STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (with Auditor's Report Thereon)

RICE & ASSOCIATES
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

VILLAGE OF CAUSEY

AUDIT REPORT

For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

(with Auditor's Report Thereon)

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Official Roster Year Ended June 30, 2011

<u>Village Council</u>

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

Mr. Kris K. King Mayor

Mr. Lawrence K. Skelley Mayor Pro-Tem

Ms. LaVerne Scheller Council Member

Mr. Jimmy R. Stokes Council Member

Mr. Darrell Caviness Council Member

Village Administration

Ms. T. Ann Clark

Clerk-Treasurer

AUDITING BOOKKEEPING (505) 292-8275 Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION FAX (505) 294-8904

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mr. Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Honorable Mayor and Village Council
Village of Causey
Causey, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the General, Fire Protection, Road and Fire Reserve Funds of the Village of Causey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's non-major governmental and enterprise funds and the budgetary comparisons for all non-major governmental and enterprise funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011 as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Causey's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Causey's internal control over financial reporting. According, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Causey, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Fire Protection, Road and Fire Reserve Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds of the Village of Causey, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the non-major governmental and enterprise funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 14, 2011 on our consideration of the Village of Causey's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Village has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

September 14, 2011

La de Casaciatio, Cola.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

ASSETS Current Assets Cash Accounts receivable (net of uncollectible accounts) Total current assets Land Land improvements Business Type Activities To Activities Activities To 172,416 \$ 22,117 \$ \$ 1,640 Total current assets 172,897 23,757 Capital Assets Land 7,470 645 Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 - Plant/Infrastructure - 225,000	
Current Assets \$ 172,416 \$ 22,117 \$ Accounts receivable (net of uncollectible accounts) 481 1,640 Total current assets 172,897 23,757 Capital Assets 166,445 - Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	ta⊥
Cash \$ 172,416 \$ 22,117 \$ Accounts receivable (net of uncollectible accounts) 481 1,640 Total current assets 172,897 23,757 Capital Assets	
Accounts receivable (net of uncollectible accounts) 481 1,640 Total current assets 172,897 23,757 Capital Assets Land 7,470 645 Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	
of uncollectible accounts) 481 1,640 Total current assets 172,897 23,757 Capital Assets 7,470 645 Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	194,533
of uncollectible accounts) 481 1,640 Total current assets 172,897 23,757 Capital Assets 7,470 645 Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	
Capital Assets 7,470 645 Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	2,121
Land 7,470 645 Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	196,654
Land improvements 166,445 - Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	
Buildings 376,822 - Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	8,115
Vehicles 394,838 - Equipment 684,248 -	166,445
Equipment 684,248 -	376,822
	394,838
	684,248
	225,000
Total capital assets 1,629,823 225,645 1	,855,468
Less accumulated depreciation (1,052,978) (15,000) (1	,067,978)
Total capital assets (net of	
accumulated depreciation) 576,845 210,645	787,490
Total assets \$ 749,742 \$ 234,402 \$	984,144
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable \$ - \$ - \$	_
Security deposits - 200	200
Total current liabilities 200	200
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets	
net of related debt 576,845 210,645	787,490
Unrestricted 172,897 23,557	196,454
Total net assets	983,944
Total liabilities and net assets \$ 749,742 \$ 234,402 \$	984,144

Net (Expenses) Revenue and

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2011

Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Functions/Programs Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Expenses Total Primary government: Governmental activities: General government 39,287 39 981 (38,267) \$ (38, 267)Highways and streets 2,798 (2,798)(2,798)Public safety 66,235 6,036 91,522 31,323 31,323 Culture and recreation 2,309 1,900 (409)(409)Depreciation - unallocated 222,712 (222,712)(222,712)(232,863) Total governmental activities 333,341 6,075 94,403 (232, 863)Business-type activities: Water services 19,879 12,936 12,250 225,645 230,952 230,952 Depreciation - unallocated 5,466 6,711 2,000 3,245 3,245 Total business-type activities 19,647 225,645 25,345 14,250 234,197 230,952 Total all activities 358,686 25,722 108,653 225,645 (232,863) 234,197 1,334 General Revenues: Property taxes 1,756 1.756 Gross receipts taxes 2,268 2,268 Gasoline taxes 5,004 5,004 Motor vehicle taxes 331 331 State aid not restricted to special purpose General 35,000 35,000 Investment earnings 138 143 Total general revenues 44,497 44,502 Change in net assets (188, 366)234,202 45,836 Net assets - beginning of year, as previously reported 811,714 811,714 Restatement 126,394 126,394 Net assets - beginning of year, as restated 938,108 938,108 Net assets - ending 749,742 234,202 983,944

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

			Fire	Protection		Road	F	Fire Reserve	Other ernmental	Gov	Total ernmental
	G	General		Fund		Fund	•	Fund	 Fund	0	Funds
ASSETS											
Cash on deposit	\$	48,300	\$	91,015	\$	8,695	\$	16,734	\$ 7,672	\$	172,416
Accounts receivable		64			-	417			 		481
Total assets	\$	48,364	\$	91,015	\$	9,112	\$	16,734	\$ 7,672	\$	172,897
FUND BALANCE											
Restricted	\$		\$	91,015	\$	9,112	\$	16,734	\$ 7,672	\$	124,533
Committed		_				_		_	_		_
Assigned		_		_		_		-	-		grote
Unassigned		48,364							 		48,364
Total fund balance	\$	48,364	\$	91,015	\$	9,112	\$	16,734	\$ 7,672	\$	172,897

Statement 4

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds

172,897

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds

The cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation 1,629,823 (1,052,978)

576,845

Net assets of governmental activities

749,742

Statement 5

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2011

	G	eneral	Fire	Protection Fund	Road Fund	R	Fire eserve Fund	Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total rernmental Funds
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	1,756	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,756
Charges for services		39		-	-		_		6,036		6,075
Local sources		981		_	-		-		7,955		8,936
State sources		36,900		67,549	_		8,723		7,295		120,467
State shared taxes		2,569		-	5,034		-		-		7,603
Earnings from investments		101		37	 						138
Iotal revenues		42,346	VPI PAL	67,586	 5,034		8,723		21,286		144,975
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		39,287		_			-		-		39,287
Highways and streets		_		***	2,798		-		-		2,798
Public safety		-		29,186	-		6,833		30,216		66,235
Culture and recreation		2,100		_	-		-		209		2,309
Capital outlay				3,134	 -	J	-		1,815		4,949
Total expenditures		41,387		32,320	 2,798	·	6,833		32,240		115,578
Net change in fund balances		959		35,266	2,236		1,890		(10,954)		29,397
Fund balance beginning of year		47,405		55,749	 6,876		14,844		18,626		143,500
Fund balance end of year	\$	48,364	\$	91,015	\$ 9,112	\$	16,734	\$	7,672	\$	172,897

Statement 6

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 29,397

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation expense Capital outlays

(222,712)

4,949

Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense

(217,763)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

(188,366)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2011

	riginal Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,328	\$ 1,328	\$ 1,725	\$	397
Charges for services	100	100	39		(61)
Local sources	1,500	1,500	981		(519)
State sources	35,000	35,000	36,900		1,900
State shared taxes	9,225	9,225	3,313		(5,912)
Earnings from investments	 29	 29	 101		72
Total revenues	\$ 47,182	\$ 47,182	\$ 43,059	\$	(4,123)
EXPENDITURES					
General government	\$ 49,790	\$ 49,790	\$ 40,382	\$	9,408
Culture and recreation	 2,100	 2,100	 2,100		
Total expenditures	\$ 51,890	\$ 51,890	\$ 42,482	\$	9,408
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$ 4,708	\$ 4,708			

Special Revenue - Fire Protection Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

Variance Original Final Favorable Budget Budget Actual (Unfavorable) REVENUES 67,549 67,549 67,549 State sources 37 Earnings from investments 37 Total revenues 67,549 67,549 67,586 37 EXPENDITURES Public safety 93,768 93,768 32,784 60,984 Total expenditures 93,768 93,768 32,784 60,984

26,219

26,219

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BUDGETED CASH BALANCE

Special Revenue - Road Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

		iginal udget		Final udget	<i>[</i> 2	ctual	Far	riance vorable avorable)
REVENUES								
State shared taxes	\$	5,034	\$	5,034	\$	5,034	\$	
Total revenues	\$	5,034	\$	5,034	\$	5,034	\$	_
EXPENDITURES Highways and Streets	Ś	6,740	\$	6,740	\$	3,045	ŝ	3,695
nighways and otileets	<u> </u>	0,710	<u> </u>	0/110				3,030
Total expenditures	\$	6,740	\$	6,740	\$	3,045	\$	3,695
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	1,706	\$	1,706				

Major Special Revenue Fund - Fire Reserve Fund
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES State source	\$ 9,750	\$ 9,750	\$ 9,746	\$ (4)	
Total revenues	\$ 9,750	\$ 9,750	\$ 9,746	\$ (4)	
EXPENDITURES Public safety	\$ 9,750	\$ 9,750	\$ 6,913	\$ 2,837	
Total expenditures	\$ 9,750	\$ 9,750	\$ 6,913	\$ 2,837	

Statement 11

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	Water Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash on deposit	\$ 19,297	\$ 2,820	\$ 22,117
Accounts receivable (net)	1,215	425	1,640
Total Current Assets	20,512	3,245	23,757
Capital Assets			
Land	645	_	645
Land improvements	_	_	-
Plant/infrastructure	225,000	_	225,000
Accumulated depreciation	(15,000)		(15,000)
Total Capital Assets	210,645		210,645
Total Assets	\$ 231,157	\$ 3,245	\$ 234,402
LTABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Security deposits	\$ 200	\$	\$ 200
Total Liabilities	200		200
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	210,645	_	210,645
Unrestricted	20,312	3,245	23,557
Total Net Assets	230,957	3,245	234,202
Total Liabilities and			
Net Assets	\$ 231,157	\$ 3,245	\$ 234,402

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Proprietary Funds

Statement 12

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Water Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Totals
	<u>runa</u>	I dire	100015
OPERATING REVENUES			
Sales and services	\$ 12,936	\$ 6,711	\$ 19,647
Local source	12,250	2,000	14,250
Total operating revenue	25,186	8,711	33,897
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personal services	910	-	910
Maintenance and operations	3,969	242	4,211
Major contractual services	-	5,224	5,224
Depreciation	15,000		15,000
Total operating expenses	19,879	5,466	25,345
Operating income (loss)	5,307	3,245	8,552
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Investment income	5	_	5
Investment expense	-	_	_
Donation from Cooperative	225,645		225,645
Total Non-Operating Revenue			
(Expense)	225,650		225,650
Change in Net Assets	230,957	3,245	234,202
Total net assets, beginning of year			
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 230,957	\$ 3,245	\$ 234,202

Statement 13

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Water Fund		Solid Waste Fund	,	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	-					
Cash received from customers	\$	11,721	\$	6,287	\$	18,008
Cash received from local sources		12,250		2,000		14,250
Cash payments to employees and to		(4 070)		(5.466)		(10.245)
suppliers for goods and services		(4,879)		(5,466)		(10,345)
Net cash provided by operating						
activities		19,092		2,821		21,913
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets		-		-		_
Investment expense						
Net cash provided (used) by capital						
and related financing activities						
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Investment income		5		-		5
Security deposits		200				200
Net cash provided by investing						
activities		205				205
Net increase (decrease) in cash		19,297		2,821		22,118
Cash, beginning of year						
Cash, end of year	\$	19,297	\$	2,821	\$	22,118
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,307	\$	3,245	\$	8,552
Adjustments to reconcile operating		-,	•	-,	•	-,2
income to net cash provided by						
operating activities:						
Depreciation		15,000		-		15,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(1,215)		(424)		(1,639)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	19,092	\$	2,821	\$	21,913

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Causey is incorporated under Section 3 New Mexico State Statutes Annotated 1978 Compilation operating under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The Village has a five-member board of trustees; staggered positions expire each election.

The financial statements of the Village of Causey have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Village had no component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which is normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. <u>Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation</u>

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Fire Protection Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is to account for the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. It is financed by a specific allotment from the State Fire Marshall's Office. The authority is NMSA 59A-53-1.

The Road Fund (Special Revenue Fund) - This fund was established to account for the maintenance of roads within the Village. Financing is provided by special tax per gallon on gasoline sold within the Village boundaries. Funding is provided by 7-1-6-9 and/or 7-13-1 thru 7-13-18, NMSA 1978 Compilation.

The Fire Reserve Fund - This fund was established to account for monies received from the Department of Energy, Minerals and National Resources, State Forestry Division for the suppression of wild fires. Funding is provided by a Joint Powers Agreement with Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department of the State of New Mexico 1983 to help purchase fire equipment, supplies and fire trucks.

The Village also reports additional Government funds as non-major. They include:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - these funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Village reports the following Proprietary Fund types:

Enterprise Fund - Water Fund - To account for the provision of water services to the residents of Causey, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

<u>Enterprise Fund - Solid Waste Fund</u> - To account for the collection and disposal of solid waste for residents of Causey, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to November 30, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the Village's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services to taxpayers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the given function 2) program-specific operating grants and contributions and 3) program specific capital grants and contributions including special assessments.

Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund is charged to customers for sales and services. The enterprise fund also recognized as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village Clerk-Treasurer submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous year's history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 2. The Village Clerk-Treasurer is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments. The original budget that was adopted in July, 1998 was amended during the fiscal year in a legally permissible manner.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Project Funds.
- 4. Encumbrances are not reported in the budgets or financial statements.
- 5. The level of classification detail in which expenditures of expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year end.
- 6. Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principals. Throughout the year the accounting records are maintained on the Non-GAAP basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Accordingly, certain revenues and the related assets are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. The financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary comparisons presented for General and Special Revenue Funds in this report are on the Non-GAAP budgetary basis and actual (cash basis). The budget of the Enterprise Fund is adopted on a Non-GAAP cash basis.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity of six months from the date acquired by the government. State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions and the State Treasurer Pool.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owners of such monies, in an amount not less that 50% of the public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Village. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

F. Inventories

The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

G. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. This is an increase from the \$1,000 threshold reported in prior years. This is a change in accounting estimate. All previously reported Capital Assets that do not meet the updated amount will be depreciated currently and in future periods until they are fully depreciated. Donated Capital Assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets, (retroactive to 1979) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government wide statements. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Public domain infrastructure System infrastructure Vehicles Equipment	10 to 20 40 40 40 15 5 to 15 10 to 20

The Village does not capitalize computer software or software developed for internal use (if applicable) unless it exceeds the \$5,000 threshold.

H. Compensated Absences

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated annual leave since the Village does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Village. Sick pay does not vest and is recorded as an expenditure when it is paid.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if applicable. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, if applicable. The Village has no bonds issued or outstanding.

J. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain long-term assets in the proprietary funds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purpose such as "deposits held in trust for others".

K. Net Assets

The governmental activities and business-type activities financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

<u>Investment in capital assets, net of related debt</u> - This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associates with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

 $\underline{\text{Restricted net assets}}$ - This category reflects the portion of net assets that have third party limitation on their use.

<u>Unrestricted net assets</u> - This category reflects net assets of the Village not restricted for any project or other purposes.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Village ordinances).

Enabling legislation authorizes the Village to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the Village can be compelled by an external party - such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposed specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the Village Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Village Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by the Village Council or ordinance.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.

O. <u>Surety Coverage</u>

The officials and certain employees of the Village are covered by a surety bond as required by Section $12-6-7\,$ NMSA $1978\,$ Compilation and the New Mexico State Auditor Rule NMAC 2.2.

2. <u>DEPOSITORY COLLATERAL</u>

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Authority, public unit deposits are funds owned by the Village's Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

The following is the Cash on Deposit at each financial institution.

Wells Fargo	General Fire	Checking	\$ 186,871
Wells Fargo James Polk Stone	Improvement	Checking Certificate	7,561
Community Bank		of Deposit	 9,234
			\$ 203,666
Total amount on de Deposit in transit Outstanding checks	-		\$ 203 , 666 180 (9,313)
Total per financia	l statements		\$ 194,533

The following schedule details the public money held by Wells Fargo and the pledged collateral provided for the Village follows:

0110101	es Polk Stone	<u>Wel</u>	ls Fargo
Cash on deposit at June 30 Less <u>FDIC</u> Uninsured funds Funds needing collateralization at 50% (required by State Law)	\$ 9,234 9,234 -	\$ 	194,432 194,432
Pledged collateral at June 30	 	<u>.,</u>	
Excess of Pledged Collateral	\$ 	\$	

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, \$0 of the Village's bank balance \$203,666 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Α.	Uninsured and Uncollateralized	\$ _
В.	Uninsured and collateralized	
	with securities held by the	
	pledging banks trust department,	
	but not in the Village's name	
	Total	\$

NM State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the cooperative for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

3. <u>ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables as of June 30, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governi <u>Activ</u>		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>			
Receivables from customers Less allowance for uncollectible	\$	-	\$	1,640		
accounts Subtotal Gross receipts taxes receivable Property taxes receivable Gasoline taxes receivable	-	31 33 417		1,640		
Total	\$	481	\$	1,640		

4. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1 each year by the Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rates of tax are then used by County Assessors to develop the property tax schedule by October 1. Taxes are payable in equal semi-annual installments by November 10 and April 10 of the subsequent year. Taxes are collected on behalf of the Village by the County Treasurer, and are remitted to the Village in the month following collection. Because the Treasurer for the county in which the Village is located is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government, distribution of taxes are made through the applicable County to the Village.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes based on taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one-third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the Village is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the Village.

The Village accounts for its share of property taxes in the General Fund. Only those collections received are recorded as revenues. The Village has no means of determining the amount of delinquent taxes, and no delinquent taxes are recorded on the Villages financial records.

5. <u>RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS STATEMENTS</u>

<u>Revenues</u>	General Fund	Fire Protection Fund	Road <u>Funds</u>	Fire Reserve Fund
Accrual basis Budget basis	\$ 42,346 43,059	\$ 67,586 67,586	\$ 5,034 5,034	\$ 8,723 9,746
Increase (decrease) in receivables	<u>\$ (713</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (1,023)</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Accrual basis Budget basis Capital outlay	\$ 41,387 42,482	\$ 32,320 32,784 	\$ 2,798 3,045	\$ 6,833 6,913
Increase (decrease) in payables	<u>\$ (1,095</u>)	<u>\$ (464</u>)	<u>\$ (247</u>)	<u>\$ (80</u>)

<u>Revenues</u>	S; R	Non-Major Special Revenue Water Funds Fund				Solid Waste Fund		
Accrual basis Budget basis	\$	21,286 21, <u>286</u>	\$	25,191 23,976	\$	8,711 8,287		
Increase (decrease) in receivables	\$		\$	1,215	\$	424		
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Accrual basis Budget basis Depreciation	\$	32,240 32,566	\$	19,879 4,879 (15,000)	\$	5,466 5,466		
(Increase) decrease in inventory	<u>\$</u>	(326)	<u>\$</u>		\$	-		

6. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Governmental-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2010	Additions	<u>Adjustments</u>	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2011
Land	<u>\$ 7,470</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 7,470
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,470				7,470
Land improvements Buildings Vehicles Equipment	171,976 365,710 394,838 558,486	4,949	(5,531) 11,112 - 120,813	-	166,445 376,822 394,838 684,248
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,491,010	4,949	126,394		1,622,353
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Vehicles Equipment	(57,209) (147,325) (288,847) (336,885)	(10,417) (62,376) (105,991) (43,928)	-	- - -	(67,626) (209,701) (394,838) (380,813)
Total accumulated depreciation	(830,266)	(222,712)			(1,052,978)
Total capital assets being depreciated	660,744	(217,763)	<u>-</u>	_	569,375
Net capital assets	\$ 668,214	<u>\$ (217,763</u>)	\$ 126,394	<u>\$</u>	\$ 576,845

The amount of property, plant and equipment in the Business-Type Activities consists of the following:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2010</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2011</u>
Land	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 645</u>	\$ _	<u>\$ 645</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated		645		645
Plant		225,000		225,000
Total capital assets being depreciated		225,000		225,000
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant		(15,000)		(15,000)
Total accumulated depreciation		(15,000)		(15,000)
Net capital assets	<u>\$</u>	\$ 210,645	\$	\$ 210,645

7. RETIREMENT PLAN

The Village of Causey does not participate in the State of New Mexico PERA retirement plan or any other retirement plan.

8. POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The Village of Causey does not participate in the State of New Mexico Retiree Health Care plan.

9. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

The Village of Causey entered into a Joint Powers Agreement 93-521-23-149 with the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, State Forestry Division (EMNRD). EMNRD desires to assist the Village to enhance the organization of its wildfire protection activities and the Village desires to assist EMNRD to enhance the organization of wildfire protection activity on nonmunicipal lands adjacent to the Village. The Village agrees to develop and maintain a cooperative wildfire protection system including the use of its fire department for the prevention, detection, pre-suppression and suppression of wildfires, and for the procurement and maintenance of forest, brush, and grassland firefighting equipment. EMNRD will reimburse the Village for use of equipment for fire suppression when a Fire Reimbursement Request Form is completed and sent to EMNRD within 30 days after the fire is extinguished. All payments under this agreement are on a reimbursement basis. The agreement was approved by the New Mexico

Department of Finance and Administration on January 1, 1993. The agreement shall remain in effect perpetually unless terminated by either party. The Village reports the receipts and disbursements in the Fire Reserve Fund.

A Joint Powers Agreement was entered into on February 11, 2003 between the City of Portales and the Village of Causey to provide a comprehensive emergency management program to achieve the maximum effect in the protection of the public health and safety within Roosevelt County and its municipalities. The agreement commenced on February 11, 2003 and shall remain in force until rescinded or terminated by either party. The administration of funds, which may be appropriated, shall be mutually agreed upon between participating political subdivisions. The Village reports the receipts and disbursements in the Fire Improvement Fund.

10. FUND BALANCES CLASSIFIED

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented here.

Fund Balances	G	eneral Fund	Pro	Fire stection Fund	Roa Fun	-	Res	ire erve und	Gove	n-Major rnmental Fund	To	tals_
Nonspendable: Interfund loans Inventory	\$	- -	\$	_ 	\$	- -	\$		\$	- -	\$	
Total nonspendable										-		
Restricted for: Road improvements Fire protection Emergency services Recreation services				91,015 - -	9,	112]	6,734 - -		4,738 2,494 440	1	9,112 12,487 2,494 440
Total restricted				91,015	9,	112	1	6,734		7,672	1	24,533
Committed to: Other purposes					•				-			-
Total committed												
Unassigned:		48,364								_		48,364
Total Fund Balances	\$	48,364	\$	91,015	\$9,	112	<u>\$ 1</u>	6,734	\$	7,672	\$ 1	72,897

11. RESTATEMENT - FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The June 30, 2010 audit report did not include all capital assets for the governmental-type activities. The total net effect is \$126,394.

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

RECREATION FUND - This fund is to provide for the operation and maintenance of the Village recreational equipment and facilities. The authority is NMSA 1978 Section 5-4-1 to 5-4-9.

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES (EMS) FUND - This fund was established to account for the operation and maintenance of the EMS Department. Financing is provided by a motor vehicle registration fee of one dollar. Funding is provided under State Statute 24-10A-6, NMSA, 1978 Compilation.

FIRE IMPROVEMENT FUND - This fund was established to account for County gross receipts taxes received by the County then remitted to the Village used only for improvement of fire protection equipment. Funding is provided under Roosevelt County Ordinance 5-83, Section 4.

AMBULANCE FUND - This fund was established to account for ambulance charges to help purchase medical supplies, conferences and maintenance on the ambulance.

FIRE RESERVE FUND - This fund was established to account for monies received from the Department of Energy, Minerals and National Resources, State Forestry Division for the suppression of wild fires. Funding is provided by a Joint Powers Agreement with Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department of the State of New Mexico 1983 to help purchase fire equipment, supplies and fire trucks.

Statement A-1

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2011

	eation und	EMS	Fund	Impi	Fire covement Fund	oulance Fund	Gove	Potal rnmental Funds
ASSETS	 					 		
Cash on deposit	\$ 440	\$		\$	4,738	\$ 2,494	\$	7,672
Total assets	\$ 440	\$		\$	4,738	\$ 2,494	\$	7,672
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted	\$ 440	\$		\$	4,738	\$ 2,494	\$	7,672
Total fund balance	\$ 440	\$		\$	4,738	\$ 2,494	\$	7,672

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the year ended June 30, 2011

	Recre Fu		EMS	Fund	Impi	Fire covement Fund	bulance Fund	Gove	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES									
Charges for services	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 6,036	\$	6,036
Local sources						7,479	476		7,955
State sources		-		7,295		-	-		7,295
State shared taxes		-		-		-	-		
Earnings from investments							 		
Total revenues	·	w-ri		7,295		7,479	 6,512		21,286
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-							
Highways and streets		-		_		_	_		-
Public safety		_		7,295		7,151	15,770		30,216
Culture and recreation		209		-		-			209
Capital outlay							 1,815		1,815
Total expenditures		209		7,295		7,151	 17,585		32,240
Net change in fund balances		(209)				328	(11,073)		(10,954)
Fund balance at beginning									
of year		649		_		4,410	 13,567		18,626
Fund balance at end of year	\$	440	\$		\$	4,738	\$ 2,494	\$	7,672

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Recreation Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES State shared taxes	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total revenues	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation	\$	649	\$	649	\$	209	\$	440
Total expenditures	\$	649	\$	649	\$	209	\$	440
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	649	\$	649				

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - EMS Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget		Final Budget	A	ctual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES State sources	\$	7,320	\$	7,320	\$	7,295	\$	(25)
Total revenues	\$	7,320	\$	7,320	\$	7,295	\$	(25)
EXPENDITURES Public safety	<u>\$</u>	7,320	\$	7,320	\$	7,295	\$	25
Total expenditures	\$	7,320	\$	7,320	\$	7,295	\$	25

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Fire Improvement Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget		Final Budget		A	ctual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES Local sources	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	7,479	\$	(21)
Total revenues	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	7,479	\$	(21)
EXPENDITURES Public safety	Ş	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	7,268	\$	232
Total expenditures	\$	7,500	\$	7,500	\$	7,268	\$	232
EXPENDITURES Budgetary basis Decrease in payables					\$ ———	7,268 (117)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	7,151		

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund - Ambulance Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Local sources Charges for services	\$	6,250	\$	6,250	\$	476 6,036	\$	476 (214)
Total revenues	\$	6,250	\$	6,250	\$	6,512	\$	262
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	17,794	\$	206
Total expenditures	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	17,794	\$	206
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	11,750	<u>\$</u>	11,750				
EXPENDITURES								
Budgetary basis Decrease in payables					\$	17,794 (209)		
Modified accrual basis					\$	17,585		

PROPRIETARY FUND DETAIL

PROPRIETARY FUNDS BUDGETS

WATER FUND - To account for the provision of water services to the residents of Causey, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

SOLID WASTE FUND - To account for the collection and disposal of solid waste for the residents of Causey, New Mexico. All activities necessary to provide these services are accounted for in this fund.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Proprietary Funds Water Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Final Budget Budget			 Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES							
Sales and services Local sources Interest income	\$	16,901 10,540 50	\$	16,901 10,540 50	\$ 11,721 12,250 5	\$	(5,180) 1,710 (45)
Total revenues	\$	27,491	\$	27,491	\$ 23,976	\$	(3,515)
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services Maintenance and operations Capital outlay	\$	25,877 	\$	25,877	\$ 910 3,969 —	\$	(910) 21,908
Total expenditures	\$	25,877	\$	25,877	\$ 4,879	\$	20,998
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$	_	\$	_			

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF CAUSEY Proprietary Funds Solid Waste Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES								
Sales and services	\$	6,804	\$	6,804	\$	6,287	\$	(517)
Local sources		2,000		2,000		2,000		
Total revenues	\$	8,804	\$	8,804	\$	8,287	\$	(517)
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Maintenance and operations		8,100		8,100		5,466		2,634
Capital outlay					-			
Total expenditures	\$	8,100	\$	8,100	\$	5,466	\$	2,634
BUDGETED CASH BALANCE	\$		\$					

Rice and Associates, C.P.A.

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 11805 Menaul NE Albuquerque, NM 87112 FAX (505) 294-8904

TAX PLANNING TAX PREPARATION

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mr. Hector H. Balderas New Mexico State Auditor and Honorable Mayor and Village Council Village of Causey Causey, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the General, Fire Protection, Road and Fire Reserve Funds of the Village of Causey, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated September 14, 2011. We also have audited the financial statements of each of the Village's nonmajor governmental funds and all the budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Causey's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Causey's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Causey's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico State Legislature, applicable federal grantors and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration and is not intended to be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

September 14, 2011

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STATUS OF COMMENTS

Prior Year Audit Findings

- 1. Late Audit Report (10-01) Resolved.
- 2. Expenditures Exceeded Available Resources (10-02) Resolved.

Current Year Audit Findings

NONE

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The combining and individual fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements for the year ended, June 30, 2011 were prepared by Rice & Associates, CPA, based on managements chart of accounts and trial balances including any adjusting, correcting or closing entries approved by management. These services are allowable under SAS 115.

EXIT CONFERENCE

An exit conference was held on September 14, 2011. In attendance were Ms. T. Ann Clark, Village Clerk, Mr. Kris K. King, Mayor, Mr. Darrell L. Caviness, Mayor Pro-Tem, Ms. Kristine L. Fraze, Office Assistant, Mr. Jimmy R. Stokes, Council Member and Ms. Pamela A. Rice, CPA, Contract Auditor.