Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2017



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Official Roster June 30, 2017

COUNTY COMMISSION

Candyce O'Donnell

Mark Gallegos

Commissioner

Jim K. Fambro

Commissioner

Tom Blankenhorn

Commissioner

Gabriel J. Romero

Commissioner

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Anna Martinez

Abel Montoya

County Assessor

Susan K. Trujillo

County Treasurer

Jerry Hogrefe

County Sheriff

Paloma Romo

Probate Judge

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Leandro CordovaCounty ManagerLupe MartinezFinance Director



Independent Auditor's Report

 Mr. Wayne A. Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor and
 To the Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners County of Taos, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund and major special revenue funds of Taos County, New Mexico (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of County Contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financials statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for Agency Funds, and other supplementary information required by Section 2.2.2.10 NMAC is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for Agency Funds, and other supplementary information required by Section 2.2.2.10 NMAC, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for Agency Funds, and other supplementary information required by Section 2.2.2.10 NMAC are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2017, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

REDWILL

December 1, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

As management of the County, we offer readers of the County financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Taos County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements of Taos County and additional information provided.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* consist of two statements and are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Taos County's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between the two reported as net positions. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Taos County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Taos County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Taos County include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and health and welfare. The business-type activities of the County include Solid Waste and Ambulance.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Taos County maintains sixty-two individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service and capital projects). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, NMFA Debt Service Fund, County Educational Bond Fund, and the 2013 Educational Bond Fund are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fifty-eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Taos County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all other funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the County charges customers – either outside customers or internal units or departments of the County. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County maintains one type of proprietary fund:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the operations of the Solid Waste and Ambulance operations of the County. The enterprise funds are considered to be major funds of the County.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Taos County's own programs.

Taos County fiduciary funds account for the collection of property taxes and special fees and their remittance to other governmental agencies.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 24 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-56 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This includes required schedules for the County's participating in the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) defined benefit pension plan.

Combining Statements

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and major debt service funds and major proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 69-86 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Analysis of Net Position

As noted, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Taos County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$53,206,219 at the close of the current fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

The largest portion of Taos County's net position represents the County's investment of \$37,433,656 in capital assets (e.g., land improvements, buildings, infrastructure and machinery and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Taos County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Taos County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30,

	Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities	Primary Government			
		2016,					2016,		
	2017	as restated		2017	2016	2017	as restated		
Assets									
Current assets	\$ 38,428,350	\$ 37,515,965	\$	1,075,185	\$ 1,232,980	\$ 39,503,535	\$ 38,748,945		
Noncurrent assets	91,429,711	91,728,727		2,282,690	2,520,479	93,712,401	94,249,206		
Total assets	129,858,061	129,244,692		3,357,875	3,753,459	133,215,936	132,998,151		
Deferred outflows of resources	7,234,784	1,147,003		1,081,060	171,391	8,315,844	1,318,394		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 137,092,845	\$ 130,391,695	\$	4,438,935	\$ 3,924,850	\$ 141,531,780	\$ 134,316,545		
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	\$ 5,266,711	\$ 5,253,100	\$	155,474	\$ 129,808	\$ 5,422,185	\$ 5,382,908		
Noncurrent liabilities	71,385,131	68,885,595		2,824,246	1,701,015	74,209,377	70,586,610		
Total liabilities	76,651,842	74,138,695	_	2,979,720	1,830,823	79,631,562	75,969,518		
Deferred inflows of resources	529,532	569,547	_	79,126	85,105	608,658	654,652		
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	35,150,966	29,474,419		2,282,690	2,520,479	37,433,656	31,994,898		
Restricted for									
Other purposes	32,373,480	32,274,974		-	-	32,373,480	32,274,974		
Unrestricted	(7,612,975)	(6,065,940)		(902,601)	(511,557)	(8,515,576)	(6,577,497)		
Total net position	59,911,471	55,683,453		1,380,089	2,008,922	61,291,560	57,692,375		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 137,092,845	\$ 130,391,695	\$	4,438,935	\$ 3,924,850	\$ 141,531,780	\$ 134,316,545		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Condensed Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities	Primary Government			
		2016,					2016,		
	2017	as restated		2017	2016	2017	as restated		
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 1,944,845	\$ 1,932,145	\$	2,037,139	\$ 7,701,882	\$ 3,981,984	\$ 9,634,027		
Operating grants and contributions	5,190,961	4,370,717		-	-	5,190,961	4,370,717		
Capital grants and contributions	3,122,702	1,820,423		-	-	3,122,702	1,820,423		
General revenues									
Taxes, penalties and interest	24,030,342	25,015,756		287,755	308,960	24,318,097	25,324,716		
Investment income	76,902	32,094		-	-	76,902	32,094		
Loss on disposal of assets	-	(316,748)		-	-	-	(316,748)		
Other revenue	799,459	983,298		153,184	69,927	952,643	1,053,225		
Total revenues	35,165,211	33,837,685		2,478,078	8,080,769	37,643,289	41,918,454		
Expenses									
General government	15,379,372	14,748,400		-	-	15,379,372	14,748,400		
Public safety	8,343,606	6,071,329		-	-	8,343,606	6,071,329		
Public works	1,901,321	1,716,514		-	-	1,901,321	1,716,514		
Culture and recreation	288,753	246,295		-	-	288,753	246,295		
Health and welfare	2,511,110	2,384,531		-	-	2,511,110	2,384,531		
Interest	2,200,903	2,332,752		-	-	2,200,903	2,332,752		
Solid Waste	-	-		1,414,502	2,329,663	1,414,502	2,329,663		
Ambulance				2,004,537	6,312,902	2,004,537	6,312,902		
Total expenses	30,625,065	27,499,821	_	3,419,039	8,642,565	34,044,104	36,142,386		
Increase in net position before transfers	4,540,146	6,337,864		(940,961)	(561,796)	3,599,185	5,776,068		
Transfers	(312,128)	(319,415)		312,128	319,415				
Change in net position	4,228,018	6,018,449		(628,833)	(242,381)	3,599,185	5,776,068		
Net position—beginning of year	55,683,453	49,665,004		2,008,922	2,251,303	57,692,375	51,916,307		
Net position—ending of year	\$ 59,911,471	\$ 55,683,453	\$	1,380,089	\$ 2,008,922	\$ 61,291,560	\$ 57,692,375		

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County budgets reflect the pattern as seen in the revenues and expenditures of the County. The State of New Mexico budget process is defined under state law and regulation. To enhance the process of developing a budget at the county level, Taos County utilizes goals and objectives defined by the County Commissioners, community input meetings, long-term plans and input from various staff groups to develop the County budget. County priorities are well defined through this process.

The total variation in revenues from the original and final budgets in the general fund was an increase of \$311,351. The total variation in expenditures from the original and final budgets in the general fund was a decrease of \$47,084.

The County's final budget differs from the actual budget results due to variances between budgeted amounts and actual results during the fiscal year. The total variation in revenues from the final budget and actual results in the general fund was an unfavorable variance of \$253,752. The significant variation were in intergovernmental, licenses and fees, and charges for services, which was due to an increase in property tax collections and more business in the area creating higher gross receipts tax revenue during the fiscal year. The total variation in expenditures from

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

the final budget and actual results in the general fund was a favorable variance of \$3,461,923. The significant variation was identified in other categories due to the reorganization of our county resources and centralized purchasing. The favorable variance is attributed to disciplined spending and careful monitoring of the budget in each of the County's departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Taos County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amount to \$93,410,534 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, right of way, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, vehicles, leasehold improvements, and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the County's capital assets (excluding accumulated depreciation and disposals) for the current fiscal year was \$3,883,029 for governmental activities. The significant additions to governmental capital assets were buildings and improvements and vehicles to the County. The significant additions to business-type activities' capital assets were with vehicles.

	Governmen	ntal Activitie	es	Business-Type Activities				Total Activity				
	2017	2016	5	2017 2016		2016	16 2017			2016		
Capital assets												
Land	\$ 7,059,883	\$ 7,05	9,883	5 -	\$	_	\$	7,059,883	\$	7,059,883		
Right of way	18,750,380	18,75	0,380	-		-		18,750,380		18,750,380		
Construction in progress	1,092,199	66	3,442	-		-		1,092,199		663,442		
Buildings and improvements	57,293,188	56,23	6,310	9,875,919		9,852,142		67,169,107		66,088,452		
Infrastructure	41,889,625	41,63	7,224	-		-		41,889,625		41,637,224		
Leasehold improvements	12,198,620	10,93	6,067	848,575		713,140		13,047,195		11,649,207		
Vehicles	197,391	14	4,810	-		-		197,391		144,810		
Machinery and equipment	7,726,900	7,10	3,070	238,689		191,872		7,965,589		7,294,942		
Accumulated depreciation	(55,080,342	(51,84	9,967)	(8,680,493)		(8,236,675)		(63,760,835)		(60,086,642)		
Total capital assets	\$ 91,127,844	\$ 90,68	1,219	\$ 2,282,690	\$	2,520,479	\$	93,410,534	\$	93,201,698		

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. See Note 6 in the accompanying notes to the financial statements for further information regarding capital assets.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, Taos County had total long-term obligations outstanding of \$56,974,787 consisting of \$23,560,437 in bonds payable and \$32,241,853 is notes payable. The remaining liabilities totaling \$1,172,497 consist of capital leases of \$476,455 and compensated absences \$696,042.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governn	nental .	Activities	Business-Type Activities					Total Activity				
	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016		
Revenue bonds	\$ 23,560,4	37 \$	27,030,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,560,437	\$	27,030,000		
Notes payable	32,241,8	53	33,554,303		-		-		32,241,853		33,554,303		
Capital leases	476,4	55	622,497		-		-		476,455		622,497		
Compensated absences	591,9	99	559,178		104,043		100,121	_	696,042		659,299		
Total outstanding debt	\$ 56,870,7	<u>44</u> \$	61,765,978	\$	104,043	\$	100,121	\$	56,974,787	\$	61,866,099		

Economic Outlook

In Fiscal Year 2018, the County will continue with designing a performance-based budget as revenue projections from prior year experience a marginal increase of 2.5 percent. Taos County's electorate approved a County Emergency Communications & Emergency Medical & Behavior Health Services Gross Receipts Tax of 0.1875% to fund the operations of a Centralized E-911 Dispatch Center for Taos County and surrounding communities.

As illustrated below, Taos County's budgetary statement for Fiscal Year 2018, the General Operating Fund is projected to account for 37 percent of budgeted revenues (\$13,602,576) followed by Special Revenue Fund projected at 33 percent (\$11,875,436) respectfully.

FY 2018 FINAL BUDGET STATEMENT										
	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Enterprise Fund	Total				
Beginning Fund Balance	6,898,111	14,084,666	11,895,168	1,695,086	511,347	35,084,378				
Revenue	13,602,576	11,875,436	7,694,062	974,391	2,314,097	36,460,562				
Transfers IN	1,081,071	5,772,250	4,607,993	4,607,993 -		11,805,466				
Expenditures	11,645,421	24,982,602	14,393,249	1,755,387	3,117,211	55,893,870				
Transfers OUT	2,808,941	3,861,001	4,932,117	203,408	-	11,805,466				
Total Fund Balance	7,127,396	2,888,749	4,871,857	710,682	52,385	15,651,070				

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Taos County's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Taos County, 105 Albright Street, Suite A, Taos, New Mexico 87571.



State of New Mexico

Taos County

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Primary Government								
	Governmental	Business-Type	_						
	Activities	Activities	Total						
Assets									
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,467,320	\$ 511,347	\$ 20,978,667						
Investments	14,106,582	-	14,106,582						
Receivables, net									
Property taxes receivable	1,027,842	-	1,027,842						
Intercept receivables	981,824	-	981,824						
Customers, net of allowance	-	424,861	424,861						
Other	1,265,227	121,502	1,386,729						
Prepaid expense	428,503	17,475	445,978						
Inventory	151,052		151,052						
Total current assets	38,428,350	1,075,185	39,503,535						
Noncurrent assets									
Bond insurance (net of accumulated amortization									
of \$47,213)	157,913	-	157,913						
Original issue discounts (net of accumulated									
amortization of \$43,046)	143,954	-	143,954						
Capital assets not being depreciated	26,902,462	-	26,902,462						
Capital assets being depreciated	119,305,724	10,963,183	130,268,907						
Less accumulated depreciation	(55,080,342)	(8,680,493)	(63,760,835)						
Total noncurrent assets	91,429,711	2,282,690	93,712,401						
Total assets	129,858,061	3,357,875	133,215,936						
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Employer contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date	7,234,784	1,081,060	8,315,844						
Total deferral outflows of resources	7,234,784	1,081,060	8,315,844						
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 137,092,845	\$ 4,438,935	\$ 141,531,780						

State of New Mexico

Taos County

Statement of Net Position — continued June 30, 2017

	Primary Government								
	Governmental	Business-Type							
	Activities	Activities	Total						
Liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 249,200	\$ 8,052	\$ 257,252						
Accrued payroll liabilities	404,787	67,423	472,210						
Accrued interest payable	361,293	-	361,293						
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	444,554	79,999	524,553						
Current portion of long term obligations	3,806,877		3,806,877						
Total current liabilities	5,266,711	155,474	5,422,185						
Noncurrent liabilities									
Compensated absences	147,445	24,044	171,489						
Original issue premiums (net of accumulated									
amortization \$8,555)	26,008	-	26,008						
Bond payable	21,245,437	-	21,245,437						
Notes payable and capital leases	31,226,431	-	31,226,431						
Net pension liability	18,739,810	2,800,202	21,540,012						
Total noncurrent liabilities	71,385,131	2,824,246	74,209,377						
Total liabilities	76,651,842	2,979,720	79,631,562						
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Net difference between projected and actual investment									
earnings on pension plan investments	529,532	79,126	608,658						
Total deferred outflows of resources	529,532	79,126	608,658						
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets	35,150,966	2,282,690	37,433,656						
Restricted for									
Debt service	8,864,537	-	8,864,537						
Capital projects	2,816,807	-	2,816,807						
Other purposes-special revenue	20,692,136	-	20,692,136						
Unrestricted	(7,612,975)		(8,515,576)						
Total net position	59,911,471	1,380,089	61,291,560						
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			.						
resources, and net position	<u>\$ 137,092,845</u>	\$ 4,438,935	<u>\$ 141,531,780</u>						

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expenses), Revenues,

and Changes in Net Position Program Revenues **Program Revenues** Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type **Functions/Programs** Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Primary government Governmental activities General government 15,379,372 \$ 1,795,318 \$ 547,021 \$ 500,000 \$ (12,537,033) \$ \$ (12,537,033) Public safety 8,343,606 114,070 1,234,445 (6.995,091)(6,995,091)Public works 1,901,321 2,622,702 721,381 721,381 Culture and recreation 288,753 35,457 312,559 59,263 59,263 Health and welfare 2,511,110 3,096,936 585,826 585,826 2,200,903 (2,200,903)Interest (2,200,903)30,625,065 1,944,845 5,190,961 3,122,702 (20,366,557)(20,366,557)Total governmental activities Business-type activities Solid waste 1,414,502 960,309 (454,193)(454,193)Ambulance 2,004,537 1,076,830 (927,707)(927,707)3,419,039 2,037,139 (1,381,900)Total business-type activities (1,381,900)Total primary government 34,044,104 3,981,984 5,190,961 3,122,702 (20,366,557)(1,381,900)(21,748,457)General revenues Taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes 11,470,982 11,470,982 Gross receipts taxes 11,877,028 11,877,028 Other taxes 682,332 287,755 970,087 Investment income 76,902 76,902 Miscellaneous 799,459 153,184 952,643 Transfers (312, 128)312,128 24,594,575 25,347,642 Total general revenues and transfers 753,067 Change in net position 4,228,018 (628,833)3,599,185 Net position—beginning, as restated 55,683,453 2,008,922 57,692,375 Net position—ending 59,911,471 1,380,089 61,291,560



Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	General Fund 101		MFA Debt ervice Fund 313	County ducational Bond Fund 423	2013 ducational Bond Fund 424	Jonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,648,112	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,819,208	\$	20,467,320
Investments	3,250,000		3,717,622	347,501	814,844	5,976,615		14,106,582
Receivables, net								
Other receivables	220,916		-	-	-	1,044,311		1,265,227
Property taxes	1,027,842		-	-	-	-		1,027,842
Intercept receivables	-		-	607,541	-	374,283		981,824
Prepaid expenses	238,547		-	-	-	189,956		428,503
Inventory	 			 -		 151,052		151,052
Total assets	\$ 8,385,417	\$	3,717,622	\$ 955,042	\$ 814,844	\$ 24,555,425	\$	38,428,350
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 113,851	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 135,349	\$	249,200
Accrued payroll expenses	251,541		-	-	-	153,246		404,787
Total liabilities	365,392	_			 	288,595	_	653,987
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes	746,497		-	-	-	-		746,497
Total deferred inflows of resources	746,497		-	-	-	-		746,497

Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds — continued June 30, 2017

	General Fund 101	NMFA Debt Service Fund 313	County Educational Bond Fund 423	2013 Educational Bond Fund 424	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable Restricted	238,547	-	-	-	189,956	428,503
General county operations	-	-	-	-	3,869,776	3,869,776
Fire departments	-	-	-	-	4,097,953	4,097,953
Tourism	-	-	-	-	85,679	85,679
Public safety	-	-	-	-	955,244	955,244
Healthcare	-	-	-	-	3,165,005	3,165,005
Education	-	3,717,622	955,042	814,844	-	5,487,508
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	35,703	35,703
Capital projects expenditures	-	-	-	-	2,816,807	2,816,807
Debt service expenditures	-	-	-	-	8,864,537	8,864,537
Subsequent year's expenditures	2,827,683	-	-	-	167,585	2,995,268
Committed						
Correctional facility	-	-	-	-	18,585	18,585
Unassigned	4,207,298					4,207,298
Total fund balances	7,273,528	3,717,622	955,042	814,844	24,266,830	37,027,866
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 8,385,417	\$ 3,717,622	\$ 955,042	\$ 814,844	\$ 24,555,425	\$ 38,428,350

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 37,027,866
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		91,127,844
Defined benefit pension plan deferred outflows of resources are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the		
governmental funds		7,234,784
Property taxes		746,497
Accrued interest expense		(361,293)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Net pension liability	(18,739,810)	
Capital leases, notes payable, and bonds payable	(56,278,745)	
Compensated absences	(591,999)	
Bond insurance	157,913	
Bond discount	143,954	
Bond premium	(26,008)	
		(75,334,695)
Defined benefit pension plan deferred inflows of resources are		
not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not		
reported in the governmental funds		 (529,532)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 59,911,471

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund 101	NMFA Debt Service Fund 313	County 2013 Educational Educationa Bond Fund Bond Fund 423 424		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 11,452,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,452,952
Gross receipts taxes	1,305,288	-	3,777,657	-	6,794,083	11,877,028
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	682,332	682,332
Intergovernmental						
Federal operating grants	19,377	-	-	-	2,446,974	2,466,351
State operating grants	202,725	-	-	-	5,144,587	5,347,312
Charges for services	33,032	-	-	-	2,425	35,457
License and permits	586,051	-	-	-	1,323,337	1,909,388
Investment earnings	12,433	25,413	1,287	2,477	35,292	76,902
Donations and contributions	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
Miscellaneous	5,730				793,729	799,459
Total revenues	14,117,588	25,413	3,778,944	2,477	17,222,759	35,147,181
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	7,811,637	-	-	-	5,316,819	13,128,456
Public safety	2,080,310	-	-	-	5,256,667	7,336,977
Public works	-	-	-	-	669,206	669,206
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	253,950	253,950
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	2,511,110	2,511,110
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	3,270,000	1,512,013	4,782,013
Interest	-	-	-	435,419	1,748,825	2,184,244
Capital outlay	578,795	68,816	<u> </u>		3,007,388	3,654,999
Total expenditures	10,470,742	68,816	-	3,705,419	20,275,978	34,520,955
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,646,846	(43,403	3,778,944	(3,702,942)	(3,053,219)	626,226

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund 101	NMFA Debt Service Fund 313	County Educational Bond Fund 423	2013 Educational Bond Fund 424	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer in	771,489	-	1,116	3,688,669	10,268,931	14,730,205
Transfer out	(4,463,166)	(36,186)	(3,705,300)	(1,115)	(6,836,566)	(15,042,333)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,691,677)	(36,186)	(3,704,184)	3,687,554	3,432,365	(312,128)
Net change in fund balances	(44,831)	(79,589)	74,760	(15,388)	379,146	314,098
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	7,318,359	3,797,211	880,282	830,232	23,887,684	36,713,768
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 7,273,528	\$ 3,717,622	\$ 955,042	\$ 814,844	\$ 24,266,830	\$ 37,027,866

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances – governmental funds		\$ 314,098
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities		
are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities, the cost of assets is allocated over their estimated useful		
lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital assets reported as capital outlay expenditures	3,654,999	
Depreciation expense	(3,523,322)	
Adjustments to capital assets	314,948	
		446,625
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		
Change in unearned revenue related to the property taxes receivable		18,030
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, notes, capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		ŕ
Increase in accrued compensated absences	(32,821)	
Increase in accrued interest payable	(16,659)	
Principal payments on debt	4,928,055	
Change in deferred outflows	6,087,781	
Change in deferred inflows	40,015	
Change in net pension liability	(7,557,106)	
		 3,449,265

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 4,228,018

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance— Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)—General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

							Va	riance with
					Act	tual Amounts		U
		Budgeted	An		_ (Budgetary		Favorable
		Original		Final		Basis)	(U	nfavorable)
Revenues								
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$	11,104,283	\$	11,204,859	\$	11,467,982	\$	263,123
Gross receipts taxes		1,275,243		1,335,363		1,305,288		(30,075)
Other taxes		12,000		12,000		-		(12,000)
Intergovernmental								
Federal operating grants		18,665		18,665		19,377		712
State operating grants		190,000		165,153		202,725		37,572
Charges for services		206,200		218,906		33,032		(185,874)
License and permits		231,000		340,750		586,051		245,301
Investment earnings		6,000		13,000		12,433		(567)
Miscellaneous		24,124		70,170	_	5,730		(64,440)
Total revenues	_	13,067,515		13,378,866	_	13,632,618		253,752
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		11,158,028		11,310,731		7,807,835		3,502,896
Public safety		2,234,568		2,034,781		2,074,184		(39,403)
Public works		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-		. -		-
Capital outlay	_				_	1,570	_	(1,570)
Total expenditures		13,392,596		13,345,512	_	9,883,589		3,461,923
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(325,081)		33,354	_	3,749,029		(3,208,171)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers in		1,185,614		2,263,661		771,489		(1,492,172)
Operating transfers out		(3,094,730)		(5,249,277)		(4,463,166)		(786,111)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,909,116)		(2,985,616)		(3,691,677)		(2,278,283)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(2,234,197)	\$	(2,952,262)		57,352	\$	(5,486,454)
Budgetary Compliance—Non-GAAP Financial Stateme	nt Re	conciliation						
Adjustments to revenues						(515,030)		
Adjustments to revenues Adjustments to expenditures						412,847		
					Φ.			
Change in fund balances (GAAP basis)					\$	(44,831)		

State of New Mexico Taos County Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Business-T		
	Solid Waste Ambuland		
	Enterprise	Enterprise	
	Fund 202	Fund 509	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 196,129	\$ 315,218	\$ 511,347
Receivables, net			
Customers, net of allowance	211,320	213,541	424,861
Other	121,502	9,000	121,502
Prepaid expenses	9,475	8,000	17,475
Total current assets	538,426	536,759	1,075,185
Noncurrent assets	==0.042	10.101.250	10000100
Capital assets, net	778,913	10,184,270	10,963,183
Less accumulated depreciation	(706,835)		(8,680,493)
Total noncurrent assets	72,078	2,210,612	2,282,690
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	412,148	668,912	1,081,060
Total deferred outflows of resources	412,148	668,912	1,081,060
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,022,652	3,416,283	4,438,935
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,022,032	3,110,203	1,130,733
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	4,307	3,745	8,052
Accrued payroll liabilities	23,752	43,671	67,423
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	22,958	57,041	79,999
Total current liabilities	51,017	104,457	155,474
Noncurrent liabilities			
Noncurrent portion of accrued absences	19,212	4,832	24,044
Net pension liability	1,094,266	1,705,936	2,800,202
Total long-term liabilities	1,113,478	1,710,768	2,824,246
Total liabilities	1,164,495	1,815,225	2,979,720
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments	31,784	47,342	79,126
Total deferred inflows of resources	31,784	47,342	79,126
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,196,279	1,862,567	3,058,846
Net Position		_	_
	 ^	0.010.515	0.000 -000
Net investment in capital assets	72,078	2,210,612	2,282,690
Unrestricted	(245,705)		(902,601)
Total net position	\$ (173,627)	\$ 1,553,716	\$ 1,380,089

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Business-Ty			
	Solid Waste		P	Ambulance	
	Enterprise		Enterprise		
	<u>F</u>	Fund 202	Fund 509		Total
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services Rental revenue	\$	896,482 63,827	\$	1,076,830	\$ 1,973,312 63,827
Total operating revenues		960,309		1,076,830	 2,037,139
Operating Expenses					
Personnel services		861,023		1,484,966	2,345,989
Contractual services		265,113		41,065	306,178
Administration		123,655		100,023	223,678
Maintenance and materials		40,496	25,068		65,564
Bad debt expense		33,812		-	33,812
Depreciation		90,403		353,415	 443,818
Total operating expenses		1,414,502		2,004,537	3,419,039
Operating loss		(454,193)		(927,707)	 (1,381,900)
Nonoperating Revenues					
Taxes		287,594		161	287,755
Miscellaneous				153,184	153,184
Total nonoperating revenues		287,594		153,345	 440,939
Loss before transfers		(166,599)		(774,362)	 (940,961)
Transfers In (Out)					
Transfers in				312,128	 312,128
Total transfers in (out)				312,128	 312,128
Change in net position		(166,599)		(462,234)	(628,833)
Net position, beginning of year		(7,028)		2,015,950	 2,008,922
Net position, end of year	\$	(173,627)	\$	1,553,716	\$ 1,380,089

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-Type Activities					
	So	olid Waste	Α	Ambulance		
		Enterprise		Enterprise		
]	Fund 202		Fund 509		Total
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	1,052,172	\$	1,206,259	\$	2,258,431
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees		(774,076)		(775,607)		(1,549,683)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(429,028)		(726,161)		(1,155,189)
Net cash used by operating activities		(150,932)	_	(295,509)	_	(446,441)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Operating transfers		_		312,128		312,128
Miscellaneous revenue		_		153,184		153,184
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-		465,312		465,312
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Gross receipt taxes		287,594		161		287,755
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(60,769)		(145,260)		(206,029)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities		226,825		(145,099)		81,726
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		75,893		24,704		100,597
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		120,236		290,514		410,750
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	196,129	\$	315,218	\$	511,347
•				<u> </u>		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash						
used by operating activities						
Operating loss	\$	(454,193)	\$	(927,707)	\$	(1,381,900)
Adjustments						
Depreciation expense		90,403		353,415		443,818
Bad debt expense		33,812		-		33,812
Change in assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		91,863		133,150		225,013
Prepaid expenses		(3,094)		2,661		(433)
Deferred outflows		(343,592)		(566,077)		(909,669)
Accounts payable		3,330		3,411		6,741
Accrued liabilities		3,208		5,803		9,011
Net pension liability		425,874		703,349		1,129,223
Accrued compensated absences		3,715		207		3,922
Deferred inflows	_	(2,258)	_	(3,721)	_	(5,979)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(150,932)	\$	(295,509)	\$	(446,441)

State of New Mexico

Taos County

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds June 30, 2017

	Agency	
		Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	848,093
Property taxes receivable		3,510,907
Due from other governments		356,969
Total assets	\$	4,715,969
Liabilities		
Due to other taxing entities	\$	4,715,969
Total liabilities	\$	4,715,969

State of New Mexico

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Taos County (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of New Mexico established in 1876 under the provisions of Section 4-29-1 of NMSA, 1978 Compilation and regulated by the constitution of the State of New Mexico. The County operates under a Board of County Commissioners-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by public law: public safety (sheriff, fire, emergency medical, etc.), roads, health and social services, recreation, sanitation, planning and zoning, property assessment, tax collection and general administrative services.

The County is a body politic and corporate under the name and form of government selected by its qualified electors. The County may:

- 1. Sue or be sued:
- 2. Enter into contracts and leases;
- 3. Acquire and hold property, both real and personal;
- 4. Have common seal, which may be altered at pleasure;
- 5. Exercise such other privileges that are incident to corporations of like character or degree that are not inconsistent with the laws of New Mexico;
- 6. Protect generally the property of its county and its inhabitants;
- 7. Preserve peace and order within the county; and
- 8. Establish rates for services provided by the County utilities and revenue-producing projects, including amounts which the governing body determines to be reasonable in the operation of similar facilities.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the County is presented to assist in the understanding of the County's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the County's management that is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard—setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity. In evaluating how to define the County, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61. Blended component

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary government could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity. Based upon the application of these criteria, the County does not have any component units required to be reported under GASB Statements No. 61, and is not a component unit of another governmental agency.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange. Transactions. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

State of New Mexico Taos County Notes to Financial Statements

Notes to Financial Statemer June 30, 2017

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements of time, reimbursement and contingencies imposed by the provider are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met and the susceptible to accrual criteria have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu-of-taxes and other charges between the various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Program revenues included in the statement of activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the County's taxpayer or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the County's general revenues. Program revenues are categorized as (a) charges for services, which include revenues collected for fees and use of County facilities, etc., (b) program-specific operating grants, which includes revenues received from state and federal sources such as assistance to be used as specified within each program grant agreement, and (c) program-specific capital grants and contributions, which include revenues from state sources to be used for capital projects. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The County reports all direct expenses by function in the statement of activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The County does not currently employ indirect cost allocation systems. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

State of New Mexico

Taos County Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Under the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, the County is required to present certain of its governmental funds as major based upon certain criteria. The major funds presented in the fund financial statements include the following, which includes funds that were not required to be presented as major but were at the discretion of management.

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the County and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the County not encompassed within other funds.

The *NMFA Debt Service Funds* is to account for the accumulation of resources and payments on the County's New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) Debt Service.

The *County Educational Bond Debt Service Fund* is to account for the debt service for the educational bond.

The 2013 Educational Bond Debt Service Fund is to account for the debt service for the 2013 educational bond.

The County also reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Solid Waste Fund* is to account for the provision of garbage and refuse removal services to the residents of Taos County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The *Ambulance Fund* is to account for the collection of ambulance fees and expenses of rendering ambulance services.

Additionally, the County reports the following agency funds:

Fiduciary funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's fiduciary funds are used to account for the collection and payment of property taxes and special fees to other governmental agencies. The agency fund is used to account for collection and disbursement of inmate funds for the Taos County Detention Center. In addition, the agency fund will track and account for items held for the fire departments located within Taos County.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity. Deposits and Investments: The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Taos County Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

State statutes authorize the County to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Investments for the County are reported at fair value. The LGIP operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. At June 30, 2017, the County maintained no funds in the Local Government Investment Pool.

Receivables and Payables: Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting funds and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Property tax receivables are recognized when levied net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, if applicable. Based upon management's estimates, all receivables, reported in governmental activities, are deemed fully collectible. Management estimates that \$5.5 million of \$5.9 million of gross customer receivables, reported in business activities, are uncollectable as of June 30, 2017.

Property taxes are levied on November 1 based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous January 1 and are due in two payments by November 10th and April 10th. Property taxes uncollected after November 10th and April 10th are considered delinquent and the County may assess penalties and interest. The taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property thirty (30) days thereafter, at which time they become delinquent.

Prepaid Items: Prepaid expenditures include insurance and contract payments to vendors and reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventory: Taos County values inventory at lower of cost or market value. The method that the County uses is the consumption approach. Under the consumption approach, governments report inventories they purchase as an asset and defer the recognition of the expenditures until the period in which the inventories actually are consumed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Restricted Assets: Restricted assets consist of those funds expendable for operating purposes but restricted by donors or other outside agencies as to the specific purpose for which they may be expended. Debt service cash is restricted for future debt payments.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets (retroactive to 1980) is included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Information Technology Equipment including software is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.2.20.1.9 C (5). Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Building and improvements	40-55
Infrastructure	30
Vehicles	5 - 10
Leasehold improvements	15 - 20
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10

Accrued Expenses: Accrued expenses are comprised of the payroll expenditures based on amounts earned by the employees through June 30, 2017, along with applicable PERA, FICA, Retiree Health Care contributions, and Medicare payable.

Unearned Revenues: There are two types of unearned revenue. Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue. The other type of unearned revenue is "unavailable revenue." Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue has been earned if it is to be recognized as revenue of the current period. It must also be susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period). If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction, but those assets are not yet available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period, then the assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a recognized consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Also, in addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The county reports deferred outflows for the deferred amount on bond refunding. Deferred inflows are reported in the governmental funds regarding property taxes and unavailable HUD revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in that period that the amounts become available.

Compensated Absences: Qualified employees are entitled to earn annual leave according to a graduated leave schedule depending on length of service. No more than two hundred forty (240) hours of annual leave may be carried over from one calendar year to the next. All excess annual leave shall be forfeited, if not used, unless extenuating circumstances warrant approval of an extension by the Board of County Commissioners of Taos County.

Qualified employees are entitled to earn sick leave. Sick leave can be carried over from year to year up to 1200 hours. Upon termination, employees receive no pay for sick time accumulated. Employees eligible for retirement who have more than six hundred (600) hours of sick leave upon retirement from the County shall be paid for each hour in excess of six hundred (600) hours at the rate of half (1/2) their hourly rate of pay at the time of retirement.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In prior years, substantially all of the related expenditures have been liquidated by the general fund. Amounts of vested or

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Long-Term Obligations: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. For bonds issued after GASB Statement No. 34 was implemented, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. For fund financial reporting, bond premiums, discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing source, net of the applicable premium or discount.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures: For committed fund balance, the County's highest level of decision-making authority is the County Commission. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish a fund balance commitment is the County Commission.

For assigned fund balance, the County Commission or an official or body to which the County Commission delegates the authority is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The authorization policy is in governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

For the classification of fund balances, the County considers restricted or unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also for the classification of fund balances, the County considers committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

When expenditures occurr for purposes for which amounts in any of the spendable fund balance classification could be used, it is the County's policy to use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses, inventories, or long-term portion of receivables or property held for resale, if the use of the proceeds from the collection/sale of property held for resale is not otherwise constrained. Nonspendable amounts also include amounts legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent fund.

Taos County Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Restricted: Amounts constrained to specific purposes that are externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (such as taxpayers, grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government).

Committed Fund Balance: Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the governmental entity's highest level of decision-making authority (the County Commission). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Commission takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned: Amounts constrained by the County intends to be used for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the governing body (County Commission) or an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority.

Fund Balance for Subsequent Years Expenditures: According to New Mexico State Statute and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration, (DFA), Taos County is required to reserve 3/12ths of the General Fund's budgeted expenditures for subsequent year expenditures to maintain an adequate cash flow until the next significant property tax collection. The DFA also requires that 1/12th of the Road Fund budgeted expenditures be reserved. The County has incorporated this reserve requirement within its financial policies approved by the County Commission. These balances are reported as assigned to subsequent year's expenditures in the General Fund and the Road Fund. The County is in compliance with these DFA requirements.

Net Position: Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. *Net investment in capital assets:* Net position invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position: Consist of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Descriptions for the related restrictions for net position restricted for "special revenue, debt service, and capital projects" is described on page 19.
- c. *Unrestricted net position:* All other net position items that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Interfund Transactions: Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund

Taos County Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates for Taos County include management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible accounts for property taxes, depreciation on assets over their estimated useful lives and accrued compensated absences.

2) Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Control: Annual budgets of the County are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners, and submitted to the Department of Finance and Administration for state approval. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the County Commissioners and the Department of Finance and Administration. A separate budget is prepared for each fund. Line items within each budget may be over-expended; however, it is not legally permissible to over-expend any budget at the fund level.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash budgetary basis. Budgetary expenditures exclude encumbrances. The budget secures appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

The accompanying Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses on a budgetary basis.

Since accounting principles applied for purposes of developing revenues and expenditures on the budgetary basis differ significantly from those used to present financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), a reconciliation of resultant basis, perspective, equity

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

and timing differences in the net change in fund balances is presented for the year ended June 30, 2017. Reconciliations between the Non-GAAP budgetary basis amounts and the financial statements on the GAAP basis by fund can be found on the individual comparison statements.

3) Cash and Investments

State statute authorize the investment of County funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, the state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. The County is not aware of any invested funds that did not meet the state investment requirements as of June 30, 2017.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the County. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or collateralized as required by statute. The financial institution must provide pledged collateral for 50% of the deposit amount in excess of the deposit insurance.

As of June 30, 2017, the County had the following deposits:

Governmental activities bank deposits	\$	20,464,919
Business-type activities bank deposits		511,347
Petty cash		2,401
Total county cash and cash equivalents according to the	Φ	20.070.667
statement of net position	<u>\$</u>	20,978,667
Total agency fund cash and cash		
equivalents according to the		
statement of fiduciary net		
position	\$	848,093

The rate of interest in nondemand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the state board of finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Excess funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 per respective institution.

Custodial Credit Risk—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a policy for custodial credit risk, other than following state statutes as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63 NMSA 1978). New Mexico State Statutes require collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the County for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution. At June 30, 2017, \$22,095,990 of the County's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk; this uninsured amount was collateralized by collateral held by the pledging bank's department or agent, not in the County's name.

					BMW			I	nvestors
					Bank of	(Comenity	C	ommunity
		Centinel	People's	No	rth America	Ca	pital Bank		Bank
	 U.S. Bank	Bank	Bank	,	Salt Lake		Utah	M	lanitowoc
Total amounts of deposits	\$ 22,345,990	\$ 188,341	\$ 148,386	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of deposit	-	-	-		250,000		250,000		250,000
FDIC coverage	 (250,000)	 (188,341)	 (148,386)		(250,000)		(250,000)		(250,000)
Total uninsured public funds	\$ 22,095,990	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Collateralized by securities held by the pledging institution or by its trust department or agent in other									
than the County's name	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
Uninsured and uncollateralized (50% of uninsured)	11,047,995	-	-		-		-		-
Pledged securities	25,000,000	-	_		-		-		-
Over (under) collateralization	\$ 13,952,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$	-

State of New Mexico Taos County Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

	We	ells Fargo Bank		P Morgan hase Bank		State Bank of India New York		Bank of Baroda	Bank of India		Franklin Synergy Bank
Total amounts of deposits Certificates of deposit FDIC coverage	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$ - 250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)
Total uninsured public funds	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	
Collateralized by securities held by the pledging institution or by its trust department or agent in other than the County's name Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	
(50% of uninsured)		-		-		-		-	-		-
Pledged securities	_	-	_		_	-		-	 	_	
Over (under) collateralization	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	
	A	lly Bank		Keybank National ssociation		American Express Centurion Bank		apital One National ssociation Mclean	Total		
Total amounts of deposits Certificates of deposit FDIC coverage	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$	250,000 (250,000)	\$ 22,682,717 3,250,000 (3,836,727)	-	
Total uninsured public funds	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 22,095,990		
Collateralized by securities held by the pledging institution or by its trust department or agent in other than the County's name	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$ _		
Uninsured and uncollateralized (50% of uninsured)	-	-	<u> </u>	-		_	-	-	 11,047,995		
Pledged securities		-		-		-		-	25,000,000		
Over (under) collateralization	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,952,005		
Description			CUS	·ID#		arket Value		Maturity		me a	on
Description			CUS	ш#	٧	arue		Date	oi C	usto	uran

This is a letter of credit that is irrevocable, unconditional, and nontransferable.

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

As of June 30, 2017, the County had the following investments and maturities:

			Weighted Average
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Maturity (WAM)
Moreton Capital Markets - CDs	N/A	\$ 3,250,000	> 365
U.S. Treasury Money Market Mutual Funds	AAAm	10,856,582	> 365
Total investments		\$ 14,106,582	

Fair Value Measurement—Investments. The County's money market mutual funds are measured and reported at fair value using level 1 inputs, which reflect prices quoted in active markets.

Interest Rate Risk—Investments. The County does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

The County follows state law with respect to its investment activities.

Concentration of Credit Risk—Investments. For an investment, concentration of credit risk is when any one issuer is 5% or more of the investment portfolio of the County. Since the County only purchases investments with the highest credit rating, the concentration is not viewed to be an additional risk by the County.

The County's policy related to concentration credit risk is to comply with the state statute as put forth in the Public Money Act (Section 6-10-1 to 6-10-63, NMSA 1978). At June 30, 2017, the investments in the U.S. Treasury Money Market Mutual Funds were 100% of the County's investment portfolio.

The County utilizes pooled accounts for their funds. The General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Agency Funds are all in multiple accounts. Separate accounts also exist for Sheriff's Office confiscation related funds.

State of New Mexico Taos County Notes to Financial Statement

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

4) Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Governmental Activities

	County										
		E	ducational]	Nonmajor						
Receivables	General	Bond Fund			Funds		Total				
Taxes											
Property tax	\$ 1,027,842	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,027,842				
Intercept receivables	-		607,541		374,283		981,824				
Other receivables	 220,916				1,044,311		1,265,227				
Total	\$ 1,248,758	\$	607,541	\$	1,418,594	\$	3,274,893				

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, property tax revenues in the amount of \$746,497 that were not collected within the period of availability have been reclassified as deferred inflows in the governmental fund financial statements. All of the above receivables are deemed to be fully collectible.

Business-Type Activities

	S	olid Waste	1	Ambulance	
Receivables		Fund		Fund	Total
Customers	\$	1,293,993	\$	4,617,358	\$ 5,911,351
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(1,082,673)		(4,403,817)	(5,486,490)
Other receivables		121,502			 121,502
Total	\$	332,822	\$	213,541	\$ 546,363

State of New Mexico Taos County Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2017

5) Inter-Fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Net operating transfers, made to close out funds and to supplement other funding sources in the normal course of operations, were as follows:

_	7	Transfers In	Τ	ransfers Out	Total
Governmental Funds					
General Fund	\$	771,489	\$	(4,463,166)	\$ (3,691,677)
NMFA Debt Service Fund		-		(36,186)	(36,186)
Education Bond Debt Service Fund		1,116		(3,705,300)	(3,704,184)
2013 Educational Bond Debt Service Fund		3,688,669		(1,115)	3,687,554
Nonmajor governmental funds		10,268,931		(6,836,566)	 3,432,365
Total governmental funds	_	14,730,205	_	(15,042,333)	 (312,128)
Enterprise Funds					
Ambulance		312,128			 312,128
Total enterprise funds		312,128			312,128
Total primary government	\$	15,042,333	\$	(15,042,333)	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

6) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets and changes occurring during the year ended June 30, 2017. Land, right of way, and construction in process are not subject to depreciation.

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Adjustments/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2017	
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 7,059,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,059,883
Right of way	18,750,380	-	-	-	18,750,380
Construction in progress	663,442	461,757		(33,000)	1,092,199
Total capital assets not being depreciated	26,473,705	461,757		(33,000)	26,902,462
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building and improvements	56,236,311	1,001,877	-	55,000	57,293,188
Infrastructure	41,637,223	252,402	-	-	41,889,625
Vehicles	10,936,067	1,262,553	-	-	12,198,620
Leasehold improvements	144,810	52,581	-	-	197,391
Machinery and equipment	7,103,071	623,829		<u> </u>	7,726,900
Total capital assets being depreciated	116,057,482	3,193,242		55,000	119,305,724
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Building and improvements	(9,809,046)	(1,456,056)	-	9,423	(11,255,679)
Infrastructure	(29,193,431)	(1,012,785)	-	48,325	(30,157,891)
Vehicles	(9,074,930)	(519,900)	-	232,453	(9,362,377)
Leasehold improvements	(24,007)	(61,147)	-	-	(85,154)
Machinery and equipment	(3,748,554)	(473,434)		2,747	(4,219,241)
Total accumulated depreciation	(51,849,968)	(3,523,322)	-	292,948	(55,080,342)
Total capital assets being depreciated,					
net of accumulated depreciation	64,207,514	(330,080)		347,948	64,225,382
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 90,681,219	\$ 131,677	\$ -	\$ 314,948	\$ 91,127,844

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2017, was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 1,636,829
Public safety	549,250
Public works	1,302,440
Culture and recreation	 34,803
Total	\$ 3,523,322

State of New Mexico Taos County Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

		Balance June 30, 2016	Additions		Deletions	Tr	ansfers	Balance June 30, 2017
Business-Type Activities								
Capital assets being depreciated								
Building and improvements	\$	9,852,142	\$ 23,777	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9,875,919
Machinery and equipment		191,872	46,817		-		-	238,689
Vehicles		713,140	135,435				-	 848,575
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	10,757,154	 206,029	_				 10,963,183
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Building and improvements		(7,366,130)	(248,683)		-		-	(7,614,813)
Machinery and equipment		(587,406)	(25,976)		-		-	(613,382)
Vehicles	_	(283,139)	(169,159)		-		-	 (452,298)
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,236,675)	 (443,818)					 (8,680,493)
Total business-type activities capital assets	\$	2,520,479	\$ (237,789)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,282,690

7) Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the following changes occurred in the liabilities reported in the government-wide statement of net position:

	Balance					Balance		Amount
	June 30,				June 30,		Ι	Due Within
	 2016	Increases		Decreases		2017		One Year
Governmental activities								
USDA Series 2010 Revenue Bonds	\$ 13,970,000	\$ -	\$	(199,563)	\$	13,770,437	\$	200,000
Series 2013 Education GRT Bonds	13,060,000	-		(3,270,000)		9,790,000		2,115,000
NMFA Loan Taos 38 Latir FD	18,684	-		(4,671)		14,013		4,671
NMFA Loan Taos 40 Judicial Complex Restructure	27,710,000	-		(920,000)		26,790,000		945,000
NMFA Loan Taos 43 Tanker Truck	79,926	-		(26,091)		53,835		26,917
NMFA Loan Taos 45 Tanker Truck	147,092	-		(17,803)		129,289		17,954
NMFA Loan Taos 46 Solid Waste	243,716	-		(59,119)		184,597		60,142
NMFA Loan Taos 50 Lodgers Tax Refunding Series 2015	1,434,096	-		(58,384)		1,375,712		58,851
NMFA Loan Taos 51 Fire Excise Tax Loan	3,246,364	-		(126,103)		3,120,261		126,898
Perovich GRT	674,425	-		(100,279)		574,146		104,843
Capital leases	622,497	-		(146,042)		476,455		146,601
Compensated absences	 559,178	 538,195		(505,374)		591,999		444,554
Total governmental activities	\$ 61,765,978	\$ 538,195	\$	(5,433,429)	\$	56,870,744	\$	4,251,431

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Gross Receipts Revenue Bonds

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017, consisted of the following bonds:

	Seri	es 2010		
	USDA	Revenue		Series 2013
	<u>B</u>	Bonds	Edu	cation GRT Bonds
Original issue	\$	15,000,000	\$	22,000,000
Maturity date		5/4/2050		4/1/2023
Principal		May 5		April 1
Interest rate		4.125%		2.00-4.00%
Interest due		May 5	A	pril 1 and October 1

The annual requirements to amortize the Bonds Payable as of June 30, 2017, including interest payments are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		e 30, Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	2,315,000	\$	600,225	\$ 2,915,225		
2019		2,390,000		596,075	2,986,075		
2020		2,475,000		586,834	3,061,834		
2021		2,560,000		583,275	3,143,275		
2022		740,000		543,375	1,283,375		
2023-2027		1,760,000		2,516,500	4,276,500		
2028-2032		1,650,000		2,206,600	3,856,600		
2033-2037		2,020,000		1,837,100	3,857,100		
2038-2042		2,490,000		1,382,800	3,872,800		
2043-2047		3,040,000		826,000	3,866,000		
2048-2051		2,120,437		178,400	 2,298,837		
Totals	\$	23,560,437	\$	11,857,184	\$ 35,417,621		

In prior years, the County issued bonds where the County pledges income from the receipt of lodger's and sales tax revenue. Lodger's and sales tax bonds have been issued for the construction of an agricultural building and the Taos judicial complex. Also, in the current year, the County pledged income from the receipt of sales tax revenues. The current year bond is being used to be disbursed to the School Districts around Taos County.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Notes Payable

The County entered into several loan agreements with the New Mexico Finance Authority, wherein the County pledged revenue derived from New Mexico Fire Protection Allotments to cover debt service.

This revenue is subject to intercept agreements. The annual requirements to amortize the NMFA Loans as of June 30, 2017, including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		ne 30, Prin		Interest		Total
2018	\$	1,345,276	\$	1,269,413	\$ 2,614,689		
2019		1,378,249		1,235,721	2,613,970		
2020		1,390,276		1,198,044	2,588,320		
2021		1,365,776		1,155,131	2,520,907		
2022		1,409,406		1,110,379	2,519,785		
2023-2027		7,087,911		4,821,554	11,909,465		
2028-2032		8,569,394		3,293,270	11,862,664		
2033-2037		8,225,565		1,422,290	9,647,855		
2038-2041		1,470,000		70,266	 1,540,266		
Totals	\$	32,241,853	\$	15,576,068	\$ 47,817,921		

Capital Leases

The County leases vehicles and other equipment under various capital leases. The economic substance of the leases is that the County is financing the acquisition of the assets through the leases and, accordingly, they are recorded as County assets and liabilities. The obligations under capital leases have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements at the present value of future minimum lease payments, discounted at interest rates as stated in the individual contracts. The annual requirement to amortize the capital leases as of June 30, 2017, including interest payments, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	I	Principal Interest		Interest		Total
2018	\$	146,601	\$	-	\$	146,601
2019		146,601		-		146,601
2020		146,601		-		146,601
2021		36,652				36,652
Totals	\$	476,455	\$		\$	476,455

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Business-Type Activities

The following schedule shows the changes to compensated absences for the business-type activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Balance					Balance	1	Amount
	June 30,					June 30,	Dι	ie Within
	2016	I	ncreases	Ι	Decreases	2017	C	ne Year
Business-type activities								
Compensated absences	\$ 100,121	\$	79,488	\$	(75,566)	\$ 104,043	\$	79,999
Total business-type activities	\$ 100,121	\$	79,488	\$	(75,566)	\$ 104,043	\$	79,999

8) Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries and natural disasters. Taos County is a member and is insured through the New Mexico County Insurance Authority. The Authority was created to provide comprehensive core insurance programs by expanding the pool of subscribers to maximize cost containment opportunities for required insurance coverage. The Authority acts as the common carrier for the State of New Mexico counties. The County pays an annual premium to the Authority based on claim experience and the status of the pool. The Risk Management Program includes Workers Compensation, General and Automobile Liability, Automobile Physical Damage, and Property and Crime coverage. The County is not liable for more than the premiums paid.

9) Pension Plan – Public Employees Retirement Act

Plan description: The Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERA Fund) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officer, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the PERA Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-7, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Article 11, NMSA 1978), and the provisions of Sections 29-4-1 through 29-4-11, NMSA 1978 governing the State Police Pension Fund, each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the PERA Fund.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report and a comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at http://saonm.org/ using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366.

Benefits provided: For a description of the benefits provided and recent changes to the benefits see Note 1 in the PERA audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Contributions: The contribution requirements of defined benefit plan members and the County are established in state statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. For the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for FY16 for the various PERA coverage options, for both Tier I and Tier II, refer to Note 1C in PERA's FY16 financial statements for a table of all retirement plans and required contributions rates. The PERA coverage options that apply to County are Municipal Plan 4 and Municipal Police Plan 5. Statutorily required contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,180,372 and employer paid member benefits that were "picked up" by the employer were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and **Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**: The PERA pension liability amounts, net pension liability amounts, and sensitivity information were based on an annual actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015. The PERA pension liability amounts for each division were rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2016, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date June 30, 2016. The assets of the PERA fund are held in one trust, but there are six distinct membership groups (municipal general members, municipal police members, municipal fire members, state general members, state police members and legislative members) for whom separate contribution rates are determined each year pursuant to chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. Therefore, the calculations of the net pension liability, pension expense and deferred Inflows and Outflows were preformed separately for each of the membership groups: municipal general members; municipal police members; municipal fire members; state general members; state police members and legislative members. The County's proportion of the net pension liability for each membership group that the employer

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

participates in is based on the employer contributing entity's percentage of that membership group's total employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Only employer contributions for the pay period end dates that fell within the period of July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016, were included in the total contributions for a specific employer. Regular and any adjustment contributions that applied to FY 2016 are included in the total contribution amounts. In the event that an employer is behind in reporting to PERA its required contributions, an estimate (receivable) was used to project the unremitted employer contributions. This allowed for fair and consistent measurement of the contributions with the total population. This methodology was used to maintain consistent measurement each year in determining the percentages to be allocated among all the participating employers.

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Plan 4, at June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$18,790,120 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 1.1761% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal Plan 4 pension expense of \$2,396,247. At June 30, 2017, the County reported PERA Fund Division Municipal Plan 4 deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Ι	Deferred	
	Outflows of		In	nflows of	
	F	Resources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	938,833	\$	183,380	
Changes in assumptions		1,101,820		3,125	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,457,346		-	
Change in proportion and differences between County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		818,542		235,272	
County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,022,735		_	
Total	\$	7,339,276	\$	421,777	

The deferred outflows of resources were reported at \$7,339,276 related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2016, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2018	\$ 1,317,563
2019	1,317,563
2020	2,360,995
2021	898,643
2022	 -
	\$ 5,894,764

For PERA Fund Division Municipal Police Plan 5, at June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$2,749,892 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.3727% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized PERA Fund Division Municipal Police Plan 5 pension expense of \$344,618. At June 30, 2017, the County reported PERA Fund Division Municipal Police Plan 5 deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Ι	Deferred
	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	201,883	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		182,137		49,594
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		434,911		-
Change in proportion and differences between County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		137,287
County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		157,637		_
Total	\$	976,568	\$	186,881

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

Deferred outflows of resources are reported at \$976,568 related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date June 30, 2016, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2018	\$ 133,693
2019	133,693
2020	256,107
2021	108,557
2022	
	\$ 632,050

Actuarial assumptions: As described above, the PERA Fund member group pension liabilities and net pension liabilities are based on actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2015, for each of the membership groups. Then each PERA Fund member group pension liability was rolled forward from the valuation date to the Plan year ending June 30, 2016, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provisions that required an adjustment to the rollforward liabilities as of June 30, 2016. These actuarial methods and assumptions were adopted by the Board for use in the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuation.

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of pay, open
Amortization period	Solved for based on statutory rates
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Actuarial assumptions:	
 Investment rate of return 	7.48% annual rate, net of investment expense
 Projected benefit payment 	100 years
 Payroll growth 	2.75% annual rate for first 10 years, then 3.25% annual rate
 Projected salary increases 	2.75% to 14.00% annual rate
 Included inflation at 	2.25% annual rate first 10 years, 2.75% all other years
 Morality Assumption 	RP-2000 Morality Tables (Combined table for healthy post-retirements,
	Employee table for active members, and Disabled table for disabled retirees
	before retirement age) with projection to 2018 using Scale AA
 Experience Study Dates 	July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed

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for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term	
	Target		Expected Real	
All Funds – Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	_
Global Equity	43.50	%	7.39	%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	21.50	%	1.79	%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.00	%	5.77	%
Real Assets to Include Real Estate Equity	20.00	%	7.35	%
Total	100.0	%		

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.48 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that future contributions will be made in accordance with statutory rates. On this basis, the pension plan's fiduciary net position together with the expected future contributions are sufficient to provide all projected future benefit payments of current plan members as determined in accordance with GASBS 67. Therefore, the 7.48 percent assumed long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following tables show the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. In particular, the tables present the County's net pension liability in each PERA Fund Division that the County participates in, under the current single rate assumption, as if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage lower (6.48%) or one percentage point higher (8.48%) that the single discount rate.

State of New Mexico Taos County Notes to Financial Statements

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June 30, 2017

PERA Fund Division Municipal Plan 4	1% Decrease (6.48%)	Current Discount Rate (7.48%)	1% Increase (8.48%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,014,398	\$ 18,790,120	\$ 11,139,041
		Current	
PERA Fund Division	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Municipal Police Plan 5	(6.48%)	(7.48%)	(8.48%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,045,773	\$ 2,749,892	\$ 1,690,012

Payables to the pension plan: At June 30, 2017, there were no contributions due and payable to PERA for the County.

10) New Mexico Retiree Health Care

Plan Description. The County contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies. Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years. The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the employer and employee contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature. Employers that choose to become participating employers after January 1, 1998, are required to make contributions to the RHCA fund in the amount determined to be appropriate by the board.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. For employees that were members of an enhanced retirement plan (state police and adult correctional officer member coverage plan 1; municipal police member coverage plans 3, 4 or 5; municipal fire member coverage plan 3, 4 or 5; municipal detention officer member overage plan 1; and members pursuant to the Judicial Retirement Act) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the statutes required each participating employer to contribute 2.5% of each participating employee's annual salary; and each participating employee was required to contribute 1.25% of their salary. For employees that were not members of an enhanced retirement plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 2.0% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute 1.0% of their salary. In addition, pursuant to Section 10-7C-15(G) NMSA 1978, at the first session of the Legislature following July 1, 2013, the legislature shall review and adjust the distributions pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 and the employer and employee contributions to the authority in order to ensure the actuarial soundness of the benefits provided under the Retiree Health Care Act. The County's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, were \$180,032, \$174,263 and \$156,440, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

11) Contingent Liabilities

The County is exposed to various claims and lawsuits in the normal course of business. Management and the County's management are unaware of any material pending or threatened litigation, claims, or assessments against the County which are not covered by the County's insurance.

12) Joint Powers Agreements and Memorandums of Understanding

JPA Participants: Taos County, Town of Taos, Village of Questa, and Taos

Ski Valley

Responsible Party: Each participant

Description: Consolidated Emergency Comm.

Period: Fiscal year 2016 – infinity

Project Costs: Unknown
County Contributions: Unknown

Audit Responsibility: Each participant Fiscal Agent: Taos County

MOU Participants: Taos County and Village of Questa

Responsible Party: Each participant

Description: Ambulance service Taos County by Village of Questa

Period: July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017

County Contribution: \$100,000

Audit Responsibility: Each participant

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

13) Prior-Period Adjustment

In the previous year, the County did not report gross receipts tax receivables for May and June 2016 that were intercepted by the financial institution for required bond payments ("Intercept Receivables"). To correct amount previously reported, the County adjusted beginning fund balance and net position as follows:

	County Educational Bond Nonmajor						
	Fund Governmental			C	overnmental		
	423			Funds	Activities		
Beginning fund balance/net position as of June 30, 2016	\$	508,820	\$	23,513,505	\$	54,937,812	
Adjustment to report intercept receivables		371,462		374,179		745,641	
Beginning fund balance as of June 30, 2016, as restated	\$	880,282	\$	23,887,684	\$	55,683,453	

The amounts included in the schedule above are based on the County's major fund determination in fiscal year 2017. As such, beginning fund balance for nonmajor governmental funds includes the Educational Bond Fund (Fund 312), which was reported as a major fund in the County's previous year financial statements, and excludes the Debt Service Fund (Fund 313), which was reported as a nonmajor governmental fund in the County's previous year financial statements; however, is reported as a major fund in fiscal year 2017.

14) Subsequent Events

The date to which events occurring after June 30, 2017, the date of the most recent statement of net positon, have been evaluated for possible adjustment of the financial statements or disclosures is December 1, 2017, which is the date on which the financial statements were issued.

15) Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the County receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. The County expects any liability for reimbursement which may arise as a result of these audits to be immaterial.

Taos County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

16) New Accounting Pronouncements

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued, but are not yet effective at June 30, 2017.

- GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units can amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.
- GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*.
- GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.
- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligation.
- GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities.
- GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues.
- GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

The County will implement the new GASB pronouncements in the fiscal year no later than the required effective date. The County believes that the above listed new GASB pronouncements will not have a significant financial impact to the County or in issuing its financial statements.



Schedule of the County's Proportion Share of the Net Pension Liability Municipal General Division Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years¹ (Dollars in Thousands)

	2015			2016		2017
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		1.1136%		1.0725%		1.1761%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	8,687	\$	10,935	\$	18,790
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,634	\$	7,487	\$	7,942
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)						
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		130.95%		146.05%		236.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.29%		76.99%		69.18%

The amounts presented for fiscal year 2017 were determined as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the County's Proportion Share of the Net Pension Liability Municipal Police Division Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years² (Dollars in Thousands)

		2015	2016		2017	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.4200%		0.4000%		0.3700%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,358	\$	1,919	\$	2,750
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	783	\$	741	\$	834
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)						
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		173.44%		258.97%		329.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.29%		76.99%		69.18%

The amounts presented for fiscal year 2017 were determined as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of County Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Schedule of Ten Year Tracking Data³ General and Police Divisions Combined Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

	2015			2016		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	976	\$	996	\$	1,180
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		976		996		1,180
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	

The amounts presented for fiscal year 2017 were determined as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of County Contributions Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan Schedule of Ten Year Tracking Data⁴ General Division (Dollars in Thousands)

	2015			2016		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	827	\$	848	\$	1,023
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		827		848		1,023
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

The amounts presented for fiscal year 2017 were determined as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of County Contributions
Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan
Schedule of Ten Year Tracking Data⁵
Police Division State of New Mexico
(Dollars in Thousands)

	2015			2016		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	827	\$	148	\$	158
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		827		148		158
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	

The amounts presented for fiscal year 2017 were determined as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

Changes of Benefit Terms. The PERA Fund COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of the PERA FY15 audit available at http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/comprehensive-annual-financialreports/CAFR-2015.pdf.

Changes of assumptions. The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 2015, report is available at http://www.nmpera.org/assets/uploads/downloads/retirement-fund-valuation-reports/6-30-2015-PERA-Valuation-Report-FINAL.pdf. Details about changes in the actuarial assumptions can be found in Appendix B on page 53 of the report.



Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>GRT Judicial Complex Fund</u>—To account for the revenues and expenditures of fees collected through the Domestic Violence Program Fund.

<u>Corrections Fund</u>—To account for revenues received from the state to be used for municipal jailer training, construction planning, construction, operation and maintenance of a municipal jail, for paying the cost of housing of inmates or for complying with federal match contributions (Section 35-14-11 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Property Valuation Funds</u>—To account for revenue receipts resulting from a one percent (1%) property tax to be used pursuant to a property valuation program by the County assessor and approved by a majority of the County Commission (Section 7-38-38.1 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Road Fund</u>—To account for revenues and expenditures of the County road improvement fund for the construction of street, road, walkway, bridge, overpass, pathway, alley, curb, gutter or sidewalk projects (Section 7-1-6.26 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Emergency Medical Services Ambulance Fund</u>—To account for funds from intergovernmental sources and fees to provide ambulance services to Taos County residences (Section 24-10A-1 NMSA, 1978).

<u>E-911 Fund</u>—To account for revenues and expenditures of the County related to the E-911 program. (Sections 63-9D-1, NMSA 1978).

<u>Farm and Range Fund</u>—To account for revenues received to be expended by counties for: 1) soil and water conservation; 2) the control of rodents and predatory animals and the extermination of poisonous and noxious weeds; 3) the construction of dipping vats, spraying machines and other structures to control parasites on livestock; 4) the repair and maintenance of said vats; 5) and for machines and structures and the construction and maintenance of secondary roads (Section 6-11-6 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Fire Protection Fund</u>—Fire Districts (Fire Marshal) Fund and Fire Districts Discretion Fund - To account for revenues derived from fees on property and motor vehicle insurance businesses which are deposited into the insurance department suspense fund and then transferred into the Fire Protection Fund by the state treasurer. These funds are subsequently distributed by the State Fire Marshal to County Fire Districts, including the purchase, construction, maintenance, repair and operation of fire stations and substations, fire apparatus and equipment, the payment of insurance premiums on fire stations and substations, insurance premiums for injuries or death of fire fighters and certain training (Section 59A-53-1 to 59A-53-17 NMSA, 1978).

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued

<u>Law Enforcement Protection Fund</u>—To account for revenues received by the State of New Mexico to provide for: 1) the repair and purchase of law enforcement apparatus and equipment; 2) expenses associated with advances in law enforcement planning and training; 3) complying with match or contribution requirements of federal funds for criminal justice programs; 4) no more than (50%) of the replacement salaries of County law enforcement personnel while attending training as specified in item #2 (Section 29-13-3 NMSA, 1978).

Lodger's Tax Promotional Fund—To account for revenues derived from the imposition of a gross receipts tax on lodging within that part of the County outside of the incorporated limits of a municipality. Proceeds may be used to defray costs of: 1) collecting and administering the tax; 2) establishing and operating, constructing, purchasing, otherwise acquiring, reconstructing, extending, bettering or otherwise improving fairgrounds, exposition buildings, field houses, auditoriums, performing arts facilities, convention halls, or other convention facilities of the County: 3) acquiring equipment furnishings for facilities specified in item #2; 4) acquiring suitable site grounds or other real property for facilities specified in item #2; 5) payment of principal and interest of outstanding revenue bonds issued prior to July 1, 1977; 6) advertising, publicizing and promising facilities of the municipality of the County and tourist facilities within the area (Section 3-38-15 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Lodger's Tax Non-Promotional Fund</u>—To account for revenues derived from one-third of the Lodger's Tax Fund that is held in a savings account and utilized in accordance with state statutes and local ordinances.

<u>Parks and Recreation Fund</u>—To account for revenues and expenditures from state distribution of a one-cent cigarette tax. Expenditure is limited to operating recreational facilities, including salaries of instructors and other employees (Section 7-12.15 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Senior Citizen Fund</u>—To account for revenues and expenditures that are related to the NMAAA grant to provide services for congregate and home delivered meals, transportation, homemaker services, and In-home respite. Authority for this fund is established by an Ordinance of the County Commission. (Senior Citizen Fund).

<u>Indigent Health Fund</u>—To account for revenues derived from a county imposed local receipts tax for the purpose of providing ambulance transportation and hospital care for indigent persons residing with Taos County (Section 7.20E-9 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Fire Rescue Excise Tax Fund</u>—To account for revenues derived from a county imposed local gross receipts tax of ½ cent for operational expenses, ambulance services or capital outlay costs of fire districts and ambulance services provided by the County (Section 7-20E.15 NMSA, 1978).

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued

<u>Clerk's Recording Fees Fund</u>—To account for an additional \$4.00 recording fee to be utilized for purchase of equipment associated with recording, filing, maintaining or reproducing documents in the County Clerk's Office (Section 14-8.12.2 NMSA, 1978).

<u>Adult Detention Fund</u>—To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the operation of the Taos County Adult Detention Center.

<u>Taos County Grant Match Fund</u>—To account for funds received for the Taos County Project. Authority for this fund is established by an Ordinance of the County Commission.

Daniel's Fund—To help increase the number of homebound seniors receiving meals.

<u>DWI Distribution Fund</u>—To account for revenues received from a state grant for new, innovative or model programs, services or activities to prevent or reduce incidence of DWI, alcoholism and alcohol abuse (Section 11.6A-3 NMSA, 1978).

<u>DWI Grant Fund</u>—To account for revenues received from a state grant for new, innovative or model programs, services or activities to prevent or reduce incidence of DWI, alcoholism and alcohol abuse (Section 11.6A-3 NMSA, 1978).

<u>DWI Intake Supervision Fund</u>—To account for intake fees received by the County from DWI incidences. Authority for this fund is established by an Ordinance of the County Commission.

<u>DWI Domestic Violence Fund</u>—To account for the revenues and expenditures of fees collected through the Domestic Violence Program Fund. Authority for this fund is established by an Ordinance of the County Commission.

<u>Juvenile Adjudication GRT Fund</u>—To account for revenues and expenditures of the GRT for Juvenile Adjudication (Section 2.110.5 NMSA, 1978).

<u>DWI Screening Fund</u>—To account for funds to support the screening of DWI offenders. The mandatory screening process generates data on DWI offenders for a state-wide database.

<u>DWI Donations Fund</u>—To account for funds donated to the County received to support the DWI programs.

100 Days/Nights Fund—To account for revenues and expenditures the County received and used to conduct checkpoints and saturation patrols during a 100-day period from June through September.

<u>Foster Grand Parent Program Fund</u>—To account for funds for the foster grandparent program. (45 CFR 2552.93).

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued

<u>Forest Reserve Title III Fund</u>—To account for federal funds passed through the U.S. Forest Service for maintenance of forest roads in Taos County. Funding provided by United States Public Law 106-393.

<u>Fire Districts Discretionary Fund</u>—To account for nonrestricted revenues and expenditures of the Fire Districts. Authority for this fund is established by an Ordinance of the County Commission.

<u>NMSA of Aging Fund</u>—To account for revenues and expenditures for equipment needed at the various senior centers in Taos County.

<u>Healy Foundation Fund</u>—To account for the funds received by Taos County for the printing and framing of historic archive photos.

<u>Abregadero Road Grant Fund</u>—To account for revenue and expenditures received and utilized to improve approximately 1.90 miles of Abregadero Road in Taos County.

<u>Homeland Security Grant Fund</u>—To account for the revenue and expenditures of the upgrade of equipment at various repeater sites throughout Taos County. Homeland Security Grant EMW-To account for the revenue and expenditures for equipment to prepare for, prevent, and respond to terrorist attacks and other all hazards events.

<u>2014 FEMA Mitigation Fund</u>—To account for revenues received to help communities implement hazard mitigation measures following a Presidential major disaster declaration. Hazard mitigation is any action taken to reduce or eliminate long-term risk to people and property from natural hazards. Mitigation planning is a key process used to breaking the cycle of disaster damage, reconstruction, and repeated damage. The HMPG is authorized under Section 404 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.

<u>Intergovernmental Fund</u>—To account for the revenues and expenditures for various grant activity, legislative appropriations, and construction projects.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

<u>Capital Enhancement Fund</u>—To account for revenue and expenditures related to the Capital Enhancement Project.

<u>Amalia Community Center Fund</u>—New Mexico Legislative Appropriation (NMLA) Grant - To improve and equip including the construction of a water well - fund established to account for grant funding.

<u>Taos County Complex Construction Fund</u>—This capital projects fund is used to account for the debt service of a loan from the NMFA to finance the construction project of the Taos County Admin/Judicial/Detention Complex.

Debt Service Funds

<u>County Hospital Fund</u>—is to account for the mill levy funds received to aid in necessary infrastructure upgrades and maintenance on the Holy Cross Hospital.

<u>Educational Bond Capital Project Fund</u>—is to account for the Bond/Capital Outlay bond proceeds which will be distributed to County school Districts.

<u>Rural Utility Bond Fund</u>—To account for the accumulated of resources and payment on the County's United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development Debt Service.

<u>Bond Debt Service Fund</u>—To account for the accumulation of resources and payment of the Bond Debt Service. Authority is County Commission action.

<u>USDA/RUS Complex Fund</u>—To account for the accumulation of resources and payments on the County's USDA/RUS Loan used in complex construction.

NMFA Taos Backhoe Fund—To account for the loan agreement for the purchase of equipment for the Solid Waste Department.

<u>USDA Loan Reserve Fund</u>—To account for the bond reserves required by the USDA loan agreement.

USDA Loan Proceeds Fund—To account for the loan proceeds of the USDA loan agreement.

<u>La Lama Loan Fund</u>—To account for the loan agreement for the purchase of fire apparatus for the La Lama Fire District.

<u>USDA B of A Debt Service Fund</u>—To account for funds used to pay principal and interest on the USDA loan agreement.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds — continued

<u>Taos County Complex Restructuring Fund</u>—To account for loan proceeds of NMFA Loan No. 40, which was a restructuring of NMFA Loan No. 26 and No. 29.

<u>2013 Educational Bond Admin Fund</u>—To account for loan proceeds of the Taos County Educational Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bond DFA Resolution 8 FY 14.

<u>2013 Educational Bond Redemption Fund</u>—To account for the excess revenue from annual bond redemption of the Taos County Educational Gross Receipts Tax Improvement Revenue Bond.

<u>Taos 38 and 46 Loan Proceeds Fund</u>—To account for loan proceeds for the purchase of Solid Waste vehicles DFA Resolution 38 FY14.

NM Taos 50 Lodgers Tax Fund—To account for loan proceeds for the renovation of the Agricultural Center and the County Courthouse DFA Resolution 50 FY14.

Taos County Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds **As of June 30, 2017**

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds		Debt Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	11,679,995 359	\$	2,816,807	\$	2,322,406 5,976,256	\$	16,819,208 5,976,615
Receivables, net		050 710				101.702		1 044 211
Accounts		852,719		-		191,592 374,283		1,044,311 374,283
Intercept receivables Prepaid expense		189,956		-		374,283		189,956
Inventory		151,052		_		_		151,052
Total assets	\$	12,874,081	\$	2,816,807	\$	8,864,537	\$	24,555,425
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	135,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,349
Accrued payroll liabilities		153,246						153,246
Total liabilities	_	288,595				-		288,595
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Property taxes								-
Total deferred inflows of resources								
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		189,956		-		-		189,956
Restricted								
General county operations		3,869,776		-		-		3,869,776
Fire departments		4,097,953		-		-		4,097,953
Tourism		85,679		-		-		85,679
Public safety		955,244 3,165,005		-		-		955,244 3,165,005
Healthcare Culture and recreation		35,703		-		-		35,703
Capital projects expenditures		33,703		2,816,807		_		2,816,807
Debt service expenditures		_		2,010,007		8,864,537		8,864,537
Subsequent year's expenditures		167,585		_		-		167,585
Committed		,						,
Correctional facility		18,585		-		-		18,585
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances	_	12,585,486	_	2,816,807	_	8,864,537	_	24,266,830
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	12,874,081	\$	2,816,807	\$	8,864,537	\$	24,555,425

Taos County Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue			Capital Projects		Debt Service		Total Nonmajor
		Funds		Funds		Fund		Funds
Revenues								
Taxes								
Gross receipts taxes	\$	2,516,432	\$	-	\$	4,277,651	\$	6,794,083
Other taxes		557,059		-		125,273		682,332
Intergovernmental								
Federal operating grants		441,034		1,749,567		256,373		2,446,974
State operating grants		3,717,581		-		1,427,006		5,144,587
Charges for services		2,425		-		-		2,425
License and permits		901,372		14,000		407,965		1,323,337
Investment earnings		76		57		35,159		35,292
Miscellaneous		704,411	_	89,318				793,729
Total revenues		8,840,390	_	1,852,942	_	6,529,427	_	17,222,759
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		2,959,766		16,306		2,340,747		5,316,819
Public safety		4,285,647		-		971,020		5,256,667
Public works		157,929		511,277		-		669,206
Culture and recreation		253,950		-		-		253,950
Health and welfare		2,511,110		-		-		2,511,110
Debt service								
Principal		144,173		-		1,367,840		1,512,013
Interest		30,228		-		1,718,597		1,748,825
Capital outlay		1,649,325		1,325,840		32,223		3,007,388
Total expenditures		11,992,128		1,853,423		6,430,427		20,275,978
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,151,738)	_	(481)	_	99,000	_	(3,053,219)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		4,779,917		1,501,924		3,987,090		10,268,931
Transfers out		(1,511,649)		(1,089,370)		(4,235,547)		(6,836,566)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,268,268		412,554	_	(248,457)	_	3,432,365
Net change in fund balances		116,530		412,073		(149,457)		379,146
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	_	12,468,956		2,404,734		9,013,994		23,887,684
Fund balances, end of year	\$	12,585,486	\$	2,816,807	\$	8,864,537	\$	24,266,830

Taos County Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds As of June 30, 2017

	CO-GRT														
	Infra	3/4 103	Fees		Property Valuation 203			Road 204		EMS 206		E-911 207	Farm and Range 208	I	Fire Protection 209
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$:	1,082,596	\$	18,585	\$	845,666	\$	481,248	\$	17,456	\$	300,049	\$ 14,628	\$	2,473,820
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		359
Receivables, net															
Other receivables		95,574		-		-		90,856		-		15,824	-		-
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		8,000		-		-	-		33,731
Inventory				-		-		151,052		-	_	-	 		-
Total assets	\$:	1,178,170	\$	18,585	\$	845,666	\$	731,156	\$	17,456	\$	315,873	\$ 14,628	\$	2,507,910
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	40,615	\$	9,010	\$	_	\$	1,270	\$ _	\$	6,361
Accrued payroll expenses		-		-		914		25,284		-		23,757	-		-
Total liabilities		-		-		41,529		34,294		-		25,027	_		6,361
Deferred Inflows of Resources													 		
Fund Balances (Deficits)															
Nonspendable		-		-		-		8,000		-		-	-		33,731
Restricted															
General county operations	1	1,178,170		-		804,137		521,277		-		-	14,628		-
Fire departments		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		2,467,818
Tourism		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		17,456		290,846	-		-
Healthcare		-		-		-		-		-		-	-		-
Culture and recreation								4 4 5 5 0 5							
Subsequent year's expenditures		-		-		-		167,585		-		-	-		-
Committed				10.505											
Correctional facility		-		18,585		-	_		_			-	 	_	
Total fund balances		1,178,170		18,585		804,137	_	696,862	_	17,456		290,846	 14,628	_	2,501,549
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$:	1,178,170	\$	18,585	\$	845,666	\$	731,156	\$	17,456	\$	315,873	\$ 14,628	\$	2,507,910

Taos County Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued As of June 30, 2017

	Enfor Prot	Law Enforcement Lodger's Ta Protection Promotiona 211 214		omotional	Lodger's Tax Non- Promotional 215			Parks and Recreation 217		Senior Citizen 219		Indigent Health 220		ire-Rescue Excise Tax 222	F	Clerk's Recording Fees 225
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	- 4	\$	71,058	\$	99,732	\$	4,254	\$	160,959	\$	2,826,760	\$	1,562,340	\$	294,290 -
Other receivables		_		14,621		38,394		_		74,031		149,902		67,856		210
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		_		4,226		1,250		-		-
Inventory		-		_		-		_		-		-		_		
Total assets	\$	4	\$	85,679	\$	138,126	\$	4,254	\$	239,216	\$	2,977,912	\$	1,630,196	\$	294,500
Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,123	\$	-	\$	5,631	\$	20,610	\$	61	\$	636
Accrued payroll expenses		-				1,307		1,307		16,665		3,741		-		
Total liabilities						2,430		1,307	_	22,296	_	24,351	_	61		636
Deferred Inflows of Resources				<u> </u>		-		-	_			<u>-</u>				
Fund Balances (Deficits)																
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		4,226		1,250		-		-
Restricted																
General county operations		-		-		135,696		2,947		-		-		-		293,864
Fire departments Tourism		-		- 85,679		-		-		-		-		1,630,135		-
Public safety		- 4		83,079		-		-		-		-		-		-
Healthcare		-		-		-		_		212,694		2,952,311		_		_
Culture and recreation										212,074		2,732,311				_
Subsequent year's expenditures		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Committed																
Correctional facility		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		4		85,679		135,696		2,947		216,920		2,953,561		1,630,135		293,864
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	4	\$	85,679	\$	138,126	\$	4,254	\$	239,216	\$	2,977,912	\$	1,630,196	\$	294,500

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued As of June 30, 2017

				1 10	01	,		•								
	I	Adult Detention 226		os County ant Match 398	•		DWI Distribution 1223			DWI Grant 1224		DWI Intake 1227		DWI Domestic Violence 1228		Juvenile ljudication GRT 1229
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	604,219	\$	64,877 -	\$	36,218	\$	53,095 -	\$	2,636	\$	28,396	\$	221	\$	4,455
Receivables, net																
Other receivables		45,541		-		-		-		3,110		-		-		2,554
Prepaid expense		140,000		-		-		1,750		375		250		-		-
Inventory	Φ.	700.760	Φ.		Φ.	26.219	Φ.		Φ.	- (121	Φ.	29.646	Φ.	- 221	Φ.	7,000
Total assets	2	789,760	\$	64,877	\$	36,218	\$	54,845	\$	6,121	\$	28,646	\$	221	\$	7,009
Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	49,334	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	58	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll expenses		67,684		-		515		8,794		-		_		-		-
Total liabilities		117,018		-		515		8,794		58		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-						-	_							
Fund Balances (Deficits)																
Nonspendable Restricted		140,000		-		-		1,750		375		250		-		-
General county operations		-		64,877		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fire departments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Tourism		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		532,742		-		-		44,301		5,688		28,396		221		7,009
Healthcare		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		35,703		-		-		-		-		-
Subsequent year's expenditures Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Correctional facility																
Total fund balances		672,742		64,877		35,703		46,051		6,063		28,646		221		7,009
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	789,760	\$	64,877	\$	36,218	\$	54,845	\$	6,121	\$	28,646	\$	221	\$	7,009

Taos County Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued As of June 30, 2017

	S	DWI creening 1230	D	DWI Oonations 1231	100 Days/Nights 1236		Foster Grandparent 2219		Title III rest Reserve 2228	re District scretionary 2426	MSA of Aging 2351	For	Healy Indation 2436
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,411	\$	531	\$	4,906	\$	21,926	\$ 32,997	\$ -	\$ -	\$	421
Investments		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Receivables, net													
Other receivables		-		-		1,283		19,730	-	-	-		-
Prepaid expense		-		-		-		374	-	-	-		-
Inventory		_						-	 	 _	 -		-
Total assets	\$	13,411	\$	531	\$	6,189	\$	42,030	\$ 32,997	\$ -	\$ -	\$	421
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	640	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _	\$	-
Accrued payroll expenses		-		-		133		1,473	-	-	-		-
Total liabilities						133		2,113					_
Deferred Inflows of Resources									 	 	 		
Fund Balances (Deficits)													
Nonspendable		-		-		-		374	_	-	_		-
Restricted													
General county operations		-		-		-		39,543	32,997	-	-		421
Fire departments		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Tourism		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Public safety		13,411		531		6,056		-	-	-	-		-
Healthcare		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Subsequent year's expenditures Committed		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Correctional facility	-	- 12.455		-		-			 	 	 		
Total fund balances	-	13,411		531		6,056		39,917	 32,997	 	 		421
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	13,411	\$	531	\$	6,189	\$	42,030	\$ 32,997	\$ -	\$ _	\$	421

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds — continued As of June 30, 2017

	Abregadero Road Grant 2438		2014 Homeland Security 2439		l M	2014 FEMA itigation 2440	Gov	Inter- vernmental Various		Total
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,520	\$	554,721	\$	11,679,995
Investments		-		-		-		-		359
Receivables, net								220.450		0.55.510
Other receivables		-		-		5,063		228,170		852,719
Prepaid expense Inventory		-		_		-		_		189,956 151,052
Total assets	\$		\$	-	\$	8,583	\$	782,891	\$	12,874,081
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	135,349
Accrued payroll expenses		-		-		-		1,672		153,246
Total liabilities								1,672	_	288,595
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Fund Balances (Deficits)										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		189,956
Restricted										
General county operations		-		-		-		781,219		3,869,776
Fire departments Tourism		-		-		-		-		4,097,953
Public safety		-		-		8,583		-		85,679 955,244
Healthcare		-		_		-		_		3,165,005
Culture and recreation		_		_		-		_		35,703
Subsequent year's expenditures		-		-		-		-		167,585
Committed										
Correctional facility		-				-				18,585
Total fund balances						8,583		781,219		12,585,486
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$		\$		\$	8,583	\$	782,891	\$	12,874,081

Part			CO-GRT									
Revenue Feat and the part of the part		In	frastructure	Corrections		Property					Farm and	Fire
Part			3/4	Fees			Road	EMS		E-911	Range	Protection
Taxes			103	201		203				207	-	209
Second taxes	Revenues											
Contract Contract	Taxes											
Pederal operating grams	Gross receipts taxes	\$	722,850	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 118,749	\$ -	9	\$ 3,259	\$ -	\$ 44,888
Federal operating gramts	Other taxes		-	-		-	206,214	-		-	-	-
State operating grains 12,548												
Charges for services	Federal operating grants		-	-		-	27,556	-		-	1,908	-
License and permits 6,002 293,412 446,816 c c c 7 Investment earrings c c c c 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 8 8 2 1 8 8 2 1 8 9 8 8 2 1 8 8 2 1 8 8 1 8 1 9 2	State operating grants		12,548	-		-	-	68,40	65	14,690	-	817,397
Nestment earnings 1	Charges for services		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous - - - 910 - 450,517 -	*		-	67,022	2	293,412	446,816	-		-	-	-
Part	S .		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	76
Current Curr	Miscellaneous						910			450,517		
Current General government 166,333 - 183,858 1,608,271 - 762,805 - <t< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td>_</td><td>735,398</td><td>67,022</td><td>2 _</td><td>293,412</td><td> 800,245</td><td>68,40</td><td>55</td><td>468,466</td><td>1,908</td><td>862,361</td></t<>	Total revenues	_	735,398	67,022	2 _	293,412	 800,245	68,40	55	468,466	1,908	862,361
General government 166,333 - 183,858 1,608,271 - 762,805 - - Public safety - - - - 65,876 - - 497,355 Public works - - - - - - 497,355 Culture and recreation -	Expenditures											
Public safety - - - - 65.876 - 497,355 Public works - - - - - - - 497,355 Public works -	Current											
Public works - <t< td=""><td>General government</td><td></td><td>166,333</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>183,858</td><td>1,608,271</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>762,805</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	General government		166,333	-		183,858	1,608,271	-		762,805	-	-
Culture and recreation 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	Public safety		-	-		-	-	65,8	76	-	-	497,355
Health and welfare Composition of the principal of th	Public works		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Debt service Principal 100,279 - - - - - - - 43,894 Interest 29,234 - - - - - - 994 Capital outlay 296,300 - - - 62,773 - 45,000 - 398,749 Total expenditures 592,146 - 183,858 1,671,044 65,876 807,805 - 940,992 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 143,252 67,022 109,554 (870,799) 2,589 (339,339) 1,908 (78,631) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Total other financing sources (uses) (300,000) (89,000) -	Culture and recreation		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Principal 100,279 - - - - - - - - - - 994 Interest 29,234 - - - - - - 994 Capital outlay 296,300 - - 62,773 - 45,000 - 398,749 Total expenditures 592,146 - 183,858 1,671,044 65,876 807,805 - 940,992 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 143,252 67,022 109,554 (870,799) 2,589 (339,339) 1,908 (78,631) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Total other financing sources (uses) (300,000) (89,000) -			-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Interest 29,234 - - - - - - 994 Capital outlay 296,300 - - 62,773 - 45,000 - 398,749 Total expenditures 592,146 - 183,858 1,671,044 65,876 807,805 - 940,992 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 143,252 67,022 109,554 (870,799) 2,589 (339,339) 1,908 (78,631) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) -<												
Capital outlay 296,300 - - 62,773 - 45,000 - 398,749 Total expenditures 592,146 - 183,858 1,671,044 65,876 807,805 - 940,992 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 143,252 67,022 109,554 (870,799) 2,589 (339,339) 1,908 (78,631) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) - <	•			-		-	-	-		-	-	
Total expenditures 592,146 - 183,858 1,671,044 65,876 807,805 - 940,992 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 143,252 67,022 109,554 (870,799) 2,589 (339,339) 1,908 (78,631) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) -				-		-	-	-		-	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 143,252 67,022 109,554 (870,799) 2,589 (339,339) 1,908 (78,631) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) -	Capital outlay		296,300		_		 62,773	_		45,000		398,749
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) - - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) (300,000) (89,000) - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Net change in fund balances (156,748) (21,978) 109,554 179,201 2,589 20,661 1,908 (78,631) Fund balances, beginning of year 1,334,918 40,563 694,583 517,661 14,867 270,185 12,720 2,580,180	Total expenditures		592,146			183,858	1,671,044	65,8	76	807,805		940,992
Transfers in Transfers out - - - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	143,252	67,022	2 _	109,554	 (870,799)	2,58	89	(339,339)	1,908	(78,631)
Transfers out (300,000) (89,000) -	Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Total other financing sources (uses) (300,000) (89,000) - 1,050,000 - 360,000 - - Net change in fund balances (156,748) (21,978) 109,554 179,201 2,589 20,661 1,908 (78,631) Fund balances, beginning of year 1,334,918 40,563 694,583 517,661 14,867 270,185 12,720 2,580,180	Transfers in		-	-		-	1,050,000	-		360,000	-	-
Net change in fund balances (156,748) (21,978) 109,554 179,201 2,589 20,661 1,908 (78,631) Fund balances, beginning of year 1,334,918 40,563 694,583 517,661 14,867 270,185 12,720 2,580,180	Transfers out		(300,000)	(89,000)) _	-	 					<u> </u>
Fund balances, beginning of year 1,334,918 40,563 694,583 517,661 14,867 270,185 12,720 2,580,180	Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(300,000)	(89,000))		1,050,000	-		360,000		-
	Net change in fund balances		(156,748)	(21,978	3)	109,554	179,201	2,58	89	20,661	1,908	(78,631)
Fund balances , end of year \$ 1,178,170 \$ 18,585 \$ 804,137 \$ 696,862 \$ 17,456 \$ 290,846 \$ 14,628 \$ 2,501,549	Fund balances, beginning of year	<u></u>	1,334,918	40,563	3	694,583	 517,661	14,86	<u> 57</u>	270,185	12,720	2,580,180
	Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,178,170	\$ 18,585	\$	804,137	\$ 696,862	\$ 17,45	56	\$ 290,846	\$ 14,628	\$ 2,501,549

	Law Enforcement Protection 211	Lodger's Tax Promotional 214	Lodger's Tax Non- Promotional 215	Parks and Recreation 217	Senior Citizen 219	Indigent Health 220	Fire-Rescue Excise Tax 222	Clerk's Recording Fees 225
Revenues								
Taxes								
Gross receipts taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 949,150	\$ 397,563	\$ -
Other taxes	-	133,753	217,092	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental								
Federal operating grants	-	-	-	-	246,277	-	-	-
State operating grants	42,000	-	-	-	411,017	531,635	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	2,425	-	-	-	-
License and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,074
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	6,991		57,235			206
Total revenues	42,000	133,753	224,083	2,425	714,529	1,480,785	397,563	47,280
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Public safety	15,666	j -	-	-	-	-	162,999	31,559
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	116,073	84,444	53,433	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	759,550	1,495,844	-	-
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	28,998						51,650	
Total expenditures	44,664	116,073	84,444	53,433	759,550	1,495,844	214,649	31,559
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,664	17,680	139,639	(51,008)	(45,021)	(15,059)	182,914	15,721
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-	-	15	50,000	84,730	-	_	-
Transfers out	-	-	(156,702)	-	-	-	(172,128)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)			(156,687)	50,000	84,730		(172,128)	
Net change in fund balances	(2,664	17,680	(17,048)	(1,008)	39,709	(15,059)	10,786	15,721
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,668	67,999	152,744	3,955	177,211	2,968,620	1,619,349	278,143
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4	\$ 85,679	\$ 135,696	\$ 2,947	\$ 216,920	\$ 2,953,561	\$ 1,630,135	\$ 293,864

	Adult Detention 226	Taos County Grant Match 398	Daniel's Fund 1219	DWI Distribution 1223	DWI Grant 1224	DWI Intake 1227	DWI Domestic Violence 1228
Revenues							
Taxes							
Gross receipts taxes	\$ 279,973	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 3	-	\$ -
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental							
Federal operating grants	33,303	-	-	-	-	-	-
State operating grants	7,687	-	40,000	183,203	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
License and permits	-	-	-	-	-	34,299	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	186,252					-	
Total revenues	507,215		40,000	183,203	-	34,299	
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	-	-	4,297	-	-	-	-
Public safety	3,181,960	-	-	206,140	20,967	18,738	3,910
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	 _						
Total expenditures	3,181,960		4,297	206,140	20,967	18,738	3,910
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,674,745)		35,703	(22,937)	(20,967)	15,561	(3,910)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	2,539,000	50,000	-	10,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	(3,367)	-	-	_	-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,539,000	46,633		10,000		-	
Net change in fund balances	(135,745)	46,633	35,703	(12,937)	(20,967)	15,561	(3,910)
Fund balances, beginning of year	808,487	18,244		58,988	27,030	13,085	4,131
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 672,742	\$ 64,877	\$ 35,703	\$ 46,051	\$ 6,063	\$ 28,646	\$ 221

	Juvenile Adjudication GRT 1229	DWI Screening 1230	DWI Donations 1231	100 Days/Nights 1236	Foster Grandparent 2219	Title III Forest Reserve 2228	Fire District Discretionary 2426
Revenues							
Taxes							
Gross receipts taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental							
Federal operating grants	-	-	-	-	53,290	-	-
State operating grants	8,550	-	-	11,941	196,830	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
License and permits	-	12,749	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous			100	<u> </u>			
Total revenues	8,550	12,749	100	11,941	250,120		
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	2,476	8,251	30	-	-	-	-
Public safety	5,721	3,000	-	9,102	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	37,929	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	249,475	-	-
Debt service							
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay							
Total expenditures	8,197	11,251	30	9,102	249,475	37,929	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	353	1,498	70	2,839	645	(37,929)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	2,000	2,000	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>			2,000	2,000		
Net change in fund balances	353	1,498	70	4,839	2,645	(37,929)	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	6,656	11,913	461	1,217	37,272	70,926	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 7,009	\$ 13,411	\$ 531	\$ 6,056	\$ 39,917	\$ 32,997	\$ -

	NMSA of Aging 2351	Fou	Healy Indation 2436	Abrega Road (243	Grant	2014 Homeland Security 2439	2014 FEMA Mitigation 2440	Inter- Governmental Various	Total
Revenues									
Taxes									
Gross receipts taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,516,432
Other taxes	-		-		-	-	-	-	557,059
Intergovernmental									
Federal operating grants	-		-		-	-	33,751	,	441,034
State operating grants	-		-		-	-	-	1,371,618	3,717,581
Charges for services	-		-		-	-	-	-	2,425
License and permits	-		-		-	-	-	-	901,372
Investment earnings	-		-		-	-	-	-	76
Miscellaneous								2,200	704,411
Total revenues							33,751	1,418,767	8,840,390
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	-		_		-	-	-	223,445	2,959,766
Public safety	-		-		-	-	41,480	21,174	4,285,647
Public works	-		-		-	-	-	120,000	157,929
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	-	-	-	253,950
Health and welfare	-		-		-	-	-	6,241	2,511,110
Debt service									
Principal	-		-		-	-	-	-	144,173
Interest	-		-		-	-	-	-	30,228
Capital outlay	-		-		-	-	-	765,855	1,649,325
Total expenditures	-		_	·	-	-	41,480	1,136,715	11,992,128
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures			-				(7,729	282,052	(3,151,738)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	-		_		-	_	-	632,172	4,779,917
Transfers out	-		_		_	_	(28,688	3) (761,764)	(1,511,649)
Total other financing sources (uses)							(28,688	3) (129,592)	3,268,268
Net change in fund balances	-		-		-	-	(36,417	7) 152,460	116,530
Fund balances, beginning of year		_	421				45,000	628,759	12,468,956
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$	421	\$		\$ -	\$ 8,583	\$ 781,219	\$ 12,585,486

Taos County Combining Balance Sheets Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds As of June 30, 2017

	- · F			Amalia n. Center 3238	os County mplex Bid Lots 3401	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,252,282	\$		\$ 564,525	\$ 2,816,807
Total assets	\$	2,252,282	\$		\$ 564,525	\$ 2,816,807
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ _
Accrued payroll expenses		-		-	-	-
Unearned revenue				-	 _	 _
Total liabilities					 	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						 -
Fund Balances						
Restricted						
Capital projects expenditures		2,252,282			 564,525	 2,816,807
Total fund balances		2,252,282			 564,525	 2,816,807
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balance	\$ 2,252,282		\$	-	\$ 564,525	\$ 2,816,807

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Capital Enhancement 399			PFA Amalia Domm. Center 3238	os County mplex Bid Lots 3401	Total
Revenues						
Intergovernmental						
Federal operating grants	\$	1,749,567	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,749,567
License and permits		14,000		-	-	14,000
Investment earnings		-		-	57	57
Miscellaneous		13,808			75,510	89,318
Total revenues		1,777,375	_		 75,567	 1,852,942
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		16,306		-	-	16,306
Public works		511,277		-	-	511,277
Capital outlay		1,227,778			 98,062	1,325,840
Total expenditures		1,755,361			 98,062	1,853,423
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		22,014			 (22,495)	 (481)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		1,501,924		-	-	1,501,924
Transfers out		(1,089,370)		-	-	(1,089,370)
Total other financing sources		412,554		-	 -	412,554
Net change in fund balances		434,568		-	(22,495)	412,073
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,817,714	_	-	 587,020	 2,404,734
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,252,282	\$		\$ 564,525	\$ 2,816,807

Taos County Combining Balance Sheet—Nonmajor Debt Service Funds As of June 30, 2017

Assets	 County Hospital 221		Educational Bond Fund 312	U	Rural Itility Bond 402		Debt Service 403		USDA/RUS Complex 411	Та	NMFA os Backhoe 412	N	MFA Loan Taos 38 413	SDA Loan Reserve 414	SDA Loan Proceeds 417
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Intercept receivables	\$ 1,283,466	\$	15,083 3,253,640	\$	839	\$	- 1,761,158 -	\$	1,023,018	\$	-	\$	23	\$ 535,097	\$ 81,884
Other receivables Total assets	\$ 41,670 1,325,136	\$	3,268,723	\$	20 859	\$	1,761,158	\$	149,902 1,172,920	\$	-	\$	23	\$ 535,097	\$ 81,884
Liabilities															
Accounts payable Accrued payroll expenses Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - -
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 					_				_			<u>-</u>	 	
Fund Balances															
Restricted Debt service expenditures Unassigned	 1,325,136		3,268,723		859 -		1,761,158		1,172,920		- -		23	 535,097	 81,884
Total fund balances	 1,325,136	_	3,268,723		859		1,761,158	_	1,172,920				23	535,097	 81,884
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 1,325,136	\$	3,268,723	\$	859	\$	1,761,158	\$	1,172,920	\$		\$	23	\$ 535,097	\$ 81,884

Taos County Combining Balance Sheet—Nonmajor Debt Service Funds — continued As of June 30, 2017

	NMFA Loan La Lama Fire Dept. 418		La Lama Fire Dept.		Taos County Complex Restructuring 420		2013 Ed. Bond Admin. 426		2013 Ed. Bond Redemption 427			Taos 46 an Proceeds 428	Lo	FA Taos 50 odgers Tax 430/431		Total
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,322,406
Investments		-		53,902		217,661		-		6,020		13,477		53,394		5,976,256
Receivables, net Intercept receivables				_		328,400				_		10,472		35,411		374,283
Other receivables		_		-		-		_		-		-		-		191,592
Total assets	\$	-	\$	53,902	\$	546,061	\$	-	\$	6,020	\$	23,949	\$	88,805	\$	8,864,537
Liabilities																
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll expenses		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-								-		-		
Total liabilities		_			_		_				_				_	
Deferred Inflows of Resources																
Fund Balances																
Restricted																
Debt service expenditures		-		53,902		546,061		-		6,020		23,949		88,805		8,864,537
Unassigned		-					_							-		<u> </u>
Total fund balances		-		53,902		546,061				6,020		23,949		88,805		8,864,537
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	-	\$	53,902	\$	546,061	\$	_	\$	6,020	\$	23,949	\$	88,805	\$	8,864,537

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	County Hospital 221	Educational Bond Fund 312	Rural Utility Bond 402	Debt Service 403	USDA/RUS Complex 411	NMFA Taos Backhoe 412	NMFA Loan Taos 38 413	USDA Loan Reserve 414	USDA Loan Proceeds 417
Revenues									
Taxes									
Gross receipts taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 823	\$ -	\$ 949,151	\$ -	\$ 4,671	\$ -	\$ 971,019
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,273
Intergovernmental									
Federal operating grants	-	-	-	-	256,373	-	-	-	-
State operating grants	1,325,136	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
License and permits	-	-	-	-	407,965	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		7,120		21,950			15	971	377
Total revenues	1,325,136	7,120	823	21,950	1,613,489		4,686	971	1,096,669
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	-	1,963,427	_	-	-	-	=	-	256,373
Public safety	-	-	-	-	971,020	-	-	-	-
Debt service									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,671	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay			32,223						
Total expenditures		1,963,427	32,223		971,020		4,671		256,373
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures	1,325,136	(1,956,307)	(31,400)	21,950	642,469		15	971	840,296
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	-	90,424	-	1,741,780	-	_	_	77,212	-
Transfers out	(1,719,809)	(90,424)	(11)	(2,572)	(407,965)	-	=	-	(799,766)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,719,809)	-	(11)	1,739,208	(407,965)	-		77,212	(799,766)
Net change in fund balances	(394,673)	(1,956,307)	(31,411)	1,761,158	234,504	-	15	78,183	40,530
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year, as	1,719,809	5,225,030	32,270		938,416		8	456,914	41,354
restated		\$ 3,268,723		\$ 1.761.158		-	\$ 23		\$ 81,884
Fund balances, end of year	φ 1,323,136	φ 3,208,723	<u>а</u> 839	\$ 1,761,158	φ 1,1/2,920	\$ -	э 23	ş 333,097	φ 81,884

	NMFA Loan La Lama Fire Dept. 418			USDA B of A 419	Taos County Complex Restructuring 420		2013 Ed. Bond Admin. 426		2013 Ed. Bond Redemption 427			Taos 46 in Proceeds 428	Lo	FA Taos 50 dgers Tax 430/431		Total
Revenues																
Taxes																
Gross receipts taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,970,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,418	\$	319,169	\$	4,277,651
Other taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		125,273
Intergovernmental																
Federal operating grants		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		256,373
State operating grants		-		-		101,870		-		-		-		-		1,427,006
License and permits		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		407,965
Investment earnings				659		3,568				8		136		355		35,159
Total revenues				659		2,075,838				8		62,554		319,524		6,529,427
Expenditures																
Current																
General government		-		-		-		14,000		-		245		106,702		2,340,747
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		971,020
Debt service																
Principal		-		199,563		920,000		-		-		59,119		184,487		1,367,840
Interest		-		449,678		1,146,786		-		-		2,847		119,286		1,718,597
Capital outlay				-		-				-				-		32,223
Total expenditures				649,241		2,066,786		14,000		-		62,211		410,475		6,430,427
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over																
expenditures				(648,582)		9,052		(14,000)		8		343		(90,951)		99,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																
Transfers in		_		722,554		14,215		14,000		1,217,631		364		108,910		3,987,090
Transfers out		_		-				- 1,000		(1,215,000)		-		-		(4,235,547)
Total other financing sources (uses)				722,554		14,215		14,000		2,631		364		108,910		(248,457)
			_					11,000								
Net change in fund balances		-		73,972		23,267		-		2,639		707		17,959		(149,457)
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year, as				(20.050)		500 FC :				2.261		22.2.5		5 0.04-		0.012.00:
restated			_	(20,070)		522,794	_		_	3,381	_	23,242		70,846	_	9,013,994
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	53,902	\$	546,061	\$	-	\$	6,020	\$	23,949	\$	88,805	\$	8,864,537

Taos County Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Balance				Balance
	Jui	ne 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Jur	ne 30, 2017
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	644,026	\$ 32,979,177	\$ (32,775,110)	\$	848,093
Property taxes receivable		3,731,800	18,244,075	(18,464,968)		3,510,907
Due from other governments		165,944	 191,025	 		356,969
Total assets	\$	4,541,770	\$ 51,414,277	\$ (51,240,078)	\$	4,715,969
Liabilities						
Due to other taxing entities	\$	4,541,770	\$ 51,414,277	\$ (51,240,078)	\$	4,715,969
Total liabilities	\$	4,541,770	\$ 51,414,277	\$ (51,240,078)	\$	4,715,969

Other Supplementary Information Required by Section 2.2.2 NMAC (Audited)

Taos County Schedule of Deposit and Investment Accounts June 30, 2017

			Bank	R	econciling	Book
Financial Institution	Account Type		Balance		Items	Balance
Cash and Cash Equivalents						
U.S. Bank						
General Account	Checking	\$	19,946,868	\$	(905,321) \$	19,041,547
Accounts Payable	Checking		-		32,107	32,107
Payroll	Checking		-		15,479	15,479
Internet Account	Checking		4,786		-	4,786
Lockbox	Checking		90		-	90
Commissary	Checking		12,428		-	12,428
Taos City Complex	Checking		564,525		-	564,525
Old Taos County Courthouse	Checking		6,545		-	6,545
Solid Waste Lock Box	Checking		-		480	480
Credit Card Gold Acct	Checking		5,834		1,000	6,834
E-911	Checking		311,071		-	311,071
Senior Program	Checking		173,912		55	173,967
Clearing Account	Checking		24,137		-	24,137
County Hospital Mill Levy	Checking		1,283,466		-	1,283,466
ADC Inmate TR Acct	Checking		12,328		(2,157)	10,171
Centinel Bank	CI 1'		150 050			152.050
MMDA Acct-Business	Checking		172,859		-	172,859
Commercial ANA (AG Center)	Checking		15,083		-	15,083
Property Tax Payment	Checking		399		-	399
People's Bank General Account	Checking		1/10/206			1/19/296
	Checking	_	148,386		(050, 257)	148,386
Total cash and cash equivalents		_	22,682,717		(858,357)	21,824,360
Investments						
BMW Bank of North America Salt Lake						
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
Comenity Capital Bank Utah						
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
Investors Community Bank Manitowoc						
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
Wells Fargo Bank						
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
JP Morgan Chase Bank						
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
State Bank of India New York	CD		250,000			250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
Bank of Baroda	CD		250,000			250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		-	250,000
Bank of India Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000			250,000
Franklin Synergy Bank	CD		230,000		-	250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD		250,000		_	250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD		230,000		-	250,000

Taos County Schedule of Deposit and Investment Accounts — continued June 30, 2017

		Bank	Reconciling	Book
Financial Institution	Account Type	Balance	Items	Balance
Investments - continued				
Ally Bank				
Certificate of Deposit	CD	250,000	-	250,000
Keybank National Association				
Certificate of Deposit	CD	250,000	-	250,000
American Express Centurion Bank	CD	250,000		250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	250,000	-	250,000
Capital One National Association Mclean	CD	250,000		250,000
Certificate of Deposit Bank of Albuquerque	CD	250,000	-	250,000
Income Fund 417	Trust	88,319		88,319
			-	
Debt Service 419 (GRT Bond 2010)	Trust	53,902	-	53,902
Reserve Fund 414	Trust	528,662	-	528,662
NM GRT 2013 UNM Taos	Trust	2,628,161	-	2,628,161
Red River	Trust	56,141	-	56,141
Roots and Wings	Trust	1	-	1
Penasco	Trust	527,367	-	527,367
Taos Arts	Trust	40,965	-	40,965
Taos Academy	Trust	1,005	-	1,005
Income Fund	Trust	347,502	-	347,502
Debt Service	Trust	814,844	-	814,844
Mandatory Redem	Trust	6,020	_	6,020
New Mexico Finance Authority				
Solid Waste Vehicles 313	Trust	36,274	_	36,274
Refund Lodgers 430	Trust	16,231	_	16,231
Latire Fire Pumper 413	Trust	23	_	23
Complex Restructuring 420	Trust	217,662	_	217,662
Hondo Seco Pumper 209	Trust	136	_	136
Ojo Caliente 209	Trust	223	_	223
Solid Waste 428	Trust	13,477		13,477
			-	
Refund Lodger's Proceeds 313	Trust	757,843	-	757,843
Fire Facilities Proceeds 313	Trust	2,959,778	-	2,959,778
Fire Facilities Debt Service 431	Trust	37,162	-	37,162
Reserve Fund 403	Trust	1,416,387	-	1,416,387
Refund 1977 Lodger's Tax 403	Trust	93,544	-	93,544
Fire Facilities Improvements 403	Trust	214,953		214,953
Total investments		14,106,582		14,106,582
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments		\$ 36,789,299	\$ (858,357)	\$ 35,930,942

Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository for Public Funds June 30, 2017

Pledged Collateral			U.S. Bank	Centinel Bank		Peoples Bank		BMW Bank of orth America Salt Lake	Comenity Capital Bank Utah	C	Investors Community Bank Manitowoc	ells Fargo Bank	Morgan se Bank	C	ate Bank of India ew York
Deposits in bank or savings and loan Cash deposits Certificate of deposits Total deposits			\$ 22,345,990 - 22,345,990	\$ 188,341 - 188,341	\$	148,386 - 148,386		250,000 250,000	\$ - 250,000 250,000	\$	250,000 250,000	\$ 250,000 250,000	\$ 250,000 250,000	\$	250,000 250,000
Less FDIC insurance Total uninsured public funds			250,000 22,095,990	188,341	_	148,386	_	250,000	250,000	_	250,000	 250,000	 250,000	=	250,000
Collateral requirement (50% deposits) Collateral requirements (102% repurchase agreement)			11,047,995		_	-	_	-		_	-	 -	 -		-
Pledged collateral at fair value Federal Home Loan Bank Cincinnati, OH Total pledged collateral at fair value Pledged in excess of collateral requirement	CUSIP N/A	Maturity 9/5/2017	25,000,000 25,000,000 \$ 13,952,005	- - \$ -	\$	- - -	\$	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> \$ -	\$	- - -	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$	<u>-</u> - -

Schedule of Collateral Pledged by Depository for Public Funds — continued June 30, 2017

			Bank of			Bank of	, ,					Keybank National	American Express Centurion		1	pital One National ssociation	
Pledged Collateral				Baroda		India		Bank	All	ly Bank	A:	ssociation		Bank		Mclean	Total
Deposits in bank or savings and loan																	
Cash deposits			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 22,682,717
Certificate of deposits				250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000	 3,250,000
Total deposits				250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000	25,932,717
Less FDIC insurance			<u></u>	250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000		250,000	 3,836,727
Total uninsured public funds							_				-			-			 22,095,990
Collateral requirement (50% deposits)												-					11,047,995
Collateral requirements (102% repurchase agreement)			_		_		_										 -
Pledged collateral at fair value	CUSIP	Maturity															
Federal Home Loan Bank Cincinnati, OH	N/A	9/5/2017	<u></u>	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	 25,042,983
Total pledged collateral at fair value				-		-		-		-		-				-	25,000,000
Pledged in excess of collateral requirement			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,952,005

Taos County Schedule of Reconciliation of Property Taxes Receivable June 30, 2017

Property taxes receivable, beginning of year	\$	4,799,067
Changes to tax roll		
Net taxes charged to treasurer for fiscal year		29,452,097
Adjustments		
Net change in prior year taxes levied		(21,761)
Uncollected taxes		(587,038)
Net property taxes receivables prior to collections	\$	33,642,365
Collections for fiscal year	\$	29,103,616
Net property taxes receivable, end of year	\$	4,538,749
Property taxes are reported as follows		
Governmental funds		
County portion	\$	1,027,842
Agency portion		3,510,907
Total property taxes receivable	\$	4,538,749
Property taxes receivable, net by years		
2007-2015	\$	1,988,280
2016	T	2,550,469
Total property taxes receivable	\$	4,538,749

Taos County Property Tax Receivable by Agency For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Agency	Property Taxes Levied	Collected in Current Year	Collected To-Date	Distributed in Current Year	Distributed To-Date	Current Amount Uncollected	To-DateAmont Uncollected	Undistributed at Year-End	County Receivable at Year-End
El Prado Water & Santitation		d 22.152		4 10 107			0.705		
2007-2015 2016	\$ 1,082,451		\$ 1,051,555		\$ 1,047,589	\$ -		\$ 3,965	
	161,582	137,146	137,146	130,964	130,964	404	404	6,182	24,033
Total	1,244,033	160,609	1,188,701	150,461	1,178,553	404	3,110	10,147	52,223
El Valle de Los Ranchos Sanitation & Water District									
2007-2015	5,079,602	93,963	4,950,389	86,354	4,942,780	-	12,699	7,609	116,513
2016	816,616	712,401	712,401	696,731	696,731	2,042	2,042	15,670	102,174
Total	5,896,218	806,364	5,662,790	783,085	5,639,511	2,042	14,741	23,279	218,687
Taos Soil & Conversation District									
2007-2015	8,399,440	84,032	8,195,798	74,414	8,186,180	-	20,999	9,618	182,644
2016	1,108,137	951,649	951,649	932,944	932,944	2,770	2,770	18,705	153,718
Total	9,507,577	1,035,681	9,147,447	1,007,358	9,119,124	2,770	23,769	28,323	336,362
Taos Education Center					·		·		
2007-2015	15,402,011	159,548	15,179,222	143,561	15,163,235	_	38,505	15,987	184,284
2016	2,068,168	1,899,484	1,899,484	1,863,282	1,863,282	5,170	5,170	36,203	163,514
Total	17,470,179	2,059,032	17,078,706	2,006,843	17,026,517	5,170	43,675	52,190	347,798
	17,470,175	2,037,032	17,070,700	2,000,013	17,020,317	3,170	13,075	32,170	347,770
Town of Taos	0.45004								
2007-2015	8,158,601	94,304	8,092,355	82,509	8,080,560	-	20,397	11,795	45,850
2016	1,091,419	1,010,745	1,010,745	985,894	985,894	2,729	2,729	24,851	77,946
Total	9,250,020	1,105,049	9,103,100	1,068,403	9,066,454	2,729	23,126	36,646	123,796
Village of Questa									
2007-2015	886,782	12,377	866,268	10,639	864,530	-	2,217	1,738	18,297
2016	164,642	143,872	143,872	141,433	141,433	412	412	2,440	20,358
Total	1,051,424	156,249	1,010,140	152,072	1,005,963	412	2,629	4,178	38,655
Town of Red River									
2007-2015	2,866,094	35,211	2,826,904	22,874	2,814,567	-	7,165	12,337	32,024
2016	546,081	511,719	511,719	502,987	502,987	1,365	1,365	8,732	32,997
Total	3,412,175	546,930	3,338,623	525,861	3,317,554	1,365	8,530	21,069	65,021
Village of Taos Ski Valley					·				
2007-2015	2,614,332	18,245	2,598,575	17,182	2,597,513		6,536	1,062	9,221
2016	512,938	485,452	485,452	477,142	477,142	1,282	1,282	8,311	26,204
Total	3,127,270	503,697	3,084,027	494,324	3,074,655	1,282	7,818	9,373	35,425
rotar	3,127,270	303,697	3,084,027	494,324	3,074,033	1,282		9,373	35,425

Property Tax Receivable by Agency — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Agency	Property Taxes Levied	Collected in Current Year	Collected To-Date	Distributed in Current Year	Distributed To-Date	Current Amount Uncollected	To-DateAmont Uncollected	Undistributed at Year-End	County Receivable at Year-End
State Levies 2015-2016									
2007-2015	15,498,424	154,885	15,228,950	136,913	15,210,979	-	38,746	17,972	230,727
2016	1,946,038	1,780,693	1,780,693	1,745,512	1,745,512	4,865	4,865	35,181	160,480
Total	17,444,462	1,935,578	17,009,643	1,882,425	16,956,491	4,865	43,611	53,153	391,207
Levy/Cattle, Sheep, Goat, Equine, & Swine									
2007-2015	108,615	1,166	89,644	1,068	89,546	-	272	98	18,699
2016	16,787	11,765	11,765	11,563	11,563	42	42	202	4,980
Total	125,402	12,931	101,409	12,631	101,109	42	314	300	23,679
Taos Municipal Schools									
2007-2015	46,844,214	488,899	46,154,658	439,411	46,105,167	-	117,111	49,491	572,446
2016	5,944,736	5,451,693	5,451,693	5,345,089	5,345,089	14,862	14,862	106,604	478,181
Total	52,788,950	5,940,592	51,606,351	5,784,500	51,450,256	14,862	131,973	156,095	1,050,627
Penasco Independent Schools									
2007-2015	2,193,598	29,421	2,146,984	24,863	2,142,427	-	5,484	4,558	41,129
2016	278,764	250,491	250,491	243,494	243,494	697	697	6,997	27,576
Total	2,472,362	279,912	2,397,475	268,357	2,385,921	697	6,181	11,555	68,705
Mesa Vista Consolidated Schools									
2007-2015	3,342,637	34,606	3,029,779	31,151	3,026,324	-	8,357	3,454	304,502
2016	443,524	369,056	369,056	363,458	363,458	1,109	1,109	5,598	73,359
Total	3,786,161	403,662	3,398,835	394,609	3,389,782	1,109	9,466	9,052	377,861
Questa Independent Schools									
2007-2015	8,116,060	78,446	7,969,312	62,471	7,953,336	-	20,290	15,975	126,458
2016	1,421,866	1,318,852	1,318,852	1,292,328	1,292,328	3,555	3,555	26,524	99,459
Total	9,537,926	1,397,298	9,288,164	1,354,799	9,245,664	3,555	23,845	42,499	225,917
Hospital Mill Levy									
2007-2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2016	1,430,910	1,309,334	1,309,334	1,283,466	1,283,466	3,577	3,577	25,869	117,998
Total	1,430,910	1,309,334	1,309,334	1,283,466	1,283,466	3,577	3,577	25,869	117,998
TIDD									
2007-2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2016		25,379	25,379	25,379	25,379				
Total	_	25,379	25,379	25,379	25,379	_	_	_	_

Property Tax Receivable by Agency — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Agency	Property Taxes Levied	Collected in Current Year	Collected To-Date	Distributed in Current Year	Distributed To-Date	Current Amount Uncollected	To-DateAmont Uncollected	Undistributed at Year-End	County Receivable at Year-End
Taos County									
2007-2015	82,723,591	918,726	82,453,816	918,726	82,453,816	-	206,809	-	62,966
2016	11,208,022	10,215,126	10,215,126	10,215,126	10,215,126	28,020	28,020		964,876
Total	93,931,613	11,133,852	92,668,942	11,133,852	92,668,942	28,020	234,829		1,027,842
1% Administrative Fees									
2007-2015	2,046,800	22,487	2,027,353	22,487	2,027,353	-	5,117	-	14,330
2016	291,869	268,523	268,523	268,523	268,523	730	730		22,616
Total	\$ 2,338,669	\$ 291,010	\$ 2,295,876	\$ 291,010	\$ 2,295,876	\$ 730	\$ 5,847	\$ -	\$ 36,946
Total									
2007-2015	\$ 205,363,252	\$ 2,249,779	\$ 202,861,562	\$ 2,094,120	\$ 202,705,902	\$ -	\$ 513,410	\$ 155,659	\$ 1,988,280
2016	29,452,099	26,853,380	26,853,380	26,525,315	26,525,315	73,631	73,631	328,069	2,550,469
Total	\$ 234,815,351	\$ 29,103,159	\$ 229,714,942	\$ 28,619,435	\$ 229,231,217	\$ 73,631	\$ 587,041	\$ 483,728	\$ 4,538,749



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Mr. Wayne A. Johnson, New Mexico State Auditor and To the Honorable Members of the Board of County Commissioners Taos County, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the general fund, of Taos County (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and the combining and individual funds of the County, presented as supplementary information, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses, 2017-001.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies, 2017-002.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

REDWILL

December 1, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I — Financial Statement Findings

2017-001 Accounts Receivable Cutoff — (Material Weakness)

Criteria: According to AU-C Section 265, a system of internal control over financial reporting does not stop at the general ledger. Well-designed systems include controls over financial statement preparation, including GAAP-Basis accruals, and any footnote disclosures. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) state that revenue recognition is recognized in the period in which the transaction is incurred.

Condition: Our audit procedures revealed that the initial trial balance used to draft the financial statements excluded a material amount of receivables. As a result, a significant amount of year-end audit adjustments were posted to properly state property taxes, gross receipts tax, and other receivables in the financial statements. In addition, the County restated the prior year financial statements to reflect \$745 thousand of receivables and related revenues that related to fiscal year 2016.

Cause: The County accounted for revenue transactions on a cash basis throughout the year, whereby certain revenues and the related assets were recognized when received. At year-end, management prepared a trial balance that included certain receivables; however, the County's review procedures did not ensure all receivables were properly included or excluded from the trial balance. The County submitted various receivable reports to our audit team; however, the County's trial balance, which reflects the amounts reported in the County's financial statements under audit, did not include all receivables from those reports.

Effect: Property taxes, gross receipts tax, other receivables, beginning fund balance/net position for the County's Educational Bond Fund, nonmajor governmental funds, and governmental activities were understated in the initial draft of the County's financial statements. This resulted in a significant amount of additional efforts from both the County and our audit team to ensure receivable balances were appropriately reported at year-end.

Auditor's Recommendation: To prevent such errors from occurring and to avoid additional efforts and costs during the year-end audit, we recommend that the County implement a system to double-check their listing of accounts receivable and subsequent receipts in order to verify that all accounts receivable items are included in the year-end trial balance report used to draft the financial statements.

Schedule of Findings and Responses — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I — Financial Statement Findings — continued

2017-001 Accounts Receivable Cutoff — (Material Weakness) — continued

Management's Response: During the preparation of 2017 FY financial statements, the property tax receivable, gross receipts tax and other receivable reports were submitted directly to auditors for use on the financial statements. Taos County has implemented a system to capture all receivables and adjusting entries needed to prepare the trial balance at year-end that will be submitted to the IPA.

Taos County Treasurer's Office will continue to generate the receivable reports and will provide those reports to the Finance Department in order to prepare the financial statements. Taos County has properly tracked all receivables, which have been fully accounted for in the financial statements.

Working collaboratively with respective departments, County Manager and/or designee will ensure internal deadlines are in place and that a full review of the accounts receivable and draft financials are done prior to submittal for audit review. The information provided in the FY 2017 audit has been reviewed by Taos County and does present an accurate depiction of Accounts Receivable. Taos County does not feel that level of the finding truly represents its ability to perform the day to day operations and the information provided in the audit is correct.

Schedule of Findings and Responses — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I — Financial Statement Findings — continued

2017-002 — Trial Balance Maintenance and Financial Statement Preparation (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 requires not only the budgetary basis (cash basis for Taos County) of accounting, but also modified and full accrual accounting is required for financial statement presentation that would be in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: Several significant adjusting journal entries were required after the 2017 accounting records were closed at year-end, which included adjustments to accounts receivable pension activity, property and equipment, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and beginning fund balances. In addition, the County was unable to provide accurate detail to convert the budgetary basis of accounting to the modified and full accrual basis of accounting in order to prepare the account balances for inclusion into the financial statements.

Cause: The County has determined that, due to its size and complexity, it is most effective and beneficial to maintain its trial balance on a basis consistent with its budgetary basis. At fiscal year end, the County performed certain procedures to prepare a trial balance that included year-end accrual entries; however, those procedures did not capture all significant account transactions in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting standards (GAAP).

Effect: The County's trial balance required several significant corrections to conform to GAAP.

Auditor's Recommendation: The County should review its current accounting procedures to determine the corrections needed to ensure the year-end trial balance and financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The County should then implement effective internal controls to ensure all significant general ledger account balances are reconciled to supporting accounting records or subsidiary accounting ledgers on a modified and accrual basis at year-end close.

Management's Response: Taos County will review our internal accounting procedures to ensure the year-end trial balance and financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) to reflect all general ledger account balances on a modified and full accrual basis at fiscal year-end. Taos County Finance Department will utilize in-house staff accountants to assist with the preparation of financial statements and will work collaboratively with the Treasurer's office to ensure internal deadlines are in place and that a full review of the draft financials are done prior to submittal. In the past, Taos County purchased and utilized a financial software proven to be instrumental in the preparation of the financial statements but was not utilized for this audit preparation.

Taos County

Schedule of Findings and Responses — continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I — Financial Statement Findings — continued

2017-002 — Trial Balance Maintenance and Financial Statement Preparation (Significant Deficiency) — continued

Management's Response — *continued:* The financial software will be a resource for the preparation of future audits.

The information provided in the FY 2017 audit has been reviewed by Taos County and does present an accurate Trial Balance to provide the detail needed to convert the budgetary basis of accounting to the modified and full accrual basis for inclusion into the final financial statements. Taos County does not feel that level of the finding truly represents its ability to perform the day to day operations and the information provided in the audit is correct. Taos County Finance Director will implement effective internal controls to ensure all general ledger account balances are reconciled to supporting accounting records on a modified and accrual basis at year-end close with the use of a financial software proven to be instrumental in prior audit preparation. As of November 2017, Taos County has requested the financial software installation.



Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

Jim Fambro District 1	Prior-Year Number	Description	Current Status
Mark Gallegos District 2	2016-001	Lack of Controls within the Treasurer's Office	Resolved
Gabriel J. Romero District 3	2016-002	Lack of Controls over Payroll	Resolved
Tom Blankenhorn District 4	2016-003	Lack of Controls over Journal Entries	Resolved
Candyce O'Donnell District 5	2016-004	Travel and Per Diem	Resolved

Leandro Cordova County Manager





Taos County Administration

105 Albright Street, Suite G, Taos, New Mexico 87571 Telephone: (575) 737-6300 Fascimile: (575) 737-6314 www.taoscounty.org

Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Jim Fambro District 1 Mark Gallegos District 2 Gabriel J. Romero District 3 Tom Blankenhorn District 4 Candyce O'Donnell	Audit Finding 2017-001 Accounts Receivable Cutoff	Corrective Action Plan Taos County has implemented a system to capture all receivables and adjusting entries needed to prepare the trial balance at year-end. Taos County Treasurer's Office will continue to generate the receivable reports and will provide those reports to the Finance	Person Responsible Treasurer/Finance	Estimated Completion Date 06/30/2018
District 5 Leandro Cordova County Manager	300	Department in order to prepare the financial statements. Taos County will ensure internal deadlines are in place and that a full review of the draft financials are done prior to submittal.		
	2017-002 Trial Balance Maintenance and Financial Statement Preparation	Taos County will utilize in-house staff accountants to assist with the preparation of financial statements and will work collaboratively with the Treasurer's office to ensure internal deadlines are in place and that a full review of the draft financials are done prior to submittal. Taos County will use a financial software proven to be instrumental in the preparation of the financial statements for future audits.	Finance Director	06/30/2018
E VI DOSE				

Taos County Exit Conference

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

An exit conference was held on November 30, 2017, during a closed session of a Commissioner meeting with the following in attendance:

Representing Taos County

Jim K. Fambro, Chairman
Leandro R. Cordova, County Manager
Brent Jaramillo, Deputy County Manager
Lupe E. Martinez, Finance Director
Susan K. Trujillo, County Treasurer
Paula Santistevan, Deputy County Treasurer
Mary Anne Martinez, Treasurer Accountant
Amanda Rael, Grants Accountant
Jonathan Montoya, Accountant II

REDWLLC Personnel

Steve Harris, Principal Stephen Montoya, Engagement Team Leader Victoria Gorman, Senior

Financial Statement Preparation

The County's independent public accountants prepared the accompanying financial statements; however, the County is responsible for the contents of the financial statements and related footnotes.