

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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Official Roster June 30, 2016

Board of Directors

Barry Green President Kendell Buzard Vice President Alan West Secretary Aldolfo Lucero Director Colin Chandler Director Ernest Riley Director Marshall Scot Stinnett Director Tuck N. Monk Director Yantie Love Director

Administration

George Sena Association Manager
Pae Vison Clerk/Secretary

De'Aun Willoughby CPA, PC

Certified Public Accountant 225 Innsdale Terrace, Clovis, NM 88101

(855) 253-4313

Independent Auditor's Report

Mr. Timothy Keller State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board Members of the Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association

Mr. Keller and Members of the Board

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activity of the Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc., a non-profit corporation (Association), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Association's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the budgetary comparison presented as supplementary information, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, in the accompanying financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activity of Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the respective budgetary comparison presents fairly, in all material respects, as of June 30, 2016 and for the year then ended such budgetary comparison in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended June 30, 2016, required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financials statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financials statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing report.

Other Information

The accompanying Schedule of Vendor Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

De'Aun Will oughby CPA PC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2016, on our consideration of Association's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of it's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Association's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 21, 2016

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Statement of Net Position- Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2016

Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash on Hand	5	470
Cash in Banks		490,380
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance for		
Uncollectible Accounts)		35,760
Inventory		12,628
Total Current Assets		539,238
Non-current Assets		
Restricted Cash in Banks		53,150
Capital Assets		2,621,407
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(1,870,493)
Total Non-current Assets		804,064
Total Assets		1,343,302
Liabilities and Net Position		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		14,289
Accrued Salaries & Related Expenses		2,659
Total Current Liabilities		16,948
Non-current Liabilities		
Accrued Compensated Absences		10,774
Customer Deposits		53,150
Total Non-current Liabilities		63,924
Total Liabilities		80,872
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets		804,064
Unrestricted		458,366
Total Net Position	\$	1,262,430

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Operating Revenues	
Sales and Services	\$ 993,602
Cost of Goods Sold	(321,710)
	671,892
Operating Expenses	
Personnel Services	416,643
Depreciation	90,300
Taxes	55,795
Repairs	35,800
Insurance	19,458
Fees	11,434
Fuel	11,330
Office	11,096
Utilities	10,827
Board Expense	9,925
Bad Debts	9,020
Professional Fees	7,970
Supplies	7,345
Uniforms	7,270
Other	4,334
	708,547
Operating Income	(36,655)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Interest Income	5,504
Total Nonoperating Revenues	5,504
Change in Net Position	(31,151)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,293,581
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 1,262,430

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Employees and Suppliers Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,006,132 (949,516) 56,616
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisitions and Construction of Capital Assets Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital & Related Financing Activities	_	(83,610) (83,610)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Income Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	5,504 5,504
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		(21,490)
Cash, Beginning of Year		565,490
Cash, End of Year	\$	544,000
Reconciliation of Cash Cash on Hand Cash in Banks Restricted Cash in Banks Total Cash	\$	470 490,380 53,150 544,000
Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(36,655)
Depreciation Change in Assets & Liabilities		90,300
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Inventory Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ <u></u>	13,158 14,517 (16,397) (10,372) (822) 2,887 56,616

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association (Association) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Association's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association was organized pursuant to Chapter 3, Article 23, NMSA, 1978, which provides that two or more municipalities, by joint or concurring resolution, may form an association for the purpose of acquiring a natural gas supply system. The Association was organized by the municipalities of Fort Sumner, Melrose, and Floyd, New Mexico. The Association was incorporated as a non-profit corporation pursuant to the laws of the State of New Mexico on February 19, 1965.

Each of the originating municipalities appoints three members to the governing Board of Directors to serve a term of three years. The municipalities do not have an equity interest in the Association as no capital stock was issued upon incorporation.

The accompanying financial statements present the Association as a business type activity, stand-alone, special purpose government. None of the individual members of the municipalities who organized the Association appoint a majority of its Board and none of the individual municipalities are able to impose their will on the organization. The Board of Directors has the power to make and alter bylaws or rules and regulations for the management and operation of the work of the Association and the control and conduct of its business and affairs, including the ability to approve its own budget and issue debt, without the approval of the organizing municipalities. The Board of Directors may, at its discretion, allocate any net profit after all obligations, to the organizing municipalities. The Board has not elected to distribute any profits in recent years. Although the Association does not receive direct financial assistance from the organizing municipalities and they have no obligation to provide direct financial assistance, the organizers may provide such assistance at their discretion; however, Association does not impose a financial burden on these governments. Finally, the nature and significance of the relationship of Association is such that it would not cause the organizing governments financial statements to be misleading or incomplete by not including the financial statements of the Association.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Under provisions of this Statement, the Association is considered a primary government, since it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Association may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges and issue bonded debt.

The Association has no component units, defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected Association members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Association Board Members are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Association has a significant relationship.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Basis of Presentation

The Association is engaged in a business-type activity only. The financial statements (the statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position - proprietary fund and the statement of cash flows) report information on all of the activities of the Association.

Business-type activities are financed only by fees charged to customers that defines operating revenue. Operating expenses are defined as costs of providing services and products to customers. Capital, and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investment activities are normally not reported as operating income or expenses. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Association finances and meets the cash flow needs of proprietary activity.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources resulting from exchange and non-exchange like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Association had no deferred inflows or outflows of resources for the current year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Association's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Association is authorized under the provisions of Chapter 6, Article 10, paragraph 10, NMSA 1978, to deposit its money in banks, savings and loan associations and/or credit unions whose accounts are insured by an agency of the United States.

Investments

All money not immediately necessary for the public uses of the Association may be invested in :

- (a) bonds or negotiable securities of the United States, the state or any county, municipality or Association which has a taxable valuation of real property for the last preceding year of at least one million dollars (1,000,000) and has not defaulted in the payment of any interest or sinking fund obligation or failed to meet any bonds at maturity at any time within five years last preceding; or
- (b) securities that are issued by the United States government or by its agencies or instrumentalities and that are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States government or agencies guaranteed by the United States government.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

(c) in contracts with banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions for the present purchase and resale at a specified time in the future of specific securities at specified prices at a price differential representing the interest income to be earned by the investor. The contract shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with the investment. The contract shall be fully secured by obligations of the United States having a market value of at least one hundred two percent of the contract. The collateral required for investment in the contracts provided for in this subsection shall be shown on the books of the financial institution as being the property of the investor and the designation shall be contemporaneous with investment.

Accounts Receivables

Accounts receivables are reported net of advance payments received from customers. Advance payments include amounts received in excess of billings on a monthly budget payment plan and New Mexico department of Human Services Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program. Management has determined that unbilled receivables, service provided after the last billing date and the end of the reporting year, are not material. As the Association's year end occurs in the summer during low gas usage, and as the unbilled service is typically approximately the same as the beginning and end of the year, management's practice is not to record the unbilled service. Allowance for uncollectible accounts is provided based on historical charge-offs of uncollectible accounts.

Inventory

The inventories held by the Association are recorded at cost, with cost being determined on the first-in, first out basis.

Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the Association in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the reserve for prepaid items has been recorded to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs and depreciated over their estimated useful lives (with no salvage value). Capital assets are defined by the Association as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The construction period interest is not capitalized in the proprietary funds.

Estimated useful life is management's estimate of how long the asset is expected to meet service demands. Straight line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure	30 Years
Buildings	50 Years
Building Improvements	20 Years
Vehicles, Equipment	3-15 Years
Information Technology Equipment and Software	3-15 Years

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Compensated Absences

The Association permits employees to accumulate a maximum of twenty days unused vacation time which must be taken or forfeited within the employee's anniversary year following the employment year in which the annual leave was earned. The employees are paid for accrued vacation time when terminated of employment. Association employees accrue one sick day per calendar month. Employees may be paid half of accumulated sick leave over one hundred and twenty days. The beginning balance of the liability was \$11,597, additions were \$15,542, vacation used \$16,365 leaving a liability of \$10,774.

Revenue

The policy for defining the proprietary fund's operating revenues and expenses is how individual transactions would be categorized for purposes of preparing a statement of cash flows. Transactions for which cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities normally are not reported as components of operating income.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include customer deposits held for security of sales of natural gas. Assets are reported as restricted when:

Externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments;

Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available it will first be applied to restricted resources.

Budgetary Control

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year and is approved by the Board of Directors and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. The budget is prepared on the cash basis, which is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Board of Directors is authorized to transfer budgetary amounts between the items within the fund; however, any revision that alters the total expenditures must be approved by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. In conjunction with this, they can overspend line items, but it is a violation of state statute to over-expend a fund total. New Mexico's legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates in the Association's financial statements include the allowance for uncollectible accounts, the current portion of accrued compensated absences, and the useful lives of capital assets.

Note B: Deposits and Investments

The Association is required by New Mexico State Statute (Section 6-10-17) to be 50% collateralized.

Citizens Bank		Balance		
		Per Bank	Reconciled	
Name of Account	_	6/30/16	Balance	Туре
Revenue Account	\$	97,043 \$	92,904	Checking
Business Account		56,595	56,595	Savings
Meter Deposit Account	_	55,679	52,660	Checking
Total Deposited		209,317 \$	202,159	
Less: FDIC Coverage		(209,317)		
Uninsured Amount	\$	0		
American Heritage Bank		Balance	Dagagailad	
Name of Assessed		Per Bank	Reconciled	T
Name of Account		6/30/16	Balance	Туре
Repair & Replacement	\$	99,848	99,848	Checking
Repair & Replacement-CD		61,524	61,524	Savings
Association	_	50,000	50,000	Savings
Total Deposited		211,372 \$	161,372	
Less: FDIC Coverage		(211,372)		
Uninsured Amount	\$_	0		
NM Bank and Trust		Balance Per Bank	Reconciled	
Name of Account		6/30/16	Balance	Type
Association	\$	130,000	130,000	Savings
Total Deposited	Ψ_	130,000	130,000	Carmigo
Less: FDIC Coverage		(130,000)	.00,000	
Uninsured Amount	\$	0		
Offinistred Amount	Ψ=	0		
Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits			Donk	
Depository Account			Bank Balance	
Insured		\$	550,689	
Collateralized:				
Collateral held by the pledging bank in				
Association's name			0	
Uninsured and uncollateralized			0	
Total Deposits		\$	550,689	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, none of the Association's bank balance of \$550,689 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

The restricted cash is the customer meter deposits that are held to secure payment of gas services.

Note C: Capital Assets

Capital Assets Balances and Activity for the Year Ended June 30, 2016, is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
_	6/30/15	 Additions	_	Deletions	6/30/16
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets not being Depreciated					
Land \$_	27,223	\$ 0	\$_	0 \$	27,223
Total Capital Assets not					
being Depreciated	27,223	0		0	27,223
Other Capital Assets					
Utility System:					
Gas Plant Acquisition	95,817	0		0	95,817
Improvements	228,243	31,567		0	259,810
Mains, Meters, Regulators	1,636,210	16,957		0	1,653,167
Equipment & Vehicles:					
Equipment	339,416	0		0	339,416
Transportation	151,463	35,086		(26,000)	160,549
Office	85,425	 0	_	0	85,425
Total Capital Assets at					
Historical Cost \$_	2,563,797	\$ 83,610	\$_	(26,000) \$	2,621,407
Accumulated Depreciation:					
Utility System:					
Gas Plant Acquisition \$	95,817	\$ 0	\$	0 \$	95,817
Improvements	114,473	7,413		0	121,886
Mains Meter Regulators	1,195,768	44,264		0	1,240,032
Equipment & Vehicles:					
Equipment	213,123	15,815		0	228,938
Transportation	123,851	16,024		(26,000)	113,875
Office	63,161	 6,784		0	69,945
	1,806,193	 90,300		(26,000)	1,870,493
Capital Assets, net \$	757,604	\$ (6,690)	\$ _	<u>0</u> \$_	750,914

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note D: Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

Substantially all full time employees participate in the Association Pension Trust, a defined contribution plan, complying with Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Association does not participate in the statewide PERA plan.

The plan adopted by the Board of Directors was last amended on January 1, 2013. The plan provides for elective salary deferrals of employees, up to the maximum as provided by law (for 2016, \$24,000 for employees 50 years of age and over and \$18,000 for employees under 50 years of age). Employee deferrals are matched by the employer up to a maximum of 6% of compensation. The employer may also make additional discretionary contributions to the plan.

The Association's contributions in the plan for fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, and 2015, were \$17,560 and \$19,363, respectively. Employee salary deferrals were \$38,126 and \$32,204 in fiscal year 2016 and 2015, respectively. There were no additional discretionary contributions for either fiscal years of 2016 or 2015.

Vesting of employer non-elective matching contributions is over a six year graded plan. Participants become fully vested upon death or total disability. Forfeitures of non-vested benefits of terminated employees are used to reduce employer matching contributions.

Note E: Prepaid Expense

Prepaid expense consists of unexpired insurance premiums. The Association does not have any material prepaid insurance premium as of June 30, 2016.

Note F: Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis Statements

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - all Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to
- B. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Note G: Risk Management

The Association is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, theft, damage to assets, errors and omissions, and employee injury among others. The Association insures these losses through insurance with the New Mexico Self-Insurer's Fund for workers compensation, general liability and property coverage. Contributions to the fund for the current year amounted to \$19,458. Premiums to members are based on claim experience and status of the pool. The Association also has insurance for other risks from other carriers for employee dishonesty bond, director liability, and employment practices

For the last three years, the Association has not filed any claims for which the settlement amount exceeded the insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in major risk categories or insurance coverage during the past year.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note H: Related Party Transactions

The Board of Directors and employees of Association are recipients of natural gas service. These transactions are correctly considered arm's-length transactions since these related parties are subject to the same installation, invoicing, payment expectations, and late payment procedures as all Association customers.

Note I: Subsequent Events Review

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 21, 2016, the issue date of these financial statements.

State of New Mexico Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	_	Budgeted Ar Original	nounts Final	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget- Over (Under)
Revenues					
Gas Sales and Service Sale of Merchandise Other Services Fees Interest Income Miscellaneous Total Revenue	\$	1,043,120 \$ 115,000 69,000 11,800 0 0 1,238,920	1,043,120 \$ 115,000 69,000 11,800 0 0 1,238,920	816,107 \$ 109,553 58,350 13,333 5,004 3,785 1,006,132	(227,013) (5,447) (10,650) 1,533 5,004 3,785 (232,788)
Expenditures					
Advertising Board Expense Capital Purchases Cost of Natural Gas Sold Fees Fuel Insurance Office Payroll Expenses Payroll Taxes Retirement Benefits Health Insurance Benefits Postage		2,000 10,225 98,000 511,550 21,950 30,000 26,000 9,000 329,210 27,185 21,253 79,250 5,700	2,000 10,225 98,000 511,550 21,950 30,000 26,000 9,000 329,210 27,185 21,253 79,250 5,700	2,062 9,925 83,610 321,232 9,803 12,205 19,458 7,998 310,573 24,504 20,477 72,037 5,376	(62) 300 14,390 190,318 12,147 17,795 6,542 1,002 18,637 2,681 776 7,213
Professional Fees Repairs Supplies Taxes Telephone Training Travel		8,600 31,800 9,200 56,000 6,600 1,200 2,500	8,600 31,800 9,200 56,000 6,600 1,200 2,500	7,970 37,983 8,173 53,638 5,564 1,189 1,194	630 (6,183) 1,027 2,362 1,036 11 1,306
Uniforms Utilities Total Expenditures		7,800 5,900 1,300,923	7,800 5,900 1,300,923	7,390 5,261 1,027,622	410 639 273,301
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(62,003)	(62,003)	(21,490)	40,513
Cash Balance Beginning of Year		565,490	565,490	565,490	40,313
Cash Balance End of Year	\$_	503,487 \$	503,487 \$	544,000 \$	40,513

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Cash Balance -

Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures-Cash Basis	\$ (21,490)
Depreciation	(90,300)
Capital Outlay	83,610
Net Change in Accounts Receivable	(13,158)
Net Change in Inventory	(14,517)
Net Change in Accounts Payable	16,397
Net Change in Accrued Salaries and Benefits	10,372
Net Change in Accrued Compensated Absences	822
Net Change in Customer Deposits	(2,887)
Change in Net Position-GAAP Basis	\$ (31,151)

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Vendor Schedule

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	200 00110 00, 2010					In-State/ Out-of-State		
					Name and Physical Address per	Vendor	Was the vendor in-state	
				\$ Amount of	the procurement	(Y or N)	and chose Veteran's	
			\$ Amount of	Amended	documentation, of ALL	(Based on Statutory	preference (Y or N) For	Brief Description of the
RFB#/RFP#	Type of Procurement	Awarded Vendor	Awarded Contract	Contract	Vendor(s) that responded	Definition)	federal funds answer N/A	Scope of Work
None								

0051 11 7 01 1 104 004 04
225 Innsdale Terrace, Clovis, NM 88101
(855) 253-4313

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Mr. Timothy Keller State Auditor of the State of New Mexico Board Members of the Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association

Mr. Keller and Members of the Board

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activity of Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association (Association) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Association's basic financial statements, and the related budgetary comparison presented as supplemental information, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, of the financial statements, we considered the Association's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Association's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that are less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, that we consider to be significant deficiencies. 2015-002, 2016-001, and 2016-002

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Association's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of it's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses; 2015-002, 2016-001, and 2016-002.

The Association's Responses to Findings

De'lun Willoughby CPA PC

The Association's responses to the finding identified in our audit as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 21, 2016

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2016

Prior Year Audit Findings

		Status
2014-002	Accounts Receivable Reconciliation	Resolved
2015-001	Inventory Accounting	Resolved
2015-002	Outstanding Check Policy	Repeated
2015-003	Disposition of Personal Property	Resolved
2015-004	Procurement Code	Resolved
2015-005	Reconciliation of Capital Asset Changes	Resolved
2015-006	401(k) Contributions	Resolved

Current Year Audit Findings

2015-002 Outstanding Check Policy-Compliance and Internal

Condition

The meter deposit bank account still has 28 outstanding checks over a year old totaling \$1.148.27.

The clerk has made progress resolving this finding.

Criteria

Section 7-8A-7 NMSA 1978. Outstanding meter deposit checks over one year old should sent to the State as abandoned property.

Cause

It was the board's decision to attempt to make contact with customers that have not cashed their deposit refund and reissue the check if necessary. At year end there were still customers that could not be contacted. The clerk is in the process of sending the money to the State.

Effect

A customer has an opportunity to receive their deposit refund when the money is sent to the State as required by Section 7-8A-7 NMSA 1978. If the Association does not send the money to the State, the customer will not have the opportunity to claim the refunded meter deposit.

Recommendation

After all efforts are made to contact the customer, the money should be sent to the State. A time limit should be set for customer response and then send the money to the State.

Response

The clerk has sent out mailings, as well as posted information in the local newspaper. The Association is going to give it a few more months and then will start the process to send the uncollected funds to the state.

The clerk is responsible for this finding and expects to resolve it during the current fiscal year.

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2016

2016-001 Payroll-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency Condition

Of eight employee personnel files sampled, there were 5 incomplete I-9s and 3 I-9s that could not be located.

Criteria

As per U.S. Citizens and Immigration Services Employers have certain responsibilities under immigration law during the hiring process. The employer sanctions provisions, found in section 274A of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA), were added by the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (IRCA). These provisions further changed with the passage of the Immigration Act of 1990 and the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act (IIRIRA) of 1996. Complete and retain a Form I-9 for each employee required to complete the form.

Cause

The clerk had not read the instructions for the I-9 or understood the consequences of not completing the I-9s correctly.

Effect

Improper completion, retention or making it available for inspection fines range from \$100 to \$1,100 for each I-9.

Recommendation

All I-9 should be reviewed and updated as necessary. The clerk could use both the I-9 instructions as well as the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services M-274 Handbook for Employers to provide the tools needed to ensure all I-9 are completed correctly and timely.

Response

The clerk has started going through all I-9's and will correctly complete the I-9's on those who are not correct.

The Clerk will be responsible and will have the I-9's resolved during the current fiscal year.

Eastern New Mexico Natural Gas Association, Inc.

Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2016

2016-002 Certified Chief Procurement Officers-Compliance and Internal Control-Significant Deficiency Condition

The Association has no certiifed CPO.

Criteria

NMAC 1.4.1.94 (D) - Chief procurement officer duties, responsibilities and obligations. On and after July 1, 2015, only certified chief procurement officers may: (1) make determinations, including determinations regarding exemptions, pursuant to the Procurement Code; (2) issue purchase orders and authorize small purchases pursuant to the Procurement Code; and (3) approve procurement pursuant to the Procurement Code; (4) provided that, persons using procurement cards may continue to issue purchase orders and authorize small purchases.

Cause

The Association did not know that they needed to have a CPO registered with the New Mexico General Services Department.

Effect

The purpose of the training was to improve the procurement process through gained knowledge. Issuing purchase orders by someone other than the CPO negates the purpose of the training.

Recommendation

The web site should be updated to reflect the current CPO and the CPO should be issue the purchase orders.

Response

We will contact New Mexico General Services and get the information to be in compliance.

The clerk is responsible for this finding and believes it will be resolved quickly.

Financial Statement Preparation

The financial statements were prepared by De'Aun Willoughby, CPA.

Exit Conference

An exit conference was held on November 21, 2016. Those present were Barry Green, Board President, George Sena, Manager, Pae Vinson, Clerk and De'Aun Willoughby, CPA.