STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA

Official Roster June 30, 2014

Town Council

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

Ted Helsley Mayor

Cory Dryden Councilor

Josie Richards Councilor

Sylvia Chavez Mayor Pro-tem

Administration

Linda Warren Town Deputy Clerk



Independent Auditor's Report

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Hector Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Town Council Members
Town of Estancia
Estancia, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the Town of Estancia, New Mexico (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Town's nonmajor governmental, and the budgetary comparisons for the major capital projects funds, and all nonmajor funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Estancia, New Mexico, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental fund of the Town as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the major capital project funds and all nonmajor funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 10 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Town's financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and budgetary comparisons. The other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2014, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ricci & Company, LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 17, 2014 As management of the Town of Estancia, we offer readers of the Town of Estancia financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Estancia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements of the Town of Estancia and additional information provided.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the Town, including government and business-type activities, at the close of the 2014 fiscal year was \$8,786,556. Of this amount, \$589,961 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Revenues for governmental activities and business-type increased from prior year by \$801,859.
 This increase is attributed mainly to grant monies received for a water storage tank as well as road improvements.
- As of June 30, 2014, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,644,081.
- As of June 30, 2014, the Town's business-type activities reported combined ending net position balances of \$3,109,556.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Estancia's basic financial statements. The Town of Estancia's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Estancia's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Town of Estancia's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Estancia is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenue and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Estancia that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Estancia include general

government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and health and welfare. The businesstype activities of the Town include utility services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 13 of this report.

	(Government	al Activities	<u>Busines</u> Activ	
	_	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current Assets	\$	1,014,568	\$ 2,334,729	223,943	101,715
Restricted Assets		1,027,554	1,081,031	25,098	24,797
Internal Balances		-	(144,989)	144,989	144,989
Capital Assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation		4,218,078	4,189,819	2,983,276	2,898,339
Total Assets		6,260,200	7,460,590	3,377,306	3,169,840
Current Liabilities		435,817	691,071	158,592	104,929
Long-term Liabilities		147,383	1,196,677	109,158	170,714
Total Liabilities		583,200	1,887,748	267,750	275,643
Total Net Position		5,677,000	5,572,842	3,109,556	2,894,197
		Covernment	al Activities		ss-Type vities
	7	2014	2013	2014	2013
		2014	2013	2014	2013
Program Revenues					
Charges for services		55,989	73,777	680,916	647,863
Operating grants and contributions		319,892	245,566	_	
Capital grants and contributions		321,739	132,159	-	127,095
General Revenues			·		•
Taxes		1,175,281	921,043	_	_
Other		406,968	4,539	3,200	10,084
Transfers			(44,831)	-	44,831
Total Revenues		2,279,869	1,332,253	684,116	829,873
Program Expenses					
General government		526,079	357,933	634,217	762,336
Public safety		482,984	420,932	034,217	102,330
Culture and recreation		166,222	202,849	-	_
Health and welfare		27,426	59,170		_
Public works		22,714	23,958	-	-
Interest and other charges		2,944	387	_	-
Total Expenses		1,228,369	1,065,229	634,217	762,336

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Estancia, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Estancia can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the Town's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Estancia maintains twelve individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund which are considered to be the major funds in the current fiscal year. Data from the other eleven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Estancia adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all other funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund, to demonstrate compliance with this budget. In addition, the individual financial statements of the non-major governmental fund types include budgetary comparison data.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the Town charges customers, either outside customers or internal units or departments of the Town. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Town maintains one proprietary fund and no component units.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 22.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-45 of this report.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 49 - 53 of this report.

ANALYSIS OF NET POSITION

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Estancia, net position exceeded liabilities by \$8,080,595 at the close of the current fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Town of Estancia's net position represents the Town's investment of \$6,894,291 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, (e.g., land improvements, buildings, infrastructure and machinery and equipment), net of any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Town of Estancia uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town of Estancia's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The balance of *unrestricted net position* of \$864,711 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Estancia is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole as well as for the business-type activities.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The Town's net position, overall, increased by \$319,517 during the current fiscal year. This increase is primarily a result of a total decrease of total liabilities.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities increased the Town of Estancia's net position by \$104,158 compared to the prior year's increase of \$267,027. Gross Receipts Tax and other taxes contributed \$1,175,281 in revenues, or approximately 40% of total revenues of \$2,960,785.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town of Estancia uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS November 17, 2014

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Estancia's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Estancia's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the Town include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Project Fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Estancia's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,644,081, a decrease of \$960,627 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to the amount paid to New Mexico Taxation and Revenue related to the negative net receipts that was funded by CCA in the prior year.

Revenues for governmental functions overall totaled \$1,876,798 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$696,963 from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Expenditures for governmental functions totaled \$2,206,176. This was an increase of approximately \$977,969 from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, expenditures exceeded revenues for governmental functions by \$329,378 before other financing sources/uses and the special item.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Estancia. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$539,538.

The fund balance of the Town of Estancia's General Fund had a net decrease of \$872,065 during the current fiscal year, mostly due to the amount paid to New Mexico Taxation and Revenue related to the negative net receipts that was funded by CCA in the prior year.

The Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of (\$81,336). The net change in fund balance during the current year was (\$83,927).

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted net position for Utilities was \$274,750. The total increase in net position for the Proprietary Funds was \$49,899 due to a significant decrease in depreciation expense and other operating expenses.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Town budgets reflect the same pattern as seen in the revenue and expenditures of the Town. The State of New Mexico budget process is defined under State law and regulation. To enhance the process of developing a budget at the Town level, the Town of Estancia utilizes goals and objectives defined by the Town Board of Trustees, community input meetings, long-term plans and input from various staff groups to develop the Town budget. Town priorities are well defined through this process.

GASB Statement No. 34 does not require a statement presenting the entity wide results of the budget for each year; however, the New Mexico State Auditor requires budget to actual schedules for all funds to be reported as separate statements.

The General Fund accounts for all of the general services provided by the Town of Estancia.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the cash and investments balance of the General Fund had increased by \$455,461. The actual revenue exceeded budget revenue by \$104,914.

General government expenditures include all administrative functions of the Town, which include: Board of Trustees, Administration, Finance, Maintenance, Judicial, Public Safety, Culture & Recreation (including the Library and Pool), and Capital purchases.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The Town of Estancia's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 amount to \$7,201,354 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land improvements, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure. The total increase in the Town's capital assets (excluding accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$1,072,772 for road construction/improvement, water tank, roof repair, vehicles, and building improvement, of which \$22,242 was capitalized within the proprietary fund. In current year, the Town implemented an asset management plan which resulted in the ability to list Town assets and determine fair market value. Auditors were then able to compute historical cost based on historical cost index rates and compute net book value as of June 30, 2014. As such, prior period adjustments have been recorded to account for this true up in value. The prior period adjustment was (\$947,342) for the governmental activities and \$165,460 for the proprietary fund. As a result of these efforts, the Town received an unqualified audit opinion rather than the qualified opinion that has been received in the past several years due to the inadequacy of accounting records related to capital assets.

Debt Administration. The Statement of Net Position shows Investment in Capital Assets in the amount of \$6,894,291. This balance includes the capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the note balances associated with those capital assets.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Mayor and Trustees expect to receive increased gross receipts taxes from increased construction including sewer lines, school projects and various Town road projects.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Estancia's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town of Estancia, Clerk's Office; PO Box 166; Estancia, New Mexico, 87016.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets	•	- (0.000		5.0000
Cash and temporary investments	\$	768,929	- (4.909	768,929
Receivables Internal balances		178,900 66,739	64,898 159,045	243,798 225,784
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total current assets		1,014,568	223,943	1,238,511
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted cash		1,027,554	25,098	1,052,652
Internal balances		, , <u>-</u>	144,989	144,989
Capital assets		4,995,811	4,956,626	9,952,437
Less accumulated depreciation		(777,733)	(1,973,350)	(2,751,083)
Total noncurrent assets		5,245,632	3,153,363	8,398,995
Total assets	\$	6,260,200	3,377,306	9,637,506
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	66,895	9,702	76,597
Accrued payroll	•	27,112	10,294	37,406
Due to other funds		159,045	66,739	225,784
Internal balances		144,989	-	144,989
Accrued compensated absences		26,566	7,447	34,013
Current portion of long-term obligations		11,210	64,410	75,620
Total current liabilities		435,817	158,592	594,409
Long-term Liabilities				
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		147,383	84,060	231,443
Customer deposits		<u> </u>	25,098	25,098
Total long-term liabilities		147,383	109,158	256,541
Total liabilities		583,200	267,750	850,950
NET DOCITION				
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,059,485	2,834,806	6,894,291
Restricted for capital projects		1,027,554	2,034,000	1,027,554
Unrestricted Unrestricted		589,961	274,750	864,711
Total net position		5,677,000	3,109,556	8,786,556
rotal net position		2,077,000	3,109,330	0,700,330
Total liabilities and net position	\$	6,260,200	3,377,306	9,637,506

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 526,079	46,228	152,514	24,726		
Public safety	482,984	9,761	128,220	-		
Culture and recreation	166,222	_	39,158	-		
Health and welfare	27,426	_	-	+		
Public works	22,714	_	-	297,013		
Interest and other charges	2,944	_	-	-		
Total governmental activities	 1,228,369	55,989	319,892	321,739		
Business-type activities						
Joint utilities	634,217	680,916	-	-		
Total business-like activities	634,217	680,916	-	_		
Total primary government	\$ 1,862,586	736,905	319,892	321,739		

General Revenues
Property taxes
Gross receipts taxes
Motor vehicle and fuel taxes
Other taxes
Miscellaneous revenue
Debt forgiveness
Transfers
Investment earnings

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Beginning net position Restatement Beginning net position, as restated

Ending net position

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
ı	Governmental Business-Type					
	Activities	Activities	Total			
\$	(302,611)	_	(302,611)			
Ψ	(345,003)	_	(345,003)			
	(127,064)	_	(127,064)			
	(27,426)	-	(27,426)			
	274,299	_	274,299			
	(2,944)	_	(2,944)			
	(530,749)	-	(530,749)			
			(200,, 1)			
		46,600	46,600			
	_	46,699 46,699	46,699			
	_	40,099	46,699			
	(530,749)	46,699	(484,050)			
\$	15,940	-	15,940			
	1,041,108	-	1,041,108			
	-	-	-			
	118,233	-	118,233			
	2,543	3,200	5,743			
	403,071	-	403,071			
	-	-	-			
	1,354	-	1,354			
	1,582,249	3,200	1,585,449			
	1,051,500	49,899	1,101,399			
	5,572,842	2,894,197	8,467,039			
	(947,342) 4,625,500	165,460	(781,882)			
	4,625,500	3,059,657	7,685,157			
\$	5,677,000	3,109,556	8,786,556			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

ASSETS	General Fund	Capital Projects	Other Non-Major Funds	Total
Current Cash and temporary investments Due from other funds Due from business-type activities Accounts receivable Restricted	\$ 747,648 172,773 43,734 174,790	14,270 23,005	21,281 140,995 4,110	768,929 328,038 66,739 178,900
Cash and temporary investments	 1,027,554	-	_	1,027,554
Total assets	\$ 2,166,499	37,275	166,386	2,370,160
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to business-type activities Long-Term Liabilities Due to business-type activities Total liabilities	\$ 18,943 27,112 155,265 159,045 144,989	23,561 - 95,050 -	24,391 - 77,723 -	66,895 27,112 328,038 159,045 144,989
Fund Balance Restricted Library Special purposes Capital Projects Fund Future year expenditures Unassigned	1,027,554 94,053 539,538	118,611 - (81,336)	28,833	726,079 1,027,554 35,439 (81,336) 94,053 568,371
Total fund balance	 1,661,145	(81,336)	64,272	1,644,081
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 2,166,499	37,275	166,386	2,370,160

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

Total fund balance for the governmental fund (Balance Sheet)	\$	1,644,081
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	es	4,218,078
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the fund	s:	
Long-term debt Compensated absences		(158,593) (26,566)
Net position of governmental activities (Statement of Net Position)	\$	5,677,000

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues		General Fund	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Other general	\$	152,514	285,978	203,139	641,631
Fines and forfeits	Ψ	33,574	283,978	9,761	43,335
Taxes		1,151,489	_	23,792	1,175,281
Licenses and permits		6,665	_	23,172	6,665
Charges for services		5,989	_	_	5,989
Interest		1,349	_	5	1,354
Miscellaneous		2,543	_	<i>5</i>	2,543
Meter		2,545	_	_	2,343
Total revenues		1,354,123	285,978	236,697	1,876,798
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		413,351	36,241	-	449,592
Public safety		381,897	-	101,087	482,984
Culture and recreation		163,984	-	2,238	166,222
Health and welfare		21,062	-	6,364	27,426
Public works		21,830	-	884	22,714
Capital outlay		22,353	871,092	157,085	1,050,530
Debt service:					
Principal		-	-	3,764	3,764
Interest		34	-	2,910	2,944
Bond issuance costs		-		_	_
Total expenditures		1,024,511	907,333	274,332	2,206,176
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		329,612	(621,355)	(37,635)	(329,378)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in		_	_	5,000	5,000
Operating transfers out		(5,000)	_	, -	(5,000)
Debt forgiveness		_	403,071	-	403,071
Bond proceeds		-	134,357	28,000	162,357
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(5,000)	537,428	33,000	565,428
Special Item					
GRT payment CCA		(1,196,677)	-	_	(1,196,677)
Net change in fund balance		(872,065)	(83,927)	(4,635)	(960,627)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,533,210	2,591	68,907	2,604,708
Fund balance - end of year	\$	1,661,145	(81,336)	64,272	1,644,081

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2014

Net change in fund balance - Governmental Fund (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance)

\$ (960,627)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds capital outlays are reported as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital expenditures
Depreciation expense

1,050,530 (74,929)

975,601

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, government funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:

Due to State of New Mexico, negative net receipts	1,196,677
Bond proceeds	(162,357)
Payment on long-term debt	3,764
Increase in accrued compensated absences	(1,558)

Change in net position

\$ 1,051,500

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended J	une 30,	2014
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		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	944,506	2,844,588	2,925,861	81,273
Intergovernmental		74,196	103,555	151,435	47,880
Licenses and fees		6,500	30,165	40,239	10,074
Charges for services		52,465	18,301	5,989	(12,312)
Investment income		100	60	1,349	1,289
Miscellaneous		26,600	25,833	2,543	(23,290)
Total revenues		1,104,367	3,022,502	3,127,416	104,914
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		370,100	2,154,166	405,437	1 749 720
Public safety		402,000	381,555	381,553	1,748,729 2
Culture and recreation		185,000	166,657	166,710	(53)
Health and welfare		105,000	100,037	19,691	(19,691)
Public works		_		21,830	(21,830)
Capital outlay		_	_	22,353	(22,353)
Debt service				22,555	(22,333)
Principal		_	_	-	
Interest		_	_	34	(34)
Miscellaneous		69,200	68,157	JT -	68,157
Total expenditures		1,026,300	2,770,535	1,017,608	1,752,927
				-,017,000	1,702,727
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		78,067	251,967	2,109,808	1,857,841
0.1 5					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in		11,825	-	-	-
Operating transfers out		-		(5,000)	(5,000)
Total other financing sources					
(uses)		11,825		(5,000)	(5,000)
Special Item					
GRT payment CCA				(1 =00 :==:	
Orer payment GCA		-	-	(1,799,677)	(1,799,677)
Net change in fund balance		89,892	251,967	305,131	53,164
Fund balance, beginning of year		(60,527)	(65,164)	19 506	112.760
, <u> </u>		(00,327)	(03,104)	48,586	113,750
Fund balance, end of year	\$	29,365	186,803	353,717	166,914
Prior year fund balance required to	\$	(29,365)			
balance budget	<u> </u>	(29,363)		:	
butance budget					
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
Revenues, budgetary basis				¢ 2.127.416	
Changes in accounts receivable				\$ 3,127,416	
Changes in accounts receivable - negative net receipts				26,384	
Revenues, GAAP basis	,			\$ 1,354,123	
,				1,334,123	
Expenses, budgetary basis				\$ 1,017,608	
Changes in accounts payable				, ,	
Changes in accrued liabilities				2,693	
Expenses, GAAP basis				\$ 1,024,511	
•				u 1,024,311	
Special item, budgetary basis				¢ (1.700.677)	
Change in due to State of New Mexico				\$ (1,799,677)	
Special item, GAAP basis				\$ (1,196,677)	
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			:	\$ (1,196,677)	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - JOINT UTILITY FUND June 30, 2014

ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Due from governmental funds	\$	159,045
Receivables		64,898
Total current assets		223,943
Noncurrent Assets		
Cash - customer deposits		25.000
Internal balances		25,098 144,989
Capital assets		4,956,626
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,973,350)
Total noncurrent assets		3,153,363
		3,133,303
Total assets	\$	3,377,306
		
TIADITITIES AND NEW DOCUMENT		
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities Due to other funds		
	\$	66,739
Accounts payable		9,702
Accrued payroll		10,294
Accrued compensated absences		7,447
Current portion of long-term obligations		64,410
Total current liabilities		158,592
Long-term Liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		04.060
Customer deposits		84,060
Total long-term liabilities	·	25,098
rotal long term habilities		109,158
Total liabilities		267,750
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		
Unrestricted		2,834,806
Total net position		274,750
Total net position		3,109,556
Total liabilities and net position	\$	3,377,306

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - JOINT UTILITY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 680,916
Grant revenue	
Total operating revenues	680,916
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	214,259
Travel	578
Supplies	36,173
Depreciation	99,265
Solid waste removal	129,220
Other operating expenses	154,722
Total operating expenses	634,217
Operating income	46,699
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Sale of assets	3,200
Total nonoperating revenues	3,200
Change in net position	49,899
Total net position - beginning	2,894,197
Restatement	165,460
Total net position - beginning, as restated	3,059,657
Total net position - ending	\$ 3,109,556

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - JOINT UTILITY Year Ended June 30, 2014

Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	669,582
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	•	(478,869)
Net cash provided by operating activities		190,713
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchase of capital assets		(12,400)
Proceeds from sale of assets		6,700
Principal payments on debt		(73,818)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(79,518)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		111,195
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u></u>	72,948
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	184,143
Reconciliation of Operating Income and Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$	46,699
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash by operating activities		
Depreciation		99,265
Change in assets and liabilities		77,203
Accounts receivable		(11,334)
Accounts payable		(19,180)
Accrued liabilities		3,459
Due to other funds		66,739
Accrued compensated absences		2,212
Customer deposits		2,853
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	190,713
Noncash Financing Activity		
Capital asset financed	\$	9,842

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Estancia (Town) was incorporated in 1909 under provisions of Chapter 3, Article 2, NMSA 1978 as amended. The Town operates under a council-mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire); highways and streets; water and sewer services; refuse collection; health and social services; culture-recreation; public improvements; planning and zoning; and general administrative services.

The Town of Estancia is a body politic and corporate under the name and form of government selected by its qualified electors. The Town may:

- 1. Sue or be sued;
- 2. Enter into contracts and leases;
- 3. Acquire and hold property, both real and personal;
- 4. Have common seal, which may be altered at pleasure;
- 5. Exercise such other privileges that are incident to corporations of like character or degree that are not inconsistent with the laws of New Mexico:
- 6. Protect generally the property of its municipality and its inhabitants;
- 7. Preserve peace and order within the municipality; and
- 8. Establish rates for services provided by municipal utilities and revenue-producing projects, including amounts which the governing body determines to be reasonable in the operation of similar facilities.

The financial statements of the Town of Estancia have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the government reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this statement, the Town is considered a *primary government*, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Town may, without the approval or consent of another government entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own tax or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. The Town also has no *component units*, as defined by GASB Statement No. 14 and/or GASB Statement No. 39, as there are no other legally separate organizations for which the elected Town Councilors are financial accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Town Councilors are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Town has a significant relationship.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Government activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to the compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Ad valorem taxes (property taxes) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible accrual criteria have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the Town holds for others in an agency capacity. The Town had no agency funds as of June 30, 2014.

Governmental funds are used to account for the Town's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the Town and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The *Debt Service Funds* account for the services of general long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

The Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds.

Under the requirements of GASB #34, the Town is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the Town, and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for proceeds from the New Mexico Department of Transportation for the road improvement project.

The government reports its proprietary fund as a major fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their government-wide financial statements along with the proprietary fund statements, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes, because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Town's taxpayer or citizenry. As a whole, program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Town's general revenues. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (b) program-specific operating grants, which include revenues received from federal and state sources to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues to be used for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues.

The Town reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Town does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function, except for that portion of depreciation that is identified as unallocated on the Statement of Activities. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Town's Enterprise Fund is charges for customer services, including solid waste fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Temporary Investments: The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The State Treasurer's Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Restricted Cash. Restricted cash is related to donor and debt service restrictions. The balance of restricted cash for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,052,652 of which \$1,000,000 was received in fiscal year 2009 as a contribution for library improvements and expansion.

Receivables and Payables: Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "internal balances." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In the government-wide financial statements, delinquent property taxes are recorded when levied. In the governmental fund statements, property taxes are recorded when available.

Property taxes are levied on November 1 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1 and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. Property taxes uncollected after November 10th and April 10th are considered delinquent and the Town may assess penalties and interest. The taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property thirty (30) days thereafter, at which time they become delinquent. Property taxes are collected by Torrance County and remitted monthly to the Town.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets (retroactive to 1979) are to be included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Information technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture and equipment as the Town did not maintain internally developed software. Library books are expensed when purchased. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	39
Plant in service	39
Permanent buildings	39
Land improvements	20
Vehicles	5
Computer equipment	5
Other furniture and equipment	5

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred Revenues: The Town recognizes grant revenue at the time the eligibility restrictions have been met. Such restrictions include 1) the agency should have the characteristics specified by the provider, 2) the time requirements specified by the enabling legislation or provider have been met, 3) if applicable, the provider offers the resources on a reimbursement basis and the recipient has incurred allowable costs under the program, and 4) the provider's contingencies have been met. Amounts received and not meeting such restrictions in the special revenue funds are shown as deferred revenues.

Amounts receivable from the property taxes levied for the current year that are not considered to be "available" (uncollected within sixty days of year end) under the current financial resources measurement focus are reported as deferred revenues in the governmental fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences: Qualified employees are entitled to accumulate annual leave according to a graduated leave schedule, depending on length of service. Employees may accumulate annual leave and carry a maximum of 120 hours (15 days) forward from calendar year to calendar year. Upon termination, employees will be paid for up to 120 hours (15 days) of accrued annual leave.

Qualified employees are entitled to accumulate sick leave at a rate of eight days per year. Sick leave can be carried over from year to year with no limit. Upon resignation, lay-off or involuntary dismissal, employees receive no pay for unused sick leave.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the General Fund. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

For fund financial reporting, bond premiums, discounts as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as another financing source net of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation which reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position, in accordance with Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 63). Net position is displayed in three components as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position: Reflects the component of net position that have constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Descriptions for the related restrictions for net position are restricted for "debt service or capital projects."

Unrestricted net position: Reflects the component of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Financial Statements Fund Balance: The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement is intended to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications and clarifying the existing fund balance definitions. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- 1. *Nonspendable* includes amounts that cannot be spent because (1) they are either not in spendable form or (2) they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. *Restricted* fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government's highest level of decision-making authority removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. *Assigned* fund balance classification intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The Town has reviewed each of the classifications and has determined that the fund balance is restricted for all balances in the capital projects and special revenue funds due to either legislation or grantor requirements, with the exception of the Intergovernmental Grant special revenue fund which is unassigned. There are no non-spendable, committed or assigned fund balances as of June 30, 2014.

The Town would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute any reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the Town's financial statements include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets of the Town are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the Town Councilors and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for State approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the Town Councilors and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget in total. The Town has the following unbudgeted funds:

William Library Garnett Library

These budgets are prepared on the non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure the appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds and capital projects funds.

The Town is required to balance its budgets each year. Accordingly, amounts that are excess or deficient are presented as changes in cash designated expenditures, not as an excess or deficiency of revenues over expenditures.

The accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (non-GAAP budgetary basis) and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2014 is presented.

NOTE 3. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the investment of Town funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pools, money market accounts and United States government obligations. All invested funds of the Town properly followed State investment requirements as of June 30, 2014.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or noninterest-bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the Town. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in nondemand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States Government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

The collateral pledged is reported on page 65 of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits, and interest bearing accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Deposits

New Mexico state statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the Town for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution.

A schedule of deposits and the collateral pledged against the deposits of the Town are shown on pages 64 - 65 of this report.

NOTE 3. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, other than following State statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). At June 30, 2014, \$557,500 of the Town's bank balance of \$1,827,481 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and the collateral was held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Town's name.

Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the Town had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities Less than One Year
State Investment Pool	\$ 54,866	\$ 54,866

The State Treasurer local government investment pool is not SEC Registered. Section 6-10-10 I, NMSA 1978, empowers the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in the short-term investment funds in the securities that are issued by the United States Government or by its departments or agencies and are either backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or are agencies sponsored by the United States Government. The local government investment pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state investments. The pool does not have unit shares; at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in the amounts of the fund were invested. Any realized gain or loss on the portfolio is distributed through the investment yield on distribution dates. The carrying amount of the portfolio approximates the fair value of all investments at June 30, 2014. The State of New Mexico is regulatory oversight entity and participation in the pool is voluntary.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that interest rate variations may adversely affect an investment's fair value. The prices of securities fluctuate with market interest rates and the securities held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinant of the tolerance of a fund's investments to rising interest rates. At June 30, 2014, the Town's investment of New MexiGROW LGIP had a credit risk rating of AAAm with a 49-day WAM (R) and 116 day WAM (F).

NOTE 3. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments – Statement of Net Position Restricted cash – Statement of Net Position Less investments in State Investment Pool Add outstanding checks (subtract deposits in transit)	\$ 	768,929 1,052,652 (54,866) 1,766,715 60,766
Bank balance of deposits and repurchase agreements	<u>\$</u>	1,827,481
Reconciliation of General Fund Cash and Equivalents Total reconciled cash and temporary investments – General Fund Plus cash due from other funds Less cash due to other funds	\$	747,648 216,507 (459,299)

504,856

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Unrestricted cash – General Fund

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		
		Major	Non-major	Joint Utility	Total	
Taxes and grants Customers Other	\$	174,790 - -	4,110 - -	60,978	178,900 60,978 3,920	
Net receivables	<u>\$</u>	174,790	4,110	64,898	243,798	

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible. In accordance with GASB No. 33, the Town should record the entire property tax receivable balance. However, the County was unable to provide sufficient documentation to support the balance; therefore, the Town recorded property taxes received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end in accordance with the modified accrual basis.

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Receivables and payables from interfund transactions as of June 30, 2014 are listed below. The majority of interfund balances were affected or created due to cash overdrafts and a few other balances are carried forward from the prior year.

		Interfund eceivables	Interfund Payables
Governmental activities:			
Major funds:			
General Fund	\$	216,507	314,310
General Fund – long term			144,989
Capital projects		37,275	95,050
Non-major funds:			
Correction		11,981	516
EMS		2	-
Fire protection		346	-
Gas tax		49,612	26,749
Intergovernmental grants		68,396	39,508
DWI		10,658	-
Other/trolley			10,950
		394,777	632,072
Business-type activities		159,045	66,739
Business-type activities – long term		144,989	
Total	<u>\$</u>	698,811	698,811

The following transfers occurred during the year. These transfers served the following purposes: (a) close out grant funds which had deficit fund balances, (b) subsidize General Fund allowable costs with grant funds or taxes; and (c) transfer the required matching funds to grant funds.

Fund	То	Am	ount
Major Fund			
General Fund	Non-major fund	\$	5,000

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2014, including those changes pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, follows. Land is not subject to depreciation. Effective in fiscal year 2014, the Town initiated an asset management plan. Prior period adjustment below relates to adjustments needed to reflect estimated historical costs. See Note 16.

Governmental Activities

	Balance 6/30/13	Prior Period Adjustment	Additions	Deletions Transfers	
Depreciable assets: General capital assets Nondepreciable assets:	\$ 4,144,192	(244,538)	472,705	45,627	4,233,172
Construction in progress	45,627	-	577,825	(45,627)	577,825
Total	\$ 4,189,819	(244,538)	1,050,530	_	4,995,811
Less accumulated depreciation: General capital assets		702,804	74,929	_	777,733
Net capital assets	\$ 4,189,819	(947,342)	975,601	_	4,218,078

Depreciation expense of \$74,929 was charged to the general government for the year ended June 30, 2014.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (CONTINUED)

Business-type Activities

Dusiness-type Activities					
	Balance 6/30/13	Prior Period Adjustment	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/14
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings	\$ 206,200	_	-	-	206,200
Equipment	249,969	-	-	-	249,969
Vehicles	53,226	-	22,242	(25,000)	50,468
Plant in service	3,272,673	-	-	_	3,272,673
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land and improvements	1,177,316		-	-	1,177,316
Total	4,959,384		22,242	(25,000)	4,956,626
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	89,327		6,655	-	95,982
Equipment	365,770	(115,801)	-	-	249,969
Vehicles	99,385	(49,659)	3,586	(21,500)	31,812
Plant in service	1,506,563		89,024	<u>-</u>	1,595,587
Total	2,061,045	(165,460)	99,265	(21,500)	1,973,350
Net capital assets	\$2,898,339	165,460	(77,023)	(3,500)	2,983,276

Depreciation expense relating to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$99,265.

NOTE 7. OPERATING LEASE

The Town entered into a lease agreement for a copy machine in October 2011. Payments of \$52 are due monthly and the lease matures in September 2016. The operating lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$626. The minimum lease payments are as follows:

2015	\$ 626
2016	626
2017	 156
Total	\$ 1,408

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the following changes occurred in the long-term debt:

		Balance 6/30/13	Additions & Adjustments	Retirements & Adjustments	Balance 6/30/14	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities		0/30/13	Adjustificitis	Adjustificitis	0/30/14	One rear
NMFA Water Tank	\$	-	537,428	403,071	134,357	6,780
USDA Police Vehicles		-	28,000	3,764	24,236	4,430
Compensated absences	_	25,008	22,051	20,493	26,566	26,566
Total governmental		25,008	587,479	427,328	185,159	37,776
Business-Type Activities						
NMED Rural Infrastructure Prograr	n	76,793	-	3,809	72,984	3,924
NMED Wastewater Plant		90,000	-	45,000	45,000	45,000
NMFA Road Grader		45,653	-	15,167	30,486	15,486
Compensated absences	_	5,235	8,020	5,808	7,447	7,447
Total business-type	_	217,681	8,020	69,784	155,917	71,857
Total long-term debt	\$	242,689	595,499	497,112	341,076	109,633

Retirements and adjustments shown above for the NMFA water tank represents a loan subsidy (principal debt forgiveness) by the Drinking Water Revolving Loan Fund administered through the New Mexico Finance Authority.

As of June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to amortize all governmental loans payable outstanding, including interest, are as follows:

F' 137 F 1' 1 20		Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,				
2015	\$	11,210	1,439	12,649
2016		11,426	1,221	12,647
2017		11,652	995	12,647
2018		11,887	761	12,648
2019		12,131	518	12,649
2020-2024		34,499	1,138	35,637
2025-2029		34,934	704	35,638
2030-2034		30,854	266	31,120
Total	<u>\$</u>	158,593	7,042	165,635

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2014, the annual requirements to amortize all business-type loans payable outstanding, including interest, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest	Total Debt Service
2015	\$	64,410	2,784	67,194
2016		19,042	2,370	21,412
2017		4,163	1,951	6,114
2018		4,288	1,826	6,114
2019		4,417	1,697	6,114
2020-2024		24,152	6,417	30,569
2025-2029		27,998	2,570	30,568
Total	<u>\$ 1</u> .	48,470	19,615	168,085

In prior years, the General Fund was typically used to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities other than debt.

Compensated Absences – Employees of the Town are able to accrue a limited amount of vacation and other compensatory time during the year. During fiscal year June 30, 2014, compensated absences increased \$1,558 in the governmental funds and increased \$2,212 in the proprietary funds over the prior year accrual. See Note 1 for more details.

NOTE 9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries and natural disasters.

The Town of Estancia is a member and is insured through the New Mexico Self-Insurer's Fund. The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The Town pays an annual premium to the New Mexico Self-Insurer's Fund based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The risk management program includes workers' compensation, general and automobile liability, automobile physical damage, and property and crime coverage.

NOTE 10. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the combined statements – overview of certain information concerning individual funds including:

A. Deficit fund balance of individual funds

The following funds reflected a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2014:

Major Funds	
Capital Projects	\$ 81,336
N ' F 1	
Non-major Funds	
Fire Protection	\$ 465
Other/Trolley	\$ 10,950

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The following funds exceeded approved budgetary authority for the year ended June 30, 2014:

General Fund	\$ 46,750
Business Type Activity – Utility Fund	\$ 61,294
Law Enforcement Protection	\$ 61,300
Gas Tax	\$ 27
Intergovernmental Grants	\$ 12,128
Capital Outlay	\$ 99,190

NOTE 11. PERA PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Substantially all of the Town of Estancia's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employee Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits, and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

NOTE 11. PERA PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 7% of their gross salaries for municipal employees and law enforcement employees, except that a member whose annual salary is greater than \$20,000 shall contribute 8.5% for municipal employees and law enforcement employees. All participating employees meet the criteria that require a contribution of 8.5%. The Town is required to contribute 7% for municipal employees and 10% for law enforcement plan members. In addition to the employer contributions, the Town of Estancia also makes 5.25% of the municipal and law enforcement employee contributions. This leaves all employees to contribute only 3.25% of their gross wages while the Town contributes 12.25% for municipal employees and 15.25% for law enforcement employees. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the Town of Estancia are established under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the Legislature. The Town's contributions to PERA for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, 2012 were \$65,453, \$75,812, and \$75,432, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the health care plan, and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment health care plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

NOTE 12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for health care benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan, plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the Board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

The Town's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$9,565, \$11,211, and \$10,349, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 13. FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 14. NEGATIVE NET RECEIPTS

In September 2013, the Town entered into an agreement with the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department (Tax & Rev) to repay negative net receipts revenue distributions made to the Town for \$1,799,677. This amount was to be paid in 27 monthly installments of \$67,000 and a final payment of \$57,677 in December 2015, which was to be intercepted from Town GRT distributions beginning in October 2013. The negative net receipts are related to gross receipts paid to the Tax and Rev by the Corrections Corporation of America (CCA) on federal inmates. It was determined that gross receipts should not have been paid on the federal inmates.

In July of 2013, the Town entered into an agreement with CCA that stated if CCA was refunded by Tax & Rev and the Town was liable to Tax & Rev for negative net receipts, CCA would make a one-time payment to the Town for the amount due to Tax & Rev within 45 days of the invoice date. In addition, in July of 2013, CCA entered into an agreement with the Town to pay a public service fee in the amount of \$1.60 per inmate per day housed at the Torrance County Detention Facility as a payment in lieu of taxes should Tax & Rev agree that no gross receipts taxes are due.

CCA paid \$420,796 and \$1,442,373 to the Town in November 2013 and March 2014, respectively, totaling \$1,863,169. In turn, the Town remitted \$438,009 to Tax & Rev via GRT intercepts from October 2013 through April 2014 and cut a check for the remaining \$1,361,668 in April 2014, totaling the agreed upon amount due to Tax & Rev of \$1,799,677. The excess of \$63,492 received from CCA has been recorded in revenues by the Town.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town is party to various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. The Town is insured through the New Mexico Self-Insurer's Fund. In the opinion of management, it is undeterminable about whether the outcome of these matters will have a material effect on the financial position of the Town.

In October 2013, the Board of Trustees motioned to terminate two Town employees. The terminated employees secured legal representation with the intent to file suit against the Town on the grounds of unlawful termination based upon their protected class. As of the audit report date, the Town is unaware of any potential liability that may arise from this matter.

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has evaluated subsequent events through November 17, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2014.

NOTE 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Effective in fiscal year 2014, the Town initiated an asset management plan. The beginning net position of the Governmental Activities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position has been restated to record a prior period adjustment to correct the Town's investment in capital assets. A reconciliation of the prior period ending net position to the current year beginning net position for the Governmental Activities is as follows:

Beginning net position	\$	5,572,842
Adjustment to correct capital assets historical cost		(244,538)
Adjustment to correct accumulated depreciation	-	(702,804)
Beginning net position as restated	\$_	4,625,500

The beginning net position of the Business-type activities has also been restated to adjust accumulated depreciation. A reconciliation of the prior period ending net position to the current year beginning net position for the Business-type Activities is as follows:

Beginning net position	\$ 2,894,197
Adjustment to correct accumulated depreciation	165,460
Beginning net position as restated	\$ 3,059,657

NOTE 18. SUBSEQUENT ACCOUNTING STANDARD PRONOUNCEMENT

GASB No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB No. 27, approved in June 2012, and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts. This Statement requires the liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit pensions (net pension liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. As a result, the June 30, 2015 financial statements are expected to include a material net pension liability.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL JOINT UTILITIES ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services Other revenue	\$ 590,180	611,194 12,766	673,502	2 62,308 - (12,766)
Total operating revenues	 590,180	623,960	673,502	2 49,542
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	211,848	195,249	208,588	(12.220)
Travel	1,344	1,238	200,380	
Supplies	18,810	17,336	44,345	
Contract services	124,113	114,388	136,504	, , , , ,
Capital outlay	-	-	150,50	- (22,110)
Principal and interest payments	66,435	61,229	66,294	(5,065)
Other operating expenses	175,450	161,703	155,809	(/ /
Total operating expenses	 598,000	551,143	612,437	
Operating income	 (7,820)	72,817	61,065	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Interest expense	-	_		
Other income	141,004	136,035	3,200	(132,835)
Transfers (out) in	(20,000)	(67,674)	3,200	67,674
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 121,004	68,361	3,200	
Change in net position	 113,184	141,178	64,265	
Total net position - beginning	 477,979	479,402	893,045	413,643
Total net position - ending	\$ 591,163	620,580	957,310	336,730
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Change in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis			\$ 673,502 7,414 \$ 680,916	
Expenses, budgetary basis Change in accounts payable Change in accrued expenses Depreciation is expensed, but not budgeted Debt service that is not expensed, but budgeted Expenses, GAAP basis			\$ 612,437 (19,180 5,671 99,265 (63,976 \$ 634,217) <u>)</u>

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	_			
Intergovernmental	Ψ	160,000	348,064	330,830	(17.224)
Licenses and fees		-	340,004	330,830	(17,234)
Charges for services		_	_	_	-
Investment income		_	_	-	-
Miscellaneous		_	_	_	-
Total revenues		160,000	348,064	330,830	(17,234)
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		-	_	_	
Public safety		_	_	_	-
Culture and recreation		-	_	_	_
Health and welfare		_	_	_	_
Public works		_	_	_	_
Capital outlay		130,000	403,419	502,609	(99,190)
Total expenditures		130,000	403,419	502,609	(99,190)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		30,000	(55,355)	(171,779)	(116,424)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in		_	74,356		(71.256)
Operating transfers out		_	7 1,550	_	(74,356)
Bond Proceeds		_	_	134,357	134,357
Total other financing sources (uses)			74,356	134,357	(74,356)
Net change in fund balance		30,000	19,001	(37,422)	(190,780)
Fund balance - beginning of year	····	8,445	373,082	(88,224)	(461,306)
Fund balance - end of year	\$	38,445	392,083	(125,646)	(652,086)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
Revenues, budgetary basis			Φ.	220.020	
Changes in accounts receivable			\$	330,830	
Revenues, GAAP basis			\$	(44,852)	
,			<u> </u>	285,978	
Expenses, budgetary basis			Φ.	502 600	
Debt forgiveness, not budgeted			\$	502,609	
Change in accounts payable				403,071	
Expenses, GAAP basis			\$	1,653 907,333	
			<u> </u>	701,333	
Other Financing Sources (Uses), budgetary basis			\$	134,357	
Debt forgiveness, not budgeted			Ψ	403,071	
Other Financing Sources (Uses), GAAP basis			\$	537,428	
			-	,	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose.

Correction Fees Fund - To establish an additional source of funds to municipalities to offset the costs of corrections. The source of funds is a five dollar fee, which must be paid by all persons violating laws relating to the operation of a motor vehicle. Authority: NMSA 33-0-33.

EMS Fund - To account for grant funds received from state sources for development of an EMS system within the Town. Authority: Emergency Medical Services Act, 24-10A-1.

Fire Protection Fund - To account for the operations and maintenance of the fire department. Contributions and grants from the state fire allotment and state forestry provide funding. Authority is Fire Protection Act, Section 59A-53-1, NMSA 1978.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund - To account for revenue received for a grant which is restricted to law enforcement use. Authorized by Town ordinance. Law Enforcement Protection Fund, Section 29-13-1, NMSA 1978.

Gas Tax Fund - To account for the receipts of the state-wide increase of two cents per gallon of gasoline tax, which one cent is redistributed to municipalities for highway and street maintenance. Authority: NMSA 7-1-6.91 and 7-13-1 to 7-13-18.

Recreation Fund - To account for the operation and maintenance of recreational facilities of the Town. Financing is provided by a specific annual cigarette tax levy. Authority: NMSA 7-12-1 and 7-12-15.

Intergovernmental Grants – To account for grant funds received from state sources for various Town projects. Authority: NM State Department of Finance and Administration.

DWI – To account for grant funds received form state sources for DWI related issues and awareness. Authority: NM State Department of Finance and Administration.

Other/Trolley Fund - To account for revenues and expenditures of trolley maintenance and repairs and initial cost of gas station. Authority: Village Council action.

Williams Library - To account for operations and maintenance of the library. Financing is provided by a grant. The grant provides for payment of all current operating costs and may be used only for that purpose. Authorized by Town ordinance. Section 18-2-4B, NMSA 1978.

Garnett Library Fund - To account for operations and maintenance of the library. Financing is provided by a grant. The grant provides for payment of all current operating costs and may be used only for that purpose. Authorized by Town ordinance. Section 18-2-4B, NMSA 1978.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

Accounts receivable Restricted Cash and temporary investments Total assets \$ 11,981 2 346 700 53 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Current Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable Interfund balances Deferred revenue Deferred revenue - property taxes	
Current Cash and temporary investments \$ 7000 Due from other funds \$ 11,981 2 346 - 49 Accounts receivable	l'ax
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Current Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable Interfund balances Deferred revenue Deferred revenue - property taxes	- 9,612 1,059
Current Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable Interfund balances Deferred revenue Deferred revenue - property taxes 516 424 - 811 - 23	3,671
	5,749 5,101 - -
Total current liabilities 940 - 811 - 49	,850
Unassigned	5,821
Total liabilities and fund belongs	,671

C	- 1 - 1	D	г 1
She	CIAL	Revenu	e Funds

Inter- Governmental Grant	DWI	Other/ Trolley	Williams Library	Garnett Library	Total Special Revenue Funds
68,396	10,658 51	- - - -	11,693 - -	8,888	21,281 140,995 4,110
		-	•	_	-
68,396	10,709	-	11,693	8,888	166,386
39,508 55 - -	- - - -	10,950 - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	77,723 24,391 - -
39,563	<u>.</u>	10,950	*		102,114
28,833	10,709 - -	(10,950)	11,693	8,888 - -	35,439 - 28,833
28,833	10,709	(10,950)	11,693	8,888	64,272
68,396	10,709	-	11,693	8,888	166,386

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

		Capital Projects Funds		
		Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects Funds	Non-Major Total
ASSETS Current Cash and temporary investments Due from other funds Accounts receivable Restricted Cash and temporary investments	\$	- - -	- - -	21,281 140,995 4,110
Total assets	\$	-	-	166,386
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Current Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable Interfund balances Deferred revenue Deferred revenue - property taxes	s	- - - -	- - - -	77,723 24,391 - -
Total current liabilities		-	-	102,114
Fund Balance Restricted Special purposes Capital Projects fund Unassigned Total fund balance		- - -	- - -	35,439 28,833 64,272
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	_	-	166,386

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds					
Revenues	C	Correction Fees	EMS	Fire Protection	Law Enforcement Protection	Gas Tax
Taxes	ď.					
	\$	-	-	-	-	23,792
Intergovernmental			6,364	67,129	52,641	35,761
Licenses and fees		9,761	-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	-
Investment income		-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	- M A	
Total revenues		9,761	6,364	67,129	52,641	59,553
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		_	_	_	_	
Public safety		9,358	_	66,990	24,739	_
Culture and recreation		-,555	_	-	24,737	_
Health and welfare		_	6,364	_	_	_
Public works		_	0,501	_	_	884
Capital outlay		_	_		61,300	77,569
Debt service:				_	01,500	77,309
Principal		_	_		3,764	
Interest		_	_	•	2,910	-
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	2,910	-
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Total expenditures		9,358	6,364	66,990	92,713	78,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		403		139	(40,072)	(19,000)
over experiences		403		139	(40,072)	(18,900)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in		-	_	_	5,000	_
Operating transfers out		_	_	_	, -	_
Bond proceeds	****		<u>-</u>	-	28,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-	33,000	_
Net change in fund balance		403	-	139	(7,072)	(18,900)
Fund balance - beginning of year	***	10,638	2	(604)	7,772	22,721
Fund balance - end of year	\$	11,041	2	(465)	700	3,821

Special	Revenue	Funds

Inter- Governmental Grant	DWI	Other/ Trolley	Williams Library	Garnett Library	Total Special Revenue Funds
20.150	2.006	-	-	-	23,792
39,158	2,086	-	-	-	203,139 9,761
-	_	-	- -	-	9,701
- 	-	-	3	2	-
39,158	2,086	_	3	2	236,697
_	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	_
-	-	-	•	-	101,087
2,238	-	-	-	-	2,238
-	-	-	-	-	6,364
18,216	-	-	-	-	884 157,085
-	-	-	-	-	3,764
-	-	-	-	- -	2,910
20,454	-	_	_	-	274,332
18,704	2,086		3	2	(37,635
-	-	-	-	-	5,000
_	-		-	<u>-</u>	28,000
_	_	-	-	-	33,000
18,704	2,086	-	3	2	(4,635
10,129	8,623	(10,950)	11,690	8,886	68,907
28,833	10,709	(10,950)	11,693	8,888	64,272

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Capital Proj		
		Capital Projects	Total Capital Projects Funds	Non-Major Total
Revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
Taxes	\$	-	-	23,792
Intergovernmental		-	_	203,139
Licenses and fees		-	-	9,761
Charges for services		_	_	-,
Investment income		-	_	5
Miscellaneous		_	-	
Total revenues		-	-	236,697
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		•	-	_
Public safety		_	_	101,087
Culture and recreation		_	_	2,238
Health and welfare		-	-	6,364
Public works		-	_	884
Capital outlay			_	157,085
Debt service:			_	157,005
Principal		_		3,764
Interest		_	_	2,910
Bond issuance costs		-		2,910
Total expenditures	*****	-		274,332
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		_		(37,635)
<u> </u>		-	***************************************	(37,033)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in		_		5,000
Operating transfers out		_	<u>-</u>	3,000
Bond proceeds		-		28,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u></u>	<u> </u>		33,000
Net change in fund balance		-	-	(4,635)
Fund balance - beginning of year		-	_	68,907
Fund balance - end of year	_\$	-		64,272

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL CORRECTION FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

Taxes S	D.		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental	Revenues	_				
Clicenses and fees		\$	-	-	-	-
Charges for services			16.505	- 0.761	0.761	-
Nivestream tincome			10,323	9,/61	9,761	-
Miscellaneous - <			_	-	-	-
Expenditures Current: Curre			-	_	-	<u>.</u>
Current: General government - - 590 Public safety 8,900 10,867 10,277 590 Culture and recreation - - - - Health and welfare - - - - - Public works -	Total revenues		16,525	9,761	9,761	
Public safety 8,900 10,867 10,277 590 Culture and recreation	Current:					
Culture and recreation			-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	•		8,900	10,867	10,277	590
Public works Miscellaneous			-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous - <			-	-	-	-
Total expenditures 8,900 10,867 10,277 590 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 7,625 (1,106) (516) 590 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7,625 (10,823) - 10,823 Designated cash - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 7,625 (1,106) (516) 590 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Operating transfers in (out) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Designated cash -			8,900	10,867	10,277	590
over expenditures 7,625 (1,106) (516) 590 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Designated cash -	Emana (d. C. t) C	•				
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Designated cash - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Net change in fund balance - (11,929) (516) 11,413 Fund balance - beginning of year 3,800 2,446 11,981 9,535 Fund balance - end of year \$ 3,800 (9,483) 11,465 20,948 Prior year fund balance required to balance budget \$ - 9,483 Reconciliation to GAAP Basis \$ 9,761 Revenues, budgetary basis \$ 9,761 Changes in accounts receivable \$ 9,761 Expenses, budgetary basis \$ 9,761 Changes in accounts payable \$ 10,277 Changes in accounts payable (919)			7.606	(1.100)	(- 4.5)	
Operating transfers in (out) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Designated cash -	over expenditures		7,625	(1,106)	(516)	590
Operating transfers in (out) (7,625) (10,823) - 10,823 Designated cash -	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Prior year fund balance required to balance budget Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Total other financing sources (uses) (7,625) (10,823) - (11,929) (516) 11,413 9,535 11,465 20,948 Prior year fund balance required to \$ - 9,483 \$ 9,761 \$ 9,761 \$ 9,761 \$ 10,277 (919)			(7.625)	(10.823)	_	10 823
Net change in fund balance - (11,929) (516) 11,413 Fund balance - beginning of year 3,800 2,446 11,981 9,535 Fund balance - end of year \$ 3,800 (9,483) 11,465 20,948 Prior year fund balance required to balance budget Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable \$ 10,277 (919)			(7,023)	(10,025)	_	10,623
Fund balance - beginning of year 3,800 2,446 11,981 9,535 Fund balance - end of year \$ 3,800 (9,483) 11,465 20,948 Prior year fund balance required to balance budget Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable \$ 10,277 (919)	Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,625)	(10,823)		10,823
Fund balance - end of year Prior year fund balance required to balance budget Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Solve of the payable of the payab	Net change in fund balance		-	(11,929)	(516)	11,413
Prior year fund balance required to balance budget Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable \$ - 9,483 \$ 9,761 \$ 9,761 \$ 10,277 (919)	Fund balance - beginning of year		3,800	2,446	11,981	9,535
balance budget Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable \$ 10,277 (919)	Fund balance - end of year	\$	3,800	(9,483)	11,465	20,948
Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable \$ 9,761 \$ 9,761 \$ 10,277 (919)		\$	_	9,483		
Expenses, budgetary basis \$ 10,277 Changes in accounts payable (919)	Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable			_		
Changes in accounts payable (919)	Actionacs, Orient basis			<u>:</u>	9,761	
Changes in accounts payable (919)				:	\$ 10.277	
	Changes in accounts payable			•	,	
Expenses, GAAP basis \$ 9,358	Expenses, GAAP basis					

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL EMS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

D. avanuas	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Taxes					
	\$	-	_	<u>-</u>	-
Intergovernmental		6,800	6,364	6,364	-
Licenses and fees		-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-
Investment income		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous				-	
Total revenues		6,800	6,364	6,364	_
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		_	_	_	
Public safety		_	_	_	-
Culture and recreation			_	-	-
Health and welfare		6,800	6,364	6,364	-
Public works		-	0,504	0,304	-
Miscellaneous		_	_	-	-
Total expenditures		6,800	6,364	6,364	-
	_	0,000	0,304	0,304	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures			-	_	_
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)		_	_	_	
Designated cash		_	_	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)					
J , ,					
Net change in fund balance		-	-	-	-
Fund balance - beginning of year		_	-	2	2
Fund holonos and of ware	Φ.				
Fund balance - end of year	\$	-	-	2	2
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
Revenues, budgetary basis			\$	6,364	
Changes in accounts receivable			Ψ	0,304	
Revenues, GAAP basis			\$	6,364	
•			<u> </u>	0,304	
Expenses, budgetary basis			\$	6261	
Changes in accounts payable			\$	6,364	
Expenses, GAAP basis			\$	6,364	
1 117, 41170 0000			<u> </u>	0,304	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FIRE PROTECTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	_	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	•	67,129	67,129	67,129	_
Licenses and fees		-	-	07,127	_
Charges for services		_	_	-	_
Investment income		_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous		_	_	-	-
Total revenues		67,129	67,129	67,129	-
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		_	_	_	_
Public safety		67,129	67,129	66,783	346
Culture and recreation		-	· <u>-</u>	· -	<u>.</u>
Health and welfare		-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	_	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Debt service		-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		67,129	67,129	66,783	346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		<u>.</u>	_	346	346
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out)		-	_	-	-
Designated cash		_	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_	_	-	-
Net change in fund balance		-	-	346	346
Fund balance - beginning of year		(756)	(13,838)		13,838
Fund balance - end of year	\$	(756)	(13,838)	346	14,184
Prior year fund balance required to	\$	756	13,838		
balance budget	_	7,00			
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis			\$	67,129	
Changes in accounts receivable			4	. 07,127	
Revenues, GAAP basis			<u>\$</u>	67,129	· :
Expenses, budgetary basis			\$	66,783	
Changes in accounts payable			•	207	
Expenses, GAAP basis			\$:

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL LAW ENFORCEMENT PROTECTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	_	_	_	
Intergovernmental	Ψ	23,000	23,642	52,641	28,999
Licenses and fees		25,000	23,042	32,041	20,999
Charges for services		-	_	_	_
Investment income		_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous		_	_	_	_
Total revenues		23,000	23,642	52,641	28,999
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		_	_	_	_
Public safety		30,771	31,413	24,739	6,674
Culture and recreation		-	-	21,737	- 0,074
Health and welfare		_	_	_	_
Public works		_	_	_	_
Capital outlay		_	_	61,300	(61,300)
Debt service		_	_	6,674	(6,674)
Total expenditures		30,771	31,413	92,713	(61,300)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(7,771)	(7,771)	(40,072)	(32,301)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)		_	_	5,000	5,000
Loan proceeds		_	_	28,000	28,000
Designated cash		_	_	20,000	28,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	_	33,000	33,000
Net change in fund balance		(7,771)	(7,771)	(7,072)	699
				(7,072)	099
Fund balance - beginning of year		28	5,218	7,772	2,554
Fund balance - end of year	\$	(7,743)	(2,553)	700	3,253
Prior year fund balance required to balance budget	\$	7,743	2,553		
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
Revenues, budgetary basis			\$	52,641	
Changes in accounts receivable			φ	32,041	
Revenues, GAAP basis			\$	52,641	
Expenses, budgetary basis			\$	92,713	
Changes in accounts payable			4	74,/13	
Expenses, GAAP basis			\$	92,713	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	_	<u> </u>			(0311117)
Taxes	\$	23,457	23,457	23,979	522
Intergovernmental		109,924	109,924	80,985	(28,939)
Licenses and fees		-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-
Investment income		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		_	_		
Total revenues	*	133,381	133,381	104,964	(28,417)
Expenditures					
Current					
General government		-	_	_	_
Public safety		-	_	_	_
Culture and recreation		_	-	-	-
Health and welfare		-	-	_	_
Public works		-	_	884	(884)
Capital outlay		64,775	55,325	54,468	857
Total expenditures		64,775	55,325	55,352	(27)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		68,606	78,056	49,612	(28,444)
over experiences		00,000	78,030	49,012	(20,444)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)		(23,457)	_	_	_
Original issue premiums		-	-	-	-
Original issue discounts		-	-	-	-
Bond proceeds		_	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(23,457)	-		-
Net change in fund balance		45,149	78,056	49,612	(28,444)
Fund balance, beginning of year	*******	25,070	(26,749)	(2,658)	(24,091)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	70,219	51,307	46,954	(52,535)
Prior year fund balance required to	\$	_	_		
balance budget					
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
Revenues, budgetary basis			\$	104,964	
Changes in accounts receivable				(45,411)	
Revenues, GAAP basis			<u>\$</u>		•
Expenses, budgetary basis			\$	55,352	
Changes in accounts payable				23,101	
Expenses, GAAP basis			\$		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

Taxes		 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Charges for services		\$ -	-	-	<u>-</u>
Charges for services		-	-	-	-
Investment income Miscellaneous Total revenues Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Health and welfare Public works Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Fund balance - beginning of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable		-	-	-	
Niscellaneous		_	-	-	-
Expenditures Current: General government		_	-	-	_
Current: General government	Total revenues	 -	-		-
Current: General government	Expenditures				
Public safety - <					
Culture and recreation -		-	-	-	-
Health and welfare Public works		-	-	-	-
Public works Total expenditures Carees (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Public works Reconcilitation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities		-	-	-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - <th< td=""><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>		_	_	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, Budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounted liabilities		 -	_	-	_
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, Budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounted liabilities		 		*****	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts labilities		-	-	-	_
Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Cha		 			
Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Chang		-	•	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses) Per change in fund balance Fund balance - beginning of year Fund balance - end of year Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts payable Changes in accounts liabilities		-	_	-	-
Fund balance - beginning of year 1,461 1,461 Fund balance - end of year \$ 1,461 1,461 Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis \$ - Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities		 -	_	-	-
Fund balance - end of year \$ 1,461 1,461 Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities \$ 1,461 1,461	Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities	Fund balance - beginning of year	 1,461	1,461	-	-
Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities \$ -	Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,461	1,461	<u>-</u>	-
Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities			9	\$ -	
Expenses, budgetary basis \$ - Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued liabilities -	Changes in accounts receivable			- -	
Changes in accounts payable - Changes in accrued liabilities	Revenues, GAAP basis		9	5 -	:
Changes in accounts payable - Changes in accrued liabilities	Expenses hudgetary basis		q	_ 2	
Changes in accrued liabilities			1	, - -	
Expenses, GAAP basis \$ -	Changes in accrued liabilities			-	
	Expenses, GAAP basis		<u> </u>	-	•

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

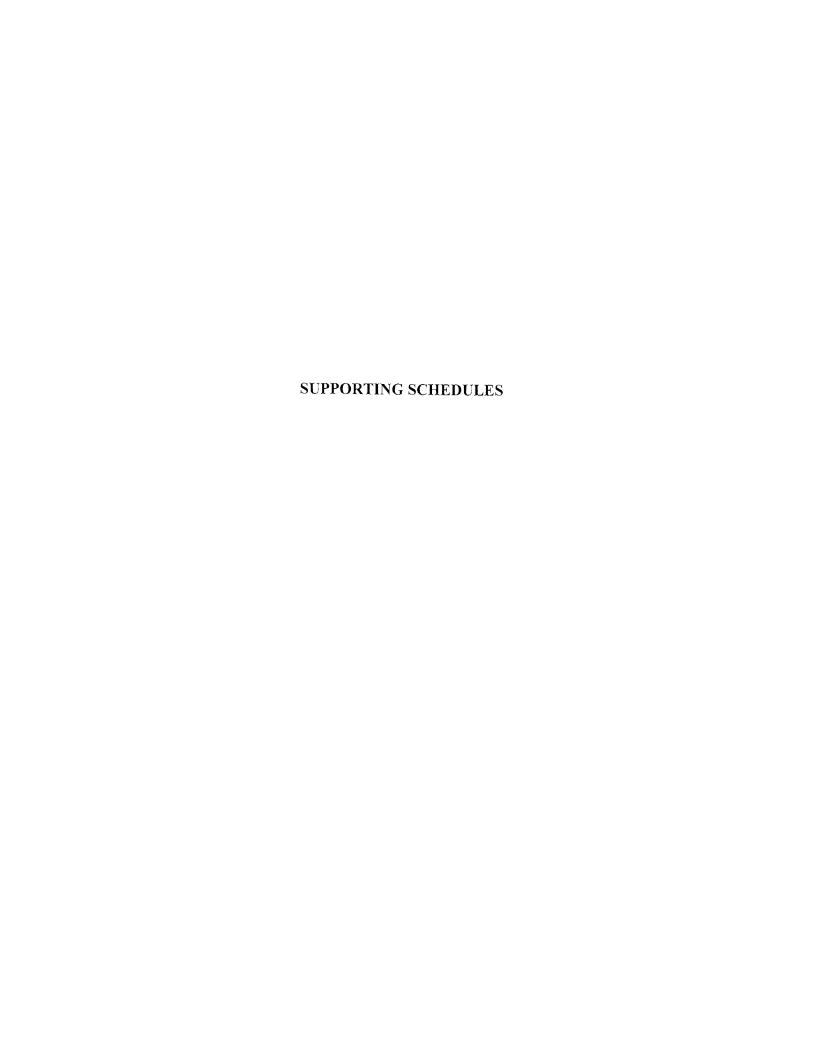
	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	_	_	_
Intergovernmental	8,326	8,326	66,869	58,543
Licenses and fees	, <u>-</u>	_	-	
Charges for services	-	-	_	_
Investment income	-	-	_	-
Miscellaneous	 -	_	-	-
Total revenues	 8,326	8,326	66,869	58,543
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	_		_	_
Public safety	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	8,326	8,326	2,238	6,088
Health and welfare	-	-	, -	-
Public works	-	-	_	_
Capital outlay	 -	-	18,216	(18,216)
Total expenditures	 8,326	8,326	20,454	(12,128)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 -	-	46,415	46,415
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	-	<u>.</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	_		_
Net change in fund balances	-	-	46,415	46,415
Fund balance - beginning of year	 30,168	8,796	14,154	5,358
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 30,168	8,796	60,569	51,773
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis				
Revenues, budgetary basis		\$	66,869	
Changes in accounts receivable		~	(27,711)	
Revenues, GAAP basis		\$	39,158	
Expenses, budgetary basis Changes in accounts payable Expenses, GAAP basis		\$ \$ \$	20,454	
		<u> </u>	20,107	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
TOWN OF ESTANCIA
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL
DWI SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	_	_		
Intergovernmental	Ψ	4,200	2,036	2,035	(1)
Licenses and fees		- 1,200	2,030	2,033	(1)
Charges for services		_	_	_	_
Investment income		_	_	_	_
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	_
Total revenues		4,200	2,036	2,035	(1)
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	_	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	_	_
Health and welfare		-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	_		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		-	-	-	_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		4,200	2,036	2,035	(1)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)		(4,200)	(2,036)		2,036
Designated cash		(1,200)	(2,030)	-	2,030
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,200)	(2,036)	-	2,036
Net change in fund balance		-	-	2,035	2,035
Fund balance - beginning of year		-	2,318	8,623	6,305
Fund balance - end of year	\$	_	2,318	10,658	8,340
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
Revenues, budgetary basis			\$	2,035	
Changes in accounts receivable			_	51	
Revenues, GAAP basis			\$	2,086	
Expenses, budgetary basis			\$		
Changes in accounts payable			J	_	
Expenses, GAAP basis			\$		
			3		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL TROLLEY/OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budget Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ _	-	-	_
Intergovernmental	-	_	-	-
Licenses and fees	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	 	-	-	_
Total revenues	 -	-	-	
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	_	_	-	
Public safety	_	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Public works	 	_		-
Total expenditures	 -	-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	_	_	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in (out) Designated cash Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	_	-
Fund balance - beginning of year	 (65,105)	(51,130)	(42,631)	8,499
Fund balance - end of year	\$ (65,105)	(51,130)	(42,631)	8,499
Prior year fund balance required to balance budget	\$ 65,105	51,130		
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Revenues, budgetary basis Changes in accounts receivable Revenues, GAAP basis Expenses, budgetary basis		\$ <u>\$</u> \$	<u>-</u> -	
Changes in accounts payable Expenses, GAAP basis		\$	<u>-</u>	



STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA SCHEDULE OF CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS June 30, 2014

Bank Account Type/Name		Wells Fargo Bank	Bank of Albuquerque	NM State Investment Pool	State Employees Credit Union	My Bank	US Bank	Totals
Williams Memorial Savings	\$	11,693	_	_	-	_	_	11,693
Meter Deposits		25,114	-	_	_	_	_	25,114
Town of Estancia		8,888	-	_	_	_	_	8,888
Investment Account		706,069	-	-	-	_		706,069
Payroll Account		17,141	-	-	-	-	_	17,141
Police		700	-	-	-	_	_	700
Savings Account		233,072	-	-	30,322	_	-	263,394
Debt Service Reserve Funds		-	19,981	-	~	_		19,981
NM State Investment Pool		-	-	54,866	-	-	-	54,866
Certificate of Deposit		2,506		-	-	-	_	2,506
Certificate of Deposit		-	-		259,838	256,766	255,391	771,995
Total on deposit		1,005,183	19,981	54,866	290,160	256,766	255,391	1,882,347
Reconciling items		(60,766)	-		-	-	-	(60,766)
Reconciled balance, June 30, 2014	\$	944,417	19,981	54,866	290,160	256,766	255,391	1,821,581
Petty Cash Combined balance sheet total June 36 Shown as: Cash and temporary investments Restricted cash), 2014						-	\$ 1,821,581 768,929 1,052,652 1,821,581

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL June 30, 2014

		Wells Fargo Bank	Bank of Albuquerque	State Employees Credit Union	My Bank	US Bank
Total on deposit	\$	1,005,183	19,981	290,160	256,766	255,391
Less: FDIC coverage		(500,000)	(19,981)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)
Uninsured balance, June 30, 2014		505,183	-	40,160	6,766	5,391
50% pledged collateral at June 30, 2014	_	252,592	_	20,080	3,383	2,696
Pledged collateral security description: Fed Natl Mtg Assn Pool AU4290 4.0% CUSIP # 3138X3U1 matures 9/01/2043, \$5,000 Fed Natl Mtg Assn Pool AB3901 3% CUSIP # 31417AKP3		5,087	-	-	-	-
matures 11/1/2026, \$455,000		260,395	-	-	-	-
FHLMC Gold Pool CUSIP # 31283KN46 matures 10/1/2017 FNMA Pool AE9299 CUSIP # 31419LKM4		-	-	-	-	827
matures 11/1/2025 Luna Cnty NM Sch Dist CUSIP # 550340DL4,		-	-	-	-	4,792
matures 8/1/2016, \$25,000		_	_	_	25,000	_
Total	***	265,482	_	-	25,000	5,619
Over (Under) Collaterized	\$	12,891	_	(20,080)	21,617	2,924

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS June 30, 2014

Participants	Party Responsible for Operations	Description	Beginning and Ending Dates	Total Estimated Amount of Project and Portion Applicable to Town
Town of Estancia, Torrance County	Torrance County	Road work services	10-08-03, infinite	Unknown
Town of Estancia, Torrance County	Torrance County	House inmates	10-09-97, infinite	Unknown
Town of Estancia, Torrance County	Torrance County	Universal 911 adressing system	1998, infinite	Unknown
Town of Estancia, Torrance County	Torrance County	911 comunication system	1999, infinite	Unknown
Town of Estancia, New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resource Development (EMNR)	EMNR	Resource mobilization plan to establish personnel and equipment for wildfire suppression and management	2007, infinite	Unknown
Town of Estancia, Torrance County Village of Encino City of Moriarty Village of Willard	Torrance County	Torrance County Solid Waste Authority	12-16-93, infinite	Unknown

Amount the Town Contributed in the Current Fiscal Year	Audit Responsibility	Fiscal Agent	Name of Governmental Agency Where Revenues and Expenditures are Reported
Unknown	Torrance County	Torrance County	Both
Unknown	Torrance County	Torrance County	Both
Unknown	Torrance County	Torrance County	Both
Unknown	Torrance County	Torrance County	Both
Unknown	EMNR	EMNR	Both
Unknown	Torrance County	Torrance County	Torrance County Solid Waste Authority



Ricci & Company LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 6200 UPTOWN BLVD. NE - SUITE 400 ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87110

Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Hector Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Sylvia Chavez, Mayor
Town Council Members
Town of Estancia
Estancia, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the Town of Estancia, New Mexico (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons of the Town, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and responses*, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses. Items 2007-003 and 2007-005

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies. Items 2005-001 and 2014-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2005-005, 2009-003, 2014-002, 2014-003, 2014-004, 2014-005 and 2014-006.

The Town's Response to Findings

The Town's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ricci & Company, LLC

Albuquerque, New Mexico November 17, 2014

A. STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

FS 2005-001	[05-01] Capital Assets	Updated and Included
FS 2005-005	[05-05] Budget Deficits	Updated and Included
FS 2007-003	[07-03] SAS 115 Compliance	Updated and Included
FS 2007-005	[07-05] Trial Balance	Updated and Included
FS 2009-002	[09-02] Use of Fuel Cards	Resolved
FS 2009-003	[09-03] Pledged Collateral	Updated and Included

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2005-001 [05-01] Capital Assets – Significant Deficiency

CRITERIA

Per State Statute 12-6-10, NMSA 1978 and Regulation 2.20.1.15 NMAC, the Town should establish controls over its fixed assets for the primary purpose of safeguarding them and establishing accountability for their custody and use.

CONDITION

The Town has not developed and implemented policies, procedures and internal controls over its capital assets.

CAUSE

Because The Town had not previously been taking an inventory of its capital assets, the time required to develop policies, procedures and internal controls related to capital assets was not performed.

EFFECT

The failure to implement and maintain adequate capital asset policies, procedures and internal controls results in the inability of the Town to maintain control over the capital assets and also results in the Town being noncompliant with State regulations.

RECOMMENDATION

The Town should develop and implement policies, procedures and internal controls over capital assets to ensure all capital asset transactions are processed in accordance with Town policy.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Concur with auditor's recommendation. We are currently working on new Policy and Procedures regarding Capital Assets.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2007-003 [07-03] SAS 115- Auditing Standards Section 325 Compliance – Material Weakness

CRITERIA

Statement on Auditing Standards section 325, Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, requires that management accept responsibility for the internal controls over financial reporting. AU 325 indicates that a lack of qualifications to prepare or interpret the financial statements is a control deficiency.

CONDITION

The Town maintains its records on a cash basis. Although this is the best approach for monitoring the budgets, significant adjustments were required to be made to the records for a GAAP presentation. The significant adjustments include:

- Grant expenditures incurred and the related grant revenues were included in the wrong fund or were recorded in expense accounts. (Approximately \$45,000)
- Debt service payments were posted to different expense accounts. (Approximately \$42,000)
- Due to/due from had to be recorded to balance trial balances by fund. (Approximately \$299,000)

Additionally, management has relied on the independent public accounting firm to draft the Town's financial statements primarily due to expertise. This could imply that management does not possess the skills and knowledge necessary to prepare or interpret the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

Finally, management has been unable to provide support for a payment received from CCA in the amount of \$63,492 to ensure the proper recording.

CAUSE

The Town has determined that, due to its size and complexity, it is most effective and beneficial to maintain ledgers on a basis consistent with its budgetary basis.

The current management does not possess the skills and knowledge necessary to prepare or interpret the financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

The current management is unaware of the circumstances that have resulted in the overpayment, as such, management has not provided the supporting documentation to substantiate the overpayment.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2007-003 [07-03] SAS 115 Auditing Standards Section 325 Compliance – Material Weakness (Continued)

EFFECT

The Town does not have financial information readily available that is consistent with GAAP requirements and the current management is unable to prepare or interpret the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Management is unable to determine the proper classification of the payment received.

RECOMMENDATION

The Town should continue to improve its knowledge of GAAP and when necessary, utilize consultants. We acknowledge that efforts have been made to improve the recording and reporting process on a fund basis level, however, improvements are still necessary to ensure the proper financial reporting. We recommend supporting documentation should be maintained or explanations should be documented to substantiate all financial transactions.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

We are contracting with a CPA to help ensure we are GAAP compliant. We are also in the process of obtaining a more adequate accounting software system.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2007-005 [07-05] Trial Balances – Material Weakness

CRITERIA

Good accounting practices dictate that the Town's books should be maintained in such a way that a general ledger balances by fund.

CONDITION

The Town utilizes QuickBooks for its accounting software. QuickBooks is set up in a manner that is similar to a for-profit enterprise and, therefore, fund level trial balances are unable to be produced. We acknowledge efforts have been made to configure the QuickBooks file to better track revenues and expenditures at the fund level; however, fund level trial balances are still not in balance.

CAUSE

The initial implementation of QuickBooks was set up to be similar to a for-profit enterprise rather than a governmental entity. The Town has determined that, due to its size and complexity, it is most effective and beneficial to maintain ledgers on a basis consistent with its budgetary basis.

EFFECT

The Town does not have an accurate day-to-day general ledger that allows them to make timely decisions based on sound financial information. Ultimately, this makes daily analysis difficult to perform.

RECOMMENDATION

The Town can either change accounting software or make changes to the current QuickBooks file so that all transactions are recorded in one file at the fund level and ensure each fund is self-balancing.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Agree. The Town is currently looking into new software programs.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2014-001 Cash Disbursements - Significant Deficiency

CRITERIA

Good internal controls dictate that supporting documentation should be maintained for all cash disbursements.

CONDITION

During our test work over 25 cash disbursements, we noted that supporting documentation could not be provided for 1 disbursement of \$384.

CAUSE

Proper internal controls were not implemented to prevent the loss of supporting documentation.

EFFECT

The Town has an unsupported disbursement.

RECOMMENDATION

The Town should retain proper supporting documentation at all times to ensure that all disbursements are supported and authorized.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Agree. The Town will be working on new Policy and Procedures to ensure that all disbursements are supported and authorized for all transactions.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

2005-005 [05-05] Budget Deficits - Material Noncompliance

CRITERIA

The authority by which the Town can expend funds is the Town Council and the Department of Finance Administration approved budget (NMSA 1978, Section 6-6-6).

CONDITION

Expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts were expended in the following funds:

General Fund	\$ 46,750
Business Type Activity – Utility Fund	\$ 61,294
Law Enforcement Protection	\$ 61.300
Gas Tax	\$ 27
Intergovernmental Grants	\$ 12,128
Capital Outlay	\$ 99,190

CAUSE

Revenues from charges for services and grant funding exceeded the budgeted amount. The expenditures in the fund were spent to match the revenues and a corresponding year end budget adjustment was not made.

EFFECT

The Town is in violation of applicable laws, regulations and policies established by the Town, State and Department of Finance and Administration.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that management implement procedures to prevent budget over-expenditures.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Agree. The Town will begin to implement procedures that will prevent over-expenditures and budgets will be closely monitored in order to ensure compliance.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2009-003 [09-03] Pledged Collateral - Material Noncompliance

CRITERIA

NMAC 2.2.2.10 N. (5)(b) requires entities to obtain pledged collateral from depository institutions for at least 50% of its uninsured balances.

CONDITION

The Town has \$290,160 of total savings accounts deposits at the New Mexico State Employees Credit Union (NMSECU), which exceeds FDIC insurance limits by \$40,160. The NMSECU does not provide pledged collateral to the Town.

CAUSE

The Town has determined that the NMSECU provides the Town with a positive banking relationship and has determined that the benefits of the savings at the NMSECU is greater than the risk of loss.

EFFECT

The Town is at risk for a loss of funds and in violation of NMAC 2.2.2.10 N. (5)(b).

RECOMMENDATION

The Town should continue to monitor its depository accounts as it relates to uninsured balances and develop relationships that are beneficial to the Town and in compliance with State statutes.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Agree. The Board of Trustees will look at distributing balances correctly in order to ensure State Statues are met.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-002 Timeliness of Bank Account Reconciliations – Findings that do not Rise to the Level of a Significant Deficiency

CONDITION

As part of completing procedures related to internal controls over cash, we haphazardly selected the month ended January 31, 2014 and reviewed the bank account reconciliations for all of the Town's checking and savings accounts for the month. Our review included nine bank accounts. We noted the following:

- The Town's two primary operating accounts were reconciled on March 7th.
- Six accounts were reconciled on April 23rd, more than 60 days after the month's end.
- The account reconciliation for one savings account had not been completed for the month. Upon further review, we concluded that reconciliations for this account were not routinely performed.

CRITERIA

Bank reconciliations provide a significant control feature over the Town's cash accounting system and help determine whether all cash activity is properly posted in the general ledger. Preparing reconciliations on a timely basis provides greater assurance that all cash activity has been properly recorded and that any irregularities in activity will be more readily identified.

CAUSE

Because transaction activity in many of these accounts is typically minimal, reconciliations were not completed in a timely manner.

EFFECT

The Town's financial position may not be properly reflected by its financial statements, which could result in an inaccurate basis for decision making by the Town's management and those charged with governance. In addition, recording errors or cash misappropriation may not be investigated promptly and may go undetected by the Town.

RECOMMENDATION

Reconciliations on all cash accounts should be performed in a timely manner upon receipt of the bank statement.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-002 Timeliness of Bank Account Reconciliations – Findings that do not Rise to the Level of a Significant Deficiency (Continued)

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Agree. The Town will reconcile all bank/cash accounts upon receipt.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-003 Mileage and Per Diem – Findings that do not Rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency

CONDITION

We randomly selected eight mileage and per diem expenditures and tested for compliance with the Town's policy and state statute. During test work, we determined that five of the eight selected were calculated using an incorrect mileage reimbursement rate, which resulted in a total underpayment to employees of \$16.

CRITERIA

Section 10-8-4(D) NMSA 1978 provides that "every public officer or employee shall receive up to the internal revenue service standard mileage rate set January 1 of the previous year for each mile traveled in a privately owned vehicle." Section 2.42.2.11(C) NMAC provides that "public officers and employees of local public bodies may be reimbursed for mileage accrued in the use of a private conveyance in the discharge of official duties, at the statutory rates unless such rates have been reduced by the governing bodies of the local public body pursuant to Section 10-8-5 (D) NMSA 1978."

In November 2012, the Town adopted the mileage reimbursement rate as defined in Section 2.42.2.11(B)(1), which is "...80% of the Internal Revenue Service standard mileage rate set January 1 of the previous year..." 80% of the IRS rate set on January 1, 2012 was 44 cents per mile. 80% of the IRS rate set on January 1, 2013 was 45 cents per mile. In accordance with Town policy, reimbursements for mileage in the 2014 fiscal year should be calculated appropriately using these rates.

CAUSE

Management had not updated the mileage rate from the previously established rate and was unaware that it had changed.

EFFECT

Underpayments are being made related to mileage reimbursement. As a result of these circumstances, mileage and per diem expenditures are misstated, and the Town is not in compliance with its policy.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-003 Mileage and Per Diem – Findings that do not Rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency (Continued)

RECOMMENDATION

Management should review its policy on mileage reimbursement and implement proper controls to ensure authorized mileage rates are used when calculating and approving reimbursements.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Concur with auditors and is being addressed. Correct calculations are now being done.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-004 Authorized Bank Account Signers – Findings that do not Rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency

CONDITION

As part of our test work over cash balances, it was discovered that banking records regarding authorized signers for one savings account had not been updated upon change of Town personnel. The account had three personnel listed as authorized signers even though two of those employees had left those authorized positions, one in 2011 and one in 2013. These accounts had not been updated as of the date of our fieldwork. As a result, access to account information was limited to one person.

CRITERIA

Banking records regarding authorized signers must be updated whenever there is a change to authorized signers. Good accounting practices dictate that regular review of authorized account signers is implemented to prevent fraud or misappropriation of funds.

EFFECT

The Town is subjected to an increased risk of unauthorized or fraudulent activity in the account by previous Town personnel.

CAUSE

The Town's procedures are not sufficient to ensure that authorized signers on bank accounts are reviewed regularly and unauthorized individuals are removed from bank accounts in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION

Management should regularly review individuals authorized on bank accounts to determine they are proper.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Concur with auditor's recommendation. All bank accounts are currently being reviewed for correct/authorized signers. All unauthorized signers are being removed and all authorized signers are being added.

C. FINDINGS - COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-005 Hiring Process – Findings that do not Rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency

CONDITION

As part of our test work over the Town's hiring practices, we noted that Hiring Committees were not properly formed in accordance with the Town's policy as follows:

- There was one instance in which the Department Head was not included on the Hiring Committee and the Hiring Committee was only comprised of 4 members.
- There were two instances in which the Hiring Committees were only comprised of 3 members.

CRITERIA

The Town's Personnel Ordinance, Section 4, prescribes that the Hiring Committee shall consist of the relevant Department Head and five persons, each designated by one of the Board of Trustees, including the Mayor. Persons appointed to serve on the Hiring Committee may not be related to any of the candidates being considered.

EFFECT

The Town hired employees that were not assessed by the appropriate amount of Hiring Committee members.

CAUSE

The Town is not in compliance with their internal Personnel Ordinance.

RECOMMENDATION

When a vacancy is to be filled, the Mayor, Trustees and Department Head's should ensure that Hiring Committees are properly formed to ensure that all candidates are properly assessed. We recommend ensuring that none of the appointed Hiring Committee members be related to the candidates being considered.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

The Department Head in the above mentioned incident was not included in the hiring process, per the Board of Trustees, due to the Department Head accepting an application of a family member's relative, after the posted deadline.

C. FINDINGS – COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATERS

2014-006 Payroll – Findings that do not Rise to the level of a Significant Deficiency

CRITERIA

Good internal controls dictate that personnel files should be maintained for all employees.

CONDITION

During our test work over 31 payroll disbursements, we noted that a personnel file for 1 employee could not be located.

CAUSE

Proper internal controls were not implemented to prevent the loss of the personnel file.

EFFECT

The Town was unable to produce one employee personnel file.

RECOMMENDATION

The Town should ensure that personnel files be maintained in a safe location, accessible by authorized individuals. The Town should exercise more caution with its documentation retention.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

We were unable to locate the personnel file that was missing due to the Town Clerk, who maintains the personnel files, being on Administrative Leave. New Policies and Procedures are being implemented for personnel files to be stored in a central, secure location.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TOWN OF ESTANCIA EXIT CONFERENCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 19, 2014 to discuss the annual financial report. Attending were the following:

Representing the Town of Estancia:

Cory Dryden, Councilor Josie Richards, Councilor Michelle Dunlap, Interim Deputy Clerk Duda Reese, Billing Clerk

Representing the Independent Auditor:

Donna Peace, CPA Michelle Martinez, CPA

Note: Management is responsible for the context of the report, even though the financial statements were prepared substantially by the independent auditor.