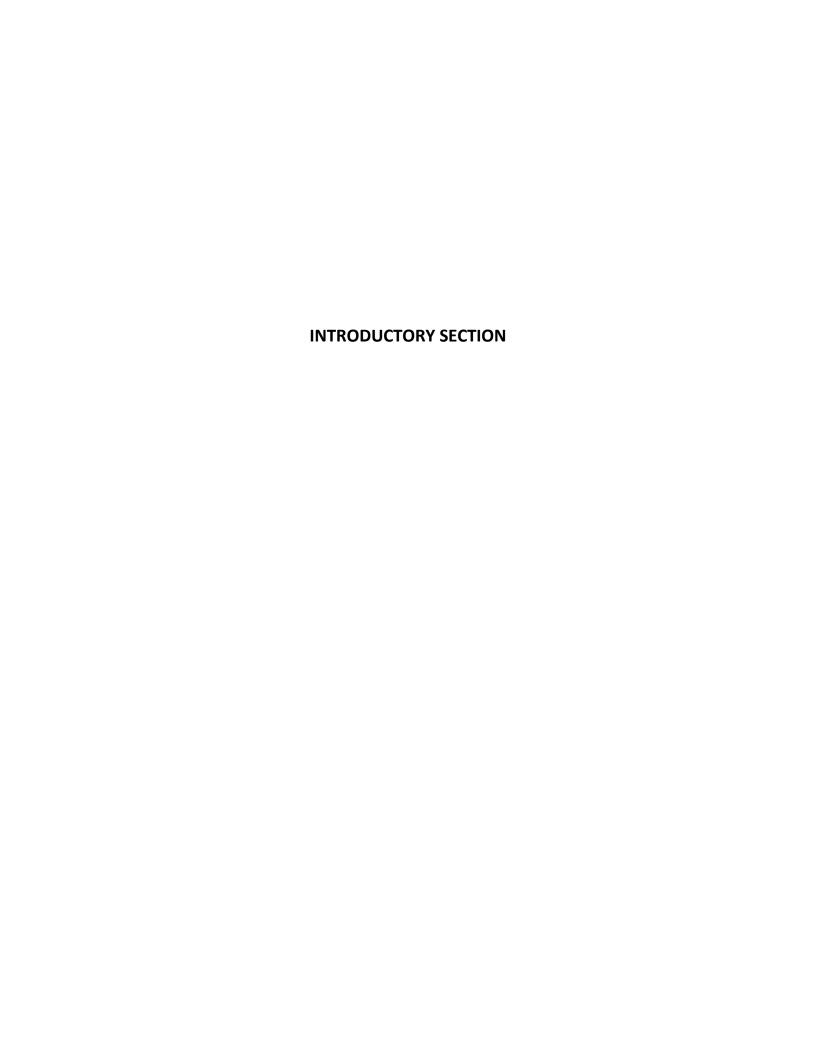
STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019





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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS OFFICIAL ROSTER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Elected Officials	Title
David Lansford	Mayor
Juan F. Garza	Mayor Pro Tem/Commissioner, District 1
Ladona Clayton	Commissioner, District 1
Gary Elliott	Commissioner, District 2
Sandra Taylor-Sawyer	Commissioner, District 2
Helen Casaus	Commissioner, District 3
Fidel Madrid	Commissioner, District 3
Chris Bryant	Commissioner, District 4
Rube Render	Commissioner, District 4
Administrative Officials	Title
Justin A Howalt, P.E.	City Manager
Claire Burroughes	Assistant City Manager
LeighAnn Melancon	Finance Director





Independent Auditor's Report

Brian S Colón New Mexico State Auditor Mayor and City Commission City of Clovis Clovis, New Mexico

To the Mayor and City Commission

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the City of Clovis, New Mexico, as of and for the year-ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the City, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of contributions, the Schedule of proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the schedule of contributions, and notes to the Required Supplementary Information on pages 63-72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the City's financial statements, and the combining and individual fund financial statements, the schedule of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the

auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

clutegrity accounting + Consulting, LIC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Integrity Accounting & Consulting, LLC

Albuquerque, NM

December 13, 2019

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2019

	Primary Government					
		Governmental	Business-Type	_		
Associated defended in the control of the control o		Activities	Activities	Totals		
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,722,725	4,989,385	21,712,110		
Investments		19,011,129	1,280,134	20,291,263		
Receivables						
Accounts receivable		920,360	1,564,368	2,484,728		
Taxes receivable		5,463,199	121,366	5,584,565		
Due from other funds		295,380	-	295,380		
Due from other governments		67,568	207,294	274,862		
Prepaid expenses Inventories		463,190	65,707	528,897		
Total current assets	-	193,043 43,136,594	<u>131,991</u> 8,360,245	325,034 51,496,839		
Non-current assets:		,,	2,200,210	,,		
Notes receivable, noncurrent portion		229,050	137,392	366,442		
Capital assets		142,787,734	117,389,220	260,176,954		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(74,570,570)	(55,339,240)	(129,909,810)		
Total non-current assets	-	68,446,214	62,187,372	130,633,586		
Total assets		111,582,808	70,547,617	182,130,425		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Employer contributions subsequent to the meas	ure	937,213	59,316	996,529		
Actuarial experience		424,248	15,694	439,942		
Investment experience		759,074	40,274	799,348		
Change in assumptions		1,199,522	49,233	1,248,755		
Change in proportion	-	778,559	74,177	852,736		
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	4,098,616	238,694	4,337,310		
Total assets and	¢	115 601 424	70 706 244	106 467 725		
deferred outflows of resources	\$:	115,681,424	70,786,311	186,467,735		
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and net position:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	336,718	840,465	1,177,183		
Accrued payroll liabilities		623,319	91,830	715,149		
Accrued interest		27,136	34,202	61,338		
Due to other fund Customer deposits		111,883	295,380	295,380 111,883		
Current portion of compensated absences		986,425	130,389	1,116,814		
Current portion of long-term debt		1,668,000	1,537,979	3,205,979		
Total current liabilities	-	3,753,481	2,930,245	6,683,726		
Non-current liabilities						
Landfill closure		-	6,059,255	6,059,255		
Long-term debt		10,891,444	14,008,885	24,900,329		
Bond premium, net of amortization		115,149	6,800	121,949		
Compensated absences		246,606	32,598	279,204		
Net pension liability		15,015,011	543,026	15,558,037		
Net OPEB liability	-	11,944,976	1,635,371	13,580,347		
Total non-current liabilities	-	38,213,186	22,285,935	60,499,121		
Total liabilities		41,966,667	25,216,180	67,182,847		
Deferred inflows of resources:		4 040 740	444.004	4 000 000		
Actuarial experience		1,849,719	111,081	1,960,800		
Investment experience Change in assumptions		149,069	20,409	169,478		
Change in proportion		2,300,563 129,038	308,437 5,600	2,609,000 134,638		
Unearned revenues		100,000	258,758	358,758		
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	4,528,389	704,285	5,232,674		
Net position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		55,657,720	46,503,116	102,160,836		
Unrestricted Net Position		13,528,648	(1,637,270)	11,891,378		
Total net position	-	69,186,368	44,865,846	114,052,214		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and net position:	\$ _	115,681,424	70,786,311	186,467,735		
T h	٠					

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Net (Expense) Re	venue and Changes	In Net Position	
Functions/programs				Program Revenues		P	Primary Government		
					Capital Grants				
			Charges for	Operating Grants	and	Governmental	Business-Type		
		Expenses	Services	and Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary government:									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	14,200,215	1,510,507	1,720,464	-	(10,969,244)	-	(10,969,244)	
Public safety		16,143,136	-	724,610	-	(15,418,526)	-	(15,418,526)	
Public works		8,517,641	-	-	-	(8,517,641)	-	(8,517,641)	
Culture and recreation		4,787,648	-	-	-	(4,787,648)	-	(4,787,648)	
Health and welfare		380,093	21,611	-	-	(358,482)	-	(358,482)	
Interest expense		512,215	-	-	-	(512,215)	-	(512,215)	
Total governmental activities		44,540,948	1,532,118	2,445,074		(40,563,756)		(40,563,756)	
Business-type activities:									
Solid waste		5,691,493	5,486,066	-	-	-	(205,427)	(205,427)	
Wastewater		4,491,686	3,177,439	-	1,355,595	-	41,348	41,348	
Airport		1,794,460	-	-	3,710,513	-	1,916,053	1,916,053	
Golf course		435,884	82,086	-	-	-	(353,798)	(353,798)	
Total business-type activities		12,413,523	8,745,591		5,066,108	-	1,398,176	1,398,176	
Total primary government		56,954,471	10,277,709	2,445,074	5,066,108	(40,563,756)	1,398,176	(39,165,580)	
General revenues:									
Taxes									
Property taxes levied for general pur	pose	es			9	\$ 2,183,075	-	2,183,075	
Gross receipts taxes						27,572,143	-	27,572,143	
Other taxes and fees						2,500,114	-	2,500,114	
Licenses and permits						381,410	-	381,410	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties						244,119	-	244,119	
Interest income						667,789	376,954	1,044,743	
Payment in lieu of taxes						-	-	-	
Miscellaneous income						2,638,692	1,278,150	3,916,842	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets						(53,395)	(5,720)	(59,115)	
Transfers						(643,278)	643,278	<u> </u>	
Total general revenue and transfers						35,490,669	2,292,662	37,783,331	
Changes in net position						(5,073,087)	3,690,838	(1,382,249)	
Beginning net position						74,991,537	41,010,836	116,002,373	
Restatement						(732,082)	164,172	(567,910)	
Beginning net position, as restated						74,259,455	41,175,008	115,434,463	
Net position, end of year					9	69,186,368	44,865,846	114,052,214	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

Major Funds

	Iviajoi ruilus				
		Spec Revenue	Cap Project		
		Environmental	2018 Street		
	General Fund	Tax	Bonds		
	Francis 01 10 70	Frank OC	Fried 2F	Total Non-	Tatal Funda
Assats and defended inflament recommend	Funds 01, 18, 79	Fund 06	Fund 25	Major Funds	Total Funds
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,452,354	3,556,558	2,608,670	5,030,754	16,648,336
Restricted cash and cash equivalents					-
Investments	297,317	3,481,741	318,060	11,669,371	15,766,489
Receivables					
Accounts receivable	909,961	-	-	10,399	920,360
Other taxes receivable	3,294,259	89,411	-	2,079,529	5,463,199
Other receivables	-	· <u>-</u>	-	229,050	229,050
Due from other funds	509,036	_	-	612	509,648
Due from other governments	55	_	-	67,513	67,568
Prepaid expenses	416,279	_	-	46,912	463,191
Inventories	5,482	_	_	187,561	193,043
Other assets	-	_	_		-
Total assets	10,884,743	7,127,710	2,926,730	19,321,701	40,260,884
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Total deferred outflows of resources					
Total deferred outflows of resources		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total assests and					
deferred outflows of resources	\$ 10,884,743	7,127,710	2,926,730	19,321,701	40,260,884
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 240,394	-	-	96,325	336,719
Accrued payroll liabilities	533,346	-	-	83,711	617,057
Due to other fund	5,539	-	-	486,472	492,011
Other liabilities	111,883				111,883
Total liabilities	891,162			666,508	1,557,670
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
"Unavailable" revenues	96,024	_	_	100,000	196,024
Total deferred inflows of resources	96.024			100,000	196,024
- II.	/ -				,-
Fund balances:	424 764			224 472	656.004
Nonspendable	421,761	-	-	234,473	656,234
Restricted	1,811,556	7,127,710	2,926,730	9,051,586	20,917,582
Committed	=	-	-	6,925,831	6,925,831
Assigned	-	-	-	2,794,323	2,794,323
Unassigned	7,664,240			(451,020)	7,213,220
Total fund balances	9,897,557	7,127,710	2,926,730	18,555,193	38,507,190
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balances:	\$ 10,884,743	7,127,710	2,926,730	19,321,701	40,260,884

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - Governmental funds			\$	38,507,190
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				68,217,164
Delinquent property tax not collected within sixty days after year end are not considered "available" revenues and are considered to be deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements, but are considered revenue in the statement of activities.				96,024
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to				
future periods and therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to: Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Actuarial experience Investment experience Change in assumptions Change in proportion				937,213 424,248 759,074 1,199,522 778,559
Deferred inflows of resources related to: Actuarial experience				(1,849,719)
Investment experience Change in assumptions Change in proportion				(149,069) (2,300,563) (129,038)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:				
Net pension liability	\$	(15,015,011)		
Net OPEB liability		(11,944,976)		
Bond premium, net of amortization		(115,149)		
Accrued interest payable		(27,136)		
Current compensated absences		(983,914)		
Noncurrent compensated absences Current notes payable		(245,978) (1,668,000)		
	\$	(10,891,444)		
Notice in the total payable	У —	(10,031,444)	-	(40,891,608)
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities to indivudal funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the internal services funds are included in governmental activities in teh				
statement of net position.				3,587,372
Rounding				(1)
			_	
Net position for governmental activities			\$ <u></u>	69,186,368

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Major Funds			
		Spec Revenue	Cap Project		
		Environmental	2018 Street		
	General Fund	Tax	Bonds		
	Funds 01, 18,			Total Non-	
	79	Fund 06	Fund 25	Major Funds	Total Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 2,138,009	-	-	-	2,138,009
Gross receipts/State shared	16,079,249	504,515	-	10,988,381	27,572,145
Other	1,044,089	-	-	1,456,025	2,500,114
Licenses and permits	375,722	-	-	5,688	381,410
Charges for services	1,355,740	-	-	176,378	1,532,118
Fines and forfeitures	91,214	-	-	152,905	244,119
Intergovernmental revenue					
Federal grants	(28,035)	-	-	1,204,181	1,176,146
State grants	(69,612)	-	_	1,338,539	1,268,927
Other grants	-	_	_	-	-
Interest income	125,831	64,675	88,160	304,986	583,652
Miscellaneous income	626,464	, -	9,181	1,388,512	2,024,157
Total revenues	21,738,671	569,190	97,341	17,015,595	39,420,797
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,220,151	-	-	407,723	5,627,874
Public safety	15,026,519	-	-	1,116,616	16,143,135
Public works	609,719	16,444	90,884	7,800,593	8,517,640
Culture and recreation	2,642,735	, -	, -	2,149,817	4,792,552
Health and welfare	40,732	_	-	339,360	380,092
Capital outlay	477,011	_	2,556,460	1,775,762	4,809,233
Debt service	,		_,,	_,,,,,,,	.,,
Principal	_	_	_	1,649,000	1,649,000
Interest	_	_	_	485,079	485,079
Total expenditures	24,016,867	16,444	2,647,344	15,723,950	42,404,605
·			_, _ , , , , , , , , , ,	10): 10): 00	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(2.270.406)	FF2 746	(2.550.002)	4 204 645	(2.002.000)
(under) expenditures	(2,278,196)	552,746	(2,550,003)	1,291,645	(2,983,808)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	-	4,592,444	-	4,592,444
Transfers in	3,306,778	-	884,289	5,487,604	9,678,671
Transfers out	(2,527,814)	_	, -	(7,603,639)	(10,131,453)
Total other financing sources (uses):	778,964		5,476,733	(2,116,035)	4,139,662
Net change in fund balances	(1,499,232)	552,746	2,926,730	(824,390)	1,155,854
Beginning fund balance	10,803,775	6,574,964		19,379,583	36,758,322
Restatement	593,014	0,374,304	-	19,379,303	593,014
				10 270 502	
Beginning fund balance, as restated	11,396,789	6,574,964		19,379,583	37,351,336
Ending fund balance	\$9,897,557	7,127,710	2,926,730	18,555,193	38,507,190

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES As of June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

because:	
Total net change in fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 1,155,854
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimates useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital expenditures recorded as capital outlay or other expenses	3,097,232
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(5,182,368)
In the statement of activities, a gain/loss is recorded for assets that are removed from service that are not fully depreciated. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the amount of the gain/loss recorded for deleted capital assets.	(53,395)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to property taxes receivable	45,066
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
(Increase)/decrease in accrued interest (Increase)/decrease in compensated absences Amortization of bond premiums Issuance of long-term debt Principal payments on long-term debt	(27,136) (368,318) 11,328 (4,592,444) 1,649,000
Expenditures in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds	
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Pension expense OPEB expense	937,213 (1,574,303) (61,103)
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net change of the internal service funds resulting from transacitons not recorded with governmental funds.	(109,713)

(5,073,087)

Change in net position of governmental activities

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts		Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:			7100001	(emarciality
Taxes				
	\$ 2,120,484	2,120,484	2,130,615	10,131
Gross receipts	15,032,500	15,211,248	15,860,838	649,590
Other	1,016,191	1,016,191	1,064,976	48,785
Licenses and permits	278,000	278,000	375,722	97,722
Charges for services	2,967,000	2,967,000	1,818,852	(1,148,148)
Fines and forfeitures	115,000	115,000	91,214	(23,786)
Intergovernmental revenue				
Federal grants	-	-	-	-
State grants	69,457	-	-	-
Other grants	-	-	-	-
Interest income	24,000	24,000	125,831	101,831
Miscellaneous income	161,500	628,656	468,430	(160,226)
Total revenues	21,784,132	22,360,579	21,936,478	(424,101)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	4,864,823	6,380,395	5,011,360	1,369,035
Public safety	15,969,174	16,491,382	15,091,083	1,400,299
Public works	734,270	738,553	646,443	92,110
Culture and recreation	2,570,878	2,790,721	2,639,516	151,205
Health and welfare	97,159	98,015	41,860	56,155
Capital outlay	1,049,284	490,770	477,011	13,759
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest				
Total expenditures	25,285,588	26,989,836	23,907,273	3,082,563
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(3,501,456)	(4,629,257)	(1,970,795)	(3,506,664)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from debt issuance	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,055,334	785,473	778,963	(6,510)
Transfers out	-	-	, -	-
Total other financing sources (uses):	1,055,334	785,473	778,963	(6,510)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and				
other financing sources (uses)	(2,446,122)	(3,843,784)	(1,191,832)	(3,513,174)
Pudgotad cash carriovar	2 446 122	2 042 704	1 101 922	
Budgeted cash carryover	2,446,122	3,843,784	1,191,832	
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>		
Reconciliation From Budget/Actual to GAAP				
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP budgetary basis)	ı	,	\$ (1,191,832)	
Adjustments to revenue for tax accruals and other misce			(197,805)	
Adjustments to expenditures for accrued wages and exp			(109,598)	
Net change in fund balance (GAAP)		:	\$ (1,499,235)	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

ENVIRONMENTAL TAX FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted A	mounts		Coverable	
		Original	Final	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:					· ·	
Taxes						
Gross receipts	\$	470,000	486,409	497,846	11,437	
Interest income		6,500	6,500	64,675	58,175	
Total revenues		476,500	492,909	562,521	69,612	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-	-	-	-	
Public safety		-	-	-	-	
Public works		-	16,409	16,226	183	
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	
Health and welfare		-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-	
Debt service						
Principal		-	-	-	-	
Interest						
Total expenditures			16,409	16,226	183	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		476,500	476,500	546,295	69,429	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	
Transfers out		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses):				-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and						
other financing sources (uses)		476,500	476,500	546,295	69,429	
Budgeted cash carryover			<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$	476,500	476,500	546,295		
Reconciliation From Budget/Actual to GAAP						
Net change in fund balance (Non-GAAP budgetary basis	s)		\$	546,295		
Adjustments to revenue for tax accruals and other misc		eous revenue a		6,668		
Adjustments to expenditures for accrued wages and ex				(217)		
Net change in fund balance (GAAP)	-		\$_	552,746		
			· =			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Major Funds					
	Solid Waste Fund 02	Wastewater Fund 10	Airport Fund 12	Golf Course Fund 19	Total	Internal Service Funds	
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents \$	1,619,918	3,296,870	100	72,497	4,989,385	74,389	
Investments	3,723	1,184,219	-	92,192	1,280,134	3,244,641	
Receivables	4 002 464	560 224	506		4.564.360		
Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable	1,003,461	560,321 121,366	586	-	1,564,368 121,366	-	
Due from other funds	-	121,300	-	-	121,300	277,752	
Due from other governments	-	13,280	194,014	-	207,294		
Prepaid expenses	26,881	34,817	2,234	1,775	65,707	-	
Inventories	12,780	119,211			131,991		
Total current assets	2,666,763	5,330,084	196,934	166,464	8,360,245	3,596,782	
Non-current assets:							
Notes receivable, noncurrent portion	-	137,392	-	-	137,392	-	
Capital assets, net	12,076,422	29,052,832	18,645,466	2,275,260	62,049,980		
Total non-current assets	12,076,422	29,190,224	18,645,466	2,275,260	62,187,372	2 506 702	
Total assets	14,743,185	34,520,308	18,842,400	2,441,724	70,547,617	3,596,782	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	40,608	14,134	4,574	-	59,316	-	
Actuarial experience	10,609	3,620	1,465	-	15,694	-	
Investment experience Change in assumptions	27,224 33,280	9,290 11,356	3,760 4,597	-	40,274 49,233	-	
Change in assumptions Change in proportion	50,766	17,660	5,751	-	74,177		
Total deferred outflows of resources	162,487	56,060	20,147		238,694		
Total assests and deferred outflows of resources \$	14,905,672	34,576,368	18,862,547	2,441,724	70,786,311	3,596,782	
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable \$	1,434	25,374	809,516	4,141	840,465	-	
Accrued payroll liabilities	61,230	25,302	5,298	-	91,830	6,262	
Accrued interest	4,920	21,544	-	7,738	34,202	· -	
Due to other fund	-	-	295,380	-	295,380	9	
Current portion of compensated absences	108,323	19,722	2,344	-	130,389	2,511	
Current portion of long-term debt	485,648	923,331		129,000	1,537,979		
Total current liabilities	661,555	1,015,273	1,112,538	140,879	2,930,245	8,782	
Non-current liabilities							
Landfill closure	6,059,255	-	-		6,059,255	-	
Long-term debt	2,044,117	10,111,768	-	1,853,000	14,008,885	-	
Bond premium, net of amortization Compensated absences	27,081	6,800 4,931	586	-	6,800 32,598	628	
Net pension liability	367,067	125,257	50,702	_	543,026	-	
Net OPEB liability	1,129,301	398,232	107,838	-	1,635,371	-	
Total non-current liabilities	9,626,821	10,646,988	159,126	1,853,000	22,285,935	628	
Total liabilities	10,288,376	11,662,261	1,271,664	1,993,879	25,216,180	9,410	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Actuarial experience	76,499	26,866	7,716	-	111,081	-	
Investment experience	14,093	4,970	1,346	-	20,409	-	
Change in assumptions	212,946	75,068	20,423	-	308,437	-	
Change in proportion	3,785	1,292	523	-	5,600	-	
Unearned revenues		258,758	-		258,758		
Total deferred inflows of resources	307,323	366,954	30,008		704,285		
Net position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,546,657	18,017,733	18,645,466	293,260	46,503,116	-	
Unrestricted Net Position	(5,236,684)	4,529,420	(1,084,591)	154,585	(1,637,270)	3,587,372	
Total net position	4,309,973	22,547,153	17,560,875	447,845	44,865,846	3,587,372	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position:	14,905,672	34,576,368	18,862,547	2,441,724	70,786,311	3,596,782	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CLOVIS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					Governmental Activities	
				Major Funds				
		Solid Waste	Wastewater	Airport	Golf Course		Internal Service Funds	
	_	Fund 02	Fund 10	Fund 12	Fund 19	Total		
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	5,486,066	3,177,439	-	82,086	8,745,591	-	
Federal grants - operating		-	-	-	-	-	-	
State grants - operating	_	-						
Total operating revenues	_	5,486,066	3,177,439		82,086	8,745,591		
Operating expenses:								
Personnel services		1,958,283	820,854	220,622	-	2,999,759	92,321	
Contractual services		1,690,999	1,483,901	300,638	352,132	3,827,670	516,069	
General and administrative		1,059,122	474,185	641,632	78,941	2,253,880	52,267	
Depreciation	_	983,946	1,441,892	631,568	5,489	3,062,895	925	
Total operating expenses		5,692,350	4,220,832	1,794,460	436,562	12,144,204	661,582	
Operating income (loss)		(206,284)	(1,043,393)	(1,794,460)	(354,476)	(3,398,613)	(661,582)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets		-	(5,720)	-	-	(5,720)	-	
Federal grants - capital		-	-	3,512,035	-	3,512,035	-	
State grants - capital		-	1,355,595	198,478	-	1,554,073	-	
Other grant revenues		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gross receipts and other taxes		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous		44,017	210,848	942,076	82,745	1,279,686	614,532	
Interest income		176,993	194,518	5,077	366	376,954	84,137	
Interest expense	_	-	(270,855)			(270,855)		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	221,010	1,484,386	4,657,666	83,111	6,446,173	698,669	
Income (loss) before transfers		14,726	440,993	2,863,206	(271,365)	3,047,560	37,087	
Other financing sources/(uses)								
Transfers in		479,605	341,850	75,832	725,278	1,622,565	10,000	
Transfers out	_	(805,807)	(173,480)	<u>-</u>		(979,287)	(156,800)	
Total other financing sources/(uses)		(326,202)	168,370	75,832	725,278	643,278	(146,800)	
Change in net position		(311,476)	609,363	2,939,038	453,913	3,690,838	(109,713)	
Net position, beginning of year		4,457,277	21,937,790	14,621,837	(6,068)	41,010,836	3,697,085	
Restatement	_	164,172		<u>-</u>		164,172		
Beginning net position, as restated	_	4,621,449	21,937,790	14,621,837	(6,068)	41,175,008	3,697,085	
Net position, end of year	\$_	4,309,973	22,547,153	17,560,875	447,845	44,865,846	3,587,372	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Busir	ness-Type Activit	ies		Governmental	
	_	Enterprise Funds					Activities	
	_	Major Funds						
	_	Solid Waste	Wastewater	Airport	Golf Course		Internal Service Funds	
	_	Fund 02	Fund 10	Fund 12	Fund 19	Total		
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,612,738	3,283,106	(194,600)	87,075	8,788,319	-	
Receipts from subsidy grants		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Receipts from interfund services provided		-	-	-	-	-	=	
Payments to suppliers		(2,751,586)	(2,026,797)	(89,566)	(431,832)	(5,299,781)	(604,723)	
Payments to employees	_	(2,029,733)	(767,617)	(230,430)		(3,027,780)	(89,693)	
Net cash provided (used) for operating activities		831,419	488,692	(514,596)	(344,757)	460,758	(694,416)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers from other funds		479,605	341,850	75,832	725,278	1,622,565	182,868	
		,		75,052	123,216			
Transfers to other funds		(805,807)	(173,480)	226 141	- (E4.202)	(979,287)	(156,800)	
Increase/(decrease) in interfund balances		(340,758)	(206,366)	226,141	(54,283)	(375,266)	-	
Miscellaneous income	-	44,017	210,848	942,076	82,745	1,279,686	614,533	
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital financing activities		(622,943)	172,852	1,244,049	753,740	1,547,698	640,601	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Intergovernmental receipts-capital		_	1,355,595	3,710,513	_	5,066,108	_	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(396,398)	(1,915,603)	(4,836,497)	(181,000)	(7,329,498)	_	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(479,605)	(899,197)	(4,030,437)	(125,000)	(1,503,802)		
Interest paid on long-term debt								
Long-term debt proceeds		(858)	(274,061)	-	(678)	(275,597)	-	
	-	(076 061)	89,513	(1,125,984)	(206 679)	89,513		
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities.		(876,861)	(1,643,753)	(1,125,984)	(306,678)	(3,953,276)	-	
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments		675	352,293	200,768	-	553,736	153,644	
Purchase of investments		_	-	_	(84,457)	(84,457)	(537,124)	
Interest and dividends		176,993	194,518	5,077	366	376,954	84,137	
Net cash provided (used) for investing activities.	-	177,668	546,811	205,845	(84,091)	846,233	(299,343)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(490,717)	(435,398)	(190,686)	18,214	(1,098,587)	(353,158)	
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year		2,110,635	3,732,268	190,786	54,283	6,087,972	427,547	
Cash and cash equivalents – end of year	s -	1,619,918	3,296,870	100	72,497	4,989,385	74,389	
Casti and Casti equivalents – end of year	= ۲	1,019,918	3,230,870	100	72,437	4,383,383	74,363	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(206,284)	(1,043,393)	(1,794,460)	(354,476)	(3,398,613)	(661,582)	
Adjustments								
Depreciation and amortization		983,946	1,441,892	631,568	5,489	3,062,895	925	
Pension expense		6,581	81,581	2,569	5, 1.05	90,731	-	
OPEB expense		(4,586)	(2,373)	1,345	_	(5,614)	_	
Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date		(40,608)	(14,134)	(4,574)	_	(59,316)	_	
Bad debt expense		605,704	629,667	(4,5,4)	_	1,235,371		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		003,704	023,007			1,233,371		
Receivables		(479,032)	(523,382)	(194,600)	4,989	(1,192,025)		
		10,586	(365)	16,558	324		400	
Prepaid expenses					324	27,103	499	
Inventories		(1,493)	(64,062)	39,374	-	(26,181)	-	
Other assets		- (4.22.1)	- (4.25.1)	706 772	(4.000)	-	(0.0.05 =)	
Accounts payable		(1,234)	(4,284)	796,772	(1,083)	790,171	(36,886)	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		(12,920)	(2,386)	(2,629)	-	(17,935)	2,944	
Accrued issuance costs		-	(618)	-	-	(618)	-	
Landfill post closure liabilities		(9,324)	-	-	-	(9,324)	-	
Compensated absences	_	(19,917)	(9,451)	(6,519)		(35,887)	(316)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	831,419	488,692	(514,596)	(344,757)	460,758	(694,416)	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	2019
Assets: Cash	\$ 34,839
Total assets	\$ 34,839
Liabilities: Refunds payable Held for others	\$ - 34,839
Total liabilities	\$ 34,839

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Clovis (City) was incorporated during 1909 under the laws of the State of New Mexico. The City operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, water supply, airport operations, and general government administrative services.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the City is presented to assist in the understanding of the City's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the City's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, or the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, GASB Statement No. 61 and GASB Statement No. 80. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operation. Each discreetly presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the City does not have any component units. Additionally, the City is not considered a component unit of another governmental agency during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

B. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the City accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the City include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as

internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements.

The City reports the general fund as a major governmental fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided through property and other taxes, federal sources, state sources, charges for services, licenses and fees, and other miscellaneous recoveries and revenue. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the City except for items included in other funds.

In addition, the City reports the following other major funds:

Environmental Tax Fund (NMSA, 7-19D-1 to 7-19D-11) – Special Revenue Fund – To account for the City's share of gross receipts taxes that are to be used for environmental clean-up issues.

2018 Street Bonds – Capital Project Fund – To account for expenditures relating to 2018 bond issuance for repairs and maintenance of City streets.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues and other taxes. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and for the non-major funds aggregated. The City reports the following proprietary funds, all of which are considered major funds.

Solid Waste Fund – To account for the provision of garbage and refuse removal services to the residents of the City of Clovis. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Wastewater Fund – To account for the wastewater system service provided for residents of the City of Clovis, including administration, operation, maintenance, debt service, billing and collection.

Airport Fund – To account for the activities of the City's airport. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Golf Course Fund – To account for the activities of the City's golf course. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the airport, solid waste and wastewater funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for workers compensation, unemployment insurance services, and property and liability self-insurance provided to other departments of the government. Services are provided on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds account for monies collected and expended to veterinarians on behalf of City residents who have had their unvaccinated animals detained and for the municipal court service used to account for bonds collected from alleged law violators.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City pools idle cash from all funds for the purpose of increasing income through investment activities. A "Pooled Cash" concept is used in maintaining the cash and investment accounts in the accounting records. Under this method, all cash is pooled for investment purposes and each fund has equity in the pooled amount. All amounts included in pooled cash and investments are considered to be cash equivalents for the purposes of the statement of cash flows, except for certificates of deposit or other investments that have original maturities of more than 90 days.

Investments

The City's investments are regulated by state law as well as by guidelines and rules promulgated by the State Investment Council and the State Treasurer. All investments are generally highly liquid in nature and are integrated with cash on the financial statements with appropriate disclosure. Investments are stated at fair value, which is determined using selected bases. Certificates of deposit are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value. Investments in a U.S. Treasury Fund and repurchase agreements are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Interfund Activity/Balances

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Receivables and Payables

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 90 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, unless a right of offset exists.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost using a first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Expendable supplies are accounted for using the consumption method. Proprietary fund inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis, and consist of operating supplies held for use in operations and are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The City current does not hold any items in inventory.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. Information technology equipment including software is being capitalized and included in machinery and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5). Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Capital assets that have been disposed of are recorded as deletions on the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is adjusted for all deletions.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense capitalized by the City during the current fiscal year was \$0. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Land	Perpetuity
Construction in progress	Perpetuity
Land improvments	20-40
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Equipment and vehicles	3-10
Infrastructure	10-25

Analysis of Impairment

Management reviews long-lived assets and intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In management's opinion, there is no impairment of such City assets at June 30, 2019.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of those funds expendable for operating purposes but restricted by donors or outside agencies as to the specific purpose for which they may be sued and restricted for future debt service payments.

Compensated Absences

City employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their employment classification and length of employment. With minor exceptions, the City allows 40-hour workweek employees to accumulate unused sick leave to a maximum of 1,000 hours. 24-hour shift employees can accumulate up to 1,400 hours. Earned vacation, up to the amount the employee accrues each year, can be carried over from one calendar year to the next. Upon termination, employees shall receive payment for unused accrued vacation. Employees with service to City in excess of 20 years will be paid for 50% of accumulated sick leave.

Full-time, permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. Accumulated unused vacation is payable upon retirement or termination from employment. All vacation pay and applicable accumulated sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Short-Term Obligations

No short-term debt occurred during the current fiscal year.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of fund net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a use of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The District has five types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, employer contributions subsequent to measurement date, net difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB plan investments, net difference between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions and change in proportion, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The City has recorded \$996,529 related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$799,348 related to the net difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB plan investments, \$439,943 related to actuarial experience, \$1,248,755 related to changes in assumptions and \$852,736 related to changes in proportion.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Revenue must be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period) to be recognized.

If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for deferred inflows of resources.

The City has six types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. The items, unavailable revenue – property taxes and unavailable revenue - grants, are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the

period that the amounts become available. The City has recorded \$96,024 related to property taxes and \$-0- related to grants that are considered "unavailable".

The items, net difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, change in assumptions, actuarial experience, and change in proportion, are reported on the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City has recorded \$169,478 related to the net difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, \$1,960,800 related to actuarial experience, \$2,609,001 related to changes in assumptions and \$134,638 related to changes in proportion.

Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the organization is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. In accordance with GASBS No. 54, the City classifies fund balances in the governmental funds as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal/contractual requirements. Examples are Prepaid Expenses and Inventory.

Spendable Fund Balance includes Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned designations:

Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are limited for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes fund balance amounts that are obligated to a specific purpose which are internally imposed by the government through formal action (Ordinances and Resolutions) at the highest level of decision making authority (City Commission). These commitments can only be overturned by a like action.

Assigned includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are considered neither restricted nor committed. Undesignated excess Fund Balances may be assigned by the City Commission, Mayor, or City Clerk/Finance Director for specific purposes through the budget process or agenda items. The assigned designation may be reversed by the City Commission at any public meeting.

Unassigned includes residual positive fund balances within the General Fund, which have not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned Fund Balances may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

See the Schedule of Fund Balances on page 98 for additional information about fund balances.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use in the General Fund, it is the City's policy to use unassigned resources first, then assigned, and then committed as needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned, and unassigned) are available for use in any other governmental fund, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as needed.

The City does not have a formal minimum fund balance requirement.

Net Position

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The City classifies net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the City's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position includes assets that have third-party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) limitations on their use. The City typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future project.

Unrestricted Net Position typically includes unrestricted liquid assets. The City Commission has the authority to revisit or alter this designation.

D. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net

position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

F. Income Taxes

As a local government entity, the City is not subject to federal or state income taxes. The City is generally no longer subject to examination by federal and state taxing authorities for years prior to 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2019, no interest or penalties were recorded or included in the financial statements.

G. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Indirect Expenses

The City allocated indirect expenses primarily comprised of central governmental services to operating functions and programs benefitting from those services. Central services include overall City management, centralized budgetary formulation and oversight, accounting, financial reporting, payroll, procurement contracting and oversight, investing and cash management, personnel services, and other administrative services. Allocations are charged to programs based on use of the services determined by the various allocation methodologies.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The City adopts budgets for each individual fund (governmental and proprietary).

In late winter or early spring, the City prepares a budget calendar, thus starting the budgetary process for the upcoming June 1 fiscal year. Budget request forms are distributed to City departments with a specified completion date. Legally mandated advance notices are formally published for grant availability and other purposes once budget hearings have been scheduled. The budget hearings are then held with all City department heads. Generally, in late May or early June, a budget meeting is held for tentative approval of the completed budget by the City Commission. After tentative approval at the City level, the budget is submitted to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) for approval of a temporary operational budget beginning June 1.

Immediately after July 1, when ending cash balances for the preceding fiscal year have been accurately ascertained, a final hearing is convened for finalization of the budget, and it is resubmitted to DFA for formal approval. None of the above budgetary processes are legally required to occur at any specified time; however DFA requires that the time frame be such that they (DFA) render their final budget approval no later than September 1 of the budget year in question.

During the course of the fiscal year, the City prepares monthly budget reports. Under New Mexico State law, each year's budget appropriation legally lapses at year-end.

Budgetary Compliance – Budgetary control is required to be maintained at the individual fund level.

Actual fund revenues may be either over or under the budgeted amounts; however, the variance is required to be reasonable, particularly in the case of over-budgeted revenues. Major over-budgeted revenues require a budget amendment as soon as the extent of the shortage is reasonably ascertainable.

Budget Amendments – Budget increases and decreases can only be accomplished by City Commission resolution, followed by DFA approval. Similarly, budget transfers must follow the same procedure.

Budgetary Basis – State law prescribes that the City's budget be prepared on the basis of cash receipts and cash expenditures. Therefore, budgetary comparisons shown in exhibits are prepared on a cash basis to compare actual revenues and expenditures with a cash basis budget as amended.

The accompanying Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual present comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity and timing differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources of financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2019 is presented. Reconciliations between the Non-GAAP budgetary basis amounts and the financial statements on the GAAP basis by fund can be found on each individual budgetary statement.

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The following is a summary of the City's cash and cash equivalents balances by fund type as of June 30, 2019:

Fund Type	_	Amount
Primary government		·
Governmental funds	\$	16,648,336
Internal service funds		74,389
Business-type activities		4,989,385
Fiduciary funds		3,447
Total cash and cash equivalents - primary government	\$	21,715,557

New Mexico State Statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash. Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more bank or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the City. Deposits may be

made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities which are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments

The City maintains cash in one financial institution within Clovis, New Mexico. The City's deposits are carried at cost. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures the cash accounts at the financial institution.

The City's cash balances consist of demand deposits, interest bearing savings accounts, and short-term certificates of deposit. The majority of City's cash and investments are pooled. All interest income is accounted for in the related funds. The City does not have a deposit policy. The City's cash and cash equivalents are listed on page 99 of this report.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City funds may not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk.

State regulations require that uninsured demand deposits and deposit-type investments such as certificates of deposit be collateralized by the depository thrift or banking institution. At present, state statutes require that a minimum of fifty percent of uninsured balances on deposit with anyone institution must be collateralized, with higher requirements up to 100% for financially troubled institutions.

For the custodial credit risk of the workers compensation deposit of \$72,958 in the NM Self Insurer's fund and the New Mexico Finance Authority deposit of \$2,394,169 with the State Treasurer, see the separately issued financial statements for the NM Municipal Self Insurer's Fund and the NM Finance Authority available through the New Mexico Office of the State Auditor at www.saonm.org.

Based on the above, the City is required to obtain from each bank that is a depository for public funds pledged collateral in an aggregate amount equal to 50% of the public money in each account. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico. The City's Schedule of Collateral is presented on page 100 of this report.

As of June 30, 2019, the City's bank balances (inclusive of investments listed in Note 4) of \$43,363,627 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Insured through federal depository insurance	\$	1,000,000
Uninsured, collateralized with securities held by pledging financial		
institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.		28,272,603
Uninsured and uncollateralized	_	14,091,024
Total uninsured deposits	\$	43,363,627

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS

The City's investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2019:

			Credit Risk-	
Investment Type	Cost Basis	Market Value	Rating	Maturity
New MexiGROW LGIP	\$ 14,091,024	14,091,024	AAAm	[35] day WAM (R) [112] day WAM (F)
Certificates of deposit	6,231,631	6,231,631	N/A	6 months
	\$ 20,322,655	20,322,655		

A summary of the City's investments by fund type as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Fund Type		Amount
Primary government		
Governmental funds	\$	15,766,489
Internal service funds		3,244,640
Business-type activities		1,280,133
Fiduciary funds	_	31,393
Total cash and cash equivalents - primary government	\$	20,322,655

For reporting purposes, the City's sweep account is considered cash equivalents due to its highly-liquid nature. All of the City's certificates of deposit have maturities of greater than 90 days and are not considered cash equivalents. Those certificates with maturities greater than one year are considered long-term investments and are reported as such on the Statement of Net Position. All of the City's investments accounts are held by the same bank as the City's other cash balances and are covered by the collateralization maintained for those balances. The certificates of deposit are valued at cost which approximates fair market value due to the relatively short terms and low rates of return on the certificates.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2019, the City's investment balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows. The local short-term investment fund, along with other public monies in the State Treasurer's investment account including amounts held by the NM Self Insurer's fund, is invested in repurchase agreements secured at 102% by U.S. Government Securities. The State Treasurer has the responsibility to pledge collateral at 102% of investment balances for the City. All investing is performed in accordance with State Statutes and the City Charter. For more information, refer to separately issued financial statements for the State Treasurer, which disclose the collateral pledged to secure the State Treasurer's cash and investments.

Interest Rate Risk — The City does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities to manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates. In addition, the City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in the State LGIP, certificates of deposit, and Federal Reserve notes. These investments are 69% and 31%, respectively, of the City's total investments.

The LGIP's portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinant of the tolerance of a fund's investment to rising interest rates. In general, the longer the WAM, the more susceptible the fund is to rising interest rates.

The New MexiGROW Local Government Investment Pool's (LGIP) investments are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date. The LGIP is not SEC registered. The New Mexico State Treasurer is authorized to invest the short-term investment funds, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, in accordance with Sections 6-10-10 I through 6-10-10 P and Sections 6-10-10.1 A and E, NMSA 1978. The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the fund amounts were invested. Participation in the LGIP is voluntary.

Fair Value Measurements

The fair value framework uses a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - o Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability,
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

 Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. See above for discussion of valuation methodologies used to measure fair value of investments.

New MexiGROW LGIP – Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. These investments held by the City are open-end funds that are registered with the SEC. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The mutual funds held by the City are deemed to be actively traded.

Certificates of deposits – The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the relatively short maturity of those instruments and the fixed value of the return at maturity.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the City believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The City maintained a balance of \$14,091,024 in investments at June 30, 2019 which required fair value disclosure. The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy of the City's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2019:

_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
\$	14,091,024			14,091,024

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	General	Environ-	2018 Street	Nonmajor	Total
	Fund	mental Tax	Bonds	Funds	Receivables
Accounts \$	3,206,782	-	-	10,399	3,217,181
Taxes (Property, GRT, etc)	3,294,259	89,411	-	2,079,529	5,463,199
Other intergovernmental	55	-	-	67,513	67,568
Other				229,050	229,050
Subtotal	6,501,096	89,411	-	2,386,491	8,976,998
Less: Allowance for					
uncollectibles	(2,296,821)				(2,296,821)
Net Receivables \$	4,204,275	89,411		2,386,491	6,680,177

	Solid Waste	Waste-		Golf	Total
	Fund	water	Airport	Course	Proprietary
Accounts	\$ 2,751,553	1,517,999	5,574	-	4,275,126
Taxes:					
Taxes (Property, GRT, etc) -	121,366	-	-	121,366
Other intergovernmental	-	13,280	194,014	-	207,294
Other		137,392			137,392
Subtotal	2,751,553	1,790,037	199,588	-	4,741,178
Less: Allowance for					
uncollectibles	(1,748,092)	(957,678)	(4,988)		(2,710,758)
Net Receivables	\$ 1,003,461	832,359	194,600		2,030,420

The City has an established policy where an allowance for doubtful accounts is established for all receivable items outstanding over ninety (90) days.

In accordance with GASB No. 63 and 65, the property tax revenues totaling \$96,024 that were not collected within the period of availability have been reclassified as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTE 6 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1st each year by the New Mexico Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by the Curry County Assessor to develop the property tax schedule by October 1st. The Hidalgo County Treasurer sends tax notices to property owners by November 1st of each year. Taxes are payable in equal semiannual installments by November 10th and April 10th of subsequent year. Thirty days later the bill becomes delinquent and the County Treasurer assesses penalties and interest. Taxes are collected on behalf of the City by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the City in the month following collection. The County Treasurer is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government. Distribution of taxes collected is made through the County Treasurer's office.

The City is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes up to an amount determined by a formula based upon each \$1,000 of taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the City is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bonds principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the City.

Property taxes receivable are an aggregate of uncollected amounts assessed for the current fiscal year, as well as delinquent balances carried forward from the nine preceding fiscal years. While some of the delinquent outstanding balances will eventually be eliminated through corrections, litigation, and other property tax administrative procedures, the majority of the balances will ultimately be realized through delinquent payment or tax sales. The aggregate amount of this ultimate realization is generally difficult to ascertain at any point in time. Thus, taxes not collected within sixty days of year end are carried in the deferred inflow of resources section of the balance sheet as "unavailable revenue" on the fund basis financial statements.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2019 follows. Land and construction in progress are not subject to depreciation.

, 10 mm	Balance				Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	06/30/18	Additions	Deletions	Adjust	06/30/19
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land \$	3,385,773	-	(20,000)	-	3,365,773
Construction in progress	29,873	2,617,014		(34,774)	2,612,113
Total non-depreciable capital assets	3,415,646	2,617,014	(20,000)	(34,774)	5,977,886
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvments	2,564,817	-	-	-	2,564,817
Buildings and improvements	23,753,996	-	-	-	23,753,996
Equipment and vehicles	22,193,701	465,193	(419,007)	34,580	22,274,467
Infrastructure	88,166,770	15,024		34,774	88,216,568
Total capital assets being depreciated	136,679,284	480,217	(419,007)	69,354	136,809,848
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvments	(232,884)	(34,239)	-	-	(267,123)
Buildings and improvements	(10,264,455)	(597,999)	-	-	(10,862,454)
Equipment and vehicles	(16,133,452)	(1,405,683)	385,612	(22,500)	
Infrastructure	(41,782,423)	(3,148,764)		(1,333,783)	(46,264,970)
Total accumulated depreciation	(68,413,214)	(5,186,685)	385,612	(1,356,283)	
Total capital assets being depreciated	68,266,070	(4,706,468)	(33,395)	(1,286,929)	62,239,278
Total capital assets, net of depreciation \$	71,681,716	(2,089,454)	(53,395)	(1,321,703)	68,217,164
	Balance				Balance
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	06/30/18	Additions	Deletions	Adj	06/30/19
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	6,159,811	-	-	-	6,159,811
Construction in progress \$	321,063	5,894,977	-	806,162	7,022,202
Total non-depreciable capital assets	6,480,874	5,894,977		806,162	13,182,013
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvments	1,517,878	-	-	-	1,517,878
Buildings and improvements	16,642,368	-	-	-	16,642,368
Equipment and vehicles	14,786,288	645,690	(17,332)	(11,250)	15,403,396
Infrastructure	70,473,624	-	-	169,940	70,643,564
Total capital assets being depreciated	103,420,158	645,690	(17,332)	158,690	104,207,206
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvments	(142,155)	(27,857)	-	-	(170,012)
Buildings and improvements	(6,526,286)	(523,187)	-	_	(7,049,473)
Equipment and vehicles	(11,859,043)	(581,415)	11,612	11,250	(12,417,596)
Infrastructure	(33,754,344)	(2,023,173)	-	75,359	(35,702,158)
Total accumulated depreciation	(52,281,828)	(3,155,632)	11,612	86,609	(55,339,239)
Total capital assets being depreciated		(2,509,942)	(5,720)	245,299	48,867,967
Total capital assets, net of depreciation \$	57,619,204	3,385,035	(5,720)	1,051,461	62,049,980

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to the following functions and funds:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 225,781
Public safety	1,392,274
Public works	3,233,961
Culture and recreation	187,929
Health and welfare	 146,740
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,186,685
Business type activities	
Solid Waste	\$ 1,065,070
Wastewater	1,453,505
Airport	631,568
Golf course	 5,489
Total business type activities	\$ 3,155,632

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

						Amount
		Balance			Balance	due within
	_	June 30, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019	one year
Governmental funds debt						
Compensated absences	\$	865,029	1,060,025	(692,023)	1,233,031	986,425
Revenues bonds payable		7,155,000	-	(775,000)	6,380,000	780,000
Notes payable	_	2,461,000	4,592,444	(874,000)	6,179,444	888,000
Total governmental activities	\$	10,481,029	5,652,469	(2,341,023)	13,792,475	2,654,425
Business-type funds debt						
Compensated absences	\$	198,874	123,212	(159,099)	162,987	130,390
Revenues bonds payable		7,779,370	-	(794,605)	6,984,765	815,648
Notes payable	_	9,181,783	89,513	(709,197)	8,562,099	722,331
Total business-type activities	\$	17,160,027	212,725	(1,662,901)	15,709,851	1,668,369

Long-term liabilities are liquidated from the general fund and special revenue funds. Business-type long-term liabilities are liquidated from the specific fund associated with the debt. No short-term debt was incurred during fiscal year 2019.

The annual principal and interest requirements on long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019 are as follows.

Governmental activities

Revenue Bonds

Bonds payable for governmental funds at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

	Sales Tax	Sales Tax
	Revenue bond	Revenue bond
	Series 2012	Series 2015
Original issue:	10/3/2012	7/1/2015
Principal:	\$ 9,000,000	6,705,000
Interest:	June 1 &	June 1 &
merest.	December 1	December 1
Rates:	2.00% to 2.50%	2.00% to 3.00%
Maturity	6/1/2025	6/1/2030

The October 3, 2012 Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, were issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, resurfacing, maintaining, repairing, or otherwise improving municipal streets, including storm drainage and sanitary sewer projects directly related to a street project or combination of the foregoing and paying the costs of issuance of the bonds. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Sections 3-31-1 through 3-31-12 NMSA 1978, as amended. The 2012 Bonds and all payments of principal, premium, and interest thereon whether at maturity or on a redemption date shall be paid with pledged revenues payable from the revenues distributed to the City by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department pursuant to Sections 7-9-4 NMSA 1978, as amended, 7-1-6.1 and 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978, as amended, and 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978, as amended. The bonds mature on June 1, 2025.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2012 Bond Issue outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 440,000	76,125	516,125
440,000	67,325	507,325
440,000	58,525	498,525
440,000	49,725	489,725
440,000	40,485	480,485
1,285,000	61,615	1,346,615
\$ 3,485,000	353,800	3,838,800
\$	\$ 440,000 440,000 440,000 440,000 440,000 1,285,000	\$ 440,000 76,125 440,000 67,325 440,000 58,525 440,000 49,725 440,000 40,485 1,285,000 61,615

The July 1, 2015 Gross Receipts Tax Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, were issued for (1) refunding, redeeming, paying and discharging the City's outstanding Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2005, in the amount of \$2,110,000, (ii) acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, resurfacing, maintaining, repairing, or otherwise improving municipal streets, and (iii) paying the costs of issuance of the bonds. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Sections 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978, as amended, providing for the disposition of tax receipts derived from the state-shared gross receipts tax. The 2015 Bonds and all payments of principal, premium, and interest thereon whether at maturity or on a redemption date shall be paid with pledged revenues payable from the revenues distributed to the City by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department pursuant to

Sections 7-9-4 NMSA 1978, as amended, 7-1-6.1 and 7-1-6.4 NMSA 1978, as amended, and 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978, as amended. The bonds mature on June 1, 2025. As a result, the refundable bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the City's liabilities. The new bonds mature on June 1, 2030.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2015 Bond Issue outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 340,000	70,900	410,900
2021	350,000	64,100	414,100
2022	350,000	57,100	407,100
2023	360,000	50,100	410,100
2024	370,000	41,100	411,100
2025-2029	970,000	95,450	1,065,450
2030-2034	155,000	4,650	159,650
Total	\$ 2,895,000	383,400	3,278,400

Notes payable

NMFA LOAN - EJP PP-2603 - 2011 Clovis 6-A – Park

On July 22, 2011, the City borrowed \$3,527,000 with an average interest rate of 3.72% from the NM Finance Authority. The net proceeds of \$3,437,000 (after estimated issuance costs of \$37,095 and processing fees of \$52,905) were used to advance refund Gross Receipts Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 with a total principal amount of \$880,000 and an average interest rate of 4.68%. The February 1, 1999 Gross Receipts Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1999, were issued to defray, in part (i) the cost of constructing, purchasing, furnishing, equipment (including, specifically, the purchase of computer hardware and software for use in taking care of "Year 2000" issues that the City may have), rehabilitating, making addition to or making improvement to one or more public buildings or purchasing or improving any ground relate thereto. The NM Finance Authority transferred \$2,594,095 to the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. for the City of Clovis. The Bank transferred the net proceeds to the City of Clovis to pay off the refunded bonds. As a result, the refundable bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the City's liabilities. The remaining proceeds were used for the improvement of park infrastructure. The note matures on June 30, 2031. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged governmental gross receipts tax revenues. The revenues pledged totaled 2,966,595 at June 30, 2019, and equal 48.7% of future state shared gross receipts tax at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City collected \$507,648 in pledged revenues, and retired \$247,712 in principal and interest on the aforementioned note.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
\$	158,000	89,631	247,631
	162,000	85,049	247,049
	167,000	79,930	246,930
	173,000	74,352	247,352
	178,000	68,245	246,245
	1,005,000	231,540	1,236,540
_	464,000	30,848	494,848
\$	2,307,000	659,595	2,966,595
		\$ 158,000 162,000 167,000 173,000 178,000 1,005,000 464,000	\$ 158,000 89,631 162,000 85,049 167,000 79,930 173,000 74,352 178,000 68,245 1,005,000 231,540 464,000 30,848

NMFA LOAN - PPRF-4742

On July 27, 2018, the City borrowed \$4,592,444 from the New Mexico Finance Authority. The note matures on May 1, 2033 and accrues interest at a rate between 1.45% and 3.20% per annum. The proceeds of the loan were used for acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, resurfacing, maintaining, repairing, or otherwise improving municipal streets. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged state shared gross receipts taxes. The revenues pledged totaled \$4,166,507 at June 30, 2019, and equal 2.9% of future state shared gross receipts tax at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City collected \$10,096,113 in pledged revenues, and retired \$803,951 in principal and interest on the aforementioned note.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	730,000	2,144	732,144
2021		745,000	1,832	746,832
2022		173,075	1,465	174,540
2023		175,000	1,033	176,033
2024		175,000	549	175,549
2025-2029		982,778	216,880	1,199,658
2030-2034		891,591	70,160	961,751
Total	\$	3,872,444	294,063	4,166,507

Business-type activities

Revenue Bonds

Bonds payable for proprietary funds at June 30, 2019 are comprised of the following:

	Sales Tax	Sales Tax
	Revenue bond	Revenue bond
	Series 2010	Series 2014
Original issue:	9/21/2010	4/18/2014
Principal: \$	7,000,000	4,888,665
Interest:	June 1 &	June 1 &
mierest.	December 1	December 1
Rates:	2.00% to 4.00%	.25% to 2.79%
Maturity	6/1/2030	6/1/2024

The September 21, 2010 Gross Receipts Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, were issued to defray, in part (i) the cost of constructing, purchasing, furnishing, equipping or making improvement to the City's waste water treatment plant and (ii) paying all costs incidental to the issuance of the bonds. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Sections 3-31-1 through 3-31-12 NMSA 1978, as amended. The 2010 Bonds and all payments of principal, premium, and interest thereon whether at maturity or on a redemption date shall be paid with pledged revenues payable from the revenues distributed to the City by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department pursuant to Sections 7-9-4, NMSA 1978, as amended, 7-1-6.1 and 7-1-6.4 NMSA, as amended and 7-1-6.15 NMSA, 1978 as amended. The bonds mature on June 1, 2030.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2010 Bond Issue outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	330,000	157,188	487,188
2021		340,000	143,988	483,988
2022		355,000	133,788	488,788
2023		370,000	123,137	493,137
2024		385,000	111,575	496,575
2025-2029		2,180,000	349,138	2,529,138
2030-2034		495,000	19,800	514,800
Total	\$	4,455,000	1,038,614	5,493,614
	-			

The April 18, 2014 Gross Receipts Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, were issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing, and otherwise improving or maintaining the City's landfill or any combination of the foregoing and paying all costs of issuance of the bonds. The Bonds are being issued pursuant to Sections 3-31-1 through 3-31-12 NMSA 1978, as amended. The 2014 Bonds and all payments of principal, premium, and interest thereon whether at maturity or on a redemption date shall be paid with pledged revenues payable from the revenues distributed to the City by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department pursuant to Sections 7-9-

4, NMSA 1978, as amended, 7-1-6.1 and 7-1-6.4 NMSA, as amended and 7-1-6.15 NMSA, 1978 as amended. The bonds mature on June 1, 2024.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2014 Bond Issue outstanding as of June 30, 2019, including interest payments are as follows:

		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	485,648	59,043	544,691
2021		493,904	50,787	544,691
2022		504,079	40,613	544,692
2023		516,227	28,464	544,691
2024	_	529,907	14,784	544,691
Total	\$	2,529,765	193,691	2,723,456

Notes Payable

New Mexico Environment Department – Wastewater Improvements

On June 18, 2008, the City borrowed \$8,739,413 from the New Mexico Environment Department. The note matures on June 11, 2027 and carries a 2.0% interest rate. The proceeds of the loan were used for wastewater system improvements. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged net revenues of the City's wastewater utility system. The revenues pledged totaled \$4,810,263 at June 30, 2019, and equal 10.8% of future wastewater utility revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City collected \$4,932,681 in pledged revenues, and retired \$534,474 in principal and interest on the aforementioned note.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	447,224	87,250	534,474
2021		456,168 78,306		534,474
2022		465,292	69,182	534,474
2023		474,597	59,876	534,473
2024		484,089	50,384	534,473
2025-2029		2,035,131	102,764	2,137,895
Total	\$_	4,362,501	447,762	4,810,263

NMFA LOAN - EJP PP-2603 - 2011 Clovis 6-B - Golf Course

On July 22, 2011, the City borrowed \$2,877,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority. The note matures on June 30, 2031 and carries a 4.53% blended interest rate. The proceeds of the loan were used for improvements to the City's golf course. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged governmental gross receipts tax revenues. The revenues pledged totaled \$2,667,317 at June 30, 2019, and equal 43.8% of future state shared gross receipts tax at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City collected \$507,648 in pledged revenues, and retired \$222,210 in principal and interest on the aforementioned note.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	129,000	92,847	221,847
2021		134,000	88,023	222,023
2022		140,000	82,743	222,743
2023		145,000	76,947	221,947
2024		152,000	70,727	222,727
2025-2029		870,000	241,274	1,111,274
2030-2034	_	412,000	32,756	444,756
Total	\$_	1,982,000	685,317	2,667,317

NMFA LOAN - WTB-0233

On June 2, 2012, the City borrowed \$1,645,380 from the New Mexico Finance Authority. The note matures on June 30, 2032 and carries a 2.50% interest rate. The proceeds of the loan were used for improvements to the City's wastewater treatment plant including an aeration/dentrification treatment plan. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged net revenues of the City's wastewater utility system. The revenues pledged totaled \$1,097,794 at June 30, 2019, and equal 01.7% of future wastewater utility revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City collected \$4,932,681 in pledged revenues, and retired \$84,446 in principal and interest on the aforementioned note.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	81,749	2,697	84,446
2021		81,953	2,493	84,446
2022		82,158	2,288	84,446
2023		82,363	2,082	84,445
2024		82,569	1,877	84,446
2025-2029		415,954	6,276	422,230
2030-2034	_	252,074	1,261	253,335
Total	\$_	1,078,820	18,974	1,097,794

NMFA LOAN - WTB-0308

On October 23, 2015, the City borrowed \$1,280,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority. The note matures on June 30, 2035 and carries a 0% interest rate; however, a .25% administrative fee is assessed with each payment. The proceeds of the loan were used for improvements to the City's wastewater system. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged net revenues of the City's wastewater utility system. The revenues pledged totaled \$1,071,699 at June 30, 2019, and equal 01.4% of future wastewater utility revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City collected \$4,932,681 in pledged revenues, and retired \$66,982 in principal and interest on the aforementioned note.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

		Principal Interest		Total	
2020	\$	64,358	2,623	66,981	
2021		64,519	2,462	66,981	
2022		64,680	2,301	66,981	
2023		64,842	2,139	66,981	
2024		65,004	1,977	66,981	
2025-2029		327,467	7,440	334,907	
2030-2034		331,580	3,326	334,906	
2034-2038	_	66,814	167	66,981	
Total	\$	1,049,264	22,435	1,071,699	

NMFA LOAN - WPF-4360

On November 30, 2018, the City borrowed \$190,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority. The note matures on June 30, 2035 and carries a 0% interest rate; however, a .25% administrative fee is assessed with each payment. The proceeds of the loan were used for the development and construction of an effluent reuse system. The payments of principal and interest are paid from pledged net revenues of the City's waterwater system. As of June 30, 2019, a total of \$89,513 had been drawn from the note proceeds. The remaining proceeds are expected to be utilized during the year ended June 30, 2020. No amounts for principal and interest were paid on the note during the year ended June 30, 2019.

The future payments required on the note payable are as follows:

		Principal	Interest	Total	
2020	\$	-	-	-	
2021		8,599	1,189	9,788	
2022		9,334	454	9,788	
2023		9,358	430	9,788	
2024		9,381	407	9,788	
2025-2029		47,259	1,681	48,940	
2030-2034		47,852	1,087	48,939	
2035-2039		48,453	486	48,939	
2040-2044	_	9,764	24	9,788	
Total	\$_	190,000	5,758	195,758	

The governmental activities and business-type activities notes payable are all secured with an irrevocable lien placed on the pledged revenues to the extent required to pay the outstanding loan amounts and any related interest. The outstanding notes payable contain (1) a provision that in an event of default, the City could be legally compelled to carry out its duties under the law and the loan agreement, (2) cause the City to account for all of the pledged revenues as if it were the trustee if an express trust, and (3) permit the lender to take whatever action at law or in equity may appear necessary or desirable to collect amounts then due and thereafter to become due under the loan agreement. The City's outstanding notes payable do not contain any subjective acceleration clauses to allows the lender to accelerate payment of the entire principal amount to become immediately due if

the lender determines that a material adverse change occurs. Default remedies entered against the City are limited and may reach only available pledged revenues.

NOTE 9 – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City of Clovis place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure of the landfill site. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste.

The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The total estimated liability for landfill closure costs for Cells 1 through 4; Asbestos Monofill; C & D Wedge and the OD closed landfill is \$6,059,255 as of June 30, 2019, which is based on the cumulative capacity to date as a percentage of projected capacity at the time of landfill closure. This represents a decrease of \$9,324 from the prior year. It is estimated that no additional costs will be recognized as closure and post-closure care costs between the balance sheet date and the date the landfill site is expected to close in accordance with State of New Mexico Environmental Division and Federal EPA regulations. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$6,059,255 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2019. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in state and federal landfill laws and regulations.

The City of Clovis is required by the State of New Mexico Environmental Regulation Board to demonstrate financial assurance for the closure and post-closure costs. The City of Clovis obtained permanent financing from the NM Finance Authority for landfill expansion, closure, and post-closure care. The agreement establishes terms for use of the proceeds, and repayment of amounts loaned. In addition, the City has designated funds totaling \$7,127,710 to offset the future estimated post-closure liability amounts. The City expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional post-closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

NOTE 10 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The City recorded interfund transfers to reflect activity occurring between funds. Transfers and payments within the City are substantially for the purpose of subsidizing operating functions and funding various projects within the City. All transfers made during the year were considered routine and were consistent with the general characteristics of the City's transfer policy.

The composition of interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

			Non-Major						
		2018	Govern-					Internal	
	General	Street	mental	Solid	Waste-		Golf	Service	
	Fund	Bonds	Funds	Waste	water	Airport	Course	Funds	Total
General	\$ -	-	2,169,649	-	-	33,807	324,358	-	2,527,814
Non-Major Governmental	2,852,181	860,809	3,182,424	479,605	341,850	42,025	400,920	10,000	8,169,814
Solid Waste	259,000	-	546,807	-	-	-	-	-	805,807
Wastewater	150,000	23,480	-	-	-	-	-	-	173,480
Internal Service Funds	1,900	-	154,900	-	-	-	-	-	156,800
Fiduciary funds	43,696								43,696
Total	\$ 3,306,777	884,289	6,053,780	479,605	341,850	75,832	725,278	10,000	11,877,411

The City recorded interfund receivables/payables to reflect temporary loans between funds. The purpose of the loans was to cover cash shortages until grant reimbursements or other funding measures could be obtained. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Fund type	_	Amount
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Proprietary fund	\$	589
General Fund	Wastewater fund	Proprietary fund		123
General Fund	Airport	Proprietary fund		38
General Fund	Workers comp fund	Internal services fund		9
General Fund	Recreation fund	Nonmajor spec rev fund		39
General Fund	Senior Services Fund	Nonmajor spec rev fund		77
General Fund	Nef Houk Park fund	Nonmajor spec rev fund		19
General Fund	Library fund	Nonmajor spec rev fund		124
General Fund	Special streets fund	Nonmajor spec rev fund		229
General Fund	Clovis Area Transit System fund	Nonmajor spec rev fund	_	124
			\$_	1,371

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. City of Clovis has joined together with other local governments in the state and obtained insurance through the New Mexico Self-Insurers Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The City pays an annual premium to New Mexico Self-Insurers Fund for general insurance coverage and all risk of loss is transferred. The premiums paid for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$1,231,804.

The City established limited risk management programs for workers' compensation (as discussed below) and unemployment claims. Premiums for unemployment claims are paid to the appropriate internal service fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claims reserves, and administrative costs of the program.

Effective January 1, 1991, the City established a limited risk management program for workers compensation. The City contracted with the New Mexico Self Insurer Fund (Fund) as administrator for this program. At the beginning of each policy period, the City pays a retention premium which covers expenses of the Fund, including, but not limited to, reinsurance expenses, claims adjusting, rating and underwriting, safety and loss control, reporting and administration. In the retention rating year (1/1/91 - 1/1/92), the City paid a "loss fund deposit" to the Fund equal to 15% of the estimated "manual premium". This deposit is retained by the Fund for the benefit of the City in paying all applicable claims and costs for all policy periods. Each anniversary date, the deposit will be reviewed and revised if necessary. The City's self-insured specific retention is \$250,000 per accident, with aggregate of 150% of the "manual premium" for a policy period.

The City accounts for this program in its Internal Service Fund, Workers Compensation. The Workers Compensation Fund allocates the cost of providing claim servicing and claim payments by charging a "premium" to each participating governmental and business-type activities fund, based on each fund's percentage of the estimated "manual premium". This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience and makes provision for catastrophic loss.

The Workers Compensation fund liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of payout), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claims adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 12 - PERA PENSION PLAN

Plan description. Public Employees Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officers, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the Public Employees Retirement Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, unless specifically excluded.

Benefits Provided – Tier I - Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or more years of service or after 25 years of service regardless of age for TIER I members. Provisions also exist for retirement between ages 60 and 65, with varying amounts of service required. Certain police and fire members may retire at any age with 20 or more years of service for Tier I members. Generally, the amount of retirement pension is based on final average salary, which is defined under Tier I as the average of salary for the 36 consecutive months of credited service producing the largest average; credited service; and the pension factor of the applicable coverage plan. Monthly benefits vary depending upon the plan under which the member qualifies, ranging from 2% to 3.5% of the member's final average salary per year of service. The maximum benefit that can be paid to a retiree may not exceed a range of 60% to 90% of the final average salary, depending on the division. Benefits for duty and non-duty death and disability and for post-retirement survivors' annuities are also available.

TIER II – The retirement age and service credit requirements for normal retirement for PERA state and municipal general members hired increased effective July 1, 2013 with the passage of Senate Bill 27 in the 2013 Legislative Session. Under the new requirements (Tier II), general members are eligible to retire at any age if the member has at least eight years of service credit and the sum of the member's age and service credit equals at least 85 or at age 67 with 8 or more years of service credit. General members hired on or before June 30, 2013 (Tier I) remain eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit. Under Tier II, police and firefighters in Plans 3, 4 and 5 are eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit. State police and adult correctional officers, peace officers and municipal juvenile detention officers will remain in 25-year retirement plans, however, service credit will no longer be enhanced by 20%. All public safety members in Tier II may retire at age 60 with 6 or more years of service credit. Generally, under Tier II pension factors were reduced by .5%, employee Contribution increased 1.5 percent and effective July 1, 2014 employer contributions were raised .05 percent. The computation of final average salary increased as the average of salary for 60 consecutive months.

Contributions. See PERA's compressive annual financial report for Contribution provided description

PERA Contrib	ution Rates	s and Pensi	on Factors a	as of July 1	1, 2018	
	Employee Contribution Percentage		Employer Contribution Percentage	Pension Fac of Se	Pension Maximum as a Percentage of the Final Average Salary	
Coverage Plan	Annual Salary less than \$20,000	Annual Salary greater than \$20,000		TIER 1 TIER 2		
		STATEPLA	N			
State Plan 3	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
	MUN	NICIPAL PLA	NS 1 - 4			
Municipal Plan 1 (plan open to new employers)	7.0%	8.5%	7.4%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Plan 2 (plan open to new employers)	9.15%	10.65%	9.55%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Plan 3 (plan closed to new employers 6/95)	13.15%	14.65%	9.55%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Plan 4 (plan closed to new employers 6/00)	15.65%	17.15%	12.05%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
		PAL POLICE	1			
Municipal Police Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	10.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 2	7.0%	8.5%	15.40%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 3	7.0%	8.5%	18.90%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 4	12.35%	13.85%	18.90%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Police Plan 5	16.3%	17.8%	18.90%	3.5%	3.0%	90%
	MUNIC	IPAL FIRE P	LANS 1 - 5			
Municipal Fire Plan 1	8.0%	9.5%	11.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 2	8.0%	9.5%	17.9%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 3	8.0%	9.5%	21.65%	2.5%	2.0%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 4	12.8%	14.3%	21.65%	3.0%	2.5%	90%
Municipal Fire Plan 5	16.2%	17.7%	21.65%	3.5%	3.0%	90%
N	/UNICIPAL I	DETENTION (OFFICER PLA	N 1		
Municipal Detention Officer Plan 1	16.65%	18.15%	17.05%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
STATEPOLIC	EAND ADUL	T CORRECT	TONAL OFFIC	CER PLANS	, ETC.	
State Police and Adult Correctional Officer Plan 1	7.6%	9.1%	25.50%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
State Plan 3 - Peace Officer	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	3.0%	90%
Juvenile Correctional Officer Plan 2	4.78%	6.28%	26.12%	3.0%	3.0%	90%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provision that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term

share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

For PERA Fund Division Municipal General: At June 30, 2019, the City of Clovis reported a liability of \$2,270,383 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the City of Clovis's proportion was 0.1424%, which was an increase of 0.0088% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$288,319. At June 30, 2019, the City of Clovis reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	_	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	65,619	59,608
Changes of assumptions		205,842	13,054
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		168,383	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		131,013	23,412
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	101,009	
	\$_	671,866	96,074

\$101,009 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	275,209
2021		141,744
2022		49,112
2023		8,718
2024		-
Thereafter	Ś	_

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Police: At June 30, 2019, the City of Clovis reported a liability of \$4,889,392 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the City of Clovis's proportion was 0.7166%, which was an increase of 0.0148% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$541,600. At June 30, 2019, the City of Clovis reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	_	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	239,362	484,665
Changes of assumptions		557,886	29,891
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		336,460	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		172,049	19,369
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	272,640	
	\$_	1,578,397	533,925

\$73,147 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 463,960
2021	155,338
2022	134,738
2023	17,796
2024	-
Thereafter	\$ _

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire: At June 30, 2019, the City of Clovis reported a liability of \$8,398,263 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the City of Clovis's proportion was 1.3121%, which was an increase of 0.0344% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$835,115. At June 30, 2019, the City of Clovis Housing Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 134,962	612,483
Changes of assumptions	485,027	30,667
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	294,505	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	193,910	91,857
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 330,934 1,439,338	735,007

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

\$9,388 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	\$ 278,182
2021	(33,970)
2022	113,871
2023	15,314
2024	-
Thereafter	\$ -

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of pay

Amortization period Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method 4 Year smoothed Market Value

Actuarial assumptions:

Mortality Assumption

Experience Study Dates

Investment rate of return 7.25% annual rate, net of investment expense

Projected benefit payment 100 years Payroll growth 3.00%

Projected salary increases 3.25% to 13.50% annual rate

Includes inflation at 2.50%

2.75% rate all other years

The mortality assumptions are based on the RPH-2014 Blue Collar mortality table with female ages set forward one year. Future improvement in mortality rates is assumed using 60% of the MP-2017 projection scale generationally. For non-public safety groups, 25% of in-service deaths are assumed to be duty-related and 35% are assumed to be duty-

related for public safety groups.

July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2017 (demographic) and July 1,

2010 through June 30, 2018 (economic)

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ended June 30, 2018. These assumptions were adopted by the Board use in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The

target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
ALL FUNDS - Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.50%	7.48%
Risk Reduciton & Mitigation	21.50%	2.37%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.00%	5.47%
Real Assets	20.00%	6.48%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, compounded annually, net of expense. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

PERA Fund Division - Municipal General - City		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 3,498,508	2,270,383	1,255,141
PERA Fund Division - Municipal Police		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 7,517,879	4,889,392	2,746,553
PERA Fund Division - Municipal Fire		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 11,211,043	8,398,263	6,094,011

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued PERA'S financial reports.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City contributes to a defined contribution pension plan adopted under the provision of Internal Revenue Code Section 401.

A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account and the returns earned on investment on those contributions. As established by local ordinance, all employees of the City participating in the Deferred Compensation Plan are eligible to participate. The City is required to contribute 14% of the employee's gross earnings. Contributions by the City belong to the participant upon retirement or termination, provided the vesting requirements have been satisfied.

The vesting provisions for all new employees hired on or after July 8, 1990, are as follows:

- 30% after 3 years of completed service
- 40% after 4 years of completed service
- 100% after 5 years of completed service

All employees hired prior to July 8, 1990, were 100% vested on the date of hire.

For the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, the City's required and actual contributions totaled \$1,379,477, \$1,325,702, and \$1,291,898, respectively.

NOTE 14 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is administered by International City/County Management Association.

The plan, available to all full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Employees are mandated to contribute a minimum of 3% of their gross salary but may elect to contribute up to 100% of their salary up to a maximum dollar amount of \$18,500 per year into the plan. Eligible employees may also make catch-up contributions totaling \$5,500 per year. There are employees that are making contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan. All contributions withheld from participant's wages by the City have been paid to the plan administrator. Employee contributions

withheld and remitted to the plan were \$894,128, \$878,679 and \$869,452 for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively.

NOTE 15 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB

Plan description. Employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

Benefits provided. The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2018, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	51,205
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,471
Current active members	93,349
	156,025
Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	17,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
	93,349

Contributions – Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not

based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the District were \$4,426 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$13,580,347 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.31231 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$55,489. At June 30, 2019 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	804,044
Changes of assumptions	-	2,535,390
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB		
plan investments	-	169,478
Changes in proportion and differences between City		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	355,764	-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	291,946	
	\$ 647,710	3,508,912

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$291,946 represent City contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	d Jur	ne 30:
2020	\$	(816,165)
2021		(816,165)
2022		(816,165)
2023		(613,119)
2024	_	(91,534)
Total	\$	(3,153,148)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017

Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual

Actuarial cost method employee basis
Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Mortality

Inflation 2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA members

Projected payroll increases 3.25% to 12.50%, based on years of service, including inflation 7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for

adverse deviation including inflation

8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for NonMedicare medical

Health care cost trend rate plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 years for

Medicare medical plan costs

ERB members: RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with White Collar Adjustment (males) and GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table (females) PERA members: RP-2000

Combined Healthy Mortality

Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	Long-Term
	Rate of
Asset Class	Return
U.S. core fixed income	2.1%
U.S. equity - large cap	7.1%
Non U.S emerging markets	10.2%
Non U.S developed equities	7.8%
Private equity	11.8%
Credit and structured finance	5.3%
Real estate	4.9%
Absolute return	4.1%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	7.1%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 4.08% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit

payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2029. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 4.08% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.08 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.08 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(3.08%)	Rate (4.08%)	(5.08%)
City's proportionate share of the	·		
net OPEB liability	\$ 16,435,418	13,580,347	11,329,915

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Discount				
		1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase	
City's proportionate share of the					
net OPEB liability	\$	11,480,154	13,580,347	15,226,945	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability. At June 30, 2019, the City reported a payable of \$ - for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 16 – CONTINGENCIES

The City participates in a number of federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2019, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the grantor agencies. Management believes that any disallowed expenditures discovered in subsequent audits, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds of the overall financial position of the City.

The City is party to various legal proceedings, which are the unavoidable results of governmental operations. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 17 – LEASES IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF LESSORS

Operating leases arise from the leasing of the City's land and buildings to customers in varying industries in Clovis. Initial lease terms generally range from 12 to 120 months. Leases are cancellable by the Lessee with 30-120 days' notice as defined by the lease agreement. Depreciation expense for assets subject to operating leases is provided primarily on the straight-line method over the term of the lease in amounts necessary to reduce the carrying amount of the asset to its estimated residual value. Estimated and actual residual values are reviewed on a regular basis to determine that depreciation amounts are appropriate. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 related to land and buildings held as rental property under operating leases is included in depreciation expense of the Airport in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets. Historical cost and accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019 related to land and buildings held as rental property under operating leases is included in property, plant and equipment of the Airport in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets.

NOTE 18 – OPERATING LEASES

The City has entered into a number of operating leases, which contain cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations. The rent expenditures for these leases were primarily from the General Fund. Future minimum lease payments are:

Fiscal Year	•	
Ending June 3	30,	Amount
2020	\$	241,135
2021		115,287
2022		115,287
2023		-
2024	_	
Т	otal \$ _	471,709

Rental payments charged to current operations for the year ended June 30, 2019 were approximately \$404,582.

NOTE 19 – FUND DEFICITS AND NON-COMPLIANCE

Deficit Fund Balances

The City reported the following funds with a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2019:

Fund	Fund Type	Amount
Fund 7 - State Fire Marshall Grant	Special revenue fund	(278,469)
Fund 92 - Clovis Area Transit System	Special revenue fund	(105)
Fund 97 - Intergovernmental Grants fund	Special revenue fund	(164,522)

Legal Compliance with Budget

The City did not have any funds that exceeded budget at the fund level as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 20 – COMMITMENTS

The City of Clovis has several projects under construction related to water and wastewater utilities, streets, and airport improvements. Below is a summary list of ongoing projects:

			Amount	
	Contract	Contract	Expended at	% of
Project	Туре	Price	6/30/2019	Completion
Airport Runway Improvevements	Infrastructure \$	5,674,043	3,841,962	67.71%
Shooting Range Engineering	Infrastructure	71,198	55,650	78.16%
Effluent Phase 1C Engineering	Infrastructure	2,527,512	1685745	66.70%
Effluent Phase 1C Construction	Infrastructure	272,488	148,802	54.61%
Landfill Office	Buildings	50,000	30097	60.19%
7th Street - Norris to Main St	Infrastructure	5,517,723	2556460	46.33%
	\$	14,112,963	8,318,716	

NOTE 21 – RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds reports \$20,917,582 of restricted assets, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation. For descriptions of the related enabling legislation for special revenue, debt service and capital project funds, see schedules in the supplementary information section of this report.

NOTE 22 - UNEARNED REVENUE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

The City reported unearned revenue and revenue unavailable to pay current year expenditures in the fund financial statements as follows:

	_	Amount
Note receivable to subsidize loan payments due to NMED		
Not considered earned until received and applied against		
loan payments (Wastewater Fund)	\$	258,758
Deferred property tax revenue. Assessed but not collected within		
60 days of year end (General Fund)		50,958
Unexpended grant funds received in advance (Lodgers Tax Fund)	_	100,000
	\$	409,716

NOTE 23 – RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR ENDING FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

During the year it was determined that the prior year reported general fund balances related to property tax receivables and public nuisance receivables were understated by \$669,145. Additionally, it was determined that prior year deferred inflows of resources due to unavailable property tax revenues were also understated by \$76,131. As a result, general fund beginning net position was increased by \$593,014.

Additionally, it was determined that an adjustment was necessary to agree the reported capital assets with the City's supporting documentation. This resulted in a prior period adjustment decreasing the

government-wide governmental activities net position by \$1,325,096 and the net position of the City's Solid Waste Fund to be increased by \$164,172.

The following chart summarized the cumulative restatements to net position:

Fund	Purpose/Reason	Amount
Governmental activities		
General fund	Prior year taxes receivable were understated \$	135,817
General fund	Prior year accounts recaivable were understated	533,328
General fund	Prior year deferred inflows were understated	(76,131)
Total governmental funds		593,014
Government-wide statements	Prior year capital assets were overstated	(1,325,096)
Total governmental activities	\$	(732,082)
Business-type activities		
Proprietary funds		
Solid waste fund	Prior year capital assets were understated \$	164,172
Total business-type activities	\$	164,172

NOTE 24 – GASBS 77 TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

The City negotiated property tax abatement agreements and has a tax abatement agreement with Southwest Cheese as of June 30, 2019.

Agency Number	6108
Agency Name	City of Clovis
Agency Type	Municipality
Tax Abatement Agreement Name	\$160,000,000 City of Clovis, New Mexico Taxable Industrial Revenue Bonds, (Southwest Cheese), Series 2016 - as described by Ordinance
Recipient(s) of tax abatement	Southwest Cheese
Parent company(ies) of recipient(s) of tax abatement	Southwest Cheese
Tax abatement program (name and brief description)	Southwest Cheese expansion
Specific Tax(es) Being Abated	Real and personal property tax
Legal authority under which tax abatement agreement was entered into	Ordinance 1498-96, Relating to Economic Development Planning, State of New Mexico Industrial Revenue Bond Act
Criteria that make a recipient eligible to receive a tax abatement	City of Clovis Ordinance No. 1498-96

How are the tay shatement resinient's	
How are the tax abatement recipient's taxes reduced? (For example: through a	Land conveyed as tax exempt, tax exemption against
reduction of assessed value)	assessed value of improvements and personal property
- Cauchen or assessed rando,	assessed value of improvements and personal property
	Abatement is determined by applying current tax year property tax rates against the assessed value as
How is the amount of the tax abatement	determined by the County Assessor. The rates are
determined? For example, this could be a	applied "as if" the property were still taxable, allowing
specific dollar amount, a percentage of the	determination of the abated taxes for each affected
tax liability, etc.	entity and total taxes abated.
Are there provisions for recapturing	
abated taxes? (Yes or No)	None
If there are provisions for recapturing	
abated taxes, describe them, including the	
conditions under which abated taxes	
become eligible for recapture.	None
	Southwest Cheese will continuously operate the
	project property to the expiration of the term as a
	cheese plant. The company will acquire, equip, and
List each specific commitment made by the	construct facilities on the project property for this
recipient of the abatement.	purpose.
	2. Southwest Cheese will file returns for the reporting
	and paying compensating tax which is due because of
	the project and will pay, as a Related cost, any gross
	receipts or compensating tax due from the issuer under any such returns pursuant to Section 7-9-54,
	NMSA 1978. The Company will promptly pay any gross
	receipts or compensating tax plus applicable penalty
	and interest which may become due.
	·
	3. Company agrees to pay all taxes, assessments and
	governmental charges at any time they may be lawfully
	assessed; all utility and other charges incurred in the
	operation, maintenance, use, occupancy, and upkeep
	of the property; all lawful governmental assessments for public improvements. Company is solely
	responsible for all costs related to maintenance,
	insurance and operation of the project property.
1	i ilisurance and operation of the profect property.

4. If the agreement has not been terminated on or before December 31, 2045, the company will take all necessary action to have the project property assessed for property tax purposes upon completion of the term. The company agrees to pay all ad valorem taxes on the project property from and after December 31, 2045. Otherwise, the company will undertake the assessment and assume payment of ad valorem taxes from the date termination of the agreement.
5. Company will give the City prompt notices of any material damage or destruction of the project property, or any notice of imminent domain against the property. Company also agrees to adhere to all environmental laws and will not cause, contribute to or permit any contamination of the property, and bear all costs of compliance including any treatment, disposal, and storage of any waste connected with any activity on the project site.
6. The company will make all the principal and interest payments on the bonds in accordance with the bond indenture. Company also agrees to pay reasonable fees for the depository, issuer's fees and other expenses related to the bonds.
7. The company agrees to pay the issuer payments in lieu of taxes (PILT) for the project during each year of the agreement. The company will make the payment by December 31st of each year (beginning in 2017) as specified in the agreement.
8. Company agrees to use its good faith efforts to employ contractors and other related services from individuals and business entities within the State of New Mexico, Curry County and City of Clovis; to purchase materials, supplies and other items from vendors within the State, County and City, and to pay the prevailing rates for all goods and services.
9. Company agrees to hire 50 new high wage jobs. The company shall provide a report to the City within 60 days of the end of the year setting forth the numbers of employees for each year.

Gross dollar amount, on an accrual basis, by which the government's tax revenues were reduced during the reporting period as a result of the tax abatement agreement.	\$1,997,767
For any Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) or similar payments receivable by your agency or another agency in association with the foregone tax revenue, list the authority for and describe the payment, including the agency that is supposed to receive the payment	Ordinance · No. 2069-2016 is the authority for the PILOT payments. Southwest Cheese will make annual fixed payments of PILOT by December 31 of each year to City of Clovis, Clovis Municipal Schools and Clovis Community College in the amounts set forth in the agreement.
For any Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) or similar payments receivable by your agency in association with the foregone tax revenue, list the amount of payments received in the current fiscal year	City: \$133,538.00
For any Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs) or similar payments receivable by a different agency in association with the foregone tax revenue, list the name of the agency and the amount of payments received in the current fiscal year	County \$40,369.00 and Clovis Schools \$108,686.00
List each specific commitment made by your agency or any other government, other than the tax abatement.	City agrees to provide the company, as agent for the issuer, a supply of Nontaxable Transaction Certificates to be issued to vendors and contractors by the company, as agent for the issues, in order to permit the vendors and contracts to claim deductions available under the New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act for their receipt from selling certain tangible property for the project.
Are any other governments affected by this tax abatement agreement? (Yes or No) If yes, list each affected agency and complete an intergovernmental disclosure for each such agency.	Clovis Community College, Curry County, and Clovis Municipal Schools

If your agency is omitting any information required in this spreadsheet or by GASB	
77, cite the legal basis for such omission.	None
In the report disclosure is this abatement	
aggregated?	None
Threshold amount for aggregation	None

NOTE 25 – EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through December 13, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE

NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PERA FUND DIVISION MUNICIPAL GENERAL

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

City of Clovis's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	-	2019 0.1424%	2018 0.1336%	2017 0.1253%	2016 0.1337%	2015 0.1271%
City of Clovis's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,270,383	1,835,777	2,001,873	1,363,187	991,516
City of Clovis's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,249,371	1,123,246	1,305,581	1,102,859	1,146,456
City of Clovis's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		181.72%	163.43%	153.33%	123.60%	86.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	,	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE

NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PERA FUND DIVISION MUNICIPAL POLICE

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

City of Clovis's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	-	2019 0.7166%	2018 0.7018%	2017 0.6646%	2016 0.6532%	2015 0.7284%
City of Clovis's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,889,392	3,898,959	4,903,616	3,140,952	2,374,505
City of Clovis's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,366,592	1,775,175	1,551,727	1,657,838	1,544,617
City of Clovis's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		357.78%	219.64%	316.01%	189.46%	153.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CLOVIS

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF CLOVIS'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PERA FUND DIVISION MUNICIPAL FIRE

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

City of Clovis's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	_	2018 1.3121%	2018 1.2777%	2017 1.3111%	2016 1.2779%	2015 1.2928%
City of Clovis's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	8,398,263	7,310,291	8,746,370	6,595,474	5,396,139
City of Clovis's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,502,250	1,872,670	1,767,380	1,758,475	1,640,783
City of Clovis's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		559.05%	390.37%	494.88%	375.07%	328.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Municipal General Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution	\$ -	2019 101,009	2018 87,592	2017 107,270	2016 124,683	2015 105,323
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	101,009	87,592	107,270	124,683	105,323
Contribution deficiency (excess)	=					_
City's covered-employee payroll		1,249,371	1,123,246	1,305,581	1,102,859	1,146,456
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.08%	7.80%	8.22%	11.31%	9.19%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Municipal Police Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2019 \$ 272,640	2018 289,045	2017 273,377	2016 238,966	2015 255,307
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	272,640	289,045	273,377	238,966	9,498
Contribution deficiency (excess)					245,809
City's covered-employee payroll	1,366,592	1,775,175	1,551,727	1,657,838	1,544,617
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	19.95%	16.28%	17.62%	14.41%	0.61%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan PERA Municipal Fire Division Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ [_]	330,934	352,460	335,208	316,361	314,767
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	330,934	352,460	335,208	316,361	68,003
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_					246,764
City's covered-employee payroll		1,502,250	1,872,670	1,767,380	1,758,475	1,640,783
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.03%	18.82%	18.97%	17.99%	4.14%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms: The PERA and COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of PERA's CFAR. https://www.saonm.org

Assumptions: The Public Employ Retirement Association of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuations as of June 2018 report is available at http://www.nmpera.org/

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OF RETIREE HEALTHCARE AUTHORITY Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019	2018
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	-	0.31231%	0.30460%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	13,580,347	13,801,663
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,309,139	11,638,622
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		102.04%	118.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		13.14%	11.34%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Retiree Health Care Act (RHCA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 291,946	264,883
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	291,946	264,883
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,309,139	11,638,622
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.19%	2.28%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms. The RHCA and COLA eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of RHCA's CAFR. https://www.saonm.org

Assumptions. The New Mexico Retiree Healthcare Authority's Annual Actuarial Valuations as of June 2018 report is available at http://www.nmrhca.org/



STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Municipal Road Fund (NMSA, 7-24A-1 to 7-24A-21) - To account for motor vehicle fees – 10 percent, which is to be used only for additions and improvements to the City's streets and highways.

Recreation Fund (NMSA, 7-12-1 to 7-12-17) - To account for state and city cigarette tax revenue, which is to be used to operate and maintain the City's various recreational facilities.

Older Adults Division Fund (Authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) - To account for the City's share of the cost of operating and administering a senior citizens facility. Funding is contributed directly to the facility from other governmental agencies.

Fire Equipment Fund (NMSA, 59-15-1 to 59-15-17) – Annual grant from the State of New Mexico Fire Marshall's office. Funds are restricted for use on the maintenance of the fire department, the purchase, construction, maintenance, repair and operation of fire apparatus and equipment.

Sanitary Sewer Improvement Fund (NMSA, 3-26) - To account for the proceeds of wastewater connection fees, which are to be used for the improvement of sewer distribution lines.

Ned Houk Park Fund (Ordinance 864) - To account for state and county grants that are to be used for the operation, maintenance of and additions to park facilities.

Carver Library Fund (Ordinance 864) - To account for all revenues directly related to or assigned to use for Carver Library. This includes grants, charges for services, fines and other revenues.

Park Improvement Fund (Ordinance 864) - To account for all revenues directly related to or assigned to park improvements. This includes grants, charges for services, and other revenues.

Infrastructure Improvement Fund (Authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) - To account for the City's cost of rehabilitating, making additions to or making improvements to one or more public buildings, public parks, public recreational buildings and other public facilities.

Special Parks Improvement Fund (Ordinance 1520-96) – To account for municipal gross receipts revenue, which will be used for the acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of parks and recreation facilities.

Civic Center Fund (Ordinance 1520-96) - To account for municipal gross receipts revenue, which will be used for the acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of a multi-purpose special events center.

Special Designated Fund (Authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) – To account for excess revenues generated in various funds for use on specific department improvements.

Economic Development Fund (Ordinance 1615-99) – To account for municipal gross receipts revenue, which will be used for the purpose of furthering or implementing economic development plans and projects as defined in the Local Economic Act and in accordance with the regulation.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Capital Outlay Gross Receipts Tax Fund (NMSA, 7-19-10 to 7-19-18) — To account for the City's portion of gross receipts taxes collected by the State of New Mexico. These proceeds are used for various department capital asset replacements.

Gross Receipts Tax Water Project (Ordinance 1953-2012) – To account for the financings of the City's obligation to the Eastern New Mexico Water Utility Authority for the development, planning, financing, construction, operation, and the payment of bonds for the Ute Reservoir Pipeline Project.

Emergency Medical Services Fund (NMSA, 24-10A to 24-10A-9) — To account for annual grant from the Emergency Medical Services Fund Act. Funding is made available to municipalities in proportion to their needs, for use in the establishment and enhancement of local emergency medical services that assist in reducing injury and loss of life.

Special Street Fund (NMSA, 3-34-1 to 3-34-5; 7-19A-1 to 7-19A-7) — To account for specifically designated state shared gross receipts taxes. Expenditures are restricted to street maintenance.

Recycling Fund (Authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) – To account for revenues and expenditures related to refuse recycling.

Lodger's Tax Fund (NMSA, 3-38-18 to 3-38-24) – To account for the collections and disbursement of local lodging tax whose use is restricted to the promotion of rural areas within the County.

Special Fire & Police Fund (NMSA, 59A-53-1 to 59A-53-16) – To account for the City's share of gross receipts taxes and the City's share of revenues that are restricted to expenditure for fire protection equipment and supplies.

Local Government Corrections Fund (NMSA, 33-3-25) – To account for the proceeds of State of New Mexico approved assessments by the City's municipal court, for which expenditures are designated for the care of prisoners.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund (NMSA, 29-13-1 to 29-13-9) — To account for state grant funds from the State of New Mexico which are to be utilized to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of law enforcement protection.

Clovis Area Transit System Fund (authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) – To account for state and federal grants, which are to provide transportation service to the general public.

Department of Justice Fund (Authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) – To account for federal grants, which are to provide law enforcement with opportunities to reduce crime and improve public safety by increasing personnel and equipment resources.

Intergovernmental Grants Fund (authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) – To account for state and federal grants that are project/activity specific.

Drug Control Fund (Authorized by Commission at Budget Approval) – To account for state and federal grants which are to be used for implementation of improved drug control and awareness.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS LISTING

Street Improvement Fund (Ordinance 1985-2012) – To account for the City's cost of constructing, acquiring and improving the City's storm drainage system.

Street Construction Fund – To account for expenditures relating to state-shared projects, such as the repairs and maintenance of City streets, which are part of the State arterial system. Funding is from the Local Government road fund with matching funds transferred from the City of Clovis general fund.

Drainage Improvement Fund – To account for the City's cost of constructing, acquiring and improving the City's storm drainage system.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS LISTING

Drainage Improvement Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of governmental activities long-term debt principal, interest and related costs specifically for the drainage acquisition and improvement excise tax bonds. The fund's source of revenue is a one sixteenth of one percent gross receipts tax and a 1.5 property tax mill levy approved by the City of Clovis Commission for note obligation repayment.

Landfill Cell #5 Fund — To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of governmental activities long term debt principal, interest, and related costs specifically for acquiring, constructing, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing and otherwise improving or maintaining the City's Landfill.

Street Improvement Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of governmental activities long-term debt principal, interest and related costs specifically for street improvement tax bonds. The fund's source of revenue is a one sixteenth of one percent gross receipts tax and a one quarter gross receipts tax approved by the City of Clovis Commission for note obligation repayment.

2018 Street Bonds Fund — To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of governmental activities long-term debt principal, interest and related costs specifically for the 2018 street bonds.

Civic Center Fund – To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of governmental activities long-term debt principal, interest and related costs specifically for the civic center excise tax bonds. The fund's source of revenue is a one and two hundred and twenty-five thousandths percent gross receipts tax approved by the City of Clovis Commission for note obligation repayment.

Parks & Infrastructure Fund — To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of governmental activities long-term debt principal, interest and related costs specifically for the parks and infrastructure excise tax bonds. The fund's source of revenue is a one eighth of one percent gross receipts tax approved by the City of Clovis Commission for note obligation repayment.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Project Funds	Debt Service Funds	Total
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:	•				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	4,599,379 10,257,947	356,133 1,115,175	75,242 296,249	5,030,754 11,669,371
Accounts receivable		10,399	-	-	10,399
Taxes receivable		1,989,627	89,902	-	2,079,529
Other receivables		229,050	-	-	229,050
Due from other governments		48,918	18,595	-	67,513
Prepaid expenses		46,912	-	-	46,912
Inventories		187,561			187,561
Total assets		17,370,405	1,579,805	371,491	19,321,701
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Total deferred outflows of resources	-	<u>-</u>			
Total assests and					
deferred outflows of resources	\$	17,370,405	1,579,805	371,491	19,321,701
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	96,325	_	_	96,325
Accrued payroll liabilities	•	83,711	-	-	83,711
Due to other fund		486,472	-	-	486,472
Total liabilities		666,508	-		666,508
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
"Unavailable" revenues		100,000			100,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		100,000	-		100,000
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable		234,473	-	-	234,473
Restricted		7,698,014	982,081	371,491	9,051,586
Committed		6,328,107	597,724	-	6,925,831
Assigned		2,794,323	-	-	2,794,323
Unassigned		(451,020)			(451,020)
Total fund balances		16,603,897	1,579,805	371,491	18,555,193
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resource	S				
and fund balances:	\$.	17,370,405	1,579,805	371,491	19,321,701

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Special	Conital	Daht Camilaa	
		Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Debt Service Funds	Totals
Revenues:	_	ruilus	Projects rulius		Totals
Taxes					
Gross receipts	\$	10,480,734	507,647	_	10,988,381
Other	Y	1,456,025	-	_	1,456,025
Licenses and permits		5,688	_	_	5,688
Charges for services		176,378	_	_	176,378
Fines and forfeitures		152,905	_	_	152,905
Intergovernmental revenue		202,000			
Federal grants		704,181	500,000	_	1,204,181
State grants		1,140,354	198,185	_	1,338,539
Interest income		237,166	39,289	28,531	304,986
Miscellaneous income		1,381,298	-	7,214	1,388,512
Total revenues	-	15,734,729	1,245,121	35,745	17,015,595
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		407,723	-	-	407,723
Public safety		1,116,616	-	-	1,116,616
Public works		6,486,658	1,313,935	-	7,800,593
Culture and recreation		2,149,817	-	-	2,149,817
Health and welfare		339,360	-	-	339,360
Capital outlay		1,757,985	17,777	-	1,775,762
Debt service					
Principal		-	-	1,649,000	1,649,000
Interest	_	-	(492)	485,571	485,079
Total expenditures	_	12,258,159	1,331,220	2,134,571	15,723,950
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures					
		3,476,570	(86,099)	(2,098,826)	1,291,645
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		2,411,523	242,364	2,833,717	5,487,604
Transfers out	_	(6,027,910)	(971,124)	(604,605)	(7,603,639)
Total other financing sources (uses):	_	(3,616,387)	(728,760)	2,229,112	(2,116,035)
Net change in fund balances		(139,817)	(814,859)	130,286	(824,390)
Beginning fund balance	_	16,743,714	2,394,664	241,205	19,379,583
Ending fund balance	\$_	16,603,897	1,579,805	371,491	18,555,193

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of June 30, 2019

	_	Municipal Road Fund Fund 3	Recreation Fund Fund 4	Older Adults Division Fund Fund 5	State Fire Marshall Grant Fund 7	Sanitary Sewer Improvemen ts Fund 8	Ned Houk Park Fund Fund 13
Assets and deferred inflows of resources:	-	ruiiu 3	Fullu 4	<u>ruliu 5</u>	Fullu 7	<u>ruilu 8</u>	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,753	-	75	-	210,962	303,431
Investments		-	9,135	12,720	1,008	-	112,984
Receivables		40.000					
Accounts receivable		10,399	- 2,085	- 4,752	-	-	- 3,855
Prepaid expenses Inventories		-	2,085	4,752	-	-	3,855 1,251
Total assets	-	21,152	11,259	17,624	1,008	210,962	421,540
	-						
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	_						
Total deferred outflows of resources	_						
Total acceptanced							
Total assests and deferred outflows of resources	\$	21,152	11,259	17,624	1,008	210,962	421,540
deferred outflows of resources	= ۲	21,132	11,239	17,024	1,008	210,902	421,340
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	_	996	1,742	1,734	-	1,012
Accrued payroll liabilities		-	6,120	6,169	-	-	3,517
Due to other fund			39	77	277,743		19
Total liabilities	_		7,155	7,988	279,477		4,548
Defended bellevis of December							
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Total deferred inflows of resources	-						
Total deferred lilliows of resources	-						
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		-	2,085	4,752	-	-	5,106
Restricted		21,152	-	-	-	-	-
Committed		-	2,019	4,884	-	210,962	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-	411,886
Unassigned	-	-			(278,469)	-	-
Total fund balances	-	21,152	4,104	9,636	(278,469)	210,962	416,992
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resour	rces						
and fund balances:	\$_	21,152	11,259	17,624	1,008	210,962	421,540
	=						

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30, 2019

	_	Carver Library Fund 14	Infrastructure Improv Fund 60	Special Parks Improv Fund 61	Civic Center Fund 62	Special Designated Fund 63	Economic Development Fund 64
Assets and deferred inflows of resources:	-						
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	38,096	2,524	3,706	333,350	1,747,636	662,628
Investments		3,102	681,184	96,330	216,962	-	1,041,248
Receivables							
Taxes receivable		-	89,902	89,902	89,902	-	184,855
Other receivables		-	-	-	-	-	229,050
Prepaid expenses	_	7,951			5,438		
Total assets	-	49,273	773,610	189,938	645,652	1,747,636	2,117,781
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	_						
Total deferred outflows of resources	-						
Total assests and							
deferred outflows of resources	\$ =	49,273	773,610	189,938	645,652	1,747,636	2,117,781
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	720	-	-	28,129	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities		17,762	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other fund		124					
Total liabilities	_	18,606			28,129		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Total deferred inflows of resources	_						
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		7,951	-	-	5,438	-	-
Restricted		-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed		-	773,610	189,938	-	-	2,117,781
Assigned		22,716	-	-	612,085	1,747,636	-
Unassigned	_						
Total fund balances	_	30,667	773,610	189,938	617,523	1,747,636	2,117,781
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resour	ces						
and fund balances:	\$ =	49,273	773,610	189,938	645,652	1,747,636	2,117,781

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CLOVIS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of June 30, 2019

				Emergency			
		Capital	Water	Medical	Special Streets	Recycling	Lodger's Tax
		Outlay GRT	Dedication GRT	Services	Fund	Fund	Fund
	-	Fund 65	Fund 66	Fund 72	Fund 75	Fund 76	Fund 77+78
Assets and deferred inflows of resources:	_						
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	546,751	159,387	-	201,082	487	346,650
Investments		532,269	4,775,648	-	602,182	-	2,084,701
Receivables							
Taxes receivable		369,711	321,709	-	395,406	-	101,193
Due from other governments		-	-	-	-	6,429	-
Prepaid expenses		-	-	-	13,591	-	-
Inventories	_	-	_		186,310		
Total assets	-	1,448,731	5,256,744		1,398,800	6,916	2,532,544
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	_						
Total deferred outflows of resources	-			-			
Total assests and							
deferred outflows of resources	\$ =	1,448,731	5,256,744		1,398,800	6,916	2,532,544
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	_	_	_	11,711	218	49,497
Accrued payroll liabilities	Ψ.	_	_	_	35,309	-	-
Due to other fund		_	_	_	229	4,714	_
Total liabilities	-	-			47,249	4,932	49,497
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
"Unavailable" revenues		_	_	_	_	_	100,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	-						100,000
	-						
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable		-	-	_	199,901	-	-
Restricted		-	5,256,744	-	-	-	2,383,047
Committed		1,448,731	-	-	1,151,650	1,984	-
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	-	1,448,731	5,256,744	-	1,351,551	1,984	2,383,047
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resour	rces						
and fund balances:	\$_	1,448,731	5,256,744		1,398,800	6,916	2,532,544
	-						

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of June 30, 2019

	Special Fire & Police GRT Fund 86	Corrections Fund Fund 89	Law Enforcement Protection Fund Fund 90	Clovis Area Transit System Fund 92	Department of Justice Fund 96	Inter- governmental Grants Fund 97
Assets and deferred inflows of resources:						
Assets:						
•	\$ -	-	20,844	7,371	979	-
Investments	79,501	-	12	-	-	-
Receivables						
Taxes receivable	347,047	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	11,933
Prepaid expenses				7,924		
Total assets	426,548		20,856	15,419	979	11,933
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Total deferred outflows of resources				-		
Total assests and						
deferred outflows of resources	\$ 426,548		20,856	15,419	979	11,933
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:						
• •	\$ -	-	-	566	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	-	-	-	14,834	-	-
Due to other fund				124		176,455
Total liabilities				15,524		176,455
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Total deferred inflows of resources						
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	-	_	-	7,924	-	-
Restricted	-	-	20,856	, -	979	-
Committed	426,548	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	(8,029)	-	(164,522)
Total fund balances	426,548		20,856	(105)	979	(164,522)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resour	res					
and fund balances:	\$ 426,548		20,856	15,419	979	11,933

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of June 30, 2019

	-	Drug Control Fund	Total
		Fund 98	
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:	-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,667	4,599,379
Investments		8,961	10,257,947
Receivables			
Accounts receivable		-	10,399
Taxes receivable		-	1,989,627
Other receivables		-	229,050
Due from other governments		30,556	48,918
Prepaid expenses		1,316	46,912
Inventories	-		187,561
Total assets	-	43,500	17,370,405
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Total deferred outflows of resources			
Total assests and			
deferred outflows of resources	\$.	43,500	17,370,405
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	_	96,325
Accrued payroll liabilities	•	-	83,711
Due to other fund		26,948	486,472
Total liabilities	-	26,948	666,508
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	-	<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
"Unavailable" revenues		-	100,000
Total deferred inflows of resources			100,000
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable		1,316	234,473
Restricted		15,236	7,698,014
Committed		-	6,328,107
Assigned		-	2,794,323
Unassigned			(451,020)
Total fund balances	_	16,552	16,603,897
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resour	ces		
and fund balances:	\$:	43,500	17,370,405

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30, 2019

	-	Street Improvement Fund 24	Street Construction Fund 87	Drainage Improvements Fund 88	Totals
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	316,736	39,397	356,133
Investments Receivables		28,852	617,898	468,425	1,115,175
Taxes receivable		-	-	89,902	89,902
Due from other governments		_	18,595		18,595
Total assets		28,852	953,229	597,724	1,579,805
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Total deferred outflows of resources					<u>-</u>
Total assests and					
deferred outflows of resources	\$.	28,852	953,229	597,724	1,579,805
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities		-			-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Total deferred inflows of resources					-
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-
Restricted		28,852	953,229	-	982,081
Committed		-	-	597,724	597,724
Assigned		-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	<u> </u>			-
Total fund balances	-	28,852	953,229	597,724	1,579,805
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	;				
and fund balances:	\$.	28,852	953,229	597,724	1,579,805

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

As of June 30, 2019

	_	Drainage Improv Fund 40	Landfill Cell #5 Fund 41	Street Improvments Fund 42	2018 Street Civic 8 Bonds Center Fund 45 Fund 4		Parks and Infrastructure Fund 47	Totals
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:	-							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	434	-	74,491	-	317	75,242
Investments	_	14,045	92,860	16,198			173,146	296,249
Total assets	_	14,045	93,294	16,198	74,491		173,463	371,491
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	-			-			
Total assests and								
deferred outflows of resources	\$_	14,045	93,294	16,198	74,491		173,463	371,491
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances: Liabilities:								
Total liabilities	\$_	-						
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-						
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		_	_	-	-	_	-	-
Restricted		14,045	93,294	16,198	74,491	-	173,463	371,491
Committed		· -	-	· -	-	-	-	· -
Assigned		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	_	14,045	93,294	16,198	74,491		173,463	371,491
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	S							
and fund balances:	\$ =	14,045	93,294	16,198	74,491		173,463	371,491

	_	Municipal Road Fund Fund 3	Recreation Fund Fund 4	Older Adults Division Fund Fund 5	State Fire Marshall Grant Fund 7	Sanitary Sewer Improvements Fund 8	Ned Houk Park Fund Fund 13
Revenues:	-	1 4114 5	1 4114 4	1 4114 5			1 4114 15
Taxes							
Other	\$	110,865	_	_	_	_	_
Charges for services	•	-	_	-	_	21,611	-
Intergovernmental revenue						,	
State grants		_	_	_	724,610	_	_
Interest income		6	890	1,450	5,845	103	2,403
Miscellaneous income		-	-	16,973	1,596	-	-
Total revenues	_	110,871	890	18,423	732,051	21,714	2,403
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety		- -	- -	- -	- 641,879	- -	- -
Public works		_	_	_	-	_	_
Culture and recreation		_	319,438	_	_	_	239,265
Health and welfare		_	-	339,360	_	_	-
Capital outlay		_	_	-	221,897	_	60,554
Debt service					,		55,55
Principal		-	_	-	_	-	-
Interest		_	_	_	_	_	-
Total expenditures		_	319,438	339,360	863,776		299,819
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		110,871	(318,548)	(320,937)	(131,725)	21,714	(297,416)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		_	305,496	283,192	150,000	_	567,222
Transfers out		(111,656)	303,430	203,132	130,000	_	507,222
Total other financing sources (uses):	-	(111,656)	305,496	283,192	150,000		567,222
	-	<u> </u>		203,132			
Net change in fund balances		(785)	(13,052)	(37,745)	18,275	21,714	269,806
Beginning fund balance	_	21,937	17,156	47,381	(296,744)	189,248	147,186
Ending fund balance	\$_	21,152	4,104	9,636	(278,469)	210,962	416,992

	_	Carver Library Fund 14	Infra- structure Improv Fund 60	Special Parks Improv Fund 61	Civic Center Fund 62	Special Designated Fund 63	Economic Develop-ment Fund 64
Revenues:	_	Tuna 14	Tuna oo		1 4114 02	1 4114 65	1 4114 04
Taxes							
Gross receipts	\$	_	507,648	507,648	507,648	-	1,009,103
Licenses and permits	•	_	-	-	-	5,688	-
Charges for services		_	-	-	-	114,303	-
Fines and forfeitures		_	-	-	-	80,950	-
Intergovernmental revenue						,	
State grants		14,639	-	_	_	_	-
Interest income		118	9,674	1,766	5,757	1,534	36,388
Miscellaneous income		18,963	-	200	445,104	340,323	306,279
Total revenues	_	33,720	517,322	509,614	958,509	542,798	1,351,770
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		_	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	=	-	-	-	-
Public works		-	12,895	-	-	-	1,112,566
Culture and recreation		791,829	=	12,896	786,389	-	-
Health and welfare		-	=	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	=	-	-	-	1,255,912
Debt service							
Principal		-	=	-	-	-	-
Interest	_		=				
Total expenditures	_	791,829	12,895	12,896	786,389	-	2,368,478
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(758,109)	504,427	496,718	172,120	542,798	(1,016,708)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		712,225	-	_	150,000	2,495	-
Transfers out		(2,004)	(200,000)	(478,137)	(254,950)	(344,200)	(341,850)
Total other financing sources (uses):		710,221	(200,000)	(478,137)	(104,950)	(341,705)	(341,850)
Net change in fund balances		(47,888)	304,427	18,581	67,170	201,093	(1,358,558)
Beginning fund balance	_	78,555	469,183	171,357	550,353	1,546,543	3,476,339
Ending fund balance	\$_	30,667	773,610	189,938	617,523	1,747,636	2,117,781

		Capital Dedication M		Emergency Medical Services	Special Streets Fund	Recycling Fund	Lodger's Tax Fund	
		Fund 65	Fund 66	Fund 72	Fund 75	Fund 76	Fund 77+78	
Revenues:								
Taxes								
Gross receipts	\$	2,018,169	1,869,337	-	2,030,591	-	-	
Other		-	-	-	550,505	-	794,655	
Intergovernmental revenue								
Federal grants		-	-	-	21,360	-	-	
State grants		-	-	18,907	295,400	7,600	-	
Interest income		19,663	102,746	-	13,508	-	32,257	
Miscellaneous income	_		127,871		101,940	5,652		
Total revenues		2,037,832	2,099,954	18,907	3,013,304	13,252	826,912	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-	-	-	-	-	407,723	
Public safety		-	-	7,949	-	-	-	
Public works		53,761	1,313,347	-	3,062,394	14,864	-	
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health and welfare		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-	10,995	202,430	-	-	
Debt service								
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest								
Total expenditures	_	53,761	1,313,347	18,944	3,264,824	14,864	407,723	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		1,984,071	786,607	(37)	(251,520)	(1,612)	419,189	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-	-	-	23,000	-	-	
Transfers out	_	(1,843,899)					(150,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses):	_	(1,843,899)			23,000		(150,000)	
Net change in fund balances		140,172	786,607	(37)	(228,520)	(1,612)	269,189	
Beginning fund balance	_	1,308,559	4,470,137	37_	1,580,071	3,596	2,113,858	
Ending fund balance	\$_	1,448,731	5,256,744		1,351,551	1,984	2,383,047	

	Special Fire & Police GRT Fund 86	Corrections Fund Fund 89	Law Enforcement Protection Fund Fund 90	Clovis Area Transit System Fund 92	Department of Justice Fund 96	Inter- government al Grants Fund 97
Revenues:						
Taxes						
Gross receipts	\$ 2,030,590	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	40,464	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	71,955	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenue						
Federal grants	-	-	-	251,792	10,230	229,356
State grants	-	-	60,600	-	-	18,598
Interest income	2,218	260	160	-	3	221
Miscellaneous income			552_	14,300		
Total revenues	2,032,808	72,215	61,312	306,556	10,233	248,175
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	64,141	-	49,935	-	10,289	181,271
Public works	-	-	-	916,831	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	6,197
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest						
Total expenditures	64,141		49,935	916,831	10,289	187,468
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	1,968,667	72,215	11,377	(610,275)	(56)	60,707
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	217,893	-	-
Transfers out	(1,981,788)	(94,197)				(225,229)
Total other financing sources (uses):	(1,981,788)	(94,197)		217,893		(225,229)
Net change in fund balances	(13,121)	(21,982)	11,377	(392,382)	(56)	(164,522)
Beginning fund balance	439,669	21,982	9,479	392,277	1,035	
Ending fund balance	\$ 426,548		20,856	(105)	979	(164,522)

	_	Drug Control Fund	Total
_	_	Fund 98	
Revenues:			
Taxes	,		40 400 724
Gross receipts	\$	-	10,480,734
Other		-	1,456,025
Licenses and permits		-	5,688
Charges for services		-	176,378
Fines and forfeitures		-	152,905
Intergovernmental revenue		404 440	704404
Federal grants		191,443	704,181
State grants		-	1,140,354
Interest income		196	237,166
Miscellaneous income	_	1,545	1,381,298
Total revenues		193,184	15,734,729
Expenditures: Current:			
General government		_	407,723
Public safety		161,152	1,116,616
Public works		-	6,486,658
Culture and recreation		_	2,149,817
Health and welfare		_	339,360
Capital outlay		_	1,757,985
Debt service			1,737,303
Principal		_	_
Interest		_	_
Total expenditures	_	161,152	12,258,159
·	_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		32,032	3,476,570
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in		-	2,411,523
Transfers out		_	(6,027,910)
Total other financing sources (uses):	_		(3,616,387)
Net change in fund balances	_	32,032	(139,817)
Beginning fund balance		(15,480)	16,743,714
	_		
Ending fund balance	\$_	16,552	16,603,897

	Street Improvement Fund 24	Street Construction Fund 87	Drainage Improvements Fund 88	Totals
Revenues:				
Taxes				
Gross receipts	-	-	507,647	507,647
Intergovernmental revenue				
Federal grants	-	500,000	-	500,000
State grants	-	198,185	-	198,185
Interest income	671	15,363	23,255	39,289
Total revenues	671	713,548	530,902	1,245,121
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	11,305	1,106,744	195,886	1,313,935
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	17,777	-	17,777
Debt service				
Principal	-	- (402)	-	- (402)
Interest	11 205	(492) 1,124,029	105.006	(492)
Total expenditures	11,305	1,124,029	195,886	1,331,220
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(10,634)	(410,481)	335,016	(86,099)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	242,364	-	242,364
Transfers out		(22,851)	(948,273)	(971,124)
Total other financing sources (uses):		219,513	(948,273)	(728,760)
Net change in fund balances	(10,634)	(190,968)	(613,257)	(814,859)
Beginning fund balance	39,486	1,144,197	1,210,981	2,394,664
Ending fund balance	\$ 28,852	953,229	597,724	1,579,805

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CLOVIS

	_	Drainage Improv Fund 40	Landfill Cell #5 Fund 41	Street Improvments Fund 42	2018 Street Bonds Fund 45	Civic Center Fund 46	Parks and Infrastructure Fund 47	Totals
Revenues:								
Interest income	\$	4,350	6,736	3,496	6,243	-	7,706	28,531
Miscellaneous income	_					7,214		7,214
Total revenues		4,350	6,736	3,496	6,243	7,214	7,706	35,745
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service								
Principal		440,000	-	335,000	720,000	-	154,000	1,649,000
Interest		76,115	65,086	77,600	83,951		182,819	485,571
Total expenditures	_	516,115	65,086	412,600	803,951		336,819	2,134,571
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(511,765)	(58,350)	(409,104)	(797,708)	7,214	(329,113)	(2,098,826)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		528,525	546,807	412,600	872,199	-	473,586	2,833,717
Transfers out		-	(479,605)	-	-	-	(125,000)	(604,605)
Total other financing sources (uses):	_	528,525	67,202	412,600	872,199		348,586	2,229,112
Net change in fund balances		16,760	8,852	3,496	74,491	7,214	19,473	130,286
Beginning fund balance	_	(2,715)	84,442	12,702_		(7,214)	153,990	241,205
Ending fund balance	\$_	14,045	93,294	16,198	74,491		173,463	371,491

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND DESCRIPTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Workers Compensation Fund – To account for the provision of workers compensation coverage for employees of the City of Clovis.

Unemployment Reserve Fund – To account for the provision of unemployment insurance coverage for employees of the City of Clovis.

Property and Liability Self-Insurance Fund – To account for the property and liability self-insurance costs for the City of Clovis.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS As of June 30, 2019

	_!	Workers Compensation Fund 48	Un- employment Revenue Fund 53	Prop and Liability Self- Insurance Fund Fund 54	Total
Assets and deferred inflows of resources: Assets:	-				Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	72,958	1,431	_	74,389
Investments		2,337,176	906,828	637	3,244,641
Receivables					
Due from other funds	_	277,752			277,752
Total current assets		2,687,886	908,259	637	3,596,782
Non-current assets:					
Capital assets, net	_	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total non-current assets	_				-
Total assets	_	2,687,886	908,259	637	3,596,782
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	_				
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-			
Total assests and					
deferred outflows of resources	\$=	2,687,886	908,259	637	3,596,782
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-	-	-	-
Accrued payroll liabilities	\$	6,262	-	-	6,262
Other accrued liabilities		-	-	-	-
Accrued interest		-	-	-	-
Due to other fund		9	=	-	9
Due to other government		-	-	-	-
Customer deposits			-	-	-
Current portion of compensated absences		2,511	-	-	2,511
Current portion of long-term debt Total current liabilities	-	8,782			8,782
Non-current liabilities					
Compensated absences		628	_	_	628
Total non-current liabilities	-	628			628
Total liabilities	_	9,410		-	9,410
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Total deferred inflows of resources	_				
Net position					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		-	-	-	=
Unrestricted Net Position	_	2,678,476	908,259	637	3,587,372
Total net position	_	2,678,476	908,259	637	3,587,372
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and net position:	\$=	2,687,886	908,259	637	3,596,782

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Workers Compensation	Unemployment Revenue	Prop and Liability Self- Insurance Fund	
	Fund 48	Fund 53	Fund 54	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Federal grants - operating State grants - operating	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Total operating revenues	\$	<u>_</u>		
rotal operating revenues	ý <u> </u>			
Operating expenses:				
Personnel services	92,321	-	-	92,321
Contractual services	506,336	9,733	-	516,069
General and administrative	52,267	-	-	52,267
Depreciation	925			925
Total operating expenses	651,849	9,733	-	661,582
Operating income (loss)	(651,849)	(9,733)	-	(661,582)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Federal grants - capital	-	-	-	-
State grants - capital	-	-	-	-
Other grant revenues	-	-	-	-
Gross receipts and other taxes	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	541,649	72,883	-	614,532
Interest income	63,584	19,297	1,256	84,137
Interest expense	-		-	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	605,233	92,180	1,256	698,669
Income (loss) before transfers	(46,616)	82,447	1,256	37,087
Other financing sources/(uses)				
Transfers in	10,000	_	-	10,000
Transfers out	(1,900)	_	(154,900)	(156,800)
Total other financing sources/(uses)	8,100	-	(154,900)	(146,800)
Change in net position	(38,516)	82,447	(153,644)	(109,713)
Net position, beginning of year	2,716,992	825,812	154,281	3,697,085
Restatement				
Beginning net position, as restated	2,716,992	825,812	154,281	3,697,085
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,678,476	908,259	637	3,587,372

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Workers Compensation Fund 48	Un- employment Revenue Fund 53	Prop and Liability Self- Insurance Fund Fund 54	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from customers and users		-	-	-	-
Receipts from subsidy grants		-	-	-	-
Receipts from interfund services provided		-	-	-	-
Payments to suppliers	\$	(594,990)	(9,733)	-	(604,723)
Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) for operating activities	_	(89,693) (684,683)	(9,733)		(89,693) (694,416)
Net cash provided (asea) for operating activities		(004,003)	(5,755)		(054,410)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Transfers from other funds		182,868	-	- (45.4.000)	182,868
Transfers to other funds		(1,900)	-	(154,900)	(156,800)
Tax receipts Miscellaneous income		- 541,650	72,883	-	614,533
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital financing activities	-	722,618	72,883	(154,900)	640,601
		,,	, 2,000	(23 1,300)	0.0,002
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Intergovernmental receipts-capital		-	-	-	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on long-term debt		-	-	-	-
Interest paid on long-term debt		_	-	-	-
Long-term debt proceeds.		_	_	_	_
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities.	_	-	-	-	-
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments		_	_	153,644	153,644
Purchase of investments		(453,165)	(83,959)	-	(537,124)
Interest and dividends		63,584	19,297	1,256	84,137
Net cash provided (used) for investing activities.	_	(389,581)	(64,662)	154,900	(299,343)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(351,646)	(1,512)	-	(353,158)
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year	_	424,604	2,943		427,547
Cash and cash equivalents – end of year	\$_	72,958	1,431	<u> </u>	74,389
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(651,849)	(9,733)	-	(661,582)
Adjustments					
Depreciation and amortization		925	-	-	925
Pension expense		-	-	-	-
OPEB expense		-	-	-	-
Deferred outflows - contributions subsequent to measurement date		-	-	-	-
Bad debt expense		-	-	-	-
Changes in assets and liabilities: Receivables		_	_	_	
Prepaid expenses		499	-	-	499
Inventories		-	_	_	
Other assets		_	-	-	-
Accounts payable		(36,886)	-	-	(36,886)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		2,944	-	-	2,944
Deposits		-	-	-	-
Deferred revenues		-	-	-	-
Compensated absences	-	(316)			(316)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ =	(684,683)	(9,733)	<u> </u>	(694,416)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILTIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance			Balance
	_	6/30/2018	Receipts	Disbursements	6/30/2019
Veterinary	_				
Assets:					
Cash	\$_	75,339	2,358	(43,686)	34,011
Total assets	\$ -	75,339	2,358	(43,686)	34,011
Liabilities:	=				
Held for others	\$_	75,339	2,358	(43,686)	34,011
Total liabilities	\$ _	75,339	2,358	(43,686)	34,011
	_				
Municipal court					
Assets:					
Cash	\$_	1,098		(270)	828
Total assets	\$ _	1,098	-	(270)	828
Liabilities:	_				
Held for others	\$_	1,098		(270)	828
Total liabilities	\$ _	1,098		(270)	828
	_				
Total					
Assets:					
Cash	\$_	76,437	2,358	(43,956)	34,839
Total assets	\$ _	76,437	2,358	(43,956)	34,839
Liabilities:	_				
Held for others	\$_	76,437	2,358	(43,956)	34,839
Total liabilities	\$ _	76,437	2,358	(43,956)	34,839
	_				

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantors Number		Federal Awards Expended	Payments to Sub- recipients
Department of Housing and Urban Development					
CDBG - Entitlement Grants-Cluster					
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant	ts 14.218	GSA 17-521-0410-007	\$	464,215	-
Total CDBG - Entitlement Grants-Cluster				464,215	
Total Department of Housing and Urban Developme	ent			464,215	-
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed through NM Department of Transportation					
Federal Transit Cluster-Cluster					
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	80/20	_	438,981	
Subtotal Federal Transit Cluster-Cluster				438,981	-
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-Cluster					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HWA2103120-118-BO	_	21,360	
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster-G	Cluster			21,360	-
Airport Improvement Program	(1) 20.106	3-35-0011-031		3,541,924	-
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving	20.608	18-AL-64-023			
While Intoxicated			_	26,154	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				4,028,419	-
U.S. Department of Justice					
Passed through NM Department of Public Safety					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	FY2018		15,228	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Grant Program	16.738	16-JAG-REG5-FFY18	_	176,479	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				191,707	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Passed through NM Department of Homeland Security					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMT2018EP00002S01		46,367	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW2107SS00032S0	_	17,712	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			_	64,079	-
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$_	4,748,420	

^{*} Major program

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Clovis, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* .

Note 2 - Sub-recipients

The City did not provide any federal awards to sub-recipients during the year.

Note 3 - Federally Funded Loans

The City has no federally funded loans or loan guarantee programs as of June 30, 2019.

Note 4 - 10% de minimus Indirect Cost Rate

The City did not elect to use the allowed 10% indirect cost rate.

Note 5 - Federally Funded Insurance

The City has no federally funded insurance.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS SCHEDULE OF FUND BALANCES As of June 30, 2019

Major Funds

		major r arras			
		Spec Revenue	Cap Project		
	General	Environmental	2018 Street	Total Non-	
	Fund	Tax	Bonds	Major Funds	Total Funds
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	5,482	-	-	187,561	193,043
Prepaid expenses	416,279	-	-	46,912	463,191
Subtotal nonspendable funds	\$ 421,761			234,473	656,234
Restricted for:					
DFA required reserves	1,811,556	-	-	-	1,811,556
Environmental projects	-	7,127,710	-	-	7,127,710
Road/drainage improvements	-	-	2,926,730	5,277,896	8,204,626
Economic development efforts		-	-	2,383,047	2,383,047
Various capital project efforts	-	-	-	982,081	982,081
Debt service requirements	-	-	-	371,491	371,491
Public safety and law enforcement efforts	-	-	-	37,071	37,071
Subtotal restricted funds	1,811,556	7,127,710	2,926,730	9,051,586	20,917,582
Committed to:					
Operate/maintain recreational facilities	-	-	-	191,957	191,957
Improvement of sewer distribution lines	-	-	-	210,962	210,962
Road/drainage improvements	-	-	-	1,151,650	1,151,650
Improvement of City property/equipment	-	-	-	2,222,341	2,222,341
Various capital project efforts	-	-	-	597,724	597,724
Recycling efforts	-	-	-	1,984	1,984
Public safety and law enforcement efforts	-	-	-	426,548	426,548
Operate/maintain senior citizens facility				4,884	4,884
Economic development efforts	-	-	-	2,117,781	2,117,781
Subtotal committed funds				6,925,831	6,925,831
Assigned to:					
Operate/maintain recreational facilities	-	-	-	434,602	434,602
Multi-purpose special events center				612,085	612,085
Departmental improvements	-	-	-	1,747,636	1,747,636
Subtotal assigned funds				2,794,323	2,794,323
Unassigned	7,664,240	-	-	(451,020)	7,213,220
-	\$ 9,897,557	7,127,710	2,926,730	18,555,193	38,507,190

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITORIES As of June 30, 2019

Account name	Туре		Citizens Bank	New Mexico Bank and Trust	Western Bank of Clovis	NMFA	NM Self- Insurers Fund	The Bank of Clovis	State of New Mexico	Plus Deposits in Transit	Less O/S Checks	Balance Per Books
Cash and equivalents:	Турс		Citizens bank		CIOVIS				IVIEXICO		CHECKS	
General Fund	CK*	Ś	2,535,098	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,886,132	(1,412,816)	6,008,414
Special Streets Fund	CK	Ψ.	242,170	-	_	_	_	_	_	564	(41,652)	201,082
NM Law Enforcement Protect			37,320	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	(16,476)	20,844
General Fund Investment	CK			9,485,368	_	_	_	_	_	95,501	(4,621,230)	4,959,639
Fire Fund	MM		_	162,537	_	_	-	_	-	-	(162,537)	-
Touchstone Golf CPGC	CK		_	51,251	_	_	-	_	-	-	(1,035)	50,216
Payroll Account	CK		_	8,473	-	_	-	-	-	-	(579)	7,894
Municipal Court Trust Accoun			_	828	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	828
Civic Center Checking-CC Card			_	13,681	-	_	-	-	-	-	(4,881)	8,800
Department of Justice	СК		_	11,269	_	_	_	_	_	-	(10,290)	979
Drug Control Fund	CK		-	2,667	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	2,667
Finance Credit Card	СК		_	20,091	_	_	_	_	_	-	(19,037)	1,054
EFT Transfer Fund	CK		-	1,521	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	1,521
Zoo Credit Card	CK		-	12,682	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,396)	6,286
Landfill Credit Card	CK		-	81,596	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81,596
Money Market Account	MM		-	2,968,126	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,968,126
Aquatic Center Credit Cards	CK		-	27,539	-	-	-	-	-	-	(230)	27,309
Animal Shelter Revenue	CK		-	5,516	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,039)	2,477
CDBG	CK*		-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Money Market Investment Ac	c MM		-	-	4,543,696	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,543,696
Lodging Tax Fund	CK		-	-	362,412	-	-	-	-	8,404	(24,699)	346,117
Policy Deposit	Deposit		-	-	-	-	72,958	-	-	-	-	72,958
NMFA Debt service reserves	CK*		-	-	-	2,394,169	-	-	-	-	-	2,394,169
Petty cash	Cash		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,880
Total cash and equivalents			2,814,588	12,853,149	4,906,108	2,394,169	72,958			4,990,601	(6,324,897)	21,715,556
Investments:												
State of New Mexico	LGIP Fund (pool-7241)		-	-	-	-	-	-	14,091,024	-	-	14,091,024
CD's	CDs maturity > 90 days		-	-	-	-	-	6,231,631	-	-	-	6,231,631
Total investments		_	-		-	-		6,231,631	14,091,024			20,322,655
Total amount on deposit		\$ _	2,814,588	12,853,149	4,906,108	2,394,169	72,958	6,231,631	14,091,024	4,990,601	(6,324,897)	42,038,211

^{*} denotes interest bearing account

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL BY DEPOSITORY As of June 30, 2019

				New Mexico Bank and	Western Bank of		NM Self- Insurers	The Bank of	
Account Name	CUSIP	_	Citizens Bank	Trust	Clovis	NMFA	Fund	Clovis	Total
Total amount of deposit in bank		\$	2,814,588	12,853,149	4,906,108	2,394,169	72,958	6,231,631	29,272,603
FDIC coverage			(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-		(250,000)	(1,000,000)
Total uninsured public funds			2,564,588	12,603,149	4,656,108	2,394,169	72,958	5,981,631	28,272,603
50% of Collateral Requirement (Section 6-10-17 NMSA 1978)		\$	1,282,294	6,301,575	2,328,054	1,197,085	36,479	2,990,816	14,136,302
Pledged collateral:									
Suntrust 4.00% - 400424KD8 Due 11/1/26	400424KD8	Ś	-	918.553	-	-	_	-	918.553
Suntrust 5.00% - 488764XD8 Due 2/1/33	488764XD8	*	_	1,149,640	_	_	_	_	1,149,640
Suntrust 4.50% - 508642FH3 Due 1/1/31	508642FH3		_	903,329	_	_	_	_	903,329
Suntrust 3.00% - 35563PDZ9 Due 2/25/2057	35563PDZ9		_	1,565,110	_	_	_	_	1,565,110
Suntrust 3.00% - 35563PGB9 Due 8/25/2057	35563PGB9		_	1,905,708	_	_	_	_	1,905,708
Suntrust 6.50%- 83165BBN1 Due 7/25/2029	83165BBN1		_	417,468	_	_	_	_	417,468
Suntrust 3.00%- 83164MKH1 Due 1/25/2028	83164MKH1		_	1,345,666	_	_	_	_	1,345,666
Suntrust 3.73%- 3138LNWA5 Due 6/1/2028	3138LNWA5		_	2,140,407	_	_	_	_	2,140,407
Government guaranteed loan #8053601401	N/A		_	871,177	_	_	_	_	871,177
Government guaranteed loan #5672301101	N/A		_	247,229	_	_	_	_	247,229
Government guaranteed loan #511410281	N/A		_	673,384	_	_	_	_	673,384
Government guaranteed loan #470658001	N/A		_	319,649	_	_	_	_	319,649
Government guaranteed loan #8923301501	N/A		_	625,775	_	_	_	_	625,775
GNMA - 8871	36202K2C8		_	-	12,110	_	_	_	12,110
FHLMC PC - 1393000066	3128MJZM5		_	_	864,298	_	_	_	864,298
FHLMC PC - 1393000056	3128MMQ48		_	_	428,067	_	_	_	428,067
Fannie Mae - 1393000067	3138WJM96		_	_	863,179	_	_	_	863,179
Fannie Mae - 1393000029	31412QHM4		_	_	170,171	_	_	_	170,171
FN MA 2920	31418CG65		_	_	874,007	_		_	874,007
Fannie Mae	31418CV92		_	_	437,922	_		_	437,922
GN II 004576	36202FDA1		_	_	47,777	_		_	47,777
SBA GTD PARTN CTFS 2011-20I 1 - 2562000141	83162CUG6		_	_	213,095	_		_	213,095
FN MA3283	31419CUH5		_	_	439,229	_		_	439,229
SBAP 2016-200	83162CXS7		_	_	1,199,037	_		_	1,199,037
Longview ISD-BLDG TX 34 - 02/15/2034	543264SV8				1,133,037		_	1,105,786	1,105,786
Elizabethtown ASD PA 26 - 11/15/2026	287085PZ1						_	1,008,940	1,008,940
Austin TX 28 -9/1/2028	052396YA0					_		1,018,650	1,018,650
Clovis SD#1 NM 33 - 8/1/2033	189414NY7					_		1,052,630	1,052,630
Clovis SD#1 NM 34 - 8/1/2034	189414N74					_	_	1,202,636	1,202,636
FHR 4748 HC - 1/15/2044	3137FCZX5		_	_	-	_	_	1,088,891	1,088,891
GNR 2012+143 BD - 12/16/2027	38378GVR6		605,729	-	-	-	-	1,000,091	605,729
GNR 2012+145 BD - 12/10/2027 GNR 2012+106QC - 7/20/2042	38378HKU9		358,813	-	-	-	-	-	358,813
GNR 2012+100QC - 7/20/2042 GNR 2015-100 PJ - 7/20/2045	38379NQ54		554,272	-	-	-	-	-	554,272
SBIC 2012-108 1 - 9/10/2022	831641EX9		1,598,857	-	-	-	-	-	1,598,857
SBAP 2012+20I 1 - 9/1/2032	83162CVA8		880,838	-	-	-	-	-	880,838
			,	-	-	-	-	-	
SBA Pool#50+619 - 12/25/2032 See NMSIF audited financials	83164LVL2		1,249,634	-	-	-	- 72,958	-	1,249,634
See NMFA audited financials			-	-	-	2 204 160	12,938	-	72,958 2,394,169
Total collateral			5,248,143	13,083,094	5,548,893	2,394,169 2,394,169	72,958	6,477,533	32,824,789
Amount over/(under) collateralized		\$	3,965,849	6.781.519	3.220.839	1,197,085	36.479	3.486.717	18,688,488
Amount over/(under) conditeranzed		Ş	3,703,849	0,761,319	3,220,839	1,13/,083	30,479	3,400,/1/	10,000,400

Safekeeper of the above securities is The Independent Bankers, Dallas Texas and Texas Independent Bank, Dallas, Texas; Plains Capital Bank; Suntrust



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Brian S. Colón New Mexico State Auditor Mayor and City Commission City of Clovis, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the City of Clovis, State of New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons of the City, presented as supplementary information, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may

exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses: 2013-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Clovis, State of New Mexico's Response to Findings

clutegrity accounting + Consulting, LIC

City of Clovis, State of New Mexico's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Integrity Accounting & Consulting, LLC

Albuquerque, NM

December 13, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Brian S. Colón New Mexico State Auditor Mayor and City Commission City of Clovis, New Mexico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Clovis, State of New Mexico's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Clovis complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2019-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

City of Clovis' response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Clovis, State of New Mexico, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

clutegrity accounting + Consulting, LIC

Integrity Accounting & Consulting, LLC Albuquerque, NM

December 13, 2019

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial 3	Statements
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1.	Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified
1.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness identified?	Yes
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
	c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
	d. Other Matters?	No
Federal Awards:		
1.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes
4.	Identification of major programs:	
	CFDA <u>Number</u> 20.106 Federal Program Airport Improvement Program	
5.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
6.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

Status of Current and Prior Year Findings

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Prior Year Findings

2013-001 - FINANCIAL CLOSE AND MATERIAL ADJUSTMENTS

2018-001 - CAPITAL ASSETS ACCOUNTING DEFICIENCIES

Modified/repeated

Resolved

Current Year Findings

None

Finding

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

Prior Year Findings

None

Current Year Findings

2019-001 - LATE DATA COLLECTION FORM

Current

SECTION IV - SECTION 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 (2.2.2.10 (L)(1)(C) NMAC FINDINGS

Prior Year Findings

None

Current Year Findings

None

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

<u>2013-001 – FINANCIAL CLOSE AND MATERIAL ADJUSTMENTS – Material weakness – Repeated/Modified</u>

Statement of Condition

Following the commencement of audit fieldwork, a total of 44 adjusting entries were necessary to properly report the City's books under the modified-accrual and full accrual basis of accounting for the fund financials (28 entries) and government-wide (16 entries) financial stmts. These entries collectively increased the City's net position by \$848,011 at the fund financial level and decreased it by \$6,119,228 at the government-wide financial statement level.

The majority of these adjustments were related to end-of-year accruals and deferrals related to long-term debt, and pension/OPEB related balances. The City did provide data on certain receivable, payable, and payroll liability balances at year end, however they did not fully identify all necessary adjustments to bring the accounts into compliance with the accrual basis of accounting which resulted in the necessity make the audit adjustments.

This is a repeat finding from prior years. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City provided information and made journal entries related to accruals for receivables, accounts payable, payroll

liabilities and capital assets, however, additional entries that materially impacted net position were still required related to:

- Inventory adjustments
- Landfill post-closure liability
- PERA pension liabilities and relate deferrals
- OPEB liabilities and related deferrals
- Long-term debt and related accrued interest and amortization of bond premium.

Criteria

Some of the key underlying concepts of AU Section 325 include:

- The auditor cannot be part of a client's internal control. Becoming part of a client's internal control impairs the auditor's independence.
- What the auditor does is independent of the client's internal control over financial reporting. Therefore, the auditor cannot be a compensating control for the client.
- A system of internal control over the financial reporting does not stop at the general ledger; rather it includes controls over the review of the financial statements.

Recording these adjustments is considered a significant process that the client needs to maintain.

Effect

Because these adjustments were made/identified by the auditor, and not by the City, it shows an internal control weakness in maintaining the general ledger at the modified accrual level and would potentially extend to the audit report. This significantly increases the potential for misstated financial statements.

Cause

The City's personnel and internal control procedures were not effective in identifying and correcting necessary accruals to the general ledger that would have resulted in material misstatement of the financial statements had they not been identified/corrected by the auditor.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City make adjustments to their general ledger in a timely manner. Also, the City should understand and post all audit adjustments. We recommend that at year end and in the months directly after year end, the City identify and provide support for those accruals and deferrals necessary to convert the books into the modified-accrual basis, as well as reconcile all balance sheet accounts to the underlying records. This information would then be used in the audit documentation to be provided to the auditors during the annual audit for further testing.

In addition, during the transition period of implementing the recommendations, we recommend that the City obtain assistance for these matters from an outside consultant or CPA firm who has the accounting expertise to help resolve the accounting issues noted herein.

Management Response

In previous years, without the ability to work in the "13th" month, auditors have requested the City not enter any adjusting entries to the General Ledger. Effective July 1, 2019, the City of Clovis

converted financials to Tyler "Munis" and during the closing for 2019 entered adjusting entries for the year.

Corrective Action Plan Timeline

Implementation and training on the new software continues. Finance will work with the Auditors in determining the outstanding entries that are required to be entered to the financials to bring the entries current. If necessary, Finance will obtain assistance from an outside CPA firm for the necessary year end entries moving forward. It is expected that this will be implemented by the June 30, 2020 financial close.

Designation of Employee Position Responsible For Meeting Deadline

Finance Director

CURRENT YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None

CURRENT YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

2019-001 - LATE DATA COLLECTION FORM - Other Noncompliance

Federal Program Information:

Funding Agency: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development; Department of

Transportation; Department of Homeland Security; United States Department of Justice

Title: All

CFDA Number: All Questioned Costs: None

Statement of Condition

The City did not file its Data Collection Form to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse by the required due date of March 31, 2019. The City did not submit its fiscal year 2018 reporting packet until April 15, 2019.

Criteria

Per 2 CFR 200.512, "The audit must be completed and the data collection form described in paragraph (b) of this section and reporting package described in paragraph (c) of this section must be submitted within the earlier of 30 calendar days after receipt of the auditor's report(s), or nine months after the end of the audit period. If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the reporting package is due the next business day."

Effect

The City is not in compliance with Federal requirements.

Cause

The City did not adequately track the due date to ensure timely submittal of the form.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City ensure that all future audit reports are filed in a timely manner.

Response

Management relied on the previous auditor to ensure timely filing of the data collection form. The Finance Director responded to the emails received from the Federal Audit Clearinghouse as soon as they were received.

Corrective Action Plan Timeline

Management will note the deadline on the calendar and monitor the filing of the Data Collection Form for all audits going forward. The 2019 timeline will be noted for March of 2020.

Designation of Employee Position Responsible for Meeting DeadlineFinance Director

SECTION IV - SECTION 12-6-5 NMSA 1978 (2.2.2.10 (L)(1)(C) NMAC FINDINGS

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None

CURRENT YEAR NMSA FINDINGS

None

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CLOVIS OTHER DISCLOSURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

A. AUDITOR PREPARED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Presentation: The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the City and are based on information from the City's financial records. Assistance was provided by Integrity Accounting & Consulting to the City in preparing the financial statements. The City is capable, with guidance, of preparing, reviewing, and approving the financial statements and footnotes, however it is felt that the City personnel do not have the time to prepare them.

B. EXIT CONFERENCE

The contents of the report for the City of Clovis were discussed on December 13, 2019. The following individuals were in attendance.

City of Clovis Officials

Fidel Madrid Commissioner, District 3

Justin A Howalt, P.E. City Manager LeighAnn Melancon Finance Director

Integrity Accounting & Consulting

Erick Robinson, CPA, CFE Partner

CITY OF CLOVIS, NEW MEXICO CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statements Findings

2013-001[13-01] – FINANCIAL CLOSE AND MATERIAL ADJUSTMENTS – MODIFIED Name of contact person: LeighAnn Melancon, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Implementation and training on the new software continues. Finance Director will work with the Tyler "Munis" implementation trainers to become comfortable with the end of the year process and the adjusting entries. Finance Director will obtain assistance from an outside CPA firm for any needed assistance for the financial close and adjustments.

Proposed Completion Date: Closing for fiscal year 2020 and adjustments for auditors in place for the FYE June 2020 audit cycle.

2019-001 – LATE DATE COLLECTION FORM – Other Noncompliance

Name of contact person: LeighAnn Melancon, Finance Director

Corrective Action: Finance Director has noted the deadline on the calendar with reminders set beginning February 2020.

Proposed Completion Date: March 31, 2020.