

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Taos County Housing Authority Official Roster June 30, 2009

Name	Title					
Tom Lopez	Governing Board Chairman					
Manuel Pacheco	Vice Chair					
Billy Vigil	Member					
Kurt Locke	Member					
Della Barrone	Member					
Nikolos Jaramillo	Non-Voting Member					
Administrative Officials						

Carmella Martinez

Executive Director

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Hector Balderas New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget and Executive Director and Board of Commissioners Taos County Housing Authority Taos, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Taos County Housing Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of Taos County, New Mexico (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Authority are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, of only that portion of the business-type activities that are attributable to the transactions of the Authority. They do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Taos County as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements, referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Taos County Housing Authority as of June 30, 2009, and the respective change in financial position, and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary comparisons of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2009.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated August 28, 2009, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 11 through 17 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and did not express an opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements and the budgetary comparisons. The accompanying Schedule IV-Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as supporting Schedules I and II in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying Schedule III-Financial Data Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Department of Housing and Urban development and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Precision Accounting LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico August 28, 2009

INTRODUCTION

The Taos County Housing Authority (the Authority) is a political subdivision of Taos County and is empowered to implement housing, community development, redevelopment, and revitalization programs within Taos, New Mexico (the County). The Authority has the power to acquire, lease, and improve property; to acquire via eminent domain; to make loans or grants; to investigate and determine whether an area is blighted; and to carry out a redevelopment plan in cooperation with local government.

The Authority presents this discussion and analysis of its financial performance during the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2009, to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and concerns. This discussion and analysis is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999.

The Authority's FY2009 annual financial report consists of two parts - the management's discussion and analysis, and the basic financial statements (which include notes to those financial statements). Also included are supplementary schedules that show information that was sent to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) related to our basic financial statements.

The primary focus of the Authority's financial statements is on the financial statements of a single business-type activity that combines all programs administered by the Authority.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2009

Under GASB 34, the Authority's single business-type activities financial statements for FY2009 report on all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and net assets under the programs it administers. In summary, the Authority's FY2009 financial highlights included the following:

• Overall funding for Taos County Housing Authority has decreased by \$401,334 compared to prior year. While there was a decrease in rental revenue of \$32,041, there was also a decrease of \$279,410 in funding from grants. The net impact was a net decrease in funding of 8.3%. The reduction of federal grants was a result of TCHA not having the cash flow to carry the shortfalls and not placing all applicants that could have otherwise been placed.

• Total assets and liabilities of the Authority were approximately \$4,693,222 and \$167,200 respectively; thus total net assets were \$4,526,022 at June 30, 2009 which is a decrease of \$401,334 due to an increase in Housing Choice Vouchers.

• Total revenues and expenses were approximately \$3,356,757 and \$3,660,954 respectively; thus net Assets decreased by approximately \$304,197 during the fiscal year again due to increased revenues from additional grants and rental income.

• Revenues are derived from various sources with approximately 11.8% from non-grant sources and 88.2% Received either directly or indirectly (through the County) from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). For example, approximately 91.9% or \$2,994,079 the \$3,356,757 in total revenues, are derived from the Low Rent Public Housing and Choice Voucher (and related Section 8 Low Income & Indian Housing) (HUD) grants. Rental revenues from Authority-owned properties were approximately \$242,451, or 10.5% of total revenues, which is an decrease of \$26,024. Additionally, funds were received from ROSS (Family Self Sufficiency), Low Rent \$46,000 and Section 8 \$46,345.

• Cash flows from operating activities were \$ 5,071. Furthermore, after considering Investing and capital financing activities, the decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the year was approximately \$ 106,436. This was a direct result of the decrease from Operating Activities.

• HUD Public Housing Assessment System financial indicators show that the Authority is a high performer this year. The current ratio that measures the Authority's liquidity is 4.11%, in the ideal range for public housing authorities of this size as determined by HUD.

AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's mission in the County focuses on the planning, design, construction, preservation, rehabilitation, financing, and management of housing, primarily for low- and moderate-income households, assisting in the revitalization of neighborhoods, and redevelopment of commercial and industrial areas in Taos County. The Authority, as of June 30, 2009, owned 155 residential units that are leased to low-income families and individuals. In addition, housing assistance was being paid to over 166 households under the Federal Housing Choice Voucher Low Income & Indian Housing programs for privately-owned existing housing.

In view of this mission, the Authority's financial reporting objective under GASB 34 in FY2009 focuses on the financial activities of the Authority as a whole.

Financial Statements Used in Fiscal Year 2009

The Authority is presenting its FY2009 discussion and analysis based on the financial results of its enterprise programs in three basic financial statements - the Statement of Net Assets; the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; and the statement of cash flows. The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital assets of the Authority and is presented in a format where assets equal liabilities plus net assets. Net assets are broken down into the following three categories.

• Net assets, invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of all capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets.

• Restricted net assets consist of assets that are restricted by constraints placed on the asset by external parties, such as, creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations reduced by liabilities payable from such assets.

• Unrestricted net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, or restricted net assets.

The statement of revenues and expenses (similar to an income statement) includes operating revenues, such as rental income; operating expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance, depreciation; and non-operating revenues and expenses, such as non-program grant revenue, investment income, interest expense, and capital contributions. The statement of changes in fund net assets focus is the change in net assets, which is similar to net income or loss.

Finally, a statement of cash flows is included, which discloses net cash provided by or used for operating activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities.

These financial statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. They report the Authority's net assets and changes in net assets in full compliance with GASB 34. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period they are earned and expenses in the period when they are incurred

This entity-wide presentation represents all programs and activities. Most of these programs are financed by federal grants from HUD, rents, and other user charges resulting from operations of subsidized housing, by development and financing fees, and by investment income and loan proceeds. The authority also administers housing and community development activities in which funding are controlled at the County level. In FY2009, the following programs make up the Authority's single business-type activities financial statements:

• Low Rent Public Housing Program - Funding is from federal grants from HUD, rents, and other user charges and provides essential affordable housing for low-income families, disabled person, and the elderly.

• Housing Choice Voucher and Section 8 Programs - These programs are funded by HUD and are subsidy programs for low- and moderate-income families seeking housing in the private rental market.

• Capital Projects Fund - These programs are funded by HUD and are for the purpose of upgrading existing rental properties.

Net Assets

The following table reflects the Authority's condensed summary of the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Assets:	2009	2008
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 620,254 <u>4,072,968</u>	\$ 730,640 <u>4,331,719</u>
Total assets Liabilities:	4,693,222	5,062,359
Current liabilities	134,329	107,302
Long-term liabilities	32,871	27,700
Total liabilities	<u>_167,200</u>	135,002
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,072,968	4,331,719
Restricted for security deposits	42,382	-
Unrestricted	410,672	595,638
Total net assets	\$ 4,526,022	\$ 4,927,357

Investments in capital assets comprise about 86.8% of the Authority's total assets. However, the amount invested in

capital assets, net of related debt, amounts to about 90% of total net assets.

The Authority's net assets consist of unrestricted net assets. Unrestricted net assets would include cash in the bank, receivables net of allowances, and other assets less all other liabilities not previously applied.

Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

The results of the Authority's operations are reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net

assets. In Fiscal Year 2009 the Authority realized an decrease in net assets of \$401,334. The following table presents a condensed summary of data from the Authority's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net

assets.

Revenues:		2009		2008
Operating revenues				
Dwelling rentals	\$	355,424	\$	387,465
Federal operating grants		2,994,079	+	3,255,734
Non-operating revenues		7,254		17,755
Total revenues		3,356,757		3,660,954
Expenses:				
Operating expenses				
Housing assistance payments		2,348,447		1,990,768
General and Administration Utilities		840,219		770,180
Depreciation		148,197		189,256
Depreciation		421,228		409,878
Total expenses		<u>3,758,091</u>		3,360,082
Increase (decrease) in net assets		<u>(401</u> ,	334)	300,872
Net assets, beginning of year		4,927,356		4,626,485
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,526,022	\$	<u>4,927,357</u>

About 89.5% of the Authority's total revenues in Fiscal Year 2009 were non-operating revenues that are derived from HUD Operating and Capital Grants, interest income, and miscellaneous income. The remaining 10.5% of revenues were from rental income.

In Fiscal Year 2009, the Authority incurred expense totaling \$3,758,091 that is operating expenses related to its role as a housing authority. About \$2,348,447, or 62.5%, of these operating expenses are housing assistance payments made in the Housing Choice Voucher programs. General and other program expenses include costs related to tenant and protective services, loans receivable, bad debt, and redevelopment and rehabilitation expenses.

The Authority's Fiscal Year 2009 Financial Data Schedule, included with these financial statements, supplies activity detail for the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Assets and shows noteworthy transactions that influenced financial results of its rental assistance programs - the Low Rent Public Housing Program and Housing Choice Voucher. These transactions include:

• The Low Rent Public Housing Program had total revenues and expenses of approximately \$721,932 and \$1,044,919.

•The Housing Choice Voucher (Section 8) Program had revenues totaling approximately \$2,396,778 and expenses (mainly housing assistance payments) of approximately \$2,637,602.

• Capital Projects Fund had revenues totaling approximately \$238,047 and expenses of approximately \$75,570.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Authority's capital assets as of June 30, 2009, included land, buildings and improvements, and equipment that

totaled \$11,485,998 (without accumulated depreciation), most of which is comprised of Public Housing units available for lease to low- and moderate-income residents, construction in these Public Housing areas in Taos County. A breakdown of these assets is shown below:

	Description	Beginning Balance		8 8		Ending Balance		
Non-depreci						¢		
	Land	\$	167,589	\$		\$	167,589	
Other capita	l assets: Buildings and improvements		10,046,401		123,624		10,170,025	
	Furniture and equipment		1,109,531		38,853		1,148,384	
Less accum	lated depreciation: Buildings and improvements		(6,612,228)		(396,299)		(7,008,527)	
	Furniture and equipment		(379,573)		(24,029)		(403,602)	
	Totals	\$	4,331,720	\$	(258,751)	\$	4,072,968	

The Authority had approximately \$162,477 in net additions/deletions to capital assets in 2009 and (\$258,751) in net additions/deletions in FY 2009.

The Authority's 2009 financial statements include no long-term debt. The only debt is the accrued compensated absences of \$ 32,871.

The Authority has no knowledge of currently known facts that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position of the authority.

CONTACTING AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens of Taos County, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Director of Administration, Taos County Housing Authority, NM038 4239 NDCBU, Taos, New Mexico 87571.

BASIC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Low Income & Indian Housing		Housing Choice Vouchers		Capital Projects Fund		 Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance	\$	191,951	\$	325,349	\$	-	\$ 517,300
for uncollectibles)		21,563		-		-	21,563
Prepaid expenses		5,041		8,069		-	 13,110
Total Current Assets		218,555		333,418		-	551,973
Noncurrent Assets							
Restricted assets:		40.071		10 410			(0.001
Cash and cash equivalents		49,871		18,410		-	68,281
Capital assets		11,485,998		-		-	11,485,998
Less: accumulated depreciation		(7,413,030)		-		-	(7,413,030)
Total capital assets		4,072,968		-		-	4,072,968
Total noncurrent Assets		4,122,839		18,410			 4,141,249
Total assets	\$	4,341,394	\$	351,828	\$	-	\$ 4,693,222
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	23,985	\$	18,410	\$	-	\$ 42,395
Accrued salaries		18,292		10,978		-	29,270
Security deposits		45,893		-		-	45,893
Current portion of accrued		11.057		5 51 4			1 < 77 1
compensated absences Total Current Liabilities:		<u>11,257</u> 99,427		5,514 34,902		-	 16,771 134,329
Total Current Liabilities:		99,427		34,902		-	154,529
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Noncurrent portion of accrued							
compensated absences		23,789		9,082			 32,871
Total liabilities		123,216		43,984		-	 167,200
Invested in conital assot		4 072 079					4 072 079
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted		4,072,968 145,210		- 307,844		-	4,072,968 453,054
omesticied							 · · · ·
Total net assets		4,218,178		307,844		-	 4,526,022
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	4,341,394	\$	351,828	\$	-	\$ 4,693,222

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	ow Income an Housing	Housing Choice Vouhers		• • •		Total
Operating revenues:						
Rental revenue	\$ 299,556	\$	55,868	\$ -	\$	355,424
Total operating revenues	 299,556		55,868			355,424
Operating expenses:						
Housing assistance payments	-		2,348,447	-		2,348,447
Depreciation	421,228		-	-		421,228
Personnel services	176,540		253,615	-		430,155
Contractual services	19,414		7,083	-		26,497
Maintenance and materials	188,325		2,186	-		190,511
Utilities	148,197		-	-		148,197
Miscellaneous	 91,215		26,271	75,570		193,056
Total operating expenses	 1,044,919		2,637,602	75,570		3,758,091
Operating income (loss)	(745,363)		(2,581,734)	(75,570)		(3,402,667)
Nonoperating income:						
Interest income	1,570		5,684	-		7,254
Operating and capital grants	 420,806		2,335,226	238,047		2,994,079
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	422,376		2,340,910	238,047		3,001,333
Net from operations	 (322,987)		(240,824)	162,477		(401,334)
Transfers	 162,477		-	(162,477)		-
Change in net assets	(160,510)		(240,824)	-		(401,334)
Total net assets - beginning	 4,378,688		548,668			4,927,356
Total net assets - ending	\$ 4,218,178	\$	307,844	\$ -	\$	4,526,022

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Lov	v Income &	Но	using Choice		Capital	
	Indi	an Housing		Vouchers	Pro	oject Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:							
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	663,257	\$	2,344,286	\$	238,047	\$ 3,245,590
Cash paid to employees for services		(174,087)		(257,313)		-	\$ (431,400)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(420,711)		(2,372,481)		(75,570)	\$ (2,868,762)
Other cash received		57,105		46,808		-	\$ 103,913
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		125,564		(238,700)		162,477	\$ 49,341
Cash Flows From Non Capital Financing Activities:							
Increase in long term accrued compensated absences		3,225		1,846		-	\$ 5,071
Operating Transfers in(out)		162,477				(162,477)	\$ -
Net CashProvided (Used) by Non Capital Financing Activities		165,702		1,846		(162,477)	\$ 5,071
Cash Flows from Capital and related financing activities							
Prepaid assets		814		8,069		-	\$ 8,883
Acquistion of Captial Assets		(162,477)		-		-	\$ (162,477)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Captial and Related Financing Activities:		(161,663)		8,069		-	\$ (153,594)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:							
Interest on Investments		(1,570)		(5,684)		-	\$ (7,254)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities:		(1,570)		(5,684)			\$ (7,254)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		128,033		(234,469)		-	(106,436)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		113,790		578,228		-	\$ 692,018
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	241,822	\$	343,759	\$	-	\$ 585,581
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating	Activities:						
Net from Operations (Loss)	\$	(322,987)	\$	(240,824)	\$	162,477	\$ (401,334)
Adjustments to reconcile operating Income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating	ting activiti	es:					
Depreciation		421,228		-		-	\$ 421,228
(Increase) Decrease in:							
Accounts receivable		14,624		3		-	\$ 14,627
Security Deposits		2,684		-		-	\$ 2,684
(Decrease) Increase in:							
Prepaid Expenses		(814)		8,069		-	\$ 7,255
Accrued Expenses		6,598		2,181		-	\$ 8,779
Accounts Payable		4,231		(8,129)		-	\$ (3,898)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	125,564	\$	(238,700)	\$	162,477	\$ 49,341

Summary of Significant Noncash Activities:

There were no significant noncash activities during the year ended June 30, 2009.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Taos County Housing Authority (Authority) was organized under New Mexico statutes, to provide a conduit for housing funds for disadvantaged citizens of the County of Taos, New Mexico. The Authority is a political subdivision of the State of New Mexico of Taos County, New Mexico.

The financial statements present only the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Authority and are not intended to present fairly the County's financial position, results of operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

This summary of significant accounting policies of Authority is presented to assist in the understanding of Authority's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of Authority's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The Authority has implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 *Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local*

Governments for the year ended June 30, 2004. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research bulletins of the committee on accounting procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The programs of the authority are as follows:

Section 8 Programs - These programs, funded through direct grants from HUD, provide rental assistance to qualified families through rent subsidies paid directly to third-party landlords.

Low Rent Housing Program - The overall objective of the Public and Indian Housing program is to provide and operate cost-effective, decent, safe and affordable dwellings for lower income families.

Capital Project Fund - This program is funded by HUD and are for the purpose of upgrading existing rental properties.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential programs and operations of the entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB-14 as amended by GASB 39. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing Authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits Authority and/or its residents and participants, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of Authority and is generally available to its residents and participants.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Authority is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Authority has no component units; however, the Authority is a component unit of Taos County.

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The Authority uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Encumbrance accounting is not used for budgetary or normal financial reporting purposes.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Authority classifies all funds into one category: proprietary. That category, in turn, is divided into separate "programs". The programs are shown on the combining statements for grantor purposes but are all included on the one "fund".

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the Authority has elected to apply the provisions of all relevant pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), including those issued after November 30, 1989.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (continued)

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are changers to customers for rent and services, although subsidies may be used for operating or capital to some degree. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a per fund basis.

Revenue Recognition

Dwelling rental revenues are recorded as rentals become due. Rental payments received in advance, if any, are deferred until earned.

Grant revenues are recognized as revenues when the related costs are incurred. All other revenues are recognized when they are received and are not susceptible to accrual because they are usually not measurable until payment is actually received.

The Authority has entered into annual contributions contracts with HUD to develop, manage and own public housing projects and to administer the federal Section 8 housing programs, whereby monthly housing assistance payments are made to landlords on behalf of eligible lower income individuals and families. HUD makes annual debt service contributions and monthly operating subsidy contributions within the public housing program and monthly contributions for housing assistance payments and administration fees for the Section 8 program. Such contributions are reflected as operating grants revenue in the accompanying financial statements, except for annual debt service contributions, which are recorded as non-operating revenues.

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

Deposits and Temporary Investments

The Authority considers cash in operating bank accounts, cash on hand and all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. State statutes authorize Authority to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certified financial institution time deposits, and New Mexico political subdivision obligations.

New Mexico Statutes require that financial institutions with public monies on deposit pledge collateral, to the owner of such public monies, in an amount not less than 50% of the uninsured public monies held on deposit. Collateral pledged is held in safekeeping by other financial institutions, with safekeeping receipts held by the Authority (Note 2).

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is comprised of all accounts receivable which management estimates to be uncollectible.

Inventories

The inventory held consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and recorded at cost. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time of consumption. Inventory for the Authority is valued at cost using the First In, First Out Method.

Capital Assets

Proprietary fund property and equipment acquisitions are recorded at cost or, if contributed property, at their fair market value at contribution. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses; renewals and betterments are capitalized. Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more including software. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the asset. The following lives are utilized:

Buildings & improvements	20-40 years
Equipment	5-15 years

There was no interest incurred during construction during the current fiscal year. There is no internally developed software expensed or capitalized. Information Technology equipment, including software, is being capitalized and included in furniture, fixtures and equipment in accordance with NMAC 2.20.1.9 C (5).

Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy allows employees to accumulate limited amounts of vacation and sick pay, of which only vacation is payable to the employee upon termination or retirement.

	Balar	ice			Balance	Due Within
	June 30,	2008	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2009	One Year
Compensated	¢	10 5 6 5	#21.070	¢14.002	¢ 10, c 10	¢1 < 770
absences	\$	42,565	\$21,970	\$14,893	\$49,642	\$16,772
	\$	42,565	\$21,970	\$14,893	\$49,642	\$16,772

Interprogram Receivables / Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for loans. These loans are reported as "due from other programs" or "due to other programs" on the balance sheet. The purpose of the loans is temporary operating capital.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures such as the lives of capital assets. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for modernization and development, as well as security deposits held as insurance against the non-payment for services rendered are classified on the balance sheet as restricted because their use is limited. Another restriction is the use of assets set aside for debt service. The third type consists of capital assets less debt related to those assets. Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asst use are either:

- a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments, or
- b) imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 Deposits and Investments

State Statutes authorize the investment of Authority funds in a wide variety of instruments including certificates of deposit and other similar obligations, state investment pool, money market accounts, and United States Government obligations. All invested funds of the Authority properly followed the State investment requirements as of June 30, 2009.

Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more banks or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the Authority. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution.

The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the State Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Excess of funds may be temporarily invested in securities which are issued by the State or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the State or the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are funds owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing NOW accounts of a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

The deposits consist of cash in demand deposit accounts and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

New Mexico State statutes requires collateral pledged for deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance to be delivered, or a joint safekeeping receipt be issued, to the Authority for at least one half of the amount on deposit with the institution.

NOTE 2 Deposits and Investments (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2009, \$177,676 of the Authority's bank balances was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	First Community	Centinel	Peoples	
	Bank	Bank	Bank	Totals
Amount of Deposits (includes CD \$57,600)	\$ 427,676	\$ 105,276	\$ 67,644	\$ 600,596
FDIC Coverage	250,000	105,276	67,644	422,920
Total uninsured public funds	177,676	-	-	177,676
Collateral requirement (50%)	\$ 88,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,838
Pledged Securities	190,422			190,422
(Over) under collateralized	\$ (<u>101,584)</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>(101,584)</u>
Bank Balance	600,596			
FDIC insured	422,920			
Collateralized by securities held by				
pledging institutions or by its trust				
department or agent in other than the				
Authority's name	<u>\$ 190,422</u>			
Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 177,676			

The collateral pledged is listed on Schedule I of this report. The types of collateral allowed are limited to direct obligations of the United States Government and all bonds issued by any agency, district or political subdivision of the State of New Mexico.

NOTE 3 Accounts Receivable

The Authority's accounts receivable at June 30, 2009, are as follows:	Accounts <u>Receivable</u>
Tenants, net of allowance for doubtful accounts Federal Grants	\$ 17,795 <u>3,768</u>
	\$ <u>21,563</u>

NOTE 4 Capital Assets

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2008	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2009
Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 167,589	_		\$ 167,589
Buildings	9,134,763	123,624		9,258,387
Equipment	1,109,531	38,853		1,148,384
Leasehold Improvement	911,638			911,638
	\$11,323,521	162,477		\$ <u>11,485,998</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	\$ 6,237,548	396,299		\$ 6,633,847
Equipment	379,573	24,029		403,602
Leasehold Improvements	<u>374,680</u>			374,680
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 6,991,801</u>	421,228		<u>\$ 7,413,030</u>
Net Capital Assets	\$ 4,331,720	<u>\$(258,751)</u>	<u> </u>	\$ <u>4,072,968</u>

The Authority has continued to maintain the cost of its buildings and equipment and update its depreciation schedule as information becomes available. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2009, totaled \$421,228.

NOTE 5 Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 6 Risk Management

Taos County Housing Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets: errors and omissions: injuries to employees: and natural disasters. Authority has joined together with other housing authorities throughout the Country and obtained insurance through the Housing Authority Insurance Group, a housing authority risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member units. The Authority pays an annual premium to the Housing Authority Insurance Group for its general insurance coverage and all risk of loss is transferred.

NOTE 7 Other Information

PERA Pension Plan

Substantially all of the Authority's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123.

Plan members are required to contribute 15.65% of their gross salary. The Authority is required to contribute 11.65% of the gross salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Authority's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$ 52,975,\$ 46,917, and\$ 50,188, , while the employee's contributions were \$72,303, \$63,026, and \$64,741, respectively. All amounts expended were equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

Post Employment Benefits

The Retiree Health Care Act (10-7C-1 to 10-7C-16 NMSA 1978) provides comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from selected public service in New Mexico.

The purpose is to provide eligible retirees, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance consisting of a plan, or optional plans, of benefits that can be purchased by funds flowing into the Retiree Health Care Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Monies flow to the Retiree Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis from eligible employers and eligible retirees. Eligible employers are institutions of higher education, school districts, or other entities participating in the Public School Insurance Authority, State Agencies, State Courts, Magistrate Courts, Municipalities or Counties, which are affiliated under or covered by the Educational Retirement Act, the Public Employees Retirement Act, Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act, Judicial Retirement Act, or the Magistrate Retirement Act.

Eligible retirees are either retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the Retiree Health Care Act on the person's behalf, unless that person retired on or before July 1, 1995, in which event the time period for contributions becomes the period of time between July 1, 1990, and the date or retirement; or secondly, retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990.

Each participating employer makes contributions to the fund in the amount of 1.3% of each participating employee's annual salary. Each participating employee contributes to the fund an employee contribution equal to 0.65% of the employee's annual salary. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium of fifty seven dollars and sixty five cents (\$57.65) for the basic single plan and an additional participation fee of five dollars (\$5.00) if the eligible participant retired prior to July 1, 1990, and made no contributions to the plan.

Contributions from participating employers and employees become the property of the Retiree Health Care Fund and are not refundable under any circumstance, including termination of employment or termination of the participating employer's operation or participation in the Retiree Health Care Act. The employer, employee, and retiree contributions must be remitted to the Retiree Health Care Authority on a monthly basis.

The Retiree Health Care Authority issues a separate, public available audited financial report that includes post employment benefit expenditures of premiums and claims paid, participant contributions (employer, employee, and retiree), and net expenditures for the fiscal year. The report also includes the approximate number of retirees participating in the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle N.E. Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Authority remitted \$5,911 in employer contributions and \$2,956 in employee contributions to the Retiree Health Care Authority.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY A COMPONENT UNIT OF TAOS COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

NOTE 8 Concentrations

Seventy percent of the Authority's revenues are derived from grants from various federal agencies. Reduction or interruption of these funds is not expected, however, if reduction or interruption of funding occurred it would have a material impact on the operations of the Authority.

NOTE 9 Transfers

The transfers between Programs totaling \$162,477 were for the cost of construction borne by the CFP Program for the Low Rent Program.

NOTE 10 Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

Fund Deficits

At June 30, 2009, the Authority reported no deficit fund balances.

NOTE 11 Subsequent Accounting Standards

In August 2008, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The Statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by State and Local Governments. The Authority is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statements, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements of the upcoming year.

In April 2009, the Governmental Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 30, 2010. Early implementation is encouraged. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. The Authority is analyzing the effect that this statement will have on its financial statements, and currently believes it will have no significant effect on the financial statements of the upcoming year.

NOTE 12 Federal and State Grants

Taos County Housing Authority participates in a number of federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, Taos County Housing Authority may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2009, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by the grantor agencies. Management believes that any disallowed expenditures discovered in subsequent audits, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the individual funds or the overall financial position of Taos County Housing Authority.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY LOW INCOME AND INDIAN HOUSING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				(2.1.8	
Intergovernmental	721,932	721,932	721,932		
Total revenues	721,932	721,932	721,932		
Expenditures:					
Current					
Housing	1,044,919	1,044,919	1,044,919		
Total expenditures	1,044,919	1,044,919	1,044,919		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(322,987)	(322,987)	(322,987)		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Operating transfers in (out)	-	-	162,477	162,477	
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	
Designated cash	322,987	322,987		(322,987)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	322,987	322,987	162,477	(160,510)	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(160,510)	(160,510)	
Fund balances - beginning of year			4,378,688	4,378,688	
Fund balances - end of year	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,218,178	\$ 4,218,178	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHERS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budgeted Original		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	2,440,478	2,440,478	2,396,778	43,700
Total revenues	2,440,478	2,440,478	2,396,778	43,700
Expenditures:				
Current				
Housing	2,637,600	2,637,600	2,637,602	(2)
Total expenditures	2,637,600	2,637,600	2,637,602	(2)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(197,122)	(197,122)	(240,824)	43,702
<i>Other financing sources (uses):</i> Operating transfers in (out) Bond proceeds	-	-	-	- -
Designated cash	197,122	197,122	-	(197,122)
Total other financing sources (uses)	197,122	197,122		(197,122)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(240,824)	(240,824)
Fund balances - beginning of year			548,668	548,668
Fund balances - end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 307,845	\$ 307,844

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY CAPITAL FUNDS PROJECT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON - GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Intergovernmental 415,396 415,396 238,047 Total revenues 415,396 415,396 238,047	(177,349) (177,349)
Total revenues 415,396 415,396 238,047	(177,349)
Expenditures:	
Current	
Housing 417,148 417,148 75,570	341,578
Total expenditures 417,148 417,148 75,570	341,578
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
<i>over expenditures</i> (1,752) (1,752) 162,477	164,229
Other financing sources (uses):(162,477)Bond proceeds	(162,477)
Designated cash 1,752 -	(1,752)
Total other financing sources (uses)1,7521,752(162,477)	(164,229)
Net change in fund balances	-
Fund balances - beginning of year	
Fund balances - end of year \$ - \$ - \$	-

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF COLLATERAL PLEDGED BY DEPOSITORY FOR PUBLIC FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

Name of Depository	Description of Pledged Collateral		Market Value ne 30, 2009	Name and Location of Safekeeper
First Community Bank	FHLB AGENCY NOTE, 8/14/09			
	Cusip 3133X8CS9 3.88%	\$	25,210	FHLB, Dallas, TX
	MBS FNMA 420265, 8/1/2013			
	Cusip 31374TBT5 6.00%		29,980	FHLB, Dallas, TX
	MBS FHLMC 30 Yr, 1/1/2030			
	Cusip 31292HAK0 7.50%		36,398	FHLB, Dallas, TX
	Taos NM St Shared Gross, 6/1/2023			
	Cusip 87601RAL4 4.10%	*	30,000	FHLB, Dallas, TX
	FNR 2004-18 ED, 3/25/2031			
	Cusip 31393XSV0 6.00%		45,812	FHLB, Dallas, TX
	MBS FHLMC Gold 15 Yr, 7/1/2037		- , -	,,
	Cusip 33128KUNS2 5.5%		23,022	FHLB, Dallas, TX
	<u>^</u>		,	. ,
Fotal, First Community Bank		\$	190,422	

* Stated at Par Value

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2009

Bank Account Type/Name	First Community	Centinel Bank	Peoples Bank	 Totals
Section 8 Housing Assistance Program Checking	\$ 341,978	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 341,978
Low Rent Checking	71,384	-	-	71,384
Escrow Account Checking	14,313	-	-	14,313
Paryoll Checking	-	159	-	159
Taos County Housing Authority Checking	-	46,073	-	46,073
Certificate of Deposit	-	59,044	-	59,044
Low Rent Public Housing Checking	-	-	67,644	67,644
Total On Deposit Petty Cash	427,675	105,276	67,644	600,595 200
Reconciling Items	(8,019)	(179)	(7,016)	 (15,214)
Reconciled Balance June 30, 2009	\$ 419,656	\$ 105,097	\$ 60,628	\$ 585,581
Cash as shown on the Statement of Net Assets Cash and Temporary Investments Restricted Cash				 517,300 68,281

1	68,281	
1	585,581	\$

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Low Rent Public Housing	Housing Choice Vouchers	Public Housing Capital Fund	Total
Assets				
111 Cash-Unrestricted	191,951	325,349	-	517,300
112 Cash-Restricted-Modernization & Development	-	-	-	-
113 Cash-Other Restricted	3,978	18,410	-	22,388
114 Cash-Tenant Security Deposits	45,893	-	-	45,893
115 Cash Restricted for Payment of Current Liability				-
100 Total Cash	241,822	343,759	-	585,581
121 Accounts Receivable-PHA projects	3,768	-	-	3,768
122 Accounts Receivable-HUD projects	-	-	-	-
124 Accounts Receivable-Other Government	-	-	-	-
125 Accounts Receivalbe -Miscellaneous	15,797	-	-	15,797
126 Accounts Receiavle- Tenants Dwelling Rents	1,998	-	-	1,998
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts-Dwelling Rents	-	-	-	-
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts-Other	-	-	-	-
128 Fraud Recovery	-	-	-	-
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts-Fraud	-	-	-	-
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	-	-	-	-
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	21,563	-	-	21,563
131 Investments-Unrestricted	-	-	-	-
132 Investmetns-Restricted	-	-	-	-
135 Investments Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	-	-	-	-
142 Prepaid Expense and Other Assets	5,041	8,069	-	13,110
143 Inventories	-	-	-	-
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	-	-	-	-
144 Interprogram Due From	-	-	-	-
145 Assets Held for Sale	-	-	-	-
146 Amounts to be provided	-	-	-	-
150 Total Current Assets	5,041	8,069		13,110
161 Land	167,589	-	-	167,589
162 Buildings	10,170,025	-	-	10,170,025
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery-Dwelling	857,588	-	-	857,588
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery-Administration	290,796	-	-	290,796
165 Leasehold improvements	-	-	-	-
166 Accumulated Depreciation	(7,413,030)	-	-	(7,413,030)
167 Construction in Progress	-	-	-	-
168 Infrastructure	-	-	-	-
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	4,072,968	-	-	4,072,968
171 Notes, Loans, and Mortgages Receivable-Noncurrent	-	-	-	-
172 Notes, Loans, and Mortgages Receivable-Noncurrent-past due	-	-	-	-
172 Totes, Ebans, and Wortgages Receivable-ToneuTent-past due 173 Grants Receivable-Noncurrent	_	-	_	_
173 Other Assets	-	-	-	
174 Oner Assets 176 Investments in Joint Ventures	-	-	-	-
180 Total Noncurrent Assets				-
100 Total Noncultent Assets	-	-	-	-
190 Total Assets	4,341,394	351,828		4,693,222

	Low Rent Public Housing	Housing Choice Vouchers	Public Housing Capital Fund	Total
Liabilities				
311 Loan Payable to Town	-	-	-	-
312 Accounts Payable-less than 90 days	20,006	-	-	20,006
313 Accounts Payable-greateer thatn 90 days	-	-	-	-
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	18,292	10,978	-	29,270
322 Accrued Compensated Absences-Current	11,257	5,514	-	16,771
324 Accrued Contingency Liability	-	-	-	-
325 Accrued Interest Payable	-	-	-	-
331 Accounts Payable-HUD PHA programs	3,979	18,410	-	22,389
332 Accounts Payable PHA projects	-	-	-	-
333 Accounts Payable-Other Government	-	-	-	-
341 Tenant Security Deposits	45,893	-	-	45,893
342 Deferred Revenue	-	-	-	-
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt Operating Borrowings	-	-	-	-
345 Other Current Liabilities	-	-	-	-
346 Accrued Liabilities-Other	-	-	-	-
347 Interprogram Due To	-	-	-	-
348 Loan Liability-Current	-	-	-	-
310 Total Current Liabilities	99,427	34,902		134,329
352 Long-term Debt, net of current-operating borrowings	-	-	-	-
353 Noncurrent liabilities-Other	-	-	-	-
354 Accrued Compensated Absences-Noncurrent	23,789	9,082	-	32,871
355 Loan liability-noncurrent				-
350 Total Noncurrent Liabilities	23,789	9,082	-	32,871
300 Total Liabilities	123,216	43,984		167,200
Equity				
501 Investments in General Capital Assets	-	-	-	-
502 Project Notes (HUD)	-	-	-	-
503 Long-term Debt-HUD Guaranteed	-	-	-	-
504 Net HUD PHA Contributions	-	-	-	-
505 Other HUD Contributions	-	-	-	-
507 Other Contributions	-	-	-	-
508 Total Contributed Capital	-	-	-	-
508.1 Invested in capital assests, net of related debt	4,072,968			4,072,968
510 Fund Balance reserved for capital activities	-	-	-	-
511 Total reserved fund balance	-	-	-	-
511.1 Restricted Net Assets	-	-	-	-
512 Undesignated fund balance/retained earnings	-	-	-	-
512.1 Unrestricted Net Assets	145,210	307,844		453,054
513 Total Equity/Net Assets	4,218,178	307,844	-	4,526,022
600 Total Liabilities and Equity/Net Assets	4,341,394	351,828	-	4,693,222

	Low Rent Public Housing	Housing Choice Vouchers	Public Housing Capital Fund	Total
Revenues				
703 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	242,451	-	-	242,451
704 Tenant Revenue-Other		-	-	
706 HUD PHA Operating Grants	420,806	2,335,226	238,047	2,994,079
706.1 Capital Grants		_,		_,,,,,,,,
711 Investment Income-Unrestricted	1,570	5,684	-	7,254
714 Fraud Recovery	-	9,060	-	9,060
716 Other Revenue	57,105	46,808	-	103,913
700 Total Revenue	721,932	2,396,778	238,047	3,356,757
Expenses				
911 Administrative Salaries	114,933	179,620	-	294,553
912 Auditing Fees	3,283	3,869	-	7,152
913 Outside Management Fees	16,131	3,214	-	19,345
914 Compensated Absences	2,453	3,144	-	5,597
915 Employee Benefit Contributions-Administrative	59,154	77,693	-	136,847
916 Other Operating-Administrative	23,101	18,202	-	41,303
931 Water	73,144	-	-	73,144
932 Electricity	16,442	-	-	16,442
933 Gas	52,760	-	-	52,760
938 Other Utilities Expense	5,851	-	-	5,851
941 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations-Labor	142,428	-	-	142,428
942 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations-Materials and Other	19,190	2,186	-	21,376
943 Ordinary Mainenance and Operations-Contract Costs	26,707	-	-	26,707
961 Insurance Premiums	10,896	8,069	-	18,965
962 Other General Expenses	45,041	-	75,570	120,611
964 Bad Debt-Tenant Rents	6,246			6,246
969 Total Operating Expenses	617,760	295,997	75,570	989,327
970 Excess Operating Revenue over Operaing Expenses	104,172	2,100,781	162,477	2,367,430
971 Extraordinary Maintenance	5,932	-	-	5,932
973 Housing Assistance Payments	-	2,341,605	-	2,341,605
974 Depreciaiton Expense	421,228	-		421,228
Total Other Expenses	427,160	2,341,605		2,768,765
900 Total Expenses	1,044,920	2,637,602	75,570	3,758,092
1001 Operating Transfers In (out)	162,477		(162,477)	-
1000 Excess (deficiency) of Revenue over Total Expenses	(160,511)	(240,824)		(401,335)
1103 Beginning Equity	4,378,688	548,668		4,927,356
Ending Equity (deficit)	4,218,177	307,844		4,526,021

COMPLIANCE SECTION

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Hector Balderas New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget To the Governing Board Taos County Housing Authority Taos, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Taos County Housing Authority (Authority), a component unit of Taos County, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated August 28, 2009. We have also audited the Budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Taos County Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Taos County Housing Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorized, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the agency's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entities internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Taos County Housing Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, the Office of the State Auditor, New Mexico Legislature, its committees and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Precision Accounting LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico August 28, 2009

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Hector Balderas New Mexico State Auditor The Office of Management and Budget To the Governing Board Taos County Housing Authority Taos, New Mexico

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Taos County Housing Authority, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. Taos County Housing Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Taos County Housing Authority management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Taos County Housing Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Taos County Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Taos County Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Taos County Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Taos County Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Taos County Housing Authority' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Taos County Housing Authority's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the agency's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entities internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, the Office of the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, its committees and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Precision Accounting LLC Albuquerque, New Mexico August 28, 2009

STATE OF NEW MEXICO TAOS COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Grant Number	Federal CFDA Number	 Program or Award Amount	E	Federal xpenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers(1)	N/A	14.871	\$ 2,335,226	\$	2,637,602
CFP	N/A	14.872	238,047		75,570
Pass-through NM Mortgage Finance Authority					
Low Income and Indian Housing(1)	2008	14.850	 420,806		617,760
Total U.S. Department of Housing and					
Urban Development			 2,994,079		3,330,932
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 2,994,079	\$	3,330,932

(1) Denotes Major Federal Financial Assistance Program

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1 Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Taos County Housing Authority, New Mexico (Housing Authority) and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as was used to prepare the fund financial statements. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

2 Subrecipients

The Housing Authority did not provide any federal awards to subrecipients during the year.

3 Loans

The Housing Authority had no loans or guarantees during the year.

4 Non-Cash Assistance

The Housing Authority received no non-cash assistance during the year.

Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Financial Statements:

Total federal awards expended per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 3,330,932
Total expenditures funded by other sources	 427,158
Total expenditures	\$ 3,758,090

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

1. Type of auditors' report issued	Unqualified
2. Internal control over financial reporting:	
a. Material weakness identified?	No
b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards:	
1. Internal control over major programs:	
a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
2. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unqualified
3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	No
4. Identification of major programs:	
CFDA <u>Number</u> <u>Federal Program</u>	
14.871Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers14.850Low Income and Indian Housing	
5. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000
6. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Taos County Housing Authority Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

None

SECTION IV PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None

STATE OF NEW MEXICO Taos County Housing Authority Other Disclosures For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Other Disclosures

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on August 26, 2009. In attendance were the following:

Representing the Taos County Housing Authority:

Manual Pacheco, Board Member Carmella Martinez, Executive Director Diana Gonzales, Financial Specialist Uvaldo Mondragon, Fee Accountant

Representing Precision Accounting LLC: Melissa R. Santistevan, CPA C. Jack Emmons, CPA, CFE

Auditor Prepared Financial Statements

Precision Accounting LLC prepared the financial statements of Taos County Housing Authority from the original books and records provided to them by the management of the Housing Authority as agreed upon in the contract for services. The Housing Authority has the ability to prepare, understand and accept responsibility for their financial statements.