LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019



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LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY OFFICIAL ROSTER JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name	Title	Representing
Todd Randall	Chairman	Hobbs
Corey Needham	Vice-Chair	Lea County
Tim Woomer	Member	Hobbs
Danny Rawlinson	Member	Eunice
Rebecca Long	Member	Lea County
James Williams	Member	Lovington
Bernard Butcher	Member	Lovington
Marilyn Burns	Member	Tatum
Curt Stevens	Member	Tatum
Vacant	Member	Hobbs
Vacant	Member	Jal





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brian Colón, New Mexico State Auditor, and Board of Directors of Lea County Solid Waste Authority Lovington, New Mexico

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the business-type activities of Lea County Solid Waste Authority (the Authority), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, which comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments; the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Lea County Solid Waste Authority as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows, thereof, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Management has elected to omit the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the MD&A be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this omitted information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Revenues and Expenses-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedules of Revenues and Expenses-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Revenues and Expenses-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 4, 2020 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Scott Northam, CPA, PC Ruidoso, New Mexico September 4, 2020

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Unrestricted Cash - Operating Fund Accounts Receivable	\$ 2,555,248 355,699	\$ 8,558,990 389,168	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,910,947	8,948,158	
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Restricted Cash			
Closure and Post-closure Costs Sinking Fund	2,583,304	2,669,934	
Capital Reserve	8,339,017	-	
Capital Assets, Net	2,226,708	2,809,347	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	13,149,029	5,479,281	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,059,976	\$ 14,427,439	
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Liabilities	\$ 220,506 3,895	\$ 141,899 	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	224,401	141,899	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued Closure and Post-Closure Costs	1,502,772	1,448,188	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,502,772	1,448,188	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,727,173	1,590,087	
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Net Assets Closure and Post-closure Costs Capital Reserve Unrestricted	2,226,708 2,583,304 8,339,017 1,183,774	2,809,347 2,669,934 7,358,071	
TOTAL NET POSITION	14,332,803	12,837,352	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 16,059,976	\$ 14,427,439	

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Service	\$ 4,242,088	\$ 3,880,333	
Rental Fees	1,100	1,200	
Interest Income	37,110	30,116	
Other Income		453	
Total Operating Revenues	4,280,298	3,912,102	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Wages and Salaries	74,019	68,722	
Payroll Taxes	5,784	5,463	
Retirement and OPEB Retiree Health Care	12,249	11,357	
Other Employee Benefits	21,745	18,080	
Auto and Travel	1,926	290	
Office and Administrative Expense	11,835	11,122	
Professional and Contracted Services	1,849,277	1,702,036	
Training and Employee Development	700	1,050	
Repairs and Maintenance	14,357	6,958	
Occupancy	21,159	16,342	
License Renewal	113,723	56,221	
Minor Equipment	20,850	9,237	
Closure and Post-Closure Costs	54,584	348,287	
Depreciation and Amortization	582,639	582,365	
Total Operating Expenses	2,784,847	2,837,530	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,495,451	1,074,572	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,837,352	11,762,780	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 14,332,803	\$ 12,837,352	

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Customers and Users	4,313,767	3,879,390
Payments to and on Behalf of Employees	(109,902)	(103,622)
Payments to Suppliers and Contractors	(1,955,220)	(1,815,198)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,248,645	1,960,570
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital Asset Purchases		(45,913)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	<u>-</u>	(45,913)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	2,248,645	1,914,657
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,228,924	9,314,267
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 13,477,569	\$ 11,228,924
Reconciliation of Change in Net Position to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Change in Net Position Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Position to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,495,451	1,074,572
Depreciation	582,639	582,365
Closure and Post-closure Costs	54,584	348,287
Changes in		
Accounts Receivable	33,469	(32,712)
Accounts Payable	78,607	(11,942)
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	3,895	-
Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 2,248,645	\$ 1,960,570
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position		
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Unrestricted Cash - Operating Fund	\$ 2,555,248	\$ 8,558,990
Restricted Cash:		
Capital Reserve	8,339,017	-
Sinking Fund	2,583,304	2,669,934
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,477,569	\$ 11,228,924

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Organization</u> - Lea County Solid Waste Authority (the Authority) was established on March 6, 1995 under a joint powers agreement entered into by and between the Lea County and the Cities of Lovington, Jal, Eunice, Tatum, and Hobbs. It was the desire of the parties to form a solid waste disposal authority in order to collectively address the immediate and future solid waste disposal needs of the citizens of Lea County.

Reporting Entity - In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Organizations that are legally separate, tax-exempt entities and that meet all of the following criteria should be discretely presented as component units. These criteria are:

- The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents.
- The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization.
- The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the Authority's reporting entity.

<u>Income Taxes</u> - The Authority operates as a special-purpose governmental entity and is exempt from income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Financial Statement Presentation, Basis of Accounting, and Measurement Focus

<u>Fund Accounting</u> - The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of a proprietary fund type, specifically an enterprise fund. The activities of this fund are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting with a separate set of accounts that comprise the Authority's assets, liabilities, net position, deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, revenues and expenses. Enterprise funds account for activities (i) that are financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity; (ii) that are required by laws or regulations that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues; or (iii) that the pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all net position (i.e., total assets and deferred outflows less total liabilities and deferred inflows) are segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted components. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

<u>Presentation</u> - Certain prior year amounts may have been reclassified in order to present comparatively with the current reporting period classifications.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

<u>Deposits</u> - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

<u>Restricted Cash</u> - The Authority restricts an amount of cash into a sinking fund designated for the eventual closure and post closure maintenance of the landfill owned by the Authority.

<u>Use of Restricted Assets</u> - Restricted assets are assets which have third-party limitation on their use. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables - The Authority's outstanding receivables are due from its customers for the collection of solid waste. Collateral is generally not required on receivables.

<u>Allowance for Doubtful Accounts</u> - It is the opinion of management that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, because services may be suspended should an account become delinquent.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> - The Authority grants credit without collateral to its customers for its services, but the customers are subject to service suspension or termination if the receivables are not settled within a reasonable time frame.

<u>Property and Equipment</u> - The Authority's policy is to capitalize all expenditures for furniture, equipment and software in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Items with a cost of less than \$5,000 are expensed in the year of acquisition. Expenditures related to routine repairs and maintenance are expensed in the current period.

Assets acquired under capital leases are amortized over the life of the respective leases or the service lives of the assets using the straight-line method and the amortization is included with depreciation expense. Renovations to buildings, infrastructure and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Interest paid on loans for construction purposes is capitalized until the asset becomes available for use and amortized over the life of the related asset. Land owned by the Authority is always capitalized.

Assets of the Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Leasehold Improvements	40
Site Improvements	20-40
Office and Maintenance Equipment	5-7
Vehicles	5

<u>Analysis of Impairments</u> - Management reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Impairment is determined based on comparison of future cash flows to the recorded value of the assets. Impairment losses are measured based on the fair value of the impaired assets. No such impairment losses were recorded during the years ended June 30, 2020 or 2019, respectively.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Restricted net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on the use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Any remaining balance is reported as unrestricted net position.

<u>Operating and Non-Operating Revenues</u> - Revenues are classified as operating or non-operating according to the following criteria:

Operating revenue - include activities which have the characteristic of exchange transactions, such as charges for services and fees, net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Non-operating revenues - include activities which have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as operating transfers.

<u>Operating and Non-Operating Expenses</u> - Expenses are classified as operating or non-operating according to the following criteria:

Operating expenses - include activities that have the characteristics of an exchange transaction such as employee salaries, benefits, and related expenses; maintenance, operations and contractual services; materials and supplies; office expenses; and depreciation expenses related to Authority capital assets.

Non-operating expenses - include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions such as interest on capital asset-related debt and bond expenses that are defined as non-operating expenses by GASB Statement No. 9 - Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB Statement No. 34.

<u>Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits</u> - The Authority utilizes Lea County employees to handle operations from which the Authority incurs the payroll and related benefits expense. These employees are reported as County employees to the New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association, the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority and to the federal and state taxing agencies. Therefore, the Authority does not directly participate in the retirement plans and is not required to implement the following GASB statements:

- GASB Statement No. 68 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans An Amendment to GASB Statement 27
- GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date
- GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions.

<u>Accrued Vacation</u> - Accrued vacation for Authority employees is reported at the County level, and therefore, no vacation accrual is recorded in the Authority's financial statements.

Budgetary Compliance - The annual budget is adopted based on the cash basis of accounting. Annual budgets of the Authority are prepared prior to June 1 and must be approved by resolution of the Board and submitted for approval by the State of New Mexico. The Board of Directors of the Authority considered many factors when setting the fiscal year budget. One of those factors is the local economy and the impact that landfill fees have on the community. Once the budget has been formally approved, any amendments must also be approved by the Board and the State.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board and approved by the State. Budgets for all fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The schedule of budgeted revenues and expenditures presents comparisons of legally adopted budgets with actual data on a budgetary basis. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

<u>GASB 77 Tax Abatement Disclosure</u> - The Authority is not a property-taxing entity and therefore is not required to implement GASB 77.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Risk Management</u> - The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters to protect the contractor and the Authority. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any preceding years.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> - FASB ASC 855-10-50-1 requires reporting entities to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated and whether that date is the date the financial statements were issued or available to be issued. Management has evaluated subsequent events though the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Authority's cash balances were maintained in trust by Lea County, State of New Mexico (the County). The Authority's cash deposits are pooled with cash balances of other funds maintained by the County and are reported as Agency Funds in the County's audited financial statements. The County has signature authority over the Authority's revenues and expenditures and acts as the Authority's fiscal agent. The Authority's deposits are collectively collateralized by the County's depository institutions and therefore, the Authority is not subject to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2020 and 2019, or any time during the respective fiscal years.

NOTE C - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

<u>Revenue and Receivables</u> - The Authority contracts with residential, commercial and governmental customers for solid waste collection and disposal. Included in the revenue and accounts receivable at and for the respective year-ends are the approximate following tipping fees revenue and receivables charged in the normal course of business to the member agencies:

	2	020	2019		
Authority Member	Receivables	Revenue	Receivables	Revenue	
Lea County	\$ 23,480	\$ 223,733	\$ 18,504	\$ 220,328	
City of Hobbs	12,618	152,013	44,018	138,091	
City of Lovington	11,712	108,496	8,665	102,307	
City of Jal	2,727	14,319	-	16,610	
City of Eunice	6,494	<u> 18,114</u>	1,092	17,038	
Total Related Party	<u>\$ 57,031</u>	\$ 516,675	<u>\$ 72,279</u>	<u>\$ 494,374</u>	

<u>Concentration of Risk</u> - One private solid waste collection company accounts for approximately 60% and 59% of tipping fee revenue and accounts receivable as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Should this private company decide to no longer do business in the County, the Authority's revenues and activity would be significantly impacted.

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2020
Non-Depreciable Assets Land Construction in Progress	\$ 17,000 16,282	\$ - 	\$ - (16,282)	\$ 17,000 	\$ - 	\$ - 	\$ 17,000
Total Non-Depreciable Assets	33,282		(16,282)	17,000			<u>17,000</u>
Depreciable Assets							
Permit	353,114	-	-	353,114	-	-	353,114
Buildings	199,975	-	-	199,975	-	-	199,975
Site Improvements	752,303	37,450	-	789,753	-	-	789,753
Cells	8,691,073	8,463	-	8,699,536	-	-	8,699,536
Equipment	179,447		16,282	195,729		-	195,729
Total Depreciable Assets	10,175,912	45,913	16,282	10,238,107			10,238,107
Total Capital Assets	10,209,194	45,913	-	10,255,107			10,255,107
Accumulated Depreciation							
Permit	(93,177)	(4,904)	-	(98,081)	(4,904)	-	(102,985)
Buildings	(94,984)	(4,999)	-	(99,983)	(4,999)	-	(104,982)
Site Improvements	(500,609)	(34,196)	-	(534,805)	(34,352)	-	(569,157)
Cells	(6,125,488)	(531,101)	-	(6,656,589)	(531,219)	-	(7,187,808)
Equipment	(49,137)	(7,165)		(56,302)	(7,165)		(63,467)
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	(6,863,395)	(582,365)		(7,445,760)	(582,639)		(8,028,399)
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,345,799	<u>\$ (536,452)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,809,347	<u>\$ (582,639)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,226,708

Depreciation and amortization expense for the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years was \$582,639 and \$582,365, respectively.

NOTE E - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE

State and federal laws and regulations require that the Authority place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure of the Lea County Landfill. An expense provision and the related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. Based upon a joint powers agreement between the members of the Authority, the closure and post-closure care costs will be shared in the following percentages:

Authority Member	Percent
City of Hobbs	52.20%
Lea County	21.07
City of Lovington	16.70
City of Eunice	4.79
City of Jal	3.86
Town of Tatum	1.38
	<u>100.00%</u>

NOTE E - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE (Cont.)

The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of landfill used during the year. The landfill began accepting waste on July 1, 1999. The total estimated liability for landfill closure costs is \$1,932,236, which is based on the cumulative capacity of 5,699,000 cubic yards to be used over its estimated life of 30 years. It is estimated that an additional \$651,067 of post-closure care costs will be recognized over 30 years after the landfill is closed. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$2,583,303 and is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2020. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher or lower due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in state and federal landfill laws and regulations.

The following calculations detail the amount recognized for landfill closure and post-closure care reflected in the financial statements of the Authority:

	2020	2019
Estimated Landfill Closure Cost	\$ 1,932,236	\$ 2,034,718
Estimated Landfill Post-Closure Cost	651,067	634,916
Total Estimated Closure and Post-Closure Costs	\$ 2,583,303	<u>\$ 2,669,634</u>
Total Capacity (Cubic Yards)	5,699,000	5,699,000
Capacity Used to Date (Cubic Yards)	3,315,251	3,091,518
Percent Used	58.1725%	54.247%
Estimated Closure and Post-Closure Costs (Total x Percent Used)	\$ 1,502,772	\$ 1,448,188
Prior Year Recognized	1,448,188	1,099,901
Estimated Liability Increase	<u>\$ 54,584</u>	<u>\$ 348,287</u>

The members of the Authority are required by the State of New Mexico Environmental Regulation Board to demonstrate financial assurance for the closure and post-closure costs. The Board of Directors authorized net transfers of \$(86,630) and \$497,657 to/from the operations account from/to the Sinking Fund at the end of the 2020 and 2019 fiscal years, respectively, to fully fund the estimated closure and post-closure costs.

NOTE F - CAPITAL RESERVE FUNDS

The Authority's Board of Directors passed a resolution in January 2020 to establish a Capital Reserve Fund to meet the long-term capital needs of the Authority. This account was funded from the existing cash balance in the Authority's operating account. This fund will account for any funds in the operating account in excess of the budgeted amounts required to maintain proper operations of the Authority. Cash balance in the Capital Reserve Fund as of June 30, 2020 is \$8,339,017.



LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	6 2000.050	£ 2200.250	£ 4075.550	6 07/200
Charges for Service	\$ 3,299,250	\$ 3,299,250	\$ 4,275,558	\$ 976,308
Rental Fees	1,000	1,000	1,100	100
Interest Income	6,000	6,000	37,110	31,110
Other Income	1,100	1,100		(1,100)
Total Revenues	3,307,350	3,307,350	4,313,768	1,006,418
EXPENDITURES				
Wages and Salaries	80,909	80,909	70,124	10,785
Payroll Taxes	6,190	6,190	5,784	406
Retirement and OPEB Retiree Health Care	12,566	12,566	12,249	317
Other Employee Benefits	20,640	20,640	21,745	(1,105)
Auto and Travel	16,000	16,000	2,104	13,896
Office and Administrative Expense	19,500	19,500	11,835	7,665
Professional and Contracted Services	2,009,573	2,009,573	1,770,671	238,902
Training and Employee Development	3,600	3,600	700	2,900
Repairs and Maintenance	25,000	25,000	14,179	10,821
Occupancy	24,000	24,000	21,159	2,841
License Renewal	220,000	220,000	113,723	106,277
Capital Outlay			20,850	(20,850)
Total Operating Expenditures	2,437,978	2,437,978	2,065,123	372,855
Change in Net Position	869,372	869,372	2,248,645	\$ 1,379,273
Prior Year Cash Balance	11,228,924	11,228,924	11,228,924	
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 12,098,296	\$ 12,098,296	\$ 13,477,569	
Change in Net Position - Budget Basis			\$ 2,248,645	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis Depreciation			(582,639)	
Closure and Post-Closure Costs			(54,584)	
Change in Receivables			(33,469)	
Change in Payables			(78,607)	
Change in Payroll Liabilities			(3,895)	
Capital Outlay			_	
Change in Net Position - GAAP			\$ 1,495,451	

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Charges for Service	\$ 3,299,250	\$ 3,299,250	\$ 3,847,621	\$ 548,371
Rental Fees	1,000	1,000	1,200	200
Interest Income	3,000	3,000	30,116	27,116
Other Income	1,100	1,100	453	(647)
Total Revenues	3,304,350	3,304,350	3,879,390	575,040
EXPENDITURES				
Wages and Salaries	77,579	77,579	68,722	8,857
Payroll Taxes	5,935	5,935	5,463	472
Retirement and OPEB Retiree Health Care	11,535	11,535	11,357	178
Other Employee Benefits	19,580	19,580	18,080	1,500
Auto and Travel	18,500	18,500	290	18,210
Office and Administrative Expense	17,000	17,000	11,122	5,878
Professional and Contracted Services	1,997,038	1,997,038	1,710,499	286,539
Training and Employee Development	3,600	3,600	1,050	2,550
Repairs and Maintenance	25,000	25,000	6,958	18,042
Occupancy	23,000	23,000	16,342	6,658
License Renewal	220,000	220,000	56,221	163,779
Capital Outlay	200,000	200,000	46,687	153,313
Total Operating Expenditures	2,618,767	2,618,767	1,952,791	665,976
Change in Net Position	685,583	685,583	1,926,599	\$ 1,241,016
Prior Year Cash Balance	9,314,267	9,314,267	9,314,267	
Ending Cash Balance	\$ 9,999,850	\$ 9,999,850	\$ 11,240,866	
Change in Net Position - Budget Basis			\$ 1,926,599	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis				
Depreciation			(582,365)	
Closure and Post-Closure Costs			(348,287)	
Change in Receivables			32,712	
Change in Payables			-	
Capital Outlay			45,913	
Change in Net Position - GAAP			\$ 1,074,572	





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Brian Colon, New Mexico State Auditor, and Board of Directors of Lea County Solid Waste Authority Lovington, New Mexico

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the business-type activities and related budgetary comparison presented as supplemental information of Lea County Solid Waste Authority (the Authority), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 4, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis to determine our audit procedures that are appropriate for the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Scott Northam, CPA, PC

Ruidoso, New Mexico September 4, 2020

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR RESULTS:

Financial Statements:	
1. Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified
2. Internal control over financial reporting:	
a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
b. Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
c. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No
FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS	
CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS:	
NONE	
PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS:	
NONE	

LEA COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY EXIT CONFERENCE JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

An entrance conference was held with Authority representatives on September 3, 2020. The contents of this report were discussed with Lea County Solid Waste Authority representatives on September 4, 2020. The following individuals were present for the conference:

Lea County Solid Waste Authority

Scott Northam, CPA, PC

Chip Low, CPA, Lea County Finance Director (Fiscal Agent) Todd Randall, Board Member (via telephone) Scott Northam, CPA

The financial statements of Lea County Solid Waste Authority were prepared by Scott Northam, CPA, PC, from original books and records provided by and with assistance from the management of the Authority.

Although standards strongly emphasize the Authority prepare its own financial statements, the consensus between the Authority management and the auditor was that it would be more time and cost efficient for the auditor to prepare the financial statements and the related notes. Accordingly, the Authority designated a competent management-level individual to oversee the auditor's services, make all management decisions and perform all management functions. The Authority reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for the accompanying financial statements and related notes, supplemental schedules, and for ensuring that the underlying accounting records adequately support the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and that the records are current and in balance.