FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2013

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Directory of Officials June 30, 2013

Board of Commissioners

James Cook	. Chairperson
Rosemary Alvarado\	/ice-Chairperson
Brenda Davis	. Commissioner
Jovita Gonzales	. Commissioner
Vacant	. Commissioner
Administrative Staff	
Jolene Padilla E	xecutive Director

Ed Fierro, CPA • Rose Fierro, CPA

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Independent Auditors' Report

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners City of Bayard Public Housing Authority Bayard, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Public Housing Authority (Authority) of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, a component unit of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We also have audited the budgetary comparisons for the major enterprise funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Authority, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Additionally, in our opinion, the major enterprise funds referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary comparison for each fund of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2013, in conformity with the budgetary basis of accounting more fully described in Note 1C, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Authority's financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2013 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Fren + Fiero, P.A.

November 27, 2013



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Low Rent Fund				Total
Assets:					
Current assets: Cash Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$	383,220 249 9,762 3,173	\$	- 48,263 - -	\$ 383,220 48,512 9,762 3,173
Total current assets		396,404		48,263	444,667
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated		16,226 15,695 854,035		171,101 230,392	16,226 186,796 1,084,427
Total noncurrent assets		885,956		401,493	 1,287,449
Total assets	\$	1,282,360	\$	449,756	\$ 1,732,116
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salaries Accrued payroll liabilities Tenant deposits Current maturities of: Compensated absences		8,763 2,805 2,542 16,226 4,450		48,263 - - - -	57,026 2,805 2,542 16,226 4,450
Total current liabilities		34,786		48,263	83,049
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences		794			 794
Total liabilities		35,580		48,263	83,843
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred revenues		849		-	849
Net Position: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted		869,730 376,201		401,493 -	1,271,223 376,201
Total net position		1,245,931		401,493	 1,647,424
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,282,360	\$	449,756	\$ 1,732,116

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Capital Fund Program Low Rent Fund Fund Total **Operating Revenues:** \$ Charges for services \$ \$ 167,992 167,992 Operating Expenses: Personnel services 139,658 139,658 Employee benefits 31,605 31,605 Repairs and maintenance 37,480 37,480 Professional services 12,180 12,180 Utilities 55,525 55,525 General operating 52,539 52,539 Depreciation 30,508 62,816 93,324 Total operating expenses 391,803 30,508 422,311 Operating (loss) (223,811)(30,508)(254,319)Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental 141,709 141.709 Interest income 521 521 Miscellaneous income 2,094 2,094 Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 144,324 144,324 (Loss) before capital contributions and transfers (79,487)(109,995)(30,508)Capital contributions and Transfers: Capital contributions 183,447 183,447 Transfers in 198,322 198,322 Transfers (out) (198, 322)(198, 322)Total capital contributions 198,322 and transfers (14,875)183,447 Change in net position 118,835 (45,383)73,452 Net position, beginning of year 1,127,096 446,876 1,573,972 Net position, end of year 1,245,931 401,493 1,647,424

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Low Rent Fund	Capital Fund Program Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from tenants Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 168,043 (157,490) (171,621)	\$ -	\$ 168,043 (157,490) (171,621)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(161,068)	-	(161,068)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital and Financing Activities: Cash received from intergovernmental sources Cash received from miscellaneous sources Net change in customer deposits Net transfers in (out)	115,437 2,095 (312) 26,272	- - - (26,272)	115,437 2,095 (312)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related financing activities	143,492	(26,272)	117,220
Cash Flows from Capital and Financing Activities: Cash received from intergovernmental sources Acquisition and construction of capital assets	- 	209,719 (183,447)	209,719 (183,447)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	-	26,272	26,272
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Proceeds from maturities of investments Purchase of investments Interest income Net cash (used) by investing activities	177,909 (178,417) 536		177,909 (178,417) 536 28
Net (decrease) in cash	(17,548)		(17,548)
,			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	238,577 \$ 221,029	\$ -	238,577 \$ 221,029
Displayed as: Cash Restricted cash Time deposits not considered cash equivalents	\$ 383,220 16,226 (178,417)	\$ - -	\$ 383,220 16,226 (178,417)
	\$ 221,029	\$ -	\$ 221,029

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Low Rent Fund		 Capital Fund Program Fund		Total
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash					
Used by Operating Activities:					
Operating (loss)	\$	(223,812)	\$ (30,508)	\$	(254,320)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) to Net					
Cash Used by Operating Activities:					
Depreciation		62,816	30,508		93,324
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decrease in tenants' receivable		103	-		103
Decrease in prepaid expenses		57	-		57
Decrease in inventories		112	-		112
Increase in accounts payable		65	-		65
Increase in accrued salaries		149	-		149
(Decrease) in accrued payroll liabilities		(708)	-		(708)
Increase in compensated absences		201	-		201
Increase in deferred revenues		(51)	-		(51)
Total adjustments		62,744	30,508		93,252
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$	(161,068)	\$ 	\$	(161,068)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Public Housing Authority (the Authority) of the City of Bayard was established in 1972. Five commissioners who are selected by the City of Bayard City Council govern it. For financial reporting purposes, the Authority is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Bayard. The Authority was created to provide a conduit for housing funds for disadvantaged citizens.

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The most primary standard for including or excluding a potential component unit with the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Authority is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Authority has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The Authority's basic financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Authority applies the pronouncements issued by the Government Auditing Standards Board (GASB).

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of proprietary fund type, specifically two enterprise funds. The activities of these funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the Authority's assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation and Accounting (continued)</u>

Enterprise funds account for activities: (1) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity; or (2) that are required by laws or regulations that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs, such as depreciation or debt service, be recovered with fees and charges rather than with taxes or similar revenues; or (3) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs, such as depreciation or debt service. The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Authority's ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues are rental income and charges for services. Operating expenses include the cost of rental operations, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal non-operating revenues are governmental subsidies and grants. Grant revenue is recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net assets. Net assets such as total assets net of total liabilities, are segregated into invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted components. The Authority's operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

The Authority reports the following two major business-type funds:

The *low rent fund* accounts for the provisions of low rent income services to the residents of the Authority. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, billing, and collection.

The *capital fund program fund* accounts for the yearly capital grants and associated capital projects at the Authority. The fund is authorized by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Budgets

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary process:

- 1. The executive director and the fee accountant prepare the budget in accordance with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) guidelines.
- 2. HUD reviews the proposed budget and makes corrections, revisions, and amendments as necessary.
- 3. The executive director submits the budget to the Authority's board of commissioners for approval.
- 4. The board of commissioners approves the budget.

The Authority does not budget depreciation expense; therefore, the budget is not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is a guideline to operations and is not a legally enforceable document. The Authority's level of budgetary control is at the total fund level.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and certificates of deposit.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in interest bearing accounts with local financial institutions, certificates of deposit, direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury or New Mexico political subdivisions, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. New Mexico State Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owner of such public monies, in an amount not less than 50% of the uninsured public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Authority. The pledged securities remain in the name of the financial institution.

E. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where applicable, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

F. <u>Inventory</u>

Material and supplies are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO). The Authority has created an allowance for obsolete inventory. The allowance is 10% of total cost. The Authority deems this percentage sufficient.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2013, are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, computer hardware and software, furniture, fixtures, and vehicles are valued and reported at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date of donation.

Major outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Prior to June 17, 2005, the Authority defined capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Effective June 17, 2005, in accordance with state statutes the Authority changed its capitalization threshold to include only assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. All assets capitalized prior to June 17, 2005 that are property of the Authority remain on the financial and accounting records of the Authority.

Property, plant, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Equipment, computer hardware and	
software, furniture, and fixtures	5 years
Building improvements	20 years
Vehicles	5 years

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave, is reflected as a liability of Authority. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Annual leave is earned according to the following schedule:

Length of Employment	Regular Full-Time	Regular Part-Time
3 months to 5 years	8 hrs/pay period	4 hrs/pay period
5 years to 10 years	9 hrs/pay period	4.5 hrs/pay period
10.1 years to 15 years	10 hrs/pay period	5 hrs/pay period
15.1 years to 20 years	11 hrs/pay period	5.5 hrs/pay period
20.1 years to 25 years	12 hrs/pay period	6 hrs/pay period
25 years +	13 hrs/pay period	6.5 hrs/pay period

TES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Compensated Absences (continued)

Regular full-time and regular part-time employees cannot carry more than seven hundred twenty (720) hours into subsequent years. Upon termination, any unused annual leave, equal to or less than four hundred (400) hours shall be paid.

J. <u>Deferred Revenues</u>

The Authority reports deferred revenue on its statement of net assets, when applicable. Deferred revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the Authority receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Authority has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the statement of net assets and revenue is recognized.

K. Net Position

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following three components:

Invested in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes on other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant, unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the same net position component as the spent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors, such as through debt covenants; grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted* or *invested in capital assets*.

L. Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash with maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

THE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH

New Mexico State Statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash. Deposit of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand, interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the state Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States Treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities that are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions

The Authority maintains cash in two financial institutions within Bayard, New Mexico. The Authority's deposits are carried at cost.

As of June 30, 2013, the amount of cash reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the various institutions because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks. The locations and amounts deposited are as follows:

		r Financial	conciling Items	Per Financial Statements		
AmBank Bank of America	\$ 389,675 16,226		\$ (6,455)	\$	383,220 16,226	
	\$	405,901	\$ (6,455)	\$	399,446	

The amounts reported as cash for the Authority within the financial statements is displayed as:

PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

2. CASH (continued)

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions (continued)

Statement of Net Assets:

Cash \$ 383,220
Restricted cash 16,226

Total cash reported on the financial statements \$ 399,446

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories equated to the carrying value by the Authority. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statute, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the Authority carrying value of the deposits (demand and certificates of deposit). Such collateral, as permitted by the state statutes is held in each respective depository bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds with the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

	 AmBank	Bank of America		
Total deposits in bank Less FDIC insurance	\$ 389,675 (250,000)	\$	16,226 (16,226)	
Uninsured public funds	139,675		-	
Pledged collaterial held by pledging bank's agent, but not in the Authority's name	100,000			
Uninsured and uncollateralized public funds	\$ 39,675	\$	<u>-</u>	
Total pledged collateral	\$ 100,000	\$	-	
50% pledged collateral requirement per state statute	69,838		-	
Pledged collateral (under) over the requirement	\$ 30,162	\$	-	

A detailed listing of the pledged collateral is contained in the supplemental financial information section of this report.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2013, all of the Authority's deposits were insured and the Authority was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

3. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

Accounts: Tenants' rent Less allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 241 -
	241
Intergovernmental: Capital Fund Program	48,263
Interest	8
	\$ 48,512

The Authority's policy is to provide for uncollectible accounts based upon expected defaults.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance 06/30/12	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/13
Business-Type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,695
Construction in progress	188,605	171,100	(188,604)	171,101
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	204,300	171,100	(188,604)	186,796
Other capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,221,636	_	_	2,221,636
Building and other improvements	370,260	161,849	_	532,109
Furniture and equipment - dwellings	125,459	6,200	_	131,659
Furniture and equipment - administration	67,372	32,902	_	100,274
· anniaro ana oquipmoni aanimonation	0.,0.2	02,002		,
Total other capital assets,				
being depreciated	2,784,727	200,951	-	2,985,678
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(1,400,614)	(57,182)	-	(1,457,796)
Building improvements	(219,767)	(28,145)	-	(247,912)
Furniture and equipment - dwellings	(124,283)	(1,374)	-	(125,657)
Furniture and equipment - administration	(63,263)	(6,623)	-	(69,886)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,807,927)	(93,324)		(1,901,251)
	(,,==,,=,,	(==,=,)		(,,== , = ,
Other capital assets, net	976,800	107,627		1,084,427
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,181,100	\$ 278,727	\$ (188,604)	\$ 1,271,223

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2013

5. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in accrued compensated absences during the year ended June 30, 2013, were as follows:

	alance 6/30/12					alance 6/30/13	Due	mount e Within ne Year
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 5,043	\$	14,628	\$	(14,427)	\$ 5,244	\$	4,450

6. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

All of the full-time employees of the Authority participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 7% (ranges from 3.83% to 16.65% depending upon the plan – i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The Authority is required to contribute 7% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Authority's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$9,692, \$9,239, and \$8,062, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

7. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Retiree Health Care Act, Chapter IV, Article 7C, NMSA 1978 provides a comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. The Authority has elected not to participate in the post-employment health insurance plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance to provide for these contingencies. The Authority pays an annual premium for its general insurance coverage and risk of loss is transferred.

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

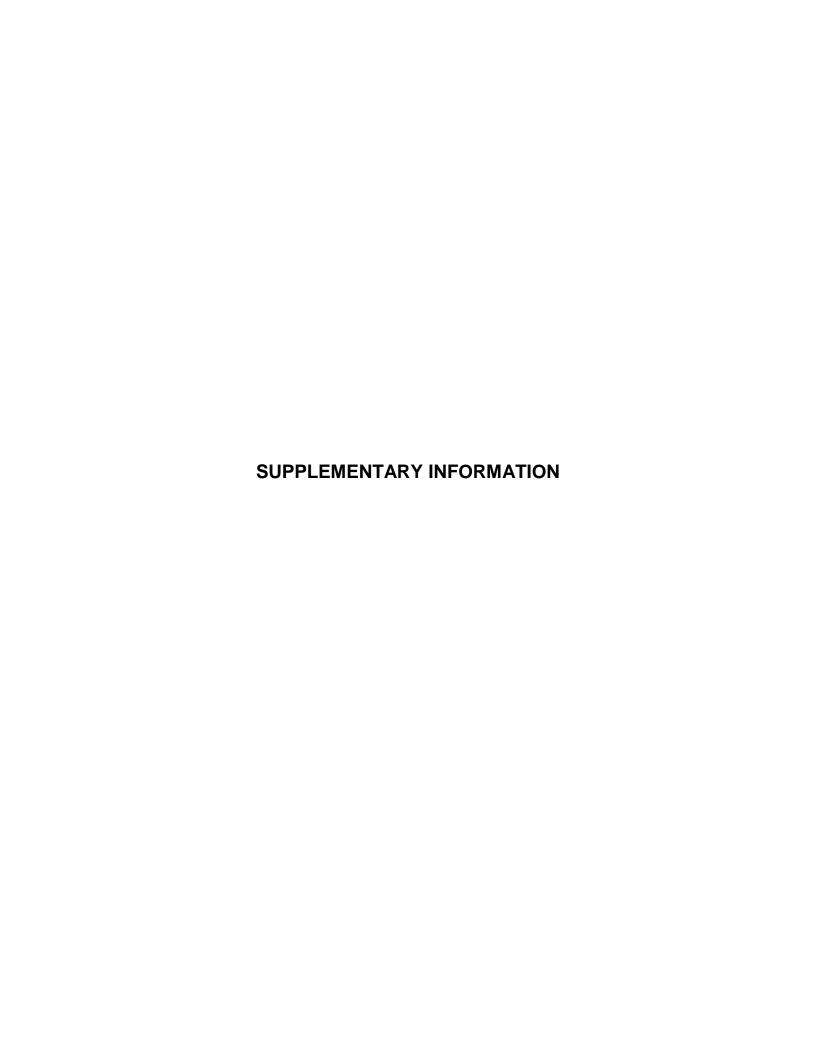
10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The capital fund program fund has transferred \$26,272 to the low rent fund. The capital fund program fund is responsible for collecting revenues that are used for the operations and thus those funds were transferred for use in the low rent fund.

11. RECONCILIATION OF SUPPLEMENTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The financial data schedule presented as supplemental federal financial information is additional financial information required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The schedule, although prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires reporting of the various grants awarded to the Authority as separate funds. These grants are combined by program within the financial statements. The financial data schedules require classifications and terminology that differ from those used in the financial statements. Therefore, the presentation may differ from that used in the financial statements. A reconciliation of the financial statements and financial data schedule is presented below:

	Financial Statements		Differences		Financial Data Schedule	
Assets	\$	1,635,590	\$	-	\$	1,635,590
Liabilities Net position	\$	36,429 1,599,161	\$	- -	\$	36,429 1,599,161
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,635,590	\$	-	\$	1,635,590
Revenues Expenses	\$	447,500 (422,311)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	447,500 (422,311)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	25,189	\$		\$	25,189



STATEMENT OF LOW RENT FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Operating Revenues:								
Tenant income	\$	179,600	\$	169,600	\$	167,992	\$	(1,608)
Intergovernmental		82,000		82,000		115,437		33,437
Interest income		1,050		1,050		521		(529)
Miscellaneous income		500		500		2,094		1,594
Total operating revenues		263,150		253,150		286,044		32,894
Operating Expenses:								
Administrative salaries		82,600		82,600		82,532		68
Training		2,500		-		-		-
Travel		3,300		2,580		1,014		1,566
Accounting fees		4,000		4,000		3,414		586
Auditing fees		4,050		4,770		4,766		4
Legal		300		300		-		300
Other administrative expenses		9,230		13,790		8,785		5,005
Collection losses		300		300		-		300
Water and solid waste		27,000		28,050		19,482		8,568
Electricity		4,000		2,800		2,967		(167)
Gas		12,500		10,300		9,390		910
Other utilities		12,500		13,120		13,686		(566)
Maintenance labor		57,000		57,100		57,126		(26)
Maintenance materials		15,000		16,270		16,112		158
Maintenance contracts		20,000		20,730		21,368		(638)
Insurance		24,000		29,200		30,468		(1,268)
Employee benefits		46,000		40,700		31,605		9,095
Total operating expenses		324,280		326,610		302,715		23,895
Net income (loss)	\$	(61,130)	\$	(73,460)	\$	(16,671)	\$	56,789
Beginning of year cash available								
to absorb deficit budget	\$	61,130	\$	73,460				

LOW RENT FUND

RECONCILIATION OF THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "operating revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedules:	\$ 286,044
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The Authority budgets for Low Rent grant revenues as operating revenues for budgetary purposes. Low Rent revenues are reported as non-operating revenues for financial reporting purposes.	(115,437)
The Authority budgets for interest income as operating revenues for budgetary purposes. Interest income is reported as non-operating revenues for financial reporting purposes.	(521)
The Authority budgets for miscellaneous revenues as operating revenues for budgetary purposes. Miscellaneous revenue is reported as non-operating revenues for financial reporting purposes.	 (2,094)
Total operating revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.	\$ 167,992
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "operating expenses" from the budgetary comparison schedules.	\$ 302,715
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The Authority budgets for non-capital expenditures for each capital fund program award. Rather than reflecting those expenditures in the GAAP income statement for the capital fund program funds, they are reflected as a transfer to the low rent fund at which point they are reflected as expenses.	26,272
Depreciation expense is not considered an outflow of operating resources for budgetary basis but is considered an expense for financial reporting purposes.	 62,816
Total operating expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.	\$ 391,803
Transfers: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers" from the budgetary comparison schedules:	\$ -
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The Authority does not budget transfers from the capital fund program fund once grants have been closed to the low rent fund.	 26,272
Total transfers as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$ 26,272

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P0245501-07 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget		Final Budget	ncurred for Fiscal Years	Fis	ncurred scal Year 6/30/13	 Total Project	Financ	nce With e Budget (Under)
Revenues:									
CFP grant revenues	\$ 113,358	\$	113,358	\$ 66,125	\$	47,233	\$ 113,358	\$	-
Expenses:									
Operations	4,180		4,180	4,180		-	4,180		-
Audit	1,500		1,500	1,500		-	1,500		-
Fees and costs	23,320		23,320	23,320		-	23,320		-
Dwelling structures	 84,358	_	84,358	37,125		47,233	 84,358		
Total expenses	 113,358		113,358	66,125		47,233	113,358		
Net income	\$ 	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P0245501-09 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Incurred Prior Fiscal Years	Incurred Fiscal Year 06/30/13	Total Project	Variance With Finance Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:	A 445 704	A 445.004	A 00.050	Φ 40.070	A 445 004	
CFP grant revenues	\$ 115,781	\$ 115,631	\$ 96,359	\$ 19,272	\$ 115,631	\$ -
Expenses:						
Operations	20,000	-	-	=	-	-
Management improvements	5,000	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	-
Audit	2,000	3,000	3,000	-	3,000	-
Fees and costs	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	-
Site improvements	39,000	78,359	78,359	-	78,359	-
Dwelling structures	39,781	19,272		19,272	19,272	
Total expenses	115,781	115,631	96,359	19,272	115,631	
Net income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P024501-11 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Incurred Prior Fiscal Years	Incurred Fiscal Year 06/30/13	Total Project	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
CFP grant revenues	\$ 105,964	\$ 105,964	\$ 1,423	\$ 104,275	\$ 105,698	\$ 266
Expenses:						
Management improvements	1,423	1,423	1,423	-	1,423	-
Audit	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	4,000	-
Fees and costs	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	10,000	-
Dwelling structures	74,464	74,464	-	74,464	74,464	-
Dwelling equipment	6,200	6,200	-	6,200	6,200	-
Non-dwelling equipment	9,877	9,877		9,611	9,611	266
Total expenses	105,964	105,964	1,423	104,275	105,698	266
Net income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

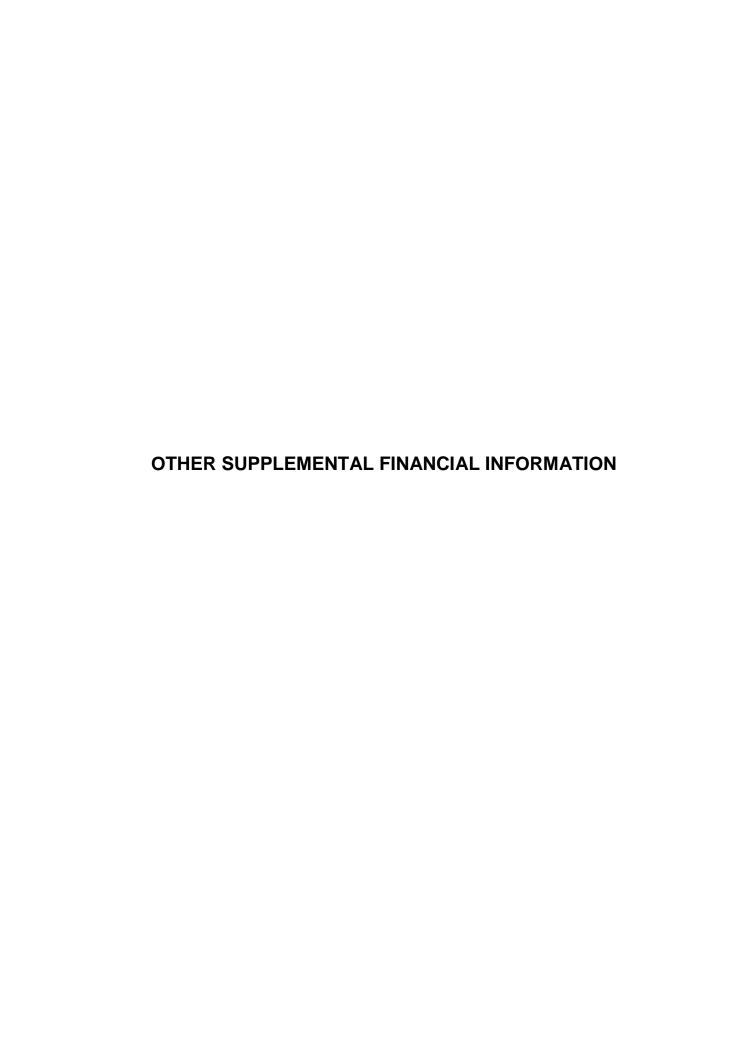
SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT NUMBER NM02P024501-12 REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Incurred Fiscal Year 06/30/13		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:								
CFP grant revenues	\$	93,810	\$	93,810	\$	38,939	\$	(54,871)
Expenses:								
Operations		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Management improvements		5,000	5,000		3,314			1,686
Audit		4,000		4,000) -			4,000
Fees and costs		8,000		14,000		8,676		5,324
Site improvements		8,000		9,000		2,613		6,387
Dwelling structures		30,810		28,929		11,455		17,474
Non-dwelling structures		-		20,000		-		20,000
Non-dwelling equipment	28,000			2,881	2,881			
Total expenses	93,810		93,810		38,939			54,871
Net income	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_

CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM FUND

RECONCILIATION OF THE BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES TO THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedules: Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-07 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-09 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-11 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-12 Revenues and Expenses	\$	47,233 19,272 104,275 38,939
Total budgetary basis revenues		209,719
Differences - Budget to GAAP: For budgetary purposes, the Authority reports capital fund program revenues as such while those revenues are reported as capital contributions for financial reporting purposes.		(209,719)
Total operating revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$	-
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedules:	Φ.	47,000
Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-07 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-09 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-11 Revenues and Expenses Schedule of CFP NM02P024501-12 Revenues and Expenses	\$ 	47,233 19,272 104,275 38,939
Total budgetary basis expenses		209,719
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Capital expenditures are reflected as capital outlay expenditures on the budgetary comparison schedules while those amounts are capitalized for financial reporting purposes.		(183,447)
The Authority budgets for non-capital expenditures for each capital fund program award. Rather than reflecting those expenditures in the GAAP income statements for the capital fund program fund, they are reflected as a transfer to the low rent fund at which point they are reflected as expenses.		(26,272)
Depreciation expense is not considered an outflow of operating resources for budgetary basis but is considered an expense for financial reporting purposes.		30,508
Total operating expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$	30,508
Capital Contributions and Transfers: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "capital contributions and transfers" from the budgetary comparison schedules: Capital Fund program funds	\$	-
Differences - Budget to GAAP: For budgetary purposes, the Authority reports capital fund program revenues as such while those revenues are reported as capital contributions for financial reporting purposes.		209,719
The Authority does not budget transfers from the capital fund program funds once grants have been closed to the low rent fund.		(183,477)
Total transfers as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.	\$	26,242



SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2013

Financial Institution/ Account Description	Type of Account	Financial Institution Balance	Reconciling Items	Reconciled Balance	
AmBank P.O. Box 2677 Silver City, NM 88062-2677					
Bayard Housing Authority	Checking	\$ 211,258	\$ (6,455)	\$ 204,803	
Bayard Housing Authority Bayard Housing Authority Bayard Housing Authority Bayard Housing Authority	CD CD CD	50,549 50,549 51,701 25,618 178,417 \$ 389,675	- - - - - \$ (6,455)	50,549 50,549 51,701 25,618 178,417 \$ 383,220	
Bank of America P.O. Box 25118 Tampa, FL 33622-5118					
Bayard Housing Authority	Checking	\$ 16,226	\$ -	\$ 16,226	

SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL JUNE 30, 2013

AmBank P.O. Box 2677 Silver City, NM 88062-2677

Security	CUSIP	Maturity	P	Par Value		
Bloomfield NM Sch	094077KJ2	09/01/15	\$	100,000		

The holder of the security pledged by AmBank is the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas, 8500 Freeport Parkway South, Suite 100, Irving, TX 75063-2547.

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2013

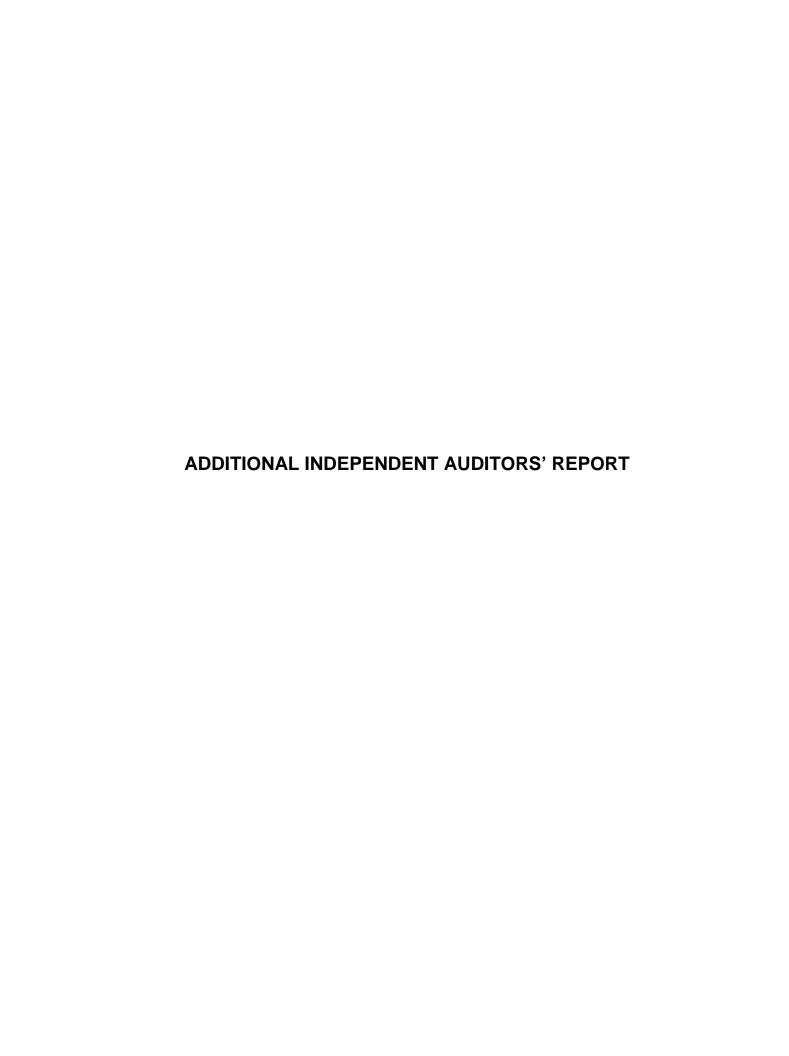
Line Item	Description	Total Projects
111	Cash - unrestricted	\$ 204,803
114	Cash - tenant security deposits	16,226
100	Total cash	221,029
122-020	Accounts receivable - HUD other projects - Capital Fund	48,263
100	Accounts receivable - HUD other projects	48,263
126	Accounts receivable - tenants	241
126.1	Allowance for doubtful accounts - dwelling rent	-
129	Accrued interest receivable	8
120	Total receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	48,512
131	Investments - unrestricted	178,417
142	Prepaid expenses and other assets	9,762
143	Inventories	3,173
143.1	Allowance for obsolete inventories	
150	Total current assets	460,893
161	Land	15,695
162	Buildings	2,221,636
163	Furniture, equipment and machinery - dwellings	131,659
164	Furniture, equipment and machinery - administration	100,274
165	Leasehold improvements	532,109
166	Accumulated depreciation	(1,901,251)
167	Construction in progress	171,101
160	Total capital assets, net of a/d	1,271,223
400	T	
190	Total assets	\$ 1,732,116
312	Accounts payable <= 90 days	\$ 57,026
321	Accrued wage/payroll taxes payable	5,347
322	Accrued compensated absences - current portion	4,450
341	Tenant security deposits	16,226
342	Deferred revenues	849
310	Total current liabilities	83,898
354	Accrued compensated absences - non-current	794
300	Total liabilities	84,692
508.1	Invested in capital assets net of related debt	1,271,223
512.1	Unrestricted net assets	376,201
513	Total equity	1,647,424
600	Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,732,116
	17	, , , , , , , , , , , ,

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2013

Line Item	Description	Low Rent 14.850	Capital Fund Program 14.872	Total
70300	Net tenant rental revenue	\$ 158,805	\$ -	\$ 158,805
70400	Tenant revenue - other	9,187		9,187
70500	Total tenant revenue	167,992	-	167,992
70600	HUD PHA operating grants	141,709	-	141,709
70610	Capital grants	-	183,447	183,447
71100	Investment income - unrestricted	521	-	521
71500	Other revenue	2,094	-	2,094
70000	Total revenues	312,316	183,447	495,763
91100	Administrative salaries	82,532	-	82,532
91200	Auditing fees	8,766	-	8,766
91310	Bookkeeping fees	3,414	-	3,414
91500	Employee benefit contributions - administrative	12,914	-	12,914
91600	Office expenses	4,199	-	4,199
91800	Travel	1,014	-	1,014
91900	Other	4,586	<u> </u>	4,586
91000	Total operating - administrative	117,425	-	117,425
93100	Water	29,482	-	29,482
93200	Electricity	2,967	-	2,967
93300	Gas	9,390	-	9,390
93600	Sewer	13,686		13,686
93000	Total utilities	55,525	-	55,525
94100	Ordinary maintenance and operations - labor	57,126	-	57,126
94200	Ordinary maintenance and operations - materials and other	16,112	-	16,112
94300-010	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -			
	garbage and trash removal contracts	17,092	-	17,092
94300-020	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -			
	heating and cooling contracts	1,925	-	1,925
94300-080	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -			
	plumbing contracts	293	-	293
94300-090	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -			
	extermination contracts	1,677	-	1,677
94300-120	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts -	224		004
	miscellaneous contracts	381		381_
94300	Ordinary maintenance and operations contracts	21,368		21,368
94500	Employee benefit contribution - ordinary maintenance	18,691		18,691
94000	Total maintenance	113,297	-	113,297

FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2013

Line Item	Description	Low Rent 14.850	Capital Fund Program 14.872	Total
96110	Property insurance	11,818		11,818
96120	Liability insurance	8,978	-	8,978
96130	Workmen's compensation	7,549	-	7,549
96140	All other insurance	2,123		2,123
96100	Total insurance premiums	30,468		30,468
96200	Other general expenses	12,272		12,272
96900	Total operating expenses	328,987		328,987
97000	Excess revenues over operating expenses	(16,671)	183,447	166,776
97400	Depreciation expense	62,816	30,508	93,324
90000	Total expenses	391,803	30,508	422,311
10010	Operating transfer in	26,272	- (22.272)	26,272
10020	Operating transfer out		(26,272)	(26,272)
10100	Total other financing sources (uses)	26,272	(26,272)	
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenses	\$ (53,215)	\$ 126,667	\$ 73,452
11030	Beginning equity	\$ 1,127,096	\$ 446,876	\$ 1,573,972
11040-070	Equity transfers	172,050	(172,050)	-
11190 11210	Unit months available Unit months leased	840	-	840



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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners City of Bayard Public Housing Authority Bayard, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund, of the Public Housing Authority (Authority) of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, a component unit of the City of Bayard, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons of major enterprise funds of the Authority, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exit that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2013-01 and 2013-02.

The Authority's Responses to Findings

The Authority's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Authority's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Krein + Lieno, P.A.

November 27, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2013-01 – Other – Tenant Eligibility

Statement of Condition – During the course of our audit, we performed audit tests of the tenant files retained by the Authority. We selected twenty-five tenant files to test. Our tests revealed the following matters:

- Four instances where the applicant did not fill out Form 214, *Personal Declaration of Status*.
- One instance where the applicant did not sign the Related of Information/Federal Privacy form.

Criteria – The Authority has established policies and procedures regarding the retention of tenant information in order to substantiate eligibility as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (24 CFR sections 5.230, 5.601, 5.609, 960.253, 960.255, and 960.259).

24 CFR section 5.230 states that 'as a condition of admission or continued occupancy, the Authority requires the tenant and other family members to provide necessary information, documentation, and releases for the PHA to verify income eligibility'.

Effect – Not complying with rules and regulations established by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development could jeopardize funding from the federal agency. Further, the agency may have penalties regarding noncompliance with their rules and regulations.

Cause – The Authority failed to review all tenant files for completeness and accuracy upon the tenant's initial entrance into the Authority or the annual review of each of the tenant's files. The Authority failed to ensure that all necessary forms which needed to be signed by a representative of the Authority, were reviewed, completed, and signed.

Recommendation – We recommend that Authority employees follow established rules and procedures regarding the completion of tenant files and the retention of the completed files. Furthermore, we recommend the Authority's appointed representatives review and sign all documentation that needs Authority signatures.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – The Authority concurs with the auditors' recommendation. The Authority's staff will review all tenant files to ensure they are complete, correct, and accurate in accordance with U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development guidelines.

Item 2013-02 - Other - Travel and Per Diem

Statement of Condition – During the course of the audit, we performed tests of travel and per diem expenditures. Our sample size was three transactions, which were haphazardly selected throughout the fiscal year, and contained the following discrepancies:

• There were two instances where the Authority failed to use the correct mileage reimbursement rate. The employees were underpaid by \$31.14.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2010-02 – Other – Travel and Per Diem (continued)

Criteria – The New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration have issued regulations in the form of Title 2, Chapter 42, Part 2, *Travel and Per Diem Regulations Governing the Per Diem and Mileage Act* of the New Mexico Administrative Code. The rule was issued in accordance with Section 10-8-1 to 10-8-8 NMSA 1978.

Section 2.42.2.11(B) of the Travel and Per Diem regulations states, "80% of the internal revenue service standard mileage rate set January 1 of the previous year for each mile traveled in a privately owned vehicle." The Internal Revenue Service rate for the fiscal year was \$0.555, which 80% is \$0.444.

Effect – Non-compliance with the state of New Mexico Travel and Per Diem Act subjects officials and employees to penalties as required by state statutes.

Cause – Housing Authority staff failed to update their travel reimbursement worksheets to reflect the change to the mileage reimbursement rate.

Recommendation – We recommend the Authority review the Travel and Per Diem Act. We recommend the Authority staff reevaluate their internal control procedures over the calculation and reimbursement amounts for employee travel and per diem. Furthermore, we recommend the Authority amend their travel and per diem policy to reflect the correct allowable mileage reimbursement rates.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – The Authority concurs with the auditors' recommendation and has reviewed and updated the current travel and per diem. The Authority will continue to review and update their Travel and Per Diem on an annual basis.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

<u>Item 2012-01 – Board of Commissioners' Official Minutes</u> – In the prior year's audit, it was noted that the Authority failed to prepare a draft copy of the board minutes within ten days as per the Open Meetings Act. During the current year, the Authority prepared draft copies of the board minutes within ten days. The finding has been resolved.

<u>Item 2012-02 – Cash Receipts</u> – In the prior year's audit, it was noted that the Authority modified the receipt date on several cash receipts. During the current year, the Authority reviewed their policies and procedures concerning cash receipts and ensured no receipt dates were modified after the date received. The finding has been resolved.

EXIT CONFERENCE AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

JUNE 30, 2013

EXIT CONFERENCE

The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was discussed during the exit conference held on December 2, 2013. Present for the Public Housing Authority was: Rosemary Alvarado, vice-chairperson; Jolene Padilla, executive director; and Kathy Carrillo, housing manager. Present for the City of Bayard was: Charles Kelly, mayor; and Kristina V. Ortiz, city clerk-treasurer. Present from the auditing firm was Ed Fierro, CPA.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

The auditing firm of Fierro & Fierro, P.A., Certified Public Accountants, prepared the audit report that contains the financial statements and notes to the financial statements of the City of Bayard Public Housing Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013. The Authority prepares all accruals and deferrals to adjust the general ledger as necessary in order to present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Authority also performed all depreciation calculations for the Authority. The Authority's upper management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes, and they believe the Authority's books and records adequately support them.