

**State of New Mexico
Board of Examiners for Architects
Financial Statements
With Independent Auditors Report Thereon**

June 30, 2011

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects
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June 30, 2011

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Official Roster
June 30, 2011

Board Members

Robert Calvani	Chair
Tomas Mendez	Vice Chair
Michael A. Bodelson	Secretary/Treasurer
Jim Oschwald	Architect Member
John Alejandro	Architect Member
Sam Valencia	Public Member

Administrative Officials

Wren Propp	Acting Director, CFO
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Robert Calvani, Board Chairman
Board of Examiners for Architects

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of the State of New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects (Board), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011 which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

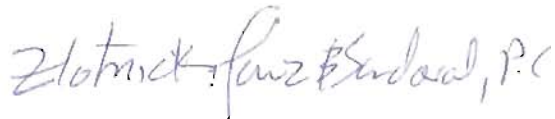
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Board are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the State that is attributable to the transactions of the Board. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the entire State of New Mexico as of June 30, 2011 and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 19, 2011 on our consideration of the Board's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provision of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 6 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Zlotnick, Laws & Sandoval, P.C.

September 19, 2011

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis offers readers of the Board of Examiners for Architects' (Board) financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Board's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of three sections (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (2) the basic financial statements (3) other reports.

- (1) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues and to provide an overview of the Board's financial activity.
- (2) The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements: Government-Wide financial statements and Fund financial statements. Government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Board's overall financial status. Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the Board. The governmental funds statements tell how the general government service was financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The financial statements also include notes intended to explain selected information in the financial statements and provide additional, detailed information.
- (3) The other reports section provides additional supporting information including the Governmental Auditing Standards Reports, Schedule of Findings and Responses, Status of Prior Year Findings, and the memo on the Exit Conference.

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements report all financial and capital resources of the Board as a whole, excluding the fiduciary funds of the Board (see Fund Financial Statements below). The Statement of Net Assets displays the assets, liabilities, and net assets of the Board in the "assets less liabilities equal net assets" format. The Statement of Activities presents governmental activities by function, at the level of detail required in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The government-wide financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Board's significant governmental funds. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of the sources of funding and spending for specific purposes. The government-wide financial statements were prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Board is a single-purpose government entity with only one fund: the general fund. All of the Board's main operations are reflected in this fund. The fund financial statements provide information to help the user to assess the level of current financial resources available to the Board. The general fund is a non-reverting fund.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Condensed Financial Comparison of Current and Prior Fiscal Year:

	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>June 30, 2010</u>
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$ 458,041	\$ 669,107
Capital Assets	-	-
Total Assets	<u>\$ 458,041</u>	<u>669,107</u>
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities	\$ 16,764	\$ 20,343
Non-Current Liabilities	17	82
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 16,781</u>	<u>\$ 20,425</u>
Net Assets:		
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ -	\$ -
Unrestricted Net Assets (Deficit)	441,260	648,682
Total Net Assets	<u>\$ 441,260</u>	<u>\$ 648,682</u>
Program Revenue	<u>\$ 58,381</u>	<u>\$ 655,804</u>
Total Revenue	<u>58,381</u>	<u>655,804</u>
Expenses – General Fund	265,803	297,870
Depreciation	-	366
Total Expenses	<u>265,803</u>	<u>298,236</u>
Change in Net Assets	(207,422)	357,568
Beginning Net Assets	648,682	291,114
Ending Net Assets	<u>\$ 441,260</u>	<u>\$ 648,682</u>

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2011

Overall Financial Position

The decrease in the government-wide total assets of \$207,422 is mainly attributable to a \$211,066 decrease in cash. The majority of license and registration fees are collected every two years. Therefore, revenues are considerably lower in the odd-numbered fiscal years. However, the funds generated during the even-numbered fiscal years, in addition to the small amount generated during the odd-numbered fiscal years, are used to operate the agency over two years.

The Board is in sound financial condition, having a fund balance of \$458,041. All of this amount is designated for subsequent years' expenditures. The Board is a non-reverting agency to the State General Fund.

The Board has \$43,083 of capital assets, consisting mainly of computer equipment. Accumulated depreciation was \$43,083 at June 30, 2010. Net capital assets was \$0 at June 30, 2011. The only debt the Board has is in compensated absences of which \$4,554 is considered current, and \$17 is long-term.

BOARD HIGHLIGHTS

The New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects is a state regulatory agency that licenses architects and regulates the practice of architecture in the State of New Mexico. The Board is made up of seven members appointed by the Governor. Six of the members are architects with ten years or more experience; five years of which shall have been in responsible charge of architectural projects. Architect members of the Board also must have been registered in New Mexico for at least five years. One of these members must be in architectural education in an accredited college of architecture in New Mexico. The seventh member is a public member who is not a licensed architect. Each member shall be a citizen of the United States and a resident of New Mexico for at least five years prior to date of appointment.

The Board renews licenses of architects every two years and FY 11 was a non-renewal year. During FY 11, the Board initially registered 22 in-state licensees; 97 out-of-state licensees and 0 architect emeritus. Overall, in FY 11, the Board's roster of currently registered architects was 2,207 as of June 30, 2011. The Board received approximately \$58,381 in revenues in FY 11. The Board will also accumulate approximately \$655,000 in revenues during a renewal year (FY 12). The Board's director retired and the position was not filled in FY 11. This created a savings in the "personal services" budget category and the budget in general for FY 11.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designated to provide a general overview of the State of New Mexico, Board of Examiners for Architects finances for all those interested in the Board's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

E. Wren Propp, Acting Director and CFO
Board of Examiners for Architects
P.O. Box 509
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
 New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects
 STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
 June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool	\$ 457,841
Petty cash	200
Capital assets, net	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 458,041
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 6,126
Accrued payroll payable	6,084
Compensated absences payable:	
Due within one year	4,554
Due after one year	17
TOTAL LIABILITIES	16,781
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	-
Restricted	-
Unrestricted	441,260
TOTAL NET ASSETS	441,260
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 458,041

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the year ended June 30, 2011

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
EXPENSES	
General government:	
Personal services and employee benefits	\$ 187,650
Contractual services	7,563
Other costs	70,590
Depreciation	-
	<hr/>
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>265,803</u>
 PROGRAM REVENUE	
Charges for services:	
Trade licenses	15,625
Registration fees - professional licenses	35,313
Other penalties	7,250
Miscellaneous	193
	<hr/>
TOTAL PROGRAM REVENUE	<u>58,381</u>
 CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	 (207,422)
 NET ASSETS, BEGINNING	 <u>648,682</u>
 NET ASSETS, ENDING	 <u><u>\$ 441,260</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND
June 30, 2011

	<u>General Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Investment in State GF Investment Pool	\$ 457,841
Petty Cash	200
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 458,041</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 6,126
Accrued payroll	6,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>12,210</u>
FUND BALANCES	
Unassigned	<u>445,831</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>445,831</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 458,041</u>
 Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Assets differ because:	
Total fund balances	\$ 445,831
Capital assets reported in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds statement	-
Compensated absences accrued in the government-wide financial statements are excluded from the governmental funds statement	<u>(4,571)</u>
Net assets per Statement of Net Assets	<u>\$ 441,260</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
 New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND
 For the year ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Other state funds:	
Application Fees	\$ 15,625
Registration fees -professional licenses	35,313
Other penalties	7,250
Miscellaneous	193
TOTAL REVENUES	58,381
EXPENDITURES	
General government:	
Current:	
Personal services and employee benefits	188,363
Contractual services	7,563
Other costs	70,590
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	266,516
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(208,135)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	653,966
FUND BALANCE ENDING	\$ 445,831

Amounts reported In the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance	\$ (208,135)
Net change in current and long-term portions of compensated absences	713
Excess depreciation over capital outlay expenditures	-
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (207,422)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
New Mexico Board of Examiners for Architects
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
For the year ended June 30, 2011

	General Fund			
	Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Other state funds:				
Trade licenses	\$ 105,300	105,300	15,625	(89,675)
Registration fees - professional licenses	-	-	35,313	35,313
Other penalties	-	-	7,250	7,250
Miscellaneous	-	-	193	193
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>105,300</u>	<u>105,300</u>	<u>\$ 58,381</u>	<u>(46,919)</u>
 Fund Balance	 <u>653,966</u>	 <u>653,966</u>		
TOTAL RESOURCES	<u>\$ 759,266</u>	<u>759,266</u>		
 EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Current:				
Personal services and employee benefits	\$ 253,000	253,000	188,363	64,637
Contractual services	14,400	14,400	7,563	6,837
Other costs	94,700	94,700	70,590	24,110
	<u>\$ 362,100</u>	<u>362,100</u>	<u>266,516</u>	<u>95,584</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of the Entity

The State of New Mexico, Board of Examiners for Architects (Board) was created under Laws 1931, Chapter 155. The primary duties and obligations of the Board are to administer the provisions of the Architectural Act (Section 61-15-1 through 61-15-13, NMSA, 1978) and to exercise the authority granted the Board in the Act. The Act requires any person practicing architecture in New Mexico to submit evidence that he/she is qualified to practice and shall be registered unless exempt under the provisions of the Architectural Act

The Board shall have the power to subpoena any witness, to administer oaths and to take testimony concerning matters within its jurisdiction. It shall be within the jurisdiction of the Board to determine and prescribe by regulations the professional and technical qualifications necessary for the practice of architecture in New Mexico. The Board shall adopt and have an official seal, which shall be affixed to all certificates of registration granted, and may make rules and regulations not inconsistent with law.

The Board, a seven member group appointed by the governor for staggered terms of three years each constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government which has governing responsibilities over all activities related to architects.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Board have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Board applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements.

The Board is a component unit of the primary government, the State of New Mexico. The Board has no component units. These financial statements present the financial position and results of operation of only those Statewide Human Resources, Accounting and Management Reporting System (SHARE) funds over which the Board has oversight responsibility. The Board has decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Board is a user organization of the SHARE accounting system. The service organization is the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basic Financial Statements

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 - Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, the basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements, the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities. The Board does not have any fiduciary activities. The Board does not have any business-type activities; therefore, only governmental activities are shown. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The fund financial statements, the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, are presented to report additional and detailed information about the Board. The general fund (SHARE fund #03800) is the Board's operating fund and includes all financial transactions conducted to fulfill its general government function. It accounts for all financial resources of the Board.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting is related to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33. Capital assets are reported at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense is reported in the statement of activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the direct expenses of the single function (general government) of the Board which is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or identifiable activity. The Board has no indirect expenses and, therefore, indirect expenses are not required to be allocated to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges for services provided by a particular function or program. Other revenues not identifiable with a particular function or program are included as general revenue. The general revenues support the net costs of the function or program not covered by program revenues.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered a measure of available spendable resources.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of available spendable resources during a period. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are available if collectible within the current period or soon enough afterwards to pay liabilities of the current period. The Board considers revenues to be available if collected within sixty days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. The Board does not have any debt service expenditures. The current portion of the compensated absences liability is not included in the fund financial statements because the State of New Mexico does not budget for any compensated absences in the current year.

B. Capital Assets

Capital assets of the Board include furniture and fixtures, and equipment. The Board does not have any infrastructure. Capital assets are defined in Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978. Section 12-6-10 NMSA 1978, was amended effective June 19, 2005, changing the capitalization threshold to \$5,000. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The Board does not undertake major capital projects involving interest costs during the construction phase. There is no debt related to the capital assets. Capital assets of the Board are depreciated using zero salvage value and the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Machinery and equipment	5
Data processing equipment	4
Furniture and fixtures	7

C. Accrued Compensated Absences

Annual leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as benefits are earned by employees if: the employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered; and it is probable that the employer will compensate employees for benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Accrued Compensated Absences (continued)

Employees accumulate annual leave at a rate based on appointment date and length of continuous service. A maximum of 240 hours of annual leave may be carried forward after the pay period beginning in December and ending in January. When employees terminate, they are compensated at their current hourly rate for accumulated unpaid annual leave as of the date of termination, up to a maximum of 240 hours.

Employees accumulate sick leave at a rate of 3.69 hours per pay period. There is no limit to the amount of sick leave that an employee may accumulate. State agencies are allowed to pay fifty percent of each employee hourly rate for accumulated sick leave over 600 hours, up to 120 hours. Payment may be made only once per fiscal year at a specified pay period in either January or July. Additionally, upon retirement, those employees with over 600 hours of accumulated sick leave, have the option to convert 400 hours of such leave to cash at one half of their hourly rate.

Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) states that nonexempt employees accumulate compensation time at a rate of 1.5 times the number of hours worked, in excess of forty hours per week, based on their regular hourly rate. Exempt and classified employees who are FLSA exempt accumulate compensation time at the same rate as the number of hours worked. Overtime must be preapproved by management. Payment of this liability can be made by compensated leave time or cash payment. At June 30th, there was no compensation time owed to any employees.

In accordance with GASB 16, accrued compensated absences consist of accumulated annual leave, sick leave between 600 and 720 hours, compensatory leave for employees, including the related employers' matching FICA and Medicare payroll taxes.

D. Net Assets/Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets consist of three components:

- a) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt
- b) Restricted net assets
- c) Unrestricted net assets

The Board has no debt related to capital assets; therefore, net assets invested in capital assets equal the capital assets, net of related accumulated depreciation. The Board's financial statement does not show any net assets restricted because it does not have any resources remaining in the net assets that were received or earned with the explicit understanding between the Board and the resource provider (grantor, contributor, other government, or enabling legislation) that the funds would be used for a specific purpose. Therefore, all remaining net assets that are not related to capital assets are shown as unrestricted.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Net Assets/Fund Equity (continued)

Fund Balance Classification: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Board is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Board's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the Board manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund, or, in other words, all amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The Board would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

E. Reversions

Any unexpended balance remaining in SHARE Fund #03800 does not revert to the State General Fund as provided by law, Section 61-15-4-F, NMSA 1978.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011

F. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Board prepares and submits an annual budget for the General Fund to the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) for approval based upon the appropriations made by the State Legislature. This budget must be submitted by September 1 for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them and is approved by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico. Subsequent amendments affecting a category must be approved by the Director of the State Budget Division of DFA.

Budgets are controlled at the "appropriation unit" level. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year except for those goods and services provided to the Board by June 30th. The accounting records are held open for approximately one additional month per DFA directive, in order to record the transactions in the fiscal year ended June 30th.

The budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting except for accounts payable accrued at the end of the fiscal year that do not get paid by the statutory deadline per Section 6-10-4 NMSA 1978. Those accounts payable must be paid out of the next year's budget.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 2.2.2 10.A(2)(b) of 2.2.2 NMAC Requirements for Contracting and Conducting Audits of Agencies and the allowance made by GASB 34 footnote 53, the budgetary comparison statement has been included as part of the basic financial statements.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosure. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2011**

2. Investment in the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool

The funds allotted to the Board are held by the New Mexico State Treasurer and pooled with the general fund investment pool. The Board is required to participate in this investment pool and the Board does not receive any income from this investment.

The Board's share of the Investment in the State General Fund Investment Pool is as follows:

	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Account Balance</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Governmental Funds:			
Investment in the State General Fund Investment Pool, fund 16400	1 day	\$457,841	\$457,841

For additional GASB 40 disclosure information regarding the State Treasurer General Fund Investment Pool, the reader should see the separate audit report for the State Treasurer's Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	<u>Balance 6/30/10</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/11</u>
Capital Assets:				
Data Processing	\$ 11,189	-	-	\$ 11,189
Furniture & Fixtures	9,433	-	-	9,433
Machinery and Equipment	22,461	-	-	22,461
Total	43,083	-	-	43,083
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Data Processing	\$ 11,189	-	-	\$ 11,189
Furniture & Fixtures	9,433	-	-	9,433
Machinery and Equipment	22,461	-	-	22,461
Total	43,083	-	-	43,083
Net Assets	-	-	-	-

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was \$-0-

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June 30, 2011**

4. Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences:

	Balance 6/30/10	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/11	Due within One Year
Annual Leave	\$ 5,284	8,049	(8,762)	\$ 4,571	\$ 4,554

The Board's General Fund resources have been used to liquidate accrued compensated absences in the past. The Board had no other debt activity during the year.

5. PERA Retirement Plan

Plan Description. Substantially all of the Board's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement benefits, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, NM 87504-2123. The report is also available on PERA's website at www.pera.state.nm.us.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 8.92% of their gross salary. The Board is required to contribute 15.09% of the gross covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Board are established in State statute under Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The Board's contributions to PERA for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$18,915, \$24,580, and \$32,905, respectively, which equal the amount of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

6. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – Retiree Health Care

Plan Description. The Board contributes to the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (RHCA). The RHCA provides health care insurance and prescription drug benefits to retired employees of participating New Mexico government agencies, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. The RHCA Board was established by the Retiree Health Care Act (Chapter 10, Article 7C, NMSA 1978). The Board is responsible for establishing and amending benefit provisions of the healthcare plan and is also authorized to designate optional and/or voluntary benefits like dental, vision, supplemental life insurance, and long-term care policies.

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 June 30, 2011

6. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – Retiree Health Care (continued)

Eligible retirees are: 1) retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the RHCA plan on the person's behalf unless that person retires before the employer's RHCA effective date, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between the employer's effective date and the date of retirement; 2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; 3) former legislators who served at least two years; and 4) former governing authority members who served at least four years.

The RHCA issues a publicly available stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the postemployment healthcare plan. That report and further information can be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority at 4308 Carlisle NE, Suite 104, Albuquerque, NM 87107.

Funding Policy. The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-13 NMSA 1978) authorizes the RHCA Board to establish the monthly premium contributions that retirees are required to pay for healthcare benefits. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium according to a service based subsidy rate schedule for the medical plus basic life plan plus an additional participation fee of five dollars if the eligible participant retired prior to the employer's RHCA effective date or is a former legislator or former governing authority member. Former legislators and governing authority members are required to pay 100% of the insurance premium to cover their claims and the administrative expenses of the plan. The monthly premium rate schedule can be obtained from the RHCA or viewed on their website at www.nmrhca.state.nm.us.

The Retiree Health Care Act (Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978) is the statutory authority that establishes the required contributions of participating employers and their employees. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the statute required each participating employer to contribute 1.666% of each participating employee's annual salary; each participating employee was required to contribute .8333% of their salary. In the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2013 the contribution rates for employees and employers will rise as follows:

For employees who are not members of an enhanced retirement plan the contribution rates will be:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Employer Contribution Rate</u>	<u>Employee Contribution Rate</u>
FY12	1.834%	0.971%
FY13	2.000%	1.000%

Also, employers joining the program after 1/1/98 are required to make a surplus-amount contribution to the RHCA based on one of two formulas at agreed-upon intervals.

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 Notes to the Financial Statements
 June 30, 2011

6. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – Retiree Health Care (continued)

The RHCA plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the RHCA on a monthly basis. The statutory requirements for the contributions can be changed by the New Mexico State Legislature.

The Board's contributions to the RHCA for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$2,066, \$1,799 and \$2,755, respectively, which equal the required contributions for each year.

7. Operating Leases

The Board leases Office space under a lease agreement with a ten year term beginning September 1, 2006 and terminating on September 1, 2016 with the option to extend the terms another five years. Expenditures for the lease for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$32,444. Future minimum lease payments under this lease are as follows:

Year ending June 30	Amount
2012	\$ 33,036
2013	33,645
2014	34,273
2015	34,920
2016	5,838
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ <u>141,712</u>

8. Risk Management and Litigation

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and, natural disasters. Section 15-7-2, NMSA 1978 requires the General Services Department, Risk Management Division (RMD) to be responsible for the acquisition and administration of all insurance purchased by the state. Since 1977, various state laws have been passed which allow RMD to insure, self-insure or use a combination of both. For the past several years, the RMD has elected to self-insure, and has not obtained liability coverage from commercial insurance companies. The RMD has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. Risk management expenditures for the Board are accounted for in the General Fund. Any claims are processed through RMD.

There are no pending or known threatened legal proceedings involving material matters to which the Board is a party.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Hector H. Balderas
New Mexico State Auditor
and
Robert Calvani, Board Chairman
Board of Examiners for Architects

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund of the State of New Mexico, Board of Examiners for Architects (Board) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the agency's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the agency's internal control.

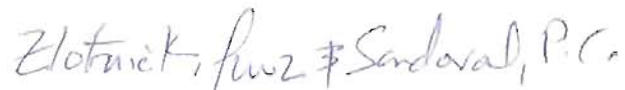
A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the agency's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the State Auditor, the New Mexico Legislature, and applicable federal grantors, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.


Zlotnick, Laws & Sandoval, P.C.

September 19, 2011

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Status of Prior Year's Findings
June 30, 2011

<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Status</u>
2010-01	Auditor Prepared Financial Statements	Resolved

**STATE OF NEW MEXICO
BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ARCHITECTS
Exit Conference
June 30, 2011**

The contents of this report were discussed at an exit conference held September 19, 2011.

The Board of Examiners for Architects was represented by:

Robert Calvani, Chair
Wren Propp, Acting Director and CFO
Gina Junge, Administrative Services Coordinator

Zlotnick, Laws & Sandoval, P.C. was represented by:

Asa Laws, CPA
Brian Laws, CPA

The financial statements were prepared by the auditors: Zlotnick, Laws & Sandoval, P.C.