State of New Mexico

Village of Santa Clara FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

June 30, 2019

	PAGE
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Directory of officials	1
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2-4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	5-6
Statement of Activities	7-8
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance SheetGovernmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to	
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to	
the Statement of Activities	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
BalancesBudget and Actual (NON-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	
General Fund	13
Municipal streets	14
Statement of Net Position-Proprietary Funds	15-16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net PositionProprietary Funds	17
Statement of Cash FlowsProprietary Funds	18-19
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities-Agency Funds	20
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	21-42
Fund Descriptions	43-44

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability of	
the Public Employees Retirement Association-Municipal General	45
Schedule of Contributions to the Public Employees Retirement	
Association-Municipal General	46
Notes to Required Supplemental Information	47
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance SheetNonmajor Governmental Funds	48-50
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund BalancesNonmajor Governmental Funds	51-52
Schedule of changes in assets and liabilitiesAgency Funds	53
Schedule of Depository Collateral	54
Schedule of Individual Deposit Accounts and Investments	55
Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements	56
Schedule of Legislative Allocations	57
ADDITIONAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over	
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	58-59
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	60
Schedule of Findings and Responses	61

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **OFFICIAL ROSTER** June 30, 2019

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Richard Bauch

Sheila Hudman

Albert Esparza Mayor Pro-Tem
Harry Hildebrand Trustee
Olga Amador Trustee
Patricia Montgomery Trustee

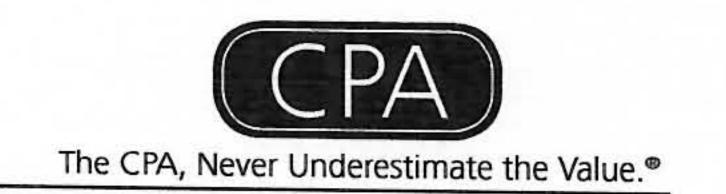
ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Mayor

Clerk/Treasurer

Stone, McGee & Co.

Certified Public Accountants-



MIKE STONE, C.P.A.
LINDA STONE McGEE, C.P.A.
KAY STONE, C.P.A.
KELLEY WYATT, C.P.A

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P.O. BOX 2828
SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO 88062
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian S. Colón, Esq., State Auditor And Mayor and Village Council Village of Santa Clara Santa Clara, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Village of Santa Clara, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Village of Santa Clara's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud

or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Santa Clara as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that information related to the Village's pension plan presented on pages 45 to 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on Village of Santa Clara's financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The other schedules presented as other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019, on our consideration of Village of Santa Clara's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Village of Santa Clara's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Solow, McBer & Co OpAs

Silver City, New Mexico December 12, 2019

> Stone, McGee & Co. Centified Public Accountants

Village of Santa Clara STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

ASSETS	vernmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	 Total
Current: Cash and investments Receivables, net Interfund receivable	\$ 701,362 61,689	\$ 91,617 159,306	\$ 792,979 220,995
Total current assets	\$ 763,051	\$ 250,923	\$ 1,013,974
Noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and investments Capital assets, net	\$ 4,907,626	\$ 128,306 6,788,950	\$ 128,306 11,696,576
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 4,907,626	\$ 6,917,256	\$ 11,824,882
Total assets	\$ 5,670,677	\$ 7,168,179	\$ 12,838,856
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	\$ 115,864	\$ 71,013	\$ 186,877
LIABILITIES			
Current: Cash overdraft Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Interfund payable Interest payable Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 46,389 9,805 3 16,018	\$ 11,503 26,568 22,525	\$ 57,892 36,373 - 3 38,543
Total current liabilities	\$ 72,215	\$ 60,596	\$ 132,811
Noncurrent: Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits Notes payable Bonds payable Net pension liability	\$ - 263,932	\$ 96,661 300,283 286,000 161,764	\$ 96,661 300,283 286,000 425,696

Village of Santa Clara STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (concluded)

June 30, 2019

	vernmental Activities	Business- Type Activities Total			
Compensated absences	\$ 5,003	\$ 5,173	\$	10,176	
Total noncurrent liablilities	\$ 268,935	\$ 849,881	\$	1,118,816	
Total liabilities	\$ 341,150	\$ 910,477	\$	1,251,627	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to pensions	\$ 13,021	\$ 7,981	\$	21,002	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 4,891,608	\$ 6,180,142	\$	11,071,750	
Capital projects Debt service	$46,\!451 \\ 238$	16,378		62,829 238	
Other purposes Unrestricted	282,866 211,207	124,214		282,866 335,421	
Total net position	\$ 5,432,370	\$ 6,320,734	\$	11,753,104	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Program	Revenues		
				Charges	O	perating	
				\mathbf{for}	Gı	rants and	
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		
<u>Functions/Programs</u>							
Governmental activites:							
General government	\$	$192,\!512$	\$	2,437	\$	390,276	
Public safety		613,042				102,714	
Public works		196,891				35,222	
Health and welfare		78,011		1,700			
Culture-recreation		35,100					
Unallocated interest expense		30					
Loan issue costs							
		_					
Total governmental activities	\$	1,115,586	\$	4,137	\$	528,212	
		_					
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer	\$	886,966	\$	741,292	\$	-	
Solid waste		162,192		173,890			
		_					
Total business-type activities	\$	1,049,158	\$	915,182	\$		
Total government	\$	2,164,744	\$	919,319	\$	528,212	

General revenues:

Property taxes
Gross receipts taxes
Gas and motor vehicle taxes
Franchise taxes
Fines and forfeitures
Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			and	Chan	ges in Net Posi	tion	
Gr	Capital Grants and Contributions		ants and Governmental				Total
\$	- 272,515 93,001	\$	200,201 (510,328) 110,846 16,690 (35,100) (30)	\$	-	\$	200,201 (510,328) 110,846 16,690 (35,100) (30)
\$	365,516	\$	(217,721)	\$	-	\$	(217,721)
\$	120,412	\$	-	\$	(25,262) 11,698	\$	(25,262) 11,698
\$	120,412	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(13,564)	\$	(13,564)
\$	485,928	\$	(217,721)	\$	(13,564)	\$	(231,285)
		\$	45,874 184,614 10,691 34,682 26,325 9,231	\$	- 34,686 48	\$	45,874 219,300 10,691 34,682 26,325 9,279
		\$	311,417	\$	34,734	\$	346,151
		\$	93,696	\$	21,170	\$	114,866
			5,338,674		6,299,564		11,638,238
		\$	5,432,370	\$	6,320,734	\$	11,753,104

Village of Santa Clara BALANCE SHEETS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

	 General Municipal Fund Streets		Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets							
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Due from other governments Interfund receivable	\$ 401,305 40,644 10,222	\$	284 2,316	\$	299,773 18,729 10,608	\$	701,362 42,960 18,729 20,830
Total assets	\$ 452,171	\$	2,600	\$	329,110	\$	783,881
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Interfund payable Salaries payable	\$ 5,202 9,805	\$	47 3,104	\$	41,140 17,726	\$	46,389 20,830 9,805
Total liabilities	\$ 15,007	\$	3,151	\$	58,866	\$	77,024
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue	\$ 967	\$		\$		\$	967
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 967	\$		\$		\$	967
Fund balance: Restricted: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Public works Health and welfare	\$ 49,478	\$	-	\$	7,670 10,847	\$	49,478 214,871 - 7,670 10,847
Debt Service Capital projects Unassigned	 386,719		(551)		241 46,451 (9,836)		241 46,451 376,332
Total fund balance	\$ 436,197	\$	(551)	\$	270,244	\$	705,890
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 452,171	\$	2,600	\$	329,110	\$	783,881

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 705,890
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	4,907,626
Income received sixty days after year-end is not considered revenue in the fund	
statements, but is recognized in the goernmental activities: Property taxes receivable	967
Deferred outflows and inlows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(13,021)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	115,864
Long-term liabilities are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability	(263,932)
Notes payable	(16,018)
Accrued interest payable	(3)
Compensated absences	 (5,003)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 5,432,370

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 General Fund	Municipal Streets		Other Funds		Governmental Funds Total	
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 45,938	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,938
Gross receipts taxes	175,792		8,822				184,614
Gas taxes			5,004				5,004
Licenses	1,164						1,164
Motor vehicle taxes	5,687						5,687
Franchise taxes	34,682						34,682
State intergovernmental	425,498				243,012		668,510
Federal intergovernmental			155,958		69,260		225,218
Fines, licenses and permits	19,978				5,183		25,161
Charges for services	2,437				1,700		4,137
Miscellaneous	 3,421		11		5,799		9,231
Total revenues	\$ 714,597	\$	169,795	\$	324,954	\$	1,209,346
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	\$ 129,018	\$	-	\$	44	\$	129,062
Public safety	303,985				88,493		392,478
Public works	20,221		52,674				72,895
Health and welfare	51,453				4,741		56,194
Culture recreation	11,671				180		11,851
Debt service:							
Principal					16,002		16,002
Interest					32		32
Loan issue costs							-
Capital outlay	 21,668		135,960		384,092		541,720
Total expenditures	\$ 538,016	\$	188,634	\$	493,584	\$	1,220,234
Revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses):	\$ 176,581	\$	(18,839)	\$	(168,630)	\$	(10,888)
Loan proceeds Transfer in Transfer out							- - -
Net change in fund balances	\$ 176,581	\$	(18,839)	\$	(168,630)	\$	(10,888)
Fund balance July 1, 2018	 259,616	\$	18,288		438,874		716,778
Fund balance June 30, 2019	\$ 436,197	\$	(551)	\$	270,244	\$	705,890

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (10,888)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense.	541,720 (387,487)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of emploee contributions is reported as pension expense	
Pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	12,252 (78,574)
Governmental funds report revenue only if it is collected during the year or received within 60 days of year-end. However, in the Statement of Activities, reveneue is regognized when earned. This is the net change for the year. Property taxes	(64)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the funds. In the Statement of Activities, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities.	
Repayment of debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.	16,002
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. This is the net change during the year.	2
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. This is the net change during the year.	733
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 93,696

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:								(40.070)
Taxes	\$	326,740	\$	326,740	\$	279,788	\$	(46,952)
State sources		137,666		251,990		525,498		273,508
Federal sources				152,642		50,531		(102,111)
Fines, licenses and permits		19,990		26,995		21,142		(5,853)
Charges for services		1,710		2,120		2,437		317
Miscellaneous		15,454		8,454		5,220		(3,234)
Total revenues	\$	501,560	\$	768,941	\$	884,616	\$	115,675
Expenditures: Current:								
	Ф	190 454	Ф	1.07.004	Ф	107 501	Ф	40.049
General government	\$	138,454	\$	167,804	\$	127,561	\$	40,243
Public safety		295,268		295,268		307,340		(12,072)
Public works		21,600		21,600		19,012		2,588
Health and welfare		56,503		56,503		51,512		4,991
Culture recreation		8,645		8,645		11,260		(2,615)
Principle								-
Interest				205 201		104100		-
Capital outlay				267,381		184,196		83,185
Total expenditures	\$	520,470	\$	817,201	\$	700,881	\$	116,320
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(18,910)	\$	(48,260)	\$	183,735	\$	231,995
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfer in		119,651		119,651		-		(119,651)
Transfer out		(100,000)		(100,000)				100,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	741	\$	(28,609)	\$	183,735	\$	212,344
Fund balance, July 1, 2018		236,691		182,474		217,570		35,096
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$	237,432	\$	153,865	\$	401,305	\$	247,440
Budgetary reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, GAAP barene accruals (net) Expenditure accruals (net) Other financing sources (net)	asis				\$	176,581 170,019 (162,865)		
Net change in fund balance, NON-GAL budgetary basis	AP				\$	183,735		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - MUNICIPAL STREETS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES--BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

		riginal Sudget]	Final Budget	Actual	F	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues: Taxes	\$	14,000	\$	14,000	\$ 14,453	\$	453	
Federal intergovernmental Miscellaneous			\$	155,958	 155,958 11		11	
Total revenues	\$	14,000	\$	169,958	\$ 170,422	\$	464	
Expenditures: Current:								
Public works Capital outaly	\$	1,200 18,500	\$	19,700 174,458	\$ 55,163 135,960	\$	(35,463) 38,498	
Total expenditures	\$	19,700	\$	194,158	\$ 191,123	\$	3,035	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(5,700)	\$	(24,200)	\$ (20,701)	\$	3,499	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out				10,000			(10,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(5,700)	\$	(14,200)	\$ (20,701)	\$	(6,501)	
Fund balance, July 1, 2018		20,985		20,985	 20,985		-	
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$	15,285	\$	6,785	\$ 284	\$	(6,501)	
Budgetary reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, GAAP Revenue accruals (net) Expenditure accruals (net) Other financing sources (net)	basis	5			\$ (18,839) 627 (2,489)			
Net change in fund balance, NON-G budgetary basis	HAAP				\$ (20,701)			

Village of Santa Clara STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

Current Curr		Water/Sewer		Solid Waste		Total	
Cash and investments \$ 52,980 \$ 38,637 \$ 91,617 Receivables, net of allowances: 128,750 29,815 158,565 Taxes 128,750 29,815 158,565 Total current assets \$ 181,730 \$ 69,193 250,923 Noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and investments \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to pensions \$ 71,013 \$ 7 \$ 71,013 Total system \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accorded liabilities Current Interest payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Interest payable \$ 2,805 \$ 6,605 \$ 60,596 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 <th></th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>_</th>			_				_
Receivables, net of allowances: 128,750 29,815 158,565 Taxes 28,181,730 \$ 69,193 \$ 250,923 Noncurrent assets \$ 181,730 \$ 69,193 \$ 250,923 Noncurrent assets \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Cash and investments \$ 6,775,950 \$ 13,000 6,788,950 Capital assets (net) \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total noncurrent assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to pensions \$ 71,013 \$ 7,083,186 \$ 71,013 Accorust payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accrued liabilities 26,568 \$ 6,968 26,568 Interest payable \$ 22,525 \$ 22,525 Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 \$ 2,800 \$ 60,596 Interest payable \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Interest payable \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Note payable from restricted assets \$ 93,861 \$		Ф	F 0.000	Ф	20.627	Ф	01.617
Accounts 128,750 29,815 158,565 Taxes 8 181,730 \$ 69,193 \$ 250,923 Noncurrent assets Restricted: Cash and investments \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 49,993 \$ 7,168,179 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 49,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Liabilities Current Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Account payable \$ 26,568 \$ 26,568 16,764 Interest payable \$ 24,903 \$ 60,596 Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 \$ 2,600 \$ 60,596 Total current liabilities \$ 34,936 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661		\$	52,980	Ф	38,637	Þ	91,617
Taxes 741 741 Total current assets \$ 181,730 \$ 69,193 \$ 250,923 Noncurrent assets: Restricted: \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Liabilities Current: Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accoued liabilities 26,568 \$ 6,965 26,568 Interest payable \$ 22,525 22,525 Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 5,173 Notes payable </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>128.750</td> <td></td> <td>29.815</td> <td></td> <td>158,565</td>			128.750		29.815		158,565
Noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and investments \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Capital assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Capital assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Capital assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Capital assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Capital assets \$ 71,013 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$,				
Noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and investments \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Capital assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Capital assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Capital assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Capital assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Capital assets \$ 71,013 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$							
Restricted: 2.800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Eliabilities Current: Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accounts payable \$ 26,568 26,568 Interfund payable \$ 26,568 26,568 Interest payable \$ 22,525 22,525 Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities: \$ 33,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Total current assets	\$	181,730	\$	69,193	\$	250,923
Cash and investments \$ 125,506 \$ 2,800 \$ 128,306 Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Eliabilities Current Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accounts payable \$ 26,568 26,568 Interfund payable \$ 26,568 26,568 Interest payable \$ 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets (net) 6,775,950 13,000 6,788,950 Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Elabilities Current: Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accrued liabilities 26,568 26,568 26,568 Interest payable \$ 26,568 26,568 26,568 Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 \$ 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Restricted:						
Total noncurrent assets \$ 6,901,456 \$ 15,800 \$ 6,917,256 Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179 Deferred Outflows of Resources Elabilities Current: Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Account payable \$ 26,568 26,568 26,568 Interest payable \$ 22,525 22,525 Current maturities of long-term debt \$ 22,525 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764	Cash and investments	\$	$125,\!506$	\$	2,800	\$	128,306
Total assets \$ 7,083,186 \$ 84,993 \$ 7,168,179	Capital assets (net)		6,775,950		13,000		6,788,950
Related to pensions \$ 71,013 \$ - \$ 71,013	Total noncurrent assets	\$	6,901,456	\$	15,800	\$	6,917,256
Current	Total assets	\$	7,083,186	\$	84,993	\$	7,168,179
Liabilities Current: Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accrued liabilities 26,568 26,568 Interfund payable - - Interest payable - - Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets 2 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Current: Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accrued liabilities 26,568 26,568 Interfund payable - - Interest payable - - Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets - - - Customer deposites \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 286,000	Related to pensions	\$	71,013	\$		\$	71,013
Accounts payable \$ 5,843 \$ 5,660 \$ 11,503 Accrued liabilities 26,568 26,568 Interfund payable - - Interest payable - - Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets Customer deposites \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Liabilities						
Accrued liabilities 26,568 26,568 Interfund payable - Interest payable - Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets Customer deposites \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Current:						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		\$	•	\$	5,660	\$	
Total current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525			26,568				$26,\!568$
Current maturities of long-term debt 22,525 22,525 Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Customer deposites \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881							-
Total current liabilities \$ 54,936 \$ 5,660 \$ 60,596 Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets Customer deposites \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881			99 595				- 22 525
Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets Customer deposites \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Current maturities of long term debt		22,929				22,020
Payable from restricted assets \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 \$ 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 \$ 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 \$ 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 \$ 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Total current liabilities	\$	54,936	\$	5,660	\$	60,596
Payable from restricted assets \$ 93,861 \$ 2,800 \$ 96,661 Net pension liability 161,764 \$ 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 \$ 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 \$ 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 \$ 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability 161,764 161,764 Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Payable from restricted assets						
Compensated absences 5,173 5,173 Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Customer deposites	\$	93,861	\$	2,800	\$	96,661
Notes payable 300,283 300,283 Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881	Net pension liability		161,764				161,764
Bonds payable 286,000 286,000 Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881							
Total noncurrent liabilities \$ 847,081 \$ 2,800 \$ 849,881							
	Bonds payable		286,000				286,000
Total liabilities \$ 902,017 \$ 8,460 \$ 910,477	Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	847,081	\$	2,800	\$	849,881
	Total liabilities	\$	902,017	\$	8,460	\$	910,477

	Water/Sewer		Solid Waste		 Total	
Deferred Inflows Of Resources						
Related to pensions Unavailable revenue	\$	7,981	\$	-	\$ 7,981	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	7,981	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 7,981	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Debt service	\$	6,167,142	\$	13,000	\$ 6,180,142	
Capital projects Unrestricted		16,378 60,681		63,533	 16,378 124,214	
Total net position	\$	6,244,201	\$	76,533	\$ 6,320,734	

${\bf Village\ of\ Santa\ Clara} \\ {\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENSES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ NET\ POSITION} \\$ PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Water & Sewer		Solid Waste		Total	
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	741,292	\$ 173,890	\$	915,182	
Operating expenses: Personnel Operating Depreciation	\$	45,320 788,809 42,524	\$ 162,192	\$	45,320 951,001 42,524	
Total operating expenses	\$	876,653	\$ 162,192	\$	1,038,845	
Net operating income	\$	(135,361)	\$ 11,698	\$	(123,663)	
Nonoperating revenue (expense): Investment income Gross reciepts taxes State grants Federal grants	\$	48 30,275 120,412	\$ - 4,411	\$	48 34,686 120,412	
Miscellaneous revenue Interest expense		(10,313)			(10,313)	
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	\$	140,422	\$ 4,411	\$	144,833	
Net income before operating transfers	\$	5,061	\$ 16,109	\$	21,170	
Transfers: In Out					- -	
Change in net position	\$	5,061	\$ 16,109	\$	21,170	
Net position, beginning of year,		6,239,140	60,424		6,299,564	
Net position, end of year	\$	6,244,201	\$ 76,533	\$	6,320,734	

Village of Santa Clara STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Water & Sewer			Solid Waste		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers	\$	733,229	\$	169,843	\$	903,072
Payments to suppliers		(798, 366)		(161,630)		(959,996)
Payments to employees						
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(65,137)	\$	8,213	\$	(56,924)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Dedicated tax receipts	\$	30,275	\$	4,724	\$	34,999
Intergovernmental grants		120,412				120,412
Collections of notes receivable						-
Interfund activity		(35,096)				(35,096)
Miscellaneous collections						-
Transfers from other funds						-
Transfers to other funds						
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital						
financing activities	\$	115,591	\$	4,724	\$	120,315
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(77,511)			\$	(77,511)
Borrowings on capital debt						-
Principal paid on capital debt		(11,870)				(11,870)
Interest paid on capital debt		(10,413)				(10,413)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related						
financing activities	\$	(99,794)	\$	-	\$	(99,794)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Earnings on investments	\$	48	\$		\$	48
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$	48	\$	_	\$	48
iver cash provided (used) by hivesting activities	Ψ	40	Ψ		Ψ	40
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	\$	(49,292)	\$	12,937	\$	(36,355)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		227,778		28,500		256,278
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	178,486	\$	41,437	\$	219,923

Village of Santa Clara STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (concluded)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	,	Water & Sewer	Solid Waste	Total	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(135,361)	\$ 11,698	\$	(123,663)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		$42,\!524$	-		42,524
(Increase) decrease in:					
Receivables, net		(8,955)	(5,147)		(14,102)
Deferred outflows		26,261	·		26,261
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		(9,557)	562		(8,995)
Accrued expenses		9,766			9,766
Customer deposits		892	1,100		1,992
Deferred inflows		(1,322)	,		(1,322)
Net pension liability		10,615			10,615
Compensated absences					
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(65,137)	\$ 8,213	\$	(56,924)

Village of Santa Clara STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	109,445
Total assets	\$	109,445
Liabilities and Fund Equity		
Deposits held for others Interfund payable	\$	109,445
Total liabilities	\$	109,445

Village of Santa Clara NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. GENERAL

Village of Santa Clara, a political subdivision of the State of New Mexico, operates under the Council-mayor form of government. The Village provides the following authorized services: public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, health and welfare, social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The Village's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for State and Local Governments, through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Village's basic financial statements include the accounts of all Village operations. The criteria for include organizations as component units within the Village's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the Village holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the Village appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the Village is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Village
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Village

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Village has no component units. In prior years, the Village reported its Housing Authority as a component unit. The Village evaluated this reporting as disclosed in Note 16 and determined that the Housing Authority was a related organization under professional standards.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Governmental-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Village and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are not allocated but are presented as separate functions. Program revenues include charges paid by recipients of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational and capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which a program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Village.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category of type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principle on the general obligation bonds of the Village other than debt service payments made by enterprise funds. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the Village's general obligation bonds. The Village currently has no general obligation bonds outstanding.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (Note included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds

Agency funds account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes four agency funds. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds are as follows:

Municipal Court Bond Fund – to account for the cash collected for bonds posted by defendants.

St. Clairs Organics – to account for the grant fund held for private industry until contract obligations are fulfilled.

Private Library Funds – to account for monies raised by private citizens to be used, at their directions, on library projects.

Major Funds

These funds classified as major are as follows:

General – accounts for all activities except those accounted for in other funds.

Municipal Streets – accounts for the gasoline tax distribution imposed by Chapter 7, Article 13 NMSA 1978.

Non-Major Funds

Fund description for all funds are included in the "Other Supplementary Information" section of this report.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized when the earnings process is complete. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Derived tax revenues are recognized when the exchange takes place, and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Revenues that are not available are recorded as deferred outflows of resources. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

E. BUDGETS

Budgets for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Enterprise Funds are prepared by management and approved by the local governing body and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration.

These budgets are prepared on the NON-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be reappropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a by fund basis. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a fund, this may be accomplished with only local Council approval. If a transfer between "funds" or a budget increase is required, approval must also be obtained from the Department of Finance and Administration.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

F. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and investments' include all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Village. For the purpose of the proprietary fund Statement of Cash Flows, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury or New Mexico political subdivisions, and the State Treasurer's investment pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owner of such public monies, in an amount not less than 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

G. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term inter-fund loans are reported as "inter-fund receivables or payables". Inter-fund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

H. RECEIVABLES

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at yearend and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include gross receipts and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as gross receipts tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis.

Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose majority of proprietary fund receivables. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over assets estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

•	Buildings	25-50 years
•	Improvements	10-50 years
•	Machinery and Equipment	03-10 years
•	Infrastructure	25-75 years
•	Software and Library	5-10 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements. Assets acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized. Construction period interest is capitalized in proprietary funds.

J. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period, and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resource (expenses/expenditures) until then. The Government has deferred outflows related to pensions as discussed in Note 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The Government has deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as disclosed in Note 7.

In addition, the Government has \$967 in property taxes that was not collected within 60 days and is therefore recorded as deferred outflows of resources in the fund statements.

K. LONG-TERM DEBT

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets acquired with the debt are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, accrued compensated absences, and bonds payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principle and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

L. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Village's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

M. EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding

- balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

The Village has implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change its constraints.
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the government body delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Village Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by adoption of a resolution or a vote of the Council. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. Assigned fund balance is established by the Village Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose (such as purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service or for other purposes). Expenditures are normally made from the most highly constrained group first.

N. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

Gross Receipts Tax

The Village levies a gross receipts tax on taxable gross receipts within the Village. The rate includes both Village and State assessments. The tax is collected by the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department and remitted to the Village in the month following receipt by the Department. The Department receives the tax one month after collection by vendors. Included in this tax is amounts dedicated to intercept agreements, and those dedicated amounts are recorded directly in those funds.

Gross receipts tax collected by the State in June and July (which represent May and June transactions) and received by the Village in July and August have been accrued and are included under the caption "Taxes Receivable".

Property Tax

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semiannual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year and become delinquent 30 days later. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer of the County in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on a state formula, per \$1,000 of taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village. The Village's total tax rate to finance general government services for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$3.788 per \$1,000 for nonresidential property and \$2.678 for residential property. The Village's tax rate for debt service was \$.00 per \$1,000 for both residential and nonresidential property.

Property tax receivables are recognized net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts in the period for which the taxes are levied, even if they are not available. Property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenue of governmental funds includes fees to users and license fees. Operating grants include operating specific and discretionary grants while capital grants reflect capital-specific appropriations.

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Fund – By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Debt Service
Capital Outlay

Proprietary Fund – By Operating and Non-Operating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

The Village first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. The Village does not allocate indirect costs.

O. INTER-FUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as inter-fund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all inter-fund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

P. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a bank failure the Governments deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for credit risk beyond that disclosed in Note 1. As of June 30, 2019, \$392,408 of the Village's bank balance of \$1,110,251 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized		<u>\$ 392,408</u>
	Bank <u>Balance</u>	Carrying <u>Amount</u>
Deposits by custodial risk category: Insured	\$ 250,000	e 950 000
Collateral held by the pledging bank's agent	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000
in the Village 's name	467,843	467,843
Uninsured and uncollateralized	392,408	274,863
	<u>\$ 1,110,251</u>	<u>\$ 992,706</u>

The Village does not have a risk policy beyond that required by State Statute.

The cash on deposit with NMFA is, in effect, loan proceeds or payments made by the Village but not yet disbursed. Such deposits are subject to the collateral requirements of NMFA. Such deposits total \$16,619.

The Village invests in the State Treasurer Local Governmental Investment Pool, a New Mexico sponsored investment alternative.

The State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool is not SEC registered. The State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, is authorized to invest money held in the short-term investment fund in accordance with Sections 6-10-10-10P and Sections 6-10-10.1 A and E, NMSA 1978. The Local Government Investment Pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state investments.

The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts fund were invested.

Investments are valued at amortized cost.

Participation in the pool is voluntary. The Village has \$21,250 on deposit in the pool at June 30, 2019, which is AAAm rated with a weighted average maturity of 35 days WAM(R) and 112 days WAM(F).

Note 3 Receivables

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type Activities		
Accounts receivable: Services (net)	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 158,56 <u>5</u>		
Franchise tax Property taxes	2,931	\$		
Gross receipts tax MVD Gas Tax	$ \begin{array}{r} 31,427 \\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000$	741 		
Total taxes receivable	\$ 42,960	\$ 741		
Intergovernmental grants	<u>\$ 18,729</u>	\$ -0-		
Total	\$ 61,689	<u>\$ 159,306</u>		

The Village believes all receivables are collectible, therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been established.

Note 4 Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2018 Increases</u> <u>Decreases</u>			Balance <u>June 30, 2019</u>		
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land and land improvements Construction in pro-	\$ 53,754	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 53,754		
gress	68,602	384,092	280,597	172,097		
Total capital assets not being depre- ciated	<u>\$ 122,356</u>	\$ 384,092	\$ 280,597	\$ 225,851		
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings/Improvements/ Infrastructure Equipment/vehicles/	\$ 6,193,050	\$ 416,557	\$	\$ 6,609,607		
machinery	1,258,649	21,668		1,280,317		
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 7,451,699	\$ 438,225	\$ -0-	\$ 7,889,924		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings/Improvements/						
Infrastructure	\$ (1,677,679)	\$ (370,195)	\$	\$ (2,047,874)		
Equipment/vehicles/ machinery	(1,142,983)	(17,292))	(1,160,275)		
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (2,820,662)	\$ (387,487)) <u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ (3,208,149)		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 4,631,037	\$ 50,738	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 4,681,77 <u>5</u>		
Governmental activity, capital assets, net	<u>\$ 4,753,393</u>	<u>\$ 434,830</u>	\$ 280,59	<u>7</u> <u>\$ 4,907,626</u>		

Other business-type activity programs:

activity programs:								
		Balance						Balance
		July 1, 2018	Inc	creases	Decre	ases	<u>Jur</u>	ne 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated: <u>Land</u> and land								
improvements	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-
Construction in progress		76,997						76,997
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$</u>	76,997	\$	-0-	\$		\$	76,997
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	456,004	\$	40,000	\$		\$	496,004
Buildings/Improvements Infrastructure		$416,882 \\ 7,337,749$		37,511				$416,882 \\ 7,375,260$
Total capital assets								
being depreciated	\$	8,210,635	\$	77,511	\$	-0-	\$	8,288,146
Less accumulated depreciation:		(227.1)		(5.151)				(2-2-12-1)
Equipment Buildings/Improvements	\$	(344,674) $(30,811)$	\$	(8,461) $(1,273)$	\$		\$	(353,135) (32,084)
Infrastructure		(1,158,184)		(32,790)				(1,190,974)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(1,533,669)	\$	(42,524)	\$	-0-	\$	(1,576,193)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	<u>6,676,966</u>	<u>\$</u>	34,987	\$	-0-	<u>\$</u>	6,711,953
Other business-type								
activity programs capital assets, net	\$	<u>6,753,963</u>	\$	34,987	\$	-0-	\$	6,788,950
Depreciation was charged to the C	Jov	ernmental Ac	etivi	ties as foll	ows:			
General Government Public Safety Public Works Health and welfare							\$	46,498 178,244 123,996 15,500
Culture-recreation							\$	23,249 387,487
							φ	001,401

Note 5 Accrued Expenses

At June 30, 2019, accrued expenses consisted of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>
Accruals payroll and benefits	\$ 9,805	\$ 20,952
	<u>\$ 9,805</u>	<u>\$ 20,953</u>

Note 6 Long-Term Debt

Changes in governmental activities long-term debt is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	D 1			D 1	Due
	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019	Within One Year
	<u>oury 1, 2016</u>	Additions	Defetions	<u>oune 50, 2015</u>	One rear
Notes payable	\$ 32,020	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 16,002</u>	<u>\$ 16,018</u>	<u>\$ 16,018</u>

Law Enforcement – This loan is for police vehicles. The loan is secured by State Law Enforcement Allocations. The revenues pledged totaled \$16,034 at June 30, 2019, which is 74% of allocations at their current rate. Interest is .1% and matures in 2020. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized \$21,800 in pledged revenues, and retired \$16,034 in loan principal and interest.

Business-Type Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2019	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Rev Bond 2008	\$ 89,000	\$	\$ 1,000	\$ 88,000	\$ 1,000
Rev Bond 2010	207,000		4,000	203,000	4,000
NMFA Colonias	19,681		1,312	18,369	1,312
NMFA Water					
Meter	181,257	1,721		182,978	8,934
Water System	54,197		3,188	51,009	3,188
Wastewater					
Improvements	69,543		4,091	65,452	4,091
	\$ 620,678	<u>\$ 1,721</u>	<u>\$ 13,591</u>	\$ 608,808	\$ 22,525

Series 2008 and 2010 Revenue Bonds – These bonds were issued to make improvements to the Village Water and Sewer systems. The bonds are secured by water and sewer system revenues, and bear interest from 3% to 4.25%. These revenues pledged total \$478,302 at June 30, 2019, which is 2% of revenues at the current rate. Maturity dates range from 2020 through 2051. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized \$741,292 in

pledged revenues, and retired \$14,993 in bond principal and interest. The Bond ordinances require that reserves of \$54,225 be established. The Village currently has \$31,645 reserved.

NMFA Loans – These loans were obtained to make improvements to the water and sewer systems. The loans are secured by water and sewer system revenues, and bear interest at rates ranging from 0% to .25%. The revenues pledged totaled \$323,163 at June 30, 2019, which is 2.6% of revenues at their current rate. Maturity dates range from 2020 to 2036. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized \$741,292 in pledged revenues, and retired \$9,011 in loan principal and interest.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

		nmental vities	-	rietary <u>vities</u>
Due in year ending:	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2020	\$ 16,018	\$ 16	\$ 22,525	\$ 10,799
2021			$22,\!547$	10,104
2022			23,569	9,918
2023			23,592	9,690
2024			23,614	9,463
2025-2029			122,411	43,719
2030-2034			125,665	37,275
2035-2039			100,885	29,584
2040-2044			55,000	20,818
2045-2049			69,000	10,357
2050-2054			20,000	930
	<u>\$ 16,018</u>	<u>\$ 16</u>	\$ 608,808	\$ 192,657

Compensated absences in governmental activities were as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2019	Due in One Year
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 5,736</u>	<u>\$ 9,744</u>	<u>\$ 10,477</u>	\$ 5,003	<u>\$ -0-</u>

Changes in Proprietary Funds Long-Term Debt were as follows during the year ended June 30, 2019:

	_	alance 71, 2018	<u>In</u>	<u>icrease</u>	Deci	<u>rease</u>		alance 30, 2019	_	Oue in ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	1,241	\$	7,375	\$	3,443	<u>\$</u>	5,173	\$	-0-

All compensated absences are considered non-current. Compensated absences are paid out of the fund that salaries for the respective employee are paid out of provided there are funds available. Otherwise, they are paid out of the general fund.

Note 7 Pension Plan – Public Employees Retirement Association

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State, General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/ using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366.

Benefits Provided – For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 available at http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancial Statements/366 Public Employees Retirement Association 2018.pdf.

Contributions – The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and Village of Santa Clara are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY18 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures on page 43 of the PERA FY18 annual audit at http://osanm.org/media/audits/366PublicEmployeesRetirementAssocation2018.pdf. The PERA coverage options that apply to the Village are the Municipal General. Statutorily required

contributions to the pension plan from the Village were \$19,761 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2018.

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred inflows and outflows were performed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability for each member group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018 were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2018 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For PERA Fund Division – Municipal General, at June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$425,696 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was .0267 percent, and was .0275 percent measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal General pension expense of \$121,637. At June 30, 2019, the Village reported PERA Fund Division Municipal General deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	In	eferred flows of e <u>sources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,304	\$	11,176
Changes of assumptions		38,595		2,448
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		31,572		

Changes in proportion and differences between the Village's contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	84,645	7,378
The Village's contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 19,761	 -0-
Total	\$ 186,877	\$ 21.002

\$19,761 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date, June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2020	\$ 104,41	3
2021	38,43	9
2022	1,70	2
2023	1,56	0

Actuarial Assumptions – As described above, the PERA Fund member group pension liabilities and net pension liabilities are based on actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2017 for each of the membership groups. Then each PERA Fund member group pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. These actuarial methods and assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay
Amortization period	Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method	Fair value

Actuarial assumptions:

•	Investment rate of return	7.25% annual rate, net of investment expense
•	Payroll growth	3.00%
•	Projected salary increases	3.25% - 13.50%
•	Includes inflation at	2.50%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are

developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ALL FUNDS – Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.5%	7.48%
Risk Reduction and Mitigation	21.5%	2.37%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.0%	5.47%
Real Assets	20.0%	6.48%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the Village's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the Village participates in, under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the single discount rate.

	1% <u>Decrease</u>	Current Discount Rate	1% <u>Increase</u>	
PERA Fund Division Municipal General	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
The Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 655,970	\$ 425,696	\$ 235,339	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY18 PERA financial report. The report is available at http://www.pera.state.nm.us/publications.html.

Note 8 Retiree Health Care Act Contributions

The Village does not participate in the Retiree Health Care Act.

Note 9 Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 10 Future Commitments

The Village has contracts and grant awards for construction projects in various stages of completion. Such contracts, funded principally by federal and state agencies, constitute future commitments, and approximate \$740,000 at June 30, 2019.

Note 11 Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village has joined together with other agencies in the State and obtained insurance through the New Mexico Self Insurers Fund, a public risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The Village pays an annual premium to New Mexico Self Insurers Fund for its general insurance coverage. No losses in excess of insurance coverage have been experienced.

Note 12 Expenditures in Excess of Budgetary Authority

The Village incurred no expenditures in excess of budgetary authority.

Note 13 Fund Balance Deficits

The Village had a fund balance deficit at June 30, 2019 in the non-major CDBG Grant Fund of \$9,836. As revenues are collected or transfers are made, the deficit will be reduced.

Note 14 Inter-fund Activity

Inter-fund balances at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities

Inter-Fund Payable

	Municipal <u>Streets</u>	Other <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Inter-Fund Receivable				
General Other funds	\$ 3,104	\$ 10,222 	\$ 10,222 10,608	
	\$ 3,104	<u>\$ 17,726</u>	\$ 20,830	

These amounts are expected to be repaid within one year, and the advances were made to meet operating expenses.

No transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 15 Restricted Net Position

Net position restricted for other purposes consist of fund balances which are restricted by legislation to specific purposes. The restricting legislation is listed in the fund descriptions appearing at the beginning of Other Supplementary Information. Major restrictions are as follows:

General	\$	49,478
Fire		184,893
Animal Shelter		10,847
Corrections		24,880
Other	_	12,768
	\$	282.866

The Village reports \$329,555 in restricted assets, of which \$329,555 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Note 16 Related Organizations

The Village of Santa Clara appoints a voting majority of the Board of the Santa Clara Housing Authority.

The Village is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority, and no financial benefit/burden relationship exists.

No transactions, between the parties other than the payment of utility bills by the Housing Authority to the Village, exist.

Note 17 Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through December 12, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 18 Tax Abatement Disclosures

The Village has no need to make tax abatement disclosures as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 77, since no abatements exist.

Special Revenue Funds

Fire Protection – to account for the revenues from the State Fire Allotment and the public safety related expenditure. Authority NMSA 59-15-1.

Correction Fees – to account for the fees collected by the Municipal Judge, which are legally restricted to expenditures for jail, related costs. Authority NMSA 33-3-25.

Law Enforcement Protection – to account for the State grant to be used for the repair and/or replacement of law enforcement equipment. Authority NMSA 23-13-1.

Animal Shelter – to account for the General Fund transfers to be used for animal shelter activity. This fund was authorized by Town resolution.

EMS Grant – to account for the operations and maintenance of medical service equipment for the Town. Authority is NMSA 24-10A-6.

Economic Development – to account for the State grant for Economic Development authorization is Village Council.

NMEMNRD – to account for Federal resources to be used to improve outdoor recreation. Authority is the Village Council.

Friends of Fort Bayard – to account for donations from private entities to develop the Fort Bayard Complex. Authorization is the Village Council.

Cemetery - to account for the operation of the Village Cemetery. Authorization is the Village Council.

Recreation – to account for the revenues generated by cigarette taxes that are restricted to expenditures for recreational purposes. Authority NMSA 33-3-25 and is a Special Revenue Fund.

Capital Projects Funds

CDBG/Colonias Projects – to account for federal funds passed through the State Department of Finance and Administration to be used for several infrastructure improvement projects. Authorized by Federal regulation.

RUS – to account for the Federal proceeds to improve Water and Wastewater distribution lines.

Street Improvement – to account for the Co-op agreement with the State Highway Department to improve Village streets. Authorized by Village Council.

Maintenance Building Improvements – to account for the legislative allocation from New Mexico to provide improvements to the Village maintenance facility. Authorized by State of New Mexico.

Enterprise Fund

Water and Sewer Fund – to account for the provisions of water and sewer services to applicable users. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Solid Waste Fund – to account for the provisions of garbage collection services to applicable users. All activities necessary to provide such service are accounted for in this fund.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OF PERA FUND DIVISION MUNICIPAL GENERAL PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION)(PERA) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Village of Santa Clara's proportion of the net pension liability	.0267%	.0275%	.0198%	.0060%	-0-
Village of Santa Clara's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 425,696	\$377,873	\$ 316,337	\$ 61,175	\$ -
Village of Santa Clara's covered payroll	\$267,046	\$ 294,257	\$ 310,689	\$ 247,162	\$ 63,878
Village of Santa Clara's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	159%	128%	102%	25%	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.13%	73.74%	69%	77%	81%

^{*}The amounts presented were determined as of June 30. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, The Village of Santa Clara will present information for those years for which information is available. The Village first participated in PERA in 2015.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS-PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA) PLAN-PERA FUND DIVISION MUNICIPAL GENERAL *LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017			2016	2015	
Contractually required contributions	\$ 19,761	\$ 21,775	\$ 22,991		\$ 18,290		\$ 4,727	
Contributions in relation to contractually required contributions	(19,761)	(21,775)		(22,991)		(18,290)	(4,727)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ -	
Village of Santa Clara's covered payroll	\$ 267,046	\$ 294,257	\$	310,689	\$	247,162	\$ 63,878	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.40%	7.40%		7.40%		7.40%	7.40%	

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the Village of Santa Clara will present information for those years for which information is available.

Village of Santa Clara NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Change in benefit terms – The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY18 audit available at http://www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/AuditFinancialStatements/366 Public Employees Retirement Association 2018.pdf.

Changes of valuation – The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2016 report is available at:

http//www.pera.state.nm.us/pdf/Investment/RetirementFundValuationReports/6-30-2018%20PERA%20Valuation%20Report_FINAL.pdf.

The Summary of Financial Information for the PERA Fund states the return on the actuarial value of assets was 6.90% compared to the expected return of 7.25%. The report indicates the total increase to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$902,931,083 and results in a decrease to the funded ratio from 73.74%% to 71.13%. For details about the actuarial assumptions, see the actuarial section of the report.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2019

			Sp	ecial Reven	ue Fu	ınds		
	Corrections			EMS		Fire rotection	Enfo	Law rcement tection
Assets								
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Interfund receivable Due from other governments	\$	24,998	\$	5,068	\$	184,934	\$	271
Total assets	\$	24,998	\$	5,068	\$	184,934	\$	271
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$	118			\$	41	\$	-
Total liabilities	\$	118	\$		\$	41	\$	
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Fund balances: Restricted: Public safety Culture and recreation Public works	\$	24,880	\$	5,068	\$	184,893	\$	30
Health and Welfare Debt service Capital Projects Unassigned								241
Total fund balance	\$	24,880	\$	5,068	\$	184,893	\$	271
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of res and fund balances	ources <u>\$</u>	24,998	\$	5,068	\$	184,934	\$	271

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

E]	NM MNRD	Friends o Ft. Bayar		Cemetary		animal Shelter
\$	6,993	\$	-	\$	995	\$ 10,847
\$	6,993	\$	<u> </u>	\$	995	\$ 10,847
\$	-	\$	-	\$	318	\$ -
\$	-	\$		\$	318	\$ -
\$		\$		\$		\$ <u>-</u>
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ -
\$	-	\$	-			
	6,993				677	10,847
\$	6,993	\$		\$	677	\$ 10,847
\$	6,993	\$		\$	995	\$ 10,847

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (concluded)

June 30, 2019

	US ant	Street Improvements		CDBG Grant		Total
Assets						
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Interfund receivable Due from other governments	\$ -	\$	65,667 10,608	\$	18,729	\$ 299,773 10,608 18,729
Total assets	\$ 	\$	76,275	\$	18,729	\$ 329,110
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Interfund payable	\$ -	\$	29,824	\$	10,839 17,726	\$ 41,140 17,726
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$	29,824	\$	28,565	\$ 58,866
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue	\$ -	\$		\$		\$
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ -	\$		\$		\$
Fund balances: Restricted: Public safety	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 214,871
Culture and recreation Public works Health and Welfare Debt service Capital projects Unassigned			46,451		(9,836)	7,670 10,847 241 46,451 (9,836)
Total fund balance	\$ _	\$	46,451	\$	(9,836)	\$ 270,244
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ -	\$	76,275	\$	18,729	\$ 329,110

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

		Specia	u kevenue runas		
	Corrections	EMS	Fire Protection	Law Enforcement Protection	NM EMNRD
Revenues:					
GRT Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Gas taxes					
Charges for services State sources			80,914	21,800	
Federal sources			00,314	21,000	
Fines, licenses and permits	5,183				
Miscellaneous			464	240	
Total revenues	\$ 5,183	\$ -	\$ 81,378	\$ 22,040	\$ -
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	2,531		79,318	6,644	
Public works Health and welfare					
Culture recreation					
Debt service:					
Principal				16,002	
Interest				32	
Loan issue costs					
Capital outlay					
Total expenditures	\$ 2,531	\$ -	\$ 79,318	\$ 22,678	\$
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 2,652	\$ -	\$ 2,060	\$ (638)	\$ -
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer in Transfer out Loan proceeds					
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,652	\$ -	\$ 2,060	\$ (638)	\$ -
Fund balance, July 1, 2018	22,228	5,068	182,833	909	6,993
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 24,880	\$ 5,068	\$ 184,893	\$ 271	\$ 6,993

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

					_					
ends of Bayard	C	emetary	Animal Shelter	US rant				Total		
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
7_		1,700 93,001	 5,088_			47,297		69,260		1,700 243,012 69,260 5,183 5,799
\$ 7_	\$	94,701	\$ 5,088	\$ 	\$	47,297	\$	69,260	\$	324,954
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 44	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44 88,493
180		1,323	3,418							4,741 180
										16,002 32
		93,001	 	 		211,995		79,096		384,092
\$ 180	\$	94,324	\$ 3,418	\$ 44	\$	211,995	\$	79,096	\$	493,584
\$ (173)	\$	377	\$ 1,670	\$ (44)	\$	(164,698)	\$	(9,836)	\$	(168,630)
				 						- - -
\$ (173)	\$	377	\$ 1,670	\$ (44)	\$	(164,698)	\$	(9,836)	\$	(168,630)
173		300	9,177	44		211,149				438,874
\$ 	\$	677	\$ 10,847	\$ -	\$	46,451	\$	(9,836)	\$	270,244

Village of Santa Clara SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	lance 1, 2018	Receipts		Disbursements		Balance e 30, 2019
Municipal Court Bond						
Cash and investments	\$ 510	\$	500	\$	963	\$ 47
Total assets	\$ 510	\$	500	\$	963	\$ 47
Liabilities						
Due to others	\$ 510	\$	500	\$	963	\$ 47
St. Clairs Organics						
Cash and investments	\$ <u>-</u> ,	\$	100,000	\$		\$ 100,000
Total assets	\$ -	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$ 100,000
Liabilities						
Due to others	\$ -	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$ 100,000
Private Library Funds						
Cash and investments	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	9,398	\$		\$ 9,398
Total assets	\$ 	\$	9,398	- \$		\$ 9,398
Liabilities						
Due to Others	\$ -	\$	9,398	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 9,398
Total Agency Funds						
Cash and investments	\$ 510	\$	109,898	\$	963	\$ 109,445
Total assets	\$ 510	\$	109,898	\$	963	\$ 109,445
Liabilities						
Due to others	\$ 510	\$	109,898	\$	963	\$ 109,445

Village of Santa Clara SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL

June 30, 2019

	 First American	Total		
Checking and CD's	\$ 1,110,251	\$	1,110,251	
Less: FDIC insurance	 (250,000)		(250,000)	
Total uninsured public funds	\$ 860,251	\$	860,251	
50% collateralization requirement (Section 6-10-17 NMSA)	\$ 430,126	\$	430,126	
Pledged Securities:				
Silver City SD 1 Bldg Bond cusip # 827513FG2, maturing 8/1/2026 Deming Public Schools#1 Bond, cusip # 550340EC3, maturing 8/1/2025	111,406 356,437		111,406 356,437	
Total pledged securities	\$ 467,843	\$	467,843	
Pledged securities over (under) requirement	\$ 37,718	\$	37,718	

Securities pledged are held by First American Bank, Artesia, NM. Safekeeping receipts are held by the Village.

First American	Type of Account		Bank Balance		econciled Balance
General RUS Operation and Maintenance RUS RUS Debt Municipal Court Animal Shelter Drinking Water Friends of Fort Bayard Colonias Street Improvement RUS Asset Management Colonias CDBG	Checking	\$	806,393 25,577 57,771 6,068 56 10,797 - - - -	\$	688,857 25,577 57,771 6,068 47 10,797 - - - -
CD CD	CD CD		103,589 100,000		103,589 100,000
Total First American <u>LGIP</u> General	LGIP	<u>\$</u> \$	1,110,251 21,250	<u>\$</u> \$	992,706 21,250
Total LGIP NMFA		\$	21,250	\$	21,250
Cash on deposit with paying agent Cash on hand	NMFA	\$	16,619	\$	16,619 155
Total cash and investments		\$	1,148,120	\$	1,030,730

SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Joint Wastewater Plant Agreement

Participants Village of Santa Clara

City of Bayard

Fort Bayard Special District

Town of Hurlay

Responsible party City of Bayard

Description Operation and maintenance of joint use sewer system

Dates of agreement Agreement began September 11, 1963 and remains in effect until

cancelled by the participating governments

Amount of project Varies

Audit responsibility City of Bayard

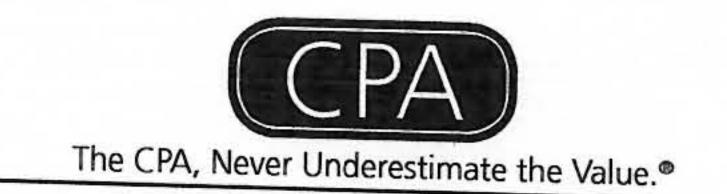
Fiscal agent City of Bayard

SCHEDULE OF LEGISLATIVE ALLOCATIONS

June 30, 2019

	Maintenance Building Improvements 15-0781		SCADA Well Improvements 14-1631-STB		Maintenance Vehicle 18-C2512	
Original appropriation	\$	150,000	\$	174,000	\$	40,000
Additions/Deletions				<u>-</u>	·	
Amended appropriation	\$	150,000	\$	174,000	\$	40,000
Expended through June 30, 2019	\$	148,540	\$	171,797	\$	40,000
Encumbrances						
Total committed	\$	148,540	\$	171,797	\$	40,000
Project expiration date	REVERTED			6/30/2020		6/30/2022

Centified Public Accountants-



MIKE STONE, C.P.A.
LINDA STONE McGEE, C.P.A.
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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER

MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN

ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian S. Colón, Esq, State Auditor And Mayor and Village Council Village of Santa Clara Santa Clara, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Village of Santa Clara as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Village of Santa Clara's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Village of Santa Clara's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Santa Clara's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of Santa Clara's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stone, McGove d Go OPAS

Silver City, New Mexico December 12, 2019

> Stone, McGee & Co. Centified Public Accountants

Village of Santa Clara SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Findings – Financial Statement Audit

2017-001 Payroll reporting Inaccurate

Resolved

2017-002 Cash not reconciled to general ledger

Resolved

2018-003 I-9 payroll documents not complete

Resolved

Village of Santa Clara SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Village of Santa Clara.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards.*
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Village of Santa Clara, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. Village of Santa Clara expended less than \$750,000 in federal funds.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

OTHER - FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The financial statements were prepared by Stone, McGee & Co., C.P.A.'s. However, the management of Village of Santa Clara has acknowledged its responsibility for the financial statements and has taken responsibility for them.

EXIT CONFERENCE

The contents of this report were discussed December 11, 2019. Present at this exit conference were:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Affiliation
Richard Bauch	Mayor	Village of Santa Clara
Sheila Hudman	Clerk/Treasurer	Village of Santa Clara
Mike Stone, CPA	Shareholder	Stone, McGee & Co., CPAs