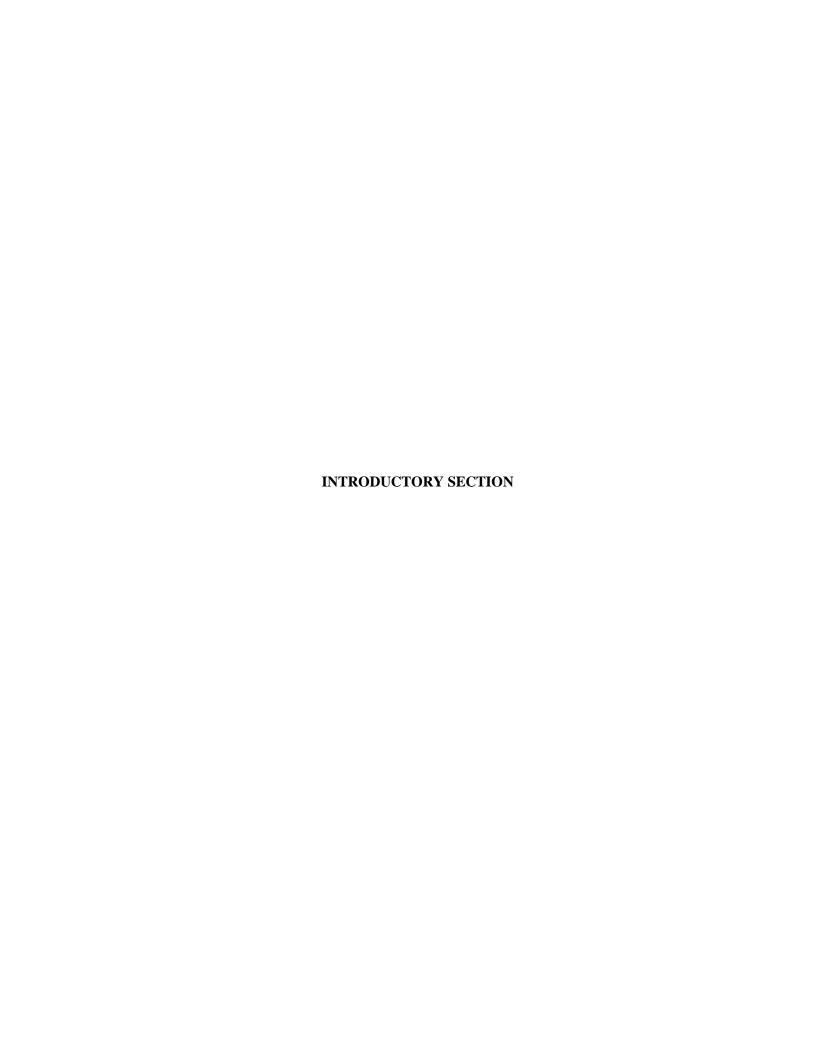
Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



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# STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF BOSQUE FARMS List of Principal Officials June 30, 2018

<u>Name</u> <u>Title</u>

**Elected Officials** 

Wayne Ake Mayor

Russell W. Walkup
William Kennedy
Chad Wood
Councilor
Ronita Wood
Councilor
Councilor

**Administrative Officials** 

Gayle Jones Clerk/Administrator

Michelle Fryhover Treasurer





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mayor and Village Council State of New Mexico Village of Bosque Farms Bosque Farms, New Mexico and Mr. Wayne A. Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Bosque Farms, New Mexico (Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of the Village's fiduciary funds as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

State of New Mexico Village of Bosque Farms and New Mexico State Auditor's Office Page 2

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements offered to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective position of the fiduciary funds of the Village as of June 30, 2018, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, in 2018, the Village adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Contributions, and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information on pages 45-47 and the Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability on page 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

State of New Mexico Village of Bosque Farms and New Mexico State Auditor's Office Page 3

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the budgetary comparisons, and the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and the schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2018, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Burt & Company CPA, LLC
Burt & Company CPAs, LLC

December 17, 2018

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,355,370	1,483,918	2,839,288
Receivables:			
Taxes:			
Gross receipts	228,291	-	228,291
Gasoline	5,164	-	5,164
Motor vehicle	2,460	-	2,460
Property	2,697	-	2,697
Franchise	24,884	-	24,884
Other	2,489	-	2,489
Grants	24,861	-	24,861
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	-	113,217	113,217
Restricted cash	-	171,723	171,723
Capital assets, not depreciated	527,070	1,543,336	2,070,406
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,203,758	9,231,032	13,434,790
Total assets	6,377,044	12,543,226	18,920,270
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	624,989 25,764	26,772	651,761 25,764
Total deferred outflows of resources	650,753	26,772	677,525
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	42,726	22,380	65,106
Accrued compensation and benefits	55,341	8,940	64,281
Interest payable	· -	4,013	4,013
Deposits payable	_	48,375	48,375
Compensated absences, due in one year	38,707	5,181	43,888
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	13,717	2,721	16,438
Long-term liabilities, due in one year	-	56,416	56,416
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year	-	1,375,551	1,375,551
Net pension liability	2,271,477	108,520	2,379,997
Net OPEB liability	1,320,983	<u> </u>	1,320,983
Total liabilities	3,742,951	1,632,097	5,375,048
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to grants	53,093	_	53,093
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	458,974	13,182	472,156
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	300,652		300,652
Total deferred inflows of resources	812,719	13,182	825,901
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	4,730,828	9,342,401	14,073,229
Restricted for debt service	-	81,968	81,968
Unrestricted	(2,258,701)	1,500,350	(758,351)
Total net position	\$ 2,472,127	10,924,719	13,396,846

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. 4

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

						Net (Expense) F	Revenue & Changes ir	Net Position
				Program Revenue	es	I	Primary Government	
			Charges for	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Government	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	& Contributions	& Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government	_				-			
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	956,494	91,996	229,291	131,704	(503,503)	-	(503,503)
Public safety		1,933,187	23,025	131,743	-	(1,778,419)	-	(1,778,419)
Highways and streets		306,306	-	-	-	(306,306)	-	(306,306)
Culture and recreation		215,217		16,469		(198,748)		(198,748)
Total government activities		3,411,204	115,021	377,503	131,704	(2,786,976)		(2,786,976)
Business-type activities								
Waste water		889,905	711,299	-	-	-	(178,606)	(178,606)
Water		404,899	590,313	-	-	-	185,414	185,414
Interest on long-term debt		36,220			<del>_</del>		(36,220)	(36,220)
Total business-type activities		1,331,024	1,301,612				(29,412)	(29,412)
Total primary government	\$	4,742,228	1,416,633	377,503	131,704	(2,786,976)	(29,412)	(2,816,388)
			General reven	ues:				
			Taxes:					
			Franchise	taxes	\$	117,158	-	117,158
			Gasoline t	taxes		53,965	-	53,965
			Gross rece	eipts taxes		1,294,851	-	1,294,851
			Property t	axes		236,243	-	236,243
			Motor veh	nicle registration		27,870	-	27,870
			EMS taxe	S		47,349	-	47,349
			Other			89,762	1,833	91,595
			Interest			1,302	590	1,892
				agreement paymen	ts	230,000	-	230,000
			Transfers			168,438	(168,438)	
			U	evenues and transfe	rs	2,266,938	(166,015)	2,100,923
			Gain (loss) on a	asset disposal		52,804		52,804
			Changes in net	position		(467,234)	(195,427)	(662,661)
			Net position - b	peginning as previou	ısly stated	4,508,478	11,120,146	15,628,624
			Prior period a	0 0 1	•	(1,569,117)	-	(1,569,117)
			-	peginning as restate	d	2,939,361	11,120,146	14,059,507
			Net position - e		\$	2,472,127	10,924,719	13,396,846
				0				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		General	Streets	Fire Protection	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	•					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	1,128,216	71,663	12,800	142,691	1,355,370
Taxes:						
Gross receipts		219,663	_	_	8,628	228,291
Gasoline		-	_	_		
Motor vehicle		2,460	5,164	_	_	7,624
Property		2,697	-	_	-	2,697
Franchise		24,884	-	-	-	24,884
Other		2,489	_	_	-	2,489
Grants		300	24,561			24,861
Total assets	\$	1,380,709	101,388	12,800	151,319	1,646,216
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	36,740	-	763	5,223	42,726
Accrued compensation and benefits		53,399	_	-	1,942	55,341
Unearned revenue		_	53,093	_	-	53,093
Total liabilities		90,139	53,093	763	7,165	151,160
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Special revenue funds		-	-	-	53,116	53,116
Capital projects funds		-	-	-	-	-
Committed reported in:						
General fund		-	-	-	-	-
Subsequent years expenditures		241,207	-	-	-	241,207
Assigned to:			40.205	10.005	01.020	151 050
Special revenue funds		-	48,295	12,037	91,038	151,370
Unassigned:		1 0 10 0 60				1.040.040
General fund		1,049,363				1,049,363
Total fund balances		1,290,570	48,295	12,037	144,154	1,495,056
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,380,709	101,388	12,800	151,319	1,646,216

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:

<b>Total fund balance - Governmental funds</b>	\$ 1,495,056
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	4,730,828
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	-
Accrued compensated absences not payable from current revenues.	(52,424)
Long-term liabilities, including net pension liability and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund.	(3,592,460)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	624,989
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	25,764
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are received in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	(458,974)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are received in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	(300,652)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,472,127

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Fire	Non-Major Governmental	
		General	Streets	Protection	Funds	Total
Revenues:	•					
Taxes	\$	1,644,113	53,965	-	79,358	1,777,436
Licenses, permits, fees, and fines		91,996	-	-	23,025	115,021
From federal sources:						
Grants		2,863	215,757	95,950	-	314,570
From non-federal sources:						
Grants		30,003	-	-	32,930	62,933
Intergovernmental		361,704	-	-	-	361,704
Interest		874	-	-	428	1,302
Other		80,616	100	40,000	21,850	142,566
Total revenues		2,212,169	269,822	135,950	157,591	2,775,532
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		555,904	-	-	2,183	558,087
Public safety		1,538,052	-	341,157	143,820	2,023,029
Highways and streets		208,257	118,165	-	-	326,422
Culture and recreation		171,106	-	-	-	171,106
Capital outlay		162,718	244,155	34,742	11,753	453,368
Total expenditures		2,636,037	362,320	375,899	157,756	3,532,012
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures before other financing sources		(423,868)	(92,498)	(239,949)	(165)	(756,480)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Severance tax appropriation		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in		247,913	-	-	-	247,913
Transfers out		(47,913)			(40,000)	(87,913)
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		200,000			(40,000)	160,000
Net change in fund balance		(223,868)	(92,498)	(239,949)	(40,165)	(596,480)
Fund balance beginning of year		1,514,438	140,793	251,986	184,319	2,091,536
Ending fund balance	\$	1,290,570	48,295	12,037	144,154	1,495,056

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - Governmental funds	\$	(596,480)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is		
allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as		
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation		
expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
Depreciation expense	\$ (443,614)	
Capital outlay	822,202	
Excess of depreciation over capital outlay		378,588
Transfer of non-cash assets from proprietary fund		8,438
Change in accrued compensated absences are expensed under the		
accrual method, and not the modified accrual method.		3,894
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Change in net pension liability and the related deferred		(224.020)
inflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.		(234,920)
Change in OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and		
deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.	-	(26,754)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(467,234)

#### General Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Actual (Non-GAAP	Variance with Final Budget -
		Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Positive
		Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	1,039,898	1,041,328	1,394,409	353,081
Licenses and permits		19,900	19,900	91,996	72,096
Grants		34,200	41,488	31,185	(10,303)
Intergovernmental		773,100	773,100	361,704	(411,396)
Interest		1,422	1,422	874	(548)
Other		452,027	471,737	79,508	(392,229)
Total revenues		2,320,547	2,348,975	1,959,676	(389,299)
Expenditures:					
General government		534,572	547,972	554,205	(6,233)
Public safety		1,615,066	1,698,578	1,535,277	163,301
Highways and streets		244,601	286,518	208,577	77,941
Culture and recreation		204,946	216,212	168,651	47,561
Capital outlay		145,205	145,205	161,907	(16,702)
Total expenditures		2,744,390	2,894,485	2,628,617	265,868
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures		(400 040)	(545.510)	(660.041)	(100, 101)
expenditures		(423,843)	(545,510)	(668,941)	(123,431)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in		683,955	683,955	247,913	(436,042)
Operating transfers out		(342,150)	(342,150)	(47,913)	294,237
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		341,805	341,805	200,000	(141,805)
Net change in fund balance		(82,038)	(203,705)	(468,941)	(265,236)
Prior year cash appropriated		1,320,710	1,321,192	(400,741)	(203,230)
	\$	1,238,672	1,117,487		
	Ψ	1,230,072	1,117,407		
Non-GAAP change in fund balance Change from:			\$	(468,941)	
Taxes receivable				249,704	
Other receivable				2,789	
Accounts payable				(8,246)	
Accrued compensation and benefits				826	
recrued compensation and benefits				020	
GAAP change in fund balance			\$	(223,868)	

#### Streets Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual (Non- GAAP Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 47,000	47,000	48,801	1,801
Grants	335,000	335,000	214,832	(120,168)
Other		<u> </u>	100	100
Total revenues	382,000	382,000	263,733	(118,267)
Expenditures:				
Highways and streets	417,183	417,183	375,122	42,061
Total expenditures	417,183	417,183	375,122	42,061
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(35,183)	(35,183)	(111,389)	(76,206)
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in				
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		
Net change in fund balance Prior year cash appropriated	(35,183) 168,745	(35,183) 168,745	(111,389)	(76,206)
	\$ 133,562	133,562		
Non-GAAP change in fund balance Change from:		\$	(111,389)	
Taxes receivable			5,164	
Grants receivable			24,561	
Accounts payable			12,802	
Accrued compensation and benefits			-	
Deferred revenue			(23,636)	
GAAP change in fund balance		\$	(92,498)	

### Fire Protection Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			`	Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts	GAAP Budgetary	Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Other	\$ 91,599	95,950	95,950	<u> </u>
<b>Total revenues</b>	91,599	95,950	95,950	-
Expenditures:				
Public Safety Capital outlay	91,599	389,480	341,937 34,742	47,543 (34,742)
Total expenditures	91,599	389,480	376,679	12,801
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	-	(293,530)	(280,729)	12,801
Other financing sources (uses):				
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	_	40,000	40,000	_
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out				
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		40,000	40,000	
Net change in fund balance	_	(253,530)	(240,729)	12,801
Prior year cash appropriated	253,530	253,530		
	\$ 253,530			
Non-GAAP change in fund balance Change from:		\$	(240,729)	
Taxes receivable			_	
Grants receivable			-	
Accounts payable			780	
Accrued compensation and benefits				
GAAP change in fund balance		\$	(239,949)	

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Waste Water	Water	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 739,219	744,699	1,483,918
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	59,074	54,143	113,217
Restricted cash	81,968	89,755	171,723
Total current assets	880,261	888,597	1,768,858
Capital assets			
Land and water rights	1,154,573	388,763	1,543,336
Plant and equipment	16,138,432	3,350,018	19,488,450
Accumulated depreciation	(8,479,548)	(1,777,870)	(10,257,418)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	8,813,457	1,960,911	10,774,368
Total assets	9,693,718	2,849,508	12,543,226
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	11,650	15,122	26,772
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	11,393	10,987	22,380
Accrued compensation and benefits	3,464	5,476	8,940
Interest payable	2,879	1,134	4,013
Deposits payable	-	48,375	48,375
Compensated absences - current	2,403	2,778	5,181
Loans payable - current	-	15,713	15,713
Bonds payable - current	40,703		40,703
Total current liabilities	60,842	84,463	145,305
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences - long-term	1,155	1,566	2,721
Loans payable	-	298,729	298,729
Bonds payable	1,076,822	-	1,076,822
Net pension liability	47,225	61,295	108,520
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,125,202	361,590	1,486,792
Total liabilities	1,186,044	446,053	1,632,097
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	5,736	7,446	13,182
NET POSITION			
Net investments in capital assets	7,695,932	1,646,469	9,342,401
Restricted for debt service	81,968	-	81,968
Unrestricted	735,688	764,662	1,500,350
Total net position	\$ 8,513,588	2,411,131	10,924,719

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position-Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Waste Water	Water	Total
Operating revenues			
Sales and services	\$ 711,299	590,313	1,301,612
Operating expenses	278,400	226,612	505,012
Depreciation	611,505	178,287	789,792
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	889,905	404,899	1,294,804
Operating (loss) income	(178,606)	185,414	6,808
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest income	_	590	590
Interest expense	(29,573)	(6,647)	(36,220)
Other income	272	1,561	1,833
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	-	-	-
Transfers in	48,689	57,729	106,418
Transfers out	(59,856)	(215,000)	(274,856)
<b>Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)</b>	(40,468)	(161,767)	(202,235)
Change in net position	(219,074)	23,647	(195,427)
Net position, beginning of year	8,732,662	2,387,484	11,120,146
Net position, end of year	\$ 8,513,588	2,411,131	10,924,719

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Waste Water	Water	Total
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 709,147	598,914	1,308,061
Cash paid to employees	(131,701)	(150,316)	(282,017)
Cash payments to vendors	(195,540)	(156,358)	(351,898)
Net cash provided by operating activities	381,906	292,240	674,146
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities			
Other income	272	1,561	1,833
Operating transfers in	61,311	-	61,311
Operating transfers out	(6,311)	(215,000)	(221,311)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	55,272	(213,439)	(158,167)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Financing activities			
Purchase of capital assets	(302,739)	-	(302,739)
Gain on disposal of assets	-	-	-
Principal payment on bonds	(40,264)	-	(40,264)
Princpal payment on loans	-	(15,404)	(15,404)
Interest payment on bonds	(29,609)	-	(29,609)
Interest payment on loans	-	(6,597)	(6,597)
Operating transfers in	-	57,729	57,729
Operating transfers out	(57,729)		(57,729)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities			
activities	(430,341)	35,728	(394,613)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest income	_	590	590
Net cash provided by investing activities		590	590
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	6,837	115,119	121,956
Cash, beginning of year	814,350	719,335	1,533,685
Cash, end of year	\$ 821,187	834,454	1,655,641
Operating (loss) income	\$ (178,606)	185,414	6,808
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows:			
Depreciation expense	611,505	178,287	789,792
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(2,152)	8,601	6,449
Deferred outflows of resources	34,723	62,376	97,099
Accounts payable	(5,872)	2,347	(3,525)
Accrued expenses	(771)	408	(363)
Accrued compensated absences	64	1,981	2,045
Deposits payable	-	1,250	1,250
Net pension liability	(79,738)	(150,884)	(230,622)
Deferred inflows of resources	2,753	2,460	5,213
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 381,906	292,240	674,146

# STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF BOSQUE FARMS Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Agency Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 10,719
Accounts receivable	2,541
Total assets	\$ 13,260
LIABILITIES	
Due to other entities	\$ 13,260
Total liabilities	\$ 13,260

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

*Nature of Entity*. The State of New Mexico Village of Bosque Farms (Village) was incorporated in 1974 under the laws of the State of New Mexico. The Village operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, education, public improvements, and general administrative services. The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, financial statements are presented for the Village and its component units. A legally separate organization that does not qualify as a primary government is a potential component unit. The normal criterion for deciding whether a potential component unit is, in fact, a component unit is financial accountability. Financial accountability is determined by analyzing fiscal dependency, board appointments, financial benefit or burden relationships, or the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, the Village has no component units.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and enterprise funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Enterprise funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are recorded.

Governmental financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is made.

The Village follows the following revenue recognition principles applied to nonexchange transactions which are in accordance with GASB *Statement 33*, *Accounting and Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*:

*Derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenue in the period when the underlying exchange transaction has occurred and the resources are available. Derived tax revenues include gross receipts tax, gasoline taxes, and cigarette taxes.

Imposed nonexchange revenues – property taxes are levied and collected by the Valencia County treasurer on behalf of the Village. The taxes are levied in November and payable in two installments, November 10<sup>th</sup> and May 10<sup>th</sup>. The County remits to the Village a percentage of the collections made during the month. Taxes are considered delinquent and subject to lien, penalty, and interest 30 days after the date on which they are due.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Imposed nonexchange revenue other than property taxes are recognized in the period when an enforceable legal claim has arisen and the resources are available.

Government-mandated nonexchange transactions and voluntary nonexchange transactions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. These include grant revenues, state shared taxes and intergovernmental revenue. Grant revenues are recognized as revenues when the related costs are incurred.

Other revenues susceptible to accrual are investment income and charges for services. All other revenues are recognized when they are received and are not susceptible to accrual because they are usually not measurable until payment is actually received.

The Village reports unavailable revenue on its combined balance sheet. Unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received by the Village before it has legal claim to the resources, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund.* The general fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Streets*. To account for funds used to maintain roads for which the Village is responsible. Funding is provided by the gas tax. Expenditures are restricted to the construction and maintenance of Village roads.

*Fire Protection.* To account for the operations and maintenance of the fire department. The operations are financed by an allotment from the annual fire grant from the State of New Mexico. Authority is NMSA 59-A-53-1.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus (all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet) and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The Village applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Operating revenues, such as charges for services, in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues, such as subsidies/grants and investment earnings, are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

*Waste Water.* To account for the provision of waste water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance billing, and collection.

*Water*. To account for the provisions of water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund. Financing is provided through charges to customers for service.

#### B. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, money market funds, and certificates of deposit. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

All investments are stated at fair value that is determined by using selected bases. Interest income, realized gains and losses on investment transactions, and amortization of premiums/discounts on investment purchases are included for financial statement purposes as investment income and are allocated to participating funds based on the specific identification of the source of funds for a given investment.

The Village does not have an investment policy. Village funds are invested in accordance with New Mexico State Statute 6-10-36, which provides for the following investments:

1. United States Treasury Securities (Bills, Notes and Bonds) and other securities issued by the United States government or its agencies or instrumentalities that are either direct obligations of the United States of America, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp., the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, or the Student Loan Marketing Association, or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### B. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

- 2. Insured and/or collateralized (with U.S. Government Securities and/or New Mexico Bonds) certificates of deposit of banks, savings and loan associations.
- 3. Credit unions, pursuant to State Board of Finance Collateral Policies.
- 4. Money market funds whose portfolios consist entirely of United States Government Securities or agencies sponsored by the United States government.
- 5. Investments in the New Mexico State Treasurer external investment pool (Local Government investment Pool).

#### **Reserve Requirements**

The New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) requires New Mexico municipalities to maintain a cash balance in the General Fund of at least 1/12<sup>th</sup> (8.33%) of the General Fund's budgeted expenditures in order to maintain adequate cash flow until the next significant property tax collection. The Village met and exceeded the State's cash reserve requirements. The General Fund's cash reserve at June 30, 2018 was \$1,128,216 or 39.2% of the General Fund's final budget, exceeding the 1/12<sup>th</sup> reserve requirement.

#### C. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include software, library books, property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments allows phase III governments an exemption from the retroactive application of the capitalization requirements to major general infrastructure assets. The Village has elected to not retroactively record infrastructure assets.

Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### C. <u>Capital Assets (continued)</u>

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Improvements other than buildings	10 - 50 years
Buildings and structures	30 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 30 years
Infrastructure	5 - 50 years

Capital Assets in proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and other improvements	25 - 33 years
Water and sewer system	20 - 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years

The Audit Act, 12-6-10, NMSA 1978, requires all assets which cost more than \$5,000 and have a life greater than one year to be added to the General Fixed Asset Account Group and a yearly inventory of those assets must be taken.

#### D. Intangible Assets

Under Statement of ASC 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other*, intangible assets with indefinite lives are no longer amortized. Indefinite lived intangible assets, such as water rights, are tested for impairment on an annual basis. There were no intangible assets at year-end.

#### E. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### F. Pensions – Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### G. <u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – Deferred Inflows and</u> Deferred Outflows of Resources

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### H. Accrued Employee Benefits

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the general long-term debt account group. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. Vested or accumulated vacation leave for proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

#### I. Fund Balances

The Village follows GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

• Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are in nonspendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### I. Fund Balances (continued)

- Restricted fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village
  itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Village Council).
  To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless
  the Village takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the Village intends to use for a specific purpose.
   Intent can be expressed by the Village Council or by an official or body to which the Village Council delegates the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Village Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Village Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and nonrestricted fund balance is available, the Village considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Village considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Village Council have provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

### **Major Funds**

General Fund: The Village's general fund had committed balances at June 30, 2018 in the amount of \$241,207, for subsequent years expenditures. See footnote O.

<u>Streets Fund</u>: The Village's streets fund had an Assigned Fund Balance designated for the maintenance of Village roads at June 30, 2018 in the amount of \$71,931.

<u>Fire Protection Fund</u>: Annual fire allotment of \$12,037 restricted by state statute for the operations and maintenance of the fire department.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### I. Fund Balances (continued)

#### **Other Funds**

The following non-major funds have a Restricted Fund Balance designated for specific purposes:

Capital Projects Fund: Grant money of \$0 restricted by the grant document.

<u>Corrections Fund</u>: Motor vehicle violation fee revenue of \$10,185 restricted by state statute for the costs of corrections.

<u>Environmental Gross Receipts Tax Fund</u>: Gross receipts tax revenue of \$42,899 restricted by Joint Powers Agreement for the acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of wastewater and water facilities, sewer systems and related facilities.

Emergency Medical Services Fund: Grant money of \$32 restricted by the grant document.

Assigned funds consist of \$10,436 in the Recreation Fund designated for Village recreational facilities and programs, \$68,104 in the EMS Tax Fund designated for emergency equipment and supplies, and \$12,498 in the Traffic Safety Fund designated for the purchase and maintenance of traffic safety equipment.

#### J. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### K. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/ expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)</u>

#### L. Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the various enterprise funds considers checking accounts, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, and highly liquid assets with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### M. Budgetary Information

Actual amounts on the budgetary basis are prepared on the cash basis of accounting which recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, capital projects, and enterprise funds. The Village follows the following procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 1, the Village Administrator submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous year's history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 2. The Village Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and enterprise funds.
- 4. The level of classification detail in which expenditures of expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 5. The Village does not budget for depreciation.

#### N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### O. Fund Balance for Subsequent Years Expenditures

According to New Mexico State Statute and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA), the Village of Bosque Farms is required to reserve 1/12<sup>th</sup> of the General Fund's budgeted expenditures (\$241,207) for subsequent year expenditures to maintain an adequate cash flow. The Village has incorporated this reserve requirement within its financial policies approved by the Village Council. These balances are reported as assigned to subsequent years expenditures in the General Fund. The Village is in compliance with these DFA requirements.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Village's cash balances consist of demand deposits, CDs, and a money market account. The majority of the Village's cash and investments in the governmental funds are pooled. All interest income is accounted for in the related funds. The Village does not have a deposit policy. The Village's cash and cash equivalents are listed in the accompanying Schedule of Depositories.

The following is a summary of the Village's cash and cash equivalents balances by fund type as of June 30, 2018:

Type	 Amount
Cash and cash equivalents	
Governmental funds	\$ 1,355,370
Business-Type activities	1,655,641
Fiduciary funds	10,719
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,021,730

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and are (1) uncollateralized, (2) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (3) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Village's name. As of June 30, 2018, the Village's bank balance total of \$3,071,394 was exposed to credit risk as follows:

Insured through federal depository insurance	\$ 500,000
Uninsured, collateralized with securities held by pledging financial	
institution's trust department or agent in the Village's name	2,704,912
Uninsured and uncollateralized	(133,518)
Total deposits	\$ 3,071,394

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 2. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)</u>

In accordance with Section 6-10-17, NMSA, 1978 Compilation, the Village is required to collateralize an amount equal to one-half of the public money in excess of federally insured balances at each financial institution.

The total balance in any single financial institution may at times exceed the FDIC coverage available to deposits. The Village is required to obtain from each bank that is a depository for public funds pledged collateral in an aggregate amount equal to one half of the public money in each account.

#### 3. <u>Receivable – Proprietary Funds</u>

Accounts receivable represents billings for water and waste water fees. It is management's policy to cut off water and waste water services for non-payment. A lien is placed on the properties which have outstanding water bills.

	Waste			Total	
		Water Fund	Water Fund	Receivables	
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible	\$	72,114 (13,040)	68,199 (14,056)	140,313 (27,096)	
Net receivables	\$	59,074	54,143	113,217	

The Village maintains an allowance for uncollectible receivable balance in the Waste Water Fund and the Water Fund that consist of balances that are not expected to be collected within one year and which are deemed uncollectible, and have a lien placed on the account. These balances became legally uncollectible when "any debt that is not enforceable in a judicial proceeding because the applicable statute of limitations has run out" NMAC 12.2.12.7(I). The Village may remove legally uncollectible debt that is four years old, and that is contractually six years old as permitted by NMSA 1978 3-37-7.

#### 4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Governmental fund capital asset activity for the year ending June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning		Transfers or	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital assets, not depreciated				
Land \$	527,070	-	-	527,070
Construction in progress				
Total, not depreciated \$	527,070			527,070

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 4. <u>Capital Assets (continued)</u>

Cupital 7 issets (Continued)					
<u> </u>		Beginning		Transfers or	Ending
	_	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, depreciated	•				
Buildings and improvements	\$	3,837,252	-	-	3,837,252
Vehicles		1,424,159	436,122	(233,387)	1,626,894
Machinery, equipment and furniture		1,395,781	-	(40,606)	1,355,175
Infrastructure		2,617,902	386,081		3,003,983
Total capital assets being depreciated		9,275,094	822,203	(273,993)	9,823,304
Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		1,995,605	154,484	-	2,150,089
Vehicles		1,007,557	99,466	(241,824)	865,199
Machinery, equipment and furniture		1,277,555	67,968	(40,606)	1,304,917
Infrastructure		1,177,645	121,696		1,299,341
Total accumulated depreciation		5,458,362	443,614	(282,430)	5,619,546
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	\$	3,816,732	378,589	8,437	4,203,758
Total capital assets, net	\$	4,343,802	378,589	8,437	4,730,828

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

General government	\$	47,905
Public safety		229,788
Highways and streets		121,810
Culture and recreation	_	44,111
Total depreciation expense	\$	443,614

Enterprise funds capital asset activity for the year ending June 30, 2018 was as follows:

		Beginning		Transfers or	Ending
	_	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
<b>Business-type Activities</b>					
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land - waste water	\$	1,154,573	-	-	1,154,573
Land - water		14,137	-	-	14,137
Water rights		374,626			374,626
Total, not depreciated	\$	1,543,336			1,543,336

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 4. <u>Capital Assets (continued)</u>

<u> </u>	Beginning		Transfers or	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, depreciated				
Waste water:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 14,456,659	269,992	-	14,726,651
Vehicles	347,854	32,747	(31,641)	348,960
Machinery and equipment	1,062,821	-	-	1,062,821
Water:				
Buildings and improvements	2,633,060	-	-	2,633,060
Vehicles	21,117	-	-	21,117
Machinery and equipment	695,841			695,841
Total, depreciated	19,217,352	302,739	(31,641)	19,488,450
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Waste water	7,891,246	611,505	(23,203)	8,479,548
Water	1,599,583	178,287		1,777,870
Total accumulated depreciation	9,490,829	789,792	(23,203)	10,257,418
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	\$ 9,726,523	(487,053)	(8,438)	9,231,032
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 11,269,859	(487,053)	(8,438)	10,774,368

Depreciation expense for the Enterprise funds is \$789,792 at June 30, 2018.

#### 5. Long-Term Obligations – Governmental Activities

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the following changes occurred:

	Beginning	Prior Period			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Adjustment	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities						
Compensated absences	\$ 56,318	-	48,870	52,764	52,424	38,707
Net pension liability	2,841,700	-		570,223	2,271,477	-
Net OPEB liability		1,569,117		248,134	1,320,983	
Total	\$ 2,898,018	1,569,117	48,870	871,121	3,644,884	38,707

Accrued Compensated Absences. Employees accrue either eight or ten hours per pay period depending on if the employee has been with the village less than or more than ten years, respectively. The maximum number of annual leave hours which may be accrued is 120 hours.

Compensated absences balances have been liquidated with general fund money in prior years. Village employees accrue vacation leave as follows:

Total Years	Yearly
of Village Service	<b>Accumulation</b>
0-10 (inclusive)	96 hours
11 - or more	120 hours

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 6. <u>Long-Term Debt – Business-Type Activities</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the following changes occurred:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
<b>Business-type activities</b>					
Compensated absences	\$ 5,857	8,337	6,292	7,902	5,181
Net pension liability	339,142	-	230,622	108,520	-
Notes payable	329,846	-	15,404	314,442	15,713
Bonds payable	1,157,789		40,264	1,117,525	40,703
Total	\$ 1,832,634	8,337	292,582	1,548,389	61,597

*Notes Payable.* During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Village entered into a construction loan and subsidy agreement in the amount of \$748,000. The subsidy is 25% of the loan and will be forgiven as loan funds are spent up to a maximum of \$188,870. The remaining amount is a loan in the amount of \$566,610. The proceeds were used for water infrastructure improvements.

The loan is to be paid in twenty yearly principal and interest payments of \$34,652 beginning in 2016. Interest accrues on the outstanding principal at 2.0%.

On May 1, 2016, the loan was converted to term loan in the amount of \$344,948. The term loan is to be paid in twenty yearly principal payments and semi-monthly interest payments of \$22,002 beginning May 1, 2017. Interest accrues on the outstanding principal at 2% and are payable solely from pledged net revenues of the water system. The revenues pledged totaled \$374,025 and equal 3.73% of future estimated net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village collected \$590,313 in pledged revenues, and retired \$22,001 in principal and interest in the aforementioned note.

The future requirements for notes payable are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 15,713	6,289	22,002
2020	16,027	5,975	22,002
2021	16,347	5,654	22,001
2022	16,674	5,327	22,001
2023	17,008	4,994	22,002
2024-2028	90,280	19,728	110,008
2029-2033	99,676	10,331	110,007
2034-2035	42,717	1,286	44,003
	\$ 314,442	59,584	374,026

*Bonds Payable*. Pursuant to ordinance 2015-02, in October 2015 the Village issued \$1,224,161 in refunding bonds. The bonds carry a .45% to 3.88% interest rate and are payable solely from pledged net revenues of the sewer system. The revenues pledged totaled \$1,666,107 and equal

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 6. <u>Long-Term Debt - Business-Type Activities (continued)</u>

10.65% of future estimated net revenues at their current rate. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the Village collected \$711,299 in pledged revenues, and retired \$75,733 in principal and interest in the aforementioned bond. Interest payments are due in June and December of each year, and principal payments are due in June. Yearly principal and interest payments are \$75,732. The bonds mature in June 2039.

The future requirements for bonds payable are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 40,703	35,029	75,732
2020	41,236	34,496	75,732
2021	41,896	33,836	75,732
2022	42,692	33,040	75,732
2023	43,610	32,122	75,732
2024-2028	234,707	143,954	378,661
2029-2033	273,367	105,294	378,661
2034-2038	326,410	52,250	378,660
2039	72,904	2,829	75,733
	\$ 1,117,525	472,850	1,590,375

#### 7. Operating Leases

The Village has entered into an operating lease for four copiers, and one postage system which contain cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations. The rent expenditures for these leases are primarily from the General Fund. Future minimum lease payments are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2019	\$ 10,522
2020	10,522
2021	10,522
2022	10,072
2023	2,152
	\$ 43,790

Rental payments charged to current operations for the year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$9,457.

#### 8. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Valencia County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes for the Village. Property taxes are assessed on November 1 of each year based on the assessed value

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 8. <u>Property Taxes (continued)</u>

on the prior January 1 and are payable in two equal installments by November 10 of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and by May 10 of the following year. Property taxes are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and June 10. Taxes on real property are liened on January 1 of the year for which the taxes are imposed.

#### 9. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Fund Financial Statements		Trar	sfers Out	Tr	ansfers In
Governmental Funds					
Major Funds:					
General	\$		47,913		247,913
Non-major Funds			40,000		-
Proprietary Funds					
Wastewater			59,856		48,689
Water	_		215,000		57,729
Total	\$		362,769		354,331
	_				
					Net
Government-Wide Financial Statements	Transfers C	Out	Transfers	In	Transfers
Governmental Activities					
Major Funds:					
General	\$ 47,9	13	256,3	51	208,438
Non-major Funds	40,0	000		_	(40,000)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 87,9	13	256,3	51	168,438
Business-Type Activities					
Wastewater	\$ 59,8	356	48,6	89	(11,167)
Water	215,0	000	57,7	29	(157,271)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 274,8	356	106,4	18	(168,438)

The primary purpose of the transfers was to fund temporary operating shortfalls and fund reserve accounts.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 10. Public Employees Retirement Act Pension Plan

*Plan description.* The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <a href="www.nmpera.org">www.nmpera.org</a> or <a href="http://www.saonm.org/">http://www.saonm.org/</a> using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366 or writing: PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123.

**Benefits provided.** For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, available at:

http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/comprehensive-annual-reports-CAFR 12.22.2017 FINAL-with-corrections.pdf

Contributions. The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the Village are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY17 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, see the tables available in the note disclosures on pages 40 through 43 of the PERA FY17 annual audit report at:

http://www.saonm.org/media/audits/366\_Public\_Employees\_Retirement\_Association\_FY2017.pdf

The PERA coverage option that applies to Village is the Municipal General Division and the Municipal Police Division. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the Village were \$55,463 for the year ended June 30, 2018 for the Municipal Division and \$107,683 for the Police Division year ended June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$2,379,997 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Village's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 10. Public Employees Retirement Act Pension Plan (continued)

The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred inflows and outflows were performed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2017 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

#### PERA Municipal General Division

For the PERA Municipal General Division, at June 30, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$879,414 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was 0.0640%, which changed from its proportion of 0.072% measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village recognized PERA Municipal General Division pension expense of \$41,409. At June 30, 2018, the Village reported PERA Municipal General Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 34,555	45,041
Change of assumption	40,554	9,088
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	14,232	52,694
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	72,151	-
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date	55,463	
Total	\$ 216,955	106,823

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 10. Public Employees Retirement Act Pension Plan (continued)

#### PERA Municipal General Division (continued)

\$55,463 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	15,378
2020		64,178
2021		(3,801)
2022		(21,086)
2023	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
	\$	54,669

#### PERA Municipal Police Division

For the PERA Municipal Police Division, at June 30, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$1,500,583 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was 0.2701%, which changed from its proportion measured of 0.2791% as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village recognized PERA Municipal Police Division pension expense of \$64,901. At June 30, 2018, the Village reported PERA Municipal Police Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 91,138	280,369
Change of assumption	89,280	34,894
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	25,854	50,070
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	120,851	-
Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date	107,683	
Total	\$ 434,806	365,333

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 10. Public Employees Retirement Act Pension Plan (continued)

#### PERA Municipal Police Division (continued)

\$107,683 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2018, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2019	\$	(17,631)
2020		69,162
2021		(54,405)
2022		(35,336)
2023		
	\$	(38,210)

*Actuarial assumptions.* The total pension liabilities and net pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay
Amortization period	Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method	4 year smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.51% of annual rate, net of investment expense
Projected benefit payment	100 years
Payroll growth	2.75% for first 9 years, then 3.25% annual rate
Projected salary increases	2.75% to 14.00% annual rate
Includes inflation at	2.25% annual rate first 9 years, 2.75% all other years
Mortality assumption	RP-2000 Mortality Tables (Combined table for healthy post-retirements, Employee table for active members, and Disabled table for disabled retirees before retirement age) with projections to 2018 using Scale AA.
Experience study dates	July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013 (demographic) and July 1, 2010 through June 20, 2016 (economic)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 10. <u>Public Employees Retirement Act Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. The PERA pension liability, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2017, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement dated June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real times of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.50%	7.39%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.50	1.79
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.00	5.77
Real Assets	<u>20.00</u>	7.35
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate.** The single discount rate is 7.51% and was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following tables present the Village's net pension liability in the PERA fund divisions the Village participates in using a discount rate of 7.51% as well, as if calculated using the discount rate of 7.51% as well as what the Village's proportionate liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (6.51%) or one percentage point higher (8.51%) than the single discount rate.

## STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF BOSQUE FARMS Notes to Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 10. Public Employees Retirement Act Pension Plan (continued)

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
Municipal General Division	(6.51%)	(7.51%)	(8.51%)		
Net pension liability	\$ 1,378,333	879,444	464,495		
Municipal Police Division					
Net pension liability	\$ 2,393,013	1,500,583	768,212		

**Pension plan fiduciary net position.** Detailed information about the pension's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FY17 PERA financial report. The report is available at http://www.nmpera.org/publications.html.

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB)

*Plan Description*. Employees of the Village are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (Fund); a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

**Benefits provided.** The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses an dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits, that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

*Employees covered by benefit terms.* At June 30, 2017, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB) (continued)

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	51,208
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,478
Current active members	97,349
	160,035
Active membership	
State general	19,593
State police and corrections	1,886
Municipal general	21,004
Municipal police	3,820
Municipal FTRE	2,290
Educational Retirement Board	48,756
	97,349

*Contributions*. Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the Village were \$25,764 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

*OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.* At June 30, 2018, the Village reported a liability of \$1,320,983 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.02915%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$52,518. At June 30, 2018 the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB) (continued)

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	50,692
Change of assumption	-	230,957
Differences between actual and projected earnings on OPEB		
plan investments	-	19,003
Contributions made after the measurement date	25,764	
Total	\$ 25,764	300,652

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$25,764 represent Village contributions to the fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	<u></u>	
2019	\$	(63,921)
2020		(63,921)
2021		(63,921)
2022		(63,921)
2023		(44,968)
	\$	(300,652)

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal, level percentage of pay, calculated on
	individual employee basis
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation	2.50% for ERB; 2.25% for PERA
Projected payroll increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin
	for adverse deviation including inflation
Health care cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non-Medicare
	medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12
	for Medicare medical plan costs

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB) (continued)

Rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	4.10%
U.S. equity - large cap	9.10%
Non U.S emerging markets	12.20%
Non U.S developed equities	9.80%
Private equity	13.80%
Credit and structured finance	7.30%
Real estate	6.90%
Absolute return	6.10%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	9.10%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the Fund's total OPEB liability is 3.81% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2028. Thus, the 7.25% discount rate was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2029. Beyond 2029, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. Thus, 3.81% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.81%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.81%) than the current discount rate:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (OPEB) (continued)

1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
(2.81%)	(3.81%)	(4.81%)
\$ 1,602,331	1,320,983	1,100,239

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Village, as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend				
1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase			
\$ 1,123,587	1,320,587	1,474,903			

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

*Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability*. At June 30, 2018, the Village reported a payable of \$0 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### 12. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Village participates in the State of New Mexico Self-Insurers Fund for workers' compensation claims and employers' liability insurance including general, auto, uninsured motorist, law enforcement, and public official's errors and omissions liabilities.

The policy limits for workers' compensation is unlimited and \$1,050,000 per occurrence for employer's liability. There is no deductible. Liability policy limits range from \$100,000 to \$750,000 per occurrence, with a \$4,000,000 annual aggregate per policy. Deductibles range from \$500 to \$5,000.

In addition, the Village has obtained insurance through a commercial carrier operating as a common risk management and insurance program for buildings, personal property, employee dishonesty, theft, burglar, fraud, terrorism, fine arts, and equipment breakdown. Limits range from \$10,000 to \$6,881,617, and deductibles range from \$2,500 to \$10,000.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability for claims and judgments is reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 13. Fund Deficits and Non-Compliance

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosures of certain information concerning individual funds including:

#### A. Deficient Fund Balance

No funds had deficit fund balances.

#### B. <u>Expenditures Exceeded Appropriations</u>

No expenditures exceeded appropriations by fund.

#### 14. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through December 17, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The Village had no material subsequent events from June 30, 2018 to December 17, 2018.

#### 15. Adjustments to Net Position

#### Restatement

The Streets Fund was reported as a non-major fund in the prior year, but has been reported as a major fund in the current year. The beginning fund balance for the major fund has been increased by \$140,793 and, non-major funds have decreased by the same amount.

The Fire Protection Fund was reported as a non-major fund in the prior year, but has been reported as a major fund in the current year. The beginning fund balance for the major fund has been increased by \$251,986, and non-major funds have decreased by the same amount.

#### Prior period adjustment to net position

OPEB costs of \$1,569,117 from the prior year were expenses and recorded as a prior period adjustment as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

#### 16. Subsequent Pronouncements

#### **GASB 75**

GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB. This Statement applies to government

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2018

#### 16. Subsequent Pronouncements (continued)

#### GASB 75 (continued)

employers who provide OPEB plans to their employees and basically parallels GASB Statement 68 and replaces GASB Statement 45. The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. GASB 75 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018 (FY19). See footnote 11 for the impact of GASB 75 to the financial statements.

#### GASB 84

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, has been issued and is effective for fiscal years ending on or after December 31, 2019, but is not yet effective at June 30, 2018.

#### **GASB 85**

GASB Statement No. 85 Omnibus 2018 address practice issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurements and application, and post-employment benefits (OPEB). GASB 85 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018 (FY19).

#### GASB 87

GASB Statement No. 8, *Leases*, has been issued and is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but is not yet effective at June 30, 2018.

The Village will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The Village believes that the above-listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the Village or in issuing its financial statements.

#### 17. GASB 77 Disclosures (Tax Abatements)

In accordance with 2.2.2.10(BB) NMAC, the Village is required to make certain disclosures surrounding GASB 77, as applicable. Management of the Village is not aware of any tax abatement agreements that existed and require disclosure as of June 30, 2018.



Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Public Employee's Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Municipal General Division Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0640%	0.0720%	0.0686%	0.0686%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 879,414	1,121,560	699,436	521,112
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 580,762	562,367	603,447	568,728
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	151%	119%	116%	92%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

<sup>\*</sup>These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE'S CONTRIBUTIONS Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Municipal General Division Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

2018 2017 2016 2015 Contractually required contribution 55,463 53,706 57,629 54,230 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (53,706)(57,629)(55,463)Contribution deficiency (excess) Village's covered-employee payroll \$ 580,762 562,367 603,447 568,728 Contributions as a percentage of covered-

9.5%

9.5%

9.5%

9.5%

employee payroll

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Public Employee's Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Municipal Police Division Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2791%	0.02791%	0.2683%	0.2789%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,500,583	2,059,282	1,290,137	909,184
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 569,793	556,583	554,353	526,325
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	263%	370%	233%	173%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

<sup>\*</sup>These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGE'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Municipal Police Division Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution required contribution	\$ 107,683 (107,683)	105,194 (105,194)	104,773 (104,773)	99,392 (99,392)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 			
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$ 569,753	556,583	554,353	526,325
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	18.9%	18.9%	18.9%	18.9%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority – Retiree Health Care Act Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2018
Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.02915%
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,320,983
Village's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,214,286
Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		108.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		11.34%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority – Retiree Health Care Act Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	92,565
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		46,457
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	46,108
Village's covered employee payroll	\$	1,214,286
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.83%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Village will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

*Changes in Benefit Terms*. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY17 audit available at:

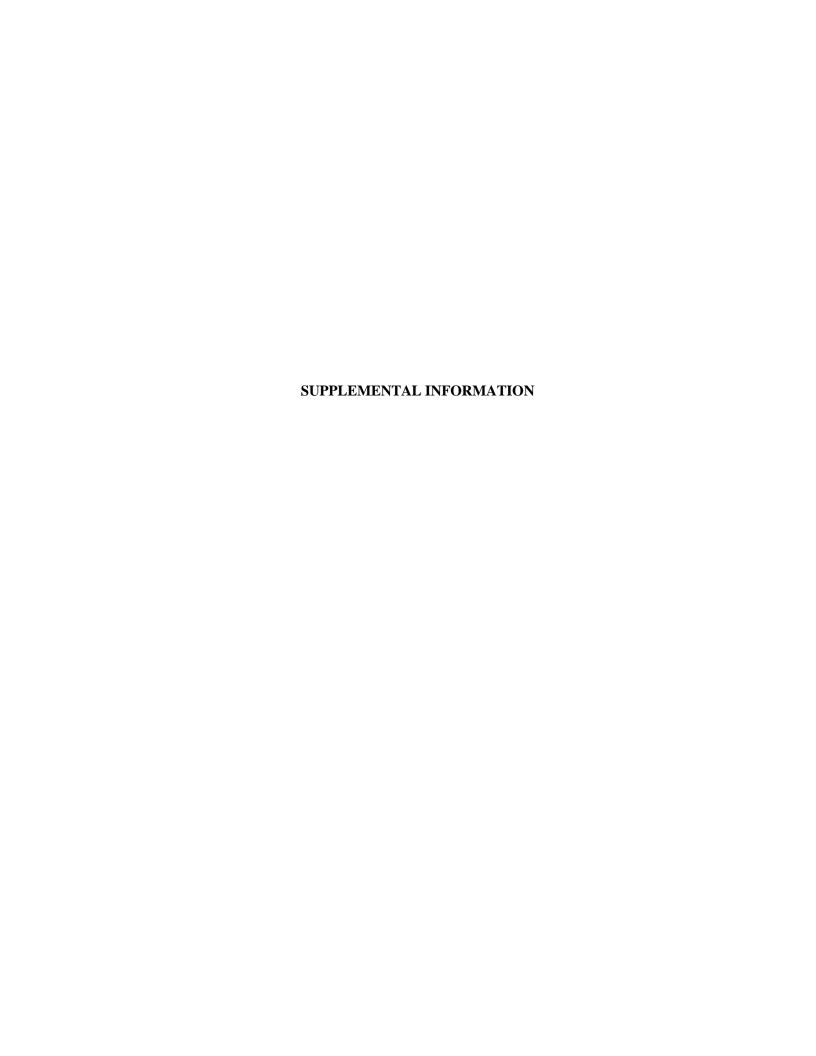
 $\frac{http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/CAFR-2017.pdf.$ 

The Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA) COLA and age eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in the Notes to the RHCA FY18 audit available at <a href="https://www.saonm.org">https://www.saonm.org</a>.

*Changes in Assumptions*. PERA of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2017 report is available at:

 $\underline{http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/retirement-fund-valuation-reports/PERA-Valuation-6-30-2017-FINAL.pdf.}$ 

The RHCA of New Mexico Biennial Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2017 report is available at <a href="https://www.saonm.org">https://www.saonm.org</a>.



#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF BOSQUE FARMS Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

*Corrections*. To establish additional sources of funds for municipalities to offset the costs of corrections. The source of funds is a fee which must be paid by all persons violating laws relating to the operations of a motor vehicle. Authority is NMSA 33-9-3.

*Environmental Gross Receipts Tax.* To account for the revenue received from the State through gross receipts and subsequently given to the Otero/Lincoln County Regional Landfill in accordance with a joint powers agreement. Authority is by Joint Powers Agreement.

*Emergency Medical Services.* To account for funds available for establishment of local emergency medical services, emergency medical equipment and supplies attributable to such services. Financing is provided by the State of New Mexico. Authority is the Emergency Medical Services Fund Act, NMSA 24-10A.

Law Enforcement Protection. To account for the expenditures from the State of New Mexico for training, equipment and capital outlay. Authority is NMSA 29-13-4.

*Recreation.* To account for revenues and expenditures relating to Village recreational facilities and programs. Financing is provided by the State. Such revenue provides for payment of all current operating costs and may be used for that purpose only. Authority is NMSA 7-12-15.

*EMS Tax.* To account for funds available for the operation of emergency medical services. Financing is provided by Valencia County. Authority is NMSA 7-20E-22.

*Traffic Safety*. To account for revenues and expenditures of funds collected for the purchase and maintenance of traffic safety equipment. Authority is Village Ordinance No. 97-10 and No. 2000-02.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Special Revenue								
		Corrections	Environmental Gross Receipts Tax	Emergency Medical Services	Law Enforcement Protection	Recreation	EMS Tax	Traffic Safety	Capital Projects	Total Non- Major
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	15,285	38,190	135	-	10,436	66,147	12,498	-	142,691
Grants		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Taxes:										
Gross receipts		-	4,709	-	-	-	3,919	-	-	8,628
Gasoline										
Total assets	\$	15,285	42,899	135		10,436	70,066	12,498		151,319
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	5,100		103			20			5,223
Accounts payable Accrued compensation and benefits	φ	3,100	_	103	_	_	1,942	_	_	1,942
Unearned revenue		_	_	-	_		1,,,,,,	- -	_	1,772
Total liabilities		5,100		103			1,962			7,165
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted, special revenues		10,185	42,899	32	-	_	_	_	-	53,116
Assigned, special revenues		· =	- -	-	-	10,436	68,104	12,498	-	91,038
Total fund balances		10,185	42,899	32		10,436	68,104	12,498		144,154
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,285	42,899	135		10,436	70,066	12,498		151,319

See independent auditors' report.

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Special Revenue								
			Environmental	Emergency	Law					
			Gross Receipts	Medical	Enforcement			Traffic	Capital	Total Non-
	-	Corrections	Tax	Services	Protection	Recreation	EMS Tax	Safety	Projects	Major
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$	-	32,009	-	-	-	47,349	-	-	79,358
Licenses, permits, fees, and fines		14,405	-	-	-	-	-	8,620	-	23,025
From non-federal sources:										
Grants		-	-	5,130	27,800	-	-	-	-	32,930
Interest		143	285	-	-	-	-	-	-	428
Other			1,500	100			20,250			21,850
Total revenues		14,548	33,794	5,230	27,800		67,599	8,620		157,591
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government		-	2,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,183
Public safety		29,130	-	5,108	16,047	-	80,382	13,153	-	143,820
Highways and streets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay					11,753					11,753
Total expenditures		29,130	2,183	5,108	27,800		80,382	13,153		157,756
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures before other financing sources		(14,582)	31,611	122	-	-	(12,783)	(4,533)	-	(165)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers in		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out			(40,000)							(40,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(40,000)							(40,000)
Net change in fund balances		(14,582)	(8,389)	122	-	-	(12,783)	(4,533)	-	(40,165)
Fund balance, beginning of year		24,767	51,288	(90)		10,436	80,887	17,031		184,319
Fund balance, end of year	\$	10,185	42,899	32		10,436	68,104	12,498		144,154

See independent auditors' report.

## Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Waste Water Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted		Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues	Φ.	< 1.1.455		<b>7</b> 00 <b>2</b> 0 <b>4</b>	<b>52 5</b> 00
Charges for services	\$	644,175	655,675	709,384	53,709
Interest		500	500	(452)	(952)
Other		11,500	11,500	272	(11,228)
Total revenues		656,175	667,675	709,204	41,529
Expenditures					
Operating		652,653	660,753	627,885	32,868
Debt Service		69,421	69,421	32,149	37,272
Total expenditures		722,074	730,174	660,034	70,140
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(65,899)	(62,499)	49,170	111,669
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in		109,421	109,421	48,689	(60,732)
Operating transfers out		(149,422)	(149,422)	(51,418)	98,004
Total other financing sources					
(uses)		(40,001)	(40,001)	(2,729)	37,272
Change in net position		(105,900)	(102,500)	46,441	148,941
Prior year cash appropriated		184,476	184,533		
Net change in fund balance	\$	78,576	82,033		
Non-GAAP change in fund balance			\$	46,441	
Change from: Receivables				2,812	
Accounts payable				5,872	
Accrued compensation and benefits				707	
Capital assets				294,301	
Interest payable				36	
Net pension liability				79,738	
Deferred inflows - pension				(2,753)	
Deferred outflows - pension				(34,723)	
Non-budgeted items:				(34,723)	
Depreciation				(611,505)	
GAAP change in fund balance			\$	(219,074)	

## Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Water Enterprise Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted		Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	-	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)
Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	593,682	593,682	590,827	(2,855)
Interest		5,000	5,000	590	(4,410)
Other		29,400	29,400	1,561	(27,839)
Total revenues		628,082	628,082	592,978	(35,104)
Expenditures					
Operating		463,563	476,652	305,871	170,781
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Debt service		20,169	20,169	6,597	13,572
Total expenditures		483,732	496,821	312,468	184,353
Excess of revenues over expenditures		144,350	131,261	280,510	149,249
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in		20,169	20,169	57,729	37,560
Operating transfers out		(282,573)	(282,573)	(215,000)	67,573
Total other financing sources					
(uses)		(262,404)	(262,404)	(157,271)	105,133
Change in net postion		(118,054)	(131,143)	123,239	254,382
Prior year cash appropriated		1,245,135	1,245,603		
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,127,081	1,114,460		
Non-GAAP change in fund balance Change from:			\$	123,239	
Receivables				(4,281)	
Accounts payable				(683)	
Accrued compensation and benefits				(408)	
Compensated absences				(1,981)	
Net pension liability				150,884	
Deferred inflows - pension				(2,460)	
Deferred outflows - pension				(62,376)	
Non-budgeted items: Depreciation				(178,287)	
GAAP change in fund balance			\$	23,647	

Agency Funds June 30, 2018

*Municipal Judge's Fund.* To account for the receipt and disbursement of money collected through the Municipal Judicial System and held for payment to various other state and local governmental agencies.

*Municipal Judge's Bond Fund.* To account for the receipt and disbursement of bond funds collected through the Municipal Judicial System and held for refund or conversion to pay fines and fees.

#### Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

#### Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2017	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2018
<b>Municipal Judge's Fund</b>				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 7,235	97,539	(95,620)	9,154
Accounts receivable	2,541			2,541
Total assets	\$ 9,776	97,539	(95,620)	11,695
Liabilities:				
Due to other entities	\$ 9,776	97,539	(95,620)	11,695
Total liabilities	\$ 9,776	97,539	(95,620)	11,695
Municipal Judge's Bond Fund				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 2,344	4,485	(5,264)	1,565
Total assets	\$ 2,344	4,485	(5,264)	1,565
Liabilities:				
Due to other entities	\$ 2,344	4,485	(5,264)	1,565
Total liabilities	\$ 2,344	4,485	(5,264)	1,565
TOTALS				
Total Assets				
Cash	\$ 9,579	102,024	(100,884)	10,719
Accounts receivable	2,541			2,541
Total assets	\$ 12,120	102,024	(100,884)	13,260
Total Liabilities				
Due to other entities	\$ 12,120	102,024	(100,884)	13,260
Total liabilities	\$ 12,120	102,024	(100,884)	13,260



### STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF BOSQUE FARMS Schedule of Depositories

### June 30, 2018

			New Mexico				Less	
			Finance	New Mexico Bank		Plus Deposits	Outstanding	Balance per
Account Name	Туре	_	Authority	& Trust	BBVA Compass	in Transit	Checks	Books
General Pooled Cash	Non-int bearing checking	\$	-	706,069	-	1,145	(18,202)	689,012
Special Revenue Pooled Cash	Non-int bearing checking		-	178,435	-	160	(72,982)	105,613
Payroll Clearing Cash	Non-int bearing checking		-	26,627	-	35	(26,662)	-
Payroll Clearing Cash	Non-int bearing checking		-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Account	CD		-	-	560,543	-	_	560,543
General Fund Money Market	Money Market		-	-	-	-	_	-
Petty Cash	Imprest							200
Cash and cash equivalents - governmental funds				911,131	560,543	1,340	(117,846)	1,355,368
Utility Enterprise Account	Non-int bearing checking	\$	-	1,439,893	-	19,480	(35,485)	1,423,888
Investment Account	CD		-	-	149,635	-	-	149,635
Debt Service Reserve	Non-int bearing checking		81,968	-	-	-	-	81,968
Petty Cash	Imprest							150
Cash and cash equivalents - b	business-type activities	\$	81,968	1,439,893	149,635	19,480	(35,485)	1,655,641
Municipal Court Pooled Cash	Non-int bearing checking	\$		10,192		2,688	(2,161)	10,719
Cash and cash equivalents - a	agency funds	\$		10,192		2,688	(2,161)	10,719

#### STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF BOSQUE FARMS Schedule of Pledged Collateral June 30, 2018

	New Mexico	BBVA	
	Bank & Trust	Compass	Total
Deposits at June 30, 2018	\$ 2,361,216	710,178	3,071,394
Less: FDIC coverage	(250,000)	(250,000)	(500,000)
Uninsured public funds	2,111,216	460,178	2,571,394
Pledged collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department or agent but			
not in the Village's name	(2,204,912)	(500,000)	(2,704,912)
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ (93,696)	(39,822)	(133,518)
50% pledged collateral requirement per statute	\$ (46,848)	(19,911)	(66,759)
Total pledged collateral	2,204,912	500,000	2,704,912
Pledged collateral over the requirement	\$ (2,251,760)	(519,911)	(2,771,671)

Pledged collateral at June 30, 2018 consists of the following:

			Fair Market	Fair Market	
Security	Cusip	Maturity	 Value	Value	Total
Massachusetts EDL Fing Auth ED REV BDS, 5%	57563RPB9	7/1/2024	\$ 1,127,100	-	1,127,100
SBA Pool 509339	83164LLU3	2/25/2038	503,798	-	503,798
SBA Pool 521934	83165ALP7	1/25/2038	574,014		574,014
FHLB Atlanta - Standby Letter of Credit	LOC#126258	5/22/2019		500,000	500,000
			\$ 2,204,912	500,000	2,704,912

The custodian of the pledged securities for New Mexico Bank & Trust is the SunTrust Bank in Atlanta, Georgia.

The custodian of the pledged securities for BBVA Compass is the Federal Home Loan Bank in Atlanta, Georgia.

See independent auditors' report.

Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements

June 30, 2018

**Prisoner Housing** 

Participants: Valencia County & Village of Bosque Farms

Responsible party: Valencia County

Description: To provide housing of municipal prisoners arrested by the Village and

confined in the Valencia County Detention Center.

06/14 to indefinite Period:

Project costs: \$85 per day (through 06/18)

\$95 per day (as of 07/18)

Annual Village contributions: \$21,415

Audit responsibility: Valencia County Fiscal agent: Valencia County

**Animal Control** 

Participants: Valencia County Animal Control Center & Village of Bosque Farms

Valencia County Animal Control Center Responsible party:

Description: Provide housing and care for animals originating from the

jurisdiction of the Village of Bosque Farms.

07/09 to indefinite Period:

Project costs: \$453 per month for custody of dogs and cats (through 12/17). \$24

> per hour worked for one Animal Control Officer in response to animal control calls in the municipality for mutual aid, \$100 per animal surrendered, \$40 per animal surrendered for euthanasia, and

\$35 per day for seized animals (as of 01/18).

\$3,213 Annual Village contributions:

Audit responsibility: Valencia County Fiscal agent: Valencia County

Wildlife Protection Activities

Participants: State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Dept.

& Village of Bosque Farms

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Dept. Responsible party: Description:

To provide a cooperative fire protection system covering any or all

private, County, non-municipal, and State lands within or adjacent to

the Village.

Period: Perpetual

Project costs: Payments are on a reimbursement basis for requested reimbursable

services only

Annual Village contributions: None

Audit responsibility: State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Dept. Fiscal agent: State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Dept.

**Emergency 911 Regional Emergency Communications Center** 

Participants: City of Belen, Village of Los Lunas, & Village of Bosque Farms,

Valencia County & City of Rio Communities.

Responsible party: Village of Los Lunas

Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements

June 30, 2018

Description: Provision of enhanced emergency 911 services; establishment of the

Valencia Regional Emergency Communications Center.

Period: Perpetual

Project costs: Operating expenses of the Communications Center based on the

proportion of calls generated in the respective jurisdictions, and

equitable proportion of loan payments for capital outlay.

Annual Village contributions: \$26,924

Audit responsibility: Village of Los Lunas Fiscal agent: Village of Los Lunas

**Medical Director for EMS Services** 

Participants: Valencia County & Village of Bosque Farms

Responsible party: Valencia County

Description: Provision of medical direction as necessary for the fire medical

rescue services of the Village of Bosque Farms.

Period: Perpetual
Project costs: \$4,575 per year

Annual Village contributions: \$4,575

Audit responsibility: Valencia County Fiscal agent: Valencia County

**Police Service** 

Participants: Village of Bosque Farms & Town of Peralta

Responsible party: Village of Bosque Farms

Description: Bosque Farms Police Department will provide police services to the

Town of Peralta.

Period: Yearly renewal

Project costs: The Town of Peralta pays the Village of Bosque Farms \$230,000 per

year.

Annual Village contributions: N/A

Audit responsibility: Village of Bosque Farms Fiscal agent: Village of Bosque Farms

**Group Benefits Program** 

Participants: City of Albuquerque, New Mexico & Village of Bosque Farms

Responsible party: City of Albuquerque, New Mexico

Description: To provide a group benefits program for eligible employees and their

dependents, including medical, dental, vision, life, short-term and long-term disability insurance, and other group voluntary benefits.

Period: 07/17 to 06/18 Project costs: \$1,610 for FY 18.

Annual Village contributions: The amount includes \$500 annual participation fee, any applicable

gross receipts taxes and which amount shall constitute and complete

compensation for the Entity's participation

Audit responsibility: City of Albuquerque Fiscal agent: City of Albuquerque

See independent auditors' report.

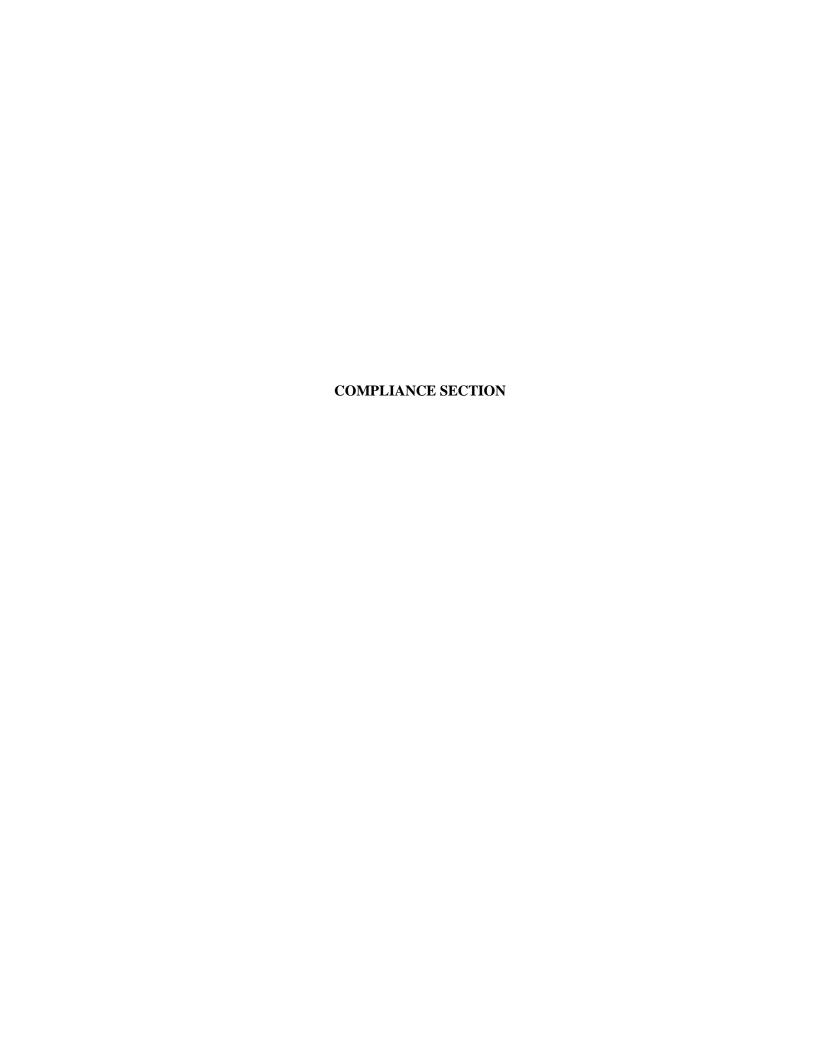
#### Schedule of Special, Deficiency and Capital Outlay Appropriations June 30, 2018

#### **Severance Tax Bonds Outstanding**

			Beginning	Ending	Original	Funds	Funds	Funds	
Description	Appropriation Title	Appropriation #	Date	Date	Amount	Expended	Remaining	Reverted	
Laws 2014, Chapter	Bosque Farms Village Office	14-L-2021	9/9/2014	6/30/2018	75,000	75,000	-	-	
66, Section 22	Renovate								
Laws 2014, Chapter	Bosque Farms Water Storage Tanks	14-1722-STB	10/27/2014	6/30/2018	286,000	286,000	-	-	
66, Section 16	Rehab								
Laws 2015, Chapter 3,	Bosque Farms Little League Fields	15-L-0886	8/11/2016	6/30/2019	75,000	75,000	-	-	
Section 28	& Playground Improvement								

Unexpended balances will be earned when all grant requirements have been met.

The funds remaining are encumbered.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and Village Council
Village of Bosque Farms
Bosque Farms, New Mexico
and
Mr. Wayne A. Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of the Village of Bosque Farms, State of New Mexico (Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and the combining and individual funds of the Village, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2018.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Village of Bosque Farms and New Mexico Office of the State Auditor Page 63

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Burt & Company CPA, LLC
Burt & Company CPAS, LLC

December 17, 2018

#### Summary Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2018

**Prior Year Findings Status** 2017-001 Controls Over Outside Employment Resolved 2017-002 Contracts Compliance and Adjustments to the Financial Statements Resolved

**Current Year Findings** 

None.

Other Disclosures For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### A. AUDITOR PREPARED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the Management of the Village and are based on information from the Village's financial records. Assistance was provided by Burt & Company CPAs, LLC to the Village in preparing the financial statements.

#### B. EXIT CONFERENCE

The contents of the report were disclosed at an exit conference that was held on December 17, 2018. The following individuals were in attendance.

Village of Bosque Farms Officials
Wayne Ake, Mayor
Russell W. Walkup, Mayor Pro-Tem
Gayle Jones, Village Administrator
Michelle Fryhover, Treasurer

Burt & Company CPAs, LLC Ronald E. Schranz, CPA, CVA, Audit Partner