STATE OF NEW MEXICO GREENTREE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2014

> Dan Austin CPA, PC Certified Public Accountants

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

STATE OF NEW MEXICO GREENTREE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY OFFICIAL ROSTER June 30, 2014

Sam Hammons	.Chairman
Sherrill Bradford	. Vice Chairman
Gary Williams	. Secretary/Treasurer
Ray Dean	Member
Rifle Salas	. Member
Mark Doth	Member
Debra Ingle	Operational Supervisor
Beverly Foote	. Personnel Manager/ Financial Coordinator

FINANCIAL SECTION

Dan Austin CPA, PC 700 Mechem Drive Ste. 15 Ruidoso, NM 88345

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors of Greentree Solid Waste Authority and Mr. Hector H. Balderas, New Mexico State Auditor

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities Greentree Solid Waste Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise Greentree Solid Waste Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business type activities of Greentree Solid Waste Authority as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* on pages 7-9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the

methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Jen Crustin CBA, PC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, We have also issued a report dated November 24, 2014, on my consideration of Greentree Solid Waste Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Greentree Solid Waste Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 24, 2014

State of New Mexico Greentree Solid Waste Authority Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2014

As management of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority, we offer readers of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in dollars.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The Authority provides the following information in compliance with statutes of the State of New Mexico. The financial report includes the sections described below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section includes information on the use of the annual report, and management's analysis of the financial position and results of operations for the Authority.

Special-Purpose Government

Because the Authority is defined as a Special-Purpose Government engaged only in business-type activities, Government-Wide Financial Statements and individual Fund Financial Statements are not separately presented.

Budgetary Comparisons

GASB 34 requires budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedules should present both the original and the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as the actual inflows, outflows and balances, stated on the government's budgetary basis. As required by the Office of the State Auditor under 2NMAC2.2, the budgetary comparison statement is presented for the business-type activity. This information is provided at the approved budget level to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 22 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 saw the Authority adjust operations due to difficult economic conditions experienced in previous years and continued threats from litigation with the County of Lincoln. The Authority customer base shrank due to the Little Bear Fire and over 1,100 customers in the Alto Lakes Water and Sanitation District area being allowed to withdraw from the collection services with the approval of the Lincoln County. Lincoln County is an original member of the Joint Powers agreement which formed the Authority in 1991. The Authority has entered into litigation to resolve issues with Lincoln County. See note 4-F on page 24 for more information.

As a result of the adjustments to operational overhead and cash received form the Lincoln/Otero Landfill, current assets of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority increased from \$609,852, at June 30, 2012 to \$841,288 on June 30, 2014. At the close of the fiscal year, the net position of the Authority increased \$145,714 to \$3,554,157. Total assets amounted to \$6,848,558,531 while total liabilities were \$3,294,401..

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position: Below is a summary of the Authority's net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 & 2013. There have been significant changes to assets, liabilities and net position as compared to the prior year as a result of various construction and debt acquisition activities. See pages 11 and 12 and the notes to the financial statements for a more detailed look at the Statement of Net Position of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority

	Busines			
	2014			2013
Current Assets	\$	841,288	\$	609,852
Capital Assets		5,950,186		6,404,595
Other Non-current Assists		57,084		57,084
Total Assets	\$	6,848,558	\$	7,071,531
Current Liabilities	\$	121,445	\$	488,229
Long-term Liabilities		3,172,956		3,174,859
Total Liabilities	\$	3,294,401	\$	3,663,088
Net Position:				
Invested in Capital Assets	\$	2,777,230	\$	2,920,574
Restricted Capital Projects		202,306		202,249
Restricted Debt Service		288		227
Restricted for Landfill Closure		18,649		-
Unrestricted		<u>555,684</u>		285,393
Total Net Position	\$	3,554,157	\$	3,408,443

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Positions: The following represents the revenues and expenses for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 & 2013 See page 13 for a more detailed look at the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

	Business Ty	pe Act	ivities	
Revenues:	2014	<u>2013</u>		
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,575,032	\$	2,431,404	
Capital Grants	124,349		22,601	
Environmental Gross Receipts	222,779		209,941	
Other	 173,278		3,117	
Total Revenues	\$ 3,095,438	\$	2,667,063	
Expenses:				
Operating Expense	2,773,015		2,783,778	
Interest Expense	167,566		163,787	
Landfill closures	 9,143		11,064	
Total Expenses	 2,949,724		2,958,629	
Increase in Net Assets	145,714		(291,566)	
Net Position:				
Net Position-beginning	3,408,443		3,700,009	
Net Position-ending	\$ 3,554,157	\$	3,408,443	

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The actual cash basis budgetary revenues totaled \$3,029,601 which were \$142,806 less than budgeted revenues of \$3,172,407. Actual Expenditures \$2,926,397 were less than budgeted expenses of \$3,207,317 by \$280,920, resulting in an net revenue for the fiscal of \$103,204. See page 15 for additional information.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: The Authority's investment in capital assets for its business-type activity as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$5,950,186 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets consists mainly of land, heavy trucks and other equipment. The Authority completed the various final construction issues on of its operational facility. The facility is fully functional at the end of the current year..

Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 4B on page 20 of this report.

Long-Term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had total debt including capital leases outstanding less the current portion of debt outstanding as of June 30, 2014 was \$2,908,223.

The Authority's total long-term debt as decreased as the result of debt service requirements during the current fiscal year. Principal debt paid during the current year was \$180,903.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 4C and 4D on pages 21-22 of this report. No new debt was incurred during the current fiscal year.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As a result of an increase in net position from current year operations of \$145,714, Net Position increased to \$3,554,157 or 52% of total assets of \$6,848,858.

Current assets increased by \$231,436. The majority of this increase was the result of an increase in cash of \$103,204 and operational receivables at year end by \$128.232..

Total operational revenues increased \$143,628 or 6%. as a result of stabilization of the customer base of the Authority. Operational expenditures decreased by \$8,905 or 1% primarily related to the decrease in overhead costs. Increases in legal fees relating to litigation mitigated the decreases.

The Authority received capital grants of \$124,349 from various agencies of the State of New Mexico for expenditures relating to the operations of the Authority.

The Authority received a cash payments from the Lincoln/Otero Landfill netting \$137,605 for a distribution of excess net position of the landfill.

Future Trends

The Greentree Solid Waste Authority Board of Directors and staff will continue to provide quality service to its customer base. Economic trends have stabilized, however the Authority litigation issues will make future planning difficult until all issues are resolved with Lincoln County and the Joint Powers Agreement.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Greentree Solid Waste Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Greentree Solid Waste Authority, PO Box 2405, Ruidoso Downs, New Mexico 88346.

Basic Financial Statements

STATE OF NEW MEXICO GREENTREE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2014

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash-unrestricted	\$ 195,569
Cash-restricted for construction	202,306
Cash-restricted for debt service	288 398,163
Customer Accounts Receivable	997,149
Allowance For Doubtful Accounts	(554,024) 443,125
Total Current Assets	841,288
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Investment in Regional Landfill	57,084
Capital Assets	\$ 10,172,594
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,222,408)5,950,186
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,007,270
Total Assets	\$ 6,848,558

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO GREENTREE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2014

LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 45,385
Accrued Payroll Tax	3,478
Accrued Interest	12,400
Accrued Payroli Expense	21,409
Accrued Compensated Absences	38,773
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	264,733
Total Current Liabilities	386,178
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Notes Payable	2,968,916
Capital Leases Payable	204,040
Less: Current Portion of Long Term Debt (above)	(264,733
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,908,223
Total Liabilities	3,294,401
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,777,230
Restricted for Capital Projects	202,306
Restricted for Landfill Closure	18,649
Restricted for Debt Service	288
Unrestricted	555,684
Total Net Position	3,554,157
Total Liabilities And Net Position	\$ 6,848,558

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

State of New Mexico Greentree Solid Waste Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Nets Position – Proprietary Fund June 30, 2014

Operating Revenues	
Sales and Services	\$ 2,575,032
Total Operating Revenues	2,575,032
Operating Expenses	
Personnel Services	1,141,118
Contractual Services	181,780
Repairs and Maintenance	169,262
Gross Receipts Tax	104,750
Fuel and Oil	258,741
Insurance	90,873
Utilities	40,593
Office	31,820
Equipment Rentals	15,767
Professional Services	95,307
Other Operating Expenses	188,596
Depreciation	454,408
Total Operating Expenditures	2,773,015
Total Operating Income (Loss)	(197,983)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
NMED Grants	124,349
Environmental Gross Receipts Tax	222,779
Gain on Sale of Equipment	34,604
Otero/Lincoln County Landfill Rebate	137,605
Landfill Closure Costs	(9,143)
Interest Income	1,069
Interest Expense	(167,566)
Total Non-operating Revenue (Expense)	343,697
Change in Net Assets	145,714
Net Position at Beginning of Year	3,408,443
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 3,554,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Cash Received From Customers	\$ 2,914,991
Cash Paid To Suppliers	(1,715,694)
Cash Paid To Employees	(1,127,335)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	71,962
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Other Non-Operating Items	(8,073)
Otero /Lincoln County Landfill Rebate	137,605
Receipts of Environmental Gross Receipts Tax	222,779
Receipts of Grants	124,349
Net Cash Provided From Noncapital Financing Activities	476,660
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal Paid on Capital Debt	(180,903)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt	(170,026)
Principal Paid on Capital Leases	(130,162)
Net Cash Used For Capital And Related Financing Activities	(481,091)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from sale of Capital Assets	34,604
Interest Income	1,069
Net Cash Provided From Investing Activities	35,673
Net Increase In Cash	103,204
Cash - Beginning Of Year	294,959
Cash - End Of Year	\$ 398,163
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (197,983)
Noncash Items in Net Income-Depreciation	
Depreciation	454,408
(Increase) Decrease In:	•
Accounts Receivable	(128,232)
Increase (Decrease) In:	(110,101,
	(70,014)
Accounts Payable	
Accrued Payroll Tax	(426)
Accrued Payroll Expense	11,133
Accrued Compensated Absences	3,076

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

State of New Mexico
Greentree Solid Waste Authority
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Cash Balance
Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Revenues		Original Approved Budget		Final Approved Budget		Actual	1	Variance Favorable Infavorable)
	\$		_		<u>-</u>			·
Charges for services State Grants	Ф	2,634,127 170,000	\$	2,498,357 218,797	\$	2,446,800 124,349	\$	(51,557) (94,448)
Environmental Gross Receipts		214,545		214,545		222,779		8,234
Rebate Otero/ LC Landfill		214,040		200,000		200,000		0,204
Sale of Equipment		7.000		40,000		34,604		(5,396)
Interest Income		780		708		1,069		361
Total Revenues		3,026,452		3,172,407		3,029,601		(142,806)
Operating Expenditures								
Personnel expense		1,190,015		1,190,015		1,146,053		43,962
Operating expense		1,424,948		1,526,102		1,300,177		225,925
Capital outlay		6,500		6,500		2,609		3,891
Debt Service		474,494		484,700		477,558		7,142
Total Operating Expense	_	3,095,957	_	3,207,317		2,926,397		280,920
Net Revenue (Expense)	<u>\$</u>	(69,505)	\$	(34,910)		103,204	\$	138,114
Cash, Beginning Cash, Ending					\$	294,959 398,163		
Reconciliation Budgetary Basis to GAAI Revenues Budgetary Basis	>				\$	3,029,601		
Otero/LC Landfill Adjustment					•	(62,395)		
Change in accounts receivable						128,232		
Revenues GAAP						3,095,438		
Expenditures Budgetary Basis Reclassification of loan principal Reclassification of capital lease Otero/LC Landfill Adjustment Depreciation Change in accounts payable Change in other payables and accruals Expenditures GAAP						2,926,397 (180,903) (130,162) (62,395) 454,408 (70,014) 12,393 2,949,724		
Change in Net Position					<u>\$</u>	145,714		

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are and integral part to the financial statements.

NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Greentree Solid Waste Authority (the Authority) was formed on May 20, 1991 by a Joint Powers Agreement entered into by the County of Lincoln, Village of Ruidoso, Village of Ruidoso Downs, Village of Capitan, Village of Corona and the Town of Carrizozo. The Village of Ruidoso elected not to participate in the joint powers agreement on November 1, 1998. The purpose of the inter-governmental cooperative agreement is to acquire, construct and operate a comprehensive solid waste collection, transportation and disposal system for the citizenry of the County of Lincoln. An appointed Board of Directors governs the operations of the Authority.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the Authority, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB-14. The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organization if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government:

- 1 Is entitled to the organization's resources;
- Is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or
- 3. Is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Some organizations are included as component units because of their fiscal dependency on the primary government. An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government.

Greentree Solid Waste Authority did not have any component units during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

B. Business-Type Activities

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses. assets and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segments is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

The proprietary fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized when they are earned, and the expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Billed water and sanitation services receivable are recorded at year-end once operations begin.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales and use taxes are classified as derived tax revenues and are recognized as revenue when the underlying exchange takes place and the revenues are measurable and available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue items and are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Amounts reported as program revenues are charges to customers who purchase or use or directly benefit from the goods or services provided by the Authority.

The proprietary fund is accounted for on a cost of services of "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund equity (net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and Net Position components. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting under FASB and AICPA guidance are now included in GASB guidance by GASB 62.

The Authority reports its proprietary fund as a major governmental fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Authority's enterprise fund is charged for waste disposal services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Temporary Investments: The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Authority to invest in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Government, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the Authority are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The Authority does not invest in the State Treasurer's Pool.

Encumbrances: Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed.

Accounts Receivable: All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. The receivables due at June 30, 2014 consist of customer sales for various services related to the disposal of various types of solid waste disposal. Allowances for delinquent accounts is reported on the face of the basic financial statements. The Authority has the option to collect delinquent accounts by filing lien s against various properties associated with the services provided or filing civil actions against property owners.

Prepaid Items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and proprietary financial statements.

Capital Assets: Capital assets, which include property, plant, computer software, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated or contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation or contribution.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>		<u>Years</u>
	Permanent Buildings	40
	Land Improvements	15
	Furniture & Equipment	7-10

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statements of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Net Position: In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of Net Position that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a" specific purpose. Designations of Net Position represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the Authority's financial statements include management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets and the collectible amount of accounts receivable.

E. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority pays an annual premium for all of the above risks. There have been no claims for the past five years.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget for the Enterprise Fund is prepared by management and is approved by the Board of Directors.

These budgets are prepared on the Non-GAAP cash basis, excluding encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds must be re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year.

Actual expenditure may not exceed the budget on a per fund basis, i.e., total budgeted expenditure must be within total budgeted amounts. Budgets may be amended in one way. If a budget transfer is necessary within a major category called a "resolution." this may be accomplished with only Board of Directors approval.

The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before July 1 of each year, the Board of Directors, approves and certifies to the estimated operating budgets for use by the local board pending final approval from the State of New Mexico.
- 2. The State of New Mexico approves the budget for the Authority to utilize during the year.
- 3. Budget adjustments may be made during the year. The Board of Directors approves budget resolutions to increase or decrease revenue and/or expenditure line items during the year.

NOTE 3. DETAIL NOTES ON ACCOUNTS AND TRANSACTION CLASSES

A. CASH

The Authority's policy is to limit cash deposits to insured and/or collateralized demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. The carrying amount of the Authority's deposits with financial institutions was \$194,069 and the balances per the banks was \$214,205 shown as follows. As a result of the requirements of various loan agreements with the New Mexico Finance Authority, The New Mexico State Treasurer holds funds in a trust account in the name of the Authority which is restricted for construction and debt service requirements of the Authority and depository requirements is not required. The total funds held in these trust accounts as of June 30, 2014 was \$202,594. These funds are not subject to deposit security requirements. The following is summary of the cash deposits of the Authority:

State of New Mexico Greentree Solid Waste Authority Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2014

Depository	Account Type	Fund Type	Balance Per Depository		0	Reconcilin utstanding Checks	 ems	Fi	lance Per inancial atements
Unrestricted Cash:									
City Bank	Checking	Recycling	\$	6,017	\$	(3,198)	\$ -	\$	2,819
City Bank	Checking	Reserve		56,923		-	-		56,923
City Bank	Checking	Landfill Closure		18,649		-	-		18,649
City Bank	Checking	EGRT		53,465		-	-		53,465
City Bank	Checking	Direct Deposit		87		(71)	-		16
City Bank	Checking	Operating		79,064		(18,428)	 1,561		62,197
Total unrestricted cash				214,205		(21,697)	1,561		194,069
Restricted Cash:									
NMFA/NMSTO	Trust	Debt Service		288		-	-		288
NMFA/NMSTO	Investment	Construction Res.		202,306			 		202,306
Total restricted cash				202,594		<u>+</u>	<u>-</u>		202,594
Total cash on deposit			\$	416,799	\$	(21,697)	\$ 1,561		396,663
Petty cash									1,500
Total cash on hand and on dep	osit							\$	398,163

The total deposits at a local bank as of June 30, 2014 amounted to amounted to \$214,205. These deposits were insured by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As a result of the excess FDIC Insurance the Authority has no credit risk at June 30, 2014.

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 869,94) \$ -	\$ -	\$ 869,940
Construction in progress				
Total capital assets not being depreciated	869,94	<u> </u>		869,940
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	5,503,87	-	÷	5,503,876
Furniture and equipment	43,73	-	-	43,736
Dumpsters and polycarts	433,54	-	=	433,546
Machinery and Equipment	3,518,59	<u> </u>	197,101	3,321,497
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,499,75	<u> </u>	197,101	9,302,655
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	744,06	149,473	-	893,537
Furniture and equipment	12,00	4,321	-	16,322
Dumpsters and polycarts	308,75	22,477	-	331,231
Machinery and Equipment	2,900,28	278,137	197,101	2,981,319
Total accumulated depreciation	3,965,10	454,408	197,101	4,222,409
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,534,65	(454,408)	=	5,080,246
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 6,404,59	\$ (454,408)	\$ -	\$ 5,950,186

C. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations of the Authority are as follows:

	Balance 6/30/13	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance 6/30/14	Due Within One Year
6.0% Note Payable, payable to City Bank in monthly installments of \$4,774.94, secured by real estate, matures September 5, 2018	524,503	_	(27,498)	497,005	28,535
3.00% Note Payable, payable to NM Environment Consturction Bureau in annual installments beginning October 2013 and matures on October, 2032.	743,300	-	(27,662)	715,638	28,492
2.53 to 4.01% Note Payable, payable to New Mexico Finance Authority in annual variable installments, secured by real estate, matures May 1, 2025	1,882,015	<u>-</u>	(125,743)	1,756,272	130,433
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 3,149,818	<u>\$</u>	\$ (180,903)	\$ 2,968,915	\$ 187,460

The annual requirements to amortize principal on all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Fiscal						
Year	 Principal		Interest	Total		
2015	\$ 187,461	\$	109,250	\$	296,711	
2016	197,487		99,001		296,488	
2017	209,105		90,022		299,127	
2018	219,552		82,612		302,164	
2019	539,283		73,990-		613,273	
2020-2024	1,033,298		211,819		1,245,117	
2025-2029	397,017		48,183		445,200	
2030-2033	 185,712		11,405		197,117	
	\$ 2,968,915	\$	726,282	\$	3,695,197	

D. CAPITAL LEASES

The following is a summary or lease commitments of the Authority:

	Acquisition Date	Cost	Leases Payable 06/30/13	Lease Payments	New Leases Acquired	Leases Payable 06/30/14	Due Within One Year
Alf Condor Refuse Truck	11/1/08	232,632	17,280	(17,280)	-	-	-
2006 & 2009 Cat Backhoe	3/10/09	107,500	31,925	(31,925)	-	-	-
Refuse Containers	3/11/07	87,163	32,911	(19,402)	-	13,509	13,509
Truck & Grappler	1/15/07	356,458	252,086	(61,555)		190,531	63,764
TOTAL CAPITAL LEASES	<u>\$</u>	783,753	\$ 334,202	\$ (130,162)	\$ -	\$ 204,040	\$ 77,273

These leases are accounted for as capital leases. The asset values under the capital leases totaled \$783,753. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases, together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014.

Fiscal					
Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2015	77,273	16,264	93,537		
2016	70,651	9,265	79,916		
2017	56,116	5,824	61,940		
	\$ 204,040	\$ 31,353	\$ 235,393		

E. LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation, Sick and Compensatory leave is earned by employees during the year based on time worked and is cumulative. Leave due, if any, is paid on an employee's termination. Amounts accrued as of June 30, 2014 was \$38,773

A summary of changes in this liability are as follows:

	Balance				Balance		Due Within			
	6/3	30/2013	Adds		Deletions		6/30/2014		One Year	
Compensated Absences	\$	35,697	\$	38,243	\$	35,167	\$	38,773	\$	38,773

NOTE 4. OTHER NOTES

A. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Each of the participants in the joint powers agreement which forms the Authority, submit Environmental Gross Receipts Tax collections to the Authority. The taxes collected for the year ending June 30, 2014, were \$222,779. The amount of Environmental Gross Receipts Tax collected by the participants prior to year end for remission to the Authority is unknown until received. Therefore, no receivable is recorded. In addition, selected participants financed the transfers of assets to the Authority.

The Villages of Capitan and Corona and the Cities of Carrizozo and Ruidoso Downs bill their utility customers for sanitation services provided by the Authority. Collections for these services are remitted monthly to the Authority. The four municipalities owed the Authority \$80,563 at June 30, 2014.

The Lincoln/Otero County Solid Waste Authority began operations in January of 1994. As a user of the landfill, the Authority paid user fees to the Otero County – Greentree Regional Landfill in the amount of \$131,996

The Lincoln/Otero County Solid Waste Authority elected to return excess funds form operations for prior years. The total amount distributed amounted to \$200,000. Greentree Solid Waster Authority agreed to return \$62,395 as an adjustment based on a percentage of operations utilized by the City of Alamogordo.

B. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The Greentree Solid Waste Authority is party to a Joint Powers Agreement which is material in nature. The Otero County-Greentree Regional Landfill has an agreement between the Authority and the Otero County Solid Waste Authority for the purpose of providing an inter-governmental cooperative agreement for the financial, operation, and ownership of the Otero County-Greentree Regional Landfill. The budgetary and financial accountability for the operation of the landfill lies with the City of Alamogordo and is included in their audit as an agency fund. All future landfill closure costs are the responsibility of the Otero County-Greentree Regional Landfill.

The Lincoln/Otero County Solid Waste Authority elected to return excess funds form operations for prior years. The total amount distributed amounted to \$200,000. Greentree Solid Waster Authority agreed to return \$62,395 as an adjustment based on a percentage of operations utilized by the City of Alamogordo.

Effective December 1, 1993, the Environmental Gross Receipts Tax, which had been pledged to the Authority, was further pledged to Lincoln/Otero County Landfill Authority to fund beginning operations of the landfill. The Otero County-Greentree Regional Landfill notified the Authority that all requirements of their debt had been met and released the pledge of the EGRT revenues to the landfill. The Greentree Solid Waste Authority recorded \$222,779 in tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2014.

C. PERA PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. All of the Authority's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees' Retirement Act (PERA) (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978) of the State of New Mexico. PERA is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, PO Box 1029, Santa Fe, NM 87503.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 8.5% of their gross salary. The Authority is required to contribute 7.4% of gross salary for those employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Authority are established under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Authority's contributions to PERA for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$43,828, \$ 47,436, and \$51,908 respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for each year.

E. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Authority closed its only municipal solid waste landfill on June 30, 1996 at which time the Authority filed closure proposals with the New Mexico Environmental Department (NMED). This landfill was owned jointly with the Village of Capitan. Costs for closure are allocated between the owners based on acreage, 61% to the Authority and 39% to the Village of Capitan as outlined in the original purchase agreement. The Authority received grant monies from NMED totaling \$200,000 from 1996 to June 30, 2003. As of August 11, 2003, \$91,885 had been spent in addition to the expended grant monies. Post-closure monitoring is required for up to 30 years with total costs estimated at \$13,000 per year. The Village of Capitan reimburses the Authority for their 39% share of these costs. The current year actual closure costs for this landfill were \$9,143. The Authority has restricted an amount of \$18,649 of its Net Position for the purpose of future closure costs.

F. PENDING LITIGATION

The nature of the litigation: Greentree Solid Waste Authority v. County of Lincoln, Alto Lakes Water & Sanitation District, and New Mexico Finance Authority. This case was filed as a declaratory judgment action in which Greentree has asked the court to interpret the Joint Powers Agreement and other governing documents of the Authority to determine whether or not customers in the Alto Lakes Water & Sanitation District can withdraw from Joint Powers Agreement and Greentree Solid Waste Authority service. Approximately 1,100 customers in the Alto Lakes Water and Sanitation District withdrew from the Joint Powers Agreement with approval of Lincoln County. Greentree Solid Waste Authority contends that the Lincoln County violated the agreement and has harmed the authority financially.

The case was filed on January 9, 2014. In June of 2013, the court granted summary judgment to Defendants. Greentree filed a motion to reconsider, which has been scheduled for a hearing on January 24, 2014. Litigation is continuing.

The nature of the litigation: *Greentree Solid Waste Authority v. County of Lincoln*. The Authority filed suit on May 1, 2014 requesting and injunction to prevent the County of Lincoln for withdrawing from the Joint Powers Agreement until the terms of such withdrawal are determined so that the Authority and its members will not be harmed. Litigations is continuing.

G. SUBSEQUENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB issued Statement No. 70 Accounting and Financial reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15. 2013. This statement established accounting and financial reporting standards for financial guarantees that are non-exchange transaction extended or received by a state or local government. A non-exchange financial guarantee is a guarantee of an obligation of a legally separate entity or individual, including a blended or discretely presented component unit, which requires the guarantor to indemnify a third-party obligation holder under specified conditions. This statement is effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The District has reviewed the statement and has determined that it does not apply to the District.

Other Reports and Disclosures

Dan Austin CPA, PC 700 Mechem Drive Ste 15 Ruidoso, NM 88345

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Mr. Hector H. Balderas State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board Members of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government *Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the business-type activities of Greentree Solid Waste Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Greentree Solid Waste Authority internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Greentree Solid Waste Authority internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Greentree Solid Waste Authority financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Greentree Solid Waste Authority internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 24, 2014

au Cluston att, Pc

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
GREENTREE SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OTHER DISCLOSURES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings

None

Summary of Current Year Findings

None

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION

Although it would be preferable and desirable for the Authority to prepare its own GAAP-based financial statements, it is felt that the Authority's personnel do not have the time to prepare them. Therefore the outside auditor under contract with the Authority prepared the GAAP-basis financial statements and footnotes to inclusion in the annual audit report. However, the responsibility for the content of the report remains with Authority management.

EXIT CONFERENCE

On December 1, 2014 an exit conference was held at the Authority's offices. Present at the Authority's offices were, Board Chairman Ray Dean, Operational Supervisor Debra Ingle, Financial Coordinator Beverly Foote and auditor Dan Austin, CPA. The audit and related comments were discussed, as well as other suggestions for improvements in the internal control structure and financial reporting.