FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

JUNE 30, 2010

	<u>PAGE</u>
Directory of Officials	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2-3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	4
Statement of Activities	5
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual on Budgetary Basis- General Fund	10
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	12
Statement of Cash Flows	13
Fiduciary Financial Statement	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	14
Notes to the Financial Statements	15-45
Supplemental Information	
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheets	46-48
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	49-51

	PAGE
Combining and Individual Financial Statements (continued)	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual on Budgetary Basis:	
Farm and Range Fund	52
Recreation Fund	53
Clerk's Equipment Fund	54
Re-Appraisal Fund	55
County Fairgrounds Fund	56
Emergency Medical Services Fund	57
Indigent Fund	58
Medicaid Fund	59
Enhanced 911 Fund	60
20 Communities Fund	61
Corrections Fund	62
Law Enforcement Fund	63
Confiscated Drugs Fund	64
COPS Grant Fund	65
Legal Fund	66
Quemado Fire Fund	67
Datil Fire Fund	68
Glenwood Fire Fund	69
Pie Town Fire Fund	70
Rancho Grande Fire Fund	71
Luna Fire Fund	72
Mogollon Fire Fund	73
Apache Creek Fire Fund	74
Horse Mountain Fire Fund	75
Quemado Lake Fire	76
Coyote Creek Fire Fund	77
Wild Horse Fire Fund	78
Catron County Fire Fund	79

	<u>PAGE</u>
Combining and Individual Financial Statements (continued)	
Reconciliation Budgetary Comparison Statements and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances	80-87
Capital Projects Fund:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual on Budgetary Basis	88
Reconciliation Budgetary Comparison Statement and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances	89
Non-Major Proprietary Fund:	
Combining Statement of Net Assets	90
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Net Assets	91
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	92
Enterprise Funds:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual on Budgetary Basis:	
Landfill Fund	93
Ambulance Fund	94
Airport Fund	95
Reconciliation Budgetary Comparison Statement and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	96-97
Supplemental Financial Information	
Combining Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for the Agency Funds	98
Schedule of General Administrative Revenues and Expenditures Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual on Budgetary Basis	99-100
Schedule of Cash Accounts	101
Schedule of Collateral Pledged	102
·	
Tax Roll Reconciliation - Changes in Property Taxes Receivables	103

	<u>PAGE</u>
Supplemental Financial Information (continued)	
Schedule Tax Collections and Distributions	104
County Treasurer's - Property Tax Schedule	105
Schedule of Joint Powers Agreements	106-107
Supplemental Federal Financial Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	108
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	109
Additional Independent Auditors' Reports	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	110-111
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133	112-113
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	114-132
Exit Conference and Preparation of Financial Statements	133

OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2010

#### **Elected Officials**

Francis Edward Wehrheim Commission Chairman
Hugh B. McKeen Commission Member
Loyd Allen Lambert Commission Member
Sarah Merklein
Irene J. Rael
Sharon Armijo
Shawn C. Menges
Wilford Estrada
Administrative Staff
Bill Aymar County Manager

#### FIERRO & FIERRO, P.A.

#### **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

Ed Fierro, CPA • Rose Fierro, CPA

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#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of County Commissioners Catron County Reserve, New Mexico

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the general fund of Catron County, New Mexico, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise Catron County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the County's non-major governmental fund, non-major enterprise, and the budgetary comparisons for the major capital project fund and all non-major funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Catron County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as discussed in paragraphs three through six, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in note 1E5 and note 9 to the financial statements, management has not recorded depreciation expense on capital assets, nor have they recorded accumulated depreciation within the governmental activities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that those capital assets be depreciated, which would decrease the assets and net assets, and increase the expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net assets and expenses of the governmental activities, is not reasonably determinable.

Catron County has not maintained subsidiary records that detail all capital assets owned by the County. We were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence supporting the amounts reflected as property and equipment, and included in the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010. Further, we were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence supporting the depreciation expense for business-type activities included in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Catron County has not recorded a liability for landfill closure and post-closure costs for the Reserve, Datil and Pie Town, New Mexico landfill sites. We were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence regarding the liability for the Reserve, Datil, and Pie Town closure and post-closure costs that are not included in the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010. Further, we were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence supporting the current year's expense that is not included in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The County Attorney's response to the letter of audit inquiry is not clear regarding a probable or remote outcome concerning pending or threatened litigation, claims, and assessments. We were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence concerning the County's obligation to make financial statements disclosures of unasserted possible claims or assessments for the year ended June 30, 2010.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the third paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities of Catron County as of June 30, 2010, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended. In addition, in our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments as discussed in the fourth, fifth, and sixth paragraphs, if any, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Catron County, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments as discussed in the sixth paragraph, if any, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each non-major governmental and non-major enterprise fund of Catron County, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Additionally, in our opinion, the general fund, capital project fund, major enterprise fund, and all non-major funds referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the budgetary comparison for each fund of Catron County for the year ended June 30, 2010, in conformity with the budgetary basis of accounting more fully described in note 1D, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 15, 2011, on our consideration of Catron County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The County has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the funds budgetary comparison statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements and other opinion units listed above. The additional schedules listed as supplemental financial information and supplemental federal financial information in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements and other opinion units listed above. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and other units listed above and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements, and other opinion units listed above taken as a whole.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Jurio + France, P.A.

June 15, 2011

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

		Primary G			
	Governmental Activities			iness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS					
Cash Investments Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts:	\$	7,030,911 50,000	\$	206,600	\$ 7,237,511 50,000
Accounts		_		194,264	194,264
Taxes		168,389		14,338	182,727
Intergovernmental		193,650		14,234	207,884
Interest		5,081		125	5,206
Prepaid expenses		76,185		4,124	80,309
Internal balances Restricted:		409,932		(409,932)	-
Investments		82,582		-	82,582
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress		854,225		6,000	860,225
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		15,264,134	-	581,104	 15,845,238
Total capital assets		16,118,359		587,104	 16,705,463
Total assets		24,135,089		610,857	 24,745,946
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		138,230		19,757	157,987
Accrued salaries		13,652		3,487	17,139
Accrued interest payable Long-term liabilities:		1,480		-	1,480
Due within one year		193,775		3,060	196,835
Due in more than one year		740,278		193,739	 934,017
Total liabilities		1,087,415		220,043	 1,307,458
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted:		15,232,590		587,104	15,819,694
Debt service		82,582		_	82,582
Unrestricted		7,732,502		(196,290)	 7,536,212
Total net assets	\$	23,047,674	\$	390,814	\$ 23,438,488

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

**Primary Government** 

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Health and welfare Interest on long-term debt	\$ 1,308,798 1,367,482 1,473,844 66,492 416,946 10,350	\$ 159,347 111,712 - - - -	\$ 1,545,718 1,466,187 3,554,969 2,027 180,499	\$ 29,295 94,802 - 29,460 284,315	\$ 425,562 305,219 2,081,125 (35,005) 47,868 (10,350)	\$ - - - - -	\$ 425,562 305,219 2,081,125 (35,005) 47,868 (10,350)		
Total governmental activities	4,643,912	271,059	6,749,400	437,872	2,814,419	-	2,814,419		
Business-type activities:  Landfill  Ambulance  Airport  Total business-type	443,282 148,013 3,703 594,998	157,075 197,547 - 354,622	- - - -	186,928 - - - 186,928	- - - -	\$ (99,279) 49,534 (3,703) (53,448)	(99,279) 49,534 (3,703) (53,448)		
Total primary government	\$ 5,238,910	\$ 625,681	\$ 6,749,400	\$ 624,800	2,814,419	(53,448)	2,760,971		
	General Revenues: Taxes: Gross receipts tax: Property taxes, lev Gasoline and moto Cigarette taxes Interest income Miscellaneous Transfers	ied for general purpose	es		117,378 1,173,301 472,371 1,886 29,293 - (354,000)	88,182 - - - 542 131 354,000	205,560 1,173,301 472,371 1,886 29,835 131		
	Total gen	eral revenues, special i	tems, and transfers		1,440,229	442,855	1,883,084		
	Change in	n net assets			4,254,648	389,407	4,644,055		
	Net assets, beginning	g of year			18,986,536	(192,103)	18,794,433		
	Restatements				(193,510)	193,510			
	Net assets, beginning	g of year restated			18,793,026	1,407	18,794,433		
	Net assets, end of ye	ear			\$ 23,047,674	\$ 390,814	\$ 23,438,488		

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

ASSETS		General Fund		Capital Projects Non-Major Fund Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
	_		_				_	
Cash	\$	5,206,238	\$	697,550	\$	1,127,123	\$	7,030,911
Investments		50,000		-		-		50,000
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts:		150.266				0.000		160 200
Taxes		159,366 31,709		148,500		9,023 13,441		168,389 193,650
Intergovernmental Interest		4,549		146,500		532		5,081
Interfest Interfund balances		1,366,899		-		332		1,366,899
Prepaid expenses		21,667		_		54,518		76,185
Restricted:		21,007		-		34,310		70,103
Investments						82,582		82,582
Total assets	\$	6,840,428	\$	846,050	\$	1,287,219	\$	8,973,697
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	31,035	\$	81,500	\$	25,695	\$	138,230
Accrued salaries	•	13,652	•	-	*	,	•	13,652
Deferred revenues		74,149		-		1,125		75,274
Interfund payable		, <u>-</u>		824,318		132,649		956,967
Total liabilities		118,836		905,818		159,469		1,184,123
Fund Balances:								
Reserved:								
State mandated reserve		1,351,999		-		-		1,351,999
Debt service reported in non-major:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		82,582		82,582
Subsequent year's expenditures		2,974,458		-		-		2,974,458
Subsequent year's expenditures								
reported in non-major:								
Special revenue funds		-		=		640,962		640,962
Unreserved		2,395,135		(59,768)		-		2,335,367
Unreserved, reported in non-major:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		404,206		404,206
Total fund balances		6,721,592		(59,768)		1,127,750		7,789,574
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,840,428	\$	846,050	\$	1,287,219	\$	8,973,697

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances governmental funds (page six)	\$ 7,789,574
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resuorces and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	16,118,359
Recognition of property tax revenues reflected on full accrual basis within the statement of net asets. Governmental funds recognize property tax on the modified accrual basis.	75,274
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(934,053)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt as of year end is reflected as such within the statement of net assets. Governmental funds recognize the interest as it becomes due.	(1,480)
Net assets of governmental activities (page four)	\$ 23,047,674

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

_		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	 Non-Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues: Local effort taxes State shared taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest income Miscellaneous	\$	1,164,998 546,914 5,687,627 24,217 45,384 - 26,930 61,145	\$	- 315,802 - - - -	\$ 17,314 44,721 1,129,186 - 144,241 43,783 2,363 6,946	\$	1,182,312 591,635 7,132,615 24,217 189,625 43,783 29,293 68,091	
Total revenues		7,557,215		315,802	1,388,554		9,261,571	
Expenditures: Current:								
General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Health and welfare Capital outlay Debt service:		1,301,341 744,296 1,473,844 57,176 178,564 493,651		2,809 26,805 374,962	25,078 606,062 - 6,507 211,577 423,234		1,326,419 1,350,358 1,473,844 66,492 416,946 1,291,847	
Principal Interest		- -		- -	 161,249 10,644		161,249 10,644	
Total expenditures		4,248,872		404,576	1,444,351		6,097,799	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		3,308,343		(88,774)	(55,797)		3,163,772	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)		(384,235)		170,026 -	30,235 (170,026)		200,261 (554,261)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(384,235)		170,026	(139,791)		(354,000)	
Net change in fund balances		2,924,108		81,252	(195,588)		2,809,772	
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,797,484		(141,020)	1,516,848		5,173,312	
Restatements				<u>-</u>	(193,510)		(193,510)	
Fund balances, beginning of year restated		3,797,484		(141,020)	1,323,338		4,979,802	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	6,721,592	\$	(59,768)	\$ 1,127,750	\$	7,789,574	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures in the amount of \$1,291,847; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The County has not determined the current year depreciaiton expense. The net adjustment is \$1,291,847.  Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as deferred revenue in the funds. At June 30, 2009, deferred property taxes amounted to \$84,285. The deferred property taxes for the current fiscal year amounted to \$75,274; therefore, the net adjustment is \$9,011.  Accrued interest expense not due within thirty days after year-end is not considered in the current period and is not reported in the governmental funds. The decrease of the accrued interest liability from the previous	847
available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as deferred revenue in the funds. At June 30, 2009, deferred property taxes amounted to \$84,285. The deferred property taxes for the current fiscal year amounted to \$75,274; therefore, the net adjustment is \$9,011.  Accrued interest expense not due within thirty days after year-end is not considered in the current period and is not reported in the governmental	
considered in the current period and is not reported in the governmental	011)
year reduces the interest expense within the statement of activities.	294
The repayment of principal of long-term consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds; however, it is not recorded as an expense within the statement of activities.  161	249
Decrease in the compensated absences liability is reflected as an expense within the statement of activities and the expense does not use a current financial resources and is not recorded within the governmental funds.	497
Net change in governmental activities net assets - government-wide financial statements (page five) \$ 4,254	648

#### GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		ariance With inal Budget ver (Under)
Revenues: Local effort taxes State shared taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	\$	1,222,990 516,500 4,627,979 38,500 49,500 54,000 83,236	\$ 1,222,990 516,500 5,186,278 38,500 49,500 54,000 83,235	\$	1,144,516 546,726 5,169,565 24,217 54,714 26,359 61,145	\$	(78,474) 30,226 (16,713) (14,283) 5,214 (27,641) (22,090)
Total revenues		6,592,705	7,151,003		7,027,242		(123,761)
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Health and welfare  Capital outlay  Total expenditures	_	1,285,640 806,407 946,433 57,680 825,752 3,919,671 7,841,583	 1,424,640 806,407 1,500,732 57,680 825,852 3,919,671 8,534,982	_	1,311,137 749,206 1,474,876 57,811 198,408 507,322 4,298,760		113,503 57,201 25,856 (131) 627,444 3,412,349 4,236,222
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,248,878)	(1,383,979)		2,728,482		4,112,461
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out)		(280,000)	 (387,000)		(384,235)		2,765
Net change in cash balance		(1,528,878)	(1,770,979)		2,344,247		4,115,226
Cash balance, beginning of year		3,047,069	3,047,069		3,047,069		-
Cash advanced to landfill fund			 		(185,078)		(185,078)
Cash balance, end of year	\$	1,518,191	\$ 1,276,090	\$	5,206,238	\$	3,930,148

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

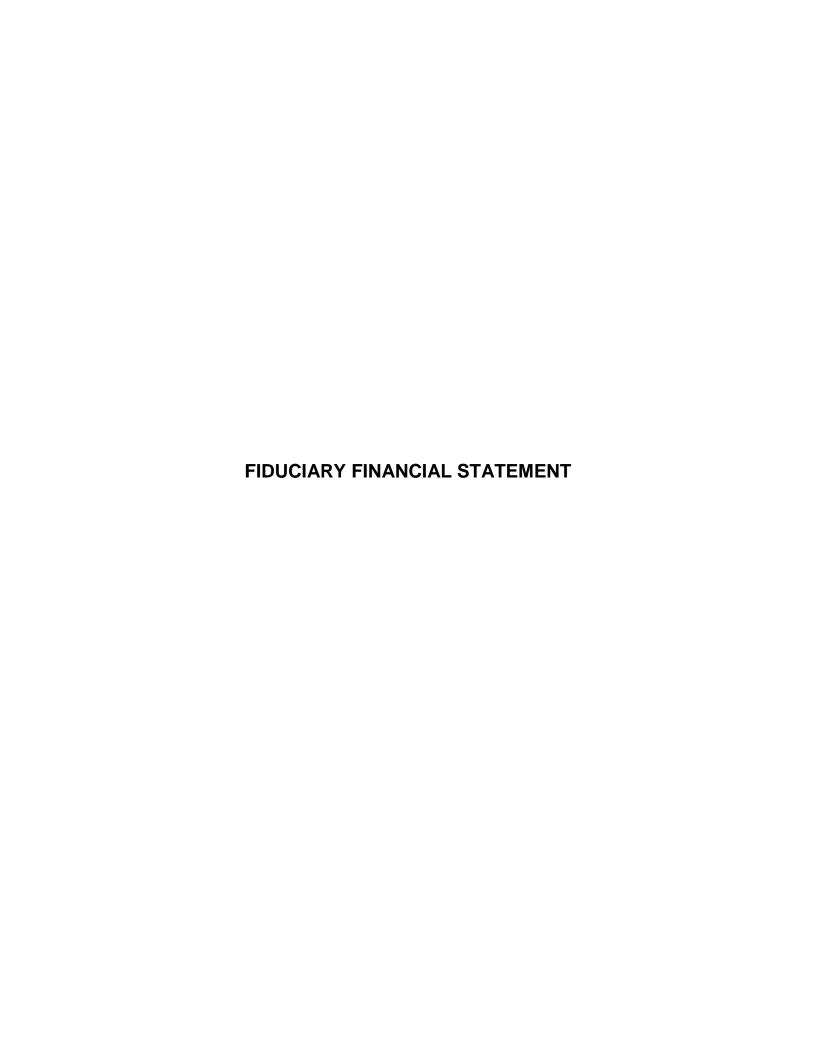
	Landfill Fund	Non-Major Funds						Total	
Assets:									
Current assets:									
Cash	\$ -	\$	206,600	\$	206,600				
Receivables (net of allowance):									
Accounts	50,059		144,205		194,264				
Taxes	7,169		7,169		14,338				
Intergovernmental	14,234		-		14,234				
Interest	-		125		125				
Prepaid expenses	188		3,936		4,124				
Non-Current assets:									
Land	6,000		-		6,000				
Improvements	531,675		-		531,675				
Equipment	409,824		16,261		426,085				
Less accumulated depreciation	 (375,030)		(1,626)		(376,656)				
Total capital assets, net	 572,469	_	14,635		587,104				
Total assets	 644,119		376,670		1,020,789				
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities:	4= 000								
Accounts payable	15,009		4,748		19,757				
Accrued salaries	3,487		-		3,487				
Due to other funds	326,026		83,906		409,932				
Current maturities of:	0.000				0.000				
Compensated absences	3,060				3,060				
Total current liabilities	347,582		88,654		436,236				
Non-Current liabilities:									
Compensated absences	3,739		_		3,739				
Landfill closure and post-closure	190,000		_		190,000				
Total non-current liabilities	193,739				193,739				
	,								
Total liabilities	541,321		88,654		629,975				
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets	572,469		14,635		587,104				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(469,671)		273,381		(196,290)				
, ,									
Total net assets	\$ 102,798	\$	288,016	\$	390,814				

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Landfill Fund	Non-Major Funds	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 157,075	\$ 197,547	\$ 354,622
Operating Expenses: Personnel services General operating Depreciation	301,415 137,785 4,082	150,090 1,626	301,415 287,875 5,708
Total operating expenses	443,282	151,716	594,998
Operating income (loss)	(286,207)	45,831	(240,376)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): State shared taxes Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Interest income  Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	44,091 186,928 - 89 231,108	44,091 - 131 453 44,675	88,182 186,928 131 542 275,783
Income (loss) before transfers	(55,099)	90,506	35,407
Transfers: Transfers in Change in net assets	<u>350,000</u> 294,901	4,000 94,506	<u>354,000</u> 389,407
Net assets, beginning of year	(192,103)	-	(192,103)
Restatements		193,510	193,510
Net assets, beginning of year restated	(192,103)	193,510	1,407
Net assets, end of year	\$ 102,798	\$ 288,016	\$ 390,814

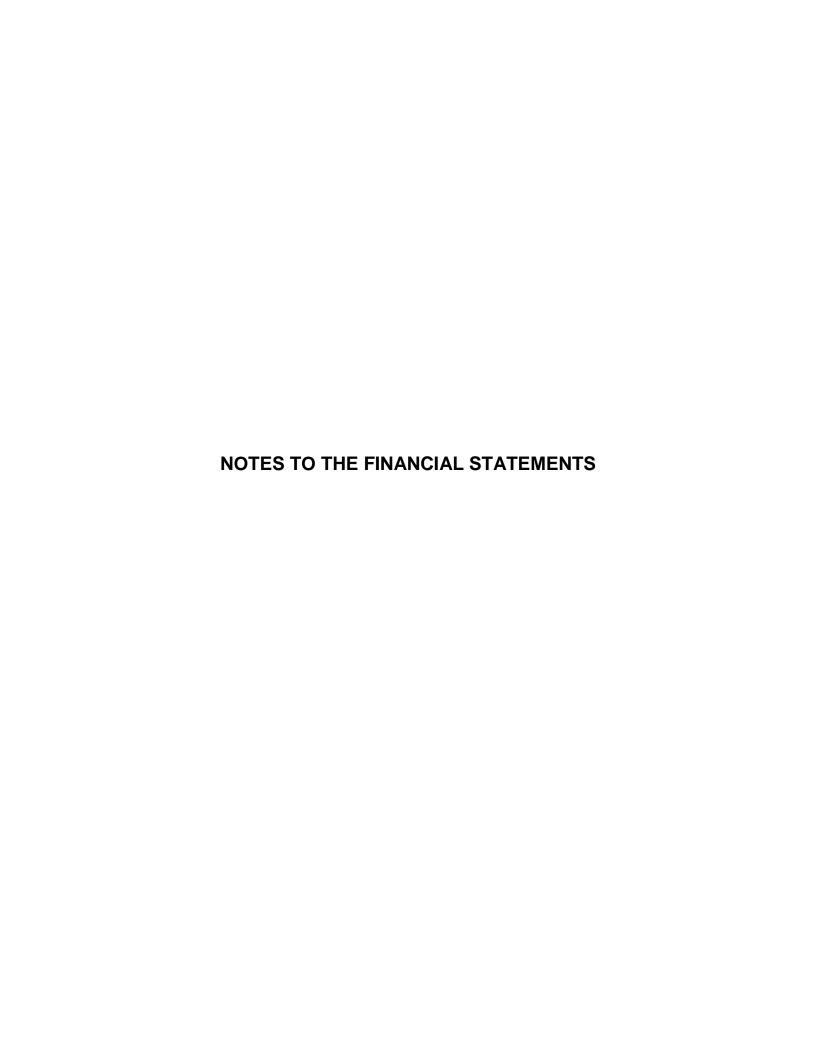
#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	 Landfill Fund	N	on-Major Funds	 Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 157,160 (125,920) (298,947)	\$	150,833 (151,140)	\$ 307,993 (277,060) (298,947)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(267,707)		(307)	(268,014)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital and Financing Activities: Cash received from intergovernmental receipts Cash received from state shared taxes Cash received from miscellaneous sources Transfers in	 200,758 43,373 - 350,000		43,373 131 4,000	200,758 86,746 131 354,000
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities	594,131		47,504	641,635
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of capital assets	 (518,134)		(16,261)	 (534,395)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest income Certificate of deposit redemption	241 -		428 25,000	669 25,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	241		25,428	25,669
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(191,469)		56,364	(135,105)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	6,391		75,236	81,627
Cash advanced from general fund	 185,078			185,078
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 	\$	131,600	\$ 131,600
Displayed as: Cash Time deposits not considered cash equivalents	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	206,600 (75,000)	\$ 206,600 (75,000)
	\$ -	\$	131,600	\$ 131,600
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$ (286,207)	\$	45,831	\$ (240,376)
Depreciation	4,082		1,626	5,708
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expenses Increase in accounts payable Increase in accrued salaries Increase in compensated absences	 85 304 11,561 866 1,602		(46,714) (2,715) 1,665 -	(46,629) (2,411) 13,226 866 1,602
Total adjustments	 18,500		(46,138)	(27,638)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$ (267,707)	\$	(307)	\$ (268,014)



# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Agency Funds		
Assets:			
Cash	\$	6,114	
Taxes receivable		58,971	
Total assets		65,085	
Liabilities:			
Deposits held for others		6,114	
Due to other taxing units - future collections		58,971	
Total liabilities		65,085	
Net assets	\$		



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

With the exception of depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation in the governmental activities and the recording of the landfill closure and post-closure liabilities within the business-type activities, the financial statements of Catron County, New Mexico (County) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The County was established by the laws of the Territory of New Mexico of 1876, under the provisions of the act now referred to as Sections 4-9-1 and 4-9-2 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation. The County operates under the commission-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized in the grant of powers: public safety (sheriff, fire, emergency medical, etc.), public works (highways and streets), sanitation, health and welfare services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration services.

The County's basic financial statements include all activities and accounts of the County's "financial reporting entity."

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, and any another organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. Based on this criterion, there are no component units of the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment; and (3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or activity. For identifying the function to which program revenue pertains, the determining factor for charges for services is which function generates the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is the function to which the revenues are restricted. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes and other items are reported instead as *general revenues*. The net cost (by function of governmental activity) is normally covered by general revenues (property, sales, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are detailed in the combining section of the statements.

The County fiduciary funds (which have been refined and narrowed in scope) are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since, by definition, these assets are being held of the benefit of a third part (other local governments and individuals) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into government-wide statements.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County, as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories, as well as the fiduciary funds (by category). Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, includes property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Derived tax revenues (i.e., sales taxes) are recognized in the period when the exchange transaction on the tax is imposed occurs or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures, generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is made.

Ad valorem taxes and sales tax revenues associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeitures, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash, as the resulting receivable is immaterial. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Business-type activities and all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases and decreases (e.g., revenues and expenses) in net total assets. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,

C. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The principal operating revenue of the County's landfill fund is charges to customers for sales and services, and operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Proprietary funds financial statements of the County follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, *Accounting Principles Board Opinions* and *Accounting Research Bulletins*, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The County reports two major governmental funds and one major proprietary fund as follows:

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for funds from federal, state and local sources for capital projects throughout the County. This includes co-operative agreements with the New Mexico Department of Transportation to construct or improve selected projects.

The *landfill fund* accounts for the provision of solid waste disposal to the County residents. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, but not limited to; administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service, billing and collection.

The County maintains twenty-eight other individual governmental funds that are considered non-major funds, and are classified as special revenue funds. A description of each non-major governmental fund is as follows:

The farm and range fund accounts for the maintenance, improvements and animal control of federal land under Section 10 of the Taylor Grazing Act of 6-28-34. The Taylor Grazing Co-Op Agreement provides funds that are to be used strictly for the maintenance, improvements, and animal control of this federal land. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 6-11-6.

The *recreation fund* accounts for the operations and maintenance of county owned recreation facilities. Financing is provided by the County's share of cigarette tax. State law requires the use of these cigarette taxes be used for recreation purposes. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 7-12-15.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,

#### C. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The *county clerk's equipment fund* accounts for funds collected to be used for purchase of special equipment. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 14-8-12.2B.

The *reappraisal fund* accounts for the proceeds from property taxes and the onepercent administrative fees assessed by county treasurers to revenue recipients. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 7-38-38.1.

The *county fairgrounds fund* accounts for the revenues and expenditures for the operations at the fairgrounds. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 33-3-25.

The emergency medical services fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of medical service equipment in the County. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 24-10A-1 to 24-10A-10.

The *indigent fund* accounts for the revenues received from state gross receipts taxes for hospital service for indigent citizens of the County. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 7-20E-9.

The *Medicaid fund* accounts for monies transferred to provide for Medicaid services. The authority for the fund is given by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, as amended.

The *enhanced 911 fund* accounts for the funding of a regional 911 system. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 63-9D-1 to 9.

The 20 communities fund accounts for state revenues and the related expenditures under the Landowner Assistance Program. The authority for the fund is given by County resolution.

The *corrections fund* accounts for revenues and expenditures for the operation and maintenance of the County's corrections facilities. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 35-14-11.

The *law enforcement fund* accounts for the County's state distribution of Law Enforcement Protection funds to be used for the repair and /or replacement of law enforcement equipment. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 20-13-1.

The *confiscated drugs fund* accounts for the revenues allocated to this fund from confiscated drug money. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 30-31.

The COPS grant fund accounts for the federal grant revenues from the Department of Justice and the related public safety expenditures. The authority for the fund is given by County resolution.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,

#### C. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The *legal fund* accounts for donations to the County to help defray the cost of legal expenditures. The authority for the fund is given by County resolution.

The *Quemado fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Datil fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Glenwood fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Pie Town fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Rancho Grande fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Luna fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Mogollon fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Apache Creek fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Horse Mountain fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The Quemado Lake fire fund accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Coyote Creek fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The *Wild Horse fire fund* accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures there from. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting,
<a href="mailto:continued">c. and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)</a>

The Catron County fire fund accounts for state revenues allocated to this fire district and the expenditures therefrom. The authority for this fund is given by NMSA 59A-53-1.

The County maintains two individual proprietary funds that are considered non-major funds. A description of the non-major proprietary funds is as follows:

The *airport fund* accounts for federal, state and local match revenues and expenditures for the Glenwood and Reserve airports within the County. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 3-39-1.

The *ambulance fund* accounts for the operations and maintenance of the County ambulance. The authority for the fund is given by NMSA 5-1-1.

#### D. Budgets

Budgets for all funds are prepared by management and approved by the local commission and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. The County Manager is responsible for preparing the budget from requests submitted by elected officials and department heads. The appropriated budget is prepared by line item within object class, program, department and fund; revenues expected to be available are estimated to provide for balanced budgeting. The comprehensive budget package is brought before the County Commissioners for approval by resolution. The proposed budget is then submitted by June 1<sup>st</sup> to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration Local Government Division (DFA) for approval. DFA certifies a pending budget by July 1<sup>st</sup> with final certification of the budget by the first Monday of September.

The expenditure section of the budget, once adopted, is legally binding. Based on the final certified budget submitted, DFA certifies the allowable tax rates for property taxes in September. These budgets are prepared on the non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds are reappropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the state of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be utilized to fund deficit budgets appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. Such appropriated balance is legally restricted and is, therefore presented as a reserved portion of fund balance.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a fund basis. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a fund, this may be accomplished with only local commission approval. If a transfer between "funds" or a budget increase is required, approval must be obtained from the Department of Finance and Administration. The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

Investments in the County's cash and certificates of deposit are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. State statutes authorize the County to invest in certificates of deposit, obligations of the state and the U.S. government, and the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool. Cash and certificates of deposit are reported at book value. All other investments are carried at fair market value using quoted market prices. Interest income, realized gains and losses on investment transactions, and amortization of premiums/discounts on investment purchases are included for financial statement purposes as investment income and are allocated to participating funds based on the specific identification of the source of funds for a given investment.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either interfund receivable or interfund payable. Long-term advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The County is responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes for other governmental entities and its own operational and debt service purposes. Property taxes are assessed on November 1<sup>st</sup> of each year based on the assessed value on the prior January 1<sup>st</sup> and are payable in two equal installments by November 10<sup>th</sup> of the year in which the tax bill is prepared and by April 10<sup>th</sup> of the following year.

Property taxes are delinquent if not paid by December 10<sup>th</sup> and May 10<sup>th</sup>. Taxes on real property are a lien from January 1<sup>st</sup> of the year for which the taxes are imposed. Collections and remittance of County property taxes are accounted for in the County Treasurer Agency Funds. Therefore, revenues for budgetary purposes are recorded when taxes are distributed to the general operating and debt service funds. The billings are considered past due 60 days after the respective tax billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are recorded using first-in, first-out cost method. The costs of inventories in governmental fund types are recorded as expenditures when purchased, therefore, the inventory amount is not available for appropriation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

#### 4. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Prior to June 17, 2005, the County defined capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Effective June 17, 2005, in accordance with state statutes, the County changed its capitalization threshold to include only assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more. All assets capitalized prior to June 17, 2005, which are property of the County; remain on the financial and accounting records of the County.

Purchased computer software is recorded at historical cost. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. In accordance with GASB No. 34, the County is required to report newly acquired or constructed general infrastructure.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets contracted. There was no interest expense incurred by the County during the current year. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	10-80
Buildings and other improvements	15-40
Machinery and equipment (including	
computer software)	5-10

Currently, because of the lack of complete and accurate capital assets subsidiary records, no depreciation is being recorded within the governmental activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

#### 6. Compensated Absences

County employees may accumulate limited amounts of vacation pay which are payable to the employee upon termination or retirement. For governmental funds, expenditures are recognized during the period in which vacation costs become payable from available, expendable resources. A liability for amounts earned but not payable from available, expendable resources is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

County employees may accumulate limited amounts of sick leave. For governmental funds, expenditures are recognized during the period in which sick leave costs become payable from available, expendable resources. A liability for amounts earned but not payable from available, expendable resources is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 8. Net Assets

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt – This category reflects the portion of net assets that are associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt.

Restricted net assets – This category reflects the portion of net assets that have third party limitations on their use.

*Unrestricted net assets* – This category reflects net assets of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

#### 9. Fund Equity Reservation and Designations

In the fund financial statements, funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted. Additionally, designations represent tentative managerial plans that are subject to change. Fund equity was reserved or designated for:

Reserved for debt service – Represents the amounts that are required to be used for future retirement of long-term debt.

Reserved for subsequent year's expenditures – Represents amounts, other than carryover expenditures, which are required to be designated for subsequent year's expenditures.

*Unreserved* – Amounts that have not been reserved or designated for any purpose. These funds are available for unrestricted usage by the County.

#### 10. Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash with maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

#### 11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. CASH DEPOSITS

#### Cash

New Mexico State Statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash. Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest bearing checking accounts in one or more bank or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the County. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution. The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the state Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 2. CASH DEPOSITS (continued)

#### Cash (continued)

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities which are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

#### Cash Deposited With Financial Institutions

The County maintains cash at First State Bank, which has a branch located in Reserve, New Mexico. The County's deposits are carried at cost.

As of June 30, 2010, the amount of cash reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the various institutions because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks. The locations and amounts deposited are as follows:

			Reconciling		Per Financial			
	Pe	r Institution		Items	Statements			
First State Bank	\$	7,434,793	\$	(191,168)	\$	7,243,625		

The amounts reported as cash for the primary government within the financial statement is displayed as:

Statement of Net Assets: Cash Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities - agency funds		7,237,511 6.114	
Total cash reported on financial statements	\$	7,243,625	

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories equated to the carrying value by the County. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statute, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the County carrying value of the deposits (demand and certificates of deposit). Such collateral, as permitted by the state statutes is held in each respective depository bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds with the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 2. CASH DEPOSITS (continued)

### Cash Deposited With Financial Institutions (continued)

	 First State Bank
Checking accounts Certificates of deposit	\$ 4,384,793 3,050,000
Total deposits	7,434,793
FDIC coverage	 (500,000)
Uninsured public funds	\$ 6,934,793
Pledged securities Collateral requirements (50% of uninsured	\$ 5,179,454
public funds)	3,467,397
Over (under) collateralization	\$ 1,712,057

A detailed listing of the pledged collateral is contained in the supplemental financial information section of this report. According to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, public unit deposits are owned by the public unit. Time deposits, savings deposits and interest bearing money market accounts at a public unit in an institution in the same state will be insured up to \$250,000 in aggregate and separate from the \$250,000 coverage for public unit demand deposits at the same institution.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2010, \$6,934,793 of the County's bank balances of \$7,434,793 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	- F	First State Bank
Uninsured and collateral held by pledging bank's trust department or agent not in the County's name.	\$	6,934,793

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

Investments at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Agency	Investment	Maturity	F	air Market Value
NM State Treasurer Bank of NY Mellon Tr. Co.	Investment Pool U.S. Treasury Fund	N/A N/A	\$	50,000 82,582
			\$	132,582

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 3. INVESTMENTS (continued)

The investment amounts reported for the primary government within the financial statements are displayed as:

Statement of Net Assets:

Investments \$ 50,000
Restricted investments \$ 82,582
\$ 132,582

#### Cash Deposited With The New Mexico State Treasurer

New Mexico State Statutes authorize the creation of the local short-term investment fund in the New Mexico State Treasury. The statutes authorize the state treasurer to pool monies received from local public bodies for investment purposes with other public monies under his control. The purpose of the local short-term fund is to provide an investment alternative for local political subdivisions to realize the maximum return consistent with safe and prudent management. As of June 30, 2010, the combined balance of the County's investment within the short-term investment fund was \$50,000. The cost basis and the fair market basis of the deposit are equal to \$50,000 (amount of investment).

The investments are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date. The state treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is not SEC registered. The fund is rated AAA<sub>m</sub> by Standards and Poor's. Section 6-10-10.1, NMSA 1978, empowers the state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the state Board of Finance, to invest money held in the short-term investment fund in securities that are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies and are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or are agencies sponsored by the United States government. The Local Government Investment Pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state investments.

The Local Government Investment Pool does not have unit shares. Per section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the state treasurer to the contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the amounts were invested. Participation in the Local Government Investment Pool is voluntary. The average yield at June 30, 2010, was .2571%.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rate variations may adversely affect an investment's fair value. The prices of securities fluctuate with market interest rates and the securities held in a portfolio will decline if market interest rates rise. The portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinant of the tolerance of a fund's investments to rising interest rates. In general, the longer the WAM, the more susceptible the fund is to rising interest rates. The portfolio's weighted average maturity is 50-day WAM.

The County does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 3. INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company

As part of the note agreements and covenants, the County has cash invested at the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company. The trust department has invested the funds within the Dreyfus Cash Management Institutional shares fund. The fund invests in a diversified portfolio of high quality, short-term debt securities, including securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities.

The investments are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date. The fund is rated  $AAA_m$  by Standards and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rate variations may adversely affect an investment's fair value. The prices of securities fluctuate with market interest rates and the securities held in a portfolio will decline should market interest rates rise. The portfolio's weighted average maturity (WAM) is a key determinant of the tolerance of a fund's investments to rising interest rates. In general, the longer the WAM, the more susceptible the fund is to rising interest rates. The portfolio's weighted average maturity is 32-day WAM.

The County does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

#### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	nmental vities	siness-Type Activities
Charges for services Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ - -	\$ 418,014 (223,750)
Total	\$ 	\$ 194,264

The County's policy is to provide for uncollectible accounts based upon expected defaults.

#### 5. TAXES RECEIVABLE

Amounts due from local effort and state shared taxes at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	 vernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities
Local effort taxes State shared taxes	\$ 119,529 48,860	\$ - 14,338
Total	\$ 168,389	\$ 14,338

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 6. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Federal grants State grants	\$ 34,394 159,256	\$ 14,234 -		
Total	\$ 193,650	\$ 14,234		

#### 7. INTEREST RECEIVABLE

Amounts due from county investments interest at June 30, 2010, consisted of the following:

	 ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities		
Interest on County investments	\$ 5,081	\$	125	

#### 8. PROPERTY TAX

A tax is imposed upon all property located within Catron County subject to valuation for property taxation purposes under Article 36, Chapter 7 NMSA 1978. By April 1<sup>st</sup> of each year, the County Assessor mails a notice to each property owner informing him of the net value of his property that has been valued for property evaluation purposes by the assessor.

A property owner may protest the value or classification determined for his property for property taxation purposes, the allocation of value of his property to a particular governmental unit, or a denial of a claim for an exemption, or for a limitation on increase in value. No later than September 1<sup>st</sup> of each year, the secretary of finance and administration shall, by written code, set the property tax rates for the governmental units sharing in the tax in accordance with the property tax code. After receipt of the rate-setting order and the order imposing the tax, but no later than October 1<sup>st</sup> of each tax year, the County Assessor shall prepare a property tax schedule for all property subject to property taxation in the County. A copy of the property tax schedule prepared by the assessor shall be delivered to the County Treasurer on October 1<sup>st</sup> of each tax year.

Upon receipt of the property tax schedule, the County Treasurer shall prepare and mail property tax bills. Tax bill shall be mailed no later than November 1<sup>st</sup> of each tax year.

Property taxes are payable to the County Treasurer in two equal installments due on November 10th of the year in which the tax bill was prepared and mailed, and on April 10th of the following year. Property taxes that are not paid within thirty days after the date on which they are due are delinquent. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalties and interest. A lien against the real property for taxes is effective from January 1st of the tax year that the taxes are imposed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### 8. PROPERTY TAX (continued)

The lien runs in favor of the state and secures the payment of taxes on real property and any penalty and interest that may become due. The lien continues until the taxes and any penalty and interest are paid.

The County Treasurer has the responsibility and authority for collection of taxes and any penalties or interest due under the property tax code. The County Treasurer distributes the receipts from collected taxes to each government unit in an amount and in a manner determined in accordance with the law and with the regulation of the Department of Finance and Administration.

Per NMSA 7-37-7-(B)(1), the County is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes up to \$11.85 per \$1,000 of taxable value for both residential and non-residential property, taxable value being defined as one third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the County is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bond principal and interest in amounts approved by County voters.

The County's operating tax rate to finance general government services for 2009 was \$9.446 per \$1,000 for non-residential property and \$11.030 per \$1,000 for residential property.

#### 9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

			Balance 06/30/09 Increases		D	ecreases	Balance 06/30/10		
Governmental Activities:	-								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	682,087	\$	-	\$	-	\$	682,087	
Construction in progress		582,236		172,138		(582,236)		172,138	
Total capital assets, not									
being depreciated		1,264,323		172,138		(582,236)		854,225	
Other capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings		2,936,466		874,204		-		3,810,670	
Other improvements		5,505,954		-		-		5,505,954	
Machinery and equipment		5,119,769		827,741				5,947,510	
Total other capital assets,									
being depreciated		13,562,189		1,701,945		-		15,264,134	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		-		-		-		-	
Other improvements		-		-		-		-	
Machinery and equipment									
Total accumulated depreciation						-		<u>-</u>	
Other capital assets, net		13,562,189		1,701,945		-		15,264,134	
Total capita assets, net	\$	14,826,512	\$	1,874,083	\$	(582,236)	\$	16,118,359	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 9. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The County did not record depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2010.

	Balance 06/30/09		Increases		Decreases			Balance 6/30/10
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land	\$	6,000	\$		\$		\$	6,000
Land	φ	0,000	φ	-	φ	-	φ	0,000
Other capital assets, being depreciated:								
Other improvements		13,541		518,134		-		531,675
Machinery and equipment		409,824		16,261	1	-		426,085
Total other capital assets,								
being depreciated		423,365		534,395		-		957,760
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Improvements		(4,064)		(1,621)		-		(5,685)
Equipment		(366,884)		(4,087)				(370,971)
Total accumulated depreciation		(370,948)		(5,708)				(376,656)
Other capital assets, net	_	52,417		528,687		-		581,104
Total capital assets, net	\$	58,417	\$	528,687	\$	-	\$	587,104

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in governmental activities obligations during the year ended June 30, 2010, were as follows:

	Balance 06/30/09	А	additions	ı	Deletions	Balance 06/30/10	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Notes payable Compensated absences	\$ 1,047,018 48,781	\$	- 55,007	\$	(161,249) (55,504)	\$ 885,769 48,284	\$	164,338 29,437
Total long-term debt	\$ 1,095,799	\$	55,007	\$	(216,753)	\$ 934,053	\$	193,775

#### Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #1

On April 23, 2004, the County borrowed \$70,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a water tank and cover from the Cruzville/Apache Creek/Aragon Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2014. The annual payment is approximately \$7,000; does not accrue interest but does have a .250% annual administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #1 (continued)

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Р	rincipal	Inte	erest	Total
2011 2012	\$	7,026 7,044	\$	- -	\$ 7,026 7,044
2013 2014		7,044 7,061 7,079		-	7,061 7,079
	\$	28,210	\$	_	\$ 28,210

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #2

In June 2000, the County borrowed \$150,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of fire equipment and a building for the Cruzville/Apache Creek/Aragon Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is repaid from the annual distribution of the fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2011. The annual payment is approximately \$18,950 with accrued interest at rates between 2.00% and 3.00% per annum and an administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	P	rincipal	Int	erest	 Total
2011	\$	18,497	\$	498	\$ 18,995

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #3

On May 17, 2002, the County borrowed \$120,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the acquisition of a fire station for the Horse Mountain Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2012. The annual payment is approximately \$13,200 with accrued interest at rates between 1.820% and 4.350% per annum and an administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year	D	ringinal	lnt	orost	Total
Ending June 30:		rincipal	1111	erest	 TOLAI
2011 2012	\$	12,724 12.974	\$	451 233	\$ 13,175 13,207
2012		12,974		233	 13,201
	\$	25,698	\$	684	\$ 26,382

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #4

On March 14, 2003, the County borrowed \$169,667 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the construction of a fire station for the Coyote Creek Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2013. The annual payment is approximately \$17,100; does not accrue interest but does have a .250% annual administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2011 2012 2013	\$	17,073 17,116 17,158	\$	- -	\$	17,073 17,116 17,158	
	\$	51,347	\$		\$	51,347	

#### Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #5

On July 14, 2006, the County borrowed \$277,778 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a fire truck for the Cruzville Apache Creek Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2017. The annual payment is approximately \$32,800 with accrued interest at rates between 3.28% and 3.870% and a .250% annual administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		 Interest		Total		
2011	\$	27,110	\$ 5,617	\$	32,727		
2012		27,850	4,946		32,796		
2013		28,625	4,242		32,867		
2014		29,449	3,493		32,942		
2015		30,322	2,695		33,017		
2016-2017		63,482	 2,790		66,272		
	\$	206,838	\$ 23,783	\$	230,621		

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #6

In June 2001, the County borrowed \$65,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a fire pumper for the Quemado Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #6 (continued)

The note matures May 1, 2012. The annual payment is approximately \$6,570; does not accrue interest but does have a .250% annual administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Int	erest	Total		
2011 2012	\$	6,570 6,586	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	6,570 6,586	
	\$	13,156	\$		\$	13,156	

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #7

In May 2002, the County borrowed \$55,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the construction of a fire substation for the Quemado Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2012. The annual payment is approximately \$5,500; does not accrue interest but does have a .250% annual administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2011 2012	\$	5,548 5,562	\$	- -	\$	5,548 5,562	
	\$	11,110	\$	-	\$	11,110	

#### Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #8

In June 2001, the County borrowed \$140,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the acquisition of a fire station for the Rancho Grande Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2012. The annual payment is approximately \$15,800 with accrued interest at rates between 1.50% and 4.500% per annum and an administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Int	terest	Total		
2011 2012	\$	15,179 15,536	\$	658 340	\$	15,837 15,876	
	\$	30,715	\$	998	\$	31,713	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #9

On April 23, 2004, the County borrowed \$158,819 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a fire pumper vehicle for the Wild Horse Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2017. The annual payment is approximately \$13,800 with accrued interest at rates between .900% and 3.606% per annum and a .25% administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Interest		 Total	
2011	\$	12,103	\$	1,592	\$ 13,695	
2012		12,306		1,420	13,726	
2013		12,528		1,229	13,757	
2014		12,771		1,018	13,789	
2015		13,030		791	13,821	
2016-2017		26,914		829	27,743	
	\$	89,652	\$	6,879	\$ 96,531	

#### Note Payable – New Mexico Finance Authority #10

On May 11, 2003, the County borrowed \$80,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of fire equipment for the Glenwood Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid form the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2013. The annual payment is approximately \$8,100 with accrued interest at rates between .900% and 3.606% per annum and a .25% administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		terest	Total		
2011 2012 2013	\$ 8,078 8,115 8,152	\$	51 35 18	\$	8,129 8,150 8,170	
	\$ 24,345	\$	104	\$	24,449	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #11

On June 23, 2006, the County borrowed \$75,000 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for infrastructure for the Datil Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2017. The annual payment is approximately \$7,500 and does not accrue interest, but does have a .250% annual administrative charge. The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2011	\$	7,472	\$	-	\$	7,472	
2012		7,490		-		7,490	
2013		7,509		-		7,509	
2014		7,528		-		7,528	
2015		7,547		-		7,547	
2016-2017		15,151		-		15,151	
	\$	52,697	\$	_	\$	52,697	

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #12

On December 12, 2008, the County borrowed \$76,125 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purchase of a fire pumper for the Mogollon Volunteer Fire Department. The loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2019. The annual payment is approximately \$7,612, and does not accrue interest.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2011	\$	7,612	\$	-	\$	7,612	
2012		7,612		-		7,612	
2013		7,612		-		7,612	
2014		7,612		-		7,612	
2015		7,612		-		7,612	
2016-2019		30,453				30,453	
	\$	68,513	\$		\$	68,513	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #13

On February 27, 2009, the County borrowed \$181,867 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purpose of renovating and expanding the officer and dispatch facilities a the Sheriff's Department jail facility in Reserve, New Mexico. The loan is to be repaid from the governmental unit's first increment of one-eighth of one percent County gross receipts tax revenues enacted pursuant to Section 7-20E-9, NMSA 1978, as amended. The note matures May 1, 2028. The annual payment is approximately \$9,140, and does not accrue interest.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Principal		Inte	erest	Total		
2011	\$	9,139	\$	-	\$	9,139	
2012		9,139		-		9,139	
2013		9,139		-		9,139	
2014		9,139		-		9,139	
2015		9,139		-		9,139	
2016-2020		45,695		-		45,695	
2021-2025		45,695		-		45,695	
2026-2029		36,556		-		36,556	
	\$	173,641	\$		\$	173,641	

#### Note Payable - New Mexico Finance Authority #14

On January 9, 2008, the County borrowed \$101,500 from the New Mexico Finance Authority for the purpose of renovating, expanding, and improving the existing Quemado Lake fire substation. To loan is to be repaid from the annual distribution of fire protection funds received from the state of New Mexico. The note matures May 1, 2019. The annual payment is approximately \$10,150, and does not accrue interest.

The following is a schedule of the annual payments required for the note:

Due in Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	P	rincipal	Inte	erest		Total
2011	\$	10,150	\$	_	\$	10,150
2012	•	10,150		-	·	10,150
2013		10,150		-		10,150
2014		10,150		-		10,150
2015		10,150		-		10,150
2016-2019		40,600		-		40,600
	\$	91,350	\$	-	\$	91,350

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation and sick time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Per GASB Interpretation No. 6, liabilities for compensated absences are recognized in the fund statements to the extent the liabilities have matured (i.e., are due for payment). Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

In the past, approximately ninety percent has been paid by the General Fund and ten percent by the Landfill Enterprise Fund.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Changes in the business-type activities obligations during the year ended June 30, 2010, were as follows:

	Balance 06/30/09	Ac	dditions	D	eletions	Balance 06/30/10	Amounts Due Within One Year			
Business-Type Activities: Landfill closure Compensated absences	\$ 190,000 5,197	\$	- 5,630	\$	- (4,028)	\$ 190,000 6,799	\$	- 3,060		
	\$ 195,197	\$	5,630	\$	(4,028)	\$ 196,799	\$	3,060		

#### Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfill site and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for a minimum of thirty (30) years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill sites, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of this landfill closure and post-closure care cost is based on the amount the landfill used during the year.

The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill acquired as of the end of the fiscal year. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs (continued)

In addition, the County is required by the state of New Mexico Environmental Regulation Board to demonstrate financial assurance for the post-closure costs, but has failed to do so.

The estimated liability for the landfill closure site located in Glenwood, New Mexico, and post-closure care costs has been recorded at \$190,000 as of June 30, 2010, which is based on one hundred percent (100%) usage (filled) of the landfill. Environmental laws have forced the closure of the Glenwood and Reserve landfills by the Forest Service, and the closure of the Pie Town landfill by the Bureau of Land Management. The landfill located in Datil has been inactive for several years. Currently, the County uses collection sites located throughout the County to collect trash and transport it to a site located outside New Mexico. No expense provision and no liability have been recorded for the Reserve, Datil and Pie Town landfills.

#### 11. DEFERRED REVENUES

The County has recorded deferred revenues of \$74,149 and \$1,125 within the governmental general and re-appraisal funds respectively. These amounts represent non-current property taxes.

#### **12. TAXES**

Local effort and state shared revenues as of June 30, 2010:

	General Fund	on-Major Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Local effort taxes: Property taxes	\$ 1,164,998	\$ 17,314	\$	1,182,312
State shared taxes:				
Cigarette taxes	\$ 1,256	\$ 630	\$	1,886
Gasoline taxes	144,409	-		144,409
Gross receipts taxes	73,287	44,091		117,378
Motor vehicle registrations	327,962	 -		327,962
	\$ 546,914	\$ 44,721	\$	591,635

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 13. OPERATING LEASE

The County has entered into an agreement to lease a computer system. The agreement includes the use of the computer software and support. The agreement is renewable annually. The County expects that in the normal course of business, the computer agreement will continue to be required. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the County expended \$44,203 for the computer agreement.

## 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

#### Interfund Balances

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2010, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Coyote Creek Special Revenue Fund	\$ 29,427
General Fund	Quemado Special Revenue Fund	272
General Fund	County Fairgrounds Fund	1,085
General Fund	Wild Horse Special Revenue Fund	11,192
General Fund	Datil Special Revenue Fund	16,084
General Fund	Ambulance Special Revenue Fund	57,611
General Fund	Airport Special Revenue Fund	26,295
General Fund	Enhanced 911 Special Revenue Fund	74,589
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	824,318
General Fund	Landfill Fund	 326,026
	Total	\$ 1,366,899

These balances resulted from the time lag between the transactions and the receipt of revenue to offset the expenditures and advances of pooled cash between funds. The balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### Transfers

		neral ınd	Capital Projects Fund	on-Major Funds	Landfill Fund	Total
Transfers (out): General Fund Corrections Fund	\$	- -	\$ - 170,026	\$ 34,235 -	\$ 350,000 <u>-</u>	\$ 384,235 170,026
	\$	-	\$ 170,026	\$ 34,235	\$ 350,000	\$ 554,261

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

## Transfers (continued)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

## 15. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2010:

Fund	 Amount
Capital Projects Fund Enhanced 911 Fund	\$ 59,768 49.189
County Fairgrounds Fund	440

These deficit balances will be reduced from revenues received in the next fiscal year, and or transfers from the general fund.

#### 16. RESTATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the County determined that changes to the beginning of year net assets and fund balances were necessary. A description and the effect of the changes are as follows:

		ide			
		vernmental Activities		iness-Type Activities	 ndividual Funds
Non-Major Funds					
Ambulance Fund In the previous year, the County incorrectly reflected financial activity related to the ambulance fund within governmental activities.	\$	(217,981)	\$	217,981	\$ (217,981)
Airport Fund In the previous year, the County incorrectly reflected financial activity related to the airport fund within governmental activities.		24,471		(24,471)	\$ (24,471)
Total Government-Wide Financial Statements	\$	(193,510)	\$	193,510	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## 17. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the County incurred expenditures over appropriations of the following amounts and funds:

Fund	/	Amount
Mogollon Fire Fund	\$	56,170
Apache Creek Fire Fund		10,559
Coyote Creek Fire Fund		2,785
Quemado Lake Fire Fund		104,381
Wild Horse Fire Fund		9,941
Landfill Fund		18,457
Ambulance Fund		2,596

The County will establish a policy and procedure to ensure appropriate controls over the purchasing process, including timely budget adjustments where required.

# RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AND 18. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 7,027,242
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.	 529,973
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	\$ 7,557,215
Uses/Outflows of Operating Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 4,298,760
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.	(49,386)
The County budgets for salaries paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of salaries not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.	(502)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	\$ 4,248,872

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

# RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AND 18. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (continued)

Other Sources (Uses) of Resources:

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) transfers in and (out) from the budgetary comparison statement.

\$ (384,235)

Differences - Budget to GAAP:

None. \_\_\_\_\_

Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

\$ (384,235)

#### 19. PENSION PLAN - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

#### Plan Description

Substantially all of the County's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA; P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

## Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute from 7.0% to 9.5% (ranges from 4.78% to 16.65% depending upon the division, i.e., state general, state hazardous duty, state police, and adult correctional officers, municipal general, municipal law enforcement, municipal fire, municipal detention officer) of their gross salary. The County is required to contribute from 7.0% to 10.0% (ranges from 7.0% to 25.72% depending upon the plan) of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The County contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$103,293, \$79,295, \$73,577 respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

#### **20. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The Retire Health Care Act, Chapter IV, Article 7C NMSA 1978 provides a comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. The County has elected not to participate in the post-employment health insurance plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

## **21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

#### **Grant Awards**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The County has contracts and grant awards for construction projects in various stages of completion. Such contracts, funded principally by federal and state agencies, constitute future commitments.

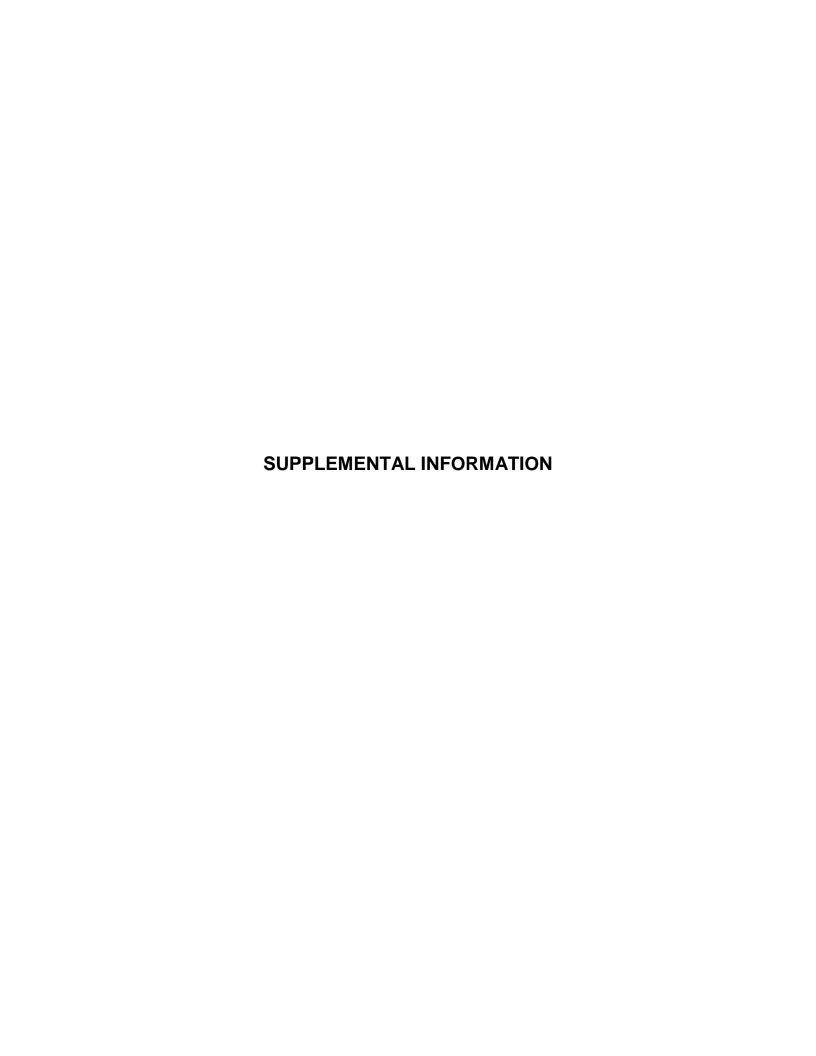
## 23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The County has joined together with other local governments in the state and obtained insurance through the New Mexico Self-Insured fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The County pays an annual premium to New Mexico Self-Insured fund for its general insurance coverage and all risk of loss is transferred.

#### Litigation

The County has various claims and lawsuits pending against the County. The County's attorney believes that no liability or damages could accrue to the County other than payment of attorney and other legal fees.



## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds

	F	arm and Range Fund	creation Fund	Ed	o. Clerk's quipment Fund	oort	appraisal Fund	Fair	County grounds Fund	Ambulanc Fund		mergency /led Srvcs Fund	ı	ndigent Fund	icaid ınd	E	nhanced 911 Fund
<u>ASSETS</u>			 			 									 		
Cash	\$	4,390	\$ 3,044	\$	40,322	\$ -	\$ 66,955	\$	867	\$	- \$	74,985	\$	55,403	\$ -	\$	25,400
Receivables, net of allowances																	
for doubtful accounts:																	
Taxes		-	69		-	-	1,785		-		-	-		7,169	-		-
Intergovernmental		-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Interest		-	-		43	-	41		-		-	67		-	-		-
Prepaid expenses		-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Restricted:																	
Investments		-	 -		-	 	 		-			-		-	 		
Total assets	\$	4,390	\$ 3,113	\$	40,365	\$ 	\$ 68,781	\$	867	\$	- \$	75,052	\$	62,572	\$ 	\$	25,400
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	222	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Deferred revenues		-	-		-	-	1,125		-		-	-		-	_		-
Interfund payable						 			1,085			-			 		74,589
Total liabilities		-	-		-	-	1,125		1,307		-	-		-	-		74,589
Fund Balances: Reserved:																	
Debt service		-	-		-	-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-
Subsequent years' expenditures		3,934	2,975		23,300	-	16,800		-		-	27,015		30,975	-		-
Unreserved		456	138		17,065	 -	50,856		(440)			48,037		31,597	 -		(49,189)
Total fund balances		4,390	3,113		40,365		67,656		(440)			75,052		62,572			(49,189)
Total liabilities and																	
fund balances	\$	4,390	\$ 3,113	\$	40,365	\$ 	\$ 68,781	\$	867	\$	- \$	75,052	\$	62,572	\$ 	\$	25,400

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds

							Special November 2010													
	FundF		orrections Fund				Confiscated Drugs Fund		COPS Grant Fund		Legal Fund		uemado Fire Fund	Datil Fire Fund		Fire		P	rie Town Fire Fund	
<u>ASSETS</u>																				
Cash Receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts:	\$	36,865	\$	78,726	\$	6,982	\$	958	\$	2,598	\$	2,386	\$	69,403	\$	66,965	\$	148,346	\$	42,732
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		=		-		=		-		-
Intergovernmental		2,685		10,756		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		37		-		-		-		-		56		4 400		99		59
Prepaid expenses Restricted:		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,482		4,482		4,482		4,530
Investments				18,337										841		12		9		
Total assets	\$	39,550	\$	107,856	\$	6,982	\$	958	\$	2,598	\$	2,386	\$	74,782	\$	71,459	\$	152,936	\$	47,321
LIABILITIES  AND FUND BALANCES																				
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	2,060	\$	5,968	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	693	\$	11,321
Deferred revenues Interfund payable		- -		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		-		- -		- 272		- 16,084		<u>-</u>		- -
Total liabilities		2,060		5,968		-		-		-		-		272		16,084		693		11,321
Fund Balances: Reserved:																				
Debt service		-		18,337		-		-		-		-		841		12		9		-
Subsequent years' expenditures		37,490		33,389		4,400		-		-		2,280		49,810		29,575		97,131		16,974
Unreserved				50,162		2,582		958		2,598		106		23,859		25,788		55,103		19,026
Total fund balances		37,490		101,888		6,982		958		2,598		2,386		74,510		55,375	_	152,243		36,000
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	39,550	\$	107,856	\$	6,982	\$	958	\$	2,598	\$	2,386	\$	74,782	\$	71,459	\$	152,936	\$	47,321
and fund balances	\$	39,550	\$	107,856	\$	6,982	\$	958	\$	2,598	\$	2,386	\$	74,782	\$	71,459	\$	152,936	\$	47,32

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds																		
	Rancho Grande Luna Fire Fire Fund Fund		Fire	Mogollon Fire Fund		Apache Creek Fire Fund		Horse Mountain Fire Fund		Quemado Lake Fire Fund		Coyote Creek Fire Fund		Wild Horse Fire Fund		Catron County Fire Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds	
<u>ASSETS</u>																			
Cash Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts:	\$	76,549	\$	44,663	\$	42,174	\$	116,094	\$	43,853	\$	17,149	\$	24,646	\$	19,836	\$	14,832	\$ 1,127,123
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	9,023
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	13,441
Interest Prepaid expenses		33 4,568		25 4,482		- 4,482		42 4,670		12 4,594		18 4,670		- 4,482		- 4,594		-	532 54,518
Restricted:		4,500		4,402		4,402		4,070		4,594		4,070		4,402		4,594		-	34,316
Investments	_	20				11		27,962		4,300		20		17,019		14,051			82,582
Total assets	\$	81,170	\$	49,170	\$	46,667	\$	148,768	\$	52,759	\$	21,857	\$	46,147	\$	38,481	\$	14,832	\$ 1,287,219
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities:																			
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	=	\$	1,246	\$	=	\$	=	\$	271	\$	886	\$	2,052	\$	976	\$ 25,695
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	1,125
Interfund payable	_		_											29,427		11,192			 132,649
Total liabilities		-		-		1,246		-		-		271		30,313		13,244		976	159,469
Fund Balances: Reserved:																			
Debt service		20		-		11		27,962		4,300		20		17,019		14,051		-	82,582
Subsequent years' expenditures		49,027		23,795		45,410		93,418		28,707		13,371		-		11,186		-	640,962
Unreserved		32,123		25,375				27,388		19,752		8,195		(1,185)				13,856	 404,206
Total fund balances		81,170		49,170		45,421		148,768		52,759		21,586		15,834		25,237		13,856	 1,127,750
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	81,170	\$	49,170	\$	46,667	\$	148,768	\$	52,759	\$	21,857	\$	46,147	\$	38,481	\$	14,832	\$ 1,287,219

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds

	Farm and Range Fund	Recreation Fund	Co. Clerk's Equipment Fund	Airport Fund	Reappraisal Fund	County Fairgrounds Fund	Ambulance Fund	Emergency Med Srvcs Fund	Indigent Fund	Medicaid Fund	Enhanced 911 Fund
Revenues: Local effort taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,314	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -	\$ -
State shared taxes	<b>D</b> -	630	<b>Ф</b> -	ъ - -	\$ 17,314 -	ъ - -	<b>D</b> -	<b>Ф</b> -	ъ - 44,091	<b>Ф</b> -	<b>Ф</b> -
Intergovernmental	16,065	-	-	_	_	_	_	88,208		_	-
Charges for services	-	-	6,035	-	3,989	-	-	-	-	-	103,897
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Interest income	-	7	141	-	205	-	-	67	7	-	66
Miscellaneous					484						
Total revenues	16,065	637	6,176	-	21,992	-	-	88,275	44,098	-	103,963
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	-	-	9,844	-	15,234	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115,057	-	-	-
Health and welfare	17,300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,235	71,686
Culture and recreation	-	750	-	-	-	5,757	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,295
Debt Service: Principal											
Interest	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
merest											
Total expenditures	17,300	750	9,844		15,234	5,757		115,057		19,235	100,981
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,235)	(113)	(3,668)	-	6,758	(5,757)	-	(26,782)	44,098	(19,235)	2,982
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in	5,000	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	-	-	19,235	-
Transfers (out)			_								
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,000					6,000				19,235	
Net change in fund balance	3,765	(113)	(3,668)	-	6,758	243	-	(26,782)	44,098	-	2,982
Fund balance, beginning of year	625	3,226	44,033	(24,471)	60,898	(683)	217,981	101,834	18,474	-	(52,171)
Restatements				24,471			(217,981)				
Fund balance, beginning of year restated	625	3,226	44,033		60,898	(683)		101,834	18,474		(52,171)
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,390	\$ 3,113	\$ 40,365	\$ -	\$ 67,656	\$ (440)	\$ -	\$ 75,052	\$ 62,572	\$ -	\$ (49,189)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Special Revenue Funds

_		20 munities Fund	rections Fund	Enfo	_aw rcement iund	scated rugs und	(	OPS Grant Fund	egal und	F	mado ire und	Datil Fire Fund	G	enwood Fire Fund	F	Town ire und	Gra	ancho Inde Fire Fund
Revenues: Local effort taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State shared taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		103,949	- 22,071 43,783		24,200	-		1,905 - -	-	10	- 07,333 - -	51,636 - -		51,636 -	7	- 7,451 - -		51,636 1,075
Interest income Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>	 198 3,557		<u>-</u>	3		1 -	9		125 1,340	151 -		281 -		130 -		155 -
Total revenues		103,949	69,609		24,200	3		1,906	9	10	08,798	51,787		51,917	7	7,581		52,866
Expenditures: Current:																		
General government Public safety Health and welfare		103,356	53,128 -		- -	200		-	-	Ę	58,317 -	38,505 -		27,068	4	- 10,936 -		18,894 -
Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt Service:		-	-		24,602	-		-	-		-	-		-	4	- 19,629		-
Principal Interest		<u>-</u>	 8,226		<u>-</u>	- -		<u>-</u>	- -		6,554 -	 7,453 -		8,044 65		- -		14,845 955
Total expenditures		103,356	61,354		24,602	 200			 	6	64,871	 45,958		35,177	9	0,565		34,694
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		593	8,255		(402)	(197)		1,906	9	2	13,927	5,829		16,740	(1	2,984)		18,172
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)		- -	- (170,026)		- -	 <u>-</u>		- -	 <u>-</u>		- -	- -		- -		- -		- -
Total other financing sources (uses)			 (170,026)			 			-			 						
Net change in fund balance		593	(161,771)		(402)	(197)		1,906	9	4	13,927	5,829		16,740	(1	2,984)		18,172
Fund balance, beginning of year		36,897	263,659		7,384	1,155		692	2,377	3	30,583	49,546		135,503	4	8,984		62,998
Restatements	_					 			 		-	 				-		
Fund balance, beginning of year restated		36,897	263,659		7,384	 1,155		692	2,377	3	30,583	 49,546		135,503	4	8,984		62,998
Fund balance, end of year	\$	37,490	\$ 101,888	\$	6,982	\$ 958	\$	2,598	\$ 2,386	\$ 7	74,510	\$ 55,375	\$	152,243	\$ 3	86,000	\$	81,170

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Luna Fire Fund	Mogollon Fire Fund	Apache Creek Fire Fund	Horse Mountain Fire Fund	Quemado Lake Fire Fund	Coyote Creek Fire Fund	Wild Horse Fire Fund	Catron County Fire Fund	Total Special Revenue Funds		
Revenues: Local effort taxes State shared taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest income Miscellaneous	\$ - 51,636 - 85 200	\$ - 51,636 - 179 -	\$ - 163,052 5,960 - 274	\$ - 51,636 - 72 50	\$ - 51,636 328 - 97 -	\$ - 51,636 - 58 -	\$ - 64,636 886 - 52 1,315	\$ - 69,299 - - - -	\$ 17,314 44,721 1,129,186 144,241 43,783 2,363 6,946		
Total revenues	51,921	51,815	169,286	51,758	52,061	51,694	66,889	69,299	1,388,554		
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Heatth and welfare Culture and recreation Capital outlay	32,992 - - -	- 17,183 - - 188,164	53,800 - - -	26,868 - - -	18,559 - - 112,444	21,938 - - -	46,274 - - -	36,343 - 19,100	25,078 606,062 211,577 6,507 423,234		
Debt Service: Principal Interest	- -	7,612	51,391 7,226	12,489 654	15,684	17,030	11,921 1,744	-	161,249 10,644		
Total expenditures	32,992	212,959	112,417	40,011	146,687	38,968	59,939	55,443	1,444,351		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	18,929	(161,144)	56,869	11,747	(94,626)	12,726	6,950	13,856	(55,797)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers (out)	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	- -	- -	<u>-</u>	- -	<u>.</u>	30,235 (170,026)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		-	=		-		(139,791)		
Net change in fund balance	18,929	(161,144)	56,869	11,747	(94,626)	12,726	6,950	13,856	(195,588)		
Fund balance, beginning of year	30,241	206,565	91,899	41,012	116,212	3,108	18,287	-	1,516,848		
Restatements									(193,510)		
Fund balance, beginning of year restated	30,241	206,565	91,899	41,012	116,212	3,108	18,287		1,323,338		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 49,170	\$ 45,421	\$ 148,768	\$ 52,759	\$ 21,586	\$ 15,834	\$ 25,237	\$ 13,856	\$ 1,127,750		

FARM AND RANGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		<u>E</u>	Final Budget	ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	16,683	\$	16,683	\$ 16,065	\$	(618)	
Expenditures: Current: Health and welfare		17,000		19,000	17,300		1,700	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(317)		(2,317)	(1,235)		1,082	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in				5,000	5,000			
Net change in cash balance		(317)		2,683	3,765		1,082	
Cash balance, beginning of year		625		625	625			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	308	\$	3,308	\$ 4,390	\$	1,082	

RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		ctual on dgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues:	Φ 000							
State shared taxes Interest income	\$	600 100	\$ 600 100	\$	582 10	\$	(18) (90)	
Total revenues		700	700		592		(108)	
Expenditures: Current:								
Culture and recreation		3,500	3,500		750		2,750	
Net change in cash balance		(2,800)	(2,800)		(158)		2,642	
Cash balance, beginning of year		3,202	 3,202		3,202			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	402	\$ 402	\$	3,044	\$	2,642	

CLERK'S EQUIPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 7,500		\$	7.500	\$ 6,035	\$	(1,465)	
Interest income		500		500	 130		(370)	
Total revenues		8,000		8,000	6,165		(1,835)	
Expenditures: Capital outlay		30,000		30,000	11,069		18,931	
Net change in cash balance		(22,000)		(22,000)	(4,904)		17,096	
Cash balance, beginning of year		45,226		45,226	 45,226			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	23,226	\$	23,226	\$ 40,322	\$	17,096	

RE-APPRAISAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Local effort taxes Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	16,000 5,000	\$	16,000 5,000	\$ 16,978 3,989 484	\$	978 (1,011) 484	
Interest income  Total revenues		21,500		21,500	342 21,793		(158) 293	
Expenditures: Current:								
General government Capital outlay		15,800 20,000		15,800 20,000	 15,710 -		90 20,000	
Total expenditures		35,800		35,800	15,710		20,090	
Net change in cash balance		(14,300)		(14,300)	6,083		20,383	
Cash balance, beginning of year		60,872		60,872	 60,872			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	46,572	\$	46,572	\$ 66,955	\$	20,383	

COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		original Budget	Final Budget		Bu	ctual on dgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Expenditures: Current: Health and welfare	\$	4,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,535	\$	465	
	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	0,000	Ψ	0,000	Ψ	100	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		4,000		6,000		6,000			
Net change in cash balance		-		-		465		465	
Cash balance, beginning of year		402		402		402			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	402	\$	402	\$	867	\$	465	

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis		Fina	ance With al Budget er (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ \$ 86,892		86,982	\$	88,208	\$	1,226
Expenditures: Current: Public safety	 129,500		139,225		115,738		23,487
Net change in cash balance	(42,608)		(52,243)		(27,530)		24,713
Cash balance, beginning of year	 102,515		102,515		102,515		
Cash balance, end of year	\$ \$ 59,907		50,272	\$	74,985	\$	24,713

## INDIGENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		<u>E</u>	Final Budget	Вι	ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues:									
State shared taxes Interest income	\$	15,000 100	\$	40,000 100	\$	43,373 10	\$	3,373 (90)	
Total revenues		15,100		40,100		43,383		3,283	
Expenditures: Current:									
Health and welfare		15,350		40,650				40,650	
Net change in cash balance		(250)		(550)		43,383		43,933	
Cash balance, beginning of year		12,020		12,020		12,020			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	11,770	\$	11,470	\$	55,403	\$	43,933	

## MEDICAID SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget	ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Expenditures: Current:							
Health and welfare	\$ 22,000	\$	22,000	\$ 19,235	\$	2,765	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	 22,000		22,000	 19,235		(2,765)	
Net change in cash balance	-		-	-		-	
Cash balance, beginning of year	 			 			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	

## ENHANCED 911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Вι	ctual on Idgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Miscellaneous Interest	\$	- 250	\$	- 250	\$	2,916 86	\$	2,916 (164)	
Total revenues		250		250		3,002		2,752	
Expenditures: Current:									
Health and welfare Capital outlay		12,500 12,500		12,500 12,500		- -		12,500 12,500	
Total expenditures		25,000		25,000				25,000	
Net change in cash balance		(24,750)		(24,750)		3,002		27,752	
Cash balance, beginning of year		22,398		22,398		22,398	,		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	(2,352)	\$	(2,352)	\$	25,400	\$	27,752	

20 COMMUNITIES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Judgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	308,000	\$	689,000	\$ 223,834	\$	(465,166)	
Expenditures: Current: Health and welfare		308,176		691,492	 223,866		467,626	
Net change in cash balance		(176)		(2,492)	(32)		2,460	
Cash balance, beginning of year		36,897		36,897	 36,897			
Cash balance, end of year	\$	36,721	\$	34,405	\$ 36,865	\$	2,460	

#### CORRECTIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,071	\$ 22,071	
Fines and forfeitures	39,000	39,000	47,759	8,759	
Miscellaneous	21,000	21,000	3,557	(17,443)	
Interest income	500	500	190	(310)	
Total revenues	60,500	60,500	73,577	13,077	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety	83,500	83,500	49,628	33,872	
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	
Debt service	9,139	9,139	8,226	913	
Total expenditures	93,639	93,639	57,854	35,785	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(33,139)	(33,139)	15,723	48,862	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers (out)			(170,026)	(170,026)	
Net change in cash balance	(33,139)	(33,139)	(154,303)	(121,164)	
Cash balance, beginning of year	63,977	63,977	63,977	-	
Restricted cash converted to cash			169,052	169,052	
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 30,838	\$ 30,838	\$ 78,726	\$ 47,888	

LAW ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	24,200	\$	24,200	\$	24,200	\$	-
Expenditures: Capital outlay		28,000		28,000		24,602		3,398
Net change in cash balance		(3,800)		(3,800)		(402)		3,398
Cash balance, beginning of year		7,384		7,384		7,384		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	3,584	\$	3,584	\$	6,982	\$	3,398

CONFISCATED DRUGS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	4
Expenditures: Current: Health and welfare		1,050		1,050		200		850_
Net change in cash balance		(1,050)		(1,050)		(196)		854
Cash balance, beginning of year		1,154		1,154		1,154		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	104	\$	104	\$	958	\$	854

COPS GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,905 2	\$	1,905 2
Total revenues		-		-		1,907		1,907
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		600		600				600
Net change in cash balance		(600)		(600)		1,907		2,507
Cash balance, beginning of year		691	•	691		691		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	91	\$	91_	\$	2,598	\$	2,507

LEGAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE
BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Interest income	\$	50	\$	50	\$	11	\$	(39)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety		2,300		2,300				2,300
Net change in cash balance		(2,250)		(2,250)		11		2,261
Cash balance, beginning of year		2,375		2,375		2,375		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	125	\$	125_	\$	2,386	\$	2,261

QUEMADO FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		F	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Interest income		284 5 500 <u>-</u> _	\$ 9 <sup>-</sup>	1,981 500 -	\$	109,473 1,355 90	\$	17,492 855 90
Total revenues	36,	784	92	2,481		110,918		18,437
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	•	847 000 <u>-</u> _		5,544 5,000 <u>-</u>		64,577 - 6,554		50,967 5,000 (6,554)
Total expenditures	54,	847	120	0,544_		71,131	_	49,413
Net change in cash balance	(18,	063)	(28	3,063)		39,787		67,850
Cash balance, beginning of year	29,	558	29	9,558		29,558		-
Restricted cash converted to cash						58	_	58
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 11,	495 5	\$	1,495	\$	69,403	\$	67,908

DATIL FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest income Miscellaneous	\$ 35,310 500 110,196	\$ 35,310 500 110,196	\$ 149,376 252 13	\$ 114,066 (248) (110,183)	
Total revenues	146,006	146,006	149,641	3,635	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service Total expenditures	60,526 55,000 - 115,526	60,526 55,000 - 115,526	41,158 34,129 7,453 82,740	19,368 20,871 (7,453) 32,786	
Net change in cash balance	30,480	30,480	66,901	36,421	
Cash balance, beginning of year	-	-	-	-	
Restricted cash converted to cash			64	64	
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 30,480	\$ 30,480	\$ 66,965	\$ 36,485	

GLENWOOD FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest income	\$ 34,756 500	\$ 34,756 500	\$ 51,636 231	\$ 16,880 (269)	
Total revenues	35,256	35,256	51,867	16,611	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	23,285 85,000 	42,035 66,250	30,619 - 8,044	11,416 66,250 (8,044)	
Total expenditures	108,285	108,285	38,663	69,622	
Net change in cash balance	(73,029)	(73,029)	13,204	86,233	
Cash balance, beginning of year	135,069	135,069	135,069	-	
Restricted cash converted to cash			73	73	
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 62,040	\$ 62,040	\$ 148,346	\$ 86,306	

PIE TOWN FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income Miscellaneous	\$ 63,945 - 500 -	\$ 63,945 - 500 -	\$ 77,451 541 90 15	\$ 13,506 541 (410) 15	
Total revenues	64,445	64,445	78,097	13,652	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay	61,745 50,000	61,745 50,000	33,754 49,629	27,991 371	
Total expenditures	111,745	111,745	83,383	28,362	
Net change in cash balance	(47,300)	(47,300)	(5,286)	42,014	
Cash balance, beginning of year	48,018	48,018	48,018		
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 718	\$ 718	\$ 42,732	\$ 42,014	

RANCHO GRANDE FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income Total revenues	\$ 27,314 - 500 27,814	\$ 27,314 - 500 27,814	\$ 51,636 1,075 151 52,862	\$ 24,322 1,075 (349) 25,048	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	65,905 5,000	65,905 5,000	22,368 - 14,845	43,537 5,000 (14,845)	
Total expenditures	70,905	70,905	37,213	33,692	
Net change in cash balance	(43,091)	(43,091)	15,649	58,740	
Cash balance, beginning of year	60,762	60,762	60,762	-	
Restricted cash converted to cash			138	138	
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 17,671	\$ 17,671	\$ 76,549	\$ 58,878	

LUNA FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest income Miscellaneous		632 \$ - 500	42,632 - 500	\$	51,636 75 200	\$	9,004 75 (300)	
Total revenues	43,	132	43,132		51,911		8,779	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay	•	376 000	54,376 8,000		37,395 		16,981 8,000	
Total expenditures	62,	376	62,376		37,395		24,981	
Net change in cash balance	(19,	244)	(19,244)		14,516		33,760	
Cash balance, beginning of year	30,	147	30,147		30,147			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 10,	903 \$	10,903	\$	44,663	\$	33,760	

MOGOLLON FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues:	<b>40.000</b>	Φ 40.000	Φ 54.000	Φ 0004	
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$ 42,632 500	\$ 42,632 500	\$ 51,636 313	\$ 9,004 (187)	
Total revenues	43,132	43,132	51,949	8,817	
Expenditures:					
Current:	44.450	44.450	40.050	04.000	
Public safety	44,456	44,456	19,850	24,606	
Capital outlay	115,000	115,000	188,164	(73,164)	
Debt service			7,612	(7,612)	
Total expenditures	159,456	159,456	215,626	(56,170)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(116,324)	(116,324)	(163,677)	(47,353)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers (out)	(43,132)	(43,132)		43,132	
Net change in cash balance	(159,456)	(159,456)	(163,677)	(4,221)	
Cash balance, beginning of year	130,857	130,857	130,857	-	
Restricted cash converted to cash			74,994	74,994	
Cash balance, end of year	\$ (28,599)	\$ (28,599)	\$ 42,174	\$ 70,773	

APACHE CREEK FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income Total revenues	\$ 90,701 - 250 90,951	\$ 90,701 - 250 90,951	\$ 163,052 5,960 267 169,279	\$ 72,351 5,960 17 78,328
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	96,568 10,000	96,568 10,000	65,736 - 51,391	30,832 10,000 (51,391)
Total expenditures	106,568	106,568	117,127	(10,559)
Net change in cash balance	(15,617)	(15,617)	52,152	67,769
Cash balance, beginning of year	62,971	62,971	62,971	-
Restricted cash converted to cash			971	971
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 47,354	\$ 47,354	\$ 116,094	\$ 68,740

HORSE MOUNTAIN FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Origir Budg		Fin Bud		Bu	tual on dgetary Basis	Fina	ance With al Budget r (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest income Miscellaneous	\$ 29	,895 5 500 <u>-</u>	\$ 2	9,895 500 <u>-</u>	\$	51,636 71 50	\$	21,741 (429) 50
Total revenues	30	395	3	0,395		51,757		21,362
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service		,198 ,000 <u>-</u> _		8,198 2,000 -		30,478 - 12,489		17,720 12,000 (12,489)
Total expenditures	60	198_	6	0,198		42,967		17,231
Net change in cash balance	(29	803)	(2	9,803)		8,790		38,593
Cash balance, beginning of year	34	953	3	4,953		34,953		-
Restricted cash converted to cash						110		110
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 5	,150	\$	5,150	\$	43,853	\$	38,703

QUEMADO LAKE FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Actual on Original Final Budgetary Budget Budget Basis				udgetary	Fin	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)																				
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income	\$ 37,271 - 500	\$			51,636 328 94	\$	14,365 328 (406)																				
Total revenues	37,771		37,771		52,058		14,287																				
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	 45,646 20,000 -		45,646 20,000 -		22,081 132,262 15,684		23,565 (112,262) (15,684)																				
Total expenditures	 65,646		65,646		170,027		(104,381)																				
Net change in cash balance	(27,875)		(27,875)	(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)		(117,969)			(90,094)
Cash balance, beginning of year	36,393		36,393		36,393		-																				
Restricted cash converted to cash	 				98,725		98,725																				
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 8,518	\$	8,518	\$	17,149	\$	8,631																				

COYOTE CREEK FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	<u>E</u>	Final Budget	Вι	ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)													
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest income Miscellaneous	\$ 25,446 250	\$			51,636 63 9	\$	26,190 (187) 9												
Total revenues	25,696		25,696		51,708		26,012												
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	 36,468 2,500		36,468 2,500		24,723 - 17,030		11,745 2,500 (17,030)												
Total expenditures	 38,968		38,968		41,753		(2,785)												
Net change in cash balance	(13,272)		(13,272)		9,955		23,227												
Cash balance, beginning of year	14,224		14,224		14,224		-												
Restricted cash converted to cash	 			<u> </u>													467		467
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 952	\$	952	\$	24,646	\$	23,694												

WILD HORSE FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	E	Final Budget	Вι	Actual on Budgetary Basis		ance With al Budget er (Under)
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest income Miscellaneous	\$ 29,807 - 500 -	\$	42,807 - 500 -	\$	64,636 1,029 57 1,323	\$	21,829 1,029 (443) 1,323
Total revenues	30,307		43,307		67,045		23,738
Expenditures: Current: Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	 32,562 2,500 -		49,686 2,500		50,206 - 11,921		(520) 2,500 (11,921)
Total expenditures	 35,062		52,186		62,127		(9,941)
Net change in cash balance	(4,755)		(8,879)		4,918		13,797
Cash balance, beginning of year	14,608		14,608		14,608		-
Restricted cash converted to cash	 				310		310
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 9,853	\$	\$ 5,729 \$ 19,836			\$	14,107

CATRON COUNTY FIRE DEPARTMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Вι	ctual on udgetary Basis	Variance \ Final Bud Over (Und		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 52,000	\$ 52,000	\$	69,299	\$	17,299	
Expenditures: Current:							
Public safety	32,000	46,250		35,367		10,883	
Capital outlay	 20,000	 20,000		19,100		900	
Total expenditures	 52,000	 66,250		54,467		11,783	
Net change in cash balance	-	(14,250)		14,832		29,082	
Cash balance, beginning of year	 	 					
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 	\$ (14,250)	\$	14,832	\$	29,082	

RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		arm and Range Fund	reation Fund	Eq	nty Clerk's uipment Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	16,065	\$ 592	\$	6,165
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.		_	45		11
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	16,065	\$ 637	\$	6,176
Uses/Outflows of Resources:	-				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	17,300	\$ 750	\$	11,069
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		(1,225)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	17,300	\$ 750	\$	9,844
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	5,000	\$ -	\$	-
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.		<u>-</u>	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	5,000	\$ _	\$	-

RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	appraisal Fund	Fair	County grounds Fund	mergency d Services Fund	ndigent Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 21,793	\$		\$ 88,208	\$ 43,383
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary					
basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in	199		-	67	715
fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 21,992	\$		\$ 88,275	\$ 44,098
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 15,710	\$	5,535	\$ 115,738	\$ -
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accural of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.	(476)		222	(681)	_
Total expenditures as reported on the	(11.0)	-		(66.)	
statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 15,234	\$	5,757	\$ 115,057	\$ <u>-</u>
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ -	\$	6,000	\$ -	\$ -
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.	 		-		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special funds.	\$ _	\$	6,000	\$ 	\$ 

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Medicaid Fund		 nhanced 911 Fund	20 Communities Fund		Corrections Fund	
Sources/Inflows of Resources:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	-	\$ 3,002	\$	223,834	\$	73,577
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.		<u>-</u>	 100,961		(119,885)		(3,968)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 103,963	\$	103,949	\$	69,609
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	19,235	\$ -	\$	223,866	\$	57,854
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accural of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.		<u> </u>	100,981		(120,510)		3,500
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	19,235	\$ 100,981	\$	103,356	\$	61,354
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	19,235	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(170,026)
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.							<u>-</u> _
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	19,235	\$ 	\$		\$	(170,026)

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	 Law orcement Fund	Confiscated COPS Drugs Grant Fund Fund			Legal Fund		
Sources/Inflows of Resources:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 24,200	\$ 4	\$	1,907	\$	11	
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary		(4)		(4)		(2)	
basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.  Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and	<u> </u>	(1)		(1)		(2)	
changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 24,200	\$ 3	\$	1,906	\$	9	
Uses/Outflows of Resources:  Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 24,602	\$ 200	\$	-	\$	-	
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.	 	 -					
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 24,602	\$ 200	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.		-		<u>-</u>		-	
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$		\$		

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Quemado Fund		Datil Fund		Glenwood Fund		Pie Town Fund	
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	110,918	\$ 149,641	\$	51,867	\$	78,097	
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.		(2,120)	(97,854)		50_		(516)	
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	108,798	\$ 51,787	\$	51,917	\$	77,581	
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	71,131	\$ 82,740	\$	38,663	\$	83,383	
Differences - Budget to GAAP:  The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.		(6,260)	(36,782)		(3,486)		7,182	
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	64,871	\$ 45,958	\$	35,177	\$	90,565	
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.			 					
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	

RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Rancho Frande Fund	Luna Fund	N	Mogollon Fund	·	Apache Creek Fund
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 52,862	\$ 51,911	\$	51,949	\$	169,279
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary baiss but are considered revenues for financial purposes.	 4	 10		(134)		7_
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds	\$ 52,866	\$ 51,921	\$	51,815	\$	169,286
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 37,213	\$ 37,395	\$	215,626	\$	117,127
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.	(2,519)	(4,403)		(2,667)		(4,710)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 34,694	\$ 32,992	\$	212,959	\$	112,417
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.		 -				
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	<u>-</u>

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Horse Mountain Fund		Quemado Lake Fund		Coyote Creek Fund		Wild Horse Fund	
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	51,757	\$	52,058	\$	51,708	\$	67,045
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.		1_		3_		(14)		(156)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$	51,758	\$	52,061	\$	51,694	\$	66,889
Uses/Outlfows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	42,967	\$	170,027	\$	41,753	\$	62,127
Differences - Budget to GAAP:  The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.		(2,956)		(23,340)		(2,785)		(2,188)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.	\$	40,011	\$	146,687	\$	38,968	\$	59,939
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.								<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>

RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Catron County Fire Fund		
Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 69,299		
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.	 		
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 69,299		
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges for appropriations" for the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 54,567		
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.	976		
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 55,543		
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) transfers in and (out) from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ -		
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.	 		
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - special revenue funds.	\$ 		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	 Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual on udgetary Basis	Variances With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,788,098	\$	1,788,098	\$ 856,770	\$	(931,328)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Public works	451,000		451,000	-		451,000	
Culture and recreation	12,104		46,837	4,625		42,212	
Health and welfare	76,092		76,092	28,380		47,712	
Capital outlay	 915,088		615,787	296,241		319,546	
Total expenditures	 1,454,284		1,189,716	 329,246		860,470	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	333,814		598,382	527,524		(70,858)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	 			170,026		170,026	
Net change in cash balance	333,814		598,382	697,550		99,168	
Cash balance, beginning of year	 			 <u>-</u>			
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 333,814	\$	598,382	\$ 697,550	\$	99,168	

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Sources/Inflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 856,770
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.	(540,968)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - capital project funds.	\$ 315,802
Uses/Outflows of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges for appropriations" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 329,246
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.	75,330
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - capital project funds.	\$ 404,576
Other Sources (Uses) of Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in and (out)" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$ 170,026
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.	
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - capital project funds.	\$ 170,026

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	An	nbulance Fund	ı	Airport Fund	Total
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	205,274	\$	1,326	\$ 206,600
Receivables (net of allowance):					
Accounts		144,205		-	144,205
Taxes		7,169		-	7,169
Interest		125		-	125
Prepaid expenses		3,093		843	3,936
Non-current assets:					
Equipment		16,261		-	16,261
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(1,626)			 (1,626)
Total capital assets, net		14,635			14,635
Total assets		374,501		2,169	 376,670
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		4,700		48	4,748
Due to other funds		57,611		26,295	83,906
Total current liabilities		62,311		26,343	 88,654
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets		14,635		_	14,635
Unrestricted (deficit)		297,555		(24,174)	273,381
Total net assets	\$	312,190	\$	(24,174)	\$ 288,016

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Ambulance Fund		 Airport Fund	Total		
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	197,547	\$ -	\$	197,547	
Operating Expenses:						
General operating		146,387	3,703		150,090	
Depreciation		1,626			1,626	
Total operating expenses		148,013	3,703		151,716	
Operating income (loss)		49,534	(3,703)		45,831	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
State shared taxes		44,091	_		44,091	
Miscellaneous		131	-		131	
Interest income		453			453	
Total non-operating						
revenues (expenses)		44,675	-		44,675	
Income (loss) before transfers		94,209	(3,703)		90,506	
Transfers:						
Transfers in		-	4,000		4,000	
Change in net assets		94,209	297		94,506	
Net assets, beginning of year		-	-		-	
Restatements		217,981	 (24,471)		193,510	
Net assets, beginning of year restated		217,981	 (24,471)		193,510	
Net assets, end of year	\$	312,190	\$ (24,174)	\$	288,016	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Ambulance Fund			Airport Fund	Total		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$	150,833 (147,485)	\$	- (3,655)	\$	150,833 (151,140)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		3,348		(3,655)		(307)	
Cash Flows From Non-Capital and Financing Activities: Cash received from state shared taxes Cash received from miscellaneous sources Transfers in		43,373 131 -		- - 4,000		43,373 131 4,000	
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities		43,504		4,000		47,504	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(16,261)				(16,261)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest income Certificate of deposit redemption		428 25,000		- -		428 25,000	
Net cash provided by investing activities		25,428		_	•	25,428	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	_	56,019		345	•	56,364	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		74,255		981		75,236	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	130,274	\$	1,326	\$	131,600	
Displayed as: Cash Time deposits not considered cash equivalents	\$	205,274 (75,000)	\$	1,326 -	\$	206,600 (75,000)	
	\$	130,274	\$	1,326	\$	131,600	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	49,534	\$	(3,703)	\$	45,831	
Depreciation		1,626		-		1,626	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease in accounts receivable Decrease in prepaid expenses Increase in accounts payable		(46,714) (2,715) 1,617		- - 48		(46,714) (2,715) 1,665	
Total adjustments		(46,186)		48		(46,138)	
Net cash provided (used) by							
operating activities	\$	3,348	\$	(3,655)	\$	(307)	

#### LANDFILL ENTERPRISE FUND JES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget				Fir	ances With nal Budget er (Under)
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 165,000	\$	160,500	\$	157,160	\$	(3,340)
Operating Expenses: Personnel services General operating Capital outlay	 175,900 89,500 257,644		175,900 91,000 657,644		298,947 125,920 518,134		(123,047) (34,920) 139,510
Total operating expenses	 523,044		924,544		943,001		(18,457)
Operating income (loss)	(358,044)		(764,044)		(785,841)		(21,797)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Intergovernmental State shared taxes Interest income	 205,050 20,000 500		505,050 20,000 500		200,758 43,373 241		(304,292) 23,373 (259)
Total non-operating revenues and (expenses)	225,550		525,550		244,372		(281,178)
Income (loss) before other financing sources (uses)	(132,494)		(238,494)		(541,469)		(302,975)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	 250,000		350,000		350,000		
Net change in cash balance	117,506		111,506		(191,469)		(302,975)
Cash balance, beginning of year	6,391		6,391		6,391		-
Cash advanced from general fund	 				185,078		185,078
Cash balance, end of year	\$ 123,897	\$	117,897	\$	-	\$	(117,897)

#### AMBULANCE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual on Budgetary Basis		ances With al Budget er (Under)	
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 150,833	\$	75,833
Operating Expenses:						
General operating		160,150	160,150	147,485		12,665
Capital outlay		1,000	1,000	 16,261		(15,261)
Total operating expenses		161,150	 161,150	 163,746		(2,596)
Operating income (loss)		(86,150)	(86,150)	(12,913)		73,237
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
State shared taxes		37,000	37,000	43,373		6,373
Miscellaneous		· -	· -	131		131
Interest income		500	 500	428		(72)
Total non-operating						
revenues and (expenses)		37,500	 37,500	 43,932		6,432
Net change in cash balance		(48,650)	(48,650)	31,019		79,669
Cash balance, beginning of year		174,255	 174,255	 174,255		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	125,605	\$ 125,605	\$ 205,274	\$	79,669

#### AIRPORT ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Final Budget Budget		Bu	ctual on dgetary Basis	Variances With Final Budget Over (Under)		
Operating Expenses: General operating	\$	4,200	\$ 4,200	\$	3,655	\$	545
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		4,000	4,000		4,000		
Net change in cash balance		(200)	(200)		345		545
Cash balance, beginning of year		981	 981		981		
Cash balance, end of year	\$	781	\$ 781	\$	1,326	\$	545

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Landfill Fund		Aı	mbulance Fund	Airport Fund	
Sources/Inflows of Operating Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "operating revenues" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	157,160	\$	150,833	\$	-
Differences - Budget to GAAP: Accrual of revenues and associated receivables that are not considered an inflow or revenues for budgetary basis but are considered revenues for financial purposes.		(85)		46,714		_
Total operating revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets.	\$	157,075	\$	197,547	\$	-
Uses/Outflows of Operating Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "operating expenses" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	943,001	\$	163,746	\$	3,655
Differences - Budget to GAAP: The County budgets for claims and expenses paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of liabilities are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.		11,865		(1,098)		48
The County budgets for salaries paid for during the current accounting period. Accrual of salaries are not included in the budgetary basis but are expenses for financial reporting purposes.		2,468		-		-
Capital purchases are considered an outflow of operating resources for budgetary basis but are not considered expenses for financial reporting purposes.		(518,134)		(16,261)		-
Depreciation expense is not considered an outflow of operating resources for budgetary basis but is considered an expense for financial reporting purposes.		4,082		1,626		<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets.	\$	443,282	\$	148,013	\$	3,703
Sources/Inflows of Operating Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "non-operating revenues" from the budgetary comparison statement.	\$	244,372	\$	43,932	\$	-
Differences - Budget to GAAP: None.		(13,264)		743		
Total non-operating revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets.	\$	231,108	\$	44,675	\$	-

#### RECONCILIATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Landfill Fund	Ambulance Fund		Airport Fund	
Sources/Inflows of Operating Resources: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "transfers in" from the budgetary comparison schedule.		350,000	\$	-	\$	4,000
Differences: None.		<u>-</u>				
Total other sources of resources as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets.	\$	350,000	\$		\$	4,000



#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		Balance 6/30/09	Increases/ Receipts		ecreases/ oursements		Balance 06/30/10	
Property Tax Fund Assets:								
Cash Taxes receivable	\$	10,155 53,146	\$	541,914 104,358	\$ 545,955 98,533	\$	6,114 58,971	
Total assets	\$	63,301	\$	646,272	\$ 644,488	\$	65,085	
Liabilities: Deposits held for others Due to other tax units -	\$	10,155	\$	541,914	\$ 545,955	\$	6,114	
future collections		53,146		104,358	 98,533	_	58,971	
Total liabilities	\$	63,301	\$	646,272	\$ 644,488	\$	65,085	
Children's Trust Fund Assets:								
Cash	\$	-	\$	285	\$ 285	\$	-	
Liabilities: Deposits held for others	\$	_	\$	285	\$ 285	\$	-	
Total Agency Funds								
Assets: Cash Taxes receivable	\$	10,155 53,146	\$	542,199 104,358	\$ 546,240 98,533	\$	6,114 58,971	
Total assets	\$	63,301	\$	646,557	\$ 644,773	\$	65,085	
Liabilities: Deposits held for others Due to other tax units - future collections	\$	10,155 53,146	\$	542,199 104,358	\$ 546,240 98,533	\$	6,114 58,971	
Total liabilities	\$	63,301	\$	646,557	\$ 644,773	\$	65,085	
	<u> </u>	30,00.		5 .0,001	 3, 0	<u> </u>	30,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues: Taxes - local effort Taxes - state shared Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 1,222,990 171,500 1,643,861 38,500 49,500 49,000 82,136	\$ 1,222,990 171,500 1,647,861 38,500 49,500 49,000 82,135	\$ 1,144,516 160,502 1,614,596 24,217 54,714 21,691 61,131	\$ (78,474) (10,998) (33,265) (14,283) 5,214 (27,309) (21,004)
Total revenues	3,257,487	3,261,486	3,081,367	(180,119)
Expenditures: Commissioners: Salaries Operating expenses Capital outlay	257,061 243,050 500	267,061 368,050 500	260,842 390,821 	6,219 (22,771) 500
Sub-total	500,611	635,611	651,663	(16,052)
Sheriff: Salaries Operating expenses Capital outlay	584,513 221,894 5,000	584,513 221,894 5,000	587,113 162,093	(2,600) 59,801 5,000
Sub-total	811,407	811,407	749,206	62,201
Border Mental Health: Operating expenses	1,350	1,350	<u>-</u> _	1,350
Clerk: Salaries Operating expenses Sub-total	157,570 52,000 209,570	157,570 52,000 209,570	125,619 30,783 156,402	31,951 21,217 53,168
Bureau of Elections: Operating expenses	56,200	56,200	13,165	43,035
Assessor: Salaries Operating expenses Capital outlay	195,827 59,250 500	195,827 59,250 500	196,817 47,131 	(990) 12,119 500
Sub-total	255,577	255,577	243,948	11,629
Treasurer: Salaries Operating expenses Capital outlay	126,302 45,300 13,671	126,302 45,300 13,671	124,525 39,010 13,671	1,777 6,290
Sub-total	185,273	185,273	177,206	8,067

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Variance With Final Budget Over (Under)
Community Services:				
Operating expenses	53,980	53,980	57,457	(3,477)
Glenwood Park: Operating expenses	3,700	3,700	354	3,346
Probate Judge: Salaries Operating expenses	13,247 3,595	13,247 3,595	15,158 1,743	(1,911) 1,852
Sub-total	16,842	16,842	16,901	(59)
Wildland Prevention: Operating expenses	606,647	606,647	66,215	540,432
AG Extension Agent: Operating expenses	56,738	56,738	56,738	-
Communications: Operating expenses	11,462	11,462	5,190	6,272
Health Council: Operating expenses	99,793	99,893	75,941	23,952
Medical Building: Operating expenses	32,000	32,000	35,017	(3,017)
Certified Communities: Operating expenses	4,500	8,500	7,050	1,450
Community Development: Operating expenses	60,500	60,500	7,224	53,276
Grant Research: Operating expenses	16,000	16,000	1,735	14,265
Homeland Security: Operating expenses	13,000	13,000	8,821	4,179
Total expenditures	2,995,150	3,134,250	2,330,233	804,017
Excess of revenues over expenditures	262,337	127,236	751,134	623,898
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (out)	(280,000)	(387,000)	(384,235)	2,765
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	\$ (17,663)	\$ (259,764)	\$ 366,899	\$ 626,663
Cash available at beginning of year to absorb budget deficit	\$ 17,663	\$ 259,764	N/A	N/A

#### SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS JUNE 30, 2010

Financial Institution/ Account Description	Type of Account	Financial Institution Balance	R	econciling Items	Reconciled Balance	
First State Bank 697 Highway 12 Reserve, NM 87830						
Catron County	Checking	\$ 4,384,793	\$	(191,168)	\$	4,193,625
Certificate of Deposit	CD	200,000		-		200,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	500,000		-		500,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	250,000		-		250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	250,000		-		250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	250,000		-		250,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	500,000		-		500,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	300,000		-		300,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	300,000		-		300,000
Certificate of Deposit	CD	 500,000		-		500,000
Total First State Bank		\$ 7,434,793	\$	(191,168)	\$	7,243,625

#### SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL JUNE 30, 2010

First State Bank 697 Highway 12 Reserve, New Mexico 87830

Security	CUSIP	Maturity	Market Value		Par Value
FHLB Non CBL	3133XN4B2	12/09/22	\$	2,438,294	\$ -
FFCB Non CBL	31331X521	10/01/15		1,033,718	-
Roosevelt County Tax Rev	776461APO	06/01/20		-	190,000
Roosevelt County Tax Rev	776461AQ8	06/01/21		-	195,000
Roosevelt County Tax Rev	776461AR6	06/01/22		-	205,000
Roosevelt County Tax Rev	776461AS4	06/01/23		-	65,000
US Treasury Notes	912810DW5	05/01/16		1,052,442	 
		Total	\$	4,524,454	\$ 655,000

The holder of the FHBL and FFCB Non CBL securities and the U.S. Treasury notes pledged by First State Bank is the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, 600 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts. The holder of the Roosevelt County Tax Rev securities pledged by First State Bank is Bank of America, 200 N. College Street, Charlotte, NC 28255.

# SCHEDULE OF TAX ROLL RECONCILIATION - CHANGES IN PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Property taxes receivable, beginning of year	\$	160,868
Changes to Tax Roll: Net taxes charged to treasurer for fiscal year Adjustments: Net adjustments and charge-offs		1,735,341
Total receivables prior to collections		1,877,229
Collections for fiscal year ended June 30th		(1,699,079)
Property taxes receivable, end of year	\$	178,150
Property taxes receivable by years: 2000	\$	481
2001	φ	2,426
2002		592
2003		10,266
2004		2,326
2005		-
2006		5,010
2007		14,147
2008		38,544
2009		104,358
Total property taxes receivable, end of year	\$	178,150

## SCHEDULE OF TAX COLLECTIONS AND DISTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Agency	Undistributed Taxes 06/30/09	Adjustments	Collections	Distributions	Undistributed Taxes 06/30/10
	00/00/00	rajaotinonto	Conconcio	Distributions	00/00/10
Catron County: Current advalorem Delinquent advalorem Administration fee	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,098,187 46,328 1,331	\$ 1,098,187 46,328 1,331	\$ -
Re-appraisal			16,978	16,978	
Total	-	-	1,162,824	1,162,824	-
Special Districts: Sierra Soil & Water District	-	-	179	179	-
Municipalities: Village of Reserve	-	-	11,151	11,151	-
State of New Mexico:					
State levy	-	-	129,958	129,958	-
Cattle levy	-	-	48,142	48,142	-
Sheep/goat levy	-	-	39	39	-
Equine/horse levy	-	-	3,015	3,015	-
Dairy cattle levy	-	-	8	8	-
State P & I	-	-	3,540	3,540	-
Costs to State			935	935	
Total	-	-	185,637	185,637	-
Reserve: Operational	-	-	20,162	20,162	-
Quemado Schools:			27.022	07.000	
Operational Debt service	-	-	27,932 155 515	27,932 155 515	-
Capital improvements		_	155,515 140,154	155,515 140,154	-
		<del></del>			
Total			323,601	323,601	
Subtotal	-	-	1,703,554	1,703,554	-
Miscellaneous:					
Overpayments	4,003	(542)	5,723	4,974	4,210
Taxes paid in advance	6,152	542	4,172	8,962	1,904
Total	10,155		9,895	13,936	6,114
Subtotal	10,155	-	1,713,449	1,717,490	6,114
Children's Trust Fund			285	285	
Grand Total	\$ 10,155	\$ -	\$ 1,713,734	\$ 1,717,775	\$ 6,114

## COUNTY TREASURER'S - PROPERTY TAX SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2010

Year Advalorem	 Property Taxes Levied	Collected Current Year	Collected To Date		 Distributed Current Distributed Year To Date			Re	County eceivable Year End
2000	\$ 808,320	\$ -	\$	807,839	\$ -	\$	807,839	\$	481
2001	953,030	126		950,604	126		950,604		2,426
2002	1,093,911	-		1,093,319	-		1,093,319		592
2003	1,136,057	129		1,125,791	129		1,125,791		10,266
2004	988,283	-		985,957	-		985,957		2,326
2005	1,156,594	327		1,156,594	327		1,156,594		-
2006	1,250,363	2,223		1,245,353	2,223		1,245,353		5,010
2007	1,422,503	15,268		1,408,356	15,268		1,408,356		14,147
2008	1,623,590	50,023		1,585,046	50,023		1,585,046		38,544
2009	 1,735,341	 1,630,983		1,630,983	1,630,983		1,630,983		104,358
	\$ 12,167,992	\$ 1,699,079	\$	11,989,842	\$ 1,699,079	\$	11,989,842	\$	178,150

#### SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

Catron County has a joint powers agreement with the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) to construct fuel breaks and thin dense stands of trees on approximately 150 acres of private land involving numerous landowners. EMNRD and the County entered into this agreement for administrative efficiency so that several projects could be carried out through a single program. This is a coordinated effort between the United States Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, Catron County and private citizens of the County began September 18, 2003. Completion of all projects is expected within eighteen to twenty-four months of start-up; however, the agreement continues indefinitely upon written notification from EMNRD to the County. Each party is responsible for its own part of the operation of this Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) project. The audit responsibility for receipts and disbursement rests with the entity that incurs the expenditure associated with this project.

Catron County has a joint powers agreement with the Village of Reserve to maintain certain streets within its corporate limits. It is an agreement that is renewed annually. The Village pays Catron County the sum of one dollar annually for such services. In exchange for providing road maintenance services, the Village of Reserve provides fire protection services within the incorporated limits of the Village and surrounding area through the Village of Reserve Volunteer Fire Department. The audit responsibility rests with the entity that incurs the expenditures associated with this agreement.

Catron County has a joint powers agreement with the Village of Reserve to provide law enforcement protection and service to the Village by and through the Catron County Sheriff's office. It is an agreement that is for the period commencing July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. The agreement may be continued for additional terms subject to the agreement of the parties. The Village pays Catron County the sum of \$32,000 for such services. The audit responsibility rests with the entity that incurs the expenditures associated with this agreement.

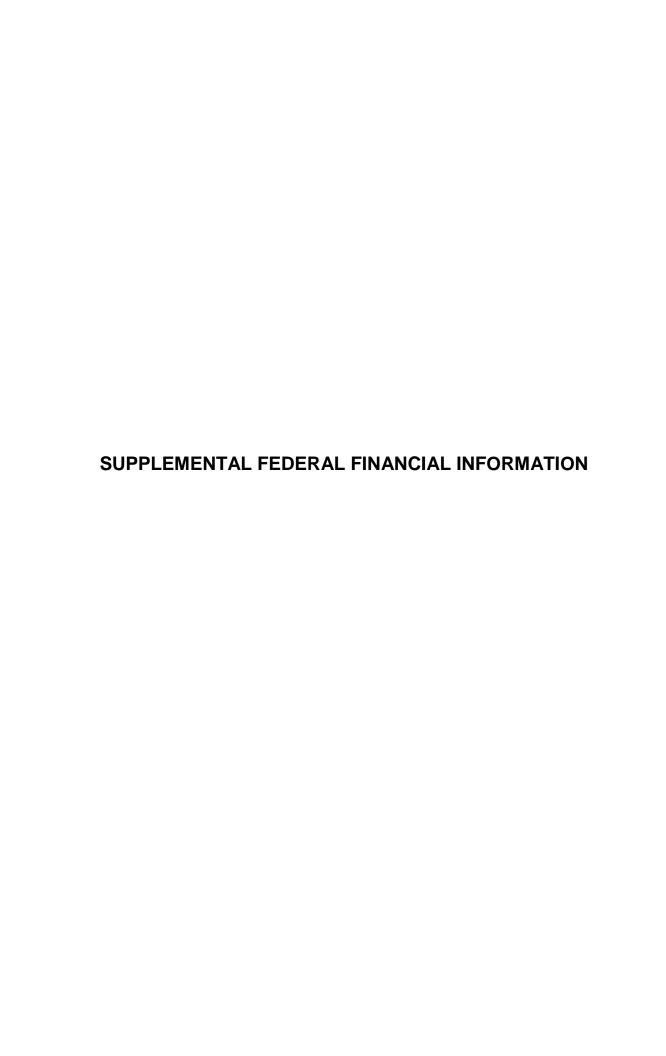
Catron County entered into a joint powers agreement for the purpose of creating a three member San Francisco Water Commission. The parties involved are Catron County, Village of Reserve, and San Francisco Soil and Water Conservation District. The purposes of the agreement are to:

- protect and utilize future and existing water rights and water resources of the parties;
- provide for equitable distribution of project water rights and untreated water resources;
- provide a mechanism for the parties to acquire, bank, finance, protect and conserve additional water rights and water resources as though each were acting on its own authority and;
- 4. Provide a mechanism for implementation of the plans or projects with reference to water rights, right to water, and the use and development of untreated water and untreated water resources.

Detailed records of all transaction of the Commission shall be kept and maintained by the Commission and shall be open for inspection and audit at all reasonable times by any member of the Commission. The agreement was approved by Department of Finance and Administration on May 25, 2004.

SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

The County has a memorandum of understanding (MOU) between Catron County and the U.S. Forest Service, Gila National Forest. The MOU was created to establish a mutually harmonious and productive planning relationship between the County and the Forest. The MOU addresses how and when each agency participates in Forest and County planning processes. The audit responsibility for costs incurred under this MOU rests with the agency that incurs the expenditure.



## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Program or Grant Number	Award Amount	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	09-03-436	\$ 126,000	\$ 3,430	
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	09-03-437	180,000	102,551	
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	09-521-2302-0007	25,000	13,027	
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	10-521-2303-0034	20,000	2,818	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	FY2009	2,984,118	1,019,842	
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	FY2010	491,502	6,178	
Forest Service Patrol	10.670	09-LE-11030600-001	20,000	10,221	
Forest Service Patrol	10.670	10-LE-11030600001	22,000	13,181	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,171,248	
U.S. Department of the Interior/ Bureau of Land Management					
Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface	15.227	Taylor Grazing Act	16,065	16,065	
Community Fire Assistance National Fire Plan - Wildland Urban Interface	15.228	GDA040021	50,000	27,221	
Community Fire Assistance	15.228	GDA040021	30,000	5,685	
National Fire Plan - Rural Fire Assistance	15.242	L08AC14380	13,000	12,421	
Total U.S. Department of the Interior/ Bureau of Land Management				61,392	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security/ Federal Emergency Management Agency					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97042	2007-GE-T7-0023	13,000	8,768	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 1,241,408	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal awards of the Catron County (County). The County is defined in Note 1 of the County's financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1, to the City's financial statements. All governmental expenditures of the Catron County (primary government) are presented in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

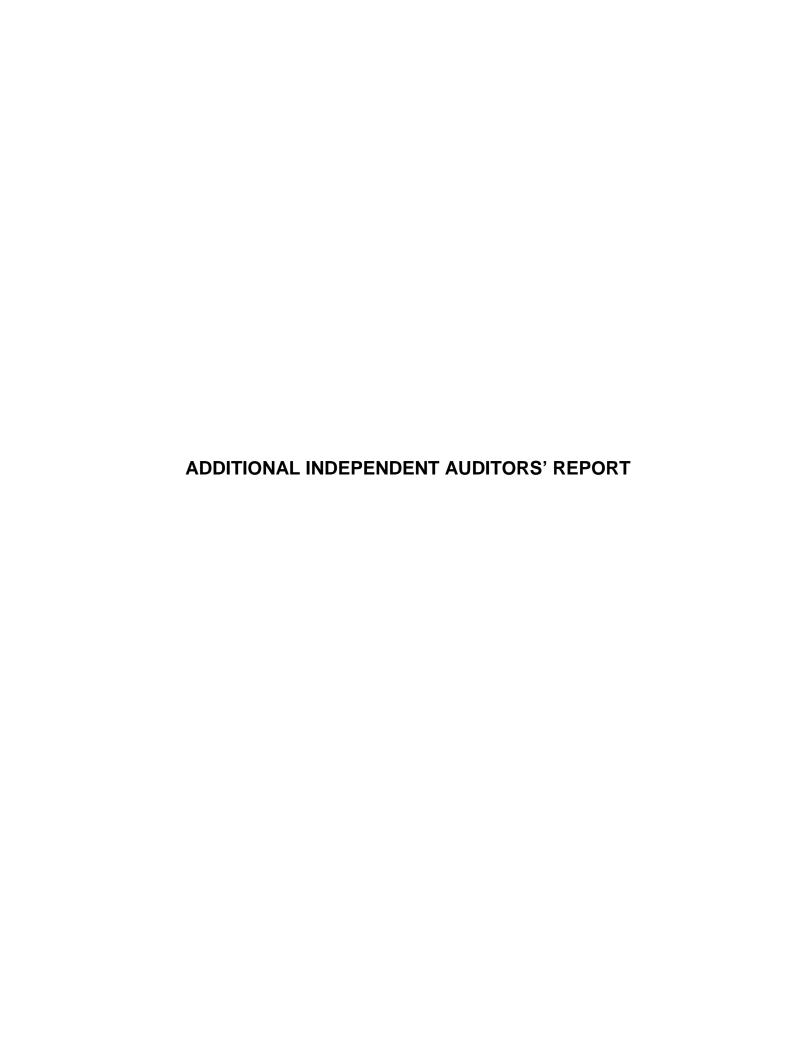
#### 3. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

During the current fiscal year, the County did not expend any federal non-cash assistance. The County did not receive any federal assistance related to insurance nor did they have any loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

#### 4. RECONCILIATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal expenditures on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards amount of \$1,241,408. The amounts of expenditures within the funds are reflected within the financial statements as follows:

General Fund	
Public safety	\$ 23,402
Public works	526,191
Health and welfare	63,697
Capital outlay	493,651
Special Revenue Funds	
Farm and Range Fund	
Health and welfare	16,065
20 Communities Fund Health and welfare	105,981
Wild Horse Fire Fund	
Public safety	12,421
	\$ 1,241,408



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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners Catron County Reserve, New Mexico

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund of Catron County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated June 15, 2011, which was adverse on the governmental activities because the County did not record depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation. Our opinion on the business-type activities was qualified because we were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence supporting the amounts reflected as property, equipment, and depreciation expense and potential liabilities and claims. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the County's non-major governmental and non-major enterprise funds and the related budgetary comparisons presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements. Our opinion on the non-major funds was qualified because we were unable to obtain sufficient, competent evidence supporting potential liabilities and claims. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses as items 2006-04, 2006-05, 2006-06, 2006-07, 2006-08, 2008-01, 2008-02, 2009-05, and 2010-01.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2006-09, 2006-13, 2009-04, 2009-05, 2010-02, and 2010-03.

We also noted certain other matters that are required to be reported pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards* January 2007 Revision paragraphs 5.14 and 5.16, and pursuant to Section 12-6-5, NMSA 1978, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2006-02 and 2007-05.

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County's response and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County's Board of Commissioners, management, others within the County, the New Mexico State Auditor, the New Mexico State Legislature, New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration Local Government Division, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Luno + Jamo, P.A.

June 15, 2011

Ed Fierro, CPA • Rose Fierro, CPA

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Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control
Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and Board of Commissioners Catron County Reserve, New Mexico

#### Compliance

We have audited the Catron County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Catron County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Catron County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Catron County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Catron County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Catron County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Catron County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Catron County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2010-04.

#### **Internal Control over Compliance**

The management of Catron County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Catron County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Catron County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section, and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

Catron County's response to the finding identified on our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit Catron County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County's Board of Commissioners, management, others within the County, the New Mexico State Auditor, the New Mexico State Legislature, New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration Local Government Division, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fierro & Fierro, P.A. Las Cruces, New Mexico

Lurro Larro, P.A.

June 15, 2011

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

Financial Statements					
Type of auditors' report issued: Adve	rse				
Internal control over financial reporting	g:				
<ul> <li>Material weakness (es) identified</li> </ul>	d?	_X_	Yes		No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency (ies) identi</li> </ul>	ified?		Yes	<u>X</u>	None reported
<ul> <li>Non-compliance material to final statements noted?</li> </ul>	ncial	X	Yes		No
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
<ul> <li>Material weakness (es) identified</li> </ul>	d?		Yes	_X_	No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency (ies) identi</li> </ul>	ified?		Yes	_X_	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs: Und	qualified				
<ul> <li>Any audit findings disclosed that required to be reported in accord with Section 510(a) of OMB Circles A-133?</li> </ul>	dance		Yes	_X_	No
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA No.	Pr	ogram			
10.665	Schools & Road	ds - Grai	nts to States		
Dollar threshold for distinguishi	ng Types A and E	3 progra	ams was \$3	300,000	
<ul> <li>Auditee qualified as low-risk au</li> </ul>	ıditee?		Yes	X_	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

#### Item 2006-02 – Agency Credit Cards

**Statement of Condition** – During our testing of the purchase of goods with a credit card, we discovered the following items. Our audit sample was fourteen credit card payments that totaled \$12,507. We noted several instances where there were no receipts attached. The missing receipts are for fuel, vehicle maintenance, and small office expenses. The total dollar amount of the missing receipts was \$1,524.

**Criteria** – The County has established written internal control procedures where the necessary supporting documentation, such as a third party receipt, must be presented prior to approval for payment. Further, the County's procurement policy requires the preparation of a purchase requisition and/or a purchase order for all purchases to ensure authorization, and to ensure that the purchase meets budget restrictions.

**Effect** – If the County does not prepare a purchase order or requisition, it runs the risk that purchases may be made in excess of the approved budget limitations. By not having receipts to support the purchase, the County cannot determine whether or not they are paying for items that were for County use.

**Cause** – County staff failed to turn in all required documentation that supports the expenditure.

**Recommendation** – We recommend the County review its policies and procedures concerning the authorized use of its credit cards. After such review, all necessary changes or adjustments should be instituted as soon as possible.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The County is going through a transition period in the office that handles these procedures. The current personnel will be reviewing their training and the necessary procedures to properly handle future transactions. Accountability issues will be addressed.

#### Item 2006-04 – Capital Asset Subsidiary Records and Depreciation Expense

**Statement of Condition** – The County has not maintained complete and accurate capital asset subsidiary records that detail all property and equipment owned by the County. Since the County does not have a detailed list of assets owned, the County is unable to calculate depreciation expense for the governmental activities. Additionally, the County is unable to substantiate the depreciation expense recorded for the enterprise fund.

**Criteria** – New Mexico State Statutes Section 12-6-10 directs the general services department to promulgate regulations to state agencies for the accounting and control of fixed assets owned by government agencies. The New Mexico State Administrative Code, Title 2, Chapter 20, Part 1, *Accounting and Control of Fixed Assets of State Government, Accounting for Acquisitions and Establishing Controls* issued by the general services department, requires that the County implement a systematic and well documented system for accounting of fixed assets. The information to be recorded and maintained must include, at a minimum, the following:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

Item 2006-04 – Capital Asset Subsidiary Records and Depreciation Expense (continued)

#### Criteria (continued) -

- 1) Agency name.
- 2) Fixed asset number.
- 3) A description using words meaningful for identification.
- 4) Location.
- 5) Manufacturer's name.
- 6) Model number or model name.
- 7) Serial number or vehicle identification number.
- 8) Estimated useful life.
- 9) Date acquired.
- 10) Cost.
- 11) Fund and organization that purchased the asset.

The accounting system must be capable of generating lists of capital assets in sequences useful for managing them. The system must track all transactions, including acquisitions, depreciation, improvements and dispositions. The system must generate all necessary accounting entries to the County's general ledger.

**Effect** – The County is not in compliance with New Mexico State Administrative Code 2.20.1. Non-compliance with New Mexico State Statutes and the Administrative Code subjects the governing board and management to penalties and punishment defined by State statute. Inadequate subsidiary capital asset records could allow assets to be lost or stolen, and the missing asset would not be detected in a timely manner. Further, material variances between the financial statements/general ledger and subsidiary ledgers can occur and the ability to reconcile the variances is quickly lost. The inability to maintain adequate subsidiary capital assets and the non-recording of depreciation expense has caused an adverse opinion on the governmental activities of the County.

**Cause** – The County's management has failed in maintaining an adequate subsidiary accounting system for capital assets owned by the County. The passage of years and poor record keeping has magnified the differences between amounts recorded on the general ledger and subsidiary fixed assets records. Those charged with governance and management have not placed high priority or resources on the internal control process and on the accounting for the capital assets owned by the County.

**Recommendations** – We recommend that the County establish a capital asset accounting system that meets the criteria established by the New Mexico Administrative Code 2.20.1. Further, the County must reconcile the fixed assets subsidiary records with the general ledger. The County's historical records should be used to reconstruct the fixed assets subsidiary accounting ledgers. If historical records are inadequate, the County should seek the assistance from a valuation firm in order to reconstruct the historical value of capital assets owned.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

Item 2006-04 – Capital Asset Subsidiary Records and Depreciation Expense (continued)

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – Current funding levels and the sheer magnitude of this effort has thus far kept us from pursuing the inventory and depreciation schedule work that needs to be done to pull this item into compliance. The County is planning on addressing this issue in the fiscal year 2011-2012.

#### Item 2006-05 – Capital Assets – Inventory Control Numbers

**Statement of Condition** – The County did not place identification tags on its newly acquired assets, and did not add the new assets to its subsidiary capital assets records. Furthermore, the County has not placed identification tags on any assets purchased within the last five years.

**Criteria** – The County's accounting personnel has the responsibility to tag all newly received capital assets at the time they are received, and to record newly acquired assets as per part 2.20.1.15 NMAC, *Accounting and Control of Fixed Assets of State Government.* 

**Effect** – Without tagging the capital assets, the County has not established accountability for their custody and use. Furthermore, by not adding the newly acquired assets to its subsidiary records, the County does not have an accurate record of the capital assets owned by the County.

**Cause** – Those charged with governance and management have not placed high priority or resources on the tagging of all capital assets owned by the County.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the County expedite the establishment and maintenance of appropriate internal controls over its fixed assets for the primary purpose of safeguarding them, and establishing accountability for their custody and use.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – Current funding levels have had a negative effect on plans expressed in previous audits, and we will continue to pursue solutions as funding permits. The County is planning on addressing this issue in the fiscal year 2011-2012.

#### Item 2006-06 – Annual Inventory of Capital Assets

**Statement of Condition** – When the County last conducted its annual inventory of its capital assets in July 2005, they counted and included on their capital asset listing all expendable supply type items, including, but not limited to, duct tape, book shelves, paper plates, training videos, and wrench sets. The County failed in performing an accurate inventory of capital assets for June 30, 2010.

**Criteria** – According to the Administrative Code, Title 2, Public Finance, Chapter 20, *Accounting by Governmental Entities, Part 1, Accounting and Control of Fixed Assets of State Government, Accounting for Acquisitions and Establishing Controls*, 2.20-1.16, *Annual Inventory*, the County shall conduct a annual physical inventory of its capital assets consisting of those costs of \$5,000 or more, under the control of the County.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

#### <u>Item 2006-06 – Annual Inventory of Capital Assets (continued)</u>

**Effect** – Non-performance of the annual physical inventory of all capital assets owned by the County could allow errors to occur in the capital assets subsidiary records and financial statements. These errors would not be detected on a timely basis. Further, dishonest employees could remove items and the theft would not be detected on a timely basis.

**Cause** – Those charged with the governance of the County and management have not placed high priority or resources on the accounting and reporting of capital assets.

**Recommendation** – We suggest that the County adhere to the administrative order regarding the performance of a complete and accurate annual inventory. Procedures must be established to ensure that County personnel are given clear and concise direction as to what constitutes a capital asset when conducting the annual physical count.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – We concur with the statement of condition and the auditors' recommendation. Our desire is to identify our major assets (buildings, vehicles, equipment, etc.) then we will seek assistance from the New Mexico Association of Counties to engage a contractor to complete a reconstruction of the capital assets records, including the tagging of all applicable assets. It is still our objective to complete this issue. Further, the County is planning on addressing this issue in the fiscal year 2011-2012.

#### Item 2006-07 – Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

**Statement of Condition** – The County has not recorded an expense provision, and related liability, for the closure and post-closure costs for the landfills located in Pie Town, Datil and Reserve. Nor has the County provided information about how closure and post-closure care financial assurance requirements, if any, are being met. Finally, the County has not provided information of any assets that are restricted for payment of closure and post-closure care costs.

Criteria – Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) pronouncement number 18 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for solid waste landfill closure and post-closure care costs that are required by federal, state or local laws and regulations. This statement is based on the October 9, 1991, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rule, Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria, which establishes closure requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills (MSWLFs) that receive solid waste after October 9, 1991. The EPA rule also establishes thirty-year post-closure care requirements for MSWLFs that accept solid waste after October 9, 1993. The effect of the EPA rule and similar state or local laws or regulations, is to obligate MSWLF owners and operators to perform certain closing functions and post-closure monitoring and maintenance functions as a condition for the right to operate the MSWLF in the current period.

**Effect** – The statement establishes accounting and reporting requirements for MSWLF closure and post-closure costs, which at a minimum will cause owners or operators of such facilities to examine more closely their landfill closing costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

Item 2006-07 – Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs (continued)

**Effect (continued)** – Since such future costs must now be estimated and charged to operations while the landfill is still in use, counties are more likely to incorporate such costs into their current fee structure and possibly even set aside resources to meet the costs of closure and post-closure cash requirements. The County has missed opportunities for such action since they have not adequately addressed this issue.

**Cause** – The County has had many pressing issues that have taken resources and time away from properly addressing this issue.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that County officials expedite the establishment and maintenance of the appropriate internal controls to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with laws and regulations. Further, the County should consult with its engineers to ensure information concerning financial assurance requirements is available and what assets are restricted for payment, if applicable.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – The County has retained the services of an engineering firm to prepare closure and post-closure cost analysis, and to assist the county in preparation and submission of grant applications for solid-waste grant opportunities specifically concerned with closure and post-closure issues. Further, the County has received grant funding during the fiscal year 2010-2011 year and is in the process of addressing this issue. The County has also applied for additional grant funding for the fiscal year 2011-2012.

#### Item 2006-08 - Tax Roll Reconciliation

**Statement of Condition** – The County Treasurer is responsible for billing, collecting and distributing property taxes for Catron County and for all governmental entities within the County. The Treasurer is responsible for implementing an accounting system that details for each governmental entity the amount of property taxes levied; collected in the current year; collected to-date; distributed in the current year; distributed to-date; the amount determined to be uncollectible in the current year; the uncollectible amount to-date; and the outstanding receivable balance at the end of the fiscal year. The County is required to report the information described above in a supplementary schedule in its annual audit report. At the present time, the accounting software utilized by the County does not produce the required data and the Treasurer is unable produce the required report.

**Criteria** – The information detailed above is necessary for proper revenue recognition on the part of the County, as well as on the recipient governmental entities as required by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 33. In addition, the New Mexico State Auditor Rule, Section 2.2.2.12 D (2), requires that the information described above is presented in a supplementary schedule of the annual audit report.

**Effect** – Without a accounting system in place to ensure proper property tax revenue data is provided to County management and other governmental entities, errors in the revenue recognition could occur and not be detected on a timely basis, which could effect the financial information reporting for both the County and the other governmental entities.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

#### Item 2006-08 – Tax Roll Reconciliation (continued)

**Cause** – The County relies upon its software vendor to supply the system for reporting under GASB 33. However, because of the numerous changes that have occurred in the recent past due to updates and conversions, some history may have been lost. The current County Treasurer has made numerous requests to the software vendor to provide the necessary accounting data to no avail.

**Recommendation** – We recommend suggest the County communicate with the computer software vendor to stress the importance of obtaining the data described above. If the vendor is unable to produce the necessary reports in a timely manner, the County should consider seeking alternative accounting solutions that would be able to produce the accounting data.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The County continues to work with our current software supplier to resolve this issue. More specifically, the County Treasurer has had current dialogue with the vendor and solutions are being addressed.

#### <u>Item 2006-09 – Legal Compliance with Adopted Budget</u>

**Statement of Condition** – The following funds exceeded their respective approved budgets as follows:

Fund		uthorized Budget	Actual Amounts xpended	Excess of Approved Budget
Mogollon Fire Special Revenue Fund	\$	159,456	\$ 215,626	\$ (56,170)
Apache Creek Fire Special Revenue Fund		106,568	117,127	(10,559)
Quemado Lake Fire Special Revenue Fund		65,646	170,027	(104,381)
Coyote Creek Fire Special Revenue Fund		38,968	41,753	(2,785)
Wild Horse Fire Special Revenue Fund		52,186	62,127	(9,941)
Ambulance Enterprise Fund		161,150	163,746	(2,596)
Landfill Enterprise Fund		924,544	943,001	(18,457)

**Criteria** – Sections 6-6-6 through 6-6-11 NMSA 1978 Compilation prohibit local governments from making expenditures in excess of the approved budget and make public officials liable for such expenditures. County officials and governing authorities have the obligation to follow applicable state statutes.

**Effect** – Noncompliance with New Mexico State Statutes could subject officials and employees to penalties and fines required by state statutes.

**Cause** – The County personnel did not monitor the expenditures to ensure that they did not exceed the authorized budget authority. Since the money for the County's Enhanced 911 project does not get receipted or expended at the County level, the County has not reflect the revenues or expenses in their accounting records. The project's finances are controlled by DFA.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

<u>Item 2006-09 – Legal Compliance with Adopted Budget (continued)</u>

**Recommendation (continued)** – We recommend that the County establish procedures that include a comprehensive mid-year review of its budget. The review will allow the governing body to examine fiscal performance and make budget adjustments, if needed. It should include a comparison of revenues and expenditures to date to the approved budget. A review of planned activity for the last half of the fiscal year should be made and compared to the approved budget. Based on the mid-year review, a resolution requesting budget adjustments should be submitted to the Department of Finance & Administration (DFA) Local Government Division, if necessary. In addition, the County should also contact DFA concerning the Enhanced 911 funding that should be reflected in the County's budget.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – A mid-year review process has been implemented to allow corrections and adjustments. Further, after much discussion with the auditor, the County has a clearer understanding of how to address this issue and will be following through in the fiscal year 2011-2012 budget.

#### Item 2006-13 – Deficit Ending Cash Balances for Budget

**Statement of Condition** – The County budgeted a deficit ending cash balance of \$28,599 in the Mogollon Fire special revenue fund, \$14,250 in the Catron County fire department special revenue fund, and \$2,352 in the Enhanced 911 special revenue fund.

**Criteria** – Sections 6-6-6 through 6-6-11 NMSA 1978 Compilation prohibit local governments from making expenditures in excess of the approved budget and make public officials liable for such expenditures. County officials and governing authorities have the obligation to follow applicable state statutes.

**Effect** – Noncompliance with New Mexico State Statutes could subject officials and employees to penalties and fines required by State statutes.

**Cause** – The County's unaudited beginning cash balances were incorrectly overstated.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the County officials expedite the establishment of procedures that will provide assurance of compliance with budget constraints established by state law. Such procedures should include an extensive review of beginning cash balances as these balances may have a direct and material effect on the final budget.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – Continued emphasis has been placed on accurate reporting of cash balances in the treasurer's office.

#### Item 2007-05 – Compensated Absences

**Statement of Condition** – The County made small payments for paid time off (vacation and sick leave) that had not been earned. We noted the following instances:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

<u>Item 2007-05 – Compensated Absences (continued)</u>

#### Statement of Condition (continued) -

- One employee had 4.00 hours of sick leave available but was paid for 20.00 hours.
- One employee had 56.00 hours of sick leave available but was paid for 65.50 hours.
- One employee had 42.44 hours of vacation leave available but was paid for 48.00 hours.
- One employee had 42.32 hours of vacation available but was paid for 64.00 hours.
- One employee had 16.00 hours of sick leave available but was paid for 32.00 hours.
- One employee had 6.66 hours of vacation leave but was paid for 10.00 hours.
- One employee had 9.00 hours sick leave but was paid for 17.00 hours.

**Criteria** – New Mexico State Statutes Section 6-6-3 provides that every local body shall keep all the books, records, and accounts in their respective offices in the form prescribed by the Local Government Division of the Department of Finance and Administration. Within Title 2, Chapter 20, Part 5, *Public Finance Accounting by Governmental Entities* of the New Mexico Administrative Code, the Department of Finance and Administration requires all accounting systems, including subsidiary systems, record transactions timely, completely, and accurately.

**Effect** – Non-compliance with New Mexico State Statutes and the Department of Finance and Administration rules could subject officials and employees to penalties and fines. In addition, errors may occur and not be detected by employees on a timely basis.

**Cause** – In reviewing the cause of this issue, it was discovered that the system that calculates the earned and used hours, and thus balances carried forward, may be flawed with errors that have not been corrected. In addition, department heads failed to monitor the employee's earned vacation hours prior to their approval of the time off.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the County officials expedite the establishment and maintenance of the appropriate internal controls to provide assurance of compliance with federal, state and county laws and regulations. Each employee's history should be reviewed to ensure that the current balances for both sick leave and vacation hours are valid.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – New internal controls had been implemented and employees had been informed of the stipulations concerning time available to the employee for these absences. However, due to the transition occurring in the office, personnel will be going through a review process of their existing duties and policies and procedure of the office. Accountability will be addressed as well.

#### Item 2008-01 – Financial Statements and Disclosures

**Statement of Condition** – The County relies upon their independent auditor to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

<u>Item 2008-01 – Financial Statements and Disclosures (continued)</u>

**Statement of Condition (continued)** – The accounting staff lacks the knowledge to prepare such statements, as well as the ability to detect accuracy and completeness of all required notes that explain financial activity contained in the financial statements. The County requires the independent auditor gather all necessary information in order to convert their cash basis accounting information into financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP.

**Criteria** – Auditing standards adopted in the United States of America in particular Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 115, paragraph 3 states the following: "Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with laws and regulations. Internal control over safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include control relating to financial reporting and operations objectives. Generally, controls that are relevant to an audit of financial statements are those that pertain to the entity's objective of reliable financial reporting."

Appropriate internal control procedures over financial reporting include the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP or at a minimum; management should have the ability to comprehend the requirements for financial reporting. Financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP include all required statements of financial position, statements of changes in financial position, changes in cash flow, and notes.

SAS 115 paragraph 5 provides an explanation of a deficiency in internal control as either a deficiency in design or in operation. Paragraph 6 states "A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis." SAS 115 paragraph 15 provides a list of indicators of a material weakness in internal control. One such example is "Ineffective oversight of the entity's financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance."

**Effect** – Since the County personnel lack the ability to prepare, and did not prepare, the financial statements, there is an increased risk that a misstatement of the County's financial statements, that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected. Further, since the County accounting staff lacks the proper knowledge or training regarding the requirements of GAAP financial reporting, there is more than a remote possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected.

**Cause** – The County's staff lacks the proper ability to prepare financial statements and the associated disclosures. When audit services are sought, there is a requirement that the auditor will prepare the financial statements. In the past this may have been sufficient, however, the accounting profession by issuance of SAS 115, now requires recognition and reporting of significant deficiencies in internal control when there is an ineffective oversight of the financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

<u>Item 2008-01 – Financial Statements and Disclosures (continued)</u>

**Recommendation** – The County should employ an individual to serve in the position of director of finance. This employee should have the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Alternately, the County could chose to consult with a separate accounting firm prior to and during the audit process that would assist the County in the preparation of financial statements and the related notes.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – In the prior year, we were made aware of the requirements of SAS 115. While we desire to have an accounting department to deal with this issue, due to the small size of the County's budget and the current economic conditions, we are severely restricted in regards to expanding our staff. The County is researching solutions to this issue.

#### <u>Item 2008-02 – Accounting Activity</u>

**Statement of Condition** – During the fiscal year the following deficiencies regarding the County's accounting activity were noted:

- The County failed to record financial activity related to debt of the County held by outside parties. In particular, the County failed to record activity at the New Mexico Finance Authority for gross receipts intercepts, earning of interest income, and the payment of outstanding liabilities on their records.
- Further, the County failed to record financial activity at the Bank of New York Mellon escrow accounts related to County debt.
- At year-end, the County failed to prepare a schedule of all receivables, a schedule of accounts payable, a schedule of accrued wages by department, and a summarization of accrued compensated absences.
- The County failed to reconcile its capital assets subsidiary records with the general ledger activity.

Criteria – Auditing standards adopted in the United States of America in particular Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) 115 paragraph 3 states the following: "Internal control is a process – effected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel – designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with laws and regulations. Internal control over safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include control relating to financial reporting and operations objectives." Appropriate internal control procedures over financial reporting include the ability to understand the key components financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Underlining this premise is the requirement that the County will maintain the accounting records in such a manner as to allow the preparation of financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

<u>Item 2008-02 – Accounting Activity (continued)</u>

**Criteria (continued)** –For example, the reconciliation of the capital assets between the general ledger and subsidiary ledgers provides assurance of proper accountability and reduces that chance of a material misstatement.

**Effect** – Since the County personnel failed to prepare or record key components of the financial statements, there is an increased risk that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected. Further, since the County accounting staff lacks the proper knowledge or training regarding some aspects of the conditions noted such as the reconciliation of capital assets there is more than a remote possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected. Besides the increased risk of a material misstatement, the auditor may lose independence and be unable to express an opinion on the financial statements since they prepared the key components of the financial statements.

Cause – The County's staff lacks the necessary accounting skills to prepare all the key components of the financial statements that are prepared on the economic resources measurement focus (which includes the accrual basis of accounting) and the current financial resources measurement focus (which includes the modified accrual basis of accounting). The County relies upon the auditor to obtain the necessary information to prepare the financial statements. When audit services are sought, there is a requirement that the auditor will prepare the financial statements. The County takes the position that the audit firm should obtain the key components of the financial statements. In the past this may have been sufficient, however, the accounting profession (American Institute of Certified Public Accountants) by issuance of SAS 115, now requires recognition and reporting of significant deficiencies in internal control when there is an ineffective oversight of the financial reporting and internal control by those charged with governance.

**Recommendation** – The County should employ an individual to serve in the position of director of finance. This employee should have the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Alternately, the County could choose to consult with a separate and independent accounting firm prior to and during the audit process that would assist the County in the gathering of key components of the financial statements and the related notes.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions – While we desire to have an accounting department to deal with this issue, due to the small size of the County's budget and the current economic conditions, we are severely restricted in regards to expanding our staff. The County is trying to develop solutions with the existing staff until additional qualified staff can be added.

#### <u>Item 2009-04 – Uniform Allowance</u>

**Statement of Condition** – The County gives certain law enforcement employees a uniform allowance under a nonaccountable plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

Item 2009-04 – Uniform Allowance (continued)

**Statement of Condition (continued)** – Under such arrangement, the employee does not have to account for the uniform expenses to the County. As such, these payments are taxable wages subject to social security, Medicare and withholding. The County issued, in error, a 1099-MISC for those employees who received an allowance of more than \$600. The County did not include the payments in the employee's W2 or in a 1099-MISC if the amounts paid were less than \$600. Further, in May 2010, the Internal Revenue Service conducted a determination of worker classification audit in which they concluded these allowances are not part of an accountable plan.

**Criteria** – Per Internal Revenue Code section 62(c) and section 1.62-2 of the Income Tax Regulations payments to employees for ordinary and necessary expenses of the employer's business generally are wages subject to social security and Medicare and withholding unless paid under an "accountable plan". There are three requirements for an accountable plan:

- 1. The expenses must be deductible as business expenses incurred while performing services for the employer;
- 2. The employee must adequately account for the expenses to the employer within a reasonable period of time; and
- 3. The employee must return any amounts in excess of expenses within a reasonable period of time.

**Effect** – The failure to include cash payments as wages subjects the County to payroll taxes, interest, and penalties. As a result of the audit, the County paid taxes of \$3,339 for allowances paid in 2008 and 2009.

**Cause** – County personnel believed it was in compliance with the law by issuing the employee who was paid an allowance in excess of \$600 a form 1099-MISC.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the County review its practice of payments for uniform allowance. Procedures must be established to ensure compliance with federal regulations.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – Review of the County's policy on uniform allowances predicated by the independent audit and a random IRS audit (of 2008 and 2009 1099s and W2s) demonstrated the need for change in how we handle the Uniform Allowance Plan. These changes have been initiated.

#### Item 2009-05 – Submission of Audit Report

**Statement of Condition** – The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was due to the New Mexico State Auditor's office by November 15, 2010. The audit report was submitted July 12, 2011.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

#### <u>Item 2009-05 – Submission of Audit Report (continued)</u>

**Criteria** – New Mexico State Statutes Section 12-6-12 requires the state auditor to promulgate reasonable regulations necessary to carry out the duties of the office. New Mexico Administrative Code Title 2, Chapter 2, Part 2, Audits of Governmental Entities Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies requires that the County submit its audit report by November 15th following the end of each fiscal year at June 30<sup>th</sup>.

**Effect** – Delays in submission of the audit report affect the reporting of financial information to other state agencies and local governments.

Cause – For reasons unknown, the County did not engage the auditor until February 2011.

**Recommendation** – We suggest that the County adhere to the schedule of auditor selection established by the New Mexico State Auditor's Office so that the audit can be completed by the due date.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The County is currently in a transition period in the office that addresses the audit process, but fully intends on adhering with audit reporting dates.

#### Item 2010-01 – Cash Reconciliation to General Ledger

**Statement of Condition** – While the County does reconcile the bank account, they do not reconcile the bank balance to the cash balance as listed in the general ledger. The reconciled bank balance at June 30, 2010 was \$4,193,625 while the general ledger balance was \$4,178,580. The difference was \$15,045. It could not be determined what fund contained the error as the County pools its cash.

**Criteria** – New Mexico State Statutes Section 6-6-3 provides that every local body shall keep all the books, records, and accounts in their respective offices in the form prescribed by the Local Government Division of the Department of Finance and Administration. Within Title 2, Chapter 20, Part 5, *Public Finance Accounting by Governmental Entities* of the New Mexico Administrative Code, the Department of Finance and Administration requires all accounting systems, including subsidiary systems, record transactions timely, completely, and accurately.

**Effect** – Without accurate full reconciliations to the general ledger, errors could occur and not be detected. Incorrect decisions, such as budget creation and or adjustments that require the use of cash reserves, may occur as a result of erroneous information.

Cause - Unknown.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the County officials expedite the establishment and maintenance of the appropriate internal controls concerning the reconciliation and recording of cash balances. These procedures must include proper reconciliation of differences in reconciled balances and County Treasurer's balances.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

Item 2010-01 – Cash Reconciliation to General Ledger (continued)

**Recommendation (continued)** – The Treasurer should work with the computer software provider to adjust the reports to reflect the correct reconciled bank balances per fund.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The Treasurer has been, and will continue to work with the software provider until the problem is resolved.

#### Item 2010-02 - Independent Contractor vs. Employee

**Statement of Condition** – The County contracts with several individual for emergency medical services (EMS). These EMS individuals are treated as independent contractors by the County and have been issued a 1099-MSIC for tax purposes. In May 2010, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) conducted a determination of worker classification audit in which they concluded these individuals are employees for tax purposes and not independent contractors. The IRS examined the years 2008 and 2009. Per the IRS, their compensation for their services is subject to all employment taxes and reportable on W2's. The proposed wage adjustments for 2008 and 2009 are \$39,590 and \$42,279 respectively, which is \$4,228 and \$4,515 in taxes. The County has filed a formal appeal with the IRS.

Criteria – Section 3121(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code (code) defines the term *employee* as any individual who, under the usual common law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the status of employee. The question of whether an individual is an employee under the common law rules or an independent contractor is one of fact to be determined upon consideration of the facts and the application of the law and regulations in a particular case. Guidance for determining the existence of that status are found in three substantially similar sections of the Employment Tax Regulations, namely, sections 31.3121(d)-1, and 31.3401(c)-1, relating to FICA, FUTA, and federal income tax withholding, respectively. Further section 31.3121(d)-1(c)(2) of the regulations provide in general that the relationship of employer-employee exists when the person for whom the services are performed has the right to direct and control the individual who performs the services not only as to the result to be accomplished by the work, but also as to the details and means by which that result is accomplished. Finally, over the years, the IRS has compiled a list of 20 factors used by the Courts to determine worker status. These 20 factors are set forth in Revenue Ruling 87-41, 1987-23 I.R.B.7

**Effect** – Section 3509 of the Code provides that if an employer fails to deduct and withhold any tax under chapter 24 (income tax withholding) or subchapter A of Chapter 21 (employee portion of FICA tax) with respect to any employee by reason of treating an employee as not being an employee, the employer's liability is 1.5 percent of the employees' plus 20 percent of the employee's portion of the FICA tax. The employer's liability is doubled in cases where the employer failed to meet the reporting requirements of §6041(a) or of §6051 consistent with the treatment of the employees as independent contractors.

**Cause** – County personnel believed it was in compliance with employment law in treating its emergency medical service providers as independent contractor.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### <u>SECTION II – FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)</u>

Item 2010-02 – Independent Contractor vs. Employee (continued)

**Recommendation** – We recommend that the County continue its legal consultation during the appeal process. Once a final determination has been reached, policies and procedures must be established to ensure compliance with federal regulations.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The County has filed an appeal and is currently working through that process.

#### Item 2010-03 – Anti-Donation Clause

**Statement of Condition** – The County discovered that it had not been withholding and paying retirement contributions to PERA for certain part-time employees dating back to 2007. In January 2010, the County remitted \$10,295 in both employer and employee contributions. As of June 15, 2011, the County had not made formal arrangements for the repayment of the employee's portion from the effected employees. Since the County had not made formal repayment arrangements, it has either gifted or loaned these retirements contributions, which is in violation of the New Mexico Constitution.

**Criteria** – New Mexico Constitution Article IX, Section 14 states, "neither the state, nor any county, school district, or municipality, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, shall directly or indirectly lend or pledge its credit, or make any donation to or in aid of any person, association or public or private corporation. A donation within the meaning of this provision is a "gift", an allocation or appropriation of something of value, without consideration."

**Effect** – The County is currently not in compliance with New Mexico Constitution concerning donations. Because the County erred in not remitting these retirements contributions on a timely basis, the effected employee's service credit may be jeopardized.

Cause – Unknown.

**Recommendation** – We recommend that County management expedite individual repayment arrangements with the employees. Further, the County should establish and maintain appropriate internal controls to provide assurance that all retirement contributions are properly being withheld and remitted to PERA on a timely basis.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The County is in a transition period in the office where PERA contributions are handled. The County will address the issue as quickly as possible.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARDS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – SCHOOLS AND ROADS – GRANTS TO STATES CFDA NO. 10.665 (continued)

Item 2010-04 - Submission of the Reporting Package to the Federal Government

**Statement of Condition** – The audit report along with the data collection form is due to the federal government within nine months after the end of the fiscal year. The audit report was not completed until June 2011 and as such was not submitted to the federal government on a timely basis.

**Criteria** – Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations* issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget requires that the audit report along with the data collection form be submitted by nine months after the fiscal year end. In the case of the City audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 that due date was March 31, 2011.

**Effect** – Non-compliance with federal requirements such as the submission of the single audit report and the data collection form could jeopardize future funding from the federal government.

**Cause** – The County staff was not prepared for the audit in a timely manner.

**Recommendation** – We suggest that the County make the necessary changes to be prepared for the audit in order to complete the financial statements and audit report on a timely basis.

**Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions** – The County will be prepared for the upcoming audit in a timely manner.

#### <u>SECTION IV – PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS</u>

<u>Item 2006-02 – Agency Credit Cards</u> – The prior year's audit noted that the County's credit card payments lacked the proper supporting documents, such as third party receipts and purchase orders. The prior year finding has not been resolved and was revised and repeated as item 2006-02.

<u>Item 2006-04 – Capital Asset Subsidiary Records and Depreciation Expense</u> – The County does not maintain a complete historical and up to date listing of fixed assets by type and location. During the current year, we noted that the County did not improve its fixed assets subsidiary records. The audit finding is not considered resolved and is repeated as item 2006-04

<u>Item 2006-05 – Capital Assets – Inventory Control Numbers</u> – In the prior year's audit we noted that the County did not place identification tags on its newly acquired assets and that it had not placed identification tags on any assets purchased within the last several years. The prior year finding has not been resolved and is repeated as item 2006-05.

<u>Item 2006-06 – Annual Inventory of Capital Assets</u> – In the previous year's audit we noted that the County had failed to perform an accurate inventory of capital assets. The prior year finding has not been resolved and is repeated as item 2006-06.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (continued)

<u>Item 2006-07 – Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs</u> – The County failed to record an expense provision and related liability for the future closure and post-closure costs for the landfills located in Pie Town, Datil, and Reserve. Further, the County did not meet the closure and post-closure financial assurance requirements as required under GASB pronouncement number 18. The prior year finding has not been resolved and is repeated as item 2006-07.

<u>Item 2006-08 – Tax Roll Reconciliation</u> – The prior year's audit noted that the County Treasurer did not have an accounting system set up to gather and report by agency, the amount of taxes levied; collected in the current year; collected to-date; distributed in the current year; distributed to-date; the amount determined to be uncollectible in the current year; the uncollectible amount to-date; and the outstanding receivable balance at the end of the fiscal year. This finding is not considered resolved and is repeated as item 2006-08.

<u>Item 2006-09 – Legal Compliance with Adopted Budget</u> – In the previous fiscal year's audit report, we noted that the County exceeded the budget limitation within three special revenue funds. For the current fiscal year the County exceeded the authorized budget within five special revenue funds. The prior year finding is not considered resolved and was revised and repeated as item 2006-09.

<u>Item 2006-13 – Deficit Ending Cash Balances for Budget</u> – In the prior year, the County budgeted a deficit ending cash balance in six funds. In the current year the County budgeted a deficit ending cash balance in three special revenue funds. The finding is not considered resolved and was revised and repeated as item 2006-13.

<u>Item 2007-05 – Compensated Absences</u> – In the prior year, the County made small payments to employees for vacation and sick leave hours that had not been earned. The finding is not considered resolved and is repeated as item 2007-05.

<u>Item 2008-01 – Financial Statements and Disclosure</u> – In the prior year, the County relied upon their independent auditor to prepare the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). During the current fiscal year, the County was unable to prepare their financial statements and relied upon their independent auditor. The finding is not considered resolved and is repeated as item 2008-01.

<u>Item 2008-02 – Accounting Activity</u> – In the prior year, the County did not record all of the financial activity into the County's general ledger. During the current fiscal year, the County was unable to prepare and record all of the financial activity within the general ledger. The finding is not considered resolved and is repeated as item 2008-02.

<u>Item 2008-03 – Bank Reconciliations</u> – In the prior year, the County had incorrect outstanding checks listed on the bank reconciliation at year end. During the current fiscal year, the County cleared all incorrect, outstanding checks from the listing. The finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2008-04 – Payroll Accounting</u> – In the prior year, the County had missing 1-9 forms in the employee's personnel files. The finding is considered resolved.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS (continued)

<u>Item 2008-06 – Procurement Violation</u> – In the prior year, it was noted the County did not adhere to the state of New Mexico's procurement code for road improvements. This was a violation unique to the prior year and is not repeated in the current year audit.

<u>Item 2009-01 – Retention of Original Bid Documents</u> – In the prior year, the County could not locate bid documents for several state funded and building improvement projects. The County has made the proper adjustments to record retention. The finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2009-02 – Anti-Donation Clause</u> - In the prior year, the County in violation of the anti-donation clause, paid \$131 for meals for volunteers attending a wild land class. This finding was a one-time event and is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2009-03 – Disposal of Equipment</u> – In the prior year, the County sold equipment. The County did not notify the New Mexico State Auditor's office of the disposition of the vehicle and equipment. The County now has an understanding of requirements for proper disposition of equipment. The finding is considered resolved.

<u>Item 2009-04 – Uniform Allowance</u> – The County gives certain law enforcement employees a uniform allowance under a nonaccountable plan. The County did not include the payments in the employee's W2 or in a 1099-MISC if the amounts paid were less than \$600. The finding is not considered resolved and is repeated as 2009-04.

<u>Item 2009-04 – Submission of Audit Report</u> – The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was due to the New Mexico State Auditor's office by November 15, 2009. The audit report was submitted July 14, 2010. The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 is also late. The finding has been modified and is repeated as 2009-04.

EXIT CONFERENCE AND PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### **Exit Conference**

The audit report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was discussed during the exit conference held on July 11, 2011 in Reserve, New Mexico. Present for the County was Glyn Griffin, County commissioner; Sharon Armijo, County clerk; Sarah Merklein, County treasurer; and M. Keith Riddle, accounts payable clerk. Present for the auditing firm was Rose Fierro, CPA.

#### **Financial Statement Preparation**

The auditing firm of Fierro & Fierro, P.A., Certified Public Accountants, prepared the financial statements of Catron County as of June 30, 2010. The County's upper management has reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes, and they believe the County's books and records adequately support them.