FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2014

Table of Contents June 30, 2014

	<u>PAGE</u>
Directory of Officials	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6-7
Notes to Financial Statements	8-17
Supplementary Information	
Statement of Low Rent Fund Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	18
Low Rent Fund – Reconciliation of the Budgetary Comparison Schedules to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	19
Schedule of Capital Fund Program Grant Project No. NM02P0245501-09 Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	20
Schedule of Capital Fund Program Grant Project No. NM02P0245501-11 Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	21
Schedule of Capital Fund Program Grant Project No. NM02P024501-12 Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	22
Schedule of Capital Fund Program Grant Project No. NM02P024501-13 Revenues and Expenses Budget and Actual	23
Capital Fund Program Fund - Reconciliation of the Budgetary Comparison Schedules to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	24
Other Supplemental Financial Information:	
Schedule of Cash Accounts	25
Schedule of Pledged Collateral	26
Financial Data Schedule	27-29
Additional Independent Auditors' Report:	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	30-31
Schedule of Findings and Responses	32
Exit Conference and Financial Statement Preparation	33

Directory of Officials June 30, 2014

Board of Commissioners

Rosemary Alvarado	Chairperson
Jovita Gonzales	Vice-Chairperson
Brenda Davis	Commissioner
Orpha Gonzalez	Commissioner
A.C. Rodriguez	Commissioner
Administrative Staff	
Jolene Padilla E	Executive Director

Ed Fierro, CPA • Rose Fierro, CPA

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Independent Auditors' Report

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners City of Bayard Public Housing Authority Bayard, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Public Housing Authority (Authority) of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, a component unit of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the budgetary comparisons for the major enterprise funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Authority, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Authority's financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2014 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Fren + Lieux, P.A.

November 24, 2014



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Low Rent Fund	Capital Fund Program Fund	Total		
Assets: Current assets:					
Cash Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$ 397,3 3 13,3 5,1		\$ 397,357 313 13,376 5,152		
Total current assets	416,1	98 -	416,198		
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated	16,1 15,6 972,0	3,188	16,179 18,883 1,217,121		
Total noncurrent assets	1,003,9	248,211	1,252,183		
Total assets	\$ 1,420,1	70 \$ 248,211	\$ 1,668,381		
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries Accrued payroll liabilities Tenant deposits	6,7 2,6 2,8 16,1	555 - 558 -	6,733 2,655 2,858 16,179		
Current maturities of: Compensated absences	4,3		4,338		
Total current liabilities	32,7	- '63	32,763		
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences	1,7	'45	1,745		
Total liabilities	34,5	- 608	34,508		
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	987,7 397,8	·	1,236,004 397,869		
Total net position	1,385,6	62 248,211	1,633,873		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,420,1	70 \$ 248,211	\$ 1,668,381		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Capital Fund Program Low Rent Fund Fund Total **Operating Revenues:** \$ \$ Charges for services \$ 169.601 169,601 **Operating Expenses:** Personnel services 145,983 145,983 Employee benefits 34,874 34,874 Repairs and maintenance 38,442 38.442 Professional services 11,942 11,942 Utilities 53,319 53,319 General operating 44.353 44.353 Depreciation 66,787 17,295 84,082 Total operating expenses 395,700 17,295 412,995 Operating (loss) (226,099)(17,295)(243,394)Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental 191,008 191.008 Interest income 484 484 Miscellaneous income 3,479 3,479 Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 194,971 194,971 (Loss) before capital contributions and transfers (31,128)(17,295)(48,423)Capital contributions and Transfers: Capital contributions 34,872 34,872 Transfers in 170,859 170,859 Transfers (out) (170,859)(170,859)Total capital contributions and transfers 170,859 (135,987)34,872 Change in net position 139,731 (153, 282)(13,551)Net position, beginning of year 1,245,931 401,493 1,647,424 Net position, end of year 1,385,662 248,211 1,633,873

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Low Rent Fund	Capital Fund Program Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from tenants Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 168,680 (179,852) (155,679)	\$ - (48,263)	\$ 168,680 (179,852) (203,942)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(166,851)	(48,263)	(215,114)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Financing Activities: Cash received from intergovernmental sources Cash received from miscellaneous sources Net change in customer deposits Net transfers in (out)	157,555 3,479 (47) 19,462	- - - (19,462)	157,555 3,479 (47)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities	180,449	(19,462)	160,987
Cash Flows from Capital and Financing Activities: Cash received from intergovernmental sources Acquisition and construction of capital assets	<u>.</u>	102,597 (34,872)	102,597 (34,872)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	-	67,725	67,725
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from maturities of investments Purchase of investments Interest income Net cash provided by investing activities	178,417 (178,837) 492 72	- - -	178,417 (178,837) 492 72
Net increase in cash	13,670	-	13,670
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	221,029 \$ 234,699	\$ -	221,029 \$ 234,699
	Ψ 204,099	<u> </u>	Ψ 204,033
Displayed as: Cash Restricted cash Time deposits not considered cash equivalents	\$ 397,357 16,179 (178,837)	\$ - - -	\$ 397,357 16,179 (178,837)
	\$ 234,699	\$ -	\$ 234,699

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Low Rent Fund		3		Total
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash					
Used by Operating Activities:					
Operating (loss)	\$	(226,099)	\$	(17,295)	\$ (243,394)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to Net					
Cash Used by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		66,787		17,295	84,082
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase) in tenants' receivable		(72)		-	(72)
(Increase) in prepaid expenses		(3,614)		-	(3,614)
(Increase) in inventories		(1,979)		-	(1,979)
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(2,030)		(48, 263)	(50,293)
(Decrease) in accrued salaries		(150)		-	(150)
Increase in accrued payroll liabilities		316		-	316
Increase in compensated absences		839		-	839
(Decrease) in deferred revenues		(849)		-	(849)
Total adjustments		59,248		(30,968)	28,280
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$	(166,851)	\$	(48,263)	\$ (215,114)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Public Housing Authority (the Authority) of the City of Bayard was established in 1972. Five commissioners who are selected by the City of Bayard City Council govern it. For financial reporting purposes, the Authority is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Bayard. The Authority was created to provide a conduit for housing funds for disadvantaged citizens.

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The most primary standard for including or excluding a potential component unit with the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Authority is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Authority has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority's basic financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Authority applies the pronouncements issued by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB).

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of proprietary fund type, specifically two enterprise funds. The activities of these funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the Authority's assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation and Accounting (continued)</u>

Enterprise funds account for activities: (1) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity; or (2) that are required by laws or regulations that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs, such as depreciation or debt service, be recovered with fees and charges rather than with taxes or similar revenues; or (3) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs, such as depreciation or debt service. The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Authority's ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues are rental income and charges for services. Operating expenses include the cost of rental operations, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal non-operating revenues are governmental subsidies and grants. Grant revenue is recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net assets. Net assets such as total assets net of total liabilities, are segregated into invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted components. The Authority's operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The Authority reports the following two major business-type funds:

The *low rent fund* accounts for the provisions of low rent income services to the residents of the Authority. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing, and collection.

The *capital fund program fund* accounts for the yearly capital grants and associated capital projects at the Authority. The fund is authorized by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Budgets

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary process:

- 1. The executive director and the fee accountant prepare the budget in accordance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) guidelines.
- 2. HUD reviews the proposed budget and makes corrections, revisions, and amendments as necessary.
- 3. The executive director submits the budget to the Authority's board of commissioners for approval.
- 4. The board of commissioners approves the budget.

The Authority does not budget depreciation expense; therefore, the budget is not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is a guideline to operations and is not a legally enforceable document. The Authority's level of budgetary control is at the total fund level.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions, certificates of deposit, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury or New Mexico political subdivisions, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. New Mexico State Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owner of such public monies, in an amount not less than 50% of the uninsured public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Authority. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

E. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

F. <u>Inventory</u>

Material and supplies are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO). The Authority has created an allowance for obsolete inventory. The allowance is 10% of total cost. The Authority deems this percentage sufficient.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014, are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, computer hardware and software, furniture, fixtures, and vehicles are valued and reported at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date of donation.

Major outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Prior to June 17, 2005, the Authority defined capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Effective June 17, 2005, in accordance with state statutes the Authority changed its capitalization threshold to include only assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. All assets capitalized prior to June 17, 2005 that are property of the Authority remain on the financial and accounting records of the Authority.

Property, plant, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Equipment, computer hardware and	
software, furniture, and fixtures	5 years
Building improvements	20 years
Vehicles	5 years

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave, is reflected as a liability of Authority. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Annual leave is earned according to the following schedule:

Length of Employment	Regular Full-Time	Regular Part-Time
3 months to 5 years	8 hrs/pay period	4 hrs/pay period
5 years to 10 years	9 hrs/pay period	4.5 hrs/pay period
10.1 years to 15 years	10 hrs/pay period	5 hrs/pay period
15.1 years to 20 years	11 hrs/pay period	5.5 hrs/pay period
20.1 years to 25 years	12 hrs/pay period	6 hrs/pay period
25 years +	13 hrs/pay period	6.5 hrs/pay period

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Compensated Absences (continued)

Regular full-time and regular part-time employees cannot carry more than seven hundred twenty (720) hours into subsequent years. Upon termination, any unused annual leave, equal to or less than four hundred (400) hours shall be paid.

J. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

At this time, the Authority has not reported any deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

K. Net Position

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes on other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant, unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the same net position component as the spent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors, such as through debt covenants; grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted* or *net investment in capital assets.*

L. Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash with maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH

New Mexico State Statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash. Deposit of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand, interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the state Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States Treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities that are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions

The Authority maintains cash in two financial institutions within Bayard, New Mexico. The Authority's deposits are carried at cost.

As of June 30, 2014, the amount of cash reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the various institutions because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks. The locations and amounts deposited are as follows:

	Per Financial Institution		conciling tems	r Financial atements
AmBank Washington Federal	\$	397,411 16,179	\$ (54) -	\$ 397,357 16,179
	\$	413,590	\$ (54)	\$ 413,536

The amounts reported as cash for the Authority within the financial statements is displayed as:

PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

2. CASH (continued)

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions (continued)

Statement of Net Position:

Cash \$ 397,357
Restricted cash 16,179

Total cash reported on the financial statements \$ 413,536

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories equated to the carrying value by the Authority. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statute, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the Authority carrying value of the deposits (demand and certificates of deposit). Such collateral, as permitted by the state statutes is held in each respective depository bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds with the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

	 AmBank	Washington Federal		
Total deposits in bank Less FDIC insurance	\$ 397,411 (397,411)	\$	16,179 (16,179)	
Uninsured public funds	-		-	
Pledged collaterial held by pledging bank's agent, but not in the Authority's name	 100,000			
Uninsured and uncollateralized public funds	\$ 	\$		
Total pledged collateral 50% pledged collateral requirement per state statute	\$ 100,000	\$	- -	
Pledged collateral (under) over the requirement	\$ 100,000	\$	<u>-</u>	

A detailed listing of the pledged collateral is contained in the supplemental financial information section of this report.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2014, all of the Authority's deposits were insured and the Authority was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

3. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Accounts:	
Tenants' rent	\$ 313
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	-
	313
Interest	-
	\$ 313

The Authority's policy is to provide for uncollectible accounts based upon expected defaults.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance 06/30/13 Increases		Decreases	Balance 06/30/14
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,695
Construction in progress	171,101	3,188	(171,101)	3,188
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	186,796	3,188	(171,101)	18,883
Other capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,221,636	-	-	2,221,636
Building and other improvements	532,109	216,776	-	748,885
Furniture and equipment - dwellings	131,659	-	-	131,659
Furniture and equipment - administration	100,274			100,274
Total other capital assets,				
being depreciated	2,985,678	216,776	-	3,202,454
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,457,796)	(50,254)	-	(1,508,050)
Building improvements	(247,912)	(30,770)	-	(278,682)
Furniture and equipment - dwellings	(125,657)	(121)	-	(125,778)
Furniture and equipment - administration	(69,886)	(2,937)		(72,823)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,901,251)	(84,082)		(1,985,333)
Other capital assets, net	1,084,427	132,694		1,217,121
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,271,223	\$ 135,882	\$ (171,101)	\$ 1,236,004

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2014

5. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in accrued compensated absences during the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	alance 5/30/13	Additions		 eletions	alance 6/30/14	Due	mount e Within ne Year
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 5,244	\$	14,354	\$ (13,515)	\$ 6,083	\$	4,338

6. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

All of the full-time employees of the Authority participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 9.15% (ranges from 6.28% to 18.15% depending upon the plan – i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The Authority is required to contribute 9.15% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Authority's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$9,965, \$9,692, and \$9,239, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Retiree Health Care Act, Chapter IV, Article 7C, NMSA 1978 provides a comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. The Authority has elected not to participate in the post-employment health insurance plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance to provide for these contingencies. The Authority pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage and risk of loss is transferred.

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

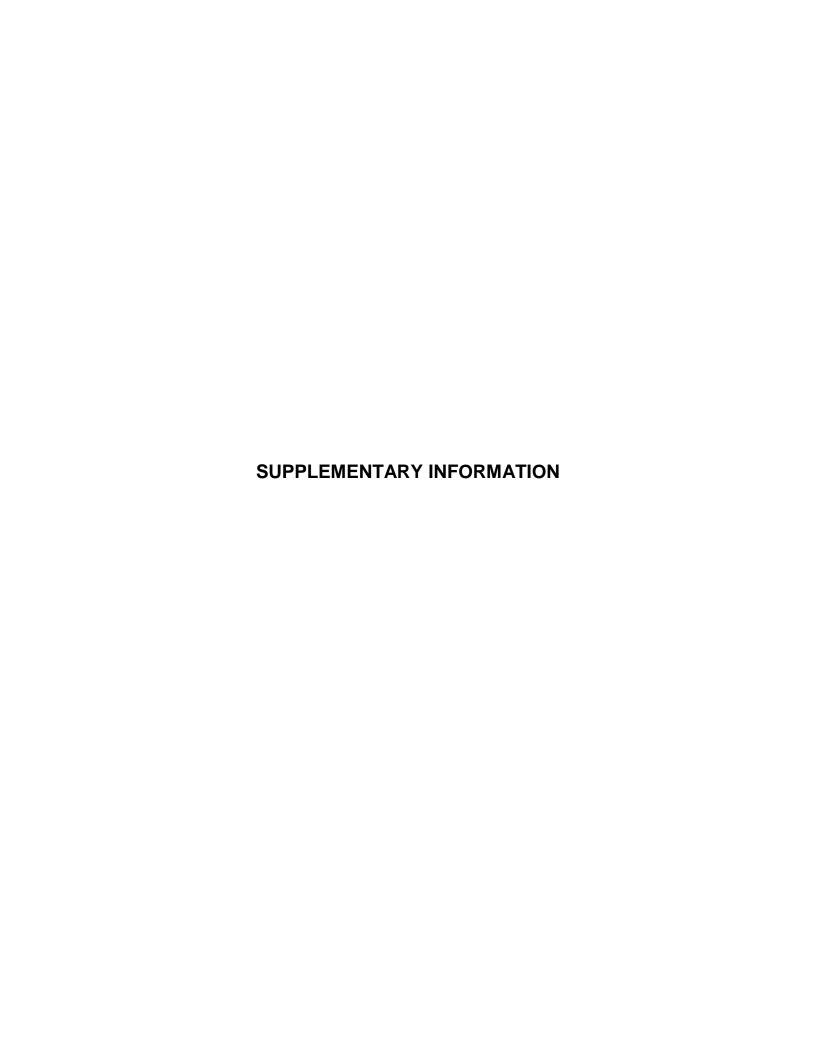
10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The capital fund program fund has transferred \$170,859 to the low rent fund. The capital fund program fund is responsible for collecting revenues that are used for the operations and thus those funds were transferred for use in the low rent fund.

11. RECONCILIATION OF SUPPLEMENTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial data schedule presented as supplemental federal financial information is additional financial information required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The schedule, although prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires reporting of the various grants awarded to the Authority as separate funds. These grants are combined by program within the financial statements. The financial data schedules require classifications and terminology that differ from those used in the financial statements. Therefore, the presentation may differ from that used in the financial statements. A reconciliation of the financial statements and financial data schedule is presented below:

	Financial Statements		Differences		Financial Data Schedule	
Assets	\$	1,668,381	\$	-	\$	1,668,381
Liabilities Net position	\$	34,508 1,633,873	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	34,508 1,633,873
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,668,381	\$	-	\$	1,668,381
Revenues Expenses	\$	399,444 (412,995)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	399,444 (412,995)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(13,551)	\$		\$	(13,551)



STATEMENT OF LOW RENT FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fina	ance With al Budget er (Under)
Operating Revenues: Tenant income Intergovernmental Interest income Miscellaneous income	\$ 159,500 95,000 600 700	\$ 168,000 156,000 600 700	\$ 169,601 157,555 484 3,479	\$	1,601 1,555 (116) 2,779
Total operating revenues	255,800	325,300	331,119		5,819
Operating Expenses:					
Administrative salaries	84,252	87,400	86,978		422
Training	1,500	1,500	-		1,500
Travel	3,500	3,500	1,704		1,796
Accounting fees	4,000	4,000	3,176		824
Auditing fees	4,770	4,770	4,766		4
Legal	200	200	-		200
Other administrative expenses	9,220	10,010	8,829		1,181
Collection losses	300	300	-		300
Water and solid waste	27,000	27,000	27,514		(514)
Electricity	4,000	4,000	3,058		942
Gas	10,500	10,500	9,819		681
Other utilities	12,500	12,500	12,928		(428)
Maintenance labor	58,844	62,500	59,005		3,495
Maintenance materials	15,000	16,000	13,814		2,186
Maintenance contracts	20,000	20,000	21,490		(1,490)
Insurance	25,950	25,950	27,263		(1,313)
Employee benefits	 46,920	46,920	34,874		12,046
Total operating expenses	 328,456	 337,050	315,218		21,832
Net income (loss)	\$ (72,656)	\$ (11,750)	\$ 15,901	\$	27,651
Beginning of year cash available					
to absorb deficit budget	\$ 72,656	\$ 11,750			

LOW RENT FUND

RECONCILIATION OF THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "operating revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules:	\$	331,119
Differences - Budget to GAAP:		
The Authority budgets for Low Rent grant revenues as operating revenues		
for budgetary purposes. Low Rent revenues are reported as non-operating		(457.555)
revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(157,555)
The Authority budgets for interest income as operating revenues for budgetary		
purposes. Interest income is reported as non-operating revenues for		
financial reporting purposes.		(484)
The Authority budgets for miscellaneous revenues as operating revenues for		
budgetary purposes. Miscellaneous revenue is reported as non-operating		
revenues for financial reporting purposes.		(3,479)
Total operating revenues as reported on the statement of		
revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.	\$	169,601
		_
Uses/Outflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "operating expenses" from the budgetary comparison schedules.	\$	315,218
the budgetary companson schedules.	Ψ	313,210
Differences - Budget to GAAP:		
The Authority budgets for non-capital expenditures for each capital fund program		
award. Rather than reflecting those expenditures in the GAAP income statement		
for the capital fund program funds, they are reflected as a transfer to the low rent		12.005
fund at which point they are reflected as expenses.		13,695
Depreciation expense is not considered an outflow of operating resources		
for budgetary basis but is considered an expense for financial reporting		
purposes.		66,787
Total operating expenses as reported on the statement of		
revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.	\$	395,700
Transfero		
Transfers: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers" from		
the budgetary comparison schedules:	\$	_
the budgetary companion conceduto.	Ψ	
Differences - Budget to GAAP:		
The Authority does not budget transfers from the capital fund		470.073
program fund once grants have been closed to the low rent fund.		170,859
Total transfers as reported on the statement of		
revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$	170,859

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P0245501-09 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Incurred Prior Fiscal Years	Incurred Fiscal Year 06/30/14	Total Project	Variance With Finance Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: CFP grant revenues	\$ 115,781	\$ 115,631	\$ 115,631	\$ -	\$ 115,631	\$ -
CFF grant revenues	φ 115,761	φ 115,051	φ 115,051	φ -	φ 115,051	φ -
Expenses:						
Operations	20,000	-	-	-	=	=
Management improvements	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	=
Audit	2,000	3,000	3,000	-	3,000	-
Fees and costs	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	=
Site improvements	39,000	78,359	78,359	-	78,359	-
Dwelling structures	39,781	19,272	19,272		19,272	
Total expenses	115,781	115,631	115,631		115,631	
Net income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P0245501-11 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Incurred Prior Fiscal Years	Incurred Fiscal Year 06/30/14	Total Project	Variance With Finance Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
CFP grant revenues	\$ 105,964	\$ 105,964	\$ 105,698	\$ 266	\$ 105,964	\$ -
Expenses:						
Management improvements	1,423	1,423	1,423	-	1,423	-
Audit	4,000	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	-
Fees and costs	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	-
Dwelling structures	74,464	74,464	74,464	-	74,464	-
Dwelling equipment	6,200	6,200	6,200	-	6,200	-
Non-dwelling equipment	9,877	9,877	9,611	266	9,877	
Total expenses	105,964	105,964	105,698	266	105,964	
Net income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P0245501-12 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Pri	ncurred or Fiscal Years	Fis	ncurred cal Year 6/30/14	 Total Project	Fir	iance With nal Budget er (Under)
Revenues:									
CFP grant revenues	\$ 93,810	\$ 93,810	\$	38,939	\$	54,871	\$ 93,810	\$	-
Expenses:									
Operations	10,000	10,000		10,000		767	10,767		(767)
Management improvements	5,000	5,000		3,314		1,557	4,871		129
Audit	4,000	4,000		-		4,000	4,000		-
Fees and costs	8,000	8,000		8,676		4,922	13,598		(5,598)
Site improvements	8,000	8,000		2,613		4,633	7,246		754
Dwelling structures	30,810	30,810		11,455		26,762	38,217		(7,407)
Non-dwelling structures	-	-		-		12,230	12,230		(12,230)
Non-dwelling equipment	28,000	28,000		2,881			 2,881		25,119
Total expenses	 93,810	 93,810		38,939		54,871	 93,810		
Net income	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

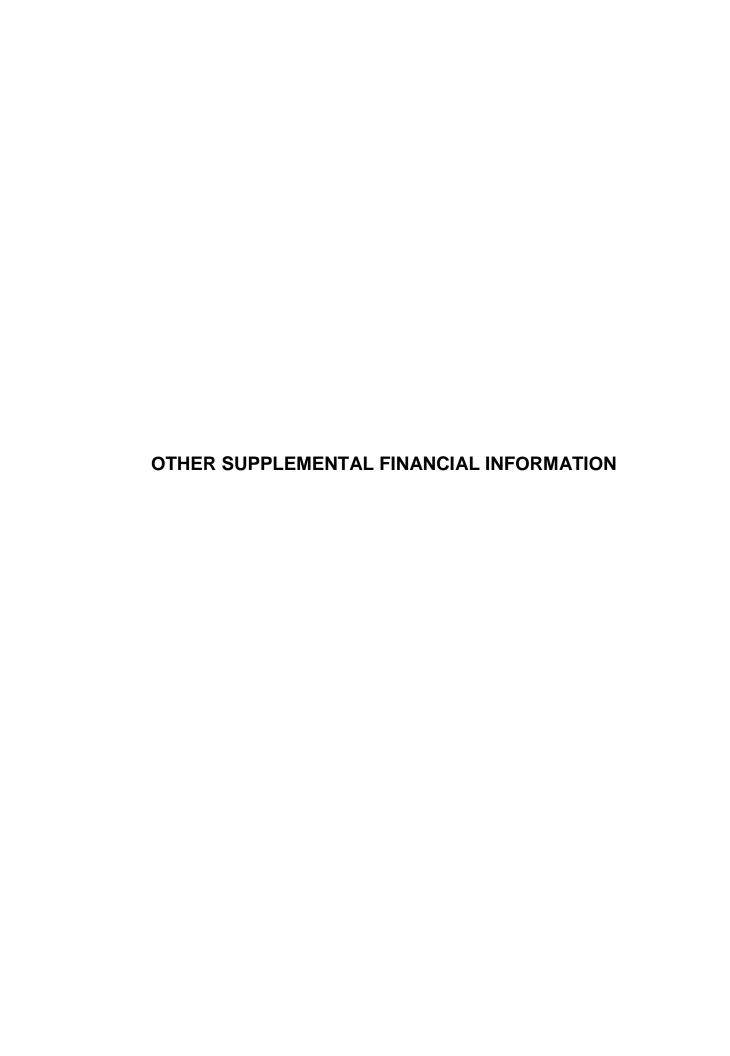
SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P024501-13 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Incurred Fiscal Year 06/30/14		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:								
CFP grant revenues	\$	89,707	\$	89,707	\$	13,188	\$	(76,519)
Expenses:								
Operations		10,000		5,000		5,000		-
Management improvements		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Audit		4,000		4,000		-		4,000
Fees and costs		7,500		9,000		3,188		5,812
Dwelling structures		60,207		66,707		-		66,707
Non-dwelling structures		3,000						
Total expenses		89,707		89,707		13,188		76,519
Net income	\$		\$		\$		\$	

CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM FUND

RECONCILIATION OF THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedules: Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-09 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-11 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-12 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-13 Revenues and Expenses	\$ - 266 54,871 13,188
Total budgetary basis revenues	68,325
Differences - Budget to GAAP: For budgetary purposes, the Authority reports capital fund program revenues as such while those revenues are reported as capital contributions for financial reporting purposes.	(68,325)
Total operating revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$ <u>-</u>
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedules: Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-09 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-11 Revenues and Expenses	\$ - 266
Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-12 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-13 Revenues and Expenses	54,871 13,188
Total budgetary basis expenses	 68,325
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Capital expenditures are reflected as capital outlay expenditures on the budgetary comparison schedules while those amounts are capitalized for financial reporting purposes. The Authority budgets for non-capital expenditures for each capital fund program award.	(54,630)
Rather than reflecting those expenditures in the GAAP income statements for the capital fund program fund, they are reflected as a transfer to the low rent fund at which point they are reflected as expenses.	(13,695)
Depreciation expense is not considered an outflow of operating resources for budgetary basis but is considered an expense for financial reporting purposes.	 17,295
Total operating expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$ 17,295
Capital Contributions and Transfers: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "capital contributions and transfers" from the budgetary comparison schedules: Capital Fund program funds	\$ _
Differences - Budget to GAAP: For budgetary purposes, the Authority reports capital fund program revenues as such while those revenues are reported as capital contributions for financial reporting purposes.	68,325
The Authority does not budget transfers from the capital fund program funds once grants have been closed to the low rent fund.	 (239,184)
Total transfers as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$ (170,859)



SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2014

Financial Institution/ Account Description	Type of Account	Financial Institution Reconciling Balance Items		Reconciled Balance	
AmBank P.O. Box 2677 Silver City, NM 88062-2677					
Bayard Housing Authority	Checking	\$ 218,574	\$ (54)	\$ 218,520	
Bayard Housing Authority Bayard Housing Authority Bayard Housing Authority Bayard Housing Authority	CD CD CD	50,701 50,701 51,779 25,656 178,837 \$ 397,411	- - - - - - \$ (54)	50,701 50,701 51,779 25,656 178,837 \$ 397,357	
Washington Federal 1203 N. Hudson St. Silver City, NM 88061		ψ 397, 4 11	ψ (54)	Ψ 391,331	
Bayard Housing Authority	Checking	\$ 16,179	\$ -	\$ 16,179	

SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL

JUNE 30, 2014

AmBank P.O. Box 2677 Silver City, NM 88062-2677

Security	CUSIP	Maturity	P	ar Value
Bloomfield NM Sch	094077KJ2	09/01/15	\$	100,000

The holder of the security pledged by AmBank is the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas, 8500 Freeport Parkway South, Suite 100, Irving, TX 75063-2547.

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2014

Line Item	Description		Total Projects
111	Cash - unrestricted	\$	218,520
114	Cash - tenant security deposits	*	16,179
400	·		,
100	Total cash		234,699
126	Accounts receivable - tenants		313
126.1	Allowance for doubtful accounts - dwelling rent		
120	Total receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		313
131	Investments - unrestricted		178,837
142	Prepaid expenses and other assets		13,376
143	Inventories		5,152
143.1	Allowance for obsolete inventories		-
150	Total current assets		432,377
161	Land		15,695
162	Buildings		2,221,636
163	Furniture, equipment and machinery - dwellings		131,659
164	Furniture, equipment and machinery - administration		100,274
165	Leasehold improvements		748,885
166	Accumulated depreciation		(1,985,333)
167	Construction in progress		3,188
160	Total capital assets, net of a/d		1,236,004
190	Total assets	\$	1,668,381
312	Accounts payable <= 90 days	\$	6,733
321	Accrued wage/payroll taxes payable		5,513
322	Accrued compensated absences - current portion		4,338
341	Tenant security deposits		16,179
310	Total current liabilities		32,763
354	Accrued compensated absences - non-current		1,745
300	Total liabilities		34,508
508.1	Invested in capital assets net of related debt		1,236,004
512.1	Unrestricted net assets		397,869
513	Total equity		1,633,873
600	Total liabilities and equity	\$	1,668,381

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2014

l in a ltam	Description	Low Rent	Capital Fund Program	Total
Line Item	Description	14.850	14.872	
70300	Net tenant rental revenue	\$ 159,800	\$ -	\$ 159,800
70400	Tenant revenue - other	9,801		9,801
70500	Total tenant revenue	169,601	-	169,601
70600	HUD PHA operating grants	157,555	-	157,555
70610	Capital grants	-	68,325	68,325
71100	Investment income - unrestricted	484	-	484
71500	Other revenue	3,479		3,479
70000	Total revenues	331,119	68,325	399,444
91100	Administrative salaries	86,978	-	86,978
91200	Auditing fees	4,766	-	4,766
91310	Bookkeeping fees	3,176	-	3,176
91500	Employee benefit contributions - administrative	13,335	-	13,335
91600	Office expenses	8,829	-	8,829
91800	Travel	1,704		1,704
91000	Total operating - administrative	118,788	-	118,788
93100	Water	27,514	-	27,514
93200	Electricity	3,058	-	3,058
93300	Gas	9,819	-	9,819
93600	Sewer	12,928		12,928
93000	Total utilities	53,319	-	53,319
94100	Ordinary maintenance and operations - labor	59,005	-	59,005
94200	Ordinary maintenance and operations - materials and other	13,814	-	13,814
94300-010	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -			
	garbage and trash removal contracts	15,041	-	15,041
94300-020	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -			
0.4000.000	heating and cooling contracts	1,681	-	1,681
94300-090	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -	4 077		4.077
04200 420	extermination contracts	1,877	-	1,877
94300-120	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts - miscellaneous contracts	2,891		2,891
	miscendieous contracts	2,091		2,091
94300	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts	21,490		21,490
94500	Employee benefit contribution - ordinary maintenance	21,539		21,539
94000	Total maintenance	115,848	-	115,848

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2014

Line Item	Description	Low Rent 14.850	Capital Fund Program 14.872	Total
96110 96120	Property insurance Liability insurance	11,639 4,677	-	11,639 4,677
96130 96140	Workmen's compensation All other insurance	8,698 2,249		8,698 2,249
96100	Total insurance premiums	27,263		27,263
96200	Other general expenses	13,695		13,695
96900	Total operating expenses	328,913		328,913
97000	Excess revenues over operating expenses	2,206	68,325	70,531
97400	Depreciation expense	66,787	17,295	84,082
90000	Total expenses	395,700	17,295	412,995
10010 10020	Operating transfer in Operating transfer out	34,872	(34,872)	34,872 (34,872)
10100	Total other financing sources (uses)	34,872	(34,872)	
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	\$ (29,709)	\$ 16,158	\$ (13,551)
11030	Beginning equity	\$ 1,245,931	\$ 401,493	\$ 1,647,424
11040-070	Equity transfers	169,440	(169,440)	-
11190 11210	Unit months available Unit months leased	840 828	-	840 828



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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners City of Bayard Public Housing Authority Bayard, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Public Housing Authority (Authority) of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, a component unit of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons of major enterprise funds of the Authority, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exit that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Lien + Lieno, P.A.

November 24, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

<u>Item 2013-01 – Tenant Eligibility</u> – In the prior year's audit, it was noted that the Authority failed to review the tenants' eligibility files to ensure compliance with U.S. Housing and Urban Development guidelines. During the current year, the Authority reviewed and ensured all tenants' eligibility files were in compliance with the necessary guidelines. The finding has been resolved.

<u>Item 2013-02 – Travel and Per Diem</u> – In the prior year's audit, it was noted that the Authority was not in compliance with the travel and per diem act. During the current year, the Authority reviewed their policies and procedures concerning travel and ensured compliance with the travel and per diem act. The finding has been resolved.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF BAYARD

PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY

EXIT CONFERENCE AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION JUNE 30, 2014

EXIT CONFERENCE

The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was discussed during the exit conference held on December 1, 2014. Present for the Public Housing Authority was: Rosemary Alvarado, chairperson; Jolene Padilla, executive director; and Kathy Carrillo, housing manager. Present for the City of Bayard was: Chon Fierro, mayor pro-tem; and Kristina V. Ortiz, city clerk-treasurer. Present from the auditing firm was Dominic Fierro, audit manager.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The auditing firm of Fierro & Fierro, P.A., Certified Public Accountants, prepared the audit report that contains the financial statements and notes to the financial statements of the City of Bayard Public Housing Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Authority prepares all accruals and deferrals to adjust the general ledger as necessary in order to present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority also performed all depreciation calculations for the Authority. The Authority's upper management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes, and they believe the Authority's books and records adequately support them.