FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2013

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OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2013

Elected Officials

Van Robertson
Walter C. Hall
W. Carr Vincent
Frankie Aragon
Mary Lou Harkins
Bill Spriggs
Brandy Thompson
Leslie Taylor Probate Judge
Administrative Staff
Angie Gonzales

Ed Fierro, CPA • Rose Fierro, CPA

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Independent Auditors' Report

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of County Commissioners Union County Clayton, New Mexico

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds of Union County, New Mexico (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the County's nonmajor governmental funds, and the budgetary comparisons for the nonmajor funds presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note 1E7 and Note 6 to the financial statements, management has not maintained adequate subsidiary records to support the balance of capital assets in the governmental activities and additionally, has not recorded depreciation expense on any capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2013. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that capital assets, including, but not limited to, general infrastructure assets be capitalized and depreciated, which would increase the assets, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

Further, because of the lack of adequate subsidiary records that detail all capital assets owned by the County, we were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence supporting the amounts reflected as capital assets and included in the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not presented fairly the financial position of the governmental activities of Union County as of June 30, 2013, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Union County, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Additionally, in our opinion, the general fund, major special revenue funds and all nonmajor funds referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary comparisons for each fund of the County for the year ended June 30, 2013, in conformity with the budgetary basis of accounting more fully described in Note 1D, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the County's financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the budgetary comparisons. The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the other schedules required by 2.2.2 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2013 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jurno Jawro, P.A. Fierro & Fierro, P.A.

Las Cruces, New Mexico

November 11, 2013

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash	\$ 5,024,692
Receivables, net	805,964
Prepaid expenses	34,247
Restricted cash	74,840
Restricted investments	124,671
Capital assets:	·
Land	6,830
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	4,659,928
Total capital assets	4,666,758
Total assets	10,731,172
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	615,249
Accrued salaries	72,087
Accrued interest payable	6,481
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	282,778
Due in more than one year	1,325,295
Total liabilities	2,301,890
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	3,106,554
Restricted:	
Debt service	199,511
State mandated per statutes	460,604
Unrestricted	4,662,613
Total net position	\$ 8,429,282

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Program Revenues				Re ^r C	(Expenses) venues and hanges in et Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		narges for Services	G	Operating rants and ontributions	Cap Grant Contrib	s and		vernmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	\$ 1,133,261 1,168,680 1,473,674 2,123,136 30,228 \$ 5,928,979	\$ 	39,091 144,172 3,611 8,599 - 195,473	\$	515,764 527,624 396,196 483,389 - 1,922,973	\$	- - - - -	\$	(578,406) (496,884) (1,073,867) (1,631,148) (30,228) (3,810,533)
	General Revenues: Sales taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for hospital operations Public service taxes Interest income Donations						1,001,637 1,199,977 572,024 941,710 47,789 5,471		
	Total go	enera	Il revenues a	and tra	ansfers				3,768,608
	Change	e in n	et position						(41,925)
	Net position, be	ginnir	ng of year						8,481,536
	Restatement								(10,329)
	Net position, be	ginnir	ng of year, re	estate	d				8,471,207
	Net position, en	d of y	ear					\$	8,429,282



BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	General Fund	Road Fund	Hospital Mill Levy Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash Receivables, net Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Restricted:	\$ 2,349,002 77,549 58,804 10,132	\$ 402,491 32,137 - 3,347	\$ 353,642 227,127 - 6,204	\$ 1,919,557 469,151 - 14,564	\$ 5,024,692 805,964 58,804 34,247
Cash Investments		74,826 124,626		10 49	74,836 124,675
Total assets	\$ 2,495,487	\$ 637,427	\$ 586,973	\$ 2,403,331	\$ 6,123,218
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 18,374	\$ 52,273	\$ 508,925	\$ 35,677	\$ 615,249
Accrued salaries	40,274	24,961	-	6,852	72,087
Due to other funds	-	-	<u>-</u>	58,804	58,804
Deferred revenues	33,555		17,180	789	51,524
Total liabilities	92,203	77,234	526,105	102,122	797,664
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable Restricted for:	10,132	3,347	6,204	14,564	34,247
Debt service	-	199,452	_	59	199,511
State mandated per statutes	-	-	-	229,973	229,973
Committed for:				,	,
One twelfth budget reserve	460,604	114,163	-	-	574,767
Subsequent years' expenditures	18,977	220,961	450,000	654,156	1,344,094
Assigned	-	22,270	-	1,461,134	1,483,404
Unassigned	1,913,571		(395,336)	(58,677)	1,459,558
Total fund balances	2,403,284	560,193	60,868	2,301,209	5,325,554
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$ 2,495,487	\$ 637,427	\$ 586,973	\$ 2,403,331	\$ 6,123,218

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances governmental funds (page seven)	\$ 5,325,554
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,666,758
Recognition of property tax revenue is reflected on full accrual basis within the statement of net assets. Governmental funds recognize property tax on the modified accrual basis.	51,524
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(1,608,073)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt as of year-end is reflected as such within the statement of net assets. Governmental funds recognize the interest as it becomes due.	(6,481)
Net position of governmental activities (page five)	\$ 8,429,282

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund	Road Fund	Hospital Mill Levy Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Sales taxes	\$ 654	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000,983	\$ 1,001,637
Property taxes	1,183,310	-	577,194	31,335	1,214,645
Public service taxes	464,344	370,205	107,161	-	464,344
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	163,044	705	-	33,231	196,275
State	380,383	395,475	189,724	740,585	1,516,443
Local	-	-	-	19,241	19,241
Charges for services	37,346	-	-	140,917	178,263
Licenses and permits	528	- 0.507	-	-	528
Interest	32,313	2,507	1,125	11,844	46,664
Miscellaneous	5,063	3,611		14,064	22,738
Total revenues	2,266,985	772,503	875,204	1,992,200	5,906,892
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	1,105,638	-	-	32,168	1,137,806
Public safety	481,975	-	=	666,595	1,148,570
Public works	122,177	1,355,328	-	-	1,477,505
Health and welfare	-	-	1,144,401	978,735	2,123,136
Capital outlay	-	-	-	258,532	258,532
Debt service:		100.050		70 207	252 455
Principal Interest and other charges	=	180,058 19,265	=	72,397 33,788	252,455 53,053
interest and other charges		19,203		33,766	33,033
Total expenditures	1,709,790	1,554,651	1,144,401	2,042,215	6,451,057
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	557,195	(782,148)	(269,197)	(50,015)	(544,165)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	-	478,113	-	-	478,113
Transfers (out)	(323,657)			(154,456)	(478,113)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(323,657)	478,113		(154,456)	
Net change in fund balances	233,538	(304,035)	(269,197)	(204,471)	(544,165)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,169,746	826,117	330,065	2,543,256	5,869,184
Restatement		38,111		(37,576)	535
Fund balances, beginning of year, restated	2,169,746	864,228	330,065	2,505,680	5,869,719
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,403,284	\$ 560,193	\$ 60,868	\$ 2,301,209	\$ 5,325,554

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds (page nine)	\$ (544,165)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures in the amount of \$258,532; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The County has not determined the current year depreciation expense. The net adjustment is \$258,532.	258,532
Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as deferred revenue in the funds. At June 30, 2012, deferred property taxes amounted to \$60,498. The deferred property taxes for the current fiscal year amounted to \$51,524; therefore, the net adjustment is \$8,974.	(8,974)
Accrued interest expense not due within thirty days after year-end is not considered in the current period and is not reported in the governmental funds. The decrease of the accrued interest liability from the previous year decreases the interest expense within the statement of activities.	3,053
The repayment of principal of long-term consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds; however, it is not recorded as an expense within the statement of activities.	252,455
Increase in the compensated absences liability is reflected as an expense within the statement of activities and the expense does not use a current financial resources and is not recorded within the governmental funds.	(2,826)
Net change in governmental activities net position - government-wide financial statements (page six)	\$ (41,925)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted		Actual on	Budget to	Actual on	Budgetary Basis Variance With
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis	GAAP Differences	GAAP Basis	Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
Sales taxes	\$ 750	\$ 750	\$ 639	\$ 15	\$ 654	\$ (111)
Property taxes	1,140,208	1,140,208	1,180,262	3,048	1,183,310	40,054
Public service taxes	246,091	246,091	251,743	212,601	464,344	5,652
Intergovernmental: Federal	115,000	115,000	163,044		163,044	48,044
State	350,000	350,000	380,383		380,383	30,383
Charges for services	27,000	27,000	36,891	455	37,346	9,891
Licenses and permits	500	500	528	-	528	28
Interest	34,500	34,500	32,593	(280)	32,313	(1,907)
Miscellaneous	250	250	27,641	(22,578)	5,063	27,391
Total revenues	1,914,299	1,914,299	2,073,724	193,261	2,266,985	159,425
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	1,141,303	1,220,303	1,094,718	10,920	1,105,638	125,585
Public works	525,642	530,642	483,894	(1,919)	481,975	46,748
Public safety	128,214	129,714	122,338	(161)	122,177	7,376
Capital outlay	20,500	10,000				10,000
Total expenditures	1,815,659	1,890,659	1,700,950	8,840	1,709,790	189,709
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	98,640	23,640	372,774	184,421	557,195	349,134
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	=	44,518	=	-	=	(44,518)
Transfers (out)	(23,000)	(173,000)	(105,482)	(218,175)	(323,657)	67,518
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,000)	(128,482)	(105,482)	(218,175)	(323,657)	23,000
Net change	75,640	(104,842)	267,292	\$ (33,754)	\$ 233,538	372,134
Cash balance, beginning of year	2,081,461	2,081,461	2,081,461			-
Cash on hand	250	250	250			-
Rounding			(1)			(1)
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 2,157,351	\$ 1,976,869	\$ 2,349,002			\$ 372,133
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables				\$ 178,845		
Change in prepaid expenses				(3,231)		
Change in accounts payable				(4,425)		
Change in accrued salaries				(1,184)		
Change in deferred revenues				14,416		
Change in transfers				(218,175)		
				\$ (33,754)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ROAD FUND

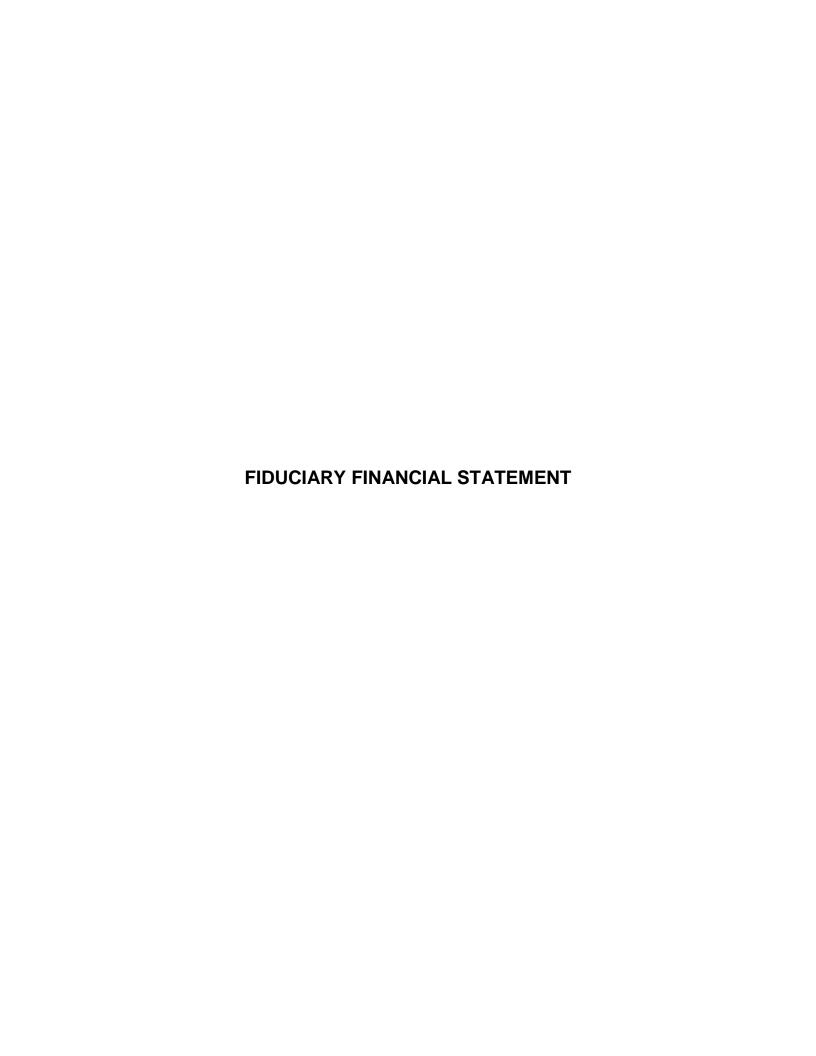
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	ΙΛma	unte	٨	ctual on	D	udget to	Actual on		Budgetary Basis riance With
	Driginal Budget	AIIIC	Final Budget		udgetary Basis		GAAP ferences	 GAAP Basis	Fi	nal Budget /er (Under)
Revenues: Public service taxes Intergovernmental:	\$ 444,000	\$	444,000	\$	387,958	\$	(17,753)	\$ 370,205	\$	(56,042)
Federal State Interest Miscellaneous	 2,200 566,800 2,000 500		2,200 566,800 2,000 500		705 395,475 2,197 1,623		- 310 -	705 395,475 2,507 1,623		(1,495) (171,325) 197 1,123
Total revenues	1,015,500		1,015,500		787,958		(17,443)	770,515		(227,542)
Expenditures: Current: Public works Capital outlay	1,317,223 50,000		1,517,223		1,328,242		27,086	1,355,328		188,981 -
Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges	- -		- -		<u>-</u>		180,058 19,265	 180,058 19,265		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 1,367,223		1,517,223		1,328,242		226,409	1,554,651		188,981
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(351,723)		(501,723)		(540,284)		(243,852)	(784,136)		(38,561)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	120,000		270,000		259,938		218,175	478,113		(10,062)
Special Item: Proceeds from sale of assets	1,000		1,000		1,988			 1,988		988
Net change	(230,723)		(230,723)		(278,358)	\$	(25,677)	\$ (304,035)		(47,635)
Cash balance, beginning of year	680,849		680,849		680,849					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 450,126	\$	450,126	\$	402,491				\$	(47,635)
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables Change in prepaid expenses Change in accounts payable Change in accrued salaries Debt service payments Change in transfers						\$	(17,443) 413 (29,959) 2,460 (199,323) 218,175 (25,677)			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

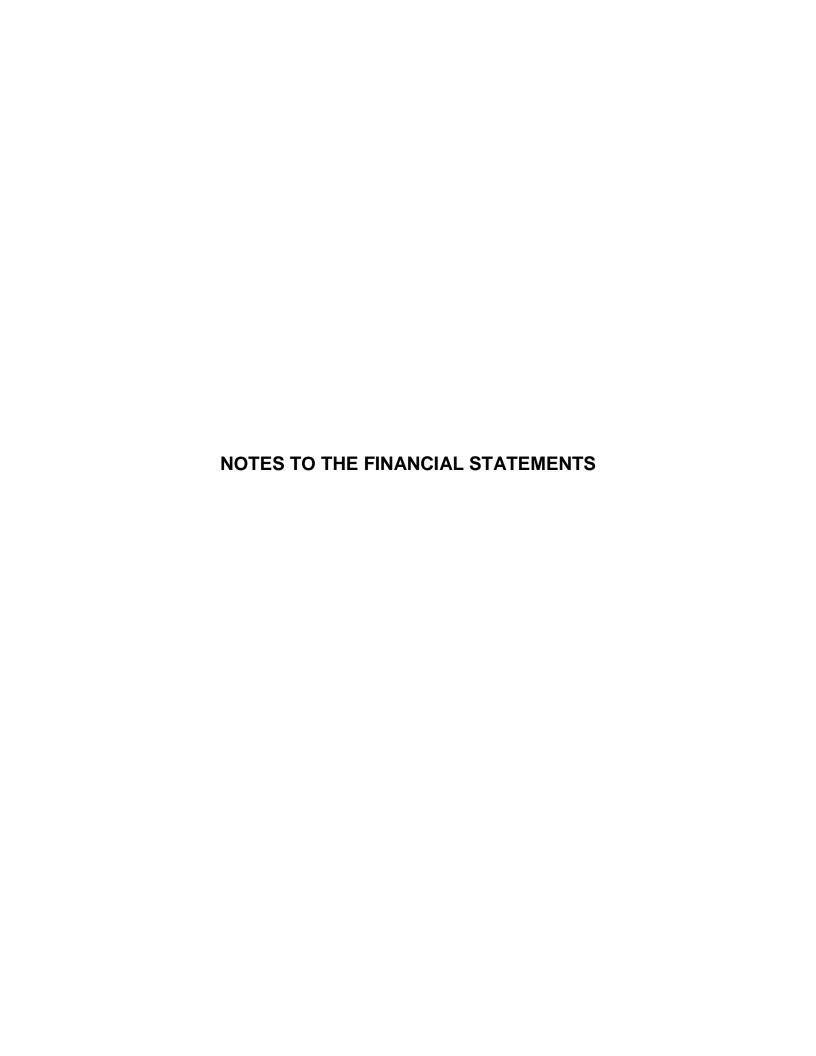
HOSPITAL MILL LEVY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amo	unts	A	Actual on	Е	Sudget to	,	Actual on	udgetary Basis iance With
	Original Budget		Final Budget	B	udgetary Basis	Di	GAAP fferences		GAAP Basis	al Budget er (Under)
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 510,000	\$	560,000	\$	574,353	\$	2,841	\$	577,194	\$ 14,353
Public service taxes Intergovernmental:	115,000		115,000		109,701		(2,540)		107,161	(5,299)
State	_		-		-		189,724		189,724	-
Miscellaneous	 _		-		1,125		_		1,125	1,125
Total revenues	625,000		675,000		685,179		190,025		875,204	10,179
Expenditures: Current:										
Health and welfare	 800,000		850,000		638,529		505,872		1,144,401	211,471
Net change	(175,000)		(175,000)		46,650	\$	695,897	\$	(269,197)	221,650
Cash balance, beginning of year	 306,992		306,992		306,992					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 131,992	\$	131,992	\$	353,642					\$ 221,650
Explanation of Differences:										
Change in receivables						\$	187,908			
Change in prepaid expenses Change in accounts payable							(3,053) 505,872			
Change in deferred revenues							5,170			
-						\$	695,897			



STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Agency Funds		
Assets:			
Cash	\$	698,061	
Receivables:			
Property taxes		49,435	
Public service taxes		7,820	
Interest		52	
Total receivables		57,307	
Total assets	\$	755,368	
Liabilities:			
Deposits held for others	\$	77,300	
Due to other taxing units		49,435	
Taxes paid under protest		628,633	
Total liabilities	\$	755,368	



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

With the exception of depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in the governmental activities, the financial statements of Union County, New Mexico (County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The County was established by the laws of the Territory of New Mexico of 1876, under the provisions of the act now referred to as Sections 4-9-1 and 4-9-2 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation. The County operates under the commission-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized in the grant of powers: public safety (sheriff, fire, emergency medical, etc.), public works (highways and streets), sanitation, health and welfare services, public improvements, and general administration services. The County's basic financial statements include all activities and accounts of the County's financial reporting entity.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, and any another organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. Based on this criterion, there are no component units of the County.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the County as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services for support. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions. The County has no business-type activities.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function category (general government, public safety, etc.) or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or activity; and (3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The net cost (by function of governmental activity) is normally covered by general revenues (taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The County does not allocate indirect costs. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The nonmajor funds are detailed in the combining section of the statements.

The County's fiduciary funds (which have been refined and narrowed in scope) are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since, by definition, these assets are being held of the benefit of a third party (other state and local governments and individuals) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into government-wide statements.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County, as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The focus of the fund financial statements is on the major individual funds of the governmental activities as well as the fiduciary funds (by category). Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, includes property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balance of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Generally, intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is made.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will, at times, report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s); therefore, is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will, at times, report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s); therefore, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,

C. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Property, franchise, sales and public service tax revenues associated with the current fiscal period are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash, as the resulting receivable is immaterial. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance.

There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's police to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted revenues as they are needed.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *road fund* accounts for the operation and maintenance of the County roads. Financing is primarily from state shared revenues from motor vehicle taxes. The authority for this fund is given by Sections 7-1-6.9 and 7-1-6.26 NMSA 1978.

The *hospital mill levy fund* accounts for the four and one quarter mill levy tax revenues, which are used for the maintenance and purchase of capital equipment for the County's hospital. The authority for this fund is given by County Resolution 93-2.

The County maintains twenty-four other individual governmental funds that are considered nonmajor funds; twenty-three are classified as special revenue funds, and one is classified as capital projects fund. A description of each nonmajor governmental fund is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,
C. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Special Revenue Funds

The farm and range fund accounts for the maintenance, improvements and animal control of federal land under Section 10 of the Taylor Grazing Act of 6-28-34. The Taylor Grazing Co-Op Agreement provides funds that are to be used strictly for the maintenance, improvements, and animal control of this federal land. The authority for the fund is given by Section 6-11-6 NMSA 1978.

The recreation fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of county owned recreation facilities. Financing is provided by the County's share of cigarette tax. State law requires the use of these cigarette taxes be used for recreation purposes. The authority for the fund is given by Section 7-12-15 NMSA 1978.

The *county clerk's fee fund* accounts for the charges for services collected to be used for purchase of special equipment associated with the County Clerk's office. The authority for the fund is given by Section 14-8-12.2A, NMSA 1978.

The *indigent hospital fund* accounts for the revenues received from state gross receipts taxes for hospital service for indigent citizens of the County. The authority for the fund is given by Section 7-20E-9, NMSA 1978.

The *Capulin fire fund* accounts for state fire protection revenues that are to be expended only for the maintenance of its fire department. The authority for the fund is given by Sections 59A-53-5 and 59A-53-8, NMSA 1978.

The Sedan fire fund accounts for state fire protection revenues that are to be expended only for the maintenance of its fire department. The authority for the fund is given by Sections 59A-53-5 and 59A-53-8, NMSA 1978.

The *Amistad/Hayden fire fund* accounts for state fire protection revenues that are to be expended only for the maintenance of its fire department. The authority for the fund is given by Sections 59A-53-5 and 59A--53-8, NMSA 1978.

The *Rabbit Ear fire fund* accounts for state fire protection revenues that are to be expended only for the maintenance of its fire department. The authority for the fund is given by Sections 59A-53-5 and 59A-53-8, NMSA 1978.

The *Grenville fire fund* accounts for state fire protection revenues that are to be expended only for the maintenance of its fire department. The authority for the fund is given by Sections 59A-53-5 and 59A-53-8, NMSA 1978.

The Capulin ems fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of medical service equipment within the EMS district. The authority for the fund is given by Section 24-10A-1, NMSA 1978.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,
c. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

The *Amistad/Hayden ems fund* accounts for the operations and maintenance of medical service equipment within the EMS district. The authority for the fund is given by Section 24-10A-1, NMSA 1978.

The *Folsom ems fund* accounts for the operations and maintenance of medical service equipment within the EMS district. The authority for the fund is given by Section 24-10A-1, NMSA 1978.

The *fire marshal fund* accounts for the revenues received and the expenditures thereof from the governmental service agreement with NM Energy, Natural Minerals Research Department to coordinate wild land fire management activities in the County. The authority for the fund is given by County Resolution 98-19.

The *correctional gross receipts fund* accounts for gross receipts taxes received and reserved for the expenditures to the Town of Clayton for the housing of County inmates. The authority for the fund is given by County Gross Receipts Tax Ordinance number 25.

The *corrections fund* accounts for revenues and expenditures for the operation and maintenance of the County's corrections facilities. The authority for the fund is given by Section 35-3-25, NMSA 1978.

The *DWI grant fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures for the intervention, prevention, education, and support of the local DWI program. The authority for the fund is given by Section 11-6A-3, NMSA 1978.

The *reappraisal fund* is for recipients of revenue produced through ad valorem levies required to pay counties an administrative charge to offset collection costs. Expenditures are made pursuant to a property valuation program approved by the County commissioners. The authority for the fund is given by Section 7-38-38.1, NMSA 1978.

The *emergency services general GRT fund* accounts for gross receipts taxes received and reserved for expenditures for emergency communications center and emergency medical services. The authority for the fund is given by Section 7-20E-22, NMSA 1978.

The *county hospital GGRT fund* accounts for the one-quarter of one percent gross receipts taxes received and reserved for the acquisition or construction of land or buildings and for operations and maintenance of the County hospital. The authority for the fund is given by County Resolution 98-19.

The *general gross receipts tax fund* accounts for gross receipts taxes received and the expenditures of said taxes deemed necessary by the County. The authority for the fund is given by the County Gross Receipts Tax Ordinance number 31.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,
C. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

The gross receipts reserve tax fund accounts for gross receipts taxes received and reserved for future expenditures deemed necessary by the County. The authority for the fund is given by the County Gross Receipts Tax Ordinance number 7.

The *law enforcement fund* accounts for the County's state distribution of Law Enforcement Protection funds to be used for the repair and /or replacement of law enforcement equipment. The authority for the fund is given by Section 29-13-1, NMSA 1978.

The *legislative appropriations fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures from special appropriations received from the New Mexico Legislature. The authority for the fund is given by County resolution.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital improvements/emergency fund accounts for funds from federal, state and local sources for capital projects throughout the County. This includes cooperative agreements with the New Mexico Department of Transportation to construct or improve selected projects. The authority for this fund is given by County resolution.

D. Budgets

Budgets for all funds are prepared by management and approved by the local commission and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. The County Manager is responsible for preparing the budget from requests submitted by elected officials and department heads. The appropriated budget is prepared by line item within object class, program, department and fund; revenues expected to be available are estimated to provide for balanced budgeting. The comprehensive budget package is brought before the County Commissioners for approval by resolution. The proposed budget is then submitted by June 1st to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration Local Government Division (DFA) for approval. DFA certifies a pending budget by July 1st with final certification of the budget by the first Monday of September. The expenditure section of the budget, once adopted, is legally binding. Based on the final certified budget submitted, DFA certifies the allowable tax rates for property taxes in September.

These budgets are prepared on the non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds are reappropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the state of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be utilized to fund deficit budgets appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Such appropriated balance is legally restricted and is, therefore presented as a reserved portion of fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) Budgets

D. Budgets (continued)

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a fund basis. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a fund, this may be accomplished with only local commission approval. If a transfer between "funds" or a budget increase is required, approval must be obtained from the Department of Finance and Administration. The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Investments in the County's cash and certificates of deposit are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. State statutes authorize the County to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the state and the U.S. government, and the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool. Cash and certificates of deposit are reported at book value. All other investments are carried at fair market value using quoted market prices. Interest income, realized gains and losses on investment transactions, and amortization of premiums/discounts on investment purchases are included for financial statement purposes as investment income and are allocated to participating funds based on the specific identification of the source of funds for a given investment.

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund balance. Long-term advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using first-in, first-out cost method. The costs of inventories in governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when purchased, therefore, the inventory amount is not available for appropriation.

4. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

5. Restricted Assets

Certain long-term assets are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purposes such as deposits held in trust for others.

6. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund balance as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received. Purchased computer software is recorded at historical cost. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost or donated value of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	10-80
Buildings and other improvements	15-40
Machinery and equipment (including	
computer software)	5-10
Hospital equipment	5-10

Currently, because of the lack of complete and accurate capital assets subsidiary records, no depreciation is recorded within the governmental activities.

8. Compensated Absences

County employees may accumulate limited amounts of vacation pay which are payable to the employee upon termination or retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

8. Compensated Absences (continued)

For governmental funds, expenditures are recognized during the period in which vacation costs become payable from available, expendable resources. A liability for amounts earned, but not payable from available expendable resources, is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

County employee may accumulate limited amounts of sick leave; however, such accumulation is not paid upon termination. Therefore, the accumulated sick leave liability is not recorded.

9. Deferred Revenues

Within the government-wide financial statements, deferred revenues represent unearned revenues advanced to the County. Such advances are reported as deferred revenue until the earnings process is complete. Deferred revenues may include grant awards reflected as a receivable, but not recognized as revenues since all criteria have not been met.

Within the governmental funds, revenues must be available in order to be recognized. Revenues, such as property taxes that are not available, are recorded as deferred revenues and reflected as a liability within the balance sheet.

10. Short-Term Obligations

No short-term debt occurred during the current fiscal year.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities within the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

11. Net Assets (continued)

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net assets – This category reflects the portion of net assets that have third party limitations on their use.

Unrestricted net assets – This category reflects net assets of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

12. Fund Equity Reservation and Designations

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form — prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance – This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the board of commissioners – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the board of commissioners removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance – This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the County's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The board of commissioners, and County manager, has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

12. Fund Equity (continued)

Assigned fund balance (continued) – Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance – The fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources-committed, assigned, and unassigned-in order as needed.

F. Other Matters

1. Presentation

Certain reclassifications of prior year information have been made to conform to the current year presentation.

2. Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash with maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Cash

New Mexico State Statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

2. CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (continued)

Cash (continued)

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more bank or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the County. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution. The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the state Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities which are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions

The County maintains cash in two financial institutions within Union County, New Mexico. The County's deposits are carried at cost.

As of June 30, 2013, the amount of cash reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the various institutions because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks. The locations and amounts deposited are as follows:

	Per Institution		Re	econciling Items	Per Financial Statements		
Cash on hand First National Bank of New Mexico Farmer's & Stockmen's Bank	\$	2,919,765 2,886,951	\$	250 (89,119) 4,906	\$	250 2,830,646 2,891,857	
	\$	5,806,716	\$	(83,963)	\$	5,722,753	

The amounts reported as cash for the primary government within the financial statement is displayed as:

Statement of Net Position: Cash	\$ 5,024,692
Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities - agency funds	698,061
Total cash reported on financial statements	\$ 5,722,753

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories equated to the carrying value by the County. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statute, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the County carrying value of the deposits (demand and certificates of deposit).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

2. CASH DEPOSITS (continued)

Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions (continued)

Such collateral, as permitted by the state statutes is held in each respective depository bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds with the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

	First National Bank of New Mexico		•	armer's &
Total deposit in bank Less FDIC insurance		2,919,765 (250,000)	\$	2,886,951 (250,000)
Uninsured public funds		2,669,765		2,636,951
Pledged collateral held by pledging bank's agent, but not in the County's name		1,644,172		1,528,940
Uninsured and uncollateralized public funds	\$	1,025,593	\$	1,108,011
Total pledged collateral 50% pledged collateral requirement	\$	1,644,172	\$	1,528,940
per state statute		1,334,883		1,318,476
Pledged collateral (under) over the requirement	\$	309,289	\$	210,464

A detailed listing of the pledged collateral is contained in the supplemental financial information section of this report. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits, time deposit, savings deposits and interest bearing money market accounts at a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2013, \$5,306,716 of the County's bank balances of \$5,806,716 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	First National Bank of New Mexico	Farmer's & Stockmen's Bank	Total
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's pledging bank's trust department or an agent not in the County's name	\$ 2,669,765	\$ 2,636,951	\$ 5,306,716

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

3. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The County has restricted cash and investments for particular purposes. A description of the assets restricted, and the purpose of the restriction is described as:

Investments Held by Fiscal Agent

As required by note agreements with the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA), the County has cash held and invested with the NMFA. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the NMFA has invested the funds held in the debt service and debt reserve pools.

NMFA – Debt Service Pool

The County has \$74,836 invested with the NMFA debt service pool. At June 30, 2013, the pool was composed of money market funds.

NMFA – Debt Reserve Pool

The County has \$124,675 invested with the NMFA debt reserve pool. At June 30, 2013, the pool was composed of 5.42% money market funds; 59.33% of fixed income agencies funds; 30.49% agencies funds; and 35.25% fixed income U.S. Treasuries.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rate variations may adversely affect an investment's fair value. The prices of securities fluctuate with market interest rates and the securities held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinant of the tolerance of a fund's investments to rising interest rates. In general, the longer the WAM, the more susceptible the fund is to rising interest rates. The NMFA debt service pool fund weighted average maturity is 42.41-day WAM. The NMFA debt reserve pool fund weighted average maturity is 1.335 WAM.

The County does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

4. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, at June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

	 rnmental tivities
Accounts receivable: Charges for services Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 789 -
Total	789

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

4. RECEIVABLES, NET (continued)

	•	Governmental Activities		
Taxes receivable:				
Sales taxes	\$	201,288		
Property taxes		72,128		
Public service taxes		75,357		
Allowance for doubtful accounts				
Total		348,773		
Intergovernmental receivables:				
Homeland security grant		15,253		
Sole community provider grant		441,149		
Allowance for doubtful accounts				
Total		456,402		
Receivables, net	\$	805,964		

The County's policy is to provide for uncollectible accounts based upon expected defaults.

5. PROPERTY TAX

A tax is imposed upon all property located within Union County subject to valuation for property taxation purposes under Article 36, Chapter 7 NMSA 1978. By April 1st of each year, the County Assessor mails a notice to each property owner informing him of the net value of his property that has been valued for property evaluation purposes by the assessor.

A property owner may protest the value or classification determined for his property for property taxation purposes, the allocation of value of his property to a particular governmental unit, or a denial of a claim for an exemption, or for a limitation on increase in value. No later than September 1st of each year, the secretary of finance and administration shall, by written code, set the property tax rates for the governmental units sharing in the tax in accordance with the property tax code. After receipt of the rate-setting order and the order imposing the tax, but no later than October 1st of each tax year, the County Assessor shall prepare a property tax schedule for all property subject to property taxation in the County. A copy of the property tax schedule prepared by the assessor shall be delivered to the County Treasurer on October 1st of each tax year.

Upon receipt of the property tax schedule, the County Treasurer shall prepare and mail property tax bills. Tax bill shall be mailed no later than November 1st of each tax year.

Property taxes are payable to the County Treasurer in two equal installments due on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill was prepared and mailed, and on April 10th of the following year. Property taxes that are not paid within thirty days after the date on which they are due are delinquent. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalties and interest. A lien against the real property for taxes is effective from January 1st of the tax year that the taxes are imposed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

5. PROPERTY TAX (continued)

The lien runs in favor of the state and secures the payment of taxes on real property and any penalty and interest that may become due. The lien continues until the taxes and any penalty and interest are paid.

The County Treasurer has the responsibility and authority for collection of taxes and any penalties or interest due under the property tax code. The County Treasurer distributes the receipts from collected taxes to each government unit in an amount and in a manner determined in accordance with the law and with the regulation of the Department of Finance and Administration.

Per NMSA 7-37-7-(B)(1), the County is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes up to \$11.85 per \$1,000 of taxable value for both residential and non-residential property, taxable value being defined as one third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the County is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by County voters.

The County's operating tax rate to finance general government services for 2012 was \$9.150 per \$1,000 for non-residential property and \$7.188 per \$1,000 for residential property.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

	Balan 06/30/		Increases	Decreas	ses		Balance 6/30/13
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	6,830 \$	-	\$		\$	6,830
Other capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment	14,04	9,812 3,474 5,646	235,552 - 22,980		- - -		245,364 14,043,474 5,518,626
Total other capital assets being depreciated	19,54	8,932	258,532		-		19,807,464
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildigns and improvements Infrastructure Equipment	(11,73	9,812) 0,555) 7,169)	- - -		- - -	,	(9,812) 11,730,555) (3,407,169)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,14	7,536)	-		_		15,147,536)
Other capital assets, net	4,40	1,396	258,532				4,659,928
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,40	8,226 \$	258,532	\$		\$	4,666,758

The County did not record depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in governmental activities obligations during the year ended June 30, 2013, were as follows:

	Balance 06/30/12	Res	statement	A	dditions	 Deletions	Balance 06/30/13	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Notes payable Compensated absences	\$ 1,812,659 45,043	\$	- 10,864	\$	- 45,893	\$ (252,455) (53,931)	\$ 1,560,204 47,869	\$	258,840 23,938
	\$ 1,857,702	\$	10,864	\$	45,893	\$ (306,386)	\$ 1,608,073	\$	282,778

Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #1

On June 19, 2009, the County borrowed \$71,050 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a fire tanker for the Grenville Fire District. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2015. The annual payment is approximately \$15,740 with accrued interest at rates between 1.62% to 3.26% (includes administrative charges).

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	P	rincipal	 nterest	 Total
2014 2015	\$	14,820 15,242	\$ 919 497	\$ 15,739 15,739
	\$	30,062	\$ 1,416	\$ 31,478

Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #2

On August 14, 2009, the County borrowed \$666,975 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a three motor graders for the road department. The loan is to be repaid from the motor vehicle tax revenues received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2019. The annual payment is approximately \$80,535 with accrued interest at rates of 3.092% and a .250% annual administrative charge.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	 Principal	I	nterest	Total
2014	\$ 66,562	\$	13,973	\$ 80,535
2015	68,322		12,212	80,534
2016	70,324		10,211	80,535
2017	72,515		8,020	80,535
2018	74,973		5,562	80,535
2019	 77,648		2,888	 80,536
	\$ 430,344	\$	52,866	\$ 483,210

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #3

On March 5, 2010, the County borrowed \$134,995 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of an initial attack fire truck for the Sedan Fire District. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2015. The annual payment is approximately \$28,493 with accrued interest rates at 1.817% per annum and a .25% administrative charge.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	P	rincipal	lr	nterest	 Total
2014 2015	\$	27,312 27,837	\$	1,181 657	\$ 28,493 28,494
	\$	55,149	\$	1,838	\$ 56,987

Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #4

On November 19, 2010, the County borrowed \$576,115 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a bulldozer for the road department. The loan is to be repaid from the gas tax revenues received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2015. The annual payment is approximately \$119,547 with accrued interest rates at 1.064% per annum and a .25% administrative charge.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Ending June 30:	F	Principal	Ir	nterest	Total
2014 2015	\$	116,626 118,631	\$	2,921 1,708	\$ 119,547 120,339
	\$	235,257	\$	4,629	\$ 239,886

Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #5

On August 19, 2011, the County borrowed \$464,870 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the construction of the new main station for the Rabbit Ear Fire District. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2032. The annual payment is approximately \$31,685 with accrued interest rates at 3.027% per annum, and a .25% annual administrative charge.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #5 (continued)

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Interest	Total		
2014	\$	17,051	\$ 12,793	\$	29,844	
2015	•	17,363	12,633		29,996	
2016		17,745	12,391		30,136	
2017		18,185	12,095		30,280	
2018		18,698	11,731		30,429	
2019 - 2023		103,818	50,767		154,585	
2024 - 2028		128,064	31,736		159,800	
2029 - 2032		127,144	 9,774		136,918	
	\$	448,068	\$ 153,920	\$	601,988	

Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #6

On June 1, 2012, the County borrowed \$253,750 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the construction of an addition to the fire station for the Sedan Fire District. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2023. The annual payment is approximately \$34,200, with accrued interest rates at 1.940% per annum, and a .25% annual administrative charge.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	F	Principal	li	nterest		Total
2014	\$	1,285	\$	4,413	\$	5,698
2015	•	1,290	•	4,408	·	5,698
2016		29,791		4,400		34,191
2017		30,053		4,138		34,191
2018		30,360		3,832		34,192
2019 - 2023		159,689		11,268		170,957
	\$	252,468	\$	32,459	\$	284,927

Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #7

On July 22, 2011, the County borrowed \$121,800 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of an initial attack fire truck for the Capulin Fire District. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2020. The annual payment is approximately \$17,340 with accrued interest rates at 2.626% per annum and a .25% administrative charge.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #7 (continued)

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		Interest		Total	
2014	\$	15,184	\$	2,686	\$	17,870
2015		14,482		2,626		17,108
2016		14,850		2,321		17,171
2017		15,276		1,930		17,206
2018		15,769		1,472		17,241
2019 - 2020		33,295		1,508		34,803
	\$	108,856	\$	12,543	\$	121,399

Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation and sick time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e., are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

In the past, approximately forty-three percent has been paid by the General Fund and fifty-seven percent by the Road Fund.

8. <u>DEFERRED REVENUES</u>

The County has recorded deferred revenues of \$33,555, \$17,180 and \$789 within the governmental general, hospital mill levy and re-appraisal funds, respectively. These amounts represent non-current property taxes.

9. OPERATING LEASES

The County has entered into a lead agreement to lease a computer system. The agreement includes the used of the computer software and support. The agreement is renewable annually. The County expects that in the normal course of business, the computer agreement will continued to be required. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the County expended \$46,120 for the computer agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

9. OPERATING LEASES (continued)

The County leases four motor graders and a Caterpillar loader from a third party under a governmental operating lease agreement. The lease term is for eighty-four months ending October 2020. In the event no funds or insufficient are appropriated and budgeted, or otherwise not available in any fiscal year for rental payments; upon notification to the Lessor, the operating lease agreement will terminate on the last day of the fiscal year, for which appropriations were received without penalty or expense to the County. Future minimum operating lease commitments are as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,	 Governmental Activities			
2014	\$ 161,430			
2015	161,430			
2016 2017	161,430			
2017	161,430 117,362			
2019	108,549			
2020	54,274			
	\$ 925,905			

10. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2013, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Rabbie Ear Fire Fund	\$ 58,804

Interfund balances represent short-term advances for funds that receive grants on a reimbursement basis.

Transfers

	_Tr	ansfers In
		Road
		Fund
Transfers (out):		
General Fund	\$	323,657
Clerk's Fees Fund		19,084
Corrections Gross Receipts Fund		25,434
GRT Reserve Fund		109,938
	\$	478,113

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

10. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend. Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

11. DEFICIT BALANCES

The Rabbit Ear Fire fund had a deficit fund balance of \$55,843 at June 30, 2013. This deficit balance will be reduced from revenues received in the next fiscal year, and or transfers from the general fund.

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS AND HOSPITAL OPERATIONS

Pursuant to Section 4-48B-1 NMSA 1978, the County and Clayton Health Systems, Inc., a New Mexico Nonprofit Corporation, (CHS) entered into an agreement for operations of the County hospital. The terms of the agreement requires CHS to operate the hospital to provide health care services to County residents. The County provides the health care facility and certain equipment for the use of CHS in providing the health care services and has set aside the proceeds of the mill levy collected, pursuant to the Hospital Funding Act, for use the CHS for hospital maintenance and hospital equipment. The term of the agreement extends through November 1, 2029. CHS is an independent entity and not a component unit of the County.

The County has entered into a series of four special limited obligation loan agreements with the New Mexico Finance Authority to provide financial assurance to CHS for the remodeling and construction of the County hospital. As of June 30, 2013, the four loans outstanding balances are as follows:

Year of Agreement	Amount
2005	\$2,609,448
2006	1,346,769
2007	1,298,471
2009	1,937,755
	\$7,192,443

Simultaneously, with the execution of the loan agreements, the operating agreements with CHS were amended to require payment of the loan obligations by CHS from hospital revenues.

The loans are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from revenues of the hospital and do not constitute indebtedness to the County within the meaning of any State constitutional provision or statutory debt limitation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

12. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS AND HOSPITAL OPERATIONS (continued)

Nor, do the obligations constitute a charge against the County's general credit or taxing power and, accordingly, therefore, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements, pursuant to GASB Codification Section C65.

However, the County remains contingently liable in the event of default to the extent of its third one-eighth of one percent County Gross Receipts Tax, which is also pledged to secure the loan. This tax is presently committed to the Hospital Indigent Fund, combined with other gross receipts taxes. The amount of the third one-eighth County Gross Receipts Tax is not obligated, so long as the loan is not in default as to any monthly loan payment or the rate covenant as set forth in the loan agreement, the Gross Receipts Tax revenues will not be used for the purpose of the loan payments.

The operating agreement between the County and CHS also requires CHS to pledge its revenues and to directly pay the principal and interest payments required under the loan agreement. In addition, the operating agreement imposes certain other obligations on CHS to include a rate covenant, which requires that rates be established by CHS to produce gross revenues sufficient to pay the annual operation and maintenance expenses and one hundred thirty percent of the aggregate annual debt service requirements payable during the current fiscal year.

In 2007, the County and CHS entered into a memorandum of understanding in which the County agreed to provide a subsidy to CHS in the amount of the principal and interest payments on the 2007 loan agreement. For the current fiscal year, the County budgeted a payment of \$159,300 through its Governmental Gross Receipts Tax General Special Revenue Fund for this subsidy.

13. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the county determined that changes to the beginning of year net position and fund balances were necessary. A description and the effect of the changes are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	 dividual Funds
Government-Wide Statements		
In the previous year, the compensated absences were understated.	\$ (10,864)	
<u>Major Funds</u>		
Road Fund In the previous year, the New Mexico Finance Authority debt service balance was understated.	38,111	\$ 38,111
Other Governmental Funds		
GRT Reserve Fund In the previous year, the New Mexico Finance Authority debt service balance was overstated.	(37,576)	(37,576)
Total Government-Wide Financial Statements	\$ (10,329)	\$ 535

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

14. PENSION PLAN - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

Plan Description

Substantially, all of the County's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA; P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute from 9.15% to 12.35% (ranges from 3.83% to 16.65% depending upon the plan, i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police, and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal police, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The County is required to contribute from 9.15% to 18.5% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The County contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$235,724, \$225,699, \$216,321, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN

Plan Description

The County contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf, unless that person retires before the employer's RCHA effective date, in which event, the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RCHA issued a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the post-employment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

Funding Policy

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RCHA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RCHA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RCHA or viewed on their website at www.nmrcha.state.nm.us.

The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RCHA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the Board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member coverage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – STATE RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (continued)

For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended **June 30**, **2013**, the statute required each participating employer to contribute **2.0%** of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute **1.0%** of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act.

The County's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$25,651, \$23,656 and \$19,876, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

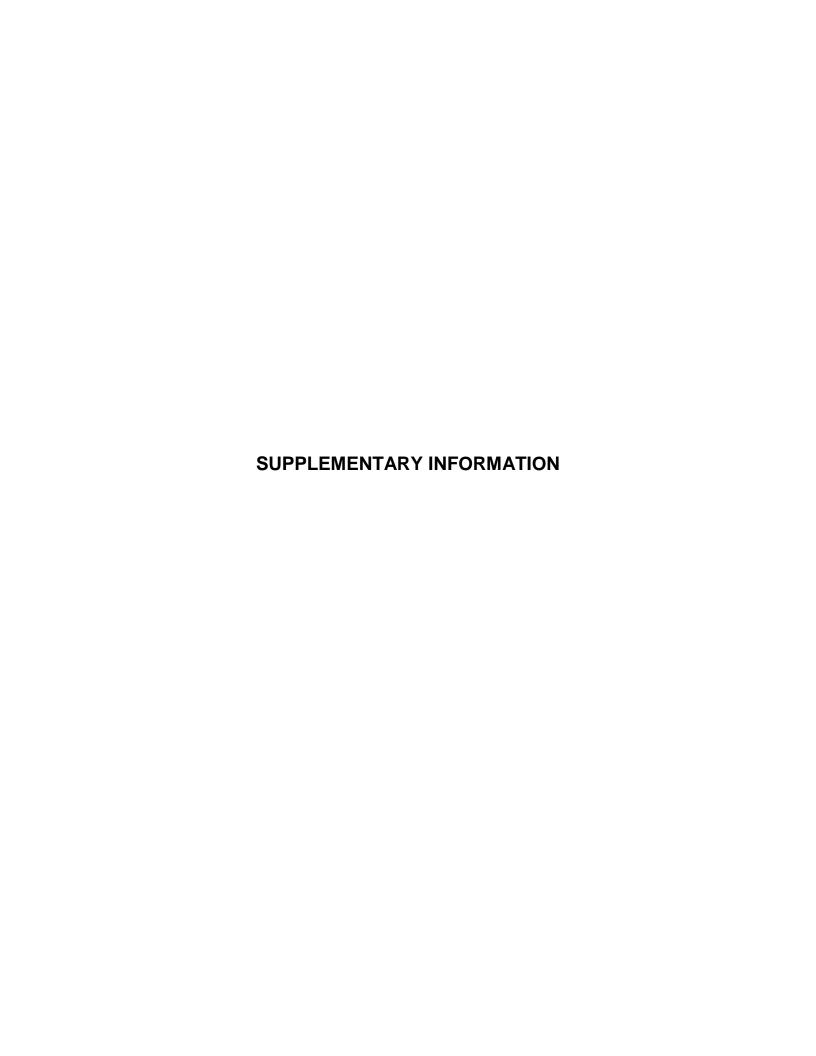
16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other local governments in the state and obtained insurance through the New Mexico Self-Insured fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The County pays an annual premium to New Mexico Self-Insured fund for its general insurance coverage and all risk of loss is transferred.

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County has various claims and lawsuits pending against the County. The County's attorney believes that no liability or damages could accrue to the County other than payment of attorney and other legal fees.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

									Spec	cial Revenue	Fun	ds						
	Farm and Range Fund		Recreation Fund		Clerk's Fees Fund		Indigent Hospital Fund		Capulin Fire Fund		Sedan Fire Fund		Amistad/Hayden Fire Fund		Rabbit Ear Fire Fund			renville Fire Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>																		
Cash	\$	214	\$	89	\$	15,070	\$	46,937	\$	13,689	\$	41,316	\$	208,018	\$	768	\$	48,101
Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Restricted:		-		-		63 -		195,301 -		2,974		- 2,926		- 2,941		2,830		2,893
Cash		_		_		-		-		2		6		_		_		2
Investments						-		-		45				<u>-</u>		4		
Total assets	\$	214	\$	89	\$	15,133	\$	242,238	\$	16,710	\$	44,248	\$	210,959	\$	3,602	\$	50,996
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	183	\$	4,080	\$	236	\$	641	\$	2,115
Accrued salaries		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds Deferrred revenues				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		58,804		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-		183		4,080		236		59,445		2,115
Fund Balances:																		
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		2,974		2,926		2,941		2,830		2,893
Restricted for:										47		0				4		0
Debt service State mandated per statutes		-		-		-		195,338		47		6		-		4		2
Committed for:								100,000										
Subsequent years' expenditures		214		-		15,133		46,900		13,506		37,236		207,782		-		45,986
Assigned		-		89		-		-		-		-		-		- (50.077)		-
Unassigned										-		-				(58,677)		
Total fund balances		214		89		15,133		242,238		16,527		40,168		210,723		(55,843)	_	48,881
Total liabilities and																		
fund balances	\$	214	\$	89	\$	15,133	\$	242,238	\$	16,710	\$	44,248	\$	210,959	\$	3,602	\$	50,996

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

Special F	Revenue	Funds
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							Opecia	או וג	venue runa	3							
400570	EMS EMS		Folsom Fire EMS Marshal Fund Fund			Corrections Gross Corrections Receipts Fees Fund Fund				DWI Grant Reappraisal Fund Fund			Emergency Services GGRT Fund				
<u>ASSETS</u>																	
Cash Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Restricted: Cash	\$ 201	\$	168 - -	\$	19,946 - -	\$	58,338 - - -	\$	132,297 27,650 -	\$	15,700 - - -	\$	9,370 - -	\$	59,358 1,122 -	\$	134,117 42,903 -
Investments	 -		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$ 201	\$	168	\$	19,946	\$	58,338	\$	159,947	\$	15,700	\$	9,370	\$	60,480	\$	177,020
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts payable Accrued salaries Due to other funds Deferred revenues	\$ 91 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	69 - - -	\$	88 872 - -	\$	18,030 1,573 - -	\$	- - - -	\$	326 1,877 - -	\$	99 448 - 789	\$	9,719 2,082 - -
Total liabilities	91		-		69		960		19,603		-		2,203		1,336		11,801
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted for: Debt service State mandated per statutes Committed for:	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- -		-		- - 34,635		- - -
Subsequent years' expenditures Assigned Unassigned	 110 - -		168 - -		19,877 - -		57,378 - -		- 140,344 -		15,700 - -		7,167 - -		24,509 - -		94,264 70,955 -
Total fund balances	110		168		19,877		57,378		140,344		15,700		7,167		59,144		165,219
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 201	\$	168	\$	19,946	\$	58,338	\$	159,947	\$	15,700	\$	9,370	\$	60,480	\$	177,020

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

Special Re	evenue	runas	
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						Opcolai		ac i alias								
	County Hospital GGRT Fund ASSETS		General Gross Receipts Tax Fund		GRT Reserve Fund		Law Enforcement Fund		Legislative Appropriations Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds		Capital Improvements/ Emergency Fund		G	Total Other overnment Funds
ASSETS																
Cash Receivables, net Prepaid expenses Restricted:	\$	96,487 166,684 -	\$	409,298 27,651 -	\$	338,768 7,777 -	\$	23,926 - -	\$	11,839 - -	\$	1,684,015 469,151 14,564	\$	235,542 - -	\$	1,919,557 469,151 14,564
Cash		=		-		-		-		-		10		-		10
Investments		-				_				-		49				49
Total assets	\$	263,171	\$	436,949	\$	346,545	\$	23,926	\$	11,839	\$	2,167,789	\$	235,542	\$	2,403,331
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,677	\$	-	\$	35,677
Accrued salaries		-		=		-		-		-		6,852		-		6,852
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		58,804		-		58,804
Deferred revenues		-		-	_	-		-				789				789
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		102,122		-		102,122
Fund Balances:																
Nonspendable Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		-		14,564		-		14,564
Debt service		_		_		_		_		_		59		_		59
State mandated per statutes		-		_		_		_		-		229,973		_		229,973
Committed for:												.,-				-,-
Subsequent years' expenditures		=		44,300		-		23,926		-		654,156		-		654,156
Assigned		263,171		392,649		346,545		-		11,839		1,225,592		235,542		1,461,134
Unassigned				-				-				(58,677)		-		(58,677)
Total fund balances		263,171		436,949		346,545		23,926		11,839		2,065,667		235,542		2,301,209
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	263,171	¢	436,949	\$	346,545	\$	23,926	\$	11 920	\$	2,167,789	\$	225 542	\$	2,403,331
and fund balances	<u> </u>	203,171	φ	+30,343	φ	340,343	φ	23,320	φ	11,839	φ	2,107,709	φ	235,542	φ	2,403,331

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

						Special Revenu	ie Funds			
	Farm and Range Fund		reation und	Clerk's Fee Fund	Indigent Hospital Fund	Capulin Fire Fund	Sedan Fire Fund	Amistad/Hayden Fire Fund	Rabbie Ear Fire Fund	Grenville Fire Fund
Revenues:	_						_			
Sales taxes Property taxes Intergovernmental:	\$	- \$ -	-	\$ - -	\$ 275,471 -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
Federal	16	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State			-	-	140,000	48,476	86,766	48,476	105,911	48,476
Local		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Charges for services		-	-	7,532	-	5,603	-	-	7,298	4,258
Interest	•		1	106	158	136	390	1,032	196	369
Miscellaneous						-		19	5,507	
Total revenues	17	•	1	7,638	415,629	54,215	87,156	49,527	118,912	53,103
Expenditures: Current:										
General government			-	4,012	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety			-	-	-	31,847	41,015	18,737	61,179	28,689
Health and welfare		•	-	-	213,524	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-	-	235,552	-	-	22,980
Debt service:						40.044	00.404		40.000	4.4.400
Principal		•	-	-	-	12,944	28,191	-	16,802	14,460
Interest and other charges						4,931	5,633		21,945	1,279
Total expenditures		<u> </u>		4,012	213,524	49,722	310,391	18,737	99,926	67,408
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	17	•	1	3,626	202,105	4,493	(223,235)	30,790	18,986	(14,305)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out)		<u> </u>		(19,084)						
Net change in fund balances	17	•	1	(15,458)	202,105	4,493	(223,235)	30,790	18,986	(14,305)
Fund balance, beginning of year	197	•	88	30,591	40,133	12,034	263,403	179,933	(74,829)	63,186
Restatement		<u> </u>								
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	197	<u> </u>	88	30,591	40,133	12,034	263,403	179,933	(74,829)	63,186
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 214	\$	89	\$ 15,133	\$ 242,238	\$ 16,527	\$ 40,168	\$ 210,723	\$ (55,843)	\$ 48,881

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Special Revenue Funds Amistad/ Corrections Emergency Fire Capulin Hayden Folsom Gross Corrections DWI Services EMS EMS **EMS** Marshal Receipts Fees Grant Reappraisal **GGRT** Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Revenues: Sales taxes \$ 137,080 \$ \$ 121,814 \$ \$ \$ Property taxes 31,335 Intergovernmental: Federal 33,215 State 7.763 48,476 63,391 9,025 Local 19,241 6,986 1,760 196 Charges for services 1,168 86,638 19,478 Interest 18 4 25 425 1,239 44 58 238 922 Miscellaneous 135 8,403 Total revenues 7,781 4 26,387 50,069 209,691 19,522 65,209 31,573 188,841 Expenditures: Current: General government 28,156 Public safety 7,738 1,805 6,510 64,621 287,328 51,530 65,596 Health and welfare 231,595 Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges 7,738 Total expenditures 1,805 6,510 64,621 287,328 51,530 65,596 28,156 231,595 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 43 (1,801)19,877 (32,008)(387)3,417 (42,754)(14,552)(77,637)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out) (25,434)Net change in fund balances 43 (1,801)19,877 (14,552)(103,071)(32,008)(387)3,417 (42,754)Fund balance, beginning of year 67 243,415 47.708 55,727 207,973 1,969 71,930 7,554 Restatement Fund balance, beginning of year, restated 67 1,969 71,930 243,415 47,708 7,554 55,727 207,973 Fund balance, end of year 110 \$ 168 57.378 140.344 15.700 7.167 59.144 165.219

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Special R					
	County Hospital GGRT Fund	General Gross Receipts Tax Fund	GRT Reserve Fund	Law Enforcement Fund	Legislative Appropriations Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds	Capital Improvements/ Emergency Fund	Total Other Government Funds
Revenues: Sales taxes Property taxes Intergovernmental:	\$ 289,779 -	\$ 137,736 -	\$ 39,103	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,000,983 31,335	\$ -	\$ 1,000,983 31,335
Federal State Local	- 111,425 -	- - -	- - -	22,400	-	33,231 740,585 19,241	- - -	33,231 740,585 19,241
Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	721 	2,047	1,833	115 -	57	140,917 10,135 14,064	1,709 -	140,917 11,844 14,064
Total revenues	401,925	139,783	40,936	22,515	57	1,990,491	1,709	1,992,200
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Heatlh and welfare Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and other charges	374,338	159,278	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	32,168 666,595 978,735 258,532 72,397 33,788	- - - - -	32,168 666,595 978,735 258,532 72,397 33,788
Total expenditures	374,338	159,278	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		2,042,215	<u> </u>	2,042,215
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	27,587	(19,495)	40,936	22,515	57	(51,724)	1,709	(50,015)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out)			(109,938)			(154,456)		(154,456)
Net change in fund balances	27,587	(19,495)	(69,002)	22,515	57	(206,180)	1,709	(204,471)
Fund balance, beginning of year	235,584	456,444	453,123	1,411	11,782	2,309,423	233,833	2,543,256
Restatement			(37,576)			(37,576)		(37,576)
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	235,584	456,444	415,547	1,411	11,782	2,271,847	233,833	2,505,680
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 263,171	\$ 436,949	\$ 346,545	\$ 23,926	\$ 11,839	\$ 2,065,667	\$ 235,542	\$ 2,301,209

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS

FARM AND RANGE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION WITH GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	 sudgeted			ual on	get to	ual on	Budgetary Basis Variance With			
	ginal dget	Final Budget		getary asis	AAP ences	AAP asis	Final Budget Over (Under)			
Revenues: Intergovernmental:	 <u> </u>			 	 	 		(011001)		
Federal Interest	\$ 35 -	\$	35 -	\$ 16 1	\$ - -	\$ 16 1	\$	(19) 1		
Total revenues	35		35	17	-	17		(18)		
Expenditures: Current:										
Public works	 232		232					232		
Net change	(197)		(197)	17	\$ -	\$ 17		214		
Cash balance, beginning of year	197		197	197						
Cash balance, end of year	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 214			\$	214		

Explanation of Differences:

None.

RECREATION FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Oriç	udgeted ginal dget	Fi	nts nal dget	Budg	ial on getary asis	GA	Budget to Actual on GAAP GAAP Differences Basis				Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues:														
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1		
Expenditures: Current: Culture and recreation				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Net change		-		-		1	\$		\$	1		1		
Cash balance, beginning of year		88		88		88								
Cash balance, end of year	\$	88	\$	88	\$	89					\$	1		

Explanation of Differences:

None.

CLERK'S FEES FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Charges for services Interest	\$ 5,000 -	\$ 5,000 -	\$ 7,469 106	\$ 63	\$ 7,532 106	\$ 2,469 106	
Total revenues	5,000	5,000	7,575	63	7,638	2,575	
Expenditures: Current: General government	20,000	20,000	4,012	_	4,012	15,988	
Capital outlay	15,000	15,000				15,000	
Total expenditures	35,000	35,000	4,012		4,012	30,988	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(30,000)	(30,000)	3,563	63	3,626	33,563	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out)		(19,084)	(19,084)		(19,084)		
Net change	(30,000)	(49,084)	(15,521)	\$ 63	\$ (15,458)	33,563	
Cash balance, beginning of year	30,591	30,591	30,591				
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 591	\$ (18,493)	\$ 15,070			\$ 33,563	
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables				\$ 63			

INDIGENT HOSPITAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	l Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
Sales taxes	\$ 265,000	\$ 265,000	\$ 256,634	\$ 18,837	\$ 275,471	\$ (8,366)
Intergovernmental: State Interest	-	-	- 158	140,000	140,000 158	- 158
Total revenues	265,000	265,000	256,792	158,837	415,629	(8,208)
Expenditures: Current:						
Health and welfare	268,650	268,650	213,524		213,524	55,126
Net change	(3,650)	(3,650)	43,268	\$ 158,837	\$ 202,105	46,918
Cash balance, beginning of year	3,669	3,669	3,669			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ 46,937			\$ 46,918

Explanation of Differences:

Change in receivables

\$ 158,837

CAPULIN FIRE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budge Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual on Budgetary	Budget to GAAP	Actual on GAAP	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Differences	Basis	Over (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental: State Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 41,100 350 15,000	\$ 41,100 - 350	\$ 30,601 5,603 134	\$ 17,875 - 2 -	\$ 48,476 5,603 136	\$ (10,499) 5,603 (216) (15,000)
Total revenues	56,450	56,450	36,338	17,877	54,215	(20,112)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay	50,000		32,032	(185)	31,847	17,851 177
Current: Principal Interest and other charges		- -	- -	12,944 4,931	12,944 4,931	
Total expenditures	50,000	50,000	32,032	17,690	49,722	18,028
Net change	6,450	6,450	4,306	\$ 187	\$ 4,493	(2,084)
Cash balance, beginning of year	9,383	9,383	9,383			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 15,833	\$ 15,833	\$ 13,689			\$ (2,084)
Explanation of Differences: Fire allotment intercepted Interest income earned by agent Change in accounts payable Debt service payments				\$ 17,875 2 185 (17,875) \$ 187		

SEDAN FIRE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental: State Interest	\$ 62,950 850	\$ 62,950 850	\$ 52,946 331	\$ 33,820 59	\$ 86,766 390	\$ (10,004) (519)
Total revenues	63,800	63,800	53,277	33,879	87,156	(10,523)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Current:	47,750 300,000	73,133 274,617	37,760 235,552	3,255 -	41,015 235,552	35,373 39,065
Principal	-	-	-	28,191	28,191	-
Interest and other charges				5,633	5,633	
Total expenditures	347,750	347,750	273,312	37,079	310,391	74,438
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(283,950)	(283,950)	(220,035)	(3,200)	(223,235)	63,915
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Loan proceeds	325,000	325,000	250,054	(250,054)		(74,946)
Net change	41,050	41,050	30,019	\$ (253,254)	\$ (223,235)	(11,031)
Cash balance, beginning of year	11,297	11,297	11,297			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 52,347	\$ 52,347	\$ 41,316			\$ (11,031)
Explanation of Differences: Fire allotment intercepted Interest income earned by agent Change in accounts payable Debt service payments Reclassification of loan proceeds				\$ 33,820 59 (3,255) (33,824) (250,054) \$ (253,254)		

AMISTAD/HAYDEN FIRE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgete Original Budget	_		Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental:						
State	\$ 55,975	\$ 55,975	\$ 48,476	\$ -	\$ 48,476	\$ (7,499)
Interest	1,200	1,200	1,048	(16)	1,032	(152)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	19		19	(981)
Total revenues	58,175	58,175	49,543	(16)	49,527	(8,632)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety	101,000	106,383	18,724	13	18,737	87,659
Capital outlay	260,028	254,645				254,645
Total expenditures	361,028	361,028	18,724	13	18,737	342,304
Net change	(302,853)	(302,853)	30,819	\$ (3)	\$ 30,790	333,672
Cash balance, beginning of year	177,199	177,199	177,199			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ (125,654)	\$ (125,654)	\$ 208,018			\$ 333,672
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables Change in accounts payable				\$ (16) 13		
				\$ (3)		
				ψ (3)		

RABBIT EAR FIRE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual on Budgetary	Budget to GAAP	Actual on GAAP	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Differences	Basis	Over (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental: State	\$ 77,175	\$ 77,175	\$ 67,164	\$ 38,747	\$ 105,911	\$ (10,011)
Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	600 33,500	600 33,500	7,298 192 5,507	- 4 -	7,298 196 5,507	7,298 (408) (27,993)
Total revenues	111,275	111,275	80,161	38,751	118,912	(31,114)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety Capital outlay Current:	99,050 50,000	104,433 44,617	60,978 23,098	201 (23,098)	61,179 -	43,455 21,519
Principal Interest and other charges	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>	16,802 21,945	16,802 21,945	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	149,050	149,050	84,076	15,850	99,926	64,974
Net change	(37,775)	(37,775)	(3,915)	\$ 54,601	\$ 18,986	33,860
Cash balance, beginning of year	4,683	4,683	4,683			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ (33,092)	\$ (33,092)	\$ 768			\$ 33,860
Explanation of Differences: Fire allotment intercepted Interest income earned by agent Change in accounts payable Debt service payments Reclassification of capital outlay				\$ 38,747 4 201 38,747 (23,098) \$ 54,601		

GRENVILLE FIRE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual on	Budget to	Actual on	Budgetary Basis Variance With
	Original	Final	Budgetary	GAAP	GAAP	Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Differences	Basis	Over (Under)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental:						
State	\$ 41,250	\$ 41,250	\$ 32,740	\$ 15,736	\$ 48,476	\$ (8,510)
Charges for services	-	-	4,258	-	4,258	4,258
Interest	500	500	368	1	369	(132)
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000				(15,000)
Total revenues	56,750	56,750	37,366	15,737	53,103	(19,384)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety	85,100	90,483	28,102	587	28,689	62,381
Capital outlay	50,000	44,617	22,980	_	22,980	21,637
Current:						
Principal	-	-	-	14,460	14,460	-
Interest and other charges				1,279	1,279	
Total expenditures	135,100	135,100	51,082	16,326	67,408	84,018
Net change	(78,350)	(78,350)	(13,716)	\$ 32,063	\$ (14,305)	64,634
Cash balance, beginning of year	61,817	61,817	61,817			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ (16,533)	\$ (16,533)	\$ 48,101			\$ 64,634
Explanation of Differences: Fire allotment intercepted Interest income earned by agent Change in accounts payable				\$ 15,736 1 587		
Debt service payments				15,739		
				\$ 32,063		

CAPULIN EMS FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted riginal udget	Amounts Final Budget		Actual on Original Budget		Budget to GAAP Differences		Actual on GAAP Budget		Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental: State Interest	\$ 7,763 -	\$	8,563 -	\$	7,763 18	\$	- -	\$	7,763 18	\$	(800) 18
Total revenues	7,763		8,563		7,781		-		7,781		(782)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	7,000		7,800		7,647		91		7,738		153
Net change	763		763		134	\$	91	\$	43		(629)
Cash balance, beginning of year	 67		67		67						
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 830	\$	830	\$	201					\$	(629)
Explanation of Differences: Change in accounts payable						\$	91				

AMISTAD/HAYDEN EMS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	O	Budgeted riginal udget	unts Final audget	Bu	tual on dgetary 3asis	G	lget to AAP rences	ctual on GAAP Basis	E Varia Fina	dgetary Basis nce With I Budget (Under)
Revenues:										
Interest	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4	\$	-	\$ 4	\$	4
Expenditures: Current:										
Public safety		2,799	 2,799		1,805	,	-	1,805		994
Net change		(2,799)	(2,799)		(1,801)	\$		\$ (1,801)		998
Cash balance, beginning of year		1,969	 1,969		1,969					
Cash balance, end of year	\$	(830)	\$ (830)	\$	168				\$	998

Explanation of Differences:

None.

FOLSOM EMS FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Budget to GAAP Differences		Actual on GAAP Basis		Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental: Local Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	\$	- - - -	\$ 2,345 18,000 75	\$	19,241 6,986 25 135	\$	- - - -	\$	19,241 6,986 25 135	\$	16,896 (11,014) (50) 135
Total revenues		-	20,420		26,387		-		26,387		5,967
Expenditures: Current: Public safety			 20,420		6,441		69		6,510		13,979
Net change		-	-		19,946	\$	(69)	\$	19,877		19,946
Cash balance, beginning of year											
Cash balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	19,946					\$	19,946
Explanation of Differences: Change in accounts payable						\$	(69)				

FIRE MARSHAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental: State Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 500 10,000 10,500	\$ - 500 10,000 10,500	\$ 48,476 1,168 426 - 50,070	\$ - (1) - (1)	\$ 48,476 1,168 425 - 50,069	\$ 48,476 1,168 (74) (10,000) 39,570		
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay	102,742 45,000	102,725 45,017	64,627	(6) -	64,621	38,098 45,017		
Total expenditures	147,742	147,742	64,627	(6)	64,621	83,115		
(Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(137,242)	(137,242)	(14,557)	5	(14,552)	122,685		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	23,000	23,000				(23,000)		
Net change	(114,242)	(114,242)	(14,557)	\$ 5	\$ (14,552)	99,685		
Cash balance, beginning of year	72,895	72,895	72,895					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ (41,347)	\$ (41,347)	\$ 58,338			\$ 99,685		
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables Change in accounts payable				\$ (1) 6 \$ 5				

CORRECTIONS GROSS RECEIPTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						, ,
Sales taxes	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 127,699	\$ (5,885)	\$ 121,814	\$ 2,699
Charges for services	25,000	25,000	86,638	-	86,638	61,638
Interest	1,200	1,200	1,295	(56)	1,239	95
Total revenues	151,200	151,200	215,632	(5,941)	209,691	64,432
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety	350,000	350,000	267,725	19,603	287,328	82,275
(Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(198,800)	(198,800)	(52,093)	(25,544)	(77,637)	146,707
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers (out)		(25,434)	(25,434)		(25,434)	
Net change	(198,800)	(224,234)	(77,527)	\$ (25,544)	\$ (103,071)	146,707
Cash balance, beginning of year	209,824	209,824	209,824			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 11,024	\$ (14,410)	\$ 132,297			\$ 146,707
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables Change in accounts payable Change in accrued salaries				\$ (5,941) (18,030) (1,573) \$ (25,544)		

CORRECTIONS FEES FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	I Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: Charges for services Interest	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 19,478 44	\$ - 	\$ 19,478 44	\$ (522) 44
Total revenues	20,000	20,000	19,522	-	19,522	(478)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	65,000	65,000	51,676	(146)	51,530	116,676
Net change	(45,000)	(45,000)	(32,154)	\$ (146)	\$ (32,008)	116,198
Cash balance, beginning of year	47,857	47,854	47,854			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 2,857	\$ 2,854	\$ 15,700			\$ 116,198

Explanation of Differences:

Change in accounts payable

\$ (146)

DWI GRANT FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

						Budgetary		
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual on	Budget to	Actual on	Basis Variance With		
	Original	Final	Budgetary	GAAP	GAAP	Final Budget		
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Differences	Basis	Over (Under)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental:								
State	\$ 62,250	\$ 62,250	\$ 63,391	\$ -	\$ 63,391	\$ 1,141		
Charges for services	1,250	1,250	1,760	-	1,760	510		
Interest	500	500	58		58	(442)		
Total revenues	64,000	64,000	65,209	-	65,209	1,209		
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety	72,350	72,350	65,035	561	65,596	7,315		
Capital outlay	750	750				750		
Total expenditures	73,100	73,100	65,035	561	65,596	8,065		
Net change	(9,100)	(9,100)	174	\$ 561	\$ (387)	9,274		
Cash balance, beginning of year	9,196	9,196	9,196					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 96	\$ 96	\$ 9,370			\$ 9,274		
Explanation of Differences: Change in accounts payable Change in accrued salaries				\$ 209 352				
				\$ 561				
				=				

REAPPRAISAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	d Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
Property taxes Interest	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 31,196 245	\$ 139 (7)	\$ 31,335 238	\$ 8,196 245
Total revenues	23,000	23,000	31,441	132	31,573	8,441
Expenditures: Current:						
General government	31,800	34,800	28,107	49	28,156	6,693
Capital outlay	3,000					
Total expenditures	34,800	34,800	28,107	49	28,156	6,693
Net change	(11,800)	(11,800)	3,334	\$ 181	\$ 3,417	15,134
Cash balance, beginning of year	56,024	56,024	56,024			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 44,224	\$ 44,224	\$ 59,358			\$ 15,134
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables Change in accounts payable Change in accrued salaries Change in deferred revenues				\$ 384 44 5 (252) \$ 181		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

EMERGENCY SERVICES GRT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

						Budgetary Basis	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual on	Budget to	Actual on	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Budgetary	GAAP	GAAP	Final Budget	
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Differences	Basis	Over (Under)	
Revenues:							
Sales taxes	\$ 209,000	\$ 209,920	\$ 127,657	\$ 9,423	\$ 137,080	\$ 15,774	
Intergovernmental:							
Federal	-	-	26,987	6,228	33,215	-	
State	15,000	15,000	-	9,025	9,025	-	
Charges for services	-	-	196	-	196	-	
Interest	1,000	1,000	931	(9)	922	-	
Miscellaneous			8,403		8,403	8,403	
Total revenues	225,000	225,920	164,174	24,667	188,841	(61,746)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Health and welfare	275,000	278,420	229,255	2,340	231,595	49,165	
Net change	(50,000)	(52,500)	(65,081)	\$ 27,007	\$ (42,754)	(12,581)	
Cash balance, beginning of year	199,198	199,198	199,198				
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 149,198	\$ 146,698	\$ 134,117			\$ (12,581)	
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables Change in accounts payable Change in accrued salaries				\$ 24,667 2,338 2			
				\$ 27,007			

SPECIAL COUNTY HOSPITAL GRT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:						
Sales taxes Intergovernmental:	\$ 240,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 263,649	\$ 26,130	\$ 289,779	\$ 23,649
State	-	-	-	111,425	111,425	-
Interest			747	(26)	721	747
Total revenues	240,000	240,000	264,396	137,529	401,925	24,396
Expenditures: Current:						
Public safety	575,000	575,000	374,338		374,338	200,662
Net change	(335,000)	(335,000)	(109,942)	\$ 137,529	\$ 27,587	225,058
Cash balance, beginning of year	206,429	206,429	206,429			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ (128,571)	\$ (128,571)	\$ 96,487			\$ 225,058
Explanation of Differences:						

\$ 137,529

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in accounts payable

GENERAL GROSS RECEIPTS TAX FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:	\$ 112,500	\$ 112,500	\$ 128,317	\$ 9,419	\$ 137,736	\$ 15,817
Intergovernmental Interest	2,500	2,500	2,053	(6)	2,047	\$ 15,817 (447)
Total revenues	115,000	115,000	130,370	9,413	139,783	15,370
Expenditures: Current:						
Health and welfare	159,300	159,300	159,278		159,278	22
Total expenditures	159,300	159,300	159,278		159,278	22
Net change	(44,300)	(44,300)	(28,908)	\$ 9,413	\$ (19,495)	15,392
Cash balance, beginning of year	438,206	438,206	438,206			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 393,906	\$ 393,906	\$ 409,298			\$ 15,392
Evalenation of Differences						

Explanation of Differences:

Change in receivables

\$ 9,413

GRT RESERVE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	Amounts Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual on GAAP Basis	Budgetary Basis Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: Sales taxes Interest	\$ 42,000 3,000	\$ 42,000 3,000	\$ 36,454 1,929	\$ 2,649 (96)	\$ 39,103 1,833	\$ (5,546) (1,071)
Total revenues	45,000	45,000	38,383	2,553	40,936	(6,617)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers (out)	(120,000)	(120,000)	(109,938)		(109,938)	10,062
Net change	(75,000)	(75,000)	(71,555)	\$ 2,553	\$ (69,002)	3,445
Cash balance, beginning of year	410,323	410,323	410,323			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 335,323	\$ 335,323	\$ 338,768			\$ 3,445
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables				\$ 2,553		

LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	A	ctual on	Budg	get to	A	ctual on	idgetary Basis ance With
	Original Budget		Final Budget		ıdgetary Basis		AP ences		GAAP Basis	al Budget er (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental:										
State	\$ 22,400	\$	22,400	\$	22,400	\$	-	\$	22,400	\$ -
Interest	_				115				115	115
Total revenues	22,400		22,400		22,515		-		22,515	115
Expenditures:										
Capital outlay	23,810		23,810		-		-		_	23,810
Net change	(1,410)		(1,410)		22,515	\$	_	\$	22,515	23,925
Cash balance, beginning of year	 1,411		1,411		1,411					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 1	\$	1	\$	23,926					\$ 23,925

Explanation of Differences:

None.

LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATIONS FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Orig	udgeted ginal dget	Fi	nts nal dget	Вι	ctual on udgetary Basis	GA	al on AP ences	G	ual on AAP asis	Ba Varian Final I	getary usis ce With Budget Under)
Revenues:			'									
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57	\$	-	\$	57	\$	57
Expenditures: Current:												
General government			Ī									
Net change		-		-		57	\$	-	\$	57		57
Cash balance, beginning of year	1	1,782	1	1,782		11,782						
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 1 ⁻	1,782	\$ 1	1,782	\$	11,839					\$	57

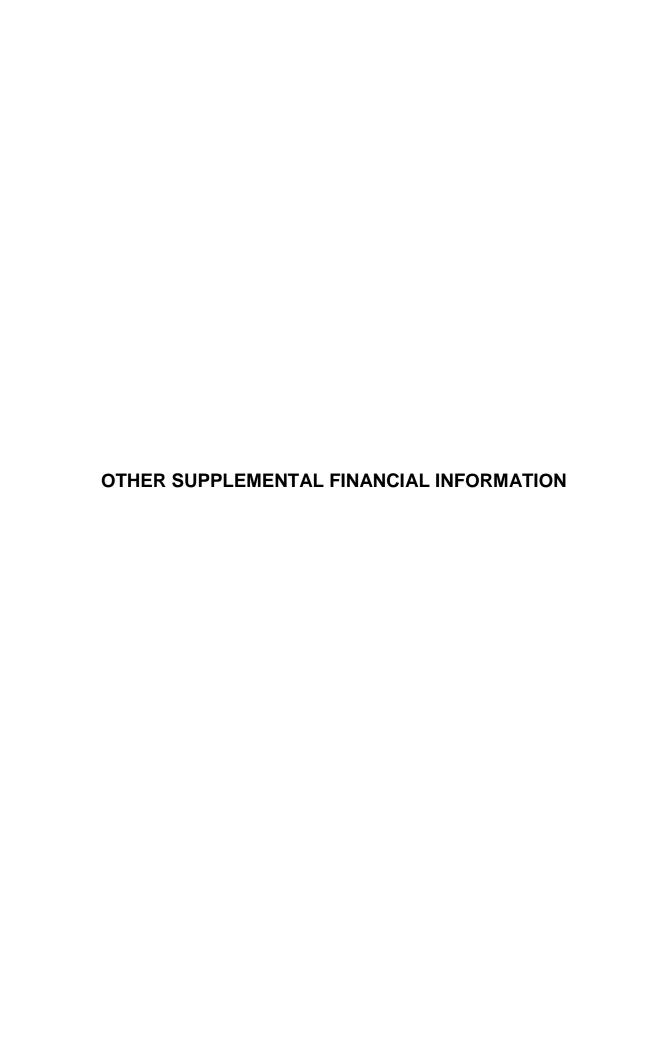
Explanation of Differences:

None.

OTHER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS/EMERGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS WITH RECONCILIATION TO GAAP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Original Budget	ounts Final Budget	actual on udgetary Basis	G	dget to AAP erences	ctual on GAAP Basis	Varia Fina	udgetary Basis ances With al Budget er (Under)
Revenues: Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,781	\$	(72)	\$ 1,709	\$	1,781
Expenditures: Current: General government	 							
Net change	-	-	1,781	\$	(72)	\$ 1,709		1,781
Cash balance, beginning of year	 233,761	 233,761	 233,761					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 233,761	\$ 233,761	\$ 235,542				\$	1,781
Explanation of Differences: Change in receivables				\$	(72)			



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balance 06/30/12	Increases/ Receipts	Decreases/ Disbursements	Balance 06/30/13
Property Tax Fund				
Assets:				
Cash	\$ 221,407	\$ 1,484,721	\$ 1,008,067	\$ 698,061
Receivables:				
Property taxes	-	49,435	-	49,435
Public service taxes	9,315	7,820	9,315	7,820
Interest	109	52	109	52
Total assets	\$ 230,831	\$ 1,542,028	\$ 1,017,491	\$ 755,368
Liabilities:				
Deposits held for others	\$ 59,181	\$ 67,553	\$ 49,434	\$ 77,300
Due to other tax units	·	49,435	· -	49,435
Taxes paid in protest	171,650	456,983		628,633
Total liabilities	\$ 230,831	\$ 573,971	\$ 49,434	\$ 755,368

SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2013

Financial Institution/ Account Description	Type of Account	Financial Institution Balance	Re	econciling Items	Reconciled Balance		
The First National Bank of New Mexico 201 Main Street Clayton, New Mexico 88415							
Union County Treasurer Union County Treasurer	Checking Checking	\$ 1,519,013 1,400,752	\$	(89,119) <u>-</u>	\$	1,429,894 1,400,752	
Total First National Bank of New Mexico		\$ 2,919,765	\$	(89,119)	\$	2,830,646	
Farmer's & Stockmen's Bank P.O. Box 488 Clayton, New Mexico 88415							
Union County Treasurer	Checking	\$ 2,255,117	\$	4,906	\$	2,260,023	
Certificate of Deposit Certificate of Deposit	CD CD	173,035 458,799		- -		173,035 458,799	
Total Farmer's & Stockmen's Bank		\$ 2,886,951	\$	4,906	\$	2,891,857	

SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL JUNE 30, 2013

The First National Bank of New Mexico 201 Main Street Clayton, New Mexico 88415

Security	CUSIP	Maturity	Par Value		 Market Value
Eastern NM Univ Revs	276785UA8	04/01/14	\$	200,000	\$ -
Hobbs NM Sch Dist No. 16	433866DH0	04/15/16		250,000	-
Vaughn NM Mun Sch Dist 33	922383BZ8	08/01/16		95,000	-
Lea Cnty NM Pub Sch Dist	521513CC3	07/15/17		100,000	-
Bernaililo NM Mun SCH No. 1	085279PK7	08/01/19		150,000	-
Roswell NM Indep Sch Dist	778550HD8	08/01/21		150,000	-
Albuquerque NM Mun SCH 012	013595LM3	08/01/22		100,000	-
Albuquerque NM Mun SCH 012	013595LM3	08/01/22		150,000	-
Hobbs NM Sch Dist No. 16	433866DF4	04/15/23		50,000	-
FNMA Pool #AK9045	3138EEBP3	04/01/27		-	 399,172
		Total	\$	1,245,000	\$ 399,172

The holder of the collateral pledged by First State Bank is the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, 8500 Freeport Parkway South, Suite 100, Irving, Texas.

Farmer's & Stockmen's Bank P.O. Box 488 Clayton, New Mexico 88415

Security	CUSIP	Maturity	Par Value	 Market Value	
Las Vegas N Mex City SCH #2	51778FCM9	08/15/13	\$ 100,000	\$ _	
Los Lunas NM Sch Dist #1	545562QA1	07/15/14	275,000	-	
Carlsbad NM Mun Sch	142735DH9	08/01/17	50,000	-	
SBA Pool	83165AHP2	09/25/23		 1,103,940	
		Total	\$ 425,000	\$ 1,103,940	

The holder of the collateral pledged by First State Bank is the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, 8500 Freeport Parkway South, Suite 100, Irving, Texas.

SCHEDULE OF TAX ROLL RECONCILIATION - CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Property taxes receivable, beginning of year	\$	127,140	
Changes to Tax Roll: Net taxes charged to treasurer for fiscal year Adjustments: Increases in taxes recievable Charge off of taxes receivable Penalty and interest - 2012 Interest earned on protest taxes Non-Rendition - 2012		3,148,300 68,651 (39,526) 18,744 (3,199) (597)	
Total receivables prior to collections		3,319,513	
Collections for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013		(3,197,950)	
Property taxes receivable, end of the year	\$ 121,563		
Property taxes receivable by years:			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	\$	5 5 5 25 58 75 725 3,738 33,609 83,313	
	\$	121,563	

SCHEDULE OF TAX COLLECTIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Agency	Property Taxes Levied	Collected in Current Year	Collected To Date	Distributed in Current Year	Distributed To Date	Current Amount Uncollectible	To Date Amount Uncollectible	Undistributed at Year End	County Receivable at Year End
Union County:									
General advalorem: 2002 - 2011 2012	\$ 9,441,873 1,419,713	\$ 112,149 1,386,822	\$ 9,426,571 1,386,822	\$ 33,277 1,146,985	\$ 9,347,698 1,146,985	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 78,873 239,837	\$ 13,660 32,890
Total general advalorem	10,861,586	1,498,971	10,813,393	1,180,262	10,494,683	-	-	318,710	46,550
Non-Rendition fees: 2002 - 2011 2012	8,534 591	8,098 591	8,452 591	6 591	360 591	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	8,092	79
Total non-rendition fees	9,125	8,689	9,043	597	951	-	=	8,092	79
Administrative fees: 2002 - 2011 2012	11,529 1,068	128 935	11,384 935	128 935	11,384 935	- -	- -	- -	135 134
Total administrative fees	12,597	1,063	12,319	1,063	12,319	-	-	-	269
Reappraisal Program: 2002 - 2011 2012	242,907 31,788	2,560 30,938	242,594 30,938	843 26,368	240,878 26,368	- -	-	1,717 4,570	272 850
Total reappraisal program	274,695	33,498	273,532	27,211	267,246	-	-	6,287	1,122
Hospital Bond: 2002 - 2011 2012 Total hospital bond	4,624,782 685,666 5,310,448	53,811 668,576 722,387	4,616,977 668,576 5,285,553	17,176 557,176 574,352	4,580,342 557,176 5,137,518	- - -		36,635 111,400 148,035	7,017 17,091 24,108
Total Union County	16,468,451	2,264,608	16,393,840	1,783,485	15,912,717		-	481,124	72,128
Municipalities									
Town of Clayton 2002 - 2011 2012	1,097,169 137,189	11,513 123,692	1,090,371 123,692	10,528 121,118	1,089,385 121,118	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	985 2,574	6,798 13,497
Total Town of Clayton	1,234,358	135,205	1,214,063	131,646	1,210,503	-	-	3,559	20,295
Village of Des Moines: 2002 - 2011 2012	83,422 9,610	428 8,819	83,156 8,819	421 8,772	83,149 8,772	- -	- -	7 47	265 791
Total Village of Des Moines	93,032	9,247	91,975	9,193	91,921	-	-	54	1,056
Village of Grenville: 2002 - 2011 2012	24,136 3,157	20 3,098	24,134 3,099	20 3,096	24,134 3,097	- -	-	- 2	1 59
Total Village of Grenville	27,293	3,118	27,233	3,116	27,231	-	-	2	60
Village of Folsom: 2002 - 2011 2012	28,417 5,579	369 5,353	28,275 5,353	368 5,318	28,274 5,318	- -		1 35	142 227
Total Village of Folsom	33,996	5,722	33,628	5,686	33,592			36	369
Total municipalities	1,388,679	153,292	1,366,899	149,641	1,363,247			3,651	21,780

SCHEDULE OF TAX COLLECTIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS (CONCLUDED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Agency	Property Taxes Levied	Collected in Current Year	Collected To Date	Distributed in Current Year	Distributed To Date	Current Amount Uncollectible	To Date Amount Uncollectible	Undistributed at Year End	County Receivable at Year End
Schools:		- Curront rour	- TO Date	- Curront Tour			0.100.100.101		41 1041 2114
Clayton Public School: 2002 - 2011 2012	3,621,373 337,401	43,120 328,536	3,617,319 328,535	7,275 259,549	3,581,474 259,549	- -	- -	35,844 68,987	3,710 8,865
Total Clayton Public School	3,958,774	371,656	3,945,854	266,824	3,841,023	-	_	104,831	12,575
Des Moines School: 2002 - 2011 2012	2,033,202 185,283	3,933 182,077	2,032,253 182,077	3,648 179,730	2,031,968 178,730	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	284 3,348	835 3,205
Total Des Moines School	2,218,485	186,010	2,214,330	183,378	2,210,698	-	-	3,632	4,040
Springer Public School: 2002 - 2011 2012	72,168 11,241	287 11,113	72,168 11,113	287 10,853	72,168 10,853	-	<u>-</u>	- 260	- 124
Total Springer Public School	83,409	11,400	83,281	11,140	83,021	-	-	260	124
Luna Tech: 2002 - 2011 2012	20,097 2,885	80 2,850	20,097 2,850	80 2,788	20,097 2,788	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- 62_	- 34
Total Luna Tech	22,982	2,930	22,947	2,868	22,885			62	34
Total schools	6,283,650	571,996	6,266,412	464,210	6,157,627			108,785	16,773
State of New Mexico Treasurer:									
State of New Mexico: 2002 - 2011 2012	1,399,168 220,453	16,755 214,908	1,396,606 214,908	5,339 176,698	1,385,190 176,698	-	-	11,416 38,211	2,380 5,545
Total State of New Mexico	1,619,621	231,663	1,611,514	182,037	1,561,888	-	-	49,627	7,925
Cattle Levy: 2002 - 2011 2012	1,565,287 127,237	2,824 125,476	1,564,094 125,476	2,824 123,009	1,564,094 123,009	<u>-</u>	- -	- 2,467	1,123 1,762
Total cattle levy	1,692,524	128,300	1,689,570	125,833	1,687,103	-	-	2,467	2,885
Sheep/Goat Levy: 2002 - 2011 2012	150 13	- 12	149 12	- 12	149 12		<u>-</u>	- -	1 1
Total sheep/goat levy	163	12	161	12	161	-	-	-	2
Equine Levy: 2002 - 2011 2012	14,084 808	45 	14,073 773	29 756	14,057 756			16 17	10 35
Total equine levy	14,892	818	14,846	785	14,813	-	-	33	45
Bison Levy: 2002 - 2011 2012	12	_ 	12	<u>-</u>	12	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>-</u>
Total bison levy	12		12		12			·	
Total State of New Mexico Treasurer	3,327,212	360,793	3,316,103	308,667	3,263,977			52,127	10,857
Special District:									
Ute Creek Soil & Water: 2002 - 2011 2012	763 763	14 748	754 748	14 743	754 743	-	-	- 5	10 15
Total Ute Creek soil & water	1,526	762	1,502	757	1,497			5	25
Grand Total	\$ 27,469,517	\$ 3,351,453	\$ 27,344,757	\$ 2,705,762	\$ 26,699,066	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 645,691	\$ 121,563

SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

JOINT COMMUNICATIONS

Participants - County of Union, Town of Clayton and Clayton Consolidate School District.

Party responsible for operations – Town of Clayton.

Description – The joint powers agreement was established between the governments for the purpose of establishing, operating, and maintaining a consolidated communications center for the joint use and benefit of the governments.

Beginning dates and ending dates of JPA – The current agreement began on July 1, 2009, and was updated on November 16, 2011. The agreement is perpetual, unless terminated by one of the participants.

Total estimated amount of the project and portion applicable to the county – The total estimated cost of the joint communication operations is \$300,000. The County's share of the joint communications expenses is \$100,000.

Amount the county contributed during the current fiscal year – \$98,482.25.

Audit responsibility - Town of Clayton.

Name of government where revenues and expenditures are reported – Town of Clayton.

EMERGENCY MANAGER POSITION

Participants – County of Union and the Town of Clayton.

Party responsible for operations – County of Union.

Description – The joint powers agreement was established between the governments for the purpose of creating a position of emergency manager, who is to manage the mitigation of, preparedness for, response and recovery from disaster or major emergencies that occur within the County and the Town.

Beginning dates and ending dates of JPA – The current agreement was signed in November 2012. The agreement is good for three years and according to the agreement, the County's Board of Commissioners can approve the extension for one additional fiscal year.

Amount the county contributed during the current fiscal year – \$54,037.26.

Audit responsibility - County of Union.

Name of government where revenues and expenditures are reported – County of Union.



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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners Union County Clayton, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, the budgetary comparisons of the general fund and major special revenue funds, of Union County (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds and related budgetary comparisons of the County, presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2013. The opinion was adverse on the governmental activities because the County could not support the balance of capital assets, and did not record the depreciation expense.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exit that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We considered the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be material weaknesses listed as items 2008-04, 2011-01, and 2013-01.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2012-02, 2013-02, 2013-03, 2013-04, 2013-05, and 2013-06.

The County's Responses to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

June + Freno, P.A.

November 11, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Item 2008-04 – Material Weakness – Capital Assets Subsidiary Records</u>

Statement of Condition – For the audit year ending June 30, 2012, the County reported additions and adjustments to its capital assets of \$2,251,233. Of these capital assets, only \$320,240 were added to the capital assets subsidiary records and, as such, \$1,930,993 remains unreconciled. The applicable depreciation on capital assets could not be determined for the fiscal year June 30, 2013.

Criteria – New Mexico State Statutes Section 12-6-10 directs the general services department to promulgate regulations to state agencies for the accounting and control of capital assets owned by government agencies. The New Mexico State Administrative Code, Title 2, Chapter 20, Part 1, *Accounting and Control of Fixed Assets of State Government, Accounting for Acquisitions and Establishing Controls* issued by the general services department requires that the County implement a systematic and well documented system for accounting of capital assets. The accounting system must be capable of generating lists of capital assets in sequences useful for managing them. The system must track all transactions, including acquisitions, depreciation, improvements and dispositions. The system must generate all necessary accounting entries to the County's general ledger.

Effect – The omission of County capital assets from the subsidiary ledgers in is material to the financial statements and as such, is the reason for the adverse opinion.

Cause – The accounting staff of the County responsible for maintenance of the capital assets subsidiary records do not have the proper training to perform their duties. The current structure of the accounting system is not conducive to the reconciliation of the capital assets subsidiary ledgers and the general ledger.

Recommendation – We recommend the County determine the details of the \$1,930,993 of capital assets for proper inclusion onto the capital assets subsidiary records. Further, we recommend that the County establish procedures to ensure that 1) all purchases qualifying as a capital asset be recorded as capital outlay in the general ledger, 2) such purchases are immediately added to the capital asset inventory listing, and 3) the capital outlay and capital asset inventory listing are reconciled quarterly.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – County staff will have a complete inventory for review. Staff has already added a non-capital purchases line item for expenditures in all the fund budgets. Staff will review the capital outlay line item for incorrect transactions when the reconciliation of the inventory list to the capital outlay occurs on a biannual basis.

<u>Item 2010-02 – Compliance – PERA Contributions</u>

Statement of Condition – While performing testing on retirement contributions we discovered \$4,816 of retirement wages were erroneously omitted from the report submitted to Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA).

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2010-02 – Compliance – PERA Contributions (continued)

Criteria – Sections 10-11-124(A) and 10-11-126(A), NMSA 1978 provide that an employer affiliated with PERA is responsible for timely remitting to PERA both the employer and employee contributions due for each employee and that PERA may assess an interest charge on any remittance not made by its due date. PERA Rule 2 NMAC 80.500, paragraph 8.5: "In the event the employer fails to make the necessary deductions, the employer shall be responsible to remit to PERA the total amount due for both the member and employer contributions plus interest as provided in paragraph 500.8.3 above."

Further, New Mexico Constitution Article IX, Section 14 states, "neither the state, nor any county, school district, or municipality, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, shall directly or indirectly lend or pledge its credit, or make any donation to or in aid of any person, association or public or private corporation. A donation within the meaning of this provision is a "gift", an allocation or appropriation of something of value, without consideration."

Effect – Because the County erred in not remitting these retirements contributions on a timely basis, not only is the County obligated to remit to PERA both the employer and employee contributions that are overdue, it is also obligated to pay applicable interest on the contributions and the effected employee's service credit may be jeopardized. In addition, since the County had not made formal repayment arrangements to recover the employees portion, it has either gifted or loaned these retirements contributions, which is in violation of the New Mexico Constitution Article IX, Section 14.

Cause – The PERA report was not reconciled prior to submission.

Recommendation – We recommend that County management expedite individual repayment arrangements with the effected employees. Further, the County should establish and maintain appropriate internal controls to provide assurance that all retirement contributions are properly being withheld and remitted to PERA on a timely basis.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – The County staff have started to reconcile payroll reports on a quarterly basis to correct, in a timely manner, any errors that have occurred. The staff has also implemented a check list to use when entering new employees into the payroll system.

Item 2011-01 - Material Weakness - Financial Statements and Disclosures

Statement of Condition – The County relies upon their independent auditor to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). At the present time, the accounting staff is unable to prepare such statements, as well as, the ability to detect accuracy and completeness of all required notes that explain financial activity contained in the financial statements. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, County staff assisted the auditing firm in gathering some of the necessary information in order to convert their cash basis accounting information into financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. While the preparation of some of the schedules is a step in the right direction, the County must display a level of expertise regarding financial reporting in accordance with GAAP in order to reduce the deficiency noted in internal controls regarding financial reporting.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2011-01 – Material Weakness – Financial Statements and Disclosures (continued)

Criteria – Auditing standards adopted in the United States of America in particular Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 115, paragraph 3 states the following: "Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with laws and regulations. Internal control over safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include control relating to financial reporting and operations objectives. Generally, controls that are relevant to an audit of financial statements are those that pertain to the entity's objective of reliable financial reporting."

Appropriate internal control procedures over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP or at a minimum; management should have the ability to comprehend the requirements for financial reporting. Financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP include all required statements of financial position, statements of changes in financial position, changes in cash flow, as applicable, and notes.

SAS 112 paragraph 11 provides examples of factors that may affect the likelihood that a control, or combination of controls could fail to prevent or detect a misstatement. One such example is "The nature of the financial statements accounts, disclosures, and assertions involved." SAS 115 paragraph 5 provides an explanation of a deficiency in internal control as either a deficiency in design or in operation. Paragraph 6 states "A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected or corrected on a timely basis." SAS 115 paragraph 15 provides a list of indicators of a material weakness in internal control. One such example is "Ineffective oversight of the entity's financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance."

Effect – Since the County personnel lack the ability to prepare, and did not prepare, the financial statements, there is an increased risk that a misstatement of the County's financial statements, that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected. Furthermore, since the County accounting staff lacks the proper knowledge or training regarding the requirements of GAAP financial reporting, there is more than a remote possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

Cause – The employees maintain the County's accounting records on the cash basis of accounting which is required by the state of New Mexico. The employees have not received accounting training which would provide knowledge regarding the differences between the cash basis of accounting and the accrual basis of accounting and how to convert accounting records from one basis to another. Furthermore, the staff has not received training or continuing education regarding the Government Accounting Standard Board (GASB) pronouncements.

Such training would include the regular attendance of courses that update the accounting profession as to changes in the guidance issued by GASB. County employees lack the proper abilities and training to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Item 2011-01 – Material Weakness – Financial Statements and Disclosures (continued)</u>

Cause (continued) – The County continues the tradition of the past, by requiring the independent auditor prepare the financial statements and the notes to the statements, as they perform the annual audit. In the past this may have been sufficient; however, the accounting profession (American Institute of Certified Public Accountants) by issuance of risk assessment statements on auditing standards, now requires recognition and reporting of significant deficiencies in internal control when there is an ineffective oversight of the financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance.

Recommendation – We understand the Board of Commissioners has to be mindful of the economic conditions facing the state of New Mexico and the County when considering budget appropriations and charges to such appropriations; however, the Commission should place proper financial resources in training the accounting staff. Such training, at the minimum, would include accounting courses that would instruct the staff of GAAP considerations in regards to government financial reporting. With that in mind, we recommend the County staff (the county manager and county treasurer) receive the proper training in regards to financial reporting in accordance with GAAP.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – County management will be attending trainings in fiscal year 2014. The treasurer and the manager's office have developed a plan to stagger trainings available so that all employees can be educated in GAAP financial reporting. We will also request further training on our accounting software programs to ensure that the accounting programs are being used to their full potential.

<u>Item 2013-01 – Material Weakness – Accounting Activity</u>

Statement of Condition – During the fiscal year the following deficiencies regarding the County's accounting activity were noted:

- The County failed to record financial activity related to debt of the County held by outside parties. In particular, the County failed to record activity at the New Mexico Finance Authority for gross receipts intercepts, earning of interest income, and the payment of outstanding liabilities on their records.
- Further, the County failed to record financial activity at the New Mexico State Treasurer's escrow accounts related to County debt.
- The County failed to reconcile its capital assets subsidiary records with the general ledger activity.

Criteria – Auditing standards adopted in the United States of America in particular Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 115 paragraph 3 states the following: "Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with laws and regulations. Internal control over safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include control relating to financial reporting and operations objectives."

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Item 2013-01 – Material Weakness – Accounting Activity (continued)</u>

Criteria (continued) – Appropriate internal control procedures over financial reporting include the ability to understand the key components financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Underlining this premise is the requirement that the County will maintain the accounting records in such a manner as to allow the preparation of financial statements. For example, the reconciliation of the capital assets between the general ledger and subsidiary ledgers provides assurance of proper accountability and reduces that chance of a material misstatement.

Effect – Since the County personnel failed to prepare or record key components of the financial statements, there is an increased risk that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected. Further, since the County accounting staff lacks the proper knowledge or training regarding some aspects of the conditions noted, such as the reconciliation of capital assets, there is more than a remote possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected. Besides the increased risk of a material misstatement, the auditor may lose independence and be unable to express an opinion on the financial statements since they prepared the key components of the financial statements.

Cause – The County's staff lacks the necessary accounting skills to prepare all the key components of the financial statements that are prepared on the economic resources measurement focus (which includes the accrual basis of accounting) and the current financial resources measurement focus (which includes the modified accrual basis of accounting). The County relies upon the auditor to obtain the necessary information to prepare the financial statements. In the past, this may have been sufficient; however, the accounting profession (American Institute of Certified Public Accountants) by issuance of SAS 115, now requires recognition and reporting of significant deficiencies in internal control when there is an ineffective oversight of the financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance.

Recommendation – The County Board of Commissioner should place proper financial resources for financial statement training for the County Manager and County Treasurer. Alternately, the County could choose to consult with a separate and independent accounting firm prior to and during the audit process that would assist the County in the gathering of key components of the financial statements and the related notes.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – County management will be attending trainings in fiscal year 2014. The treasurer and the manager's office have developed a plan to stagger trainings available so that all employees can be educated in GAAP financial reporting. We will also request further training on our accounting software programs to ensure that the accounting programs are being used to their full potential. As a first step, we have added new line items in the respective funds to record principal and interest expenditures related to the loans from the New Mexico Finance Authority.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2013-02 – Other – Travel and Per Diem Reimbursements

Statement of Condition – During the course of the audit, we performed tests of travel and per diem expenditures. Our sample size was forty-seven transactions, which were selected throughout the fiscal year, and contained the following discrepancies:

- There were thirty instances where the mileage reimbursement rate used was incorrect. In total, the employees were overpaid by \$662.95.
- There were ten instances where an employee was not paid correctly for partial day per diem on their final day of travel. In total, the employees were underpaid by \$108.00.
- There were four instances where there the employee's supervisor failed to sign the travel request form. The travel requests totaled \$1,509.70.
- There were three instances where the employee failed to sign the travel request form. The travels requests totaled \$990.80.
- There was one instance where an employee was not paid a correct per diem amount. The employee was underpaid by \$85.00.
- There was one instance where an employee was paid for 100% mileage in advance of a trip. The mileage paid in advance totaled \$145.20.
- There was one instance where an employee traveled for three days and was reimbursed for parking fees, totaling \$20.00, without any receipts.

Criteria – The New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) has issued regulations in the form of Title 2, Chapter 42, Part 2, Travel and Per Diem Regulations Governing the Per Diem and Mileage Act of the New Mexico Administrative Code. The rule was issued in accordance with Section 10-8-1 to 10-8-8 NMSA 1978. Also, the County approved Resolution 97-42, Governing the County's Mileage and Per Diem Compensation, on July 14, 2009. The County's resolution states, "all employees shall be entitled for reimbursement for travel expenses at a rate of \$.505 per mile." Item B1 of the County's resolution 97-42, "On the last day of travel when overnight lodging is no longer required, partial day reimbursement shall be made. To calculate the number of hours in a partial day, begin with the time the traveler initially departed. Divide the number of hours traveled by 24. The hours remaining constitute the partial day which shall be reimbursed as: less than two hours, none; for two but less than six hours, \$12.00; for six but less than twelve hours, \$20.00 and for twelve hours or more, \$30.00."

Section 2.42.2.12 A (4) states, "If more than \$6.00 per day or \$30.00 per trip is claimed, for parking fees, the entire amount of the reimbursement claim must be accompanied by receipts."

Effect – Non-compliance with the state of New Mexico Travel and Per Diem Act subjects officials and employees to penalties as required by state statutes.

Cause – County staff failed to update the travel request form for the updated mileage rate. County staff didn't fully understand the partial per diem rates and how the rates are applied.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Item 2013-02 – Other – Travel and Per Diem Reimbursements (continued)</u>

Recommendation – We recommend the County review the Travel and Per Diem Act as well as the County Resolution 97-42. Furthermore, we recommend the county manager to send a memorandum to all departments emphasizing various aspects of the Per Diem and Mileage Act. Finally, after county elections, the county manager shall meet with any newly elected officials to discuss travel and per diem expenses, in particular compliance with all aspects of the Per Diem and Mileage Act and County Resolution 97-42.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – County staff has deleted the incorrect mileage and per diem form from the system. The County has implemented the recommendation of the auditor.

<u>Item 2013-03 - Compliance - Deficit Ending Cash Balances for Budget</u>

Statement of Condition – The County budgeted a deficit ending cash balance within the following funds:

Fund	Amount			
Clerk's Fees	\$ 18,493			
Amistad/Hayden Fire	125,654			
Rabbit Ear Fire	33,092			
Grenville Fire	16,533			
Amistad/Hayden EMS	830			
Fire Marshal	41,347			
Corrections Gross Receipts	14,410			
Special County Hospital GRT	128,571			

Criteria – Sections 6-6-6 through 6-6-11, NMSA 1978 prohibits local governments from making expenditures in excess of the approved budget and make public officials liable for such expenditures. County officials and governing authorities have the obligation to follow applicable state statutes.

Effect – Noncompliance with New Mexico State Statutes could subject officials and employees to penalties and fines required by state statutes.

Cause – When the County was working on its budget for the current fiscal year, the County Manager combined all the fire districts into one line item. The County Manager also combined all the Hospital Mill Levy gross receipts tax into one line item. After the budget was approved by the Department of Finance and Administration, the County Manager failed to allocate the correct amounts to each of the individual funds.

Recommendation – We recommend that the County officials expedite the establishment of procedures that will provide assurance of compliance with budget constraints established by state law. Such procedures should include an extensive review of beginning cash balances as these balances may have a direct and material effect on the final budget.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2013-03 - Compliance - Deficit Ending Cash Balances for Budget (continued)

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – The County staff had professional help to create a spreadsheet to calculate the correct budget allocation among individual departments and funds. This has been corrected within the fiscal year 2014 budget and will be continued forward.

<u>Item 2013-04 – Compliance – New Mexico Procurement Code – Hospital Assets</u>

Statement of Condition – During our testing of the County's adherence to the New Mexico procurement code, we discovered that County was given information concerning capital purchases of hospital equipment from the management company of the hospital. The management company expended \$213,427 for hospital equipment during the fiscal year of which \$194,599 qualifies as capital purchases. Prior to the expenditure of the funds, the County failed to determine if the management company of the hospital operations, who selected the items to purchase, adhered to the New Mexico procurement code.

Criteria – The State of New Mexico has a procurement code to ensure the best protection for those responsible for the expenditures of public funds. The purpose of the procurement code is to 1) provide for fair and equitable treatment, 2) maximize purchasing value of public funds, and 3) offer safeguards to maintaining a system of quality and integrity. The County is governed by the New Mexico Statutes (NMSA) 1978 annotated, Chapter 13, Pamphlet 29 as amended and the General Service Department (GSD) Regulation 1.4.1 NMAC. Further, Section 13-1-102 NMSA 1978 states that all procurement shall be by competitive sealed bid except for procurements via competitive sealed proposals; small purchases; sole source; emergency procurements; existing procurements; and antipoverty program businesses.

Effect – Any person, firm, or corporation that knowingly violates any provision of the Procurement Code is subject to a civil penalty of not more that one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each procurement in violation of any provision of the Procurement Code [13-1-28 to 13-1-117 and 13-1-118 to 13-1-199].

Cause – The management company of the hospital is a non-profit organization that is not required to follow New Mexico State Statutes and rules regarding the procurement of goods and services. The management company dictates to the County what equipment is needed at the hospital and the company does not provide documentation to the County that procurement laws have been adhered to.

Recommendation – We recommend that efforts be made to establish a procedure between the County and the management company of the hospital operations to assurance of compliance with the Procurement Code. The General Services Department of the state of New Mexico would be a good resource to answers questions concerning its role in the procurement process. Further, we recommend that County not wait until the end of the year to obtain from the management company, a listing of the newly acquired capital assets. The listing should be provided quarterly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2013-04 – Compliance – New Mexico Procurement Code – Hospital Assets (continued)

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions — Union County expended \$626,121 out of mill levy funding for the Union County match for the hospital's Sole Community Provider program and \$12,408 for insurance on the hospital building. An agreement between Union County and the hospital states that any capital asset purchased will become a county asset regardless of the fund used for purchase. No mill levy funds were used to purchase equipment at the hospital. The hospital procurement staff and the County have a working relationship that would allow for County involvement if public funds were ever used to purchase equipment as per the state of New Mexico Procurement Code.

Item 2013-05 - Compliance - Annual Inventory of Capital Assets

Statement of Condition – The County did not perform a physical inventory of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. As such, management is unable to determine if the capital assets subsidiary ledger is accurate, correct or complete.

Criteria – According to the New Mexico Administrative Code, Title 2, Public Finance, Chapter 20, Accounting by Governmental Entities, Part 1, Accounting and Control of Fixed Assets of State Government, Accounting for Acquisitions and Establishing Controls, 2.20-1.16, Annual Inventory, the County shall conduct a physical inventory of its capital assets consisting of those costs of \$5,000 or more, under the control of the County.

Effect – Non-performance of a physical observation of the capital assets owned by the County could allow errors in the capital assets subsidiary records and the financial statements to exist and not be detected on a timely basis. The errors would include, but are not limited to, the inclusion or deletions of capital assets that were purchased for the County hospital. Further, a dishonest employee could remove assets and the theft would not be detected on a timely basis.

Cause – The County manager's office has taken the responsibility to plan and perform the inventory for the County. Currently, there are only two individuals who work in the manager's office and there is insufficient time to perform the annual inventory of all County assets.

Recommendation – We recommend the County adhere to the New Mexico Administrative Code regarding the performance of a complete and accurate annual inventory. Further, we recommend that the County manager's office establish procedures that utilize other County employees within the various departments to assist in completing the inventory. The entire burden of the performing the inventory does not need to be placed on the County manager's office.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – A thorough physical inventory is scheduled for November and December 2013 and will be completed by the end of the year. All departments will be completed and the inventory report verified, updated, corrected, and certified by elected officials.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Item 2013-06 - Compliance - Submission of Audit Report

Statement of Condition – The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was due to the New Mexico State Auditor's office by Friday, November 15, 2013. The audit report was submitted on Monday, November 18, 2013.

Criteria – New Mexico State Statutes Section 12-6-12 requires the state auditor to promulgate reasonable regulations necessary to carry out the duties of the office. New Mexico Administrative Code Title 2, Chapter 2, Part 2, Audits of Governmental Entities Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies requires that the County submit its audit report by November 15th following the end of each fiscal year at June 30th.

Effect – Delays in submission of the audit report affect the reporting of financial information to other state agencies and local governments.

Cause – The auditor extended the time to fully review the report prior to submission to the State Auditor's office.

Recommendation – We recommend the auditor and the County develop a working schedule of deliverables to enable the submission of a timely audit report to the New Mexico State Auditor's Office. The schedule should be developed during the engagement process such that each party can plan accordingly.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – Union County will work with the auditor to ensure the audit is submitted on a timely basis in the future.

PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS

<u>Item 2011-01 – Recording of Debt Issues and intercept Payments on NMFA Loans</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County does not record the New Mexico Finance Authority debt service activity within the County's accounting records. The prior year finding has not been resolved and was revised and repeated as Item 2011-01.

<u>Item 2011-02 – Interfund Loans</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County failed to record the loan between the general fund and the Rabbit Ear fire fund. During the current year, the County recorded the annual repayment to the general fund. The audit finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2011-03 – Sole Community Provider Funding</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County did not record the receipts and disbursements in the County's accounting records, of the sole community provider funding that was directly paid to the County hospital. During the current year, the state changed their process of payment for the sole community provider funding. All activity is being recorded in the County's accounting records. The audit finding is considered resolved.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS (continued)

<u>Item 2011-04 – Controls over Compliance with Bid Specifications for Federal and State Grants – The prior year's auditor noted that the County did not have a system in place to review bid specifications to ensure contracts awarded include all the provisions required by the grant. During the current year, the County reviewed and updated their policies concerning the compliance with grant requirements. The audit finding has is considered resolved.</u>

<u>Item 2010-07 – Revenue Classifications</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County failed to classify revenues to correct categories besides miscellaneous revenues. During the current year, the County had an emphasis to record the revenues in the correct classifications. The audit finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2012-01 – Disposition of Public Property</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County failed to follow the regulations concerning the disposition of property. During the current fiscal year, the County changed their policies concerning the disposition of property to be in compliance with state requirements. The audit finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2011-10 – Budgeting</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County failed to input the original and final budgets within the Triadic accounting system. During the current fiscal year, the County inputted the original and final budgets for revenues and expenditures into the Triadic accounting system. The audit finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2010-02 – Reconciliation of Payroll reports to Regulatory Report</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County failed to reconcile their payroll reports. During the current fiscal year, while the County continued to make strides to resolve this finding, there was a reporting error with PERA. The finding is not considered resolved, and was revised and is repeated as item 2010-02.

<u>Item 2011-05 – Reporting and Grants Management</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County failed to submit the DWI grant reports timely, as per the grant agreement. During the current fiscal year, the County hired a new DWI coordinator and part of his duties was to ensure the grant reports were submitted timely. The DWI coordinator submitted the reports on a timely basis. The audit finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2008-08 – Procurement</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County did not have all the documentation for purchases between \$1,000 and \$5,000. During the current fiscal year, the County had all the bid documents for all items that were purchased. The finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2008-04 – Deficiencies in Capital Asset Records</u> – The prior year's auditor noted that the County's subsidiary records (beginning balances, additions, deletions, and ending balances) for capital assets did not tie to the audit report. During the current fiscal year, the County continues to work on determining the correct balances for their capital assets. The finding is not considered resolved, and was revised and is repeated as Item 2008-04.

EXIT CONFERENCE AND PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

EXIT CONFERENCE

The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was discussed during the exit conference held on November 14, 2013 in Clayton, New Mexico. Present for the County was W. Carr Vincent, county commissioner; Angie Gonzales, county manager; Brandy Thompson, county treasurer; and Cheryl Garcia, assistant county manager. Present for the auditing firm was Rose Fierro, CPA.

PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The auditing firm of Fierro & Fierro, P.A., Certified Public Accountants, prepared the financial statements of Union County as of June 30, 2013. The County's upper management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes, and they believe the County's books and records adequately support them.