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STATE OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 30, 2019



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# **OFFICIAL ROSTER**

June 30, 2019

Administrative Officials	Title
Debra Garcia y Griego	Cabinet Secretary
Nick Schiavo	Deputy Cabinet Secretary
Greg Geisler	Director, CFO, Administrative Services
Doug Patinka	Director, Information Technology
Alberto Cuessy	Acting Director, National Hispanic Cultural Center
David Rohr	Director, Museum Services Division
Eric Blinman	Director, Office of Archaeological Studies
Michelle Roberts	Acting Director, Museum of Art
Della Warrior	Director, Museum of Indian Arts and Culture
Billy Garrett	Acting Director, New Mexico History Museum/Palace of Governors
Della Warrior	Director - New Mexico Museum of Natural History and Science
Kristaan Villela	Director, Museum of International Folk Art
Patrick Moore	Director - New Mexico State Historic Sites
Jenice Gharib	Acting Director, New Mexico Arts Division
Eli Guinee	Director, New Mexico State Library
Jeff Pappas	Director, Historic Preservation Division
Chris Orwoll	Director, New Mexico Space History Museum

Mark Santiago

Director, New Mexico Farm and Ranch Heritage Museum

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### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Debra Garcia y Griego, Cabinet Secretary State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs and Brian S. Colón, New Mexico State Auditor Santa Fe, New Mexico

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs (the Department or DCA), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise DCA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Department's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund of DCA, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of Matters**

# Reporting Entity

As discussed in Note B, the financial statements of DCA are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, business type activities, major funds, and aggregate remaining fund information of the State of New Mexico that is attributable to the transactions of DCA. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Net Pension Liability Disclosure

As discussed in Note F, the State of New Mexico, as a single employer, follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, in the June 30, 2019, Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Accordingly, there is no allocation of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to individual agencies or to the Department's financial statements. All other required disclosures and supplementary information required by GASB 68 are included in the State of New Mexico CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2019. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Disclosure

As discussed in Note G, the State of New Mexico, as a single employer, follows GASB Statement 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions,* for the year ending June 30, 2019, in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Accordingly, there is no allocation of the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to individual agencies or to the DCA's financial statements. All required disclosures and supplementary information required by GASB 75 are included in the State of New Mexico CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2019. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

# **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate

operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise DCA's basic financial statements and budgetary comparison for the general fund. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budget to actual schedules for the components of the general fund, and the schedules required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the budget to actual schedules for the components of the general fund, the schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, the budget to actual schedules for the components of the general fund, the schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2019, on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Atkinson & Co., Ltd.

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 31, 2019

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2019

### INTRODUCTION

The Department of Cultural Affairs' (DCA) management discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of DCA's financial activity, identify changes in financial position, identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget) and identify any financial issues or concerns. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the past year's activities and financial changes. As management of DCA, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of DCA for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to DCA's basic financial statements. DCA's basic financial statements comprise four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) budgetary comparisons, and 4) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental activities are consolidated into one column.

The Statement of Net Position (Unrestricted and Restricted Net Position) is designed to be similar to a bottom line for DCA and its governmental activities. Most of DCA's basic services are included in the governmental activities. State appropriations, other state funds and federal grants finance most of these activities. The funds included in Governmental Activities for DCA are the General Operating Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds and Debt Service Fund. The business-type activities of the DCA include the Enterprise Fund.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The DCA, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the DCA can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements that focus on information about the major governmental and enterprise funds. Fund financial statements also report information about a government's fiduciary funds. Governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary fund financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. DCA has three major funds: the General Operating Fund (19300), Capital Projects Fund (89200) and the new FY19 General Fund Capital Outlay Fund (93100). Non-major funds by fund type are included in the combining schedules following the notes to the financial statements.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

# **Governmental Funds**

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the DCA's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The basic governmental fund financial statements are identified per the table of contents of this report.

# **Proprietary Fund**

Enterprise funds are used to report the same function presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The DCA maintains one type of proprietary funds. The DCA enterprise fund was created by the legislature in 2013 as a nonreverting fund in the state treasury. The fund consists of appropriations to the fund, revenue generated by the Department, proceeds from the disposition of Department property, income from investments of the fund, gifts, grants, donations and bequests. Prior to the creation of this fund, DCA revenue, primarily museum admissions receipts, was recorded and would carryover in the general operating fund (19300).

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are identified per the table of contents of this report.

## **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the DCA's own programs. Fiduciary Funds include both Agency Funds and Trust Funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are identified per the table of contents of this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

## **Budgetary Comparisons**

In addition to the MD&A, GASB Statement No. 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget to be presented as required supplementary information. The budgetary comparison schedules should present both the original and the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as the actual inflows, outflows and balances stated on the government's budgetary basis. This information is provided at the approved budget level to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements consist of notes that provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

# **Combining Statements**

The combining statements of nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

# Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information.

# **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The information below is a comparative analysis of DCA's Government-Wide Activities for the most recently completed fiscal year and the prior fiscal year.

The DCA's assets exceeded liabilities by \$113,476,862 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Net position reflects a net investment in capital assets (land, buildings, and equipment less any related outstanding debt used to acquire these assets) of \$91,031,937. The Department uses these capital assets to provide services throughout New Mexico. Restricted net position in the amount of \$16,810,014, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, and unrestricted assets are \$5,634,911.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

# Statement of Net Position – Government-Wide

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Total			
		(As Restated)				(As Restated)		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 25,872,614	\$ 10,481,288	\$ 1,601,518	\$ 478,385	\$ 27,474,132	\$ 10,959,673		
Capital assets	93,085,146	93,577,718	214,306	18,958	93,299,452	93,596,676		
Total Assets	118,957,760	104,059,006	1,815,824	497,343	120,773,584	104,556,349		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	5,575,727	3,985,051	34,117	-	5,609,844	3,985,051		
Long-term liabilities	1,686,878	2,267,515		197,267	1,686,878	2,464,782		
Total Liabilities	7,262,605	6,252,566	34,117	197,267	7,296,722	6,449,833		
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets,	90,817,631	90,742,535	214,306	18,958	91,031,937	90,761,493		
Restricted	16,810,014	2,464,550	-	-	16,810,014	2,464,550		
Unrestricted	4,067,510	4,599,355	1,567,401	281,118	5,634,911	4,880,473		
Total Net Position	\$ 111,695,155	\$ 97,806,440	\$ 1,781,707	\$ 300,076	\$ 113,476,862	\$ 98,106,516		

# **Statement of Activities – Government-Wide**

The following table details the changes in net position from the Statement of Activities.

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-t	ype Activities	Total			
		(As Restated)		_		(As Restated)		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues								
Program revenues	\$ 9,264,594	\$ 10,109,418	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,264,594	\$ 10,109,418		
General revenues	44,752,769	29,340,200	785,094	3,290	45,537,863	29,343,490		
Total Revenues	54,017,363	39,449,618	785,094	3,290	54,802,457	39,452,908		
Program expenses	(46,037,662)	(43,682,118)	(126,363)	(6,877)	(46,164,025)	(43,688,995)		
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditiures	r 7,979,701	(4,232,500)	658,731	(3,587)	8,638,432	(4,236,087)		
Net transfers	5,933,109	5,508,160	822,900	-	6,756,009	5,508,160		
Other Items	10,065	5,526			10,065	5,526		
Change in Net Position	13,922,875	1,281,186	1,481,631	(3,587)	15,404,506	1,277,599		
Net position, beginning	97,806,440	96,514,483	300,076	303,663	98,106,516	96,818,146		
Restatement	(34,160)	10,771			(34,160)	10,771		
Net position, beginning restated	97,772,280	96,525,254	300,076	303,663	98,072,356	96,828,917		
Net Position, ending	\$ 111,695,155	\$ 97,806,440	\$ 1,781,707	\$ 300,076	\$ 113,476,862	\$ 98,106,516		

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

# **Governmental Activities**

Total DCA Net Position for Governmental Activities for fiscal year 2019 was \$111,695,155. The net position reflects \$90,817,631 in a net investment of capital assets. Restricted assets of \$16,810,014 is comprised of \$14,443,688 in assets restricted for capital projects, \$1,333,470 in assets restricted for special projects and statutory requirements and \$1,032,856 in assets restricted for debt service. The Department has \$4,067,510 in unrestricted funds.

Change in Net Position. Overall net change in position from FY18 to FY19 is an increase of \$15,404,506 reflecting a higher balance in restricted cash from 2019 general fund capital outlay funding of \$11.9 million and \$2.3 million in Art in Public Places transferred to the Department in June 2019. (In prior years Capital Outlay and Art in Public Places were funded by Severance Tax Bond issues with funds being held at the New Mexico Board of Finance and allocated on a cost reimbursement basis).

Revenues. Total revenues of \$55 million are almost \$15 million higher than FY18, again reflecting the atypical transfer of \$14.2 million of general fund for capital outlay and Art in Public Places projects as well as increased general fund appropriations. Of note, program revenue dropped from \$10.1 million to \$9.2 million in FY19 primarily attributable to the one time increase in FY18 revenue from the "DaVinci the Genius" traveling exhibit at the Museum of Natural History and Science.

*Expenditures*. Total expenditures in FY19 of \$46 million reflected higher spending on personnel costs and benefits as well as on capital outlay projects when compared to FY18.

# **Business-Type Activities**

This activity comprises the department's Enterprise Fund, which contains prior earned revenue of the Department (including non-reverted general fund appropriations). DCA's Net Position for business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was \$1,781,707, an increase of \$1,481,631. The majority of this increase reflects a \$1.2 million transfer of profit into the Enterprise Fund from the General Operating Fund for "DaVinci the Genius" traveling exhibit.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The New Mexico State Legislature makes annual appropriations to DCA. Amendments to the appropriated budget require approval by the Budget Division of the Department of Finance and Administration, with review by the Legislative Finance Committee. Over the course of the year, DCA adjusts its budget as authorized in the Appropriations Act. The budget adjustments fall into four categories:

- Supplemental and special appropriations that are reflected in the actual beginning account balances (adjusting the estimated amounts in the budget adopted for the fiscal year).
- Capital Improvement Project appropriations that are budgeted during the year based on legislative appropriations.
- Budget adjustment requests made during the fiscal year to allow DCA to utilize funds where needed.
- Budget adjustment requests that increase or decrease other state funds based on actual revenues.

Initial budget authority for FY19 personnel costs was \$28.5 million but ultimately the Department spent only \$26.6 million on personnel costs in FY19 due to high employee turnover, and spending increase of \$1.8 million over FY18 but well under the budget. Total operating budget expenditures for personnel costs and benefits, contracts, and other costs of \$38.5 million was \$2.1 million higher than FY18. With increased general fund support in FY20, the department will continue to work to restore staffing levels to pre-recession levels.

# **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2019, DCA had government-wide capital assets of \$93,299,452 (net of depreciation) reflected on the Statement of Net Position. This amount represents a decrease of about \$297 thousand over fiscal year 2019 fixed assets, reflecting increased disposal activity. The department received almost \$16 million in capital outlay during the 2019 legislative session so capital assets are likely to increase as these funds are spent during FY20-FY23.

# **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2019, DCA had total long-term liabilities of \$1.6 million, down \$777 thousand from FY18. In addition to the amortization of outstanding bond debt, the department used a special appropriation of \$441 thousand to pay off a liability owed to the general fund to repay debt service entered into in FY19 for energy efficiency improvements (see Note P). Outstanding debt is covered by state tax revenues directly provided to the New Mexico Finance Authority for debt service or state tax revenues provided to DCA for debt service.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

## **Economic Factors**

DCA benefited from the overall improvement in the state revenues due to the increase in revenue from oil production as well as stable federal funding. In FY19, state general fund support increased \$2.2 million and the Department received \$1.5 million in special appropriations. However, the Department's biggest issue has been rebuilding the staffing level given 15% annual turnover in its workforce and tight labor market. The high vacancy rate has been a contributing factor to a budget surplus which increased fund balance in FY19. The FY20 budget provided another \$2.3 million general fund increase to the Department along with increased capital outlay funding.

Another unique factor driven by state budget surpluses was the decision made by the Executive and Legislature to fund much of the 2019 capital outlay appropriations with general fund revenues instead of issuing severance bond debt. The possibility of additional one-time special appropriations for agency operating budgets and higher levels of state capital outlay will be possible for FY21.

## **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of DCA's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Administrative Services, 407 Galisteo Street, Suite 264, Bataan Memorial Bldg., Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities		В	usiness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS		_				_
Current Assets						
Interest in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$	23,803,876	\$	1,601,518	\$	25,405,394
Petty cash		4,500		-		4,500
Restricted cash		18,200		-		18,200
Receivables:						
Due from federal government		638,027		-		638,027
Due from other state agencies		509,089		-		509,089
Due from local governments		346,843		-		346,843
Other, net		335,615		-		335,615
Inventory		216,464		<del>-</del>	_	216,464
Total Current Assets		25,872,614		1,601,518		27,474,132
Capital assets		190,580,435		705,117		191,285,552
Accumulated depreciation		(97,495,289)		(490,811)		(97,986,100)
		93,085,146		214,306	_	93,299,452
Total Assets		118,957,760		1,815,824		120,773,584
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilites						
Accounts payable		2,633,349		34,117		2,667,466
Accrued payroll		1,093,631		-		1,093,631
Unearned revenue		65,115		-		65,115
Due to State General Fund		-		-		-
Other liabilities		99,381		-		99,381
Due within one year:						
Compensated absences		1,089,990		-		1,089,990
Current portion of long-term debt		580,637		-		580,637
Accrued interest		13,624		-		13,624
Total Current Liabilities		5,575,727		34,117		5,609,844
Due in more than one year:						
Long-term debt		1,686,878		-		1,686,878
Total Liabilities		7,262,605		34,117		7,296,722
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets, net of related debt		90,817,631		214,306		91,031,937
Restricted for:				211,000		
Capital projects		14,443,688		-		14,443,688
Special projects and statutory requirements		1,333,470		-		1,333,470
Debt service		1,032,856		-		1,032,856
Unrestricted		4,067,510		1,567,401		5,634,911
Total Net Position	\$	111,695,155	\$	1,781,707	\$	113,476,862

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and

97,806,440

97,772,280

\$ 111,695,155 \$

(34,160)

300,076

300,076

1,781,707 \$ 113,476,862

98,106,516

98,072,356

(34,160)

Changes in Net Position Program Revenues **Primary Government** Charges Operating Capital for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Primary government Governmental activities Museum services 32,313,379 4,890,092 323,328 82,571 (27,017,388) \$ \$ (27,017,388) 122,922 (4,169,463) Preservation and library 7,391,132 912,786 2,185,961 (4,169,463)2,812,341 15,675 685,019 (2,111,647) (2,111,647) Arts Program support 3,467,454 43,740 2,500 (3,421,214)(3,421,214) Interest on long-term debt 53,356 (53,356)(53,356)Total governmental activities 46,037,662 5,862,293 3,196,808 205,493 (36,773,068)(36,773,068)Business-type activities Enterprise Fund 53000 785,094 658,731 658,731 126,363 Total business-type activities 126,363 785,094 658,731 658,731 Total primary government 46,164,025 6,647,387 \$ 3,196,808 General Revenues, special items and transfers State General Fund appropriations 44,752,769 44,752,769 Transfers - reversions to State General Fund FY19 (464, 234)(464,234)Transfer of bond proceed appropriations 6,839,617 6,839,617 Transfers interfund (822,900)822,900 Transfer from other agencies 380,626 380,626 Interest and investment earnings 10,065 10,065 Total general revenues, special items and transfers 50,695,943 822,900 51,518,843 Change in net position 13,922,875 1,481,631 15,404,506

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, beginning of year as restated

Restatement

Net position, ending

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

	19300 General Operating Fund		General Capital Projects Operating Severance			93100 GF Capital Outlay		Non- Major Funds		Total
ASSETS	•	0.000.704	Φ.	070.040	•	44 070 740	•	4.057.000	Φ	00 000 070
Interest in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Petty cash	\$	6,200,731 4,500	\$	672,340	\$	11,973,719	\$	4,957,086	\$	23,803,876 4,500
Restricted cash		4,500 17,646		-		-		- 554		4,500 18,200
Due from federal government		638,027		_		_		-		638,027
Due from other state agencies		400		470,359		_		38,330		509,089
Due from other local governments		346,843		-10,000		-		-		346,843
Other receivables, net		335,615		_		_		_		335,615
Inventory		216,464								216,464
Total assets	\$	7,760,226	\$	1,142,699	\$	11,973,719	\$	4,995,970	\$	25,872,614
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	1,330,975	\$	1,112,736	\$	-	\$	189,638	\$	2,633,349
Accrued payroll		1,093,631		-		-		-		1,093,631
Unearned revenue		65,115		-		-		-		65,115
Due to State General Fund		-		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities		99,381		-		-		-		99,381
Total liabilities		2,589,102		1,112,736				189,638		3,891,476
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		216,465		-		-		-		216,465
Restricted		-		29,963		11,973,719		4,806,332		16,810,014
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		4,954,659		-		-		-		4,954,659
Total fund balances		5,171,124		29,963		11,973,719		4,806,332		21,981,138
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,760,226	\$	1,142,699	\$	11,973,719	\$	4,995,970	\$	25,872,614

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities			
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	\$	21,981,138			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Cost of capital assets		190,580,435			
Accumulated depreciation		(97,495,289)			
Total capital assets		93,085,146			
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Long-term debt		(2,267,515)			
Accrued interest		(13,624)			
Compensated absences payable		(1,089,990)			
Net position of governmental activities (Statement of Net Position)	\$	111,695,155			

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<b>19300</b> General Operating Fund	89200 Capital Projects Severance Tax	<b>93100</b> GF Capital Outlay	Non- Major Funds	Total
Revenues					
Fees and services	\$ 4,116,424	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 659,580	\$ 4,776,004
Interest revenue	442	-	-	9,623	10,065
Other state funds	57,547	-	-	915,565	973,112
Federal grants and contracts	3,029,336	-	-	-	3,029,336
Private gifts and grants	372,966	-	-	-	372,966
Miscellaneous	93,691	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	19,485	113,176
Total revenues	7,670,406			1,604,253	9,274,659
Expenditures					
Current:					
Personnel service and employee benefits	26,627,670	-	-	-	26,627,670
In-state travel	136,137	-	-	-	136,137
Maintenance and repairs	1,466,583	344,390	-	100,042	1,911,015
Supplies	824,993	37,907	-	114,995	977,895
Contractual services	2,565,572	289,008	-	359,797	3,214,377
Operating costs	4,344,203	44,954	-	24,887	4,414,044
Other costs	278,137	1	-	27,855	305,993
Out-of-state travel	31,377	-	-	-	31,377
Grants to other agencies, governments and entities	988,372	1,006,327	-	34,710	2,029,409
Capital outlay	378,032	4,576,536	-	843,508	5,798,076
Debt service					
Principal	37,375	-	-	530,293	567,668
Interest	2,882			52,965	55,847
Total expenditures	37,681,333	6,299,123		2,089,052	46,069,508
(Deficiency) excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(30,010,927)	(6,299,123)	-	(484,799)	(36,794,849)
. ,					
Other financing sources (uses)					
State General Fund appropriations	30,463,000	-	11,973,719	2,316,050	44,752,769
Transfers - reversions to State General Fund FY19	(464,234)	-	-	-	(464,234)
Transfer of bond proceed appropriations	-	6,299,122	-	540,495	6,839,617
Transfers - Other	380,626	-	-	-	380,626
Transfers Intra-Agency	(822,900)				(822,900)
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,556,492	6,299,122	11,973,719	2,856,545	50,685,878
Net change in fund balances	(454,435)	(1)	11,973,719	2,371,746	13,891,029
Fund Balances, beginning of year, before restatement	t 5,659,719	29,964	-	2,434,586	8,124,269
Prior period restatement	(34,160)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(34,160)
Fund Balances, beginning of year, after restatement	5,625,559	29,964		2,434,586	8,090,109
Fund Balances, end of year	\$ 5,171,124	\$ 29,963	\$ 11,973,719	\$ 4,806,332	\$ 21,981,138

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances)	\$ 13,891,029
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	 5,285,336 (5,558,826)
	(273,490)
Disposal of capital assets less accumulated depreciation	(219,082)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loans, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
The following represents the changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year:	
Change in long-term debt	567,668
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt	2,491
Change in compensated absences	 (45,741)
	 524,418

\$ 13,922,875

Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement of Activities)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OPERATING FUND – 19300

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual			
		Original		Final	Amounts	Variance		
Revenues								
General Fund appropriations Special appropriations	\$	30,086,700	\$	30,086,700	\$ 30,363,000	\$	276,300	
Intra-state transfers		125,000		125,000	100,000		(25,000)	
Federal grants		3,164,200		3,409,675	3,029,336		(380,339)	
Earned revenues		5,373,000		5,373,000	3,630,442		(1,742,558)	
Private gifts and grants		-		80,000	372,966		292,966	
Miscellaneous		-		-	93,691		93,691	
15% Museum Admissions Fund		470,500		470,500	543,971		73,471	
Total revenue		39,219,400		39,544,875	 38,133,406		(1,411,469)	
Prior year cash budgeted				1,332,028				
Total budget revenues		39,219,400		40,876,903				
Expenditures - current:								
Personnel services and benefits		28,563,700		28,438,700	26,627,670		1,811,030	
Contractual services		2,387,700		2,519,385	2,519,385		-	
Other operating costs		8,268,000		9,095,918	8,488,091		607,827	
Other uses		-		822,900	 822,900		-	
Total Expenditures		39,219,400		40,876,903	 38,458,046		2,418,857	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures:				<u>-</u>	 (324,640)	\$	1,007,388	
Cash Balance Carryforward	\$	-	\$	-				
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis: Current year general fund reversion Prior year cash outlay for contractual servic Transfer in	es				(464,234) (46,187) 380,626			
Net change in fund balance					\$ (454,435)			

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **ENTERPRISE FUND (53000)**

June 30, 2019

ASSETS Current Assets	
Interest in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$ 1,601,518
Total current assets	1,601,518
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital assets:	
Buildings and improvements	14,605
Information technology	454,561
Libraries and museums	184,497
Machinery and equipment	51,454
Less accumulated depreciation	(490,811)
Total non-current assets	214,306
Total assets	1,815,824
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	34,117
	<u> </u>
Total current liabilities	34,117
Non-Current Liabilities	
AFSCME settlement	
Total non-current liabilities	<del>-</del>
Total liabilities	34,117
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	214,306
Unrestricted	1,567,401
Total net position	\$ 1,781,707

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND (53000)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating Revenues	
Fees and services	\$ 585,713
Miscellaneous	 199,381
Total operating revenues	785,094
Operating Expenses	,
Contractual services	18,911
	10,382
Maintenance and repairs	77,346
Supplies Operating costs	
Operating costs Other costs	10,763 308
Depreciation	 8,653
Total operating expenses	 126,363
Operation income (loss)	 658,731
Transfers in (out)	 822,900
Total transfers	 822,900
Change in net position	1,481,631
Net position, beginning of year	 300,076
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,781,707

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND (53000)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

\$	785,094
•	(83,593)
-	(==,==-,
	701,501
-	822,900
	822,900
	(197,267)
	(204,001)
	(401,268)
	1,123,133
	478,385
\$	1,601,518
\$	658,731
	8,653
	34,117
\$	701,501
	\$ \$

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

			Agency				
		61200		59300		20070	
				Historic	Ma	ain Street	
		Bartlett	Pr	eservation	R	evolving	
		Trust	F	Revolving	Loa	an Agency	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Total
ASSETS							
Interest in State Treasurer Fund							
Investment Pool	\$	109,290	\$	423,886	\$	66,408	\$ 599,584
Loans receivable, net of allowance							
for uncollectible				28,169			 28,169
Total assets		109,290		452,055		66,408	627,753
Total assets	-	100,200		+02,000		00,400	 021,100
LIADILITIE							
LIABILITIES  Deposits held in custody for others				452,055		16,408	468,463
Other liabilities		_		452,055		50,000	50,000
Other habilities						30,000	 30,000
Total liabilities				452,055		66,408	 518,463
NET POSITION	\$	109,290	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 109,290

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Bartlett	
Trust	
Fund	Tota

61200

	Bartlett Trust Fund			
				Total
REVENUE Interest income	\$	3,195	\$	3,195
EXPENSE Operating costs				
Net change in net position		3,195		3,195
Net position, beginning of the year		106,095		106,095
Net position, end of year	\$	109,290	\$	109,290

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2019

### **NOTE A – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION**

The State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA) was created to consolidate into one office several cultural affairs divisions of the former Education, Finance and Cultural Affairs Departments. The DCA administrative head is the Secretary of Cultural Affairs, appointed by the Governor of the State of New Mexico.

In fiscal year 2019, DCA was comprised of the following:

**Administrative Services Division** – The Administrative Services Division is expected to provide overall administrative support to all other divisions, including coordination of long-term and short-term planning, financial and property control, budget preparation and other clerical services.

**Museum Resources Division** – This division provides essential museum services to primarily the four museums in Santa Fe and the State Monuments. Museum services include admissions, exhibitions, conservation and the Museum of New Mexico Press.

**New Mexico Arts Division** – It is the responsibility of this division for advising and assisting public agencies in planning civic beautification, for fostering appreciation for fine arts, and for making New Mexico more appealing to the world, encouraging creative activity in the arts by residents of the State, attracting other creators in the fine arts field and administering grants-in-aid programs.

**Museum of New Mexico Division** – These divisions are responsible for acquiring, preserving and exhibiting objects of historical, archaeological and ethnological interest and works of fine art, folk art and crafts of ethnological interest to the public. The divisions also administer real property acquired for museum use or benefit through purchase, donation or bequest. In cooperation with other agencies, the federal government, private organization and individuals, these divisions establish the programs of and maintain four state museums located in Santa Fe including the New Mexico History Museum/Palace of the Governors, New Mexico Museum of Art, Museum of International Folk Art, Museum of Indian Arts and Culture and state monuments to include Coronado, Jemez, Lincoln, Fort Selden, Fort Sumner, El Camino Real International Heritage Center, and Fort Stanton.

**New Mexico State Library Division** – The collecting and maintaining of educational and informational materials, and acting as the center of reference, research and loan services for the State of New Mexico is the responsibility of this division.

Office of Archaeological Studies Division – The Office of Archaeological Studies performs archaeological studies for other governmental organizations that are mandated by laws and regulations to have an archaeological study performed.

**Historic Preservation Division** – The Historic Preservation Division is responsible for preparation of long-range plans for the preservation of cultural properties (historic and prehistoric sites and structures) including, but not limited to, acquisition, restoration and protection.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

### **NOTE A – NATURE OF ORGANIZATION – CONTINUED**

This division also reviews all federally funded or licensed land modifying activities to ensure protection of cultural resources, maintains the State Register of Cultural Properties, nominates significant cultural resources to the National Register of Historic Places, conducts the state and federal tax credit program for restoration of historic structures, coordinates with all levels of government to ensure that cultural resources are considered at all steps of project planning, and provides technical assistance to the public regarding preservation.

**NM Museum of Natural History and Science Division** – This division is responsible for the Museum of Natural History and Science, located in Albuquerque, New Mexico, which was established to collect, preserve, study and interpret material related to the natural history and science of the State and to develop and maintain programs of an educational nature for the benefit of the citizens of New Mexico and visitors to the State.

National Hispanic Cultural Center Division – This division is responsible for developing exhibits and programs displaying Hispanic culture, arts and humanities for the benefit of the public and with particular concern for the interests of the schools of the State. The Center acquires by donation, or other means, collections and related materials appropriate to the Hispanic cultural center, and also performs research to render the collections beneficial to the public.

**NM Museum of Space History Division** – The Space Center maintains and operates the International Space Hall of Fame in Alamogordo, New Mexico, for the benefit of the people of New Mexico, the nation and the world, as an educational project tracing the path of the conquest of space by man.

Farm and Ranch Heritage Museum Division – The preservation, collection, interpretation and acknowledgment of the history and sciences of farming and ranching and patterns of rural life in New Mexico, and education of the public about this heritage is the responsibility of this division.

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements for DCA have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# 1. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units in the reporting entity by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. DCA has no component units.

Listed below are Foundations that are associated with DCA; however, they have been determined not to be component units of DCA based on the criterion listed above.

- International Folk Art Foundation
- New Mexico Museum of Natural History Foundation
- Museum of New Mexico Foundation
- National Hispanic Cultural Center Foundation
- International Space Hall of Fame Foundation, Inc.
- Friends of the Farm & Ranch Heritage Museum, Inc.

DCA is an agency of the State of New Mexico, which is the primary government. The agency secretary serves at the pleasure of the Governor, that person has decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

## 2. <u>Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements</u>

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the DCA as a whole) and fund financial statements. The new reporting model focus is on either the DCA as a whole, or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type activities.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 2. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements – Continued

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reflected on a full accrual, economic resources basis measurement focus, which incorporates long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources as well as long-term obligations and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, internal activity has been eliminated at this level of presentation.

Government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation expense on capital assets) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function.

DCA has several divisions, although it reports all operations as one program. Since DCA only has one program, it does not employ indirect cost allocation in the financial statements.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of DCA as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The effect of material interfund activity has been removed from these government-wide statements. As noted on the next page, neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the government-wide financial statements.

## 3. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous accounting model. Emphasis here is on the major funds of the governmental categories. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column. DCA has four major funds.

The governmental fund statements are presented on a current financial resource measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed more appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how DCA's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to transform the fund-based financial statements into the governmental column on the governmental-wide presentation.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted Net Position are available, DCA first uses restricted resources, then unrestricted resources.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 3. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements – Continued

The focus is on DCA as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental category, as well as the fiduciary fund by category.

The financial transactions of DCA are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues, expenditures or expenses, and other financing sources or uses. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are summarized by type in the accompanying financial statements. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds based on a percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or governmental and enterprise combined.

## **Governmental Funds**

All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending or financial flow measurement focus. Only current assets, deferred outflows, current liabilities, and deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of available spendable resources. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Due to their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

<u>General Operating Fund</u> – The general fund is the general operating fund of the DCA and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is reported by a generic fund type classification within the financial statements known as governmental funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds are also reported by a generic fund type classification known as governmental funds. All special revenue funds are non-reverting.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and water rights. The capital projects fund is reported by a generic fund type classification known as governmental funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements – Continued

## **Enterprise Fund**

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

The DCA's fiduciary funds (agency funds) are presented in the fund financial statements and use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Agency, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide financial statements. Department funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# **Major Funds**

Funds are classified as major or non-major, with emphasis placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the General fund of the Agency, deemed as major by the Agency due to its importance, or meets the following criteria: total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

<u>19300 – General Fund</u> – see previous description for "General Fund."

## Capital Projects Funds

89200 – The *Department of Cultural Affairs fiscal year 2010 through 2013 Capital Projects Severance Tax Bond Fund* is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets as outlined by state law. The fund was established by Laws of 2010 through 2013 and will be utilized for the FY10, FY11, FY12, FY13 and future Severance Tax Bond Capital Outlay Appropriations. This fund will contain appropriations with staggered reversion dates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 3. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements – Continued

93100 - The Department of Cultural Affairs fiscal year 2018 through 2013 General Fund Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets as outlined by state law.

## Enterprise Funds

53000 - Enterprise Fund was created as a non-reverting fund in the state treasury. The fund was established in the 2013 regular session, per House Bill 417, 51st Legislature, Section 1. The fund consists of appropriations to the fund. Revenue generated by the DCA, proceeds from the disposition of the DCA property, income from investment of the fund, gifts, grants, donations and bequests. The fund shall be administered by the DCA, and money in the fund is subject to appropriation by the legislature to the DCA to carry out the provisions of the Cultural Affairs Department Act and other laws administered by the DCA or any of its divisions. Disbursements from the fund shall be by warrant of the Secretary of Finance and Administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the Secretary of Cultural Affairs or the Secretary's authorized representative.

# **Non-Major Funds**

## Special Revenue Funds

19400 - The *15% Museum Admissions Fund* is used to account for exhibit maintenance. This is a non-reverting fund per the Laws of 2005, Chapter 277, Section 7.

25600 – The *Museum Collections Fund* is used to account for miscellaneous museum collections. This is a non-reverting fund per the Laws of 2005, Chapter 121, Section 1(A).

59100 – The Department of Cultural Affairs, Laws of 2007, Chapter 83 (Rural Libraries Development Fund) is used to establish a rural library development program that provides grants-in-aid to improve existing rural libraries. This is a non-reverting fund. It was not budgeted in 2017.

89900 – The Farm and Ranch Registration Plate is used to account for special registration plate fees distributed for farm and ranch heritage museum for educational programs. This is a non-reverting fund per the laws of 2009, Chapter 90, Section 1.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# 3. <u>Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements – Continued</u>

# Capital Projects Fund

69800 – The *Department of Cultural Affairs Art in Public Places (AIPP) Fund* is used to account for the acquisition of art as outlined by state law. The fund was established by Laws of 1986. This is a non-reverting fund per Arts in Public Places Laws of NMSA 13-4A-1 to 13-4A-11.

# **Debt Service Funds**

The following debt service fund, established at the direction of the Department of Finance and Administration, existed at 2014:

69100 – The Department of Cultural Affairs, Laws of 2003, Chapters 371, 372 and 430 (2004 Capital Projects Fund) is used to pay the bonds for the capital projects established by Laws of 2003. This is a non-reverting fund.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

20070 – Main Street Revolving Loan Agency Fund – The Main Street Revolving Loan Fund is created in the state treasury fund and consists of appropriations, loans, gifts, grants, donations and bequests made to the fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the committee for the purpose of making revolving loans pursuant to the provisions of Main Street Revolving Loan Act. Income from the fund should be credited to the fund, and money in the fund should not revert at the end of the year. It is considered an agency fund.

59300 – Historic Preservation Revolving Agency Fund – The revolving fund is available for loans from the Fund for low-cost restoration to register properties. This is an agency fund. This fund does not receive State General Fund appropriations and therefore is a non-reverting fund.

61200 – Bartlett Trust Fund – The Bartlett Trust Fund is a private purpose fund of the State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs. The Bartlett Trust Fund was created for the purpose of accounting for the proceeds totaling \$75,000 from the sale of El Mirado Ranch, which was bequeathed under the provisions of a will. The proceeds were placed with and invested at the State Treasurer as a permanent fund. The proceeds are used for the Museum of International Folk Art. The trust fund was created by the Laws of 1949 and 1951. This fund does not receive State General Fund appropriations and therefore is a non-reverting fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 4. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## **Accrual Accounting**

Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fiduciary Financial Statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, incorporating long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

## **Modified Accrual Accounting**

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

DCA defines the term "available" to include funds received within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Revenues from grants that are restricted for specific uses are recognized as revenues and as receivables when the related costs are incurred. Contributions and other monies held by other state and local agencies are recorded as a receivable at the time the money is made available to the specific fund. All other revenues are recognized when they are received and are not susceptible to accrual.

Revenues from special appropriations (capital projects) that are restricted for specific uses are recognized as revenues and as receivables when the related costs are incurred. Contributions and other monies held by other State and local agencies are recorded as a receivable at the time the money is made available to the specific fund. All other revenues are recognized when they are received if they are not susceptible to accrual.

Expenditures are recorded as liabilities when incurred. An exception to this general rule is that accumulated unpaid annual, compensatory and certain sick leave are not accrued as current liabilities but as non-current liabilities. Expenditures charged to federal programs are recorded utilizing the cost principles described by the various funding sources.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 4. Basis of Accounting – Continued

In applying the "susceptible to accrual" concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB No. 33 (as it relates to non-exchange and exchange transactions), the provider should recognize liabilities and expenses and the recipient should recognize receivables and revenues when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met, under most circumstances, should be reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

## 5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The New Mexico State Legislature makes annual appropriations to DCA, which lapse at fiscal year-end but do not revert to the state general fund. Legal compliance is monitored through the establishment of a budget (modified cash-basis) and a financial control system, which permits a budget to actual expenditure comparison. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations for each budget at the appropriation program unit level. Budgeted appropriation unit amounts may be amended upon approval from the Budget Division of the State of New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration within the limitations as specified in the General Appropriation Act. The budget amounts shown in the financial statements are both the original appropriation and the final authorized amounts as legally revised during the year.

DCA follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- No later than September 1, DCA submits to the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC), and the Budget Division of the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA), an appropriation request for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The appropriation request includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Budget hearings are scheduled before the New Mexico House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees. The final outcome of those hearings is incorporated into the State's General Appropriations Act.
- The Act is signed into Law by the Governor of the State of New Mexico within the legally prescribed time limit, at which time the approved budget becomes a legally binding document.
- Not later than May 1, DCA submits to DFA an annual operating budget by appropriation unit and object code based upon the appropriation made by the Legislature. The DFA-Budget Division reviews and approves the operating budget, which becomes effective on July 1.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 5. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting - Continued</u>

All subsequent budgetary adjustments must be approved by the Director of the DFA-Budget Division and LFC.

- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for the general and capital projects funds. The trust funds are not budgeted, as they have no expenditure activity.
- The Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual for the General Operating Fund is presented at the departmental level.

The Laws of 2004, Chapter 114, "General Appropriations", established the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds as the budgetary basis of accounting for the State of New Mexico. The capital projects funds are multiple-year appropriations that do not lapse at year-end. Enterprise Fund 53000 did not have a budget passed as the expenditures are included in other program budgets.

## 6. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position/Fund Balance

## **Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents for the Statement of Cash Flows purposes includes cash securities and debt instruments whose initial maturity is three months or less.

### Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "Cash and Investments" includes investments in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool. In accordance with Sections 6-10-10 I through O, NMSA 1978 as amended, the State Treasurer has the authority to invest money held in demand deposits and not immediately needed for the operation of state government. See the State Treasurer's annual audit report for the GASB 40 disclosure of the investments, which may be obtained by writing to the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office, P.O. Box 608, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0608.

Investments include deposits on hand with the State Treasurer. All monies are deposited with and monitored by the State Treasurer. Separate financial statements, which disclose collateral pledged to secure these deposits, are issued by the Office of the State Treasurer.

## Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of books and other publications and miscellaneous items held for resale. Inventory is valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method, not to exceed net realizable value. The net realizable value of inventory for books and other publications is estimated by writing down the carrying value of the inventory, after the year of acquisition, by

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance – Continued</u>

20% of the purchase cost over five years. Inventory items are considered expenditures when purchased (purchase method). Under the purchase method, the purchases of inventory are recorded as expenditures and at year-end, the balance of inventories is recorded with an offsetting reserve of fund balance in the governmental fund statements.

### **Federal Grants Receivable**

Various reimbursement procedures are used for federal awards received by DCA. Consequently, timing differences between expenditures and program reimbursements can exist at any time during the fiscal year. Receivable balances at fiscal year-end represent an excess of modified accrual basis expenditures over cash reimbursements received to date. Conversely, unearned revenue balances represent an overdraw of cash (advances) in excess of modified accrual basis expenditures. Generally, receivable or unearned revenue balances caused by differences in the timing of cash reimbursements and expenditures will be reversed or returned to the grantor in the remaining grant period.

## **Capital Assets**

Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at the fair market values as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. The State's capitalization policy (i.e., the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the Capital accounts) is \$5,000 per 12-6-10 NMSA 1978. However, all capital outlay purchases may not necessarily be capitalized.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives with no salvage value, as follows:

Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 years
Data Processing Equipment	3 years
Library & Museum	5 years
Software	3 years
Equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Buildings	30 years
Land Improvements	30 years

DCA utilizes facilities and buildings that are owned by the individual museum governing Boards; as well as its non-museum staff utilizing facilities owned by the Property Control Division of the State of New Mexico General Services Department.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance – Continued</u>

## **Special Appropriations and Bonds**

DCA received special appropriations for various capital projects. The funds are typically received entirely in the year of the appropriation, but the capital projects may take several years to complete. Special appropriations revenue is recognized in the year appropriated as it is measurable, available and has no eligibility requirements. Severance tax and general obligation bond proceed appropriations are recognized as revenue when the funds are expended as this is when the applicable eligibility requirements are met.

### **Net Position**

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net asset presentation. Net Position are categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – is intended to reflect the portion of Net Position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.

Restricted Assets – are liquid assets (generated from revenues and not bond proceeds), which have third-party (statutory, bond covenant or granting agency) limitations on their use.

*Unrestricted Assets* – represent unrestricted liquid assets. DCA allocates expenses to restricted or unrestricted resources based on the budgeted source of funds.

### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Also, in addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2019, DCA reported no deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

6. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance – Continued</u>

#### Fund Balance

In the fund level financial statements, fund balance reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation or expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, DCA classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes amounts that cannot be spend because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes balances that are legally restricted for specific purposes due to constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; all restricted funds, \$2,464,550, are considered to be restricted by enabling legislation.
- Committed includes balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Legislative and Executive branches;
- Assigned includes balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed; and
- Unassigned includes the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for use, it is DCA's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources. Any residual balances are classified using the default policy for unrestricted fund balance: committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### 7. GASB Statement No. 88

DCA adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (GASS 88) during 2019. GASB 88 is intended to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## 7. GASB Statement No. 88 - Continued

GASB 88 defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established.

GASB 88 requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, GASB 88 also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

## 8. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE C - CASH ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENT POLICY

## 1. <u>Investments in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool</u>

As provided for in Chapter 8-6 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated 1978, the State Treasurer shall receive and keep all monies of the State, except when otherwise provided, and shall disburse the public money upon lawful warrants. The State Treasurer's Organization (STO) acts as the State's bank. Agency cash receipts are deposited with STO and pooled in a State Investment Fund, when amounts are greater than immediate needs they are placed into short-term investments. When agencies make payments to vendors and employees they are made from this pool and their claims on the pool reduced.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE C - CASH ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENT POLICY - CONTINUED

## 1. <u>Investments in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool – Continued</u>

The comprehensive cash reconciliation model, which compares aggregated agency claims on the State General Fund Investment Pool to the associated resources held by the State Treasurer's Office, is now in its fourth year. This process has been reviewed multiple times by the IPAs during the audits of the General Fund, the Department of Finance and Administration and the State of New Mexico's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The reviews have deemed the process to be sound and the Department fully compliant with the requirements of the monthly process.

The State Treasurer indicated on August 19, 2019 that as of June 30, 2019, resources held in the pool were equivalent to the corresponding business unit claims on those resources and all claims as recorded in SHARE shall be honored at face value.

The Department has established daily and monthly procedures that mitigate the risk of misstatement of DCA's balances within the Pool. In addition, as required by Section 6-5-2.1 (J) NMSA 1978, DFA/FCD is to complete, on a monthly basis, reconciliation with the balances and accounts kept by the State Treasurer and adopt and promulgate rules regarding reconciliation for state agencies.

State law (Section 8-6-3 NMSA 1978) requires DCA's cash to be managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office. Accordingly, the investments of the Department consist of an interest in the General Fund Investment Pool managed by the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office.

At June 30, 2019, DCA had the following invested in the General Fund Investment Pool, restricted cash for bonds at the NMFA and petty cash and cash drawers:

	G	overnmental		Enterprise	I	iduciary	
Cash and cash equivalents		Funds	_	Fund	_	Funds	 Total
General Fund Investment Pool	\$	23,803,876	\$	1,601,518	\$	599,584	\$ 26,004,978
Restricted cash at NMFA		18,200		-		-	18,200
Petty cash and cash drawers		4,500					 4,500
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,826,576	\$	1,601,518	\$	599,584	\$ 26,027,678

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE C - CASH ACCOUNTS AND INVESTMENT POLICY - CONTINUED

## 1. <u>Investments in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool – Continued</u>

As part of DCA's cash controls, all incoming funds and outgoing disbursements are tracked to ensure transactions are properly entered into SHARE and post to the general ledger. Additionally, at year-end, DCA performs a cash analysis on all funds to ensure the activity affecting the cash accounts properly reflect the ending balances at year-end. DCA also does not issue third party disbursements that may materially affect DCA's financial statements.

## 2. Interest Rate Risk for Investments

The New Mexico State Treasurer's Office has an investment policy that limits investment maturities to five years or less on allowable investments. This policy is means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. This policy is reviewed and approved annually by the New Mexico State Board of Finance.

## 3. Credit Risk for Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The General Fund Investment Pool is not rated for credit risk.

## 4. Custodial Credit Risk-Deposit

The Office of the State Treasurer (STO) monitors the collateral for deposits it holds, which would include the investment accounts of the DCA. Therefore, collateralization of the DCA's accounts is the responsibility of the STO. The STO has its own separate annual independent audit in which the collateral pledged to secure these deposits is disclosed. By law, the DCA is not permitted to have any investments other than what is held at the State Treasurer's Office and the DCA did not have any other investments during the year ended June 30, 2019. There is no custodial risk at the DCA's level since the DCA's investments are under the contract of the Office of the State Treasurer.

For further information regarding the SGFIP, please see the State Treasurer's annual audit report and specifically refer to the GASB 40 disclosure of the investments. That report may be obtained by writing to the New Mexico State Treasurer's Office, P.O. Box 608, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0708.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

## NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2018		Additions		Disposals/ Transfers		Balance 6/30/2019	
		0/30/2010		Additions		TIAIISICIS	_	0/30/2019
Land	\$	5,801,746	\$	_	\$	_	\$	5,801,746
Construction in Progress	Ψ	386,530	Ψ	2,474,563	Ψ	(285,178)	Ψ	2,575,915
5				, ,		( , - ,		,,-
Total Non-Depreciable Assets	\$	6,188,276	\$	2,474,563	\$	(285,178)	\$	8,377,661
Buildings & Improvements	\$	164,010,812	\$	1,836,250	\$	(130,869)	\$	165,716,193
Furniture and Fixtures		2,468,799		159,407		-		2,628,206
Information Technology		953,018		271,189		(15,500)		1,208,707
Land Improvements		1,309,164		84,269		147,080		1,540,513
Libraries & Museums		1,008,531		175,109		-		1,183,640
Machinery and Equipment		8,631,880		245,630		(241,611)		8,635,899
Vehicles		1,593,908		27,291		(331,583)		1,289,616
Total Depreciable Assets		179,976,112		2,799,145		(572,483)		182,202,774
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings & Improvements		(78,997,879)		(5,046,334)		88,804		(83,955,409)
Furniture and fixtures		(2,381,018)		(28,177)		-		(2,409,195)
Information Technology		(945,949)		(32,630)		15,500		(963,079)
Land Improvements		(188,561)		(50,251)		-		(238,812)
Libraries & Museums		(970,342)		-		-		(970,342)
Machinery and Equipment		(8,014,603)		(289,603)		241,611		(8,062,595)
Vehicles		(1,088,318)		(111,831)		304,292		(895,857)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(92,586,670)		(5,558,826)		650,207		(97,495,289)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$	87,389,442	\$	(2,759,681)	\$	77,724	\$	84,707,485
Reconciliation of Capital Outlay to Capital Additions								
Capital Outlay			\$	5,798,076				
Less Art in Public Places Items Capitalized on Recipient Books				(524,368)				
			\$	5,273,708				
				3,=: 3,: 30				

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

## NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-Type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

	6/30/2018		Additions		Disposals		6/30/2019	
Information Technology	\$	454,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$	454,561
Libraries and Museums		-		184,497		-		184,497
Machinery and Equipment		31,950		19,504		-		51,454
Buildings & Improvements		14,605		-				14,605
Total Depreciable Assets		501,116		204,001				705,117
Accumulated depreciation:								
Information Technology		(454,561)		-		-		(454,561)
Libraries and Museums		-		(775)		-		(775)
Machinery and Equipment		(25,649)		(7,391)		-		(33,040)
Building & Improvements		(1,948)		(487)				(2,435)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(482,158)		(8,653)				(490,811)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	18,958	\$	195,348	\$		\$	214,306

Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2019, was charged to the following functions:

Museum services	\$ 5,413,961
Preservation & Library	114,326
Program support	 30,539
Total	\$ 5,558,826
Business-Type Activities	
Enterprise Fund 53000	\$ 8,653

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 Paragraph 27, Reporting Works of Art and Historical Treasurers, DCA is not required to capitalize works of art, historical treasures and similar assets if the collection is:

- Held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain.
- Protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved.
- Subject to an organizational policy that requires the proceeds from sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for collections.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

### NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

DCA has evaluated all collections and have made a determination that all collections meet the above criteria and, as such, were not capitalized at June 30, 2019. Major department facilities with substantial art and collection items include the: Museum of Art, Museum of International Folk Art, Museum of Indian Arts and Culture, History Museum/Palace of the Governors, Space History Museum, Farm and Ranch Heritage Museum, National Hispanic Cultural Center and the Museum of Natural History and Science.

## NOTE E - COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

Qualified employees are entitled to accumulate annual leave as follows: a maximum of 240 hours of such accumulated annual leave may be carried forward into the beginning of the calendar year, and any excess is lost. When employees terminate, they are compensated for accumulated unpaid annual leave as of the date of termination, up to a maximum of 240 hours.

Qualified employees are entitled to accumulate sick leave at the rate of 3.69 hours per pay period. Employees who have accumulated 600 hours of unused sick leave are entitled to be paid for additional unused sick leave at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate of pay for up to 120 hours of sick leave. Payment for unused sick leave may be made only once per fiscal year on either the payday immediately following the first full pay period in January or the first full pay period in July. Immediately prior to retirement from service, employees who have accumulated 600 hours of unused sick leave are entitled to be paid for additional unused sick leave at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate for up to 400 hours of sick leave.

All sick leave balances from 600 to 1,000 hours have been recorded at 50 percent of the employee's current hourly rate, including those amounts paid in July of the subsequent fiscal year, because no expendable financial resources are available as of the balance sheet date to liquidate the liability. No accrual has been made for sick leave balances below 600 hours or above 1,000 hours.

A summary of changes in compensated absences payable for the year ended June 30 for government type activities is as follows:

Balance							Balance			
	6/30/2018Increase			Decrease 6/30/2019 Curre			rrent Portion			
Compensated		_		_		_		_		
Absences	\$	1,044,249	\$	1,533,051	\$	(1,487,310)	\$	1,089,990	\$	1,089,990

All of the compensated absences balance has been paid by the General Fund in prior years.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE F - PENSION PLAN - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

## 1. Plan Description.

Substantially all of the Department's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Compliant with the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the State of New Mexico follows the standard for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

The DCA, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Disclosure requirements for governmental funds apply to the primary government as a whole, and as such, this information will be presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico.

Information concerning the net pension liability, pension expense, and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the General Fund and the CAFR and will be available, when issued, from the Office of State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

## 2. Funding Policy.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Department are established in State Statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements and contributions may be amended by acts of the Legislature. The contribution rate for employees that make \$20,000 or less in wages is 7.42% for the employee portion and 16.99% for the employer portion. The contribution rate for employees that make more than \$20,000 in wages is 8.92% for the employee portion and 16.99% for the employer portion.

DCA's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$3,038,446, \$2,889,358 and \$3,005,728, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE G - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

## 1. Plan Description

The DCA contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

## 2. Funding Policy

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

The DCA's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$357,704, \$339,877 and \$353,820, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

## 3. <u>GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>

Compliant with the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the State of New Mexico follows this standard for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The DCA, as part of the primary government of the State of New Mexico, is a contributing employer to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that provides comprehensive group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service positions in New Mexico. The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Plan is administered by the Retiree Health Care Authority of the State of New Mexico.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

## NOTE G – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN – CONTINUED

3. GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – Continued

Overall, total OPEB liability exceeds OPEB Plan net position resulting in a net OPEB liability. The State has determined the State's share of the net OPEB liability to be a liability of the State as a whole, rather than any agency or department of the State and the liability will not be reported in the department or agency level financial statements of the State. All required disclosures will be presented in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of New Mexico.

Information concerning the net liability, benefit expense, and benefit-related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources of the primary government will be contained in the State of New Mexico Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2019, and will be available, when issued, from the Office of the State Controller, Room 166, Bataan Memorial Building, 407 Galisteo Street, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 87501.

## NOTE H - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS)

DCA, as a State Agency defined in the New Mexico Tort Claims Act, is insured through the Risk Management Division of the General Services Department of the State of New Mexico. The Office of Risk Management Division pays annual premiums for coverage provided in the following areas:

- Liability and civil rights protection for claims made by others against the State of New Mexico;
- Coverage to protect the State of New Mexico's property and assets; and
- Fringe benefit coverage for State of New Mexico employees.

### NOTE I – DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES

		Due to DCA Fund No.							
		19	9300	69100		89200			
Agency	Due from	Ge	neral	-	NMFA		Capital		
Department	State Agency	Ope	erating	Р	rojects	F	Projects		
No.	(Department)	F	Fund F		Fund Fund Fund		Fund	Total	
	NM Taxation								
33300	& Revenue (83200)	\$	-	\$	38,330	\$	-	\$	38,330
	NM Taxation								
33300	& Revenue (82800)		400		-		-		400
	Board of								
34103	Finance (20650)		-		-		304,874		304,874
	Board of								
34103	Finance (40220)						165,485		165,485
		•							<u> </u>
	Total	\$	400	\$	38,330	\$	470,359	\$	509,089

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

## NOTE J - OPERATING AND INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Operating transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

	General Operating Fund 19300		ting Fund PI		Capital Projects Fund 89200		General Fund Capital Projects 93100		
State General Fund - 34101									
General Fund Appropriation - 85300	\$	30,463,000	\$	2,316,050	\$	-	\$	11,973,719	
Special Appropriation - 62000		380,626		-		-		-	
Board of Finance - 34103									
General Obligation Bonds - 11670		-		155,175		-		-	
General Obligation Bonds - 35160		-		88,850		-		-	
General Obligation Bonds - 50330		-		129,400		1,016,167		-	
General Obligation Bonds - 10590		-		38,000		-		-	
General Obligation Bonds - 2700		-		105,700		-		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 20650		-		-		3,457,693		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 11440		-		6,100		-		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 60900		-		-		300,000		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 60910		-		5,000		-		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 10920		-		3,850		-		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 96850		-		2,000		-		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 11720		-		1,400		164,241		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 11910		-		500		-		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 20610		-		-		147,327		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 50230		-		-		451,654		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 40220		-		-		660,659		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 50350		-		-		3,598		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 43110		-		4,520		97,140		-	
Severance Tax Bonds - 50120		-		-		642			
	\$	30,843,626	\$	2,856,545	\$	6,299,121	\$	11,973,719	

Interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were as follows:

		Tra	Transfer From		ansfer To
19300	General Operating Fund	\$	(822,900)		
	Enterprise Fund	Ψ	(022,000)	\$	822,900

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE K - OTHER RECEIVABLES

Other receivables not due from state or federal sources as of June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

		19300		
		General		
	C	Operating		
		Fund		
Receivables:				
Due from local governments	\$	346,843		
Payroll receivables		2,020		
Other receivables		487,525		
Allowance for bad debts		(153,930)		
Total	\$	682,458		

Other receivables due from federal sources as of June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

		19300
		General
	(	Operating
		Fund
Receivables:		
Due from federal government		
for federal awards and contracts	\$	638,027

## **NOTE L - REVOLVING LOAN FUND**

Revolving funds appropriated or transferred to DCA are described as follows:

The Revolving Loan Fund of the State of New Mexico is used to account for funds of the Revolving Loan Fund of the Department of Cultural Affairs. The fund was administratively established.

Historic preservation loans are made by participation in such loans with financial institutions of the National Trust for Historic Preservation to the extent of 25% to 50% of the amounts loaned to the owners. Loan repayment periods may not exceed five years, must be payable in installments not less often than annually, with interest on the unpaid balance at a rate not greater than the yield, at the time of the loan approval, on U.S. Treasury bills with a maturity of 365 days, plus 3.5%. Loans must be collateralized.

The Main Street Revolving Loan Fund is created in the State Treasury and consists of appropriations, loans, gifts, grants, donations and bequests made to the fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the committee for the purpose of making revolving loans pursuant to the provisions of Main Street Revolving Loan Act. Income from the fund should be credited to the fund, and money in the fund should not revert at the end of the year. It is considered an agency fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE M - CAPITAL PROJECTS LIFE-TO-DATE ACTIVITY

Details of capital projects financed by special appropriations are shown in a supplementary schedule. Details of capital projects financed by severance tax bonds are shown in another supplementary schedule. These schedules show life to date budgetary data (appropriations and actual expenditures).

The Laws of 1986, Chapter 11, Art in Public Places Act, requires that certain agencies allocate one percent or \$200,000, whichever is less, of a public building's construction cost, or of any renovation exceeding \$100,000, to be expended for the acquisition and the installation of works of art for the new building to be constructed or the building in which the major renovation is to occur (corrections facilities are not entitled to receive any benefit from the one percent assessment). The funds for art are to be allocated to and expended by DCA.

#### **NOTE N – AFFILIATED FOUNDATIONS**

The museums of DCA are affiliated with foundations organized principally for the purpose of promoting and supporting educational and scientific programs of the museums. This commitment by the foundations, which are constituted under the tax-exempt provisions of Internal Revenue Code Sec 501(c)(3), may also arise from operating agreements with the foundations.

For the most part, the expenses of the foundations are to third parties; however, direct payments are received by DCA for shop, restaurant, office and similar facilities operated or occupied by the foundations and for the reimbursement of salaries and fringe benefits of museum personnel for their participation, periodically, in various programs underwritten by the foundations.

#### NOTE O - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

DCA receives funds from federal and state agencies and re-grants certain portions of these funds to sub-grantees. These funds are subject to audit and adjustment by the granting agencies. Any disallowed amounts resulting from the audits would be required to be refunded. DCA believes that the amounts, if any, that would be refunded by it would not have a material effect on the DCA's financial position at June 30, 2019.

DCA is involved in several pending legal matters related to employment and injury claims. The risk of loss in most of these cases is deemed to be "slight to moderate" by the Department's counsel and management, and any potential loss would not materially affect the financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE P - CONTINGENT LIABILITY FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY BONDS

During 2009, the Department entered into an agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority for the issuance of \$368,780 of Energy Efficiency Renewable Energy Bonds for energy efficiency improvements at three museums. As authorized by the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Bonding Act (Chapter 6, Article 21D, NMSA 1978), debt service on the bonds is covered by gross receipts revenue transferred to the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Bonding fund. However, after certification of energy efficiency savings from these projects by the Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department in 2014, a provision was triggered requiring annual repayments to the State general fund from the Department until the debt including interest is extinguished. The source of the repayment was intended to be the savings from the energy efficiency improvements, but the Department contends that those savings were swept by reductions in the Department's general fund operating budget since 2009. No provision was made in prior years to the financial statements for separate repayment of the bonds due to circumstances surrounding the transaction, including uncertainty in timing of repayment, source of repayment and possible need for special appropriation funding to provide for the bond liability. During the current fiscal year, a special appropriation was made from other state funds of \$441,000 and reverted back to the State General Fund for the principal and interest repayment of this transaction, which is now considered paid in full.

## **NOTE Q - OPERATING LEASES**

The reporting entity entered into a number of operating leases, which contain cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations. The rent expenditures for these leases were primarily from the General Fund. Future minimum lease payments are:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2020	\$ 138,829
2021	98,057
2022	57,974
2023	25,840
2024	16,632
Thereafter	1,355,508
Total	\$ 1,692,840

Rent expense from operating leases was \$119,058 for the year ending June 30, 2019.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### **NOTE R - LONG-TERM DEBT**

At June 30, 2019, long-term debt consisted of the following:

## **State Building Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds**

Bonds issued by the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA), original amount \$2,789,054, payable from the State Building Bonding Fund, for the purpose of providing funds to refund and redeem the NMFA outstanding State Museum Tax Revenue Bonds issued in 2003. The bond amount issued by NMFA became a direct loan to DCA issued by NMFA to provide funding to the Department of Cultural Affairs for the purpose of renovating and maintaining current structures and developing permanent exhibits at State museums and monuments, specifically authorized by legislative act and the 2003 regular session. The interest rate ranges from 0.46% the first year up to 1.42% in 2023, the year of maturity.

## **Public Project Revolving Fund Loan**

Direct loan issued to DCA by the NMFA, original amount \$2,350,000, to the Department of Cultural Affairs in order to design, remodel, renovate, rehabilitate or improve State museums and monuments. The loan is secured by a pledge of governmental gross receipts revenue (GGRT), which is one percent of the GGRT. Any GGRT revenue distributed to the Department remaining after the payment of debt service may be used by the Department for museum capital improvement projects. The interest rate ranges from .62% the first year up to 4.18% in 2023, the year of maturity. There is a .25% semi-annual administration fee as well.

### **Energy Efficiency Assessment Revolving Fund Loan**

Direct loan issued to DCA by the NMFA, original amount \$368,780, to the Department of Cultural Affairs in order to install energy efficiency measures in certain State buildings (Museum of Natural History, Museum of Space History, and the New Mexico Museum of Fine Arts). During fiscal year 2015, the New Mexico Department of Energy and Minerals and Natural Resources Department certified that DCA met the required efficiency and, as such, DCA was required to re-pay the debt initially paid through pledged governmental gross receipts tax revenues. The loan repayable to NMFA requires annual principal and interest to be paid in the amount of \$43,822 due each June 30. The loan retains the same interest rates as the original note which ranges from 3.43% the first year up to 5.74% in 2020, the year of maturity.

There were extensive qualification procedures with NMFA to qualify for the loans. There are no unusual termination provisions or unusual default provisions in connection with the loans

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the following changes occurred in long-term debt:

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

## NOTE R - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

		Balance						Balance			
	June 30,							June 30,	Due Within		
		2018		Additions		Deletions		2019		One Year	
2016A State Building Revolving Fund	\$	2,010,132	\$	-	\$	(392,664)	\$	1,617,468	\$	398,561	
Public Project Revolving Fund Loan		748,941		-		(137,629)		611,312		143,341	
Energy Efficiency Revolving Fund Loan		76,110		-		(37,375)		38,735		38,735	
Total long-term debt	\$	2,835,183	\$	-	\$	(567,668)	\$	2,267,515	\$	580,637	

DCA's principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term debt obligations are as follows:

## Public Project Revolving Fund Loan

Year ended June 30,	 Principal	Interest		
2020	143,341		26,523	
2021	149,405		20,474	
2022	155,861		14,035	
2023	 162,705		7,207	
Total	\$ 611,312	\$	68,239	

## State Building Tax Refunding Bonds

Year ended June 30,	 Principal	Interest		
2020	398,561		20,936	
2021	400,992		16,632	
2022	407,321		11,740	
2023	 410,594		6,241	
Total	\$ 1,617,468	\$	55,549	

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

### NOTE R - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

## Energy Efficiency Revolving Fund Loan

Year ended June 30,	F	Principal	Interest			
2020		38,735		1,522		
Takal	Φ.	00.705	Φ.	4 500		
Total	\$	38,735	\$	1,522		

Restricted cash at June 30, 2019 in the amount of \$554 and \$7,691, held in the NMFA Projects Fund 69100 and the General Fund 19300, respectively, represents debt reserves held with the New Mexico Finance Authority and is restricted for that purpose.

## NOTE S – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE TO STATE GENERAL FUND – STALE DATED WARRANTS AND REVERSION

Unexpended cash balances of certain funds revert to the State General Fund at year-end. For certain funds, cash recoveries during the fiscal year from stale dated warrants are also due to the State General Fund. Current year reversions due to the State General Fund as of June 30, 2019, were as follows:

		Balance Due State General Fund							
		Stale	e Dated				_		
Governmental Fund Description	Fund	Checks		R	eversions	Total			
General Operating Fund	19300	\$	-	\$	464,234	\$	464,234		
Arts in Public Places Fund	69800		-		-		-		
Total		\$	-	\$	464,234	\$	464,234		

## NOTE T - FUND BALANCE

A summary of the nature and purpose of these reserves by fund type at June 30, 2019, is included in the table below.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### NOTE T - FUND BALANCE - CONTINUED

Fund/Program	Laws	Restricted	Unassigned		
General Fund:					
DCA General Operating Fund		\$ -	\$	4,954,659	
Total General Operating Fund:				4,954,659	
Capital Improvement Projects:					
Capital Projects Severence Tax	Laws of 2009, Chapter 7 Sect 3; Laws of 2010, Chapter 4 Sect 5; Chapter 5 Sect 6	29,963		-	
General Fund Capital Project	Laws of 2019, Chapter 277, Section 9	11,973,719			
Art in Public Places Fund	Laws of 1986 Chapter 11	2,440,006		-	
Farm & Ranch Licensee Fund	Laws of 2009, Chapter 90 Sect 1	196,036			
Total Capital Projects:		14,639,724			
Special Revenue:					
15% Museum Admissions Fund	Laws of 2005, Chapter 277	908,303		-	
Museum Collections Fund	Laws of 2005, Chapter 121	228,231		-	
Rural Libraries Development Fund	Laws of 2007, Chapter 83	900			
Total Special Revenue:		1,137,434			
Debt Service:					
NMFA Projects Fund	Laws of 2003, Chapter 430	1,032,856			
Total Debt Service:		1,032,856			
Total Fund Balance		\$ 16,810,014	\$	4,954,659	

\$216,464 in non-spendable fund balance within the general operating fund is a result of inventory held in that fund at June 30, 2019.

### NOTE U - PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

The Department increased its beginning fund balance by \$34,160 to reflect the necessary decrease in inventory during the current fiscal year. Per MAP's FIN 10.1, state agencies are required to use the purchase method for prepaid expenses and inventories. The reinstatement facilitates the required procedures for inventory and conforms to standard policy and reporting of the State for such items.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

### **NOTE V - CONCENTRATION**

The DCA depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, the Federal Government. Because of this dependency, the DCA is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal laws and Federal appropriations.

### **NOTE W - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through October 31, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, to determine whether such events should be recorded or disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## **NOTE X – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

GASB has issued the following statements, which are applicable in future years. At this time, management has not determined the impact, if any on the Department.

### GASB 84

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities (GASB 84) establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements.

The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 (FY20). Management has not yet determined the impact of this statement.

### GASB 87

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**

June 30, 2019

### NOTE X - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - CONTINUED

GASB 87 increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. GASB 87 is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (FY21) with earlier application encouraged. This statement may have some impact on the assets and liabilities of the Department.

### GASB 88

During FY19, DCA adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements (GASB 88). GASB 88 is intended to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

GASB 88 defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established.

GASB 88 requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, GASB 88 also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.



## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

				Special Re	evenue Fi	unds		
		19400		25600		9100		89900
	15	% Museum		Museum	Rural			Farm &
		dmission	С	Collections		Libraries		Ranch
		Fund		Fund	Development		Fund	
ASSETS								
Interest in State Treasurer General								
Fund Investment Pool	\$	959,002	\$	228,231	\$	900	\$	196,841
Other cash		-		-		-		-
Due from federal government		-		-		-		-
Due from other state agencies		-		_		_		-
Due from other local governments		-		_		-		-
Due from other funds		-		_		-		-
Other receivables, net		-		_		-		-
Inventory		-						
Total assets	\$	959,002	\$	228,231	\$	900	\$	196,841
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	50,699	\$	_	\$	_	\$	805
Accrued payroll		, -		_		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		_		_		-
Due to federal government		-		_		_		-
Due to other state agencies		-		_		-		-
Due to other funds		-		_		_		-
Due to State General Fund		-		_		-		-
Due to local governments		-		_		-		-
Other liabilities								
Total liabilities		50,699		-		-		805
FUND BALANCES:								
Fund balances								
Restricted		908,303		228,231		900		196,036
Unassigned (deficit)				<u> </u>				-
Total fund balances		908,303		228,231		900		196,036
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	959,002	\$	228,231	\$	900	\$	196,841

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

	_	Debt Service Fund 69100 NMFA Projects Fund	 Eapital Project Fund 69800 Arts in Public laces Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
ASSETS						
Interest in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Other cash Due from federal government Due from other state agencies Due from other local governments Due from other funds Other receivables, net	\$	1,061,906 554 - 38,330 - - -	\$ 2,510,206 - - - - - -	\$	4,957,086 554 - 38,330 - - -	
Inventory			 			
Total assets	\$	1,100,790	\$ 2,510,206	\$	4,995,970	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	67,934	\$ 70,200	\$	189,638	
Accrued payroll		-	, -	·	, -	
Unearned revenue		-	-		-	
Due to federal government		-	-		-	
Due to other state agencies		-	-		-	
Due to other funds		-	-		-	
Due to State General Fund		-	-		-	
Due to local governments		-	-		-	
Other liabilities		-	 			
Total liabilities		67,934	70,200		189,638	
FUND BALANCES:						
Fund balances						
Restricted		1,032,856	2,440,006		4,806,332	
Unassigned (deficit)						
Total fund balances		1,032,856	 2,440,006		4,806,332	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,100,790	\$ 2,510,206	\$	4,995,970	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPEDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special Re	evenue Fi	unds	
	19400 % Museum dmission Fund	25600 Museum Collections Fund	<b>5</b> 9 F Lib	9100 Rural oraries elopment	89900 Farm & Ranch Fund
Revenues					_
Fees and services	\$ 543,971	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 115,609
Interest revenue	-	6,958		-	-
Other state funds	-	-		-	-
Federal grants and contracts	-	-		-	-
Private gifts and grants	-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous	 	 4,800		-	 -
Total revenues	 543,971	 11,758			 115,609
Expenditures					
Maintenance and repairs	44,266	-		-	6,291
Supplies	46,433	2,400		-	21,137
Contractual services	17,326	-		-	7,453
Operating costs	24,887	-		-	-
Other costs	2,793	-		-	-
Grants to other agencies	-	_		-	7,419
Capital outlay	25,703	11,715		-	-
Debt service					
Principal	-	-		-	-
Interest	 	 		-	 
Total expenditures	 161,408	 14,115			 42,300
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures before					
other financing sources (uses)	 382,563	 (2,357)			 73,309
04 5					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers - Reversions to State General Fund	-	-		-	-
Transfer of bond proceed appropriations	-	-		-	-
Transfers, in (out)	 	 -		-	 
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	-		-	 -
Net change in fund balances	382,563	(2,357)		-	73,309
Fund Balances, beginning of year	 525,740	230,588		900	 122,727
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 908,303	\$ 228,231	\$	900	\$ 196,036

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPEDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – CONTINUED

	Debt Service Fund 69100 NMFA Projects Fund	Capital Outlay Fund 69800 Arts in Public Places Funds	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Revenues					
Fees and services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 659,580		
Interest revenue	2,665	-	9,623		
Other state funds	915,565	-	915,565		
Federal grants and contracts	-	-	-		
Private gifts and grants	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous		14,685	19,485		
Total revenues	918,230	14,685	1,604,253		
Expenditures					
Maintenance and repairs	49,485	-	100,042		
Supplies	4,495	40,530	114,995		
Contractual services	70,033	264,985	359,797		
Operating costs	-	-	24,887		
Other costs	25,061	1	27,855		
Grants to other agencies	27,291	-	34,710		
Capital outlay	293,350	512,740	843,508		
Debt service					
Principal	530,293	-	530,293		
Interest	52,965		52,965		
Total expenditures	1,052,973	818,256	2,089,052		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures before	(404.740)	(000 574)	(40.4.700)		
other financing sources (uses)	(134,743)	(803,571)	(484,799)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers - Reversions to State General Fund	-	2,316,050	2,316,050		
Transfer of bond proceed appropriations	-	540,495	540,495		
Transfers, in (out)		<del></del>	<del>-</del>		
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,856,545	2,856,545		
Net change in fund balances	(134,743)	2,052,974	2,371,746		
Fund Balances, beginning of year	1,167,599	387,032	2,434,586		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,032,856	\$ 2,440,006	\$ 4,806,332		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OPERATING FUND – MUSEUM AND HISTORIC SITES (P536)

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual		
		Original		Final		Amounts		Variance
REVENUES:	•	00 004 000	•	00 000 000	•	04 000 000	•	070 000
State General Fund appropriations Special Appropriation	\$	20,834,300	\$	20,820,300	\$	21,096,600	\$	276,300
Intra-state transfers		125,000		- 125,000		100,000		(25,000)
Federal grants		91,800		91,800		108,381		16,581
Earned revenues		3,717,200		3,717,200		2,718,679		(998,521)
Private gifts and grants		-		80,000		297,519		217,519
Miscellaneous		-		-		73,830		73,830
15% Museum Admissions Fund		470,500		470,500		543,971		73,471
Total revenues		25,238,800		25,304,800		24,938,980	\$	(365,820)
Prior year cash budgeted		23,230,000		1,251,900		24,930,900	Ψ	(303,020)
i noi year easii baagetea				1,201,000				
Total budgeted revenues	\$	25,238,800	\$	26,556,700				
EXPENDITURES - current:								
Personnel services and benefits	\$	19,114,800	\$	19,025,800		18,472,432	\$	553,368
Contractual services		900,400		900,453		1,119,969		(219,516)
Other operating costs		5,223,600		5,807,547		5,439,990		367,557
Other uses		1,560,000	-	2,382,900	-	822,900		1,560,000
Total expenditures		26,798,800		28,116,700		25,855,291	\$	2,261,409
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENS	E	(1,560,000)		(1,560,000)		(916,311)		
Cash balance carryforward	\$	<u>-</u>	\$					
GAAP basis reconciliation  Current year general fund reversion						(464,234)		
Prior year general fund reversion Transfers - other						380,626		
Net change in fund balance					\$	(999,919)		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OPERATING FUND – PRESERVATION (P537)

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts	Actual		
		Original		Final	 Amounts		Variance
REVENUES:							
State General Fund appropriations	\$	647,300	\$	1,411,300	\$ 1,411,300	\$	-
Special Appropriation Intra-state transfers		-		-	-		-
Federal grants		- 1,007,500		1,007,500	- 805,740		(201,760)
Earned revenues		1,582,700		1,582,700	876,079		(706,621)
Private gifts and grants		-		-	-		(100,021)
Miscellaneous		_		_	_		-
15% Museum Admissions Fund		-		-	-		-
Total revenues		3,237,500		4,001,500	3,093,119	\$	(908,381)
Prior year cash budgeted		-		30,000			
Total budgeted revenues	\$	3,237,500	\$	4,031,500			
EXPENDITURES - current:							
Personnel services and benefits	\$	2,637,600	\$	3,351,600	2,199,009	\$	1,152,591
Contractual services	*	121,600	Ψ	161,600	67,624	*	93,976
Other operating costs		478,300		518,300	386,024		132,276
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Total expenditures		3,237,500		4,031,500	2,652,657	\$	1,378,843
	_						
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENS	E	-		-	440,462		
Cash balance carryforward	\$	_	\$	_			
Oddin balance carry forward	Ψ		Ψ				
GAAP basis reconciliation							
Current year general fund reversion					-		
Prior year general fund reversion					-		
Intra-state transfers					 		
Net change in fund balance					\$ 440,462		

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OPERATING FUND – LIBRARY SERVICES (P539)

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual				
		Original		Final		Amounts	,	Variance
REVENUES:	-							
State General Fund appropriations	\$	3,300,800	\$	3,100,800	\$	3,100,800	\$	-
Special Appropriation		-		-		-		-
Intra-state transfers		-		-		-		-
Federal grants		1,448,700		1,522,543		1,427,696		(94,847)
Earned revenues		37,200		37,200		836		(36,364)
Private gifts and grants		-		-		75,447		75,447
Miscellaneous		-		-		16,220		16,220
15% Museum Admissions Fund		-		<u>-</u>				-
Total revenues		4,786,700		4,660,543		4,620,999	\$	(39,544)
Prior year cash budgeted		-		50,128				, , ,
, 3		_		,				
Total budgeted revenues	\$	4,786,700	\$	4,710,671				
EVDENDITUDE Comment								
EXPENDITURES - current:	Φ	0.540.000	φ	0.040.000		0.000.540	Φ	20.204
Personnel services and benefits Contractual services	\$	2,512,900	\$	2,312,900		2,282,519	\$	30,381
		136,800		101,200		94,189		7,011
Other operating costs		2,137,000		2,296,571		2,200,991		95,580
Total expenditures		4,786,700		4,710,671		4,577,699	\$	132,972
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENS	SE	-		-		43,300		
Cash balance carryforward	\$		\$					
GAAP basis reconciliation								
Current year general fund reversion						-		
Prior year general fund reversion						-		
Intra-state transfers								
Not change in fund halance					Ф	<b>43 300</b>		
Net change in fund balance					\$	43,300		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OPERATING FUND – PROGRAM SUPPORT (P540)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual						
		Original		Final		Amounts		Variance	
REVENUES: State General Fund appropriations Special Appropriation Intra-state transfers	\$	3,972,000	\$	3,422,000	\$	3,422,000	\$	- -	
Federal grants Earned revenues Private gifts and grants		35,900 -		3,540 35,900		2,500 34,848 -		(1,040) (1,052)	
Miscellaneous 15% Museum Admissions Fund		-		-	_	3,641		3,641	
Total revenues Prior year cash budgeted		4,007,900		3,461,440		3,462,989	\$	1,549	
Total budgeted revenues  EXPENDITURES - current:	\$	4,007,900	\$	3,461,440					
Personnel services and benefits Contractual services Other operating costs	\$	3,437,700 285,800 284,400	\$	2,887,700 289,340 284,400		2,887,701 252,400 284,400	\$	(1) 36,940 -	
Total expenditures		4,007,900		3,461,440		3,424,501	\$	36,939	
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENS	Ε	-		-		38,488			
Cash balance carryforward	\$		\$						
GAAP basis reconciliation Current year general fund reversion Prior year general fund reversion Intra-state transfers						- - -			
Net change in fund balance					\$	38,488			

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL OPERATING FUND – NEW MEXICO ARTS (P761)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual			
		Original	Final	Amounts	\	/ariance
REVENUES:			 	 		
State General Fund appropriations	\$	1,332,300	\$ 1,332,300	\$ 1,332,300	\$	-
Special Appropriation		-	-	-		-
Intra-state transfers		- 616,200	- 784,292	- 685,019		- (00.272)
Federal grants Earned revenues		010,200	704,292	000,019		(99,273)
Private gifts and grants		<u>-</u>	- -	_		-
Miscellaneous		_	-	_		-
15% Museum Admissions Fund		<u>-</u>	 	 		
Total revenues		1,948,500	2,116,592	2,017,319	\$	(99,273)
Prior year cash budgeted		-	 <del>-</del>			
Total budgeted revenues	\$	1,948,500	\$ 2,116,592			
EXPENDITURES - current:						
Personnel services and benefits	\$	860,700	\$ 860,700	786,009	\$	74,691
Contractual services		943,100	1,066,792	1,031,390		35,402
Other operating costs		144,700	 189,100	 176,686		12,414
Total expenditures		1,948,500	 2,116,592	 1,994,085	\$	122,507
EXCESS REVENUE OVER EXPENS	E	-	-	23,234		
Cash balance carryforward	\$		\$ 			
GAAP basis reconciliation Current year general fund reversion Prior year general fund reversion				- -		
Intra-state transfers				 -		
Net change in fund balance				\$ 23,234		

## SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF INTEREST IN STATE GENERAL FUND INVESTMENT POOL

As of June 30, 2019

Name of Depository	Account Name	Fund	Fund Type	Type of Account	Reconciled Balance at June 30, 2019
General Fund	O a manual Omanuation of A account	40000	0	Ot-t- T	ф 0.000 <del>7</del> 04
State Treasurer	General Operating Account	19300	General	State Treasurer	\$ 6,200,731
Special Revenue F	unds				
State Treasurer	15% Museum Admission Funds	19400	Special Revenue	State Treasurer	959,002
State Treasurer	Museum Collections Funds	25600	Special Revenue	State Treasurer	228,231
State Treasurer	Rural Libraries Development	59100	Special Revenue	State Treasurer	900
State Treasurer	Farm & Ranch Licensee	89900	Special Revenue	State Treasurer	196,841
Total Special R	evenue Funds				1,384,974
Capital Projects Fu		00000	0 11 10 1 1	O T	0.540.000
State Treasurer	Arts in Public Places Fund	69800	Capital Projects	State Treasurer	2,510,206
State Treasurer	Capital Projects Severance Tax		Capital Projects	State Treasurer	672,340
State Treasurer	General Fund Capital Projects	93100	Capital Projects	State Treasurer	11,973,719
Total Capital Projects Funds					15,156,265
Debt Service Fund					
State Treasurer	NMFA Projects Fund	69100	Debt Service	State Treasurer	1,061,906
Total Governmental Funds					23,803,876
Enterprise Fund					
State Treasurer	Enterprise Fund	53000	Enterprise	State Treasurer	1,601,518
State Treasurer	Enterprise i una	33000	Litterprise	State Treasurer	1,001,010
Fiduciary Funds					
State Treasurer	Historic Preservation Revolving	59300	Agency	State Treasurer	
	Agency		0 ,		423,886
State Treasurer	Bartlett Trust Fund	61200	Trust	State Treasurer	109,290
State Treasurer	Main Street Revolving Loan	20070	Agency	State Treasurer	
	Agency		0 ,		66,408
Total Fiduciary	Funds				599,584
Total Interest in State General Fund Investment Pool					\$ 26,004,978

## SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS – SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS, SEVERANCE TAX AND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

As of June 30, 2019

Open Projects/Appropriation Period	Appropriation ID	Original Appropriation	Ex	penditures to Date		utstanding umbrances	Re	versions	Re	authorized	R	ncumbered emaining Balance
Art in Public Places -												
Non-expiring, non-reverting			_		_		_				_	
AIPP CPF LAWS OF 2004	A150083	\$ 1,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
AIPP GF	A150035	589,706		524,525		61,150		-		-		-
AIPP GF LAWS OF 2019 AIPP GOB01 LAWS OF 2000	A19D5001	2,316,050		700		-		-		-		-
AIPP GOBOT LAWS OF 2000 AIPP GOBO3 LAWS OF 2002	A150037 A150018	6,015		700		-		-		-		-
AIPP GOB03 LAWS OF 2002 AIPP GOB05 LAWS OF 2004	A150016 A150038	62,425 213,470		62,425 210,750		67,900		-		-		-
AIPP GOB03 LAWS OF 2004 AIPP GOB07 LAWS OF 2006	A150038	659,179		484,749		5,000		-		-		-
AIPP GOB09 LAWS OF 2008	A150019	868,295		813,498		89,027		-				
AIPP GOB11 LAWS OF 2010	A150039	25,893		15,993		7,000		_		_		_
AIPP GOB13 LAWS OF 2012	A17B0024	429,900		322,213		105,788		_		_		_
AIPP GOB15 LAWS OF 2014	A16A0033	437,150		390,250		3,850		_		-		_
AIPP GOB17 LAWS OF 2016	A17B0049	154,084		150,934		-		_		-		_
AIPP STB98B LAWS OF 1998	A150040	3,000				-		_		-		-
AIPP STB00 LAWS OF 1998	A150041	3,000		2,667		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB02A LAWS OF 2002	A150042	3,500		1,500		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB03A LAWS OF 2003	A150043	8,900		8,900		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB03SE LAWS OF 2003	A150044	2,000		-		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB04A LAWS OF 2004	A150045	6,600		5,250		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB05A LAWS OF 2005	A150046	37,980		30,180		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB05SA LAWS OF 2005	A150021	18,865		18,865		-		_		-		-
AIPP STB05SE LAWS OF 2005	A150022	30,043		4,793		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB06A LAWS OF 2006	A150023	159,432		108,527		3,165		_		-		-
AIPP STB06SC LAWS OF 2006	A150047	33,871		13,791		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB07A LAWS OF 2007	A150024	91,877		91,877		16,500		_		-		-
AIPP STB07SA LAWS OF 2007	A150048	27,350		23,350		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB07SD LAWS OF 2007	A150081	2,400				-		_		-		-
AIPP STB08A-1 LAWS OF 2008	A150025	118,547		109,722		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB08SA LAWS OF 2008	A150082	12,500		10,425		5,425		-		-		-
AIPP STB08SD LAWS OF 2008	A150027	72,100		71,250		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB09A LAWS OF 2009	A150026	33,336		32,538		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB09SC LAWS OF 2009	A150028	40,000		40,000		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB09SD LAWS OF 2009	A150029	26,800		23,800		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB10A LAWS OF 2009	A16A0034	3,850		3,850		1,050		-		-		-
AIPP STB10SA LAWS OF 2010	A150030	70,000		70,000		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB11A-1 LAWS OF 2011	A150031	47,065		43,000		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB12A LAWS OF 2012	A16A0035	31,370		31,370		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB13A LAWS OF 2013	A16A0036	21,251		21,251		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB13SA LAWS OF 2013	A16A0041	17,298		17,298		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB13SD LAWS OF 2013	A16A0040	7,850		7,850		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB14A LAWS OF 2014	A16A0037	4,300		4,300		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB15A LAWS OF 2015	A16A0038	8,550		8,550		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB16E LAWS OF 2016	A17B0058	4,520		4,520		-		-		-		-
AIPP STB18A Laws of 2018	A18C5120	14,790		2,540		2,500		-		-		-
Total		6,726,832		3,788,001		368,355		-		-		-
Total Art in Public Places		\$ 6,726,832	\$	3,788,001	\$	368,355	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
General Obligation Bonds Laws of 2017, Chapter 85, Section 10/B/1a-1b Appropriation Period FY17-FY21												
Expire 06/30/2021												
Public Library Resource Acquisitions	A16A5110	\$ 3,000,000	\$	1,020,891	\$	1,976,570	\$		\$		\$	2,539
Tribal Library Equipment & Resource Acquisitions	A16A5111	750,000	φ	147,620	φ	602,378	ş	-	φ	-	φ	2,559
Total	ATOASTIT	3,750,000		1,168,511		2,578,948					-	2,541
Total General Obligations Bonds		\$ 3,750,000	\$	1,168,511	\$	2,578,948	\$		\$		\$	2,541
Severance Tax Bonds												
Laws of 2014, Ch. 66, Sec. 7/2,3,4												
Appropriation Period FY14-FY18												
Expire 06/30/2018												
*18 NHCC/Information and Welcome Center	A141339	\$ 564,000	\$	55,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$	502,773	\$	508,413
Total		564,000		55,587		-		-		502,773		508,413
Laws of 2015, Ch. 03, Section 8/1,2,3,4,5,6,7,												
8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23, & 24												
Appropriation Period FY16-FY19												
Expire 06/30/2019												
Natl Hispanic Cultural Ctr Improve	A150197	424,000		421,292		_		2,708		_		_
NM Museum Of Natural History & Science Improve	A150198	425,000		424,886		_		114		_		_
Bosque Redondo Mem & Ft Sumner Historic Site Imp	A150199	75,000		61,204		_		13,796		_		_
Fort Selden Historic Site Improve	A150202	75,000		74,973		-		27		-		-
Ft Stanton Historic Site Barracks & Exhibit	A150202	40,000		39,996		_		4		-		-
Museum Of Space History Improve	A150205	400,000		400,000		-		-		-		-
Jemez Historic Site Giusewa Pueblo/Mission	A150203	25,000		24,998		_		2		-		-
Museum Of Indian Arts & Culture Exhibit Improve	A150207 A150209	165,000		161,500		_		3,500		-		_
*18 Renovations & Repairs at Museums Statewide	A150210	300,000		222,920		3,058		- 3,500		151,040		74,022
NM Museum Of Art Improve	A150210 A150211	429,000		429,000		-		-		-		,022
Palace Of The Governors Improve	A150211	680,000		678,688		_		1,312		-		
Santa Fe Children's Museum Improvements	A150212 A150213	105,000		104,946		_		54		-		-
*18 Historic Sites Statewide Plan, Design, Construct	A150216	35,000		35,000		-		-		35,000		-
CAD Museums/Monuments/Sites/Resource Facilities	A150220	300,000		300,000		_		_		-		_
Total		3,478,000		3,379,403		3,058		21,517		186,040		74,022
				2,270,100	-	0,000	-		-	. 50,0 10		. 1,022

## SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS – SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS, SEVERANCE TAX AND GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2019

Laws of 2016, Ch. 81, Section 8/1,2,3,4,5,6,7,							
8,9,10,12,13,14,15,16 & 17							
Appropriation Period FY17-FY20							
Expire 06/30/2020							
Alb Gun Violence Memorial	A16A2019	229,000	_	_	_	_	229,000
National Hispanic Cultural Ctr Annex & Site	A16A2020	639,500	621,955	429	_	_	17,116
NM Museum Of Natural History & Science Improve	A16A2021	277,500	257,570	19,930	_	_	-
Fort Sumner Bosque Redondo Memorial Improve	A16A2022	50,000	40,812	8,760	_	_	428
Fort Selden Historic Site	A16A2024	50,000	49,985	-,	_	_	15
NM Museum Of Space History Restrooms	A16A2025	175,000	18,821	2,981	_	_	153,198
Coronado Historic Site Ruins Footprint	A16A2026	70,000	43,213	2,00.	_	_	26,787
Museum Of Indian Arts & Culture Improve	A16A2027	50,000	3,712	_	_	_	46,288
NM Museum Of Art Renovate	A16A2028	195,000	195,000				10,200
Palace Of The Governors Improve	A16A2029	417,175	403,487	6,377	-	-	7,311
Palace Of The Governors Photo Archive Equip	A16A2030	13,000	13,000	0,577	-	-	7,511
Santa Fe Children's Museum	A16A2030	62,000	61,936	-	-	-	64
Santa Fe Children's Museum Santa Fe Ctr For Contemporary Arts Improve	A16A2031	111,000	110,625		-	-	375
Santa Fe Cti For Contemporary Arts Improve	A16A2033	60,000	60,000	-	-	-	-
				0.400	-	-	
Cad Preservation & Improvements Statewide	A16A2034	 2,000,000	 1,991,562	 8,128	 	 	 310
Total		 4,399,175	 3,871,678	 46,605	 	 	 480,892
Laws of 2017, Ch. 133, Section 102 & 121							
Appropriation Period FY17-FY19							
Expire 06/30/2019							
Museum Of Indian Arts & Culture	A17B4099	300,000	300,000	-	-	-	-
State Museums Improvements	A17B4118	 1,255,200	 1,255,200	 		 	 -
Total		 1,555,200	 1,555,200	 	 	 	 -
Laws of 2018, Ch. 80, Section 9 Items 1,3,4,5,6,7,							
8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15 & 16							
Appropriation Period FY19-FY22							
Expire 06/30/2022							
Museum of Natural History & Science Improve	A18C2036	211,300	67,215	105,548	_	_	38,537
Natl Hispanic Cultural Ctr HVAC Sys	A18C2038	455,000	386,856	68,144	_	_	-
Natl Hispanic Cultural Ctr Improve	A18C2039	535,099	196,560	3,978	_	_	334,561
Fort Selden Historic Site Improve	A18C2040	145,000	-	-,	_	_	145,000
Taylor-Barela-Reynolds-Mesilla Historic Site	A18C2041	50,000	_	_	_	_	50,000
Fort Stanton Historic Site Nurses Quarters	A18C2042	20,000	949	_	_	_	19,051
NM Mus of Space History Improve Alamogordo	A18C2043	700,000	608.578	-	-	-	91,422
Coronado Historic Site Improve	A18C2044	35,000	33,650	-	-	-	1,350
Jemez Historic Site Improve	A18C2045	15,000	33,030	-	-	-	15,000
			70.554	-	-	-	
CCA Ctr for Contemporary Arts Improve Santa Fe	A18C2046	100,000	70,554	-	-	-	29,446
Museum of Indian Arts & Culture Here, Now Always	A18C2047	75,000	-	-	-	-	75,000
NM Museum of Art Improve	A18C2048	203,300	10,455	-	-	-	192,845
Palace of The Governors Repair & Upgrade	A18C2049	364,549	235,190	103,823	-	-	25,536
Santa Fe Children's Museum Roof	A18C2050	56,000	7,157	-	-	-	48,843
CAD Fclties Life/Health/Safety Repairs Statewide	A18C2051	 3,700,000	 1,866,768	 303,399	 	 	 1,529,833
Total		 6,665,248	 3,483,932	 584,892	 	 	 2,596,424
Total Severance Tax Bonds		\$ 16,661,623	\$ 12,345,800	\$ 634,555	\$ 21,517	\$ 688,813	\$ 3,659,751
Laws of 2019, Ch.227, Section 9 Items 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,							
8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16 & 17							
Appropriation Period FY19-FY23							
Expire 06/30/2023							
Coronado Historic Site Improve	A19D2108	\$ 499,070	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 499,070
Museum of Natural History & Sci Fclty/Exhibits	A19D2109	1,150,000	-	-	-	_	1,150,000
National Hispanic Cultural Ctr Improve	A19D2110	1,065,000	_	_	_	_	1,065,000
Farm and Ranch Heritage Museum Improve	A19D2111	1,310,000	_	_	_	_	1,310,000
Ft Selden Historic Site Improve	A19D2112	150,000	_	_	_	_	150,000
Taylor-Mesilla Historic Property Site Improve	A19D2113	800,000	_	_	_	_	800,000
Ft Stanton Historic Site Improve	A19D2114	50,000	_	_	_	_	50,000
Lincoln Historic Site Improve	A19D2115	50,000	_	_	_	_	50,000
NM Mus of Space History Alamogordo Improve	A19D2116	900,000	-	-	-	-	900,000
Los Luceros Historic Property Improve	A19D2117	150,000	-	-	-	-	150,000
Villanueva David F. Cargo Library Roof	A19D2118	30,000	-	-	-	-	30,000
Jemez Historic Site	A19D2119	160,000	-	-	-	-	160,000
CAD Center for Contemporary Arts Improve	A19D2120	314,000	-	-	-	-	314,000
CAD NM Museum of Art Vladem Contemporary	A19D2121	4,010,000	-	-	-	-	4,010,000
Museum of Indian Arts & Culture Exhibit Santa Fe	A19D2122	1,211,000	-	-	-	-	1,211,000
Santa Fe Children's Mus Improve	A19D2123	193,777	-	-	-	-	193,777
Santa Fe Museum Hill Ph 1 Improve	A19D2124	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000
CAD Life Health & Safety Renovations & Repairs	A19D2125	 4,500,000	 -	 			 4,500,000
Total		16,592,847					16,592,847
Total General Fund		\$ 16,592,847	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 16,592,847

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

Historic Preservation Revolving Fund (59300)	Balance June 30, 2018		A	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2019	
ASSETS Interest in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Loans receivable	\$	417,718 33,117	\$	6,168	\$	- (4,948)	\$	423,886 28,169	
Total Assets	\$	450,835	\$	6,168	\$	(4,948)	\$	452,055	
LIABILITIES									
Deposits held in custody for others	\$	450,835	\$	1,220	\$		\$	452,055	
Total Liabilities	\$	450,835	\$	1,220	\$		\$	452,055	
Main Street Revolving Loan Fund (20070) ASSETS									
Interest in State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool Loans receivable	\$	66,408	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	66,408	
Total Assets	\$	66,408	\$		\$		\$	66,408	
LIABILITIES									
Deposits held in custody for others Other liabilities	\$	16,408 50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,408 50,000	
Total Liabilities	\$	66,408	\$	-	\$	-	\$	66,408	

#### SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

June 30, 2019

#### The Department was party to the following Joint Powers Agreements during the fiscal year:

Participant with Department of Cultural Affairs	Responsible Party	Description	Beginning Date	Ending Date	Total Amount of Agreement	Amount Applicable to DCA - FY19	Audit Responsibility	Agency Reporting Revenue/ Expense
		JPA establishes role of APS and Museum of Natural						
		History for operation of Sandia Mountain Natural History						
Albuquerque Public Schools	DCA/APS	Center and programs for students and the public	8/31/2014	8/31/2019	N/A	\$ 224,472	DCA/APS	DCA/APS
				Termination with				
NM Department of Veterans'		JPA with DVS to operate and maintain the Cemetary at		either party with				
Services	DCA/DVS	Fort Stanton	3/20/2012	180 days notice	N/A	N/A	DCA/DVS	DCA/DVS

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Federal Agency / Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of the Interior						
Bureau of Land Management						
ARMS Cultural Resource Data Sharing #L12AC20122	15.224		\$	\$ 16,192		
Total Bureau of Land Management				16,192		
Bureau of Reclamation						
Cultural Resource Management #R17AC00060	15.511			10,000		
Total Bureau of Reclamation				10,000		
National Park Service						
Summit National Parks Services HPF # P15AP00015	15.904		-	2,858		
HPD - 2016 Nat Parks Services HPF # P16AF00047	15.904		67,077	13,399		
HPD - 2017 Nat Parks Services HPF # P17AF00035	15.904		-	434,232		
HPD - 2018 Nat Parks Services HPF # P18AF00018	15.904		11,762	245,390		
Total National Park Service			78,839	695,879		
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			78,839	722,071		
National Endowment for the Arts						
NEA - Partnership Grant #15-6100-2033	45.025		-	13,789		
NEA - Partnership Grant #16-6100-2019 NEA - Partnership Grant #17-6100-2031	45.025 45.025		=	16,106 22,409		
NEA - Partnership Grant #17-0100-2031 NEA - Partnership Grant #1809831-61-18	45.025		435,351	626,427		
Total National Endowment for the Arts			435,351	678,731		
Institute of Museum and Library Services						
LSTA State Grant LS-00-17-0032-17	45.310		-	332,131		
LSTA State Grant LS-00-18-0032-18	45.310		-	1,047,470		
IMLS Digital Strategy MA-40-17-0585-17 Libraries as LaunchPads Grant LG-97-18-0219-18	45.301 45.312		-	2,500 48,335		
Libraries as Lauriciii aus Grafit LG-97-10-0219-10	45.512			40,333		
Total Institute of Museum and Library Services			<del>-</del>	1,430,436		
Total Federal Expenditures			514,190	2,831,238		
Amounts Received Under Contracts Fee for Services				198,098		
Federal Revenue Grants and Contracts			\$ 514,190	\$ 3,029,336		

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2019

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs (the Department) under program of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Department, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Department. The Department elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, where in certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. All awards were direct for the year ending June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE C - COMPLIANCE SUPPLEMENT

The Single Audit performed on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ending June 30, 2019, was the June 2019 Compliance Supplement. The (corrected) August 2019 Compliance Supplement was not used.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Debra Garcia y Griego, Cabinet Secretary State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund of the State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise DCA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered DCA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of DCA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of DCA's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations,

during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether DCA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### DCA's Response to Finding

DCA's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. DCA's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering DCA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Atkinson & Co., Ltd.

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Albuquerque, New Mexico October 31, 2019

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Debra Garcia y Griego, Cabinet Secretary State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs and Mr. Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the State of New Mexico Department of Cultural Affairs (DCA) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have direct and material effect on each of DCA's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. DCA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards, applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of DCA's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about DCA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of DCA's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, DCA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of DCA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered DCA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of DCA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Atkinson & Co., Ltd.

Albuquerque, New Mexico October 31, 2019

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2019

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements								
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified							
Internal control over financial reporting:								
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li> <li>Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?</li> </ul>	Yes _X No _X Yes None Reported Yes _X No							
Federal Awards								
Internal control over major programs:								
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li><li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified?</li></ul>	Yes <u>X</u> No Yes <u>X</u> None Reported							
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified							
<ul> <li>Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)</li> </ul>	YesX_No							
Identification of Major Programs:								
CFDA No.Program45.025NEA, Partnership Grant	\$678,731							
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000							
<ul> <li>Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?</li> </ul>	_X_ Yes No							

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS - CONTINUED

#### **Current Year Findings Description**

2019-001 Accounts Payable Transaction Not Accrued (Significant Deficiency)

#### **Prior Year Findings Description**

None

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

#### Finding 2019-001 Accounts Payable Transaction Not Accrued (Significant Deficiency)

#### CRITERIA

Generally accepted accounting principles requires the complete recording of all valid accounts payable at year end. Understated accounts payable introduces error into both the statement of net position and the statement of activities and corresponding fund statements. If such understatements are material, then financial statements used by stakeholders will be materially misstated.

#### CONDITION

Our audit determined there was a significant account payable not included in the year end account payable balance. The payable was generated from construction activities undertaken during the year and flowed through the Facilities Bureau of the Department. The payable was from a company that changed ownership and its company name during the year and was providing services as part of a multi-year project. The facilities manager had to approve the invoice and a determination was made in error to not report current billings on the project (because of the multi-year status) and this circumstance was not detected by accountants. The invoice amount was \$465,766.

#### **CAUSE**

The changes in company ownership and the requirement for the facilities manager to approve the customers' billing introduced some uncertainty and time delay for the invoice to come into accounting. An incorrect decision was made by staff and was not detected by the Department or other State reviews.

#### **EFFECT**

The financials provided to auditors understated accounts payable by \$465,766. A follow-up review of all expenditures after year-end did not reveal any more accounts payable needing to be accrued.

#### RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that project reviews include a risk determination of potential misstatements for Department vendors and direct communications between the facilities manager and accounting for large construction project expenditures. A materiality limit can be set for such reviews to provide a positive cost/benefit to the activity.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING - CONTINUED

## Finding 2019-001 Accounts Payable Transaction Not Accrued (Significant Deficiency) Continued

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

The Department accepts the finding and will implement a risk review process at year-end to seek to identify large outstanding purchase orders that may generate high value payables. The Department is considering the suggestion from the auditor to centralize capital outlay purchase order creation and bill payment in Administrative Services, although the vast majority of capital outlay transactions managed in the museums and historic sites have been correct and there is value in having staff on-site in the approval process. Regardless of where the function resides, the Department will tighten procedures to avoid a reoccurrence of this type of error.

POINT OF CONTACT ASD Director

#### **EXIT CONFERENCE**

Year Ended June 30, 2019

An exit conference was held on October 31, 2019. The following individuals were present:

#### **Department of Cultural Affairs:**

Debra Garcia y Griego, Cabinet Secretary
Greg Geisler, Director, CFO, Administrative Services
Donna Martinez, Account Manager
Gene Harris, Bureau Chief over Accounts Receivable and Cash Management
Ron Lucero, Budget Director

#### Atkinson & Co., Ltd.:

Marty Mathisen, CPA, CGFM Michael Reeves, CPA

Audit Director Audit Senior Manager

#### PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for ensuring that the books and records adequately support the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that records are correct and in balance. The financial statements presented in this report have been prepared by the independent auditor with the assistance of the Department. Management has reviewed and approved the financial statements.

## ATKINSON & CO. LTD CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS | CONSULTANTS

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