STATE OF NEW MEXICO

VILLAGE OF SANTA CLARA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

With Independent Auditor's Reports Thereon

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF SANTA CLARA OFFICIAL ROSTER June 30, 2010

Elected Officials (through June 30, 2010)

Richard Bauch	Mayor
Mark Castillo	Mayor Pro-Tem
Richard Esparza	Trustee
Amanda Chavez	Trustee
Albert Esparza	Trustee

Administrative Staff

Lucia J. Romo

Clerk/Treasurer

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF SANTA CLARA PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY OFFICIAL ROSTER June 30, 2010

Board of Commissioners

Rudolfo Herrera

Johnny Trujillo

Sonya Dixon

Stephen Miranda

Chairperson

Vice-Chairperson

Commissioner

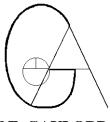
Commissioner

Administration

Gloria Duran

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



Gary E. Gaylord, C.P.A.

GARY E. GAYLORD, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 740 San Mateo NE, Box A-3 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87108 (505) 266-4820 fax (505) 268-6618

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hector Balderas, State Auditor and Richard Bauch, Mayor Village Trustees Village of Santa Clara Santa Clara, New Mexico

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of the Village of Santa Clara, Santa Clara, New Mexico, (The Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise The Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. I also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's nonmajor governmental funds and the budgetary comparisons for the major capital project funds and proprietary funds and all nonmajor funds presented as supplemental information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Santa Clara's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I was not engaged to audit the financial statements of the Village of Santa Clara Public Housing Authority, a component unit of the Village of Santa Clara which statements reflect total assets of \$878,085 as of June 30, 2010, and net operating revenues of \$566,672 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to me, and my opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts included for the Village of Santa Clara, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Santa Clara.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in my opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental fund of the Village as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective the major capital project fund and proprietary funds and all nonmajor funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated February 4, 2013, on my consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the Village has omitted the *Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)* that the Government Accounting Standards Board required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and budgetary comparisons. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The statement of changes in assets and liabilities of the trust and agency funds and the additional schedules listed as "other supplemental information" in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Tange Hargland esd

Gary E. Gaylord, Ltd. CPA's February 4, 2013

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

		Primary Government			Component	
	,	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Unit - Housing Authority	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,202,414	156,844	1,359,258	16,149	
Customer accounts receivable, net			105,235	105,235	5,044	
Unbilled accounts receivable			30,075	30,075	,	
Subsidy receivable			,	,	83,719	
Taxes receivable		82,249	2,051	84,300	,	
Other receivables		1,579	,	1,579		
Prepaid insurance		,		,	11,990	
Restricted assets:					,	
Temporarily restricted:						
Cash and cash equivalents			126,593	126,593	2,822	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				,	_,	
Land		28,131		28,131		
Construction work in progress		20,101	2,267,795	2,267,795		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation			_,, ****	_,, 00		
Infrastructure		536,811	400,146	936,957	610,437	
Buildings and building improvements		1,328,302	11,181	1,339,483	134,541	
Machinery and equipment		440,650	25,003	465,653	13,383	
Total Assets	\$	3,620,136	3,124,923	6,745,059	878,085	
	¢	14,288	20 712	54,001	4,199	
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$	9,136	39,713 10,590	19,726	6,666	
		9,130	717	929		
Accrued compensated absences - current Accrued interest payable		212	2,363	2,602	3,269	
Customer deposits		239	2,303 90,058	2,002 90.058	2 9 2 2	
Interim Ioan payable			,	,	2,822	
Noncurrent liabilities:			110,174	110,174		
Due within one year		29,154	7.000	36,154		
•		,	130,586	300,892	C 190	
Due in more than one year Total Liabilities		170,306 223,335	391,201	614,536	<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities		223,335	391,201	014,530	23,130	
NET ASSETS						
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		2,135,496	2,459,951	4,595,447	758,361	
Capital Projects		33,845		33,845		
Other Purposes		287,985		287,985		
Unrestricted		939,475	273,771	1,213,246	96,588	
Total Net Assets	\$	3,396,801	2,733,722	6,130,523	854,949	
I Utal Net Assets	φ	3,330,001	2,133,122	0,130,323	004,949	

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues			Net (I			
			0	Operating	Capital		nanges in Net Assets	;	Component
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Unit - Housing Authority
Functions/Programs	_	Lapenses	Services	Contributions	contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Additionity
Primary Government:									
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$	131,877	10,453			(121,424)		(121,424)	
Public Safety		438,914	49,416	98,211	20,397	(270,890)		(270,890)	
Public Works		48,084			535,404	487,320		487,320	
Health and Welfare		19,104	800			(18,304)		(18,304)	
Interest on long-term debt	. —	1,626				(1,626)		(1,626)	
Total governmental activities	\$	639,605	60,669	98,211	555,801	75,076		75,076	
Business-type activities:									
Water and Sewer	\$	597,222	564,530				(32,692)	(32,692)	
Solid Waste	+	134,490	140,625				6,135	6,135	
Total business-type activities	\$	731,712	705,155				(26,557)	(26,557)	
Total Primary Government	\$	1,371,317	765,824	98,211	555,801	75,076	(26,557)	48,519	
Component unit - Housing Authority	\$	246,879	59,713	94,590	412,369				319,793
	G	eneral revenue	e.						
	C	Property taxes				9,699		9,699	
		Gasoline tax				5,084		5,084	
		Gross receipts	s tax			910,012	58,667	968,679	
		Other taxes				33,949		33,949	
		Small cities di	stribution			147,906		147,906	
		Unrestricted ir	nvestment income			796	417	1,213	
	Т	ransfers				(530,404)	530,404		
			Total general rever	nues and transfers		577,042	589,488	1,166,530	
			Change in net asse	ets		652,118	562,931	1,215,049	319,793
	N	et assets at beg	ginning of year			2,744,683	2,170,791	4,915,474	535,156
	N	et assets at end	l of year		\$	3,396,801	2,733,722	6,130,523	854,949

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

		General Fund	RUS Water & Sewer Renovations	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	-				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	869,115		333,298	1,202,413
Taxes receivable		77,978		4,270	82,248
Other accounts receivable		1,289		290	1,579
Due from other funds	_	2,978			2,978
Total assets	\$_	951,360		337,858	1,289,218
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	1,238		13,050	14,288
Accrued salaries and benefits		9,136			9,136
Compensated absences		212			212
Due to other funds				2,978	2,978
Total liabilities	_	10,586		16,028	26,614
Reserved Fund Balance:					
Reserved for subsequent year expenditures Unreserved Fund Balance reported in:		20,953			20,953
General Fund		919,821			919,821
Special Revenue Fund				287,985	287,985
Capital Projects Fund				33,845	33,845
Total fund balance	_	940,774		321,830	1,262,604
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	951,360		337,858	1,289,218

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Exhibit C, continued

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Total fund balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,262,604
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is3,424,Accumulated depreciation is(1,090,		2,333,894
Compensated absences, net of current (1,	239) 062) 000) <u>398)</u>	(199,699)
Rounding		2
Total net assets Governmental Activities	\$	3,396,801

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico

Village of Santa Clara

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	RUS Water & Sewer	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenue:	Fund \$ 29,423	Renovations	Funds	Funds
Franchise tax			70 622	29,423
Gross Receipts Tax - Local Property Taxes	418,820 9,698		79,632	498,452 9,698
Fideral Grant	9,090	535,404		535,404
Gross Receipts Tax - State shared	411,560	555,404		411,560
Motor Vehicle distribution	411,300			411,300
Cemetery fees	4,520		800	4,320
Licenses, Fines & Fees	2,006		000	2,006
Miscellaneous Charges for Services	2,000			2,000
State fire allotment	2,120		82,132	82,132
State grant			27,321	27,321
Reimbursements			5,293	5,293
Miscellaneous			5,084	5,084
Court fines and fees	32,384		11,309	43,693
Interest	737		58	795
Small cities distribution	147,906		00	147,906
Other miscellaneous	17,709			17,709
	1,076,892	535,404	211,629	1,823,925
	1,070,002	000,404	211,020	1,020,020
Expenditures: Current:				
General Governmental:				
Executive - Legislative	16,326			16,326
Finance - Administration	54,231		37,240	91,471
Public Safety:	0.,201		0.,2.0	01,111
Judicial	45,177			45,177
Police	202,162		71,874	274,036
Fire	11,516			11,516
Ambulance	4,795			4,795
Police grants	7,595			7,595
Public Works	12,289		15,982	28,271
Health and Welfare			1,418	1,418
Non Current:			,	,
Debt Service			20,601	20,601
Capital Outlay				
	354,091		147,115	501,206
Revenues over (under) expenditures	722,801	535,404	64,514	1,322,719
Other financing sources (uses):				
e ()			F 000	E 000
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		(535,404)	5,000	5,000
Operating transfers out		(555,404)		(535,404)
Net change in fund balance	722,801		69,514	792,315
Fund balance, at beginning of year	217,973		252,316	470,289
Fund balance, at end of year	\$ <u>940,774</u>		321,830	1,262,604

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Exhibit D, continued

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Total net change in fund balance - Governmental Funds		\$	792,315
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. For governmental activities, those assets are shown in the Statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	(169,322)_		(169,322)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the fund financial statements, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). The (increase) decreases in the liabilities for the year were:			
Compensated absences payable, net of current Accrued interest payable	1,949 73		2,022
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term debt in the Statement of Net Assets NM Board of Finance NMFA Notes payable	10,000 18,902		28,902
When receivables are not collected within 60 days of the year end they are not considered "available" and are recognized as deferred revenue in the Governmental Funds. In the Statement of Activities, however, they are recognized	10,302		20,302
when earned regardless of when actually received.			(1,800)
Rounding		_	1
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$_	652,118

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **General Fund - Fund 10** Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Varia Positive (inces Negative)
	_		Amounts	Actual	Original	Actual to
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Budget to	Final
Revenue:	-	Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget
Franchise tax	\$	29,984	29,984	29,000		(984)
Gross Receipts Tax - Local	Ψ	60,302	60,302	460,064		399,762
Property Taxes		8,151	8,151	9,314		1,163
Gasoline Taxes		3,336	3,336	-,		(3,336)
Cigarette Tax		838	838			(838)
Gross Receipts Tax - State shared		68,000	68,000	453,244		385,244
Motor Vehicle distribution		4,469	4,469	4,518		49
Licenses, Fines & Fees		18,208	18,208	2,006		(16,202)
Miscellaneous Charges for Services		14,056	14,056	2,123		(11,933)
Court fines and fees		24,977	24,977	31,466		6,489
Interest		600	600	737		137
Small cities distribution		127,095	127,095	147,906		20,811
Other Miscellaneous	_	33,303	33,303	18,285		(15,018)
	-	393,319	393,319	1,158,663		765,344
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Governmental:						
Executive - Legislative		18,744	18,744	18,490		254
Finance - Administration		72,126	72,126	56,255		15,871
Public Safety:						
Judicial		36,005	36,005	44,522		(8,517)
Police		241,443	241,443	205,382		36,061
Fire		18,409	18,409	11,411		6,998
Ambulance		13,215	13,215	4,871		8,344
Police grants		47 550	47 550	7,613		(7,613)
Public Works	-	<u>17,550</u> 417,492	<u> </u>	<u>12,289</u> 360,833		<u>5,261</u> 56,659
	-	417,492	417,492	300,833		50,059
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(24,173)	(24,173)	797,830		822,003
Budgetary notation: Cash appropriated from prior year for current year expenditure	\$_	24,173	24,173			
	=					
Reconciliation to GAAP basis financial statement						
Decrease in due from other governments				(2,376)		
Decrease in taxes receivable				(82,113)		
Increase in other receivables				918		
Decrease in accounts payable				4,913		
Decrease in accrued compensation				1,439		
Decrease in deferred revenue				1,800		
Decrease in accrued compensated absences				390		
			5	§ <u>722,801</u>		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Exhibit E

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

ASSETS		Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
Current assets:	¢	110 555	00.000	150.044
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	118,555	38,289	156,844
Customer accounts receivable, net		85,255	19,980	105,235
Unbilled accounts receivable		25,325	4,750	30,075
Taxes receivable			2,051	2,051
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:				
Customer meter deposits		90,058		90,058
Revenue bond reserves	_	36,535		36,535
Total current assets	=	355,728	65,070	420,798
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Construction work in progress Capital Assets being depreciated:		2,267,795		2,267,795
Infrastructure		1,005,996		1,005,996
Buildings		27,244		27,244
Machinery and equipment		115,551		115,551
Total capital assets		3,416,586		3,416,586
Accumulated depreciation		(712,461)		(712,461)
Net capital assets	_	2,704,125		2,704,125
Total assets	\$ _	3,059,853	65,070	3,124,923
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)				
Current liabilities:				
Trade accounts payable	\$	39,713		39,713
Accrued salaries and wages		10,590		10,590
Customer meter deposits payable		90,058		90,058
Accrued compensated absences - current		717		717
Accrued interest payable		2,363		2,363
Interim loan payable		110,174		110,174
Revenue bonds payable, current portion		7,000		7,000
Total current liabilities	—	260,615		260,615
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Noncurrent accrued compensated absences		3,586		3,586
Revenue bonds payable, net of current portion		127,000		127,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	130,586		130,586
Total liabilities	_	391,201		391,201
NET ASSETS				
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		2,459,951		2,459,951
Unrestricted	_	208,701	65,070	273,771
Total net assets	_	2,668,652	65,070	2,733,722
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	3,059,853	65,070	3,124,923

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
Revenues:	_			
Utility charges	\$	537,873	146,997	684,870
Reconnection charges		588		588
Other charges for services		2,267		2,267
Penalties		17,467		17,467
Other state revenue		32,612		32,612
Environmental gross receipts tax	_		25,898	25,898
Total operating revenue	_	590,807	172,895	763,702
Operating expenses:				
Salaries		111,571		111,571
Benefits		10,019		10,019
Travel and per diem		438		438
Contractual services		222,468	66,936	289,404
Supplies		18,288		18,288
Other operating expenses		198,530	67,554	266,084
Depreciation	_	28,648		28,648
	-	589,962	134,490	724,452
Net operating income (loss)	_	845	38,405	39,250
Non-operating income (expenses)				
Investment income		417		417
Interest expense		(7,261)		(7,261)
Capital grants				
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	_	(6,844)		(6,844)
Income before transfers		(5,999)	38,405	32,406
Transfers in		535,404		535,404
Transfers out	_	(5,000)		(5,000)
Change in net assets		524,405	38,405	562,810
Net assets at beginning of year	_	2,144,126	26,665	2,170,791
Net assets at end of year	\$_	2,668,531	65,070	2,733,601

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	_			
Cash received from customers	\$	577,777	164,303	742,080
Cash received from taxes and other sources			2,094	2,094
Payment to and on behalf of employees		(113,976)		(113,976)
Payment to vendors for goods and services	_	(405,746)	(140,120)	(545,866)
Net cash flows from operating activities	_	58,055	26,277	84,332
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers to other funds	_	(5,000)	<u> </u>	(5,000)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	_	(5,000)		(5,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
RCAC loan proceeds		41,959		41,959
Payments on revenue bonds		(13,315)		(13,315)
Purchase of capital assets	_	(41,387)		(41,387)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	-	(12,743)		(12,743)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income		417		417
	_	417		417
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		40,729	26,277	67,006
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of year	_	204,419	12,012	216,431
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of year	=	245,148	38,289	283,437
Show on statement of net assets:				
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents		118,555	38,289	156,844
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	_	126,593	<u> </u>	126,593
	\$_	245,148	38,289	283,437

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Exhibit H, continued

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund, continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	_	Water and Sewer	Solid Waste	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>FLOW</u>			
Net operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows	\$	845	38,405	39,250
from operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in operating assets:		28,648		28,648
Trade accounts receivable, net Unbilled accounts receivable		(14,678) (7,253)	(8,712) 120	(23,390) (7,133)
Taxes receivable Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		22.077	2,094	2,094
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Accrued compensated absences		33,977 4,303 3,311	(5,630)	28,347 4,303 3,311
Customer deposits	_	8,902		8,902
	\$	58,055	26,277	84,332

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Exhibit H

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Trust and Agency Fund - Fund 71 Municipal Court Bond Funds June 30, 2010

	ā 	Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance at End of Year
Assets: Cash	\$	667			667
Liabilities: Deposit held in trust	\$	667			667

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1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES</u>

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

The financial statements of The Village of Santa Clara (The Village) have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The Village's more significant accounting policies are described below:

B. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Village, which was formerly known as Village of Central was incorporated in May of 1947 and is also under the provisions of the act now referred to as Section 4-9-1 and 4-9-2 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation. The Village operates under the Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services as authorized in the grant of powers: public safety (police, fire, and emergency medical), public works (highways and streets), water and sewer, solid waste, health and welfare services, and general administration services.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and business-type fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All governmental and businesstype activities of the Village follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on accounting procedures, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Village has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB 14 and GASB 39.

B. <u>FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY, continued</u>

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The following circumstances set forth a primary government's financial accountability for a legally separate organization.

a. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to **impose its will** on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government.

b. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

C. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

Santa Clara Public Housing Authority (SCPHA) is organized under the laws of the State of New Mexico for the purpose of engaging in the leasing and administration of Low-Rent Housing programs and other similar objectives. SCPHA is a separate legal entity from the Village of Santa Clara and is a component unit of the Village. SCPHA does not have any component units.

A seven-member board governs SCPHA and is appointed to two-year terms by the Village Board of Trustees. The major revenue sources for SCPHA are tenant rental receipts and subsidies from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. SCPHA is presented as a discrete component of the Village. The report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Gloria Duran, Santa Clara Public Housing Authority, PO Box 275, 214 North Mineral, Santa Clara, New Mexico, 88026.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

D. <u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets, the Statement of Activities, and Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. The Village did not have any internal service funds.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges for services which include charges to customers for utility and other services, fines and forfeitures from courts, and licenses and permits and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, business-type funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual business-type funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. No fiduciary funds are included in the governmental or business-type fund financial statements.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

D. <u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued</u>

Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from grants and contributions. They reduce the net costs of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. The charges for services reflected on the statement of activities includes miscellaneous reimbursements, licenses, fines and fees, fees for services (ambulance, court, and recreation), charges for services (water, sewer, and solid waste) and rental charges.

Program-specific grants and contribution (operating and capital) includes revenues arising from mandatory and voluntary non exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program. Some grants and contributions consist of capital assets or resources that are restricted for capital purposes to purchase, construct, or renovate capital assets associated with a specific program. These are reported separately from grants and contributions that may be used *either* for operating expenses or for capital expenditures of the program at the discretion of the reporting government. These grants and contributions revenue are specifically attributable to a program and reduce the net expense of the program to the reporting government.

During the year ended June 30, 2010 the Village received operating grants and contributions and appropriations from the State of New Mexico; Public Safety (from State Fire Allotment, Law Enforcement Protection as well as Traffic Safety grants passed through the State Highway and Transportation Department and Federal grants).

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

D. <u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued</u>

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues. constitute and expenditure/expenses. The Village's funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the individual fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of the Village combined.

The Village reports the following major funds:

Major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - To account for resources associated with governments that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – To account for funds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. There were no special revenue fund major funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

D. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – To account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by business-type or nonexpendable trust funds.

<u>RUS Water and Sewer Renovations</u> – To account for Federal grant revenues and expenditures for water and sewer improvements. Funding is authorized by a Federal grant agreement.

<u>Major Proprietary Funds</u> - To account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration.

<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u> – To account for revenues and cost associated with providing water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – To account for the providing of solid waste services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

D. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

THE FUNDS OF THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY ARE DESCRIBED BELOW:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

Capital Project Fund

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government -wide statements)

Agency Funds – Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Village's agency funds are used to account for collection and payment of municipal court bond fees.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

D. <u>GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued</u>

In the Government-Wide financial statements internal service funds are included in the governmental activities rather than the business-type activities. The Village did not have internal service funds during the year ended June 30, 2010.

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the *economic* resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Equity is classified as net assets.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

E. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING,</u> <u>continued</u>

Measurement Focus, continued

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures, are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except for a) principal and interest payments on general long-term debt which are recognized when due or may be recorded when amounts have been accumulated in governmental funds for the current debt service payments on July 1 in the following year and b) vacation pay, which is recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in government funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concepts under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed "measurable" and "available" (i.e., collectible within the current year or within 60 days of year-end). This includes gross receipts tax, motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes. Reimbursements due from federal and/or state funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, if they meet the "available" definition, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

Taxes, grant and other miscellaneous reimbursements, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and, if "available," have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. The County collects the Village's share of property taxes assessed. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1.

E. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING,</u> <u>continued</u>

Measurement Focus, continued

Tax notices are sent by the County Treasurer to property owners by November 1 of each year to be paid in whole or two installments by November 10 and April 10 of the following year. The County collects such taxes and distributes them to the Village on a monthly basis. The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the general fund. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60 day period after the close of the Village's fiscal year.

Other revenues, including certain licenses and permits, certain charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

b. Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described below.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and business-type fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and business-type funds, subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in lieu of taxes, because elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities and Transfers between the governmental and business-type funds.

E. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING,</u> <u>continued</u>

Measurement Focus, continued

Revenue Recognition

Amounts recorded as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expense. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

The Village reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The Village does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non capital financing, or investing activities.

F. <u>ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Amounts reflected as "cash and cash equivalents" on the Statement of Net Assets, include amounts on hand and in demand deposits as well as shortterm investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Village.

Investments

State statutes authorize the Village to invest in certificates of deposits of the U.S. Government, and fully collateralized repurchase agreements. Investments for the Village are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include gross receipts taxes, certain charges for services and reimbursements, grants and state shared taxes as well as assessed, but unpaid property taxes. For the proprietary funds the primary receivables are amounts due from customers. An allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided against the customer accounts receivable in the Water & Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund in the amounts of \$ 15,000 and \$ 4,000, respectively.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as tax and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues that have met the available criteria for accrual, since they are usually measurable. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. For governmental fund financial statement purposes, interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Interest and investment earnings are recognized when earned, regardless of when received in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

F. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, continued

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and periodic aging of accounts receivable.

A provision for uncollectible accounts was maintained at June 30, 2010 for the proprietary funds and certain governmental funds, as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
General	None
Proprietary Funds:	
Water & Sewer Fund	\$15,000
Solid Waste Fund	\$ 4,000

Short-Term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations transactions may occur between individual funds that may give rise to amounts owed between funds.

Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds."

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

At June 30, 2010 there were due to/due from accounts in the fund financial statements which are presented in note 3. The due to/due from balance reflected in the balance sheet are the result of cash being overdrawn in certain funds. The Village uses a pool cash account for all active funds.

A schedule of operating transfers during the year ended June 30, 2010 is presented in note 3.

F. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, continued

Short-Term Inter-fund Receivables/Payables, continued

The transfers and inter fund balances (Due to/Due from) have been eliminated when between the governmental funds in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets with a value or cost greater than \$5,000 in accordance with Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets that are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Almost all of the capital assets have been recorded at cost.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. No computer software is developed in-house.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs were included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Depreciation is being provided over the estimated life of the respective assets using the Straight-Line method. Asset lives were:

Land Improvements	15 yrs-40 yrs
Building and Building Improvement	15 yrs-40 yrs
Infrastructure	10 yrs-80 yrs
Utility System	10 yrs-80 yrs
Furniture, Computers, and Equipment	5 yrs-10 yrs

F. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, continued

Capital Assets and Depreciation, continued

Current year depreciation expense in the amount \$ 169,322 was charged to the following functional cost centers during the year on the Governmental Funds in the Statement of Activities

General Government	\$36,029
Public Safety	95,794
Public Works	19,813
Health and Welfare	17,686
	\$ <u>169,322</u>

An additional \$28,648 in depreciation was recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund.

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Since capital assets and long-term debt do not provide or use available spendable resources they are not included on the balance sheets of governmental funds. In governmental funds the purchase of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources in the Governmental Fund financial statements.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

F. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, continued

Compensated Absences

Village full-time and part-time employees are entitled to use accrued vacation hours after twelve (12) months of continuous employment. Employees accrue vacation at the rate of four (4) hours per pay period for each two (2) weeks of service, based on twenty-six (26) pay periods per calendar year. Regular, part-time employees accrue vacation time on a prorated basis according to the number of hours worked per pay period. An employee may carry over any or all vacation time from one year to another up to eighty (80) hours. Upon termination from employment, the Village shall pay non-probationary employees who have at least one year continuous employment with the Village, the full cash equivalent of accrued unused vacation time up to one hundred-sixty (160) hours. If circumstances prevent the employee from taking vacation hours, and with supervisor's approval, those hours (over 80 hours) will be paid to the employee at the end of the calendar year.

Village full-time and part-time employees are entitled to use accrued sick hours after twelve (12) months of continuous employment. Employees will accrue sick leave at the rate of four (4) hours per pay period based on twenty-six (26) pay periods per calendar year. Regular part-time employees accrue sick leave on a prorated basis according to number of hours worked per pay period. The amount of sick leave that an employee may accrue will be limited to 160 hours. Sick leave is not to be paid after an employee's termination.

For governmental funds, expenditures are recognized during the period in which vacation cost become payable from available, spendable resources. A liability for amounts earned but not payable from available, spendable resources is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

F. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, continued

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt:
 - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Unexpended debt proceeds, if any, attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement to capital assets are netted against the outstanding debt. At June 30, 2010 the Village did not have any unexpended debt proceeds.
- b. Restricted net assets:

Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Unrestricted net assets:

All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated.

Fund equity was reserved for the following purposes:

Statutory Reserve

A statutory reserve, as required by state regulation, equal to 1/12 of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures has been provided in the General Fund.

Reserved for Debt Service

Amounts legally restricted for the payment of long-term debt.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES, continued</u>

F. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, continued

Equity Classifications, continued

Fund Statements, continued

Reserved for Subsequent Year's Expenditures

Represents the amounts, which are required to be reserved for subsequent years' expenditures.

Unreserved, Undesignated

Amounts which have not been reserved or designated for any purpose. These funds are available for unrestricted usage by the Village.

G. <u>REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES</u>

Gross Receipts Tax

The Village levies a gross receipts tax on sales within the Village. The tax is collected by the Taxation and Revenue Department of the State of New Mexico and remitted to the Village approximately one month after receipt of the tax from vendors doing business in the Village. Vendors remit the tax to the State in the month following the month of sale/collection. Taxes collected by the State in June and July and received by the Village in July and August are included in the caption "Receivables" on the Statement of Net Assets (Government-wide) and Balance Sheet (Fund Financial Statements).

Property Taxes

Under Chapter 7, Article 37-7 B(3), NMSA, 1978 Compilation, Municipalities are limited in their ability to impose property taxes on assessed property within the Municipality to a rate not to exceed \$7.65 for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of net taxable value of both residential and nonresidential property.

In addition, the Municipality can impose, without restriction, property taxes sufficient to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds that were authorized by the voters within the Municipality as well as taxes sufficient to pay for tort or workman's compensation judgments for which the Municipality is liable.

G. <u>REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES, continued</u>

Property Taxes, continued

Article 35 through 38, Chapter 7 New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 is the Property Tax Code. The code provides for valuation, administration and enforcement of property taxes. The Department of Finance and Administration sets tax rates for the governmental units sharing in the tax.

The Constitution of the State of New Mexico provides the following maximum tax rates and restrictions concerning the use of tax proceeds.

Taxes levied upon tangible property shall be in proportion to the value thereof, and taxes shall be equal and uniform upon subjects of taxation of the same class. Different methods may be provided by law to determine value of different kinds of property, but the percentage of value against which tax rates are assessed shall not exceed thirty-three and one-third percent.

Property taxes are levied each year, with the exception of livestock, on the assessed valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding January 1st. Mill levy rates are set by the State of New Mexico each year for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Property taxes represent a lien upon the property until paid when the taxes are levied.

Property taxes are payable in two equal installments on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and April 10th of the following year. Property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and remitted to the Village in the month following collection.

Property tax revenues amounted to \$ 9,698 for general operating purposes and \$0 for debt services purposes during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

G. <u>REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES, continued</u>

Expenditures/Expenses

It is the policy of the Village to apply restricted resources prior to unrestricted resources when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for expenditure.

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by governmental function.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds-By Character: Current (further classified by function) Debt Service Capital Outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of current financial resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Revenue

The Village defers revenue from non-exchange transactions. The amount deferred results from the difference between the receivable recognized on an accrual basis and the related revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as the receivables are collected.

H. <u>OTHER POLICIES</u>

GASB Pronouncements

In June 1999, the GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management discussion and Analysis for the State and Local Governments. In June 2001, the GASB approved Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus and Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. Statement No.37 clarifies and modifies Statement s No. 34 and should be implemented simultaneously with statement No. 34. Statement No. 38 modifies, established, and rescinds certain financial statement disclosures requirements. The Village implemented the provisions of GASB No.'s 34, 37 and 38 effective at June 30, 2008.

GASB continues to issue Statements that may or may not have a bearing on the accounting and financial reporting of individual governments.

2. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

A. <u>BUDGET REQUIREMENTS, ACCOUNTING, AND REPORTING</u>

All budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is inconsistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Budgetary comparison statements present budget and actual amounts on the budgetary basis of accounting (cash basis).

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village submits to the Mayor and Village Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Upon approval by the State Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The Mayor and Village Manager are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Village Trustees and DFA.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control devise during the year for all funds of the Village.

2. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued</u>

A. <u>BUDGET REQUIREMENTS, ACCOUNTING, AND REPORTING,</u> <u>continued</u>

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted and as amended by the Village Trustees and approved by the Department of Finance and Administration. Budget amendments as incorporated into the *revised budget* figures were properly approved during the FYE 6-30-10.

Encumbrances are not reported in either the budgets or the financial statements. Encumbrances, if any, lapse at year end.

Budgets for all governmental type funds are prepared on the cash basis of accounting which is inconsistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgets of the Enterprise Funds differ from GAAP in that capital expenditures and bond principle payments are treated as expenditures. Additionally, depreciation is not budgeted. Budgets may also include budgeted cash balances from the prior year. Actual figures shown on the budget comparison statements are presented utilizing the same methods of accounting used for budget purposes.

Expenditures may exceed budgeted amounts within given function or cost categories and/or line item so long as total expenditures do not exceed budgeted amounts for an individual fund.

3. <u>DUE TO/DUE FROM ACCOUNTS AND TRANSFERS</u>

The following due to/due from accounts are the result of certain funds expending amounts greater than the fund's resources in the pooled cash account:

	Due From	Due To
General Senior Center Renovation Industrial Park	\$ 2,978	\$ 114
Totals	<u>\$ 2,978</u>	<u>\$ 2,978</u>

3. DUE TO/DUE FROM ACCOUNTS AND TRANSFERS, continued

The following transfers of cash and capital assets occurred during the year ended June 30, 2010.

	From	<u>To</u>
Cash Transfers:		
From Water and Sewer Fund	\$(5,000)	
To Municipal Road Fund		\$5,000

Capital Assets Transfer: From RUS Water & Sewer Renovations \$(535,404) To Water and Sewer \$535,404

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, LAWS AND REGULATIONS</u>

The Village is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, annotated, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations, and/or credit unions where accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

All monies not immediately necessary for the public uses of the Village may be invested in:

a) Bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or an county, municipality or town which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding; or

b) securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government; or

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, LAWS AND REGULATIONS,</u> <u>continued</u>

c) in contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least on hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and in the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment.

Pursuant to Section 6-10-10.1 NMSA 1978, if the Village is unable to receive payment on public money at the rate of interest set forth in Section 6-10-36 NMSA 1978 (which is no less than one hundred percent of the asked price on the United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of the deposit) from financial institutions within the geographic boundaries of the governmental unit, the Village official having money in his custody not required for expenditure within thirty days or less may, with the consent of the local board of finance, if any, remit some or all of such money to the State Treasurer, bank, savings and loan association or credit union for deposit for the purpose of short term investment.

Before any local funds are invested or reinvested for the purpose of short-term investment pursuant to section 6-10-10.1 NMSA 1978 Comp. the local public body finance official shall notify and make such available to banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions located within the geographical boundaries of their respective governmental unit, subject to the limitation on credit union accounts. To be eligible for such funds, the financial institution shall pay to the local public body the rate established by the State Treasurer pursuant to policy adopted by the State Board of Finance for such short-term investments.

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, LAWS AND REGULATIONS,</u> <u>continued</u>

The local public body finance official shall specify the length of time each deposit shall be in the State Treasurer's short-term investment fund, but in any event the deposit shall not be made for more than on hundred eighty-one days.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued its Statement #3, which requires deposits and investments to be classified into three categories or risk. The categories of risk relate only to custodial credit risk which is the risk that the Village will not be able either to recover deposits if the depositor financial institution fails, or to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party if the counter party investment or deposit transaction fails. Classification in category 1 indicates that the exposure for deposits or investments to potential custodial credit risk is low. The level of potential custodial credit risk is higher for deposits and investments classified in category 3.

Deposits with financial institutions are classified depending on whether they are insured or collateralized, as follows:

-- Category 1: Insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.

-- Category 2: Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

-- Category 3: Uncollateralized. (This includes any bank balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk. As of June 30, 2010, the Village did not have any custodial credit risk as all deposits were insured by FDIC.

The cash balance held by New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority (\$ 25) and New Mexico State Treasurer (\$ 20,283) are insured or collateralized by these two state agencies.

5. <u>ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE</u>

The accounts receivable of the Village at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Customer accounts receivable	\$	\$ 105,235	\$ 105,235
Unbilled accounts receivable		30,075	30,075
Taxes receivable	82,249	2,051	84,300
Other receivable	<u> </u>		1,579
Net Receivables	\$ <u>83,828</u>	\$ <u>137,361</u>	\$ <u>221,189</u>

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The above Customer accounts receivables are net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$19,000.

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The following is a summary of Capital Assets during the fiscal year:

	Balance June 30, <u>2009</u>	Adjustments And <u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, <u>2010</u>
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Non Depreciable:	¢ 00.101	¢	¢	¢ 00.101
Land	\$ 28,131	\$	\$	\$ 28,131
Work in progress	383,646		383,646	
Total	411,777		383,646	28,131
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,419,266	383,646		1,802,912
Infrastructure	610,013			610,013
Furniture & Equipment	<u>1,007,502</u>		24,280	983,222
Total	<u>3,036,781</u>	383,646	24,280	<u>3,396,147</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(410,892)	(63,718)		(474,610)
Infrastructure	(61,001)	(12,200)		(73,201)
Furniture & Equipment	<u>(473,449)</u>	(93,404)	(24,280)	(542,573)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(945,342)</u>	(169,322)	(24,280)	<u>(1,090,384)</u>
Other capital assets, net	<u>2,091,439</u>	214,324		2,305,763
Total capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,503,216</u>	214,324	383,646	2,333,894

Depreciation expense on governmental assets was charged to the following functional cost centers:

General government	\$ 36,029
Public Safety	95,794
Public Works	19,813
Health and Welfare	17,686

\$<u>169,322</u>

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS, continued</u>

Business -Type Activities:	Balance June 30, <u>2009</u>	Adjustments And <u>Additions</u>	Deletions	Balance June 30, <u>2010</u>
Capital Assets Non Depreciable:				
Construction Work in Progress: RUS Phase I	\$ 1,622,217	\$ 535,404	\$	\$2,157,621
RUS Phase II	68,214	41,960		110,174
Total	1,690,431	577,364		2,267,795
Capital Assets being depreciated: Buildings	14,467			14,467
Improvements	12,777			14,407
Infrastructure	1,005,995			1,005,995
Furniture & Equipment	133,902		18,351	115,551
Total	1,167,141		18,351	1,148,790
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(15,563)	(500)		(16,063)
Infrastructure	(586,000)	(19,850)		(605,850)
Furniture & Equipment	(100,029)	(8,298)	(17,779)	(90,548)
Total accumulated depreciation	(701,592)	(28,648)	(17,779)	(712,461)
Other capital assets, net	_465,549	(28,648)	(17,779)	436,329
Total capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,155,980</u>	548,716	572	<u>2,704,124</u>

At June 30, 2010 the Village had outstanding commitments for A/E fees and construction in the approximate amount of \$11,000 and \$94,000, respectively on the RUS Wastewater project phase I and an outstanding A/E commitment in the approximate amount of \$20,000 on Phase II.

7. LONG TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities Debt

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the governmental activities debt of the Village.

	Balance at June 30,			Balance at June 30,	Amount Due in
<u>Description</u>	<u>2009</u>	Increase	Decrease	<u>2010</u>	One Year
New Mexico Board of Finance	\$ 75,000		10,000	65,000	10,000
New Mexico Finance Authority	83,009		16,044	66,965	16,294
New Mexico Finance Authority	69,291		2,858	66,433	2,860
Accrue Compensated Absences	3,010	<u>19,120</u>	<u>20,856</u>	1,274	212
	\$ <u>230,310</u>	<u>19,120</u>	<u>49,758</u>	<u>199,672</u>	<u>29,366</u>

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities are liquidated primarily from the general fund.

On October 3, 2006 the Village barrowed \$105,000 from the New Mexico Board of Finance for the purpose of emergency funding. The note bears no interest and the outstanding balance at June 30, 2010 is payable as follows:

	Principal
Due in FYE June 30,	Amount
2011	\$ 10,000
2012	10,000
2013	10,000
2014	10,000
2015	10,000
2016	<u>15,000</u>
	\$ <u>65,000</u>

Loan from the State of New Mexico Finance Authority, agreed upon November 21, 2003 was originally for a total of \$160,000; the purpose of the loan was acquisition of fire equipment. The note is to be repaid from pledged state fire fund revenues. Interest is accrued at a blended rate of 1.6050% per annum with annual principal payments varying from \$14,760 to \$17,216. The Finance Authority charges a 0.25% administrative fee. The note matures on May 1, 2014.

7. LONG TERM DEBT, continued

Governmental Activities Debt, continued

Due in Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Adm. Fee	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 16,294	1,109	167	17,570
2012	16,574	871	127	17,572
2013	16,881	606	85	17,572
2014	<u>17,216</u>	314	43	17,573
	\$ <u>66,965</u>	2,900	422	70,287

Loan from the State of New Mexico Finance Authority, agreed upon January 12, 2007 was originally for a total of \$75,000; the purpose of the loan was acquisition of fire equipment. The note is to be repaid from pledged state fire fund revenues. This is an interest free loan with annual principal payments varying from \$2,856 to \$18,414. The Finance Authority charges a 0.25% administrative fee. The note matures on May 1, 2017.

Due in Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Adm. Fee	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 2,860		166	3,026
2012	2,862		159	3,021
2013	2,864		152	3,016
2014	2,866		145	3,011
2015	18,240		137	18,377
2016-2017	<u>36,741</u>	<u> </u>	138	<u>36,879</u>
	\$ <u>66,433</u>	•	897	67,330

Enterprise (Proprietary) Debt

During the year-ended June 30, 2010, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the statement of net assets of business-type activities.

	ulance at une 30,			Balance at June 30,	Amount Due in
Description	2009	Additions	Deletions	<u>2010</u>	One Year
RCAC Loan	\$ 68,214	41,960		110,174	110,174
Revenue Bonds Series 1977	43,000		6,000	37,000	6,000
Revenue Bonds Series 2008	<u>98,000</u>	<u> </u>	<u>1,000</u>	97,000	1,000
Total	\$ <u>209,214</u>	41,960	7,000	<u>244,174</u>	<u>117,174</u>

7. LONG TERM DEBT, continued

Enterprise (Proprietary) Debt, continued

Series 1977 water and sewer revenue bonds, which were originally a total of \$145,000. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$6,000; the purpose of the bonds is for infrastructure improvements. The bonds mature serially through the year 2016 at an annual rate of 5%.

Due in Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 6,000	1,850	7,850
2012	6,000	1,550	7,550
2013	6,000	1,250	7,250
2014	6,000	950	6,950
2015	6,000	650	6,650
2016	<u>7,000</u>	350	<u>7,350</u>
	\$ <u>37,000</u>	6,600	43,600

\$99,000 Revenue Bonds are a Series 2008 water and sewer revenue bonds, which were issued February 22, 2008 which is due in annual installments of \$1,000 to \$4,000 with a final principal payment of \$14,000 in 2048; the purpose of the bonds is for infrastructure improvements. The bonds mature serially through the year 2048 at an annual rate of 4.250%

Due in Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$1,000	4,122	5,122
2012	1,000	4,080	5,080
2013	1,000	4,038	5,038
2014	1,000	3,995	4,995
2015	1,000	3,953	4,953
2016-2020	5,000	19,125	24,125
2021-2025	9,000	17,807	26,807
2026-2030	10,000	15,725	25,725
2031-2035	12,000	13,558	25,558
2036-2040	15,000	10,625	25,625
2041-2045	19,000	7,182	26,182
2046-2048	22,000	2,168	24,168
	\$ <u>97,000</u>	106,378	203,378

7. LONG TERM DEBT, continued

During the year ended June 30, 2009 the Village entered into an interim loan agreement with RCAC-RD for \$112,357 to pay for costs related to Phase II of the wastewater system improvement project. As of June 30, 2010 the costs incurred under the loan agreement totaled \$110,174. The interim loan will be paid out of the Phase II RUS grant. The entire outstanding debt of \$110,174 is classified as current debt.

8. <u>OTHER NOTES</u>

A. <u>LITIGATION</u>

At June 30, 2010 the Village was not aware of any litigation or pending litigation that would adversely affect its financial position.

B. <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at his time although the government expects such amounts will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position/net assets.

C. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort litigation, destruction of property, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, natural disasters and other risks. The Village manages these risks through the New Mexico Self Insurer's Fund. The Village insured itself for the following risks:

Workman's Compensation General Liability Business and Personal Property Inland Marine Electronic Data Processing Boiler and Machinery Crime Law Enforcement Public Officials Error and Omissions Foreign Jurisdiction Emergency Medical Malpractice Auto Liability Auto Physical Damage

8. OTHER NOTES, continued

The New Mexico Tort Claims Act limits the Village's risks for torts.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or for the three prior years.

9. <u>EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET</u>

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 the Village made expenditures in excess of its budgetary authorization as follows:

	Excess
<u>Fund</u>	Expenditures
Cemetery	\$ 1,391

The Village did not prepare a budget for the Cemetery fund during FYE 06-30-10. The Village will increase its review of budget and will work closely with the governing Board of Trustees to prevent further occurrences.

10. <u>DEFICIT FUND BALANCES</u>

At June 30, 2010 the Village had deficit fund balances in two of its Capital Project Funds ((Senior Center Improvement Fund 35 - (\$ 144) and Industrial Park Fund 55 (\$ 2, 864)). The Village is supported by various Federal and State grants. Fund deficits are the result of expending amounts greater than available resources. The Village may be required to transfer funds from its general fund to cover the deficits in the funds cited.

11. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

Shortly after the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 Phase I of the RUS grant was completed, a contract was signed for Phase II construction and the interim RCAC loan was finalized. In addition the Village issued its 2010 revenue bonds in the amount of \$230,000.

12. <u>COMPONENT UNIT</u>

A. <u>CASH</u>

The amounts reported as cash for the SCPHA within the financial statements is displayed as:

	<u>2010</u>
Cash	\$ 16,147
Tenant Deposits	2,822
Total	\$ <u>18,969</u>

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories equated to the carrying value by the SCPHA. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures all deposits.

Wells Fargo Bank New Mexico, N.A.

	<u>2010</u>
Checking	\$ 18,969
Less FDIC checking	<u>(18,969)</u>
Uninsured public funds	\$

B. <u>CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK – DEPOSITS</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the SCPHA's deposit may not be returned to it. The SCPHA does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk. As of June 30, 2010, all of the SCPHA's deposits were insured; therefore, the SCPHA's was not exposed to custodial risk.

C. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

	Low Income Housing
Dwelling rent receivable	\$ 5,044
Subsidy receivable	<u>83,719</u>
Totals-net of allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>\$88,763</u>

The above receivables are deemed 100% collectible within one year.

12. COMPONENT UNIT, continued

D. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The following is a summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2010.

Business-Like Activities	Balance 06/30/09	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/10
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings Improvements Furniture, equipment, vehicles Total	\$ 625,592 366,873 <u>47,612</u> 1,040,077	\$ 398,600 <u>13,769</u> <u>412,369</u>	\$	$\begin{array}{r} & 625,592 \\ & 765,473 \\ \hline & 61,381 \\ \hline 1,452,446 \end{array}$
Accumulated depreciation Building Improvements Furniture, equipment, vehicles Total	469,765 138,123 <u>43,661</u> <u>651,549</u>	27,426 10,772 <u>4,337</u> <u>42,535</u>		491,051 155,035 <u>47,998</u> <u>694,084</u>
Net book value	<u>\$ 388,528</u>	<u>\$ 369,834</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 758,362</u>

Depreciation expense relating to business-like activities for the year-ended June 30, 2010 totaled \$42,535.

12. <u>COMPONENT UNIT, continued</u>

E. INTER-FUND TRANSFERS

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, consist of the following:

<u>2010</u>	<u>From</u> Conital Projects Funds	<u>To</u>	Reason
\$303,393	<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> Project #NM025029501-09	Appropriation from standard NM for Colonias Grant	To transfer funds for operations
\$ 64,012	Project #NM025029501-09	ARRA Grant CDPA 64.012	To transfer current year funds for capital expenditures
\$ 21,055	Project #NM02P9501-08	HUD Grant	To transfer current year funds for capital expenditures
\$ 10,140	Project #NM02P902950107	HUD Grant	To transfer current year funds for capital expenditures
<u>\$ 13,769</u> <u>\$412,369</u>	Project #NM02P902950107	HUD Grant	To transfer current year funds for capital expenditures

F. <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

The following changes occurred in the compensated absences liabilities reported in the statement of net assets:

Balance 06/30/09	Additions	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance 06/30/10	Due within One year	
<u>\$ 4,280</u>	<u>\$ 6,805</u>	<u>\$ (1,636)</u>	<u>\$ 9,449</u>	<u>\$ 3,269</u>	

The low-rent fund has been used to liquidate the compensated absence liability.

G. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures as part of the Combining Statements – overview of certain information concerning individual funds including:

There were no funds reflecting a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2010.

12. <u>COMPONENT UNIT, continued</u>

H. <u>PERA PENSION PLAN</u>

Plan Description. All of SCPHA's full-time employees participate in defined benefit contributory retirement plan through the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 1 NMSA 1978) of the State of New Mexico, a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit retirement system. The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits, and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123.

Funding Policy. For covered employees, participants were required to contribute 7% of their gross salary to the plan. The SCPHA contributes a required matching contribution of 7% of each participant's gross salary. The SCPHA's contributions to PERA for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$9,449, \$1,646, and \$2,918 equal to the amount of the required contributions for the years, respectively.

I. <u>POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>

The Retiree Health Care Act, Chapter IV, Article 7C, NMSA 1978, provides a comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. The SCPHA has elected not to participate in the post-employment health insurance plan.

J. RISK MANAGEMENT

The SCPHA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries and natural disasters.

The SCPHA is a member and is insured through the State of New Mexico self-insurance program. The SCPHA pays an annual premium to the Authority based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes Worker's Compensation, General and Automobile Liability, Automobile Physical Damage and Property and Crime coverage. The SCPHA is not liable for more than the premiums paid. Total premiums paid for the year ending June 30, 2010 was \$9,993.

12. <u>COMPONENT UNIT, continued</u>

K. <u>CONTINGENT LIABILITIES</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, included amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the SCPHA expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

The Executive Director had accumulated approximately 800 hours of compensated time for working beyond the 40 hours required for her position. The Board of Commissioners had not made a determination of how she will be compensated. The approximate value of the contingency liability is \$12,000 based on her current hourly rate.

L. <u>FEDERAL GRANTS</u>

In the normal course of operations, the SCPHA receives grant funds from U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as a result of these audits, is not believed to be material. During the year ended June 30, 2010, HUD awarded \$412,369 as low-rent subsidies.

M. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS</u>

The SCPHA has contracts and grant awards for construction projects in various stages of completion. Such contracts, funded principally by federal agencies constitute future commitments.

N. INTERGOVERNMENTAL TRANSACTIONS

During the years ended June 30, 2010, the SCPHA paid approximately \$13,091 for water expenses to the Village of Santa Clara.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **Major Capital Projects Fund RUS Water and Sewer Renovations - Fund 42** *Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual* For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Varia Positive (
	_	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Actual to
	-	Original	Final	(Budgetary	Budget to	Final
	-	Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental grant - RUS	\$	1,000,000	1,000,000	535,404		(464,596)
		1,000,000	1,000,000	535,404		(464,596)
Expenditures:	_					
Noncurrent:						
Capital outlay:						
Phase I				535,404		
Phase II	-			54,531		
	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	589,935		410,065
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				(54,531)		(54,531)
Other financing sources (uses):						
RCAC Interim loan proceeds				54,531		54,531
· · • · • · · · • · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			54,531		54,531
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)	-				·	
expenditures and other financing uses	\$					
Reconciliation to GAAP Financial Statements:						
Decrease in other receivables				(12,571)		
Decrease in accounts payable				12,571		
Desieuse in accounts payable				12,071		
Net change in fund balance						

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **Major Proprietary Fund Water and Sewer - Funds 51 and 70** *Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual* For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Variances Positive (Negative)		
	-	Budgeted		Actual	Original	Actual to	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Budget to	Final	
	-	Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget	
Revenues:							
Utility charges	\$	466,211	466,211	517,437		51,226	
Reconnection charges		500	500	199		(301)	
Other charges for services		2,000	2,000	2,417		417	
Investment income		1,227	1,227	417		(810)	
Penalties		16,000	16,000	13,500		(2,500)	
Other state revenue		77,167	77,167	30,894		(46,273)	
	_	563,105	563,105	564,864		1,759	
Expenditures:							
Salaries		98,540	98,540	104,193		(5,653)	
Benefits		11,473	11,473	9,339		2,134	
Travel and per diem		950	950	437		513	
Contractual services		232,700	232,700	238,456		(5,756)	
Supplies		17,500	17,500	17,342		158	
Other operating costs		182,798	182,798	158,270		24,528	
1 0	_	543,961	543,961	528,037		15,924	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)		· · ·	·	<u>,</u>			
expenditures and other financing uses		19,144	19,144	36,827		17,683	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfer out	_		(5,000)	(5,000)			
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)							
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	19,144	14,144	31,827		17,683	
expenditures and other milancing uses	Ψ=	13,144	14,144	51,027		17,005	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis financial statements							
Increase in net customer accounts receivable				14,679			
Increase in unbilled accounts receivable				7,253			
Increase in accounts payable				(33,977)			
Increase in accrued salaries and benefits				(7,614)			
Increase in accrued interest payable				(946)			
Nonbudgeted items:							
Transfer in of capital assets from governmental	funo	ds		535,404			
Loss on sale of assets				(572)			
Depreciation				(28,648)			
Payments on long-term debt				7,000			
Rounding				(1)			
Net change in fund balance			:	\$ 524,405			
5							

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Statement A-2

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **Major Proprietary Fund - Fund 52 Solid Waste** *Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual* For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Actual to	
	Original		Final	(Budgetary	Budget to	Final	
		Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget	
Revenues:							
Utility charges	\$	120,390	120,390	134,405		14,015	
Environmental gross receipts tax	•	5,870	5,870	27,992		22,122	
5		126,260	126,260	162,397		36,137	
Expenditures:							
Contractual services		66,936	66,936	66,936			
Other operating expenses		59,324	59,324	69,184		(9,860)	
		126,260	126,260	136,120		(9,860)	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$			26,277		26,277	
Revenues over (onder) Expenditures	Ψ_			20,211		20,211	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis financial statements							
Increase in net customer accounts receivable				8,712			
Decrease in unbilled accounts receivable				(120)			
Decrease in taxes receivable				(2,094)			
Decrease in accounts payable				5,630			
				00.405			
Net change in fund balance				38,405			

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

NON MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

<u>Correction Fund</u> - To account for judicial fees and administration costs (NMSA 35-14-11).

Emergency Medical Service Fund - To account for state allocation, a grant from the State of New Mexico for the associated expenditures for emergency medical services provided to the surrounding community. (NMSA 24-10A-1 to 24-1-10A-10).

<u>Fire Protection Fund</u> – To account for the revenues allocated by the State to the Village and the expenditure for maintaining and operating a volunteer fire department authorized by NMSA Section 59A-5 3-1.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund - State Statutes Section 29-1 3 provides for the distribution of funds from the State Law Enforcement Protection Fund to municipal and Village police and sheriff's department for the maintenance and improvement of those departments in order to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of law enforcement services provided. The fund is used to account for specific law enforcement expenditures not included in the general fund. Financing is provided by a state allocation and can only be used for law enforcement equipment and personnel training (NMSA 29-1 3-3).

<u>Municipal Streets Fund</u> - To account for Gross Receipts Taxes and Gas Tax revenues and expenditures for construction, reconstruction, re-surfacing, other improvements or maintenance of public roads. (NMSA 7-24A-5, 1978).

Economic Development – To account for Gross Receipts Taxes received from construction for the building of the new Fort Bayard medical Center allocated by the Village for use in economic development activities. (Resolution 2009-19)

<u>NM Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department</u> – To account for reimbursements received by the Village from NMEMNRD forestry division. (Resolution 2009-20)

<u>**Cemetery Fund**</u> – To account for the operations of the Village cemetery. Financing is provided by burial permits and contributions. (NMSA 3-40-1 to 3-40-9)

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Senior Center Improvement Fund – To account for revenue provided by the State Agency on Aging to be used to construct the Senior Center. Authorization is by the 1996 State Legislature, House Bill 2, Chapter 4, 1996 Laws of New Mexico.

Industrial Park Fund – To account for State grant revenues and expenditures for infrastructure improvements to the industrial park in the Village of Santa Clara. Authorized by the state grant agreement.

<u>Main Street Park Fund</u> - To account for State grant revenues and expenditures for the construction of a new park on the main street in the Village. Authorized by the State grant agreement.

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance sheet** June 30, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds										
	-	Correction Fund 20	EMS Fund 21	Fire Protection Fund 22	Law Enforcement Protection Fund 24	Municipal Streets Fund 25	Economic Develop. Fund 26	NM Energy, Mineral, & Nat. Resource Fund 43			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Other accounts receivable	\$	90,293 290	1,561	104,973	1,909	83,635 4,270		5,293			
	\$_	90,583	1,561	104,973	1,909	87,905		5,293			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$				11,028	1,995					
Total liabilities	-				11,028	1,995					
Unreserved fund balances reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	-	90,583	1,561	104,973	(9,119)	85,910		5,293			
Total fund balance	_	90,583	1,561	104,973	(9,119)	85,910		5,293			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	90,583	1,561	104,973	1,909	87,905		5,293			

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Statement 1, continued

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance sheet, continued June 30, 2010

		Special Revenue							
	-	Cemetery Fund 53	Total Special Revenue Funds	Sr. Center Improv. Fund 35	CDBG Colonias WW Fund 45	Industrial Park Fund 55	Main Street Park Fund 56	Total Capital Projects Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Other accounts receivable	\$	8,811	296,475 4,270 290		36,818		5	36,823	333,298 4,270 290
	\$_	8,811	301,035		36,818		5	36,823	337,858
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	27	13,050	114		2,864		2,978	13,050 2,978
Total liabilities	_	27	13,050	114		2,864		2,978	16,028
Unreserved fund balances reported in: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	_	8,784	287,985	(114)	36,818	(2,864)	5_	33,845	287,985 33,845
Total fund balance	_	8,784	287,985	(114)	36,818	(2,864)	5_	33,845	321,830
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	8,811	301,035		36,818		5	36,823	337,858

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Statement 1

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Special Revenue Funds						
	-	Correction Fund 20	EMS Fund 21	Fire Protection Fund 22	Law Enforcement Protection Fund 24	Municipal Streets Fund 25	Economic Develop. Fund 26	NM Energy, Mineral, & Nat. Resource Fund 43
Revenues: Court fines and fees	\$	11,309						
Intergovernmental grant	φ	11,309			497			
Cemetery fees								
Gross receipts taxes						42,392	37,240	
CFT gas tax						5,084		
State fire allotment				61,735				
State fire allotment intercepted State grant			6,224	20,397	20,600			
Reimbursements			0,224		20,000			5,293
Investment income				58				0,200
	-	11,309	6,224	82,190	21,097	47,476	37,240	5,293
Expenditures:	_							
Current:								
General Government		2.245	4 4 9 4	25 202	20.042		37,240	
Public Safety Public Works		3,345	4,184	35,303	29,042	15,982		
Health and Welfare						10,302		
Non-Current:								
Debt Service								
Principal				18,902				
Interest				1,699				
Capital Outlay	_	0.045	4.404		00.040	45.000	07.040	
	-	3,345	4,184	55,904	29,042	15,982	37,240	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	7,964	2,040	26,286	(7,945)	31,494		5,293
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in						5,000		
	-							
Net Change in Fund Balance		7,964	2,040	26,286	(7,945)	36,494		5,293
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	82,619	(479)	78,687	(1,174)	49,416		
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	90,583	1,561	104,973	(9,119)	85,910		5,293

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Statement 2, continued

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

For the Year Enged Julie 30, 2010	Special Revenue			Capital Pro	jects Funds			
	Cemetery Fund 53	Total Special Revenue Funds	Sr. Center Improv. Fund 35	CDBG Colonias WW Fund 45	Industrial Park Fund 55	Main Street Park Fund 56	Total Capital Projects Funds	Total Other Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Court fines and fees	\$	11,309						11,309
Intergovernmental grant	800	497 800						497 800
Cemetery fees Gross receipts taxes	800	800 79,632						800 79,632
CFT gas tax		5,084						5,084
State fire allotment		61,735						61,735
State fire allotment intercept		20,397						20,397
State grant		26,824						26,824
Reimbursements		5,293						5,293
Investment income		58						58
	800	211,629						211,629
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		37,240						37,240
Public Safety		71,874						71,874
Public Works		15,982						15,982
Health and Welfare	1,418	1,418						1,418
Non-Current:								
Debt Service		40.000						40.000
Principal Interest		18,902 1,699						18,902 1,699
Capital outlay		1,699						1,099
Capital Outlay	1,418	147,115						147,115
Devenues Over (Under) Evnerditures	(619)	64,514						64,514
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(618)	64,514	·					64,514
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in		5,000						5,000
Net Change in fund balance	(618)	69,514						69,514
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,402	218,471	(114)	36,818	(2,864)	5	33,845	252,316
Fund balance at end of year	\$8,784	287,985	(114)	36,818	(2,864)	5	33,845	321,830

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Statement 2

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Correction Fund - Fund 20 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Varia Positive (nces Negative)
	-	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual (Budgetary	Original Budget to	Actual to Final
	_	Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget
Revenues:						
Court fines and fees	\$	20,716	20,716	11,279		(9,437)
	_	20,716	20,716	11,279		(9,437)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	_	5,954	5,954	3,611		2,343
	_	5,954	5,954	3,611		2,343
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	14,762	14,762	7,668		(7,094)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statement						
Increase in other receivables				30		
Decrease in accounts payable				266		
Net changes in fund balance			\$	\$7,964		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund EMS Fund - Fund 21 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted . Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary	Original Budget to	Actual to Final
		Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget
Revenues:						
State-Emergency management	\$	6,226	6,226	6,224		(2)
		6,226	6,226	6,224	. <u> </u>	(2)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public Safety		6,226	6,226	4,663		1,563
	_	6,226	6,226	4,663		1,563
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$			1,561		1,561
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statement						
Decrease in accounts payable				479		
Net changes in fund balance			Ş	\$2,040		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Fire Protection Fund - Fund 22 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 20010

					Varia Positive (nces Negative)
	-	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary	Original Budget to	Actual to Final
	_	Budget	Budget	Basis)	Final	Budget
Revenues:						
State fire allotment	\$	53,579	53,579	61,735		8,156
State fire allotment intercept	Ŧ	31,901	31,901	20,397		(11,504)
Investment income		- ,	- ,	58		58
	_	85,480	85,480	82,190		(3,290)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety		49,216	49,216	45,186		4,030
Non-Current:		.0,2.0	.0,2.0	,		1,000
Debt Service:						
Principal		16,000	16,000	18,902		(2,902)
Interest		2,500	2,500	1,700		800
	_	67,716	67,716	65,788		1,928
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$_	17,764	17,764	16,402		(1,362)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statement						
Decrease in accounts payable				9,883		
Rounding				1		
Net changes in fund balance			5	\$26,286		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Law Enforcement Protection Fund - Fund 24 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

					nces Negative)
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Actual to
	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Budget to Final	Final Budget
Revenues:					
Law Enforcement Protection Distribution	\$ 21,600	21,600	21,097		(503)
	21,600	21,600	21,097		(503)
Expenditures: Current:					
Public Safety	37,288	37,288	18,614		18,674
	37,288	37,288	18,614		18,674
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(15,688)	(15,688)	2,483		18,171
Budgetary Notation: Cash Appropriated From Prior Year for Current Year Expenditure	\$15,688_	15,688			

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statement Increase in accounts payable		(10,428)
Net changes in fund balance	\$_	(7,945)

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Municipal Streets Fund - Fund 25 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Varia Positive (N	
	Budgete Original Budget	d Amounts Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Original Budget to Final	Actual to Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Dasisj	Filidi	Budget
Revenues:					
GRT Municipal Infrastructure	\$ 5,000	5,000	46,466		41,466
Gas Tax Distribution	<u>5,004</u> 10,004	5,004	<u>5,084</u> 51,550		80
	10,004	10,004	51,550		41,546
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Works	10,004	15,004	13,986	(5,000)	1,018
	10,004	15,004	13,986	(5,000)	1,018
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,000)	37,564	(5,000)	42,564
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfer in		5,000	5.000	5,000	
Revenues and other financing sources over (under)			40.504		40.504
expenditures and other financing uses		·	42,564		42,564
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statement					
Decrease in taxes receivable			(4,074)		
Increase in accounts payable			(1,996)		
Net changes in fund balance		9	\$ 36,494		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Economic Development Fund - Fund 26 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Variar Positive (N	
	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Original Budget to Final	Actual to Final Budget
Revenues: Economic Development Revenue		300,000 300,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(262,760) (262,760)
Expenditures: Current: General Government		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(300,000) (300,000)	<u>262,760</u> 262,760
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$				

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund NM Energy Mineral and Natural Resources Fund - Fund 43 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Varia Positive (I	
	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Original Budget to Final	Actual to Final Budget
Revenues: Forestry Service Reimbursements	\$	10,237 10,237	<u>5,293</u> 5,293	<u> </u>	(4,944)
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety		10,237 10,237		(10,237) (10,237)	<u> </u>
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		5,293		5,293

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Village of Santa Clara Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Cemetery Fund - Fund 53 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Varia Positive (
	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Original Budget to Final	Actual to Final Budget
Revenues:			<u>,</u>		
Cemetery fees	\$		<u>800</u> 800		<u> </u>
Expenditures: Current:					
Health and Welfare			1,391 1,391		(1,391) (1,391)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$		(591)		(591)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statements: Increase in accounts payable			(27)		
Net Change in Fund Balance			(618)		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Non Major Capital Projects Fund Senior Center Improvement Fund - Fund 35 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Actual to
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Budget to Final	Final Budget
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental grant	\$	44,190	44,190	23,480		(20,710)
	_	44,190	44,190	23,480		(20,710)
Expenditures:	_					<u></u>
Noncurrent:						
Capital outlay		44,190	44,190	16,710		27,480
	_	44,190	44,190	16,710		27,480
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	=			6,770		6,770
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Financial Statement						
Decrease in due from other governments				(23,480)		
Decrease in accounts payable				16,710		
Net change in fund balance			\$	\$		

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grant Number	Primary Government Expenditures	Major Program
Direct Grants and Loans: U.S. Department of Agriculture: Water and Waste Water Disposal Systems for Rural Communities (Phase I) Interim Loan (Phase II)	10.760 10.770	36-0009-0856003550 36-0009-0856003550	535,404 41,960	Yes No
			577,364	

- The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Village of Santa Clara, New Mexico and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.</u> Therefore, some amounts presented may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the statement.
- 2) The Village of Santa Clara did not have any sub-recipient grantees during the FYE June 30, 2010.
- 3) The Village of Santa Clara did not receive any noncash assistance.
- 4) The Village of Santa Clara did not have any Federal notes or bonds outstanding, other than the Interim loan shown in the above schedule, at June 30, 2010.

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Schedule 1

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara Joint Powers Agreements June 30, 2010

JOINT WASTEWATER PLANT AGREEMENT

Participants:	Village of Santa Clara, City of Bayard and Fort Bayard Special District
Party responsible for operations:	City of Bayard
Description:	Operation and maintenance of joint use sewer system
Beginning and ending of agreement	Agreement began on September 11, 1963 and remains in effect until canceled by the participating governments
Total estimated amount of project and portion applicable to Village	The joint powers agreement is an ongoing joint venture to allow the the participants to dispose of waste water into the City of Bayard Sewer system. As of June 30, 2009, the governments have expended \$ 9,399,190 for the construction of a new wastewater facility. The governments desire to make improvements to the discharge for purposes of recycling. The anticipated cost of the improvements is \$ 4,000,000. During the FYE 06-30-09 the Village's share of the operating costs of the facility was \$ 205,346
Entity responsible for the annual audit	City of Bayard
Fiscal Agent	City of Bayard
Name of Entity accounting for revenues and expenditures	The City of Bayard has reflected all revenues and expenses within the joint wastewater fund of the City of Bayard

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Schedule 2

State of New Mexico Village of Santa Clara **Bank Depositories** June 30, 2010

				Deposits			
	Account		Bank	in	Outstanding	Adjustment	Book
Bank Name and Account Description:	Туре		Balance	Transit	Checks	Pending	Balance
AmBank							
Village of Santa Clara General Account	1	\$	1,370,935	1,896	(7,495)	(630)	1,364,706
Village of Santa Clara	2		64,593				64,593
Village of Santa Clara	2		18,730				18,730
Village of Santa Clara	2		17,805				17,805
New Mexico State Treasurer	3		20,206	3		23	20,232
New Mexico State Treasurer	3		77				77
NMFA Trust Accounts	4	_	25				25
		\$	1,492,371	1,899	(7,495)	(607)	1,486,168

Shown on Statement of Net Assets as:

Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,359,258
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		126,593
Less Cash on hand included in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents		(350)
Plus trust and agency cash included in pooled cash account	_	667
	\$	1,486,168

Account Types	
Non Interest Bearing Checking Account	1
Certificate of Deposit	2
Pooled Cash Investment Account	3
Debt Service Trust Accounts Held at NMFA	4

SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part Of These Financial Statements

Schedule 3

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

Gary E. Gaylord, C.P.A.

GARY E. GAYLORD, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

740 San Mateo NE, Box A-3 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87108 (505) 266-4820 Fax (505) 268-6618

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hector Balderas, State Auditor and Richard Bauch, Mayor Village Trustees Village of Santa Clara Santa Clara, New Mexico

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund, major capital projects funds, major proprietary funds, and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons presented as supplemental information of the Village of Santa Clara, Santa Clara, New Mexico, (The Village) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued my report thereon dated February 4, 2013. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*, continued

However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses.

2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies.

2005-10 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor 2006-03 Internal Control and Compliance with Grants

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items:

2005-10 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor2006-14 Expenditures in Excess of Budget Authority2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor2009-02 Timeliness of Filing Single Audit Report to Federal Clearinghouse

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, continued

The Village's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. I did not audit the Village's responses and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information of management, the Board of Trustees, others within the entity, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, and applicable federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Gary E. Gaylord, Ltd. CPA's February 4, 2013

Gary E. Gaylord, C.P.A.

GARY E. GAYLORD, LTD. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Hector Balderas, State Auditor and Richard Bauch, Mayor Village Trustees Village of Santa Clara Santa Clara, New Mexico

Compliance

I have audited The Village of Santa Clara, New Mexico's (The Village) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Village of Santa Clara's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The Village of Santa Clara's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Village's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on the Village's compliance based on my audit.

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion. My audit does not provide a legal determination on the Village's compliance with those requirements.

As described in 2009-01 in the findings and questioned costs "Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor", the Village did not comply with the allowable costs principles of OMB Circular A 87 and A-133 on its Water and Waste Water Disposal Systems for Rural Communities grant.



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133, continued

Compliance with such requirements are necessary, in my opinion, for the Village to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

In my opinion, except for the non-compliance described in the preceding paragraph the Village of Santa Clara complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Village's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Santa Clara's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be significant deficiencies as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as:

2006-03 Internal Control and Compliance with Grants 2009-02 Timeliness of Filing Single Audit to Federal Clearinghouse

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133, continued

A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. I did not audit Village's responses and, accordingly, I express no opinion in it.

This report is intended solely for the information of management, the Board of Trustees, others within the entity, the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, and applicable federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Gary E. Gaylord, Ltd. CPA's February 4, 2013

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements: 1. Type of auditors' report issued	Unqualified
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Reportable condition (s) identified that are not 	Yes
considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes
3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards:	
Internal control over major programs: 1. Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes
2. Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Qualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	Yes
Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number</u> 10.760	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Water and Wastewater Disposal Systems For Rural Communities
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	No

SECTION II- FINDING

Prior Year Audit Findings

<u> Financial Report – Internal Control</u>	<u>Status</u>
2005-10 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor	Repeated/Updated
2006-01 Stewardship of Organization	Resolved
2006-03 Internal Control and Compliance with Grants	Repeated/Updated
2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor	Repeated

Financial Report - Compliance

2005-10 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor	Repeated/Updated
2006-11 No Gas Distribution Franchise Ordinance	Resolved
2006-14 Expenditures in Excess of Budget Authority	Repeated/Updated
2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor	Repeated
2009-02 Timeliness of Filing Single Audit Report to Federal Clearinghous	se Repeated

Federal Awards - Compliance

2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor	Repeated
2009-02 Timeliness of Filing Single Audit Report to Federal Clearinghouse	Repeated

CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Financial Report - Internal Control

2005-10 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor 2006-03 Internal Control and Compliance with Grants 2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor

Financial Report - Compliance

2005-10 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor
2006-14 Expenditures in Excess of Budget Authority
2009-01 Overbilling and Overpayment to Contractor
2009-02 Timeliness of Filing Single Audit Report to Federal Clearinghouse

2005-10 Significant Deficiency AUDIT REPORT SUBMISSION TO THE NEW MEXICO STATE AUDITOR

Statement of Condition:

The required submission date of the audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, to the New Mexico State Auditor was December 1, 2010. Audit submissions for the FYE's June 30, 2011 and 2012 will also be late.

Criteria:

New Mexico State Statutes Section 12-6-12 requires the state auditor to promulgate reasonable regulations necessary to carry out the duties of the office. NMAC 2.2.2 requires that the Village submit its audit report by December 1st following the end of each fiscal year at June 30th.

Effect:

Delays in submission of the audit report affect the reporting of financial information to other state agencies and local governments.

Cause:

Due to turnover of personnel and Board of Trustees, the Village did not seek proposals for audit services in a timely fashion.

Recommendation:

The Village should place a greater emphasis on securing an audit firm on a timely basis in order to assist in the completion of the audit on a timely basis.

Agency Response:

We agree with the auditor's comments and will make it a priority to have the audits up to date.

2006-03 Significant Deficiency INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE WITH GRANTS US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WATER AND WASTE WATER DISPOSAL SYSTEMS FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES CFDA #10.760 GRANT #36-0009-0856003550 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Statement of Condition:

The Village does not have adequate support procedures for grant reporting. Reports to grantors and requests for reimbursement continue to be submitted late. Although some progress has been made to ensure that supporting records are organized properly and matched to the documents used in support of grant reporting additional improvement is still needed.

Criteria:

The Village should be in compliance with NMAC 2.20.5, OMB Circular A-102 "Grants and Cooperative Agreements with State and Local Governments", and the related Common Rule for "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments".

Effect:

The Village was not in compliance with all grant requirements.

Cause:

The Village grant activity is not properly monitored for reporting requirements. Documents needed to support grant activities are not organized adequately to ensure timely retrieval and reporting.

Recommendation:

The Board of Trustees should implement strong internal controls and monitoring procedures over grants and obtain adequate training for responsible personnel to enable compliance with all grant requirements.

Agency Response:

We agree with the auditor's comments and will follow his recommendations.

2006-14 Reportable Instance of Noncompliance EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF BUDGET AUTHORITY

Statement of Condition:

The Village was not in compliance with the budget process and expended funds without proper budget authority:

Fund	Over Expenditure Amount
Cemetery	\$ 1,391

Criteria:

Per New Mexico State Statutes 6-6-2(A) the deadline for submission of the proposed budget to DFA is June 1st of each fiscal year. New Mexico State Statutes Section 6-6-2(B) states that DFA approves and certifies by July 1st of each fiscal year to each local public body an operating budget for use pending approval of a final budget. Proper monitoring of budget is needed per NMSA 6-6-2(D): make corrections, revisions and amendments to the proposed budgets as may be necessary to meet the requirements of law. Per New Mexico State Statutes Section 6-6-2(I) Supervise the disbursement of funds to the end that expenditures will not be made in excess of budgeted items or for items not budgeted and that there will not be illegal expenditures. New Mexico State Statutes Section 6-6-3(B) requires local public bodies to make all reports as may be required by DFA by 30 days following the end of a quarter. New Mexico State Statutes Section 6-6-6 restricts all officials and governing authorities from approval claims in excess of the approved budget and prohibits any payments in excess of the approved budget.

Effect:

Noncompliance with State Statutes may subject the Village Officials and employees to fines, penalties and/or imprisonment as defined in the Statutes.

Cause:

Accounting personnel neglected to propose and the Board neglected to adopt a budget for the Cemetery Fund during the FYE 06-30-10.

Recommendation:

The Village needs to monitor and, as necessary, make budget adjustments in accordance with State Statutes.

Agency Response:

We agree with the auditor's comments. The Village will mandate that all department supervisors monitor their department funds to stay within budget. We will also have the Clerk's Office monitor the funds as well.

2009-01 Material Weakness OVERBILLING AND OVERPAYMENT TO CONTRACTOR US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WATER AND WASTE WATER DISPOSAL SYSTEMS FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES CFDA #10.760 GRANT # 36-0009-0856003550 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 Questioned Costs: \$22,476

Statement of Condition:

The Village received grants from the Federal Government, USDA Rural Development (RD) for Santa Clara Water and Wastewater Improvements, a Rural Utilities Systems Project (RUS). The Village's A/E firm and Village personnel did not properly review the billings from the construction company. On progress billings numbers 2, 3 and 9 the Village was charged \$9,584, \$12,975 and \$49, respectively too much in gross receipts tax (GRT) that was paid to the contractor. Other billing errors and payments thereon reduced the net overpayment to \$22,476. The over billing and overpayments occurred in FYE June 30, 2009. All contractor payments were audited through the contract close to determine if corrective action had been made. No corrective action was noted. The contract, with approved change orders totaled \$1,532,770 plus applicable GRT at the contract closing date. This comment is being repeated in 2010 because the billing errors were not discovered until the audit of FYE 06-30-09.

Criteria:

Federally financed projects are subject to Compliance Requirements as described in OMB Circular A-87 and within OMB Circular A-133, under allowable costs. That law requires that the grantor monitor the amounts paid and that "Direct charges to Federal Awards were for allowable costs."

Effect:

The Village was not in compliance with all grant requirements.

Cause:

The Village's grant activity was not properly monitored.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Village develop and evaluate written policies and procedures to ensure stronger internal controls and monitoring procedures over grants. Adequate training should be provided to personnel who are responsible for ensuring compliance with grant requirements. Further, we recommend that the Village be reimbursed the overpayments, made to the contractor and notify the grantor of the overpayments made.

2009-01 Material Weakness OVERBILLING AND OVERPAYMENT TO CONTRACTOR US DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WATER AND WASTE WATER DISPOSAL SYSTEMS FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES CFDA #10.760 GRANT # 36-0009-0856003550 FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 Questioned Costs: \$22,476

Agency Response:

We agree with the auditor's comments and will contact the grantor. The Village will develop and evaluate procedures to ensure stronger internal controls and monitoring procedures over grants. They will also attend more training to ensure proper compliance with all grant requirements.

2009-02 Significant Deficiency

TIMELINESS OF FILING SINGLE AUDIT REPORT TO FEDERAL CLEARINGHOUSE

Statement of Condition:

The Data Collection From and Reporting Package were not submitted to the Federal Clearinghouse and Federal agencies within 9 months after fiscal year end. The reporting package will also be late for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011 and 2012.

Criteria:

OMB Circular A-133.320 requires the Data Collection Form and Reporting Package be submitted to the Federal Clearinghouse and Federal agencies within 9 months after fiscal year end.

Effect:

The Village was not in compliance with OMB Circular A-133.320.

Cause:

The audit report and information necessary to complete the Data Collection Form and Reporting Package were not available within 9 months after the fiscal year end.

Recommendation:

The Village should promptly submit the Data Collection Form and Reporting Package upon receipt of the audit report.

Agency Response:

We agree with the auditor's comments and will comply.

Separately Issued Housing Authority (Component Unit)

Reportable Findings and Question Costs – Financial Statement Audit:

Prior Year Audit Findings

<u>Financial Report – Internal Control</u>

2006-02 General Ledger, Accounting Records, and ReconciliationsRepeated/Modified2007-01 Failure to File Accurate Payroll Tax ReportsRepeated2008-01 Failure to Report Rent Subsidies on GAAP BasisRepeated2008-02 Actual Expenditures in Excess of Budgeted Expenditures for Fiscal Year Resolved

Financial Report – Other Matters

2006-06 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor Repeated/Modified

Current Year Audit Findings

Financial Report – Internal Control

2006-02 General Ledger, Accounting Records, and Reconciliations2007-01 Failure to File Accurate Payroll Tax Reports2008-01 Failure to Report Rent Subsidies on GAAP Basis2010-01 Failure to Record Accounts Payable at the Close of the Fiscal Year

Financial Report – Other Matters

2006-06 Audit Report Submission to the New Mexico State Auditor

<u>Status</u>

94

2006-02 GENERAL LEDGER, ACCOUNTING RECORDS, AND RECONCILIATIONS

Statement of Condition:

During the course of the audit, we noted several accounting errors in the general ledger and accounts are not reconciled. Opening balance were not carried forward in the amount of \$113,972.26. The cash account was overstated by \$63,230.00 and liabilities for payroll taxes were overstated by \$8,422.59.

Criteria:

New Mexico State Statute Section 6-6-3 provides that every local body shall keep all the books, records, and accounts, including subsidiary ledgers, timely, completely, and accurately.

Effect:

If accounting records are not being reconciled, it could result in improper financial reporting and does not follow State Statutes.

Cause:

The SCPHA does not reconcile their source documents to the general ledger and journal entries posted to the general ledger are not accurately reflecting financial transactions and are not reviewed and approved by SCPHA management.

Recommendation:

The SCPHA needs to ensure that the general ledger is complete and accurate and properly reconciled.

Agency Response:

The SCPHA will adhere to the auditor's recommendation.

2006-06 AUDIT REPORT SUBMISSION TO THE NEW MEXICO STATE AUDITOR

Statement of Condition:

The audit report was not completed and forwarded to the New Mexico State Auditor in a timely manner. The report was delivered on February 29, 2012.

Criteria:

As per SAO 2.2.2.9, (A) (1) (d), the New Mexico State Audit contract calls for this audit report to be delivered by December 1, 2010.

Effect:

Violation of the State Auditor's Rule. Audited financial information is not available for the SCPHA to use and distribute as necessary.

Cause:

The audit was not submitted to the SCPHA until February 24, 2012. The current year auditor's contract was not awarded in the normal course of distribution. Also, additional time was needed by the auditor to assemble the necessary financial information. SCHPH had to change fee accountants in order to complete the accounting process subsequent to June 30, 2010.

Recommendation:

The SCPHA, along with the auditor, must implement procedures that would produce a timely audit. Proper accounting control must be established where the SCPHA staff is able to produce financial information for the auditor that has been properly reconciled.

Agency Response:

The SCPHA will work along with the auditor to implement procedures that will produce a timely audit. In the future because a new fee accountant has been contracted to maintain the records on a timely basis.

2007-01 FAILURE TO FILE ACCURATE PAYROLL TAX REPORTS

Statement of Condition:

Third quarter payroll tax report was under reported by \$7,079.15.

Criteria:

In accordance with the Internet Revenue Service, payroll contributions shall accrue and become payable for each calendar year in which the payments of contributions become due. (IRS Publication 15).

Effect:

The gross wages on the 941's did not match the gross wages in the Authority's general ledger. Undetermined penalties may be charged after the corrected quarterly reports are filed.

Cause:

The payroll tax quarterly reports were being prepared without reconciling the quarterly payroll tax reports with the salaries and wages recorded in the general ledger.

Recommendation:

We recommend that management closely review the quarterly tax reports and compare them to the payroll journal on a timely basis each quarter.

Agency Response:

The SCPHA will adhere to auditor's recommendations.

2008-01 FAILURE TO REPORT RENT SUBSIDIES ON GAAP BASIS

Statement of Condition:

Net operating subsidy of \$85,719 was incorrectly reported as rent subsidy for the FYE 6/30/10.

Criteria:

Rent subsidies are to be reported on GAAP basis. Due to late filing of the required reports due to HUD, the rent subsidies were delayed in the being sent to Santa Clara Public Housing Authority.

Effect:

The revenues were not matched against expenses in accordance with GAAP.

Cause:

The audit report of Village of Santa Clara was not filed in a timely manner as was the Santa Clara Public Housing Authority, the component unit. As a result, there was a delay in funds being available for distribution to the Santa Clara Public Housing Authority.

Recommendation:

The audit report needs to be filed on a timely basis.

Agency Response:

The SCPHA will adhere to auditor's recommendations.

2010-01 FAILURE TO RECORD ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AT THE CLOSE OF THE FISCAL YEAR

Statement of Condition:

The fee accountant did not record the outstanding accounts payable in the amount of \$4,199.00.

Criteria:

GAAP requires that all unrecorded liabilities outstanding at the end of the accounting period be accounted for in the period that the expenditure was incurred.

Cause:

The outstanding invoices and purchase orders outstanding at the end of the accounting period be reviewed to determine whether or not they must be recorded on a timely basis.

Agency Response:

The SCPHA will adhere to auditor's recommendations.

EXIT CONFERENCE

Preparation of Financial Statements:

The Village of Santa Clara and its component unit are responsible for the form and content of the accompanying financial statements which have been prepared by Gary E. Gaylord, Ltd.

An exit conference was held at the office of the Village of Santa Clara on February 4, 2013.

In attendance were the following:

Representing the Village of Santa Clara:

Richard Bauch J. Iris Mohr Mayor Administrator

Representing the Auditors:

Gary E. Gaylord, CPA Auditor-in-Charge