

VILLAGE OF DORA

Table of Contents

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	<u>Page</u>
Official Roster	4 5-6
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	8 9
Fund Financial Statements Government Funds - Balance Sheet	10
of Net Assets	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the	12
Statement of Activities	13
MAJOR FUNDS	
General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) Fire Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -	14-15
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Net Assets	17 18 19
Notes to Financial Statements	20-31

VILLAGE OF DORA

Table of Contents

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Page SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION **Non-major Special Revenue Funds** Combining Balance Sheet..... 34-35 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance..... 36-37 **EMS Fund** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) 38 **Ambulance Fund** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) 39 **Senior Citizens Fund** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) 40 **Non-Major Capital Projects Capital Projects** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) 41 OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION PROPRIETARY FUND Water Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis) 43 Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards..... 44-45 Schedule of Findings and Responses..... 46-48

Official Roster June 30, 2011

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Mickey BurkettMayorJack ManisTrusteeLewis WalkerTrusteeBill CatheyTrusteeBobbie VictorTrustee

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL

Becky Fraze Clerk/Treasurer

	DalAssa Mülassahlas ODA DO	
	De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC	
	Certified Public Accountant	P.O. Box 223 Melrose, NM 88124
		(575) 253-4313

Independent Auditor's Report

Mr. Hector Balderas State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board Members of the Village of Dora

Mr. Balderas and Members of the Board

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue fund of Village of Dora, (Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's nonmajor governmental funds and the budgetary comparisons for all nonmajor funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental fund of the Village as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for all nonmajor funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2011, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Village has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

November 3, 2011

De'Aun Welloughby CPA PC

FINANCIAL SECTION

Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011

Julie 30, 2011	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
	Activition	71011711100	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
	\$ 432,483 \$	80,279 \$	512,762
Investment	655	0	655
Taxes Receivable	2,201	0	2,201
Accounts Receivable	1,119	1,121	2,240
Total Current Assets	436,458	81,400	517,858
Noncurrent Assets			
Restricted Cash	0	895	895
Capital Assets	1,837,885	826,055	2,663,940
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(985,972)	(336,514)	(1,322,486)
Total Noncurrent Assets	851,913	490,436	1,342,349
Total Assets	1,288,371	571,836	1,860,207
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	31,568	2,711	34,279
Accured Payroll	3,340	0	3,340
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	12,959	0	12,959
Total Current Liabilities	47,867	2,711	50,578
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Customer Deposits	0	895	895
Non Current Portion of Long Term Debt	57,279	0	57,279
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	57,279	895	58,174
Total Liabilities	105,146	3,606	108,752
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of			
Related Debt	781,675	490,436	1,272,111
Unrestricted	401,550	77,794	479,344
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,183,225 \$	568,230 \$	1,751,455

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF DORA
Government-Wide Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Program Revenues							Net(Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
				narges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and		Governmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	5	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities													
General Government	\$	64,437	\$	125	\$	35,000	\$	0	\$	(29,312) \$	0 \$	(29,312)	
Public Safety		259,339		10,224		247,232				(1,883)	0	(1,883)	
Public Works		13,545		0		0		0		(13,545)		(13,545	
Culture & Recreation		29,153		0		9,374		0		(19,779)	0	(19,779	
Economic Development Interest on Long-Term		2,500		0		0		0		(2,500)		(2,500	
Obligations		3,575		0		0		0		(3,575)	0	(3,575	
Total Governmental							_						
Activities	\$	372,549	\$	10,349	\$	291,606	\$	0	-	(70,594)	0	(70,594	
Business-type Activities													
Water	\$	51,791	\$	29,081	\$	0	\$	0		0	(22,710)	(22,710	
Solid Waste		6,717		6,378		0		0	_	0_	(339)	(339	
Total Business-type	_												
Activities	\$_	58,508	\$	35,459	\$	0	\$	0	=	0	(23,049)	(23,049	
	Ge	eneral Reven	ues										
	,	Taxes								4.070	•	4.070	
		Property								1,272	0	1,272	
		Gross Rece	ıpts							16,915	0	16,915	
		Gasoline	1.							5,826	0	5,826	
		Motor Vehic								326	0	326	
		Interest Incor								2,676	746	3,422	
		Miscellaneou								9,047	119	9,166	
		Total Genera	ı Re\	enues and	ונ	ransters				36,062	865	36,927	
	Change in Net Assets								(34,532)	(22,184)	(56,716		
	Ne	et Assets - be	ginni	ing						1,217,757	590,414	1,808,171	
	Ne	et Assets - en	ding						\$	1,183,225 \$	568,230 \$	1,751,455	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	_	General Fund	Fire Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	353,437 \$	66,419 \$	12,627 \$	432,483
Investment		655	0	0	655
Receivables					
Taxes		2,201	0	0	2,201
Accounts		0	0	1,119	1,119
Interfund Balance		39,000	0	0	39,000
Total Assets	\$_	395,293 \$	66,419 \$	13,746 \$	475,458
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Interfund Balance Total Liabilities	\$	5,472 \$ 1,232 0 6,704	26,096 \$ 0 39,000 65,096	0 \$ 2,108 0 2,108	31,568 3,340 39,000 73,908
Fund Balances					
Restricted, reported in		•	4 000	44.000	40.004
Special Revenue Fund		0	1,323	11,638	12,961
Unassigned, reported in: General Fund		388,589	0	0	388,589
Total Fund Balances	_	388,589	1,323	11,638	401,550
Total I uliu Dalalices		300,303	1,020	11,030	401,330
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	395,293 \$	66,419 \$	13,746 \$	475,458

VILLAGE OF DORA

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Total net assets - governmental activities

Amounts reported for governmenta	al activities in the Statement of Net Assets
are different because:	

are different because:	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 401,550
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets \$ 1,837,885 Accumulated depreciation (985,972)	851,913
Long-term and certain other liabilities, including notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term and other liabilities at year end consist of:	
Notes Payable	 (70,238)

1,183,225

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF DORA
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Totale Total Ended Gallo Go, 2011		General Fund	Fire Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property	\$	1,272 \$	0 \$	\$ O \$	•
Gross Receipts		16,915	0	0	16,915
Gasoline		5,826	0	0	5,826
Motor Vehicle		326	0	0	326
Charge for Services		0	0	10,224	10,224
Federal Grants		0	67,165	1,960	69,125
State & Local Grants		35,000	164,013	16,768	215,781
County Subsidity		0	6,700	0	6,700
Interest Income		2,477	196	3	2,676
Licenses, Fees, & Fines		125	0	0	125
Miscellaneous	_	433	8,569	45	9,047
Total Revenues	_	62,374	246,643	29,000	338,017
Expenditures					
Current					
General		61,243	0	0	61,243
Public Safety		4,620	184,314	22,614	211,548
Public Works		2,246	0	0	2,246
Culture & Recreation		8,115	0	10,483	18,598
Economic Development		2,500	0	0	2,500
Capital Outlay		0	4,700	7,157	11,857
Debt Service					
Principal		0	12,031	0	12,031
Interest	_	0	3,575	0	3,575
Total Expenditures	_	78,724	204,620	40,254	323,598
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	_	(16,350)	42,023	(11,254)	14,419
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In/(Out)	_	3,500	(6,000)	2,500	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)	_	3,500	(6,000)	2,500	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(12,850)	36,023	(8,754)	14,419
Fund Balance at Beginning of year	-	401,439	(34,700)	20,392	387,131
Fund Balance End of Year	\$_	388,589 \$	1,323	11,638	401,550

VILLAGE OF DORA

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance To the Statement of Activities June 30, 2011

Net Change in Fund Balance	\$

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.

Depreciation expense Capital Outlays	\$_	(72,839) 11,857	(60,982)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		_	12,031
Changes in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$_	(34,532)

14,419

VILLAGE OF DORA

GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted Am	oounte	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget-
		Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)
Revenues				Basis	<u> </u>
Taxes					
Gross Receipts	\$	16,100 \$	16,100 \$	16,211 \$	111
Property		1,438	1,438	1,226	(212)
Gasoline		5,600	5,600	5,807	207
Motor Vehicle		290	290	298	8
Licenses, Fines, & Forfeitures		200	200	125	(75)
Small Cities Assistance		36,000	36,000	35,000	(1,000)
Interest Income		5,000	5,000	2,477	(2,523)
Miscellaneous	_	350	350	433	83
Total Revenues	_	64,978	64,978	61,577	(3,401)
Expenditures					
Financial Department					
Personnel Services		63,645	63,645	28,251	35,394
Benefits		0	0	10,801	(10,801)
Operating Expenses		0	0	19,922	(19,922)
Total Financial Department		63,645	63,645	58,974	4,671
Public Safety					
Operating Expenses		8,000	8,000	4,215	3,785
Total Public Safety	_	8,000	8,000	4,215	3,785
. otal i dollo Gallot,				.,	0,: 00
Highways & Streets					
Operating Expenses		3,800	3,800	2,600	1,200
Total Highways & Streets		3,800	3,800	2,600	1,200
Senior Citizens					
Operating Expenses		2,500	2,500	2,500	0
Total Senior Citizens		2,500	2,500	2,500	0
		<u>, </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Economic Development					
Operating Expenses		2,500	2,500	2,500	0
Total Economic Development		2,500	2,500	2,500	0
Culture & Recreation					
Operating Expenses		14,700	14,700	5,928	8,772
Total Culture & Recreation		14,700	14,700	5,928	8,772
Total Expenditures	_	95,145	95,145	76,717	18,428
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	\$	(30,167) \$	(30,167) \$	(15,140) \$	15,027

VILLAGE OF DORA

GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	_	Budgeted Am		Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget-
	_	Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	- 4	- 4	•	
Transfers Out to Senior Citizens	\$	0 \$	0 \$	(2,500) \$	2,500
Transfers In from Fire		0	0	6,000	(6,000)
Loan Payment from Fire	_	0	0	10,000	(10,000)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	_	0	0	13,500	(13,500)
Net Change in Cash Balance		(30,167)	(30,167)	(1,640)	28,527
Cash Balance Beginning of Year	_	355,732	355,732	355,732	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	325,565 \$	325,565 \$	354,092 \$	28,527
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to 0 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Net Change in Taxes Receivale Net Change in Accounts Payale Net Change in Accrued Payroll Loan repayment from Fire Functions Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(1,640) 798 (1,900) (108) (10,000) (12,850)				

VILLAGE OF DORA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND-FIRE FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

					Variance
		5		Actual	with Final
		Budgeted An		(Budgetary	Budget-
Б.		Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)
Revenues	•	400.000 Ф	100 000 A	450,000 Ф	00.000
State Fire Allotment	\$	120,000 \$	120,000 \$	150,990 \$	30,990
State Fire Suppression		14,000	14,000	13,022	(978)
Federal Grant		67,165	67,165	67,165	0
County Subsidy		6,700	6,700	6,700	0
Interest Income		0	0	196	196
Miscellaneous		15,567	15,567	8,570	(6,997)
Total Revenues		223,432	223,432	246,643	23,211
Europaditura a					
Expenditures Public Safety					
Operating		210,462	210,462	160 000	49,574
				160,888	
Capital Purchases Lease Purchase		0	0	4,700	(4,700)
Principal		15,606	15,606	12,031	3,575
Interest		0	0	3,575	(3,575)
Total Expenditures		226,068	226,068	181,194	44,874
Total Experiationes		220,000	220,000	101,134	44,074
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		(2,636)	(2,636)	65,449	68,085
Over Experialtures		(2,000)	(2,000)	00,440	00,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out to General		0	0	(6,000)	6,000
Loan Payment to General		0	0	(10,000)	10,000
Total Other Sources (Uses)			0	(16,000)	16,000
				(10,000)	
Net Change in Cash Balance		(2,636)	(2,636)	49,449	52,085
3		(, = = = ,	(, ,	-,	, , , , , , ,
Cash Balance Beginning of Year		16,970	16,970	16,970	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	14,334 \$	14,334 \$	66,419 \$	52,085
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to	GAAP	Basis			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures-Cash Basis \$ 49,4					
Net Change in Accounts Payables				(23,426)	
Loan Payment to General Fur	nd			10,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	s Over	Expenditures-GAA	AP Basis \$	36,023	
•			=		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA PROPRIETARY FUND Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011

ASSETS	
Current Assets	Φ 00.070
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 80,279
Receivables (net of allowance	
for uncollectible accounts)	
Accounts	1,121_
Total Current Assets	81,400
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Cash	895
Capital Assets	826,055
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(336,514)
Total Noncurrent Assets	490,436
Total Assaula	574.000
Total Assets	571,836
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	2,711
Total Current Liabilities	2,711
	 _
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Customer Deposits	895
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	895_
Total Liabilities	3,606
NET ACCETO	
NET ASSETS	400 400
Invested in Capital Assets	490,436
Unrestricted	77,794
Total Net Assets	\$ 568,230

VILLAGE OF DORA

PROPRIETARY FUND

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Operating Revenues Sales & Service Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues	\$ 	35,459 120 35,579
Operating Expenses Salaries & Benefits Operating Costs Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	<u>_</u>	2,400 31,444 24,665 58,509
Operating Income (Loss)		(22,930)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) Interest Income Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	=	746 746
Change in Net Assets		(22,184)
Total Net Assets - Beginning		590,414
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	568,230

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA PROPRIETARY FUND Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received From Customers Cash Paid to Suppliers and Employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 	35,459 (33,052) 2,407
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	746 746
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		3,153
Cash, Beginning of Year		78,021
Cash, End of Year	\$	81,174
Cash Reconciliation Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash	_	80,279 895 81,174
Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		01,174
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(22,930)
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities		24,665
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits	<u></u>	(167) 539 300
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	^{\$}	2,407

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

NOTE A: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Dora (Village) have been prepared in accordance with general accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements. Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Dora was incorporated under the laws of the State of New Mexico. The Village operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Village is considered a primary government, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Village may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges and issue bonded debt.

The Village has no component units, defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected village members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Village Board Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Village has a significant relationship.

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The funds of the Village are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classification and a description of each existing fund type follows below:

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the activities of the Village. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary Funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program such as the fees received for the ambulance service 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program such as the state grants for fire protection and emergency medical services and 3) capital grants or contributions restricted to meeting capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included amount program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The Village segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The Village has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the Village not encompassed within other funds.

Fire Fund -To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village Fire Department. Financing is primarily from an annual state fire allotment. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions. (NMSA 59A-53-1)

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The Village has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund - To account for the provision of water service to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections.

Additionally, the village reports the following non-major funds types:

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

The government wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in the Village gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Derived tax revenue, such as franchise and sales tax revenue, is recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program and 3) capital grants or contributions restricted to meeting capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included amount program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e. when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Village considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 30 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, charges for service, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other governmental fund revenues are recognized when received.

Budgetary Control

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village's Clerk-Treasurer submits the budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance and then must be approved by Local Government Division of the State Department of Finance and Administration.
- 3. The Village treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village Trustees and the State Department of Finance and Administration.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 5. The level of budget authority is at the fund level.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

The Proprietary Funds group accounts for funds received in the course of the operation of self-supporting functions which receive their revenues from providing goods or services to internal or external customers. The two types of funds that make up this category are:

- 1. Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds account for operations carried out and financed like a business operation, usually designated to be self-supporting through fees for services and generating revenues from outside sources. The Village of Dora has two of these funds, including the Water and Sewer Fund as well as the Landfill Fund. Enterprise Funds are budgeted as separate cost centers but as integral parts of the work programs.
- 2. Internal Service Fund (ISF). An ISF accounts for financing goods or services provided by an organizational unit of the Village to other units of the Village, on a self-liquidating, fee-for-service basis. The Village of Dora does not have an ISF Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Village is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

<u>Investments</u>

All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the Village may be invested in :

- (a) bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or Village which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding; or
- (b) securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government.
- (c) in contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with investment.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the Village in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

VILLAGE OF DORA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Receivables and Payables

Receivables include property taxes, interfund loans that are expected to be paid back and amount due from state government agencies related to various grant agreements. Payables represent routine monthly bills for services rendered and products purchased and accrued salaries and benefits.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment (including software), and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (with no salvage value). Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The construction period interest is not capitalized in the proprietary funds.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, Improvements and Infrastructure	30-40 Years
Infrastructure	40 Years
Equipment and Vehicles	5-20 Years

Use of Restricted Funds

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenue

The policy for defining the proprietary fund's operating revenues and expenses is how individual transactions would be categorized for purposes of preparing a statement of cash flows. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities normally are not reported as components of operating income.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Compensated Absences

There are no compensated absences offered to the Village employees.

VILLAGE OF DORA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available it will first be applied to restricted resources.

NOTE B: RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - all Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- B. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year from GAAP basis to the budget basis for the governmental funds are presented on each individual Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis).

Reconciliations are located at the bottom of each budget actual.

NOTE C: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Village is required by New Mexico State Statute (Section 6-10-17) to be 50% collateralized. Following is a schedule calculating the requirement and disclosing the pledged securities.

Portales National Bank		Balance Per Bank	Reconciled	
Name of Account		6/30/11	Balance	Туре
Village of Dora CD	\$_	98,735 \$	98,735	Saving
TOTAL Deposited		98,735 \$	98,735	
Less: FDIC Coverage		(98,735)		
Uninsured Amount		0		
50% collateral requirement		0		
Pledged securities		0		
Over (Under) requirement	\$	0		

The difference between the bank balance and the reconciled balance is outstanding deposits, outstanding checks and pending bank adjustments.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Wells Fargo Bank Name of Account	Balance Per Bank 6/30/11	Reconciled Balance	Туре
Village of Dora Village of Dora Village of Dora Village of Dora TOTAL Deposited Less: FDIC Coverage Uninsured Amount 50% collateral requirement Pledged securities Over (Under) requirement	\$ 74,093 \$ 3,000 63,958 141,051 \$ (141,051) 0 0 0 \$ 0	74,093 3,000 32,963 110,056	Savings Savings Checking

The difference between the bank balance and the reconciled balance is outstanding deposits, outstanding checks, and pending bank adjustments.

New Mexico Bank & Trust Name of Account		Balance Per Bank 6/30/11	Reconciled Balance	Туре
Village of Dora CD TOTAL Deposited Less: FDIC Coverage Uninsured Amount 50% collateral requirement Pledged securities Over (Under) requirement	\$ \$	80,000 \$ 80,000 \$ (80,000) 0 0 0	80,000	Saving
First Financial Credit Union Name of Account		Balance Per Bank 6/30/11	Reconciled Balance	Туре
Village of Dora CD Village of Dora CD Village of Dora CD Village of Dora CD TOTAL Deposited Less: FDIC Coverage Uninsured Amount 50% collateral requirement Pledged securities Over (Under) requirement	\$ 	2,592 \$ 82,256 32,255 50,184 167,287 \$ (167,287) 0 0 0	2,592 82,256 32,255 50,184 167,287	Saving Saving Saving Saving

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

First Community Bank Name of Account	Balance Per Bank Reconciled 6/30/11 Balance Type
Village of Dora CD TOTAL Deposited Less: FDIC Coverage Uninsured Amount 50% collateral requirement Pledged securities	\$ 57,523 \$ 57,523 Saving
Over (Under) requirement	\$ <u> </u>
Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits Depository Account Insured Collateralized:	Bank Balance \$ 544,596
Collateral held by the pledging bank in Village's name Uninsured and uncollateralized Total Deposits	0 0 \$

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2011 none of the Village's bank balance of \$544,596 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

The cash balance includes \$56 cash on hand.

State Treasurer

Name of Account	_	Balance 6/30/11	Туре
LGIP Fund-4101	\$	159	Investment
Reserve Contingencies Fund-4102		496	Investment
TOTAL Deposited	\$	655	

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, relates to how deposits and investments are reported in the annual financial statements of governmental entities. GASB Statement No. 40 disclosures inform financial statement users about deposit and investment risks that could affect a government's ability to provide services and meet its obligations as they become due. GASB Statement No. 40 requires governments to disclose deposit and investment risks related to credit risk (including custodial credit risk), concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The State Treasurer's Office provides the following information regarding the LGIP:

1. With respect to credit risk, the LGIP, a government investment pool, is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Therefore, the LGIP reports AAAm for credit risk. Public funds are not required to disclose custodial credit risk for external investment pools. Therefore, the LGIP is exempt from this requirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

- 2. GASB Statement No. 40 defines concentration of credit risk as investments of more than 5% in any one issuer. External investment pools, such as the LGIP, are excluded from the requirement of disclosing concentration of credit risk. Therefore, the LGIP is exempt from this disclosure.
- 3. GASB Statement No. 40 defines interest rate risk as the risk that interest rate variations may adversely affect the fair value of an investment. According to GASB Statement No. 40, an acceptable method for reporting interest rate risk is weighted average maturity ("WAM"). The State Treasurer's Office uses this method for reporting purposes for the LGIP. The WAM of the LGIP is identified on the monthly LGIP investment report found on the State Treasurer's Office website at www.stonm.org. As of June 30, 2011, the LGIP WAM is 50 days.
- 4. Finally, with respect to foreign currency risk, all investments in the LGIP are in U.S. dollar denominated assets. Therefore, the LGIP has no foreign currency risk.

NOTE D: RESTRICTED CASH

There was \$895 in restricted cash in the Water Fund for customer deposits.

NOTE E: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets Balances and Activity for the Fiscal year, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
	6/30/10	Increases	Decreases	6/30/11
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated				
	\$ 13,519 \$	0 :	\$ 0	\$ 13,519
Construction in Progress	0			0
Total Capital Assets, not	10.510	•		10.510
being Depreciated	13,519	0	0	13,519
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Buildings & Improvements	522,312	7,157	0	529,469
Infrastructure	254,493		0	254,493
Equipment & Vehicles	1,035,704	4,700	0	1,040,404
Total Capital Assets, being				
Depreciated	1,812,509	11,857	0	1,824,366
Total Capital Assets	1,826,028	11,857	0	1,837,885
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings & Improvements	221,620	14,388	0	236,008
Infrastructure	167,766	9,052	0	176,818
Equipment & Vehicles	523,748	49,398	0	573,146
Total Accumulated Depreciation	913,134	72,838	0	985,972
Capital Assets, net	\$912,894_\$	(60,981)	\$0	\$ 851,913

VILLAGE OF DORA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

General Public Safety Public Works Culture & Recreation Total depreciation expenses	Beginning Balance 6/30/10			\$ = =	3,192 47,791 11,299 10,556 72,838 Decreases	_	Ending Balance 6/30/11
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets not being Depreciated							
Land		\$	0 :	\$	0	\$	25,099
Total Capital Assets not						-	
being Depreciated	25,099		0		0	_	25,099
Capital Assets, being Depreciated	000 705		0		0		000 705
Infrastructure	668,795		0		0		668,795
Equipment	132,161		0		0		132,161
Total Capital Assets at Historical Cost	826,055	- _e -	0	\$ -	0	\$	826,055
Assets at Historical Cost	020,000	-Ψ <u></u>		Ψ_		Ψ_	620,055
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Infrastructure	295,800	\$	17,979		0		313,779
Equipment	16,048	•	6,687		0		22,735
Total Accumulated Depreciation	311,848	· _	24,666	\$_	0	\$	336,514
Capital Assets, net	514,207	\$	(24,666)	\$_	0	\$_	489,541
NOTE F: LONG TERM DEBT Notes Payable							

Notes Payable

A summary of activity in the Long-Term Debt is as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance 6/30/10	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance 6/30/11	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Ad Notes Payable NMFA-Fire Truck		ities 82,269 \$	0 \$	12,031	\$ 70,238 \$	12,959
Total Notes Payable	\$	82,269 \$	0 \$	12,031	\$ 70,238 \$	12,959

The Village entered into a loan agreement with New Mexico Finance Authority in May, 2006 to purchase a fire truck with annual principal payments and semi-annual interest payments of 4% totaling approximately \$15,889 per fiscal year. The fire truck debt service is paid from the Fire Fund.

VILLAGE OF DORA

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2011

The annual requirements to amortize the loans as of the fiscal year, including interest payments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	\$ 12,959 \$	2,930 \$	15,889
2013	13,474	2,415	15,889
2014	14,025	1,865	15,890
2015	14,612	1,281	15,893
2016	15,168	660	15,828
	\$ 70,238 \$	9,151 \$	79,389

NOTE H: PROPERTY TAXES

The County collects the Village's share of property taxes assessed. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Tax notices are sent by the County treasurer to property owners by November 1st of each year to be paid in whole or in two installments by November 10th and April 10th of each year. The County collects such taxes and distributes them to the Village on a monthly basis. The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues for the budget presentation.

NOTE I: PENSION PLAN

The Village has elected not to participate in the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association retirement system

NOTE J: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Retiree Health Care Act (10-7C-1 to 10-7C-16 NMSA 1978 provides comprehensive care group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. As authorized under Section 9D. Of Chapter 6 Laws of 1990, the Village has elected not to participate in the program.

NOTE K: RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2011, were as follows:

Receivables					
	General		Non-Major		Water
Taxes					
Property	\$ 54	\$	0	\$	0
Gross Receipts	1,623		0		0
Gasoline	496		0		0
MVD	28		0		0
Accounts	0		1,119		1,121
	\$ 2,201	\$	1,119	\$	1,121
		: =		-	

NOTE L: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The General Fund loaned the Fire Fund \$60,000 to purchase equipment in the June 30, 2008 year. The Fire Fund paid \$10,000 this year towards that loan leaving a balance of \$39,000. The General Fund transferred \$2,500 to the Senior Citizens for local support, the Fire Fund transferred \$6,000 to the General Fund and the Ambulance Fund transferred \$5,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to complete the construction project.

VILLAGE OF DORA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

NOTE M: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village participates in the New Mexico Self-Insurers Fund for medical insurance coverage for their employees. Commercial Insurance covers all other losses. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years. There are no claim liabilities at year end.

NOTE N: SURETY BOND

The officials and certain employees of the Village are covered by a surety bond as required by Section 12-6-7, NMSA, 1978 Compilation.

NOTE O: RELATED PARTY

The Village purchased \$2,000.00 in welding services from Bill's Welding for the fiscal year. Village Councilman Bill Cathey is the owner of Bill's Welding.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATED TO NON MAJOR FUNDS

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

EMS & Ambulance Fund - To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village EMS Department. Financing is primarily from an annual EMS allotment and fees collected for emergency transportation. The fund was created by the authority of state grant provisions. (NMSA 59A-53-1)

Municipal Street Fund

To account for the one-cent gasoline tax being allocated to the City for the explicit purpose of street repair. The authority for the allocation and setup of the fund is 7-1-6-27, NMSA, 1978 Compilation, 1989 supplement.

Recreation Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of the Village's youth recreation program. Financing is provided by the state shared cigarette tax. The fund was created by the authority of state statute. (NMSA 7-12-15)

Senior Citizens Fund

To account for the receipts and expenditures of the Senior Citizens. Financing is provided by the Area on Aging. The fund was created by the authority of state statute. (NMSA 7-12-15)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA NONMAJOR FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue				
	_	EMS Fund		Ambulance Fund	Senior Citizens Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	432	Ф.	7,121 \$	5,074
Receivables	Ψ	432	Ψ	7,121 Ψ	3,074
Accounts Receivable		0		1,119_	0
Total Assets	\$	432	\$	8,240 \$	5,074
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	0	_\$_	1,485_\$ \$	623 623
Fund Balance Restricted, reported in Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Total Fund Balance	<u>_</u>	432 0 432		6,755 0 6,755	4,451 0 4,451
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	432	\$_	8,240 \$	5,074

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA NONMAJOR FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	Pro	pital jects und	Total
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0 \$	12,627
Receivables	Ψ	σφ	12,021
Accounts Receivable		0	1,119
Total Assets	\$	0 \$	13,746
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	0 \$	2,108 2,108
Fund Balance Restricted, reported in Special Revenue Fund Capital Projects Total Fund Balance		0 0	11,638 0 11,638
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	0 \$	13,746

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA NONMAJOR FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Special Revenue			
	 EMS Fund	Ambulance Fund	Senior Citizens Fund	
Revenues	 			
Charge for Services	0	10,224	0	
Federal Grants	0	0	1,960	
State Grants	7,312	0	7,414	
Interest Income	0	3	0	
Miscellaneous	 0	0	45	
Total Revenues	 7,312	10,227	9,419	
Expenditures Current	7.040	45.074	٥	
Public Safety	7,340	15,274	0	
Culture & Recreation	0	0	10,483	
Capital Outlay	 0 7 240	0	0	
Total Expenditures	 7,340	15,274	10,483	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (28)	(5,047)	(1,064)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	4		
Transfers In/(Out)	 0	(5,000)	2,500	
Total Other Sources (Uses)	 0	(5,000)	2,500	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(28)	(10,047)	1,436	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 460	16,802	3,015	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 432 \$	6,755_\$	4,451	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF DORA NONMAJOR FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Capital Projects Fund	Total
	Fulla	TOtal
Revenues		
Charge for Services	0	10,224
Federal Grants	0	1,960
State Grants	2,042	16,768
Interest Income	0	3
Miscellaneous	0	45
Total Revenues	2,042	29,000
Expenditures Current		
Public Safety	0	22,614
Culture & Recreation	0	10,483
Capital Outlay	7,157	7,157
Total Expenditures	7,157	40,254
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over Expenditures	(5,115)	(11,254)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers In/(Out)	5,000	2,500
Total Other Sources (Uses)	5,000	2,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	(115)	(8,754)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	115	20,392
Fund Balance End of Year \$	0 5	\$ 11,638

VILLAGE OF DORA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND-EMS FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted Am	nounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget-	
		Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)	
Revenues						
State Grant	\$	7,339 \$	7,339 \$	7,312 \$	(27)	
Interest Income	_	2	2	1	(1)	
Total Revenues		7,341	7,341	7,313	(28)	
Expenditures Public Safety Operating		7,341	7,341	7,341	0	
Total Expenditures		7,341	7,341	7,341	0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		0	0	(28)	(28)	
Cash Balance Beginning of Year	_	460	460	460	0	
Cash Balance End of Year	\$_	460 \$	460 \$	432 \$	(28)	
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures-Cash Basis Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures-GAAP Basis \$ (28)						

VILLAGE OF DORA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND-AMBULANCE FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted Am	nounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget-
		Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)
Revenues					
Charge for Services	\$	20,000 \$	20,000 \$	14,045 \$	(5,955)
Interest Income	_	0	0	3	3
Total Revenues	_	20,000	20,000	14,048	(5,952)
Expenditures Public Safety					
Operating	_	15,000	15,000	14,931	69
Total Expenditures		15,000	15,000	14,931	69
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	5,000	5,000	(883)	(5,883)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers Out to Capital Projects Total Other Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	(5,000) (5,000)	(5,000) (5,000)	(5,000) (5,000)	0
Net Change in Cash Balance		10,000	10,000	(5,883)	(15,883)
Cash Balance Beginning of Year	_	13,004	13,004	13,004	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$_	23,004 \$	23,004 \$	7,121 \$	(15,883)
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to O Net Change in Cash Balance Net Change in Receivables Net Change in Accounts Payal Net Change in Fund Balance Bala	bles	P Basis	\$ \$_	(5,883) (3,821) (343) (10,047)	

VILLAGE OF DORA

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND-SENIOR CITIZENS FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted An	nounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget-
		Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)
Revenues					
State & Local Grants Federal Grants Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	7,414 \$ 4,960 0 12,374	7,414 \$ 1,960 0 9,374	7,414 \$ 1,960 45 9,419	0 0 (45) (45)
Expenditures					
Culture & Recreation Personnel Services Miscellaneous Total Expenditures		1,500 12,339 13,839	1,500 12,339 13,839	1,500 9,114 10,614	0 3,225 3,225
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,465)	(4,465)	(1,195)	3,270
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In From General Total Other Sources (Uses)	_	2,500 2,500	2,500 2,500	2,500 2,500	0
Net Change in Cash Balance		1,035	(1,965)	1,305	3,270
Cash Balance Beginning of Year		3,769	3,769	3,769	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	4,804 \$	1,804 \$	5,074 \$	3,270
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to C Net Change in Cash Balance Net Change in Accounts Payab Net Change in Fund Balance		Basis	\$ \$ <u></u>	1,305 131 1,436	

VILLAGE OF DORA

CAPITAL PROJECTS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted Am		Actual (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget-
Boyonyoo		Original	Final	Basis)	Over (Under)
Revenues					
State & Local Grants	\$	2,041 \$	2,041 \$	2,041 \$	0
Total Revenues		2,041	2,041	2,041	0
Expenditures					
Capital Projects		7,156	7,156	7,156	0_
Total Expenditures		7,156	7,156	7,156	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		(5,115)	(5,115)	(5,115)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In from Ambulance		5,000	5,000	5,000	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)		5,000	5,000	5,000	0
Net Change in Cash Balance		(115)	(115)	(115)	0
Cash Balance Beginning of Year		115	115	115	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to G Net Change in Cash Balance Net Change in Fund Balance	SAAP Ba	asis	\$_ \$_	(115) (115)	

PROPRIETARY FUND

Water

To account for the provision of water service to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections.

VILLAGE OF DORA

PROPRIETARY FUND-WATER

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP-Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Dudgeted Age			Actual		Variance with Final
	Budgeted Amounts			-	(Budgetary		Budget-
Revenues	_	Original	Final		Basis)	-	Over (Under)
Revenues							
Sales & Service	\$	35,925 \$	35,925	\$	35,593	\$	(332)
Interest Income	Ψ	750	750	Ψ	746	Ψ	(4)
Miscellaneous		6,050	6,050		120		(5,930)
Total Revenues		42,725	42,725		36,459		(6,266)
Expenditures							
Experialitates							
Personnel Services		2,400	2,400		2,400		0
Operating Expenses		39,008	39,008		30,905		8,103
Total Expenditures		41,408	41,408	_	33,305		8,103
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		1,317	1,317		3,154		1,837
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		, -	,-		-, -		,
Cash Balance Beginning of Year	_	78,020	78,020		78,020	_	0
Cash Balance End of Year	\$_	79,337 \$	79,337	\$_	81,174	\$_	1,837
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue			sh Basis	\$	3,154		
Depreciation		or Exportantiates ea	5.1 D ao.6	Ψ	(24,665)		
Net Change in Accounts Rec	eival	oles			` 167 [°]		
Net Change in Accounts Pay	ables	3			(540)		
Net Change in Customer Dep	osite	3		_	(300)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures-GAAP Basis \$ (22,184)							

	De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC	
	Certified Public Accountant	P.O. Box 223 Melrose, NM 88124
		(575) 253-4313

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Mr. Hector Balderas State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board Members of the Village of Dora

Mr. Balderas and Members of the Board

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund, major sprcial revenue fund, and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons presented as supplemental information of Village of Dora, (Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting; 08-1, 11-1, 11-2, 11-3, and 11-4. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of it's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is describe in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 08-1, 11-1, 11-2, 11-3, and 11-4.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the Village's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the New Mexico State Legislature and its committees, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration - Local Government and federal awarding agencies and pass through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

November 3, 2011

De'lun Willoughby CPA PC

VILLAGE OF DORA

Schedule of Findings and Responses

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Prior Year Audit Findings

2008-1 SAS 112 Compliance superseded by SAS 115 Repeated
10-1 Late Audit Report Resolved

Current Year Audit Findings

08-1 SAS 115 Compliance-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency Condition

The individuals responsible for the accounting functions for the District lacks the skills and knowledge to apply generally accepted accounting principals in preparing the entity's financial statements. The accounting management has not obtained training to adequately apply the generally accepted accounting principals, which includes GASB 34 and subsequent pronouncements. The Financial statements were prepared by the auditor.

Criteria

Statement on Accounting Standards (SAS) 115, Communication of Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, requires that management clearly accept responsibility for preparing all financial information and company's financial statements.

Cause

The Villages staff has not been trained on Governmental Accounting Standards and related procedures to prepare financial statements.

Effect

The Village's management may not be able to detect errors in reporting or financial presentation if they exist. Management may not be qualified to review the financial statements prepared by the auditor.

Recommendation

We recommend that the employees who participate in the accounting function obtain training in governmental accounting and the preparation of financial statements.

Response

The Village will continue to rely on the auditor to prepare the financial statements.

11-1 Payroll-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency Condition

The 6/30/11 payroll report was missing a payroll dated 6/17/11 which totaled \$1,278.00 in wages. This error caused the 941 and state unemployment reports to be inaccurate. State unemployment reports were not being completed correctly There were no excess wages reported on the 2010 3rd and 4th quarter reports. The state unemployment report reported \$3,746.62 more than was recorded in the general ledger in gross wages.

Criteria

Good internal controls and sound business practice requires that the Village provide adequate control over payroll. Also the governing body is charged with the responsibility of ensuring the proper oversight and expenditures of funds.

Cause

The Village is very small. Even compensating controls are difficult because there is only one employee and the board only meets once a month.

Effect

The Village clerk has the opportunity to pay for her own compensation incorrectly.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Village designate the clerk's position a salaried position with set hours that the village office is open. There should be is at least one board member available to review all payroll related items.

Response

Internal Control will be changed to resolve these issues.

11-2 W-2's-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency

Condition

We noted that the Village did not issue W-2's for the firefighters and EMS volunteers.

Criteria

IRS Publication 15-B.

Cause

The Village did not know they were to issue W-2's for volunteer firefighters and EMS. They were under the impression that they were to issue 1099's only if the volunteer received \$600 or more for the calendar year.

Effect

The Village could be subjected to penalties and fines.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Village review the IRS Publication 15-B periodically to insure they are in compliance.

Response

We will issue W-2s to the volunteers.

11-3 Reconciling of Bank Statements-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant

Condition

Bank Reconciliations are not being performed at year end date.

Criteria

Good accounting practices include reconciling bank statements to the general ledger at month and year end to agree to reports issued on those dates.

Cause

The Clerk reconciles at various time during the month but not necessary at the end of the month or year. There was not a bank reconciliation dated June 30, 2011.

Effect

It was difficult to work backwards from the reconciliation date to year end although we did arrive at the reconciled balance. This process could lead to errors occurring and not being caught because reconciliations do not correspond to month or year end dates.

Recommendation

The Village must reconcile the bank statements to the general ledger at month end and year end. It is acceptable to reconcile during the month but the process must occur at month and year end also.

Response

We will reconcile at month end and year end.

11-4 Expenditures-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency

Condition

During our fieldwork we noted that out of 125 expenditures sampled 7 were lacking invoices, 1 was paid from a quote instead of a bill, 2 credit card statements had no receipts to support the charges and 1 was paid from the wrong fund.

Criteria

NMAC 6.20.2.17 states that each municipality shall establish and implement written policies and procedures for purchasing, which shall be in compliance with the procurement code section 13-1-21, NMSA 1978.

Cause

The procurement procedures are not being followed and the council is not requiring them to do so.

Effect

The proper maintenance of supporting documentation relating to financial transaction is necessary to provide evidence that the purchase was proper, approved and classified correctly.

Recommendation

We recommend the council enforce policies and procedures in place to document expenditures and approval of the expenditures.

Response

We will be more demanding of those who have receipts to turn them in to the clerk.

Financial Statement Preparation

The financial statements were prepared by De'Aun Willoughby CPA. However, they are the responsibility of management.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 3, 2011. In attendance were Mickey Burkett-Mayor, Becky Fraze-Clerk and De'Aun Willoughby, CPA.