion of the operations are reported in the accompanying statement of revenues and expenses of the electric utility fund. The operating agreement between the City and PNM provides that PNM and other owners are entitled to receive energy from the Unit on a pro rata basis. Maintenance and operating costs, other than fuel costs, are also shared on a pro rata basis. Fuel costs are paid by

PNM and the other owners, including the City, in proportion to their share of monthly energy scheduled and produced from the Unit.

PNM has an option to purchase up to 50% of the City's capacity entitlement and associated energy in Unit No. 4. PNM must give eight years notice of its intent to purchase (no notice has been given). The investment is reported at the amount of the City's equity in the underlying net position of the Unit and is included in the electric utility capital assets.

As of November 29, 2018, Public Service Company of New Mexico (PNM), Tucson Electric Power Company (TEP), the Incorporated County of Los Alamos, and the Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems (UAMPS), gave notice of their intent to not extend the agreement beyond the June 30, 2022 expiration date. The City of Farmington has given notice of its intent to continue operation and is in the process of negotiations to transfer the rights of the non-extenders.

H. Contracted Water and Wastewater Services

In January 2016, the City entered into an agreement with OMI (Jacobs) to provide water and wastewater services to the City. The company operates and maintains the water and wastewater facilities. The contract expires in December 2023. The company is responsible for operating expenditures, as well as repairs and replacements up to \$2,000. The City paid approximately \$11.5 million for contracted services for the year ended June 30, 2019.

I. Conduit Debt

Conduit debt has been defined by GAAP as "certain limited-obligation revenue bonds or similar debt instruments issued by a local governmental entity for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity." The City has not reported any conduit debt or the related asset on the financial statements. The aggregate amount of all conduit debt obligations as of June 30, 2019, was \$913,800,000. This debt will never constitute an indebtedness of the City within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision of the state of New Mexico and will never constitute or give rise to a pecuniary liability of the City or a charge against its general or taxing powers.

J. Early Implementation of GASB 89

GASB Statement 89 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City of Farmington has decided to implement this statement early and will be applied going forward. The statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that such interest costs will be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred. As a result, the interest cost incurred before the end of the construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The changes in this statement will improve financial reporting. The resulting information will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental and business-type activities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	Measurement Date									
		ine 30, 2014	Ju	une 30, 2015	J	une 30, 2016	June 30, 2017		Jı	une 30, 2018
City's proportion of the net pension liability										
Municipal General		3.36%		3.39%		3.31%		3.27%		3.16%
Municipal Police		3.69%		3.75%		3.85%		3.68%		3.52%
Municipal Fire		4.05%		4.21%		4.12%		3.86%		3.70%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability										
Municipal General	\$	26,184,302	\$	34,544,615	\$	52,957,752	\$	44,932,566	\$	50,367,746
Municipal Police		12,021,827		18,029,698		28,428,580		20,445,924		24,025,981
Municipal Fire		16,887,561		21,705,351		27,503,935		22,081,918		23,689,362
	\$	55,093,690	\$	74,279,664	\$	108,890,267	\$	87,460,408	\$	98,083,089
City's covered payroll										
Municipal General	\$	20,344,393	\$	21,096,761	\$	21,820,572	\$	20,807,915	\$	20,652,279
Municipal Police		10,709,715		10,950,699		11,488,018		11,784,622		12,002,754
Municipal Fire		7,799,937		8,184,359		9,124,897		8,388,900		8,337,978
	\$	38,854,045	\$	40,231,819	\$	42,433,487	\$	40,981,437	\$	40,993,011
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll										
Municipal General		128.71%		163.74%		242.70%		215.94%		243.88%
Municipal Police		112.25%		164.64%		247.46%		173.50%		200.17%
Municipal Fire		216.51%		265.21%		301.42%		263.23%		284.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.29%		76.99%		69.18%		73.74%		71.13%

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Municipal General Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	2015 \$ 2,493,089 2,493,089 \$ -	2016 \$ 2,678,614 2,678,614 \$ -	2017 \$ 2,748,348 2,748,348 \$ -	2018 \$ 2,761,757 2,761,757 \$ -	2019 \$ 2,827,940 <u>2,827,940</u> \$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 20,344,393	\$ 21,096,761	\$ 20,807,915	\$ 20,652,215	\$ 20,541,470
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.25%	12.70%	13.21%	13.37%	13.77%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Municipal Police Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to contractually	\$ 1,313,907	\$ 1,388,780	\$ 1,556,500	\$ 1,605,093	\$ 1,859,179
required contribution	1,313,907	1,388,780	1,556,500	1,605,093	1,859,179
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$	\$
City's covered payroll	\$ 10,709,715	\$ 10,950,699	\$ 11,784,622	\$ 12,002,762	\$ 13,504,624
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.27%	12.68%	13.21%	13.37%	13.77%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Municipal Fire Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$ 957,615	\$	1,037,164	\$	1,108,017	\$	1,115,020	\$	1,216,361
957,615		1,037,164		1,108,017		1,115,020		1,216,361
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$ 7,799,937	\$	8,184,359	\$	8,388,900	\$	8,338,034	\$	8,835,350
12.28%		12.67%		13.21%		13.37%		13.77%
\$	\$ 957,615 957,615 <u>\$ -</u> \$ 7,799,937	\$ 957,615 \$ 957,615 \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 7,799,937 \$	\$ 957,615 \$ 1,037,164 957,615 1,037,164 \$ - \$ - \$ 7,799,937 \$ 8,184,359	\$ 957,615 \$ 1,037,164 \$ 957,615 1,037,164 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 7,799,937 \$ 8,184,359 \$	\$ 957,615 \$ 1,037,164 \$ 1,108,017 957,615 1,037,164 \$ 1,108,017 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 7,799,937 \$ 8,184,359 \$ 8,388,900	\$ 957,615 \$ 1,037,164 \$ 1,108,017 \$ 957,615 1,037,164 \$ 1,108,017 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ 7,799,937 \$ 8,184,359 \$ 8,388,900 \$	\$ 957,615 \$ 1,037,164 \$ 1,108,017 \$ 1,115,020 957,615 1,037,164 1,108,017 \$ 1,115,020 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 7,799,937 \$ 8,184,359 \$ 8,388,900 \$ 8,338,034	\$ 957,615 \$ 1,037,164 \$ 1,108,017 \$ 1,115,020 \$ 957,615 1,037,164 1,108,017 \$ 1,115,020 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ 7,799,937 \$ 8,184,359 \$ 8,388,900 \$ 8,338,034 \$

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of PERA FY18 audit available at

www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/GASB/Final-Version-NMPERA-2018-GASB-68-Report.pd

Changes of assumptions.

The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2018 report is available at http://www.mpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/retirement-fund-valuation-reports/6-30-2018-PERA-Valuation-Report-FINAL.pdf The summary of Key Findings for PERA Fund (on page 2 of the report) states "the unfunded liability based upon the statutory contribution rates is an infinite period." For details about changes in the actuarial assumptions, see Appendix B on page 53 of the report.

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CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Schedules of Required Supplementary Information for the year ended June 30, 2019 SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY NM Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		Measuren	nent	Date
	Jı	une 30, 2017		June 30, 2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability		1.07491%		1.00340%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	48,711,406	\$	43,631,392
City's covered payroll	\$	41,276,104	\$	41,419,726
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		118.01%		105.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		11.34%		13.14%

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for available years.

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Schedules of Required Supplementary Information for the year ended June 30, 2019 SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS NM Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 893,111	\$ 931,647
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(893,111)	(931,647)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 41,419,726	\$ 44,884,279
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.16%	2.08%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RHCA)

Changes of benefit terms. The Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) COLA and age eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in the Notes to the RHCA FY18 audit available at <u>https://saonm.org</u> using the Audit Search function for agency 343.

Changes of assumptions. The Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) of New Mexico Biennial Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2017 is available at <u>https://soanm.org/</u>using the Audit Search function for agency 343.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for available years.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes, or to facilitate the management of financial resources internally "designated" for specific purposes. Special revenue funds are authorized by the City Council.

Gross Receipts Tax Streets Fund - City management established this fund to account for the City's share of gross receipts that is legally restricted to maintenance of streets and storm drainage.

Gross Receipts Tax Parks Fund - City Ordinance 81-702 established this fund to account for the City's 1/8% share of gross receipts tax that is legally restricted to the maintenance of parks.

Gross Receipts Public Safety Fund - City Ordinance 2018-1312 established this fund to account for the City's 0.125% gross receipts tax that is dedicated to public safety (police and fire) purposes.

Gross Receipts Tax Community Transformation and Economic Diversification Fund (CTED) - City Ordinance 2018-1312 established this fund to account for the City's 0.25% gross receipts tax that is dedicated to community transformation and economic diversification with an emphasis on outdoor recreation industry initiatives.

Library Gifts and Grants Fund - City management established this fund to account for state and county gifts and grants restricted for the purchase of library books and other educational library needs.

Parks/Recreation Gifts and Grants Fund - City management established this fund to account for state grants restricted to expenditures for local beautification purposes and expenditures for leisure activities of senior citizens.

Museum Gifts and Grants Fund - City management established this fund to account for state grants restricted to expenditures for museum purposes.

Red Apple Transit Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for federal grants restricted to expenditures for Red Apple transportation purposes.

General Government Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for state grants restricted to expenditures for general government grant purposes.

CDBG Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for federal grants restricted to expenditures for CDBG grant purposes.

Lodgers' Tax Fund - State Statute 3-38-15 NMSA and City Ordinance 480 established this fund to account for the City-imposed tax restricted for tourism and promotion. One-fourth of the revenues are restricted to tourism and promotion and three-fourths of the revenues are restricted for promotional facilities.

Convention Center Fees Fund - State Statute 5-13-4 NMSA and City Ordinance 1272 established this fund to account for the City-imposed convention center fee on the use of a room within a lodging facility within the city limits in the amount of \$2.50 per room for each day the room is occupied by a vendee not otherwise exempted by the Act or the Ordinance.

State Police Protection Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for state grants restricted for the purchase of police equipment and other approved police needs.

Region II Narcotics Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for federal grants restricted to expenditures for approved police needs.

COPS Program Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for federal grants restricted to expenditures for approved police needs.

Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for federal grants restricted to expenditures for approved police needs (City Council Resolution # 2001-1013).

State Fire Grant Fund - City management established this fund to account for state grants restricted for the purchase of fire fighting equipment and other approved fire department needs.

Penalty Assessment Fund - City management established this fund to account for traffic fine revenues and disbursements according to City Code 19-84.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Community Development Grant Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for community improvements throughout the City funded primarily by federal and state grants.

Gross Receipts Tax Bond Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects that are funded with proceeds from GRT bonds issued in 2012.

Gross Receipts 2017/2018 Bond Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects that are funded with proceeds from GRT bonds issued in 2017 and 2018.

Governmental Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for capital projects that are funded with transfers from the general fund.

Airport Construction Grant Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for airport capital projects funded primarily by federal and state grants.

Metro Redevelop Authority Fund - This fund is used to account for metro redevelopment authority projects funded primarily by federal and state grants.

Park Development Fees Fund - City Council Resolutions 887, dedication of recreation space, and 910, land subdivision regulations - recreation space, established this fund to account for fees collected from developers for the purchase of land and development of parks.

Convention Center Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for civic center capital projects funded primarily with the convention center fees.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of revenue bond principal and interest from gross receipts tax sources.



				Special Revenu	ie		
	-	Gross Receipts Tax Streets	 Gross Receipts Tax Parks	 Gross Receipts Tax Public Safety		Gross Receipts Tax Community Trans and Econ Div	 Library Gifts and Grants
ASSETS: Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	15,363,098 - -	\$ 513,076 11,300 -	\$ 2,370	\$	-	\$ 47,505 2,595
Prepaid items Intergovernmental receivable Total assets	\$	7,305 1,654,957 17,025,360	\$ - 416,545 940,921	\$ - 370,119 372,489	\$	- 740,237 740,237	\$ - - 50,100
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$	2,293,362	\$ 32,553	\$ -	\$	103,075	\$ 4,752
Unearned revenue Wages and benefits payable Due to other funds Advance from other funds Total liabilities	-	- 907 - 2,294,269	 - 25,659 - 58,212	 - - - - -		- 3,454 147,452 1,500,000 1,753,981	 - - - 4,752
FUND BALANCES:							
Nonspendable: Inventories and prepaids Restricted to:		7,305	-	-		-	-
Fire Lodgers' promotion Capital projects Debt service		- - 13,043,532 -	-	-		-	-
Committed to: Police Fire		-	-	186,245 186,244		-	-
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Public works Assigned to:		- 1,680,254	882,709 -	-		-	-
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Library Community development		-	-	-			- 45,348 -
Capital projects Unassigned Total fund balances	-	- - 14,731,091	 882,709	 372,489		- (1,013,744) (1,013,744)	 45,348
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	17,025,360	\$ 940,921	\$ 372,489	\$	740,237	\$ 50,100

				Special Revenu	ie			
	 Parks/ Recreation Gifts and Grants	 Museum Gifts and Grants		Red Apple Transit Grant		General Government Grant		CDBG Grant
ASSETS: Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 298,089 5,000	\$ 235,213 24,953	\$	16,467 18,463	\$:	\$	82,655 -
Due from other funds Prepaid items Intergovernmental receivable	-	 -		- - 81,049		- 2,995 123,251		- - 23,884
Total assets	\$ 303,089	\$ 260,166	\$	115,979	\$	126,246	\$	106,539
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ 4 15,015	\$ 37,762	\$	76,735	\$	-	\$	-
Wages and benefits payable	-	-		1,368		4,454		1,705
Due to other funds	-	-		-		50,743		-
Advance from other funds Total liabilities	- 15,019	 - 37,762	-	- 78,103	-	- 55,197	_	- 1,705
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Inventories and prepaids	-			-		2,995		-
Restricted to: Fire	-	-		-		-		-
Lodgers' promotion Capital projects	-	-		-		-		-
Debt service Committed to:	-	-		-		-		-
Police Fire	-	-		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Public works	-	-		-		-		-
Assigned to: Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Library	288,070	222,404		37,876		-		-
Community development Capital projects	-	-		-		- 68,054 -		- 104,834 -
Unassigned	-	 -		-	_	-		-
Total fund balances	288,070	 222,404		37,876	-	71,049		104,834
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 303,089	\$ 260,166	\$	115,979	\$	126,246	\$	106,539

				Special	Reve	nue		
	-	Lodgers' Tax	Ce	vention enter ees		State Police Protection Grant		Region II Narcotics Grant
ASSETS: Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	422,493 \$ -	6	268,457 -	\$	-	\$	40,885
Due from other funds Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable Total assets	\$	125,505 547,998 \$	\$	79,260 347,717	\$	-	\$	171,727 212,612
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$	62,016 \$	6	-	\$	-	\$	21,608
Wages and benefits payable Due to other funds		11,089		-		-		5,289
Advance from other funds Total liabilities	_	- 73,105		-		-		- 26,897
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Inventories and prepaids Restricted to: Fire		-		-		-		-
Lodgers' promotion		- 474,893		- 347,717		-		-
Capital projects Debt service		-		-		-		-
Committed to: Police Fire		-		-		-		185,715
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Public works		-		-		-		-
Assigned to: Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Library		-		-		-		-
Community development Capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	474,893		- 347,717		-		- 185,715
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	547,998 \$	\$	347,717	\$	-	= \$ _	212,612

					ę	Special Revenu	е		
	_	COPS Program Grant		Law Enforcement Block Grant		State Fire Grant		Penalty Assessment	Total Special Revenue
ASSETS:	¢		•		•	200 407	•	7 405 \$	17 007 000
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	390,487	\$	7,125 \$	17,687,920
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-	62,311
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-	- 10,300
Intergovernmental receivable		14,372		-		14,732			3,815,638
Total assets	\$	14,372	\$		\$	405,219	\$	7,125 \$	21,576,169
	*=	14,372	Ψ.		Ψ.	403,213	Ψ.	Ţ,120Ψ	21,370,103
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,031	\$	7,125 \$	2,801,023
Unearned revenue		-		-		100,000		-	115,015
Wages and benefits payable		3,506		-		8,534		-	65,965
Due to other funds		10,866		-		-		-	209,061
Advance from other funds	_	-		-		-			1,500,000
Total liabilities	-	14,372		-		270,565		7,125	4,691,064
FUND BALANCES:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventories and prepaids		-		-		-		-	10,300
Restricted to:									,
Fire		-		-		134,654		-	134,654
Lodgers' promotion		-		-		-		-	822,610
Capital projects		-		-		-		-	13,043,532
Debt service		-		-		-		-	-
Committed to:									
Police		-		-		-		-	371,960
Fire		-		-		-		-	186,244
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		-		-		-	882,709
Public works		-		-		-		-	1,680,254
Assigned to:									.,,
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		-		-		-	548,350
Library		-		-		-		-	45,348
Community development		-		-		-		-	172,888
Capital projects		-		-		-		-	-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-	(1,013,744)
Total fund balances		-		-		134,654	- ·		16,885,105
		11075	- ^		- ·	,	- ^		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	14,372	\$	-	\$	405,219	\$	7,125 \$	21,576,169

						Capital Projects				
		Community Development Grant Projects		Gross Receipts Tax Bond Projects	-	Gross Receipts 2017/2018 Bond Capital Projects		Governmental Capital Projects		Airport Construction Grant Projects
ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$	1,012,753	\$	5,398	\$	6,327,285	\$	174,802	\$	26,622
Accounts receivable Due from other funds		-		- 159,933		-		-		-
Prepaid items		- 13,030		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable Total assets	\$	1,025,783	\$	- 165,331	\$	6,327,285	\$	174,802	\$	65,484 92,106
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	69,816	\$	812,721	\$		\$	69,849
Unearned revenue	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Wages and benefits payable		-		-		2,300		-		-
Due to other funds Advance from other funds		-		77,754		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		- 147,570	-	815,021	-		• •	- 69,849
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Inventories and prepaids Restricted to:		-		-		-		-		-
Fire Lodgers' promotion		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		1,025,783		17,761		5,512,264		-		22,257
Debt service Committed to:		-		-		-		-		-
Police Fire		-		-		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		-		-		-		-
Public works Assigned to:		-		-		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs Library		-		-		-		-		-
Community development Capital projects		-		-		-		- 174,802		-
Unassigned Total fund balances		- 1,025,783		- 17,761	-	- 5,512,264	-	- 174,802		- 22,257
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,025,783	\$	165,331	\$	6,327,285	\$	174,802	\$	92,106

				Capital	Pr	ojects					
	-	Metro Redevelop Authority	_	Park Development Fees	-	Convention Center Capital Projects	 Total Capital Projects		Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$	309,784	\$	175,884	\$	412,000	\$ 8,444,528	\$	222,702	\$	26,355,150
Accounts receivable		-		-	,	-		,	-	•	62,311
Due from other funds		-		-		-	159,933		-		159,933
Prepaid items		-		-		-	-		-		10,300
Intergovernmental receivable	<u> </u>	-		-		-	 78,514	·	-		3,894,152
Total assets	\$	309,784	\$	175,884	\$	412,000	\$ 8,682,975	\$_	222,702	\$	30,481,846
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 952,386	\$	-	\$	3,753,409
Unearned revenue		-		-		-	-		-		115,015
Wages and benefits payable		-		-		-	2,300		-		68,265
Due to other funds		-		-		159,933	237,687		-		446,748
Advance from other funds	_	-	_	-	_	-	 -		-		1,500,000
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	159,933	 1,192,373		-		5,883,437
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventories and prepaids		-		-		-	-		-		10,300
Restricted to:											
Fire		-		-		-	-		-		134,654
Lodgers' promotion		-		-		-	-		-		822,610
Capital projects		309,784		-		252,067	7,139,916		-		20,183,448
Debt service		-		-		-	-		222,702		222,702
Committed to: Police											274 000
Fire		-		-		-	-		-		371,960
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		- 175,884		-	- 175,884		-		186,244 1,058,593
Public works		-		175,004		-	175,004		-		1,680,254
Assigned to:											1,000,204
Parks, recreation, cultural affairs		-		_		_	-		-		548,350
Library		-		-		-	-		-		45,348
Community development		-		-		-	-		-		172,888
Capital projects		-		-		-	174,802		-		174,802
Unassigned		-		-		-	-		-		(1,013,744)
Total fund balances	-	309,784	_	175,884	-	252,067	 7,490,602		222,702		24,598,409
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	309,784	\$	175,884	\$	412,000	\$ 8,682,975	\$	222,702	\$	30,481,846

			Special Revenu	le	
	Gross Receipts Tax Streets	Gross Receipts Tax Parks	Gross Receipts Tax Public Safety	Gross Receipts Tax Community Trans and Econ Div	Library Gifts and Grants
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$ - 9	- \$	-	\$-\$	-
Gross receipts tax	8,289,172	2,410,129	1,058,786	2,117,572	-
Gasoline taxes	385,398	-	-	-	-
Lodgers' taxes/fees	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	_	-	-	-	-
State	_	_	_	_	7,510
Other					7,010
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	- 61,280	- 10,993	2,370	7,382	- 5,674
Donations	01,200	10,995	2,370	50,000	24,264
	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	1,779	26,190	-	528	562
Total revenues	8,737,629	2,447,312	1,061,156	2,175,482	38,010
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	840,558	-
Police	-	-	344,334	-	-
Fire	-	-	344,333	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	-	2,039,451	-	-	281,132
Public works	5,720,048	-	-	53,006	-
Airport	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	142,943	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay:	,				
General government	-	-	-	823,462	-
Police	-	-	-	96,088	-
Fire	_	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	_	561,040	-	24,623	-
Public works	3,929,980	-	_	309,421	-
Total expenditures	9,792,971	2,600,491	688,667	2,147,158	281,132
	0,102,011			2,111,100	201,102
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(1,055,342)	(153,179)	372,489	28,324	(243,122)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	600,000	41,910	-	300,000	-
Transfers out	(1,488,005)	(26,776)	-	(1,342,068)	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued	10,890,000	(20,110)	-	(.,012,000)	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium	2,221,046	-	-	-	-
	12,223,041	15,134	-	(1,042,068)	-
Net change in fund balances	11,167,699	(138,045)	372,489	(1,013,744)	(243,122)
Fund balances-beginning	3,563,392	1,020,754	-	-	288,470
			272 400	¢ (1 0 4 0 7 4 4) ¢	
Fund balances-ending	\$ 14,731,091	<u>882,709</u> \$	372,489	\$ (1,013,744) \$	45,348

				Special Revenue		
	_	Parks/ Recreation Gifts and Grants	Museum Gifts and Grants	Red Apple Transit Grant	General Government Grant	CDBG Grant
REVENUES:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Gross receipts tax		- '	- '	- '	-	-
Gasoline taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Lodgers' taxes/fees		-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:						
Federal		-	-	677,455	217,413	581,286
State		10,043	-	23,996	319,351	
Other		4,029	-	50,692	-	_
Charges for services		713	53,933	88,577	_	_
Fines		110	00,000	00,011		
Investment earnings		6,482	- 5,177	-	-	1,218
Donations		87,930	,	-	-	1,210
			32,677	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	368	370	96		36 582,540
Total revenues	-	109,565	92,157	840,816	536,874	582,540
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		-	-	1,158,068	512,831	120,534
Police		-	-	-	56,905	-
Fire		-	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		53,787	91,171	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-	-
Airport		-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-	-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay:						
General government			_	153,842	_	466,600
Police		_	_	100,012	_	100,000
Fire				_	_	
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		42,844	-	-	-	_
Public works		42,044	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	96,631	91,171	1,311,910	569,736	587,134
i otal experiatures	-	30,031	91,171	1,511,910	509,750	307,134
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	_	12,934	986	(471,094)	(32,862)	(4,594)
OTHED EINANCING SOUDCES (USES):						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				440 500	00.444	
Transfers in		-	-	418,536	60,114	-
Transfers out		(41,910)	-	-	-	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued		-	-	-	-	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium	-			-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(41,910)		418,536	60,114	-
Net change in fund balances		(28,976)	986	(52,558)	27,252	(4,594)
Fund balances-beginning		317,046	221,418	90,434	43,797	109,428
Fund balances-ending	\$	288,070 \$	222,404 \$			104,834

			Special	l Revenue	
	_	Lodgers' Tax	Convention Center Fees	State Police Protection Grant	Region II Narcotics Grant
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	- \$		\$ - \$	-
Gross receipts tax		- '	-	-	-
Gasoline taxes		-	-	-	-
Lodgers' taxes/fees		1,193,797	754,077	-	-
Intergovernmental:		, ,	,		
Federal		-	-	-	248,240
State		-	-	134,788	179,845
Other		-	-	-	38,000
Charges for services		70,092	-	-	-
Fines		-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		10,890	4,323	1,189	180
Donations				-	-
Miscellaneous		5,037	122	-	8,032
Total revenues	-	1,279,816	758,522	135,977	474,297
Total revenues	-	1,273,010	100,022	100,011	414,231
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government					
Police		-	-	21,999	433,277
Fire		-	-	21,999	455,277
		- 1,271,820	60 702	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs Public works		1,271,020	60,793	-	-
Airport		-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal		-	-	-	-
Interest		-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay:					
General government		-	-	-	-
Police		-	-	114,674	9,256
Fire		-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		-	-	-	-
Public works	_	-		-	
Total expenditures	_	1,271,820	60,793	136,673	442,533
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	_	7,996	697,729	(696)	31,764
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		-	-	-	30,000
Transfers out		-	(711,088)	-	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued		-	-	-	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium	_	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	-	(711,088)	-	30,000
Not change in fund holes and		7 000	(40.050)	(000)	04 704
Net change in fund balances		7,996	(13,359)	(696)	61,764
Fund balances-beginning		466,897	361,076	696	123,951
Fund balances-ending	\$	474,893 \$			185,715
	Ψ=	φ		ΨΨ	100,110

			Special Revenue		
	COPS Program Grant	Law Enforcement Block Grant	State Fire Grant	Penalty Assessment	Total Special Revenue
REVENUES:					
Taxes:	•				
Property	\$ - 9	\$-\$	- \$	- \$	-
Gross receipts tax	-	-	-	-	13,875,659
Gasoline taxes	-	-	-	-	385,398
Lodgers' taxes/fees	-	-	-	-	1,947,874
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	64,872	45,675	268,863	-	2,103,804
State	-	-	649,616	-	1,325,149
Other	-	-	-	-	92,721
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	213,315
Fines	-	-	-	87,421	87,421
Investment earnings	-	216	7,388	198	124,960
Donations	-	-	24,250	-	219,121
Miscellaneous	-	249	89,321	-	132,800
Total revenues	64,872	46,140	1,039,438	87,619	20,508,222
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	2,631,991
Police	120,229	37,610	-	87,619	1,101,973
Fire	-	-	784,798	-	1,129,131
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	-	-	-	-	3,798,154
Public works	-	-	-	-	5,773,054
Airport	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	142,943
Capital outlay:					,
General government	-	_	-	_	1,443,904
Police	-	8,530	-	_	228,548
Fire	_	0,000	204,200	_	204,200
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	_	_	201,200	_	628,507
Public works					4,239,401
Total expenditures	120,229	46,140	988,998	87,619	21,321,806
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(55,357)		50,440	-	(813,584)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	52 104		120,000		1 600 754
	53,194	-		-	1,623,754
Transfers out GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued	-	-	(278,032)	-	(3,887,879) 10,890,000
	-	-	-	-	
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium Total other financing sources (uses)	53,194		(158,032)	<u> </u>	2,221,046 10,846,921
Net change in fund balances	(2,163)	_	(107,592)		10,033,337
Fund balances-beginning	2,163	_	242,246	_	6,851,768
Fund balances-ending	\$	- - *	134,654 \$		16,885,105
and balances shaing	*	φΨ		ψ	10,000,100

	_	Capital Projects							
	_	Community Development Grant Projects	Gross Receipts Tax Bond Projects	Gross Receipts Tax 2017/2018 Bond Capital Projects	Governmental Capital Projects	Airport Construction Grant Projects			
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$-			
Gross receipts tax		-	-	-	-	-			
Gasoline taxes		-	-	-	-	-			
Lodgers' taxes/fees		-	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental: Federal						200 502			
State		- 502,558	-	-	-	399,593			
Other		502,556	-	-	-	76,760			
Charges for services				_					
Fines		-	-	-	-	-			
Investment earnings		17,882	1,260	213,506	14,105	64			
Donations		-	-,200	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous		-	-	255	912	-			
Total revenues	-	520,440	1,260	213,761	15,017	476,417			
	-	· · · · · ·	· · · · ·		<u>.</u>	· · · · · ·			
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		-	96,807	117,358	-	-			
Police		-	-	-	-	-			
Fire		-	-	-	-	-			
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		-	54,332	341,659	-	-			
Public works		-	-	-	-	-			
Airport		-	-	-	-	561,869			
Debt service:									
Principal Interest		-	-	-	-	-			
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay:		-	-	-	-	-			
General government				_	376,691				
Police		_	-	-	-	-			
Fire		-	-	18,878	-	-			
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		-	-	8,306,989	-	-			
Public works		2,344,029	-	284,285	-	-			
Total expenditures	-	2,344,029	151,139	9,069,169	376,691	561,869			
	_								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	_	(1,823,589)	(149,879)	(8,855,408)	(361,674)	(85,452)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		1,182,949	-	1,189,000	-	90,750			
Transfers out		-	-	-	(300,000)	-			
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium		-	-	-	-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	1,182,949		1,189,000	(300,000)	90,750			
Total other infancing sources (uses)	-	1,102,949		1,109,000	(300,000)	90,750			
Net change in fund balances		(640,640)	(149,879)	(7,666,408)	(661,674)	5,298			
Fund balances-beginning		1,666,423	167 640	13 170 670	006 176	16 050			
Fund balances-beginning	\$	1,025,783 \$	<u>167,640</u> 17,761 \$	<u>13,178,672</u> 5,512,264	\$ 836,476 \$ 174,802	16,959 \$ 22,257			
. and salariood origing	φ=	1,020,703 \$	17,701 \$	5,512,204	ψ 174,002	ψ ∠∠,∠3/			

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	_			Capital P	<u> </u>			
	_	Metro Redevelop Authority		Park Development Fees	Convention Center Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property	\$	913	\$	- \$	- \$	913 \$	- \$	
Gross receipts		-		-	-	-	-	13,875,659
Gasoline taxes		-		-	-	-	-	385,398
Lodgers' taxes/fees		-		-	-	-	-	1,947,874
Intergovernmental:								
Federal				-	-	399,593	-	2,503,397
State		50,000		-	-	629,318	-	1,954,467
Other		-			-		-	92,721
Charges for services		-		7,207	-	7,207	-	220,522
Fines		-		-			-	87,421
Investment earnings		7,423		3,547	32,035	289,822	15,080	429,862
Donations		-		-	-	-	-	219,121
Miscellaneous		1		348	11	1,527	-	134,327
Total revenues	_	58,337		11,102	32,046	1,328,380	15,080	21,851,682
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		85,485		_	_	299,650	_	2,931,641
Police		00,400		_	_	200,000	_	1,101,973
Fire		_		_	_	_	-	1,129,131
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs				7,343	341,093	744,427		4,542,581
Public works		_		1,040	-	-	_	5,773,054
Airport				_	_	561.869	_	561,869
Debt service:		-		-	-	501,005	-	501,003
Principal		_			-	_	1.770.989	1,770,989
Interest				-	-	-	1,256,330	1,256,330
Bond issuance costs				_	_	_	1,200,000	142,943
Capital outlay:		-		-	-	_	-	142,040
General government		_		_	_	376,691	_	1,820,595
Police		_		-	-	570,051	-	228,548
Fonce		-		-	-	- 18,878	-	223,078
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		-		-	- 2,812,332	11,119,321	-	11,747,828
Public works		-		-	2,012,332	2,628,314	-	6,867,715
Total expenditures	-	85,485		7,343	3,153,425	15,749,150	3,027,319	40,098,275
	_	00,100		1,010	0,100,120	10,110,100	0,021,010	.0,000,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	_	(27,148)	<u> </u>	3,759	(3,121,379)	(14,420,770)	(3,012,239)	(18,246,593)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				00 770		0 400 475	2 024 055	7 4 4 0 0 0 4
Transfers in		-		26,776	-	2,489,475	3,034,855	7,148,084
Transfers out		(6,840)		-	-	(306,840)	-	(4,194,719)
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued		-		-	-	-	-	10,890,000
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium	_	-		-	-	-	-	2,221,046
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(6,840)		26,776	-	2,182,635	3,034,855	16,064,411
Net change in fund balances		(33,988)		30,535	(3,121,379)	(12,238,135)	22,616	(2,182,182)
Fund balances-beginning		343,772		145,349	3,373,446	19,728,737	200,086	26,780,591
Fund balances-ending	\$	309,784	\$	175,884 \$	252,067 \$	7,490,602 \$	222,702 \$	
	* =	000,104	= * =	φ	_32,001 φ	.,υ,.υυ <u>ψ</u>		2.,000,100

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Gross Receipts Tax Streets Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Aı	mounts	-		Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Gross receipts taxes	\$	7,816,916	\$	8,505,584	\$	7,981,589 \$	(523,995)
Gasoline taxes		483,735		483,735		388,131	(95,604)
Investment earnings		25,000		25,000		44,791	19,791
Miscellaneous		12,500	_	12,500		1,779	(10,721)
Total revenues		8,338,151		9,026,819		8,416,290	(610,529)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current: Public works		5,726,297		6,369,965		5,687,561	682,404
Capital Outlay:		5,720,297		0,309,905		5,007,501	002,404
Public works		2,336,350		15,346,522		1,892,965	13,453,557
Debt Service:		_,000,000		10,010,022		1,002,000	10,100,001
Bond issuance costs		-		142,943		68,115	74,828
Total expenditures	_	8,062,647	_	21,859,430		7,648,641	14,210,789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		275,504		(12,832,611)		767,649	13,600,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		600,000		600,000		600,000	-
Transfers out		(1,485,074)		(1,488,005)		(1,488,005)	-
GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 issued GRT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium		-		10,890,000 2,221,046		10,890,000 2,221,046	-
GIAT improvement revenue bond series 2019 premium		(885,074)	_	12,223,041		12,223,041	
Net change in fund balances		(609,570)		(609,570)		12,990,690 \$	13,600,260
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:							
Change in accounts receivable						304,850	
Change in fair market value - investments						16,489	
Change in accounts payable						(2,144,330)	
0 1 2					_	(1,822,991)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:						11,167,699	
Fund balances - beginning		3,563,392	_	3,563,392		3,563,392	
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,953,822	\$	2,953,822	\$	14,731,091	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Gross Receipts Tax Parks Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Gross receipts taxes Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	2,605,639 \$ 2,500 18,100 2,626,239	2,605,639 \$ 2,500 18,100 2,626,239	2,430,974 \$ 6,812 22,440 2,460,226	(174,665) 4,312 4,340 (166,013)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs Capital Outlay:		2,195,281	2,195,281	2,044,988	150,293
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		451,681	464,140	528,488	(64,348)
Total expenditures		2,646,962	2,659,421	2,573,476	85,945
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(20,723)	(33,182)	(113,250)	(80,068)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out		-	41,910 (26,776)	41,910 (26,776)	-
		-	15,134	15,134	
Net change in fund balances	-	(20,723)	(18,048)	(98,116) \$	(80,068)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable				(17,095)	
Change in fair market value - investments				4,181	
Change in accounts payable				(27,015) (39,929)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(138,045)	
Fund balances - beginning		1,020,754	1,020,754	1,020,754	
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,000,031 \$	1,002,706 \$	882,709	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Gross Receipts Tax Public Safety Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Gross receipts taxes	\$	- \$	688,668 \$	688,667 \$	(1)
Investment earnings		-	-	2,368	2,368
Total revenues	_		688,668	691,035	2,367
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Police operations		-	344,334	344,334	-
Fire operations			344,334	344,333	1
Total expenditures	_		688,668	688,667	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		-	-	2,368 \$	2,368
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in accounts receivable				370,119	
Change in fair market value - investments			_	2	
			_	370,121	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				372,489	
Fund balances - beginning	_		<u> </u>	-	
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	372,489	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO

Gross Receipts Tax Community Transformation and Economic Div Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original	Final		Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Gross receipts taxes	\$	- \$	1,546,257	\$	1,377,335 \$	(168,922)
Investment earnings		-	-		7,382	7,382
Donations		-	50,000		50,000	-
Miscellaneous	_	<u> </u>	-	_	528	528
Total revenues		<u> </u>	1,596,257	_	1,435,245	(161,012)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:			770.004		707 404	00 5 4 7
General government		-	776,001		737,484	38,517
Public works	_		187,000 963,001	_	53,006 790,490	133,994 172,511
Capital Outlay:		-	903,001		790,490	172,311
General government		-	813,108		823,462	(10,354)
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		-	408,697		24,623	384,074
Police		-	165,888		96,088	69,800
Public works	_		300,000	_	309,421	(9,421)
		-	1,687,693		1,253,594	434,099
Total expenditures	_		2,650,694		2,044,084	606,610
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		-	(1,054,437)		(608,839)	445,598
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-	300,000		300,000	-
Transfers out	_		(1,342,068)	_	(1,342,068)	
	_		(1,042,068)	_	(1,042,068)	
Net change in fund balances		-	(2,096,505)		(1,650,907) \$	445,598
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:						
Change in accounts receivable					740,237	
Change in accounts payable					(103,074)	
				_	637,163	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:					(1,013,744)	
Fund balances - beginning	_		-	_	<u> </u>	
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	(2,096,505)	\$	(1,013,744)	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Library Gifts and Grants Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental					
State	\$	127,382 \$	127,382 \$	7,510 \$	(119,872)
Investment earnings		3,000	3,000	3,853	853
Donations		17,200	17,200	24,264	7,064
Miscellaneous		-	-	562	562
Total revenues		147,582	147,582	36,189	(111,393)
EXPENDITURES: Current:		450.000	202.207	076 004	00.040
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	_	159,082	362,397	276,381	86,016
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(11,500)	(214,815)	(240,192) \$	(25,377)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in fair market value - investments				1,821	
Change in accounts payable				(4,751)	
			-	(2,930)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(243,122)	
Fund balances - beginning		288,470	288,470	288,470	
Fund balances - ending	\$	276,970 \$	73,655 \$	45,348	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Parks/Recreation Gifts and Grants Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental					
State	\$	18,500 \$	20,874 \$	33,932 \$	13,058
Other		10,000	10,000	4,029	(5,971)
Charges for services		-	-	713	713
Investment earnings		2,750	2,750	4,421	1,671
Donations Miscellaneous		34,000	59,000	82,930 368	23,930 368
Total revenues		65,250	92,624	126,393	33,769
	_				
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		149,012	166,604	53 797	110 917
Capital Outlay:		149,012	100,004	53,787	112,817
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		5,000	5,000	42,844	(37,844)
Total expenditures	_	154,012	171,604	96,631	74,973
					,010
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(88,762)	(78,980)	29,762	108,742
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out		-	(41,910)	(41,910)	-
	_	(22, 722)	(100.000)	(10,110) @	100 740
Net change in fund balances		(88,762)	(120,890)	(12,148) \$	108,742
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in intergovernmental receivable - state				(23,889)	
Change in fair market value - investments				2,061	
Change in accounts receivable			_	5,000	
			-	(16,828)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(28,976)	
Fund balances - beginning		317,046	317,046	317,046	
Fund balances - ending	\$	228,284 \$	196,156 \$	288,070	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Museum Gifts and Grants Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fort	he Ye	ear Ended June 3	0, 2019		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:		<u> </u>			(11090.0110)
Charges for services	\$	75,000 \$	75,000 \$	53,933 \$	(21,067)
Investment earnings	Ψ	2,200	2,200	3,621	1,421
Donations		13,000	13,000	7,724	(5,276)
Miscellaneous		-	-	370	370
Total revenues	_	90,200	90,200	65,648	(24,552)
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs Capital Outlay:		119,500	119,500	53,743	65,757
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Total expenditures		121,500	121,500	53,743	67,757
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(31,300)	(31,300)	11,905 \$	43,205
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in fair market value - investments				1,556	
Change in accounts receivable				24.953	
Change in accounts payable				(37,428)	
			-	(10,919)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				986	
Fund balances - beginning		221,418	221,418	221,418	
Fund balances - ending	\$	190,118 \$	190,118 \$	222,404	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Red Apple Transit Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:	_				<u>.</u>
Intergovernmental					
Federal	\$	1,055,147 \$	1,055,147 \$	698,462 \$	(356,685)
State		68,076	68,076	23,996	(44,080)
Other		45,754	45,754	57,193	11,439
Charges for services		75,000	75,000	81,553	6,553
Miscellaneous	_	4,520	4,520	96	(4,424)
Total revenues	-	1,248,497	1,248,497	861,300	(387,197)
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
General government		1,478,389	1,478,389	1,147,122	331,267
Capital Outlay:		1,470,000	1,470,000	1,177,122	001,207
General government		225,000	225,000	153,842	71,158
Total expenditures	-	1,703,389	1,703,389	1,300,964	402,425
	_				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(454,892)	(454,892)	(439,664)	15,228
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		418,536	418,536	418,536	_
	_	110,000	110,000	110,000	
Net change in fund balances		(36,356)	(36,356)	(21,128) \$	15,228
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal				(21,007)	
Change in intergovernmental receivable - other				(6,501)	
Change in charges for services receivable				7,024	
Change in accounts payable			_	(10,946)	
			_	(31,430)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(52,558)	
Fund balances - beginning		90,434	90,434	90,434	
Fund balances - ending	\$	54,078 \$	54,078 \$	37,876	
	-				

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO General Government Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental					
Federal	\$	263,465 \$	320,179 \$	217,968 \$	
State		317,697	317,697	319,351	1,654
Investment earnings		50	50	-	(50)
Miscellaneous	_	800	800	110	(690)
Total revenues		582,012	638,726	537,429	(101,297)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		586,959	586,959	537,044	49,915
Police		55,167	55,167	56,905	(1,738)
Total expenditures		642,126	642,126	593,949	48,177
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(00.444)	(2,400)		(52,400)
over (under) expenditures		(60,114)	(3,400)	(56,520)	(53,120)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		60,114	60,114	60,114	-
Net change in fund balances		-	56,714	3,594 \$	(53,120)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal				(555)	
Change in accounts payable				24,213	
			_	23,658	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				27,252	
Fund balances - beginning		43,797	43,797	43,797	
Fund balances - ending	\$	43,797 \$	100,511 \$	71,049	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO CDBG Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					<i>i</i>
Intergovernmental					
Federal	\$	820,360 \$	820,360 \$	621,570 \$	(, ,
Investment earnings		800	800	1,218	418
Miscellaneous			<u> </u>	36	36
Total revenues		821,160	821,160	622,824	(198,336)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		145,896	145,896	127,033	18,863
Capital Outlay:		,		,	,
General government		674,478	674,478	505,016	169,462
Total expenditures	_	820,374	820,374	632,049	188,325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		786	700	(0,005) 作	(10.011)
over (under) expenditures		780	786	(9,225) \$	(10,011)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal				(40,284)	
Change in accounts payable				44,915	
0 1 9			_	4,631	
			_		
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(4,594)	
Fund balances - beginning		109,428	109,428	109,428	
Fund balances - ending	\$	110,214 \$	110,214 \$	104,834	
-	-				

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Lodgers' Tax Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:	_				
Lodgers taxes/fees	\$	1,257,143 \$	1,257,143 \$	1,187,426	\$ (69,717)
Charges for services		76,000	76,000	70,092	(5,908)
Investment earnings		4,500	4,500	7,951	3,451
Miscellaneous		3,000	3,000	5,037	2,037
Total revenues		1,340,643	1,340,643	1,270,506	(70,137)
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		1,402,355	1,417,510	1,269,888	147,622
Capital Outlay					
Park Construction			64,108		64,108
Total expenditures		1,402,355	1,481,618	1,269,888	211,730
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					• • • • • • • • •
over (under) expenditures		(61,712)	(140,975)	618	\$ 141,593
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				0.074	
Change in accounts receivable				6,371 2.939	
Change in fair market value - investments				,	
Change in accounts payable				(1,932) 7,378	
				7,570	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				7,996	
Fund balances - beginning	_	466,897	466,897	466,897	
Fund balances - ending	\$	405,185 \$	325,922 \$	474,893	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Convention Center Fees Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Lodgers taxes/fees	\$	784,944 \$	784,944 \$	748,610 \$	(, ,
Investment earnings		2,500	2,500	4,323	1,823
Miscellaneous				122	122
Total revenues		787,444	787,444	753,055	(34,389)
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		-	126,500	60,793	65,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		787,444	660,944	692,262	31,318
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(711,088)	(711,088)	(711,088)	
Net change in fund balances		76,356	(50,144)	(18,826) \$	31,318
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable			_	5,467	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(13,359)	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	361,076 437,432 \$	361,076 310,932 \$	361,076 347,717	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO State Police Protection Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental				
State \$		105,000 \$	134,788 \$	
Investment earnings	700	700	1,189	489
Miscellaneous	500	500	-	(500)
Total revenues	106,200	106,200	135,977	29,777
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Police operations	55,200	22,010	21,999	11
Capital Outlay:	,	,	,	
Police operations	51,000	114,674	114,674	-
Total expenditures	106,200	136,684	136,673	11
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	-	(30,484)	(696) \$	29,788
Fund balances - beginning	696	696	696	
Fund balances - ending \$	696 \$	(29,788) \$	-	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Region II Narcotics Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental					
Federal	\$	212,000 \$	243,427 \$	188,026 \$	(55,401)
State		150,000	150,000	142,831	(7,169)
Other		38,000	38,000	38,000	-
Investment earnings		75	75	180	105
Miscellaneous	-	5,000	5,000	13,167	8,167
Total revenues	-	405,075	436,502	382,204	(54,298)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Police operations		437,253	453,936	433,277	20,659
Capital Outlay:		,	,	,	,
Police operations		-	-	9,256	(9,256)
Total expenditures	_	437,253	453,936	442,533	11,403
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(22, 170)	(17 404)	(60.220)	(40.905)
over (under) expenditures		(32,178)	(17,434)	(60,329)	(42,895)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		30,000	30,000	30,000	-
				,	
Net change in fund balances		(2,178)	12,566	(30,329) \$	(42,895)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal				60,214	
Change in intergovernmental receivable - receivable - state				37,014	
Change in accounts receivable				(5,135)	
Change in accounts receivable			-	92,093	
			-	·	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				61,764	
Fund balances - beginning		123,951	123,951	123,951	
Fund balances - ending	\$	121,773 \$	136,517 \$	185,715	
	_				

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO COPS Program Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Federal	\$ 35,258 \$	83,044 \$	83,043 \$	(1)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Police operations	 67,837	123,734	123,734	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(32,579)	(40,690)	(40,691)	(1)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	 32,579	53,194	53,194	
Net change in fund balances	-	12,504	12,503 \$	(1)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in accounts payable		-	(18,171) <u>3,505</u> (14,666)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:			(2,163)	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,163 2,163 \$	2,163 14,667 \$	2,163	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental				
Federal	\$ - \$	73,035 \$	45,675	\$ (27,360)
Investment earnings	-	-	216	216
Miscellaneous	 	-	249	249
Total revenues	 	73,035	46,140	(26,895)
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
Police operations Capital Outlay	-	73,035	37,610	35,425
Police operations	-	-	8,530	(8,530)
Total expenditures	 	73,035	46,140	26,895
Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	\$
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ - \$	\$		

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO State Fire Grant Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Final Actual Positive REVENUES: Amounts (Negative) Intergovernmental Federal \$ 295.514 \$ 382.723 \$ 382.722 \$ (1) State 472.238 746.426 642.372 (104.054) Investment earnings 2.000 (2.054) 6.300 8.354 Donations - 24.250 24.250 - Miscellaneous 771.252 1.237.845 1.144.965 (92.880) EXPENDITURES: - 24.2700 385.861 42.169 343.692 Current: Fire operations 603.097 757.212 784.798 (27.586) Fire operations 42.700 385.861 42.169 343.692 Total expenditures 125.455 94.772 317.998 223.226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - (163.260) 120,000 - Transfers out (126.455) (127.802) - - Change in fund balances - (63.260) 159.9		_	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Federal \$ 295,514 \$ 382,723 \$ 382,722 \$ (1) State 472,238 746,426 642,372 (104,054) Investment earnings 2,000 (2,054) 6,300 8,354 Donations - 24,250 24,250 - Miscellaneous 1,500 86,500 89,321 (2,821) Total revenues 771,252 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Capital Outlay: Fire operations Fire operations 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Transfers in Transfers in Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in accounts payable - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 2			Original	Final		
Federal \$ 295,514 \$ 382,723 \$ 382,722 \$ (1) State 472,238 746,426 642,372 (104,054) Investment earnings 2,000 (2,054) 6,300 8,354 Donations - 24,250 24,250 - Miscellaneous 1,500 86,500 89,321 2,821 Total revenues 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) EXPENDITURES: - Current: - Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Capital Outlay: - Fire operations 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - Transfers in Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Transfers out - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Transfers in Transfers in Transfers in Transfers out 1,088 Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Transfers in Transfers out 1,089 <tr< td=""><td>REVENUES:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>(</td></tr<>	REVENUES:					(
State 472,238 746,426 642,372 (104,054) Investment earnings 2,000 (2,054) 6,300 8,354 Donations - 24,250 24,250 - Miscellaneous 771,252 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) EXPENDITURES: - - 385,861 42,169 343,692 Current: Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Capital Outlay: - - 385,861 42,169 343,692 Total expenditures - 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (63,260) 120,000 - Transfers in 120,000 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers out - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - - -	Intergovernmental					
Investment earnings 2,000 (2,054) 6,300 8,354 Donations - 24,250 24,250 - Miscellaneous 1,500 86,500 89,321 2,821 Total revenues 771,252 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) EXPENDITURES: 0 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) Current: Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Fire operations 42,700 385,861 42,169 343,692 Total expenditures 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers in 120,000 120,000 - - - Transfers out (125,455) (158,032) - - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - 1,088 - - -		\$		• •		
Donations - 24,250 24,250 - - 24,250 - - 24,250 - 2,821 2,821					,	
Miscellaneous Total revenues 1,500 86,500 89,321 2,821 Total revenues 771,252 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire operations Capital Outlay: 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Fire operations 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (113,859) Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (162,031) (267,558) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246			2,000			8,354
Total revenues 771,252 1,237,845 1,144,965 (92,880) EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Gaptal Outlay: Fire operations 42,700 385,861 42,169 343,692 Total expenditures 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 7,244 - Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (162,031) - GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246			-	•		-
EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Capital Outlay: Fire operations 42,700 385,861 42,169 343,692 Total expenditures 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: (113,859) -						
Current: Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Capital Outlay: Fire operations 42,700 385,861 42,169 343,692 Total expenditures 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers in 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 7,244 7,244 Change in naccounts payable (162,031) (267,558) (162,031) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) - - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246 -	Total revenues		111,202	1,237,045	1,144,900	(92,000)
Fire operations 603,097 757,212 784,798 (27,586) Capital Outlay: 42,700 385,861 42,169 343,692 Total expenditures 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers in 120,000 120,000 - - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (162,031) - Change in accounts payable (162,031) (267,558) - - GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) - - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246 -						
Fire operations Total expenditures 42,700 645,797 385,861 1,143,073 42,169 826,967 343,692 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 - - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Change in accounts payable . . . GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - beginning 	Fire operations		603,097	757,212	784,798	(27,586)
Total expenditures 645,797 1,143,073 826,967 316,106 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Main of the expenditures 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state (113,859) - Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (162,031) - GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) - - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246			10 700	005 004	10,100	0.40.000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Transfers in 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal (113,859) - - Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 1,088 - - Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 - - Change in accounts payable - (107,592) - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246		-				
over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Change in fair market value - investments (113,859) (113,859) Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (162,031) (267,558) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246	Total expenditures	-	645,797	1,143,073	820,907	310,100
over (under) expenditures 125,455 94,772 317,998 223,226 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out 120,000 120,000 120,000 - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Change in fair market value - investments (113,859) (113,859) Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 (162,031) (267,558) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Transfers in 120,000 120,000 - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal (113,859) - - Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 7,244 - 1,088 Change in accounts payable (162,031) (267,558) - GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) - - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246			125,455	94,772	317,998	223,226
Transfers in 120,000 120,000 - Transfers out (245,455) (278,032) (278,032) - Net change in fund balances - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: - (63,260) 159,966 \$ 223,226 Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal (113,859) - - Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 7,244 - 1,088 Change in accounts payable (162,031) (267,558) - GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) - - Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
(125,455)(158,032)(158,032)-Net change in fund balances-(63,260)159,966 \$223,226ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable(113,859) 7,244 1,088 (162,031) (267,558)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:(107,592)Fund balances - beginning242,246242,246242,246	. ,		120,000	120,000	120,000	-
Net change in fund balances-(63,260)159,966 \$223,226ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable(113,859) 7,244 1,088 (162,031) (267,558)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:(107,592)Fund balances - beginning242,246242,246242,246	Transfers out		(245,455)	(278,032)	(278,032)	-
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: (113,859) Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal (113,859) Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 7,244 Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 Change in accounts payable (162,031) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246		_	(125,455)	(158,032)	(158,032)	
Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state(113,859) 7,244Change in fair market value - investments1,088Change in accounts payable(162,031) (267,558)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:(107,592)Fund balances - beginning242,246242,246	Net change in fund balances		-	(63,260)	159,966 \$	223,226
Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal Change in intergovernmental receivable - state(113,859) 7,244Change in fair market value - investments1,088Change in accounts payable(162,031) (267,558)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:(107,592)Fund balances - beginning242,246242,246	ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in intergovernmental receivable - state 7,244 Change in fair market value - investments 1,088 Change in accounts payable (162,031) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246	Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal				(113,859)	
Change in accounts payable (162,031) (267,558) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246						
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (267,558) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246	Change in fair market value - investments				1,088	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (107,592) Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246	Change in accounts payable			_		
Fund balances - beginning 242,246 242,246 242,246				_	(267,558)	
	GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(107,592)	
Fund balances - ending \$ 242,246 \$ 178,986 \$ 134,654	Fund balances - beginning		242,246	242,246	242,246	
	Fund balances - ending	\$	242,246 \$	178,986 \$	134,654	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Penalty Assessment Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:	•		455,000 \$	07 404 Ф	(07.570)
Fines Investment earnings	\$	155,000 \$ 100	155,000 \$ 100	87,421 \$ 134	(67,579) 34
Total revenues		155,100	155,100	87,555	(67,545)
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Public Safety		155,100	155,100	88,264	66,836
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			<u> </u>	(709) \$	(709)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in fair market value - investments				64	
Change in accounts payable			-	645 709	
Fund balances - beginning		-	-		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	-	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Community Development Grant Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	¢			4 500 070 0	22.004
State Investment earnings	\$	1,559,478 \$ 12,500	1,559,478 \$ 12,500	1,582,279 \$ 12,169	22,801 (331)
Total revenues		1,571,978	1,571,978	1,594,448	22,470
	_	1,011,010	1,011,010	1,001,110	
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay:		o / o-/	o / o-/		
Public works	_	3,457,351	3,457,351	2,556,467	900,884
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(1,885,373)	(1,885,373)	(962,019)	923.354
(()/	()		,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		1,182,949	1,182,949	1,182,949	
Net change in fund balances		(702,424)	(702,424)	220,930 \$	923,354
Net change in fund balances		(702,424)	(102,424)	220,950 φ	923,334
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in intergovernmental receivable - state				(1,079,721)	
Change in fair market value - investments				5,713	
Change in accounts payable			_	212,438	
			_	(861,570)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(640,640)	
Fund balances - beginning		1,666,423	1,666,423	1,666,423	
Fund balances - ending	\$	963,999 \$	963,999 \$	1,025,783	
	-				

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Gross Receipts Tax Bond Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Investment earnings	\$	\$	1,055 \$	1,260 \$	205
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		-	33,201	274,688	(241,487)
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs	_	261,450	381,158	52,300	328,858
	_	261,450	414,359	326,988	87,371
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(004,450)		(005 700) (07 570
over (under) expenditures		(261,450)	(413,304)	(325,728) \$	87,576
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in accounts payable			-	175,849	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(149,879)	
Fund balances - beginning		167,640	167,640	167,640	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(93,810) \$	(245,664) \$	17,761	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Gross Receipts Tax 2017/2018 Bond Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Final Amounts (Negative)
REVENUES: Investment earnings \$ - \$ - \$ 212,955 \$ 212,9	55
	55 55
Total revenues - - 213,210 213,2	
EXPENDITURES: Current:	
	36
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs - 417,871 802,852 (384,9	
118,194 536,065 920,210 (384,1	ć
Capital Outlay:	,
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs 8,000,000 9,275,983 7,720,405 1,555,5	78
Fire 55,777 58,777 18,878 39,8	
Public works 5,256,303 5,194,552 376,080 4,818,4	
13,312,080 14,529,312 8,115,363 6,413,9	49
Total expenditures 13,430,274 15,065,377 9,035,573 6,029,8	04
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (13,430,274) (15,065,377) (8,822,363) 6,243,0	14
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in - 1,189,000 1,189,000	-
Net change in fund balances (13,430,274) (13,876,377) (7,633,363) 6,243,0	14
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:	
Change in fair market value - investments551Change in accounts payable(33,596)	
(33,045)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES: (7,666,408)	
Fund balances - beginning 13,178,672 13,178,672 13,178,672	
Fund balances - ending \$ (251,602) \$ (697,705) \$ 5,512,264	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Governmental Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Investment earnings	\$	10,000 \$	10,000 \$	8,492 \$	(, ,
Miscellaneous	_			912	912
Total revenues		10,000	10,000	9,404	(596)
EXPENDITURES:					
Capital Outlay:					
General government			424,942	424,941	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		10,000	(414,942)	(415,537)	(595)
		10,000	(111,012)	(110,001)	(000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out			(300,000)	(300,000)	
Net change in fund balances		10,000	(714,942)	(715,537) \$	(595)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in fair market value - investments				5,613	
Change in accounts payable				48,250	
			-	53,863	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(661,674)	
Fund balances - beginning		836,476	836,476	836,476	
Fund balances - ending	\$	846,476 \$	121,534 \$	174,802	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Airport Construction Grant Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance with
	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental				
Federal	\$ 937,500 \$	1,796,990 \$	1,650,023 \$	(, ,
State	571,250	571,250	120,624	(450,626)
Investment earnings	 500	500	41	(459)
Total revenues	 1,509,250	2,368,740	1,770,688	(598,052)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Airport	 1,600,000	1,600,000	975,349	624,651
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(90,750)	768,740	795,339	26,599
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	~~	~~	~~	
Transfers in	 90,750	90,750	90,750	
Net change in fund balances	-	859,490	886,089 \$	26,599
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				
Change in intergovernmental receivable - federal			(1,250,430)	
Change in intergovernmental receivable - state			(43,864)	
Change in fair market value - investments			23	
Change in accounts payable			413,480	
		-	(880,791)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:			5,298	
Fund balances - beginning	16,959	16,959	16,959	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 16,959 \$	876,449 \$	22,257	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Metro Redevelop Authority Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	913 \$	913
Intergovernmental		50.000	50.000	50.000	
State		50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		11,000	11,000	4,659 1	(6,341)
Total revenues	_	61,000	61,000	55,573	(5,427)
	_	01,000	01,000	00,010	(0,427)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government		50,000	176,126	146,751	29,375
Capital Outlay:					
General government		325,504	274,573	-	274,573
Total expenditures		375,504	450,699	146,751	303,948
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(314,504)	(389,699)	(91,178)	298,521
		(014,004)	(000,000)	(01,170)	200,021
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out		(43,119)	(6,840)	(6,840)	-
Net change in fund balances		(357,623)	(396,539)	(98,018) \$	298,521
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				0.764	
Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable				2,764 61,266	
change in accounts payable			-	64,030	
			-	01,000	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(33,988)	
				. ,	
Fund balances - beginning	. —	343,772	343,772	343,772	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(13,851) \$	(52,767) \$	309,784	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Park Development Fees Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Charges for services	\$	5,000 \$	5,000 \$	7,207 \$	5 2,207
Investment earnings	φ	3,000 \$	3,000 \$	2,493	(507)
Miscellaneous		-	-	348	348
Total revenues		8,000	8,000	10,048	2,048
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs Capital Outlay:		-	-	7,343	(7,343)
Parks, recreation, and cultural affairs		161,069	173,029	-	173,029
Total expenditures	_	161,069	173,029	7,343	165,686
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(153,069)	(165,029)	2,705	167,734
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	_		26,776	26,776	
Net change in fund balances		(153,069)	(138,253)	29,481 \$	6 167,734
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in fair market value - investments GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:			-	1,054	
Found below on the simple s		445.040	445.040	445.040	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	¢	<u>145,349</u> (7,720) \$	<u>145,349</u> 7,096 \$	145,349 175,884	
	Ψ=	<u>(1,120)</u> φ	τ,030 φ	175,004	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Convention Center Capital Projects Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:					
Investment earnings	\$	- \$	- \$	32,035 \$	32,035
Miscellaneous		-	-	11	11
Total revenues		-		32,046	32,046
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					(0.1.1.000)
Parks, recreation and cultural affairs		-	-	341,093	(341,093)
Capital Outlay:					
Parks, recreation and cultural affairs		4,051,635	4,405,168	3,844,054	561,114
Total expenditures	-	4,051,635	4,405,168	4,185,147	220,021
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(4,051,635)	(4,405,168)	(4,153,101) \$	252,067
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Change in accounts payable			_	1,031,722	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				(3,121,379)	
Fund balances - beginning		3,373,446	3,373,446	3,373,446	
Fund balances - ending	\$	(678,189) \$	(1,031,722) \$	252,067	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Debt Service Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted A		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
DEV(ENUE)		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Investment earnings	\$	10,000 \$	7,069 \$	13,655 \$	6,586
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt Service:		4 070 000	4 070 000	4 770 000	(100.000)
Principal		1,670,989	1,670,989	1,770,989	(100,000)
Interest		1,360,935	1,360,935	1,256,330	104,605
Total expenditures		3,031,924	3,031,924	3,027,319	4,605
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(3,021,924)	(3,024,855)	(3,013,664)	11,191
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	_	3,031,924	3,034,855	3,034,855	
Net change in fund balances		10,000	10,000	21,191 \$	5 11,191
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				4 405	
Change in fair market value - investments			_	1,425	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES:				22,616	
Fund balances - beginning		200,086	200,086	200,086	
Fund balances - ending	\$	210,086 \$	210,086 \$	222,702	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Internal Service Fund

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's self insurance for employee health insurance claims.

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Health Insurance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Final Actual Positive (Negative) Operating revenues: Charges for services Other revenues \$ 9,775,000 \$ 9,775,000 \$ 8,840,176 \$ (934,824) (934,824) Other revenues - - 86 86 Total operating revenues 9,775,000 \$ 9,775,000 8,840,262 (934,738) Operating expenses: Costs of services 10,681,934 10,681,934 7,840,813 2,841,121 Operating income (loss) (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings 29,000 29,000 52,884 23,884 Change in net positon (877,934) (877,934) 1,052,333 \$ 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments (191,968) 20,497 (191,968) Change in accrued claims payable (191,471) 19,200 (191,471) 19,200 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 708,591 708,591		_	Budgeted A	Mounts			Variance with Final Budget
Charges for services \$ 9,775,000 \$ 9,775,000 \$ 8,840,176 \$ (934,824) Other revenues - - 86 86 Total operating revenues 9,775,000 9,775,000 8,840,176 \$ (934,824) Operating expenses: 9,775,000 9,775,000 8,840,262 (934,738) Operating expenses: 10,681,934 10,681,934 7,840,813 2,841,121 Operating income (loss) (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Investment earnings 29,000 29,000 52,884 23,884 Change in net positon (877,934) (877,934) 1,052,333 \$ 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: (191,968) 20,497 Change in accounts receivable (191,968) 20,497 Change in accounts payable (191,471) 19,200 Change in accounts payable (191,471) 19,200 Change in accound claims payable 708,591 Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283		_	Original	Final			
Other revenues - - 86 86 Total operating revenues 9,775,000 9,775,000 8,840,262 (934,738) Operating expenses: Costs of services 10,681,934 10,681,934 7,840,813 2,841,121 Operating income (loss) (906,934) (996,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1nvestment earnings 29,000 52,884 23,884 Change in net positon (877,934) (877,934) 1,052,333 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: (191,968) (191,968) (191,968) Change in accounts receivable (191,471) (191,471) Change in accounts payable (191,471) 1,9200 Change in accounts payable (191,471) 1,9200 Change in accounts payable 19,200 (343,742) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283	Operating revenues:						
Total operating revenues 9,775,000 9,775,000 8,840,262 (934,738) Operating expenses: Costs of services 10,681,934 10,681,934 7,840,813 2,841,121 Operating income (loss) (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Change in net positon (877,934) 1,052,333 \$ 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: (191,968) (191,968) Change in fair market value - investments 20,497 Change in accounts payable (191,471) Change in accounts payable (191,200) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283		\$	9,775,000 \$	9,775,000	\$		· · · /
Operating expenses: Costs of services 10,681,934 10,681,934 7,840,813 2,841,121 Operating income (loss) (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings 29,000 29,000 52,884 23,884 Change in net positon (877,934) (877,934) 1,052,333 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable (191,968) (191,471) (191,471) (191,472) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 708,591				-			
Costs of services 10,681,934 10,681,934 7,840,813 2,841,121 Operating income (loss) (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings 29,000 29,000 52,884 23,884 Change in net positon (877,934) (877,934) 1,052,333 \$ 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable (191,968) 20,497 Change in accounts payable (191,471) 19,200 19,200 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283	Total operating revenues	_	9,775,000	9,775,000	· -	8,840,262	(934,738)
Operating income (loss) (906,934) (906,934) 999,449 1,906,383 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings 29,000 29,000 52,884 23,884 Change in net positon (877,934) (877,934) 1,052,333 \$ 1,930,267 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable (191,968) 20,497 (191,471) (191,471) Change in accrued claims payable (191,9200 (343,742) 19,200 (343,742) 19,200 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 708,591	Operating expenses:						
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings29,00029,00052,88423,884Change in net positon(877,934)(877,934)1,052,333 \$1,930,267ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable(191,968) 20,497 (191,471) (191,471) Change in accrued claims payable(191,968) 20,497 (191,471) (343,742)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:708,591Net position - beginning2,306,2832,306,2832,306,283	Costs of services	-	10,681,934	10,681,934		7,840,813	2,841,121
Investment earnings29,00029,00052,88423,884Change in net positon(877,934)(877,934)1,052,333 \$1,930,267ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable Change in accrued claims payable(191,968) 20,497 (191,471) 19,200 (343,742)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:708,591Net position - beginning2,306,2832,306,2832,306,283	Operating income (loss)		(906,934)	(906,934)		999,449	1,906,383
Change in net positon(877,934)(877,934)1,052,333 \$1,930,267ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable Change in accrued claims payable(191,968) 20,497 (191,471) 19,200 (343,742)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:708,591Net position - beginning2,306,283 2,306,2832,306,283 2,306,2832,306,283 2,306,283	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:Change in accounts receivable(191,968)Change in fair market value - investments20,497Change in accounts payable(191,471)Change in accrued claims payable19,200(343,742)(343,742)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:708,591Net position - beginning2,306,2832,306,283	Investment earnings	_	29,000	29,000	•	52,884	23,884
Change in accounts receivable(191,968)Change in fair market value - investments20,497Change in accounts payable(191,471)Change in accrued claims payable19,200(343,742)(343,742)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:Net position - beginning2,306,2832,306,2832,306,2832,306,2832,306,283	Change in net positon		(877,934)	(877,934)		1,052,333 \$	1,930,267
Change in fair market value - investments20,497Change in accounts payable(191,471)Change in accrued claims payable19,200(343,742)(343,742)GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:708,591Net position - beginning2,306,2832,306,2832,306,2832,306,2832,306,283	ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:						
Change in accounts payable(191,471)Change in accrued claims payable19,200GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:708,591Net position - beginning2,306,2832,306,2832,306,2832,306,2832,306,283	Change in accounts receivable					(191,968)	
Change in accrued claims payable 19,200 (343,742) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283	Change in fair market value - investments					20,497	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: (343,742) Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283	Change in accounts payable					(191,471)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 708,591 Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283	Change in accrued claims payable					19,200	
Net position - beginning 2,306,283 2,306,283 2,306,283					_	(343,742)	
	GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:					708,591	
	Net position - beginning		2,306,283	2,306,283		2,306,283	
		\$			\$		

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Electric Utility Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues:				
Charges for sales and services:				
Electric	\$ 95,649,466 \$		- , +	8,913,007
Other revenues	1,006,900	1,006,900	1,037,988	31,088
Total operating revenues	96,656,366	96,656,366	105,600,461	8,944,095
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and fringe benefits	15,542,029	15,542,029	14,840,898	701,131
Purchased power, fuel and chemicals	42,100,356	42,100,356	41,524,006	576,350
Other operating expenses	23,668,558	23,668,558	19,018,091	4,650,467
Capital outlay	28,190,061	28,190,061	14,040,351	14,149,710
Total operating expenses	109,501,004	109,501,004	89,423,346	20,077,658
Operating income	(12,844,638)	(12,844,638)	16,177,115	29,021,753
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings	600,000	600,000	924,665	324,665
Income (loss) before operating transfers	(12,244,638)	(12,244,638)	17,101,780	29,346,418
Capital contributions	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,146,935	(53,065)
Transfers out	(4,714,148)	(4,714,148)	(4,714,148)	-
Change in net position	(15,758,786)	(15,758,786)	13,534,567 \$	29,293,353
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				
Depreciation			(15,061,387)	
Amortization			(1,710,361)	
Capital outlay capitalized			14,040,351	
Change in accounts receivable			(2,416,293)	
Change in fair market value - investments			411,071	
Change in accounts payable			(138,083)	
			(4,874,702)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:			8,659,865	
Net position - beginning	344,528,521	344,528,521	344,528,521	
Net position - ending	\$ 328,769,735 \$	328,769,735 \$	353,188,386	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Water Utility Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgetec	I Amounts	A	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues:	Original	1 11101	Amounts	(Negative)
Charges for sales and services:				
Water	\$ 21,604,618	\$ 21,604,618	\$ 20,184,473 \$	(1,420,145)
Other revenues	-		9,563	9,563
Total operating revenues	21,604,618	21,604,618	20,194,036	(1,410,582)
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and fringe benefits	875,010	875,010	766,896	108,114
Other operating expenses	9,868,866	9,868,866	11,060,586	(1,191,720)
Capital outlay	20,270,000	20,270,000	13,981,926	6,288,074
Total operating expenses	31,013,876	31,013,876	25,809,408	5,204,468
Operating income	(9,409,258)	(9,409,258)	(5,615,372)	3,793,886
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment earnings	175,000	175,000	285,294	110,294
NMFA loan proceeds	3,875,000	3,875,000	2,967,563	(907,437)
Interest expense	(127,016)	(127,016)	(120,778)	6,238
Principal on debt service	(330,984)	(330,984)	(231,219)	99,765
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,592,000	3,592,000	2,900,860	(691,140)
Income (loss) before operating transfers	(5,817,258)	(5,817,258)	(2,714,512)	3,102,746
Capital contributions	1,622,000	1,622,000	879,088	(742,912)
Transfers out	(1,195,231)	(1,195,231)	(1,125,366)	69,865
Change in net position	(5,390,489)	(5,390,489)	(2,960,790) \$	2,429,699
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:				
Depreciation			(3,588,081)	
Capital outlay capitalized			13,981,926	
Principal on debt service			231,219	
NMFA loan proceeds			(2,967,563)	
Change in accounts receivable			130,824	
Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable			130,972	
Change in accounts payable			<u>280,394</u> 8,199,691	
			0,100,001	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:			5,238,901	
Net position - beginning	80,177,773	80,177,773	80,177,773	
Net position - ending	\$ 74,787,284	\$ 74,787,284	\$ 85,416,674	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Final Actual Positive Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services: Wastewater \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,487,330 (20,0693) (20,0693) (20,0693) (20,0692) 1 1 Nencoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (100,845) 1,480,293 (20,871) 1,777,95 6,291,147 1,783,481 (20,187,187,187,187,187,187,187,187,187,18		_	Budgeted A	mounts	Artural	Variance with Final Budget
Operating revenues: Charges for sales and services: Wastewater \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,881,355 \$ 398,025 Other revenues Total operating revenues 10,487,330 10,487,330 10,881,355 \$ 398,025 Operating expenses: Salaries and fringe benefits 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Other operating expenses: Capital outlay 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Other operating expenses: Capital outlay 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 201,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (149,275) Intergoverneating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Intergoverneating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) 3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 <			Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Wastewater Other revenues \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,487,330 \$ 10,483,330 \$ 10,887,135 \$ 388,025 1,780 Other revenues 10,487,330 10,487,330 10,887,135 399,805 Operating expenses: Salaries and fringe benefits 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Other operating expenses: 561,873 561,873 508,263 5,499,596 Total operating expenses 6,193,654 5,745,673 447,981 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earmings 105,000 250,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 201,693) (200,692) 1 Investment earmings (752,305) (752,305) - (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,4	Operating revenues:	_	<u> </u>			
Other revenues 4.000 5.780 1.780 Total operating revenues 10.487,330 10,487,330 10,887,135 399,805 Operating expenses: Salaries and fringe benefits 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Other operating expenses: 6,193,654 6,193,654 5,745,673 447,981 Capital outlay 8,355,000 2,855,404 5,499,596 6,001,187 Operating income (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 6,001,187 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovermental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) (109,845) 6,270,276	Charges for sales and services:					
Total operating revenues 10.487,330 10.487,330 10.887,135 399,805 Operating expenses: Salaries and fringe benefits 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Other operating expenses 6,193,654 6,193,654 5,745,673 447,981 Capital outlay 8,355,000 8,355,000 2,855,404 5,499,596 Total operating expenses 15,110,527 9,109,340 6,001,187 Operating income (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 250,000 226,000 226,000 12,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) <	Wastewater	\$	10,483,330 \$	10,483,330 \$	10,881,355 \$	398,025
Operating expenses: Salaries and fringe benefits 561,873 561,873 508,263 53,610 Other operating expenses 6,193,654 6,193,654 5,745,673 447,981 Capital outlay 8,355,000 8,355,000 2,855,404 5,499,596 Total operating expenses 15,110,527 15,110,527 9,109,340 6,001,187 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 200,000 102,725 (147,275) Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,270,276 AbJUSTMEN		_				
Salaries and fringe benefits 561,873 561,873 568,873 568,263 53,610 Other operating expenses 6,193,654 6,193,654 5,745,673 447,981 Capital outlay 8,355,000 8,355,000 2,855,404 5,499,596 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 100,082) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating trevenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:	Total operating revenues		10,487,330	10,487,330	10,887,135	399,805
Other operating expenses 6,193,654 6,193,654 5,745,673 5,447,981 Capital outlay 15,110,527 9,109,340 5,499,596 5,499,596 Total operating expenses 15,110,527 9,109,340 6,001,187 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 250,000 250,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) 1 Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 \$ 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: <td< td=""><td>Operating expenses:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Operating expenses:					
Capital outlay Total operating expenses 8.355,000 15,110,527 8.355,000 15,110,527 2,855,404 9,109,340 5,499,596 6,001,187 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 \$ 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (20,871) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023)	Salaries and fringe benefits		561,873	561,873	508,263	
Total operating expenses 15,110,527 15,110,527 9,109,340 6,001,187 Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 \$ 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (103,820) 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725)					5,745,673	447,981
Operating income (4,623,197) (4,623,197) 1,777,795 6,400,992 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 \$ 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (102,725) NMED loan proceeds (102,725) (13,820) (13,820) (311,473) (3,11,473) (3,11,473) (3,14,73) (3,1		_		8,355,000	2,855,404	5,499,596
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 \$ 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (103,820) Change in accounts receivable (102,725) (103,820) (102,725) (103,820) Change in accounts receivable (103,820) (103,820) (103,820) (103,820) (311,473) Change in accounts payable 35,44,202 35,44,202 35,44,202 (314,473) 37,490	Total operating expenses		15,110,527	15,110,527	9,109,340	6,001,187
Intergovernmental-environmental tax 1,302,818 1,302,818 1,213,895 (88,923) Investment earnings 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (102,725) Change in net position (1,468,293) 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) NMED loan proceeds (102,725) (102,725) (103,820) (311,473) (311,473) Change in accounts receivable (311,473) (311,473) (311,473) (311,473) Change in accounts payabl	Operating income		(4,623,197)	(4,623,197)	1,777,795	6,400,992
Investment earnings 105,000 105,000 231,352 126,352 NMED loan proceeds 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (200,693) (109,845) Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (103,820) Capital outlay capitalized 752,305 (102,725) (103,820) (13,820) (13,820) (13,820) (13,820) (13,820) (311,473) (3,11,473) (3,11,473) (3,14,73) (3,14,202) Net position - beginning 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
NMED loan proceeds Interest expense 250,000 250,000 102,725 (147,275) Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) (103,820) Change in accounts receivable (103,820) (103,820) (103,820) Change in accounts payable 92,551 (101,384) (37,490,881 37,490,881 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 3,544,202 3,544,202 3,544,202	Intergovernmental-environmental tax		1,302,818	1,302,818	1,213,895	(88,923)
Interest expense (200,693) (200,693) (200,692) 1 Principal on debt service (752,305) (752,305) - Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (522,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:	Investment earnings		105,000	105,000	231,352	126,352
Principal on debt service Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (752,305) 704,820 (752,305) 704,820 (752,305) 594,975 - (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Depreciation (1,468,293) 2,855,404 752,305) (102,725) Change in net position (1,1468,293) 2,855,404 752,305 (102,725) Change in accounts receivable (103,820) (103,820) (103,820) (103,820) Change in fair market value - investments 92,551 (311,473) (311,473) (311,473) GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 3,544,202 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881	•					(147,275)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 704,820 704,820 594,975 (109,845) Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: (1,468,293) (2,855,404) (102,725) (103,820) Depreciation (102,725) (103,820) (103,820) (103,820) Change in accounts receivable (103,820) (311,473) 1,713,949 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 3,544,202 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·	· · · /	1
Income (loss) before operating transfers (3,918,377) (3,918,377) 2,372,770 6,291,147 Transfers out (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 <u>6,270,276</u> ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:	•	_				
Transfers out (521,646) (521,646) (542,517) (20,871) Change in net position (4,440,023) (4,440,023) 1,830,253 \$ 6,270,276 ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		704,820	704,820	594,975	(109,845)
Change in net position(4,440,023)(4,440,023)1,830,253 \$6,270,276ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP: Depreciation Capital outlay capitalized Principal on debt service NMED loan proceeds Change in accounts receivable Change in fair market value - investments Change in accounts payable(1,468,293) 2,855,404 (102,725) (103,820) 2,551 (103,820) (311,473) 1,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: Net position - beginning37,490,881 37,490,88137,490,881 37,490,88137,490,881 37,490,881	Income (loss) before operating transfers		(3,918,377)	(3,918,377)	2,372,770	6,291,147
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:Depreciation(1,468,293)Capital outlay capitalized2,855,404Principal on debt service752,305NMED loan proceeds(102,725)Change in accounts receivable(103,820)Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)1,713,9491,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:3,544,202Net position - beginning37,490,88137,490,881	Transfers out	_	(521,646)	(521,646)	(542,517)	(20,871)
Depreciation(1,468,293)Capital outlay capitalized2,855,404Principal on debt service752,305NMED loan proceeds(102,725)Change in accounts receivable(103,820)Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)Interpret of the position - beginning37,490,88137,490,88137,490,881	Change in net position		(4,440,023)	(4,440,023)	1,830,253 \$	6,270,276
Capital outlay capitalized2,855,404Principal on debt service752,305NMED loan proceeds(102,725)Change in accounts receivable(103,820)Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)1,713,9491,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:3,544,202Net position - beginning37,490,88137,490,881	ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Principal on debt service752,305NMED loan proceeds(102,725)Change in accounts receivable(103,820)Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)I,713,9491,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:3,544,202Net position - beginning37,490,88137,490,881	Depreciation				(1,468,293)	
NMED loan proceeds(102,725)Change in accounts receivable(103,820)Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)I,713,9491,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:3,544,202Net position - beginning37,490,88137,490,881	Capital outlay capitalized				2,855,404	
Change in accounts receivable(103,820)Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)I,713,9491,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:3,544,202Net position - beginning37,490,88137,490,881	Principal on debt service				752,305	
Change in fair market value - investments92,551Change in accounts payable(311,473)1,713,9491,713,949GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:3,544,202Net position - beginning37,490,88137,490,881	NMED loan proceeds				(102,725)	
Change in accounts payable (311,473) 1,713,949 GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 3,544,202 Net position - beginning 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881	8					
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 3,544,202 Net position - beginning 37,490,881 37,490,881						
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION: 3,544,202 Net position - beginning 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881	Change in accounts payable			_		
Net position - beginning 37,490,881 37,490,881 37,490,881				-	1,713,949	
	GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:				3,544,202	
Net position - ending \$ 33,050,858 \$ 33,050,858 \$ 41,035,083						
	Net position - ending	\$	33,050,858 \$	33,050,858 \$	41,035,083	

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Sanitation Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Operating revenues:	-	U			
Charges for sales and services:					
Sanitation	\$	5,933,000 \$	5,933,000 \$	6,064,002 \$	•
Other revenues	_	110,000	110,000	114,687	4,687
Total operating revenues	-	6,043,000	6,043,000	6,178,689	135,689
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and fringe benefits		35,417	35,417	35,972	(555)
Other operating expenses	_	5,687,462	5,737,462	5,653,367	84,095
Total operating expenses	_	5,722,879	5,772,879	5,689,339	83,540
Operating income		320,121	270,121	489,350	219,229
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings	_	15,000	15,000	12,125	(2,875)
Income (loss) before operating transfers		335,121	285,121	501,475	216,354
Transfers out	_	(600,000)	(600,000)	(600,000)	
Change in net position		(264,879)	(314,879)	(98,525) \$	216,354
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP:					
Depreciation				(6,650)	
Change in accounts receivable				17,312	
Change in fair market value - investments				5,648	
Change in accounts payable			-	(29,102)	
			-	(12,792)	
GAAP BASIS CHANGE IN NET POSITION:				(111,317)	
Net position - beginning		775,131	775,131	775,131	
Net position - ending	\$	510,252 \$	460,252 \$	663,814	

CAPITAL ASSETS -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedules By Source June 30, 2018 and 2019

	_	2019	_	2018
Governmental funds capital assets:				
Land	\$	31,020,499	\$	30,259,051
Buildings		80,644,619		80,575,454
Improvements other than buildings		34,777,387		33,733,355
Machinery and equipment		38,800,679		37,106,563
Infrastructure		78,291,847		78,291,847
Construction In Progress	_	38,256,312		21,973,647
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	301,791,343	\$	281,939,917
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:				
General fund	\$	99,625,295	\$	83,748,061
Special revenue fund		133,113,410		130,367,117
Capital projects funds		64,389,552		63,201,653
Donations	_	4,663,086		4,623,086
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	301,791,343	\$	281,939,917

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

Function and Activity		Capital Assets June 30, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Net Transfers	Capital Assets June 30, 2019
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:						
Legislative	\$	46,071 \$	- \$	- \$		\$ 46,071
Judicial		230,614	-	-	-	230,614
Operations center		631,286	7,594	(14,239)	-	624,641
Fleet maintenance		582,495	-	-	-	582,495
Stores		738,315	4,733	-	-	743,048
Finance administration		16,515	-	-	-	16,515
Personnel administration		163,815	-	-	-	163,815
Law enforcement		38,544	-	-	-	38,544
Administrative services		16,772,290	1,454,418	-	-	18,226,708
Planning and zoning		59,329	-	-	-	59,329
Data processing	_	1,451,554	15,160	-	-	1,466,714
Total general government	_	20,730,828	1,481,905	(14,239)	-	22,198,494
PUBLIC SAFETY:						
Police		12,636,325	113,220	(325,454)	-	12,424,091
Fire		18,347,587	52,900	(681,631)	-	17,718,856
Inspection		228,929	-	(21,606)	-	207,323
Traffic	_	5,861,206	42,307		-	5,903,513
Total public safety	-	37,074,047	208,427	(1,028,691)		36,253,783
PUBLIC WORKS/ COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:						
Streets		87,969,939	6,466,207	(109,747)	-	94,326,399
Bridges and storm drains		19,256,541	228,270	-	-	19,484,811
Administration		1,788,555	509,648	-	-	2,298,203
Survey		146,210	-	-	-	146,210
Engineering	_	108,745	-	(10,053)	-	98,692
Total public works/	_	109,269,990	7,204,125	(119,800)	-	116,354,315
community development						
CULTURE AND RECREATION: Parks and recreation		40 400 405	0 440 704	(4.050.074)		
Civic center		46,423,165	9,419,764	(1,050,374)	-	54,792,555
Senior citizens center		13,938,554	3,707,757	(13,800)	-	17,632,511
Museum		2,033,262	153,733	(150,871)	-	2,036,124
Animal Shelter		8,963,379	18,477 47,259	(22,470)	-	8,959,386
Golf Courses		4,610,478	47,259 10,224	-	-	4,657,737
Total culture and recreation	-	<u>5,122,763</u> 81,091,601	13,357,214	(1,237,515)	-	<u>5,132,987</u> 93,211,300
Total culture and recreation	-	81,091,001	13,357,214	(1,237,313)		93,211,300
LIBRARIES		10,778,728	-	-	-	10,778,728
AIRPORT	_	22,994,723	-	-	-	22,994,723
Total general fixed assets	\$_	281,939,917 \$	22,251,671 \$	(2,400,245) \$		\$301,791,343
Accumulated depreciation	\$_	164,235,818 \$	7,862,579 \$	(1,163,604) \$	-	\$170,934,793

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Function and Activity For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Improvements Other than	Machinery and		Construction In	
Function and Activity	Land	Buildings	Buildings	Equipment	Infrastructure	Progress	Total
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:							
Legislative \$	4,000 \$	- \$	- \$	42.071	\$-\$	- \$	46.071
Judicial	-	111,855	-	118,759	-	-	230,614
Operations center	-	26,363	-	598,278	-	-	624,641
Fleet maintenance	-	133,282	-	449,213	-	-	582,495
Stores	-	38,467	270,135	260,990	-	173,456	743,048
Finance administration	-		,	16,515	-	-	16,515
Personnel administration	-	-	-	163,815	-	-	163,815
Law enforcement	-	-	-	38,544	-	-	38,544
Administrative services	2,392,200	13,143,633	98,638	1,676,934	-	915,303	18,226,708
Planning and zoning	_,,	-		59,329	-	-	59,329
Data processing	-	98,671	-	1,043,823	324,220	-	1,466,714
Total general government	2,396,200	13,552,271	368,773	4,468,271	324,220	1,088,759	22,198,494
PUBLIC SAFETY:							
	F00 770	2 000 740	400 504	7 004 007	00.000	405 044	40 404 004
Police	532,770	3,689,746	130,561	7,881,237	23,866	165,911	12,424,091
Fire	104,106	7,931,595	51,766	9,585,982	33,151	12,256	17,718,856
Inspection	-	-	-	207,323	-	-	207,323
Traffic	-	39,403	-	842,628	3,908,981	1,112,501	5,903,513
Total public safety	636,876	11,660,744	182,327	18,517,170	3,965,998	1,290,668	36,253,783
PUBLIC WORKS/COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:							
Streets	16,204,382	263,453	3,735,517	5,040,749	56,520,123	12,562,175	94,326,399
Bridges and storm drains	227,783	-	-	-	17,459,247	1,797,781	19,484,811
Administration	1,071,147	462,632	63,362	47,135	-	653,927	2,298,203
Survey	-	-	-	146,210	-	-	146,210
Engineering	-			98,692		-	98,692
Total public works/community development	17,503,312	726,085	3,798,879	5,332,786	73,979,370	15,013,883	116,354,315
CULTURE AND RECREATION:							
Parks and recreation	5,557,688	19,881,251	13,496,385	7,003,707	-	8,853,524	54,792,555
Civic center	918,688	4,454,817	-	296,787	-	11,962,219	17,632,511
Senior citizens center	250,627	1,341,772	170,554	273,171	-	-	2,036,124
Museum	1,131,932	7,529,735	152,650	145,069	-	-	8,959,386
Animal shelter	132,392	4,372,339	-	105,747	-	47,259	4,657,737
Golf Courses	100,000	1,286,458	2,934,616	789,654	22,259	-	5,132,987
Total culture and recreation	8,091,327	38,866,372	16,754,205	8,614,135	22,259	20,863,002	93,211,300
LIBRARIES	1,391,668	8,686,494	106,000	594,566		-	10,778,728
AIRPORT	1,001,116	7,152,653	13,567,203	1,273,751		-	22,994,723
Total governmental funds capital assets	31,020,499 \$	80,644,619 \$	<u> </u>	38,800,679	\$78,291,847_\$	38,256,312 \$	301,791,343

This schedule presents the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. There are no capital assets for the internal service funds.



STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Farmington's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	<u>Page</u>
<i>Financial Trends</i> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	132
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant revenue sources - gross receipts tax and electricity sales. Also included are property tax schedules.	137
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	148
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	152
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides	154

and the activities it performs.

City of Farmington Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2010	2011	2012 Restated	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019
Governmental activities Net invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 94,776,714 4,195,660 20,043,161	\$ 91,574,976 2,630,553 31,572,545	\$ 83,813,002 10,998,211 34,265,211	\$ 95,018,930 8,253,150 28,214,098	\$ 102,345,158 5,936,973 28,860,863	\$ 105,735,450 3,161,762 (24,786,968)	\$ 104,540,398 4,724,748 (33,016,562)	\$ 100,348,301 18,954,830 (53,887,408)	\$ 99,720,673 3,298,342 (90,423,320)	\$ 98,459,383 4,691,322 (92,634,088)
I otal governmental activities net position	\$ 119,015,535	\$ 125,778,074	\$ 129,076,424	\$ 131,486,178	\$ 137,142,994	\$ 84,110,244	\$ 76,248,584	\$ 65,415,723	\$ 12,595,695	\$ 10,516,617
Business-type activities Net invested in capital assets	\$ 299,184,651 3 657 082	\$ 309,610,312 5 243 850	\$ 316,889,337 4 857 866	\$ 28,083,837	\$ 345,992,235 1 661 007	\$ 351,217,980 1 661 007	\$ 370,083,482 1 661 007	\$ 387,312,875 1 661 007	\$ 393,571,428 1 661 007	\$ 403,244,579 1 661 007
Unrestricted	75,894,328	0,045,226	92,897,685	- 334,361,892	99,209,034	93,182,183	88,720,060	76,590,737	67,738,971	75,397,471
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 378,736,061	\$ 394,899,388	\$ 414,639,888	\$ 362,445,729	\$ 446,863,176	\$ 446,062,070	\$ 460,465,449	\$ 465,565,519	\$ 462,972,306	\$ 480,303,957
Primary government Net invested in capital assets Restricted Untestricted Total numary novemment net position	\$ 393,961,365 7,852,742 95,937,489 * 407 771 596	\$ 401,185,288 7,874,403 111,617,771 \$ 520,677,462	\$ 400,702,339 15,851,077 127,162,896 \$ 543 716 312	\$ 123,102,767 8,253,150 362,575,990 \$ 493,931,907	\$ 448,337,393 7,598,880 128,069,897 \$ 584,006,170	\$ 456,953,430 4,823,669 68,395,215 \$ 530,177,314	\$ 474,623,880 6,386,655 55,703,498 \$ 536,714,033	\$ 487,661,176 20,616,737 22,703,329 \$ 530,981,242	\$ 493,292,101 4,960,249 (22,684,349) \$ 475,568,001	\$ 501,703,962 6,353,229 (17,236,617) \$ 400 820 571
	>>>:->:	\$ 050,011,10F	¢ 010'1 10'0 14	50°-00'-00+ +	>	¢ 000, 11 4,0 1	\$ 000'F1 1'000	\$ 000,000 \$		+ 10,040,00t +

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs

Note:

In 2010, the city added airport services to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2012, the city added Civitan Golf Course to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2012, a change in accounting principle adjustment was made to correct costs associated with regulatory costs for business-type activity. In 2014, the city added Pinon Hills Golf Course to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2014, the city added Pinon Hills Golf Course to governmental activities unrestricted net position. In 2016, the city implemented GASB 68 which resulted in a deficit governmental activities unrestricted net position.

Schedule 1

continued)
ع

2010 \$ 25,732,424 14,918,275 8,808,809 13,349,714 14,918,275 8,808,809 13,349,714 14,3349,714 14,11,885 13,77,304 11,885,359 1,285,065 1,285,07 1,285,05 1	<u>2011</u> \$ 29,114,460		2042						
\$ 25,732,424 14,918,275 8,808,809 8,808,809 13,349,714 8,808,809 14,411 8,71,611,885 77,614,815 75,094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,283,065 94,576,065 94,576,188,241 7,566,188,241		2012	6102	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 25,732,424 14,918,275 8,809 13,349,714 8,425,309 71,611,885 71,611,855 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,855 71,611,855 71,611,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,855 71,615,8555 71,615,8555 71,615,85557 71,6155577757577575757575757575757575757575		Restated							
\$ 25,732,424 14,918,275 8,808,009 14,918,275 8,809,009 13,349,714 377,359 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 94,576,356 94,576,356 8,166,188,241									
14,918,275 affairs 14,918,275 8,808,809 18,808,809 13,349,714 8,425,359 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 71,611,885 1,285,065 94,576,356 94,576,356 94,576,356		\$ 32,642,985	\$ 37,156,707	\$ 35,295,440	\$ 38,752,681	\$ 36,120,890	\$ 28,889,926	\$ 37,487,301	\$ 29,001,248
8,808,809 affairs 13,349,714 ievelopment 8,425,359 377,304 71,611,885 5,094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,393,018 1,225,065 94,576,356 94,576,356 8,166,188,241	15,021,697	15,645,349	15,624,298	16,371,812	16,544,038	18,127,957	19,782,931	18,247,022	20,062,739
affairs 13,349,714 levelopment 8,425,359 71,611,885 75,094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,393,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 8,166,188,241	8,665,126	9,595,679	8,804,530	10,224,591	7,460,513	10,680,758	12,000,794	11,408,649	11,518,164
levelopment 8,425,359 377,304 71,611,885 5,5094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,393,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 8,166,188,241	13,714,785	14,251,614	8,345,000	13,504,216	17,017,698	18,906,482	17,390,900	17,152,218	16,972,721
377,304 71,611,885 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,3293,005 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	10.800.128	11.044.820	11.068.146	8.778.072	9.708.202	9.667.963	11.930.760	11.579.158	8.600.434
71,611,885 75,094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,393,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	328,280	288,476	537,023	441,145	407,023	350,142	590,502	1,199,749	1,289,934
75,094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,33018 1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	77,644,476	83,468,923	81,535,704	84,615,276	89,890,155	93,854,192	90,585,813	97,074,097	87,445,240
75,094,411 8,540,615 5,263,247 4,333,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241									
8,540,615 5,263,247 4,393,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	77.933.334	76.465.532	85.104.921	86.071.781	93.164.509	90.435.253	90.838.532	92.629.799	92.292.826
5,263,247 4,393,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	8,662,030	9,368,428	9,388,141	9,895,015	10,362,693	11,086,095	12,304,070	13,748,989	15,256,353
4,393,018 1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	5.674.564	5,829,583	5,850,820	6.014.663	6.239.817	6.460.670	6,969,969	7.078.538	8.249.189
1,285,065 94,576,356 \$166,188,241	5,318,445	5,100,718	5,081,821	5,239,556	5,529,374	5,497,700	5,412,808	5,575,831	5,725,091
94,576,356 \$166,188,241	1,468,586	1,157,049	1,132,150						1
\$166,188,241	99,056,959	97,921,310	106,557,853	107,221,015	115,296,393	113,479,718	115,525,379	119,033,157	121,523,459
Program Revenues Governmental activities:	\$176,701,435	\$181,390,233	\$188,093,557	\$191,836,291	\$205,186,548	\$207,333,910	\$206,111,192	\$216,107,254	\$208,968,699
Charges for services:									
General government \$ 8,003,589 \$	\$ 8,866,978 1 125 576	\$ 11,555,421	\$ 9,195,215 1 185 570	\$ 12,104,821	\$ 11,688,723	\$ 10,483,519 1 000 033	\$ 5,744,673	\$ 5,456,990	\$ 4,884,959 604 004
	1,100,070	1 00, 100, 1	1,100,079	1,002,132	1,140,470	1,090,055	100,108	900'-00 0 001 001	034,334
~	838,839	1,094,483	1,227,346	2,538,777	2,818,948	2,607,028	2,257,877	2,325,325	2,275,413
pment	046,00	01,044	01,841	03,430	20,203	212,90	21,40/	33,090	29,181
ns	6,243,941	3,546,860	4,535,975	5,188,416	5,254,695	6,110,984	5,443,467	5,301,872	5,007,148
Capital grants and contributions 4,226,010 Total covernmental activities 18 743 051	20,629,255	18 757 582	4, 130,430 20 342 446	3,701,000 24 739 442	23,6/3,/30	21 391 716	15 056 765	3,113,304 19,114,205	13 920 606
Business-type activities: Charges for services:									
	91,451,673	95,742,961	102,124,215	99,529,498	105,907,531	102,230,879	93,276,798	99,363,946	103,184,168
<u></u>	12,897,358	14,025,394	13,5/6,405	13,232,372	13,932,663	16,184,867	17,580,790	19,609,290	20,214,760
er	6,163,722	6,475,468	6,598,137	6,640,367	6,875,136	7,588,925	8,326,736	9,773,334	10,792,986
tation	5,092,625	5,423,632	5,452,441	5,547,113	5,667,995	5,640,903	5,714,492	5,99 <i>1,11</i> 2	6,196,001
	1,019,226	1,043,005	957,766	I				'	·
Operating grants and contributions Canital grants and contributions	6,282,404	2,706,388	4, 192,656	- 2 067 760	- 1 886 666	59,056 1 020 091	260,919 1 464 161	- 2 620 971	- 2 136 123
133 007 566	122 907 008	125 416 848	132 901 620	127 017 110	134 269 991	132 724 721	126,623,896	137 365 313	142 524 038
\$151.750.617	\$143,536,263	\$144,174,430	\$153,244,066	\$151,756,552	\$158,113,172	\$154,116,437	\$141,680,661	\$ 156,479,518	\$156,444,644

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs

Beginning in 2010, only Public works expenses and revenues are reported and Community Development data is combined with General government. In 2010, the city added arrport services to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2012, the city added Chrian Golf Course operations to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2013, the city added Chrian Golf Course operations to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2014, the city added Pinon Hills Golf Course to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. FY2015 and FY2018 were restated due to GASB 68 and GASB 75. Note:

(accrual basis of accounting) City of Farmington Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

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-							Fiscal Year							
	2010	2011		<u>2012</u> Restated	2013		2014	2015	2	2016	2017		2018	2019
Net (Expenses)/Revenues Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (52,868,834) 38.431.210	\$	57,015,221) \$ 23.850.049	(64,711,341) 27.495.538	\$ (61,193,258) 26.343.767	θ	(59,875,834) 19.796.095	\$ (66,0 18.9	(66,046,974) \$ 18.973.598	(72,462,476) 19.245.003	\$ (75,529,048) 11.098.517	9,048) \$ 3.517	(77,959,892) 18.332.156	\$ (73,524,634) 21.000.579
Total net expenses	\$ (14,437,624)	ŝ	(33,165,172) \$	(37,215,803)	\$ (34,849,491)	φ	(40,079,739)	\$ (47,0	(47,073,376) \$	(53,217,473)	\$ (64,430,531),531) \$	(59,627,736)	\$ (52,524,055)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:	tion													
. Taxes Gross ranaints favas	\$ AA 760 870	\$ 47 605 170	5 170 ¢	50 432 706	\$ 47 Q51 282	¥	40 107 600	¢ 50 Д	50 453 868 ¢	49 290 956	¢ 48 510 535	0 535 ¢	51 388 761	¢ 55 106 875
Property taxes		÷		1,687,900		•	1,864,221			1,936,699			2,039,855	
Franchise taxes	649,388		614,627	2,325,998	2,340,395		2,422,641	2,3	2,308,529	2,488,029	2,59	2,594,535	2,662,677	2,373,842
Other taxes	2,048,944		1,828,644	1,982,191	1,790,196		1,774,724	2,1	2,195,553	2,747,300	2,37	2,372,209	2,544,474	2,333,272
Other revenue	1,782,477	1,54	1,541,494	1,601,517	1,277,670		964,113	1,0	,093,197	1,004,418	1,16	1,163,081	1,066,978	1,842,022
Unrestricted investment earnings	405,946		364,522	257,782	76,860		357,959	e	317,162	263,798	24	245,430	405,425	671,429
Reassignment of capital assets				'			1,870,844		,	'			(7,989)	
Transfers	14,406,807		10,017,180	9,721,597	8,454,241		7,170,449	7,9	7,900,683	6,869,616	7,81	7,816,876	7,896,962	6,966,830
Total general revenues, transfers and special items	65,610,842		63,777,760	68,009,691	63,603,012		65,532,650	68,1	68,176,051	64,600,816	64,696,187	3,187	67,996,643	71,445,556
Business-type activities:														
Environmental taxes		1,25	1,258,718	1,333,554	1,268,748		1,298,901	1,3	1,384,982	1,251,293	1,17	1,174,658	1,242,160	1,204,224
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,324,627		1,071,740	633,005	186,344		824,967	2	742,813	776,699	64	643,771	726,061	2,093,678
Reassignment of capital assets				•			(1,870,844)			•			7,989	
Transfers	(14,406,807)		(10,017,180)	(9,721,597)	(8,454,241)	<u> </u>	(7,170,449)	(7,9	(7,900,683)	(6,869,616)	(7,81	(7,816,876)	(7,896,962)	(6,966,830)
Total business-type activities	(13,082,180		(7,686,722)	(7,755,038)	(6,999,149)		(6,917,425)	(5,7	(5,772,888)	(4,841,624)	(5,99	(5,998,447)	(5,920,752)	(3,668,928)
Total primary government	\$ 52,528,662	\$	56,091,038 \$	60,254,653	\$ 56,603,863	\$	58,615,225	\$ 62,4	62,403,163 \$	59,759,192	\$ 58,697,740	7,740 \$	62,075,891	\$ 67,776,628
Change in Net Position		ŧ												
	3 12, 142,008	A	0,/02,339 \$	3,298,330	407,904,704	A	0,000,010		Z, 129, U/ / \$	(1, 301,000)	(10,032,001)	ζ, ασ I) φ	(9,903,249)	<pre>\$ (2,0/9,0/8) \$ (2,0/9,0/8) \$ (2,0/9,0/8) \$ (2,0/8,0/</pre>
Business-type activities	25,349,030		16,163,327	19,740,500	19,344,618		12,8/8,6/0	`	1			i	12,411,404	
Total change in net position	\$ 38,091,038	¢	5,866 \$	23,038,850	\$ 21,754,372	φ	18,535,486	\$ 15,3	15,329,787 \$	6,541,719	\$ (5,732,791	2,791) \$	2,448,155	\$ 15,252,573

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs

Beginning in 2010, only Public works expenses and revenues are reported and Community Development data is combined with General government. In 2010, the city added airport services to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2011, the city has moved Environmental taxes from program revenues to business-type activities. In 2011, the city has moved Environmental taxes from program revenues to business-type activities. In 2011, the city added Pincon Hills Goif Course to governmental activities associated with regulatory costs for business-type activity. In 2014, the city added Pincon Hills Goif Course to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. FY2015 and FY2018 were restated due to GASB 68 and GASB 75. Note:

City of Farmington Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

General Fund

Total	12,931,484	19,049,829	18,720,749	17,344,560	18,947,016	18,276,766	12,385,083	14,642,518	12,551,267	12,302,120
	ф									
Jnassigned	ı	18,449,727	18,216,147	16,790,815	18,360,780	17,777,859	11,842,124	14,093,088	12,048,998	11,420,351
	θ									
Restricted	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	30,215	'	'
	Ф									
Nonspendable	'	600,102	504,602	553,745	586,236	498,907	542,959	519,215	502,269	881,769
-	↔ ↔									
nreserved	8,623,808									
⊃	θ									
Reserved	4,307,676	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	1
•	Ф									
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

All Other Governmental Funds

Total	13,334,036	20,454,383	28,912,616	26,327,965	20,810,509	14,763,550	13,520,572	26,261,419	26,780,591	24,598,409
	ф									
Unassigned	•	•	•	'	'	(865,230)	(937,055)	(1,100,341)	•	(1,013,744)
Assigned	'	1,733,634	5,099,223	7,052,366	4,630,223	2,989,483	2,566,917	2,196,732	1,904,136	941,388
	ф									
committed	I	18,216,147	12,815,182	11,022,449	10,243,313	9,477,535	7,157,528	6,227,897	4,848,022	3,297,051
	θ									
Restricted	I	504,602	10,998,211	8,253,150	5,936,973	3,161,762	4,724,748	18,924,615	20,017,217	21,363,414
	ф									
Nonspendable	۰ ډ						8,434	12,516	11,216	10,300
Jnreserved	13,249,388									
	ф									
eserved	84,648	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	'	ı
Ш	ф									
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs

- In 2010, the city added airport services to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. Note:
- In 2011, the city implemented GASB Statement 54, which changed the classfications of fund balances in the governmental funds. Prior year amounts have not been restated for the implementation of Statement 54. In 2012, the city added Civitan Golf Course operations to governmental activities which had previously been accounted
 - for as a business-type activity. In 2014, the city added Pinon Hills Golf Course operations to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity.

	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Revenues Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	 \$ 48,954,845 \$ 693,743 \$ 693,743 \$ 8,318,076 \$ 2,557,192 	\$ 51,685,802 606,378 9,686,922 2,506,687	\$ 56,484,330 671,676 5,320,909 2,849,685	\$ 53,853,728 651,586 8,672,465 2,998,608	\$ 55,151,896 642,505 8,950,282 3,787,921	\$ 58,820,037 614,845 8,128,451 3,730,888	\$ 56,422,321 613,553 7,151,321 3,356,055	\$ 55,404,288 563,477 6,095,397 2,963,371	\$ 58,584,277 505,801 10,417,236 3,035,190	\$ 61,952,252 531,327 6,036,059 2,970,854
Fines Special assessments Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	1,491,288 600 42,421 1,782,477 64,200,642	1,171,028 1,970 364,660 1,541,494 67,564,941	1,183,536 22 257,782 1,601,517 68,369,457	1,153,942 - 76,579 1,277,670 68,684,578	1,031,722 - 350,469 964,113 70,878,908	1,114,213 - 303,777 1,093,197 73,805,408	1,052,001 - 243,539 1,004,412 69,843,202	884,493 - 228,316 1,163,049 67,302,391	845,766 - 384,623 1,066,951 74,839,844	661,707 - 598,048 1,841,936 74,592,183
Expenditures Current General government Police Fire Price, recreation and cultural affairs Community development Public works Airport Bond issuance costs	16,970,629 14,588,008 8,281,083 11,795,902 1,100,251 5,510,298	17,895,393 14,892,808 8,279,658 12,200,221 1,218,263 6,276,055	20,407,349 15,709,376 12,0,688,829 12,868,445 6,572,566	19,080,247 15,337,268 9,154,839 12,581,191 1,199,310 8,347,154	20,813,820 16,703,106 9,238,467 14,488,935 9,69,916 7,039,486	22,627,523 17,189,754 9,538,833 14,876,178 1,026,178 6,626,188	21,314,078 18,558,468 9,846,379 9,846,379 9,01,687 6,170,887	20,602,659 17,065,951 9,326,018 13,881,793 755,256 6,766,553 191,677	25,677,318 17,612,457 9,991,676 9,991,676 15,469,163 7,80,467 5,780,808 4,072,892 312,649	21,658,892 18,709,899 10,009,774 15,883,424 830,449 5,883,055 561,869 142,943
Deux service Principal Interest Capital outlay Total expenditures Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,270,000 379,342 9,425,646 69,321,769 (5,121,127)	1,315,000 330,393 4,580,112 66,987,903 577,038	3,440,000 258,145 6,927,790 77,543,718 (9,174,261)	1,098,878 547,717 13,753,055 81,099,659 (12,415,081)	1,189,238 443,054 12,107,601 81,964,357 (11,085,449)	1,224,760 411,133 14,902,012 88,423,300 (14,617,892)	1,280,467 352,200 10,424,902 83,847,479 (14,004,277)	1,556,322 547,468 5,594,531 76,290,603 (8,988,212)	3,336,289 864,049 18,169,393 102,076,161 (27,236,317)	1,770,989 1,256,330 20,887,764 97,101,388 (22,509,205)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Sale tax debt issuance Total other financing sources and uses	7,798,162 (2,686,511) 5,111,651	12,142,893 (2,125,713) - 10,017,180	16,753,124 (8,002,626) 11,197,390 19,947,888	14,551,873 (6,097,632) - 8,454,241	16,719,859 (9,549,410) 7,170,449	16,523,465 (8,622,782) - 7,900,683	19,297,453 (12,427,837) 6,869,616	11,646,210 (3,829,334) 16,169,618 23,986,494	15,403,498 (7,506,536) 17,767,276 25,664,238	13,697,399 (6,730,569) 13,111,046 20,077,876
Net change in fund balances Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	\$ (9,476) 2.8%	\$ 10,594,218 2.6%	\$ 10,773,627 5.8%	\$ (3,960,840) 2.5%	\$ (3,915,000) 2.2%	\$ (6,717,209) 1.9%	\$ (7,134,661) 2.5%	\$ 14,998,282 3.8%	\$ (1,572,079) 4.1%	\$ (2,431,329) 4.0%

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs

In 2010, the City added airport services to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2012, the City added Civitan Golf Course operations to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. In 2014, the city added Pinon Hills Golf Course to governmental activities which had previously been accounted for as a business-type activity. Note:

City of Farmington Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

City of Farmington Electric Kilowatt Sales and Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Industrial	trial	* Commercial	ercial	Residential	ential	Total	_
	kWh	Revenue	kWh	Revenue	kWh	Revenue	kWh	Revenue
2010	417,626,366	\$ 25,322,092	433,338,579	\$ 40,087,647	272,352,709	\$ 25,726,777	1,123,317,654	\$ 91,136,516
2011	431,217,761	26,310,371	428,923,446	39,524,535	271,478,836	25,481,033	1,131,620,043	91,315,939
2012	449,719,960	27,120,532	435,918,516	40,833,661	274,403,890	25,778,554	1,160,042,366	93,732,747
2013	413,774,318	23,518,114	428,149,644	38,831,201	279,360,211	25,109,554	1,121,284,173	87,458,869
2014	396,091,791	27,450,569	423,014,832	43,664,041	274,308,792	28,630,163	1,093,415,415	99,744,773
2015	429,200,554	29,743,138	421,102,778	43,953,556	262,207,686	28,391,172	1,112,511,018	102,087,866
2016	374,762,380	28,215,055	416,383,208	45,201,681	266,476,087	30,650,732	1,057,621,675	104,067,468
2017	313,551,784	22,718,088	401,488,997	41,718,166	257,259,042	28,740,391	972,299,823	93,176,645
2018	357,097,257	22,027,951	408,300,055	39,871,677	260,344,240	27,780,526	1,025,741,552	89,680,154
2019	325,916,492	22,110,143	405,265,161	41,562,752	260,998,660	29,756,105	992,180,313	93,429,000
Change 2010-2019	-22.0%	-12.7%	-6.5%	3.7%	-4.2%	15.7%	-11.7%	2.5%
Course:	Course: Earmination Electric Hillity Svetam	- I Itility Svetam						

Source: Farmington Electric Utility System

* Commerical totals include Street Lighting.

Type of Customer

Industrial (Bulk Power)

\$85.00 Customer charge\$8.75/kW of billing demand\$0.04713/kWh energy charge

Commercial

Small General Service \$9.00 Customer charge \$0.09770/kWh energy charge <u>Medium General Service</u> \$11.00 Customer charge \$6.00/kW of billing demand \$0.07245/kWh energy charge <u>Large General Service</u> \$12.00 Customer charge \$10.50/kW of billing demand \$0.05840/kWh energy charge

Residential

\$6.75 Customer charge \$0.10010/kWh energy charge \$12.00 monthly minimum charge <u>Street Lighting</u> \$8.53 70 W sodium 7/94 \$12.93 70 W sodium 8/94 \$8.53 100 W sodium 7/94 \$12.93 100 W sodium 8/94 \$15.41 250 W sodium 8/94 \$16.23 250 W sodium 8/94 \$8.53 175 W mercury \$15.41 400 W mercury \$12.93 LED

Source: Farmington Electric Utility System

		2019			2010	
Customer	<u>Revenue</u>	Rank	Percentage of <u>Revenue</u>	<u>Revenue</u>	Rank	Percentage of <u>Revenue</u>
Enterprise Field Services LLC	\$21,201,870	1	22.69%	\$20,836,030	1	22.86%
Praxair, Inc.	2,923,214	2	3.13%	1,263,888	6	1.39%
San Juan Regional Medical Center	1,501,037	3	1.61%	1,606,641	5	1.76%
Hilcorp San Juan / ConocoPhillips / Burlington Resources Oil & Gas	1,361,669	4	1.46%	929,427	10	1.02%
Transwestern Pipeline Co.	1,045,922	5	1.12%	3,534,306	2	3.88%
Wal-Mart Inc. / Sam's Club	895,548	6	0.96%	1,045,221	7	1.15%
BP America	799,964	7	0.86%	-		-
Western Refining Southwest, Inc.	776,753	8	0.83%	2,561,572	3	2.81%
San Juan County	747,066	9	0.80%	-		-
Central Consolidated Schools	490,806	10	0.53%	-		-
Val Verde Gas Gathering, LP	-	-	-	2,174,268	4	2.39%
Farmington Municipal Schools	-	-	-	1,010,989	8	1.11%
San Juan College	-	-	-	956,710	9	1.05%
Total	\$31,743,849	-	33.99%	\$35,919,052	-	39.42%

Source: Farmington Electric Utility System

City of Farmington Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Receipts Tax	Property Tax	Franchise Tax	Other Taxes	Total Taxes
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	 \$ 44,760,879 47,605,170 50,432,706 47,951,282 49,107,699 52,453,868 49,290,956 48,512,535 51,388,261 55,196,875 	 \$ 1,495,634 1,637,361 1,743,435 1,771,855 1,846,832 1,862,087 1,896,036 1,925,009 1,988,865 2,048,263 	 \$ 649,388 614,627 2,325,998 2,340,395 2,422,641 2,308,529 2,488,029 2,594,535 2,662,677 2,373,842 	 \$ 2,048,944 1,828,644 1,982,191 1,790,196 1,774,724 2,810,398 2,747,300 2,372,209 2,544,474 2,333,272 	 \$ 48,954,845 51,685,802 56,484,330 53,853,728 55,151,896 59,434,882 56,422,321 55,404,288 58,584,277 61,952,252
Change 2010-2019	23.3%	36.9%	265.6%	13.9%	26.5%

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs

Note: From 2010 to 2011, PILT was reported as an interfund transfer. Beginning in 2012, Electric PILT is included in Franchise Tax, while Water and Wastewater PILT are still reported as an interfund transfer.

City of Farmington Taxable Gross Receipts by Industry
LAST TELL FISCAL TEARS
(in thousands)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
Ending June 30	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	2018	2019
Agriculture	\$ 609	\$ 612	\$ 566	\$ 1,718	\$ 2,006	\$ 1,487	\$ 355	\$ 447	\$ 194 440 104	\$ 422
Kinning Construction	113,859	121,889 109,321	118,975	80,493 115,958	83,234 77,959	93,211 96,966	88,282 127,401	123,760	127,750	119,392 114,889
Manufacturing	57,270	73,713	119,218	86,003	78,803	70,489	89,896	66,406	72,242	65,888
Trans/Comm/Utility	24,207	22,033	18,627	21,451	21,402	19,454	33,092	24,652	24,086	22,874
Wholesale Trade	99,166	97,962	104,251	94,400	80,010	87,412	82,776	60,538	61,318	56,379
Retail Trade	675,796	676,094	683,041	636,026	558,638	522,079	825,009	784,618	832,908	817,940
Information and Cultural	55,436	57,180	65,236	67,570	59,466	55,095	72,288	71,627	68,896	67,597
Finance/Ins/Real Estate	39,232	46,227	32,194	36,326	25,947	24,337	33,221	33,428	36,242	36,025
Services	502,840	579,917	597,330	602,024	515,494	498,116	689,509	582,585	655,184	658,552
Unclassified	8,883	6,880	14,612	11,640	17,501	114,164	12,818	5,953	20,046	7,894
Undisclosed (a)	28,235	29,402	28,629	26,402	27,799	21,040	31,659	32,349	26,874	30,410
Total (b)	\$ 1,722,702	\$1,722,702 \$1,821,230	\$ 1,885,143	\$ 1,780,011	\$ 1,548,279	\$ 1,603,850	\$ 2,086,306	\$ 1,843,822	\$ 2,042,339	\$ 1,998,263

Source: State of New Mexico Department of Taxation & Revenue monthly distribution reports

(a) Data has been suppressed for purposes of taxpayer confidentiality. Information is suppressed when too few taxpayers are included in a category. Note:

2.0625%

1.4375%

1.4375%

1.4375%

1.1875%

1.1875%

1.1875%

1.1875%

1.1875%

1.1875%

City Direct Sales Tax Rate

(b) Although the figures in the table have been derived from "NM_FR003-500 Local Gov't Distribution Summary" issued monthly by the State, the State suppresses revenue information in certain categories if release of the information would compromise the confidentiality of an individual taxpayer. Accordingly, the "Taxable Gross Receipts Tax" totals in this table will differ from those in other tables.

Schedule 9

Fiscal Year	State GRT	City Share of State GRT	City Direct Rate	San Juan County	Total City GRT
2010	3.7750%	1.2250%	1.1875%	0.8125%	7.0000%
2011	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.1875%	0.8125%	7.1250%
2012	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.1875%	0.8125%	7.1250%
2013	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.1875%	0.8125%	7.1250%
2014	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.1875%	0.8750%	7.1875%
2015	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.1875%	1.0625%	7.3750%
2016	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.4375%	1.0625%	7.6250%
2017	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.4375%	1.0625%	7.6250%
2018	3.9000%	1.2250%	1.4375%	1.0625%	7.6250%
2019	3.9000%	1.2250%	2.0625%	1.0625%	8.2500%

Source: State of New Mexico Taxation and Revenue

Note:The Local Option Gross Receipts can be increased by enacting a City Ordinance.An increase to Gross Receipts Tax by either raising the Municipal Infrastructure
Tax or implementing the Municipal Capital Outlay Tax requires an election.

City of Farmington Taxable Gross Receipts Payers by Industry Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Ending June 30		Fiscal)	Fiscal Year 2019			Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2010	
	Number of Filers	Percentade	Taxable	Percentade	Number of Filers	Percentade	Taxable	Percentade
	(12 Mth. Avg.)	of Total	Gross Receipts	of Total	(12 Mth. Avg.)	of Total	Gross Receipts	
			(thousands)				(thousands)	
Agriculture	5	0.16%	\$ 422	0.02%	с С	0.11%	\$ 609	0.04%
Mining	49	1.61%	119,392	5.98%	65	2.37%	113,859	6.61%
Construction	220	7.22%	114,889	5.75%	263	9.61%	117,169	6.80%
Manufacturing	147	4.83%	65,888	3.30%	96	3.51%	57,270	3.32%
Trans/Comm/Utility	55	1.81%	22,874	1.14%	38	1.39%	24,207	1.41%
Wholesale Trade	218	7.16%	56,379	2.82%	181	6.61%	99,166	5.76%
Retail Trade	627	20.59%	817,940	40.93%	608	22.21%	675,796	39.23%
Information and Cultural	129	4.24%	67,597	3.38%	80	2.92%	55,436	3.22%
Finance/Ins/Real Estate	144	4.73%	36,025	1.80%	121	4.42%	39,232	2.28%
Services	1,344	44.14%	658,552	32.96%	1,249	45.63%	502,840	29.19%
Unclassified	103	3.38%	7,894	0.40%	30	1.10%	8,883	0.52%
Undisclosed (a)	4	0.13%	30,410	1.52%	3	0.11%	28,235	1.64%
Total (b)	3,045	100.00%	\$ 1,998,263	100.00%	2,737	100.00%	\$ 1,722,702	100.00%

Source: State of New Mexico Department of Taxation & Revenue monthly/quarterly distribution reports.

Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's revenue. Note:

(a) Data has been suppressed for purposes of taxpayer confidentiality. Information is suppressed when too few taxpayers are included in a category.

(b) Although the figures in the table have been derived from "NM_FR003-500 Local Govt Distribution Summary" issued monthly by the State, the State suppresses revenue information in certain categories if the release of information would compromise the confidentiality of an individual taxpayer. Accordingly, the "Taxable Gross Receipts Tax" totals in this table will differ from those in other tables.

City of Farmington Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property	Nonresidential	-	Personal	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Residential Tax Rate	l otal Direct Non Residential Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2010	\$ 597,619,324	\$ 368,371,078	ŝ	82,532,302	\$ 92,000,870	\$ 956,521,834	1.457	1.950	\$2,872,437,940	33.3%
2011	638,666,041			75,061,549	213,971,715	982,911,834	1.419	2.128	2,951,687,189	33.3%
2012	662,894,115	503,391,149		66,717,175	224,872,472	1,008,129,967	1.431	2.225	3,027,417,318	33.3%
2013	689,845,796	513,872,317		70,666,059	237,362,094	1,037,022,078	1.426	2.225	3,114,180,414	33.3%
2014	712,107,050			68,492,130	254,161,110	1,064,957,258	1.407	2.225	3,198,069,844	33.3%
2015	731,502,146			66,037,125	257,150,613	1,095,071,044	1.410	2.225	3,288,501,634	33.3%
2016	749,006,669	561,254,523		67,060,107	256,373,378	1,120,947,921	1.392	2.209	3,366,209,973	33.3%
2017	767,332,374	583,811,362		67,172,099	265,683,921	1,152,631,914	1.394	2.209	3,461,357,099	33.3%
2018	780,887,163	587,302,889		66,068,905	266,897,342	1,167,361,615	1.425	2.225	3,505,590,435	33.3%
2019	785.116.434	599.606.954		56.743.330	275.993.078	1 165 473 640	1.473	2.225	3 499 920 841	33.3%

Source: San Juan County Assessor's Office

City of Farmington Direct and Overlappin Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of ass	City of Farmington Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)	oerty Tax Rat ∣ value)	S						Schedule 13
City of F	City of Farmington Residential Direct Rates	sidential Dire	ct Rates			Overla	Overlapping Rates		
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Direct Rate	State	County	School District #5	San Juan College	Secondary Vocational	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2010	1.457		1.457	1.530	6.425	9.673	3.212	0.600	22.897
2011	1.419	ı	1.419	1.362	6.267	9.620	3.133	0.600	22.401
2012	1.431	ı	1.431	1.360	6.326	9.751	3.162	0.420	22.450
2013	1.426	ı	1.426	1.360	6.310	9.746	3.154	0.600	22.596
2014	1.407		1.407	1.360	6.231	9.721	3.114	0.600	22.433
2015	1.410	·	1.410	1.360	6.231	9.736	3.114	0.600	22.451
2016	1.392	ı	1.392	1.360	6.529	9.691	3.263	0.600	22.835
2017	1.394		1.394	1.360	6.545	9.723	3.314	0.600	22.936
2018	1.425		1.425	1.360	6.700	9.773	3.392	0.600	23.250
2019	1.473	ı	1.473	1.360	6.936	9.782	3.512	0.600	23.663
City of Fa	City of Farmington Nonresidential Direct Rates	residential D	irect Rates			Overla	Overlapping Rates		
		Debt							Total Direct and
	General	Service	Total Direct			School	San Juan	Secondary	Overlapping
Fiscal Year	Fund	Fund	Rate	State	County	District #5	College	Vocational	Rates
2010	1.950	ı	1.950	1.530	8.500	9.921	4.500	0.600	27.001
2011	2.128		2.128	1.362	8.500	9.923	4.500	0.600	27.013
2012	2.225		2.225	1.360	8.500	9.924	4.500	0.420	26.929
2013	2.225		2.225	1.360	8.500	9.926	4.500	0.600	27.111
2014	2.225		2.225	1.360	8.500	9.931	4.500	0.600	27.116
2015	2.225	ı	2.225	1.360	8.500	9.939	4.500	0.600	27.124
2016	2.209	ı	2.209	1.360	8.500	9.921	4.500	0.600	27.090
2017	2.218	ı	2.218	1.360	8.500	9.947	4.500	0.600	27.125
2018	2.225	ı	2.225	1.360	8.500	9.946	4.500	0.600	27.131
2019	2.225	I	2.225	1.360	8.500	9.943	4.500	0.600	27.128

Source: San Juan County Assessor's Office

City of Farmington Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable <u>Assessed Value</u>	Taxable <u>Assessed Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable <u>Assessed Value</u>
San Juan Regional Medical Center Inc	\$ 10,019,864	1	0.9%	\$ 3,781,089	3	0.4%
Animas Valley Mall, LLC	9,624,295	2	0.8%	10,424,613	2	1.1%
New Mexico Gas Company	7,032,226	3	0.6%	-	-	-
Dugan Production Corp	3,730,796	4	0.3%	2,593,433	9	0.3%
Walmart Stores East LTD Partnership	3,561,853	5	0.3%	3,346,120	7	0.3%
Comcast of New Mexico Inc	3,017,004	6	0.3%	-	-	-
Animas Valley Leasing LLC	2,854,276	7	0.2%	-	-	-
NMFA Mesa MHP LLC	2,796,336	8	0.2%	-	-	
Lowe's Home Centers Inc	2,747,634	9	0.2%	2,714,922	8	0.3%
Hilcorp San Juan LP	2,697,758	10	0.2%	-	-	
Animas Valley Land and Water	-	-	-	17,202,670	1	1.8%
Plaza Farmington II LLC	-	-	-	3,723,171	4	0.4%
Burlington Resources Oil and Gas LP	-	-	-	3,422,262	5	0.4%
San Juan Development Corporation	-	-	-	3,355,576	6	0.4%
Farmington Hotel Assets		-	-	2,589,881	10	0.3%
Total	\$ 48,082,042	:	4.1%	\$ 53,153,737	:	5.6%

Source: San Juan County Assessor

City of Farmington	Property Tax Levies and Collections	Last Ten Fiscal Years
ity of Farm	operty Ta	ist Ten Fis

Total Collections to Date	Percentage of Levy	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	%66	67%
Total Collect	Amount Collected	1,570,931	1,642,709	1,716,440	1,793,435	1,816,732	1,847,092	1,896,529	1,919,674	1,960,919	1,964,115
		ф									
	Collections in Subsequent Years	155,896	74,647	74,958	67,613	58,885	60,435	64,754	63,263	45,118	ı
	in C	φ									
Vithin the of the Levy	Percentage of Levy	%06	92%	96%	96%	91%	91%	96%	96%	96%	%26
Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount Collected	\$ 1,415,035	1,568,062	1,641,482	1,725,822	1,757,847	1,786,657	1,831,776	1,856,411	1,915,801	1,964,115
	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	\$ 1,571,124	1,643,334	1,716,603	1,793,656	1,817,354	1,849,001	1,899,207	1,927,183	1,985,943	2,031,188
	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019

San Juan County Treasurer Source: Taxes are levied and collected by the County Treasurer and distributed to all taxing jurisdictions. The tax rate is requested by the City Council and set by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. The State allows the rate to be set at 5% in excess of the requirements to allow for delinquencies. Note:

In 2012, this schedule was updated to show information for each "period for which levied" as defined in Statement 33.

City of Farmington Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Genera	General Bonded Debt			G	Governmental Activities	al Activities			Business-type Activities	Activities					
Ge Obli Bo	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita	Sг	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	NMFA Fire Pumper Loan	Utility Revenue Bonds	ity nue ds	NMED Loan	NMFA Loan	Cal Lea	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
\$,	N/A	N/A	ф	8,082,574	، ج	\$ 16,6	16,615,417	\$ 11,970,694	، م	ۍ ه	86,845	\$ 36,755,530	2.5%	\$ 82
	'	N/A	N/A		6,745,681		10,5	10,580,560	11,376,818	1,054,844	.,	34,400	29,792,303	1.9%	64
	'	N/A	N/A		14,628,748	475,426	4,2	4,255,702	10,765,125	1,054,844			31,179,845	2.0%	68
	'	N/A	N/A		13,542,853	431,548		'	10,135,082	1,006,938			25,116,421	1.7%	54
	'	N/A	N/A		12,333,378	387,310		'	9,486,137	2,056,450			24,263,275	2.1%	534
	'	N/A	N/A		11,088,902	342,550		'	8,817,724	4,968,995			25,218,171	2.3%	56
	'	N/A	N/A		9,789,426	297,083			8,129,259	4,757,192			22,972,960	2.1%	53
	'	N/A	N/A	,	24,354,553	250,761		'	22,457,944	5,144,649			52,207,907	4.8%	1,254
	'	N/A	N/A		38,607,790	203,406		'	28,573,019	5,843,534			73,227,749	6.2%	1,611
		N/A	VI/V		10 065 210	151 020				0 570 077			00 500 464	/UC L	

Source: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See Schedule 20 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Appli	mated Amount icable to City of Farmington
Debt repaid with property taxes (a)				
Farmington Municipal Schools San Juan College Subtotal Overlapping Debt	\$ 89,415,000 14,345,000	100.000% 98.135%	\$	89,415,000 14,077,450 103,492,450
City direct debt				38,811,196
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	142,303,646

Sources: Outstanding debt provided by each governmental unit. San Juan College actual assessed values provided by San Juan County Accessor's Office.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Farmington. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(a) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is calculated using actual assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of each governmental unit's actual assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by that governmental unit's total assessed value.

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					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Assessed Valuations Assessed Value (a) Exempt property	\$ 864,520,964 \$ 768,940,11 92,000,870 213,971,71	\$ 768,940,119 213,971,715	<pre>\$ 783,257,495 224,872,472</pre>	<pre>\$ 799,659,984 237,362,094</pre>	\$1,319,118,368 254,161,110	\$1,352,221,657 257,150,613	\$1,377,321,299 256,373,378	\$1,418,315,835 265,683,921	\$1,434,258,957 266,897,342	\$1,441,466,718 275,993,078
Total Taxable Assessed Value	956,521,834	982,911,834	1,008,129,967	1,037,022,078	1,064,957,258	1,095,071,044	1,120,947,921	1,152,631,914	1,167,361,615	1,165,473,640
Legal Debt Margin Debt limitation - 4 % of total assessed value Debt applicable to limitation: Total bonded debt	38,260,873 23,940.000	39,316,473 16.820.000	40,325,199 17.940.000	41,480,883 12.840.000	42,598,290 11.695.000	43,802,842 10.515,000	44,837,917 9.280.000	46,105,277 22.678.999	46,694,465 36,415,065	46,618,946 45,582,652
Less: Revenue bonds	(23,940,000)	(16,820,000)	(17,940,000)	(12,840,000)	(11,695,000)	(10,515,000)	(9,280,000)	(22,678,999)	(36,415,065)	(45,582,652)
Total net debt applicable to limitation										
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 38,260,873	38,260,873 \$ 39,316,473	\$ 40,325,199	\$ 41,480,883	\$ 42,598,290	\$ 43,802,842	\$ 44,837,917	\$ 46,105,277	\$ 46,694,465	\$ 46,618,946

Source: Details regarding the City's revenue bonds can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See Schedule 12 for assessed valuation amounts.

Note: (a) Excludes centrally assessed property.

City of Farmington Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Utility Revenue Bonds (a)	Bonds (a)				Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	nue Bonds	
\$ 115,238,191 \$ 73,490,029 \$ 41,748,162 \$ 5,525,000 \$ 1,029,005 6.37 \$ 22,729,574 \$ 1,270,000 \$ 379,342 111,560,052 75,470,531 36,089,521 5,805,000 752,755 5.50 24,173,905 1,315,000 330,393 111,560,052 75,470,531 36,089,521 5,805,000 752,755 5.50 24,173,905 1,315,000 330,393 116,864,599 82,015,303 40,467,082 4,045,000 462,504 5.28 25,609,728 400,000 258,145 122,482,385 82,015,303 40,467,082 4,045,000 157,755 9.63 24,348,319 1,055,000 56,628 122,482,385 82,015,303 40,467,082 4,045,000 157,755 9.63 24,348,319 1,055,000 56,628 122,482,385 82,015,303 40,467,082 4,045,000 157,755 9.63 24,483,319 1,055,000 56,628 122,482,318 122,482,318 1,055,000 56,634,607 1,145,000 400,688 10 10 10 1,075,003 1,145,000 1,016,603 1,22,669,934	Fiscal Year	Utility Service Charges	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Sales Tax Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
111,560,05275,470,53136,089,5215,805,000752,7555.50 $24,173,905$ 1,315,000330,393116,864,59982,266,307 $34,5992$ 6,095,000 $462,504$ 5.28 $25,609,728$ $400,000$ $258,145$ 122,482,38582,015,303 $40,467,082$ $4,045,000$ $157,755$ 9.63 $24,348,319$ $1,055,000$ $526,289$ 122,482,38582,015,303 $40,467,082$ $4,045,000$ $157,755$ 9.63 $24,348,319$ $1,055,000$ $432,088$ 24,935,516 $1,145,000$ $432,088$ 24,935,516 $1,145,000$ $432,088$ 26,634,607 $1,180,000$ $430,688$ 22,678,468 $1,235,000$ $342,463$ 22,663,321 $1,510,000$ $590,034$ 23,643,425 $2,268,934$ $815,517$ 20,566,356 $1,722,413$ $1,354,304$ 20,566,356 $1,722,413$ $1,354,304$	2010	\$ 115.238.191	\$ 73.490.029	\$ 41.748.162	\$ 5.525.000	\$ 1.029.005	6.37	\$ 22.729.574	\$ 1.270.000	\$ 379.342	13.78
116,864,599 82,266,307 34,598,292 6,095,000 462,504 5.28 25,609,728 400,000 258,145 5 122,482,385 82,015,303 40,467,082 4,045,000 157,755 9.63 24,348,319 1,055,000 526,289 - - - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 432,088 - - - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 400,688 - - - - - 26,634,607 1,180,000 400,688 - - - - - - 26,634,607 1,180,000 400,688 - - - - - - 26,634,607 1,180,000 590,034 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,235,000 342,463 - - - - - 22,678,934 815,517 - - - - - 23,643,425 2,568,934 815,517 - - - - - -<	2011	111,560,052	75,470,531	36,089,521	5,805,000	752,755	5.50	24,173,905	1,315,000	330,393	14.69
122,482,385 82,015,303 40,467,082 4,045,000 157,755 9.63 24,348,319 1,055,000 526,289 - - - - - - 40,45,000 526,289 - - - - - - 40,45,000 432,088 - - - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 432,088 - - - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 400,688 - - - - - 26,634,607 1,180,000 400,688 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,235,000 342,463 - - - - - 23,643,425 2,268,934 815,517 - - - - - - 23,643,425 2,728,934 815,517 - - - - - 20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	2012	116,864,599	82,266,307	34,598,292	6,095,000	462,504	5.28	25,609,728	400,000	258,145	38.91
- - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 432,088 - - - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 432,088 - - - - - - 24,935,516 1,145,000 432,088 - - - - - - 26,634,607 1,180,000 400,688 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,235,000 342,463 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,510,000 590,034 - - - - - - 23,643,425 2,268,934 815,517 - - - - - - 20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	2013	122,482,385	82,015,303	40,467,082	4,045,000	157,755	9.63	24,348,319	1,055,000	526,289	15.40
- - - - 26,634,607 1,180,000 400,688 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,235,000 342,463 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,235,000 342,463 - - - - - 22,678,468 1,535,000 342,463 - - - - - 22,320,321 1,510,000 590,034 - - - - - 23,643,425 2,268,934 815,517 - - - - - 20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	2014		I		I	'	·	24,935,516	1,145,000	432,088	15.81
22,678,468 1,235,000 342,463 22,320,321 1,510,000 590,034 23,643,425 2,268,934 815,517 20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	2015		·			'	ı	26,634,607	1,180,000	400,688	16.85
22,320,321 1,510,000 590,034 1 23,643,425 2,268,934 815,517 20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	016					'	ı	22,678,468	1,235,000	342,463	14.38
23,643,425 2,268,934 815,517 20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	017	'		'		'	ı	22,320,321	1,510,000	590,034	10.63
20,566,356 1,722,413 1,354,304	2018	'		'		'	ı	23,643,425	2,268,934	815,517	7.67
	019				ı		·	20,566,356	1,722,413	1,354,304	6.68

Source: City of Farmington CAFRs and budgets

(a) City of Farmington no longer has any outstanding utility revenue bonds. The bonds were paid off in May 2013. Note:

City of Farmington Demographic and Economic Status Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Percentage High School Graduate	Percentage Bachelor's Degree	Unemployment Rate
2009	43,412	\$ 1,441,799,344	\$ 33,212	33.6	10,517	85.4%	20.3%	7.6%
2010	45,877	1,552,340,049	33,837	33.6	10,646	84.5%	19.7%	9.6%
2011	45,250		34,133	32.7	10,727	85.5%	19.9%	7.8%
2012	45,854	1,438,577,542	31,373	32.7	10,728	80.9%	16.4%	6.8%
2013	45,426	1,181,484,834	26,009	33.1	10,976	86.6%	19.9%	6.7%
2014	44,445	1,104,413,805	24,849	33.1	11,062	86.0%	20.3%	6.3%
2015	42,871	1,114,774,613	26,003	33.0	11,701	86.5%	19.9%	7.0%
2016	41,629		26,301	33.5	11,669	86.5%	20.3%	8.9%
2017	45,450		26,001	33.6	11,731	86.6%	19.9%	7.2%
2018	44,788	1,182,582,352	26,404	32.9	11,807	86.5%	20.2%	5.8%

Demographic information acquired from Bureau of Business and Economic Research, University of New Mexico, U.S. Census Bureau, and San Juan Economic Development Services. School enrollment provided by Farmington Municipal Schools as of the 40 day census. Unemployment information obtained from the New Mexico Department of Workforce Solutions. Sources:

City of Farmington Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019 *			2010	
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
San Juan Regional Medical Center	1,572	1	3.0%	1,500	1	2.6%
Farmington Municipal Schools	1,240	2	2.4%	768	4	1.4%
Central Consolidated Schools	991	3	1.9%	1,050	2	1.9%
City of Farmington	779	4	1.5%	800	5	1.4%
San Juan County	620	5	1.2%	705	6	1.2%
Andeavor	583	6	1.1%	-		-
Bloomfield Municipal Schools	505	7	1.0%	495	9	0.9%
Aztec Well Service	499	8	0.9%	-		-
San Juan College	482	9	0.9%	484	10	0.9%
Raytheon Missile Systems Dine Facility	480	10	0.9%	-		-
BHP Billiton/New Mexico Coal	-	-	-	1,034	3	1.8%
Conoco Phillips	-	-	-	644	7	1.1%
Arizona Public Service	-	-	-	580	8	1.0%
Total	7,751		14.8%	8,060		14.2%

Source: Four Corners Economic Development and the Farmington Chamber of Commerce; City of Farmington Program Budget - Staffing Analysis Section

Note: Statistical data is representative of entire county as City data is not available.

FY2018 Principal Employers numbers used as FY2019 Principal Employers has not been issued as of November 14, 2019.

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City of Farmington Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years Budgeted Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019
General Government										
Administration	77.5	70.5	71.5	66.5	67.5	67.5	65.5	64.5	64.5	66.5
Administrative Services	29.0	29.0	29.0	28.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
General Services (a)	58.0	53.0	51.0	46.0	47.0	50.0	51.0	51.0	50.0	51.0
Police	165.0	165.0	163.0	164.5	164.0	173.0	182.0	182.0	181.0	182.0
Fire	95.0	91.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	91.0	93.0
Parks, Recreation & Cultural Affairs	106.0	96.0	97.0	101.0	107.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	103.0	103.0
Community Development	20.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	19.0	18.0	17.0	18.0
Public Works	50.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	48.0	47.0	47.0	49.0
Electric	172.0	175.0	178.0	178.0	181.0	180.0	180.0	180.0	180.0	178.0
Human Resources	12.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	9.0	0.0	9.0	9.0	0.0	9.0
Water/Wastewater	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.6
Golf (b)	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	'	'	'	'	'
Total Employees	799.5	770.5	772.5	766.0	775.5	780.5	789.5	785.5	778.5	786.5

Source: City of Farmington Program Budget - Staffing Analysis Section, past ten years

Note: Full-time equivalent includes all approved budgeted positions.

(a) In 2010, Airport was combined with General Services. For comparative purposes, the number of full-time equivalents for

each department was allocated retroactively. (b) In 2014, Golf was moved to General Fund. As of FY2015, Golf full-time equivalents are now reflected in Parks, Recreation & Cultural Affairs.

City of Farmington Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	<u>2010</u> Restated	<u>2011</u> Restated	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	<u>2019</u>
General Government Total number of business registration/licenses	3,848	3,660	3,659	3,634	3,547	3,620	3,840	3,547	3,529	3,580
Police reports	7.894	6.731	8.218	8.036	8.094	9.105	9.083	11.128	11.436	11.511
Arrests	6.274	5,418	6.328	6.132	6,186	6,199	5.479	6.161	5.307	5,560
Traffic citations	27,372	13,058	21,638	19,455	20,937	23,203	12,319	10,445	10,983	13,670
Fire (c)										
Structure fires	65	65	50	50	58	44	45	55	20	39
Vehicle fires	31	29	26	19	25	28	16	24	26	20
Brush/grass fires	48	47	72	43	38	29	61	47	89	42
Rubbish/dumpster fires	46	38	46	31	32	26	32	28	56	30
Other fires	34	32	33	26	28		14	10	0	17
Rescue/emergency medical calls	4,419	5,466	5,058	4,848	5,349	5,554	5,705	6,228	8,157	8,922
False alarms	307	379	349	362		440	337	351	314	344
Mutual aid given	12	20	16	34	35	30	29	18	22	31
Pazardous materials response	114	92 80	115	95		109	113	82	95	111
	04	60 002	101	121	c	099 0	0 555	121	001	140
Darke Docroation & Cultural Affaire	C76	671	1,100	1,343	2,322	2,000	000'7	2,000	070	1,017
Parks and recreation barticinants	101 815	606 384	500 151	501 076	537 808	638 180	RJF FRO	500 776	106 736	ARE REG
Colf course participante		50,687	55 021	77777	15 876	53 205	11 553 11 553	11 268	18,206	48 820
OUI COUISE PARTICIPALIES Miselum patrons (a)	43,003 81366	108,007	106 506	41,12	110 446	125,000	130 R64	4 1,300 111 R65	40,030 115 518	40,030
	000		000,000			10,010	100.001	000 ⁺	0.00	100,000
Library visite	530110	169 165	155 E16	177 6EO		371 100	368 117	310 718	330 170	377 403
Circulation	530.018	506 247	482,886	460 235	457,171	435 581	426.610	385 126	364.067	340 960
Number of computer users (b)	126.215	102 443	94 424	90.218	84 060	70.373	420,010 65 651	58.361	57 168	53 021
Number of public WiFi locins (d)	1 1 1			5	30 131	28,669	26,517	24 930	22,639	28,035
Community Development										
Summary plats	54	54	61	46	54	62	69	50	38	51
Building permits issued	1,194	1,310	1,302	1,163	1,200	1,152	1,170	977	1,031	932
Permit valuation (in \$)	49,316,168	44,138,834	47,275,559	50,385,326	55,399,382	38,388,520	42,753,874	30,966,374	35,562,877	25,809,682
					010101					
Aspnant placed (sq.rt.) (t) Concrete placed (cu.yd.) Flactric	139,404	119,745 338	90,370 439	127,039 615	134,942	200,811 577	141,642 769	90,727 523	40,003 628	au,a/u 629
Meter connections	8.329	7,650	8.413	8.367	8.386	8.255	8.012	7,897	7.466	7.526
Meter reads	512,488	517,339	518,238	525,035	526,086	531,175	533,386	532,133	495,307	536,282
Water/Wastewater										
Water treated (millions of gallons)	4,630	4,409	4,627	4,452	4,075	4,115	3,922	3,899	4,111	3,976
Effluent treated (millions of gallons)	1,845	1,864	1,856	1,815	1,640	1,760	1,751	1,668	1,637	1,648
New water meter installations	961	116	131	141	123	101	66	61	00	90
Total enplanements (e)	14,628	16,655	19,335	17,401	11,248	3,658	1,983	3,208	721	99
Transit										
Total Ridership	138,246	143,073	146,140	133,580	135,179	135,918	143,569	125,609	118,288	125,566
Source: Provided by various City departments										

Note:

(a) Fluctuation in museum patronage is due to special exhibits.
(b) In 2011, number of computer users was added. This item replaced number of items in collection, which was not considered to be as meaningful of a measure.
(c) In 2012, 2009-2011 Fire Department statistics have been restated to show more accurate and detailed Fire Department responses.
(d) In 2014, the library began tracking public Wifi logins.
(e) In 2013, a change in federal regulations significantly increased hours of experience for pilots. As a result, there are fewer pilots which results in fewer flights available.
(f) In 2015, there was an increase in asphalt placed due to additional cold mill patching of streets.

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City of Farmington Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	<u>2010</u> Restated	2011 Restated	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	<u>2019</u>
Police										
Police stations	~	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	~
Patrol vehicles	125	125	123	83	84	91	102	93	81	83
Fire stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Parks, Recreation & Cultural Affairs										
Developed acres	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364	1,364
Undeveloped acres (a)	309	309	270	283	283	283	300	322	362	362
Number of parks/facilities	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
Baseball/softball diamonds (c)	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	20
Soccer/football fields (c)	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	5
Number of golf courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	270	274	274	276	280	281	281	286	286	280
Highway (miles)	17	17	17	17	19	19	19	21	21	21
Traffic Signals	80	81	83	83	85	85	86	85	85	85
Electric										
Streetlights	4,226	4,251	4,298	4,298	4,342	4,343	4,344	4,346	4,346	4,346
Water										
Water mains (miles)	340	340	340	340	341	341	341	348	348	348
Fire hydrants	2,511	2,556	2,560	2,576	2,613	2,627	2,641	2,664	2,698	2,705
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons) Wastewater	24,860	26,860	26,860	26,860	26,860	26,860	26,860	26,860	26,860	26,860
Sanitary sewers (miles) (b)	233	233	233	233	235	235	235	237	237	237
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670	6,670
Transit - minibuses/vans	16	12	12	15	15	15	17	16	15	15

Source: Provided by various City departments

(a) In FY2012, undeveloped acres decreased by 39.1 acres due to a land trade with the Farmington School District and the BLM.
(b) FY2010-2011 have been restated due to a correction of an error in the miles of existing sanitary sewer.
(c) In FY19 total baseball/softball diamonds and soccer/football fields reduced because City no longer taking care of school fields. Note:

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

CFDA Number	PROGRAM NAME	Ex	penditures
		¢	0.504
		\$	3,591
			233,549 269,154
			269,154 80,284
	5000 D-10-100-33-0003		586,578
16.607-Bulletpr	oof Vest Partnership Program		000,010
			9,304
2	2018 Regular Fund		5,481
			14,785
16.710-Public S	afety Partnership and Community Policing Grants		
(COPS Grant - 2014UMWX0132		65,505
16.738-Edward	Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program		
2	2017-DJ-BX-0017		23,645
2	2018-DJ-BX-0735		22,495
			46,140
-			
			399,593
ŀ	AIP Project No. 3-35-0016-044-2019		48,743
20 507 Ecdoral	Transit Formula Grants *Fodoral Transit Clustor*		448,336
			22 052
			23,852 78,940
			431,928
			144,135
			1,222
			680,077
95.001-High Inte	ensity Drug Trafficking Area Grant		
(G17SN0010A		376
(G18SN0010A		305,495
			305,871
tims Reparation Com	mission		
16.588-Violence	e Against Women Formula Grants		
2	2017-WF-AX-0019		21,425
	6		
			133,838
			00.000
ι	J.S. Marshal Service 16-JAG-SWIFT-SFY19		22,000
nsportation			155,838
	litan Transportation Planning		
•			
1			44 470
	Control P517020 MPO FY18		41,179
r	Number 14.218-Communation 16.218-Communation 16.607-Bulletpr 16.710-Public S 16.738-Edward 20.106-Airport I 20.507-Federal 95.001-High Internation 16.738-Edward 16.588-Violence 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.588-Violence 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward 16.738-Edward	NumberPROGRAM NAME14.218-Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants CDBG B-14-MC-35-0005 CDBG B-16-MC-35-0005 CDBG B-17-MC-35-0005 CDBG B-17-MC-35-000516.607-Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 2017 Regular Fund 2018 Regular Fund 2018 Regular Fund 2018 Regular Fund 2018 Regular Fund 2018-DJ-BX-0017 2018-DJ-BX-0017 2018-DJ-BX-0017 	Number PROGRAM NAME Ex 14.218-Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants CDBG B-14-MC-35-0005 \$ CDBG B-16-MC-35-0005 CDBG B-16-MC-35-0005 \$ \$ CDBG B-16-MC-35-0005 CDBG B-16-MC-35-0005 \$ \$ 2017 Regular Fund 2017 Regular Fund \$ \$ 2017-DBS-0017 2018 Regular Fund \$ \$ 2017-DJ-BX-0017 2018-DJ-BX-0735 \$ \$ 2017-DJ-BX-0017 2018-DJ-BX-0735 \$ \$ 2018-DJ-BX-0735 \$ \$ \$ 2018-DJ-BX-0735 \$ \$ \$ 2018-DJ-BX-0735 \$ \$ \$ 2018-DJ-BX-017 \$ \$ \$ 2017-WF-AX121-00 \$

172,145

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grantor / Pass-through ID Number	CFDA Number PROGRAM NAME	Expenditures
Federal Transit Authority	20.526-Bus and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Pro *Federal Transit Cluster*	grams
	Contract #M01314	23,996
Department of Transportation	20.600-State and Community Highway Safety	
National Highway Traffic Safety (NHTSA)	Selective Traffic Enforcement Program-18-PT-02-035	7,197
3 , , , ,	Selective Traffic Enforcement Program-19-PT-02-035	14,484
	3 • • • • • • •	21,681
Department of Transportation	20.608-Miniumum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	
National Highway Traffic Safety (NHTSA)	End Driving While Impaired-18-AL-64-035	9.514
	End Driving While Impaired-19-AL-64-035	36,815
		46.329
Department of Transportation	20.205-Highway Planning and Construction	10,020
Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)	Control#L500144-Foothills Enhancements, Holmes	
	to Rinconada	292,552
	Control#F100132-20th Street Sidewalks Phase 3	102,443
		394,995
From the New Mexico Department of Home	land Security and Emergency Management	*
Department of Transportation	20.703-Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training Grants	
	HM-HMP-0579-16-03	12,761
From the New Mexico Environmental Depar	rtment	
Environmental Protection Agency	66.458-Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	
	Project #CWSRF 012-2016 WWTP Improvements	102,724
From the New Mexico Finance Authority		
Environmental Protection Agency	66.468-Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	
	Loan #3397-DW 2P Waterline Phase 1	
	FAIN FS99692520	382.361
	FAIN FS99692521	338,189
	FAIN FS99692521 Loan #3632-DW 2P Waterline Phase 2)
	FAIN FS99692521 Loan #3632-DW 2P Waterline Phase 2 FAIN FS99692520	338,189 436,671
	FAIN FS99692521 Loan #3632-DW 2P Waterline Phase 2	338,189 436,671 1,910,448
	FAIN FS99692521 Loan #3632-DW 2P Waterline Phase 2 FAIN FS99692520	338,189 436,671

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

CITY OF FARMINGTON NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Farmington under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principle contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Farmington has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3 – Reconciliation of Federal Awards

The following is a reconciliation of the total federal awards of the City of Farmington for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Federal revenues as reported in the Statement of	
Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
Governmental Funds	\$ 2,665,603
Loan from NM Environment Department	102,724
Loan from NM Finance Authority	3,067,669
Contract Services – Wildland Firefighting	(268,863)
State Fire Grants	(65,733)
Federal revenues Pass Through State of New Mexico	598,836
Reconciling item	 66,619
Total federal assistance as reported on the SEFA	\$ 6,166,855

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

City of Farmington, New Mexico Honorable Mayor and City Council and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund of City of Farmington, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Farmington's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Farmington's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Farmington's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Farmington's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.



City of Farmington, New Mexico Honorable Mayor and City Council and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Farmington's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-002, 2019-003, 2019-004, 2019-005, and 2019-006.

City of Farmington's Response to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 26, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM, REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE, AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Farmington, New Mexico Honorable Mayor and City Council and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Farmington's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Farmington's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. City of Farmington's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Farmington's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Farmington's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Farmington's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Farmington complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Farmington is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Farmington's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Farmington's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance with a type of compliance that a type of compliance of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 26, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	🛛 yes	🗌 no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	🗌 yes	⊠ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	🗌 yes	🖂 no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	🗌 yes	🖂 no
• Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	🗌 yes	⊠ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for r	major program:	Unmodified
Any audit findings, disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:	🗌 yes	🖂 no
<u>CFDA Numbers</u> 66.468	Name of Fed Capitalization Revolving Fu	Grants for Drinking Water State
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type Type B programs:	A and	<u>\$750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	🗌 yes	🖂 no

SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2019-001 Preparation of Capital Asset Roll Forward (Material Weakness)

Condition: During our testwork over capital assets, we encountered the following issues:

- 1. Multiple drafts of the capital asset roll forward were provided during the audit process. Changes to the schedule were a result of the City removing capitalized assets from the schedule per evaluation and determination by the City that the associated costs do not extend the life of the asset. Total amount of capital assets removed per final draft of the roll forward totaled approximately \$1,802,000.
- 2. Approximately \$126,900 of capital asset expenditures from prior fiscal years were incorrectly included as capital asset additions in the current fiscal year. The City identified this error as a result of implementing an updated review process of capital accounts.
- 3. In the prior year, the City failed to include a donation of land in the amount of \$40,000, which occurred on May 9th, 2018. This has been added to the current year capital asset rollforward.

Context: We sampled items from the capital asset listing to test capital asset activity during the current year.

Effect: Material capital assets adjustments of approximately \$2,000,000 were recorded by the City as a result of our audit inquiries. Additionally, capital asset testing was delayed as a result of the multiple versions of the roll forward provided.

Cause: Lack of adequate processes and procedures in place to properly review and reconcile capital work orders and related capital asset activity. Additionally, there was inconsistent application and treatment of capitalization of costs.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City formalize their methodology of capitalizing specific project costs and consistently apply the methodology going forward. Training of all City staff will help to ensure consistent application.

View of Responsible Officials: The City recognizes the impact of the change in reporting identified and made during the course of the testwork. The Administrative Services Director and Controller have conducted meetings with the Staff Accountant I responsible for fixed assets. These meetings involved thorough review of the current process for monitoring asset activity and determining whether or not an asset meets the capitalization threshold per the City policy. Weaknesses in the current City process were identified during these meetings. New reporting practices were implemented and Staff Accountant I was trained on the new tasks. Administrative Services Director and Controller will continue to meet with the Staff Accountant I monthly to review fixed assets and ensure the Staff Accountant I has an adequate understanding of fixed assets and to verify that reporting is correct going forward. The Staff Accountant I will be fully trained by December 31, 2019.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None noted.

Section IV – Other

2019-002 (Previously 2018-001) CONTROLS SURROUNDING THE CASH RECEIPTS PROCESS (OTHER NON-COMPLIANCE)

Condition: During internal control testing we sampled 22 cash receipt packets noting 3 did not include signatures identifying who the preparer of the cash receipts packet for the day was. 2 packets were from the Building Inspection Division and 1 was from the Civitan Golf Course.

Management's Progress Repeat Finding: This is a repeated and modified finding. The Department involved in both the current and prior year finding has resolved their issues with separation of duties and have implemented the necessary changes to avoid a repeat finding. The current year finding was a result of a timing issue between when the prior year finding was brought to the Department's attention and the time necessary to implement a change in practice.

Context: We sampled 22 cash receipt packets during our internal control testing.

Criteria: The City of Farmington's Cash Handling Policy states that employees completing the deposit slip must initial the deposit. In addition, it also states that the immediate supervisor or his/her designee will verify, approve, and sign the Cash Report Form. The designated person must not have handled the cash anytime during the day or the shift.

Effect: Increased likelihood of improper cash receipt handling due to lack of effectively operating controls. We did not identify any reconciling anomalies with the packets tested.

Cause: Lack of adherence to City policy.

Recommendation: The City should implement a system whereby even if the employee is the only employee on shift that day they are not responsible for receiving, reconciling and depositing cash.

View of Responsible Officials: One of the instances noted involved a Department in the process of implementing a change in procedures as a result of this similar finding from FY2018. Due to inadequate staffing, there were issues maintaining separation of duties in preparing the deposit and handling cash. The timing of the current year finding fell during this transition period. The issue has been resolved. In regards to the other 2 packets, the City recognizes the need to provide additional training to staff preparing deposits. The Staff Accountant I will provide Cash Handling training to the individuals responsible for not following procedure and signing off on the cash receipts. This training will be conducted in the form of an in-person presentation to be conducted by January 31, 2020. Additionally, the Staff Accountant I will update the training materials available on the City intranet and reminder emails will be sent to all Departments involved in the deposit process to review the policy and online training.

2019-003 (Previously 2018-002) CONTROLS SURROUNDING THE PROCUREMENT PROCESS

(OTHER NON-COMPLIANCE)

Condition: During our testing of the City's procurement process and fully executed contracts we found the following violations with 1 of the 5 procurements sampled:

- 1. Disbursements made to vendors were artificially divided as small purchases which do not require going out to bid. These purchases were related to the same project.
- 2. A Purchase order was not established prior to services being rendered by a vendor.

Management's Progress for Repeat Finding: This is a repeated and modified finding. The Department continues to conduct training on the Procurement Code and implement practices to ensure staff familiarity and adherence with the required laws and regulations.

Context: The City self-identified the procurement issues referenced above. Additionally, we sampled from the full population of procurements made by the City during the year under audit.

Criteria: Per NMSA § 13-1-125.D procurement requirements shall not be artificially divided so as to constitute small purchases. Purchases related to the same project and should have been included in the same procurement.

Effect: Lack of adherence to the procurement code.

Cause: Lack of complete understanding of procurement process and adherence to all requirements contained within.

Recommendation: We recommend the City document the reasons for, and appropriate approval of, exceptions to its policy of obtaining competitive bids and the basis for, and appropriate approval of, the selection of a particular vendor. The City should continue to review and train employees about appropriate procurement practices to ensure familiarity and adherence.

View of Responsible Officials: It is management's opinion that the City is obligated to follow the Procurement Code and as such, no exceptions are made, except as allowed by the Procurement Code, and the City does not allow for any exceptions to the competitive bid process or to obtain quotes as dictated by the Purchasing Manual.

The City did not intentionally violate procurement policies. Initially, the City planned to utilize internal crews for this project. However, due to other commitments and the current manpower, it was determined that an outside vendor would be the best option for the project timeline. The using department was under the impression that a competitive process had been completed for the trucking services vendor chosen for the project and they were allowed to use that vendor.

For the rental of the equipment, Purchasing instructed that a bid process must be done or obtain at least three (3) quotes. This is in accordance with the Procurement Code, Section 13-1-125.A and the City of Farmington Purchasing Manual.

A training was conducted for personnel on this issue on April 11, 2019. The training included the reasons why this was a violation of the Procurement Code and included tools and resources on how to prevent it from happening again.

2019-004 CONTROLS SURROUNDING INVENTORY (OTHER NON-COMPLIANCE)

Condition: Inventory that was moved to the non-inventory area was incorrectly included in the inventory count.

Context: We identified this during our inventory observation.

Criteria: According to the City's internal policies and procedures: "Procedures for Issuing Wire & Misc. Electrical Items to Work Order '5774'" (1) Items in the non-inventory work order account should not be included in inventory.

Effect: The inventory count was higher as a result of this violation of policy. This was updated for the year end trial balance.

Cause: Lack of adherence to City policy.

Recommendation: We recommend the City review the policy with employees to help ensure compliance.

View of Responsible Officials: The City of Farmington Warehouse will take the following steps to ensure compliance with "Procedures for Issuing Wire & Misc. Electrical Items to Work Order '5774'".

- 1. Formal review of the '5774' issuing procedure with all Warehouse personnel.
- 2. Formal review of the count procedure for '5774' items with all Warehouse personnel.
- 3. Use an Electric Transmission and Distribution training event to remind all T&D personnel to notify Warehouse staff of ALL events affecting inventory (issues, returns, or movement).
- 4. Maintain clear marking and separation of inventory and non-inventory like products.

All reviews and training will be the responsibility of the Warehouse Superintendent, and will be completed by November 30, 2019. Marking and separation of like products will be performed by Warehouse personnel assigned to the yard, under the supervision of the Warehouse Superintendent, and completed by December 31, 2019.

2019-005 CONTROLS SURROUNDING PAYROLL (OTHER NON-COMPLIANCE)

Condition:

- 1. The calculation of Additional Pay for an employee improperly included Standby hours which should not have been included in the employees' pay stub for the period. The calculation also excluded Overtime Straight hours which should have been included. The net effect was an overpayment to the employee of approximately \$5.
- 2. We sampled 19 employees to determine if eligible for PERA participation and noted 1 employee who's file did not contain the Application for PERA Membership Form.

Context: We selected 22 samples to recalculate pay from the fiscal year under audit. We sampled 19

employees to determine if eligible for PERA participation and noted 1 employee who's file did not contain the Application for PERA Membership Form.

Criteria: Per City Municipal Code Chapter 21 Article 3 Section 21-3-2 Employees shall be paid in accordance with approved pay and classification plans. Employee files are required to contain the Application for PERA Membership form.

Effect: Lack of adherence to City policy.

Cause: Pay codes were not set up appropriately to calculate employee's pay. Oversight on part of the City.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City evaluate all pay codes to ensure they are set up appropriately to calculate employee pay. We recommend the City establish a review process to ensure that all applicable files which are required to be within an employee file are included.

View of Responsible Officials: The Human Resources Director and Payroll Supervisor acknowledge the significance of the findings and agree with the recommendation of the auditor. The following practices will be implemented to address the issue.

When creating a new additional pay code, the payroll system has a code copy feature, which had not been utilized in the past. Utilizing this feature will prevent this type of error when adding new codes in the future. The Payroll Supervisor is in the process of auditing all pay codes to ensure that they were set up correctly. Going forward, when a new code is created using the code copy feature, the Payroll Supervisor will verify that the setup is accurate and no discrepancies exist. The review of these codes will be completed no later than December 1, 2019.

PERA Membership Applications or PERA Exclusion Forms are completed by all employees. The application appears to be missing from the employee file for the exception noted in the audit finding. The employee is completing another PERA form to be placed in the file. The Payroll Supervisor will ensure that this task is complete no later than November 22, 2019. The HR Director will implement a procedure in which new employee files are checked by a Business Partner or HR Assistant to ensure all forms are included. As an additional precaution, a scheduled internal audit process will be implemented on an annual basis to review files for completeness. These changes will be introduced before June 30, 2020.

2019-006 CONTROLS SURROUNDING CUSTOMER UTILITY DEPOSITS (OTHER NON-COMPLIANCE)

Condition: The City has a customer deposits payable account which each resident or business is required to pay the City a deposit for utility services. Once the account has been opened for a specified period of time (12 months for residential, 36 months for businesses) the deposit is credited back to the customer's account if the customer has maintained timely payments for services provided.

During test work over this customer deposits payable account we evaluated approximately 200 customer accounts with deposits dated prior to 2000, we identified 19 instances, totaling approximately \$1,700, where a Customer Deposit was being held by the City not in accordance with Farmington Electric Utility

System Rules and Regulations.

- 1. 5 of those instances, totaling approximately \$600, where a Final Bill is not an option for the account type which normally would credit the deposit onto the account. As a result the account must be manually triggered to credit the deposit back onto the customer account. This did not happen for the accounts identified.
- 2. 8 instances, totaling approximately \$400, related to an adjustment to the account which caused the deposits to hold on the customer account. Deposits were not manually credited to customer accounts.
- 3. 6 instances, totaling approximately \$700, were credited back to the customer account based upon evaluation by the City, after our audit inquiries.

Context: We were provided a schedule of Customer Utility Deposits as part of the audit process. We selected samples to review and ensure that the City was following the Municipal Code as it relates to returning of deposits back to customers.

Criteria: City of Farmington's, Farmington Electric Utility System Rule and Regulation 3 states that residential deposits are held for 12 months and commercial deposits for 36 months and then are automatically credited with interest to the customer's account as long as the customer maintains a good credit history during the same time period.

Effect: The City did not follow its Municipal Code to refund customers timely.

Cause: Customer Deposit balances had not been evaluated to ensure compliance with City policy.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City implement a monthly review process of customer deposit accounts that are greater than a year old, and are in good standing, so that the deposit can be credited or refunded to the customer.

View of Responsible Officials: Regarding violation 1 and violation 2; when issuing a final bill to the customer, the initial deposit (if any) should be released automatically. In the past, manual adjustments were made to the customers' accounts to credit the balance partially or in full without properly referencing Account Payable for Customers' Deposits. This transaction was not the proper way to record such adjustments and it's a possibility that it could cause the automatic refund to be cancelled.

FEUS' management agrees with the External Auditor's recommendation. FEUS will implement a monthly review process of customer deposits to identify eligibility for deposit refunds. Such a report and review procedure were not established in prior years because the deposit refund was intended to be triggered automatically by the system itself once the eligibility check had been verified. Going forward, the following steps will be taken to ensure that FEUS fully complies with the City of Farmington Municipal Code. A report will be developed with the following requirements: all outstanding utility customers' deposits will be filtered out for those that are less than 12 months old for residential customers and those that are less than 36 months old for commercial customers, qualified deposits will be verified if there were no manual adjustments to the account to offset customer's balance, the customer will be verified for whether a good credit history was established according to the City of Farmington policies, a refund including interest will be issued to the customer for the subsequent month after eligibility requirements are met in the form of

a customer account credit.

The meeting was held on November 14th, 2019 by the FEUS Director to the Customer Service Supervisor and Utility Financial Analyst to direct the implementation of the timely review of the customer deposits. FEUS intends to implement this procedure as soon as the required reports will be created, but not later than January 1st, 2020.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Financial Statement Findings: None

Federal Award Findings: None

Other:

Finding Reference

Status

2018-001	Controls Surrounding the Cash Receipts Process	Repeated and Modified (2019-002)
2018-002	Controls Surrounding the Procurement Process	Repeated and Modified (2019-003)

REPORT AND OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE PASENGER FACILITY CHARGE AUDIT GUIDE FOR PUBLIC AGENCIES

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

City of Farmington, New Mexico Honorable Mayor and City Council Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

Report on Compliance for the Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited the compliance of the City of Farmington's Four Corners Regional Airport (Airport), with the compliance requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration (Guide), for its passenger facility charge program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to its passenger facility program.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Airport's compliance based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Guide. Those standards and the Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Airport's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements described in the *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies,* issued by the Federal Aviation Administration. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Airport's compliance.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, the Airport complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its passenger facility program for the year ended June 30, 2019.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Airport is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws and regulations of the passenger facility charge program. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Airport's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the passenger facility charge program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Passenger Facility Charge program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance, internal control over compliance, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Passenger Facility Charges are based on the requirements of the Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 26, 2019

S	Schedule of F	of PFC Revenues and Expenditures	nues and	Expendi	tures			Γ
	Fou	Four Corners Regional Airport FY2019 7/1/18 - 6/30/19	ners Regional A FY2019 7/1/18 - 6/30/19	irport				
	FY2018 Program Total	Quarter 1 Jul Sept.	Quarter 2 Oct Dec.	Quarter 3 Jan Mar.	Quarter 4 Apr Jun.	FY2019 Total	F) Progr	FY2019 Program Total
<u>Revenue</u> Collections	\$ 643,185		'	'			ŝ	643,185
Disbursements Annlication 01								
Proj. 1-A Runway Improvements	148,596	ı	'		ı	ı		148,596
Proj. 1-B Taxiway Improvements	142,672	'				ı		142,672
Proj. 1-C Apron Improvements	103,596	I	ı	I	ı	I		103,596
Proj. 1-D Drainage Improvements	64,073	I	ı	I	ı	I		64,073
Proj. 1-E Sinage Improvements	12,078	I	I	I	I			12,078
Proj. 1-F Airfield Electrical Improvements	7,025	I	ı	ı	ı	I		7,025
Proj. 1-G Security Improvements	33,286	I	I	I	ı	ı		33,286
Proj. 1-H Terminal Improvements	32,264	I	ı	I	ı	ı		32,264
Proj. 1-I Non-revenue Parking Improvement	4,982	ı	I	I	ı			4,982
Proj. 1-J Acquire Safety Equipment	12,473	ı	I	I	ı			12,473
Proj. 1-K Conduct Planning	30,157	ı	I	I	ı			30,157
Proj. 1-L Improve Service Roads	13,900	ı	I	I	ı			13,900
Proj. 1-M PFC Administrative Costs	38,083	1	191	'		191		38,274
Total App -01	643, 185		191	1		191		643,376
Total Disbursements	643,185		191			191		643,376
Net PFC Revenue (rev-disb)		·	ı	·				I
PFC Account Balance	۰ ب	۰ ج	۰ ج	۰ ج	۰ ب	י ھ	θ	I
The schedule is on a cash basis								

CITY OF FARMINGTON FOUR CORNERS REGIONAL AIRPORT NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – GENERAL

The Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-508, Title II, Subtitle B) authorized the imposition of local Passenger Facility Charges (PFC) and use the resulting PFC revenues for Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) approved projects meeting at least one of the following criteria: (1) preserve or enhance safety, security, or capacity of the national air transportation system; (2) reduce noise or mitigate noise impacts resulting from an airport; or (3) furnish opportunities for enhanced competition between or among carriers. In March 2003, the FAA approved a \$3.00 PFC collection at the City of Farmington's Four Corners Regional Airport (Airport).

NOTE 2 – SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

The accompanying Schedule of Passenger Facility Charge Revenues and Expenditures (Schedule) presents the revenues received from passenger facility charges, interest earned thereon, and the expenditures incurred on approved projects. Revenues received and expended on approved projects in the accompanying Schedule agree to the passenger facility charge quarterly status reports submitted by the Airport to the FAA, net or minor adjustments.

PFC charges collected represent cash collected through the end of the quarter as reported to the FAA in accordance with 14 CFR Part 158. The interest earned represents the actual interest collected and accrued on the unexpended PFCs during the periods reported.

PFC expenditures are for debt service paid on approved projects and represent only a portion of the debt service as the related debt service requirements exceed the PFC charges collected.

CITY OF FARMINGTON FOUR CORNERS REGIONAL AIRPORT PFC PROGRAM AUDIT SUMMARY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1.	Type of report issued on PFC financial statements.	X_Unmodified	_Qualified
2.	Type of report on PFC compliance.	X_Unmodified	_Qualified
3.	Quarterly Revenue and Disbursements reconcile with submitted quarterly reports and reported un-liquidated revenue matches actual amounts.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
4.	PFC Revenue and Interest is accurately reported on FAA Form 5100-127.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
5.	The Public Agency maintains a separate financial accounting record for each application.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
6.	Funds disbursed were for PFC eligible items as identified in the FAA Decision to pay only for the allowable costs of the projects.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
7.	Monthly carrier receipts were reconciled with quarterly carrier reports.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
8.	PFC revenues were maintained in a separate interest-bearing capital account or commingled only with other interest-bearing airport capital funds.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
9.	Serving carriers were notified of PFC program actions/changes approved by the FAA.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
10.	Quarterly Reports were transmitted (or available via website) to remitting carriers.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
11.	The Public Agency is in compliance with Assurances 5, 6, 7 and 8.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
12.	Project design and implementation is carried out in accordance with Assurance 9.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
13.	Program administration is carried out in accordance with Assurance 10.	<u>X</u> Yes	No
14.	For those public agencies with excess revenue, a plan for the use of this revenue has been submitted to the FAA for review and concurrence.	X_Yes	No
	alified and No responses must have additional clarification nin the audit report.	X_N/A	

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CITY OF FARMINGTON EXIT CONFERENCE Year Ended June 30, 2019

An exit conference was held on November 19, 2019. In attendance were:

For the City of Farmington:

Rob Mayes							
Teresa Emrich							
Brooke Quintana							
Sheree Wilson							
Sarah Talley							
Ross DeVargas							
Natasha Arthur							

City Manager Administrative Services Director Administrative Services Deputy Director Enterprise Accountant Staff Accountant II Staff Accountant I Staff Accountant I

For CliftonLarsenAllen LLP (auditors):

Laura Beltran-Schmitz Jeff Roybal Assurance Director Senior Associate



OTHER INFORMATION

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Citizens Bank of Farmington	 Wells Fargo	 Vectra Bank		Washington Federal Bank	_	Total
<u>City of Farmington Deposits</u> Demand Deposit Accounts Non-Interest Bearing Accounts	\$ 795,443 -	\$ 7,217,523 15,331,120	\$ - 3,000	\$	237	\$	8,013,203 15,334,120
Certificates of Deposit Sub-Total	18,000,000 18,795,443	 - 22,548,643	 3,000,000 3,003,000	•	7,000,000 7,000,237	-	28,000,000 51,347,323
Less FDIC insurance	250,000	 250,000	 250,000		250,000	-	1,000,000
Uninsured amount	18,545,443	22,298,643	2,753,000		6,750,237		50,347,323
Pledge Collateral Required 50 percent - deposits	9,272,722	 11,149,322	 1,376,500		3,375,119	-	25,173,662
Pledged collateral	23,437,940	 24,617,616	 2,305,082		3,748,777	-	54,109,415
Excess of pledged collateral	\$ 14,165,218	\$ 13,468,294	\$ 928,582	\$	373,659	\$	28,935,754

Pledged collateral (market value) and location of each respective financial institution consist of the following:

Location of collateral		_	Dallas	-	New York		San Francisco		Seattle		
Federal Home Loan Bank cusip # 3137AWKX2	4/15/2032	\$	5,180,469	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	5,180,469
cusip # 3137AWKX2	6/15/2032	φ	5,349,913	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	5,349,913
cusip # 3137ACINKT	5/15/2045		2,656,425						-		2,656,425
cusip # 3137AL3A5	1/15/2032		7.251.073		_		_		_		7,251,073
cusip # 3130A7KM6	3/23/2026		3,000,060		-		-		-		3,000,060
FHLMC			-,,								-,,
cusip	4/1/2034		-		-		404,528		-		404,528
cusip # 3128JM5X1	11/1/2034		-		-		433,569		-		433,569
cusip # 3128JMX28	8/1/2034		-		-		249,989		-		249,989
cusip	7/1/2035		-		-		118,584		-		118,584
cusip # 3128JPXA3	2/1/2039		-		-		290,628		-		290,628
cusip # 3128QPGW6	2/1/2036		-		-		324,906		-		324,906
cusip # 31295LZS4	1/1/2031		-		-		142,010		-		142,010
FAMC											
cusip # 31317JAK7	1/25/2020		-		-		340,868		-		340,868
FNMA	7/4/00 40		-		-		-		-		-
cusip # 3138W9A42	7/1/2043		-		13,428,679		-		-		13,428,679
cusip # 3138WHCJ9	6/1/2031		-		11,188,937		-		-		11,188,937
cusip	11/1/2046	-	-		-		-		3,748,777	_	3,748,777
		\$	23,437,940	\$	24,617,616	\$	2,305,082	\$	3,748,777	\$	54,109,415

CITY OF FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

June 30, 2019

Participants	Responsible		Dates of	Total Amount/	FY19	Audit
(including City of Farmington)	Party	Description	Agreement	City Share	Amount	Responsibility
Aztec, Bloomfield & San Juan County	San Juan County Communications Authority	Communications	09/02/08 until terminated	\$125,000/ up to \$55,000/yr	\$-	San Juan County Communications Authority
Aztec, Bloomfield, San Juan County & San Juan Water Users Assoc	Water Commission S.	Water Issues	3/5/86 until terminated	\$18.2m/32.46%	\$ -	Water Commission
Aztec, Bloomfield, San Juan County & NM Dept. of Public Safety	San Juan County Criminal Justice Training Authority	Police Training	10/19/10 until terminated	As needed	\$ 66,000	San Juan County
Aztec, Bloomfield, B.L.M. San Juan County & N.M.Environment Dept.	Trash Force	Illegal Dumping	9/26/91 until terminated	As needed	in-kind only	City
San Juan County	City of Farmington	Impact Fees	2/15/96 perpetual	Fee for service	\$-	City
Aztec, Bloomfield, San Juan County	All Participants	Solid Waste	03/25/92 until terminated	As required	\$-	City
NM Taxation & Revenue	NM Taxation & Revenue	Taxpayer ID	05/17/89 perpetual	Not applicable	\$-	City
NM Community Development Council & NM Dept of Finance & Admin.	Dept. of Finance	Title 1 Housing	04/12/00 perpetual	Not applicable	\$ -	City
Aztec, Bloomfield, Kirtland & San Juan County	City of Farmington	MPO	10/1/18 until terminated	\$41,755 / \$21,468	\$ 21,468	City
San Juan County	San Juan County	Detention Center	06/26/07 until terminated	\$16,096,443 / \$1,508,458	\$ 1,508,458	San Juan County
San Juan County	San Juan County	DWI Treatment Ctr	11/17/07 until terminated	\$3,107,427 / \$440,000	\$ 440,000	San Juan County
NM Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (NMEMNRD)	NMEMNRD	Wildfire Firefighting	04/06/09 until terminated	\$249,671 / \$ -	\$-	NMEMNRD