

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2019



VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	1
Officials Roster	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the Statement of	
Net Position	. 10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	. 11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	. 12
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General	
Fund – Budget and Actual – (GAAP Basis)	.13
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	. 15
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	4.0
Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of Village Contributions	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	. 53
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Description of Non-Major Funds	. 54
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Funds	. 56
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Non-Major Funds	. 59
Statement of Net Position – Non-Major Proprietary Funds	62
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Non-Major Proprietary Funds	. 63
OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES	
Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	64
Schedule of Cash and Temporary Investment Accounts	
Schedule of Pledged Collateral	
Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements	

VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and	
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards	69
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	71
Schedule of Findings and Responses	72
Exit Conference	

VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO OFFICIALS ROSTER YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Village Council

Chuck Howe Mayor

D. Rogers Lanon Mayor Pro-Tem

Steve Larson Councilor

Bill Humbert Councilor

Vacant Councilor

Village Officials

Richard Tafoya Village Manager

Terry Cordova Village Clerk



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Angel Fire Council Members Village of Angel Fire Angel Fire, New Mexico and Mr. Brian Colón, Esq. New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, general fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the Village of Angel Fire, New Mexico (the Village), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and

4700 Lincoln Rd NE Albuquerque NM 87109 <u>www.JAGnm.com</u> 505.323.2035

Village of Angel Fire Council Members Village of Angel Fire and Mr. Brian Colón, Esq. New Mexico State Auditor

the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the Village's Contributions on pages 48-53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the Village's financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules as required by 2.2.2 NMAC (Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds, Schedule of Cash and Temporary Investment Accounts, and Schedule of Joint Power Agreements), and other information, such as the Introductory Section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Village of Angel Fire Council Members Village of Angel Fire and Mr. Brian Colón, Esq. New Mexico State Auditor

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC (Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds, Schedule of Cash and Temporary Investment Accounts, and Schedule of Joint Power Agreements) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and other schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC (Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds, Schedule of Cash and Temporary Investment Accounts, and Schedule of Joint Power Agreements) are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

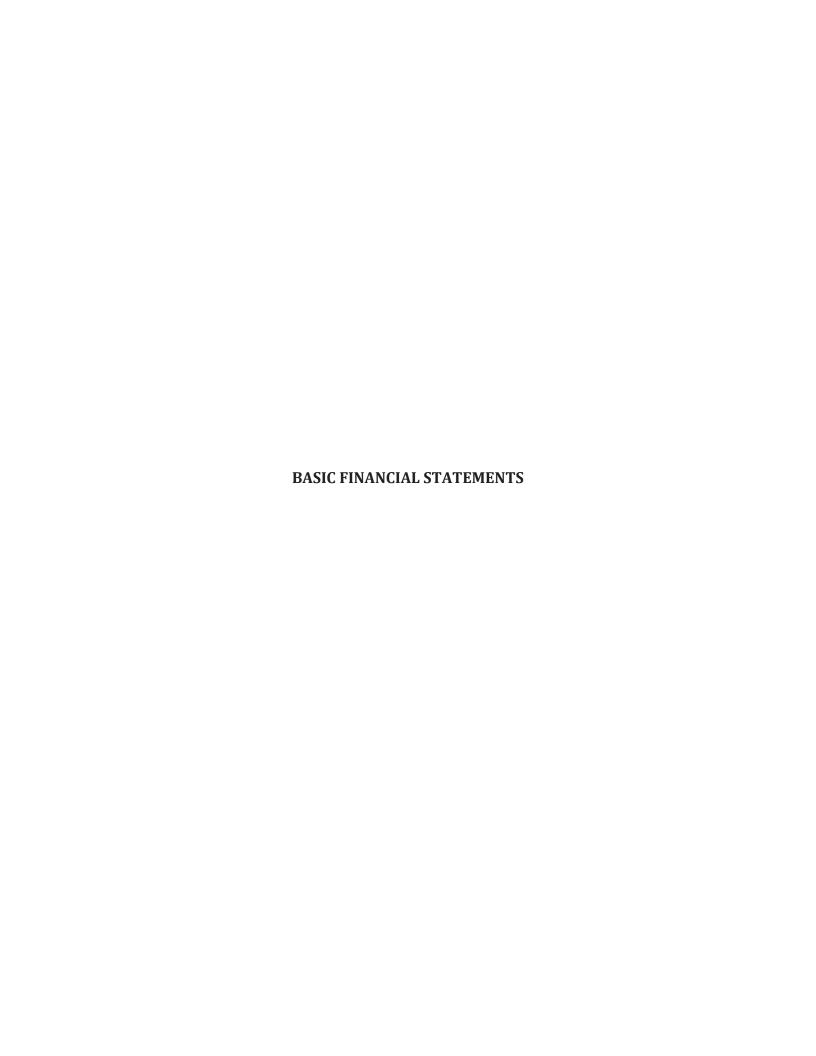
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2019 on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jaramillo Accounting Group LLC (JAG)

they uc

Albuquerque, New Mexico December 16, 2019



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments \$	3,812,260	1,260,824	5,073,084
Restricted cash	2,019,941	948,474	2,968,415
Receivables:			
Taxes	957,510	-	957,510
Receivables from external parties	67,469	-	67,469
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	10,233	581,933	592,166
Inventories	52,779	147,168	199,947
Notes receivable	-	719,995	719,995
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	29,977,933	10,835,318	40,813,251
Total assets	36,898,125	14,493,712	51,391,837
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	1,407,049	498,364	1,905,413
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,407,049	498,364	1,905,413
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	102,528	68,175	170,703
Accrued payroll liabilities	76,061	22,507	98,568
Due to other external parties	4,602	131,433	136,035
Due to from other funds	(1,448)	6,072	4,624
Interest payable	52,823	49,181	102,004
Deposits payable	8,886	73,775	82,661
Unearned grant revenue	59,473	-	59,473
Current portion of compensated absences	130,638	41,740	172,378
Current portion of long-term debt	617,454	304,802	922,256
Total Current Liabilities	1,051,017	697,685	1,748,702
Non-Current Liabilities			
Net pension liability	3,919,563	1,275,991	5,195,554
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	6,135,885	6,662,976	12,798,861
Total liabilities	11,106,465	8,636,652	19,743,117
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	422,102	49,905	472,007
Total deferred inflows of resources	422,102	49,905	472,007
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	23,224,594	3,867,540	27,092,134
Restricted for:			
Special revenues	636,529	-	636,529
Capital projects	1,873,479	-	1,873,479
Debt service	2,018,593	-	2,018,593
Unrestricted	(976,588)	2,437,979	1,461,391
Total net position \$	26,776,607	6,305,519	33,082,126

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Program Revenues **Changes in Net Position** Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental **Business Type** Functions/Programs Expenses Service Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Primary government: Governmental activities: General government 2,703,997 143,843 115,096 10,368 (2,434,690) (2,434,690) Public safety 2,253,695 2,196 951,662 101,964 (1,197,873) (1,197,873) Economic and physical development 397,912 2,517 (395,395) (395,395) 60,535 303,496 (1,091,119) Highways and streets 1,455,150 (1,091,119) Culture and recreation 370,060 129,928 (240, 132)(240,132) Planning 89,228 (89,228) (89,228) Interest relating to long-term debt 244,975 (244,975) (244,975) Total governmental activities 7,515,017 339,019 1,066,758 415,828 (5,693,412) (5,693,412) Business-type activities: Utility 1,564,013 1,869,708 305,695 305,695 Solid Waste (221,580) 964,227 742,647 (221,580) Non Major Proprietary 9,485 780 (8,705) (8,705) Total business-type activities 2,537,725 2,613,135 75,410 (5,618,002) 10,052,742 1,066,758 415,828 (5,693,412) 75,410 Total primary government 2,952,154 (11,311,414) General revenues Taxes: 24,729 Franchise 24,729 Gasoline 33,256 33,256 Gross receipts 3,041,194 46,794 3,087,988 Property 2,649,597 2,649,597 Lodgers 296,059 296,059 Sale of capital assets 204,637 204,637 570,348 Miscellaneous 138,602 431,746 Interest 112,960 (119,677)(6,717) Total general revenues 6,296,397 563,500 6,859,897 (371,861) Transfers in/out 371,861 Change in net position 231,124 1,010,771 1,241,895 **NET POSITION, BEGINNING** 26,545,483 5,294,748 31,840,231 **NET POSITION, ENDING** 26,776,607 6,305,519 33,082,126

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General Fund 101	Debt Service 401/402/403	GO Bond 301	Public Safety Building 310	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments Restricted cash Receivables:	\$	1,162,878 47,671	2,018,593 -	- 1,839,173	13,331 -	617,458 133,097	3,812,260 2,019,941
Taxes		931,797	-	-	-	25,713	957,510
Receivables from external parties		-	-	-	7,557	59,912	67,469
Accounts receivable, net allowance		10,233	-	-	-	-	10,233
Inventories		52,779	-	-	-	-	52,779
Due from other funds	_	35,175		- -		17,440	52,615
Total assets	\$_	2,240,533	2,018,593	1,839,173	20,888	853,620	6,972,807
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	19,015		-	298	83,215	102,528
Accrued payroll liabilities		66,541	-	-	-	9,520	76,061
Deposits payable		8,886	-	-	-	-	8,886
Due to other external parties		4,602	-	-	-	-	4,602
Unearned grant revenue		-	-	-	-	59,473	59,473
Due to other funds	_					51,167	51,167
Total liabilities	_	99,044		<u> </u>	298	203,375	302,717
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
Property taxes		490,132	-	-	-	-	490,132
Total deferred inflows	_	490,132		-	-	-	490,132
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable for inventory Restricted for:		52,779	-	-	-	-	52,779
Special revenue funds		-	-	-	-	636,529	636,529
Capital projects funds		-	-	1,839,173	20,590	13,716	1,873,479
Debt service		-	2,018,593	-	-	-	2,018,593
Unassigned for:							
General fund		1,598,578	-	-	-	-	1,598,578
Special revenue funds				- -			
Total fund balance	_	1,651,357	2,018,593	1,839,173	20,590	650,245	6,179,958
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	\$_	2,240,533	2,018,593	1,839,173	20,888	853,620	6,972,807
and fund balance							

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities
Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds		5 470 050
Governmental Funds Balance	,	6,179,958
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Cost of capital assets	51,332,703	
Accumulated depreciation	(21,354,770)	
Total Capital Assets		29,977,933
Some revenues will not be available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are recorded as deferred inflows in the governmental funds:		490,132
Defined benefit pension plan deferred outflows are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		1,407,049
Defined benefit pension plan deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds		(422,102)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest expense	(52,823)	
Notes payable	(6,753,339)	
Net pension liability Compensated absences	(3,919,563) (130,638)	
	(=30,000)	(10,856,363)
Total net position of governmental activities	Ç	26,776,607

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Public		
		General	Debt	GO	Safety	Non Major	Total
		Fund	Service	Bond	Building	Governmental	Governmental
		101	401/402/403	301	310	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	5,460,724	-	-	113,214	296,059	5,869,997
Licenses, permits, fees and fines		50,773	-	-	-	7,212	57,985
Charges for services		143,843	-	-	-	195,176	339,019
Intergovernmental - state sources		115,096	-	-	-	1,317,860	1,432,956
Intergovernmental - federal sources		-	-	-	-	39,262	39,262
Contributions and donations		9,868	-	-	-	500	10,368
Investment earnings		38,710	11,635	44,093	2,486	16,036	112,960
Miscellaneous		164,047			-	4,284	168,331
Total revenues		5,983,061	11,635	44,093	115,700	1,876,389	8,030,878
Expenditures:							
Current							
General government		1,458,813	-	-	-	4,846	1,463,659
Public safety		1,485,919	-	-	52,736	420,083	1,958,738
Economic and physical development		71,111	-	-	-	312,493	383,604
Highways and streets		803,899	-	-	-	88,698	892,597
Culture and recreation		184,591	-	-	-	25,037	209,628
Planning		81,145	-	1,952	-	-	83,097
Capital outlay		459,077	_	-	810,377	821,133	2,090,587
Debt service		•				,	
Principal		-	1,243,181	-	-	-	1,243,181
Interest and administrative fees		-	246,885	-	-	-	246,885
Total expenditures		4,544,555	1,490,066	1,952	863,113	1,672,290	8,571,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		1,438,506	(1,478,431)	42,141	(747,413)	204,099	(541,098)
	_		(=) =) =)	,	(1.11)120		(0.12/000/
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		29,177	2,656,083	-	64,020	163,227	2,912,507
Transfers out		(1,761,135)	(445,162)	(628,641)	(75,183)	(374,247)	(3,284,368)
Proceeds from issuance of debt					700,000		700,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,731,958)	2,210,921	(628,641)	688,837	(211,020)	328,139
Net change in fund balances		(293,452)	732,490	(586,500)	(58,576)	(6,921)	(212,959)
Fund balances, beginning		1,944,809	1,286,103	2,425,673	79,166	657,166	6,392,917
Fund balances (deficits) - end of year	\$	1,651,357	2,018,593	1,839,173	20,590	650,245	6,179,958

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances)

\$ (212,959)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, However, in the statement of activities, the cost of certain capital outlays is allocated over the estimated useful lives of the assets acquired and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreased by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreased by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year:

 Capital expenditures
 2,026,290

 Loss on disposal
 (61,357)

 Depreciation expense
 (1,843,419)

121,514

Issuance of debt provides financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance increases long term liabilities in the Statement of Activities.

Loan and bond payable (700,000)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds:

Property taxes receivable 116,853

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, notes, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:

Change in accrued interest payable	1,910
Change in net pension liability	(329,231)
Change compensated absences	(10,144)
Change in notes and bonds payable	1,243,181

905,716

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 231,124

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TOK THE TEAK ENDED JONE 30, 20	J1 3				Variance with	
		Budgeted Amounts			Final Budget-	
				Actual	Positive	
_		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	5,157,407	5,518,298	5,364,619	(153,679)	
Licenses, permits, fees & fines		58,598	58,598	50,773	(7,825)	
Charges for services		127,618	127,618	143,843	16,225	
Intergovernmental - state sources		99,000	99,000	115,096	16,096	
Contributions and donations		2,130	2,130	9,868	7,738	
Investment earnings		20,392	20,392	38,710	18,318	
Miscellaneous		66,531	66,531	164,047	97,516	
Total revenues	-	5,531,676	5,892,567	5,886,956	(5,611)	
Expenditures:						
General government		989,811	1,274,171	1,502,877	(228,706)	
Public safety		1,560,956	1,603,675	1,485,919	117,756	
Economic and physical developme	ent	69,088	69,088	71,111	(2,023)	
Highways and streets		1,384,288	1,415,846	803,899	611,947	
Culture and recreation		224,898	226,021	184,591	41,430	
Planning		94,954	95,454	81,145	14,309	
Capital outlay		459,077	459,077	459,077	_	
Debt Service		, -	, <u> </u>	-	-	
Total expenditures	-	4,783,072	5,143,332	4,588,619	554,713	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		175,264	195,264	29,177	(166,087)	
Transfers out		-	-	(1,761,135)	(1,761,135)	
Proceeds from issuance of debt		_	_	(1,701,133)	(1,701,133)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	175,264	195,264	(1,731,958)	(1,927,222)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	923,868	944,499	(433,621)	(2,487,546)	
	•					
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Adjustments to Revenues				96,135		
Adjustmen	ts to Exp	oenditures		44,034		
NET CHAN	GE IN FL	JND BALANCE		(293,452)		

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

Business Type Activities Enterprise Funds

		Enterpri	se Funds	
	Utility	Solid Waste	Non Major	
	501/508	502	Proprietary Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments \$	590,743	590,027	80,054	1,260,824
Restricted cash	876,815	71,659	-	948,474
Receivables:	·			•
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	444,822	137,111	-	581,933
Notes receivable	-	-	719,995	719,995
Inventory	145,154	2,014	-	147,168
Total current assets	2,057,534	800,811	800.049	3,658,394
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land and water rights	5,136,463	68,856	5,646	5,210,965
Buildings	16,093,439	1,473,074	-	17,566,513
Machinery and equipment	347,553	2,433,801	_	2,781,354
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,558,544)	(2,226,609)	-	(15,785,153)
Construction in progress	1,061,639	(2,220,003)	_	1,061,639
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,080,550	1,749,122	5,646	10,835,318
Total non-current assets	9,080,550	1,749,122	5,646	10,835,318
				_
Total assets	11,138,084	2,549,933	805,695	14,493,712
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related	271,106	227,258	-	498,364
Total deferred outflows of resources	271,106	227,258	-	498,364
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
	45,971	10.016	2 100	60 175
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	· ·	19,016	3,188	68,175
Due to other funds	13,421	9,086	-	22,507
	4,914	1,158	-	6,072
Due to other governments	115,471	15,962	-	131,433
Interest payable	48,103	1,078	-	49,181
Deposits payable	72,070	1,705	-	73,775
Compensated absences current	18,514	23,226	-	41,740
Loans payable-current	268,026	36,776		304,802
Total current liabilities	586,490	108,007	3,188	697,685
Noncurrent liabilities				
Loans payable	6,423,197	239,779	-	6,662,976
Net pension liability	689,035	586,956		1,275,991
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,112,232	826,735	-	7,938,967
Total liabilities	7,698,722	934,742	3,188	8,636,652
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related	26,932	22,973		49,905
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,932	22,973		49,905
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,389,327	1,472,567	5,646	3,867,540
Unrestricted	1,294,209	346,909	796,861	2,437,979
Total net position \$	3,683,536	1,819,476	802,507	6,305,519
•				, -,

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Business Type Activities Enterprise Funds

_		Enterprise		
Utility		Solid Waste	Non Major	
	501/508	502	Funds	Total
\$	1,869,708	742,647	780	2,613,135
_	1,869,708	742,647	780	2,613,135
	1,154,997	692,498	9,485	1,856,980
_	409,016	271,729		680,745
_	1,564,013	964,227	9,485	2,537,725
_	305,695	(221,580)	(8,705)	75,410
	-	46,794	-	46,794
	17,966	3,398	1,604	22,968
	3,640	436,042	-	439,682
	204,637	-	-	204,637
	(136,113)	(6,532)	-	(142,645)
	(35)	(7,901)		(7,936)
_	90,095	471,801	1,604	563,500
	395,790	250,221	(7,101)	638,910
	761,626	-	13,000	774,626
_	(131,398)	(155,367)	(116,000)	(402,765)
_	1,026,018	94,854	(110,101)	1,010,771
_	2,657,518	1,724,622	912,608	5,294,748
\$_	3,683,536	1,819,476	802,507	6,305,519
		\$ 1,869,708 1,869,708 1,154,997 409,016 1,564,013 305,695 17,966 3,640 204,637 (136,113) (35) 90,095 395,790 761,626 (131,398) 1,026,018 2,657,518	\$ 1,869,708 742,647 1,869,708 742,647 1,154,997 692,498 409,016 271,729 1,564,013 964,227 305,695 (221,580) - 46,794 17,966 3,398 3,640 436,042 204,637 - (136,113) (6,532) (35) (7,901) 90,095 471,801 395,790 250,221 761,626 - (131,398) (155,367) 1,026,018 94,854 2,657,518 1,724,622	501/508 502 Funds \$ 1,869,708 742,647 780 1,869,708 742,647 780 1,154,997 692,498 9,485 409,016 271,729 - 1,564,013 964,227 9,485 305,695 (221,580) (8,705) - 46,794 - 17,966 3,398 1,604 3,640 436,042 - 204,637 - - (136,113) (6,532) - (35) (7,901) - 90,095 471,801 1,604 395,790 250,221 (7,101) 761,626 - 13,000 (131,398) (155,367) (116,000) 1,026,018 94,854 (110,101) 2,657,518 1,724,622 912,608

STATE OF NEW MEXICO **VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Business Type Activites						
Enterprise Funds						
olid Waste	Non Majo					
Tun d	Funda					

	Enterprise Funds				
	Utility Solid Waste		Non Major		
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers \$	2,020,617	791,091	780	2,812,488	
Cash payments to vendors and employees	(1,196,010)	(725,755)	(6,302)	(1,928,067)	
cash payments to remains and employees	(2)200,020	(123)1337	(0)0027	(2)525)557	
Net cash provided by operating activities	824,607	65,336	(5,522)	884,421	
Cook Flour From Non Conital Financias					
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing		46.704		46.704	
Gross receipts tax revenue		46,794	-	46,794 476,010	
Interfund balances	630,228	(154,209)	(102.000)	476,019	
Miscellaneous	3,605	428,141	(103,000)	328,746	
Interest expense	(136,113)	(6,532)	1,604	(141,041)	
Interest earnings	17,966	3,398		21,364	
Net cash (used) provided by non-capital financing activities	515,686	317,592	(101,396)	731,882	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related					
Purchase of capital assets	(1,206,576)	(92,763)	_	(1,299,339)	
Principal payment on bonds	(252,643)	(35,079)	_	(287,722)	
Proceeds from loans	117,787	(00)0707	_	117,787	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	204,637	_	_	204,637	
Principal proceeds from SAD	-	-	130,831	130,831	
Net cash (used) provided by capital and related	_				
financing activities	(1,136,795)	(127,842)	130,831	(1,133,806)	
	(=/===/:==/	(==:,=:=,		(=/===/===/	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	203,498	255,086	23,913	482,497	
Cash and cash equivalents,					
beginning of year	1,264,060	406,600	56,141	1,726,801	
Cook and sook assistate					
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$	1,467,558	661,686	80,054	2,209,298	
end of year	1,407,558	001,080	80,034	2,203,238	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net					
Cash Provided by Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss) \$	305,695	(221,580)	(8,705)	75,410	
Noncash items	555,555	(===/===/	(=,: ==,	,	
Depreciation expense	409,016	271,729	_	680,745	
PERA Pension plan expense proportion	(33,924)	(25,184)	_	(59,108)	
Adjustments to operating income	(,,	(==,== :,		(,,	
Accounts receivable	150,909	48,444	_	199,353	
Accounts payable	(2,383)	(10,485)	3,183	(9,685)	
Meter deposit	4,653	(10, 103)	-	4,653	
Accrued liabilities	(18,571)	(4,252)	_	(22,823)	
Due to/from other governments	5,398	1,878	_	7,276	
Interfund balances	5,590	1,070	_	7,270	
Compensated absences	3,814	4,786	-	8,600	
•	-,			-,	
Net cash provided by operating activities \$	824,607	65,336	(5,522)	884,421	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	-	Balance June 30, 2019
ASSETS		
Cash on deposit Due from other funds	\$	11,695 4,624
	-	
Total assets	\$	16,319
LIABILITIES		
Amount due to individuals (for release bonds)	\$	16,319
Total liabilities	\$	16,319

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Village of Angel Fire, New Mexico (the "Village") was incorporated in 1971 under the laws of the State of New Mexico. The Village operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements for the Village have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applied to governmental units. As required by GAAP, the financial statements present the Village and entities for which the Village is considered to be financially accountable. There are no component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Village. Where appropriate, the effect of Interfund activity has been removed from the statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and enterprise funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Private-sector standard of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities, subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are recorded.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is made.

The Village follows the following revenue recognition principles applied to non-exchange transactions which are in Accordance with GASB Statement 33, Accounting and Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions:

Derived tax revenues are recognized as revenue in the period when the underlying exchange transaction has occurred and the resources are available. Derived tax revenues include gross receipts tax, gasoline taxes and cigarette taxes.

Imposed non-exchange revenue – property taxes are levied and collected by the Colfax County treasurer on behalf of the Village. The taxes are levied in November and payable in two installments, November 10 and April 10. The Village remits to the Village a percentage of the collections made during the month. Taxes are considered delinquent and subject to lien, penalty and interest 30 days after the date on which they are due.

Imposed non-exchange revenue other than property taxes is recognized in the period when an enforceable legal claim has arisen and the resources are available.

Government-mandated non-exchange transactions and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met and the resources are available. These include grant revenues, state shared taxes and intergovernmental revenue. Grant revenues are recognized as revenues when the related costs are incurred.

Other revenues susceptible to accrual are investment income and charges for services. All other revenues are recognized when they are received and are not susceptible to accrual because they are usually not measurable until payment is actually received.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Debt Service – to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on general long-term debt.

General Obligation Bond – Bond Fund has been established to track expenditures for the purpose of rebuilding and repairs to the water/water sewer system and the roads.

Public Safety Building – Capital projects fund to account for the construction of a public safety building. Construction is to be financed by Municipal Infrastructure Gross Receipts Tax.

Proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place.

The Village uses the following enterprise funds to account for its proprietary funds, which are major;

Utility – to account for the provision of water and waste water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance billing and collection. Financing is provided through charges to customers for service.

Solid Waste – to account for the provision of landfill services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance billing and collection.

The Village reports the following fund types:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. Many of the more important functions of the Village, including the Village's general services and administration, are accounted for in this fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific sources, which are usually required by law or regulation to be accounted for in separate funds.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those constructed for proprietary funds.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

Agency Funds are used to account for monies held by the Village in a custodial capacity on behalf of third parties or other agencies.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

Cash

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value. State statutes authorize the Village to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Pool.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash includes amounts that are held by the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) for the repayment of debt obligations.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Interest income, realized gains and losses on investment transactions, and amortization of premiums and discounts on investment purchases are included in investment income and are allocated to participating funds based on the specific identification of the source of funds for a given investment.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the General fund consists of diesel, gasoline, bulk oil fuels and street and vehicle maintenance supplies. Inventory in the Utility funds consist of pipes, valves, and other supply items used to maintain and repair the Village's wastewater and water infrastructure systems.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include software, library books, property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 per Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Such assets, including infrastructure assets have high limits that must be met before they are capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25 years
Software	3 – 5 years
Vehicle and vehicles under capital lease	5 – 7 years
Machinery and equipment	5 –15 years
Infrastructure	5 – 30 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets in proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Plant and system	5 – 50 years
Equipment	5 – 25 years
Vehicles	5 years

Compensated Absences

The Village provides Paid Time Off (PTO) for needs such as vacation, personal or family illness. The Village accrues PTO based on a full time employee's length of service in accordance with the following schedule (each regular part time employee accrues at one-half of the rates):

Length of Service	Accrual Rate Per Pay Period	Working Days Per Year
0-1 years	4.62	15
2-5 years	5.54	18
6-10 years	6.79	22
11-15 years	7.69	25
16-20 years	8.62	28
More than 20 years	9.23	30

Regular full time employees shall be allowed to accumulate and carry forward PTO on an annual basis based on length of service, in accordance with the following schedule (each regular part time employee accrues at one-half of the rates):

Length of Service	Max Carry Forward (hours)
0-1 years	120
2-5 years	212
6-10 years	264
11-15 years	300
16-20 years	336
More than 20 years	360

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are non-spendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Non-spendable. The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Village. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those accounts.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Village for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Village, or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Village action.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other Interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. All Interfund activity has been eliminated at the government wide level.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Net Position

Net Position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitation imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets" are included in unrestricted net position.

According to the New Mexico State Statue and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administrative (DFA), the Village is required to reserve 1/12th of the general funds budgeted expenditures for subsequent year expenditures.

Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid assets with a maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Budgetary Information

Actual amounts on the budgetary basis are prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting, which recognizes revenues when earned and expenditures when incurred. Annual budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, capital projects and enterprise funds. The Village follows the following procedures for establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June, the Village Administrator submits to the Village Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them based on previous years' history. Public hearings are conducted at the Village Hall to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 2. The Village Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any funds must be approved by the Village Council and New Mexico State Department of Finance, Division of Local Governments.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects fund and enterprise funds.
- 4. The level of classification detail in which expenditures or expenses may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget is in fund total. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of capital assets have been made to the prior year financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and are: 1) uncollateralized, 2) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or 3) collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Village's name.

The total balance in any single financial institution may at times exceed the \$250,000 in FDIC coverage available to individual depositors. The Village is required to obtain from each bank that is a depository for public funds pledged collateral in an aggregate amount equal to one half of the public money in each account in accordance with Section 6-10-17 NMSA 1978. See page 65 for a reconciliation of bank to book balances.

As of June 30, 2019, \$4,744,431 of the Village's unrestricted deposits of \$5,494,431 were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and uncollateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust departments or agents.

		First National Bank	International Bank	Washington Federal Bank	Total
Deposits in Financial Institutions					
Cash deposits	\$	2,342,860	2,429,373	-	4,772,233
CDs		-	-	722,198	722,198
Total amounts on deposit		2,342,860	2,429,373	722,198	5,494,431
Less: FDIC insurance		(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(750,000)
Total uninsured public funds	•	2,092,860	2,179,373	472,198	4,744,431
Collateral requirement – 50%		1,046,430	1,089,687	236,099	2,372,216
Total required collateralization	\$	1,046,430	1,089,687	236,099	2,372,216

As of June 30, 2019, restricted cash deposits of \$2,968,415 were being held by the New Mexico Finance Authority.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the investment in a single issuer. The Village has no formal policy limiting the amount of investments or deposits at any single institution or with any single issuer.

As of June 30, 2019, the State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) was rated by Standard's & Poor's as AAAm. At June 30, 2019, the Village had \$245,552 in the LGIP. The State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not SEC registered. The State Treasurer is authorized to invest the short-term investment funds, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance. The investments are valued at fair valued based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date. The LGIP investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state investments.

The New Mexico State Treasurer is responsible for approving all changes in the pledged collateral and monitoring the collateral requirements for all deposits maintained by the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer's Office issues separate financial statements which disclose the collateral pledged to secure those deposits.

LGIP does not have unit shares. Monthly, all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the fund amounts were invested. Participation in this pool is voluntary. The independent auditor's report, together with the financial statements, the accompanying noted to the financial statements and the independent auditor's report on compliance and internal controls are available from the State Investment Council, 2055 South Pacheco Street, Suite 100, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, upon written request.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments

GASB Statement No. 40 defines interest rate risk as the risk that interest variations may adversely affect the fair value of an investment. According to the Statement, an acceptable method of reporting interest rate risk is weighted average maturity ("WAM"). The State Treasurer's Office uses this method for reporting purposes for the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The WAM of the LGIP is identified on the monthly LGIP investment report found on the State Treasurer's Office website at www.nmsto.gov. As of June 30, 2019, the LGIP had a credit risk rating of AAA and a WAM(R) of 35 days and a WAM(F) of 112 days.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Governmental accounts receivables – customers represent billings for ambulance transport services. Business-Type Activities accounts receivable – customers represents billings for water, waste water and solid waste fees. It is management's policy to cut off water and waste water service for non-payment. A lien is place on the properties which have outstanding balances. Accounts receivable is comprised of the following at June 30, 2019:

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Accounts Receivable		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Accounts Receivable - Customers	\$	181,333	3,350,260	3,531,593
Less Allowance for uncollectible		(171,100)	(2,768,327)	(2,939,427)
Net Accounts Receivables	_	10,233	581,933	592,166
Intergovernmental:				
NM Clean and Beautiful		2,500	-	2,500
Capital Projects		1,433	-	1,433
Sports & Recreation		8,794	-	8,794
Public Safety Building		7,557	-	7,557
Total Intergovernmental Rec.	_	20,284	-	20,284
Notes Receivable:	_		719,995	719,995
Taxes Receivable:				
Property Tax		521,306	-	521,306
Gross Receipts Tax		405,416	-	405,416
Lodgers Tax		18,710	-	18,710
Motor Vehicle		7,003	-	7,003
Gas Taxes	_	5,075		5,075
Total Taxes Receivable	_	957,510		957,510
Total Accounts Receivable	\$_	988,027	1,301,928	2,289,955

Management has determined that all receivables in excess of 120 days comprise the allowance for uncollectible accounts.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year was as follows:

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance 6/30/2018	Additions & Transfers	Deletions & Transfers	Ending Balance 6/30/2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	613,019	-	-	613,019
Land – right of way		2,622,459	-	-	2,622,459
Construction in progress		899,111	853,413	(1,032,683)	719,841
Water Rights		750,000	-	-	750,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated		4,884,589	853,413	(1,032,683)	4,705,319
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		2,300,013	1,032,683	(31,628)	3,301,068
Software		194,728	-	-	194,728
Vehicles		3,460,448	652,138	(22,394)	4,090,192
Capital lease vehicles		111,380	-	-	111,380
Sports complex		1,730,321	5,065	-	1,735,386
Machinery and equipment		1,191,017	240,962	(7,335)	1,424,644
Infrastructure		35,495,274	274,712	-	35,769,986
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	44,483,181	2,205,560	(61,357)	46,627,384
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		(1,459,265)	(84,381)	_	(1,543,646)
Software		(192,282)	(2,444)	_	(194,726)
Vehicles		(2,477,702)	(263,507)	-	(2,741,209)
Capital lease vehicles		(111,380)	-	_	(111,380)
Sports complex		(692,129)	(115,415)	-	(807,544)
Machinery and equipment		(508,582)	(133,725)	-	(642,307)
Infrastructure		(14,070,011)	(1,243,947)	-	(15,313,958)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(19,511,351)	(1,843,419)	-	(21,354,770)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	24,971,830	362,141	(61,357)	25,272,614
Governmental activities capital assets,	_			·	
net	\$	29,856,419	1,215,554	(1,094,040)	29,977,933

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		Beginning			
		Balance	Additions &	Deletions &	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities		6/30/2018	Transfers	Transfers	6/30/2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	982,216	-	(21,251)	960,965
Construction in progress		446,812	1,149,415	(534,588)	1,061,639
Water rights	_	4,250,000	-	-	4,250,000
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated		5,679,028	1,149,415	(555,839)	6,272,604
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Plant and system		17,010,676	555,837	-	17,566,513
Machinery and Equipment		1,164,894	-	(14,623)	1,150,271
Vehicles		1,466,535	186,922	(22,373)	1,631,084
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	19,642,105	742,759	(36,997)	20,347,868
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Plant and system		(13,502,694)	(407,344)	_	(13,910,038)
Equipment		(939,435)	(117,048)	-	(1,056,483)
Vehicles		(662,280)	(156,353)	-	(818,633)
Total accumulated depreciation		(15,104,409)	(680,745)	-	(15,785,154)
Total capital assets being depreciated,	_				-
net	_	4,537,696	62,014	(36,996)	4,562,714
Business-type activities capital assets,	\$				
net	۲	10,216,724	1,211,429	(592,835)	10,835,318

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	(995,645)
Public safety		(194,284)
Highway and streets		(505,322)
Culture and recreation	_	(148,168)
Total depreciation expense	\$	(1,843,419)
Business-type activities:		
Utility	\$	409,016
Solid Waste	_	271,729
Total depreciation expense	\$	(680,745)

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred:

	Beginning				Ending		Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Deletions		Balance		One Year
Loans Payable	\$ 3,512,793		240,906	•	3,271,887	-	248,654
Bonds Payable	3,783,727	700,000	1,002,275		3,481,452		368,800
Compensated Absences	120,494	178,953	168,809		130,638		130,638
Total	\$ 7,417,014	878,953	1,411,990		6,883,977		748,092

Compensated absences related to employees of a given fund are liquidated with money from that fund. Payroll is tracked on a per-fund basis. The majority of compensated absences will be liquidated with money from the general fund.

Management records the pledged revenue related to the debt in another fund and transfer funds to the debt service fund for principal and interest payments.

Loans Payable

On September 23, 2008, the Village obtained a loan from the USDA Rural Services Department in the amount of \$700,000, with an interest rate of 4.25%, for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, equipping and improving fire protection facilities and equipment for the Village of Angel Fire. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 35,000	17,935	52,935
2021	36,000	16,448	52,448
2022	38,000	14,918	52,918
2023	39,000	13,303	52,303
2024	41,000	11,645	52,645
2025-2029	233,000	30,517	263,517
Totals	\$ 422,000	104,766	526,766

On October 7, 2008, the Village obtained a loan from the USDA Rural Services Department in the amount of \$110,000, with an interest rate of 4.50%, for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, equipping and improving fire protection facilities and equipment for the Village of Angel Fire. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	5,000	3,060	8,060
2021		6,000	2,835	8,835
2022		6,000	2,565	8,565
2023		6,000	2,295	8,295
2024		6,000	2,025	8,025
2025-2029		39,000	5,580	44,580
Totals	\$	68,000	18,360	86,360

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

On February 18, 2010, the Village obtained a loan from New Mexico Finance Authority Loan 2373-PP in the amount of \$1,118,245 for the purpose of Water Rights Refunding (CS Cattle Loan) for the Village of Angel Fire. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	66,072	23,180	89,252
2021		64,109	20,900	85,009
2022		67,080	18,554	85,634
2023		69,931	15,978	85,909
2024		72,646	13,188	85,834
2025-2027	_	237,424	20,953	258,377
Totals	\$	577,262	112,753	690,015

On February 19, 2010, the Village obtained a loan from New Mexico Finance Authority Loan 2373-PP in the amount of \$923,091 for the purpose of Water Rights Refunding (CS Cattle Loan) for the Village of Angel Fire. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	-	42,146	42,146
2021		13,481	42,146	55,627
2022		13,359	41,643	55,002
2023		13,601	41,126	54,727
2024		14,220	40,582	54,802
2025-2029		255,052	189,581	444,633
2030-2034		613,378	89,377	702,755
	_			
Totals	\$	923,091	486,601	1,409,692
	_			

On August 6, 2010, the Village obtained a Public Sports Facility loan from New Mexico Finance Authority in the amount of \$1,730,321 for the purpose of Construction of Public Sports Facilities within the Governmental Unit for the Village of Angel Fire. The Village made a principal payment of \$91,311 during the year and had an outstanding balance of \$975,508 at the end of the year. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	94,133	35,628	129,761
2021		97,201	32,559	129,760
2022		100,429	29,332	129,761
2023		103,883	25,877	129,760
2024		107,592	22,168	129,760
2025-2028	_	472,270	46,771	519,041
Totals	\$	975,508	192,335	1,167,843

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

On January 12, 2018, the Village obtained a loan from the New Mexico Finance Authority in the amount of \$367,938, with a blended interest rate of 2.23% for the purpose of purchasing a new motor grader and the related equipment for the Village of Angel Fire. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 48,449	6,682	55,131
2021	49,374	5,756	55,130
2022	50,366	4,764	55,130
2023	51,434	3,696	55,130
2024	52,586	2,544	55,130
2025	53,817	1,314	55,131
Totals	\$ 306,026	24,756	330,782

Bonds Payable

On June 1, 2007, the Village issued \$2,855,664 in Improvement District Bonds, Series 2007. The bonds mature on December 1, 2026, and were issued at 4.125%. The proceeds of the bonds were used to construct or otherwise acquire water and wastewater lines and facilities within the Village. The future requirements for the 2007 Improvement District Bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	153,800	51,256	205,056
2021		160,100	44,912	205,012
2022		166,700	38,308	205,008
2023		173,600	31,431	205,031
2024		180,800	24,270	205,070
2025-2027	_	401,452	26,825	428,277
Totals	\$	1,236,452	217,002	1,453,454

The Village of Angel Fire has entered into a loan agreement to borrow up to \$1,900,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the rebuilding and repairs to the water/water sewer system and the road. The Village entered into the loan agreement on February 7, 2017.

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 95,000	22,241	117,241
2021	95,000	20,753	115,753
2022	95,000	19,065	114,065
2023	95,000	17,178	112,178
2024	95,000	15,120	110,120
2025-2029	475,000	39,282	514,282
Totals	\$ 950,000	133,639	1,083,639

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

On April 6, 2018, the Village issued \$800,000 in New Mexico General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018. The date of maturity of the bonds is on August 1, 2021. The proceeds of the bonds were used to construct or otherwise improve roads and related improvements within the Village. The future requirements for the 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 55,000	2,397	57,397
2021	55,000	1,367	56,367
2022	40,000	416	40,416
Totals	\$ 150,000	4,180	154,180

On April 6, 2018, the Village issued \$500,000 in New Mexico General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018. The date of maturity of the bonds is on August 1, 2029. The proceeds of the bonds were used to construct or otherwise improve the Village's water and wastewater system. The future requirements for the 2018 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ -	13,084	13,084
2021	-	13,084	13,084
2022	20,000	12,876	32,876
2023	60,000	11,995	71,995
2024	60,000	10,590	70,590
2025-2029	300,000	29,147	329,147
2030	60,000	852	60,852
Totals	\$ 500,000	91,628	591,628

On July 31, 2018, the Village issued \$700,000 in Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Notes, Series 2018. The date of maturity of the notes is on June 1, 2028. The notes have an interest rate of 3.46%. The proceeds of the notes are to be used for the purposes of acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, repairing and improving public buildings within the Village.

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	65,000	22,317	87,317
2021		65,000	20,068	85,068
2022		65,000	17,819	82,819
2023		70,000	15,570	85,570
2024		70,000	13,148	83,148
2025-2029		310,000	27,161	337,161
	-			
Totals	\$_	645,000	116,083	761,083

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT—BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

Accrued Compensated Absences

Employees are paid for the paid time off they have accrued at employment termination. It is the policy of the Village to grant each permanent and probationary full-time employee annual leave based on the following schedule:

Total Years of Service	Yearly Accumulation
0-1	120 Hours
2-5	144 Hours
6-10	176 Hours
11-15	200 Hours
16-20	224 Hours
20 or more	240 Hours

Regular full time employees shall be allowed to accrue and carry forward PTO on an annual basis based on length of service, in accordance with the following schedule:

Total Years of Service	Yearly Accumulation
0-1	120 Hours
2-5	212 Hours
6-10	264 Hours
11-15	300 Hours
16-20	336 Hours
20 or more	360 Hours

Business-type activities:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	One Year
Loans Payable	\$ 7,137,713	117,787	287,722	6,967,778	304,802
Compensated					
Absences	33,140	44,659	36,059	41,740	41,740
Total	\$ 7,170,853	162,446	323,781	7,009,518	346,542

Loans Payable

The Village is obligated to the New Mexico Finance Authority for a new loan obtained for the refunding, refinancing, paying and discharging of the series 2007 bond, the series 1999 bonds and the series 1998 bonds maturing on and after September 1, 2016, funding Loan agreement reserve account and paying professional fees in the total balance of \$6,730,274, with a blended interest rate of 2.6721%. The future requirements are as follows:

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT—BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 254,714	140,736	395,450
2021	256,852	138,699	395,551
2022	259,627	136,336	395,963
2023	262,534	133,688	396,222
2024	265,790	130,695	396,485
2025-2029	1,390,940	595,288	1,986,228
2030-2034	1,549,969	443,673	1,993,642
2035-2039	1,782,539	219,338	2,001,877
2040	389,667	11,807	401,474
Totals	\$ 6,412,632	1,950,260	8,362,892

On April 14, 2017, the Village entered into a loan agreement to borrow up to \$427,000, at an interest rate of 2.00% from the New Mexico Finance Authority for a water system improvement project. Per the terms of the agreement the maximum repayable program fund component of the loan is \$320,250 as the Authority will forgive up to \$106,750 of the program fund component. As of June 30, 2019 the Village had drawn down \$278,591 on the loan. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Total
 2020	\$	13,312	6,470	19,782
2021		13,579	6,202	19,781
2022		13,850	5,932	19,782
2023		14,127	5,654	19,781
2024		14,410	5,372	19,782
2025-2029		76,488	22,420	98,908
2030-2034		84,449	14,458	98,907
2035-2037	_	48,376	4,510	52,886
Totals	\$	278,591	71,018	349,609

On May 11, 2018, the Village obtained a loan from the New Mexico Finance Authority in the amount of \$311,634, with a blended interest rate of 2.68% for the purpose of purchasing solid waste hauling vehicles and related equipment for the Village of Angel Fire. The future requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	36,776	7,148	43,924
2021		37,555	6,368	43,923
2022		38,404	5,518	43,922
2023		39,334	4,590	43,924
2024		40,364	3,558	43,922
2025-2026	_	84,122	3,722	87,844
Totals	\$	276,555	30,904	307,459

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND BALANCES

The following are amounts owed between funds and are classified as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2019.

Due From Other Funds		Amount
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$_	50,692
Total Major Governmental Funds	_	50,692
Non-Major Governmental Funds:		
Sports & Recreation Fund		17,440
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	_	17,440
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	_	17,440
Agency Funds	_	4,624
Grand Total	\$ _	72,756
Due To Other Funds		Amount
Non-Major Governmental Funds:		Amount
Corrections Fund	\$	1,460
Lodgers Tax Fund	Ą	1,400
NM Clean & Beautiful Fund		5,017
Motor Vehicle Fund		3,017 1
Capital Projects Fund		47,184
Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	_	53,684
Major Business Type Activities:		
Utility Fund		4,914
Solid Waste Fund		1,158
Total Major Business Type Activities	_	6,072
Non-Major Business Type Activities: Allen Fields		12 000
Allett Fleius	_	13,000
Grand Total	\$_	72,756

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Major Funds	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental Activities		
General	\$ 29,177	1,748,135
Debt Service	2,656,083	445,162
Go Bond	-	628,641
Business-type Activities		
Utility	761,626	131,398
Solid Waste		155,367
Total Major Funds	3,446,886	3,108,703
Non-Major Funds		
Governmental Activities	209,807	431,990
Business type Activities	_	116,000
	\$ 3,656,693	3,656,693

NOTE 9 – PROPERTY TAXES

Colfax County is responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes for the Village. Property taxes are assessed on November 1, of each year based on the assessed value the prior January 1 and are payable in two equal installments by November 10 of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and by May 10 of the following year. Property taxes are delinquent if not paid by December 10 and June 10. Taxes on real property are levied on January 1 of the year for which the taxes are imposed.

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan description. The Public Employees Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Audit Correction Officers, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund, unless specifically excluded.

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided. Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or more years of service or after 25 years of service regardless of age for TIER I members. Provisions also exist for retirement between ages 60 and 65, with varying amounts of service required. Certain police and fire members may retire at any age with 20 or more years of service for Tier I members. Generally, the amount of retirement pension is based on final average salary, which is defined under Tier I as the average of salary for the 36 consecutive months of credited service producing the larges average; credited service; and the pension factor of the applicable coverage plan. Monthly benefits vary depending upon the plan under which the member qualifies, ranging from 2% to 3.5% of the member's final average salary per year of service. The maximum benefit that can be paid to a retiree may not exceed a range of 60% to 90% of the final average salary, depending on the division. Benefits for duty and non-duty death and disability and for post-retirement survivors' annuities are also available.

TIER II. The retirement age and service credit requirements for normal retirement for PERA state and municipal general members hired increased effective July 1, 2013 with the passage of Senate Bill 27 in the 2013 Legislative Session. Under the new requirements (Tier II), general members are eligible to retire at any age if the member has at least eight years of service credit and the sum of the member's age and service credit equals at least 85 or at age 67 with 8 or more years of service credit. General members hired on or before June 30, 2013 (Tier I) remain eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit. State police and adult correctional officers, peace officers and municipal juvenile detention officers will remain in 25-year retirement plans, however, service credit will no longer be enhanced by 20%. All public safety members in Tier II may retire at age 60 with 6 or more years of service credit. Generally, under Tier II pension factors were reduced by .5%, employee contributions increased 1.5 percent and effective July 1, 2014 employer contributions were raised .05 percent. The computation of final average salary increased as the average of salary for 60 consecutive months.

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Contributions. See PERA's comprehensive annual financial report for contribution provided description.

tion.							
PERA Contribution Rates and	d Pension I	Factors in ef	fect during l	F Y19			
	Employee Percentage	Contribution	Employer Contribution Percentage	Pension Factor per year of Service		Maximum as a Percentage	
Coverage Plan	Annual Salary less than \$20,000	ary lessSalary n greater than		TIER 1	TIER 2	of the Final Average Salary	
STATE PLAN							
State Plan 3	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
MUNICIPAL PLANS 1 - 4	•		•	•	•		
Municipal Plan 1 (plan open to new employers)	7.0%	8.5%	7.4%	2.0%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Plan 2 (plan open to new employers)	9.15%	10.65%	9.55%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Plan 3 (plan closed to new employers 6/95)	13.15%	14.65%	9.55%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
Municipal Plan 4 (plan closed to new employers 6/00)	15.65%	17.15%	12.05%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
MUNICIPAL POLICE PLANS	1 - 5						
Municipal Police Plan 1	7.0%	8.5%	10.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 2	7.0%	8.5%	15.40%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 3	7.0%	8.5%	18.90%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 4	12.35%	13.85%	18.90%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
Municipal Police Plan 5	16.3%	17.8%	18.90%	3.5%	3.0%	90%	
MUNICIPAL FIRE PLANS 1 -	1						
Municipal Fire Plan 1	8.0%	9.5%	11.40%	2.0%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 2	8.0%	9.5%	17.9%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 3	8.0%	9.5%	21.65%	2.5%	2.0%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 4	12.8%	14.3%	21.65%	3.0%	2.5%	90%	
Municipal Fire Plan 5	16.2%	17.7%	21.65%	3.5%	3.0%	90%	
MUNICIPAL DETENTION OF	1	1					
Municipal Detention Officer Plan 1	16.65%	18.15%	17.05%	3.0%	3.0%	90%	
STATE POLICE AND ADULT	CORREC	TIONAL OI	FICER PLA	NS, ETC	•	1	
State Police and Adult Correctional Officer Plan 1	7.6%	9.1%	25.50%	3.0%	3.0%	90%	
State Plan 3 - Peace Officer	7.42%	8.92%	16.99%	3.0%	3.0%	90%	
Juvenile Correctional Officer Plan 2	4.78%	6.28%	26.12%	3.0%	3.0%	90%	

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the Village reported a liability of \$5,195,554 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2018 using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provision that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2018. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Village's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined.

PERA Fund Municipal Plan 3. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was 0.2163%, which was an increase of 0.0044%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$477,288. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	99,673	(90,543)
Changes in assumptions		312,666	(19,828)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		255,767	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		147,362	(2,832)
Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	272,735	
Total	\$	1,088,203	(113,203)

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

\$272,735 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 444,975
2021	197,197
2022	47,128
2023	12,965
2024	-
Thereafter	_

PERA Fund Municipal Police Plan 5. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was 0.1126%, which was a increase of 0.0092%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$109,476. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 37,612	(76,156)
Changes in assumptions	87,661	(4,697)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	52,868	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	69,881	(1,699)
Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	69,946	
Total	\$ 317,968	(82,552)

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

\$69,946 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 92,737
2021	39,056
2022	30,785
2023	2,892
2024	-
Thereafter	-

PERA Fund Municipal Fire Plan 5. At June 30, 2018, the Village's proportion was 0.1529%, which was an increase of 0.0713%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$91,220. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 15,727	(71,373)
Changes in assumptions	56,521	(3,574)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	34,319	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Village's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	327,495	(201,305)
Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	65,180	
Total	\$ 499,242	(276,252)

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

\$65,180 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Village's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ende	d lur	ne 30:

2020	\$ 35,903
2021	7,772
2022	111,369
2023	2,766
2024	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal

Amortization method Level of percentage of pay

Amortization period Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method 4 Year smoothed market value

Actuarial assumptions

Investment rate of return 7.25% annual rate, net of investment expense

Projected benefit payment 100 years Payroll growth 3.00%

Projected salary increases 3.25% to 13.50% annual rate

Includes inflation at 2.50%

2.75% all other years

Mortality assumption The mortality assumptions are based on the

RPD-2014 Blue Collar mortality table with female ages set forward one year. Future improvement in mortality rates is assumed using 60% of the MP-2017 projection scale generationally. For non-public safety groups, 25% of in-service deaths are assumed to be duty related and 35% are assumed to be duty-related

for public safety groups.

Experience study dates July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2017 (demographic) and

July 1, 2010 through June 20, 2018 (economic)

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ended June 30, 2018. These assumptions were adopted by the Board use in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	43.5%	7.48%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.5%	2.37%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.0%	5.47%
Real Assets	20.0%	6.48%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018. This single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, compounded annually, net of expense. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

NOTE 10 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

PERA Fund Division Municipal Plan 3

Village's proportionate share of the net	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
pension liability	\$ 5,314,096	3,448,623	1,906,510
PERA Fund Division Municipal Police Plan 5			
Villaga/a proportionate chara of the not	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,181,291	768,275	431,569
PERA Fund Division Municipal Fire Plan 5			
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,306,432	978,656	710,140

Payables to the pension plan: The Village accrued \$23,174 in PERA benefits at June 30, 2019 for the final two pay periods of FY19.

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

The Village does not participate in the Retiree Health Care Act (Act) (Chapter 10, Article 7C NMSA 1978).

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. The Village participates in the State of New Mexico Self-Insurers Fund for workers' compensation claims. In addition, the Village has obtained insurance through a commercial carrier operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The Village pays an annual premium to a commercial carrier for its general coverage and all risk of loss is transferred.

The Village had no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, there was no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The Village is from time to time the defendant in various lawsuits. For fiscal year end June 30, 2019, there were no such lawsuits pending or ongoing.

Grant Compliance

The Village receives significant financial assistance from the State Government. Entitlement to the resources is generally based on compliance with terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor. As of June 30, 2019, management estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits.

Commitments

The Village contracts with outside vendors for construction projects. At June 30, 2019, the total amount of contracts outstanding for capital projects could not be determined by the Village.

Operating Leases

The Village is committed under several leases for various building and equipment rentals. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases and are not reflected in the Village's liabilities at June 30, 2019. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2019.

2020	9,535
Total	\$ 9,535

NOTE 14 - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. Note disclosure about AROs are also addressed. GASB Statement No. 83 was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Village has adopted this statement for the year ending June 30, 2019; however, there were no AROs and the implementation of this statement had no effect on the Village's financial statements.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This statement's primary objective is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowing and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences,

NOTE 14 - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. GASB Statement No. 88 was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The Village adopted this statement and the implementation of this statement had no effect on the Village's financial statements.

NOTE 15 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not yet effective at June 30, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Assets

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

The Village will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The Village believes that the above listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the Village or in issuing its financial statements.

NOTE 16 – TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 requires the Village to disclose information on certain tax abatement agreements affecting the District. Accordingly, the Village did not have any tax abatements affecting the Village during the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Village has evaluated subsequent events through December 16, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. On November 5, 2019 the Village voters approved the issuance of up to \$4,000,000 of general obligation bonds to be repaid from property taxes for the purpose of designing, engineering, constructing and otherwise improving roads and related improvements within the Village, including purchasing capital equipment for such projects. As of the report date, December 16, 2019, no other subsequent events were identified by management.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE SCHEDULE OF THE VILLAGES'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2019 Pension Liability
For Last 10 Fiscal Years*
General, Police and Fire Divisions Combined Summary
(Dollars in Thousands)

			30-Jun		
Fiscal Year Measurement Date	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
		107	0107	6102	1107
Village's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.082%	0.082%	0.079%	0.07%	0.010%
Village's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$				
	5,196	4,687	4,893	3,089	2,479
Village's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,745	2,431	2,094	2,064	1,968
Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	189.29%	192.80%	233.67%	149.66%	125.97%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the Village is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE
SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS
JUNE 30, 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years*
General, Police and Fire Divisions Combined Summary
(Dollars in Thousands)

2019	Statutory Required \$ 4	Contributions in Relation to the Statutory	Annual Contribution Deficiency (Excess)* \$
2018	408 262	408 262	.
2017	215	215	
2016	217	217	
2015	232	232	

statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the Village is not available prior to fiscal year *Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE
SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS
MUNICIPAL GENERAL DIVISION
JUNE 30, 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years* General Division (Dollars in Thousands)

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the Village is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE
SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS
MUNICIPAL POLICE DIVISION
JUNE 30, 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years* Police Division (Dollars in Thousands)

2018 2017 2016	45 34 ;	45 34 33	
2019	69	69	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	Annual Contribution Deficiency (Excess)*

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the Village is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE
SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS
MUNICIPAL FIRE DIVISION
JUNE 30, 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years* FIRE DIVISION (Dollars in Thousands)

2016 2015	36 22	36 22	
2017	38	38	,
2018	42	42	
2019	99	65	
	❖	ially	⋄
	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	Annual Contribution Deficiency (Excess)*

*Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the Village is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE
NOTES TO PENSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2019

Changes of Benefit Terms. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA's CFAR. https://www.saonm.org

Assumptions: The Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuations as of June 2018 report is available at: http://www.nmpera.org/



VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Corrections Fund 201 and Fund 210

To establish an additional source of funds for municipalities to offset the costs of corrections. The source of funds is a \$20 fee which must be paid by all persons violating laws relating to the operations of a motor vehicle. This fund was established by section 33-9-3 NMSA, 1978.

Emergency Medical Services Fund 206

To account for all rescue operations undertaken by the Fire Department and funded through State grants. The fund was established by sections 24-10A-1 through 24-10A-10 NMSA, 1978.

Wildland Fires Fund 208

To account for the State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department grant funds to provide personnel and equipment to fight wild land fires. The fund is authorized by the Village Council.

State Fire Protection Fund 209

To account for the operations and maintenance of the Fire Department. The operations are financed by an allotment from the annual fire grant from the State of New Mexico. The fund was established by section 59-A-53-1 NMSA, 1978.

Law Enforcement Protection Fund 211

To account for the expenditures from the State of New Mexico for training, equipment and capital outlay. Authority is section 29-13-14 NMSA, 1978.

Lodgers Tax Reserve Fund 213

To account for lodgers tax collections. The tax is to be used for anything associated with tourist related facilities, attractions, and transportation systems. The fund was established by section 3-38-14 NMSA, 1978.

Sports and Recreation Fund 217

To account for Village revenues and expenditures relating to recreational facilities and sports and recreation programs. The monetary funds to support the activities carried out in this fund come from the State. The fund was established by section 7-12-15 NMSA, 1978.

NM Clean and Beautiful Fund 230

To account for the grant from the New Mexico State Highway and Transportation Department for expenditures incurred for aid and litter control and beautification projects. The fund is authorized by the Village Council.

Motor Vehicle Fund 233

To account for the collection of motor vehicle fees and payment to the State of New Mexico. These fees are collected by the Village on behalf of the State of New Mexico.

VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The following capital project funds were established for various construction projects and authorized by the Village Council.

Street Fund 304

To account for street maintenance, construction, reconstruction etc., of public roads, streets, alleys, bridges, etc. Funding is provided by state gasoline taxes, imposed pursuant to Chapter 7 Article 13 and remitted to the Village pursuant to Sections 7-1-6.9 and 7-1-6.27, and state grants for street improvements.

Capital Projects Fund 312

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those constructed for proprietary funds. In FY12 activity included the MAP grant and the Capital Building Water Tank grant authorized by the Village Council.

MAP and COOP Grant Fund 360 and Fund 361

To account for the receipt and expenditure of funds from the Transportation Planning Division of New Mexico State Highway and Transportation Department's Municipal Arterial Program (MAP).

BUSINESS TYPE

Allen Fields 510

To account for revenues and expenditures, excluding facility debt activity to operate Allen Fields.

HWY 434 Assessment Fund 507

To account for money collected from Special Assessment District(s) to provide necessary infrastructure to those areas identified in the proposed Public Improvement District application and other areas throughout the Village. This was passed and approved by the Village Council with Resolution 2007-06.

AGENCY FUNDS

Municipal Court Bond Fund 704

To account for the collection and reimbursement of Municipal Court bonds.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019	Special Revenue				
ASSETS		Corrections Fund 201 & 210	State EMS 206	Wildland Fires 208	State Fire Protection 209
Cash and investments Restricted cash Receivables:	\$	35,983 -	2,683 -	172,494 -	26,915
Taxes Receivables from external parties Due from other funds		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Total assets	\$	35,983	2,683	172,494	26,915
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALA	NCE				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$	450 - - 1,460	- - -	1,635 5,768 - -	153 - -
Total liabilities		1,910		7,403	153
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes		<u> </u>			
Total deferred inflows of resources					
Fund Balance: Restricted for: Special revenue funds Unassigned for: Capital projects funds Debt service Unassigned		34,073 - - -	2,683 - - -	165,091 - - -	26,762 - - -
Total fund balance (deficit)		34,073	2,683	165,091	26,762
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	35,983	2,683	172,494	26,915

Special Revenue

		•			
			NM		Total
LEPF	Lodgers	Sports &	Clean &	Motor	Special
Fund	Tax	Recreation	Beautiful	Vehicle	Revenue
211	213	217	230	233	Funds
1,742	211,781	43,505	_	46,941	542,044
77	-	133,020	_		133,097
		100,010			100,007
-	18,710	-	-	7,003	25,713
-	-	8,794	2,500	-	11,294
1,819	230,491	185,319	2,500	53,944	712,148
_	59,865	_	_	13	62,116
_	1,493	_	_	2,259	9,520
-	-	-	-	-,	-
	22		2,500	1	3,983
_	61,380	_	2,500	2,273	75,619
	01,300		2,300	2,273	73,013
_	_	_	_	_	_
				_	
1,819	169,111	185,319	-	51,671	636,529
					-
-	-	-	_	-	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
				_	
1,819	169,111	185,319		51,671	636,529
1,819	230,491	185,319	2,500	53,944	712,148
1,013	230,731	100,010	2,300	33,344	, 12,170

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

JUNE 30, 2019	-	C	apital Projects			
ASSETS	-	Streets 304	Capital Projects 312	MAP Grant 360/361	Total Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and investments Restricted cash	\$	13,000	148 -	62,266 -	75,414 -	617,458 133,097
Receivables: Taxes Receivables from external parties Due from other funds	_	- - 17,440	- 48,618 -	- - -	- 48,618 17,440	25,713 59,912 17,440
Total assets	\$	30,440	48,766	62,266	141,472	853,620
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities	\$	18,306 -	- -	2,793 -	21,099	83,215 9,520
Unearned revenue Due to other funds	-	-	47,184	59,473 	59,473 47,184	59,473 51,167
Total liabilities	-	18,306	47,184	62,266	127,756	203,375
Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes	-					
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	<u>-</u>				
Fund Balance: Restricted for:						
Special revenue funds Unassigned for:		-	-	-	-	636,529
Capital projects funds Debt service		12,134 -	1,582 -	-	13,716 -	13,716 -
Unassigned	-	<u>-</u>				
Total fund balance (deficit)	-	12,134	1,582		13,716	650,245
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	30,440	48,766	62,266	141,472	853,620

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue				
	_	Corrections Fund 201 & 210	State EMS 206	Wildland Fires 208	State Fire Protection 209
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	- 7,212	-	-	-
Licenses, permits, fees and fines Charges for services		7,212	-	- 2,196	-
Intergovernmental - state sources		-	- 12,792	554,604	361,266
Intergovernmental - state sources		_	-	-	301,200
Contributions and donations		_	_	500	_
Investment earnings		602	134	3,932	1,351
Miscellaneous		-	-	1,200	1,943
Total revenues	-	7,814	12,926	562,432	364,560
Expenditures:					
Current					
General government		-	-	4,240	-
Public safety		3,600	13,886	247,097	114,462
Economic and physical development		-	-	-	-
Highways and streets		-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	172,000	299,934
Interest and administrative fees	-				
Total expenditures	-	3,600	13,886	423,337	414,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	-	4,214	(960)	139,095	(49,836)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		-	-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-	-	(60,623)
Sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-		- -		- (22.222)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	- -			(60,623)
Net change in fund balances		4,214	(960)	139,095	(110,459)
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year	_	29,859	3,643	25,996	137,221
Fund balances (deficits) - end of year	\$	34,073	2,683	165,091	26,762

_		-		
Sn	ecial	l Ka	VAL	מווו

LEPF Fund 211	Lodgers Tax 213	Sports & Recreation 217	NM Clean & Beautiful 230	Motor Vehicle 233	Total Special Revenue Funds
-	296,059	-	-	-	296,059
-	=	-	-	-	7,212
-	-	129,928	2,517	60,535	195,176
23,000	-	-	-	-	951,662
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	500
303	3,459	3,218	-	990	13,989
1,141	-	-	-	-	4,284
24,444	299,518	133,146	2,517	61,525	1,468,882
606	_	_	_	_	4,846
1,292	_	_	_	_	380,337
-	312,493	_	_	_	312,493
-	-	_	-	70,392	70,392
-	19,371	2,849	2,817	-	25,037
20,804	-	-	-	-	492,738
-	-	-	-	-	-
22,702	331,864	2,849	2,817	70,392	1,285,843
1,742	(32,346)	130,297	(300)	(8,867)	183,039
-	-	15,000	-	-	15,000
-	(26,815)	(129,760)	-	-	(217,198)
-	-				-
	(26.045)	- (44.4.750)			(202.400)
	(26,815)	(114,760)			(202,198)
1,742	(59,161)	15,537	(300)	(8,867)	(19,159)
77	228,272	169,782	300	60,538	655,688
1,819	169,111	185,319	<u> </u>	51,671	636,529

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues: Streets 3004 Projects 2012 Grants 360 % 361 Project 2000ernmental Projects 360 % 36		_	Capital Projects				
Taxes \$ - - - - 2. 7.212 Charges for services - - - - 195,176 Intergovernmental - state sources - 62,702 303,496 366,198 1,317,860 Intergovernmental - federal sources - 62,702 303,496 366,198 1,317,860 Intergovernmental - federal sources - 39,262 - 39,262 30,262 30,262 30,262 30,262 30,242 30,242 30,242 30,242 30,242 30,242				Projects	MAP Grants	Capital Project	Nonmajor Governmental
Licenses, permits, fees and fines - - - 7,212 Charges for services - - 195,176 Intergovernmental - state sources - 62,702 303,496 366,198 1,317,860 Intergovernmental - federal sources - 39,262 - 39,262 </td <td>Revenues:</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td>	Revenues:	_				_	
Charges for services - - - 195,176 Intergovernmental - state sources - 62,702 303,496 366,198 1,317,860 Intergovernmental - federal sources - 39,262 - 39,262 500 Contributions and donations - - - - 500 Investment earnings - 104 1,943 2,047 16,036 Miscellaneous - - - - 4,284 Total revenues - 102,068 305,439 407,507 1,876,389 Expenditures: Current General government - - - - 4,846 Public safety - 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>•</td></t<>		\$	-	-	-	-	•
Intergovernmental - state sources - 62,702 303,496 366,198 1,317,860 1			-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental - federal sources	S		-	-	-	-	•
Contributions and donations Investment earnings - - - - 500 (1,048) 10,036 (1,048) 10,036 (1,048) 2,047 (1,036) 16,036 (1,036) 4,284 (1,036)	-		-	•	303,496	•	
Investment earnings			-	39,262	-	39,262	
Miscellaneous - - - - 4,284 Total revenues - 102,068 305,439 407,507 1,876,389 Expenditures: Current - - - - 4,846 Public safety - 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - 312,493 Economic and physical development - - - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees 18,306 62,702 305,439 386,447 1,672,290 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - 21,060 204,099			-	-	-	-	
Total revenues	5		-	104	1,943	2,047	•
Expenditures: Current 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Aug.083 Exconomic and physical development - - - - - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - - - - 125,037 Capital outlay -		-	-			-	
Current General government - - - 4,846 Public safety - 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees - - - - - - Total expenditures 18,306 62,702 305,439 386,447 1,672,290 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): - - 21,060 204,099 Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) (157,049) (374,247) <	Total revenues	_	<u>-</u>	102,068	305,439	407,507	1,876,389
Current General government - - - 4,846 Public safety - 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees - - - - - - Total expenditures 18,306 62,702 305,439 386,447 1,672,290 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): - - 21,060 204,099 Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) (157,049) (374,247) <	Expenditures:						
General government - - - 4,846 Public safety - 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Public safety - 39,746 - 39,746 420,083 Economic and physical development - - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees - - - - - - Total expenditures 18,306 62,702 305,439 386,447 1,672,290 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 18,306 62,702 305,439 386,447 1,672,290 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): (18,306) 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out capital asse			_	_	_	-	4.846
Economic and physical development - - - 312,493 Highways and streets 18,306 - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees -	_		_	39.746	_	39.746	•
Highways and streets 18,306 - - 18,306 88,698 Culture and recreation - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees - - - - - - Total expenditures 18,306 62,702 305,439 386,447 1,672,290 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets - - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) 30,440 (39,262) - (8,822) (211,020) Net change in fund balances 1,478 -<			-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation - - - - 25,037 Capital outlay - 22,956 305,439 328,395 821,133 Interest and administrative fees -	. ,		18,306	-	-	18,306	•
Interest and administrative fees - - - - -	· ,		•	-	-	•	
Interest and administrative fees - - - - -	Capital outlay		-	22,956	305,439	328,395	•
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets - - - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - <	Interest and administrative fees		-	-	-	-	-
over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets - - - - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - <t< td=""><td>Total expenditures</td><td>_</td><td>18,306</td><td>62,702</td><td>305,439</td><td>386,447</td><td>1,672,290</td></t<>	Total expenditures	_	18,306	62,702	305,439	386,447	1,672,290
over expenditures (18,306) 39,366 - 21,060 204,099 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets - - - - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - <t< td=""><td>Evenes (deficiency) of revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Evenes (deficiency) of revenues						
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets - - - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt -			(18.306)	39.366	_	21.060	204.099
Transfers in 30,440 117,787 - 148,227 163,227 Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets - - - - - - Proceeds from issuance of debt - </td <td>over experiances</td> <td>-</td> <td>(10,300)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>201,033</td>	over experiances	-	(10,300)				201,033
Transfers out - (157,049) - (157,049) (374,247) Sale of capital assets -	Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of capital assets - <td>Transfers in</td> <td></td> <td>30,440</td> <td>117,787</td> <td>-</td> <td>148,227</td> <td>163,227</td>	Transfers in		30,440	117,787	-	148,227	163,227
Proceeds from issuance of debt - <th< td=""><td>Transfers out</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>(157,049)</td><td>-</td><td>(157,049)</td><td>(374,247)</td></th<>	Transfers out		-	(157,049)	-	(157,049)	(374,247)
Total other financing sources (uses) 30,440 (39,262) - (8,822) (211,020) Net change in fund balances 12,134 104 - 12,238 (6,921) Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year - 1,478 - 1,478 657,166	Sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances 12,134 104 - 12,238 (6,921) Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year - 1,478 - 1,478 657,166	Proceeds from issuance of debt	_	-				
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year - 1,478 - 1,478 657,166	Total other financing sources (uses)	_	30,440	(39,262)		(8,822)	(211,020)
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year - 1,478 - 1,478 657,166							
	Net change in fund balances		12,134	104	-	12,238	(6,921)
Fund balances (deficits) - end of year \$ 12,134 1,582 - 13,716 650,245	Fund balances (deficits) - beginning of year	_		1,478		1,478	657,166
	Fund balances (deficits) - end of year	\$ _	12,134	1,582	-	13,716	650,245

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Non Major Proprietary				
		HWY 434 Assessment 507	Allen Fields 510	Total Non Major Proprietary Funds	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	67,888	12,166	80,054	
Receivables:					
Notes Receivable		719,995		719,995	
Total current assets		787,883	12,166	800,049	
Capital assets:					
Land		5,646	_	5,646	
Total assets		793,529	12,166	805,695	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-	3,188	3,188	
Due to other funds		<u> </u>	-		
Total liabilities		- -	3,188	3,188	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		5,646	-	5,646	
Unrestricted		787,883	8,978	796,861	
Total net position	\$	793,529	8,978	802,507	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Non Major Proprietary			
	_	HWY 434 Assessment 507	Allen Field 510	Total Non Major Proprietary Funds	
Operating Revenues:					
Sales and services	\$	-	780	780	
Special assessments Total revenues	_			780	
	_				
Operating Expenditures:					
Operating Expenditures		-	9,485	9,485	
Depreciation	_	-	<u>-</u>	-	
Total operating expenses	_	-	9,485	9,485	
Operating (loss) income	_		(8,705)	(8,705)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Transfers in/(out)		(116,000)	13,000	(103,000)	
Earnings on investments		1,531	73	1,604	
Interest expense	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	
Total non -operating revenues (expenses)	_	(114,469)	13,073	(101,396)	
Change in net position	_	(114,469)	4,368	(110,101)	
Transfer in/out		-	-	-	
Net position, beginning of year	_	907,998	4,610	912,608	
Net position, end of year	\$ _	793,529	8,978	802,507	



STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019
MUNICIPAL COURT BOND FUND ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 16,310	16,319	(20,934)	11,695
Total assets	\$ 16,310	16,319	(20,934)	11,695
LIABILITIES Amounts payable to others				
(for release bonds)	\$ 14,185	13,820	(20,934)	7,071
Due to others	2,125	2,499	-	4,624
Total liabilities	\$ 16,310	16,319	(20,934)	11,695

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE SCHEDULE OF CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Deposits in First National Bank of New Mexico:		
Enterprise Account - Checking	\$	1,298,038
Go Bond	Ç	1,044,822
Deposits in International Bank:		1,044,622
•		1 027 162
Operating Account - Checking		1,927,163
Payroll - Clearing		50,074
Municipal Court - Bond		10,314
Deposits in Washington Federal Bank:		
Reserve		722,198
Total bank balance		5,052,609
Reconciling items:		
Outstanding checks		(272,446)
Deposits in transit		58,884
Total adjustments		(213,562)
rotal aujustinents		(213,302)
Total book balance		4,839,047
Petty cash fund		180
Investment Accounts:		
Office of State Treasurer - LGIP		245,552
New Mexico Finance Authority - Debt Service Cash Reserves		2,968,415
Total Investment accounts		3,213,967
		-, -,
Total cash per book (general ledger)	\$	8,053,194
	· -	
Total Cash for Primary Government per Statement of Net Position		8,041,499
Plus Municipal Court Agency Fund - Regular Checking		11,695
Total Cash per Primary Government and Agency Fund	\$	8,053,194

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		International	First National	Washington	Total All
		Bank	Bank of NM	Federal	Banks
Total amount of deposits in bank:	•				
Operating Account	\$	2,368,985	1,298,038	-	3,667,023
Payroll Clearing Account		50,074	-	-	50,074
Municipal Court Bond Account		10,314	-	-	10,314
Reserve Account		-	-	722,198	722,198
GO Bond	_		1,044,822		1,044,822
Total Deposits		2,429,373	2,342,860	722,198	5,494,431
Less: FDIC insurance		(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(750,000)
Total Uninsured Public Funds		2,179,373	2,092,860	472,198	4,744,431
Pledged 50% Collateral Required		1,089,687	1,046,430	236,099	2,372,216
Total Required Collateralization	•				
Pledged securities:					
FHR 4803 LC 4.00 1/15/2045 CUSIP #3137F5SM2		975,263	-	-	975,263
FHR 4797 QA 3.5 6/15/2048 CUISP #3137FSTR0		9,392,466	-	-	9,392,466
FHLMC Pool #C91904 2.500 11/1/2036 CUSIP #3128P8DH1		-	395,482	-	395,482
NM ST MTGE FIN AUTH 2.8 1/1/2031 CUSIP #647201FS6		-	646,456	-	646,456
FNMA PL#BC2636 3.00 11/2/2046 CUISP #3140EW4W2		-	-	749,755	749,755
Total pledged collateral at June 30, 2019		10,367,729	1,041,938	749,755	12,159,422
Excess (deficiency)	\$	9,278,042	(4,492)	513,656	9,787,206

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Joint Power Agreement	Participants	Responsible Party	Description
Emergency Medical Services	Moreno Valley Village of Angel Fire	Joint Responsibility	To provide emergency medical services
Wildfire Suppression	NM - State Forestry Village of Angel Fire	Village of Angel Fire	To provide wildfire Suppression
Dispatch Services	Village of Angel Fire Red River	Town of Red River	To provided 911 emergency and non- emergency dispatching services for Angel Fire
The Enchanted Circle Regional Fire Protection Association (MOU)	The Town of Taos , The Village of Taos Ski Valley, The Village of Angel Fire, The Village of Eagle Nest, The Town of Red River, The Village of Questa, The County of Taos, The County of Colfax	Joint Responsibility	When firefighting personnel and/or equipment are requested by a party to this agreement from any other party to this agreement, no reimbursement for services rendered will be required or expected.
Blue Earth Agreement (MOU)	The Village of Angel Fire and The Angel Fire Public Improvement District (MOU)	Blue Earth Consultants Inc.	Blue Earth Consultants Inc. would provide annual monitoring and maintenance as required of the Woodland Drive Wetland Mitigation Area
Colfax County and The Village of Angel Fire (MOU)	Colfax County and The Village of Angel Fire	Village of Angel Fire	To authorize sheriffs in all counties of this state to appoint deputies, who shall remain in office at the pleasure of such sheriffs. NMSA 1978 "Authorizes Sheriffs to appoint respectable and orderly persons as special deputies to serve any particular order , write or process or when in the opinion of any sheriff the appointment of special deputies.

Beginning and Ending Dates	Total estimated Project Amount and Amount Applicable to Village	Amount Contributed by Village during Fiscal year	Audit Responsibility	Fiscal agent and responsible reporting entity
3/20/2001 or until terminated	None	None	Village of Angel Fire	Colfax County
2/28/2008 ongoing until terminated	None	None	New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department	New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department
7/01/2001 or until terminated	\$50,000 Annually (four payments of \$12,500 each quarter)	\$50,000	Town of Red River	Town of Red River
3/23/2007 or until terminated	None	None	Town of Taos	Town of Taos
6/27/2013 , the agreement shall be extended from time to time unless both the Village and the AFPID mutually agree in writing to terminate this MOU.	\$62,595.87	None	Village of Angel Fire	Village of Angel Fire
3/22/2016 , the term shall be perpetual unless either party gives 30 day written notice to the other party	Not Specified	None	Village of Angel Fire	Village of Angel Fire





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Village of Angel Fire Council Members Village of Angel Fire Angel Fire, New Mexico and Mr. Brian Colón, Esq. New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type-activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the general fund of the Village of Angel Fire, New Mexico (the "Village") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not

4700 Lincoln Rd NE Albuquerque NM 87109 <u>www.JAGnm.com</u> 505.323.2035

The Village of Angel Fire Council Members Village of Angel Fire and Mr. Brian Colón, Esq. New Mexico State Auditor

been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies as items 2019-001 and 2019-002.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* as items 2019-001, 2019-002, and 2019-003.

The Village's Response to Findings

The Village's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Village's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jaramillo Accounting Group LLC (JAG) Albuquerque, New Mexico

Yty LCC

December 16, 2019

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

2018-001 SEGREGATION OF DUTIES Resolved

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Yes

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified? No

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?

Yes

• Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2019-001 PAYMENT OF STATE AND FEDERAL WITHOLDINGS

TYPE OF FINDING: Significant Deficiency and Material Non-compliance

CONDITION

During testing of controls over disbursements (sample size of forty), we noted a payment to the State of New Mexico for state payroll tax withholdings which included penalty and interest in the amount of \$892. Further inquiry of management disclosed penalty and interest paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) during fiscal year 2019 in the amount of \$38,439 for late filings of payroll tax withholdings.

CRITERIA

The Village is required to follow the guidance issued in the Internal Revenue Service Publication 15. For amounts not properly or timely deposited, the penalty rates are as follows:

- 2% Deposits made 1 to 5 days late.
- 5% Deposits made 6 to 15 days late.
- 10% Deposits made 16 or more days late, but before 10 days from the date of the first notice the IRS sent asking for the tax due.
- 10% Amounts that should have been deposited, but instead were paid directly to the IRS, or paid with your tax return.
- Amounts still unpaid more than 10 days after the date of the first notice the IRS sent asking for the tax due or the day on which you received notice and demand for immediate payment, which is earlier.

Late deposit penalty amounts are determined using calendar days, starting from the due date of the liability.

EFFECT

The Village's payroll liability balances may not be reflected accurately and the Village has made itself more susceptible to the possibility of financial reporting or management decision errors. Unnecessary expenditures could occur.

CAUSE

During the fiscal year under audit and the prior year of fiscal year 2018, certain payroll taxes were paid late.

RECOMMENDATION

Due to the severe penalties assessed for untimely and inaccurate tax deposits, we recommend that the Village implement very strong controls to ensure timely federal and state tax deposits.

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2019-001 PAYMENT OF STATE AND FEDERAL WITHOLDINGS (CONTINUED)

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

Corrective Action: The first notice that the Village has a record of receiving was on Friday April 18, 2019. On Monday April 22, 2019 both the IRS and a Tax Consulting Firm had been contacted to work with the Village to understand the issues and determine the fastest way to resolve the issues. On May 2, 2019 all fees were paid including penalties and interest. After the payments were made the Tax Consulting Firm had to work with the IRS to assure that the payments were posted properly by the IRS. This was completed before the end of May.

That said, it is clear that the policies and procedures developed to manage the workflow of payroll were insufficient. The Controls established verified that the amounts to be paid to the IRS were calculated correctly and were ready for payment. The controls did not require second party verification that the fees had actually been remitted. Once this deficiency in procedures had been recognized the policy was updated to reflect additional controls and verifications to assure that amounts are not only calculated correctly but they are in fact remitted timely.

Two additional steps were taken in an effort to assure this type of issues does not arise in the future. First, staffing changes were made so that the personnel assigned to the task of payroll had the capability to perform the steps required. Secondly, the Village outsourced payroll to a professional payroll processing company. This Payroll Company is responsible for making all Federal and State withholding payments and in contract have assumed all liabilities that those payments will be made timely and accurately.

In compliance with Internal Revenue Manual 20.1.1.3.3.2.1 the Village will be filing for a First Time Penalty Abatement. It is our opinion that the Village qualifies for an abatement of the majority if not all of the penalties and interest charged by the IRS

Due Date of Completion: Completed on September 1, 2019

Responsible Party: Finance Manager

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2019-002 AGED CREDIT BALANCES IN UTILITY FUND

TYPE OF FINDING: Significant Deficiency and Non-compliance

CONDITION

The Village has recorded \$38,503 due to former customers for closed accounts from the period of July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2018.

- 125 closed accounts range from \$.01 to \$.99 totaling \$50.26
- 781 closed accounts range from \$1.00 to \$50.00 totaling \$17,892.80.
- 184 closed accounts range from \$50.01 to \$1,454.41 totaling \$20,559.82.

CRITERIA

Amounts should be paid to the owners of closed accounts. If the former account holders cannot be located, and is therefore unclaimed by the former owner, the balance due to the former owner should be escheated to the state one year after the property becomes distributable as per the guidance in NMSA 1978, 7-8A-2.

EFFECT

Former customers may have not been paid amounts due them.

CAUSE

Since these balances go back many years, it is unknown whether an error(s) occurred in the recording of these amounts and if the amounts are actually due to former customers. It is unknown as to when the last attempt occurred to research the balances due to former customers and thus determine the disposition of these accounts.

AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATION

We recommend the Village engage legal counsel as to the best path forward. This may include research of the due to former customer's balances beginning with the largest balance first and/or escheatment of the balances to the State of New Mexico under the guidance of the Unclaimed Property Act (NMSA 1978, sections 7-8A-1 through 7-8A-31).

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE

Corrective Action: The Village will either reimburse to the property owner or escheat unclaimed balances over a year old to the State of New Mexico by June 30, 2020. The Village will establish a monthly reporting process to assure that the Village policy of refund or escheatment is followed.

Estimated Completion Date: June 30, 2020

Responsible Party: Finance Director

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

2019-003 COLLATERALIZATION OF BANK ACCOUNTS

TYPE OF FINDING: Other Non-Compliance

CONDITION

The Village has a checking account at First National Bank of New Mexico. State of New Mexico governmental collateral requirements require 50% of the uninsured checking account be collateralized. The related Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance and pledged collateral at First National Bank of New Mexico resulted in under collateralization of \$4,492.

CRITERIA

New Mexico State Statute Section 6-10-17, NMSA 1978, requires the Village to collateralize an amount equal to fifty percent of the balance not covered by FDIC insurance for depository accounts and one hundred and two percent of the balance not covered by FDIC insurance for repurchase (sweep) agreements.

EFFECT

The deposits were not sufficiently collateralized and, therefore, the Village was not in compliance with the State's cash collateralization requirements.

CAUSE

The Village did not have sufficient collateral over deposits with one of their financial institutions.

AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDATION

The Village should arrange to have sufficient collateral for bank deposits in excess of the FDIC insurance limits.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE

Corrective Action: A larger than anticipated check for property taxes was received on Friday June 28, 2019. This was identified on June 30th and additional collateralization was added on Monday July 1, 2019. Typically, property tax checks are received by the 20th of the month and there is time to adjust collateralization before the month end. Due to the late payment of the property taxes and the fact that the payment was received on a Friday with the month ending on Sunday the additional collateralization could be added before the end of the month. The Village will do what it can to better anticipate large receipts like property taxes to assure that funds are properly collateralized.

Estimated Completion Date: Completed on July 1, 2019

Responsible Party: Finance Manager

STATE OF NEW MEXICO VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO EXIT CONFERENCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

An exit conference was held with the Village on December 13, 2019. In attendance were:

VILLAGE OF ANGEL FIRE, NEW MEXICO

Chuck Howe, Mayor Rogers Lanon, Mayor Pro-tem

Rick Tafoya, Village Manager Brett Wier, Finance Manager Terry Cordova, Village Clerk Fabian Mascarenas, Chief Procurement Officer

JARAMILLO ACCOUNTING GROUP LLC (JAG)

Scott Eliason, CPA, Partner

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented in this report have been prepared by the Village.